# FARMERSADvocate AND HOME JOURNAL 

the only weekly acricultural paper in western canada

| November 27,1007 | eg mantob | vol xtu. no. |
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all. To-day American agricultural colleges are
reaching hundreds where a decade ago they di not reach tens. They have extended their sphere and carried their work to thousands who never saw the outside of their walls. And their extern sion will be carried still further. Ultimately poses as an educational institution. There will be more professors lecturing to outside classes in every college in ten years than now form the ted possibilities for the men who are now direct ing college extension work among the farmers of this continent, as well are there possibilities for those who are directing the institutes' affairs cultural community when the two forces are one in organization as in purpose
A unification of interests such as this is bound to come. The difficulty that will arise will be the procuring of men fair and large minded enough to direct the work of the amalgamated organizations without unduly favoring either. The average college principal of the present day placed in such a position, would be inclined to touch, and thus the real scope of the institute work be lessened as we know in some instances by such arrangement it has been. But despite these drawbacks, which are more in the men than in the principle of the thing, the closer union of the college and institute has much t commend it and it will be a fortunate thing for Closer bond is drawn between the two.

## The Money Stringency Again

## Editor Farmer's Advocate

In your issue of November 6th I notice claim is made that the chief cause of the tightness of the money market lies in the movement of a New York, for the purpose of relieving the pres sure in the financial vortex of the continent It strikes me that this statement is rather broad. Money is a fluid commodity, it moves naturally towards those centres where the demand is great est, and the recent trouble from New York has brought gold from England and from the Cont nent to relieve the situation. If your statement were true the financial stringency all over America must be due to local causes. It's a brilliant theory: Canada suffers because the bankers lend forward gold to San Francisco and "Frisco" because her moneyed men ship the yellow metal to Chicago. Before we go any further, would it not be better to stop and find a solution that has broader basis of thought.
All wealth comes from land. We have good times when the amount of wealth actually protrial and commercial life of the country. Now we have had a period during which agriculture, Railroads and manufacturing have used up a tremendous amount of capital. Any derived
industry, during a period of prosperity makes more rap il progress than a basic industry such as can never luce ow thoroughly organized as,
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the trust mana ont indigence of the trust mana
the capitalistic oren lousiness of
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the further expansion until production has again. wi values brim. This mall be when land egestion that it holds a meas
$\square$ HORSE

Lameness in Horses.
Ring one king one
situated be ne is a term applied to a bony deposit The deposit may encircle the whole limb or may be noticeable only on one or both sides, or in front only, but is called ringtone in all cases.
Ringtone is of two kinds, true and false. False ringtone is an exostosis (a bony growth) on the bone between the fetlock and pastern joint, but does not involve either joint, and does not cause menes except in very rare cases, when it is very arge. Some consider that it does not constitute unsoundness, but, as there is a danger of the think a horse affected should be considered unsound.
True ringtone is one in which either the coffin pastern joint, or both, are involved. When he coffin joint is diseased, it is called low ring bone, and when the pastern is the seat, high ring By involving the articulations, these cases, incurable lameness. Ringtones, whether high or low vary greatly in size but the degree lameness is not by any means indicated by the
Size. An animal with but a small deposit may go very lame, while another with a large growth may show little -lameness.
Causes.-In most cases there is an hereditary predisposition, and if the pedigree of the animal affected can be traced back for several generations will generally be found that an ancestor, more or less remote, suffered from the disease. It is gression. By this means inflammation is set in the inner (called the cancellated tissue) structare of the bone. This extends and involves the outer structure (called the compact tissue); an exudate is thrown out which becomes converted into bone, causing the visible enlargements. When of the bones is destroyed, and this causes ends lameness. While it is doubtless possible acute ringbone to result from an external injury, as a kick, blow, etc., it is very seldom such occurs.
Symptoms. -In the majority of cases lameness is irregular, very acute occasionally, not well in the early stages, but as the disease advances and the joint or joints become more thoroughly involved, lameness becomes permane thoroughly r less acute. In cases where the coffle joint which is situated within the hoof) is diseased, time before often apparent for a considerable there is no visible enlargement until it extends up he pastern bone and shows above the hoof. Lameness from this cause is often hard to diagnose as there is no visible cause; but the enlargement will soon became apparent, when the diagnosis
De control.

The somewhat common ilea that ring The somewhat common idea that ringtone is due to the presence of some abnormal organ or of this, by cutting into the fetlock acting out a small quantity of fat or other tissue, is, of course, totally without foundation. Ringin bone, and while it involves and in many cases destroys other tissue, it is essentially a bone discase. and should be treated as such.
The inflammatory action continues, and the The inflammatory action continues, and the
exudate thrown out becomes ossified (converted int. Th. When the articular cartilage of a

mont. Treatment should be directed to so long as this is not complete lameness will be shown. This is done by counter irritation, in superficial irritation, increases the internal inflamemotion, and thereby hastens the subsidence of the same. In quite young animals repeated blisterings may effect a cure, but in the majority cases it is better to fire and blister at once. often noticed that the patient will continue to go lame for a considerable time, sometimes for eight or ten months or even longer, after the operation as the process mentioned is often slow. When a months, it is well to fire again, and if this fails to effect a cure, we may decide that the case is incurs by and the only means of removing the lameness in the operation of neurotomy, which consists ppernoving the nerve supply to the foot. This ian. It danes be ere the disease a curinarlameness by removing sensation. As the process of decay and repair goes on in the foot after the operation, and the animal will not show any symptoms of pain, and hence is liable to become totally useless, from various causes, it is not conanimal is practically useless from severe lameness.
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radom a paper read before the veterinary There is no subject upon which there seems o be more diversity of opinion amongst horsemen than as to what constitutes "quality" in horse. It is a term in very common use, but mean ask a number of horsemen what they answers. One will say it means breeding; another conformation; another finish; another class ; another symmetry; another individu ality; another an accentuation of all fine points; another magnetism; another refinement of lines; these recognisable but indefinable and quexplain

The term "quality" is an abstract one in dicating a special attribute in an individual, just as being well bred, well conformed and possessing finish are attributes of some inquality", When one says that a horse has quality one means that he has a special with any or all af the others mentioned Of course there are varying degrees of "quality" so that the term can only be used in a com-
parative sense. In the light classes of horses it is very often used synonymously with breeding. Certainly the more warm blooded a horse possess; but one may take two equally wellbred thoroughbreds and find one showing evil quality the possession of a higher degree of quality than the other, so that breeding and quality signify the possession of symmetry rood conformation, finish or "class." A horse ty be defective in any or all of these respects, nd still possess a high degree of "quality." e may be fiddle-headed, lop-eared, ewe-necked, way-backed, flat-sided, slack-loined, cow-hocked Much confusion is caused by using , the term "quality"" synonymously with "class." Horses
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ultimately affect the market and induce and [In expressing the opinion that the removal confined should have a liberal allowance of maintain lower values in all grades. The selling of the embargo would be a boon to the Canadian green feed, which will alleviate to some extent of these kind of hogs at this time can be attributed cattle industry" we had a situation in mind the hardship of continued confinement. neither to a scarcity in the food supply nor to sumething like this: Canadian cattle three and required to be kept inside all the time a box stall over-production. There is plenty of feed in the directly off grass here, and have to be slaughtered his constitutional vigor, keep his system toned country and the supply of hogs was never more at port of entry. Now it is evident that if these up in the best form for making use of his feed or limited the farmers feeding fow hos posib the winter is the principle cause of the large number of this class of hogs now coming forward. While winter feeding has disadvantages, while it costs more, pound for pound, to produce pork at this season than it does in the summer winter, hog feeding possesses advantages enough to commend or it more consideration than it ordinarily receives. The hog business is going to become one of the most profitable side lines of agriculture in the West. We shall always have abundance of stuff for feeding purposes, we shall always be ble to secure a fair price for our product, providing such product conforms to what the market requircs. For this reason it is a mistake to run too many light hogs to market. While the trade can cunsume a small proportion of this kind, an over run has the effect of lowering values all around. There is hardly a farmer selling light stuff at present who could not just as well huld
his hogs over for two weeks or a month and thus bring them nearer the required weight for first grades. It would pay him to do so and would help the bacon hog industry of the West.

## Should I be a Mixed Farmer

Editor Farmer's Advocate:
I have now been a reader of your valuable and instructive paper for nearly three years and have ing and on the cattl: embargo in Great Britain. I am a farmer and a mixed farmer as far as I am able, but if the embargo is removed I must go back to wheat, and wheat alone.
These articles of yours ad vocate widely different and antagonistic practices. You advise me as a farmer to feed stock and thus improve the fertility of my land and incidentally to turn all waste products, such
into cash and manure
To the breeder of stock you advise shipping young stock to Great Britain, there to be finished breeder to ship to England, then it will not pay me to buy feeders, as I cannot get the same price for the finished article as the British feeder.
Perhaps you will say I should breed my own feeders. Well and good; suppose I start breeding embargo is removed it would pay me better to ship them as stockers to Enyland than to feed them myself. Them that way, then the prufitable is no obstruction to the Canadian farmer is no obstruction to the canadian farmer. To from fattening cattle. Dung from milk cows and young stuff is of comparatively little use Surely it is better to keep stock in this country
to be finished. What are we going to do with our screenings, frozen wheat, alfalfa, clover, etc., etc., if there is nothing to feed them to. A two-year-old Canadian steer would fetch
about $\$ 40.00$ on the English market. After deducting cost of transportation, commissions,
etc.. What is there left? About $\$ 15.00$. I fail I sum up thes and benefit. - Remove the
will not bene-
breeders will wreeders will
a little and his mind to

## Experiences with Preston Wheat.

 "New Comer's" request for the publication ofxperiences with Preston wheat has been met with explicit response. The harvest is over and those who had sown Preston wheat have good reason oo congratulate themselves. This is the year in mind when they said there were seasons when an early variety would mean millions of whellars of a saving to the country. The country is learning how great the saving might have been and how great the loss by growing a later variety actually is. The perusal of the following letters will give one a pretty good idea of the relative values of Fyfe and Preston this year. There is the question still unanswered, however, and that is, can Preston as it has done since its quite general adoption. That is, is the type so firmiy the quality that it now possesses. New varieties and breeds frequently degenerate in becoming adapted to various conditions. There is evidence, however, that Preston wheat can be handled in
such a way and is being handled by careful such a way and is being handled by careful
growers so that its best characteristics will become more firmly fixed each year. Frnm be a great wonder if there is not a wild rush to secure all the clean plump Preston available for seed. In such seasons as this, seed of an early variety would have been worth a lot more money men are willing to take a chance on not having such a season again for many years.

## Editor Farmer’s Advocate

New Comer requests information on Preston. This year has been a bad year for grain growers but those who took my advice to prerare for late succeeded in having a fair cample of grain for seed and for sale. My best Preston is a good sample, grades three northern and weighs upwards of sixty pounds per bushel. Red Fyfe sown side by side with Preston on the same kind of land and on the same day grades No. six northern,
weight fifty-four pounds per bushel. A test plot of Presten sown on the 31st of May (a menth later) grades No. fer northern and weishs grown side by side of Preston was frozen. The Preston escaped frost, but the beards were put in Preston in place of Red Fyfe, they would have been thousands of dollars in pocket, instead of having a lot of feed, and no seed, except frozen grain for next year. One of my neighbors told med he had lost a thousand dollars by putting in fit for seed is his plot of Preston. My experience with Red Fyfe has convinced me that my land is not adapted for it: that Preston gives the best results both in yield and earliness, and is a crop
that never fails. I have grown Preston for ten years and have never had frozen or smutty grain till this year. A part of the crop this season
was cut after a severe frost and of course is frozen, but it is good plumpp grain fit for seed is not a soft wheat, it yields greater than Red

Fyfe. It has given the best results at Brandon, 25th. The soil was breaking and stubble plow-hity-two bushels to the acre, and at Indian Head ing, the season unfavorable. On september The millers may prefer Fyfe in this country but frost came on the 12 th and cutting was finished in England they prefer the early varieties. The on the 18th. The yield was twelve bushel as Ren commands the same price on the market to the acre, the Preston went four northern an
for seed than any growers of Red Fyfe are making enquiries about can grow rather than by what variety we wish for. when whonday and believe the time is very near Fruit growing is precarious and the elimination of growing at least a part Preston in order to be determined when I write that, how much can secure them against absolute failure. Dr. Saun- tion not five per cent. of wheat in this township ders says the difference between Red Fyfe and will grade. The early cutting of Preston gives us Preston is not worth consideration. If the flour the first threshing, first cars, first market and it the two wheats were examined by experts some three weeks longer for fall work.
whould he difficult to tell the difference between As to millers' grades, I mention the opinion that tion given by these me guided Experimental as these gentiemen are buyers (who charge us one arm who are men of wide experience and who cent per bushel for their kindness) they are not have tested and tried those wheats under various They are self interested the merits of wheat. West ${ }^{\text {ondions and who have visited most parts of the 'tis naught and on their way and boaugh, }, ~}$ West and know what is most suitable for each Millers object to White Fyfe, yet the chemit. and will Preston has a great future before it, the Central Experimental farm reports quite as Moffat, Sask. Major F. Coles. Major F. Coles.

## Editor Farmer's Advocate

in respunse to your invitation and your corres mondent in issue November 6th, signature "New f the ADVoc.ate that may be interested in the question of Prestun wheat I will give you my experiences.
In the spring of 1905 received from the Ceniral Experimental farm, a five pound sample about two acres, and it was put in the following slring, 1906. The yield from that again produced sufficient to seed this last spring about twenty seven actes on a held of elghty acres, all breaking and second crop about equal proportions-the Fife We med $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{d} y}$, the Preston wheat the first day as far as it would go, the balance of the field as quick as we could sow it. Preston was ready and we began menced to suptember 4tember 17 th and rather green at that. Coming down to the threshing best Preston yielded 21 bushels or a fraction yielded acrection ever twenty bushels per, Fyfe Preston grading No. two northern; Fyfe grading No. four northern. I submit these facts without any persunal comment. Your readers can make interested and having the opportunity to do so can make their axn comparison of samples I am Franklin


Editor Farmer's Advocate
A "New Comer", in your issue of the 6th inst enquires as to the merits of Preston wheat and I sowed one hundred and fifty acres of this wariuty Seeding commenced Mav 13 th and finished Ma
favorable a quality of flcur as that from Red Fyfe. A blister on the bran of wheat at once degrades the sample, even though the grain is purchased for firur making. In short, the miller is on the alert for any signs that will enable him were submitted to millinge Peston and Fyfe and Minneapolis, and these gentlemen London in fayor of Fyfe by a forure so small as to be mellig bie. Preston is a new wheat that is susceptible improvement by any intelligent farmer
the average yield of Preston, from results $f$ nined at all experimental farms for a period verages thirty-three bushels and sevene period What difference would it have made to formers ris year had all sown Preston in place of Fife? grure it out. Whilst some farmers of the West Red raise a monument to the originato Rep of grain and other Preston growers have a testimony to the skill of the originator, Chas. E. unders. Ph. D.
Bladworth, Sask. Wm. H. Ramsay
editor Farmers Advocate
The article "Experience with Preston Wheat anted in the issue of November 6th hits me Preston wheater spot, as I am a firm believer in which I got from Brandon. From this I threshed hirty-two bushels. It lacked one bushel (on the It matured four forty-seven bushels to the acre tear I sowed Precton altogether with result thi I have no frosted wheat. Where this wheat is sold on the market there are very few buyer ho know the diferctice between it and Fyfe, and as to the hardness of it I doubt if there is difference enough il, Wean between Preston and Red Fyo, to notice. When Preston Wheat i have not seen much of it. I had a small piece of summer-fallow that ran up near thirty this year have a nerghbor who sowed one hundred acre of Preston and one hundred acres of Red Fyfe and the latter standing uncut when the frost came. One great advantage is the early matur ing; it gets the threshing over a week or ten day warm, because the weather as and $t$ wice as many later on. I believe in a few year Preston will class with Red Fyfe. Last year my Preston graded one northern and none of the Red Fyfe right here amongst my neighbors beat it

Motors Ready
Uutivo of the Univerat Mator ca.
 fith to the effect that as yet there are no light
mosors on the Canacian market. Strong claims mone made for the Cniversal Motor, which, if sub-
are we shall see this machine solving one of the
most vexing probiems of the day. We shall wait anxicusly the advent of this or any other motor

## Results of Tests at Indian Head.

Below we are able to give the results of uniform Clifford
tests of different varieties of field crops at the Indian Canadian Thorpe Head experimental farm. A study of this table in Sidney.
connection with that of the Brandon farm yield connection with that of the Brandon farm yield Beaver.
published two weeks ago should prove interesting Dunham published two weeks ago should prove interesting
and instructive.
Wheat. Uniform Test.


| Marquis B <br> Colorado <br> Preston A <br> Bishop, <br> Pringle's Champl <br> Percy A <br> Huron. <br> Stanley A. <br> Chelsea. <br> Harrison Bearded <br> Riga. <br> White Fife <br> Red Fern. <br> White Russian <br> Gatineau. <br> White Hungarian <br> Bobs. |
| :---: |

Red Fife H
Sown May

## Goose.... <br> Mellow Char Mahmoudi..



Emmer \& Spelt. Uniform Test,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Prince. } \\
& \text { Days to Bu. lbs. } \\
& \text { Watcons } \\
& \text { mature. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Sown May 13.
Common Emmer
White Spelt.
oats Uniform Test.
Sown May 14.
Sensation
Columbus
Swedish Select
Danish Island.
Improved Ligow
Golden Beauty.
Irish Victor
Bavarian.
Improved American
Thousand Dollar
20th Cent ury
Goldfinder.
Golden Flecee
Virginia White
Siberian
Lincoln....
American Triumph
Oolden Giant
Pioncer.........
Abundance.
Milford White
Joanctte.....
Black Beaut
Storm King
Kendal Black

| mature. |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\ldots$ | 134 | 31 | 40 |
| $\ldots$ | 134 | 31 | 40 |
| $\ldots$ | 136 | 29 | 20 |
| $\cdots$ | 135 | 25 | 40 |
| $\cdots$ | 136 | 25 | 20 |


| Days to mature | Bu. 1bs. per acre |  | Bu .1 bs per acre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 111 | $53 \quad 36$ | Early Envoy | 378 |
| 112 | 5132 | American Wonder | 371 |
| 105 | 5030 | Canadian Beauty. | 363 |
| 116 | 4816 | Early White Prize. | 360 |
| 113 | 48 1fi | Country Gentleman | 345 |
| 116 | 3612 | Holborn Abundance | 336 |
|  |  | Rochester Rose | 334 |
|  |  | Vick's Extra Early | 327 |
| Head. |  | Morgan's Seedling. | 323 |
| Days to | Bu. 1b | Late Puritan | 323 |
| mature. | per acre. | Dreer's Standard <br> Sabean's Elephant | 321 |
| 117 | 5140 | Bovee. | 308 |
| 120 | 51 | Money Maker | 308 |
| 121 | $49 \quad 20$ | Irish Cobbler | 294 |
| 123 | $48 \quad 40$ | Early Rose | 275 |
| 118 | 48 | State of Maine | 248 |
| 120 | 4740 | Dalmeny Beauty | 235 |
| 122 | 4720 | Maule's Thoro'bred | 167 |
| 124 | 4540 | Dooley |  |
| 121 | 45 |  |  |
| 125 | 43 4v |  |  |
| 124 | 4320 | Turnips. Uniform Test. |  |
| 125 | ${ }_{39}^{40} 40$ | Sown May 27; taken up Oct. 9. |  |
| 120 | 3940 | Sow May 27, taken Oet. | per acre. |
| 123 | 38 | Hartley's Bronze | 31832 |
| 120 | 3820 | Good Luck | 281288 |
| 123 | 38 | Mammoth Clyde | 271440 |
| 121 | 3720 | Halewood's Bronze Top | 251084 |
| 119 | 36 | Skirving's...... | 25424 |
| 119 | 33 | Hall's Westbury | 25 |
|  |  | Perfection | 231124 |
|  |  | Bangholm Selected | 221012 |
|  |  | Kangaroo | 211956 |
| Green | Fodder. | Carter's Elephant | 21768 |
|  | Tons lbs. | Jumbo. | 201448 |


| per | acre. Magnum Bonum............. |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| .13 | 1170 |  |  |
| 13 | 400 | Mangels. Uniform Test. |  |
| 13 | 400 | Sown May 27 taken up |  |

mature per acre North Dakota White...

| 129 | 2200 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 130 | 2020 |
| Giant Prol Cob Ensilage Ensilage |  |

Red Cob Ensilage.
Early Longfellow.
Early Longfello
King Philip...
Days to Bu. lbs. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Early Leaming..... }\end{aligned}$

Wood's Northern
Early Butler.....
Selected Leaming.
...........

Barley, Six-Rowrent
Sown May 14. Days to Bu.1bs
Blue Longhead $\ldots \ldots . .105$
Oderbruch
Yale.
Argyle
Claude
Mensury
Trooper
Suger
Stella.
Albert
Champion.
Summit.
Barley. Two-Rown I:
latrise
Sitam inal wimer
cum

Does Slop Feeding Increase the Milk Flow?
It is frequently asserted that sloppy feeds in crease the milk flow and, because of this, farmers keeping one or two cows sometimes go to the
trouble of steeping or scalding the concentrates trouble of steeping or scalding the concentrates feed, the bran, shorts or other grain chops, unde the impressing value the ration. This is especially the case with bran. Some of the reasons given for the practice are that it increases the succulence of the diet in winter feeding, that the cows can eat it more readily, that it is more palatable
that the moistening or scalding brings the that the moistening or scalding brings the
nutritious materials which the stuff contains into a form in which larger proportions of them are rendered available to the animal. There is little in the argument that succulence is added to the diet by slops. As well reason that the the feed which it undoubtedly does. A succulent feeding stuff is one full of juice such as roots or silage, not one to which water has been added. It is quite true that cows can eat sloppy foods more quickly than dry but too often such feed is simply bolted down "ithout chewing and the full value is not gotten from it. It may be more palatable but it is just possible that cows not have seen cows refuse to eat slop but never remember seeing one refuse dry grain chop, As to increasing the availability of the nutritous ingredients by moistening or scalding, that idea has been pretty well exploded by our experimental stations, in numberless tests, made with all classes
of stock. Wetting the feed in practically all of stock. Wetting the feed in
cases decreased the yield of milk.
There are some serious objections to slop feeding aside from those mentioned. If fed in the mangers it is difficul, to keep them sweet and clean. If fed from pails considerable extra labor
is entailed. Some will claim that less feed is is entailed. Some will claim that less feed is feed around quite as much as they will dry. When everything is taken into account there is only one class of cows that could make better use
of wet feed than dry. These are old animals with poord than dry. These are old anticate their food. Few farmers keep such animals around them for ordinarily it does not pay to keep cows until they cannot chew any more. W. J. C.

The distance between the eyes should be wide that is, the animal should have a wide forehead that is, the animal should have a wide forehead. more in value in milk than it costs to keep ther nerve center. It is also desirable to have at tood prices for his to develop a ready market nerve center. It is also desirable to have at good prices, for his product. The records that these difings indi- dairymen, men who work at dairying as a business as the right kind of a The large and open
well developen nostri! is indicative of large pening to the lungs are large enough to permit abuncance of air to pass to the lungs to purify The wide
muzzle and mouth are also desi Since the mouth is the cavity through which the food must pass to the stomach, its size is more or ess indicative of the capacity of digestive organs. A large and powerful digestive tract is a prime In geation in all good dairy animals
arse general the head should be fine rather than coarse but revealing strength. An animal, as a
rule, with a coarse and heavy head has a body that is also coarse, and not possessing good dairy conformation. The coarse and heavy horn is also Farmers Gazette the same characteristics.-Th azette (British)

## A Very Personal Matter

In considering this subject some figures compiled by the New York Experiment Station from and thoroughly, are of much value for comparison. In arriving at these figures the price received for milk was placed at two and three-quarter cents per quart, which is more than farmers average twenty-five cents per pound, and cream at twenty ents per quart. They found that
In selling milk so as to make a clear profit o If
He same was made into butter, the profit In selling cheese so as to make a clear profit of $\$ 1.00$,
If the same was made into butter the profit
In selling cheese so as to make a clear profit of .00 ,
If the same was used to produce cream for sal In
In selling milk to make a clear profit of $\$ 1.00$, If the cream from the same was sold the prof vould be $\$ 3.66$.
From the above it will be observed that it is Feam which gives the greatest value to the product milk, as lots are, near the larger towns and chees factories, what might not be done in working up market for cream There are two
busines airymen, men who work at dairying as a business cows that are kept might do as much as is done now, or with very little care and attention twice the milk and butter might be made from the cow kept and the feed used. The other day a farmer I Winnipeg went to his neighbor and said I want to buy two of your good heifers. I am keeping a whole herd of cows over there and have reason to believe that two of your cows are giving milk with less work." Here was a man who had got the right idea of economy. Most people carry around the erroneous impression that the very heavy-milking, finely-bred cows, because they eat a lot and give a lot of milk use up a their profit. We have far too much of this sort of thing-of thinking that it doesn't pay to do of the loss one incurs by not doing things well Dairying has always proved the salvation of a failing agricultural community, but dairying maybe conducted upon various planes from ver bad to excellent. The latter is the most wort while.

## Beating Down Prices on Frozen Grain

There is good reason to believe that a lot of farmers are not getting market values for thei feed wheat. This is a case where supply and have set a price quite a good deal lower. In formation reaches us irom country points tha buyers are getting wheat for less than 30 cent per bushel that has a Fort William value of ove 50 cents, and in some cases the spread is even wider. To some wheat growers the local buye is the only source of information upon market conditions and despite the fact that there is ready, continuous sale for all grades of wheat at prices daily quoted, the local buyer succeed in convincing a lot of people that there is no allow a nominal price. Then the producer bein pressed by his creditors accepts the offer of, i many cases, less than one half the value of hi grain. This thing is going on right along des pite the fact that the country is full of paper quoting prices, that there are grain growers解 when he market prices.

What the Head of a Dairy Sire Reveals.

In studying dairy sires, we should be constantly on the lookout for indications which will reveal desirable characteristics. In the head are centered all the nerves of the body, and now the question is is there anything about the extion is, is there struction to reveal the quality and strenoth of the mervous system. strength of the hervous system The eye, which is closely associated with the brain, reflects, to a large extent, the nervous energy of the animal. We like to see an eye full and bright, active, but not of a hervous expression: a mild eve rather than one having a wild appearance. An eye of this kind reveals the right sort of nerve energy
which should be possessed by the which should be possessed by the
dairy sire.
The sunken and half closed eye
indicates a nervous system which is unresponsive and lacking in quality. whech reflected select a dairy sire this sort of a nervous tempera nervous temperament doe
nean an animal that is nervou one that ${ }_{\boldsymbol{A}}$ is lacking


## POULTRY

Poultry Thoughts from East Kootenay.
 handling fowls in the West, I am reminded of a few things that need attention in this climate that do not occur to a new-comer from the East. a person might as well kill off all the slow feathering chicks in the flock, those that are nearly naked before getting their second feathers, as they will make no growth while mosquitces Another is that chicks should be got into roosting coops or houses earlier in season than in the East as the nights get much colder early in fall or late summer and sitting on the ground they pile up for warmth,coming out wet and hot next morning thus develope cold before the air warms I believe also that, in
dry air, fouls can safely be fed altitude and more meat or green bone than is considered wise in other situations; at least it seems so to me. noted any difference.
Eggs in East Kootenay are high in price and hard to find now, $50-60$ cents having been the less than 40 for mine the past season. Cockerels are worth 60 cents and even better for good ones you have a number. Some of the people have found it pays to stamp all eggs going to have dealers; one man told me he had been getting constant complaints from his dealer, who was also handling case eggs, but since stamping Now is the time to plug up these complaint. air holes behind the roosts in the houses, clear out all those cockerels at once, and cut the heads molt yet, the chances are pretty even they to die in the process. Get a few barrels of dry loam under cover for spreading under roosts when you want to use it will be frozen. Many advise using road dust. Don't do it, it consists largely of horse manure, finely pulverized, and Aresh clean dust gets filthy quite soon enough. not keep commercial grit on hand and the bou do of cattle or horses will pay well for the bones if charred just enough so they will crush up-if one is without a crusher. Last winter a hundred birds would use two ox heads a week when burnt and broken up although at the same time getting a good supply of green cut bone and cover will supply green feed for several weeks and be quite saving on the mangels or other
roots intended for winter green feed. Before the birds have to be confined to houses see that you get rid of all small, anaemic, list showing signs of colds and croup, they will only use feed that can better be given to others and tail in the end as well as endanger the health more likelv to carry too many birds than too few for profit.
labor, and altogether they requill much time or labor, and altogether they will prove a great hel
throughout the winter in caring for the flock.

Singeing, Shaping and Packing.

[^1]fitted to uprights thirty-six inches long and erated to uselessness through indieeding and ack seven inches wide, and three loose boards fcur care. The first ideas of improvement in the the troughs. Piain deal three-quarter-inch indusiry were filtered through to the farm ing comboards should be used. After plucking, the bird's legs are tied loosely hreeding and mani gement of poultry. Alou: the together at the hocks so as to rernuit them lying same ime imporations of Minnrcas and Iceghorns
flat against the sides of the breast. It is usual were nade foom Gernany by certain weall hy land flat against the spes the stern of the bird awainst a wall owners, and the interest in better stock spread board to flatte $n$. it, and then it is piaced breast raplich io the small fam ers, cottagers and other downards in the trcugh. the head langing over siall : gricult wrists, hi ling from three to ten acres, previcusly. When the trcugh is full the hacks of the pothr in the country birds just $t$ ehind the wings, and heavily weighted. Poull ry societ ies 10 aid in breeding and developing Heavy bricks may te used for weighting. they ized, thus acconiplishing iniprovement in the should be facked firmly. The fcwls are left in produciin end of the marketing. Co-operative he shal ing tre ush intil they are quite cold and and hed been so successful in ext ending the marke ing set. Sharing after this methed is che
able to fatted fowls, and is of little advantage in of de iry producis, that the proposal was made to
extend business of the poultry Socieies to the case of lean birds. marle ing, collect eggs frcm farmers and cotiagers In racking it is well to grade the birds to size and sell them for then. in the best markeis avz il. Tle. as it is absolutely essential for best results to i ut A central sucmet y of ederalion was formed under the the frwl on the market in such a way that their Export Association," a and i: is to-day the chief handThey should alscobe in the best possible condition. ler of export poultry products in the country. Its Condition is largely due $t$ c, the manncr in which had ve been established inallthe principal cent ers of the they have befn racked. Firm even facking is 1 ingdom. Connected with his central federationare must necessary. The case shr uld be cr mletely abul five hundred egg societies or circles with a filled up, to prevent shifting of the contents, and n.ell. Dership of 40,000 Each member pays fify ore easily barked and bruised. Clean dry straw and hen hepl. (An ore is equal to about four cents.) white paper comprise the requisite materials. Each of the local societ ies employ a collector of its Sufficient straw shculd be placed in the bittcm eggs, and the rounds are so arranged that they are of the case so as to form a slight rise ( $T$ cushic $n$ nol more than four days old when received. Every
down the center. and this should be coverid with egg is stamped on its broad end with the name of the a white center. The hirds are then placed, with suriety and the men.her. Each member is required their sterns to the end of the case. in a dr uble liy regulations to gat her his eggs once a day; in hot row, and are covered over with jajer and'as much werther, twice, and protect them from sun, ran and straw as may he necessary to hold the m in I'si- frost. All eggs are purchased by weight and ench tion. The heads and necks lie down the center, socie y except those reguised for househild use or for but a more attractive way is to $\in x t \in n d$ the $m$ hatching. The cullector pays for the eggs on delivery, across so that each head and neck liesto the sire ent ening into the men, bers look the price, weight a nd
 neck and under each body, the former will 1 e olject in superint ending and regulating as closely as nompletely hidतen from view: Packing should thev de every de ail f egg selling, is to d. liver to the

Danish Co-operative Methods in Poultry Raising.
are weighed and gradquariers. Arrived there they
In no part of the world has conperation in the down into the different grades which run from extensively carried out is in Denn: rk, \&nd in nol exal. ined under light by which means stale bad eggs in $n$ ore perfect orerali $n$ than in the principle found are relloved, they are stannped with the iraden ark
 the disorders that affert li' e instituitins hele in 1440 eggs each, in four layers with straw or wood greater value to the fan er ve: r bv year and are n w and top, and shipped to England where special comso properly a part of the scheme for the pruduc ion understand how those products could be placell u:on to de ert anv nien lier delivering slale eggs. For such a dislant, foreign il arkel except through the system delivery lines are in. posed. The profits of the federa provided er this purpose. Co-operation has been thenlo the memlers. The value of Danish egrough
that ex the the feature of Danish agriculıurel developt, ent in England in 1906 amounted to for Danish eggs sold during the past quarter of a cen ury, a feat ure which tomal number exported, and Britain received ninety
they have carried nearer perfecion than it has heen nine per cent. of the exports -amounted to twenty-
 poultry raising was a looked down upon, unimporiant approxinately 37,466,666,666 dozen. Da nish eggs a few farn.s, and these were usually noongrels, degen- arrive in small quantities, and in winter. Last year

they sold at an a verage price of 8 s . to ros. 9 d . per
great hundred. The growth of the Danish egg trade during the past few years has been most extraordinary. The exports of eggs and poultry now stand and there is abundance of room for furt her development among the 235,000 small farmers and cottagers in the country. Co-operation has been the keynote of in nearly every other agiculi ural industry in which they engage. Is the kind ot co-operation that would mix well wi.h the pronounced individualism of An.er-
ica. But perhaps weare not yel sufficiently advanced ica. But perhaps we are not yet sufficiently advanced
in agticuliural evolution to appreciate the true principle of co-operation. The Danish people did not evolve these institutions until economic conditions compelled them to band together for their own
existence and preservation, We are unlikely existence and preservaiton, we are unlikely to
develop them with any degree of success unil similar conditions force us to sinilar ends.

## FIELD NOTES

## vents of the Weok

The average wheat crop for Southern Alberta is The a verage wheat crop for Sout hern
estinuated at thirt y-five bushels to the acre.
f. The Japanese Government is said to be considering the advisa bili, $y$ of stopping all immigration to Canada for the present. * * *
${ }^{6}$ Archlishop Bruchesi of Montreal has notified his cleigy that he will not in fut ure grant pern ission for
maniages between Ronan Catholics and Protestants.

The Vancouver Liberal Association has peti:ioned he Federal Government to widen the narrows and half dollars.
Three Winnipeg men were brought before a Brandon magistrate and convicted of gambling on the months in jail at hard labor.
' The Canadian Northern has lowered its passenge rates to three cents a n ile over all its Alberta an Saskatchewan lines. This line is also giving a reduced
freight rate on oats and coarse grains.

Detective Smith of Winnipeg, on trial for shooting Oscar Gans who was resist ing arrest, was acquitted
of the charge of mansla ughter, but warned by the of the charge of manslaughter, but

- The Federal Government is to bring a bill to increase the membership and the powers of the railway com- A national highway from the Canadian to the Mexi mission. Two or three members will be added, and can line along the Pacific coast is to be urged by good the board will be given full control of telegraph and road advocates who have just finished their Washing-
telephone companies.

Many British Columbia logging camps have bee r logs.
The Sasta * *
The Saskatchewan Game Protection Associ., tio Governments with a view to the establishment Provi, nat ural park and ganee preserve tor the province recently purchased py the the large buffalo herd

The district judges for Saskatchewan and Alberta was approved by Lord Grey this evening. The nery the district of Calgary, Alberla: H. C. Talur of Edmonton, for Edmontun, Alberia; J. Can ihen Noel, of Edmonton, for the districe of Weiasl in in, Alluerta; A. A. Carpenter, of Innisti il, for the district of
Macleod, Alberta; Roli nd Win, er, of Cilgary, or the Macleod, Alberta; Rol. nd U in er, of $\mathrm{C}_{i}$ lgary, tor the
district of Let hbridge, Alleraa; F. F. Forbes,
Regina, for the distrin, of Regina, for the district of Prince Aibert. Stsk the Wan; A. G. Farrell, of Moose J: w, f.r the dist rict cf
Mooson in, Sask.; A. C. McLong, of Mooso in, for
 Pimner, of Regina, for the district of Cannil.gion Sask. There
katchewan.

## british and foreign.

Unusually heavy rains hà ve aln ost totally des-
royed this year's crop in son e sections of La pland

*     *         * 

The Alabama senate has passed the prohibition
operative on the first of January, 1909. Will becon.e
Traffic on the East Indian Rsilway, the second longest line in India, is tied up by a general stril e of who are mostly Europe and the the engineers ver-work and poor pay.

In the legislature of Finland which recently passed are nineteen women memibers. $\rrbracket 1$ is estimated that fift $y$-six per cent. of the eleciors in towns and fifty per cent. in the country are women.

Nikola Tesla announces that with the co-operation of the power producing companies at Niagara Falls, he is preparing to hail Mars. A way has been found ulf or transmom the gult, varying from $40,000,000$ to $100,000,000$ n iles. supposedly more advanced in science than this world as acknowled the receipt of the signal and sent back hash for flash it will remainto devise an interplanetary
various counties of Washington take up the matte present and will press the it atter in that state e. litol nia is a heady working on a road, Can ino Real altract thousands of tounists is held this road uil intry and scenery fron, automobiles

The Japanese consul at Vancouver returned cheque for $\$ 1000$ which was allowed by Conn in issioner Mackienzie king for the expense incurred by the declared th. t he could not cceept money for lookin the interests of Japa nese subjects.

Proposed Competitions with Light Motors. The Winnipeg exhithition board has made a com Greig to hold a comperition of light agricultura part in it. The ince Britich manufacturers to take arrangements are carried thrcugh should result in developing a large trade in motors in Western Can ada. The proposal is to hold the competition on the Prizes will be a warded for the best light agricultural motor for general farm purposes, such as:Plowing, disking, harrou ing, rolling, seeding, cutt ing and binding, threshing, hauling and general belt Triving purposes.
This test will comprise haulage and belt power In making a wards the judges will take the following
into consideration:-
Weight of Motor:-This must not exceed five tons (10,(01) lbs.) inclusive of and water
Fuel and Water Consumption
No restriction will be placed on the nature of the uel or class of engine, Steam or Internal Combustion Turning capacity. Turning capacity
Protection of wo
Accessibility of all parts.
Durabilit
Tra velling speed.
Clearance of working parts from ground.
Steadiness of running helt power
Selling price at Winnipeg
Fuen an water during tests to be supplied by the
expenses to be borne by the competitors.
Further particulars of rules and conditions and The competition will be issued at a later da

## Fair Dates for 1908

A change in the order of holding the larger exhibi$t$ heir fair a week earlier ithan this year and Calgiry having the Don ini. $n f_{i}$ ir will be held the fcllowing wee from June 3o h 10 July gth. Following Celgary Brandon has set de tes froni July rich tor IT 1 h inclusive, which will bring it bet ween the Don inion air probabilit y follow Winnipeg


Things to Remember Convention Northwest Fruit Growers' Association nternational December 4, 5 and ember 3 oth to December 7 th
ario Wher anitoba Provincial Poultry Show, Neepawa Fe ruary 10-14
Convention of Agricultural Societies, Manitob
Agricultural College, February Ioth to ${ }^{15}$ th
Manitoba Winter Fair, March IO, II, I2, 13 .
SEED FAIRS.
Abernethy, December 5 th
tockholm, December 6th.
Broadveiw Seed Fair, December
Saltcoats Seed Fair, December 18.
Churchbridge, December 19th.
Cangham, December 20th. December 2nd
Radisson, December 4th
Saskatoon, December 7t
Carman Seed Fair, December 9th
Prince Albert, December 10th
Prince Albert, December 10th,
Duck Lake, January 29 th Rosthern, January 30th. Loydminster, February, 4th N. Battleford, February 8th. Battleford, February 11th.

## MARKETS

he wheat situat week. Prices for all grades have been denerally few cents below the figures quoted in our last report The trade is still hampered by tight money conditions In addition there was a trifling decline in export de mand with a slight falling off in European quotations
The decline in export has caused a piling up of whea at the head of the lakes, and Fort William and Port Arthur elevators have now more grain in store than at any time last year. This accumulation of supplies in all parts of the country and it looks as if the close of na vigation would find these elevators stocked to
their capacity and unable to accept wheat for store. their capacity and unable to accept wheat for store.
For the season now closing shipments of grain down the lakes have been light, lighter than for several moved over this route, so the close of navigation is going to find a larger proportion of this year's crop on the case in any season for some time. And a large percentage of this grain will run into the feed grades
it is grain that farmers will have difficult $y$ in keeping difficulty in shipping east by the all rail route, for the reason that much of it will heat and spoil in the car before it reaches its destination, and there is going t
be some difficulty too in disposing of feed grain in Ontario even though farmers there are short and require to inport heavily to carry their live stock is an acute one. This grain will be acceptable to Ontario feeders if it can be laid down at provincial points for an a verage of fift y or fift y-five cents per bushel To sell at these prices there it must, at
present freight rates, be bought here at a considerable preduction on prices quoted for feed grades at the present time. The freight rate on wheat from Win nipeg to Toronto is 30 cents per hundred, 18 cents per bushel, the rates to local Ontario points are higher, in some cases from western shipping points they run
over 30 cents per bushel. Western feeding wheat in Ontario has got to compete with American corn which at present prices can be laid down there at an
average cost of 68 cents per bushel or hog fattening has a higher value than wheat whet er such be frozen or grade number one hard, and the Ontario farmer is very unlikely to buy Northwest feeding wheat at a higher figure than he can procure of wheat going into the feed grades must on still ofer. A conservative estimate places the quality of of frozen wheat ih the West at one-third the total.
This estimate is based upon the Saskatchewan GovThis estimate is based upon the Saskatchewan Gov
ernment crop report which places No. 6 and feed at ernmen crop report thich places No. 6 and feed at
$9,707,855$ bushels with the milling grades showing at
a total of $18,334,251$. If this is the proportion which feed bears to the milling grades in the entire Western crop, the great bulk of these millions in
still in the country, unmarketed, and if sold at all must be all-railed east and sold around or under fift y
five cents a bushel. This will mean on the a verage litt le more than 25 cents per bushel to the farn er at
the elevators, which will mean a considerable reduct ion on prices now quoted for these grades. Milling stronger than it is selling to-day but however high it goes i is difficult to see how the lower grades can fol the east is concerned, must be based upon the price at which feeders there can buy feeding st uff, corn and the coarser grains, and at present Ontario seems the

The worlds situation in wheat, though prices in all markets are ruling a little lower, is, if a nyt hing, stronger than a week ago. Continued wet weather is reported to be damaging seriously the Argentine crop, in
Australia, while conditions show some improvement, and optimistic estimators now allow the Island Con inent a greater exportable surplus than they did a fort night or month ago, the situation is not sufficient the world's supply will be drawn from that quarter. American exports continue normal. The movement in wheat locally is a ve
tions since last report.


WINNIPEG QUOTATIONS
One hard....
One northerr
Two northern

No. 4.
No. 51
No. 6.
No.
Feed
Feed
2
The local yards hat with liveries falling off materially. The cold weather in decreasing deliveries week had the natural result of conditions towards but the return of rather milde by the week end the usual business was being done The quality of the stock now being offered is for the most part poor. A number of loads of exceptionaly proportion of the stuff is old cows with a sprinkling of well weathered old sires along for company. Farm ers and ranchers seem to be taking a last opport uni . Prices advanced on the strength of lighter deliveries an advance of about 25 cents over last quotations. Exporters are worth from three fift y up to three492 quarters Good butchers are worth three and a quarter 255 Sheep and lambs nat on sale and few hogs delivered 255
147 PRICES (FREIGHT ASSUMED)
Export steers, $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 3.75 ; 1200$ lb. steers for export, $\$ 3.25$; butchers, $\$ 3.00$ to $\$ 3.25$; heifers, $\$ 3.00$ cows, $\$ 2.25$; bulls, $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 2.30$; calves, $\$ 4.00$ to
$\$ 6.00$. Sheep, $\$ 5.25$ to $\$ 5.75$ ilambs, $\$ 6.50$ Hogs $\$ 6.00$ Sheep, $\$ 5.25$ to $\$ 5.75$; lambs, $\$ 6.50$. Hogs
(160 to 220 lbs.) $\$ 5.75$; other grades, $\$ 5.00$ to $\$ 5.40$ 25
228
28 CHICAGO LIVESTOCK
Receipts are easing off sharply, prices for most
grades of cattle a shade lower than last quotations
Hogs dropped seriously, touching the lowest point in Hogs dropped seriously, touching the lowest point in Native beef cattle, $\$ 4.60$ to $\$ 6.05$; fat cows, $\$ 3.10$
to $\$ 4.25$; heifers, $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 5.10$; bulls, $\$ 3.30$ to $\$ 3.90$ to $\$ 4.25$; heifers, $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 5.10$; bulls, $\$ 3.30$ to $\$ 3.90$;
calves, $\$ 5.50$ to $\$ 7.50$; stockers and feeders, $\$ 3.50$ to calves, $\$ 5.50$ to $\$ 7.50$; stockers and feeders, $\$ 3.50$ to
$\$ 4.25$; milkers and springers, $\$ 15.00$ to $\$ 50.00$ per
head; western rangers, $\$ 3.10$ to $\$ 5.25$; canners and cutt ers, $\$ 1.80$ to $\$ 2.40$. Sheep, native ewes, $\$ 1.50$ to
 Hogs, mixed and butchers, $\$ 4.60$ to $\$ 4.85$; medium and butchers, $\$ 4.80$ to $\$ 5.00$. TORONTO MARKETS
Export steers, $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 4.80$; butchers, $\$ 3.00$ to
$\$ 4.50$; feeders and stockers, $\$ 3.40$ to $\$ 3.65$; milkers 4.3 .50 ; feeders and stockers, $\$ 3.40$ to $\$ 3.65$; milkers
ry
and
and cic; $\$ 16.00$ per cwt. Export sheep, $\$ 4.00$; lambs, $\$ 5.00$

## Centents of this Issue.

Mr. Seth Davidson's Ordare, Alta
69 Bankhead Ranch, Kelowna, B. C Chland, B.C.
1747
1748
55 Year Old Peach Trees, "Parkdale"
A Scene on the Red Deer, Northern Alberta Regatta at Kelowna, Ranchers in the Okana
93 G. H. Bradshaw and Two of his Thoroughbred Mares
editorial.
Show us a Sign
hat do We Know About Trees?
The Relation of the College to the Institute 1743
1743
1743
Receipts in this 1743 quantity of the week previous. Prices in it as in all
grains have shaded down. Deliveries were:
Lameness in Horses
HORSE: Quality in Horse
No. three extra
No. three
No. four.
Feed ....
No grade.
Thinks More Farmers Stock. National Live Stock Association Market ing Underweight Hogs Should I Be a Mixed Farmer.
Wintering the Sows......
Fixing the Price of W
Experiences with Preston Wheat $\$_{20}$ oo Results of Tests at Indian Head Dalry.
3250 Does Slop Feeding Increase the Milk Flow
3500
2900 What the Head of a Dairy Sire Reveals.. 3500 What the Head of a Dairy Dire Reveals..
2900 A Poultry Thoughtergeorer Poultry Thoughts From East Kootenay .......
Singring, Shaping and Pacluing
Danish ©ooneratoon Nothods in Poultry


## Home Journal

## neer

## Life, Literature and Education

IN THE WORLD OF LITERATURE AND ART. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has bee consulted in regard near Quebec, into a National Park

The death of Mr. Horatio N. Courtlandt in Simcoe, Ontario, ended an active life of eightyone years, over sixty of which had been spent as
teacher in public and high schools of Ontario. The people of North Dakota are planning rect a monument in honor of President Roosevelt on the campus of the North Dakota Agricul ranch in Dakota.
The following have won Queen's University heology scholarships: W. D. McIntosh, North Bruce; W. Stott, B.A., New Westminster, B. C.;
G. D. Robinson, Blackfalds, Alta.; I. G. Shaver, Kingston, Ont.; J. McAskell, B. A., Highgate Ont. ; R. H. Leggett, Millbrook, Ont.

Hoppner's portrait of Mrs. Simpson, was offere at auction. The highest bid was 4,600 .guineas and the picture was withdrawn. It will be re alled that Hoppner's portrait of Lady Louis annes was sold auction in 1001 and brough 14,050 guineas.

*     *         * 

Sir Lewis Morris, the noted Welsh poet, is dead at the age of seventy-four. Beside his literary education in Wales. His chief works are the "Songs of Two Worlds," "Songs Unsun, ", "The Ode of Li

A unique branch of Christion work is bein undertaken by the Broadway Baptist church o Winnipeg. Miss Brown, one of the members, who is also a teacher in the Deaf and Dumb insti tute, has organized a class of deaf mutes to meet at the church every Sunday evening, when sh interprets to them the service in the mute lan suage. One corner of the audience room is separ ated from the main body of the church by a screet nd Miss Brown and her class are so place preacher the rest of the audience is not disturbed by the motions of the interpreter. This is the only service of the sort in the city, and as the class is open to all deaf mutes, it is hoped that
others will join the number who now meet every others will join the
Sunday evening.

THE PLACE OF THE AGED
A noticeable feature of this Western country to the new comer is the small number of old people men and women ni plenty, and large numbers of people in the prime of life,-but there are very and as a dwelling place is sufficient explanatio of the scarcity. But they are missed; and just how much they
are missed does not come home to the mind except on special occasions. It was one of those
occasions on Friday, November Sth, in Grace occasions on Friday, November Sth, in Grace
Church. Winnipeg, when a service was held for aged cople by Wilbur Chapman's cvangelistic a cuinittee and the old people came,-some a comittee and the old people came,-some
from the hospitals, some from abodes of comfort
and more from homes where old and helnless are and re from homes where old and helpless age
feels the burden of its infirmities. The street
car the utomobiles, carriages, wheeled chairs and
them had been able to attend in many years The floor of the great church was given over to for the more youthful whose hearing was not ulled and whose steps were still sure.
As the crowd gathered they sang old hymnsavorites for which no books and spectacles wer "The - "Shall We Gather at the River?" an oftly all over the church the As the music rose the great windows and lighted up a scene that brough a lump to the throat and dimness to th eyes as one looked down upon it. The kindly touch of the light fell upon white hair and tremblin hands; it gilded the little old lady richly dresse with lace, chiffon and fresh frills making her dainty and lovable sight, but it glowed as warmly upon the Shaggy hair, shabby dress and pitiful pew in front. There were old men who had held high positions honorably but had laid down the burdens for younger fellows to pick up withou osing the bearing of those who have shouldered reat responsibilities. There were old men whose lives had been a constant plod, a steady and of toin in a narrow circle without opportunived in the shadow of disease and $\sin$. had been and who would gladly lay down the body whieh had borne it all.
After the reading and exposition of the Shep erd 's Psalm came the address, not of warning advice or pity, but a tribute to the possibilitie fold age. Old age," the speaker said. "is the sight of things better unseen, but the spiritual vision was cleared to see the King in His beaut and the City afar off; the physical ear was dulled to sounds better unheard, but the hearing was music of the new song. The little children needed the loving sympathy of the grandmother and grandfather who were coming back to childhood again; the young men and women needed in their srength and vigor the restraining hand of the aged to curb their tendency to boisterousness
 age before them to teach them gentleness in the world needs all its old people and they should be tenderly cherished, not alone for what they have done, but for what they are doing.
THE ACTOR'S LESSON FOR THE PREACHER When I went to school, during the occasion al absences of the principal his assistant con ducted the praved on the others we had pray mornings we prayed, on the others we had pray Shepherd's Psalm and the Lord's Prayer, but so reverently and carefully voiced that the mem ory of it stayed with the students all day Chere was no attempt on the leader's part a posing or creating an impression with tone of esture, but he made voice and hand expres made to share the feeling He projched made to share the feeling. He preached The place of the reading of the scripture in a church service would seem to be a very unimportant one, it it is fair to judge from the way the impression that the main feature of the scrvice is the sermon, to which the speaker will
vote his oratorical powers with an ability


the 14th of John to the grief-stricken, as these passages deserve to be read, he would not need to preach a sermon at all that day. the stage. The good actor can sway an audience to smiles and tears not so much by what For the time being he is the character he is reas his cincority hic moncoiouspresenting, and it is his sincerity, his consciousthe personality he is portraying, that holds the audience even when the actual words spoken are trivial and unimportant. What could the preacher not accomplish in impressing his peomand he the magnificent material at his comhending the spirit of what he read and then to presenting it in such a manner that his hearers cannot help but comprehend its fulness also He could make the Bible a new book to many who have read its pages and heard them read after a fashion from early youth, but who have had words presented their ears rather than word-pictures to their minds. And the preachbounds of dignity prescribed for the pulpit and without the least danger of becoming the atrical or melodramatic
A minister, belonging to a ministerial assoation whose friendly relations made friendly ant possible, once brought up this subations. This brethren of the other denominhess of his stare so that they forme correctcution class invited in the Sunday-School superintendents obtained an excellent teacher and set themselves to learn how to read the Bible as it ought to be read. The church-goers in that town soon noticed the difference, and enof the change without a critical analysis onger the the difference lay. There was no ing and thonotonous intoning, the stumbl but the forceful musical presentation of truth by a man who was feeling them and was anxous to impress others with their solemnity.

Stealing among children.
It may be that the papers give it more prominence than ever before, but there appears to be an alarming prevalence of cases of stealing by child boys Just last week a gang of Manitoba small carrying firearms. Because of their youth the police magistrate let them off with a warning, but inside of a week two of them were back again accused of theft and sent to jail
Jail is not the place for boys, but something must be done with them to prevent a continuance of their depredations. It is a question whether the whip judiciously applied would not be more merciful and more efficacious than a term in prison wh habitual crimels. But, as in other are ond transgression, prevention is better than do a great deal towards lessening this particular evil. Great care should be taken both by precept and example to inculcate a sound knowledge of the difference between mine and thine; brothers and sisters should be taught to respect one another 's property rights even ifl it invoives and parents should be particularly careful not to be offenders themselves by using a child's possessions without replacing them, or borrowing Sume children have a ctrons natural tendency be trecially watched. Temptations to offend in this dircetion should be removed if possible, but must not even in a single instance let it pass impulse and temper in children can afford to go annoticed but only unhappiness can result from neglecting to check at its first appearance the

UNDER SAFE LEADERSHIP He calleth His own sheep by nane
and lezdelh them oui. And when He
pulteth forth His own sheep He pultelh forth His own sheep, He g. eth
before them, and the sheep follow Him
'What wonderful pictures 'of God's Leadership are scattered through the
pages of the Bible. We are shown how pages of the Bible. We are shown how
He leads individuals, such as Eliezer, who was sent by Abraham to find a
suiiable wife for Isaac, and who put the guida nce of his responsible $n$ ission entitright ahead with confidence. When his pelition to be led aright was very pl. inly granted, he did nt forget-as God of Abraham, Who, as he says, led as we look back on the past, that God has led us also?
Then there is the great pict ure of the
host of Israel-- illions of people, wi1h host of Israel-n illions of people, with
their flocks and herds-- travelling safely in the wilderness for forty years. See how secure they are! There is the
fiery, cloudy pillar leading the way; following it they know that they will be
direcled aright, protecled from danger, and given everything they need. God
said to His people Isracl: "I have led said to His people Israel: "I have led
you forty years in the wilderness: your clothes are not waxen old upon you, and thy shoe is not waxen old upon thy foot." And, in looking back on the wonderful history of the Christian
Church, seeing how it has lived through fiery persecution, times of coldness, more and more might $y$, slowly but sure leavoning power,-in looking at this lea vaning power,-in looking at this
great host, led safely by God through nearly 2,000 years, we can gather hope for its safe conduct in the future. The Church is God's Church; it i founded on
a Rork-even on Christ Himself-and the g.a es of hell can never prevail thuugh it walks in the midst of enemies
it is the Bride of Christ and He is it is the Bride of Christ, and He is al
ways at hand to protect and lead His Then there is the other lovelv picture so often repeated, of the shepherd caring find fresh pasture and clear, still water going after the foolish ones who stray and always readv to give Himself to the uttermost for the sheep He loves with
tender. individual affection tender. individual affection. Could Lord's personal way of dealing with us If the path be rough and hard, He knows all the hardships by personal ex
peri nce and never commands us to
"G." His word is "Gr!" His word is alwavs "Come!"
If He sometimes chooses the hard path that leads up the mountain it is because hardness is better than softness for de
veloping fine character. What a pitv it is that we so often
fail to trust Him. Something that we fail to trust hoping for is denied us, and we atoiled. Or, we can't our life will clear hefore us, and instead of trust ing
our Guide, putting a hand in Hie our Guide, putting a hand in His and
stepping fartcsily forward we tesin to stepping farkssly forward, we legin to
worry and fret about the fut ure.
Worry grows from want of faith Every time we allow it to get the better ive don't reallv be li wo in our Leader the ur iverse, wh. can't we learn to look
to Hin, as children should, for our dail supply of necessaries-necessaries
for body, mind, heart and sirit? Ince les before we come to them
bhoulder burdens that are still in future, and may never be laid on us a all, and so we lose our rightiul heritave
of happy-heartedness and grow old :in care- orn-just beause "e do the
trust our strong Leader, Though th
path before us may be darl path before us may be dark to us, I
can see every ard of it. If we fik the guiding pillar of Hic previlence "w
shall find, as Israel of old, that a path cut through the sea of trouble, that
water of comfort flows out of the hard water of comfort flows out of the hard
est rocks of difficulty, and that in the est rocks of difficulty, and that in the the day's neers is always given us
It is both foolish and wrong to 1 i awake at night anxinuslv plannirg to
the fut ure. It is fooli h, because it mo

## ६ THE QUIET HOUR々

essly unhappy, but it also makes us came there and "made his great renun
unfit to bear necessary burdens and came there and made his great renuun fight the hattles God expecis us to alune with pestilence; aid lool ing th ght and conquer in. Our Leader will ard (with what courage, with what ot smooth all difficultits out of our pitiful sinkings of dread, God orily
ood. Why, even the poorest teacher knows) to a lifetime of dresting sores in the world knows better than to do and stumps." Even yet, he sajs, that. Just because His love is not "every lourth face is a blot on the landtakly indulgent, He will oiten lead scape, and had you visited the hospital those who trust. Him straight up to and seen the butt-ends of hun an beings pain and "lollow in His Does the not call lying there almost unrecogr.izable but
us to
Did not still breathing, still thinh ing, still reHis steps lead to the Gethsen ane of membering: , ou would have under-
renunciation and to the Calvary of stood that life in the laz retto is an renunciation and to the Calvary of stood that life in the laz. retto is an
crucifixicn? How many have found ordeal from which the nerves of a man's crucinixin? How many have found orucal from which the nerves of a man's
that to follow His calling neant turn- spirit shrink. a pitiul place ing the back on eave and luxury, choos- to visit, and a hell to dwell in."1
ing to be worn in body and wearied in And yet Dan iens self-tcifice was ing to be worn in body and wearied in And yet Dan iens self-zclifice was
heart and nind by the sorrow and sin well worth while, fur a noble band of and burdens of others, which they vol- sister,", doctors and nistionarits, fired Think of Father Dan ien and the men by his example, ninister tothose sorrowand women who have followed him, by one strihing act of martyrdom, to eliberately devciting their lives to the direct all men's eyes on that cistresstul
and per colony of Molakai. Think of country. At a blow, and with the price
 "in the midst of all the horror and un- brought reforms, and died to bring grave." Think of the courage shown them, it was he. There is not a clean grave." Think of the courage shown cup or towel in the Bi hop-Home but tracting the horrible disease, and was son, owning at the same time that this or seventeen years "a spiritual leader heroic soul was by no means perfect and bodily physician for more than a We are all called to be saints, and"No human heart can know the agony atter our high calling. Christ's call of "No human heart can know the agony atter our high calling. Christ's call of If God leads us up to some duty, H
which these years brought him, or the "Follow Me!" touchas the nobility that can suppl the wisdom and power w
 seven years after he himself bramee a He does not call to a life of soft ease through someone else, He can see the
leper." Surely it was a Christ-like and comfort, but
 (to

as he remarked, were "pining for work. wrote to them, and they came en thusiastically to our assistance, and are charmed with the opportunity of doing settlement work. One of them told me ot another lady. I wrote to hir, and pron.iing to share our labors to the D or her spare time.
Do you think that my running up t con't. Was ryyman was an accident? chanct? Surely not to him merely rusted my Leader, insttad of had nerve lorce ustessly by lying anake at helpers would have my nay, needful When Mos to ing, pleading that he was "‘low callstech, and of a slow tongue," $h$ was or his n is: ion would be supely needed as not to go to the battle dep. He n his own resources. He should havg Divin.e hulp: "Now therefore go, and I hat thou thy mouth, and tiach thee lso have huran say;" and he should pathy: "Is not Aaron the and symbrother? I know that he can speal And alko, behold, he conieth forth Do you think those brothers-who wer int nded to supply each other's eed- n ght have n issed each other in the desert? If they had been wall ing neet ing woul, without a guide, their ut, when God he been most unlikely; but, when God intends that people hould meet, they don't $n$ iss pepe hould meet, they don't n iss Le uring a great work to perfection. ? mong those who were corrupted with inspire others in the ir th
urn. But it is our Leader in the little testings He sends terrible disease in the was of perfect follow our Lader trustingly, but in taith severcly, Then, whall be the tries our
 that we $n$ ight be mad the rightenusness just been holv. spirit must have hat pure and wrong," for I often wack in at night whe in the dark, trust on when things seem
dreal forward, in spite of them He He went accomplink, and ing up and . It is more di.graceful to distrust one's forward, in spite of the hrimking, and ing up i and life-pain. sacrifice he made? that when he visited Ifland it was end to
a different place than when Dami $n$ once ga

## Novbmber 27, 1907 <br> THE FAKMER'S ADVUCATE

## CARMICHAEL: by Anison North

A picture of farm home life in Canada faithfully reproduced by a writer who knows it. The disputed "line fence'" has been the cause of many a bitter feud, and the settlement of this particular fend makes a most
interesting story. Copyrighted. All rights reserved, including that of translation into foreign languages.
 ward another; but then it was such a Yorhie.
Hower, as the days went by and my father continued to come in regulary at meal-times and at nights, and was
never found lying shot behind a fence or among the grain-ricks, I began to
breathe more
freely again, and, as Henry Carmichael seemed to have re-
gained all his good humour, and my tather nevir once timber in my haring,
of the stolen tit
could presently feel that a great crisis could presently feel that a great crisis
had been safely passed. When next I met Carmichael it was fore the first red banners. of autumn be-
gan to hang out here and there from the vast green wilderness of the woudland I think I have mentioned my drea mer of thunderstorms that was! First
a few dals of sunshine and intense heat, then a terrible hurricane of wind and rain, and clouds all shot with the lightn-
ing- that was the recurd of almost people began to talk of putting up
lightning rods, and to wonder if the clearing away of so much of the woods Upon the occasion of which I speak,
I had gone, late in the afternoon, to look for the cows. They were not in the pasture, and so, seldom arraid in the
woords, I plunged boldly into the green
wilderncss vilderness, with and making a thousand
 tersporsed with gray trunka and roooted where the green light could copse
in by the thick, green lealage above. suffice to reveal my slight litle shiver
ind Here, however, where the way was not suffice to reveal my slight little shiver-
so familiar to me, the vastness of the or the scarlet blossoms heavso familiar to me, the vastness of the ing up and down as I pressed them to
forest became a thing to be felt, and I my bosom. Jap, who had followed began to be oppressed by a vague my bosom. Jap, who had followed
dread of I knew not what. dread of 1 knew not what. Jap, too, me around in the copse, evidently nosing
seemingly less sure of his bearings, the imp seemingly less sure of his bearings, the impression that, nothing less ex--
gave up his racing about, and trotted citing than the finding of a fox's or along nearer me, ever and anon thrust- ground-hog's hole could be at the
ing his damp, friendly nose into the bottom of such precipitancy, came up palm of my hand. But his presence to me, disappointed, but with ears reassured me, and so I did not once raised in expectancy. I was afraid
think of turning back. There was an old
he would yelp and divulge my whereI might find the cows. where, possibly abouts, for, having run away, I novy At a few paces tarther, and as an but when I raised my hand he came
inde $x$ to this clearing, the undergrowth close to me to be petted, licking my indx to this clcaring, the undergrowth close to me to be petted, licking my
again began to press upon either hand. face at every opportunity. Ater-
so closel 1 that it formed here a mass. so
impenetrable to the eye, with branches ward he snuggled close to me, and so
sometimes strelching across sometimes stretching across the path, which now seemed to be darkening
so that it was necessary toraise them in strangely. Rapidly, in the distance forcing one's way. The path, too, the mrriad tree-trunks seemed to be knolls, and glancing up from the foot dissolving, or rather moving nearer to my heart stand still. It was only Henry Carmichael, had kept up all the way like the murmur quite still, with the thick, green leaf- and all the forest seemed to be waiting age on cither side, and behind him; and in expectancy, while the darkness set-
in his arms he held a lamb which began tled down like some vast pall falling to bleat pitifully, as though in pain, silentlyo from the heavens. to a sheep, but, on his broad bosom out of the copse, and at the same time looking quite young and helpless; yet, a low mutter of thunder and a sudden was Carmichael, I did not realise that suffusion of red light through all the I think, however, that it must have storm. Glad, now, of the proximity of a his face which fascinated me, and human being, I lost my fear of Henry brought up from the past, as a sort of Carmichael in my greater fear of the vision, that memory from my baby storm, and darted with unerring step,
vears. ing of it, I knew that pity for the lamb I came upon him in the open, just wild little a pparition I must have been, beyo begianing to come fast, and the with my black hair streaming over my were beginning thunder to roll louder and louder like shoulders, my startled eyes, and my roar of approaching artillery. He heard comber the
combined to form that tender, pitying, the patter of my teet behind him, and
wondering expression-for, when knew him better I knew that, unless ""Come on, come on!" he said, "Scared hrart lay on his countenance as the coat-tail. This great sheep takes up print on an open book-but, however I did not like to take hold of his Carmichael with his bleating lamb and coat, but was glad to run along beside
the greenery pressing all about him him through the fields, even though the greenery pressing all about him he did not spak, nor even look at me
I saw.
Years before when but a very little again all the way. Years before. when but a very little The rain did not begin to patter un-
child, I had seen when with my mother til we had reached the lower barn in some city church somewhere, a where Dick was fastening in a flock which I had watched and watchid all of "turkeys. Run across to Mallory's, Dick,"
the time of the service, with the drone said Mr. Carmichael "'n" tell them of the white-gowned clergyman grow- said Mr. Carmichael, "' n ' tell them
ing fainter and fainter in my ears. It Peggie's here, 'n' 'll be home all safe was in a window of stained glass, and when the storm's over." Immediately Dick set off on a run the morning sun, shining through it, while I followed his father into thi
had touched into what seemed a strange whep sheepoust, and watched him whil
glory to mv childish eves the figure of she glory to my childish eves the figure of
the grood Sheph. rd, with a littele lamb Him down a path that ran, with green torn from his handkerchicf. I thought
bu: hes presing on cithrr hand, through me must be hurting the poor thing

dreadfully, for it struggled a little, and as the glory centred in the face, with bleated pitifully; but 1 knew he did had gazed and gazed until the sweet talking to it, calling it ". poor lambie! | Ges to look down in pitying tenderness $\begin{array}{l}\text { it it would be all } \text { Whige watching the operation I wa } \\ \text { just on me. }\end{array}$ too much interested to pay much at |
| :--- | Henry Carmichael startlid me, as

Con co childhood had projected itsn 1 l
bo michaels wond.
The next instant a sort of horror open door. War fas 1 could from co
When
 that man of wicked word, with wh me wh that wingt in notice, à Uuch a memory; and with tho sudden parred there whenever he spoke, to a


Steedman's
soothing Powders
Relieve feverish heat Prevent FITS, CONvolsions, etc.

## CHILDREN

PSOIIE REASONS WHYG
the confidence of the
Canadian public in

was never se great as at present-
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insuring public requires.
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results realized under heir policies.
(4) Because the general public is begining to find out the good beginning 10 oind out the goor
hings the Company has in store
Yor is policy-h
(5) Because, b-ing purely mutual, its customers -they are more-parthers
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## Ingle Nook Chats

THE VISIT OF THE THRESHERS. always have a little concert the last Dear Dame Durden:-Many thanks evenng of their stay, they seem to cleaning deposit in the kettle. I must takk contemptuously or the threshers recipe yet but necessity will compel them; but they are men just the same me to in a few days. At last I am able as our own husbands, brothers and to enclose a recipe for piklets for sons, and are deserving of the best we
"Ebba." but she must take it upon its can do for them, for their work is very "Ebba," but she must take it upon its can do for them, for their work is very
own merits. It reads more like a pan- arduous and very disagreeable, I a m own merits. It reads more like a panidea that piklets are made with yeast. I am afraid that as usual I am taking I have written again to an aunt in up too much space, so will say "good Wales, who I think will perhaps be
better able to hell forward an amended recipe. Ebba, by the bye, has never favoured me with a letter; I guess she
thinks such an old girl will have little thinks such an old girl will have little
in common with herself. Seriously, in common with herself. Seriously, with her and any other member who cared to. I must thank you, Dame
Durden, for your most interesting Durden, for your most interesting
letter in this last issue of the ADvocate.
I did so enjoy it. Fancy a woman able
to sit and knit when passing through such scenery - Like you, I should have been turning (or trying to) my head in. I wonder how many of the Chatterers have planted bulbs this fall. It is not November will do, only they will not bloom so early. I hope to have some in flower by Christmas
I was very glad to read your remarks
anent threshing cookery and anent threshing cookery, and
with you in every particular.
I have been cooking for threshers for
upon a neighbor for help. I have
always been able to manage alone by getting so much ready before hand,
and the last few years my daughter has been old enough to help, so now we get along splendidly. It is a mistake to think a lot of fancy cakes, etc., a them; they like something more "cfilling." I always make large cakes, pan, and if two or three of that size are
ready before hand I generally find Dear Dame Durden:-I am rejoiced them enough for the three days, which in last issue of Farmer's Advocat is about the usual time for them to that you were once again at your post spend here, although last year, owing to and that you enjoyed your trip to the their company for eight days. How- plating just such an outing for some
ever, I did not mind it very much for time, thinking my health would be they were a very nice gang, and we got on so well that I was almost sorry to
bid them farewell. They went out abbit shooting twice and brought in sixteen one day and twelve another. I said I would cook them if they cleaned
them, so they had a skinning bee in the hem, so they had a skinning bee in the laughed more than when they came in
with the rabbits all ready. They ooked like rabbits themselves-so urry and hairy were they. I always

THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE FASHIONS.
B.-Order by number and send 10 cents for each pattern to "Fashion De-


BETTER THAN ITS NAME
expect to write Do soon, but "Mother of-Four" wishes recipe for Scripture Cake; I only fear it will be too late for cipe for Devil's Cake, which belies its name, as it is very good. coffee stains much more will take out usual one of pouring hot water on the
stain; they will also take made by oil from the clothes wringer The best way to clean a soapston griddle is to put salt on it when you put
it on the fire, rubbing the salt well
and letting it remain on until read dle should not be grensed
To prevent be greased. when stirred into boiling water, moisteng asked cold water. I believe this was Nora BETTER LUCK ANOTHER SEAS iful for a change. I do love beausure I would like the trip immensely, but those hundred acres of frozen wheat put the idea entirely out of better luck another season. or, I thoughture Cake" was aske but was afraid of sending the recipe killed with kind replies, as in nearly of "Lemon Cheese;", but as the cas not been sent in, and has again bee
asked for, wili write it out and

6012-Ladies Wais
bust measure.

assure our members it is good. I Take the eggs out and to the liquid add year, and will again this year. Dear and cork. When, ineeded give one bottleame, I do not like to part with 1907 have to realize when we see our locks being streaked with gray that the tumn near at hand.

## TO SETTLE AN ARGUMENT

Dear Dame Durden :-I hope not exceeding the bounds of the
Ingle Nook when I ask for following information with which to settle a friendly argument.
Kindly give the names of the sons and daughters of the Duke of Rich mond, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland Canada in 1818 and who died Aug, 27, 1819. 2. Give the family sur-
name.

Yours truly,
(There is nothing 'Double Em."
(There is nothing beyond the Chatterer wants to know and that o have kept you waiting so long beore getting the friendly argument
settled, but you have had my apolories sent in advance.
The sons and daughters of Duke of Richmond were: (1) Charles, the 5 th Duke who succeeded to the in I 819 (2) John George.
3) Henry Adam. (4) William Pitt. (5) Frederick. (6) Sussex. (7) Arthur.
(10) Mary. (9) Sarah. (i) Georgiana 1) Jane. (12) Louisa Maddelena 3) Charlotte. (I4) Sophia-Georgiana A CROUP CURE.
Dear Dame Durden.-Might I add note re preserving wild plums in Maniof soda as it takes the wild taste off
nicely and then proceed in the usual way to preserve. hout noticed about someone asking Thetion easier. Mine begins io make mother from 3 that are hardy and yet make a good he strength of the vinegar deponds on Virginia Creeper, the native Bittersweet and the wild Grape Vine. The wild
si

VINES FOR WESTERN HOME. Dear Dame Durden.-Being a constant reader of the Farmbr's Advocate great interest in all the advice you print for it is very useful. Will you kindly one of her teats is hard to milk. I have to push it up like the calf does before I can get the least milk from her. Is there a remedy for it? If so,
I would be very grateful for advice. I have log hase 20 feet and a kitchen attached 16 by 18 feet, and I cannot afford to have it sided just yet. Would you please tell me how I can get a thick clustering creeper
o cover it so that it will look like our English homes that you had in your previous issues, and the name or where g can get it? By doing so you will sreatly oblige. I trust I am not asking
too much but I will try to send something on when I am more settled.
(As only one teat is affected we would infer that the diffculty in milking is the channel, or that the muscles inside the teat are too tense. If either of these is necessary and you would bate operation atten the cow you would be better ta ather than risk affecting a cure by this sult in for such an operation may re the cut is made and vour cow where harder to milk than before You might get some improvement by inserting a mooth hardwood plug for a few mincald and clean the pegs carefully after ach insertion, or if the trouble is simply ceding the cow "holding up", her milk, ttention from the milker and make could get information about other hardy
$\qquad$

## 7 Made in many sizes and prices - but of only one quality-the best. <br> Martin-Orme Pianos <br> 5mbs Dale all over tremenada, and wed like you to know more about them. Write to-day for a free descriptive hooklet tell- ing why Martin-Orme Pianos are superior. A Martin-0rme will be shipped direct to you if there's no dealer in your vicinity. Prices and terms sent on request to any address. ORME \& SON, Limited OTTAWA, ONT. <br> Messrs. A. E. soulis \& Co. <br> THE OLD SUIT <br> WHICH MOTHER MADE NEW BY THE USE OF DIAMOND DYES. <br>  <br>   Wool serge suit for my boy. The suit hat been worn for about six months, and ww: faded and spotted. After a bath in NAl ; BLUE DIAMOND DYE for WOOL, th old suit looks as good and fresh as a ne. one. I recommend DIAMOND DYES all mothers who wish to save money." Mrs. Frank Hartley Halifax, It has been proved beyond a doubt expert color chemists that no dye marl expert color chemists that no dye mar to coorr Cotton or Linen (vegetable ma terials) can give the same rich shade Wool or Silk (animal materials) that is obtained by the use of the special DIAMOND DIAMOND WOOL DYES. The one dye which some merchants claim will dyy equally well all classes o: goods (Cotton, Linen, Wool an A Silk) is a delusion and a snare; such a dye is destro eer of valuable materials anit <br> Tabrics. When dyeing Cotton or Linen, be sure to ask for DIAMIOND DYE for Cotton. <br> $\qquad$ <br> $\qquad$ <br> Advertise in the Farmer's Advocate

THE FARMER'S ADVOCATE

Victoria, B.C.

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 and Orchards142 acres, 11 miles out, 110 acres
cleared and cultivated, beauti
ful house, good 5 -acre orchard and barns .................... $\$ 35,000$ 5 acres, 8 miles out, all cleared, $\$ 100$ 10 acres, close to town, 5 -roomed
cottage, land all cleared 30
 4 acres close to town, 6 -roomed cottage, stable and barn, 40
bearing fruit trees ........... $\$ 3,650$
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This is the way Stanfield's Underwear is made.

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is absolutely unshrinkable 3 weights-all sizes At your dealers
Don't Forget that ouno mabarcipition to the ne year by zecuring two new subacei

## CHILDREN＇S CORNER

A word to the artists．

Girls can think of many things to Dear Boys and Girls：－－Some of you make because they can use the needle
have been sending in dranings，and and so tashion all kinds of dainty gar－
 can not be reprobuced in the paper and hundryds of other things，but whal
because they are not done on the about the bovs？Well．most bois right kind of are paper withe the righi have a the bife and are fond of using it kind on ink．Linen paper，unruled，but how many know how much cai steel pen are what you need be did with Coax someone to give you the ink bread board e enev think of making for Chritmas and then you can draw or of carring a piece of wood to have pict ures galore．
willie Horris Wilie Harris，Ross Livingstone，Amy used for a hat or clothes rack？The Ebbutt Flossie Watson，and some bread board that I am using daill
others have sent in very good draw－ s made of a piece of birch board that

a Xmas Present boys can make．
ings，but none of them could be used was left over when a new wagon bo
 it got broken in the mail，which was From the line of the circle to centre．
a pity．I hope somebody is going to of the brard was slightly bedged
a write a real nice long interesting letter with the draw krife．
for the Christmas．Number．Is it yous bevelled
atighty A CHRISTMAS PRESENT BOYS CAN MAKE．
 presents．A present that shows the on your drawing so as to a avoid cutting
thought and patient laborr of the giver
is worth so much more than
deep where vou dont intend to in any store．



## $\$ 1.00$ per Acre

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will buy
A choice 10 －acre lot At ROBSON
the cream of the

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in a 5

Xmas Gift for．your Boy or Girl．We are offering
Razors，Knives Books as

November 27, 1907


## "ouStove Catalogue nain


"The Amjitious Cily" When you are looking for a climate without drovilices are subjected to; when you have capitual to invest in Real Estate,

 our mitho wo MARTINSON \& CO. noal Eet tot it in vatmonta ote .

Please mention the Farmar's Idvjeate when answering advertisements on this page
Benedick-That luminous paint is a boun' to happen. But, some folks do splendid invention.
Singleton-What do you use it for Benedick-We paint the babv's face,
o we can give him a drink in the night so we can give him a drink in the night
without lighting the gas.

Little Willie-"'Say, pa, what's the difference between a luxury and a neces-
sity? Pa_'،Marrying for love is luxury my son, while marrying for money is "I's charitable enough to belie ve,"
my son, w
necessity?


## PAYING CROPS

APPLES CHERRIES STRAWBERRIES
PEARS
PLUMS PEACHES

## Okanagan Centre

is in the heart of the Peach Belt, the pick of all the valley, and the soil, when irrigated, is specially suited for growing the fincst Peaches, Strawberries and Grapes, besides othe fruits and vegetables

If you apply quickly you can buy this land in 5 -acr lots and over at $\$ 125$ to $\$ 200$ per acre.

A ro-acre lot will cost you less than a good $1 / 4$ section
on the prairies and yield $\$ 5$,ooo to $\$ 6$,ooo per acre.
Can you get as much for a Wheat Crop off 160 acres at even a Dollar?


The cclimate on the Okanagan is superb, the winters mild and the mmers delightful.

Fishing and hunting are right at your door
Communication is easy by lake steamer or wagon road, 18 miles to Vernon, and thence by rail a short distance to Sicamous Junction on the Irrigation by a properly planned and executed system will be ready
next spring
There are already open a hotel and store with telephone; foundations tor a church are laid and there is a resident minister on the townsite. OKANAGAN CENTRE with its 6,000 acres will rapidly become the headquarters of the balande
Maddock Bros. Ltd.
361 Main Street, Winnipeg
10 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C
Head Office - - VERNON, B.C.

T tune prest time seems an oppor- semi-arid, ranges which they have been and and plaiarities and characteristics have in the north Enderby Ation, we of this great Valley, especially and Vernon where the natural con in view of the demand amongst eastern ditions are very similar. The soil is a
folk for orchard homes and the promi- rich, dark pliable loam, varving into folk for orchard homes and the promi- rich, dark pliable loam, varying int nence given to the okanagan by those sthif clay of a peaty nature here and
who are profiting by the foresight and there, with a subsoil of a thick clay bed practical experience of the more ven- The mountain ranges on the east and turesome pioneers in the raising of the west tower high above and the natural
fruits suited to the locality. It is not easy to determine just neeeded moisture. Around Vernon are where the Okanagan Valley properly some bare open ranges on the lower begins and ends, but we may well im- hills, but a few miles to the north the clude from Enderby in the north, some surface of the wild lands is covered with
23 miles from Sicamous Iunction to birch pine cottonwood and
 sion of Peachcliff is being opened up but the soil in the latter is more of a red district of British Columbia the natural fertile and it would be be extremely conditions, soil, temperature etc, vary task to say which is the better. The
much wis compass. The length of the valley, as defined above, is not more than 95 , fruitheen trees as for such crops as cabbages,
miles and the width is never greater potatoes than 15 or 20 miles, yet there is a great produce, but the highest parts yield variation in lowest winter temperatures, very very fine apples. The Coldstream apparently as much as 20 degrees, and Ranch east of Vernon is of course noted
the southern extremity claims to be two all over and bevond Canada and a drio weeks ahead of the northern in its sea- through these acres and acres of or Vernon, too, is considerably greater fame has spread so far. They are laid Chan further south whilst whe soil out and kept in the most perfect con-
changes from a rich dark brown in the dition possible and are a sight not former to the finest white silt, which be missed by a visitor to this country looks at first sight most unpromising, Instances of great crops, amounting to
but is evidently none the less of very four figures in value per acre are quoted exceptional value when properly irri- up and down all this parte, under quoted
gated. The northern loam seldom needs the cabbages, onions or any produce suitaddition of moisture by artificial means able to the exact locality. Further and the silt is useless without it. On south on the east shore, one comes to capable of being turned to profitable have some 6000 acres subdivided, and a account by the combined action of small army hurrying to completion an many owners of small lots and this immense irrigation system with a
combined effort is brought into play series of reservoirs just above the turnreal estate dealers who, having acquired lot. The main pipe line extends some


Regatta at Kelowna. Ranchers in the Oranagan enjoy"a sail. Targe semi-arid tracts and water rights 8 miles from a series of lakes on the and streams, have spent thousands of which lies just to the east of their pro supplies and the piping of it to their erected, Already a hotel and a store are plot. The Okanagan, then, is very largelv siltv deposit with much solt here is a valley particularly adapted to the mixed and must be preeminently fitted plan of subdividing into small holdings for peaches and grapes whilst some of
and the purchaters of these pay prices the higher lots at the east or back of the ost of the land but the acres are worth other fruits, and strawberries could bo

保 that che and the climate "Ach! Goabes, grapes." He knew,

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

A Different Plan
I have the choicest location in Okanagan Valley for Peaches and Grapes. The Cliff facing south reflects the sun and holds the heat a
night. per $\$ 250$ acre Small lots to suit you Cleared

## PLANTED and

## Irrigated

with fruits to suit you before This your pe This year the Peach icrop ran Apply

## A. J.SMYTH

 P. O. Box 6Calgary, Alta.
for all practical purposes ${ }^{\text {may }}$ be included in this notice. A drive of some 13
miles from Vernon, along the Wiggin road (Vernon to Kelowna) is at present the only means of access, but a regular
steamboat system with scows for freight steamboat system with scows for freight
is planned for next spring and the Gov-
ernment are now making a canal across ernment are now making a canal across
the narrow neck of land called "The Railroad'" which divides the two lakes.
Just north of this strip of land is Mr. Just north of this strip of land is Mr.
Lee's property called "Interlaken," and
another isthmus owned by a gentleman another isthmus owned by a gentleman
from Wenatchee. The rancher says that he does not know yet whether the district will produce such fine fruit as
the valley he has left, but he thinks it will approximate, very nearly, if
managed as well, and the price of the Okanagan land is much less than
that of sinilar lots across the border. Turning south from this ranch one passes right through the Wood Lake
estate, which is roughly a parallelogram with one of its long sides fronting the lake and the other carrying the main
irrigation ditch which commands every acre that is for sale. The lake frontage
lots run right to the water's edge and the whole property has a fine natural slope facing west. The soil is a curious
mixture between the rich dark loam of the north and the white silt of the south,
and having a very excellent a ppearance and having a very excellent appearance
from the fertility point of view. The from the fertility point of view. The
surface is mostly covered with a short grass which has for many years been cropped by cattle and horses. Next
in order one comes to Kelowna, still in order one comes the east shore of the main lake. This was one of the earliest, if not the earliest, pr,ints at which fruit began to be grown commercially. The town occupies a lakeside position near an old R .
C. mission station which was established in the early days of British Columbian history. This mission station is
on the old wagon road which runs on the old wagon road which runs north past Okanagan Centre rough into Vernon Long, Lake salley into ernon
Kelowna people have been probably
the most enterprising of all along the the most enterprising of all along the
valley and have assiduouslv pushed valley and have assiduous pusted
forward the claims of their district as a fruit growing centre. The merchants and others in the place evidently have a
firm belief in the future of the place, for firm belief in the future of the place, land many are interested in the lily all the companies formed for the purpose of selling the small lots have reserved for their
own use and planted, or are arranging to own use and planted, or are arranging to
plant, a large orchard for themselves, thus eventuallv becoming growers of What the Coldstream ranch has been What the Coldstream ranch has been
o Vernon the Stirling orchard of about 0 arnon the Stirling orchard of about Situated at the end of the main treet, this propert, called "Bank-
lead,", greets one when starting oot a
live un



PEACH CLIFF 1 mile east from OKANAGAN FALLS


Okanagan Falls, Okanagan
look most attractive. These two firms are selling the land plowed ready for planting - a new departure in this tilth for several years. But. if the
expectations of the Kelowna Tobacco Co. are realized, Kelowna seems destined
to become famous as a tobacco-growing locality. The writer is personally not horticulture, but has obtained the
following particulars from Mr. McTavish iollowing particulars trom Mr. McTavish
the secretary of the Tobacco Co.

1. Tobacco cannot be grown in a new district from imported seed direct, 2. Troduce acclimatised seed is sown about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet high they are transplanted place in June and the soil must be
readied by a previous cropping with plowing in the fall, a lighter plowing in
the spring and a thorough irrigation

## STOP <br> off at ENDERRY, B.C.

One day devoted to inspection of this district wil be well spent. First-class land can still be bought at nearer prairie prices, because no speculat.ve boom has been started.

Enderby is at the north end of the Okanagan Valley, the second station frem Sicamcus Junction. Soil mostly rich loam with lighter patches in the higher parts.

Several fine farms could be picked up at half the prices prevailing further down this same valley
Don't throw meney away.

## JAMES MOWAT

ENDERBY, B. C.

## The Land of the Big Red Apple

BUY a choice fruit and vegetable tract near Armstrong in the B famous Okanagan Valley and make moncy easily and live comfortably in the FINEST CLIMATE IN CANADA. Shor mild Winters, long Summ rs without frosts. No winter rain and mud. No bad storms, hail, or blizzards. Pure healthy mountain air sunshine and water. Fine schools and churches. Highest cash'prices paid for fruit, vegetables and all kinds of produce by the Farmers' Exchange and the Crearhery.

Here the land is not controlled and sold at excessive prices by large land and irrigation companits, but is sold by the individal holder/at its value. Prices of cleartd land near town range from $\$ 45.00$ to $\$ 100.00$ an acre; wild land from $\$ 15.00$ to $\$ 50.00$ an acre.

When you visit-British Columbia don't fail to visit Armstrong and see for yourself the advantages offered and in the muantime rite for

FISHER RSAGE
ARMSTRONG, B. C.


Tranquille Ranchin The Okanagan Valleyt.
Recontly sold to the Provicial Goverment for a Sanitarium site.
or soaking just before the young plants but it is extremely unlikely. The
are bedded out. After the bedding absence of these small organisms will are bedded out. Atter the bedding absence of these small organisms will
out most caretui and thorough culti- not prevent the production of tobacco
vat moisture. Mr. Lewis Holman is the pioneer of 3. In August the crop is ready for the tobacco growing and has been ex-
gathering and one gang proceeds to cut perimenting for a number of years with gathering and one gang proceeds on the varieties and modes of cult ure and we
the leaves off and lay them on
groud
 lathes of wood. The loaded lathes Peachland was subdivided oripinally
are then hung on specially fitted wag- by Mr. I. M. Robinson, who is said to be are then hung on specially fitted wag- by Mr. J. M. Robinson, who is said to be
gons, removed to the drying house and the first man to have utilized in this hing up at 6 to 10 inches distances. direction his powers of observation and After some 8 to 12 weeks most of the to have taken note of the successful
moisture has evaporated, the leaves growth of peach trees in some of the moisture has evaporated, the leaves growth of peach trees in some of the
are roughly picked over by the farmer gardens of the old cattle ranchers' are roughly picked over by the farmer gardens of the old cattle ranchers'
and "stripped, "i.e. the stalks removed, homes. The surface of the ground is and strippe, i.e. the staiks removed. homes. The surface of the ground is
and rolled in bundes of 15 to 30 lbs., in very much broken and the soil is a very
which thate the cro is which state the crop is passed by him to light brown silt with a heavy admixt ure
the curers who at Kelowna are the the curers, who, at Kelowna, are the of gravel and stones. Being the first
Tobacco Company. The curing pro- place to be planted with peach trees it cess partakes of the nature of a sweat- was the first to ship this fruit com-
 leaves are repeatedly sorted and re- have been proured about zo, ooo
sorted into grades, and the time occupied boxes for export and of these the sorted into grades, and the time occupied boxes for export and of these the
is 3 to 6 months.
Peachland Canning Co., as their rst No tobacoo has been sold by the Peachland work, have packed 3000 boxes. Kelowna Co. yet, but Mr. McTavish The Ranchers make about 75 cents to
informed the writer that they have on $\$ 1.00$ per box gross and the following informed the writer that they have on $\$ 1.00$ per box gross and the following hand the crop of about 20 acress of 1906 appears to be a fair estimate of a tree's
and 30 acres of 1907 growth. They vield during its life. When planted in pay about 11 cents per 11b. for Conistock yiel orchard it is one year old (few use

Spanish and 18 cents for Havana leaf. | Spanish and 18 cents for Havana leaf. 2 year old trees) and the first crop is |
| :--- |
| The vield per acre is said to be about taken off when it is four years old | The yield per acre is said to be about taken off when it is four years old (3)

1200 lbs. of the Spanish and 900 lbs. of years in the orchard) though a few the Havana, making $\$ 132$ and $\$ 162$ years in the orchard) though a fee
people
let
fruit come and ripen a year per acre, respectively. earlier, thereby considerably exhaust Asked if tobacco could be properly ing the trees. The first crop will yield grown metween the rows of orchard about four boxes, the next 7 boxes, the
trees, Mr. McTavish said emphatically next 8 followed by an increase of trees, Mr. McTavish said emphatically next 8 followed by an increase of one
"Yes." It is claimed that the Kel- box a year till the tree is Io or 12 years owna soil is very well suited to tobacco of age; from 100 to 150 trees are planted growing and that the Havana varieties per acre. After that it is believed that
do well. If this be the case there is the trees will go on bearing until they undoubtedly a big future before the are 20 or 30 years old, but this is purely locality. The writer is inclined to hypothecal so far as the present lands belie ve, however, that in order to repro- on sale are concerned. The earliest
duce the true Havana fravor the soil duce the true Havana fla vor the soil or one of the earliest settlers at this
would need to be fertilised with some of point was Mr. John Gummow who came the bacteria from the Cuban Island, from Winnipeg where he continued for these bacteria act in the curing for 2 or 3 years to work as a bricklayer process like a ferment and play a most and plasterer in the summer and de-
important part in the turning out of the voted the winter months to cleanin finshed product. It is, of course, just and tending his ro acre plot. © His wife possible that the Kelowna soil may and family remained at Peachland
already be rich in these same bacteria, during the summer to mind the new

## Kelowna Fruit Lands

We have a large tract of perfectly level, clear fertile fruit lands, in the Okanagan Valley, which we are selling in 12 acre plois. The soil is extremel
fer ile, , he choicest of frui land, and has an unfaii. No stumps, no sorulb, no stones, no swamps to drain, no hitts to ctimb. It is a place of ideal homes, having a mild, equable climate, wonderfu scenery, beau iful lake.
Frui. growing clean, free frcm insect pests No failure in crops, a sure crop of superi fruii, every year, and an ever expanding markel.
Good schools and churches, excellenc people, and a live city of 1,200 inhabi ants. A as well as a profitable Buy a plot now and secure a delightful hcms, as well as a
investmeni. These lands are limited, and will rapidly rise in pric investmen.. These lands are
Wri. us for pariculars.
$T^{\text {The }}$
T. J. HOW, LAND Co., Ltd.

KELOWNA, B. C.

## SPECIAL OFFER FOR THIS ISSUE

## A 20-ACRE ORCHARD <br> White Wire Fenced

85 Peach Trees.. 3 varieties
56 Plum
59 Prune
85 Cherry
543 Apple
All $2^{1 / 2}$ Years Old
Unfailing system of irrigation by flume high pressure; domestic supply by separate pipe line installed 4 years ago. Land perfectly level.

Property of T. W. Stirling, Esq., President Kelowna Land and Orchard Co., late President B.C. Fruit Growers' Association.

Price $\$ 225$ per acre; $\frac{1}{3}$ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, interest 6\%.

Mr. Stirling will take care of the property until purchaser is ready to take possession

We will give a three weeks option for $\$ 200$ to the fi st application received.

## HEWETSON \& MANTLE KELOWNA, B. C.

## WOOD LAKE

bes' proposition in irrig ated fruit lands in
British Columbia
Lake frontage lots at $\$ 200$ per acre, others at
vil. Tent teat on, best yssem of itris tion the man heres own he whole syvem and
BEST VALUE
K. Pole EE, vernon

Free Trip
Okanagan Valley
To all who buy a Ten-Acre Fruit Farm COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF, an the soundest anil most proftable investments
and in a mut delightul place to live, selet one
or more of our Ten Acre Fruit Fiarms, and we or more of our Ten Acre Fruit Farms, and we
will sell it to you on easy terms and deduct the
price paid for your ticket from your first price
ment.
pa
 sinvie far plus $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 0 0}$



THOMAS BULMAN Mission Valley, KELOWNA, B.C

CANADIAN - © - - C ANNUAL
Eastern Canada

## Excursions

Low Round Trip Rates to Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces Tickets on sale Dec. 1 to Dec 31, in-
clusive, good to return wi hin three mon, hs.
Tickets issued in connection Atlantic Steamship Business will be on sale from Nov 23 , and limited to five months Finesi Equipment. Standard First-class Sleeping and Tourist Cars on
Two Through Express Trains Daily Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent for full nome and
home and look after the trees. Mr .
Gummow now has a nice home and a comfortable living. Mr. Seth Davidson is a nother notable, having at the age of $61,2 \frac{1}{2}$ years ago, bought 2 acres on
the bluff above the landing and set to work to lay it out in terraces and plant
trees of numerous kinds, flowers and vegetables. His little ranch is, all angs considered, a wonderful work and keeps him hustling year in year out
to increase its beauty and its profit.


## FRUIT LANDS READY TO PLANT

 10 \& 12 Acre Blocks We Guarantee Every acre is good soil, fit for pro fitable fruit rasing.Lery acre is cleared and plowed
ready for planting. No extra charge to you for this.
commencement of the irrigation season, 1908.
If you can do better elsewhere don't rouble us. We know that you Kelowna exhibit took highest points
for Fruit at the Provincial Exhilfition Send $\mathbf{\$ 2 5}$ per acre now and selec
Price $\$ 200$ per acre.
Price $\$ 200$ per acre
Central Okanagan Land and Orchard Co. KELOWNA, B.C.

## WANTS \& FOR SALE






240-ACRE FARM to let; 200 acres ploughed
ready for spring crops; 15 miles fom Winni
WATTED-Competent Salesmen, latest accurate

FARM HELP - Englishman wishes engagement
ain farm help in Manitoba.
Twenty four years of farm hevp in Manitoba. Twenty-four yeare Man Apply, stating wape. ${ }^{\text {Pan }}$
FRUIT RANCE, Vernon, B C... for Sale. 10
aeros 82.000 half cash. Part planted young

 | FROZEN WHEAT Wanted-Send sample and |
| :--- |
| price in sacks, in car lots f.o.b., cars at your |

 Turkeys, splendid year-old gobble. Brown Leghorn ecockerels, Resistered Berkshires
both sexes, all ages. Allan McEwen, Clear-
water, Man. A KUNDRED Piremen and Brakemen wanted on




 Victoria.
A REAL SNAP- 160 acres of some of the best
 FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE-Four improved
quarter sections land, from 15 to 30 acres
broken, Dauphin district. which is known as
 ments, or er cashange part cash, or horses, on on crop pay
store, stock. Mek Meneral
Minstry \& Sons, Box store stock.
Dauphin, Ma
FOR SALE-British Columbia. Ranches. farms
and fruit lands adjoining city of Kammorns;
blocks of 10 acres up: river frontage


WANTED YOUNG MEN
Brakeman, Pireman. Electric Motorman, Porters.
Experience nuncessary Name position; 100 pos.
Bions open ind

## POULTRY

and EGGS

##   ${ }^{10}=$ Ont -16 vain, Man H. WABY, Holmfield, Man., breeder of Red- Cattle, Barred Rocks. Buff Orpingtons, and S. C. Brown Leehorns. A few more grand cockerels for sale ot farmers before cold wrice to the wher AT MAW's Poultry Parm, Parkdale Post Office  BARRED ROCKS and S C. White Leghorns.- We have namber of cockerels, pullets and Wen have a number of corkerels, pulets and hens of both beeds to dispose of at once. The first uyuers will get the pick Dont dela Write at once. Walter James \& Sons, Rosser <br>  reisiterea; also Bax weeks old and up, Pedigrees ramoth Rock Cockerels a nd Mamoth Pekin Drakesuth Bownekn, High River, Alta

## Breeders' <br> Directory


 more than throe linol.
 Atw. Newe mion





 Shi-rthrobe
Shire borme.






 stock mal.
sk. Man
-

and lot Live D. SMrTH, Gladstone, Man., Shiren Jerseys and BEN, MORE reg. Jersey herd -P. W. Reid, pro-
prietor.
Enquiries solicited.

Hill, P.O., Van| prietor. En |
| :---: |
| Ecouver Is., B.C |

A. D. McDONALD, Sunny Side Farm, Napinka
Man Berkshires and Yorkshires from prize
winning stock all ages; write for particulars. J. R. McRAE, Neepawa, Breeder of white Wyan-
dottes.
also egks.

Lost, Strayed or Impounded




Northwest Provinces and to the rapiall
increxsing gity popplation of Vancouv


 Landing whence the branh line rums
via Vernen, Atmstran and Enterby
oo conect with the main (ratr


$\qquad$

apples, Tobacco at Kelowna is still
Ithink, to be proved a commercit
here is distinct from most others in
that the subdivision extends along the
foot of a cliff with a south aspect foot of a cliff with a south aspect. The
soil here, too, is a sandy loam and the
large yield per acre from old peach trees large yield per a cre from old peach trees
speaks eloquently as to its suitability for speaks eloquently as to its suitability for
this class of fruit culture. Portions o
the surface are covered with timbe the surface are covered with timber
of no great size, but Mr. Smyth is selling of no great size, but Mr. Smyth is selling so that the question of clearing does not Aed consideration by the purchaser power could be developed as the district becomes populated and the C. P. R. past the Falls to Penticton, there linking
up with a second route to the coast, via up with a second route to the coast, via
Princeton. There is a stage connection with Penticton and Oroville, the latter
being across the international boundary and fifty-two miles distant; this stage runners twice in the last two years,
so small is the snowfall. Peachclif rumners twice in the last two years,
so small is the snowfall. Peachclif
is a spot for the culture of the more delicate fruits.
A few words of warning may not be
out of place here, for this province which has suffered severely at the hands of
unscrupulous wildcatters in the world, seems destined to suffer equally
n the timber limit craze and migh easily gain an unenviable reputation
over its fruit raising propositions. Fruit raising is already an accomplishe
fact and is and will continue to be prontable form of husbandry, but not still and watch the crops grow and ripen with his pipe in his mouth. A
great deal of care and attention are
essential to success and much reform is needed already in some main parti-
currs. These are the supply of young
stock, and the selection of varieties whilst the packing and marketing will require all the skill and thought of
persons who are capable of handling
he produce in




ng wind blows; it is less exposed thus
to the winds' force and acts in a measThe top bough, on the other hand,
should be grown directly from the
In the selection of varieties each new-
comer should, for his own as well as the
community's good, plant the same sort
as his neighbors. The celebrated Amer-

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ eats well. is fed on shorts and refuse
from the house, has a good pen and
plenty of room to run about. Has Ans.-The crippled condition is most ely due to indigestion brought on
over feeding and lack of outdoor



Turns Bad Blood into Rich Red Blood.
No other remedy possesses sucb perfect cleansing, healing and purifying properties.
Externally, heals Sores, Ulcers Abscesses, and all Eruptions.
Internally, restores the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood to healthy action. If your appetite is poor your energy gone, your ambition lost, B. B.B. will restore you to the full enjoyment of happy vigorous life.

## COWAN'S

Cake Icings are]perfect

A child can use them they are all prepared, ready for use, eigh different flavors

Ask your Grocer for COWAN'S CAKE ICINGS

Order To-Day
It's only about five weeks to Xmas, so
that if you intend your gift to yourself or to any of your Fur Garment of chould send to-day Our stock is replete with everything possible in Furs.
Send for Catalog and Price List.
SPECIAL XIMAS PRICES for all Mail Orders
Hammond
The Rellable Furrier Winnipeg

greasy slops, or in extreme cases to
give a couple of ounces of linseed oil
repeating the dose in 24 hours. It is
not generall necessary to give medicine
to a pig. We would advise turning
him out or failing this, throw some
earth along with a little charcoal into
the pen and let him root renewed health
out of it. It's generally all they need.
GETTING DEED.
Does the party selling land or the
party buying pay for the surveying
party buying pay for the surveying
and deed?
and dee
Man.
Ans.-
pays.- The party buying land usually and over on the last payment on the and unless otherwise stated in the
agreement. If the owner in this case does not supply the deed or make pro
vision for its delivery the only vision for its delivery the only course
open is to bring suit for its recovery. open is to bring suit for its recovery
Probably a solicitor's letter would be all that would be necessary.
TAX FOR GOVERNMENT DITCH. How far on either side of a govern supposed to benefit that the ditch is land a ditch has been put through, upon the north side and if brownh ditches were made from our land to the main ditch the water would run toward us. Should we be taxed for
the ditch? How can we axeid the

## pecial tan. Man.

Ans.- In the Land Drainage Act of
Manitoba are the words "the lands benefited" which are construed to mean lands estimated to be benefited and given as to whether or not this inter
pretation is correct. The only way to assessment or bring action to test the
case. In that event in to have branch drains showing the
to she dill direction in exact direction in which the water
runs; certain it is if the bank of earth runs; certain it is if the bank of eart the land unless the bank is opened at intervals.
All lands
All lands which in the opinion of
Government Surveyor will be benefited by the proposed drainage are liable to assessment irrespective of the distance

MARKINGS OF LIGHT BRAHMAS. Would you kindly give me through
vour paper the correct markings for your paper the correct markings fo
Light Bramhas and oblige?

```
Ans.-Neck-Plumage, other than
hackle, white; hackle, web white with
``` solid, glossy black stripe extending
down the middle of each feather, one half or more its length. Back.-Surface color, white; cape
black and white, except where saddle
hangers hangers take on the character of tail
coverts, which if black in web and laced with white shall not be considered
defective; undercolor either white, blu ish-white or slate.
Body and Fluff-Bodv, white exce under wings, white, bluish-white slate; under-color white or bluish-white
fluff white; under-color white Wings-Bows, white, except fronts
which may be partly black; primarie





secondary, black. Tail, black, sickle
and coverts glossy greenish-black
Legs and toes, whiter under color
hluish white, shanks and toes, yellow
blush white, shanks and toes, vellow
Toe-feathering white or white mottle

\section*{HIRED FOR TWO MONTHS}


\section*{PETER JANSEN COMPANY. GRAIN COMMISSION WINNIPEG}

Write for our book "Every Farmers Form Filler", which we will send free if you state that you saw our Advertisemen n the SEFarmers Advocate

\section*{SHIP YOUR GRAIN through us}
wo will look aftor your GRADES References any Bank
The Canadlan Elevator Co. Ltd. WINNIPEG, MAN.

\section*{CONSIGN YOUR GRAIN TO DONALD IIORRISON \& Co.}

\section*{414 Grain Exchange, WINNIPEE, Man.}


\section*{Randall, Gee \& Mitchell \\ (Strictly a Commission Firm)}

We have sold grain by sample for fifteen years, and know that we can give your shipments the care and expert attention they demand SURELY this is the year more than all others when your grain should be shipped to a good Commission firm to be sold by sample, rather than handled in the old way.

Try us with your next shipment.

\section*{Randall, Gee \& Mitchell}

202 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg

\section*{10-ACRE ORCHARD LOTS sLocan valley \\ Good Soil-Level Land-Easy Clearing} We have for sale 14 ten-acre lots of first-class fruit land, free from stone
ituated in the famous Slocan Valley, 8 miles from Slocan City and 35 miles from Nelson. There is ample water for irrigation, if necessary, and the district is: well settled. Passern 350 to 985 per aore. Terme one-fitth oash clear Title. Price from \(\$ 50\) to \(\$ 85\) pera, at \(6 \%\) interest For further
H. \& M. BIRD, Agents

NELSON, B.c.


RAW FURS
We are going to make a specialty
this season of Mink. Marten. Musk rat and Lynx, and want to handle them in large quantities, and to do
Give us a trial shipment this we expect to pay high prices for them. Give us a trial shipment. Write pav highest market price for same. LA CROSSE WOOL \& FUR CO. bept 6, Exporters of Raw Furs

Shorthorns, Yorkshires Berkshires
If taken now we will sell bulls and heifers of all ages
at prices to correspond with the niesent times
it We have ten Yoikshire boars and several sows also for sale. In Berkshires we have three ex-
cellent yearling sows. All sows will be bred to Che best of boars ifs the purhanser deseres. Write
for prices and terms. Whilter Jomes a sous, \begin{tabular}{l} 
Yor prices \\
Roser, man \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(4)

Consignments Solicited We ARE the BEST MARKET in Canada or United States

Nind
INSTANT COLIC CURE
For Colic, Inflammation or
uaranteed to relles. the warte. oases in from
81 ner bottle, or 8 bottles for 8 k prepaid
\(\left.\)\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline CLYOES DALES \\
HACKNEYS
\end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} 
Some fine \\
Stallions \\
and Mares \\
for Sale
\end{tabular} \right\rvert\,
E. T. CARTER \& CO. Tonnt


Sheep and Cattle Labels Drop mee e card for cirrular and
ammple. It costs nothing and will
interes yon F. O you.

\section*{Clendenning Bros.} HARDING, Man
RED POLLED CATTLE YORKSHIRE HOGS
A splendid lot of Young Pigs for Sale
spectal offerimg of
8 Good Young Bulls fit for service

Coo. Rankin \& Sons, mam. мата
Terra Nova Stock Farm ABERDEEN-ANCUS CATTLE
Will be seen at the leading
W. H. ENGIISH \& SONS, HARDING Some fine youns bulle for aele from both in
ported and bome bred cown. Pricos reote S. MARTIN, Rounthwalte, Man

MAPLE EHORTHORNS SHROPSHIRES SHADE A. Ashearling rambaner bulls gio

JOHN DRYDEN \& SON

\section*{Bellevue Herd of Yorkshires}
 patao

\section*{Artistic and General Printers}

\section*{GOSSIP}

The motor car nuisance is increasing so rapidly in England that farmers and county councils are protestirg against the annoyance, the danger, the damage
and the unblushing impudence of the and the untiusing impudence of the motor trafic. The councils have jus
awakened to the fact that in ince the intro. duction of the motor the cost of \(r\) repair-
 the farmers are writhing under the
general nuisance and danger, and general nuisance and danger, and yet too important and tig an individual to
be uncermoniously hicked out. The be uncermoniously hicked out. The
problem is what's to be done with him. THE LONDON (ENGLAND) DAIRY sHow.
At the annual dairy show, held at the Agricultural Hall, Islington, London, prizes in the inspection and two-day
milk and butter tests, and, as an idea of the extent of the show and the variety that the total number of entries
amounted to 8,175 , including goats, poultry, pigeons, cheese butter, hams, \({ }^{6}\)


The Agricultural Cazctte, in its report cow making the best indiividual record,
of the cattle, says: "Yiar by year the she was an exception, having been of the cattle, says: "Yar by year the she was an exception, ha
number of Shorthorns entered for show placed third in the inspection.
increases, and upon the present occasion they were considerably in excess of THE IMITATION OF HARD WOODS,
former years; and, as if to demonstrate the dual-purpose character of the breed, No set of men appreciate the serious-
the majority of the exhibits possessed ness of the timber supply question all the typical features of the beef more than those engaged in the manu-
producer, whilst coniparing favorably facture of lurniture, and surely no in the points indicative of dairy quali- manulacturess are better prepared than
 dairy show. eventhese animals entered a pinch in the hardwood markit is sure in the non-pediyrec classes showing to come, and they have succeeded
more breeding than in former years, adminably in coping with the situation verv few, if ans, of the nondecript, by the cicnomical use of material by
milking-machine the of animal bing vincring and the successful ind
 in cridence. In fact, so great was the of the hightst price hardwoods, at the

Farmer's Advocate of Winnipeg
this case the original grain of the wood From the manager of the Interma-
is first covered with a "filler," and then tional Live Stock Expocition the quartering is printed on in dark in by the im pression of actual quartere
aak rolls. or by a transfer from quartere oak rols.,
agricultural education in SAXONY.
The small farms of Saxony have, say the United States Consular and Trad
Reports, been cultivated in prott nearly the same manner for genetrations.
With a view to enlighten the peasants With a liew thest results of scientific tarm ing, the territory has been traversed by
instructors, largely paid for by the Saxon Government. Many remote villages have been visited, public talks
been given showing the benefits of the newest methods in various lines of farn work (attle-breeding Asscciation others planned; country faifs have bee
arranged and the traveling instructor have acted as business nanagers. and judges, and distributed pren iums
Fodder given to cattle has heen inspect ed, and grazing lands as weti, in order give suggestions for bettering the nutri-
tion and consequent development of the livestock.
Owing to the all-absorbing labor on the farm that leaves little opporturinty
for study, out ide of elenentary schooling, a course in bookkeeping has also sides the lectures given in isclated localities, much inforn ation has been irn part-
ed individually in writing as well as orally. Even the long-rictance telelarger landed properties to a k , im portant specific questions of the agricultural
experts. There seems, accorcingly, to be an awakening desire to get better re
sults out of the land. More scientific dairying and poultry raising are urged and ish culure is encouraged in some on fruit growing and rany practical
demonstrations were made in the upland orchards. Some farm literature was
distributed through the compared with the vast range of helpful printed matter that the American farmer has at his disposal, the quantity and
subjects seem indeed limited
 a wolfs fear of iron. In the early days wolves were com-
paratively unsuspicious, and it was easy to trap or poison them hiti
new knowldge, a better comprehens icn
of the modernd of the modern dangers, seemed to sprad
among the wolves. They leannd how
and to detect and defy the traps and
poison, and in some way the knowledge poison, and in some way the knowledge Was passed from one to another, thil
all woives wre fully possesed of the
infornation How this is done is not all woives were fully voscessed of the
inforn ation. How this is done in
easy to say. It is casict to prove that it is done. Few wolves ever get into
tional Live Stock Exposition to be held in Chicago, November 30th to Decem-
ber 6th, we learn that there have been entered 163 Percherons, 111 Clydesdales, 112 Shires, 46 Hackneys, 94 Bi Igians, 17 French Coachers, 63 Drafters in harness, 263 Shorthorns, 168 Aberdeen Angus, 183 Herefords, large numbers of sheep and swine Swift and Co., of Chicago, have been buying cattle heavily in Alberta for about 5,000 head purchased. The chief agent of the company, W. R. Tumley, orably with the best in the States, being more matured and better suited
for packing than cattle from the middle West. Alberta farmers will no doubt hail with pleasure the advent of the especially in view of the fact that Pat
Burns is reported as not very and Burns is reported as not very anxious
to buy any more this fall. At the to buy any more this fall. At the
same time if the American's prices are no advancement on the prices that
formerly prevailed, farmers will be formerly prevailed, farmers will be
little benefitted, and they are reported
quite Burnsian in this respert quite Burnsian in this respect. If
Alberta cattle are equal or superior for packing purposes to any thing produced in the midale Western States, which means they are the equal of anything
in America, why is it that farmers are in America, why is it that tarmers are Anerican steer is sold tor. of course
there is a heavy impost to be taced in tahing this stock into the United States, but is that impost suffcient to account
for all he difference that prevails betwetn the market prices of American and Albertan steers? Any body who
has had any experience in the cattle
busincss knows that it is not. Who whom aoes it go? JAPANESE TRADE.
In view of the significance with which invest the Latuauian traae with lapan, the report ot Mr. Alex. Mclean, the
Canadian trade agent in that couniry is iuteresting. Mr. McLean coniments upon the apparent unreaciness of the tage ot this trade. While Japan txpect-
ed an increase in Canacia, he tells us the high pices to retard the developnitnt of the tiade. trade will not ofter a very large market to Japan for the first eight months
the piesent year fell off \(\$ 747,980\) over exports tor that period were \(\$ 2,151,85\)
On the other hand, the ini ports of ta silk trom Japan aropped trom \(\$ 118,0 \div 0\) to \(\$ 15.378\) and silk iisues trom \(\$ 175,313\)
to \(\$ 145,800\). The increased Japanese population in this country is no doub \(2=\) HOW A BOY IS TATTOOED Every Burman and Shan boy is ta tooed from above the waist and below the knee. The color is blue, and repre
sents dragons, griffins, and other tabulous anin als, with scrolls, flowers, tet
In adcition to this, among the Shan
it is a common custom to have the back


BOG SPAVIN CURE LAMENESS
BONE SPAVIN BPLINT SWELLINGS
BONE SPAVIN SPLINT SWELNESS
RINGBONE POL EVL SOFT BUNCHER
RENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE



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- 2402mare?

\section*{CLUB STABLES \\ 18 th 3TREET. (Bor 48s) BRANDON \\ MacMillan, Colquhoun \& Beattic \\ Clydeudale, Percheron and Iackiney Stallions}
tine nost fasmomasle strams of beebine aimivs ou hamo





\section*{COLDEN WEST STOCK FARM}

Clydesdales and Shorthorns
Stallione and mares of excellont breeding, of all ages, for nale NiM
Also some choice young bulle fit for servios and a number of mey of them leaing prof minera at the bis motern
P. M. BREDT

Regina, Sask.

\section*{Rare Bargains in} FAIRVIEW SHORTHORNS

1 have more cattle than I have feed for, so am willing to sell a few, of buth sexes, at prices I never expected to quorte The bulls are mostly young, or Ie can supply mature that man only gets on bargain days. No trouble to quote prices

\section*{JOHN G. BARRON}


SUFFERING WOMEN


\section*{Milburn's} Heart and Nerve Pills.

The present generation of women and girlis have more than their share of misery. With
some it is nervousness and palpitation, with others weak, dizsy and fainting spelis. while with
others there is a general collapse of the system. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills tone up the nerves, strengthen the heart and make it beat strong and regular, create new red blood corpuscles, spirits that is the result of renewed mental and physical vigor
Mra. D. O. Donoghne, Orillia, Ont., writes. "For over a year I was troubled with nervousness and heart trocble. I decided to give Mil-
burn's Heart and Nerve Pills a trial, and after using five boxes I found I was completely cured. always recommend them to my friends." Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for 81.25 . Ill dealers or

\section*{PREVENT BLACKLEG} BLAORLEG VACCINE FREE
t- introduce, we will send one 10-dose BUTTER'S BLACKLEG PILLS ad our booklot on Blactles and Ant REE you do not wresses of 20 cattle-raisers. fime promptiy send the pooklet. It is wi. o-date, Valuable and interesting. Thes on this paper. Addrese Bernkeley, oal

Star Farm Shorthorns

R. W. Caswell,


Free Veterinary Book Be your own horse doctor. Book enables
you to all the common ailments, curb,
splint, spavin, lameness, etc. Prepared by Tutilie's Eiixir

\section*{य1}

IEIE PART THAT WILLIE GETS. When we have turkey (ain't it nice
All cooked so fine and brown!)
My pa he cuts each one a slice
An' passes it aroun'. He gives to all of 'em '(but me)
 May always says, "Oh, anything,'
But pa gives her the breast. An' Uncle Joe he takes the wing (The part I like the best);
An' gran'pa says: "Oh, I dunno,
I'll take a leg: I Spec," ,' An' Pa, all smiling, says:' ' 'Jes' so
Come, Willie-here's

When pa asks Susan what's her chice She says, "I'll have a thigh."" An' \({ }^{\text {Ith }}\) stuffin' piled up high, An so it goes until, oh, dea
That turk is mos' a wreck
When pa at last says: "'Willie! Here!
Now, I've been thinkin' quite a while Jes ' s'pos'n, ', turks went out o' style An' s'pos'n, 'stead o' turkey, pa An's'pos'n'stead o' turkey, pa
Had ostrich to dissec'
I wonder would he say, "Aha! I wonder would he say, "Aha!
Here, Willie-take the neck!"


Many persons will be surprised to
learn that the potato is used in France
in the manufacture of imitation meershaum pipes and " marble" billiard balls. After the potatoes are peeled
they are kept for 36 hours in an 8 per
cent solution of sulphuric acid. They are then dried and pressed hard enough for use in making pipes. Under strong
pressure they become solid enough to be
turned into billiard \(* * *\)
DO YOU REMEMBER?


Never a house for miles and miles,
Save our early castles, columns and
towers That rose in dimly magnificient piles
Above a foundation of moonlit
flowers


Bifkins-". Why during the courtship sake of the man her relations for the
marriage she will work, but after marriage she will work her, husband for
the sake of her relations."

It has been said there has never been decided a case in which a native of
Britain has been held to have lost his domicle of origin and to have estab lished a domicle for the colonies. At judgment delivered in a case where the Commissioners of Inland Revenue sued the trustee of a Scotch Ceylon merchant for legacy duty, it was said that the
prevalence of lifelong colonial residence in the cases of immigrants to Canada and Australia raised a presumption of
domicile which could not be disregarded domicile which could not be disregarded in considering individual cases. In the
case of settlers in a tropical country
there was there was not the same presumption but the evidence in this case was clear, and judgment was in favor of the trus.
tee. The Scotsman remarks that well such decision should be established.

While the French are a race of hero worshippers, the ease with which the break their idols has just been illustrat ed by a popular vote taken by one of
the Parisian papers as to who was the greatest prenchman of the last century. Not so long ago the title of the "Grand Francis" seemed to be the
exclusive possession of Ferdinand de
Lesseps exclusive possession of Ferdinand de
Lesseps, the canal builder. But his name does not even appear on the list,
the opening names of which will be a the opening names of which will be a
surprise to many. The votes for the
leaders were as Pasters were as follows


Evidently France is turning to hu
manitarian ideals rather than military genius. \(\quad\)-Free Press He was an impecunious, seedy, out
t-the-elbows person, and the doctor when -liows persiond and the doctor
wrescribed for him, knew
foter better than to expect a fee.," said the bene volent physican, " dissolve as much
boracic acid as you could put on a ten cent piece in half a glass of water." "Thank you, doctor," murmured the patient, turning away. A moment later
however, the office door was opened and the patient sidled in. l . Say , doc,", said he, with an ingratiating smile, ""where do I get the ten


Now, my friends,' said the candidate
making a nother effort to rouse the
enthusiasm of his hearers 'what making another effort to rouse the
enthusiasm of his hearers, ' What do we
need in order to carry this country by
the biggest majority in its need in order to carry this country we
the higgest majority in its history?"
The response was immediate and enthusiastic.
"Another candidate!" yelled the
audience as one man. Miles and miles through the loneliness, The amateur theatrical performance
A boy and a girl and a slow, slow was being discussed.



\(\qquad\)

\section*{IIanitoba} Farmers
and investors have made fortunes in Victoria real estate within the past year. n't a housing up rapidry, and Inere ve a few dollars in the bank drawing real estate. It's absolutely safe and will make big profits for you. Maps of
the city and all information cheerfully

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Hurried eating, ill chosen food, over eating-any of these indiscre and other uncomfortable sansations which are wearing on the nerves and temper.

\section*{BEECHAN'S PILLS}
are specially valuable, as they act almost immediately on the undistomach. These wonderful pills combine certain vegetable ingredients in exactly the right proportions oing violence to the delicate lin-
ing of the stomach
Before the public for over half a century, for indigestion and kindred complaints, Beecham's Pil

\author{
Have No Equal
} In boxes



Som Sitetic ethics. Some things there be which are bet
ter combatted by ridicule than by argu ment, of which the following fron
Punch is a gonul examplo Punch is a goonu example:--
(You can make a person good pad, honest or dishonest t, simply by
teeking the right kind of diet.- Bisho Fatlows, of Chicago.
It was once understood, if a baby was That \({ }^{\text {good }}{ }_{\text {so }}\) far from deserving the Each lititite grace one might happen to In his tiny white soul to heredity. The converse, of course, had equivalen If virtuous ways were too tame for If he kiciked in his crib and tore hole Bad ancestors must be to blame for

This creed had its day in the usual Till some one invented another one, Till some one invented another one,
Which, of course, being nev, very tapTiil every one scouted the other one Environment next was the populat A medel of virtue a lad might be
If rescued in time from the purlieus If rescued in time from the purieus
of crime, No mater \({ }^{\text {or }}\) bow wicked his dad might
be

But science in vain made attempts to The explain nature of vice and the laws She failed in her search; it was left to To find the mysterious cause of Come, trainers of youth, hear the bis
 You may turn any brat into this, into
that. By that,
By what you may put in the tum
of fit

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\section*{Western}

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\section*{VANCOUVER} VICTORIA

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ruboings ix does horses so much good right at the start that they can be put to work a few hours after the Essence has been applied.
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Heater," the temperature is always of an even warmth and vour feet are comfortable. waste heat from the stove in simply consumes wasto hoatraight up the chimney

THE "1900" WASHER COMPANY -
Catalogs and Booklets
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> That tired feeling which
> Every one speaks of from time to time, and the
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SPECIAL:-W ater front Property on Denman Ibland in Gulf of Ceorgia. 150 acres-14 acres under outtivation and 50 acrus in grass, balanoe prinolpalty alder. Helf mile on water, haf mile on wagon road cood house - 6 rooms, 2 barns, eto., eto. Orohard of 65 bearing trees; small fruits, abundanoe of water; good market neig
8 steamer 4 tlmes weekly. \(\$ 2,750\) cash.

\author{
Established 1888
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A. E. PLANTA, Ltd

\section*{Tootenay}

Fresh air is introduced into the Kootenay oven through a series of \(v e n t s\) at the bottom of the oven door, and the cooking fumes carried out through another series of vents at the back of the oven. Arrows in illustration \(\qquad\) show method
of ventilation.
 oven is always kept pure. The natural flavor \(\circ \mathrm{f}\) artio
compl
comp retained. Everything delicious. FRER Booklet on request.

VALUE OF CORNSTALKS. Cornstalks are coming to be recognizvalue. Chief Chemist Wiley of the United States Department of Agricul-
ture says that every 100 pounds of corn ture says that every 100 pounds of corn-
stalks contain six and one-half pounds of alcohol. Suppose one acre yields twelve tons of stalks. This means
that the acre of stalks would make 1,300 pounds of alcohol, or about 216 gallons. If the alcohol in the cornstalks that now
goes to waste each year were saved, goes to waste each year were saved,
there would be enough to drive all the machinery in our factories and to run all the trains and steamboats and auto-
mobiles and illuminate our houses mobiles and illuminate our houses.
When Professor Wiley's ideas material ize we will not see such large areas of stalks standing out in the fields as is common throughout the corn-bed States. The crop will all be harvedone
and utilized and the work will be done with the alcohol it produces
Inventors are constantly adding cona recent State fair a man was exhibiting an automatic poultry feeder and waterer. And that was not all; the feed and water were warmed for winter feeding. It consisted of a galvanized iron hopper,
with holes in the sides for the fowls to pick the grain out. In the center of
the grain bin was a water tank which the grain bin was a water tank which supplied water to a little trough at the
bottom, from which the fowls could drink. If hot water was put in the tank at night it would warm the feed
around it, and when the fowls came off around it, and when the fowls came of
the roost in the morning they would have a warm breakfast awaiting them.
It looked practical. A new preservative for meat, poultry,
butter, etc., is referred to in a recent number of the London Meat Trades preparation, which is in the form of a liquid, will keep meat fresh and good for demonstration given, specimens of bacon early in the year, were exhibited as proof of its keeping qualities. Several of the gentlemen, on the invitation of
the proprietary company, joints, kidneys, fowls and butter with them to be dipped in the vinegar-looking lotion, and this having been done and will report upon the efficacy of the treatment or otherwise at some future date to be agreed upon. There were no
explanatory speeches made, but several explanatory speeches made, but several informal way. It is said .that the cost
of the preservative is quite infinitesimal.

WHAT I EXPECT TO FIND IN CANADA.
In New Mexico I met a man. He sat in the shade of a red water-tank,
his leather-bound sombrero pulled low over his eyes, his knees pressing his
breast, his bronze, slim-fingered hands breast, his bronze, slim-inngered hands
clasped over them. In the distance. trembling under a turquoise sky, clustered a little group of glistening 'dobies, wrapping paper. Between the dozing man and the somnolent houses, a herd of goats idled. browsing the sand. A
lizard, like a bit of live emerald, crept lizard, like a bit of live emerald, crept
over the sleeper's foot and awakened over
him
"Howdy," said he to me
Then he rolled a cigarette, languidly, with one hand, drawing the
string of the tobacco bag with his teeth. string of the tobacco bag with his teeth
"Live here!" he exclaimed, "Here!" The land if sensate, would have
shrivelled under the scom of his renly "M' friend," said he "they don't any-
body live here. Foiks just is here that's all",
So, side by side, in the shade of the water-tank, we sat until the purple
shadows crept out of the east and the ghosts of the cacti lengt hened on the
sand, the while the man who only wa
told me how i. hid cuntur to

\section*{a. \(\$ 3.000\) Stock Book Jree}

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department will nave you hundrode of
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beariest \\
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\end{tabular}
merrence Ruider, jost sop one To io theoborer and yara foter next




\section*{Ideal} Fence


Farmer's Advocate

His chin went down on his breast
s he suid it, and his eyese loked no at she sutid
outt but in.
 go home." the old, old sob-the sol. of
 lighi goes. the shad.ws that cannot be
escaped, the stealthy silent shadows, mute heralds of the coming night. He told me then where "home",
was-a little town in Western Canada, iorth of Edmonton
To me, who loved the desert and all
its magic, it was a strange thirg, the longing in the man's eyes, the tremor and the long, slim fingers closed upon my arm like steel bands.
"Don't you see," he went on-
"don't you see it's the old story,
friend, wantin' the thing you friend, wantin' the thing you can't
have-the thing you know you never can have-and just know in it makes you want it all the more; . And it ain't
only because it's 'home.. - He shook his head and the pale ghost of a smile flickered about his lips.
all "It's the call of the land-most of Listen:- Did you ever hear it-the call of that land up at the north? It ain't like the call of any other land on just as there's a different smell to the land itself. Up there a man's what he is-God Almighty gives him the things to work with and tells him 'to 'go ahead. anywhere else in the world. It's jes'
man and God a-playin' the game to win-and you can't lose with God for a
partner, can you?"' partner, can you? womething of that light which lies in a lover's eyes, perhaps-a lover whose
soul is tempered by the rejection of his soul
love.
love.
"Sometimes I've woke up over in that 'dobe' "一he pointed-"when it
was so still you could hear your pulse was so stil you could thear bin' in your
beatin' an' the blood throball-seems 's
ears-and heard it-the call ears-and heard it-the call-seems 's
if I'd have to get right up then an
in there, and follow it off to the north
and on, and on, till I got to where it sounded from-up, yonder. And I'd
lay still and seems 's if I could almost smell them the creeks after the snow goe and the whole world-up yonder-lays smilin' in the sunshine. And it ain 't like any other sunshine in the world,
eit her. friend--the sunshine of the land up there! It's cleaner, and sweeter and you can fair taste it-that sunshine. The breeze that blows down from the mountains sends your blood and swear you'll tackle the biggest job
on earth-and do it!-M' friend, if only to-night - this-one night - I could feel that breeze on my face-
square in my face-I'd be satisfied to lay over in that 'dobe' till the bell rings land nobody'd hear me complin in, "You've been up there, though, aincha?' I shook my head
"'Never," said I.
"'What! You mean to say you ain't never been up there-Alberta,
Saskatchewan-not even Manitoba?' Saskatcheran- head again, shamedly, in the face of his wonder.
"Wry what d'yeh think of that?" he exclaimed, sinking back in the sound with his tongue against his teeth. "Say, mean you ain't ever seen the wheat fields up there-in the north? "They're a great yellow ocean,"
he ran on, plucking at his corduroy he ran on, pluccost he sand to where,
and gazing off across \(t\),
perhaps, he saw the golden grain swaying in the wind, rippling and swishing with the sound of rusting silk
"More wheat'n there is in all the "More wheat
world, I guess, wheat to feed every-
body-and the land dyin' to bring


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TAKE GIN PILLS NOW
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Pain in the back and constant head Pain in the back and constant head-
aches mean Kidney Trouble. Swolleu hands and ankles, and pain in th joints, mean Kidney Trouble. Frequen ing-mean Kidney Trouble. Neglecting If you know your kidneys are affected or if you suspect they are affected-
give them the help they need-GIN give them the help they need-GIN
PILLS. Taking GIN PILLS regularly soothes the irritated, inflammed mem-strength-corrects every kidney and bladder trouble
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not lift or stoop without great pain. In fact
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they pained me nearly all the time. In have
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The Aluminum Foot Plate

\section*{Automobile Skate}

Lightest
Strongest
Handsomest
Automobile and Cycle

\author{
Canada Cycle \& Motor Company \\ 144 Princess St., WINNIPEG
}

"Don't be [alarmed, (m'lud; I am about to address the jury, not the court," was
the reply of the barrister.-Tit-Bits.

She-That's'all very pretty, Jack; but
do you think we can live on love and do you think we can live on love and
kisses? thing else is either adulterated, or poisoned, or tainted.-Life.
"If ye please, mum," said the ancient hero, in an appealing voice, as he stood
at the back door of the cottage on washday. "I've lost my "leg-"" woman fiercely. And the door closed adies' Home Journal.

This story is told by Congressman Foster of Vermont: He was speaking
on the criticism that had been aimed at them for saying certain things against
the opposition, and he offered excuse a story and he ored ath an His father was working in the field one day when a vicious dog belonging to a neighboring deacon attacked him 1 is father used a pitchfork with telling
effect on the dog Later he was called on by the deacon, who upbraided him for using such
extreme measures, asking him why he didn't use the blunt end of the fork
first. "I would have," his father replied, "if your dog had come at me
with his blunt end first."
"Upon what authority do you swear to the age of the horse?
Half-a-dozen questions failed to get any better answer. "How do you know?" thundered the barrister at last. "I had it from the mare's own mouth!

Her-"I'm not sure that I want to
marry you, but I'm willing to enter into a conditional engagement."
Iim-"What are the conditions?" Her-"If I meet any one I like better Him - "And suppose I should meet a
girl I like better than you?"
Her-"Oh, then, I should sue you for
breach of promise."



Adams' Farm Sleigh made in 2 in . and \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). sizes with spring steel or cast shoes

Honest Material

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Every ADAMS' SLEICH has the best oak runners, maple bunks and ash tongue.

It "keeps the road" because the bobs are so constructed that they track perfectly and the rear bolb is so attached that the sleigh never buckles. The gradual even slope of the runner prevents it from scooping out "pitch. holes." The shoe projects on each side of the runner and saves it from wear

The front bunk is strongly re-inforced; the ironing is heavy-no labor or expense is spared on material or the loest. No sleigh will give you the satisfaction that an "Adams", will. For sale by Cockshutt agents everywhere.
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at my Belt saved their fives.
Here's s.few samples of the kind of fleters we ect from these men every day:





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orchard of 200 fruit trees of different varieties, 75 of which are now bearing and all in a healthy condition. 40 acrea bave been cleared and in crop. As hig grown on this land and sold at from 75 c . to 90 c . per bushel. Fruits and garden truck do remarkably well here and there is an unlimited market righ our doors.
rood and in most cases better than tha already cleared, being largely a leai mould with a clay loam and clay subsoil. Clearing can be done for from take to clear ready for the plough a these figures.
This land is being sold at from \(\$ 12\)
to \(\$ 300\) per acre according to location.
Clear title at once.
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R. M. и., P.O. Box 354, Nelson, B.C.

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[^0]:    mos men ain tr e

[^1]:    Singeing is for the remmeval of the long hairs
    which are to be found on the 'luw/'s boily. The bird should be taken in both have and held by
    the head and legs and rapidly pasedt through the heal and legs and rapid)y
    clear flame, turninn the boll
    
    
    
    

