

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

ESTABLISHED 1841.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO. THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1916. MORTON & HERITY, Proprietors.

REVOLUTIONARY REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT THREATENED IN GREECE IS REPORTED

Loyalty of Grecian Army to King Constantine is Doubtful—Allies Deny That an Ultimatum Has Been Presented to Greece—News From Greece Rigidly Censored—British Steamers Landing Serbian Troops at Saloniki—United States Declared to be Germany's Worst Enemy

ALLIES DENY ULTIMATUM TO GREECE.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The allied war council met here today. An official denial that an ultimatum had been presented to Greece was made.

REVOLUTIONARY REPUBLICAN MOVEMENT IN GREECE.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Despatches from Rotterdam and from German points report that a revolutionary republican movement is on foot in Greece. The despatches add that the loyalty of Greek army to the King is doubtful.

BRITISH LANDING SERBS AT SALONIKI.

ATHENS, Jan. 19.—British steamers are landing Serbian troops at Saloniki.

GREEK ARMY WITHDRAWS FROM FRONTIERS.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—An Athens despatch says the Greek army has been withdrawn from both the Serbian and Bulgarian frontiers. The Allies have urged this move for some weeks. News from Greece is now rigidly censored.

GERMAN SUBS. AGAIN OPERATING IN NORTH SEA.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A message from Lowestoft reports that two fishing boats from that port have been sunk by submarines indicating that Germans are again operating in the North Sea.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 19.—A conference of the finance ministers of Germany, Austria, Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria will be held next week in Vienna. The chief purpose of which it is said is the discussion of the financial position of the Teutonic allies and the adoption of measures to meet certain contingencies.

CONSCRIPTION WILL ENSURE FULL VICTORY.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The second day of the committee stage of the military service bill in the House of Commons was chiefly interesting from the fact that it elicited the opinion of Earl Kitchener, secretary of war, that the bill would provide all the men he required to enable him to do all necessary to be done in order to secure victory.

This was announced by Walter Hume Long, president of the local government board, who in behalf of the government resisted an amendment seeking to bring under the scope of the bill all youths attaining the age of 18 years. This amendment was lost.

The greatest discussion centred around Sir John Simon's amendment, which, if adopted, would virtually prevent any enlistment until investigation by a military tribunal proved the existence of a substantial number of single men not already engaged in war services.

Premier Asquith opposed this on the ground that the amendment struck at the basic principle of the bill, and the amendment was rejected by an overwhelming majority.

An amendment was accepted giving the Admiralty first call on enlisted men desiring to enter the navy. T. J. Macnamara, secretary to the Admiralty, in this connection announced that supplementary estimates would be presented for another 50,000 men for the navy by next March.

Another proposed amendment brought out the interesting announcement that not a single soldier of the 3,000,000 enlisted had suffered capital punishment, and on behalf of the government assurance was given that no man would be sentenced to death for any offence for which conscientious objection could be pleaded in defence.

LORD DERBY'S CONFIDENCE BOLDLY EXPRESSED.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Lord Derby replied the correspondent of the Associated Press at the war office yesterday afternoon and discussed the war outlook resulting from the Derby recruiting scheme and the compulsory military service bill, more particularly their effect in assuring the prosecution of the war to a successful conclusion.

Asked how many men would come forward under the Derby plan, and what the British fighting force in the field would be, he said:

"It is impossible to make estimates on the numbers of men, for if the angel Gabriel made an estimate one would be found in the House of Commons to rise and challenge the estimate. But one essential thing is sure—it has been a complete answer to Germany and has shown that we will have enough men to carry forward the war to a successful conclusion."

He said that by a "successful conclusion" he meant that the war would be prosecuted until it was certain that there would be no more war for generations. Lord Derby had no doubt of the outcome, and he referred to the ability of the rapidly expanding army to give Germany "a good licking," and, he added, "it will do it all right."

Asked about the quality of the new men, he said: "It is of a high order in physique, stamina and intelligence. We have three sizes of recruits—big, medium and small—but it has become necessary to discontinue the small size entirely, and the medium partially, and the intelligence of the new man is of such a high order that it helps to solve the problem of supplying sufficient trained officers."

FULL BLOCKADE OF GERMANY TO BE DECLARED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Plans of the entente allies to declare a formal blockade of German ports, it was learned last night, have been the subject of exchanges between diplomatic representatives of the allies here, and in an informal way between the diplomats and officials of the state department. According to information here, the program contemplates a virtual extension of the blockade to the European neutrals by rigid application of the "ultimate destination" doctrine, and delay in putting the plans into execution is attributed entirely to reluctance on the part of France, and possibly Italy, to accept the British view of the rights of a belligerent in this respect.

The subject has been approached here with great caution, and it is said, with a thorough appreciation of the probability of an outbreak of anti-British feeling in congress. An effort is being made by the diplomats to determine the strength of American feeling generally on this subject, and the European chancelleries are being kept fully advised of the daily developments.

Application of the blockade to neutrals, for which the British contend the United States established a precedent in the civil war, is fully expected to result in supplementing the opposition of the United States by the very bitter protests of Holland, Denmark and Sweden and possibly Norway.

Except for this feature, there might be little objection to the substitution of a real blockade for what are regarded here as the "wholly illegal orders-in-council."

As present the allies are stopping all commerce with the Teutonic powers directly by these orders-in-council, and are restricting indirect commerce by actual seizures through agreements with the neutral countries of northern Europe to embargo exports to Germany and Austria. One of the interested diplomatic representatives pointed out today that therefore, the promulgation of a blockade really would not very greatly change existing conditions so far as the admission of American goods into the Teutonic countries was concerned.

U. S. AMONG GERMANY'S WORST ENEMIES.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—In the Prussian chamber of deputies yesterday, Herr von Heydebrandt, the Conservative leader in a speech referred to America as among Germany's "worst enemies."

THE RYNDAM AGROUND AT GRAVESEND.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The steamship Ryndam of the Holland American line is aground at Gravesend. None of the passengers or crew are allowed to leave the vessel pending investigation of the accident at sea.

SWEDEN'S PROTEST AGAINST SEIZURE OF SHIPS.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 19.—The Swedish government has protested to Berlin against the steamships Capella and Hildur captured two months ago. Both vessels are declared to have been taken in Swedish waters.

GREEK GOVERNMENT MAKES FURTHER PROTEST.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The Temps Athens correspondent says the Greek government has sent another note of protest of the Entente powers regarding the destruction of the railroad bridges at Demir Hissar and Killindir.

COOL HOUSE STILL IN LONDON.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Colonel E. M. House, President Wilson's personal representative has not gone to the Continent as reported but is still in London conferring with Ambassador Page and others. He will go to Paris within a week.

GERMANS EVACUATING BIG LUTSK FORTRESS.

KIEV, Russia, Jan. 19, via Petrograd and London.—Lutsk, the important fortress in Volhynia, one of the triangle of fortifications there, is being evacuated by the Germans, according to information obtained from prisoners arriving here. Four thousand prisoners have recently arrived here from the southwestern front.

MR. L. MCGOWAN IS VERY LOW TODAY AND IS NOT EXPECTED TO RECOVER.

Magistrate Masson is indisposed today.

ASQUITH'S BILL WILL UNDERGO LITTLE CHANGE

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The proceedings in committee in the House of Commons yesterday, resulted in no modification of the military service bill. The government strongly resisted an attempt to include married men in the scope of the bill.

The most important amendment sought to include Ireland. This also was negated after a hot very exciting debate, in which John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalists, eloquently appealed to the house not to endanger Ireland's unity, displayed by her splendid recruiting campaign, by an attempt to employ force.

The only amendment accepted was one providing that men married before Nov. 2—the day Premier Asquith gave his pledge—should be regarded under the bill as married men. An amendment that the bill should not apply to single men above the age of thirty years was defeated.

Premier Asquith was again in communication with the labor party last night, with a view to arriving at an agreement upon amendments which would be acceptable both to the government and the laborites, providing safeguards against the bill being utilized for industrial compulsion.

FLEET TIGHTENS GRIP ON NECK OF GERMANY.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—In connection with foodstuffs reaching the central powers through neutral states, the British government recently sent a specially qualified business man on a mission to Holland and Scandinavia to investigate whether the legations at the various capitals were doing their work efficiently in supervising agreements and contracts for preventing leakage to Germany. On his return he reported to the government that everything possible was being done to prevent such leakage.

In behalf of the government it is argued that, although in the early months after the order-in-council, large amounts of contraband did succeed in reaching Germany, the blockade since June has been very strict and is ever growing more efficient. Moreover, it is added, the Danish agreement only became operative in November and if the statistics of trade were published, they would show how the blockade is continually tightening.

PUGSLEY URGES DEEPEST PROBE INTO CONTRACTS.

OTTAWA, Ont. Jan. 19.—In the debate upon the address last night Hon. Wm. Pugsley disturbed the harmony which has heretofore prevailed by a sensational attack upon the imperial shell committee of which General Sir Alexander Bertram was chairman. He demanded that a commission be appointed to investigate certain serious charges and alleged that the shell committee had let contracts for large amounts to firms in which General Bertram and Mr. Carnegie, another member of the committee, were respectively interested. He also claimed that contracts had been let to middlemen who had no factories of their own and that legitimate manufacturers had been asked to pay commissions when seeking orders. Mr. Pugsley was careful to exonerate members of the committee and members of the government of any charges of a personal wrong doing but he contended that a situation was presented which required a searching investigation. He will continue to develop this line of argument when he resumes the debate today.

HANDITS LOOT AND BURN LARGE CHINESE VILLAGES.

HONG KONG, Jan. 15.—Bandits have looted and burned Saratsai and other villages in the province of Shansi and are threatening Kdel-Huastang, Missionaries at Postowitcheng, Saratsai and Patscholong in Mongolia are in danger. The government is rushing troops.

BITTER BATTLE IN BESSARABIA.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Although the Russian war office reports that there has been no change in their western front, reports from Vienna tell of a continuation of the battle in eastern Galicia and on the Bessarabian front, with bitter fighting. The Austrians say that Russian columns, as many as 12 to 14 lines deep attacked their positions as many as four to six times, but desperate conflicts led to a Russian repulse, often not before it came to a struggle with the bayonet. They claim that they have taken 240 Russians and one officer prisoner, and that the Russian losses have been appalling.

BRITAIN WILL IGNORE DEMANDS OF WILSON

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Accepting as authoritative cabled quotations from American newspapers to the effect that President Wilson is about to demand a modification of the British methods of restricting maritime trade The Evening Standard asserts such a demand has "no chance of success."

"The patience of the British public is exhausted. The ministers are going to be forced to stop the loopholes through which Germany is getting supplies from neutrals and (to our shame) from this country. So, if the American government believes its demand (prompted by Berlin) for more loopholes is likely to be successful, Washington is making a big mistake."

PROHIBITION IS FEDERAL ISSUE.

OTTAWA, Jan. 17.—What effect will the propaganda for nation-wide prohibition during the war have upon the present session of parliament? This question is being asked by the members spending Sunday at the capital. The evening papers on Saturday contained the call for nation-wide prohibition as a measure of economic conservation during the war, issued by J. R. Booth, Senator Edwards and the principal employers of labor in this part of the country. Today every member of parliament will receive a written invitation to declare himself, and petitions from every polling subdivision in Canada will soon be on their way to Ottawa.

There is no indication as yet that the government intends to bring down the desired legislation, although Sir George Foster has intimated that if an overwhelming majority of the Canadian people desire prohibition they will not be balked by their representatives in parliament. That the subject will come up for a prolonged debate in the house of commons is evident.

It is quite possible that the government may never be asked to consider prohibition by any of the provinces. The federal government has a great deal of money to raise, and prohibition would reduce the receipts of the inland revenue department by about \$15,000,000 a year, but it is not believed that the loss of revenue would prevent prohibitory legislation if public earnestly and overwhelmingly demanded the same.

GREAT BARRIER BEFORE VERDUN NOT BREAKABLE.

VERDUN, via Paris, Jan. 14.—(Delayed).—Metz is visible through field telesees from this great French stronghold, and its outworks can be reached by the heaviest French guns. The defensive barrier before the two places, after a four-days' examination of the lines in the Argonne, the Woivre, and the Vosges, shows a strength unsuspected by the average civilian.

It is along this front that Crown Prince Frederick William's forces are being held back and positions already seemingly impregnable, are being strengthened every day. The French are sure of their ground and that should the Crown Prince decide upon another effort to pierce the French line, it will end as it ended before. The general at the head of the army in the Argonne and Woivre, who received the Associated Press correspondent, is most confident.

RUSSIANS BEGIN BIG OFFENSIVE AGAINST TURKS.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Russians have won a victory in Persia and have occupied Kangaver, and it is learned from Constantinople they have brought up reinforcements and started a new general offensive on a front of 100 miles between Karadach.

The Turks claim that the engagement is developing favorably for them and that two Russian attacks near Karadach were repulsed on Friday, with the loss of 800 dead in four days' fighting. Concerning this engagement, the Russians report that they captured on Friday 20 Turkish officers and more than 400 men with a quantity of war and engineering material and provisions, besides one heavy gun, seven lighter guns and eight machine guns.

The fighting in this range apparently is only in its opening stage.

Rev. A. R. Sanderson of Campbellford was in the city yesterday to take charge of the funeral service of the late Mrs. McCormick.

TURKEY AND BULGARIA ARE REPORTED READY FOR PEACE WITH THE ALLIES

Bulgars' Rumored Withdrawal From Albania—Berlin Despatch States Allied Forces Land at Piraeus, Port of Athens—Canadian Aviator Burned to Death—Activity of Italian Socialists

ALLIED FORCES DEBARCKED NEAR GREEK CAPITAL.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—Berlin newspapers, according to the Overseas News Agency, express the belief that the landing of allied troops at Phaleron, five miles southwest of Athens, is considered as supplying proof that the entente powers intend using extreme means to force the hand of Greece. The news agency's statement says:

"Berlin's newspapers, commenting on the latest news regarding Greece, unite in stating that the entente seems to have abandoned all regard for Greek neutrality and sovereignty. The landing at Phaleron is considered as proof that the entente is now going to use extreme means for forcing Greece.

"According to private reports the Greek Government has transferred part of the state archives to Larissa, in northwestern Greece, where eventually the Greek government likewise will be transferred.

"The fact that the British are blockading the Greek coast more tightly and are subjecting Greece to other inconveniences is interpreted by the papers as meaning that the entente is fomenting and preparing the overthrow of the Greek government in order to substitute a republic with Venizelos at its head.

"Gratitude is unanimously expressed by the newspapers that the entire army and the majority of the Greek population are on the king's side and will frustrate all attempts against the country's sovereignty and the king's life.

"The Zeitung Am Mittag declares that the entente intends the assassination of a country which refuses to commit suicide." The foregoing contains the first intimation from any source that the allies have effected a landing at Phaleron.

MONTENEGRINS QUIT FIGHTING.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The Montenegrin army has unconditionally surrendered to Austria. She will lay down her arms. She is the first of the European belligerents to sue for peace in the eighteen months of fighting. Terms will be discussed at once. It is believed they will include the cession of Mount Lovcen to Austria and the northern Albanian town of Scutari to Montenegro.

Announcement of the submission of the little mountain kingdom was made today by General Headquarters of the Austro-Hungarian army and by Count Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, before the Hungarian parliament.

The official announcement says:—

"The King and Government of Montenegro, on January 13, asked for a cessation of hostilities and the opening of peace negotiations. The Austro-Hungarian government answered that this would not be possible unless the Montenegrin army should immediately and unconditionally lay down its arms.

"The Montenegrin army yesterday accepted these terms."

Count Tisza, addressing the Hungarian parliament, said: "Montenegro has asked for peace. We asked that, beforehand, Montenegro unconditionally lay down her arms. Just now news has arrived that the unconditional laying down of arms has been accepted. Peace negotiations will be entered into immediately."

CANADIAN AVIATOR BURNED TO DEATH.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Flight-Lieut. Ross, a Canadian was burned to death when his machine caught fire during a flight yesterday.

ALLIED TROOPS LANDED AT PORT OF ATHENS.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—Allied forces have landed at Piraeus, the port of Athens in addition to those landed at Phaleron.

BULGARIA AND TURKEY READY FOR PEACE.

ROME, Jan. 18.—Confirmed reports from Athens state that Bulgarians are withdrawing from Albania owing to dissensions between them and the Germans and Austrians. The reports add that Bulgaria and Turkey are inclined to conclude peace with the Allies.

REDMAN WILL NOT RESIGN IRISH LEADERSHIP.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—John Redmond, Leader of the Irish Nationalists today characterized as "rubbish" a report that he had asked his colleagues to accept his resignation from the leadership.

TURKISH FORCES DESTINED FOR EGYPT.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The Petit Journal's Athens correspondent says Djemal Pasha, commander of the Turkish forces in Syria has left Constantinople for Syria after settling the details of the Egyptian expedition.

Teh Turkish forces destined for Egypt according to the correspondent are placed at 300,000 men.

WILSON'S REPRESENTATIVE LEAVES FOR EUROPE.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Col. E. M. H. House, President Wilson's personal representative has left London for the Continent, according to The Times.

ITALIAN SOCIALISTS ACTIVE.

ROME, Jan. 18.—Socialist members of the Italian parliament are holding a conference at Bologna with a view of promoting the holding of an international socialist congress at Berne.

GRADUATION OF NURSES AT BELLEVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL

Function Took on Military Aspect—Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., and Major MacColl Made Remarks on Nursing in the Great War—Presentation of Diplomas, Badges and Flowers.

(From Saturday's Daily)

The nurses' graduation at Belleville General Hospital which was held on Friday afternoon at Belleville Hospital took on a military cast. Most of the men in the gathering were in khaki and one of the nurses wore her uniform of lieutenant. The addresses were all tinged with references to the war and the part which doctors and nurses are playing in alleviating the sufferings of battle.

The function took place in the nurses' reception room at the extreme east of the hospital. The room had been decorated with bunting and flags in a most artistic manner. Shortly after four o'clock a large number of ladies had gathered and were received by Miss Greene, matron of the hospital. Most of the city doctors, and quite a number of military men attended the graduation, and Lieut. Stares, bandmaster of the 80th Battalion brass band had present his orchestra, which played many stirring selections while the guests were gathered. The reception was not as formal as in past years but was delightful in its impressiveness.

This year three nurses have graduated, Miss Martin, Belleville, Miss Crozier, Lindsay, and Miss Howard of Front Hope.

Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P., was the chairman in the absence of Dr. W. J. Gibson. The room was filled when the ceremony began. Rev. A. M. Hoy offered up prayer for those who in mercy gave relief to the suffering, particularly those who were being conscripted to the work. Lieut. Stares, 80th Battalion, sang, "The Soldier's Life."

A short history of the Belleville Hospital was given by Mr. Johnson. He traced its record since its foundation 36 years ago by the ladies of Belleville, reciting the names of such workers as Mrs. Jacques and others. "Here you have the actual badge of Ghild," The Matron, Miss Greene, has been a ministering angel to the institution.

Canadians know when war broke out what their soldiers could do, but not what their physicians and nurses could accomplish. He was delighted to know that they were now the most held of all nurses in Europe. He rejoiced that King George, the fountain of all honor, had conferred the Royal Red Cross upon Miss Ridley a Belleville lady. It is the red blood of our soldiers, and our nurses that is going to tell in this work.

How can anyone refuse the women this vote, when it is seen that they are accomplishing in this war, many things more than a dozen men in the cause of the Empire? The wonder is that there is a halberd in the land.

Mr. Johnson congratulated the young ladies on the crowning of their efforts to be nursing sisters.

Presentation of Diplomas.

To Major Dr. A. E. MacColl fell the honor of presenting the diplomas. After this war he said, nurses will be graded upon a different status, they will be made members of a profession. Canada has nearly 1,500 nurses at the front. The men prefer Canadian hos-

pitals because Canadian nurses have a more human touch than the Europeans trained in semi-private hospitals. Nurses will displace the nursing orderly after this war. This conflict has created a demand for the best trained nurses. The executive of the hospitals at the front is practically in the nurses' hands. Major MacColl paid tribute to Col. Dr. Ross who had been promoted to assistant director of medical services for Canada at the front for his valor at Ypres, where he took his equipment right up to the firing line.

Nearly every nurse is volunteering. "I wish all men would do so."

After Dr. MacColl had made the presentation of diplomas, Mrs. Moynan, on behalf of the W.C.A. Board pinned upon each of the graduates the 1915 class pin, congratulating them on their splendid work and wishing them ultimate success in their calling.

Beautiful bouquets of flowers were presented each one of the graduating nurses.

In calling upon Miss Greene to say a few words, Mr. Johnson praised her work as matron, for she loved to perform her duties.

Miss Greene expressed her gratitude for the large attendance, which showed a great interest in the hospital. Many of those present had been patients and knew the benefits of hospitals.

Lieut. Stares sang "The Bandolero." One of the most welcome guests was Sergeant Crozier, brother of Miss Crozier, and a gallant young Canadian who was wounded and captured at Ypres by the Germans. He was asked by Mr. Johnson to say a few words.

"I have never been accused of making a speech and I do not think you will find me guilty," said the returned soldier, who told a story or two of nurses at the front. He thanked the ladies of Belleville and the I.O.D.E. for sending parcels to prisoners in Germany. They may not write to express their gratitude because of difficulties of correspondence. The boys at the front call the nurses "Guardian Angels."

The sergeant gave an idea of prison life in Germany. The routine of camp begins early at 4.30 a.m. for roll call. Breakfast does not amount to much, consisting of coffee and a sort of porridge. Soup was served for dinner, and tea came at four o'clock. Three slices of brown bread were served daily. Four times a week a raw salt herring was given, but the English-speaking prisoners threw them out of the windows, stink generally wafting outside to pick them up.

Light refreshments of tea, coffee, sandwiches, cake and nuts were served by the ladies of the hospital board during the latter part of the program. The function was brought to a close by the singing of the National Anthem.

The tea room was decorated with festoons of smilax and red carnations. The two graduate nurses of Belleville to go overseas with Queen's Military Hospital are Miss Smith and Miss Mastin. Others have volunteered but have not been accepted as yet.



LUXURIES IN THE TRENCHES

Wire-Netting Beds and Paved Trenches—Wooden Huts Erected

The French armies are undertaking their second winter campaign under conditions which are luxury compared with the improvised arrangements for their comfort made last winter. Warner Allen, representative of the British press with the French forces, states that so highly organized are the conditions now that not only has the army very little to fear from cold, but also the life of the soldier in the trenches apart from the dangers inseparable from war, is more healthy than his ordinary existence in time of peace.

While Germans in the first line are given only one meal a day and have to be contented at night with the coffee served out to them and with such provisions as they have been able to buy for themselves, the French commissariat has never failed to provide the entire army with two good meals a day. An extra ration of meat is now given to the men most exposed, and when the temperature requires it, hot drinks.

The radical form, however, is in making the trenches comfortable and healthy. They are even being drained and paved, and powerful pumps have been installed to clear out the water. The walls of the trenches have been strengthened. To make the shelters damp-proof the ground has been beaten down, leveled, and covered with planks or straw the earthen roofs strengthened with sheets of zinc, and due attention paid to ventilation and heating. In the second line wooden huts have been erected. The beds in these shelters consist of wire-netting stretched on a wooden frame.

Epidemic in States

Influenza is spreading over the United States from coast to coast in the most serious epidemic ever known, taking a large toll of lives and causing economic loss by incapacitating workers in all walks of life. Reports from public health officers show already that the disease has created a grave problem for many of the larger cities and is spreading to the rural communities. New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Seattle, Cleveland and Detroit reported the disease widely prevalent. Cleveland and Detroit each have probably 100,000 cases.

The Land of the Midnight Sun

Mr. Hugh Murphy, son of Mr. Michael Murphy, Arranport, and formerly of Port Nelson for the past eight months, has arrived home. He has been engaged in harbour work for the Department of Railways and Canals on the Nelson River. The climate there is very cold, the tide bringing in large icebergs from the north. The river is frozen very nearly all summer, not breaking up until sometime in July. The walk from the end of the steel is a distance of 220 miles. Dog teams were used for drawing in clothes and provisions. It is called "the land of the midnight sun." In July reading a book at 11 o'clock at night was quite common. Wages were very reasonable—40c an hour for common labourers and 50c an hour for carpenters. The boys all seem to like the place and intend going back in the spring. There are others from Ottawa and other parts along the line, the total number out there being twelve hundred. He left Port Nelson on the 18th of November but was delayed at Le Pas and Winnipeg for a few days, arriving in Arranport the 23rd of December—just in time for Christmas. —Lanark Era

Died

McCORMICK — In Belleville on Sunday, January 16th, 1916. Alceas Mead McCormick, wife of Mr. Ernest McCormick, aged 80 years.

GIBSON — At Peterboro, Jan. 14th. Nellie Falconer, dearly beloved wife of Chas. T. Gibson, in her 48th year.

Winter Fair at Ottawa.

Canadian Pacific Excursion Rate \$4.10 return, going Jan. 17th to 20th returning good to Jan. 22nd. For further information and tickets apply to S. BURROWS, C.P.R. AGENT.

Activities of the 80th Battalion

The 80th Battalion have physical culture with Swedish exercises for half an hour before breakfast each morning and supplement this with one hour of physical culture with rifles during the day. The men find this very interesting work and a service of great improvement to their physical make up. The purpose in this drill is to strengthen the men so as to withstand fatigue. The battalion has been organized since Sept. 1st and the men know their drill.

The physical drill is to fit the men so that when they go overseas they may take up their new work without undue fatigue.

Control by signals and whistle blasts and the passing of orders are on the syllabus for today's work.

Lieut. Blaker gave a lecture last night to the officers and N.C.O.'s of the battalion on "Discipline." The address was very ably given and was very interesting. The subsequent discussion much information was gained by those present. These lectures are given three nights per week.

After much hard work Col. Ketcheson and Capt. Watson have obtained the requisite authority from headquarters to equip a recreation room for the men. This building is situated at the rear of the barracks and is now nearing completion. It will contain a canteen and will be supplied with magazines which Mr. Sharpe of the Y. M. C. A. is procuring. This room with the Khaki Club will provide sufficient recreation for the men. Two furnaces will supply heat to the new quarters.

Lieut. Phelan is in charge of the athletics of the battalion and is organizing a hockey team and basketball league.

Arrangements are being made for matches with military and civilian teams in the vicinity. There are a number of good hockey players in the regiment, many of them former O. H. A. players. It is expected a good team will be formed. Each company of the battalion will have basketball teams it is expected. The Armouries are being fitted up for basketball so that the men may play during the twenty minute intermissions.

A fine war film has been secured for the concert Sunday afternoon and evening at Griffin's Palace theatre—"Fighting for the Colors." This has not been shown here before. The 80th orchestra will play on both occasions and silver collections will be taken up.

The 15 N.C.O.'s have returned from the school of instruction. Kingston and found that the course has been of great value to them in their work.

Capt. Ketcheson is confined to bed today with the grip.

The energetic chaplain of the 80th Capt. (Rev.) Ketterson, not content with attending to his spiritual duties is out drilling and taking physical exercise with the men.

The 80th have supplied all guards and sentries with cartridge pouches and live ammunition.

The officers on duty at night are carrying revolvers.

Little Red School House Graduates

The Village of Athens Has Sent Out Boys Now Publicists.

There was a little red school house down Athens way that has turned out many capable men and women. In those days Dan Derbyshire, who is now a Senator, and Aaron A. Wright who also made his voice heard in the nation's Parliament, were chums. They went to that school together played "hooky," and swam in the 'ole swimmin' hole round the bend. A warm friendship has been cemented throughout the years. Both are now in the evening of their days, and do like to "tell" on the other. They had another pleasant meeting on Wednesday evening at the convention of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association. There, Mr. A. A. Wright lifted the curtain and told something of the character value to any young man in being blessed with having to work.

"I was once greatly interested in dairying," he said. "Yes, I can remember how my widowed mother and myself had to work on that farm. I went barefoot until late in the year those days. I can remember going after cows, barefoot in the Autumn dew. I would chase them out of their contentment and then warm my cold, red toes on the place where they had been lying. But I am proud of those days, proud that I knew the blessing of work. I hope there is no young man in this audience who is cursed by being born rich. I tell you it is a splendid thing, a great start in life to have to work your way. It brings out all the talents and virtues in any young man."

The veteran citizen, with the heart of youth, got a great hand as he proudly spoke. —Reutrew Journal

Temperance People Organize Deseronto

Mr. E. F. Chapman, organizing secretary of the County of Hastings in the prohibition interests, was in Deseronto yesterday where he met a large body of responsible citizens. An organization was effected for the elimination of the prohibition petition during the week of Jan. 24th.

Clifford Love Wounded and Coming to Picton

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Hello! Mr. Mann—Here are a few lines to let you know that I am in the hospital, wounded in the hand, and I can't say whether I will lose it or not; but I would rather have my hand off than my head. After I get better I expect to be sent back to Canada and I will be a recruiting company in Prince Edward county. I have been at the front for eleven months and fourteen days, and that is plenty long enough. I would have written to you before but I could not get out of bed, and I did not know anyone in the ward, and I couldn't get the sisters to do it. The only thing I missed in the hospital is my tobacco and cigarettes. They will not give us any money in a while from some of the British soldiers I am in England just at present and I expect to be in Canada about February or sooner. If you have any spare Picton papers please send them to me because I am pretty lonesome in hospital and if I had a few papers from home it would cheer me up a bit. I haven't much to say so I'll ring off for now. From Clifford Love.

This is my address now, Pte. Clifford Love, No. 8568, 12 Battalion, Reserve Company, First Canadian Contingent, at Martin's Plain, Shorncliffe, Kent, England.

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Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines, and if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

Quinte Chapter Open Tea Room

The ladies of Quinte Chapter I.O. G.E. on Monday afternoon opened the tea room in the Ritchie Company's millinery parlors with every prospect of a loyal and generous patronage. Last year the Daughters of the Empire were much indebted to the Ritchie Company for the use of the rooms, for the venture was an unqualified success, some six hundred dollars being realized for Belgian Relief and patriotic work. Again this season the same charitable purpose is in the step which has culminated in the reopening of the tea room.

Yesterday's attendance was very large and gratifying in view of the fact that this was the first day. The rooms are decorated with emblems of the nations of the allied cause. The tea room will be conducted for a considerable period and will be open from four to six daily.

Activities of the 80th Battalion

The 80th Battalion have physical culture with Swedish exercises for half an hour before breakfast each morning and supplement this with one hour of physical culture with rifles during the day. The men find this very interesting work and a service of great improvement to their physical make up. The purpose in this drill is to strengthen the men so as to withstand fatigue. The battalion has been organized since Sept. 1st and the men know their drill.

The physical drill is to fit the men so that when they go overseas they may take up their new work without undue fatigue.

Control by signals and whistle blasts and the passing of orders are on the syllabus for today's work.

Lieut. Blaker gave a lecture last night to the officers and N.C.O.'s of the battalion on "Discipline." The address was very ably given and was very interesting. The subsequent discussion much information was gained by those present. These lectures are given three nights per week.

After much hard work Col. Ketcheson and Capt. Watson have obtained the requisite authority from headquarters to equip a recreation room for the men. This building is situated at the rear of the barracks and is now nearing completion. It will contain a canteen and will be supplied with magazines which Mr. Sharpe of the Y. M. C. A. is procuring. This room with the Khaki Club will provide sufficient recreation for the men. Two furnaces will supply heat to the new quarters.

Lieut. Phelan is in charge of the athletics of the battalion and is organizing a hockey team and basketball league.

Arrangements are being made for matches with military and civilian teams in the vicinity. There are a number of good hockey players in the regiment, many of them former O. H. A. players. It is expected a good team will be formed. Each company of the battalion will have basketball teams it is expected. The Armouries are being fitted up for basketball so that the men may play during the twenty minute intermissions.

A fine war film has been secured for the concert Sunday afternoon and evening at Griffin's Palace theatre—"Fighting for the Colors." This has not been shown here before. The 80th orchestra will play on both occasions and silver collections will be taken up.

The 15 N.C.O.'s have returned from the school of instruction. Kingston and found that the course has been of great value to them in their work.

Capt. Ketcheson is confined to bed today with the grip.

The energetic chaplain of the 80th Capt. (Rev.) Ketterson, not content with attending to his spiritual duties is out drilling and taking physical exercise with the men.

The 80th have supplied all guards and sentries with cartridge pouches and live ammunition.

The officers on duty at night are carrying revolvers.

Little Red School House Graduates

The Village of Athens Has Sent Out Boys Now Publicists.

There was a little red school house down Athens way that has turned out many capable men and women. In those days Dan Derbyshire, who is now a Senator, and Aaron A. Wright who also made his voice heard in the nation's Parliament, were chums. They went to that school together played "hooky," and swam in the 'ole swimmin' hole round the bend. A warm friendship has been cemented throughout the years. Both are now in the evening of their days, and do like to "tell" on the other. They had another pleasant meeting on Wednesday evening at the convention of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association. There, Mr. A. A. Wright lifted the curtain and told something of the character value to any young man in being blessed with having to work.

"I was once greatly interested in dairying," he said. "Yes, I can remember how my widowed mother and myself had to work on that farm. I went barefoot until late in the year those days. I can remember going after cows, barefoot in the Autumn dew. I would chase them out of their contentment and then warm my cold, red toes on the place where they had been lying. But I am proud of those days, proud that I knew the blessing of work. I hope there is no young man in this audience who is cursed by being born rich. I tell you it is a splendid thing, a great start in life to have to work your way. It brings out all the talents and virtues in any young man."

The veteran citizen, with the heart of youth, got a great hand as he proudly spoke. —Reutrew Journal

Temperance People Organize Deseronto

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EVENING SLIPPER SALE!

We have in stock a few odd lines of Evening Slippers which we are going to clear out before stock taking. They consist chiefly of Patent Kid, with turned soles; also a few lines of Black, Pink or White Satin Slippers. Reg. \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Sale Price, \$1.89
See O South Window
A.W. Vermilyea & Son
THE STORE OF QUALITY & SERVICE

Ladies' Hudson Seal Coats

No. 1 Quality. Lined throughout with No. 1 Brocade Satin, 40 in. long.
Price.....\$120.00
MUFF to match.....\$22.00

J. T. DELANEY
29 Campbell St., Phone 707
See Our Window, Opposite Y.M.C.A.
N. B.—We buy raw furs.

Persian Lamb

We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for High Class Persian Lamb Garments than at the present.

Why not have your coat repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skin to match every coat.

November Sale of Wallpaper, Pictures and Picture Framing

At the New Up-street SCANTLEBURY STORE

Our stock is all new at this sale, and our prices very low, while our selection surpasses anything elsewhere. Bring in your Pictures for framing now, and have them ready for Christmas giving. The cost will not be much just now. Have your rooms made new for Christmas by papering them while the prices are so low. You will be both saving money and having newly decorated rooms to enjoy during the long winter evenings.

If you want the decorating carried out without fuss or confusion, and at small cost, command us.

C. R. Scantlebury
the Decorator
at the New Up Street Store.

G. T. Woodley

Phone 421 275 Front St.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Messrs. Greenleaf & Son wish to announce to their old and new friends that they have found it advisable to incorporate their business under Ontario Companies Act.

The new Company, under the same management as heretofore, and under the firm name of

GREENLEAF'S, Limited
have purchased the property known as the Brown Foundry, together with the good will and equipment of Mr. Geo. A. Keith.

It is their intention to remodel these buildings and install suitable equipment to meet the growing demands of their patrons.

The management take this opportunity of thanking their old friends and soliciting their patronage in the new venture.

GREENLEAF & SON
Garage and Gen'l Machinists

COLLIP FLORIST

NIGHT PHONE 175—DAY 201
All kinds of Out Flowers and Plants in Season

Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty. Shipped to all parts.
Front Street opposite Geon's Drug Store

Wallbridge & Clarke's HONEY IN THE COMB

Buckwheat at 15c per Section
\$1.70 per Dozen.

No. 1 White, 20c per Section
\$2.25 per Dozen.

Delicious Comb Honey at Reasonable Prices.

AT Wallbridge & Clarke's

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OLIVE OIL

PURE CREAM LUCCA, ITALIAN OLIVE OIL,
Quart Tins, 75 Cents.

BONED CHICKEN
Tins..... 25c and 40c

Send your suits to be

DRY CLEANED AND PRESSED

New Method

Telephone 784
274 Front Street

DELICIOUS TEAS AND COFFEE

AT Wallbridge & Clarke's

An easterly wind, being dry, inhibits the air moisture, and thus prevents dew.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.

MARION & MARION
264 University St., Montreal

THE THE P

MISS ETHEL

At the request of the Ontario, the popular and Foxboro Public extended account to California by Daily Ontario V Adams has been make her report but interesting tend over several readers will find the various art pay them. Miss an extensive trip of this long trip will therefore charm and orig to whom new se had a vividness hatched and professional tou

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The six wian order of votes Ruth Sinclair M. Adams of Hurley of Bell Murray of Spr

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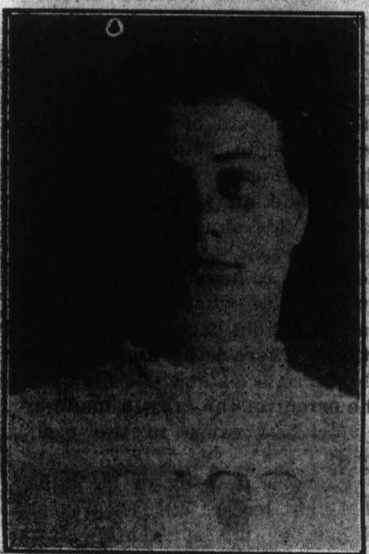
THE ONTARIO PARTY'S TRIP TO THE PANAMA PACIFIC EXPOSITION

WRITTEN FOR THE ONTARIO BY MISS ETHEL M. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL FOXBORO PUBLIC SCHOOL

At the request of the publishers of the Ontario, Miss Ethel M. Adams, the popular and talented principal of Foxboro Public School, has written an extended account of the historic tour to California, by the winners in the Daily Ontario Voting Contest. Miss Adams has been at special pains to make her report not only complete but interesting as well. It will extend over several issues and all our readers will find a careful perusal of the various articles will amply repay them. Miss Adams had not been an extensive traveller up to the time of this long trip and her descriptions will therefore have all the freshness, charm and originality of the writer to whom new scenes and experiences had a vividness far removed from the hackneyed and staid dopes of the professional tourist.

The Panama-Pacific Exposition Tour of over 7300 miles in thirty-five days, from Aug. 23 to Sept. 27, 1915, was given by the publishers of the Belleville "Ontario" newspaper to those who won in their newspaper contest which was open from June 21 to Aug. 19.

The six winners of this tour in the order of votes obtained were, Miss Ruth Sinclair of Belleville, Miss E. M. Adams of Foxboro, Miss Anna Hurley of Belleville, Miss Margaret Murray of Springbrook, Miss Ethel



MISS ETHEL M. ADAMS

Lowery of Frankford, and Mr. Harold Simmons of Belleville. Beside the tour, the first four were given cash prizes of fifty dollars, twenty-five dollars, fifteen dollars and ten dollars respectively.

Entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair On Monday, Aug. 23rd., Mr. and Mrs. D. Y. Sinclair very kindly entertained at lunch the above mentioned winners of the tour, Miss Jack of Belleville who had decided to take the trip with us, and Messrs. Morton, Herity, and Simmons of Belleville. Here we received our first souvenir of our trip, the place card representing a suit case with a tag bearing each name, and addressed to "Frisco," designed and painted by Mrs. Sinclair. After lunch five cars, placarded "Canada to the Panama," "Ontario to California," and "Belleville to Frisco," motored the entire party with flags waving to the G.T.R. station where Mrs. Sinclair took our picture just before our train came in at 3:05 p.m. After good-byes were said to our friends who were there to bid us God-speed, we took our places in the chair coach, and before reaching Toronto we were beginning to become more acquainted, if conversation aided by the free circulation of chocolates and maple cream, can produce such a genial effect.

The Lucky Thirteen At Toronto we changed cars for a pullman, and were joined by the guide, Mr. Lane and his wife, and four more tourists for the party, which then numbered "lucky" thirteen. Soon some of us had the experience of our first dinner on a railway diner. Some enjoyed a full course dinner, while others were forced to return to their section and learn, by experience, the art of preparing for a night's rest in a very limited space whose every corner seemed to meet us forcibly with every jerk of the engine or car. We even thought ourselves lucky if we had no more serious accident than a sore spot on the arm, or a small cut on the elbow, or a bump on the head as a souvenir of our encounters with the edges of things, either in dressing room or berth. Doubtless these same novices slept but very little that night, but took many a peep from the car window at the stations and country through which the G.T.R. takes one across Ontario to Sarnia. All suit cases had to be left open for the customs officer to search her for the

first time on our trip.

Through the Great Tunnel

We went through the St. Clair tunnel which connects Sarnia with Port Huron. This tunnel is a marvel of engineering skill. It is one of the longest tunnels in the world, being nearly two miles long. It cost \$2,700,000. The motive power through the tunnel is electricity. Powerful motors perform this service quickly, smoothly and cleanly, so that all annoyance from foul air and gases is eliminated. The tunnel is brilliantly lighted.

We emerged in the state of Michigan. Here the time is changed one hour ahead when travelling east and one hour back when travelling west; so that when we thought we were rising on Tuesday morning at 5.45 a.m., we found it was only 4.45 a.m. But we had a chance to view the country in the state of Illinois as we neared Chicago. The yield of grain in the fields did not seem so great as in our own at home.

The Arrival at Chicago

We arrived in Chicago at 8 a.m., and had breakfast at the beautiful La Salle hotel. Here began our buying of souvenirs and souvenir postcards, and our sending them to friends, or stowing them away in as small a space as possible.

We visited the Art Institute on Michigan Avenue. Here is much statuary such as Apollo, Ariadne with the Panther, Augustus, Nero, Aphrodite bathing, The Wrestlers, Demosthenes, The Dying Gaul, The Laocoon, The Winged Lion with a Human Head, The god Isis, King Ramesses II. of Egypt, Inspiration, Virgin of Grief and The First Funeral. Here are also mummy boxes which have never been opened, a body which has never been unwrapped, Egyptian lamps, musical instruments such as drums, harps, violins and lutes; a Spanish coffee of the 17th century, Flemish tapestry of the 17th century, sedan chairs of the 17th century, fancy combs, a Japanese shrine, a Japanese palanquin, paintings, also a collection of the impressionist paintings by the futurist school of painters by Bloch.

We visited the Chicago public library, the entrance of which is inlaid in Grecian pattern with the names of the various poets and authors in each block in the ceiling. The special luncheon which was served at Marshall Field's Departmental Store was very fine indeed, and we fully appreciated every item on the menu. We returned to the La Salle and took an observation car for a sight-seeing trip around Chicago. We saw many skyscrapers, Dearborn Inn which is the oldest and first hotel in Chicago, Dearborn St. which used to be an Indian trail into Dearborn Inn, the hotel for invited guests only (the jail), the house where they are entertained (the courthouse), Suicide bridge, from which so many have hung themselves, the Chicago river and the canal which joins this river to the Mississippi, the babies' free fresh-air sanatorium, one wealthy residence to which the owner comes in his monoplane, a beautiful mausoleum of another wealthy man, and the House of Mystery from which the \$50,000 diamond was stolen some time ago. We crossed Water street, which was crowded with large drays because here are the great commission houses, one after another along the street. We went down Michigan Ave. and viewed the millionaires' residences there. We went on the Windy Drive along Lake Michigan to Lincoln Park. Here we saw the statues of Abraham Lincoln, Hans Christian Andersen, Grant, and Linne.

We visited the Zoo and saw monkeys of many species, one peculiar species being the spider monkey; birds of many kinds such as ostrich, cockatoo, magpie, roadrunner, crane, stork, pelican, raven, owl, sea gull, sparrow and robin; many animals such as zebra, bear, wolves, lions, tiger, camel, panther, giraffe, squirrel, elephant, elk, sacred cattle of India which are white bulls, raccoons, porcupine and alligators.

We were at Hotel Sherman or College Inn for a very grand dinner. The guests were entertained with some fancy skating on the ice rink. We left Chicago by the C.M. and St. Paul R. at 9:35 p.m., having thoroughly enjoyed our rday in Chicago.

The Beauty Spot of the Missouri.

As we crossed the states of Illinois and Iowa we saw acres and acres of corn. On Wednesday at 10.10 a.m. we crossed the narrow, muddy stream the Missouri river, and stopped at Omaha, Nebraska. "The Beauty Spot of the Missouri Valley." The city proper has a population of about

140,000 which, with the surplus population, makes a total of 200,000. It is the second largest packing centre in the United States, has great stock yards, is a grain market for corn, wheat, and oats, has the largest refinery and smelter for fine ores in the country, is a railway centre for seven trunk railways, is the home of the Union Pacific Railway with their great shops, has a High School which cost one and a half million dollars and which has 700 teachers and 25,000 pupils who have formed a High School Cadet Battalion, and has seven parks—one of which is Hanscom Park.

We stopped at the Hotel Rome while we were in Omaha. The court-house has a beautiful dome with western scenes of harvest and an early settler's wagon painted around it. We sat in the chair of the judge of the criminal court. We viewed the central dome of the city hall. We visited the Union Pacific Railway buildings, whose floor space covers ten acres. On the roof, which is twelve stories high, is a wireless station. From here we saw the tabernacle which was in construction for Billy Sunday's use a few weeks later, the city clock, the Woodmen of the World Building and Fontenelle Hotel which we afterwards visited and saw the heavy tapestries on the walls, the afternoon tea or palm room and some private parlors.

Nearly all the houses are frame structures. Johnson's Castle which is the home of a newspaper man is the only house which the cyclone of three years ago did not destroy on that street. The streets are bordered by chestnut trees, elms and some maples. Sen-see and Sterling Gum signs are along the streets and railroads. At 4.20 p.m. we took train on the W.P.R. to go across the states of Nebraska and Colorado to the city of Denver.

Entertained by Mrs. Lane That evening, after dinner, Mrs. Lane entertained us. First she sang a song in the Hawaiian language and accompanied herself on the ukulele, a Hawaiian musical instrument which produces soft, low music; after which we all sang some of our own songs "in a strange land." Then Mrs. Lane gave us three readings, two of which were humorous and the other pathetic.

On Thursday morning the time was changed one hour back again. In the state of Colorado there were miles and miles between many of the homes which were nearly all bungalows. There was still much corn, but not so much as in Iowa. Soon the corn crop became less, and acres of cabbage appeared. Many dachas were seen at the doors of their humble homes. There were few barns, and in places where the hay had been cut there were ten or more stacks, but some of the hay was still uncut. Some threshing was being done. There were large corrals of heavy set cattle with no horns, and horses.

First Glimpse of the Rockies

When about nineteen miles from Denver, we got our first glimpse of the Rocky Mountains, whose peaks looked like clouds high in the air, with Pike's Peak, the highest, far away to the south. The air became chilly and the small patches of corn were very short stalked. The mountains were much more distinct when we arrived in Denver at 7.30 a.m. This is Colorado's mile-high capital, called the "Queen City of the Plains." It covers 89 square miles, and has a population of over 213,000. Here they have clear, bracing air, and 320 days of sunshine in the year. At the station is the famous "Welcome Arch" which reads "Welcome" to incoming tourists, and "Mizpah" to them when they depart. We had breakfast at the Albany hotel where the lights, concealed in the tops of concave pillars, are reflected from the ceiling.

Denver, the Mile High City.

We spent our 3 1/2 hours in Denver in an observation car. The new post office is of Colorado white marble and three and a half million dollars. One whole street is devoted to moving picture shows. Judge Lindsey's famous Juvenile Court is here. Broadway St. extends 75 miles south to Colorado Springs. The pioneer's monument cost \$75,000; the library cost \$400,000. Here is one of the four mints of the United States. The Y.M.C.A. which cost \$260,000 was paid for by a ninety days' campaign among and by the citizens. The Capitol is a very beautiful building, from the front of which there is a two hundred mile view of the mountains with Pike's Peak at the far southern end.

The residential section is only two blocks from the business portion. The trees and lawns are beautiful. There are no wooden structures; all are stone and cement buildings, as the fire laws are very strict. Mrs. Crawford, the fashion leader, has a mansion here. The finest colonial house in Denver is the home of nine men who are worth 72 millions. The best home in Denver is the residence of a Pittsburg steel man which cost \$300,000. Coulson, the New York banker, has a residence here too. There is a private school for girls where the very wealthy families edu-

cate their daughters. There are many apartment houses and tennis courts. Cheesman's Park, consisting of 324 acres, has Cheesman's memorial of Colorado white marble in the center. From near this memorial a fine mountain view is obtained. The city park which consists of 320 acres is to be doubled. It is artificial in every respect. There are two lakes and a beautiful esplanade leading to it. The State Museum of Natural History is the finest one west of Chicago. Here is the finest collection of Rocky Mountain animals, silver tipped spruce-trees, and a children's playground. Twenty-three years ago this city site was a desert. All has been accomplished by irrigation, the water being brought a distance of 423 miles from the mountains.

At 10.00 a.m. we left Denver by the Denver and Rio Grande Railway and went south to Colorado Springs, the mountain line getting more clear and distinct all the way. We followed the South Platte River a short distance. Castle Rock of rimrock is just like a castle, and Pike's Peak is seen 37 miles away. Another rock is shaped like the face of an Indian. Casa Blanca is a whitish cliff. There was a thunder storm with chain lightning in the mountains where it was very black, and pouring with rain. We rode through the edge of it and left it behind us. Herds of cattle were bunched together with their backs to the storm. We crossed the divide between the Platte and Arkansas rivers. On the crest of the divide is Palmer Lake 7237 feet high, with a summer resort hotel and cottages. We passed many red and white sandstone figures. Soon we saw some clouds resting on the ledges of the mountains with the peaks towering above them, and little wisps of cloud along the mountain side.

We arrived in Colorado Springs at 12.40 noon. It is 5993 feet high and has a population of 29,000. Pike's Peak and the celebrated mining camps of Cripple Creek are in the west. We stopped at the Acacia hotel while we were in Colorado Springs.

That afternoon we took the famous trip up the mountain to Crystal Park 8745 feet high, and went through the Garden of the Gods before we returned to the hotel. On the way to the foot of the mountains from which the smelting works of ores have a monthly output of one and a half million dollars, we passed the Garden of the Gods where are red rocks in many shapes, and of great heights. We visited them later in the afternoon. We came nearer to Pike's Peak, "the sentinel of the Rockies," 14109 feet high, which is a cog railway. As we started on the winding road up the mountains to Crystal Park we saw a few oaks along the road. Between the first and third gate the road over 400 feet. After the third gate, the road rises quickly, up, up, up, around and around but ever up, around thirty-one different curves, nine S's, the "loop the loop," the hair-pin curve, the twin pin curve, the horseshoe curve, around curve after curve but rising rapidly. Looking down on the left of the road, the mountain slope is very steep, and you can see the double-bow knot formed by these curves as viewed from above.

At Lone Pine we had risen 6937 ft. Mountain cactus grows on the side of the road. Anvil rock is along the edge of the road. We came to the part of the road called "The Perils" which will almost take your breath away as you are so near the steep edge and can look down so far below in the valley. The "Devil's Fire place" is at one side of the road. An old Indian camping ground is in one of the deep valleys where arrow heads, beads, and other Indian relics have been found. There are three "switch-backs" in this ascent, because it is impossible for the car to go on ahead without backing up to go on a road leading higher.

At these places those in the back seat feel as if they are going to back over the edge of the road down the cliffs. We came to thumb curve, Prospector's Point, and Canon Rock on top of Military Rock. Then we saw the town of Manitou far below us in the valley. There is a hole which was dug for fifty feet by prospectors, and is named "Mike's Disappointment." Another similar one is called "Blasted Hopes."

One of the switch backs is at Arvick Point 7,776 feet high. At Arvick Inspiring Point 7865 feet high you get a good view of the road leading to the Caves of the Winds. On the turning table, 7940 feet high, you get the finest view of Manitou, 1700 feet below you, and of the cog railway straight up Pike's Peak. After you pass Point Breezy, 8,075 feet high, you see an immense stone frog. We were now riding into a thunderstorm with chain lightning. We looked back and saw the thumb curve which we were rounding a short time previously.

The natural gateway to Crystal Park, is formed by mountains 3745 feet high. There is to be a swinging bridge 150 feet high between these two cliffs. We were now in Crystal Park, consisting of 1200 acres. There was a hall storm of a few minutes' duration followed by two rain-bows from horizon to horizon. Here

we bought some postals stamped "Crystal Park." We were then ten miles drive from the first gate, having taken about 1 1/2 hours to ascend. We descended in about 45 minutes. We returned to the first gate about 2 1/2 hours after we had entered it. Here we changed from the large cars to smaller ones. We passed through Manitou village which we had previously viewed twice from the mountain heights. It is called the Saratoga of the West and has a population of 1850.

The Garden of the Gods

We stopped long enough at the Colorado mineral springs to drink long and deep of those health-giving waters. From here the ascent of Pike's Peak is made by the cog road. We passed the cliff-dwellers ruins, Red Crag Sanitarium for tuberculosis patients, the mushroom park where all the stone formations, large or small, look like mushrooms, and we knew we were in the famous Garden of the Gods.

At the great balanced rock, people can be photographed. You come to a building in which you can view a mile away in a cave. Here also is a live wild cat in a large cage. In the rock formations you see a Chinese temple, a turtle, a bee's nest, an Irish washerwoman, a seal and bear, and a lion's head cut on the face of a cliff. "The Three Graces" are rocks which rise high in the air, are long but are so very narrow. Heights here are deceiving. One cliff, 350 feet high, has a hole at the top large enough for two teams of horses to pass—13 feet in diameter—but because of its height, it looks scarcely large enough for a man to crawl through. We then passed a tablet bearing the name of Charles Elliott Perkins, who gave this garden to the public. Two more remarkable rock formations are seen, the old fashioned stage coach, and the huge kissing camels. We returned to the Acacia, and after dinner were very glad to retire for rest.

At Cripple Creek

Early on Friday morning, we were out again on another observation tour. We saw the old stage road along the mountain side leading to Cripple Creek where are the celebrated mining camps. This road, twists 31 miles to cover seven miles. The guide pointed out Ute Pass in the mountains which was formed by an earthquake and was used by the gold prospectors on their way to California. We passed Colorado's trade public school, and Broadmore where are the homes of twelve millionaires. One of these houses contains 96 rooms; another has 126 rooms. When we came to Straton Park of 150 acres with its playgrounds, we changed the car for a carriage and horses.

South Cheyenne Canyon

This early morning drive in such beautiful surroundings was a rare treat. Two great eagles soaring near the mountain peaks cast shadows so real on the mountain's slope that in the distance they looked like two more eagles. The cotton trees are very numerous along the drive, they resemble our willow. We saw a natural tunnel from 15 to 20 feet in diameter extending into the rock for 300 feet. We came to the South Cheyenne Canyon through which the mountain streams are so clear. Here is a lonesome pine growing 800 feet above the road bed; it is 52 feet in height and 18 feet in diameter. We came to the great Pillars of Hercules which are of solid granite, forty feet apart. One rises 950 feet high, and the other 760 feet. We walked here through the Pillars, and felt our insignificance beside those towering cliffs. We saw the actual burro trail which Helen Hunt Jackson used to reach Inspiration Point 7800 feet above the road, from which point she planned Ramona and other works of her pen. She was buried 100 feet from this point where her body rested seventeen years. Then it was moved to Colorado Springs.

The Beautiful Seven Falls

The Devil's Slide is a creek extending one and a half miles into the mountain. We arrived at the beautiful Seven Falls of the South Cheyenne Canyon, where so many have their pictures taken. You can see the three lower falls from below, but must go up a flight of steps, 267 wooden and 20 stone ones, to a height of 300 feet before you can see the other four falls, down which the river falls from the heights above to the gorge beneath. Ten thousand visitors come here annually, and are well repaid for their trouble. We returned to the hotel and went to the station. As the train was late we had lunch at the beautiful Antlers Hotel near the station, and saw the Carnegie library. We left Colorado Springs at 12.15 noon by the Denver and Rio Grande Railway for Salt Lake City which we reached the next afternoon, after an experience which we will never forget.

"The Pittsburg of the West"

Shortly after leaving Colorado Springs we stopped a few minutes at Pueblo on Arkansas River. It has a population of about 44,000 and is called the "Pittsburg of the West." Soon all we could see of Pike's Peak

was a small cone over the other mountains. We followed the Arkansas River and knew we were soon to enter the Grand Canon and Royal Gorge of the Arkansas.

The Grand Canyon and the Royal Gorge.

At Canon City, altitude 5244 feet, a special observation car was attached to the train, and we got seats in it. Here is the State Penitentiary. We rounded a curve and entered the Grand Canyon. The steep, shaggy hills change to granite rock rising 3000 feet high and close to the river on both sides. This canon is ten miles long with the Arkansas pouring through it. The train seems to penetrate the very bowels of the earth. The railroad is a marvel of engineering enterprise and is renowned the world over. The High Sky Line Drive is seen 2600 feet above the track. This drive to the rim of the Royal Gorge is a noted scenic trip. In places there is scarcely space between the wall and river for the single track as it twists and turns. The narrowest portion of this canon is called the Royal Gorge, altitude 5494 feet. The red granite and gneiss walls sparkle with mica, and rise 2627 feet on either side. The sky is a thread, and at times is almost obliterated by the jagged mountains, so that stars may be seen in mid-day. Here is another Devil's Slide, a great fissure in the mountain. At Hanging Bridge the Gorge is but ten yards wide, and the road is built out over the water. The river boils madly through, beneath you. The engine swings to the right and then to the left, but drags the train on. The vista ahead is blocked momentarily, then opens again. You see the ruddy granite cliffs, the green foaming stream, some mountain sheep on the high cliffs, and we saw some bathers swimming in the river.

Sights Among the Mountains

We now left the gorge but were still in the canon. Cactus plants grow along the track. A convict camp is near the road and we saw many convicts at work on the state auto road. We were a few minutes going through a tunnel. At Texas Creek the special observation car was detached as the difficult passage through the Rocky Mountains has been covered. We were still ascending along the Upper Arkansas River going north-west through the state of Colorado. At Buena Vista is the State Reformatory, hay and cattle ranches and still rugged scenery.

To be Continued.

Installation of Officers Stirling Lodge, I.O.O.F. If last evening installation of officers took place in Stirling Lodge No. 229, I.O.O.F. The ceremony was conducted by D.D.G.M. Geo. W. Short and installing team of Springbrook, consisting of Joseph McEwan, Philip McConnell, Sid Mason, Geo. Thompson and Chas. Morgan. The following are the names of officers: N. G.—George Cooke V. G.—A. W. Andrews Rec. Secretary—J. M. Clarke Fin. Secretary—F. T. Ward Treasurer—J. W. Searles Warden—Thos. Spry Conductor—Wm. Peterson Chaplain—Chas. B. McGuire O. G.—Well Spencer I. G.—John Thompson R.S.N.G.—Edwin Naylor L.S.N.G.—Percy Ashby R.V.G.—Biram Ashby L.S.V.G.—Chas. Vapillon R.S.S.—Walker Barker L.S.S.—Roy Walker Visiting Brothers William Eggleston, Semans, Saak Caleb Lloyd Frank Bateman

Saturday's Market.

The accommodation at the market today was not taxed as it has been for the past few weeks. The reaction against the Christmas trade and the slippery roads were responsible for keeping many of the farmers at home. One consequence of the icy roads was that little hay has come in this week. None was offered this morning. Butter relaxed this morning, some sales being made at 33 and 33c. The majority sold at 34 and 35c. Eggs showed a little sign of uneasiness. One yeoman asked 86c per dozen, others still held for the 40c standard. Chickens were a little firmer at \$1.50 per pair. The outer market was not large and was to the sale of vegetables, beef and pork. Beef by the hind quarter sold at \$11 per cwt. Butchers have been handling some at \$10.00. Wholesale prices of hogs are \$12.75 dressed and \$9.50 liveweight. Lamb has gone up in price and now wholesales at 17c per pound. Potatoes were scarce. A very sharp advance has been made. Wholesalers cannot secure them for less than \$2.00 per bag. Wheat wholesales at 95c to \$1; barley at 55c and oats 34 to 36c. One farmer today asked 40c. Hides are quoted at 14c and lamb-pelts at all prices up to \$1.75 and \$1.80.

TOOK THE ADVICE OF HIS FRIEND

Stomach Trouble and Rheumatism Relieved By "Fruit-a-tives"



MR. L. LABRIE, 594 Champlain St., Montreal.

"I have been restored to health by taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I became very weak, had frequent dizzy spells and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints and my hands swollen.

A friend advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and from the outset, they did me good. After I had started the second box, I felt I was getting well and I persevered in the treatment. I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine that helped me.

LOUIS LABRIE, "FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the famous medicine made from fruit juices. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That the West Huntingdon Cheese and Butter Manufacturing Company or Association Ltd., find it necessary to adjust the affairs of the said company of association to date hereof, and to re-organize the same. And Whereas the said Company or Association aforesaid has appointed valuers for the purpose of ascertaining the value of their Cheese Factory, Plant etc., with a view of distributing the amount that may be realized thereon among the rightful owners thereof in proportion to their respective interests therein. Therefore

All parties claiming to have any interest in the said property are hereby required to file their claims and prove with the undersigned on or before the 20th day of January 1916, after which date distribution will be made forthwith and therefore any later claims must necessarily be ignored. By order of the said Company or Association in general meeting called for the purpose of considering the above matter.

James W. Haggerty, Pres. West Huntingdon, Dec. 31st, 1915. J6-Stv.

MONEY

Private money to loan on Mortgages on farm and city property at lowest rates of interest on terms to suit borrowers. F. S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, 524 Corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, over Dominion Bank.

OYSTERS

Now is the season Oyster Suppers begin. If you are thinking of having an Oyster Supper in your community soon, kindly consult us about your Oysters and Oyster Crackers. We have the very best Oysters, Solid Meats, and the very Best Crackers.

CHAS. S. CLAPP

Valuable Farm for Quick Sale West half lot 30, 2nd Con. Sidney, two miles west of Belleville, better known as David Vanderwater farm in high state of cultivation, containing 100 acres, which has about seven miles of draining. On this farm there are situated 14 room solid brick house with slate roof, new large basement barn with metal roof and other out-buildings in good repair, also tenant house. This is considered one of the best farms in Hastings county. Phone and rural mail. For particulars apply to W. E. Vanderwater on premises or F. S. Wallbridge, Barrister, Belleville. j13-wlf

WHY NOT THE BEST?

You men who shave just drop in when passing and let us show you the new self-adjusting and stropping

AUT-STROP SAFETY RAZOR

500 SHAVES \$5.00 Guaranteed.

Water's Drug Store

PER SALE!

in stock lines of going They with Black, Reg.

LOW ON PRICE

Lamb

er before prepared to son's death garments sent. We your remodelled? We match

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Flowers and season. Several Designs a to all parts. Green's Drug

Clarke's

per Section Dozen.

per Section Dozen.

Honey at Prices.

OLIVE OIL. 75 Cents.

ICKEN 25c and 40c

AND COFFEE

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NTS SECURED for our INVENT will be sent free MAILING.

The Weekly Ontario
Morton & Herity, Publishers

The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.

TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

ADVERTISING RATES on application.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

W. E. Morton, J. O. Herity,
Business Manager, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1916.

DECIDED JUNE, 1914.

"The issue of prohibition was decided June, 1914," is the scare-heading over a five-column advertisement that is appearing in many of the daily papers. The advertisement is signed "The Personal Liberty League of Ontario."

Was the issue of prohibition for Ontario permanently decided on June 29, 1914? Not on your life.

No question is ever settled until it is settled right.

In the election of June 1914, there were tens of thousands of Conservative voters in the province who could not see their way clear to oppose the government of Sir James Whitney, who would support a policy of total prohibition, or any reasonable form of advanced temperance legislation, when separated from party and partisan influence.

This was well illustrated in the recent Local Option contest in Belleville, when a majority of 306 was secured for that measure, in contrast with a minority of 611 for the Temperance Party candidate in the campaign of 1914. On January 3rd, hundreds of Conservatives in this city stood loyally by their temperance principles in the face of the most sinister and cunning attempts to give to the election a party twist.

We have no reason to doubt that the same result would be generally achieved over the province if a referendum vote were taken on the subject of prohibition.

With the single exception of Sir Oliver Mowat there has been no statesman in provincial politics that commanded such ardent respect and admiration on the part of his followers as Sir James Whitney. And even Sir Oliver in his palmiest days never received such overwhelming endorsement at the polls as did Sir James.

To his friends and supporters Sir James Whitney was the embodiment of all that was honest, sturdy and typically British. He was the Moses who brought them to the milk and honey of office after thirty years in the barren wastes of opposition. If he was somewhat unprogressive along temperance lines, he was at least given credit for having attempted to improve the enforcement of the License Act and to make the Local Option clauses of the Act more workable. He had been in office only nine years while Mr. Rowell was a new man comparatively in Provincial politics. It was therefore expecting a great deal of men and voters with normal human instincts to look for large numbers of Conservatives to run the risk of defeating their old and popular leader and throw their party out of office upon the sentimental appeal of temperance.

But freed from entanglements of that nature we have no doubt whatever about where the majority of the honest Conservative voters stand upon the great temperance issue. If the Government permits a plebiscite upon the question we will see them lined up at the polls with their Liberal neighbors for a clean, a dry and a decent Ontario.

Neither has "The Personal Liberty League of Ontario" any doubts upon the subject. And that is why this League is spending thousands of dollars in an advertising campaign and is frantically shouting—"The Issue of Prohibition was decided June, 1914."

Next week petitions will be circulated throughout the length and breadth of the province, and every man, twenty-one years of age or upwards, will as far as possible be given an opportunity to sign a petition to the government for a dry Ontario.

This is a strictly non-partisan movement undertaken by an entirely new organization, The Committee of One Hundred, and composed of an equal number of prominent Liberals and Conservatives.

As The Orange Sentinel has said, this is "the most intelligent effort ever made to procure a prohibitory liquor law in Ontario."

"BENDING EVERY EFFORT."

"A united people, bending every effort to the successful prosecution of the Great War," is the heading of another five-column advertisement inserted in the daily papers by the Personal Liberty League of Ontario. And then the League goes on to deplore the disunion that it alleges will be occasioned by calling for a vote upon the question of Provincial prohibition

during the period of the war. As long as the people of Canada go on spending over one hundred million dollars per annum and the people of Ontario about one-third of that amount for that which promotes inefficiency, disloyalty to every obligation, and the most reckless kind of waste, how can it be said that the Province or the Dominion is "bending every effort to the successful prosecution of the Great War?"

Every school and college athlete knows that alcohol bars his way to victory. Britain has awakened to the fact that she cannot send efficient soldiers to the front if they are saturated with liquors by the their civilian admirers before starting. British patriotism is now fighting intoxicants, not on moral grounds, but as a measure of national defence.

Today it is not sentiment and maudlin piety that are combating alcohol but commonsense and the instinct of self-preservation.

A few weeks ago Canadians congratulated themselves upon having been able to float a domestic loan of one hundred millions. We don't know where the next hundred millions is to come from, but the proposition can easily be solved if—we cut out the booze.

Could the path to victory be made plainer? Eliminate the waste. Stop the leak. Remove that which makes men unsteady of nerve, wavering in purpose, forgetful of the terrible responsibility resting upon them.

"The men who have recently joined the colors are doing their utmost to prepare themselves for active service with the least possible delay. This result can only be achieved if by hard work and strict sobriety they keep themselves thoroughly fit and healthy."

No, these are not the words of a Methodist local preacher, but the solemn advice of England's greatest warrior, the cold, un sentimental Kitchener.

But to us who remain at home there comes the no less urgent call to economise, to conserve our resources, to save, to put aside all forms of wasteful and extravagant expenditure. The war will in the end be won by money or by "the silver bullet."

The Personal Liberty League pleads to have the decision deferred until after the war. It cannot be deferred until after the war without a treasonable injustice to the men in the trenches whom we are bound by every consideration of honor and safety to support to the limit of our ability. If we go on recklessly squandering our resources upon that which is worse than waste, how can we square ourselves with the men we have pledged ourselves to sustain as they have manfully gone forward to fight our battles.

"No question of a local, contentious or political nature can be allowed to divert our energies from the one duty," the advertisement continues in a specious plea to avoid until after the war the questioning of their right to receive a license permitting them to take that hundred million dollars from the pockets of the people of Canada. "Let us go on taking the money that you need to help you to win this war, and in that way you can avoid all differences of opinion and have a united people," is about what this advertising means.

There is a difference of opinion over this matter and that difference has been growing wider with every day of war. It is the war that has brought home to us, in the most forcible way, our utter stupidity in so long tolerating a business that is destructive in its nature, that is the greatest contributing cause of poverty and crime. In time of peace it is a traitor to the home and to every economic interest. In time of war it continues its work of devastation at home and in addition robs and plunders the soldier in the field.

A discussion of prohibition or a referendum on prohibition does not however necessarily mean that any difference will arise among our people as to the obligation or necessity for prosecuting the war to the utmost limit of our resources and ability. A vote on prohibition does not suggest a change of government, nor does it in any way affect those whose special business it is to carry on the war. If prohibition were endorsed by the people it would merely mean that vastly greater resources would be placed at the disposal of the government for the purposes of war.

"Is it fair to force the question of total prohibition on Ontario when the soldiers have become disfranchised by reason of their absence—fighting for you?" asks the Personal Liberty League.

Perfectly so. Prohibition if passed now need not be continued longer than the period of the war, or until such time after the war as must necessarily elapse before a second vote is taken. The fact that a vote may be taken this year does not ensure a permanently dry condition in Ontario as the result of a majority for temperance. Prohibition votes or any other kind of votes can be taken just as often as the people demand them.

The League apparently assumes that the soldiers are almost a unit in favor of booze. In this it is certain they do in favor of soldiers a grave injustice. The Canadians at Shorncliffe have been only recently commended for their

sobriety and good behavior. The man in the trenches has quite as good judgment as those who remain at home. It is by no means probable that he would violently protest against the method of supplying him with stronger and more effective support than he is receiving.

WOULD SEVERE WINTER HELP GERMANY?

It has been generally assumed that a severe winter would prove one of the most dangerous enemies Germany could meet in her Russian operations. According to a staff writer of the New York Outlook, however, the chief hope of the Kaiser for success in Russia is based on a prospect of a winter of unusual severity. While there is plenty of food in the country it is badly distributed, and at places the shortage is so great that people have to stand for hours while waiting for their doles of bread or sugar. This waiting is bad enough under the most favorable circumstances, but would become unendurable in severe cold. For those with regular homes these conditions might not lead to the breaking point, but here are five or ten million people without homes. There are those whose roof trees were destroyed by one of other of the contending armies during the operations on Russian territory. These people are now sheltered in all sorts of hovels, they are insufficiently clothed and insufficiently fed, and if intense cold is added to their other sufferings they might easily form the seed-bed of rebellion, and so help Germany. Behind all this, says the writer quoted, there is amongst the most patriotic Russians intense dissatisfaction with the conduct of the war. In to the war itself they have gone wholeheartedly, and they are determined to see it through, but there is the most bitter condemnation of the bunglers and traitors who, through incompetence or treason, have allowed Russia's strength to be frittered away to no purpose. Those who feel this way are determined, the writer says, to change the whole system of government in Russia after the war; and if there is any more bungling of the war, they may even try it while the conflict is on.

POSITION OF THE SCANDINAVIAN COUNTRIES.

A correspondent of the United Press, writing from Copenhagen, says Sweden is not particularly pro-German, but she is anti-Russia with her whole soul. The reason for this lies in the fact that as far back as any Swede can remember all Swedes have been in terror of a Russian attempt to secure the Czar's much and long coveted warm water port on the west coast of the Scandinavian Peninsula. This can only be at Norway's expense, and Norway can only be reached through Sweden. If Germany is crushed in the present war, Russia will then be in a position to realize her ambition, and therefore Sweden is determined that Germany shall not be wholly destroyed, and she believes she has strength enough to be the deciding factor in a fairly even war. The Swedes claim they can put 1,000,000 troops into the field. In event of hostilities these would be thrown across the frontier into Finland in the expectation that the Finns would join them in a campaign to capture Petrograd and sweep southward to join the Germans near Riga.

The Norwegian attitude cannot be spoken of so unqualifiedly. By sentiment and in consequence of trade relations the Norwegians sympathize with England. They are mindful, too, of the ruin England's navy could work to their merchant fleet, the world's largest, after England's and Germany's. Norwegian army officers, because many of them were trained in Germany, are mostly pro-German, but the masses of Norwegians are friendly to England. For political reasons, however, the Norwegians presumably would be with the Swedes against Russia if forced to take sides. The Norwegians can muster 400,000 excellent soldiers, fully equipped. Denmark does not enter into the northern Scandinavian peninsula's calculations. The Danes are pro-Ally in sympathy and German haters, both as a legacy from the days when they lost Schleswig-Holstein to the Germans, and for fear that more or all of their territory will go the same way.

POWER OF THE FLEET.

A correspondent of the Associated Press who visited one of the great naval bases in Great Britain gave us the other day a suggestive account of the silent and yet all-important function which the British Navy is performing for the Allies in this war. Mr. Balfour, the First Lord of the Admiralty, epitomized in a recent speech in London how much the Empire and its Allies owe to the vigilance and power of Sir John Jellicoe's Grand Fleet. That speech, which was delivered on the occasion of the first representation of official army and navy pictures in London, we reprint on this page today, for it deserves to be emphasized frequently how great a factor the navy has been and is in keeping the safety of the Empire and ensuring the ultimate triumph of the Allies.

Mr. Balfour declared that "were the British Fleet removed, the Allied nations, who are now banded together against the tyranny of the Central Powers, would have no means of intercommunication. They would be cut off from the

outer world and they would be cut off from each other." This fact is self-evident, but it has come to be regarded as one of the commonplaces of the war, and its import is apt to be overlooked.

We must not allow ourselves to think that this war is an affair of armies only. When we speak about the great armies which Russia and France have put in the field, we must not forget that, apart from Britain's Expeditionary Forces, she has thrown into the struggle the whole weight and strength of her matchless sea power. Without which neither Russia nor France would have been able to maintain the struggle for so long. Both have enjoyed the protection of the British Fleet. It is true that two of Russia's most important seas have been closed to the major operations of the British Fleet, but the blockade of her coasts has been prevented, and two of her ports, Archangel in the west and Vladivostok in the far east have been kept open for the importation of her supplies, so that it may be claimed without boastfulness that the British Fleet has not only protected Britain from invasion but is indispensable to France and Russia in carrying on their campaign.

Mr. Balfour has told us in vivid language what the fleet has accomplished, but as the London Chronicle points out, the magnitude of its efforts is not to be measured as some measure it, by the comparatively small number of combat officers and men (probably under half a million) on board the warships and their auxiliaries. There are at least, two other great factors, to be remembered. One is the enormous pre-war preparation, which the fleet represents—a preparation which involved Britain shouldering a heavier financial burden for pre-war defence than was shouldered by any other country. The other is the enormous army of men (over a million) required on shore, in the shipyards and munition works to sustain the fleet in war-time.

The latter point, as the Chronicle says, has a very distinct and important bearing on the war-time uses of our man-power; and it must not be forgotten that this use of it is as absolutely indispensable to our Allies as it is to ourselves. "Perhaps there is a little too much tendency all round to take the achievement of our fleet for granted, instead of realising that it is an unparalleled quasi-miraculous achievement, which has only been made possible by unparalleled exertions, and can only be continued on the same terms."

When Canada's parliament gets to work the business of the war must come first. Let the political schemes wait.

Many months ago, shortly after the huge sign-board was erected there, The Ontario called attention to the dangerous condition thus created for passers-by at Cannifton Road crossing. For those driving from the city it is almost impossible to see east-bound trains until the very edge of the track is reached. The wonder is that we have gone so long without a fatality. Its open space so scarce in this district that one of these abominations has to be placed just where it shuts off the view of approaching trains? A wife without a husband, half-a-dozen small children without a father make up part of the toll we must pay for such criminal thoughtlessness. Cannifton Road crossing, with its frequent trains, needed gates or a subway long before the arrival of the bill-boards. A bell that is ringing almost constantly is of small value for such a crossing. Now that we have had our lesson, probably somebody will take notice. But what a pity it is that such things cannot be looked after before the tale of death is told.

WHAT THE DRUMS SAY.

Hark! I hear the tramp of thousands,
And of armed men the hum;
Lo! a nation's hosts have gathered
Round the quick alarming drum—
Saying "Come,
Freemen, come!
Ere your heritage be wasted," said the quick
alarming drum.

"Let me of my heart take counsel;
War is not of life the sum;
Who shall stay and reap the harvest
When the autumn days shall come?"
But the drum
Echoed, "Come,
Death shall reap a braver harvest," said the
solemn-sounding drum.

"But when won the coming battle
What of profit springs therefrom?
What if conquest, subjugation,
Even greater ills become?"
But the drum
Answered, "Come!
You must do the sum and prove it," said the Yan-
kee-answering drum.

"What if, 'mid the cannon's thunder,
Whistling shot and bursting bomb,
When my brothers fall around me,
Should my heart grow cold and numb?"
But the drum
Answered, "Come!
Better there in death united than in life a re-
creant—come!"
—Bret Harte.

Other Editors' Opinions

A SANE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT

There is no suspicion of political partisanship in the temperance activities in Peterborough in the movement to make Ontario a prohibition province by July 1 next. It is the sane effort in the interests of the cause. No professional politician appears in it. The campaign follows in the wake of no creed or sect, the temperance wagon is hitched to the rear of no party platform. If Ontario goes dry by July 1 next no political faction can assume credit. If the effort fails the blame will rest with no one, but the people themselves.

All classes, all parties, all creeds are acting in unison. It is altogether likely that when the monster petition is presented to the Legislature asking either for a prohibitory law at once or a referendum of the question to the people that the government will decide to adopt the latter course. If this is done the entire matter is then up to the people. The plebiscite will be conducted without the interference of politicians. There will be no active workers whose motives it will be possible to suspect.

The temperance people will be satisfied if the question is referred to the public. They are confident the province is ready for prohibition and that their side will win at the polls. With that much accomplished the rest is easy. The Government will have no alternative but to act in accordance with the mandate. This much any administration could be depended upon to do both in honor and political expediency.

A significant feature of the new movement brought out at the meeting recently is that local public men took an active part in the proceedings. A city alderman presided, two other members of the Council were present, both being identified with the movement, and the Mayor of the city made an address in which he pledged his support. The time has passed when a public man finds it necessary to hedge on the temperance question, or when he is heckled by one side, held back or gagged by the other. There is no hint of partisanship in such a stand. It simply shows the extent of the growth made by the temperance cause in the past few years.

There is nothing to be gained in this fight by setting up unreasonable claims, by misrepresenting facts or misquoting figures. The present campaign in Ontario so far has been sanely conducted. It will continue along these lines if the advice of Mr. Flavell to the workers at the meeting is followed. He counsels that no partisanship, but that all bitterness be avoided. Opposition from the dealers is to be expected. These men are fighting for their business interests and when this is taken into account their opposition is entitled to a fair consideration. It is not born of an instinct for evil, but by the spirit of self-preservation.—Peterborough Review, (Con.)

POLICY FORMED AFTER INVESTIGATION.

The Port Arthur News replies to a congratulatory message a few days ago in The Ontario as follows:

In accepting these congratulations, the Daily News wishes to return congratulations to the Belleville Ontario. The Ontario is evidently in the fight against the traffic to stay in as long as the traffic has any left in it.

The Daily News made the statement a couple of times around voting day that it knew of no other rally in Ontario fighting on the side of local option. That was because the Belleville Ontario took up the fight in an active way only a few days before the voting, and the papers supporting the measure had not come to hand. It formulated its policy after its editor had made a tour of Ontario local option towns and cities investigating the effects of local option. Its attitude, therefore, is based on unprejudiced study of the situation.

Now that the Daily News and the Belleville Ontario have shown the way, other Ontario dailies will probably swing rapidly into line.

ISAAC ROBINSON.

Isaac Robinson, a well known resident of Tyendinaga, died at his home in the fourth concession. He was a native of the township and lived his whole life there. He was a member of Shannonville Lodge A.O.U.W. and of the Methodist church. He had been in ill health for three years. Mourning his loss are his widow, two sons, Frederick, Tyendinaga; Clement of Roblin, Manitoba; two daughters, Mrs. H. E. Farnsworth, Toronto, and Mrs. Ross McLaren, Melrose. He was sixty-six years of age.

Mr. W. B. Robinson, Belleville is a brother of deceased.

Dr. William McCormick of Toronto was in the city yesterday to attend the obsequies of his sister-in-law.

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AMELIASBURG.

Mr. Ray Carley has returned home from Chatham, after spending the holidays with his brother, Dr. A. A. Carley.

Mr. and Mrs. George Alyea spent Sunday evening at Mr. M. S. Carrington's.

Quite a few attended the market at Trenton on Saturday.

The sleighing has come again, about three inches having fallen since Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Snider visited Mr. John Vandervoort on Saturday evening.

Mr. Marcus Carnrite visited Mr. L. Rowe on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Spencer are smiling now—it's a girl.

Miss Flossie Carrington has recovered from her attack of grip.

A number of the young men from here have enlisted during the past two weeks.

Mrs. Philip Carley has been sick for a few days.

Mr. R. O. Alyea and family attended the show in Trenton on Tuesday night.

Messrs. Carrington, Rowe, Carnrite attended a dance at Mr. Peck's on Wednesday evening.

HILLIER.

Miss Dorothy Palmer is visiting friends at Glen Miller.

Ms Gladly Wait was unable to teach school last week on account of la grippe.

Mrs. Liddle and son Jack of Vancouver spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Campbell.

A large number of people in the village are ill with the grippe.

Messrs. Harry Pyne and King Terry were in the village Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Adams, Concession, visited at Mr. W. N. Lord's on Friday last.

Miss Helen Gilbert spent the week-end with her friend, Miss Clare Adams, of Gilead.

Mr. C. R. Foster visited in Wellington on Sunday last.

Mrs. Charles Grant spent Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. R. Jones entertained last Thursday evening.

Another one of our boys, J. Eaton, enlisted at Wellington last week.

Miss Kennedy spent Saturday in Wellington.

Mr. Wm. Thompson is visiting at Crookston.

Miss Winnifred Foster spent last week in the village.

CENTRE.

The Temperance Committee of Ameliasburg will meet at D. T. Stafford's on Thursday afternoon, to formulate our plans for campaign work. Victory is our motto.

Mr. Cyrus Giles spent Sunday with M. F. Wood.

Frank Townsend lost a valuable horse on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Vanderwater returned home from a few weeks' visit in Hastings.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Stafford spent Tuesday visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. Sprague, Belleville.

Re. and Mrs. R. Edwards and Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Redner were entertained on Saturday by Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Redner.

Nelson Parliament, M.P.P., is spending a couple of weeks in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Mack Giles and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Robin and Misses Kathleen and Dorothy Giles took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Stafford on Sunday.

ROSSMORE.

The correspondent wishes The Ontario and its staff a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Mrs. Martha Belnap and daughter spent last week with the former's daughter, Mrs. Ben Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Carnrite and Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Weese visited over Sunday at Rodney Alyea's, near Concession.

Mrs. Henry Robinson visited her daughter, Mabel at Toronto. Rumor says Mr. and Mrs. Robinson are going to move there in the near future.

Those on the sick list are: Mr. S. Root, and Master Bruce and Mrs. Claude Carnrite.

Mr. John Carnrite is quite ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Jos. Loeby, Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Alyea and son Jack have returned to their home here.

C. Belnap spent a few days with friends here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fitzpatrick, of Belleville, visited on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Belnap.

Mrs. John S. Alyea is visiting at Marmora.

Mrs. M. Belnap who went to Marmora to visit has been quite ill.

WALLBRIDGE.

The W. M. S. had a social gathering last Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Beatty of the upper 5th. A short program was rendered and a very enjoyable

evening was spent. Coffee, cakes and sandwiches were served. There were about 35 present, a large number for such a rainy night.

Miss Louise Wright who is attending Albert College was home for her Sunday accompanied her friend Miss McNeice.

Miss Mazie Seely of Belleville High School with her friend Miss Moseir spent Sunday at home.

Quite a number from this way attended the Poultry Show at Belleville last week.

Miss Clara Lane was appointed delegate from our Sunday School to attend the S.S. Convention to be held at the Stone Church on Wednesday January 26th.

RIVER VALLEY.

Those who were unable to attend the Institute meetings on Sat. afternoon and evening missed a rare treat as the addresses given by Miss Campbell, Mr. Ferguson and Mr. Westbrook were excellent.

Miss Sadie Cross is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Hatfield.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Rosebush and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rosebush spent Friday evening at Mr. Herman's.

Mr. Geo. Heasman who has spent the past year in the West, returned home on Friday. We understand he intends enlisting in the near future.

Private Harry Taylor and Chas. Mitts spent Sunday among friends here.

We are sorry to hear Mrs. J. Sager is not improving very fast.

Mr. George Taylor is spending a couple of weeks with friends here.

Mr. McGuire of Stirling took the Sunday School at R.V. on Sunday.

Messrs. Rob and Roy Bush are spending a week with friends in Prince Edward.

CROOKSTON.

On Thursday morning last, the little cosy home of Mrs. H. Norman was destroyed by fire.

A number of people in our vicinity are suffering from the la grippe.

The revival services in the Methodist church conducted by Evangelist G. M. Sharpe are still continuing this week and a large attendance greets him every night.

The Ladies Aid held a sewing bee at Mrs. J. D. Blue's last Friday.

Miss Bertha Paul spent Sunday evening with her friend, Elsie Tummou.

Mr. J. Chambers spent Sunday at West Huntingdon with friends.

GILEAD.

The recent snowstorm came as a two-fold blessing as it has patched up the sleighing and covered up the ice.

Our school has reopened for the spring term with Miss W. Reid in charge.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mr. Isaac Robinson at Salem today.

Mr. Robert Gregory has returned home after having spent a couple of weeks visiting in Toronto.

Mrs. R. Huffman attended the funeral of her cousin, Mrs. Lancing in Prince Edward Co. last Thursday.

Mr. George Boldecker and Mr. Everett Yorkie are wearing the smile that won't come off these days, the former having been presented with a baby boy and the latter with a baby girl. Congratulations.

Miss Daisy Pope who on Wednesday last was wedded to Mr. Harry Tweedy was given a miscellaneous shower by her friends the young people of Gilead on Saturday evening last. A very pleasant evening was spent in games and music, after which the company dispersed, all wishing Mr. and Mrs. Tweedy a very happy and prosperous wedded life.

Mr. Wesley Purdy who has been ill is some better.

Mr. W. A. Martin and son Bruce have purchased the farm owned and now occupied by Mrs. Robert Leslie and family on the Fourth Line.

Dancing parties as usual are occasionally being indulged in again this winter in our vicinity.

IVANHOE.

Mr. Baldwin Reid spent Tuesday with his sister Mrs. Murray Sine of Belleville.

Miss Louisa McCabe who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. George Reid has returned to Harold.

Mr. Edward Benson of this place has been confined to home with la grippe.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. William Jeffrey is much better after a heavy attack of la grippe.

A number from here attended the evangelistic services at the Armory Madoc.

Mr. Black Reid has been on the sick list, but is better.

Mr. and Mrs. James Benson of Stockdale spent a few days with relatives here.

CARMEI.

Services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Wilson on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Gilbert, are spending a few days with the form-

er's sister, Mrs. W. Osborne, Melrose and Mrs. W. Tracey attended the funeral of the late Mr. Copeland at Roslin on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Luffman entertained friends one evening last week.

Several of the young people took in the party at Mr. Longwell's on Thursday night.

Mr. H. Ross visited at Mr. Vanderwater's on Tuesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Patterson and family took tea at Mr. Gerow's on Monday evening.

Mr. Fred Quick, Belleville, spent the week-end in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Horton and Mrs. H. A. Horton spent Saturday evening in Foxboro.

Miss M. Fairman has recovered from an attack of la grippe.

Miss Mattie Gerow entertained the young people of the neighborhood on Friday evening.

Miss Mildred Jones is able to be around again after her attack of grip.

STOCKDALE.

Mr. A. E. Wood visited his son, Mr. L. V. Wood at Roslin the latter part of the week.

Mr. George Davidson has been ill with an attack of la grippe and bronchitis.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lough of Mountain View visited relatives here during the past week.

Miss Mabel Wait is visiting relatives at Stirling.

Mr. J. W. Wright paid our village a flying visit one day last week.

Miss G. M. Sanborn is visiting her sister Mrs. Gainsford at Wooler.

Mrs. Henry Donaldson of Trenton, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Maybee.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Anderson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chase.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cooney visited at Mr. George Davidson's on Sunday.

Mr. R. Demille and mother, and Miss Wood of Kisby, Sask., are visiting at Mr. A. E. Wood's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Williamson and Mr. W. McGowan and family attended the convention of the Holiness Movement at Wooler the latter part of the week.

ZION NOTES.

The snow storm that we had recently was welcomed in this part.

Mr. Myron Hawley has purchased a fine driver.

Mr. Job Clapper has sold his farm to Mr. J. Orr, of Bethel.

Mr. Robert Reed had a runaway one day last week but fortunately no damage was done.

Many of our young people have taken advantage of the ice.

Some of our young people spent Sunday evening at the home of Mr. Robert Reed.

Mr. M. Hawley entertained a number of young people on Thursday evening last and all report a fine time.

Our public school has opened again with Miss Badgley as teacher.

Our Red Cross Society held their meeting at the home of Mrs. W. Shils on Wednesday last.

VICTORIA.

Our snow on Saturday made us good sleighers.

The icy roads caused several accidents.

Church next Sunday at 10.30 a.m. Messrs. Rob and Roy Bush of Stirling spent a few days with their brother Will.

Messrs. Gerald and Roy Brickman are confined to the house with measles.

Wednesday was rather a stormy day for those attending the wedding at Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Montgomery entertained some friends on Thursday evening.

Mr. E. Brickman is getting up his wood.

Colds are still prevalent in this vicinity.

Messrs. C. Weese and V. Brickman spent Wednesday at Mr. J. F. Weese's.

Mrs. M. Hubbs is spending some time in Bloomfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush, Messrs. Robert and Roy Bush and Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox spent an evening of last week at Mr. Ray Fox's.

Mr. Roy Pulver is visiting his brother, Mr. H. Pulver for some time.

We have organized a 'Teen Age class in our Sunday School.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox and Mr. Ray Fox were visitors at Mr. Lorne Brickman's on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. Sager is visiting in Belleville.

Mr. L. Brickman drove to Belleville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Fox and Mr. and Mrs. S. Fox, were visitors one evening of last week at Mr. W. Bush's.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Redner and Mr. and Mrs. P. Delong and Miss Hazel were Sunday visitors at L. Brickman's.

REDNESSVILLE AND ALBURY.

Again sleigh bells are heard jingling. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brickman and Miss Irene spent last Tuesday evening at W. R. Russell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Babcock spent Wednesday evening at Mr. R. Babcock's.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Peck spent Sunday evening at John Weese's.

A number of people of this vicinity attended a party at Parkville on

Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Cunningham spent a few days of last week at W. R. Russell's.

Mrs. E. W. Brickman is spending a few days with Mrs. Frank Delong.

Mrs. Maria Weese is spending a few days caring for her daughter, Mrs. Bert Weese of Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. George Brickman, of Belleville spent Sunday at D. Rose's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Roblin spent Sunday at Wm. Allison's.

Mr. Wilfred Ackerman spent Sunday at J. W. Brickman's.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert McMurter and daughter Vera spent Sunday at Charles Dempsey's.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Russell called at Mr. I. Wilson's on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brickman and Irene visited at Wesley Sager's on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Peck and Marie Weese attended the wedding of Norman Weese and Myrtle Roberts on Wednesday at Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Weese have returned home from Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Pulver and Mrs. Carley spent Sunday at Cleveland Clapp's.

Miss Vera Babcock is attending school at Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Clapp spent a few days of last week with friends at Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brickman spent Sunday at the home of Peter Delong at Centre.

THIRD LINE THURLOW.

The recent fall of snow has made the sleighing good.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Bradshaw, are quite ill. Dr. J. A. Faulkner is in attendance.

Mr. J. W. Ritz has bought the R. E. Reid's farm. Mr. W. A. Martin has bought the Leslie farm on the 4th concession.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Liddle and Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Clapp were visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. Rutan last Monday evening.

Mrs. Susan Gallagher came from Syracuse where she has been visiting her two sons for a few months. She is now visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Rutan.

Mr. Harry Twiddy and bride have returned from their wedding trip.

La grippe is quite prevalent in this section.

Mr. Wm. O'Brien is preparing to build a new barn.

The County Council has given us a grant on our county road. A large quantity of stone is being piled ready for the crusher.

FABERNACLE.

Mr. Jas. F. Weese and Mr. John Wilson from Victoria attended the funeral of Mr. Earl Rodgers on Saturday.

Mrs. Thompson from Manitoba is visiting her brother Mr. Harry Crow.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rose and Olive visited at Mr. Chas. Leach's on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Burnas Bryant and family spent Sunday evening the guests of Mrs. Chas. Leach.

Mrs. Henry Chard is very low and is under the care of Dr. McQuade of Wooler.

Mr. Willie Kilters called at Mr. Richard Perry's on Friday night last.

The Holiness Convention is being held at Wooler in the Town Hall, Friday, Saturday, Sunday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Hubbs spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Flound.

Mr. Burnas Bryant is on the sick list.

ROSSMORE.

Miss Gertie Duke spent Monday evening with Mrs. L. Gerow.

Mr. Claude Thompson visited his brother at Ameliasburg recently.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Gerow and Miss Ethel Duke attended the memorial service of the late Charles E. Hopkins at Albert College.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Arnott visited Mr. and Mrs. Henry Duke on Sunday.

Mr. Henry Robinson expects to leave for Toronto for a short stay.

Mrs. Charles Reddick, Mrs. C. Babcock and Mrs. Frank Reddick and Mrs. Geo. Thompson spent Monday evening at J. L. Gerow's.

Mrs. A. G. Roblin visited her brother Capt. H. Hart last week.

BIG ISLAND.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Semple are the proud possessors of a fine baby boy. Congratulations.

Sorry to report Miss Grace Moran ill with la grippe.

S. Clement has his sawing outfit ready for business and is at present operating on his father's wood pile at Marsh front.

Master Austin Sprague is ill with an attack of rheumatism.

Glad to report Mrs. J. Kerr who has been ill with tonsillitis is recovering.

Owing to the storm which raged on the Bay on Saturday afternoon, some of the people who had gone to Belleville remained over until Sunday morning.

The teen age class will hold their next meeting on Friday evening at the School House.

CARRYING PLACE.

Miss Hearst and Miss Shaw from Madoc spent a few days last week with the latter's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wadsworth.

Mrs. Fred Taylor spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Snider.

Mr. and Mrs. Burckett and daughter spent Monday and Tuesday with their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Marvin.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Snider spent Friday evening visiting friends at Hillier.

Miss Pearl Humphrey is visiting friends at Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver spent Tuesday with the latter's brother, Mr. Marvin.

Mr. Morley Wadsworth is visiting friends at Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Alyea and family and Mr. and Mrs. Rathburn and family and Mr. and Mrs. Smith Brown spent a very enjoyable evening last week with Mr. and Mrs. Kemp of Gardenville.

Mr. and Mrs. Varvin and family spent Friday evening at Mr. Humphrey's.

We are sorry to report that the measles are again raging in Gardenville.

ZION NOTES.

Skating seems to be the order of the day among the young people.

Miss Minnie Ketcheson entertained her Sunday school class one day recently.

Miss Keitha Caldwell is spending a few days with Mrs. M. Hawley.

The W. M. S. meeting was held at the home of Mrs. J. G. Shils this week.

Mr. H. K. Denyes entertained his S. S. class 'The Live Wires' one evening during the holidays.

Mr. R. Moran spent a couple of days last week at the home of Mr. Fred Denyes.

Mr. Wilmen Shils is on the sick list.

Mr. Job Clapp has sold his farm to Mr. Orr of Bethel.

Mrs. M. Hawley met with a painful accident on Thursday last. While driving down Zion Hill, the sleigh upset, throwing out Mr. and Mrs. Hawley and dislocating the latter's shoulder.

Miss Jennie Kennedy, Mr. Arthur Weale, Miss Grace Badgley and Miss Vera Shils took tea at Mr. Robert Reed's last Sunday evening.

Mrs. Floyd Thrasher of Bayside, spent Wednesday at the home of her father, Mr. Ed. Kennedy.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Casey, Miss Irene and Miss Badgley took tea one evening in Foxboro.

Mr. Gibson is on the sick list.

Mrs. Windsor Darce is expecting to take a trip to California in the near future.

Mrs. B. Darce entertained Mrs. Hawley and Mrs. Clapp one day last week.

OAK HILLS.

The farmers are having a fine getting stock to and from water, so much so. We would welcome a little snow.

Mrs. Joe. Bronson, Mrs. Frank Jubby and Mrs. J. Bird attended the Holiness Movement convention which was held at Wooler.

Rev. Mr. Redick is holding revival services at the Eggleston church.

A number around here are suffering with colds.

The box social at Eggleston school was quite a

HOT LEMONADE AND WARM SLEEP STAVE OFF CRIP

How to keep from having the grip when everyone about you is suffering from this aggravating disease and you are beginning to have the symptoms yourself—this is the question that has been uppermost in the minds of hundreds of thousands during the present epidemic.

In an attempt to answer it a representative of The New York Tribune interviewed a large number of prominent physicians and submitted to Health Commissioner Haven Emerson a summary of their advice. The latter put his official O.K. on the following treatment—

"Take a cathartic. Then take a brief hot bath to warm up the body and start the blood running freely. Drink a large bowl of hot lemonade and go to bed early. Cover your feet thoroughly and warmly, even to an extra pillow to protect the head and ears, and get nine hours' sleep."

"Take the greatest care, by dressing warmly, not to catch cold in the morning. If the trouble seems to be chiefly in the throat, wrap the neck in a wet woolen cloth covered by a dry woolen cloth."

The official qualified his recommendation as far as the hot bath part of the treatment is concerned, saying that none should do this unless they were very sure they would be able to keep themselves perfectly warm during the night and the morning afterward.

"But the HOT LEMONADE, the cathartic and the WARM SLEEP stand as the OFFICIAL PREVENTIVE for the dread disease which is adding from 10 to 40 per cent to the weekly death records in many parts of the country."

WEDDING BELLS

JONES—HARRY

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Harry, Bayville, on Wednesday, Jan. 12, when their second daughter, Jennie, was united in marriage to Mr. Walker Jones of Bowmanville by the Rev. F. G. Joplin, pastor of Bayville circuit. After simple justice had been done to the very beautiful dinner, which was provided, a pleasant hour was spent in toastmaking to the future health and happiness of the bride, which were responded to in a very efficient manner. The happy couple then left for their new home in Bowmanville.

SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT ARE CANADIANS

Seventy-five per cent of the men enlisting in the 155th Battalion are Canadian born. More and more are the natives of Canada answering the call in proportion to the natives of the British Isles. According to figures given out at headquarters 19 per cent of the recruits are of English birth, while Scotch, Irish and others make up the remaining 6 per cent.

Capt. Dr. W. S. Harper, medical officer, Madoc, is in the city today and examined the 155th officers this morning. All passed the tests.

The strength of the 155th is now over the 400 mark. The local unit is said to be ahead of every other unit in the division. Seventy five of these come from Belleville, one hundred from Prince Edward and two hundred and twenty-five from various parts of the County of Hastings.

The first dawn physical drill of the 155th was held this morning at six-fifteen.

Proving Very Successful

Well! How is your January Clearance Sale going? was the question we asked Bob of the Gorman Boot Shop. "Business is going along very satisfactorily," answered Bob. The sale is proving to be a great success. The large number of people who have visited our shop have realized that our January Clearance Sale favors the purchaser, January with many concerns is a quiet month, but we do not purpose having any quiet days. We are determined to keep busy and to make this January the largest in the history of the Gorman Boot Shop. The great success we have met with so far certainly signifies that we will accomplish our purpose. The public realize this and Bob, that when the Gorman Boot Shop puts on a sale it does so in earnest and that the reductions made are honest and liberal.

Agricultural Society Meets This Afternoon

The annual meeting of the Belleville Agricultural Society was held this afternoon in the city council chamber.

Will Accompany Military Hospital

Mr. Walter Soal who has been in the city visiting his father, Mr. Thos. Soal, returned today to Kingston. He goes overseas to Egypt with Queen's University Military Hospital.

33RD BATTERY WERE DEFEATED AT THE ARENA

The artillerymen of the 33rd Battery, Kingston were up against a harder proposition at the arena last night, than they will face in France or Belgium it is hoped. The gunners and drivers who came to Belleville with the fair reputation of having defeated Queen's University Intermediate O.H.A. team on Friday night were expected to make things hot for the local men, but the game was cold with a 12 to 1 score in favor of the home team.

The 33rd made its best showing in the opening moments of the game, scoring their only goal after two minutes of play. They were a likely looking bunch of players with three Belleville men ahead—Marshall, Bueker Moore and Mills. The first period created rather a good impression as the artillery men played well, were fast, and checked strenuously. Belleville scored three goals.

The second period ran the score up to 7 to 1. The 33rd could not score although they had a number of shots on goal. Their combination seemed at fault. Their forward line was very aggressive, but the players had not had sufficient practice for team work. The artillery man arises early in the morning and is busy at night with lectures, so he has few hours for hockey.

The third period gave Belleville 5 more counts without the battery getting one. A very large crowd witnessed the game and a number of artillery men came up with the team.

Jack Moxon of Toronto was referee. The lineup was

33rd Battery	Goal	Belleville
Jeffs	Left Defence	Phillips
Moore	Right Defence	Simons
Marshall	Rover	Haloway
Keith	Center	Finkle
Sullivan	Right Wing	Whelan
Mills	Left Wing	Symons
Knapman		Mitchell

The penalty time keeper was Mr. E. A. Thomas. The players penalized by the referee were

- Battery
- 1st period—Moore, Marshall
- 2nd period—Moore
- 3rd period—Moore, Moore
- Belleville
- 1st period—Finkle, Whelan, Haloway
- 2nd period—Finkle, Mitchell
- 3rd period—Simons
- Bombardier Jeffs was the main-

stay of the 33rd. The score but for his work would have been unrestricted. He manifested a great deal of pluck in returning to the ice after he had been painfully injured at the nets. He has from Campbellford. He formerly played with Copper Cliff.

MILITARY NOTES.

Lieut. Elliott, manager of the 33rd Battery team, and Sergt. Major Chas. W. Thompson were in the city last night witnessing the game at the arena.

Fred Wiggins of the 33rd Battery was in Belleville last night for a short time.

The members of the 33rd Battery who were in town last night wore their trench caps, very heavy pieces of head gear, with flaps that protect the ears. They are well lined.

The Provisional School of Infantry, at Kingston closed on Saturday. The final examinations were made on Friday and Saturday. The next class will open on Monday next, Jan. 24.

The School of Signalling opened yesterday. Over one hundred men from the various units in the division are taking the course, which will be directed by Lt-Col. Mundell, divisional signalling officer.

Spurs will not be worn in the R. G.H.A. with winter dress except for mounted parades. The officers and N.C.O.'s of the R.S.A. will also conform to this order.

All men enlisting in the C.E.F. must be vaccinated on the day they are medically examined, according to a recent order issued by Col. Hemming.

Three hundred applications for artillery commissions with the new Toronto and Kingston Brigades have been provisionally granted and about one-third will receive early appointments to various batteries. The others will be appointed in the order they qualify and are required.

The Military Cross awarded to Lieut. E. Franklin Lynn is designed expressly for the present war and is of silver. It is 1 1/8 inches square. The Imperial Crown is borne on each of the four arms, and His Majesty's cipher appears in the center on a small raised cross surmounting the largest one. The decoration is a most effective one, different from any other in use, and most creditable to its designer, Mr. H. E. Burke, C.V.O., C.B., F.S.A., Norroy King of Arms. It is suspended from a ribbon 1 1/2 inches wide, having a central band of dark purple with white on either side, and is intended for captains, commissioned officers of a lower grade, or warrant officers in the British army of Indian or Colonial military forces. As in the cases of other decorations, many of these crosses have been awarded for life-saving under the enemy's fire.

Recruits are still coming in for the 155th Battalion, and the armoury is a very active place. The boys have their reading room going and with their several musical instruments very enjoyable times are spent.

On Saturday night next the boys will be entertained by a choir of fifty voices from Ivanhoe under the leadership of Mr. G. M. Sharpe of Toronto.

On Sunday last the recruits paraded for Divine Service to the Methodist church, and on Sunday next will parade to the Presbyterian church.

Pte. A. Weloh has been transferred from Madoc to the Staff Pioneers and has been promoted to the rank of corporal—Madoc Review.

A pleasing incident occurred Monday morning, when ten recruits from the Havelock detachment arrived at the Peterboro armouries to secure their uniforms and equipment. As the boys in khaki saw their new comrades they greeted them with a round of cheering that rattled the windows. The Havelock contingent appreciated the warmth of the welcome.

Recruiting in the Peterboro County Battalion must be speeded up. 600 have enlisted but 500 more are wanted to make the full number of a battalion. A big recruiting meeting will be held in the armouries at Peterboro at the earnest suggestion of the Minister of Militia that Peterboro's battalion should be immediately recruited up to full strength. The date has been set for January 22nd. Major-General Sir Sam Hughes will be one of the speakers.

The 3rd Division in which Belleville is situated is the only Division in the Dominion of Canada which showed an increase in the number of recruits secured during the last two weeks of December over the first two weeks of the last month of the year 1915.

Corpl. C. R. Murray, Montreal; Pte. R. F. Kavaner, Sydneyham; Pte. J. C. Ashman, Port Hope, and Pte. J. H. Wilson, Peterboro, arrived in

the city at 2.30 p.m. Friday from the battle front, and still suffering from the effects of their wounds and German gas.

Corpl. Murray was in charge of the party. He was wounded in the left forearm at St. Julien when with the 13th Montreal Battalion.

Pte. Kavaner is well known in the district, and was at the front originally with the 23rd battalion, and later with the 14th. He is suffering from gas after Festubert. He was for some time messenger for the Dominion Express Company on the C. P. R., Kingston sub-division.

Pte. Ashman was with the 12th Battalion at the front, and was also gassed following the battle of Festubert. He has been in hospital for some time, but is much better.

Pte. Wilson is from Peterboro, and was through the fight at Givenchy with the 2nd battalion. He is also suffering from gas poisoning.

The four returned soldiers were officially welcomed by Mayor Richardson—Kingston Whig.

Captain J. H. Burnham, M.P., has offered two valuable prizes for competition in the three days' campaign this week to raise 500 recruits for the 33rd battalion in Peterboro.

A gold watch will be given to the lady in the county who secures the greatest number of accepted recruits. The watch will be engraved with an account of the services rendered in securing it.

A prize of \$10 in money will be awarded the private soldier securing the largest number of recruits.

Sores Heal Quickly.—Have you a persistent sore that refuses to heal? Then, try Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the dressing. It will stop sloughing, carry away the proud flesh, draw out the pus and prepare a clean way for the new skin. It is the recognized healer among oils and myriads of people can certify that it healed where other oils failed utterly.

In Memoriam.

Rosemore, Jan. 17.—At a special meeting held by the officers and teachers of Rosemore S.S. on Jan. 17th, 1916, action was taken on the death of Charles E. Hopkins, of Midland, Ont. The following resolutions were adopted.

The sudden death of Charles E. Hopkins came with a great shock to his associates in this Sunday School, whereas our Heavenly Father has taken unto Himself our esteemed superintendent, resolved that while resigned to the will of Almighty God, we deeply mourn the loss which has come to us in our Church and Sunday School. We shall miss the earnest and unstinted aid of one ever willing to render his best services, his cheery manner, his cordial greeting, one respect and regard from officers, teachers and scholars. To meet him here was a pleasure to look forward to. This Sunday School has lost a valuable friend and a faithful and efficient superintendent. He has ere this heard the words of the Master "Well done thou good and faithful servant."

Resolved that his sorrowing mother, sister and brother we tender our heartfelt sympathy and also be it resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the members of his family and that they be published at once in the daily papers.

- Signed
- Miss Gertrude Duke
- Mr. McMillan
- Mrs. C. Babcock
- Mr. L. Gerow
- Mrs. C. Reddick
- Mrs. L. Gerow

Intelligence and Midland papers please copy. The Salvation Army in Belleville is expanding its borders. Captain Ruston, the energetic officer in command of the local corps, has secured the Bleeker Street Methodist Church now not in use by that denomination and after it has been put in a state of repair, will re-open it for the Sunday School work of the army.

To Drill at Home

Twenty of the Brighton boys who have enlisted with the 139th Northumberland Battalion will return to Brighton to drill during the winter, providing a recreation and lecture room is furnished for their use. Mr. Sam Nesbitt, M.P.P., will provide the room, and the Citizens War Fund Committee will provide heat and light.—Ensign

All Night with Asthma. Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfitted for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

About 117 miles of wire, weighing over thirteen tons, are used in making a 12-inch gun.

GREAT BRITAIN HAS CORNERED ROUMANIAN GRAIN CROP

To Shut Off Supply From Germany—Russian Forces Advancing to Relief of Kut el Amara --Bulgarian Forces in Serious Position for Lack of Supplies.

BRITAIN CORNERING THE ROUMANIAN GRAIN SUPPLY. LONDON, Jan. 17.—A Bucharest despatch states that an English syndicate have purchased eighty thousand cars of Rumanian grain, paying fifty million dollars in gold therefore. The allies it is added will purchase the remainder of the crop cutting off the German supply.

RUSSIANS ADVANCING ON KUT-EL-AMARA. LONDON, Jan. 17.—Petrograd despatches report that the Russian forces are ninety miles northeast of Kut-el-Amara, and are advancing steadily in the direction of the British camp. The Turks are declared to be unable to make a serious stand against the Russians.

PERSIAN PROVINCE LINES UP WITH THE HUNS. CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 17.—The war office announces that the state of Lauristan, Persia, has declared war on the allies and will interpose its forces between the Russians and Kut-el-Amara.

BULGARS IN SERIOUS POSITION FOR LACK OF SUPPLIES. PARIS, Jan. 17.—Athens report says Bulgarian forces in a serious condition through lack of supplies and adds that despite the reports of through trains from Berlin to Constantinople, both the Austrians and Germans also are known to be short of supplies.

FRENCH AEROPLANES DAMAGE BULGARIAN CAMP. ATHENS, Jan. 17.—A squadron of French aeroplanes bombarded the Bulgarian camps Saturday afternoon causing several fires.

BELGIAN LINER AFIRE OFF SPANISH COAST. VIGO, Spain, Jan. 17.—A wireless call for help has been received from the Belgian steamer Lille which reports she is 195 miles off this port.

SERBIAN DIPLOMATS ARRIVE IN ITALY. BRINDISI, Italy, Jan. 17.—Forty members of the Serbian government have arrived here from Scutari accompanied by diplomats of the allied powers accredited to King Peter.

SPANISH STEAMER SUNK. LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Spanish steamer Belgia has been sunk. Twenty-three members of the crew were saved.

BELGIUM SEVERELY FROM FLOODS. AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17.—Belgium has suffered heavily from the floods especially in south Flanders. The river Scheldt has risen several meters and Weilen, Gavere and Schelderode are inundated.

CRAZED GERMAN IN QUEBEC KILLS LITTLE GIRL. EAST BOLTON, Que., Jan. 17.—George Rakenreed, a German laborer living in East Bolton township ran amok early yesterday and wielding an axe and a razor killed the twelve year old daughter of Naomi Tennyson with whom he lived, dangerously injured the woman and then slashed his own throat. He and the woman are likely to die.

ITALY WILL AID BALKAN ALLIES. PARIS, Jan. 17.—Information received from Rome indicates that the Italian cabinet has taken steps to give adequate assistance to Serbia and Montenegro. King Victor Emmanuel is reported to have discussed the question at long conferences with Foreign Minister Sonnino and the ministers of war and marine. A despatch to The Temps from Saloniki, says:

"Col. Bokovitch, the Serbian minister of war, before leaving here for Brindisi on the Greek torpedo boat destroyer Velos, said Serbia would offer the allies in two months, a complete re-organized army of 100,000 men. "The minister said the Bulgarians were advancing in Albania under the greatest difficulties owing to the lack of roads. He added that despite the Italians' disembarkation in Albania it will be necessary for the Serbs to leave the country."

BRITISH ADVANCE 25 MILES. LONDON, Jan. 17.—Turkish forces, occupying positions on both banks of the River Tigris, 25 miles south of Kut-el-Amara, in Mesopotamia, are retreating, according to an announcement made yesterday by the official press bureau. The war office adds that after hard fighting the Turks began to withdraw on Jan. 13 and Jan. 14, and that they are being closely pressed by British troops under command of Gen. Aylmer.

The text of the statement follows: "After their defeat on Jan. 8-9 the Turks opposing Gen. Aylmer retired to a position astride the Tigris at Oorah, 25 miles down stream from Kut-el-Amara. "Gen. Aylmer attacked the position Jan. 13, hard fighting continuing till nightfall. "During the evening of Jan. 13 and Jan. 14 the enemy began to retire and dis being closely pressed on the east and on the north by the British forces."

BERLIN DENIES REPORT OF VON PAPAN'S CONSPIRACY. BERLIN, Jan. 18.—A semi-official statement issued today denied that Capt. Franz von Papan, recalled German military attaché at Washington, paid money to individuals in the United States in connection with attempts to blow up munition factories or bridges.

THE LONG AND SHORT OF IT!

Tall men, short men and stout men frequently find the clothes question quite baffling. Those who have worn our Special Sizes for such proportions know that the solution here is easy. The worried ones are invited to try on our Suits and Overcoats, in slim, stout and extra sizes, just to see how easy it is to find a fit. If you think it necessary to have your clothes made to order, then you have not given this store a trial. We have all of our sizes cast in several shapes to accommodate just such cases as your's. We are positive that we can

Fit You to a "T"

The fact is that we guarantee you a fit just as much as we guarantee a fit in any of our reg. sizes.

SUITS, \$12, \$15, \$20 TO \$25
OVERCOATS, \$10, \$12 TO \$20
TROUSERS, \$2, \$3, \$4 TO \$6

QUICK & ROBERTSON

THE OUTFITTERS

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THE REPAIRS TO O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE

Editor, The Ontario:

Several letters have appeared in the public press criticising the work of making the necessary repairs to O'Brien's bridge, and while fair and competent criticism of any public work is always in order, certain statements have been published in reference to this work which tend to reflect upon the integrity and efficiency of those in charge of the work, and which are in the writer's opinion not justified by the facts in the case, and for that reason should be publicly corrected.

On August 2nd, last, at the request of the committee, appointed at the January session of the County Council, to make the repairs to this bridge, the writer with the committee made an inspection of the condition of the pier as well as the superstructure, finding the pier had settled some 14 to 18 inches, thereby distorting the superstructure and rendering the bridge unsafe for the heavy traffic passing over this bridge. On subsequent inspection and soundings being taken, and after ascertaining from what was thought to be the best sources of information the character of the present old foundation, the writer advised the committee of the seriousness and difficulties which would likely be met with in securing a safe and permanent foundation, and also asked the advice of Mr. W. A. McLean, Provincial Engineer of Ontario and Mr. William I. Bishop, C.E., of Montreal, who is a member of the Province of Quebec Streams Commission. The reports of these two engineers, as well as my own report, together with plans showing the proposed method of carrying out the work to secure a permanent foundation were submitted to the committee in joint session with other members of the County Council and after full and careful consideration the committee instructed the writer to proceed along the lines then advised. It might be also stated here that the Provincial Act and Regulations of the Public Works Department of Ontario require that work of this kind be carried out by a competent engineer.

The work has therefore been carried out to date exactly along the lines first decided upon and approved of by the best Engineers available and with the approval of the committee. Many difficulties and unforeseen delays which cannot be gone into in this brief communication have been encountered and overcome, in connection with this job that no engineer or anyone else could predict. Although soundings were carefully taken around the present old pier, many obstructions such as logs, old timber, portions of the former bridge which had been destroyed, and one of the boiler caissons filled with concrete which supported the former bridge, had to be cut through or encompassed in driving the steel sheet cofferdam. All of these obstructions being covered with from six to ten feet of stone filling it was manifestly impossible to remove these obstructions in the depth of water (varying from ten to fifteen feet) existing at the site of the old pier, by anything outside of a steam dredge which on account of the location of the bridge was out of the question.

From the best information that was obtainable by the committee or the Engineer from those who claimed to be familiar with the foundation under the present pier, (and it might be stated that there seemed to be no unity of opinion among those who claimed to have first and personal knowledge of this foundation as to its construction and permanency,) and from the fact that the pier was easily movable (which fact is attested to by members of the committee and many others) it was deemed advisable and in accordance with the best engineering advice, in order to secure a permanent foundation to remove the present old pier and excavate sufficiently to determine whether it would be necessary to carry a concrete foundation down to rock bottom or put in a large spread supporting base within the cofferdam properly reinforced upon which to erect a new pier. As the sheet piling has already been driven to a sound foundation, either solid rock or a hard compacted gravel, it is highly improbable that there are any large cracks in the rock bottom which will seriously interfere with the pumping out of the cofferdam, as the driving of the pile sections would have indicated whether there was any large cracks or not. If, as is stated in one of the letters published, some of the original wood piles were not driven down to solid rock on account of entering large cracks in the rock bottom of the river, that in itself, would be ample justification for removing the present old pier, and excavating to rock, or putting in a spread base of reinforced concrete as already mentioned, and this could only be done by the use of a cofferdam.

Only such amount of crib timber was ordered as was deemed necessary for the construction of the supporting cribs, bracing, etc., after allowing

for the maximum amount of settlement of the cribs on the soft mud bottom when the weight of the bridge spans was placed upon the cribs, and while there was some timber that was not required to be used in the construction of the cribs, owing to a less or settlement than was expected, it would have been poor policy in the writer's opinion not to have provided for any ordinary contingency when placing the weight of the bridge spans upon the cribs. This was proven by the fact that one crib after sinking had to be extended by the addition of more timbers in order to secure sufficient bearing and prevent the crib from shifting on the mud bottom of the river.

All timber was properly checked by the foreman on delivery, and no timber to the writer's knowledge has been disposed of without proper authority and accounting. Owing largely to the large harvest it was with considerable difficulty that teams could be secured for hauling material to the work during the months of July August and September, and the foreman, Mr. George Vanderwater, informs the writer that all teams hauled as large loads of the heavy and green hemlock timbers and the steel sheet piling as could reasonably be expected, and many times the teams did not arrive at the bridge to unload their last load for the day until 7.30 in the evening.

One car containing 150 barrels of Portland cement was ordered for the work shortly before it was expected it would be required and was stored in the most convenient and dry place near the bridge. A portion of this car was used by the Corby Distillery without hauling to the bridge for which the County will receive pay, and the balance excepting what has already been used in the work is safely stored and should not be damaged to any serious extent for concreting the pier. This car of cement has all been checked over by the foreman and all that has not already been used or sold will be available and required for the work.

Certain tools, rope, chain, blocks, etc., were very obligingly loaned to the foreman by some of the residents in the neighborhood of the bridge to save the purchase of new equipment by the County, and such tools, etc., as have not already been returned to the owners will be done so when desired, and in case of any that are broken or damaged, the owners will be properly recompensed.

Residents in the vicinity of the bridge were asked verbally and by telephone to furnish and deliver from time to time as required the necessary supply of cordwood fuel for the boilers but on several occasions could not or would not deliver the wood when it was required, and to prevent the shutting down of the work, the foreman sent a County team to get the wood. This can be verified by some of the parties furnishing the wood. It was also impossible for the foreman to estimate the amount of wood that might be required to complete the work of sinking the cofferdam, etc.

The hoisting engine, boiler, centrifugal pump and rock drill were rented from Mr. W. H. Harty, the contractor for the new Trenton Bridge, at \$75 per month, which is only a fair rental for expensive machinery of this kind, and saved the County purchasing new equipment. No charge is being made for this equipment at the present time. Mr. Harty has rented the steam pile hammer from the County on the same basis. The steam boiler connected with the hoisting engine was never considered of sufficient capacity to operate the steam hammer, but did satisfactorily operate the hoist, all the time the work was in progress. The steel I beam supports for the carrying the chain block which were placed in position to move the steam hammer from section to section could not be utilized on account of the unforeseen difficulties experienced in driving the piling, and the irregular shape of the cofferdam, but will still be available for pulling and lifting the piling and for carrying the moving skip used for excavating purposes.

The customary methods for tightening up the cofferdam have been used, the water before shutting down the work on account of adverse weather conditions being lowered four feet, and with normal weather conditions which will ensure sufficient live steam pressure to operate the pumps to their maximum efficiency and capacity, there should be no serious difficulty in pumping out the cofferdam sufficiently to allow of the necessary excavation being made. A steel sheet cofferdam of the same type and construction has recently been satisfactorily pumped out in connection with the work of constructing the new Trenton Bridge. In view of the fact that great trouble and expense has been caused the County in past years on account of the unstable character of the foundations to O'Brien's bridge (two or

more bridges having been destroyed) and that when the present piers were constructed some twelve years ago, the writer, is informed on reliable authority that Mr. M. J. Butler, C.E., former Deputy Minister of Railways and Canals, and one of the foremost Engineers in Canada, then stated that while it was probably worth trying as an experiment, on account of cheapness of construction, to place the present concrete piers on the old foundations left from former bridges, that the only absolutely sure and permanent method would be to put down a new foundation along the lines as now being carried out, it would appear that better economy would be exercised at the present stage in securing a permanent and sound foundation, thus ensuring the future life and safety of the bridge superstructure.

It is to be hoped that anyone having criticisms to make in connection with this work, which has been carried out under difficult conditions, and which is being carried out to the best knowledge and ability of both the committee and engineer, will apply before the County Council at its next session, at which time and place intelligent and fair explanations of the entire work will no doubt be available.

Lucius E. Allen, Engineer County of Hastings, Jan. 17, 1916.

Campbellford Has It, Too

A serious epidemic of influenza is going the rounds in town, quite a number of our townspeople having been taken to bed for several days. Dr. Healey Smith, writing in the Toronto News of the epidemic says: "Grippe comes in waves. This winter's wave is one of the worst since 1888. Last year's epidemic was nothing like this year's Grippe is always serious. It should be treated with profound respect. The only thing to do is to bow the knee in humble submission and go to bed. It is better to be beaten by it than try to beat it. It is contagious. Cases should be isolated as far as possible. The germs of grippe are liable to attack any organ and set up serious trouble."—The News.

Letters From Our Soldier Boys

Francis, Nov. 30, '15. Miss Dorothy Grant, Miss Cybil Grant, Belleville, Ont.

Dear Ladies: Although your address is not very definite, I hope this letter will reach you as we want you to know how much your beautiful socks were appreciated by the ones who received them in the 7th Batt. One Irishman said, "By God, I as goin' to pray for their winnin' and I never did that in me life before."

We received them about an hour before going in after dark after 7 days' rain in some of the trenches. As soon as we relieved we were served out with hip rubber boots and put on your dry socks and certainly blessed you that night.

The weather cleared up next day and in the evening froze up solid, but we had a brasier and coke and managed to keep warm. We took 12 prisoners and managed to kill and wound some hundreds, according to the prisoners' stories.

We are out for 14 days rest now and I am writing this by the light of a candle in a barn about one half mile from the boundary. The boys are yelling all kinds of songs in spite of the cold draft blowing through.

It would be a revelation to the people at home to see some of the places we do. Thanking you for your kindness, I remain, Yours truly, J. M. Hockin.

In Hospital From Shock

Ex-Ald. Frederick Slater received the following message from Ottawa this morning: Ottawa, Jan. 14

Frederick Slater, Belleville, Ont. Sincerely regret to inform you that Sergt. Frederick Edgar Slater, Third Battalion, officially reported admitted to Canadian Field Ambulance, Jan. 1st, suffering from shock. Will send further particulars when received.

Adjutant General. Sergt. Slater, it will be recalled enlisted at Toronto with the Queen's Own and went overseas with the 1st contingent. He was seriously wounded by fragments of shrapnel at Langemark and was in hospital for several weeks but rejoined the colors some time ago. Mr. Slater received a letter dated Dec. 22nd from Sergt. Slater who was then in the trenches in Belgium and in good health.

Wire made of a new German alloy with aluminum for its base is about twice as tough as steel wire.

A Patriotic Appeal for Federal Prohibition

To the Editor: On the 4th Dec. last a very instructive address was delivered at the Canadian Club, Ottawa, by Hon. R. H. Brand, C. M. G., of London, on "How England is paying for the War and how Canada can help."

The speaker explained the enormous financial burdens which Britain is carrying, and that only by rigid economy and by increasing the wealth producing powers of the country, would Canada be able to help.

How to attain this end should be the aim of Government and people. While not directly indicating the manner in which Canada could accomplish this, he referred to the enormous waste from drink, stating that in 1913 the British expenditure on drink amounted to \$830,000,000, besides the loss of thousands of tons of barley and the productive employment of tens of thousands of men, and the final result is that all this drink goes down the people's throat and nothing is left."

Mr. Brand was too courteous to apply this to Canada, but left the application for us. The expenditure on liquor in Canada runs into many millions. It is not only absolutely wasted, but, as Mr. Brand states, it also takes away from productive employment thousands of men.

What, then, is the remedy? Pass a prohibitory law to remain in force during the war and for a reconstructive period of three years thereafter, at which time let the question of repeal be submitted to the people.

Russia, France and, to a limited extent, England, have acted on these lines with beneficial results. Prior to the war, in these countries public sentiment was overwhelmingly opposed to any such legislation, but under the stress of war conditions their leaders did not hesitate to act.

Are our leaders in Canada less courageous, less patriotic than the Czar of Russia, the President of France, or the Premier and Lloyd George in England? In these countries they braved an antagonistic sentiment. In Canada, even before the war, public sentiment expressed in the plebiscite years ago decided in favor of prohibition. Since then, public opinion has been manifestly growing stronger in its favor.

British Columbia is now demanding the right to restrict the liquor traffic. Alberta has decided in favor of prohibition. So has Saskatchewan. Manitoba is ripe for it, and there both political parties are outbidding each other in this direction.

Ontario has now liquor sold in only about 300 municipalities out of 850. In Quebec, out of 1,143 municipalities over 900 are, without a license, and the number is still increasing, as witness the voting in the last few weeks in Lacomb, Three Rivers and Argenville.

New Brunswick, excepting four or five counties, is under prohibition. In Nova Scotia no liquor is allowed to be sold in the entire province, except in the City of Halifax, and none whatever in Prince Edward Island.

What stronger evidence is required? By one simple act of legislation following the overwhelming sentiment of the country, Parliament can save millions of dollars of waste, can by one stroke enormously add to the productive wealth of the country, and do more to increase the power of Canada to help the Empire than by any other legislation it may enact; in helping the Empire it will benefit our own people.

Two hundred thousand young Canadians have left their homes, friends, and all their business interests, to endure the hardships of war, to fight and if need be to die for the Empire. Shall those left at home not do everything possible to strengthen their hands and help them to win? The little self-denial imposed by such an Act will enable Canada to vastly increase her power to help.

Will our Leaders, forgetting party and remembering only Canada and the Empire, support such a measure. Canada awaits with confidence their answer.

Signed on behalf of the Committee J. R. Booth, Ottawa Wm. C. Edwards, Ottawa E. Lafontaine, Montreal, President de la Ligue Antialcoolique de Montreal. Fred H. Deacon, Toronto, Geo. H. Milten, Hull, Stuart J. Carter, Montreal, Hiram Robinson, Ottawa, Honorary Chairman A. W. Fraser, Ottawa, Chairman J. W. Hennessy, Fort Colonge, P.Q., Vice-Chairman Edward Seybold, Ottawa, Secretary.

Mr. T. H. McKee has given free the use of his office on the south side of his block as a recruiting office for the 155th Battalion. Lieut. Fish and Sergt. B. H. Richardson are in charge. —Stirling News Argus.

STOVES AT 15 PER CENT DISCOUNT Before buying, come in and look over our Stoves DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FURNACE SUPPLIES 311 Front St. H. C. PETTET Phone 704

WHY THIS GREAT WAR?

Editor, The Ontario: Noticing the article in Tuesday evening's paper entitled "Inquiries Suggested by the Great War," I would like as a Bible student to set forth a few scriptures which may throw some light on the subject.

We know we can know no more than God has revealed to us in His wonderful book, the Bible, and those of us who take heed to the sure word of prophecy have something very substantial for our faith. "Without faith it is impossible to please God."

Evil is that which produces unhappiness since sin is the cause of evil its removal is the only method of permanently curing the malady. No difficulty perhaps more frequently presents itself to the inquiring mind than the questions "Why did God permit the present reign of evil? Why did He permit Satan to present the temptation to our first parents after having created them perfect and upright? Or why did He allow the forbidden tree to be placed among the good? Some things are impossible with God as the scriptures state. It is impossible for God to lie Heb. 6:18. He cannot deny Himself, 2 Tim. 2:13. He cannot do wrong and therefore He could not choose any but the wisest and best plan for introducing His creatures into life even though our short-sighted vision might fail to discern the infinite wisdom.

It is a self-evident fact, that for every right principle there is a corresponding wrong principle, the result of these principles in action we call good and evil. God could have made mankind devoid of ability to discern right and wrong but to have made him so would have been to make him a living machine and certainly not a mental image of His creator. God first made His creatures acquainted with good surrounding them with it in Eden, and afterwards as a penalty for disobedience He gave them a severe knowledge of evil. Expelling them from Eden He let them experience sickness, pain and death that by a comparison of results they come to an appreciation and proper estimate of both. In this their posterior share except that they first obtain their knowledge of evil and cannot fully realize what good is until they experience in it the millennial reign of Christ which we believe is very near at hand. Ultimately when the purposes of God shall be accomplished the glory of the Divine character will be manifest to all intelligent creatures and the temporary permission of evil will be seen by all a wise feature in the Divine plan, having given mankind the experience of the terrible sufferings under the reign of evil which Adam did not possess when on trial for life and death which will be of great benefit to mankind during the times of restitution of all things—Edenic perfection world wide. Acts 3, 19-21.

We might next notice from our wonderful chart of the ages—the Bible the cause of the great war now raging in Europe and its outcome. In the book of Daniel 2nd chapter 31-45 verses we have a vision of earthly governments. Among those things "written aforetime for our edification" that we (the foot-step followers of Jesus) might through patience and comfort of the scriptures have hope (Rom. 15-14, 13-1, is the dream of Nebuchadnezzar and its divine interpretation.

SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER.



I am a woman. I know a woman's trials. I know her need of sympathy and help. If you, my sister, are unhappy because of ill-health, and feel unfit for household duties, social pleasures, or daily employment, write and tell me just how you suffer, and ask for my free ten days' trial of a home treatment suited to your needs with references to Canadian ladies who gladly tell how they have regained health, strength, and happiness by its use. I want to tell you all about this successful method of home treatment for yourself, my reader, for your daughter, your sister, or your mother. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home at trifling cost, and without aid from anyone. Men cannot understand women's sufferings; what we women know from experience. I know better than any doctor; and thousands have proved there is hope even for the hopeless in my method of home treatment. If you suffer from pain in the head, back, or bowels, feeling of weight and dragging down sensations, falling or displacement of internal organs, bladder irritation with frequent urination, obstinate constipation or piles, pain in the sides regularly or irregularly, bloating or unnatural enlargements, catarrhal conditions, dyspepsia, extreme nervousness, depressed spirits, melancholy, desire to cry, fear of something evil about to happen, creeping feelings up the spine, palpitation, hot flashes, weariness, ailing complexion, dark circles under the eyes, pain in the left breast or a general feeling that life is not worth living, I invite you to send today for my complete ten days' treatment entirely free and postage paid. To prove to yourself that these ailments can be easily and surely conquered at your own home, without the expense of hospital treatment or the dangers of an operation. Women everywhere are escaping the surgeon's knife by knowing of my simple method of home treatment, and when you are cured, my sister, I shall only ask you to pass the good word along to some other sufferer. My home treatment is for all—youthful, old, to Mothers here of Daughters, will explain a simple home treatment which speeds and effectually cures green-sickness (chlorosis), irregularities, headaches, and lassitude in young women, and restores them to plumpness and health. Tell me if you are worried about your daughter. Remember it costs you nothing to give my method of home treatment a complete ten days' trial, and if you do not continue, it costs only a few cents a week to do so, and it does not interfere with one's daily work or health worth asking for? Then, accept my generous offer, write, for the free treatment suited to your needs, and I will send it in plain wrapper by return mail. To save time you can cut out this offer, mark the places that tell your feelings, and return to me. Write and ask for the free treatment today, as you may not see this offer again. Address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 57 Windsor, Ontario.

tion through the prophet. The student of history can readily trace the four universal empires described by the image: Babylon first the head of gold. "Thou art this head of gold" verse 88: Medo-persia (breast of silver); Greece conqueror of Medo-Persia; third belly of brass and Rome fourth, the iron legs and clay mixed feet. The Roman empire still exists. The division is represented in the ten toes of the image. The only element blended with the iron in the feet represents the mixture of church and state. This mixture is in the scriptures termed Babylon—confusion. The world loves, admires, praises the rulers and governments represented in this great image, though it has been continually oppressed by them. The world extols the great and successful agents of this image: its Alexanders, Caesars, Bonapartes and others whose greatness showed itself in the slaughter of their fellowmen in their lust for power. And such is still the spirit which still exists in the ten toes (The kingdoms of Europe) of the image as we see it exhibited today in their marauded hosts of more than twelve million men armed with every deadliest device to slaughter one another without hands which smites and wasters the Gentile powers represents the true church, the Kingdom of God. During this Gospel age this "eternal" kingdom is being formed by the spirit of the "Truth" the invisible power of Jehovah. When complete it will destroy the kingdoms of this world. Not the people but the governments symbolized by the image are to be destroyed that the people may be delivered. No matter what may be the means used the cause of the fall will be the establishment of the Fifth Universal Empire of earth the Kingdom of God under Christ whose right it is to take the dominion. This is described by the prophet: "And there was given unto Him (Christy dominion and glory and a kingdom that all people, nations and languages should serve Him. His dominion is an everlasting dominion which shall not pass away." This seen, the dominion of earth is to be placed in the hands of Christ by Jehovah. To the accomplishment of this great mission the overthrow of these Gentile governments is first necessary. Dan. 12-1, also points to the same time. "And at that time (the overthrow of the Gentile kingdoms) shall Michael (Christ) stand up (assume authority)—and there shall be a time of trouble such as never was since there was a nation. O that men were wise that they would apply their hearts to understand the work and plan of the Lord. Then would the present Kingdoms melt down gradually. Justice and truth would prevail until righteousness would be established in the earth. But they will not do this and so armed with selfishness each will strive for mastery and the kingdoms will pass away with a great time of trouble such as was not since there was a nation. This is the cause of the present great war. But let us look a moment at the silver lining in this dark cloud—in due time Christ shall say "Peace be still," and action shall not lift up sword against nation nei-

ther shall they learn war any more. They shall not hurt nor destroy in all my holy Kingdom. The inhabitants shall not say I am sick. They shall build houses and inhabit them. The desert shall blossom as the rose. And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death neither sorrow, nor crying—for the former things (the reign of sin and death) are passed away. Haste ye along ages of glory. Haste the glad time when Christ appears. May we pray from the heart "Thy Kingdom come."

I can see the coming judgments as they circle round the earth. The sighs and groanings promised to precede a second birth. I read His righteous sentence in the crumbling thrones of earth. Our King is marching on. The "Gentile Times" are closing for their kings have had their day. And with them sin and sorrow shall forever pass away. For the tribe of Judah's Lion now comes to hold the sway. Our King is marching on. A Bible Student.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that the firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Swear to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 4th day of December, A.D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Upset Hay Load.

A load of hay coming down Moira street hill yesterday met with a mishap. The wheels slipped and the rear portion of the wagon turned so that the back of the load faced the bottom. The vehicle was upset and with it the load of hay. The rig was righted but could not stand on the hillside, so every forkful of hay had to be carried down hill and reloaded.

A Safe Pill for Sufferers.—There are pills that violently purge and fill the stomach and intestines with pain. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are mild and effective. They are purely vegetable, no mineral purgative entering into their composition and their effect is soothing and beneficial. Try them and be convinced. Thousands can attest their great curative qualities because thousands owe their health and strength to timely use of this most excellent medicine.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE ALL KIDNEY DISEASES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIABETES BACKACHE FEBRUARY 23 THE PRODIGE

WELL KNOWN MURRAY FARMER KILLED AT C.P.R. CROSSING

Howard Young Victim of Fatal Accident Last Evening—One Horse Also Killed.

(From Monday's Daily.)
Howard Young, a farmer who resided at lot 14 in the First Concession of Murray township was last night struck and killed at a Canadian Pacific crossing about two and a half miles west of Trenton.

ing homewards with his team and sleigh and his attention was apparently taken up by a train passing on one of the lines. One of the horses was also killed.

LATER DATE WILL BE SELECTED FOR BELLEVILLE'S ANNUAL FALL EXHIBITION

Directors and Members of Agricultural Society Unanimously in Favor of Change From Labor Day—Prize List Under Discussion at Annual Meeting—Officers Elected.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)
Belleville Agricultural Society unanimously decided at its annual meeting yesterday afternoon to change the date of the fall fair from Labor Day and the next day to several weeks later.

An effort should be made to increase the membership in the county and in the city two or three times. He thought that it was unwise to hold a fair on a date when Toronto Exhibition is in progress.

Mr. Arthur Jones, president, occupied the chair and gave an address, remarkable for its comprehensiveness. Mr. Chas. Weese, director, said he favored holding the fair two or three weeks later.

Mr. Stanley Wellbanks also opposed the early date for the fair. Vegetables and fruits are in better state for exhibition a little later than Labor Day. The prize list might be cut down.

Mr. Harry Ketcheson thought the prize list and horse races could be kept where they are if the directors do their work. He congratulated Mr. Perry D. Denike on the success of the poultry exhibit at the fair and explained that Mr. Terwilliger was unable to attend, just recovering from a fall.

Dr. Weeks stated that he had met a number of the leaders of the Canadian government but the could not give him much more information than was contained in the big American daily newspaper that is not pro-British, although supposedly neutral.

WHEN IN EYE TROUBLE DON'T TAKE CHANCES

There's an eye-glass man long established, with a wide experience and an unquestionable reputation, up-to-date in all respects, where you can be SURE of good serviv at a reasonable price.

OUR REPUTATION FOR ACCURACY & RELIABILITY has been established by over 20 years' square dealing in this community.

Angus McFee's

JEWELER OPTICIAN The Store with the Big Clock

Table with RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE columns. RECEIPTS: Balance last report 8.97, Legislative Grant 354.26, Municipal Grant 200.00, Membership 77.06, Donations, each 358.80, Donations, goods 214.40, Membership for 1916 63.00, Admission to Gates 387.50, Rent of Stalls 63.75, Grand stand receipts 120.50, Money borrowed during 1915 400.00, Legislative grant for losses in gate receipts 131.00, Miscellaneous receipts 110.10. EXPENDITURE: Cash prizes paid horses 728.65, For cattle 160.75, For sheep 50.50, For pigs 26.50, For poultry 120.00, For dairy products 63.50, For grain and seeds 25.90, For roots and vegetables 18.85, For fruit and flowers 14.80, For fine art 7.75, For judges' work 26.50, For other exhibits 7.90. Total prize money paid 1915 \$1,250.30. Lectures or meetings on Agr-

At-Home by the St. Julien Chapter. St. Julien Chapter I.O.D.E., last evening held a most successful At Home at Johnston's dancing academy, Campbell Street in aid of its Red Cross work.

Table with cultural subjects, Delegates expenses, Departmental Judges, Special attractions, Goods, medals, cups, Grand expenses, Principal and interest, Officers' salaries, Gatekeepers and caretakers, General expenditure, Printing and advertising.

FINLANDER LANDS IN JAIL

A Finlander named Hill was arraigned yesterday before Judge DeRoche and elected trial by the County Judge on January 26th. Hill was sent down by Justices Pearce and Hubbell of Marmora on a charge of having stolen 48 pounds of silver from the Deloro Mines.

Officers Had Run to Hospital

The officers of the 155th battalion this morning at 6.15 had a run from the armouries to the hospital and back. Captain B. L. Hyman, transport officer set the pace.

Need of Loyalty at This Time

The lecture by Dr. Weeks, of Springfield, at the Victoria Avenue Baptist Church last night was one of the finest addresses of a patriotic nature ever heard in Belleville. He took as his subject "The Need of Loyalty."

80th Held Field Exercises Today

The 80th battalion sick list includes Privates Ryan and Spink, admitted to Belleville General Hospital—Ptes Charlton, Garnett, G. A. Thompson, admitted to Napinee hospital, Ptes. Jackson, Lynch, and McDiarmid, discharged from Napinee hospital.

Police Charm Broken

The quiet in police circles has been broken by four arrests which took place yesterday, the charges being theft and assault.

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Rifle Club.

J. Douch—100. J. S. Peck—98. H. Hall—98. G. D. Gratton—95. W. J. Andrews—94. D. J. Corrigan—84.

THE MARKETS

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Death To The Preacher

Set of Rules Which May be Used in Eliminating a Pastor. The following rules, says the Atlantic Journal, if carefully observed will kill any preacher on earth—kill his influence, kill his ambition, kill him mentally, morally and physically.

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Forty Bottles Procured in Prescott Formed Base for Soldiers Supplies. For some time past certain members of the 4th Hussars have been observed to be the worse of liquor, and the query was naturally asked: "Where do they get it?"

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All Night with Asthma. Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long.

Morning finds him wholly unfit for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO C. MARKET. Fall wheat, bushel, \$1.00 to \$1.10. Oats, new, bushel, 44 to 46. Buckwheat, bushel, 30 to 32. Rye, bushel, 30 to 32. Peas, bushel, 1.50 to 1.75.

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Morning finds him wholly unfit for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

Preacher

may be used in Pastor says the Atlan- observed will earth—kill his bition, kill him physically:— especially on now the crowd yow meeting be- crowd will be to lead you over leave the out speaking a or a word of en- don't let him r not coming to his family out They never en- you can on his out that. This thing but the nise. It would appreciate him. excuse to offer to a little work him or his fam- "Billy Cain" be to see you twice ferent toward will think you

ES cit Liquor

ed in Frescott fers Supplies certain members ve been observ- liquor, and the ed: "Where do against the law s, and likewise dry" town, In- en the tip and guilty party Saturday last, of election bett- handed with liquor snugly off in the barn Lagrew, of the omprising over had bought at arent object of iers. Inspector h warrant and le John Arm- of Lagrew's above result. ardnal a mem- (whose name him wise to the ed for the tall seen running ay tracks and or the present, was seized, and ookout for the his is said to ot sold to the ance of certain an example of the soldier who probably not oceeded with. ermined to get aking the law. uois News.

Cormick

of the face Alice of Mr. Ernest t in Belleville eday after- ere most im- pastor of Hol- ducted the ser- ence, 87 Dur Smith assist- reekly re- s. McCornick which her us- ight. ded by a re- not only fro e surrounding s banked with d. The bearers d. B. Shroy, C. Dupras, C. V. avision.

KNES W STRENGTH

weakness from men suffer. no han Dr. Hamil- in that bring- o earnestly dis- ease and bring l old age. ousured by A Appetite in- secret ill give and reserve woman can- norous good hamilton's Pills;

Our Old Belleville Town

You may talk about Toronto, you may speak of Montreal, You may traverse the Dominion up and down, You may read of New York City with its mansions tall and grand. But give to me our good old Belleville town. Though some may travel far and wide in search of pleasure, And some to other lands for pleasure roam, I am happy and content for some pleasant times I've spent, In old Belleville since I claimed it as my home. I love to stand when springtime comes and watch the ice that floats Along the old Moira to the Bay To listen to hear the robin, new arrived, fill out his notes. I love the budding maple tree not far away. I love to hear the laughter of the children, as they play, Released again from winter dull and drear, And to hear the crows that caw as above my head they soar, Is like the sound of music in my ear. And when the leaves again adorn those stately maple trees, That line our Belleville streets on either side, I love to walk beneath their shade and feel the cooling breeze, And look upon their loveliness with pride. And in our little island Park I love to sit awhile, When all the labours of the busy day are o'er, And hear the Belleville Band pour its music sweet and grand, Along the good old Bay of Quinte shore. I love to roam at daybreak in the fall when all is still, Just as the sun is rising bright and clear. When smoke from homes of working men who live around College Hill Will issue from the chimneys here and there. The tethered rows upon the grass content and peaceful lie Beneath the maple tree of lovely hue And the odour fills the air of the cedar standing there. While the morning sunshine sparkles in the dew. 'Tis nice to walk down Front Street on the wintry market days, And watch the farmers come from far and near. These faithful horses, steaming as they draw the heavy sleighs, And the merry ring of sleigh bells fill the air. It does me good to see the happy children slide and skate, And ride down icy hills upon their sleighs. And I know in years to come they will say their Belleville home Was the place they spent their best and brightest days. No matter whether in the bright and hopeful days of spring, Or on a hot and sultry summer's day Or in the days when Nature's hands the golden harvest bring, Or when the ice and snow around us lay. Old Belleville is as good a place as any you will find, And to those who doubt my word— I'd like to say Let others roam who will, I shall rest contented still In our Belleville town beside the Quinte Bay. H. Jas. Savage 19 Baldwin St. Belleville

Prefers Jail to Bail.

John Claus Plays the Martyr in Fight Against Vaccination Law. The case of John Claus, of 17 La Salle street, who is making a fight against the provision of the state laws requiring that school children be vaccinated, came up in police court this morning. The charge against Claus was the same as before, that he had failed to comply with the requirements of the compulsory education law. The child, Elizabeth, 7 years old, was sent again to school, 30, but was again sent home with a note stating that the child must be vaccinated. The father refuses to permit this unless the city will agree to assume the responsibility for the evil consequences which he fears. The city cannot give any such assurance of course. In the previous case, which was argued out before a police court, Claus was convicted. He was fined \$5 by Police Justice Willie K. Gillette and took an appeal. It was found, however, by his attorneys upon examination of the record that the defence had not introduced all the testimony that was desired. He accordingly paid the fine and invited a second arrest. In Police Court this morning Claus pleaded not guilty. Municipal Court Judge Raymond E. Westbury, who was on the bench this

morning in the absence of Judge Gillette, fixed bail at \$25 after Claus had asked for a jury trial. For some reason Claus appears to think that his case will be stronger if he does not get bail. He accordingly refused to put up the \$25 and will be taken to jail unless he changes his mind. It is not a question of raising the money, as he has secured ample financial backing. He claims Claus has organized in this city a branch of the Anti-Vaccination League of America. He will receive the legal advice of the attorneys of the league when the case comes to trial.— Rochester Times.

155th Soldiers Enlisted at Belleville

The following is the nominal roll of the recruits of the 155th Battalion who are located and drilling in Belleville: Anderson, J. W. E. Adams, S. J. Adams, E. V. Balford, C. A. Brien, F. A. Brunsell, J. Brown, E. Breden, E. B. Began, E. Brown, M. Brown, E. Bruchart, R. J. Brown, E. E. Crishton, R. W. Carter, H. E. Clark, J. T. Conroy, G. W. Crookwright, J. St. P. Chiquard, F. M. Carl, Ed. Chisholm, W. F. Dempsey, L. Debbas, G. E. Edyvean, R. A. F. Farrar, E. F. Ford, J. W. Grant, O. Harding, W. S. Hughes, M. Hinchey, E. R. Holway, H. P. Hibdon, M. Joss, A. L. Jones, S. C. King, E. Kirk, W. H. Kaiser, W. Langmuir, W. J. Louis, L. S. R. LaBrosse, J. R. Mignotta, O. Miller, W. H. Milligan, S. Madden, G. L. MacDonnell, H. J. MacLean, W. A. McFarrey, E. McMechan, S. Neville, J. H. O'Brien, J. Phillips, W. R. Reardon, W. Seaman, R. J. Sweet, W. Simpson, A. Taylor, W. J. Turner, E. H. Vandervoort, W. Weatherhead, F. A. Weatherhead, C. E. Whitaker, W. Ward, G. A. Wadell, P. E. Wannamaker, L. B. Weymark, J. S. Wright, I. Walls, C. H. Walsh, E. A. Wang, M. R. Wilder, L. Warren, A. Young, J. F.

Military Notes

Lieut. Col. C. A. Low and the officers are putting up a strenuous fight to enroll recruits as members of the battalion. They are going through the counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington and holding meetings everywhere. In conversation with the Kingston Whig, Col. Low stated that he and his officers were working night and day holding meetings and travelling from one place to another, and he was confident that their energies would be repaid by the attainment of the object of the campaign was based on—that of securing 1,000 men for the 148th Battalion by March 15th. It has meant hard work but the principle that the colonel works on is that as soon as the real men of this country are shown their duty they respond and he is taking on himself to show the citizens their duty. Every day the number of recruits is a little larger than that of the day before. Fred White who has been at the O.S.D. for some time, left this morning for Kingston to join the 33rd Battery. He has spent twelve years in the Royal Field Artillery, part of which time was in India in the Elephant Battery. Lieut. Blaker of the 80th is still indisposed. Capt. Ketterman has recovered from a bad attack of grip and resumed his duties today. A grand concert for the soldiers was given last night at the Khaki Club. Colt revolvers for the officers of the 80th have arrived and are being distributed. These are large heavy revolvers with barrels about six inches in length. They are not automatic.

BELLEVILLE MEN ARE FIRST CLASS POULTRY RAISERS

Says Mr. William Billings, One of the Judges at Poultry Show—Praises Quality of Birds.

"The Belleville men are very prominent all through in their winnings," said Mr. William Billings of St. Mary's, one of the judges at the Belleville Poultry Show to the Ontario last night. "I have been judging all the time. Next week I go to Stratford. I consider this the third best show I have visited this year, the first being that at Guelph and the second at St. Catharines. The quality of the birds is wonderfully good. "As far as I can see the Belleville men are first-class poultry fanciers." Mr. Billings has been judging all the light varieties such as leghorns, mediterraneans, poland and minorcas. Mr. Jarvis of Grimsby has handled the heavy fowl. A great deal of the judging of the 1700 entries was done yesterday, Today was mainly given over to the judging of games and bantams. To win a prize at the fourth annual poultry show of the Belleville Association is a distinct mark of merit and one of the highest tributes to successful poultry raising, as the competition is very keen. Many a bird of excellent qualities which secures no ribbon here might easily carry off first prize at a lesser show. The citizens are lending loyal support to the exhibition. The attendance

has been gratifying. Last night many visited the market and spent an hour in the aisles of bird cages. The show will be continued this evening. Not a bird will be moved until ten o'clock tonight. Considerable interest has centered around the ferrets and guinea-pigs. The eggs today are decorated with the prize ribbons of red, blue, orange and green, while special prize winners are marked by black and gold. The committee in charge of this show deserve the greatest credit. Their reward has been the remarkable growth of the association in one year so that it ranks with the best in the province today. The officers are: Wm. J. Thompson, Honorary President; T. E. Sullivan, President; E. W. DeShane, 1st Vice-Pres.; Jas. Taylor, 2nd Vice-Pres.; Wm. J. Thompson Treasurer; Thos. Moore, Show Secretary; C. M. Stork, jr., Corres. Secretary. Directors—P. G. Denike, T. E. Ketcheson, W. Moore, C. M. Stork, A. S. Large, J. B. Archibald, Jas. Taylor, H. McKnight, Harry Freeman. Superintendent—P. G. Denike. The magnificent cups and cash prizes have been instrumental in the development of the show.

Many of the 80th have coughs, colds and grip but no cases of contagious disease have been reported. The health is remarkable in view of the weather conditions with which the soldiers have to contend. Lieut. Col. W. J. Brown, D.S.O. of Kingston, inspected the local companies of the 80th morning in battalion drill company drill and each platoon in platoon drill. He expressed himself as very well satisfied with the work being done by the 80th.

Captain Watson, adjutant of the 80th put the battalion through physical exercises in the armouries this morning. The recruits of the 155th battalion took the Swedish exercises with the 80th this morning.

A lecture was given last night by Captain Ketcheson to the officers, and N.C.O.'s of the 80th on "Trenches." The address was carefully delivered and was very instructive. The next lecture of the series will be delivered by Lt. L. Blaker, assistant adjutant, on Friday night on "Discipline."

A letter has been received from Col. Ogilvie, A.A.G., complimenting the 155th battalion on the methods adopted for recruiting. Col. Brown, D.S.O., reviewed the 155th recruits today. Sergt. Richardson has been transferred from the 80th to the 155th battalion and is now at Stirling. Sergt. R. S. Dowe of the instructional cadre has been attached to the 155th for the purposes of training. It is intended to establish a provisional school of infantry to qualify N.C.O.'s at some central point, possibly Belleville.

Lt-Col Adams has received two packages of posters from his son Lt. Adams of the 39th battalion. These recruiting posters are among the finest yet seen here. Individually, it is stamped upon every one of them. One particularly appealing one contains a picture of John Bull, with some volunteers behind him. The poster reads "Who's absent? Is it you?" Sunday afternoon and evening the 155th will give concerts in Griffin's Front Street Theater.

A successful meeting was held last evening in Marlbank to secure funds and recruits for the 155th Batt.

IS YOUR TONGUE FURRED? HAVE YOU HEADACHE? How few feel well this time of the year! The whole system needs housecleaning; the blood is impure; it needs enriching. Nothing will do the work more effectively than Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Take them at night and you feel better next morning. They work wonders in the body while you sleep. Being composed of pure vegetable extracts and juices; Dr. Hamilton's Pills are safe for the young and old alike. Try this wonderful family medicine today, it will do you a world of good. Whether for biliousness, headache, lack of appetite or constipation, Dr. Hamilton's Pills will quickly cure, 25c per box at all dealers.

Robert Copeland, who died yesterday at his home in the 8th concession of Tyendinaga was born 79 years ago in the County Armagh, Ireland. For 45 years he had resided in Tyendinaga. He leaves to survive his loss five sons and three daughters—James, Deseronto; Joseph A. Manitoia, Henry of Belleville; John W. Plainfield; Robt. L. Tyendinaga; Mrs. W. Gould, of Plainfield; Mrs. Cross Carlan, Tyendinaga, and Mrs. Wm. Tracy, Carmel.

Sudden transition from a hot to a cold temperature, exposure to rain, sitting in a draught, unseasonable substitution of light for heavy clothing, are fruitful causes of colds and the resultant cough so perilous to persons of weak lungs. Among the many medicines for bronchial disorders so arising, there is none better than Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Try it and become convinced. Price 25 cents.

BRITAIN NOT TO FORCE POLICY ON DOMINIONS.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Speaking at the Institute of Industry lunch today, Sir Edward Carson said the policy after the war would have to be considered as a whole. They did not desire to force any of their ideals on their kinsmen beyond the seas, who must forward their own proposals, which must be incorporated in our imperial council, while the commercial policy must be run for mutual benefit.

INVADING HOST PRESSING HARD UPON CETINJE.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Cetinje, the old capital of Montenegro, now seems likely to suffer the fate of Belgium, and British observers are already asking anxiously what menace the Austrian conquest of Montenegro is likely to hold over the allies at Salonika. Fighting is going on all around Cetinje, the small town which nearly a year ago ceased to be the seat of the Montenegrin government. Never before in the history of the little Montenegrin kingdom has it been compelled to bow to a foreign conqueror, but there seems little hope that it can long withstand the overwhelming strength of Gen. Koyevich in men and guns.

HEAVY CANNONADING NEAR GREEK BORDER.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Heavy cannonading was heard during the day from the direction of Doiran, across the northern Greek border, says a Havas despatch from Athens, under Tuesday's date. Apparently an artillery duel was in progress, says the correspondent, but no official confirmation that this was the case was received.

FRENCH LAND ON GREEK ISLAND

LONDON, Jan. 18.—A French detachment has been landed on the Greek island of Corfu for provisional occupation, according to an Athens despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company. Fourteen ships of unknown nationality are cruising around Corfu. A Rome despatch to the Stefani Bureau says that Corfu advises report that a French warship landed a detachment of troops on Tuesday evening, in order to prepare for the arrival of Serbian troops.

UNUSUAL TOUCH WAS GIVEN THE HOUSE OPENING.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—When the House of Commons assembled at 9 o'clock yesterday afternoon the speaker's chair was vacant. During the recess Mr. Speaker Sproule had been called to the senate thereby relinquishing his place in the lower house. Prayers were, therefore, dispensed with as there was no speaker to read them.

MILITARY NOTES.

To decide which group is entitled to a splendid silver shield presented to the companies of the 80th here by the Military Y.M.C.A. a six weeks' baseball schedule has been arranged. Games are on Wednesday and Thursday nights in the armouries at 7.15 p.m. and promise to provide some sport. Four teams are entered. One each from A company, B company, the brass band, and a fourth team from the remainder of the men quartered here, signifiers, base company, machine gun section and bugle band. The brass band plays the combined team to-night.

MILITARY SERVICE BILL PASSES SECOND READING.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Amid scenes of uproarious enthusiasm, the House of Commons at 11 o'clock last night defeated a motion to reject the military service bill by a vote of 481 to 89. Immediately afterward the house acceded to the premier's request by passing the second reading of the bill without division.

EXTENSION OF TERM TO BE RECOMMENDED.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—The speech from the throne today is not expected to outline the policy of the government, or the legislative program beyond recommending the extension of the parliamentary term for one year. Parliament will be told that the government intends to propose a resolution for adoption by the two houses, embodying a memorial praying the imperial government to amend the B. N. A. Act in this respect. Glowing tribute will be paid to the gallantry of Canadian soldiers in the field, and the splendid participation of Canada in the war. Reference will also be made to the bounteous harvest of 1915, and the improved conditions of trade and commerce throughout the Dominion.

JANUARY SHOE BARGAINS! 50 Pairs of Ladies' DOROTHY DODD \$5.00 Shoes For \$3.25 Patent in Button, Black Cloth Tops, Sizes, 2 1-2 to 5 Gun Metal, in Button and Laced Styles, Sizes, 2 1-2 to 5 Secure a pair at once before they are sold out. SEVERAL OTHER LOTS AT GREAT BARGAINS to clear before our stock taking. The J. J. Haines Shoe Houses BELLEVILLE NAPANE TRENTON SMITH'S FALLS

.. EXTRA.. Saturday Specials! January Sale in Full Blast.

Window Shades have advanced 25 per cent., but while our present stock lasts, we will sell at the old prices.— Plain green and cream Shades at 35c or 3 for \$1.00 No. 1 quality Shades, in green, cream, and white, with insertion, at each 50c. Flannelette, double bed size, at 1.19. 35-inch wide Flannelette, at per yard 8c. 10 yards white Flannelette for 75c. 40-inch wide factory Cotton, at yard 8c. Clearing Sale of Bed Comforters, \$1.19, \$1.35, \$1.95. Remnants of Dress Goods of all kinds clearing at nearly half price.

WM. McINTOSH & CO. WOOLS! At the present time we have a large stock of Military and Fingering Yarns. As this wool was secured under our old agreement we have not had to advance our prices on this lot. SECURE WHAT YOU REQUIRE SOON! Hockey Goods! Hockey Sticks, Hockey Gloves, Hockey Pads, Leg Guards, Pucks and Skare Straps, all at Popular Prices. THE BEEHIVE CHAS. N. SULMAN

S. A. HYMAN & CO. Makers of Fine Furs Established 1870 NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY FURS! The Low Prices of All Our Furs Never presented the economy of wise purchasing to better advantage. It Pays to Buy Good Furs Now! S. A. HYMAN & CO. 242 Front Street

TRY US FOR ARTISTIC PRINTING.

THE CRIME OF BEING A SLACKER BY AN AMERICAN WORLD PHILOSOPHER

By Cedric S. Brewer, of 86 Walker Street, New York, U.S.A., Private Company C, 5th Platoon, 42nd Battalion, B.E.F. Highlanders, Canadian Army Corps Troops in France, December, 1915.

(Since writing has been injured. Now recuperating at Military Hospital, Moss Side, Maghull, near Liverpool.)

It is to you, soldier of the King, who advance the domain of the good law that we speak. With great pleasure we, the soldiers at the front, explain how it is that following this great period of wars now harrowing the world, we see the coming of a long and lasting era of peace to be brought about through the application of ideals, principles and practices which civilization will attain as the fruits of your great struggle.

That knowing the blessing to be wrought by the work of your sword you will go forward as the ever victorious and immortal warrior of righteousness.

Though for the present the very idea of human brotherhood seems so trampled upon that we hardly dare to use that phrase which we have all heard before—"the human nature," nevertheless, it is in the name of the all-embracing brotherhood of the human family that we speak, to show how through thee, worthy warrior, aye, through thee alone, is to be established the fruitful, long lasting peace.

Yet to speak of all the races and nationalities of mankind composing the human family implies a tie of brotherhood which seems somewhat contradicted by the present state of affairs. However, quarrels between brothers and relatives are always the most bitter, especially over rights of property and inheritance. We must remind ourselves, therefore, that in spite of all seeming contradictions, all men and nations are members of the great universal brotherhood of the human family, and as such we see clearly your duty as a worthy warrior to your brothers in good standing, and your severe duties against our enemies who by their brutal atrocities have ceased to be men and brothers, and who seek to overthrow the good brotherhood.

We have said that the great universal brotherhood embraces all mankind. But when men cease, by brutal acts or otherwise, to be men, they cease to be brothers. To be a man means to be an intelligent and loving being, expressing the highest of all creatures, the divine love of the Supreme Good Mind, through good thought, good word and good deed.

The word human itself originally meant the good mind worker, the one who expresses thoughtfully the loving intelligence. In the life of man is realized the loving thought of all the divine, loving, creating intelligence.

Those who mainly seek to profit by injustice, who express the evil thought of misdirected passion and intelligence ceasing for a time to be under control of the Lord of God thought, they cease, even according to the word, to be human, to be men; verily they cease to belong to the family.

To be a man, to be human, means to recognize brotherhood and relationship. It is that which distinguishes the man from the savage. To cease to recognize it means to revert to animalism, to cease to be a human and a brother. This is a thought found in all great religious teachings, the fatherhood of God and brotherhood of man.

To maintain the Christian Empire, therefore, we fight for human law and justice. The Germans by their atrocities have ceased to be men and brothers. Against these brutes, once brothers, we men fight.

Fulfilling your duties as men and brothers, you will know the human family to become indeed a definite brotherhood, for with all men and nations prepared to do and doing their military duties, the majority will be able to insist on favourable arbitration or quickly conquer those who foolishly attempt to overthrow the good law of the great brotherhood.

Shame upon those who stand aside neutral and the "slackers" when brothers quarrel. Listen to the call of the good brothers, then come and do thy part. For, if two brothers in a family of twelve quarrel in any sort of a "drunken" rage, and take knives as each other, should the brothers sit by and allow it? They must interfere. They must use strength, the equivalent of military preparation. In a good family the other brothers would not sit by and remain neutral watching the fight.

The very idea of neutrality violates the principle of human brotherhood among men and nations.

Therefore take quickly the sword of justice when necessary. Hasten, unworthy brother, to become worthy. Shame upon those who have allowed the sword of justice to become rusty and who were unprepared. Hasten to

New York Journalist Lending His Life for the Cause--Why He is in Trenches in France--There is No Neutrality--Preparedness Essential--The World-Brotherhood Compels All to Do Their Part or be Declared Unworthy.

wipe out that disgrace. In a time when all men and nations are called upon to fight for justice, shame upon all so-called men, nations and kings who remain neutral.

Holliness is the most complete expression of relational consciousness. At times relationship and brotherhood can only be expressed by fighting for justice. (The word holy comes from the stem of the word whole, or complete. Holy mankind is whole mankind, which must be fully expressed.) In such times the attitude of neutrality violates the principles of brotherhood, holiness and relationship.

Neither can you give yourself half-way to the cause. You must give yourself wholly to the cause or else remain a neutral, merely partial to the cause, but at heart a neutral.

Nay, give not thyself, but claim thyself, claim full rights as a true and worthy brother. Claim and proclaim the ever staunch heart of the true mortal brother.

Only when nations and men recognize and apply these principles will they be able to establish justice, peace and love together. It is the evolution of these ideals, principles and practices which is the most important issue of these wars.

Had England, the Empire with its over 300,000,000 population been as ready to fight on land as on sea this war would be over. But after the great war we shall see, if not conscription, at least universal military training in all of the great nations made compulsory, for men and nations must be ever strong and ready to do their military duty. We shall, indeed, see revived the ancient ideal of complete warrior manhood, the fulfillment of which will be insisted upon to obtain full franchise and citizenship in the nations of the Empire. The ideal of manhood is that every man should live up to the essential qualities of warrior, husbandman and priest (or teacher). To be men and good subjects we must all be willing and ready to speak, to work and to fight for the good of the family, of humane law and of brotherhood.

Unless the nations and individuals composing the nations are guided by high ideals, practical as well as beautiful, the brotherhood of the human race can never mean much.

There were in ancient times ideals and customs in some clans, which we would do well to remember in considering how the greater human brotherhood can be established in peace, where-by a better harmony will be obtained throughout the world. In those clans among highly developed, ancient and holy races the individual, though born into the clan, had to come up to a certain standard of complete (or whole or holy) manhood before being entitled to the privileges of a clansman. This might be summed up, as we said before, by repeating that he had to demonstrate to a practical degree the qualities of warrior, husbandman and even priest.

First in order of natural attainment and importance he had to be ready and able to fight for the clan, to defend, and, if necessary advance its rights by worthy conquest. The second decree of attainment, briefly speaking, expected of him before he could sit among the councils of the fathers, embraced the qualities of the good husbandman and worthy householder. It was required of the beloved clan brother that he be a good provider to his family, and taking good care of his wife that they might rear stalwart children, he thus increasing the glory and power of the clan, and the happiness of the greater clan family. Thus, and finally before becoming the highest type of fully developed clansmen he had to attain to certain qualities of the priest, also of the teacher and man of wisdom; for by nature a husband is the moral leader of his children and family thus under his own he is the priest or under priest, and in his turn is guided by the high priests--the fathers and grandfathers of the older families of the clan.

As the clansman grew older, and in his turn, his grandchildren increased, this priestly function of teacher and moral leader of his family increased in importance, but even as young warrior the householder husbandman he had to demonstrate certain good moral brotherly and priestly qualities before the rights and privileges of the clan could be conferred upon him.

Now in effect, we repeat, if a quarrel arose among certain of the

brethren, he would be morally obliged to try to enforce arbitration and justice. He could not remain or be a neutral, he must take issue on the side of what he deems justice, backing his moral qualities the judgment of the good son, brother, husbandman and father, by the abilities of savior whether it means merely the disarming of a drunken brother or a fight to death over other rights. Neither could a division of the clan or family remain neutral in a clan quarrel.

The attitude of neutrality is the breach of human brotherhood. I am at times, and must be "my brother keeper" that is at times, I must be my fallen brothers keeper, and my younger brothers keeper in various emergencies.

In case of war and disagreement necessitating the enforcement of arbitration and the forceful establishment of justice, the application of this ideal of holy manhood, the poetical of the qualities of warrior, husbandman and priest, forbids the careless attitude of passive neutrality and makes the permission of injustice as much a moral wrong as its commission. Therefore we must, as with every man in the clan, be always ready, able and morally willing to do our military duty.

Every man being ready the "clan" and alike the nation, is ready. The nations of today are the big brothers in the family of the races.

I repeat, in a family of twelve brothers, if two in a drunken rage, or the heat of a passionate, unreasonable quarrel, take knives at each other, the others shall not remain idly neutral, but they must use all of their ability and strength of manly arms to prevent quarrels, and enforce peace.

Among the nations shall the rest watch others quarrel instead of enforcing arbitration or advancing the side of justice as they see it? Unless ready and able the nation cannot take the side of justice, and unless the ideal of manhood is willing and able to do its full military duty, is held and practiced, the nation cannot be ready to do its whole military duty.

To make a nation wholly ready for war every subject must be equipped and ready for his part. It takes the action of every unit of force, every subject putting forth his full strength for the nation to do its complete military duty.

The present great wars, where the grouping of so many allies prophesies a world federation of nations, demonstrating the necessity of national military efficiency and training, are destined to bring forth the ideal of whole manhood ready to aid the national family, by all of the tributes of manhood, warrior, husbandman and priest. Through this ideal of holiness which foretells so much, will come the establishment of peace, a long lasting peace in the name of passionately pure love and brotherhood throughout the great family.

Peace itself is but a means unto an end, the end is love. Only in the name of love is peace to be attained, the love that is higher than peace.

Peace only in the name of that purest passion, this love of the good householder and husbandman for the holy family of father, mother and child.

This ideal of holiness, warrior, husbandman and priest is the idea of kings. That every Briton be son of Empire, be king in his own household, is the ideal of the sons of the Empire where royalism and democracy meet and ever blend. Let freedom go forth to war in the master thought as priest and king.

Cordova Assault Case

Magistrate Mathison was the adjuter of an intricate assault case on Saturday last, when Wm. Duvall of Cordova charged Wm. Teal of that place with common assault. The fracas between the two men arose over a quarrel about the right of way on a road. In the ensuing melee hand spikes were freely flourished and Mrs. Duvall suffered a blow in the face. Teal was found guilty and fined \$1.00 and costs, or \$7.84 in all. A counter charge of assault laid by Teal against Duvall, said to occur the day after the above fracas, was dismissed. Havelock Standard

Fish for Back Lakes

Hon. Mr. Macdormand told a deputation from Stoney Lake district which waited upon him to urge the necessity of restocking the inland lakes with game fish and also asked that a fish hatchery be established there, that the whole question of restocking the lakes was under consideration. In the meantime he intimated that a considerable number of game fish would probably be planted in the lake from the Brantford hatchery. Havelock Standard

Miss Mae Allore returned to her home at Bogart on Monday from a visit to friends in Belleville. Tweed Advocate

Automobile Accident

A rather serious accident occurred on the Napanee road on Friday evening about 7.30 o'clock, when an auto driven by Garnet Chatterson of Napanee, accompanied by four others came suddenly upon Mr. and Mrs. T. Dowling, east of the railroad track, driving home in a buggy. The auto driver did not notice Mr. Dowling until they were upon him so close that there was no chance to avoid an accident.

Mr. Dowling told the Post that he put his right wheel down into the ditch but the auto was travelling so fast that after the driver saw the danger, and applied the brakes, the car slewed just enough to catch the hind wheel. The impact threw Mr. and Mrs. Dowling clear of the buggy and upset it in the ditch. The horse took fright, running away and completely smashing the buggy. The car upset and broke the windshield as well as other minor breaks. Mrs. Dowling received several nasty bruises from the sudden ejection from the buggy. Her side was badly bruised and it was thought several ribs were badly strained. Dr. Newton was summoned and all aid possible was given. Mr. Dowling received a few bruises, but not serious. Deseronto Post

Movies Not Paying

Notwithstanding that Deseronto population is over the two thousand mark, the management of the movies in that town has found it to their financial interests to show only one night a week, during the balance of the winter at least. Tweed with a population of about two-thirds that of Deseronto has two picture galleries showing nightly. Some one should come along now and start one in the town hall and one in Murphy's opera house which should fully reach the village requirements. As a side line, another skating rink might be opened which is needed just as badly as a half dozen picture shows. The strong feeling against the introduction of movies in Tweed has evidently faded away. There is nothing wrong about moving picture shows since the town has become overstocked. Tweed Advocate

Florida Coconut

Mr. John Wheeler brought to our office last week a natural Florida coconut which was sent to him by his son, Mr. A. Wheeler, who has spent several years in the southern states. The specimen is vastly different from the ones we are used to seeing as instead of being round it is very much the shape of a pear and has a smooth shell. It is about 10 inches high, 28 inches around the centre and weighs over 3 pounds. Tweed Advocate

Belleville Citizen Honored

W. C. Mikel, K. C. will conduct the Criminal business on behalf of the Crown at the Ottawa Assize commencing next week. This is the first time a lawyer from this part of the Province has received the honor of being Crown Prosecutor at the Dominion Crown.

Death Of A Former Belleville Boy

A message was received yesterday by Mr. Sylvester Lane of Wellbridge that his cousin Charles W. Merritt of Grand Rapids Mich., died on Thursday. The late Mr. Merritt who was about 55 years of age, was born in the 4th Con. Sidney, but moved to Belleville with his parents the late Mr. and Mrs. Almond Merritt when quite young, where he resided for several years. About thirty years ago he went to Grand Rapids where he was a successful engineer in the large Phoenix Furniture Factory for many years. His health has been failing for some time. He leaves to mourn his loss a widow, one son, and four daughters. He has several relatives living in Belleville.

Centre Hastings L. O. L.

The annual meeting of the Orange Lodge district No. 1 Central Hastings was held in Springbrook on Tuesday afternoon last. The Marmora lodge was represented by Messrs. J. Bonter, D. Southworth, W. H. Clark, Hugh Boyd and Chas. Lough.

Among the officers elected for the ensuing year were John W. Johnston Stirling, D. M.; John Bonter, Marmora Deputy D. M.; Rev. W. H. Clark, Chaplain; Thos. McMullen, Stirling Secretary; David Southworth and Chas. Lough, Lecturers.

Reside at Belleville

In the obituary published yesterday in reference to the late William Penny it was stated that the surviving relatives were "all of Plainfield." This should have read "all of Belleville."

Death of Mrs Chas. Gibson

Mrs. Chas. Gibson passed away yesterday at Peterborough in the 49th year of her age. The remains will be brought to Belleville this afternoon and taken to the home of her sister Mrs. C. Delisle 200 Foster Ave. whence the funeral will be held at a time to be announced later.

In addition to her husband, Mrs. Gibson is survived by three sons and one daughter James, now with the 42nd Highlanders in England, John, George and Margaret at home. Another son William died at the battlefield last year while gallantly serving his king and country. She is also survived by her father, James Falconer, who resides on Boswell St. West Belleville, and two sisters, Mrs. Delisle, mentioned above, and Mrs. H. E. Robinson of Carman, Man.

Mrs. Gibson was a member of the Presbyterian church and was greatly respected and esteemed for her many admirable qualities.

Substitute For Sand on Walks

Owing to the fact that merchants and others are protesting against the sprinkling of sand on the walks, which, they claim, is carried into the stores and offices, Mr. Robert Chambers, who is looking after Board of Works matters, stated in conversation with the Post this morning that a scheme had been suggested by Fire Chief Bell and W. Elliott to overcome this trouble. They suggested that a cylinder from a threshing machine be secured and fitted up so that it could be hauled along the pavement. The cylinder is a trifle over three feet wide and the spikes therein could be shortened to about an inch and a half and would chop the ice surface to such an extent as to practically eliminate the danger to which pedestrians are exposed. No damage would be done the pavement, it is claimed, if care was exercised in the use of the cylinder. Ladsy Post

Came Up Smiling

The eight-year-old son of Ed. Graham, Peterboro, met with a mishap Saturday afternoon while playing on the ice of the creek in the neighbourhood of Hicks' wood yard. The boy broke through the ice and disappeared. He re-appeared a short distance farther down. The fire department was called with the pulmotor, but when they arrived the boy was perched on the bank and greeted them with cheering words that he was all right.

Want Protection From The Liquor Traffic

The Campbellford Town Council has passed the following resolution: "That whereas in the opinion of the Municipal Council of the town of Campbellford the retail sale of intoxicating liquors in the cities of Peterboro and Belleville and the village of Hastings and Marmora is detrimental to the efficient working of the local option law in this municipality, inasmuch as so many convictions for infringement of the liquor act have been the result of people procuring liquor in these places, as the evidence taken in the Police Court reveals; resolved, that this Council respectfully requests the License Commissioners to take such measures as will protect local municipalities from annoyance and censure."

Military Notes

The Ladies of Tweed have organized a Khaki Club and have secured rooms for the convenience of the volunteers who have enlisted and will be in training here for the winter. Tweed Advocate

Word came to hand yesterday that the village of Arden had 80 recruits in training there and that the number at Flinton had increased to 38. Splendid showings for these little hamlets. Tweed Advocate

Lieut. Fish and Lieut. Richardson have been in Stirling looking for recruits for the 155th Bay of Quinte Battalion. So far they have been very successful, the following having enlisted:

Messrs. John and Hiram Ackers, H. Conley, W. Sweet, Geo. Gould, E. Vanallen, B. Morrison.

No doubts many of our readers are familiar with the names of those who two years ago attended the cadet camp at Kingston. Some 24 left here, of which 21 were from our town and the country near by. Already 6 of these have joined the military force. Stirling Leader

Messrs. Louis and Chas. Allore, of Belleville, paid a visit to Tweed on Monday. Tweed Advocate

McIntosh Bros. JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE

Enters the third week with bigger and better bargains than ever. Newspaper announcements can't keep pace with the many bargains that will be put out on the counters all this week, consequently you can't afford to miss one day of this great sale.

Here are a few special offers.

Children's Coats for Winter That will keep the kiddies warm. Colors, navy blue and red fur fabric, trimmed with belt, a very serviceable and warm coat clearing at \$2.39, reg. \$3.50 value. Others clearing at \$2.69 for larger kiddies.

Kiddes Bear Cloth Coats, tan color, suitable for children from 2 up to 6 years, clearing at \$2.98 up to \$3.98.

Children's Sweater Coats Reg. up to \$1.25 values, clearing at 85c. Children's Toques, great values clearing at 25c up to 50c. Girls' Sweaters, a few clearing at only \$1.49 reg. \$2.25 values.

McIntosh Bros. THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NOTICE NO. 101

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of THIRTEEN per cent per annum upon the Capital Stock of this Bank has this day been declared for the quarter ending 31st January, 1916, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office in this City, and at its Branches, on and after Tuesday, the 1st day of February, 1916, to Shareholders on record of 21st January, 1916.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank in Toronto on Wednesday, the 23rd day of February next at 12 o'clock noon.

Toronto, 28th December, 1915. GEO. P. SCHOLFIELD, General Manager.

BELLEVILLE BRANCH JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager. Shannoville Branch, open Mondays and Thursdays. Foxboro Branch, open Tuesdays and Fridays. Rednersville Branch, open Wednesdays.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Give Your Wife an Interest In the family's financial progress by opening a Joint Account in the Union Bank of Canada, in her name and your own. You will find it a very convenient arrangement for them either can attend to the banking when in town, making deposits or withdrawing money. In case of death, the balance automatically goes to the survivor.

Why Does God Permit the War?

Sermon on a Timely Subject by Rev. A. S. Kerr, M.A., Pastor of St. Andrew's Church.

Last night, Rev. A. S. Kerr, pastor of St. Andrew's church, presented in his earnest and thoughtful manner a remarkably clear and logical answer to the question that has concerned so many devout Christians since the commencement of the great European conflict--Why Does God permit the war?

The speaker chose for his text Genesis 45:8--"So now it was not you that sent me hither, but God."

This passage, said Mr. Kerr, suggested a thought that has been in many minds during the past year and a half, "Why does God permit the war?"

He felt a certain degree of hesitation in attempting an answer, and he did not know that a completely satisfactory answer was possible. But he had some thoughts to present that might help to relieve the uncertainty and doubt.

Why does God permit this war? How can you reconcile all the sorrow and injustice and suffering with a Christian faith in an over-ruling Providence?

We might get over the difficulty by denying the existence of pain and suffering, as a certain denomination is in the habit of doing, but that answer hardly satisfies the majority of us.

Is God responsible for the war? There are few of us who would like to say that.

The answer is that the whole situation has been brought about by the sinfulness and wickedness of the human heart.

God made man in His own image. This meant that man was given moral freedom. The war came because man chose wickedness instead of right.

God does not compel any man or any nation to do right. If that were true man would become merely a machine. He would be as one of the planets, compelled to revolve in a certain orbit. Man is not governed by necessity but has been given freedom.

Everything for your hens to keep them in good laying condition. GEO. PERRY, Bridge St.

Lt.-Col. Ponton has sufficiently recovered to be able to drive out.

FATAL

Fourteen-

A sad shooting yesterday afternoon in the 13th near end of town, resulted in the death of the four Wallace Hubble. The two boys were at the time away visiting to their home. They were shot while it was in the younger boy in

LETTER

Mrs. Boland, towing letter to the 20th Battalion.

Dear Mother-- Just a few lines to let you know I am still alive and well. We are not doing much fighting. I fired a shot today. The Hun's heads above the clouds in about last night we were going to see them today. By the way, I received a letter from you. I am in good luck. Well mother, received all your letters. I like very much some shortcake. I mean those are getting lots of same things very good. month's pay in order behind the door our groceries 85 cents a dozen. Tell Kathleen of Dec. 1, also answer them if you often see me coming. I am all for this time.

THE

What seems a tallent effort towards is the Committee of the Co gives the large a successful honestly making partisan. In taking the movement ed with the cause has been province for the tury by keeping the two parties Ontario there a duplicity of with this ques quarter of a o Rose Govern anxious to ple the statute b George Ross, a corner, he a profession as ance friends o Oge thing t tive tempero of their own quibbling wit aids, and the other that he fast as public talk, but that enforcement a and his success the last title fore, even co

FATAL ACCIDENT AT ALLEN'S MILLS YESTERDAY

Fourteen-Year-Old Son of Wallace Hubble Shot and Instantly Killed by His Brother.

A sad shooting accident occurred yesterday afternoon near Allen's Mills in the 13th concession of Seymour and not far from the Rawdon township, resulting in the instant death of the fourteen-year-old son of Wallace Hubble.

The two boys were alone in the house at the time, their parents being away visiting at one of the neighbors. They were playing with a small rifle, not knowing it was loaded. While it was in the hands of the younger boy in some way it was discharged the bullet entering the head of the other, causing instantaneous death.

LETTERS FROM OUR SOLDIERS

Mrs. Boland has received the following letter from her son, Pvt. of the 20th Battalion, C.E.F.—

Belgium, Dec. 25, '15
Dear Mother—
Just a few lines to let you know I am still alive and well. This is Xmas Day. We are in the front lines but there is not much doing in the way of fighting. The Hunns have hardly fired a shot today. Our boys are just waiting for them to start something. The Hunns have never showed their heads above the trenches. A few stray bullets is about all the get from us. Last night we could hear them singing some kind of lingo. In return our chaps kept shouting to them that we were going to have turkey for dinner today. By the way our Xmas dinner consisted of beefsteak, plum pudding, cheese, jam and tea. Some oles to us eh!

The weather over here is not so bad at present. If it wasn't for the mud, we would just be fine. We are up to our necks in it. Still we don't mind it so much now after three months and a half of it. The boys are hard as nails although it's a hard job. You never hear any of us kicking. We know it won't last for ever. As long as I am in good health I don't care.

Well mother, I think I told you I received all your boxes so far. The next time you send me a box, I would like very much if you would put in some shorts. You know the kind I mean, those homemade chaps. We are getting lots to put over here but the same thing day after day doesn't go very good. I send nearly all my month's pay in food. There is a little store behind the lines where we order our groceries. They charge us \$5 cents a dozen for eggs. That's going some isn't it?

Tell Kathleen I received her letter of Dec. 1, also Mamma's card. I will answer them soon. I will write to you often so cheer up; better days are coming. I think I have told you all for this time. Give my love to all

I remain,
Your son,
Pte. P. A. Boland No 5770,
20th Canadians.

Mrs. J. F. Meiklejohn, of Bellview, Rawdon township, has received the following very interesting letter from her son Richard, who is now wounded and in hospital at Beddenden, Kent, England.

Beddenden, Kent, Dec. 26th

Dear mother—
Well this is Sunday the day after Christmas so I thought I would write you a few lines to let you know I am getting along all right. We had a concert here on Christmas Eve and it was very good indeed. They got me up in a chair for about an hour and a half and I was up yesterday about an hour. I think I told you in my last letter my leg was not fractured but they have found out since it is, just cracked and a bad bone bruise. I can move my toes and ankle a little now and hope to be able to get around on crutches soon. All the patients here got lots of presents yesterday from the nurses and people of the village. I got a pen-knife, cigarette case, two boxes of chocolates, pair of gloves, note paper and envelopes, a bottle of Eau-de-Cologne, some Christmas cards and nearly 200 cigarettes, so that is very good for only being here a week. I got your letter of Nov. 28 but hope to get some later ones soon. I got a big parcel from the Red Cross Society of Hastings Co. the other day. Some of the names I could make out in the parcel although I think some were blotted out—Mrs. Arnold Wellman, Mr. John Thain, Mrs. Isabel Olney, and Miss Lorena Lottin as you might 'phone and tell them I got it and thank them very much for me. How are Gladys and Blanche getting on? Will put in a few cards for them. Well I will close for this time, hoping this finds you all well.
Love to all from "Dick",
V.A.D. Hospital, Beddenden,
Kent, England.

THE TEMPERANCE PLEBISCITE

(Orange Sentinel)
What seems to be the most intelligent effort ever made to procure a prohibitory liquor law in Ontario is the plan undertaken by the Committee of One Hundred. The feature of the Committee's policy that gives the largest ground for hope of a successful issue, is that they are honestly making the campaign non-partisan.

In taking this step, the leaders of the movement are doubtless impressed with the fact that the temperance cause has been hampered in this province for the last quarter of a century by keeping it an issue between the two parties. In the history of Ontario there is no parallel for the duplicity of public men in dealing with this question. For at least a quarter of a century, the Mowat and Ross Governments posed as being anxious to place such a measure on the statute book. But when Sir George Ross, was finally driven into a corner, he abandoned his life-long profession and threw his temperance friends overboard.

One thing that has held Conservative temperance men to the support of their own party has been this quibbling with the issue on the one side, and the frank declarations of other, that he would only proceed as fast as public sentiment would permit, but that he would give a rigid enforcement of the law. Sir James and his successors have lived up to the last title of their pledges. Therefore, even convinced temperance men

would hesitate too vote against their party in view of the record of the two sides on this question.

But if the Committee of One Hundred can enlist the enthusiastic support of a sufficient number of Conservative temperance men, they will have a good prospect of success. This can be done, however, only by eliminating the political element. If it should appear that the movement is to be used for the aggrandizement of the Liberal party in the Province, it will be extremely difficult to get a satisfactory result.

In order to get an honest and unbiased expression of opinion, as to the wisdom of a prohibitory law, it will be necessary to follow the example of Alberta and take a plebiscite at a time, and in such a way as will not affect the fortunes of either party. The Sentinel is quite convinced that this is the intention of the Committee of One Hundred. If that policy is adhered to faithfully (and we see no reason why it should not be) it will be difficult for Premier Hearst to refuse the prayer of a petition such as it is easily possible to obtain throughout Ontario. It would be a splendid thing for the Province if in this way, without party-rancor, the liquor traffic could be abolished. It is a movement worthy of the very best men in the country, and it is encouraging to note that it is in good hands.

Mr. W. C. Mikel, K.C. leaves for Ottawa, Monday, where he is acting as crown prosecutor.

PASSED AWAY AFTER ONLY FEW DAY'S ILLNESS

After suffering only a few days' illness, Alice Maud McCormick, beloved wife of Mr. Ernest McCormick, 37 Dunbar street succumbed on Sunday evening to an attack of pneumonia and heart failure. The news of her death was received with surprise and deepest sorrow by her wide circle of friends, not many of them having had knowledge of her sickness. Every effort to preserve her life was made but without avail.

The late Mrs. McCormick was born in Thurlow thirty years ago. She was the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Empson. Until her marriage, she lived in Thurlow. Ever since she has resided in Belleville on Dunbar street.

Besides her grief-stricken husband she leaves one son Clifford Empson McCormick, aged six years to mourn her loss. Also surviving are her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Empson and three brothers, Charles of Foxboro, Herbert and Robert of Thurlow.

In religion the late Mrs. McCormick was a Methodist.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the bereaved family.

Killed in Action.

Prof. Taylor, of Albert College, received a brief, sad message this morning that his brother Pte. Ross Taylor had been killed by a shell while on duty in the front trenches in France. The young man was about 20 years of age and was the son of Mr. Wilson Taylor, B.A., Mathematical Master in the St. Catharines Collegiate Institute. Pte Taylor was serving with the ammunition column, 4th brigade. He was brought up and educated at Gethsemane, and had matriculated with honors in the University of Toronto.

OBITUARY

DAVID S. WILLIAMS

David S. Williams, one of the best known land surveyors in Ontario passed away recently in Kingston at the age of 81 years. He had been living in Port Arthur for many years. He was well known in Hastings County. He was a brother of the late Mrs. Wm. Yerex, who died in this city on Dec. 1st. He leaves one brother, J. O. Williams of Pictou and one sister, Mrs. Baker of Trenton. Miss Alice Yerex of this city, a niece of deceased attended the funeral in Kingston.

A Suspicious Character

The police made an investigation on Saturday night of a complaint that a man of suspicious appearance had been hanging around the residence of Mr. John McCauley, Beltes street. It was said that the stranger had tried to get an entrance through the kitchen door, but failed. The police officer found no trace of the man.

Quiet In Court Circles

The quietest police session in years is now upon the City of Belleville. Since December 23rd there has been only one arrest and that for an offence which turned out to be rather an escapade through liquor. The most remarkable thing is that scarcely a case is coming into the court for Magistrate Mason to investigate.

Presented a Hospital Bed

Mr. W. B. Northrup, M.P. and Mrs. Northrup, through Madeline de Verberes D.O.E., Ottawa, have donated \$50 for a hospital bed.

80th Brass Band's First Appearance

The first appearance of the 80th Battalion brass band took place on Saturday afternoon when the troops marched up and down Front Street. The weather was not favorable to the band as the cold was rather intense. However the musicians did not remain out long for fear their instruments might freeze up.

Lt. Stares, the new band leader was in charge. Although he has had the organization under his control only a short time, the impression which the band created upon the public who were fortunate to be on the street during the march was most pleasing. Favorable comments upon the playing were heard on all sides.

WEDDING BELLS

WILLIAMS—KENNEDY.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Mary's Church, Marysville Monday Jan. 7, when Miss Beattie Kennedy and Mr. Joseph Williams, Read, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The wedding march was played by Mrs. John Kennedy, sister of the groom. The bride who was becomingly dressed in a suit of blue gabardine trimmed with braid and jet buttons and wore a black picture hat with ostrich bandeau was attended by her sister Nellie of Peterboro Normal School who wore a blue suit and black picture hat. The groom was ably supported by Mr. James Hanley, Read. After the ceremony the happy couple left on the 10.40 train for Toronto and other western points. We all join in wishing them bon voyage through life.

Patriotic and Recruiting Service

A service directly in the interest of the Patriotic Fund and recruiting was that which filled the Tabernacle Methodist Church last evening. Rev. S. C. Moore, pastor, presided, and was assisted by Rev. Captain Ketterson, Chaplain of the 80th Battalion, and Rev. Corporal Dixon, a Methodist minister who is now in the ranks of the 80th Battalion.

The musical service was particularly appealing. Lieut. Stares sang a solo very acceptably as did Captain W. H. Wrightmyer. The orchestra of the 80th Battalion accompanied the organ in the music while twenty-five members of the battalion rendered the service of song and sang a chorus.

Rev. S. C. Moore preached on "The Challenge of the War" taking as his text, Luke 22: 36—"He that hath no sword, let him sell his garment and buy one." The pastor impressed upon his hearers the justice of the allied cause and made a ringing appeal for men in answer to the challenge of liberty.

Many soldiers were in the congregation that crowded the church. Those who were present spoke in the highest terms of the inspiration of the service.

Boy Wandering On the Street

A soldier found a little boy wandering on the street on Saturday afternoon and brought him to the station. The little fellow happened to be the son of a soldier now on active service. The lad's mother came and took the little chap home.

Vital Statistics

In the months of October, November and December, the births registered in the City of Belleville numbered 69.
The males predominated, being 36, while females totalled 23.
In the same period 38 marriages were celebrated.
Thirty-six deaths occurred, 17 females and 19 males as follows:
Under one year of age—9
1 to 10 years of age—2
10 to 20 years of age—2
20 to 30 years of age—1
30 to 50 years of age—8
50 to 75 years of age—3
Over 75 years of age—7.

Dr. Farncomb's Horse Stolen

A valuable horse belonging to Dr. Farncomb, the popular and well-known physician, of Newcastle, was stolen on Sunday evening last from the shed of the English church of that village. It appears that a tramp named Robert Duffy had been ejected from the church by the sexton for misconduct, and while the service was in progress, he made off with the horse and cutter of the doctor. The telephone was rung into requisition and Chief Royce was notified to be on the watch. Port Hope's worthy chief posted Duffy in town late Sunday night, and placed him under arrest. Duffy was taken to Newcastle Monday morning by Chief Royce for the preliminary hearing on a charge of horse stealing.—Port Hope Times.

Police News.

A basket of eggs found on the market was left at the police station. On Saturday night there was a call across the river where a man was said to be creating a disturbance through drink. All was quiet on the arrival of the officer.

All Night with Asthma. Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfitted for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

RITCHIE'S

IMPORTANT

STOCK REDUCING SALE OF

MEN'S HIGH-GRADE SUITS.



REGULAR
\$15.00
and
\$16.50
Values on Sale at
\$10.95

Stock taking has revealed a quantity of high grade suits which we are desirous of clearing out before the final inventory at the end of the month. They are odd lines of suits, not being all sizes in any one pattern but the lot represents a complete range of sizes from 36 to 42. All excellent values at the regular prices in Greys or Brown English Tweed mixtures. Owing to the increased cost of clothing, materials and trimmings, we consider this an exceptional opportunity to procure a first-class suit at a **\$10.95** bargain.

A Clearing Line of

Men's Overcoats

Regular \$15 for \$12

Odd sizes of our regular \$15 Overcoats in plain Brown and Brown mixtures, and we have decided to clear these out before stock inventory. They are all desirable garments, well lined and with large shawl \$12 or velvet collars, length 44 to 48 in. Your choice this week.....

Men's Heavy Grey TROUSERS

\$3

Splendid heavy winter weight trousers in a full range of sizes. all of the untearable quality. A special line in a grey shade, qualities priced at \$2 and \$2.50.

Men's Cordroy TROUSERS

Brown and Drab Corduroy Trousers for winter wear. These are very popular this season and for wearing qualities cannot be surpassed. For the month of January we are offering a special line of these trousers made of excellent quality English Corduroys at

\$3.00

(Men's Store)

LADIES' Black and Colored COATS

At Just Half Price

This offer does not mean only a few of the Coat Models selected for quick clearance, but embraces every Ladies' Black and Colored Coat now in stock, and that means a lot, especially so early in the season, for there are still many handsome up-to-the-minute garments displayed in our showing. All strictly new models in first-class materials and best shades.

Quinte Chapter Daughters of Empire Tea Room

SECOND FLOOR

The Front Section of the Millinery Parlors on the second floor of our store has been given over to the ladies of this Chapter and commencing today they will serve afternoon tea between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock. Everybody invited. The proceeds are for the Belgian Relief Fund and other patriotic purposes. (2nd Floor)

The RITCHIE Company Limited

SOLDIERS DEFEAT STUDENTS

Kingston, Jan. 15.—The 33rd Battery won the O.H.A. Intermediate game here last night, defeating Queen's University by 5 to 3. Teams were:

Queen's—Smith goal, Fahy, right defence; Spence, left defence; Cook, centre; McQuaig, rover; Toland, right wing; Robertson, left wing.	right wing; Sullivan, left wing. Referee—Reginald Crawford.
33rd Battery—Jefts, goal; Marshall, right defence; White, left defence; Keith, centre; Moore, rover; Mills, rover.	Lieut. W. H. Wrightmyer of the 156th has been promoted to be captain.

The Weekly Ontario

Morton & Herity, Publishers

The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sundays and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum.

The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.

TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

ADVERTISING RATES on application.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herity, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 20, 1916.

THREATENED MISCARRIAGE OF JUSTICE

We have been informed that there is a movement on foot to have certain men put out of their positions and certain firms in the city put out of business because of their activity in the recent Local Option contest. In the list of unfortunates who have been selected to meet the dire vengeance of the offended majesty of whiskeydom we hear that The Ontario is included.

We have not a word to say in defence of any of the others. It is probable that they richly deserve their fate. But honestly, we do not see why The Ontario should be placed in the cell among the condemned or offered up as a sacrifice.

Wherein has The Ontario offended? What have we done that we should so soon have our earthly career ended and our name selected for enrollment among the martyrs? Surely we are too young, too beautiful, and innocent to be sent to so horrible a doom.

What have we done? Echo answers, "What?" Did we abuse anybody? Did we bear false witness? Did we rob any good citizen of his good name? Did we help revise the voters' list or draw voters on election day? Did we do any canvassing in Bleeker or Foster wards? Did we pass around suds, tea or ginger ale? Did we hire any workmen to stay off the job, just for that day? Did we give away any red-backed or green-backed promissory notes?

We deny positively and categorically having perpetrated any of these cowardly crimes. We hold ourselves distinctly above that sort of thing.

Gentlemen, we have looked into this thing from every angle. We have considered it from every viewpoint and we can reach only one conclusion, and that conclusion is that **WE ARE INNOCENT**. If we are punished it will be a gross miscarriage of justice, a travesty upon modern civilization.

But there is this so-called Civic Welfare League—they did revise the voters' list. They did draw voters to the polls. They did display anywhere and everywhere a malicious activity. We know it and can prove it.

Go to them. Go after them. They are old offenders. Consign them to that place that Pastor Russell says does not exist, and let them have a front seat by the big grate with no zinc water to modify the temperature.

But spare The Ontario. In the words of a former mayor of Belleville who had come to the close of his term, we can affirm,—"We hadn't done a thing."

LET EVERYBODY SELL IT.

Editor Livingston is now about the only man of any speaking ability in Ontario who will sell his services and get up in public to plead in behalf of the liquor traffic. He came to Belleville ostensibly to present an argument in favor of the license system and took over an hour to tell the audience nothing except that local option was not being effectively enforced. His only plea for license was a thorough condemnation of that system, and was in fact a strong claim for wide-open sale.

The editor drew an idealistic picture of conditions in Buffalo where 1410 saloons are running night and day and Sundays as well as contrasted with Toronto where only 150 licensed hotels had to do all the catering to the thirsty ones. His statement was that drunkenness was more rife in Toronto than in Buffalo, that the Buffalonians drank only lager beer and apparently very little of that, while the men of Hogtown took theirs containing 40 to 60 per cent. of alcohol and were swilling it down by the tank-load.

As far as we could judge, Mr. Livingston meant to convey the impression that Toronto had made a big mistake in reducing the number of its licenses, and that the more you try to restrict and curtail the business the greater the consumption becomes.

If 1410 saloons in Buffalo promote sobriety, and lessen consumption of liquor why not increase the number to about 5,000, say, and thus wipe out drinking and drunkenness altogether? Does Mr. Livingston know of a well authenticated instance where a brewer or a distiller took off his coat and worked in favor of license reduction? Representations will shortly be made to the Provincial License Commission favoring license reduction in Belleville. Will the brew-

ers and distillers back up the Civic Welfare League in the presentation of their claim? By all the rules of the game they should do so because it means to them more business and a bigger gate, according to Mr. Livingston's very plausible theory.

We, too, spent several days in Buffalo last fall, and although we were not there for the purpose of instituting comparisons in regard to boozology between that center of sobriety and Hogtown, the hilarious, we did not come away with any too favorable impressions of the temperance work being done by the Bison City's fourteen hundred and ten saloons. Our brother pen-pusher would have been more convincing to some of us if he had gone a little farther below the surface and given us some police court statistics, certified statements of comparative total sales, reports from the large employers of labor, social workers and people who know the situation in the homes of the people. A few little details of that nature would have been more satisfying.

Two or three years ago we returned to Belleville on a Saturday afternoon after having spent nearly two weeks in New York. On that Saturday afternoon and evening we saw more drunken men monopolising the sidewalks of Belleville than we had seen during the entire period of our visit to the metropolis with its five millions of people of all classes and nationalities. We do not from that fact, however, draw the inference that there is neither drinking nor drunkenness in Gotham. Statistics tell us that the per capita consumption there is very much higher than it is in Canada, but the man who has tarried too long with the tanglefoot does not parade Manhattan's streets very far until he is hailed by one of the vigilants in blue.

We confess there is some logic, however, in the plea for wide-open sale. If fourteen retail licenses are good for Belleville, why are not twenty-eight better? And, if twenty-eight are better than fourteen why not make it unanimous, and secure the best conditions by increasing the number to 280 or thereabouts, allowing whosoever will to take part in the work of philanthropy? That in brief was the Grimby editor's argument, and surely he was an honorable and a logical man.

But, after all, this talk about the beauties of moderation and the promotion of sobriety and temperance by the use of beer and the lighter alcoholic stimulants is the most insidiously false and the most dangerous kind of reasoning.

Place a piece of meat before two hungry animals, the one being a tiger and the other a lamb and request both to be moderate in its use. Yet those two animals are not more different in their passions and appetites than are the appetites aroused in two different individuals by the use of alcoholic stimulants. The one man may go through life taking his daily glass or two of lager or ale or beer while the other starts with lager but soon craves something with more power to satisfy. The transition to whiskey is deceptively easy and soon by periodic or constant indulgence in the most powerful of liquors he finds the only relief for the tiger passion he has aroused.

Whiskey is the most cunning and ingenious liar in the world.

Should we extend the domain and opportunity of this most cruel and dangerous of deceivers as Editor Livingston was paid to tell us to do?

Or shall we label it properly, "Poison" and classify it with opium, morphine, and cocaine and leave it to the physicians to prescribe?

Even as a drug should it not be surrounded by the most stringent of precautions? Dr. Osler and others of the world's greatest doctors say that the action of violent stimulants is always harmful.

Be that as it may, the man on whom whiskey has its grip is more to be pitied than the drug victim. For whiskey works slowly and painfully, and tortures its victims for years. It is the least merciful of the deadly drugs.

WHAT THE BALLOT MEANS.

From day to day reports of very grave irregularities are leaking out in connection with the late local option contest. If only a fraction of these reports were true there would be ample grounds for voiding the election and the placing of certain electors in an extremely serious position in the eyes of the law.

The sudden shifting of a considerable number of voters from one side to the other within the last few days of the campaign, without any apparent outside cause, gives to the reports a strong flavor of probability.

Some of the men who have thus suddenly and mysteriously changed sides seem to regard their own conduct in the light of a joke. But, aside altogether from any illegal aspect of the case, what is there of the humorous about treachery? To work loyally with a certain group or organization up to a given point, and then, just when the test comes, to turn traitor and go over to the opposite camp, does not seem to us to be anything whatever of a comical performance. Such a mockery of manhood would appear to be more an occasion for hanging the head in shame than for brazenly lifting it up as if something clever had been accomplished.

One of the greatest needs in Ontario today

is Civic Conscience. When a man peddles around whiskey on or before election day, when he hires men to vote in a way opposite to their opinions or inclinations, how do the most of us regard his performance? Is it not generally looked upon with good natured tolerance, especially if he is shifty or expert enough to avoid the meshes of a badly enforced law? And the man who sells his vote, or rather himself, for a bottle of whiskey, or a monetary consideration of one or two or five or ten dollars, what of him? Do we not regard it as a very minor misdemeanor, or something the same as when a party of boys loots a patch of watermelons?

But what have these two men done? If a burglar entered your house and carried away with him all your earthly possessions he would not steal from you anything half as valuable as that right that has been given you to go into a little curtained apartment on election day and put a cross opposite the names of the men or the measures that you favor. And you, who sell your vote for a dollar flask of whiskey, or a dollar bill, have sold your principles, have trafficked your own character away, have sold a privilege that men are today sacrificing their lives for by the tens of thousands in Europe—the privilege to be free.

To get the right to make that cross on a piece of paper has been the result of thousands of years of effort on the part of the human race, and many bloody wars in the annals of the British nation, and you, in your stupid, treasonable greed, barter it away for a few ounces of cheap whiskey. Can you think of anything that is meaner or more contemptible or more deserving of public reprobation? And yet, some of you who have done this very thing, hold up your heads with shallow pride in the idea that you have "put something over" or done something smart.

Suppose we extend this process of buying and selling a little farther. If it is a joke for the voter to sell the sacred trust that is reposed in him in the matter of the ballot, why should not a man serving on a jury make a little easy money in the same way? Why should not a magistrate or a judge on the bench perpetrate a few jokes along the same line? Morally the same principle would hold.

And furthermore, the right to have trial by jury, the right of every British subject to demand a fair trial by his peers, is guaranteed only as long as men have the right to mark a ballot.

There has been too much easy toleration in the past for the men who have corrupted or who have been corrupted at election time. Their moral deformity should be unsparingly held up to public censure and contempt.

If sufficient reliable evidence can be gathered in regard to the crookedness that is alleged to have prevailed in the late Local Option contest, a great public service would be rendered by letting the corruptionists know and feel the full extent of the law.

GOOD WORK AND SUCCESS.

The Belleville Poultry Show must now take its rank among the conspicuous successes that have been conceived and fostered in this district. After only four years, to reach third place in the province, is an accomplishment of which any such organization might well be proud. The success that has been attained has not been achieved by accident. Belleville Poultry fair has associated with it a group of officers and supporters who are willing to work. And they have worked not because there is salary or graft in the game for there has been neither. They work because they are enthusiastic, because they believe in what they are doing and that in this way they will give a great impetus to the poultry-raising industry in Belleville district by the introduction of more stock and better stock and therefore more money for the pockets of the people. This is part of the "Patriotism and Production" campaign just the same as the growth of more wheat. The society is working along good lines and right lines and should meet with the cordial support of the public in every way. If only the same swing of success could be imparted to Belleville fair—but that is another matter.

CEASE TRIFLING.

If Canada is to enlist and equip expeditiously half a million men for overseas service, and thus properly realize the aspirations of her people, radical changes must at once be made in our method of recruiting. The Militia Department must profit by the experience of its sixteen months' more or less desultory effort in this direction and see to it that the mistakes of the past are not repeated.

We have had occasion many times to point out that the first requisite for a successful recruiting campaign is to provide competent leadership for prospective Battalions. Political pull, in the past, has been ranked too high as a qualification, and experience and efficiency too low. Our suggestion, previously made, is that a number of junior officers, Majors and Captains be brought back from the front to lead new regiments. We are assured by competent military authority that this suggestion is a wise one, and presents no difficulties to carry out in practice. We again press the Militia Department to give its favorable consideration to this suggestion.

We feel sure that its adoption would give a very general stimulus to recruiting.

In considering the question of recruiting we have to deal with facts, while apparently the Militia Department has thought it was dealing with a theory. Canadians enlist to go overseas to fight the enemies of the Empire. They do not enlist to be billeted all winter in a city or country town. The sooner the Militia Department recognizes this fact the better for the country. The system of billeting is absolutely at defiance with the most elementary principles of military training and is in addition a useless waste of public money.

There can be no excuse after seventeen months of war for the lack of speedy provision of a soldier's equipment. It is the duty of the government to be prepared to fully equip a recruit as soon as he enlists. The Department having this matter in charge must "speed up" if Canada is to make a showing which is at all creditable.

Now is the time the opportunity for patriotic men, irrespective of party to quit themselves like men and demand that an end be put to further trifling with Canada's great and sacred duty to the Empire in this crisis.

MACHINE GUN GOSPEL.

"It is the gospel of the machine gun," said Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M.P., of German policy, in Majesty's Theatre in London. "The fundamental mistake which Germany has made is that man has only a body which can be mutilated and destroyed; she forgets that man has a soul which cannot be destroyed."

Germany stood out as the apostle of Christianity to Islamism, but he implored the Moslems to remain in the comparatively merciful religion of the Prophet rather than take up this blood-stained gospel of Germany, which caricatured Christianity in taking its name. Within a short time of the horrible Armenian massacres of Abdul Hamid's reign the Kaiser had gone to Constantinople and shaken the hand, dripping with blood, of one of the greatest monsters that had disgraced the pages of history. And straightway he had taken himself in shining white uniform to Jerusalem, the birthplace of Christianity, and posed as its chief champion, a piece of brazen effrontery and hypocrisy that ought never to be forgiven.

Laying all jokes aside, the best way to end this war quickly would be for General Sam to create two million more honorary colonels.

The political crisis over the Compulsory Service Bill in the Old Country is practically over. The action of John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, in withdrawing opposition to the Bill has been the first step towards narrowing the breach in the House of Commons. This will greatly strengthen the hands of Mr. Asquith and may have far-reaching influence in allaying the opposition of the Laborites to the measure.

William Waldorf Astor gave up his citizenship in the United States in 1899 because the city of New York would not reduce his assessment of \$2,000,000. It is now estimated that it cost him \$5,000,000 to secure an English peerage. He will take the title of Baron Haver from his castle in Kent, formerly the home of Anne Boleyn, the mother of Queen Elizabeth.

George Lockhart Rives of New York, without any effort on his part, finds himself an English peer by the grace of King George, who discovered that he was the legitimate heir to the dormant barony of Wharton through direct descent from King James the first, of Scotland, through Princess Jean, the deaf and dumb daughter of that monarch.

OUT OF THE SILENCE.

And what can you say when the day is done
And you've gone to your bed of rest?
When the shadows come and the light has gone
O'er the rim of the golden west,
And a silvery beam of the moon creeps in
As if in an aimless quest?—
What do you say

When a kindly voice that you seem to know,
Out of the shadows speaks soft and low,
"Well, what did you do today?"

O, what can you say when you're all alone
With the Master of all the tasks?—
How much of a sin do you have to own
When the voice of the Master asks?
How many things that you left undone
Your studied answer makes?

What do you say
When out of the shades of the silent night
The Master speaks with the Master's right:
"Well, what did you do today?"

Thrice blest is he of the humble way
Who sinks to his bed of rest—
The rest he earned with a toiling day
With love of his labor blest—
Who hears the voice of his Master, ask
And can truthfully say "My best!"
The man who can say

"I've trod the way of my best intend,
I've helped a friend and I've made a friend"
To "What did you do today?"

—John D. Wells, in Buffalo Evening News.

Other Editors'

Opinions

THE K. OF C. OATH.

The Orange Sentinel, discussing the recent vindication of the Knights of Columbus at Renfrew in the matter of the bogus oath, says:

"The Sentinel has never published the alleged Knights of Columbus oath. When it first made its appearance it was carefully studied by our staff. The conclusion arrived at, was that the document was probably a bogus production. On the face of it there are evidences that it is not genuine.

However, a painstaking enquiry was begun to ascertain whether it was an authentic copy of the oath said to be taken by the Knights of the fourth degree. Our investigations extended to Chicago, New York, Pittsburg, and San Francisco, in all of which cities the Knights of Columbus are said to be strong in numbers. The net result of our efforts was complete failure to have it substantiated. Since then several lawsuits have been instituted against those who have published the alleged oath. These have served still further to discredit the claim that it is a part of the Knights of Columbus' ritual.

"During the period covered since its first appearance until the present, the Sentinel has received a large number of letters from correspondents with regard to it. Some have sought information. Others have complained of our lack of courage in refusing to give it a place in our columns. From the first, however, the Sentinel has maintained the position that it would be unfair and unjust to the Knights of Columbus to give wide publicity to a document of such a treacherable character unless we could prove it to be subscribed to by members of that order.

"The cause neither of Protestantism nor the Orange Association can make progress by misrepresentation of opponents."

HORSE FLESH AS FOOD.

The New York Board of Health has added horse flesh to the city's food list. The Board, it may be truthfully said, is one of the most up-to-date in the world, and it would be an excellent thing for the citizens of Canada if their Boards of Health introduced many of its regulations.

This addition to the food list was not made without due consideration. Fear of the rapid rise in the cost of living, owing to the war had something to do with it. The great probability is however that the Board has legalized a growing custom for there would appear to be little doubt that horse flesh, disguised of course in various forms, has already formed an article of food in some places in the States. So far as our information goes there does not appear to be any reason why it should not, provided that proper restriction are made as to its sale.

It is rather curious that the subject should crop up during the war, as horse flesh received a great impetus as a food owing to the siege of Paris in the 1870 war. In Paris since that time the annual number of horses killed for food has been about 30,000; we have not noticed any evil effects reported, and most of us who have been in Paris acquired a high regard for the French cuisine and we probably ate horse.—Kingston Standard.

THE CONDUCTORS.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company has been busy of late rounding up a number of conductors, accused of appropriating fares. In consequence over a dozen have either been fined heavily, with the option of jail, or had their cases remanded. Absolutely no sympathy is owing a dishonest conductor. His work, while responsible, is comparatively light and pleasant, and his wages of such proportions as many clever clerks sigh for in vain. A man should be able to remain honest under the pay of a C. P. R. conductor.—Port Arthur News.

AN IMPERIAL POOR BAH.

We read that King George has appointed the Emperor Nicholas a field marshal in the British army. Which reminds us of a little story. "Donald," said an officer of the Scots Greys, some years ago, "have you heard that the Czar of Russia has been appointed colonel of our regiment?"

"Indeed, sir, is that so?" said Donald. "It's a verra gran thing for him." Then he paused and scratched his head, while a puzzled expression came over his face. "Beg pardon, sir," he added, "but will he be able to keep baith jobs?"—Boston Transcript.

Poultry Show Ends.

(From Friday's Daily)
Belleville Poultry show concluded last night at ten o'clock. It has been the most successful exhibition ever held. The receipts at the door surpassed those of last year by about \$20.00.

ORGANIZED
Committee
ed Plans

(From F)

One of the largest meetings ever held in the City of Belleville, Ontario, was held on Thursday afternoon at the Y.M.C.A. The meeting was called by the Committee of the Y.M.C.A. and was held in the hall of the Y.M.C.A. The meeting was held in the hall of the Y.M.C.A. and was held in the hall of the Y.M.C.A.

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ORGANIZING HASTINGS FOR CIRCULATION OF PETITIONS

Committee of Fifty Met Yesterday and Discussed Plans--Aims of Central Committee--Some of the Delegates Present.

(From Friday's Daily) One of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings ever gathered together in the County of Hastings in the interest of temperance was held in the Y.M.C.A., Campbell street, on Thursday afternoon under the auspices of the committee of fifty from all parts of the county acting under the Committee of One Hundred of Toronto whose slogan is "Ontario Dry by the First of July." Its object and plan of campaign is as follows--

Object and Plan of Campaign The committee has but one definite object before it, The Prohibition of the Liquor Traffic in the Province of Ontario. The means which the Committee will employ to bring this about include the circulation and presentation to the Government of a petition asking-- 1 That the Government prohibit the sale of liquor in the Province, or 2 In case the Government is not prepared to take such action without consulting the electorate, to submit a prohibitory law to a vote of the people for their approval or disapproval. The Committee will seek by all possible means to secure a favorable vote upon such referendum.

The Committee pledges itself to conduct its work and prosecute its campaign on a strictly non-partisan basis. The Method of Organization At the head is the Committee of One Hundred, with headquarters in Toronto. Each county will have a committee of fifty; each municipality, a committee of ten; and each polling sub-division, a canvassing team of five, one of whom will be captain. It is intended that every voter in the province will have a chance to sign the petition in favor of prohibition. When the petitions have been signed they will be presented to the Government during the first week of the session of the Legislature by representative citizens, who will urge the Government to take immediate and favorable action in accordance with these petitions.

The Committee of One Hundred is a temporary organization intended only to put the issue of Provincial prohibition clearly before the people in such a way as to give the people themselves a chance to say what they want. It does not supersede other temperance organizations, or in any way usurp their functions. It is merely a rallying point around which all friends of prohibition can unite for the accomplishment of one definite thing.

The Movement is Non-Partisan Appreciating the fact that in order to attain success in this campaign, the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred would need the active support of all the people of the Province--men, women and children--they believed that it was vitally important that they should plan their entire campaign along such lines as would prevent any division because of religious creed or political connection. The movement must be placed on a distinctly non-partisan basis, and the people generally must be informed and convinced of the fact. The Citizens' Committee of One Hundred therefore decided that in the personnel of its own composition it would be equally divided with respect to the Conservative and Liberal parties. Further, the campaign undertaken to bring about their objective was studied and planned so that no fair-minded person could interpret it as an effort to embarrass or help either of these political parties.

The Situation in Ontario Early last fall, representatives of all churches, Protestant and Catholic and of all temperance organizations in Ontario, met and discussed the possibility of inaugurating a campaign of such an aggressive and deliberate character as might secure Provincial prohibition within a year's time. Several meetings were held, and it was finally unanimously decided that such a movement as was then contemplated would, in view of many considerations be most wisely reposed in a committee of citizens, composed chiefly of the more prominent business men of all parts of the Province held in Toronto, these recommendations were made and enthusiastically accepted. A committee to be known as the "Citizens' Committee of One Hundred" was appointed to promote and direct the campaign, being assured the full

and active support of all the religious and temperance organizations already in existence. This committee, at its first meeting, adopted as its slogan, and decided to make it subjective-- "Ontario Dry By The First of July." Rev. Chas. G. Smith president occupied the chair. Rev. E. C. Currie acted as recording secretary in the absence of Mr. E. P. Frederick. Mr. E. F. Chapman was with the unanimous consent of the gathering appointed organizing secretary for the County of Hastings.

Mr. T. J. Glover of Toronto, was present and discussed plans with the local organization. Chairmen are appointed for each municipality and each polling sub-division is to have a captain. The result will be that no one will have an opportunity to say that he or she did not have an opportunity to sign the petitions. Chairmen have been chosen as follows--

- Thurlow--Dr. J. A. Faulkner, Foxboro. Tweed--A. B. Rollins, reeve. Hunt--J. A. Clare, Tweed. Deseronto--P. Slavin. Huntingdon--W. E. Tummon. Tyndal--C. Long, Shannonville. Stirling--Lindsay Meiklejohn. Rawdon--John T. Scott, Harold. Marmora Town and Township--P. G. Pearce.

Trant--Dr. Farley. Sidney--Herbert Finkle. Belleville--Dr. H. A. Tompkins. Frankford--Walter Windover. Petitions will be circulated the week of Jan. 24. Mr. Chapman will receive the forms the first of next week and they will be immediately shipped to the several chairmen. The northern part of the county is being handled from Madoc, Mr. A. Kincaid, secretary and Mr. William Mackintosh, chairman. It was decided that the townships would share in the budget for any necessary expenditure that may be incurred.

It is anticipated that public meetings will be held in the larger villages throughout the county. A central finance committee was appointed, composed of Rev. C. G. Smith, P. W. Thompson, Rawdon, and F. S. Pearce, Marmora. Every male 21 years of age or over is entitled to sign the petition. A supplementary petition to be signed by women, and boys over 18 and under 21 who are not qualified voters will be circulated in order that these people may have an opportunity of expressing their opinions on this vital subject. Mr. Glover stated that this movement is gaining great momentum and before the petitions are circulated the whole province will be thoroughly aroused. It is supported by the outstanding business and professional men of the province and judging by the feeling of the public, there will be an overwhelming majority for prohibition.

Among those present at the meeting were such prominent men in the community as--

- H. M. Brown. D. Read. H. Grille. Mr. Bennett. Mr. Greatrix. Mr. Jessup. Stirling. Robert Good. J. L. Ashley. R. A. Elliott. T. A. Eggleton. Jas. T. Cook. Rev. A. J. Terrill. Rawdon. C. W. Thompson. Marmora. F. S. Pearce. Compton. Rev. M. E. Wilson. Mr. Horne. Sidney Township. Chester Heard. L. Weaver. Mr. McPherson. S. Spafford. C. J. Massey. D. A. Weaver. G. Grille. W. H. Finkle. T. H. Blomhard. George F. Ketchum. Rev. Mr. Sharpe. Holloway. Rev. Mr. Richmond. Mr. Logie. H. Reid. Belleville. Rev. C. G. Smith. Rev. C. C. More. Rev. H. S. Osborne. Rev. E. C. Currie. Rev. A. S. Kerr. Rev. J. N. Clarry. W. B. Wiseman. A. M. Chapman.

Letters to The Editor

THE REPAIRS TO O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE.

Editor The Ontario-- I see the mountain has been in labour and has brought forth a mouse. The committee on the repairs of O'Brien's Bridge has labored hard to make out a case but they have only proved that my statements were true, that they did not know anything about the situation, and were too high toned to ask advice from those who did know. They rushed off and got engineers who can hardly know any more about the piers than that bridge than they do themselves.

I claim they did not need an engineer any more than if you were going to put a basement under your barn. They did not need any coffee dam or steam boilers and a good many thousands dollars' worth of material and time that has been spent there. They could have broken up the cement pier and taken up the covering under it which rests on the piles that Mr. Weddell drove around the old pier and let the cement for a new pier go down around and on top of the piles and the old pier. Then they would have a foundation that would carry any load. Now all the piers under the bridge are the same.

Mr. Weddell took them down below low-water mark. Then they drove piles outside of the old pier, covered it with timber and set the tubes on it and any of them are liable to break the covering and settle if they don't rest on the old pier. The trouble with this pier is that the old pier had settled unevenly and Mr. Weddell was not careful to have the covering rest evenly on the old pier. The consequence is that the covering that did rest on the old pier went down till it rested on the old pier and has not gone any further and everybody who knows anything about the matter agrees that it would have been wise to have levelled up the pier and watched it for a time to see if it settled any more before rushing into such an expense as they have done, when the people don't know what burdens they will have to bear, or when they will cease.

As to that cofferdam the committee seem to have so much confidence in I think they had better be looking for some good stuff to stop leaks. They say shingles and horse manure and sawdust have been tried and failed. What next? I would advise the County Council to look very carefully into this matter and not be led by a committee who acknowledge they don't know anything about it. You will find there are cracks in the rocks that would let me in after an hour and you could pump out. I was on the pier when Mr. Weddell's men were driving piers and he quit driving one when it was still going down. I asked him why he stopped he said it had gone in a crack in the rock and that there were several cracks he had found so I think it will take more than shingles and sawdust, to keep the water out. Another thing the council wants to look after is those two spans that rest on the cofferdam. There is very strong ice making and if we get high water in the spring the cofferdam may not be able to resist it. As to the committee's little slur about my engineering ability, I would say I am only a steam engineer and I never was too important to take information from even a farmer. As to that seat in the council, I would say some men have got in the council by watching the chance when a vacancy occurred and got in without the vote of the people. Those are generally the ones that develop a lot of vanity and are the most useless.

I thought the committee would have more sense than to throw any slurs before they got out of the expensive mess they are into and it seems to be the unanimous decision of the people if that job is not managed differently in the future, there will not be any acclamation next year in Thurlow at least. About thirty-five or forty years ago a heavy wooden truss bridge was built on those piers with long spans and heavy elm timber. Mr. John Francis drew gravel and gave it a heavy coat of gravel. The piers held it but the bridge could not carry it so they threw it off in the river and had to repair the bridge. I don't think any fair man would say those piers would settle any more after carrying those loads for nearly one hundred years. And I don't think any engineer would have advised digging out the old pier had they known the true state of the matter. It seems a case of the blind leading the blind all the way through.

In building a pier as I have suggested you would get the whole support of the old pier and also the support of the piles Mr. Weddell put in. They have not settled any for they are holding up at the present time, the ends of the timber that the cement pier broke down. Two good bridges have become a total loss by the mistakes of former county officials and it looks as if this one is bound to follow. If men are sent back there to dig up that good foundation for a pier it looks to me as a deliberate act by some party or parties to waste money, discommodate the public and destroy property.

G. N. Briantnell.

WEDDING BELLS

At three o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 12th, Miss Daisy Milford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Pope of the 5th concession of Thurlow, was united in marriage to Mr. Harry Walker Tweedy, of the 3rd concession of Thurlow. The marriage took place quietly in the parsonage, Compton, the Rev. M. E. Wilson, M.A., officiating. Mr. Wm. Waterhouse of Compton and Miss Maggie Ray of Sidney, were witnesses. The bride, who is very popular and looked very charming and beautiful in a gown of blue silk. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Tweedy were motored to the Grand Trunk railway station, where they took the east bound train for Brockville and other points for their honeymoon. Upon their return the bride and groom will reside on the third concession of Thurlow upon the farm owned and occupied by the prosperous and happy groom.

Enlarging Powers of License Board

Toronto Telegram: While no date as yet has been set by the Government, it is expected that the Ontario Legislature will open about Wednesday, February 23. The chief legislation will likely concern the question of increasing the revenue of the province in order to make up for war expenditures and a falling off in receipts in many of the departments. It is also expected that the act appointing the License Board will be amended so as to give the Board greater powers, viz., the authority to cancel a license without the sanction of the Government, the control of brewery, brewery warehouse and club licenses.

The Board has found that they could not deal with brewers, or clubs on account of not having the power to impose penalties on them or of cancelling their licenses. This change will be made on the recommendation of Chairman Flavelle. Premier Hearst is not in the best of physical condition, and is resting up preparatory to the session. Hon. James Duff is still confined to his home, but expects to be on hand for the opening of the House. Hon. Dr. Payne will be back from England in time for the session. Since the last session the House several members have donned khaki.

Wild Pigeon Caught Near Bobcaygeon

Bobcaygeon, Jan. 13--Mr. Irwin Simpson thinks he has made a find. About the New Year a strange bird visited his barn, and he caught it. It is about the size of a robin, of a light slate color with dark spots on its wings, blue feet, and flies like a wild pigeon, and the older inhabitants say it is a wild pigeon, that species that so mysteriously and suddenly disappeared when the most of us were children.

Commission After Adulterated Liquor

Toronto News--As soon as the Ontario License Commission has completed its present work of inspection of the whole Province, and wading out the holes and shops it does not think worthy of being given renewal of license, a campaign will be opened to eliminate, as far as possible, the custom of adulterating liquors. While this is regarded by the Board as a matter of secondary importance--the premier question being the furnishing of accommodation to the travelling public--the campaign will be waged with equal energy to those against breaches of the law with regard to selling to soldiers, selling to intoxicated persons, selling after hours, permitting rowdianism on the premises and the like.

In a letter to The Daily News yesterday, "S. M. P." drew attention to the habit of some bars of adulterating liquors, refilling bottles with cheap distillations and the like, and cited an instance where a friend had been "poisoned" by two drinks of what was sold as "rose goods." "We have the necessary power, and we intend to act," stated Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the Board, when shown this letter. "So far we have been kept busy with other work, and have not had a chance to get down to this end of our duties. But we intend to take up the matter soon, probably immediately after the close of the coming season."

A Safe Pill for Sufferers.--There are pills that violently purge and fill the stomach and intestines with pain. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are mild and effective. They are purely vegetable, no mineral purgative entering into their composition and their effect is soothing and beneficial. Try them and be convinced. Thousands can attest their great curative qualities because thousands owe their health and strength to timely use of this most excellent medicine.

Belleville Boy Wins Military Cross

In the list of Canadians who have just been decorated for conspicuous valor on the field is Lieutenant Edson Franklin Lynn, who has been awarded the Military Cross. Lieut. Lynn is a Belleville boy. He attended old Octavia street school and at the time of the South African war went with the first contingent. He passed all through the campaign without a scratch. Prior to the outbreak of the war in 1914, he was a trusted employee of the Hydro Electric Department, Toronto.

In August 1914, he was granted a commission in the Canadian Engineers.

Private Styles Wins D.C.M.

The name of Private Styles 15th Batt., C.E.F. appears among the list of Canadians awarded the D. C. M. for service in France. This is thought to be Private Wm. Styles, a Belleville boy, who was wounded at Ypres and was recommended along with Private Prince by British officers for the D.C.M. for carrying British Tommies to safety under heavy fire.

William Styles was a member of the 15th regiment's detachment of the 2nd Battalion. After his removal to England after being wounded he was transferred to a base battalion.

Words of Gratitude From Soldiers

Last fall the ladies of Belleville sent to the local soldiers in France stockings filled with good things for Christmas. Miss M. E. Faulkner, Bridge St. has received acknowledgements from the following soldiers--D. S. McEachern, E. A. Everett, I. Garling, George A. Johnson, H. S. McElrath and George Johnson, who conveyed their thanks in words of the deepest appreciation.

Royal Red Cross for Miss Ridley

Miss Ethel Ridley, matron of the Canadian Nursing Hospital at Le Touquet, has been awarded the Royal Red Cross decoration for her services of mercy. Miss Ridley is a Belleville girl and has a wide circle of friends, who rejoice in the honor which she received in recognition of her work.

Entertainment for Children

The children of the members of Lodge Oxford, S.O.E.B.S., particularly those whose fathers have enlisted for active service overseas, were entertained last evening at the Lodge Rooms, True Blue Hall, Front Street. A pleasing programme was first carried through under the able chairmanship of Capt. Ruston, after which an abundance of coffee, cakes, candies, oranges and apples were distributed to the little guests. A large Christmas tree was then stripped of its toys, etc., and the youngsters sent home laden with mementoes of the happy evening.

- Following is the programme of the first part of the gathering: Pianoforte Solo--Mrs. Armitage. Recitation--Ida, Folwell. Pianoforte Solo--Bessie Barlow. Recitation--Ivy Ruston. Vocal Solo--Mrs. Coeuret. Pianoforte Duet--Lilly and Charlie Pratt. Recitation--Percy Adamson. Vocal Solo--Bro. Savage. Reading, Yorkshire Dialect--Capt. T. Ruston. Address--Ald. Dr. Platt. Recitation--Willie Folwell. Recitation--Bro. Savage. Pianoforte Solo--Lily Pratt. Vocal Solo--Mrs. Maloy.

OBITUARY

WILLIAM PENNEY. William Penney, 12 Bay Street, passed away last evening after a long illness, which he bore with great patience. He was born in Thurlow 78 years ago, but he had resided in Belleville for the greater part of his life. He was a Methodist in religion. He leaves his widow, two sons John W. and William and one daughter, Mrs. John Matthews, all of Plainfield. Mrs. John Matthews, all of Plainfield. JOEL SCHAMERHORN. The death occurred in the city yesterday, of Joel Schamerhorn of Roblin, Ont. He was a widower, 76 years of age and was a native of Richmond township. Death was due to uraemia.

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Expeller, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

Curling.

The month of January bids fair to be one of the busiest in the calendar of the Belleville Curling Club. The club games have started off with a swing never surpassed, the members are turning out in large numbers, and the next few days will see district games played here.

On Tuesday next the group II games of the Ontario Tankard will be played, Campbellford, Cobourg, Hastings and Port Hope are grouped with Belleville, Mr. E. E. O'Flynn will be umpire.

On Tuesday, Jan. 25th, the district cup games will be held here, Belleville, Campbellford, Cobourg, Colborne, Picton and Port Hope to be represented by teams. Mr. O'Flynn will be the official umpire for the competition.

Napinee should have played here this week in the Central Ontario League, but the games have been postponed. The other matches of the league are-- Jan. 14 Napanee at Kingston. Jan. 21 Kingston at Belleville. Jan. 31 Belleville at Napanee. Feb. 14 Kingston at Napanee. Feb. 18 Belleville at Kingston.

CLUB GAMES. The club games so far played are: No. 2 No. 1 J. White H. Frost E. S. Wallbridge J. T. Olare J. D. Clarke P. O. Filney R. Quirk M. J. Clarke skip 17 skip 8 No. 5 No. 6 B. L. Hyman W. Harden A. Garman Rev. C. G. Smith W. J. Cook M. P. Duff A. P. Allen G. H. McArthur skip 13 skip 10 No. 10 No. 9 W. G. Hutton H. H. Splan A. S. White G. Jacobs H. Wright H. F. Mitchell J. A. McFee O. J. Symons skip 13 skip 5 No. 13 No. 14 Chas. Dolan F. Anderson O. H. Scott F. Fletcher J. F. Willis H. A. Morgan A. Robertson A. Jones skip 13 skip 10

New York Shoes Canadian Wheat

How Various Parts of the World Are Answering the Appeal for Destitute Belgium. Brussels, Jan. 13. J. Ingebaek, secretary to His Majesty, King Albert of Belgium, has just sent a cablegram to Mr. Clews of New York expressing the gratitude of the Belgian sovereigns and their subjects for the work of the Dollar Christmas Fund of New York. The object of this fund which was inaugurated shortly before Christmas, was to raise money for the purchasing of shoes for the destitute, and in many instances, homeless children of Belgium. The response to the appeal was spontaneous and generous and already between \$80,000 and \$70,000 has been raised and the fund is being continued for the receipt of more donations. Under the dispensing of this money, many a cold little foot has been shod with warm boots.

While the results of the New York fund are being felt among the needy of Belgium, preparations are being made for the shipment of wheat that is expected shortly from Canada. New York has provided the most essential article of clothing but to Canada Belgians are looking for the even greater necessity--food. Already word has been received from the offices of the Belgian Relief Committee, 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal, that the response to the appeal made recently to Canadians, has, so far, been generous, and well over thirty-six thousand dollars has been received and that purchasing of wheat will be commenced at once.

The dire necessity in which the Belgians have been plunged by the war, resulting from the suddenness with which hostilities descended upon them and the subsequent seizure of supplies by the German invaders, has placed Belgium in such a position that her appeal is merely for the one staple, wheat, with which to make the bread which has become the sole nourishment for many thousands. Canada is the one place to which Belgium can look for wheat and Canada must give generously to save three million people from starvation this winter. One bag of flour, or the small figure of \$2.50, will keep one Belgian from starvation a month.

Damage to Cooperage

Trenton, Jan. 12--Early this morning fire started in the stock room of the Trenton Cooperage Mills. The damage to stock and property is estimated at about \$15,000. The origin of the fire is not yet known.

Did

PENNEY--In Belleville on Thursday 13th 1916, William Penney, aged 78 years. The funeral will leave his late residence 12 Bay Street on Saturday, January 15th at 1.30. Service at the house at 1 o'clock. Interment at Garrison's Cemetery, Plainfield.

LEGAL

NORTHERN & PORTER. Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners, Office--North Bridge Street. Solicitors for Merchants Bank of Canada, and Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on Mortgages.

MIKEL, STEWART, BAALIN. Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Belleville, Madoc and Tweed. Solicitors for The Molsons Bank. W. C. Mikel, K. C., D. E. K. Stewart, Frank Baalim.

WILLS & WRIGHT. Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office--Campbell St., Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates. Malcolm Wright, J. Franklin Willis, K.C.

E. J. WILLIAMS. Barrister, Solicitor, Conveyancer, and Notary Public. Office--39 Bridge Street.

W. D. M. SHORRY. Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Solicitor for the Dominion Bank and the Township of Amherstburg. Office--Campbell Street, Belleville.

INSURANCE. Established 1894. R. W. ADAMS. Insurance, Municipal Debentures and Real Estate. Marriage Licenses Issued. Office, 27 Campbell Street.

THOMAS STEWART. Bridge St., Belleville. Representing the oldest and most reliable companies for Fire, Accident and Life Insurance. Real Estate Agents. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

E. F. KUTCHERSON. Representing--North American Life Assurance, Canadian American Fire Insurance Co., British American Assurance Co., Equity Fire Insurance Co., Commercial Union Assurance Co., Montreal-Canada Fire Insurance Co., Hand-in-Hand Fire Insurance Co., Atlas Assurance Co., Merchants Fire Insurance Co., Independent Fire Insurance Co., Wellington Fire Insurance Co., General Accident Fire & Life Assurance Co., London Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., Canadian Casualty & Boiler Insurance Co. Office--39 Bridge St., Phone 212. Marriage Licenses Issued.

ROBERT SOLES. Representing--North American Life Assurance, Canadian American Fire Insurance Co., British American Assurance Co., Equity Fire Insurance Co., Commercial Union Assurance Co., Montreal-Canada Fire Insurance Co., Hand-in-Hand Fire Insurance Co., Atlas Assurance Co., Merchants Fire Insurance Co., Independent Fire Insurance Co., Wellington Fire Insurance Co., General Accident Fire & Life Assurance Co., London Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., Canadian Casualty & Boiler Insurance Co. Office--39 Bridge St., Phone 212. Marriage Licenses Issued.

W. E. HUDSON. Representing--Liverpool, London & Globe Insurance Co., North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Sun Fire Insurance Co., Waterbury Mutual, Gore Mutual, Atlas Assurance Co., The Welliver Accident Co., etc. Present the above companies (Partly and non-Partly) and can give you the best rates in reliable companies. Call and see me before placing your insurance. Office--39 Bridge Street, Belleville, opposite Post Office.

CHARLES ASHLEY. Representing--Royal Fire Insurance Co., Norwich Union Fire Ins. Co., Western Assurance Co., Canada Fire Ins. Co., Perth Fire Insurance Co., The Welliver Accident Co., etc. Present the above companies (Partly and non-Partly) and can give you the best rates in reliable companies. Call and see me before placing your insurance. Office--39 Bridge Street, Belleville, opposite Post Office.

MINERALS. BELLEVILLE ASSAY OFFICE. Ores and minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express with freight prepaid. Analytical results guaranteed. Office and Laboratory located at 39 Bridge Street, Belleville, Ontario. Telephone 212.

AUCTIONEERS.

D. J. FAIRFIELD, Licensed Auctioneer for the Counties of Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington and Durham and Northumberland and also for the city of Belleville. Terms liberal, satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 480 at my expense, D. J. Fairfield, 223 Coleman St. Belleville.

NORMAN MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer. Pure bred stock a specialty. Phone No. 101, Real Estate Broker, also City License. Box 130, Brighton Ont.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, special attention given to sales of Farm Stock. Phone or write Stirling P.O., R.M.D., Phone No. 831.

All Night with Asthma. Everyone knows how attacks of asthma often keep their victim awake the whole night long. Morning finds him wholly unfit for a day of business, and yet, business must still be carried through. All this night suffering and lack of rest can be avoided by the prompt use of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, which positively does drive away the attacks.

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To the cheese Ontario during May 1st to Nov 327,000,000 from which the over 85,000,000 These facts and ted to the East men's Associati frew by Mr. G. ton, chief dairy orn Ontario, in dally instructi in 1915.

After having the cheese indu that in looking duction he four period of the yild of 1914 by som and the make 00,000,000 poudued," said M an increase in over 10 per ce year the make 15 per cent. inc out manufact has been unust During the trons furnish Ontario cheese 100 more than The high ches ing the effect to the chesee

There are s this Fund now failed to make dotes promise have not yet p amounts they gently request ers meet their next appeal in provide money ments for 191 not be delayed The Treasur with thanks t since added to 8th January Miss Helen Pe Household on J. W. Walker, Collector of and staff, D Postmaster, of carriers, De Dr. O. A. Mar 1915.

Letters

EDITOR THE ONTARIO: Lest silence indifference of fact that is great trouble. I solicit spa- bridge has giv great concern past, chiefly in securing a the matter ca quite unanim no longer but foundation pe Esq., Provincial ern act of O the highest at the plan advi understand c all was not go ed last autu or municipal charges were the following: That Mr. M cured by false That waste other materia beginning to That timbe quantities fro the knowledge mittee and us That county had That cemen was long bef on the scene o order or know and that said and had ths That men l-eral of the da been paid. The gentle charges are r side near the were smartin venience caus important a long a time, season. I de the many pec suffer so mu these conditi these charge and fully bell ation to com made a char the committe Mr. Blecker stitute the c tificate of ch to say that intimate bus

THE LORD JESUS AS A YOKE-FELLOW
"Come Unto Me, All Ye That Labor and Are Heavy-Laden."

Self-Surrender Absolutely Essential to Discipleship—Advantages of the Poor—The Church's Course Contrary to That of the World—"Prize of the High Calling"—Comparison With "Restitution"—Jesus' Mercy Toward Honest Doubters—Blessedness of Yoke-Fellowship With Christ.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 16.—Pastor Russell have a practical address here to-day from the text, "Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me; for My yoke is easy and My burden is light." (Matthew 11:29, 30.) The Pastor said in part:

We are to remember that our Lord used these words to the Jews; and that He was not addressing so much those who labored and were heavy-laden in a physical sense as those who were burdened in a mental and moral sense. This class had been striving to keep the Law. They knew the terms of the Law Covenant, that "he that doeth these things shall live by them." (Gal. 3:12.) But they were all dying; and they well knew that if they had been keeping their part of the covenant, God would have kept His part. This class is illustrated in the case of the rich young ruler who came to the Master, saying, "What good thing shall I do that I may inherit eternal life?" (Matthew 19:16-22.) He had been striving hard to keep the Law. It was no wonder that Jesus loved him; for he was a noble character. Then in kindness the Master told him in what respect he was still lacking. His heart was set upon his riches. So our Lord put him to the test. "If you are weary and heavy-laden with trying to keep the Law from your youth up," was the thought which Jesus presented, "and still cannot gain life," will tell you the only way by which you can obtain life everlasting. It is simply to cease from your own righteousness, accept through Me, as a gift from God, the forgiveness of the sins which you cannot avoid. Then renounce all earthly things, become My disciples, and lay up treasure in Heaven.

But the young man departed sorrowfully; for he had much possessions. Others, poorer than this young man in worldly possessions, had also been striving to keep the Law—Peter, James, John, Andrew, and the rest. Jesus presented Him, and self to them as the Messiah, telling them that if they would become His disciples and share with Him in the sacrifices of the present time, they should also share the Heavenly Kingdom hereafter. They gladly complied, unlike the rich young ruler, for they had less to fetter them to the earth.

We can readily see how riches of learning, of knowledge, of experience, of honor, of men, of social standing, of wealth—riches in any form—would be something to hinder the majority of men from becoming followers of the Lord Jesus Christ. But our Lord has just one set of terms under which any and all may come to Him. There is no royal road to the Kingdom of God. Whoever does not care to come on His terms may stay away and wait for the opportunities of the next Age. God has a great deal in the future. Times of Restitution for a needy world. The Call of the Gospel Age is unique. Some learn of this Call; fewer accept it; and still fewer prove faithful to the end.

The Church vs. the World. God's Plan for the world is to lift them up out of sin, degradation, and death, back to all that was lost by Adam. But no one can get this Restitution now. However, it will not hurt men to know in advance that God is gracious, and that He has provided something good for mankind. As the Love and the Mercy of God shine into their hearts, they will come to love Him more and more. At present God is selecting the soldiers who wish to enlist in the battle now being waged between right and wrong. All others may in the future come into the family of God on a lower plane.

As Adam lost his sonship and all his possessions because of sin, so we must lose all that we have if we do not exercise faith quickly in what He had not seen; in fact, the Master even gave him the demonstration which he needed in order to believe. But unless we can accept the Gospel Call with the evidences which the Lord has furnished, we cannot be of the Kingdom class at all. We do accept. We are resting in the promises by faith. The Apostle says, "The peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall guard your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus." (Philippians 4:7.) Just as surely as we are children of God, and are living in covenant relationship with Him, so surely is this promise ours.

will then walk in the way of the Lord. Now, whoever walks in the footsteps of Jesus must walk contrary to the spirit of the world. Yet this class are the happiest people in the world, even though the world, their own flesh and the Devil are all against them. Satan pays more attention to them than to other people. There is no need for him to give special attention to those who are asleep. But whoever is waking up will be beset with persecution, with worldly inducements, and with everything to oppose his way.

But since He that is on their part is greater than all that can be against them, if only they retain their love, faith, and obedience, the opposition will become a blessing. The Master told His disciples that all manner of evil would be said against them falsely for His sake. St. Paul also declared, "Yea, all that will live godly in Christ Jesus shall suffer persecution" in the present time. But there is a far greater reward for following Christ, for doing the Lord's will under present unfavorable conditions, than there will be for doing the Lord's will in the future. We are glad to suffer now that we may retain them when the world's opportunity shall come.

The Church's Glorious High Calling. The High Calling of the Church is the most wonderful opportunity God has ever given to any of His creatures. Those who have made a Covenant of Sacrifice with God may have severe experiences now; but later the faithful ones amongst them will have glory, honor, and immortality, and in the ages to come God will show the exceeding riches of His grace toward them through Christ Jesus. (Ephesians 2:4-7.) But who amongst those that have this hope would surrender it and take Restitution instead of a perfect human body, a perfect home in a perfect earth, perfect fruits, beautiful flowers, and all the grandeur of Restitution Times? Not one.

How did we attain this hope? By obedience to the Call contained in our text. By nature we were sinners, even as others, members of the fallen race. But as the Apostle points out, we recognized in our nature the Law of right and wrong. We still retained a part of what was originally given to Father Adam and lost to him. Humanity still has something left of the image of God in which Adam was created. The world in general know about the Golden Rule, "Do unto others as you would that they should do unto you." But "there is none righteous, no, not one." Fallen humanity find it a hard battle merely trying to live right, to do justly by their neighbors, to be kind and just to family and friends.

To this class that have been trying to do the Lord's will and that have found it a hard task to live up to the Divine standard, our Lord Jesus says, "Come unto Me"—you who are weary and heavy-laden in your attempts to do what is right, to speak no slander, to treat your neighbor always as you would have him treat you. This class have found out that if God were to require perfection of them, they could never come to Him at all; for fallen humanity cannot measure up to His perfect standards. But why should we come to Jesus, instead of going directly to God? It is because Jesus is God's appointed Redeemer now for the world, and our fallen estate. He knows that we have inherited our weaknesses of mind and body. He could not accept us thus; hence He has provided for us a Saviour and Advocate. He is seeking now for those who are striving to do right, those who realize the grandeur of His requirements in the Golden Rule. To this class He is sending a special Message. He is inviting them to have a share in the sacrifice of Christ.—Romans 12:1, 2.

His Glorious Provision in Christ. But no sacrifice can come to the altar of the Lord except that which is without spot or blemish, and we are spotted and blemished. Therefore unless our Lord Jesus imputes His merit to cover these spots and blemishes, we never could be accepted as His sacrifices with Him. He must do this before we can receive the begetting of the Holy Spirit.

Thus those who realize that they come far short of God's standard and need a Saviour may come to the Lord. "Thess enter by faith into the rest of God—not merely that future rest for the people of God who enter into the Kingdom, but even now, "We who have believed do enter into rest." (Hebrews 4:3.) We have rest even in these imperfect human bodies. We know that there were weaknesses before, but we did not know how to get rid of them. Now we know that "the blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all sin," from all unintentional weaknesses. How glad we are that Jesus died for our sins; that He has furnished by imputation a covering for all of our imperfections. So we are resting, trusting, refreshed by this knowledge.

"According to thy faith be it unto thee," says the Master. Our justification is all by faith. God does not purpose to justify those who cannot believe. Some can believe more easily than can others. But the time will come when all can believe. For my own part, I cannot believe as easily as do some people. I must have a certain amount of evidence. But the Lord was willing to accept St. Thomas' faith if that disciple could not exercise faith quickly in what he had not seen; in fact, the Master even gave him the demonstration which he needed in order to believe. But unless we can accept the Gospel Call with the evidences which the Lord has furnished, we cannot be of the Kingdom class at all. We do accept. We are resting in the promises by faith. The Apostle says, "The peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall guard your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus." (Philippians 4:7.) Just as surely as we are children of God, and are living in covenant relationship with Him, so surely is this promise ours.

So then, if there be any dear friends present to-day who have not yet come to the Lord, we would give them this Message, "Come unto Me, all ye that labor and are heavy-laden; and I will give you rest." If you have not been trying to do the will of God, then you are not weary and heavy-laden. But if you have been trying, and feeling your impotency, then listen to this Call. Do not stop there, however. "Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me," advises our Lord and Saviour.

Our Great Yoke-Fellow. A yoke is a symbol of servitude. By the use of this symbol our Lord implies that those who are set free, either from the yoke of the Law Covenant, as were the believing Jews, or from the yoke of Satan, as were the believing Gentiles, should take His yoke, should become His servants, should learn to do His will. A yoke is generally arranged in two; and since our Lord speaks of it as His yoke, we are to understand that He also is a servant. Having come to do the Father's will, He invites us to become true yoke-fellows with Himself in the doing of the Father's will, to be co-laborers with Christ in the great work of the world's deliverance from sin and death.

The secret of the ability to wear this yoke, to have companionship with Christ in His service, and to have as a result a great blessing in our own hearts, lies in our learning to be meek and lowly of heart, as He was. It is impossible for the proud, haughty, self-willed, ambitious, or worldly-wise to learn in the same yoke with Jesus, or to find the true rest of soul which we properly seek. But if we are meek, teachable, humble-minded, ready to know and to do the Lord's will at any cost, then indeed we shall find rest.

Those who wear this yoke have the Divine assurance that all things are working together for good to them; that the heavier the burden now the greater will be the blessing and the reward by and by; that the severer the experiences now, the brighter shall be their character and the surer shall they be of preparedness for the Kingdom. From this viewpoint every burden is light, not only because the yoke is easy, but because the Lord is their Yoke-fellow, and assuming the weight of the load, for those who walk close to Him.

Having a strong, efficient Yoke-fellow is very different from trying to carry a load alone. Of our Lord it was written, "Of the people which was none" with Him. (Isaiah 63:3.) But how different it is with His footstep followers! Not only do they have brethren to encourage and assist them, but above all they have the Master with them. "Let I am with you always, even unto the end of the Age," is His promise. Although we are now in the end of the Age, yet the Age will not close until the last member of the Church is called and proven. Moreover, the Lord will be with His followers all the way as a true yoke-fellow.

"Learn of Me." "Take My yoke upon you, and learn of Me," says the Master. If we have taken His yoke upon us, we are in His School, learning of Him. Yet at the same time we are being taught of the Heavenly Father. He says, "I will put you into the School of Instruction; and the One who has redeemed you I have appointed to be your Teacher. You are to be under the care of your Brother, and so we are learning the necessary lessons day by day, growing in grace, in knowledge, in character-likeness to our Redeemer, in all the fruits of the Holy Spirit.

What are the fruits of the Spirit? Meekness, faith, gentleness, patience, self-control, brotherly kindness, love. The Apostle says that these fruits are manifest—can be seen. "If these things be in you and abound," declares St. Peter, "they shall be manifest to all men." (1 Peter 3:11.) We must therefore exercise ourselves according to the Divine arrangement which we shall be ready for the graduation, when our Master shall say, "Well done, good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful over a few things;—you did not do very much, but you had the right spirit, with the best that you could—'enter thou into the joy of thy Lord.'"

"For I am meek and lowly in heart." This is one of the main lessons in the School of Christ. Whoever has learned to be humble-minded, submissive, gentle, obedient, shall find rest of soul, and finally shall enter into His rest—the Kingdom rest. Then the sons of God will have perfect bodies, complete in every sense of the word. They will have the glory, honor, and immortality which God has in reservation for those that love Him supremely.

Those who have learned of Christ have made God's work the chief interest in life. Therefore they do not give all of their time to the ordinary vocations of mankind. On the contrary, they are determined to follow the Master, to labor for the good of others, and to let the light of Truth shine out wherever they may go. Having become members of the Christ company, henceforth for them to live is Christ. Their work is to serve the Truth and the brethren, to suffer with their Lord now, and to reign with Him hereafter.

The Christian who has been making progress for years, growing in grace and in the knowledge of the Father and the Son in the intimate sense, to become well acquainted with them, knowing their mind as one knows the mind, the heart, of an intimate friend. It is a great privilege thus to know the Father and the Son, a privilege not to be attained by every one. It must be carefully sought and earnestly desired. Such a growth in grace should be eagerly sought by all of the true followers of our Lord, by all who long to be His joint-heirs in the Kingdom; for without this intimate fellowship, and so union they cannot make progress in spiritual things. In proportion as we know the Father and the Son, in that same proportion shall we love them, and strive more and more to do the things which are pleasing in their sight, and the greater shall be our rest of faith.

SINCLAIR'S Coat Clearance!

We are offering at greatly reduced prices the balance of our stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats. These coats are all this season's best styles and at the prices marked are of exceptional value.

All Colored Cloth Coats in Ladies' and Misses' sizes are to be cleared at One-Third Off regular prices. The materials are all good qualities of Chinchilla, Whitney Cloth, Mixed Tweeds, Cheviots, Blanket Cloth and Frieze Cloth, in Blue Brown, Grey and mixed shades. Reg. prices are from \$10 to \$27.50, on sale at ONE-THIRD OFF MARKED PRICES.

Three only. Ladies' Black Plush Coats in a beautiful quality of Heavy Plush. The regular price was \$32.50, to clear at \$28.50.

One only. Girl's Black Plush Coat, size 16. Regular price, \$25.00, to sell for \$20.00.

Flannelette Blankets

We are selling two special lines of Flannelette Blankets at reduced prices. Colors are white or grey with pink or blue border. 10/4 size @ \$1.05, 11/4 size @ \$1.15. 16x Flannelette Blankets in white or grey. 10/4 size \$1.25 pr. 11/4 size \$1.50 pr. 12/4 size \$1.75 pr.

Kimono Flannels

We have received about 20 patterns in American Kimono Flannels. These are in several combinations of two colors, and the materials are of very good quality, being thick and warm. A splendid assortment to choose from at 15c per yard.

Children's Dresses

A good assortment of styles in Children's Dresses in Serge, Bedford Cord, and Velvet. Colors are navy, oopen, and brown, all well made and neatly trimmed with braid and contrasting colors. Sizes 6 and 8 years, price \$3.00 each.



SINCLAIR'S STORE CLOSSES SATURDAYS AT 7 P. M. SINCLAIR'S

Grateful Letter From a Soldier

The following letter was received recently by Mrs. Robt. Anderson, 45 Hillside street, this city. The socks referred to were sent by the R. T. of T. Knitting Circle in a bale to Miss Ridley last October.

Dear Madam, I am writing to thank you for the two pairs of socks I received lately, one of which contained the letter you sent. I can assure you that home knitted socks are much appreciated by us one pair of them outlasts 3 pairs of any issue, besides being warmer. I sent your letter was written on Oct. 15th. We all spent a very enjoyable Christmas in the hospital. I am pleased to say that I expect to be returning to duty in a few days now. As I am almost well again.

No we do not have to pay for socks sent from Canada. I expect you have lots of snow around Belleville now, cold too. I joined in Vancouver, but I have been in Belleville. I will close now, wishing you a Happy New Year, although the New Year will be nearly a month old by the time you get this.

Yours truly, Rapper C. S. Arkell, 470 G.O.R.C.C., G.E.F. Army Post Office, London, Eng.

She Gives Them All the Credit

Says Dodd's Kidney Pills Made Her Well. Miss Gerlie Newman, After Two Years' Suffering Tells How she Found a Complete Cure. Boyd's Cove, Notre Dame Bay, Nfld., January 17th — Special. — "After two years of weakness and suffering I am again in perfect health and I give all the credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills." That is the statement made by Miss Gerlie M. Newman, an estimable young lady living here. She is so overjoyed at her recovery that she wants all suffering women to know how she found her cure.

"I had a cold to start with," Miss Newman continues, "and then things just seemed to go from bad to worse. My back ached, I had cramps in my muscles, and I suffered from headaches. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing, my eyes were puffed and swollen and I perspired freely with the least exertion. I was always irritable and in the mornings I had a bitter taste in my mouth.

"Reading of cases by Dodd's Kidney Pills I decided to give them a trial. I took a dozen boxes in all and you can see they helped me. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all suffering women."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are suffering women's best friend.

MILITARY NOTES.

Major McCullough, Wellington, is now on duty. He will take charge of recruiting in Bancroft with the 155th. A young man named W. F. Wilson of Northport enlisted with the 155th Battalion under rather unusual circumstances at Pictou. The oath was administered by his father, Mr. B. F. Wilson, Northport. A class for the N.C.O.'s of the 155th Battalion, will start next Monday in Belleville. Good crowds attended the concert in the Griffin Front street theatre on Sunday under the auspices of the 155th Battalion. Privates Brown, McMechan, Jones and Chisholm of the 155th have gone to Kingston to take up signalling at the school being held there.

Mr. J. F. Willis, R.C., made a stirring patriotic address for the support of the recruiting efforts being made to raise the 155th battalion on Saturday evening during the performance of the Williamson Bros. Submarine pictures at Griffin's Opera House. The performances afternoon and evening which were under the direction of the 155th battalion were well patronized and the regimental fund has been boosted accordingly.

Lieut. Bouchette of the 80th has reported back from the Provisional School of Infantry, Kingston, where he was taking instruction. The 80th Battalion N.C.O.'s who are attending class at Kingston have returned to Belleville. About fifty citizens attended the church parade and service at the Armories yesterday morning. The 80th brass band under Lieut. Stares gave a rendering of "Nearer My God to Thee." The highest praise was bestowed upon the organization for the beauty of the rendition.

The band will render music at each of the Sunday services. The officers issue a hearty invitation to all civilians to attend these services, which will be arranged so as not to conflict with the services held in the churches. Lt-Col. Adams has recovered from an attack of influenza and expects to leave the hospital this afternoon. Seventeen more recruits for the 155th are reported at Pictou. Eleven Marlbank recruits were be-

ing attested today at the 155th headquarters

On Monday morning at 8:15 officers and men of the 155th will take physical drill at the armories. What is good for the men is just what is required for the officers as well. Headquarters the men have been reporting for duty at 8:30 a.m. Yesterday was pay day for the 155th. Today the 80th are being paid. Privates Lynch and Dillabrough have been admitted to Napanee hospital and Privates Duncan and Campbell of the 80th have gone to Belleville hospital. Corporals Morrison and Drysdale have been discharged from Napanee hospital. The 80th Battalion will furnish a cheer at the Tabernacle on Sunday night for a khaki service. Capt. Hudgins of "D" Co., 80th Battalion Pictou, was one of the players on Pictou intermediates last night. He formerly played on Pictou Juniors. Several officers and twenty men of the 80th came up from Pictou to see the game. Twenty recruits will arrive for the 80th from Ottawa, this afternoon at 5:30 at the C.N.R. station. The bugle band will meet them and accompany them to the barracks. About 50 men only are required to fill the ranks of the 80th. 80th battalion troops of the Protestant faith will be formed up on the parade grounds at 9:10 a.m. sharp to attend divine service to be held at the armories at 9:30 a.m. Roman Catholics will be formed up on the parade grounds at 10 a.m. sharp to attend divine service at St. Michael's church. The new battery of artillery which will form a part of the 9th brigade will be known as the 45th Battery, and will be temporarily commanded by Capt. Steacy, who is now the commanding officer of "C" Battery, R.C. H.A. Queen's battery will be known as the 46th Battery and will form part of the brigade. The brigade will be made up of the 32nd, 33rd, 45th, and 46th Batteries, with the 34th Battery converted into an ammunition column. Capt. W. F. Smith, who recently returned from the front, a Kingston officer, will be second in command of the 45th Battery.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Agnew, "Rendenshall" announce the engagement of their daughter, Olive Browne, to Capt. Richard Douglas Ponton, son of Lt-Col. W. N. Ponton and Mrs. Ponton, "Sidney Cottage." The marriage will take place early in February.

Fell and Broke Rib.

Mr. Chaney Ashley while proceeding to his home on Saturday evening, had the misfortune to slip on Bridge street near St. Thomas church and fell. He suffered a broken rib and a general shaking up. He will be confined to his house for a few days. The Salvation Army in Belleville is expanding its borders. Captain Ruston, the energetic officer in command of the local corps, has secured the Bleeker Street Methodist Church now not in use by that denomination and after it has been put in a state of repair, will re-open it for the Sunday School work of the army.

DEATH OF A BRIGHT STUDENT

The sudden death of Charles E. Hopkins, quite suddenly on Saturday evening at Albert College threw a deep gloom over the student body. Mr. Hopkins who was 24 years of age had been among the students for two years and was one of the most popular and energetic young men in the institution. Death was due to uraemia. The late Chas. E. Hopkins was born in Uxbridge, Ont., but his home was Midland. He leaves to mourn his loss, his mother, a brother and a sister. They arrived a few hours after he had passed away. On Sunday afternoon Rev. Dr. Baker conducted an impressive memorial service in Massey Hall chapel, which was attended by the student body. Feeling reference was made to the deceased young man. The remains were this morning shipped to Midland accompanied by the members of the family.

Eighty-Five Million Pounds of Cheese

To the cheese factories of Eastern Ontario during six months in 1915, May 1st to November 1st, a total of 927,000,000 pounds of milk was sent from which there was manufactured over 85,000,000 pounds of cheese.

After having quoted the figures on the cheese industry Mr. Publow said that in looking over last year's production he found that for the same period the yield of milk exceeded that of 1914 by some 35,000,000 pounds and the make of cheese by over 8,000,000 pounds.

During the year 23,607 patrons furnished milk to Eastern Ontario cheese factories or some 1,100 more than in the previous year.

Belleville Branch Patriotic Fund

There are still 182 subscribers to this Fund now in arrears who have failed to make their payments on the dates promised, including 74 who have not yet paid any portion of the amounts they promised.

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to 8th January, 1916:— Miss Helen Pallen, O. N., and D. \$ 4.50 Household on John St., (Jan.) 1.25 J. W. Walker, Jan. 10.00 Collector of Inland Revenue and staff, Dec. 30.00 Postmaster, officials and letter carriers, Dec. 25.00 Dr. O. A. Marshall 15.00 Standard Bank staff, Dec. 2.50

Letters to The Editor

THE REPAIRS TO O'BRIEN'S BRIDGE. Editor The Ontario:—

Least silence may be interpreted as indifference on my part to the subject that is giving so many people great trouble and inconvenience too, I solicit space for a word. This bridge has given the County Council great concern and expense in the past, chiefly because of the difficulty in securing a firm foundation.

That Mr. McLean's opinion was secured by false representations. That waste of time, of fuel, and of other materials marked the job from beginning to end.

That timber was taken in large quantities from the bridge without the knowledge or permission of committee and used at a job in which the county had no concern.

That cement in large quantities was long before needed, delivered up on the scene of operations without the order or knowledge of the committee, and that said cement had hardened, and had thus become entirely useless.

That men had not worked for several of the days, for which they had been paid. The gentlemen who made these charges are respectable men who reside near the bridge and who no doubt were smarting from the great inconvenience caused by the closing of so important a thoroughfare for so long a time, in a very busy traffic season.

I deeply sympathize with the many people of the County, who suffer so much inconvenience from these conditions. The men who made these charges are certainly sincere and fully believed them. I am in no position to contradict them. No one made a charge against a member of the committee. While Mr. McLaren, Mr. Bleecker and Mr. Sills who constitute the committee need no certificate of character from me. I beg to say that having been brought into intimate business relations with them

for many years, I have no doubt of their personal integrity and devotion to the public welfare and that they desire the full light of day to shine upon every transaction with which they have connection.

I write chiefly to express the hope that moderation of speech will characterize all that may be said or written hereafter upon this subject, and that the public will keep an open mind, until an opportunity be given for the hearing of both sides of this question, and also to ask that any one having personal knowledge of wrongdoing, at once put in, over their signature, their charges to the County Clerk, so that they may be dealt with when the Council first meets.

Faithfully yours, N. VERMILYEA.

Mr. Hepburn's Big Suit

B. R. Hepburn, M.P. of Picton has entered action at Osgoode Hall against the Connaught Park Jockey Club of Ottawa, to recover \$10,000, money alleged to have been paid by the plaintiff to the defendants under an agreement, dated June 1st, 1915, which the defendants are unable to carry out. —Picton Times.

Trenton Bridge Closed.

Traffic on the old bridge was partially closed to the public the first of the year, teams for the most part being required to cross on the ice. Yesterday the bridge was closed for all traffic. A gang is now tearing down the first span on the east end. The Ontario Bridge Co., have had a crane busy at the east end for a week past assorting the different pieces of steel and the erection of the new steel bridge will commence in a day or two. —Courier.

Death of Popular Stirling Young Woman

Miss Ruby Eleanor Bird, daughter of the late Lewis Bird, of Stirling, died in hospital on Wednesday, aged 27 years. The deceased was at one time a milliner at Stirling, the remains were sent by James Reid & Co. undertakers, to her mother's home. —Kingston Whig.

Bright Young Life Cut Short

Nelson Russell Haines, eleven year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Haines of Trenton passed away in this city where he has been visiting relatives. The boy had not been enjoying the best of health since he met with a sleighing accident last year and diabetes had set in.

At the Khaki Club.

On Thursday night the usual weekly concert was given at the Khaki Club with its customary large attendance. The programme for the evening was in charge of Miss Tuttle which assured its being a capital one.

Among the many pleasing numbers were the following, "The Stove Pipe Hole" by Drummond, Scotch dialect, "The English Flag" by Kipling, all of which were given by Miss Tuttle and merited such applause that many shorter ones were given as first and second encores. Professor Staples who was accompanied by Mrs. MacColl sang in addition to the patriotic songs, the choruses of which the boys enjoyed singing; Killarney, Little Irish Girls and several other numbers. The splendid programme was punctuated with several "soldiers' numbers". Members of the French Canadian platoon sang "O Canada" in French and Pte. Roberts handled the clappers very cleverly to the accompaniment of the piano. At the close of the evening everyone was served with coffee, cakes and sandwiches.

Accidentally Shot.

John O'Brien, of Murphy's Corners, was accidentally shot on Friday last while hunting foxes. The ball which was from a 38.55 rifle, went through one leg and lodged in the other. He was taken to Belleville hospital on Saturday. —Madoc Review.

Ice Boat Wrecked.

Messrs. Mort Dafeo, J. H. Dickey and Howard Bleecker, Jr., were ice-boating last Thursday on the bay and ran into a crack south of Cronk's island and came to a sudden stop. This wrecked the iceboat by breaking the mast and injuring all three on board. Mr. Dickey being on the front of the boat received a great shock, also Mr. Bleecker. Mr. Dafeo came ashore and procured a sleigh and removed them to their respective residences. At first it was thought some of the bones were fractured and internal injuries. After a few days it was found the muscles of the body were badly strained and he suffered a great deal of pain. They will be confined to their bed for another week. —Trenton Courier.

Military Notes

Mrs. Albert Gloyne, Bramley St., was notified today of the death from gun shot wounds on Dec. 29th of her husband, Private Albert Gloyne of the 21st Battalion who left here with the 2nd contingent. Mrs. Gloyne had just received a card from her husband dated Dec. 25th in which he stated all was well. The sympathy of the community will go out to the bereaved widow in her sad loss. —Port Hope Guide.

The big building on the Fair Grounds is being utilized as a drill hall, and eight recruits, in command of Sergt. Turner, commenced drilling on Saturday. Sergt. Turner only expects to be in command, for a few days, when his place will be taken by Major McCullouch. —Bancroft Times.

Hospital reports of the 80th Battalion. Admitted to Napanee Hospital, Pte. Morrow, Pte. Burns, admitted to Belleville hospital, Private Shumk.

Discharged from Napanee Hospital, Pte Hanna, Pte Barber. Discharged from Belleville Hospital, Pte Stewart, Pte Whittie

The 155th Battalion is now 360 strong. The regiment is doing as well as any of the county battalions.

It is reported among military men that a military census of Canadians is about to be taken. No one knows the origin of the report but it is current.

Two Deaths Result From Diphtheria

A gloom was cast over Allisonville community on Friday morning when the news of Everett Anderson's death came after a few days' illness with diphtheria and heart trouble. It is especially sad as he was an only child, and his mother passed away a few days before with the same disease. He leaves a young wife, a child of three years old, and his father, too mourns his loss. Interment took place on Friday afternoon in Mountain View Cemetery. —Picton Times.

Indoor Baseball.

The second game in the battalion baseball league was played in the armories Thursday night when the combined team from the signallers and machine-gun section met the brass band. With teams as evenly matched as the two that played on Thursday night, there is going to be some keen competition before the schedule is over. The game which ended in a victory for the brass band by a lead of one run, was any one's game until the last innings. The kind of sportsmanship that prevails in the 80th was demonstrated Thursday night when the brass band gave a good player to the other team who found themselves short a man. The final score was 15 to 16 in favor of the band. The teams lined up as follows:

Table with 2 columns: For the Band, Combined Team. Lists player names like Chamberlain, Thompson, Seymour, Carnody, Tammer, Thompson, Both, Mackie, Lester, Hewitt, Angrove, Squares, Sills, Flowers, Sills.

The next games will be played next Wednesday and Thursday nights at 7.15 p.m.

Had an Eye Put Out.

Mr. Jos. Adams, of town, had the misfortune to have his right eye destroyed on Wednesday of last week while working in Cross & Wellington's talc mine. Mr. Adams was holding a gad, which is used to split the boulders of talc, when a blister flew off, lodging in his right eye. He immediately went to the doctor when it was found that a piece of steel the size of a ten-cent piece had penetrated the eye-ball, and the eye had to be removed. —Madoc Review.

Leg Broken.

Mr. James Cameron, who is employed in the pulp mill, had the misfortune to break his right leg last Friday morning. The carriers on which he was working, in some manner gave way, dropping a large bundle of paper on his leg, causing a fracture. —Campbellford News.

Lost Three Fingers.

Mr. Walter Whytock, Madoc's popular young councilman, suffered the loss of three fingers on his right hand on Friday last. Mr. Whytock was operating a meat grinding machine in his butcher shop, and in pushing the meat into the machine his fingers were caught, taking off the three between the thumb and little finger at the second joint. Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. Whytock. —Review.

Loss of Life on Lake Was Smaller

Loss of life and property on the great lakes in the year just closed has been unusually small, and the insurance underwriters appear to have had a good season. The greatest loss of life occurred on Lake Ontario's waters, which accounted for ten of the sixteen lives lost on the lakes in 1915. Three vessels were also lost on Lake Ontario out of a total of 13 that foundered in a year on the great lakes. The Lake Ontario losses were the passenger boat Alexandria, the sailing barge City of Cheboygan, and the tug F. C. Barnes. Five lives were lost on the F. C. Barnes and a similar number occurred when the sailing barge Junior sank in Lake Erie.

The complete list of vessels lost in the season and the lakes in which they went down were—Western Star, Georgian Bay; Chocotan, Lake Superior; Iola, Lake Michigan; Majesty, Lake Superior; Alexandria, Lake Ontario; Junior Lake Erie; A. P. Wright, Lake Superior; City of Cheboygan, Lake Ontario; M. S. Bacon Lake Erie; Harold, Lake Erie; P. D. Armon, Lake Erie; the tug F. C. Barnes, Lake Ontario. The value of the losses was \$705,000, and the vessels had a total tonnage of 19,750.

Buried Under Orange Auspices

The funeral of the late Robert Copeland took place Thursday from his late residence in the eighth of Tyndings to Roslin Anglican church, where the Rev. Mr. Boutelet conducted an impressive service. The burial was under the auspices of L. O. L. 294, Tyndings for the deceased was one of the oldest organmen in Ontario East, he having joined the first Orange lodge started in Ottawa. The members of the order turned out in a body to honor his memory. The bearers were Bros. S. Howe, G. Grey, E. Barber, R. Sullivan, J. Cadden and J. Sayers. The Orange rites were conducted by Rt. Wor. Bro. J. A. Goddell and P. R. Sullivan at the grave in Roslin cemetery.

New Steel Barn.

Mr. James R. Anderson of Mountain View whose barns were recently burned, has already built a new drive house and horse barn and is preparing to build a new steel truss barn in the spring, having already contracted for the metal. Mr. Sandford Garsline is the architect.

Leg Broken Coasting.

On Thursday last Miss Olive Smith and Mr. Claude McKissock while coasting down Duferin Avenue hill, the bob-sleigh became unmanageable while running at a rapid speed and leaving the center of the road ran into a tree near her father's residence, resulting in Miss Smith breaking her leg above the knee and bruised up generally. Mr. McKissock's eye and nose got badly bruised and one of his legs was injured. They are both progressing as well as could be expected towards recovery. The other occupants of the sleigh outside of being well shaken up were not injured. —Trenton Courier.

A Profitable Flock.

Editor Ontario.— I thought some facts regarding my flock of hens might prove interesting to your readers. The flock numbers 25 and is composed of pure-bred Wyandottes and Leghorns. In the entire year 1915 they had 3700 eggs and raised 29 chickens. Besides all the eggs required for home use I sold enough to bring in \$73. The food for the year cost \$45. In five years there has been only one month that we have been without fresh eggs—Dec., 1914. The hen that lays Is the hen that pays. S. D. Sills, 22 Burton St., Belleville.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE FOR CHILDREN

Mrs. Geo. Huffman, Willington, Ont., writes—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets and can recommend them as a wonderful medicine for children. I am the mother of five and have used no other medicine for any of them. Thousands of other mothers say the same thing of the Tablets. That is why once a mother has used them for her little ones she would use nothing else. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THIRTEEN OF CREW PERISHED. COPENHAGEN, Jan. 15.—Thirteen members of the crew of the Norwegian steamer Hafnri perished when that vessel stranded.

ANOTHER EXPLOSION AT THE DU PONT WORKS.

TRENTON, N.J., Jan. 15.—An acid house of the Dupont Powder Co. in Gibbstown N.J. blew up last night injuring five workmen. This was the eighth explosion at the Dupont plants in this section within three months.

Rifle Shooting.

Scores of the rifle association at the armories last night. Highest possible 100. A. Harman 100 J. C. Wills 99 H. Hall 98 G. D. Gratton 97 A. R. Symons 97 G. B. Smith 96 W. J. Andrews 96 J. S. Peck 95 G. J. Wills 94

Sir Rodmond Very Ill.

Sir Rodmond Roblin is very ill in California, where he went for the benefit of his health. He came east first with the intention of entering a sanitarium, but was advised to seek health in a warmer climate. He is now in San Antonio, California.

THE AGONIES OF NEURALGIA

A Nerve Trouble, Always Due to Weak, Watery Blood.

Only those who have been attacked with neuralgia can form the faintest idea of what its victims suffer. A tingling of the tender skin, a sharp sudden stab from some angry nerve, then piercing paroxysms of pain that is neuralgia. The cause of the trouble is disordered nerves due to weak, watery blood. The cure is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which make new, rich, red blood, and thus soothe and strengthen the disordered nerves and cure neuralgia. Mr. Louis Martin, Midway, Ont., says—"I am writing to let you know the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to me. Two years ago I was a physical wreck. My nerves were all unstrung and I suffered tortures from neuralgia, in the head and throughout the nervous system generally. I was almost unfit for work, and only managed to get along with the greatest difficulty. I doctored for about five months and in this time took over forty dollars worth of medicine without any benefit. More, I was actually growing worse, and finally had to take to my bed. My nerves got so bad that I could not turn over in bed without help and the pain was something awful. As I am a farmer you can easily see that necessary work was being neglected, so I sent for a brother who was in Alberta, to come and take charge of the work. When my brother arrived he at once urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, telling me of some cures that had come under his observation. I got half a dozen boxes, and before they were all gone there was no doubt they were helping me. Altogether I used nine boxes of the Pills and by that time I was a well man, and it is impossible to say how thankful I was for my release from pain. You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. From The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Locals Defeated Picton Intermediates

Walter Knox's Picton line-up which defeated Belleville intermediates a week ago in Picton found the

This Book Shows How to Make Better Farm Improvements. A copy will be sent to you free of charge. If you intend making any kind of farm improvements—you need this book. It tells how to build everything a farmer needs—from a barn to a fence, better and more economical than is possible in any other way. It is the standard authority on farm building construction. It has proved of untold value to more than 75,000 progressive Canadian farmers. If you haven't a copy of this valuable book, send the coupon now. Canada Cement Company Limited, Harold Building, MONTREAL.

tables turned on them at the Arena last night. In one of the finest games of hockey ever witnessed here and before a large crowd, Belleville scored 8 to Picton's 5. Mr. A. (Bouncer) Brouse of Kingston was referee.

Some complaint has been heard that he failed to take note of many offside.

Belleville's defence line was again strong last night. They were mainly responsible for the defeat which came to Queen's University. Last evening they were not in condition, Whitty having just got out of hospital after an attack of the grip and Simons suffering from sore feet. To make conditions worse for the latter player he received a couple of hard knocks, the puck once hitting him on the nose and cutting his face.

Belleville forwards put up a great game. There was not so much combination exhibited as individual powerful rushes on Picton's net. Belleville had the advantage in the first period, ringing in two goals, while Picton scored none. Picton forwards worked hard (but came up against a tough proposition in the local defence

while Belleville forwards kept Picton's defenders engaged a good portion of the time. The referee complained that the rink was not lighted well enough to enable them to follow the puck easily at all times. Belleville Goal Walsh Phillips Left Defence Bedford Simons Right Defence Hefferman Whitty Rover R. Burns Finkle Center R. Burns Whelan Right Wing Cooper Symons Left Wing R. Burns Mitchell Left Wing Hudgins

PRISON TERM FOR MAN WHO RECEIVED GOVERNMENT. REGINA, Jan. 15.—G. A. Mitchell, found guilty of forgery in connection with fodder sold to the Dominion government remount department at Picton was sentenced today to two years in prison.

OVERCOAT BARCAINS

Notwithstanding the great advance in price of all clothing we have determined, as usual, to make a big clearing the balance of this month on most of our Overcoats.

- \$25 OVERCOATS, \$20
20 OVERCOATS, 15
18 OVERCOATS, 15
15 OVERCOATS, 12
12 OVERCOATS, 10

Please note this reduction does not apply on all lines, but just lots badly broken in size. You will be able to find your size in some of them.



Oak Hall

GREATER PROTECTION NEEDED AT CANNIFTON ROAD CROSSING

Wellman Inquest Jury Recommend Flagman on Gates-Billboard Considered a Menace to Public Safety—Engine Crew Exonerated From Blame—The Evidence.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Deep interest was manifested last night in the inquest at the police station into the G.T.R. Cannifton Road crossing fatality of Saturday afternoon last, in which Charles Wellman of Theow lost his life and his wife was very seriously injured. Evidence was given by railway employees and by citizens, who conflicted on the points of the speed of the eastbound flyer No. 14 and of the ringing of the crossing bell. After the evidence had all been submitted, the jury were not long in reaching their verdict. After the statement that Wellman was struck by the train in question, the finding read:

"The evidence though somewhat conflicting would indicate that the train hands used all necessary precautions and did everything in their power to avert an accident.

"In our opinion the billboards referred to in the evidence are a menace to the travelling public.

"We would recommend that the Grand Trunk Railway either have a flag man stationed at the crossing or have gates provided as we consider the present bell inadequate."

James Murray, brakeman for the past fifteen years, testified that he was on train No. 14 eastbound on Saturday. The baggage man told him someone was hurt. He personally saw nothing of the accident. On his approach to the station after being called in from flagging he saw a pair of sleighs.

Mr. Shorey—Witness did not know how far the electric connections were made west of the alarm bell.

Mr. Carraw—The train when it began to whistle was moving perhaps twelve miles per hour.

General Marshall, employee of the G.T.R. for eleven years as train baggage man, testified as to the sudden stop of the train east of the crossing. He looked back and saw a team trotting up the road and some people around some sleighs in the track. The train of six coaches and the baggage car was stopped in less than its length.

"When we struck the crossing, we must have been going 20 miles per hour." There is no attempt to make up speed in the yard. Witness heard whistle and train bell ringing and after the train was stopped, the alarm bell was ringing.

He received the injured couple into his car and they were brought to the station. The man was breathing at first, but died in the car. The woman could only ask what had happened.

Mr. Shorey—Any one near the track would only have a few seconds warning by the whistle.

Sidney Thompson, conductor, testified that he was due at 11:51 at Trenton, but the train did not reach Trenton until 12:15. About fifteen minutes later Cannifton crossing was reached. He heard the engineer give the signals at the five crossings. When the train stopped, he got off at the parlor car, the fifth car back and went west. Part of the last car was west of the crossing. He saw the lady supported by some one. He saw the man down the embankment, where a young doctor was giving first aid. As both were alive, he had the train backed up and they were put aboard.

The woman was between the rails of the westbound track. The man was 50 feet further east and north. The conveyance was badly smashed up. The people had been thrown in a north east direction.

"We had gained 2 minutes coming from Trenton." The speed was about 17 miles per hour at the time of the accident.

Mr. Shorey—The "running" was done between scotchmen. The train slowed down when coming into the city. There is no speed limit in the yard.

John Johnson, engineer, said he had been in the service of the railway for 42 years. He was on engine No. 190. He started from the Union Station

Toronto 48 minutes late. The train should leave Toronto at 9:00 a.m. and arrive in Belleville at 12:11.

He first scanded the station whistle one long whistle, and his next duty was to sound the crossing whistles (two long and two short). He gave one long whistle between the overhead bridges and began reducing the speed at the college overhead bridge. Then he made the second application of the brake when he was midway between College street bridge and the river bridge. He gave the necessary signals in approaching the station.

The first he saw of any danger was when the team was coming up on to the crossing. The engine was then 30 or 40 feet west of the crossing planks. The man made no effort to pull back his team. The left side of the cow-catcher struck pretty near the center of the sleigh. The man did not know the train was coming. He could not have heard the whistles or he would not have driven up. He was wrapped up. He was sitting on the right side of the sleigh. Neither occupant seemed to know of the presence of the train. When he threw the brake into emergency he was not going over 12 to 15 miles per hour. He could not have seen the train when it was on the crossing. He stopped the train within the length.

He knew no cause for the accident. The team was under control. Only great carelessness on the part of the deceased would explain the accident.

BILLBOARDS BLOCK LIGHT.

The billboards would prevent any one seeing the approaching train, it prevents the engineer seeing a team coming up the approach.

When he saw the team, he did not whistle because he had no time to do that, but he took the only precaution of throwing the emergency brakes on. "You can't see through that board fence," stated the witness to a juror. If those boards were down, a person would have a chance to see up the track for some distance. The billboards are on private property and are close up to the railway property.

To Mr. Shorey—The crossing bell is set to ring when a train is about a quarter of a mile west of the Cannifton Road. He blew for Cannifton crossing about four hundred yards west of it. He was going about 18 miles per hour.

The man and woman were about 20 feet away from the crossing when he first saw them.

All the whistling in the world would not have prevented the accident.

Dr. W. J. Gibson testified that he saw the man in the men's waiting room. The man was dead. The woman was lying in the women's waiting room. She was complaining of pains in the back and legs. She was hurried to the hospital. An examination showed a fracture of the pelvis.

She is somewhat better. There is a possibility of her recovery although it may take months before she is able to walk. She made no statement as to the cause of the accident. She is a woman of between 35 and 40 years of age.

"Those billboards should never have been allowed in a civilized community. They obstruct the view absolutely."

To Mr. Shorey—The bell always seems to be working, although it had been heard at times when no train was visible west of the crossing.

Mrs. Minnie Hill, who lives at the Cannifton crossing in the first house on the east side across the track and her widow faces the track. The first thing she remarked was the noise of the train coming. She was expecting a nephew. She went to the window, moved away and later returned. She did not see the train strike the sleigh, but saw the people thrown into the air with the sticks flying about and the horses dashing away.

Her attention was first attracted by the ringing of the crossing bell, William Henry Doran, fireman on the train, had his first intimation of trouble when the engineer put on the emergency about a car length west of the crossing. Witness was ringing the bell. He noticed the team appear on the left side of the engine and then the people flying towards the ditch. He thought the train was going about ten or twelve miles per hour.

The engineer whistled for the Cannifton Road crossing just across the river bridge.

Mrs. James Little who resides near the crossing, said the train was coming in pretty fast. When it got to the crossing, she saw the sleigh with the man and woman in it. They were hurled out. The witness ran to the door but her son did not want her to go

to the track. The man and woman did not appear to have any idea of the train's approach. She heard the whistles on the west side of the river bridge, but none after the train left the pump house.

The billboards prevent the public from seeing the track. One billboard is in her yard.

Mrs. Sarah Keller, mother of Mrs. Little was visiting her daughter. She saw the train approaching, but did not see the accident.

When she went out, the train was all east of the crossing. It later backed up. The injured woman lay where the cattle guards are. Witness did not hear the crossing bell until the men came and fixed it.

Witness had been a fly caught several times on the crossing, by reason of the bill boards.

The train was coming in very fast. To Mr. Shorey—The men were fixing the bell inside one hour after the accident. Then it rang. She was at the crossing that did not hear it ringing at the time of the accident.

Edward Balemam, switchman at the west end shanty, about 215 yards east of the crossing, heard the semaphore and crossing whistles. He saw the train coming, and the farmer trotted his horses right up to the crossing. The woman was found lying 23 feet from the crossing. The bell on the engine and the crossing bell were ringing.

As far as he could see the billboards obstructed the view.

R. Stanley, jr. took charge of the horses after the accident.

Walter Brown, of Messrs. Tiesckel and Sons Company told the jury of the removal of the body of deceased.

Alfred Horn of Thurlow testified that the team driven by Wellman was a quiet one.

The billboards impede the view of the track.

The crossing bell was not ringing while No. 14 was still on the track. He heard two or three remark that it was not ringing.

Mr. T. H. Coppin, said the bell was connected up about 1600 feet west of the crossing.

Coroner Boyce in addressing the jury said the evidence apparently advised that the men in charge took every precaution for protection of the passengers and travelling public. Perhaps the Cannifton Road crossing is more dangerous than any other in the city owing to the heavy road traffic and the proximity of the station.

It is a question whether the automatic bell provides sufficient protection. Even if the public is careless, why should not they be made to protect themselves? It seems as if it would be in the public safety if a person were stationed there. The billboards were objective evidence, that they were obstructions to the view.

He gathered that the duty of the train crew was to keep a clear lookout straight ahead, and not be looking up side roads.

Mr. Pratt of Montreal was present in the interests of the G.T.R. Mr. W. D. M. Shorey for the relatives of the late Chas. Wellman. Crown Attorney Carnew conducted the examination of the witnesses.

Sidney Tp. Council.

The following persons duly elected (by acclamation) filed their declarations of qualification and declaration of office with the clerk and took their seats in council:

Chas. Ketcheson, Reeve; John W. Hess, Deputy Reeve; Harry L. Ketcheson, Merritt Finkle, Wm. A. Reid, Councilors.

A letter was read from the Sick Children's Hospital, Toronto, requesting a grant.

Moved by John W. Hess, seconded by Merritt Finkle:

That a grant of five dollars be made to the hospital of Sick Children, Toronto.—Carried.

A letter was read from Mr. S. Howells, manager of the Molsons Bank, Frankford thanking council for the township account and requesting a continuance of the same.

Moved by Harry L. Ketcheson, seconded by John W. Hess:

That the township account be left with the Molsons Bank, Frankford for the year 1916.—Carried.

Moved by W. A. Reid, seconded by Merritt Finkle:

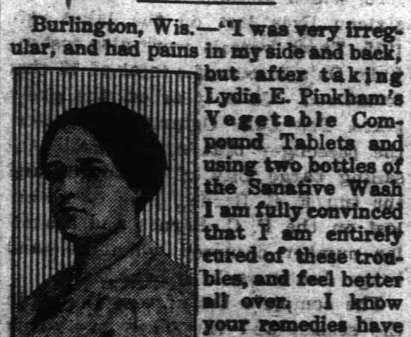
That the following accounts be paid—Morton & Herity (printing) \$7.50; Tickell & Sons Co. (102 folding chairs for Town Hall) \$86.70; The Municipal World (account 40c, 7 subscriptions \$5.70) \$6.15; W. H. Nobes (grocs. for Geo. Carr) \$1.95; John Kiernan (rent for spring 1916) \$1.00; J. G. Shaw \$1.70; Treasurer (war tax on cheques) \$2.80.—Carried.

The following By-Laws were passed through their various stages, signed, sealed and numbered 676, 677, and 678.

Three Rivers, Que., Jan. 11—Voting on prohibition in Three Rivers parish, which consists of the Banlieu, Ste. Marguerite and Forges Road, took place today, the result being one hundred votes in favor and three against prohibition.

PAINS IN SIDE AND BACK

How Mrs. Kelly Suffered and How She was Cured.



Burlington, Wis.—"I was very irregular, and had pains in my side and back, but after taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets and using two bottles of the Sassafras Wash I am fully convinced that I am entirely cured of these troubles, and feel better all over. I know your remedies have done me worlds of good and I hope every suffering woman will give them a trial."—Mrs. ANNA KELLY, 710 Chestnut Street, Burlington, Wis.

The many convincing testimonials constantly published in the newspapers ought to be proof enough to women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they need.

This good old root and herb remedy has proved unequalled for these dreadful ills; it contains what is needed to restore woman's health and strength.

If there is any peculiarity in your case requiring special advice, write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for free advice.

634 consecutively.

A By-Law appointing Township Assessors for 1916. Thomas H. Ketcheson and Wm. J. Gallagher appointed Assessors.

A By-Law appointing a Medical Officer of Health and Sanitary Inspector and to fix their salaries, also appointing a member of the Local Board of Health.

Chas. Ketcheson, chairman B. of H. Dr. H. V. Malone, Medical Officer of Health, Robt. Armstrong, member of B. of H., Wm. H. Weese, sanitary inspector and A. M. Chapman, secretary.

A By-Law appointing Township Auditors for 1916. Clem. H. Ketcheson and Walter Boardman, auditors.

Moved by Merritt Finkle, seconded by W. A. Reid:

That the 80th Battalion for Overseas, be granted One Hundred Dollars as a contribution towards a regimental fund to be paid to Colonel Wm. George Ketcheson, colonial commanding 80th Bn. C. E. F.—Carried.

Moved by W. A. Reid, seconded by Harry L. Ketcheson:

That the Reeve be authorized to give an order on the Treasurer for any money required to be advanced to the Road Supt. for road purposes to the extent of \$300.00.—Carried.

Moved by John W. Hess, seconded by W. A. Reid:

That Council now adjourn until Monday March 27th, at 10 a.m.—Carried.

Kingston to Ask Seymour Company For Power

The Utilities Commission at its inaugural meeting yesterday afternoon at which T. J. Rigney was re-elected chairman and commissioners Richardson and Elliott were installed, took an interesting stand regarding the solution of the power question. All were agreed that cheap power was one of the most important essentials for industrial development. The matter was brought up by Commissioner Elliott who submitted a resolution asking that the Seymour Power Company be asked to quote rates and terms on a contract to supply power for Kingston for a number of years. He reported the dropping of negotiations with the Hydro-Electric Commission because of Sir Adam Beck's statement that Kingston could not expect any relief from the Commission but did not oppose the commission's move to also ask the Hydro-Electric Commission for a definite statement, along with the request for terms and rates from the Seymour people.—Standard.

Carry Local Option.

Montreal, Jan. 11—The ratepayers of the town of Sorel, Que., voted in favor of prohibition today by a majority of 522, but by a judgment of Mr. Justice Chabonneau in the Superior Court, the prohibition law shall not take effect until judgment has been rendered in an action taken by Oneisme Valois in behalf of the Licensed Victuallers' Association, attacking the constitutionality of the Provincial law.

39th Soldier Killed.

Word has reached Belleville General Hospital of the death of William Martin, a young soldier of the 39th (Base) Battalion. Martin was killed in action last spring and summer. He was a patient at the hospital for a short time. His home was in Galt.

Married

On Jan. 11th, at the parsonage, Foxboro, Mrs. Matilda Jane Faulkner, of Halloway and Mr. Samuel Hawley Wright of Sidney, by the Rev. W. W. Jones.

Laid to Rest

The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine Barrett took place this morning from the residence of her son, Mr. John Barrett, Foster Ave., St. Michael's church. Rev. Father Killean conducted a solemn mass at

Mr. Flavelle

Again on the Job

Toronto Telegram: Chairman Flavelle, of the Ontario License Board was back on the job this morning, after having been laid up for a week with a fractured rib.

"Worth a dozen dead men" laughed Mr. Flavelle.

Tonight the Board leaves for Ottawa minus Mr. Ayeckst who is confined to his home with grip. As the result of the vote in Ottawa, the liquor licenses have to be reduced. The Board must cut off 35 licenses, and the session will take at least a week. It is one of the biggest jobs which the commission has been called on to deal with since its appointment.

VIGOROUS ACTION

While in Ottawa the Board will hear charges against the management of Mrs. Duffy's liquor store at Cornwall and the Palace Hotel at Smith's Falls. It is alleged that after being warned, Manager Frederick, who runs Mrs. Duffy's store, sold over seven dollars' worth of whiskey to a disreputable character, who in turn sold it to an Indian. Both the Indian and the bootlegger were given terms in jail, and now the License Board is after the liquor store. It is charged that the Palace Hotel at Smith's Falls broke the law regarding the hours of sale to soldiers.

License Commissioners Dane and Ingram, told a story Monday of how, while they were in Burlington last week, they took personal charge of the rounding up of the proprietors of a blind pig. Their visit to the town was on quite another matter, but hearing they were there, the local constable came to them asking what to do about the establishment in question. He was uncertain what steps to take.

Inspector John Sturdy, of Hamilton, was present with the members of the commission, and they asked him to go and assist the constable in the "job."

Twenty minutes later the pair came back with the proprietor and his wife, announcing that things had been cleaned up.

"This is the first I've heard of it," protested Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman of the commission.

"When the cat's away the mice will play," was the explanation Mr. Dane offered.

German Army Entering Period of Exhaustion

General Joffre Declares in Letter to Friends That the Signs of Weakening Unmistakable.

Paris, Jan. 12—A dispatch to the Matin from Athens says that the Paris prints statement made by General Joffre to M. Fourgeres, director of the French school at Athens in which General Joffre said:

"We have every reason to be sure of final victory. We are beginning to get proofs which show beyond all doubt that German power is waning. The signs are such as cannot be mistaken by competent persons.

These signs and proofs relate more particularly to the morale of the German army. The quality and material condition of the troops permit us to conclude that our enemy is now entering upon a period of exhaustion. Germany is beginning to wear out. The fact is certain, but of course it does not mean that she is already worn out and we still have a great effort to make. But with the admirable endurance of our army and the perseverance of the whole French nation and of our allies we are sure of a final triumph."

FOXBORO.

Some of our farmers have been busy cutting ice, thickness 14 inches. Miss Flora Wootton, Belleville, returned home on Tuesday, after spending a few days with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Wickett.

Miss Verena Derry spent Sunday with her friend Miss Mabel Bird.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Davis and girls spent Thursday with the former's mother, Mrs. Davis of Madoc Jct.

Miss Sarah Kilpatrick returned home last week after visiting her sister Mrs. Downey, Thomasburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Cooke and Vera spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. A. Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gowsell jr. and baby spent Sunday with the former's parents Mr. and Mrs. Will Gowsell.

The buzz of the sawing machine is heard in our vicinity.

Mr. A. Bailey has been confined to the house with the la grippe.

Mrs. C. C. Davis and daughter Helen and Stella also Mr. Clarence Lang spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. James Stewart.

Mrs. E. Irvine visited her parents on Wednesday at Madoc Jct.

Mrs. Will owell called at the home of Mrs. A. Bailey on Tuesday afternoon.

The United States bureau of standards has developed a thermo-electric test for the purity of platinum.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchcock* Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**
THE CHATELAIN COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Royal Purple Specifics
NOT A DOPE
It is purely and simply a digester and a blood purifier. It is an able assistant in creating efficiency in the herd-flock or in working horses.
Royal Purple Stock Specific. Royal Purple Poultry Specific.
Royal Purple Lice Killer. Royal Purple Cough Remedy.
Royal Purple Disinfectant.

The Hanley-Netterville Co.
329 Front Street, Belleville. District Distributors

Sheboygan Sleigh
Knuckle Knee Sheboygan Sleighs are the easiest running Sleighs in the market—as each runner adjusts itself to the unevenness of the road.
STYLISH CUTTERS AND LIGHT DELIVERY BOB-SLEIGHS
A few Auto Seat Buggies and Demo Wagons for Sale at Cost
The Finnegan Carriage & Wagon Co.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

FARMS
Prince Edward or Hastings)
CEO. W. ANDERSON
Office Over Dominion Bank, Belleville

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The funeral of the late Mrs. Catherine Barrett took place this morning from the residence of her son, Mr. John Barrett, Foster Ave., St. Michael's church. Rev. Father Killean conducted a solemn mass at

CURES CATARRH, BRONCHITIS BY SWIFT CERTAIN METHOD.
Thousands of drug fiends have been started on their downward course through catarrh snuffs containing some habit forming drug. If you suffer from a cold, sneezing or catarrh—don't use a snuff—use a sensible treatment like Catarrhosone. It heals and soothes, brings relief at once, cures thoroughly. In bronchitis and throat trouble no doctor can be better than prescribe Catarrhosone. Try it—see what wonders it works—what power it possesses. Different from the old way—your inhale Catarrhosone. Get the dollar outfit which included the inhaler and is guaranteed. Smaller sizes 50c; sample size 25c, at all dealers.

Don't Forget—
that when constipation, biliousness or indigestion is neglected, it may cause a serious illness. Act upon the first symptom—keep your digestive organs in good order by the timely use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS
Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

ESTABLISHED THE HANLEY-NETTERVILLE CO. This Year But Conservative Draw

The ancient County of twenty-eight wards, the wardens, servatives altertain harmony discarded on the opening of On a straight H. Nugent, Co. Wollaston; was through last year chair was also debate on the and a half.

When Count A. M. Chapman asked the right for nomination.

The Liberals have the words G. Hill's dignity through it was to be elected owing having beauty Mr. J. V. Walsh Vermlen.

The twenty ter a strenuous aspirations of W. H. Rawdon with W. H. Nugent of choice. He was Monday morning so the following is as follows:

N. Vermlen, J. G. Sills, P. McLaren, J. V. Walsh, J. H. Clark, J. L. Newton, U. E. Hubbell, J. A. Stewart, G. E. Tufts, G. E. Laycock, Com. C. H. Ketcheson, J. W. Hess, S. T. Montgomerie, E. W. Hawk, W. J. Jeffrey, S. Fox, M. C. Thompson, J. Moore, E. J. A. Gunter, J. T. Turiff, D. C. T. H. Jord, J. Green, B. F. White, M. Wollaston, W. E. J. Brinkley, R. P. Coulters, S. B. Rollins, R. P. Gray, T. Naylor, D. T. Walker, I.

"I am afraid what is progress," said Mr. Germanic spirit for some time right. The Co. fruits. Then a Liberals appoint nine years.

But this don progressive. In Liberals and 14 Council. He had the warden be tice alternately.

"What the n to kick the mit impossible for Last year the F five conservativ at. All the went to the co

"We may ha dose, but we teract spirit. won't be resent show a genero harmony. But it.

"I do like t of the acts of to see the truth here.

"You break generous condit ed in this cou

"There is a I hope that all