

Published Monthly by E. H. HeAtH CO. LIMITED - Our Twelfth Year

## Good Luck Horse Power and Grinder

One of the most profitable and convenient
articles for farm use is a Good wuck horse articles for farm use is a Good suck Horse It can be used to grind all kinds of small grain with its own grieder attachment

## Grinder Removable

 The hopper and grinder head can te eastly removed ard the horse power used for othepurposes, such as sawing wood, operatirg fesdgrinders, or any other light running machine.

Convenient and Serviceable With hopper and grinder head removed, the Good Luck triple gear can te used to operate ary machine that requires two or four-horse
power to drive. It can te used to operate the Rapid Easy Grinders ard Straw Cutters that are driven ty rod drive, or with speed jack connected to whatever machine it is desired to operate.


## Fleury Rapid Easy Grinder

The Fleury Rapid Easy Grind ers are the most economical, as they will do more work other style of plate grinder They are the most improved and efficient.

Thoroughly Construct d Only the highest quality steel is used. Journals, boxes ard all parts are accurately fitted together.
In every respect the Fleury line represents the best material, workmanship ard appearance and will give every user satisfactory service.


No. 3 Rapid Easy Grinder is only one of many sizes. Fleury Grinders are built to meet the requirements of every farmer-with 8, 10, 11, 12 or 13 -inch plates, operated $t y$ rod or belt drive.

## Plates

The plates are the most important part of the grinder. The results ottained depend on the plates.
The Rapid Easy plates are made of the hardest and most duratle material obtainable. A file will rot mark them. They are made in various de-
grees of fineness in the corrugrees of fineaess in the corru-
gation.

## Fleury Straw Cutters

A Staunchly Euilt Machine, capabls of a Larg ; Amount of Work


Fleury Straw Cutters are simpler in construction and do more werk with less power than ary other machine of their kind
Tre No. 4 Cutter is of large capacity. It will cut up to one and ove-balf tors of hay an hour. May be operated ty rod or belt
drive or ty ha-d with two crarks one at drive or ty ha-d with two crarks, one at
the erd of the machine and one on the front end of the main shaft.
Feed rellers can be stopped, set in motion, or reversed instantly. It has a twelve-inch mouth and is made to cut several lengths

## Many Sizes

Fleury Straw Cutters are tuilt in many sizes from the 8 -irch ha-d levei machine to the large ensilage machi-e with steel carver
ard elevating pipe cutting and elevating from 7 to 15 tons per hour.

Ask your John Deere dealer about these machines

For further information write us. Get our Catalogue of Stock Raiser's Implements
John Deere Plow Company Limited WINNIPEG REGINA SASKATOON CALGARY LETHBRIDGE EDMONTON

## Live Stock

The necessity of combining stock-raising ard grain farming should te emphasized for two very good reasons. First, fodders a d coarse graiss converted into meat and dairy products bring to the farmer greater returns than if the feeds were sold on the market. Second, eighty per cert of the fertility required to make the feeds are returned to the soil if products are fed to live stock and the Profitatle fecding and caring
Profitatle feeding and caring for live stock, however, is a sciezce requiring degree than producing crops.
Many farmers say it does not pay raise stock. But experience proves that it does pay.
Tre demestic and foreign dema-ds for meat are increasing. The cost of feed is becoming greater and tle cost of producing meat is increasing correspondingly. By making the lard produce greater yields of forage and grain, more animals can te fed in propertion to the number


By feedirg judiciously, they can be turned off sconer, enatling the feeder to urn his mo-ey over more rapidy.
Judicious feeding will also produce gains more eccnomically tt an feeding by quess. Many foods are mere completely diges-
ted wl en fed in combination with etl ers th an when fed alcne. Not only this, they tran when fea alcne. Not only this, they remainder of the mixture or ration
These desiratle mixtures or talanced rations should te carefully worked out for successful feeding deve-ds not out, upen tre selection of tre right type of animals, but also upen feeding a ration suitable to their ages and d'gestive capacities.
There has teen much discussion as to whether it is better to feed grain whole or ground.

GRAIN SHOUID BE GROUND It is a sure thing that grirding does rot add anything in the way of food elements, tut the fact remains that many is difficult for hard outer coating Many kernels of corn to crack.
$y$ the teeth pass through the stomach without teirg digested. The grain waste in this way often amounts to a considerable per ce: $t$ of the quantity fed. The o:ly way to utilize this waste is to let hogs follow, if cattle are being fed. Ground grain is more easily digested and douttedly completely assimilated.
0 ften animals have peor teeth teeth become sore from teeth or their feeth become sore from eating hard chew whole grain properly. This is known to te true, especially with horses.

PURE WATER IMPORTANT
Pure water is a very essential factor in animal growth and health. Dirty troughs, m 'd-holes and stagnant stresms tend to disorganize the digestive system and encourage dissases. Hog cl olera is onten transmitted to tealthy togs by drinking The free drinking of water The free drinking of water does not crease the treaking down of protein in crease the trakirg down of protein in with much water may at first cause a more complete removal of the cause ous wast therefrom. With animals which cortinue to drirk freely, the ritrope cue waste scon tecones rornal arain. Scientists now agree that farm $a^{-i m}-1$ should have all the water they will dri-k, for they do ect take it in excess urless they are forced to live 01 watery focds or are given salt irre ..1rtv Water taken into the bedy must be raised to the temperature of the cody. barmirg cod vatir token i-to the bedy does not necessarily mean that more food must be burned, for animals evolve a large amount of heat in the work of digesting focd a d co verting or work. Due to this, many animals or work. Due to this, many animals have an excess of tody heat. Comfort dairy cous lurn more food tray is dairy cous furn more food tra7 is such excess may go to warm the water they dri. $k$, so trat ro fcod is directly turned for that purpose.

# LEARAN <br> CE 

Just a few of each of these premiums left over from our regular offers. They represent the best we ever had. Any one listed here would make a splendid Christmas Gift. They won't last long at these give-away prices. Better decide to-night. If you are already a subscriber we will extend your subscription from the end of the present one. Just cut out the offer that appeals to you most, write your name and address on the edge of it, pin your remittance to it and mail-but you must hurry! We will send your money back if the offer you want is sold out. Remember, every offer shown here includes the Canadian Thresherman and Farmer-your magazine-for THREE WHOLE YEARS. Will you attend to this now?


## Thanks to that "Starved Rooster" Outfit It Has Made Me Prosperous!



The time for Thanksgiving is here and everyone should have something to be thankiul for. Operators of threshing machingry should be espocially grateful this season bicauss of the bumpar crops just garnsred. If prosperity has not bsen with you it is becauss you did not opsrats the right kind of machinsry-machinery that has ability to handle to parfection a vast amount of grain in a brief pariod of time at little or no expens9 or delay. Operators of the Famous Aultman-Taylor "Starved Rooster" Line have every reason to be thankful They're mighty glad that they possoss sush good all around threshing machinsry. Now thy're closing the biggest runs in their history and it's beэn profitable business too. But you nead not be discouraged. It isn't too late for you to share in this prosperity. Make up your mind to-day that you'ry going to bs a succossful and prospe:ous thresherman. Own and operate a Famous Aultman-Ta lor "Starved Rooster" Outfit and you'll be resognized everywhera as a prosperous and up-to-the-minute thresherman. Aultman-Taylor Threshing Ouffits are the acknowledged best everywhere.

We are glad to announce that we have shared equally well with our customers in this prosperity. We take this opportunity to thank you for your liberal patronage and for the confldence placed in us and our machinery. We have every reason to be'leve that the O'd "Starved Rooster" Line o? Machinery will enjoy even greater prosperity in 1915. Our bast wishes are with our many customers, and customers to be, for a successful and profitable run next season.


The first step toward being a successful Thresherman is to send for Big, Free Catalog. It contains a whole lot of detailed information about this Famous Line of Machinery. Send in your name to-day.
THE INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, Canadian Sales Agents for New Century Separators
The Aultman \& Taylor Machinery Company Lock Box No. 64, Mansfield, Ohio
BRANCHES: Minneapolis, Minn.; Great Falls, Mont.; Calgary, Alta.; Regina, Sask., Canada

## Mackenzie, Brown, <br> Thom, McMorran, MacDonald, Bast do \& Jackson

Barristers, Solicitors, \&c.
Regina, Sesk., Canada
Norman MacKonzie, K.C. on. George W. Brow Douglas J. Thom T. Sydney MoMorran Hector Y. MaoDonald, K.C Frank L. Bastero, LL. Edwin Jackson
Gieneral Soliditors in Canads for the Nations:
Thresher Manufacturers'Aseociation of Amenca General Rolieitors in Canada for the Americen Collectors' Asmocintion. General Solifitors in Cansids for eight Threaher and I nnlement Companies, and in aidition for Saskatchewna.

## Pace, Harrison

 \& Millar, Ltd. Winnipeg INSURANCELIVE STOCK
Fire
Acciden
Accident
Sickness
Automobile
Plate Glass
Liability
Bonds
Tornado
WRITE FOR AGENCY
Pace, Harrison \& Millar Ltd.
General Agents, Winnipeg


The Right Lads for Farm Life
are being sent out by the Bisley Farm and Shatestury Homes in the eounty
of Surrey, England, and the Twickenham Home, Middilesex.
Their Majesties the King and Queen
Gec. patrons. and the Earl of Jerrey, which he above inamed homes are unita specially equipped for the training of lads
for farm life for farm life.
Tne and fork of the Society is an imperial coe and lor many years it has been suppying
physique to the farms of the Dominion physique to the farms of the Dominion
About, Coo are now setted at various points in Canada.
Mr. H. G. Copeland, the Secretary, who has recently been on a tour through
Canada, will be glad to receive donations towards the society's work at the head. quarters, 164 Shaftesbury Avenue, London, this paper.
You cannot interest yourselfin amore worthy institution.

 \& Can You Classify Him?


YOU saw with the naked eye that he was as hopeless as a hoboe. You might as reasonably expect apple blossom in mid-winter as the price of that fellow's subscription to any farm paper!"
"That fellow" is a Western Canadian farmer, typical of a very large number known to us and to our friends who really get about to see things for themselves. He is as full of war as a field-marshal, but regarded agricul-turally-he is the worst "weed" on the farm.

By request, a responsible Winnipeg citizen recently sent as hired man to this genius, a strapping, intelligent young man who had put in several years of hard work on an Ontario farm. The farmer had specified this particular type of man and covenanted to pay him so much a month on the basis of a year's contract

At the end of a month his boss complimented him on his work but regretted to say he couldn't keep him. A poor crop left no margin of cash to pay for hired help throughout the winter, and the young man had to hit the trail for the city once more after a month of the hardest sledding he had ever enjoyed sin 'e he left school.
"When a feller needs a friend," there is never any lack of soft-hearted neighbors in Western Canada to help him out of a hole, but we are not begging a tear of sympathy for this man with the poor crop, and here comes the point of our story.

This "farmer" owns and is operating single-harded two quarter sections while performing homestead duties on a THIRD some seven miles off! The wastage of product and the general filth incident to this man's "farming" are indescribable, we are told-how could it be otherwise?

Now we ask in all seriousness is not this a case for interference under the homesteading act? We are assured that the improvidence and mismanagement of this man is largely characteristic of the neighborhood. Why should men be allowed to acquire and dissipate any portion of the country's gift in this way?

What sense is there in the great slogan of "better farming" and "every available acre under crop for 1915" in the face of this wholesale land-grabbing by men who haven't the means to handle it? Who would lend a helping hand to a wastrel like this?

Haven't we got some very drastic noxious weed statutes? Is there any prospect of getting something stronger than "moral suasion" to deal with those men of insatiable greed who are positively greater soil drifters than any wind that ever blew across the prairie?

This is just one of the oddments of experience we run up against in taking our walks abroad. It would become very depressing were it not that we also meet with so much to off-set it. Can any long-headed reader outline a scheme that would have some weight in dealing with conditions such as we have described?

## STOVEL'S MAPS

Dominion of Canada, Manitoba, Saskatehewan, Alberta,
British Columbia, Europe, Etc. Etc. ALL SIzES STOVEL CO. LTD., WINNIPEG, CANADA


Un writuen cqust w wh ..... fiecog
harge-a booklel" The Spi kanstan Folks," ontaining six beautiful colord $p$ ints espe cally designed for voung folks.
Old Dutch." 17 Macauley Ave., Toronto, cunada.


## LARGER PROFITS NEXT YEAR

The demand for grain is increasing. Prices are high. The men who raised big crops this year are making large profits. But what about next year?
Millions of men are fighting in Europe. Little grain has been planted there. Canadian grain must help feed Europe next year, more than it has in the past. The demand will be greater, prices high and profits large.

A big crop next year will mean money for you. You can't raise a big crop by hand especially if labor is scarce. To take full advantage of the high prices you need modern, efficient labor saving machinery.

A Sawyer-Massey Tractor will increase your crop and swell your profits. The Sawyer-Massey " $25-45$ " Gas Tractor is a proven time and money saver. At the Winnipeg Contest last year it took the Gold Medal and first place. There are Sawyer-Massey Steam Tractors of many sizes to meet the requirements of every farm.

Investigate these tractors now while there is plenty of time. They will make money for you. A copy of our large Illustrated Catalogue will be sent you on request.


SAWYER-MASSEY COMPANY, Limited Builders of Steam and Gas Tractors, Threshers and Road-making Machinery Head Office and Factory HAMILTON, CANADA Branch Offices and Warehouses: WINNIPEG, Manitoba; REGINA, Saskatchewan; CALGARY, Alberta; Agency, BUENOS AIRES, Argentina


Vol. XIX.

WHILE th
builders breathing spel
terest them to know that the no letting up in these days on the part of the farmers Canada who are owners of thitype of machinery and are able to un it
"Able to run it" mean- that hey have the necessary mechanre in a position to emplay a trained engineer. Weather conlitions have been ideal for plowing since the crop
thereprobably never was such a
plowing season in Western Canada. We have gone afield somewhat and wherever we have gone the hum of the gatractor has been he one familia prairie, and no. less welcome wathe oft recurring ight of the bil lowing smoke of the steamer puffing away against the skyline.
Recent comments upon the cubject of gas Taction as a whole have been most entertaining not to say refreshing and we give one or two of these substantially as they have "come off the reel."

## The Gas Engine Knocker

Number one (a stock-breeder xclusively) declared with some warmth that "Winnipeg Motor Contests and some of the slick salesmen of the gas tractor companies had put more men on the bum than any calamity that had ever overtaken the country!" That is rather hard on the salesmen and the public spirited men who promulgated these contests, but what else could be expected?
There never was a new departure from the jog trot in human progress that did not have its


Power in Plenty and Perfect Alignment.
tragedies in its experimental period-always an exciting stage. The hysterical era of the gas tractor has passed. No doubt it has been an expensive time for many, but even our hard hitting "Shorthorn" friend admitted that the victims themselves were largely to blame. He paid this magazine the compliment of having "touched the spot" in that editorial of last April entitled The Lure of Fashion."
In that particular article we affirmed that a large number of tractor owners had possessed themselves of engines before they had the money in sight to pay for them and still more before they

Is we said then, we say now a gas engine is a fine thing, one of the greatest things in the history of agriculture, but it cannot be everybody's plaything. It is plea ant to tur from these regrettable experiences, to forget them except as monitors for all future experiments, and to contemplate the fine record of success that is spread all around us.

## Where Common Sense Wins

Number two is a young French man, who, with his brothers, sisters and venerable mother are farming a section of land not ten miles from Winnipeg. He lost his left hand in a machinery
accident some year ago else he had been in the battle-front in Europe at this moment. But his maimed condition is no impedi ment to his farming operations.
He owns a 25 h.p. gasolinekerosene tractor, paid for within a week of delivery on the farm. We saw it start its second seacon's work last spring and we saw it again a few days ago scurrying over the plowed field with a load of dises and harrows behind at a pace that looked like a battery of field artillery galloping int

## Numberthree

 said he knew about as much oi the outs and ins of a gas engine aa certain Irishman knew of anatomy. "But then you see the boys wanted one, so I humored them and by gum the's paid me right enough.' Now "the boy, in this case also "loved" the engine. One of them "did t:me" at Manitoba Agricultural College and the other attended a complete course at one of the schools held the winter before last. Good boys, they would not let the old dad be saddled with anything of the kind till $\mathrm{t}^{-\mathrm{v}}$ or someone else "knew how.From personal intercourse we could go on extending these testimonies at some length and we have still over a hundred unpublished letters on "Gas Traction by men who have done it"-all to the same effect. We have a few from failures as well and a spicey selection from men who consider that legislation should be formulated to "stop the sale and therefore the manufacture of gas engines!'

The Coming Power
The future is not an open book to anyone but if one might be

permitted to bank on any prospect into its own in Canada at a very early date, probably not later than the carly spring of 1915 . There appears to be no doubt that whatever the progress of this European war, there will be a record influx of real live cultivators from Great Britain, especially in the That there will be a demand for power machinery from people who are bringing cash to pay for it we have no dubt whatever. Another matter that is exercising the power-farming public is the question of fuel. Someone has written that the great war is being largely fought on gasoline. The supply of gasoline, it is feared, will soon shrink beneath the demand that is being created on all hands, and when it can be obtained the impression is growing that it will be obtainable only at a price which will shut it out from the programme of men who
are not in it to farm at random. But nature never seals a door without opening another. For a long time practical chemists have been trying to get at something else in the way of fuel which can be procured or manufactured at a reasonable cost, the supply of which can be depended upon while there is vegetation on the earth. Wood alcohol and other mediums are still merely the subjects of interesting laboratory experiments.
One effect of all this is that meanwhile kerosene is being strongly exploited and engine manufacturers are wisely turning their attention to construction features which are adaptable either to the burning of gasoline or kerosene, and in ma y cases with gratifying success. Indeed there are several kerosene-burning engines on the market that are giving entire satisfaction, but there are also quite a few that are far from being a success.

As kerosene is produced in much greater volume than gasoline from crude petroleum, the supply is not likely to run out for a long time, at least not until something has been finally pro-
duced that will out-class it as a fue! , the cast of which will not kill its utility in farm engineering. At the present moment there is a big over-production of kerosene which is taxing the tank capacity of the refiners and a market is being canvassed for this accumulated surplus.

## Advantages of Kerosene

Kerosene has several advantages over gasoline as a fuel for farm engines. In the first place, in point of safety it does not vaporize at ordinary temperatures as does gasoline. The storage is therefore an easier problem and the loss from evaporation is practically eliminated.
Secondly, gallon for gallon, kerosene contains about 18 per cent more heat units than gasoline and of course heat units mean power, but it is only fair to say that the kerosene-burning engine has not yet been developed to such a high degree of perfection that it will actually deliver this 18 per cent more power over gasoline fuel. That s a bright spot still in the future of the manufacturer which may be reached before long as the result of the unremitting experiments which are being carried on.
Kerosene, as has been said, is safer than gasoline, being incombustible at ordinary temperatures, a fact which will appeal strongly to the farmer who is sising or contemplates using oil power. The danger from explosion that always exists where there is gasoline is practically nil and fire risks are therefore greatly reduced.
Kerosene is much cheaper than gasoline because it is much more abundant than gasoline. (Only about 5 to 10 per cent of the crude oil refines into "commercial gasoline"). Several years ago gasoline was a drug on the market, large quantities of it being burned in the open air to get rid of it, but to-day the demand for it exceeds by far that of any other petroleum product. The price of gasoline has risen while kerosene has been lowered.

## Its Uniformity

Kerosene is more uniform in quality than gasoline. There is considerable variation in the gravity of the gasoline as we now find it, due to the measures that are resorted to in trying to keep pace with the heavy demand for this particular product. On the other hand we find kerosene quite uniform (a big advantage where it is used in farm engineering) the fact being that the existing laws are very stringent as to regulating the quality of kerosene.
Of the disadvantages of kerosene, there is the fact that it is more difficult to change into a combustible vapor than gasoline and also the circumstance that it has a tendency to form a carbon
deposit in the engine cylinder unless proper precautions are taken to prevent it. More skill on the part of the operator is required to handle it, but the man who can operate a gas engine successfully on gasoline fuel will find no insuperable barrier in handling kerosene.

But the advantages we have pointed out for the cheaper oil it will be noted are all economic advantages. Whether he is using a stationary or portable engine, tractor or motor of any sort, every power farmer is interested in reducing his fuel expenses to the minimum. TG the prospective engine purchaser we would respectfully offer the advice: : tudy this "burning question" before you buy, and in the end it is highly improbable that you will regret investing your money in a kerosene engine. There are good reliable ones now on the market, but be might. particular that you don't get one of the other kind.

## Some Experiments

Experiments that have been going on for some time have brought out some very interesting problems. For instance, one operator who has succeeded in running his gasoline engine on kerosene complains that his machine works pretty well on kerosene when he has a full load on it, but it fails or is very irregular and unsatisfactory when running on partial or on no load at all. He cannot account for this but if he will stop to consider, it may be got at in this way

Kerosene is composed of heavier vaporizing particles than gasoline and therefore will not mistify or mix readily with air at average temperature. Considerable heat is necessary to break up and vaporize the kerosene particles before a combustible mixture with the air results.
Whe an engine is running under full load the heat in the cylinder is kept ap to a high degree by the successive firing of the kerosene particles so that they will burn up tolerably clean and leave only a reasonable quantity of carbon, most of which is exhausted in the regular way.
But when the engine is running only on a light load the -ylinder cools down much more rapidly and cannot maintain a heat sufficient to vaporize a liberal percentage of the kerosene particles. The result is irregular ignition and incomplete combustion of the charges ignited. It is therefore apparent that one may expect some difficulty in operating a gasoline engine on kerosene without some special preparation for all loads.

Under a full load no change in carburetor may be necessary. In fact under a light load some operators have succeeded by throttling
the cooling circulation so that the water in the cylinder jacket is kept at or near the boiling point. By this means a vaporizing temperature is held in the cylinder and the kerosene is broken up by the heat to the point where it will mix and blend promptly with the air to the ignition and combustion point.
Another method that has proven successful in the hands of certain operators is that of mixing with kerosene from one-fourth to one-third gasoline. This add enough of the lighter gasoline particles to cause a sufficient saturation of the air inhaled to insure regular ignition, even when the engine is under only a partial load. Those who are the ownerof gasoline engines and who are experimentally inclined, may, by following these suggestions, succeed in using kerosene at least to a considerable extent, if not en tirely, and thereby gain a valuable experience as well as to add from four to five cents to their pocket books for every gallon of fuel used. It should not be expected. however, that absolutely clear sailing to success will be theit portion. Each case may require some special manipulation which will improve the process and which will suggest itself to the wide-awake attendant.
These hints are offered for the benefit of those operators who desire to try out their engines on their regular gasoline fixtures. It is of course understood that the engine should always be started and heated up on gasoline, then by a kerosene fuel alve arrangement or connection the kerosent may be turned into the carbur etor, and the gasoline slowly turned off.

When kerosene is used, more carbonization may be expected and one must be on the lookout for valve choking and seating of spark plugs. If denatured alcohol can be had at a reasonable figure. a pint to the gallon of kerosene may make a cheaper fuel than gasoline and also cause a clean combustion and prevent the de posit of carbon, which is so common when kerosene is used alone


We ha clief tha teady pl or the gr ng so, reeding or army In last he sort eptable. ake adv contribut ealan
ffers the ect lesson Accomp
New 7 ng equip mounted difficulty Cealand of these a rienced
The ide: fat cons
artille
r, ved to
ndition
icism
ver wi E come back again to the subject of our article on Army Remounts" pub ed in the Septenber issue have been reminded every since that matter was written it is going to be " A long way Tipperary"-a longer way and than some of us had figured at the outbreak of hostilities. But far from being discouraged, this prospect of a longer scrap than we had counted on presents some very reassuring features With the fact steadily in view that it is to be a fight to a finish -that there will be no letting up while the "enemy" shows a head bove water, it is very satisfac fory to find that the purpose of the allied command seems to be save men's lives, to reach the reat end by attrition rather than y homicidal attack.
No one can preserve his cake and eat it too. If nervous impatience demands that it shall be "all over by Christmas," then possibly that might be accomplished at a sacrifice of human ife that posterity would never orgive no matter what the terms if peace might be


We have settled down with belief that it will be long, strong, teady plodding on the defensive $r$ the greater part, and that being so, cur remarks as to the oreeding and training of horses r army "transport" purposes takes on increased significance.
In last article we did not typify he sort of beast that will be ac eptable. We are now glad to take advantage of the splendid ontribution made by New ealand which conveniently offers the very best possible obct lesson to Western Canada.
Accompanying the 8,000 men New Zealand's Expeditionary orce, 3,775 horses go to the movge equipment of the artillery and mounted infartry. The same difficulty would confront our New Zealand cousins in the selection $i$ these animals that will be exerienced in Canada.
The ideas of some people as to that constitutes a suitable troop artillery horse $h$ ve been rred to be primitive in the excme, and in view of the present ondition of affairs the following icism by a well informed obver will be read with interest.
 EX
Q

## 绻 The Fit and the Unfit in Army Remounts


"Those who have watched the trend of light horse breeding during recent years have not failed to notice a deterioration of the general purpose horse. There have been a good many contributing causes that have led not only to a loss of style, but also a loss in number. It may be said

Western Canada, some of tem excellent but many have had to be rejected and the opinion has been freely expressed that the government vets were too strict. It is better however, that the officers erred on the side of caution than to accept unsound animals.
In New Zealand a few dealers


A Fine Team-Artillery Ammunition Column.
that the quality and stamina of tried to work points on the pur our light horses fit for remounts chasing officials but they didn't is a long way below what it should be.
We have a lot of horses but what sort are they? P'retty well all the mixtures under the sun and it is difficult even at a show when the best of the light horses are supposed to be seen to find anything approaching evenness of type in a class of only half a dozen entries. Breeding light horses has drifted in so many directions by reason of the more restricted demand for any one ype of animal."
The writer from whom we

"The Pride of the sattory"-A Typlcal Arullery Horse.
quote goes into considerabl detail as to what has happeneri, from breeding fast track horses to the wrong material in mares and goes on to say: "When it comes to analysing the worth of these stallions as the sires of useful genera purpose animals, one has only to look at their stock to be satisfied that for cavalry horses the trotter is a round peg in a square hole."
Recently a number of horses have been submitted to the Imperial Government officials in
for raising in considerable numbers the very thing that is being sought for. It is a big paying job for the men who have the ordinary "horse-sense" to handle it.

From the illustrations here giv en together with the specifications which may be had from the Department or any of its representatives, there can be no trouble in arriving at what is of use and what is useless. While breeding to type cannot be carried out on a sufficient scale and in time to meet the wants of
the next two or three years, it will be found at the end of that time that those who have the foresight to go ahead now will find no shrinkage either in the demand or the price when their offsprings are ready for shipment.
In the meantime we suggest that a very great deal can be done by some enterprising men who are conveniently situated to collect and put in condition those units and small bunches that are scattered around, the makings of excellent material but lost to sight and their legitimate place as horseflesh for want of a little enterprising oversight and training.
friend of the writer's made what most farmers would call a small fortune during the FrancoGerman War of $1870-71$ by canvassing every likely farm and market in Scotland for the "frameworks" of the type that was then in demand. There was no time to breed to supply the frightful wastage of that campaign, but this man knew a horse when he saw it. He was an honest fellow with a lot of energy. He bought at a satisfactory price the man who sold and after he


A Rejected Gift Horse
had put his collections into condition, he sold at a price satisfactory no less to the experts who were buying for the French Waroffice than to himself. Can't some good money be made in Canad. in the same way in these times?

As we go to press, large contracts are being made by the French Government for the type of horse we are urging our readers to interest themselves in.
In Texas alone a purchase of 20,000 horses and mules has just been concluded representing a sum of $\$ 2,600,000$. Cannot a little energy and enterprise in Western Canada do a bit of money making it this way, too, and so take part in what is at the same time a real act of patriotism?

## \&) \& \&

Mr. Subbubs-My dea: have you any idea what bec.me of those choice seeds I brougat home the other evening?

Mrs. S-Why yes, I fed them to Jones' ch' k kens.

Mr. S-What on earth did you do that for?

Mrs. S-To save the poor things the trouble of scratching them out of our garden.

# THE CANADIAN THRESHERMAN AND FARMER 

CANADA'S LEADING AGRICULTURAL MAGAZINE
E. H. HEATH.
president
E. H. HEATH COMPANY, Limited, WINNIPEG, CANADA
D. DUTHIE, EDITOR
c. B. FULLER,
(ख)

(memesen weavenn canad pases association)

U.S. Representative-

I3AS. A. BUCHANAN

## NOV.

# EAST AND WEST MEET 



THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE EAST and the farmers of the West have met together in one cosy parlor; they are said to have made a bonfire of old recriminations and from the ashes it would seem as if something might arise that had the promise of life in it. Whatever of wisdom may have marked the deliberations of this mysterious, in camera conference, there is one inconceivably foolish thing it does not allow us to forget, viz.; the pity that the two greatest factors in our national household-so dependent on each other-should ever have been in conflict. Of all misunderstandings we have ever known between good men, we cannot recall anything quite so pronounced as the mutual distrust that exists between the manufacturers of farm equipment and their customers in Western Canada

FOR THIS THE BLAME MUST BE MUTUALLY BORNE From careful observations we have no hesitation in saving that the manufacturers of Fastern Canada have not yet shown that disposition to get next to their customers that one looks for in all transactions in which a man seeks to secure and hold in perpetuity the confidence of another to whom he would sell something. This is speaking broadly of course, and is not a sweeping allegation directed at the business attitude of every aspirant for Westrn business: but franklv there is a general feeling on the part of the Western farmer that with regard to certain remarkable differences in prices and tariff anomalies he is being exploited-unfairly discriminated against.

THAT IS HIS CONVICTION and his complaint is not belittled by the fact that he finds the manufacturer somewhat unapproachable. So far, there has been a certain "standoffishness" on the part of the man from whom he buvs machinery and implements, a marked unwillingness on the part of that superior person to explain certain differences that bamboozle him. Plainly, he feels that he has been snubbed in every attempt to obtain information that he feels he is entitled to, information that could work to the prejudice of no honest trader and which if frankly elucidated would do more than anything in the way of conferences to win that confidence without which any form of enterprise in business getting is bound to fail.

THE EASTERN MANUFACiURER has not vet fully measured the character and capacity of the Western Farmer. He knows almost as little about him ss he does of the Slavic grain grower to whom he has been shipping machinery and implements in Central Russia. He has met some "delegates" at odd times when it has been found necessary to beard the government at Ottawa, but the real man who is producing the goods, the farmer who can and will pay a
far price for his tools the manufacturer has not yet had the privilege of knowing and taking to his heart as he will have to one of these days. The representative farmer we have in sight can speak for himself all right but he is not what one would call a platform success. He is not a fig-ure-head at conventions. He sticks to his farm like a barnacle to a ship's bottom. He is not skilled in the arts of diplomacy. He may cut a poor figure in a drawing room but of all men worth knowing whom we have met in two hemispheres, commend us to the Farmer of Western Canada.

THERE ARE UNDESIRABLES, however, in every township. One of these we have referred to (on page 3 of this issue). He is representative of a very large number, "living monuments" of inentitude and greed - the man who provides the only conceivable reason why the banks are so reluctant to finance the farmer. We can most definitely assure our friends from the east that there's more of him about than they have any knowledge of and that
subscriftion RATES Postage prepaid, Canada and Great Britain, $\$ 1.00$ Per Year Single copies 15 cents. Postage prepaid. United States and Foreign Countries, $\$ 1.50$ Per Year. Failing Failing to receive paper, you should notify the office at once, when mistakes if any, will be cor rected immediately. All Subscriptions must be paid for in advance and no subscription $w i 11$ be accepted for a shorter period than sir months.
Advertising copy in order to secure good position should be in our hands not later than the 15th of the month preceding date
of issue. of issue.
Advertising ratet furn
tion he will have to be inspected and put in his place before any scheme to break up a million acres o unpossessed prairie sod can be entertained. The govern ment gave him his land for a mere song. The govern ment ought to see that no man who has been given heritage in the land should be allowed to hold it for speculative purposes. The government has made it a punishable offence for any farmer to grow noxious weeds. It shoul also see that the man who will not even grow weeds shal disgorge in favor of someone who can and will farm the land he has received as a gratuity.

THIS "BACK TO THE LAND" SCHEME is work able in one way only in the face of actual facts. It is lop-sided idea to draft a horde of novices from Europe o anywhere and dump them down on new territory while so many experienced farmers who have given the very les hostages for integrity and ability are unable to carry on their farming operations for want of a little financing. ly the only way with sense and justice in it is to place the matter in the hands of the farmers themselves. It will b a much simpler business financing men whose credit rating is second to none anywhere than launching out into wha looks "confusion worse confounded."

THE FARMERS WHO HAVE BEEN WITH US fot years and have paid for their knowledge by hard experionce and hard earned money are now the men to be consu ted and assisted to the extent of whatever they need. If th government would canvass the farmers as carefully as the have combed out advice from the banking interest, the would get practical help in the "back to the land" problen they have never dreamt of.

## The British War Office Wants Your Horses

Isn't it Fortunate that You can Dispose of Them and Buy a

## STRITE TRACTOR?

## The STRITE

is built to meet the require, ments of the small as well as the large farmer. It can be operated more conveniently and economically than a team of torses.

It weighs only 4,000 pounds and does the work of ten or twelve heavy draft horses. It will pull 3 plows under normal conditions. Will pull binders, drills, harrows, discs and do all of your stationary work.


## Note the

## Specifications

MOTOR: Bore, 41/4, stroke, 53/4; cylinders 4 , cast in pairs. Three point bearing crank shaft, 2 x $31 / 2$ inch. Piston pin bearings, $11 / 4 \times 21 / 8^{*}$.
DRIVE WHEEL: $60^{\circ}$ diam. $20^{*}$ face, "built up" type.
REAR LIVE AXLE-runs in Hyatt high duty roller bearings. BULL GEAR and PINION enBULL GEAR and PINION
closed in oil case, $21 / 4$ pitch. closed in oil case, $21 / 4$ pitch.
SDEEDS-road travel, 4 miles, SDEEDS-road travel, 4 miles,
plowing $21 / 4$, low speed $1-8-10$. BELT PULLEY- $12 \times 6$; speed 800 r.p.m.
SHIPPING WEIGHT $-4,000$ pounds.

Insist on high duty roller bearings throughout; on a high duty, low speed, 4-cylinder, vertical motor, equipped with enclosed governor, high tension magneto and circulating pump, drisen from same shaft, with bearing support between pump and magneto. Insist on enclosed
valves in the motor, and die valves in the motor, and die rast bearings. Insist upon all working parts of the transmission enelosed operated in oil. Insist on having all
gears, including bull gear and pinion run in oil, sealed from dust and danger. Insist upon quality, workmanship and design. Insist on a tractor with a maximum drawbar pull and minimum weight.

## And Now As To Price!

Having strongly represented to the Factory the necessity of enabling us to offer the STRITE TRACTOR at a lower price to our customers we are glad to announcs that our request has been generously met. Our unbounded faith in the "Little Giant" led us to contract for a large output from the factory, in consideration o? which we received a greater price concession than we ever thought possible. The effect of this is that we now offer it to you f.o.b. Winnipeg for $\$ 1250$ cash, $\$ 200$ to accompany order, the balance sight draft on shipmont with bill of lading attached.

## Why You Should Buy a

## Waterloo Boy One-Man Tractor

> It is built of steel in every part where modern Tractor design calls for it.
> It weighs but 4,800 pounds.
> It has twin cylinders cast en bloc.
> It is a kerosene tractor built especially to operate on the heavier fuel.
> It is self-steering while plowing and will turn in a 25 -foot circle.

> It has high tension magneto requiring no batteries.
> It has semi-steel gears.
> It has a coaling system of the most approved type.
> Its working parts are dustproof.

It is a Real One Man Machine


It is backed by a Rigid Guarantee that thoroughly protects the Purchaser--and

It develops and will maintain 20 B.H P. and 10 D.H.P.
It is so easily accessible that it is easily kept in perfect adjustment.
It is easy to operate and economical on fuel.
It has sliding gear transmission, thus giving a good range of speeds.
Its design is both pleasing to the eye and thoroughly in accord with the best engineering practice.
It will pull 3 plows under favorable conditions.
It can be used for stationary
as well as traction work.
It will pull your plows, bind-
ers, harrows, discs, drills. It Sells for $\mathbf{\$ 8 0 0}$
What we would like to have you do is to compare the "WATERLOO BOY" with any so-called "one-man" tractor on the market to-day that sells for anything like the price. Note the construction, design, power, etc. and don't forget to ask the other fellow about the guarantee, which is your protection. We consider it the best tractor on the market for the money. Investigate what the market has to offer and be convinced. We will cheerfully supply you with further information if desired.
Burridge Cooper Co. Limited

# Mixed Farming MANTOBA-SASKATCHEWAN - ALbERTA <br> by W.C.Mc Killican B.S.A 



No. 9
Growing Corn and Field Roots

MIXED farming in Western Canada cannot realize its greatest possibilities without the use of hoed crops. They are of very great value on account of the large quantities of fodder they produce, on account of the feeding quality of that fodder and on account of their usefulness in cleaning the land and preparing it for grain crops. The hoed crops best suited to Western conditions are corn, turnips and mangels. It has been amply proven that these crops are a success in most parts of the West. Corn for fodder does well in all the settled parts of Manitoba and in most of the warmer districts of Saskatchewan and Alberta. Mangels may be grown further north than corn, but do not do so well in very dry districts. Turnips have the widest range of any, and should be a practical crop in all parts of the West.

## Selection of Seed

Success in corn growing de pends to a great degree on the choice of a suitable variety Varieties that have been found successful in the corn belt states or in Eastern Canada will not suit in the West. Our season is short and our nights cool, and we require a specially developed type of corn that matures quickly and is able to grow in cool weather. In order to get this type we must choose varieties that do not grow as large as the Southern varieties. Some of the best varieties for Western use are: Northwestern Dent, Longfellow, North Dakota White and Minnesota No. 13. These are all early and at the same time produce a large quantity of fodder. Earlier yet than these. and, therefore, able to ripen seed in some seasons, are the following: Squaw, Free Press and Gehu. However, these are more or less dwarfed and do not produce enough fodder to be valuable for general production.
There is not as much difference between varieties of field roots as there is in corn. Two lots of seed of the same variety often show greater difference in productiveness than two different varieties. There are however certain varieties that show up
best in the average of many years' test at the Experimental Farm. Among those worthy of special mention are: Hall's Westbury, Bangholm, Perfection Purple Top Turnips, and Prize Mammoth Long Red, Giant Yellow Intermediate and Giant Yellow Globe Mangels.
Equally important is the variety in the case of corn, and much more important in root seeds, is the vitality of the seed. Very often poor crops or failures are directly traceable to poor seed. The Western farmer does not grow his own seed and is thus ignorant of the conditions


## A Humper Crop of Spuce.

under which it has been grown, harvested and stored and of its age when it reaches him. Thus he must make up in vigilance at the time of buying for the lack of the care which he was prevented from exercising at an earlier date. It is always advisable to make an actual test of the germination of seed corn and turnips and mangel seed before using it. This may easily be done at home by planting one hundred average grains in soil or by wrapping thetn in moist cloth or blotting paper and keeping them at a temperature suitable for growth. Tests may also be obtained by sending samples to the Dominion Government's Seed Laboratories at Ottawa and Calgary.

## Preparation of Land

The largest crops of corn and roots are obtained by planting them in well summer-fallowed land. In large areas of the West where the rainfall is sparse this
is the only safe way of growing these crops. But in practically all Manitoba and much of the moister districts of the other two provinces it is not necessary to have summer-fallow. Wherever the moisture is sufficient, good crops of corn and roots may be grown on sod land and also on land that has grown grain, provided it is not too filthy with weeds. Corn and roots may often be used to very good advantage as a substitute for sum-mer-fallow. Where the land is dry or dirty, it is advisable to summer-fallow first, but where the supply of moisture is good,
the land reasonably free from weeds and manure available then the hoed crop may follow grain in the place of summerfallow.
When summer-fallow is prepared for corn or roots, it should be cultivated frequently throughont the summer so that all weeds may be killed. This makes it possible to keep the corn clean with very little hoeing. A well prepared summer-fallow will need very little spring work to put it in suitable condition for planting.
When corn or roots are planted on sod land, the sod should be plowed the previous summer. If it is native prairie, brome grass or alfalfa sod, it should be plowed shallow early in the summer and backset about two inches deeper in August or September. Sod of timothy, Western rye grass or clover need only be plowed once unless it is old and tough, in which case it
should be broken and backset : described for the other kind When plowed only once, should be plowed in July if po sible or as soon after the crop of hay is taken off as condition will permit. Early summe plowing kills and rots the sod s that it is in a much better con dition to work up into a fin seed bed the next spring than it would be if plowed in fall o spring. Sod land should be disced several times during the summer after plowing in order to kill the grass and prepare a seed bed. Land handled in this way is ready for corn or roots in the spring and can be got into a fine state of tilth with comparatively little work.
When corn follows grain crops, the land should be well manured. The manure may be applied either in the fall, winter or spring, depending on the time of plowing and other circumstances. The best time for plowing dffers in different districts. At Brandon we find that fall plow ing gives best results, but it is well known that exactly opposite results are obtained with other types of soils. Plow, therefore. at the time that experience shows is best for your own locality. When plowing in manure, do not plow very deep. Deep plowing is good, but some other occasion should be chosen as it is not advisable to bury the manure out of reach. The land should be well disced in the spring to incorporate the manure with the soil and to make a fine seed bed. After thorough discing and harrowing so that the soil is in a fine mellow condition, the packer or roller should be applied to make the seed bed firm. It is then ready to be planted.

## Plant ng

Corn may be planted with a hand planter, a grain drill or a orn drill.
Most of the corn planted in Western Canada is put in with the ordinary grain drill. This machine can be used quite successfully. By stopping up most of the spouts, one can plant the corn in drills three feet, or whatever distance apart is desired. This method is quick and does not require any extra machinery. The only objection is that the corn is in drills only and not in Continued onjpareple

# Sell Your Surplus Horses and Grain at War-Time Prices-Act NOW ! 


#### Abstract

Tens of thousands of horses and mules are now being bought and rushed to Europe. Right now is the Canadian Farm er's Golden Opportunity. If you keep your surplus horses eed up your high, you will have $t$ of selling it. But by selling your surplus horses now you can sell your grain at high wartime prices instead of having to feed it up into idle horses all winter.

Right now is your goiden opportu nity to make the change from horse or mule farming to Tractor Farming under the most favorable conditions.

You can make money now by sell ng your surplus horses and grain at high prices, and next year you will also make more money because Tractor will reduce your farming ex penses and enable you to raise largir


 rops.

## Why Do Tractor Farming?

You can't turn a switch and stop a horse eating. Most men are horse poor. It takes one-fourth of all you raise to feed the horses or mules required to raise the crop.
A horse or mule eats every day whether working or idle. A tractor eats only when at work.
You can't fix a dead horse with a monkey wrench.
Horses only furnish pulling power. A stationary or portable gas engine only furnishes belt power. An Avery tractor furnishes both belt and pulling power-all in one machine.
-Don't gamble on your next year's crop. Sell your surplus horses and buy a tractor. Then you can do your work in just the right way and t just the right time.
War has been declared on poor crops. Big victories are being won by men who are doing Tractor Farming.
-Kansas had the best wheat crop in the United States this year and the Governor of Kansas said that the best wheat field he ever saw was one where the plowing, discing, harrowing, drilling and harvesting were all
done with an Avery Tractor. done with an Avery Tractor.
-Crops, Cost and Care are the 3 c's of Tractor Farming-Bigger Crops, cheaper cost, less care.
You can't raise big crops and not plow deep. You can't raise big colts and work your mares to death pul ling plows deep in hard ground
-A tractor to do the hard jobs-horses or mules to do the light jobs
that's the best farm power combination to-day
-"The best slave living," is what one man calls his mules. But, because we're getting past the days of slavery, both human and animal, men are buying tractors to do the hard work and relieve their horses and mules. - tractor works for you on both sides of the ledger-on the credit side by raising bigger crops, and on the debit side by saving you expense.
-I bought the tractor so my boys could farm the new way. I expect there will be as much change in a few years as there was from the old resper to the binders," is what one successful owner of an Avery Tractor says.
-Tractor Farming is the way to raise the biggest crops with the least expense and hard work.

## Sell Now !

Sell your surplus horses or mules now and stop feeding up your high priced grain into them. Then place your order for a tractor and' plow to be delivered to you early next spring to replace your surplus horses.

If you are a thresherman as well as a farmer you can of course use your tractor for threshing, shelling, road grading, etc., as well as for farming. You know what an engine means in threshing compared with the old horse power. Well, a tractor means just as much in farming compared with using horses or mules.

Act now ! Sell your surplus horses! Don't feed them through the winter. Save your high-priced grain and sell it also. Write at once for a complete catalog of Avery "Light-Weight" Tractors and "Self-Lift" Plows and Get All the Facts. Address:

AVERY COMPANY, 675 Iowa St., Peoria, III.




Tractor Drive Wheels look pretty much alike until you examine them closely. Then many differences appear. In fact, there are about as many different kinds of tractor wheels as there are tractors. The differences are not necessarily very startling, but they are there just the same. There are differences in the spokes, in the way they are fastened in the wheels, differences in the rims, differences in the lugs and different ways for transmitting motion to the wheels. Every designer has a different idea and tractor wheels are far from being standardized. And yet there is no part about a traction engine that has received more careful attention than the drive wheels. Not only are there a great many modifications in the ordinary round wheel but a number of different kinds of wheels have been invented, some of which will be described presently.
A good tractor wheel must be so designed that it will carry the weight of the machine, stay in line under the severest kind of work and not get out of shape. It must be strong and yet not carry any more weight than is essential for the work it has to do. Moreover, it must be so fashioned that it will not slip on any kind of soil or tear up a good roadbed. Altogether these are difficult requirements.
Perhaps the easiest way for the reader to get an idea of the different wheels is to describe a number of the leading styles and point out the differences of construction. Figure 195 represents one form of wheel used by the HartParr Company. The rim is made of heavy sheet steel and the hub of cast iron. The spokes are round steel rods riveted into the rim and held to the hub by nuts which put the spokes all in tension. The bull gear, which is of


Fg. 196. Wheolyused on Bumely oulpull
cast steel, is provided with a number of projections by which it may be bolted to the rim. With this construction none of the driving force is transmitted through the spokes. The gear is what is known as an internal spur gear,
external spur gear. It is bolted to the hub and is supported by the rim through a number of braces which are riveted to brackets on the wheel and to the rim of the large wheel.
Another feature of this wheel


Fi8. 198. Drive Wheels of Hani-Parr Tractor.
that is, the teeth are cut on the inside of the rim instead of on the outside, as in most gears. Both drive wheels are made exactly the same and each is provided with a bull gear which allows driving from both sides. Nearly all of the heavy tractors are built in thet way at the present time. If the drive were all from one side the frame would be subjected to severe twisting stresses, which in time might throw the various parts out of line. The action of the driving pinion is to lift the front end of the machine. Sometimes this lifting effort amounts to two or three thousand pounds. If it were applied all to one side of the machine it would cause a severe twisting of the frame, consequently it has become customary to design tractors to drive from both sides.
Figure 196 shows a different style of wheel. The rim is made of heavy sheet steel riveted together and reinforced on each edge with a narrow strip of steel. This wheel has to carry a very heavy load and if it were not reinforced on the edges the designer was afraid it might be bent if it happened to strike a rock. The spokes are of flat steel, upset on the outside end so that they can be riveted to the rim. On the inside end they are riveted to the heavy cast iron hub. In this wheel, it will be observed, the spokes are in compression. The bull gear is what is known as an
is the lugs or grouters, as they are sometimes called. These consist of two rows of wedge shaped pieces of cast iron, placed diagonally across the rim and riveted thereto.

An entirely different kind of wheel is shown in figure 197. Here we find only a single row of spokes which are set into a suitable socket at the hub and held to the rim by means of a special clamp or foot which is bolted to the rim. This type of wheel is used on a steam traction engine and so far as known is not used on gas tractors. It is introduced here merely to show one of the various ways in which the wheel problem has been solved. In this wheel, the driving forces are transmitted entirely through the spokes to the rim. The differential and bull gear are attached to the rear axle and the driving wheel is keyed also to the axle. The twisting force of the gears is therefore applied to the axle instead of to the wheel as in the former example.
In some tractors the rims are cast. Wheels made in that way give satisfactory service and in some kinds of soil they wear better than steel wheels. If the roads are sandy and the sand is sharp it cuts a steel rim much more rapidly than it does one that is cast. The objection to the cast wheel is chiefly that it is heavy. Where wheels are made anywhere from six to eight feet
in diameter this is quite a serious objection, as they represent in such cases, no inconsiderable amount of the entire weight of the tractor. They should be made as light as possible consistent with proper strength and good wearing qualities. Another disadvantage of cast wheels is that sometimes a piece gets broken out of the rims whereas the same blow would do no more than bend a steel wheel and it would be an easy matter to hammer it back into shape. A cast wheel, on the other hand cannot be mended.
A number of companies have built what are known as open rim wheels. Instead of having a solid piece of steel for the rim they build it up of narrow strips with open spaces between. The object of such a wheel is to allow it to settle down into soft ground until it finds a proper footing. The soft earth squeezes up through these open spaces and falls out when the wheel turns around. A wheel of this kind is expensive to make and unless it is very well made it cannot have quite the rigidity of a solid rim wheel.
Since the good roads movement started there has been a disposition on the part of many road officials to restrict tractors of all kinds to the unimproved roads. The reason given is, of course, that the sharp cleats of the tractors tear up the roads and entail a great deal of expense to put them in good order again. There

is no doubt but that in many cases the road officials are right in their contention, and yet, some of the ablest highway engineers contend that the tractor does not do enough damage to make a fuss about. They recognize that even though it be an evil it is a necessary evil. Others even go so far as to advocate laws prohibiting tractors from the use of all improved highways. There is one thing ce-tain, and that is, if the


IDLENESS wears out equipment much swifter than WORK.

All the more reason why YOU should use only ADAMS SLEIGHS.

The eight or nine months they stand unused yearly has practically no effect on their strength.

Because they're built of better materials-in a more substantial manner-than most builders deem necessary in sleighs.

Adams OAK runners resist hard work and heavy loads.
Adams Hardened STEEL or Cast Iron runners (your choice) are proof against hidden
holes and frozen ruts.
Adams STEEL NOSE PLATFS fend off scow-covered rocks.
Adams BENCHES and BOLSTETS are designed for the toughest winter service in Western Canacia.

ADAMS REACHES, COUPITNGS and COUPLING CHAINS are made to take any
load. An ADAMS Sleigh is good for any winter work you ever want done.

# Cockshutt Plow Co. Limited winnipeg Regina Calgary Saskatoon 

Our nearest Branch or Dealer will be glad to show you the big line of ADAMS Sleighs. Made in one of the biggest and finest vehicle plants-COCKSHUTT QUALITY through and through.

tractor is to be allowed the privileges of all the roads they cannot be run with either spikes in the rims or sharp wedge shaped lugs. In France, in England and for city work in this country, there is a wheel made with a flat lug, shown in figure 198, that will not do any damage to the finest kind of maçadam or concrete road. This wheel is generally listed as a municipal wheel. It is the type of wheel that ought to be sold and used


Fig. 198. Munictpal Wheel with fatt clesta as built by the Cose Company.
where there is any considerable mileage of good roads.
Other manufacturers get around this difficulty by providing their tractors with a wheel having spikes which can be removed in a few minutes. This provides a smooth wheel for road work and a wheel with sharp lugs where traction is difficult. Whether the municipal wheel is used or the one with removable lugs, the firt should be kept in mind by prospective buyers that unless they
are prepared in one way or the other they are almost sure to get in trouble sooner or later with the road authorities.

## Home-Grown Manitoba

 Alfalfa SeedManitoba now has home-grown alfalfa seed. The first threshing of alfalfa took place on the local government demonstration farm at Neepawa on Oct. 31st. About six acres of the first crop of alfalfa was threshed and from this one field of less than six acres was obtained $251 / 2$ bushels ( 1,535 lbs.) of clean, pure seed, the quality of which is exceptionally high.
This alfalfa was grown on the farm of Mr. H. Irvine near Neepawa. The seed was the well known Grimm's variety and was sown in rows three feet apart and so thoroughly cultivated by machine and by hand that all weeds were exterminated. About three pounds of seed per acre was used and the field treated with soil from old alfalfa land. The soil of the field was a warm, sandy loam. The harvesting was done by mower and the alfalfa cured in bunches and afterwards stacked for some weeks. Beyond an occasional unmatured seed, the sample is apparently well matured.

The wisdom of the policy of agricultural education laid down by the Department at Ottawa is constantly being verified. This experiment is another valuable one which has been made possible by the Dominion Government grant for this purpose.
The machine used in threshing this alfalfa is the first clover machine that has started in Manitoba, if not the first to be used west of the Great Lakes. It gave perfect satisfaction and it is hoped that the farmers will go more into the growing of alfalfa and that many of these machines will be required in the near future. The machine is manufactured by the Sawyer-Massey Co., of Hamilton, and was purchased through their local manager, William White, Winnipeg.

## Import Regulations Respecting Nursery Stock

All persons importing trees, shrubs and other plants, collectively known as "nursery stock" into Canada are required to observe the regulations of the Dominion Department of Agriculture which govern such importations. These regulations, passed under The Destructive Insect and Pest Act, prescribe the conditions under which plants may be im-
ported. Special conditions are attached to certain classes of plants, some classes are subject to inspection, other to fumigation. In order that all importers may learn what are the conditions governing the importation of trees and plants into Canada, a circular entitled "Instructions to Importers of Trees, Plants and other Nursery Stock into Canada," has been published as Entomological Circular No. 4 by the Department of Agriculture and all persons wishing to import plants into Canada should apply to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, for a copy of this circular which will be sent free to all applicants.

## Q \& \&

"Is he really a professor?"
"Well, isn't any man who professes to be a professor a professor?"

## L00K!

WE want a Representative in YOUR District.
Every Attention and Libera Commission Paid Agents Write today for partieulars to ANGUS ELLIOTT, Supt. of Agencien

## North American Life

Assurance Company bire's bullding
winnipea

## Mixed Farming

hills. The other two methods can be used to plant in hills in rows running both ways. This makes cultivating much more effective and lessens hoeing. It is decidedly the best way to plant. In planting with a hand planter, the field must be marked with a home-made marker, which is dragged across the field in both directions. The hills are then planted where the mark cross. This method is cheap, but rather slow. The corn drill is made especially for planting corn either in drills or hills. It is a very satisfactory machine for planting in hills, but no better than the ordinary drill for planting in drills.
Root seed may be sown quite well with an ordinary grain drill. By stopping up spouts, as in the case of corn, the rows are put
the right distance apart. The quantity of seed may be gatuged properly by jacking up the drill tufning the wheel, and counting the seed turned out by one revolution, then setting the gauge so that the desired quantity for the distance covered by one turn of the wheel, is dropped.

Time of Planting
Corn should be planted during the last half of May. Earlier than that the soil is likely to be too cool for good germination. Later sowing does not give the corn a long enough season for full growth. Early seeding roots is found to give best results in the West. May 10th is not too early if they can be got in then

## Cultivation

Corn and roots are spoken of as cleaning crops, because being grown in rows they allow cultivation to be performed between the rows while they are growing. Left to themselves they would be quite useless as cleaning crops, in fact there are probably few

## Follow the Campbell System

Do yon want to avoid the effect
the peridic


 demand for
by foil
fowng by bollowing
Paul Oerigech of Allan, Sakatchewan,
who wor the worids prize for wheat
 CAMPBEL SCHOOLOF SOLL CULTURE Now is the time to enroll in this

 begin at any time and pursue such
 You have yout chorcce of tight



 Gampbell CorrespondenceSchool uncoln, nebraska
crops that give weeds any bet ter chance or are so easily over come by weeds. Therefore if they are to be effective as cleaning crops, cultivation is the only means to the desired end. No only does the condition of the land depend on cultivation, but the very life of the crops them selves is equally dependent on it Most of the poor crops seen fat too frequently are due to lack of cultivation.
Cultivation for corn should be gin as soon as the seed is in the ground, with a good harrowing Harrowing should be repeated after the corn is up and may be done safely until it is six inches lhigh. This is a very cheap way of hoeing and saves much work later on. Roots should be har rowed after planting, but must hen be left until the rows can : seen as the tender seedlings will not stand harrowing. A scon as the corn is too high to harrow, and as soon as the root ar: visible, the work of intertill age should begin. This may be dore with a one-horse cultivator or scuffler, or with fairly large areas of corn, it will pay to have a tvo-horse cultivator. The cul tivator should be kept going up and down the rows of corn and roots all summer. They should be cultivated frequently and the cultivation should not cease when haying begins, but should
tinue until no more weeds come The reward of thorough work is a big crop and a clean field.
Corn is usually planted in the quantities desired for the permanent stand and thinning is not necessary. With roots, however, it is advisable in order to make sure of a stand, to plant several times the amount of seed actually required. The excessive plants must then be thinned out The best way is to block them out roughly with the hoe as soon as they are large enough to be clearly distinguished. Several plants are left in each group at this thinning. Then later, when they have grown a little more they must be gone over by hand and reduced to single plants. Mangels and turnips should both be thinned out to about ten or twelve inches apart in the row It is well to do as much as possible of the cultivation with horses, but if a clean field is to be left, it is always necessary to do some hand hoeing. There are always some weeds in the row among the corn or roots that horse-drawn machinery can not reach. These may be few enough not to prevent a good crop, but they will go to seed and leave a filthy field for the next crop. It is, therefore, necessary to do some hand hoeing, though good management and preparation may reduce it to a small amount.

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING
Mr. THRESHERMAN :
If anything breaks or is worn out on your threshing machine or traction engine have it welded. Your time is valuable and we are at your service. Tell us your troubles. Send the broken parts to us or ask us to come to your place. No waste of time and no trouble to us. We are the pioneers of the process. We are experts and guarantee our work. Lowest prices.

L'AIR LIQUIDE SOCIETY, 325 William Ave., Winnipeg, Man. Largest manufacturers of Oxygen and Welding Plants Ask for information and newest catalogue.

You saw this advertisement in this magarine. Don't forget to say so when writing

## No. 1 Sawyer Belts

150 ft .

7 -in. x $5-\mathrm{Ply}$ \$39.50

Formerly $\$ 60.00$ )


150 ft. 8 -in. x 5-Ply $\$ 45.75$

Formerly $\$ 68.00$ )
There is one explanation for this low price and that is we are overstocked and do not intend carrying them over to next season.

All Threshermen know what a Sawyer Belt means. It is without a doubt the highest grade canvas belt that is on the market.

We will fill orders while they last at these reasonable prices.
150 ft . 7 -in. x 5-ply Weight 150 lbs . Reg. $\$ 60.00$ \$39.50 150 ft . 8 -in. x 5 -ply Weight 165 lbs . Reg. $\$ 68.00 \quad \$ 45.75$

Save $\$ 10$ on Our
IMPERIAL GRAIN TANK
Capacity 150 bushels
Regular Price Reduced from \$35 to \$25
For all other lines of goods see our General Catalogue


Prices \$24.00
And Up, According to Capacity Required.

Special Attachments for Ford Maxwell and other Cars.

Large Profits to Dealers.
Light and Ignition

For Your Gasoline Tractor

Plow at Night with Perfect Light

## Eureka Lite

The Fact Is With Our Eureka
You can light almost any old car as light as day,
Low Cost-High Efficiency
Used with or without Storage Battery

## From Start to Finish

FROM the beginning to the end of the year, in every month, International Harvester oil tractors reduce the expense of heavy farm work - plowing, disking, harrowing, grubbing, harvesting, threshing, hauling, and furnishing power for
 stationary machines.

To know the remarkable capacity and year-round efficiency of International tractors send for our tractor catalogues. They explain all the features to you-the power engine starting system, the throttling governor, the dust and grit proof engine, the simple construction, the ease of operating, etc. They tell you how the modern tractor has revolutionized field and farmyard belt and drawbar work-saving time, labor, and money.


I H C tractors are simple and strong. They are built
in several styles and all sizes, from $6-12$ to $30-60$ h.p. operating on kerosene and gasoline. The I H C line also includes all styles of general purpose engines from 1 to $60 \mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{p}$.
Write to the nearest branch house address below for instructive illustrated catalogues of I H C tractors and engines.

## International Harvester Company of Canada, Lto.

## WESTERN BRANCH HOLSES

At Brandon, Man.; Calgary, Alta.; Edmonton, Alta; Estevan, Sask.; Lethbridge, Alta.; North Battleford, Sask.; Regina, Sask. Saskatoon, Sask.; Winnipeg, Malı; Yorkton, Sask.

## Manitoba Seed Grain Fairs

The Extension Section of the Igricultural College announces the following dates for Seed Grain Fairs to be held during the next few weeks under the auspices of Agricultural Societies,

Rockwood
Morden
Russell
Russell Lake
Birtle
Warren
Morris
Headingly
Roland
Cartwright
Carman
Manitou
Elgin
Arrow River
Argyle Woodlands
Reston
Kelwood
Kelwood
Shellmouth
Ghellmouth Gilladstone.
Gla

November 13th November 17th November 18th November 18th November 19th November 19th November 20th November 20th November 30th December 8tli December ${ }^{8 t h}$ December 9th December 10th December 15th December 15th December 16th December 17th December 17th December 19th

An interesting feature of these airs will be the shows of dressed oultry, the addition of this exhibit having been made to very seed fair so far. An inreased interest in the poultry udustry is, therefore, quite in vidence throughout Manitoba.
To each of these fairs the Colge is sending speakers, who will eliver addresses on subjects reating to better farming, poultry ising, dairy work, etc.

## How to Graduate as a Traction Engineer

The Minneapolis Steel \& Machinery Co., is now conducting a school for the instruction of men in the operation and care of Gas Traction Engines. This move is in line with the Company's policy of doing everything possible to make its engines a satisfactory and profitable investment. The prime motive in taking this step has been to assure customers of competent engineers to operate their engines.
The course is divided into three general divisions; viz: Shop Work, Lectures, and Examination Papers.
Shop Work will consist of erection, general work and testing.
Under erection, a portion of the time will be spent on the motor floor in the general assembly of one or more machines, with particular reference given to the timing, valve setting and care of the magneto and carburetor. Attention will be given at this point to scraping of connecting rod boxes; the application and use of interchangeable shells in connecting rods; taking up of main bearings and connecting rod bearings; grinding in of valves; removal of pistons and insertion of new rings, etc

The classes will be under the
direction of the most competent instructors or supervisors while erecting one or more tractors, and during the course of this erection, such special points as have been found to give trouble in the field from lack of care, will be pointed out to the pupils, and proper instructions given for the avoidance of trouble in these respects.
In testing, a portion of the time is devoted to the motors ; to handling of the engine in traction and belt, etc.

A course of lectures will be given which will cover in a general way the following outline:

1. On ignition and carburization, both as general propositions and as applied to Twin City Engines
2. Care and handling of engine in the belt, with notes on separator practice, wood sawing and miscellaneous power work.
3. On engine in traction, covering the work in the plow field, hauling, with notes and suggestions of hitches and various applications of farming machinery to the traction engine.
4. On the general care and handling of the engine, with a view of giving such instructions and information as lead to economical operation and low cost of maintenance. Particular reference at this time will be given to economy of fuel and lubricants, and general rules and instructions
laid out for the guidance of operators as to the kind of lubricating oils and amounts needed on various classes of work.

At various times through the course, written examinations covering the instruction given will be required and will be corrected and returned to the pupils before the completion of the course.
On the satisfactory completion of this course, a diploma will be given which will indicate the proficiency the student shall have attained as a tractor operator.

## \& \& \& <br> Home Truths

An cditor in a Kansas town was showing a former resident, who had returned for a visit round the place.
"Huh," said the former resident, "time was when I could have bought this hull blamed townsite for two hundred dollars, but I didn't think it was worth it."
"It wouldn't have been if you had bought it," replied the editor. \&
A Horse Trainer," says a racing man, "should be prepared to meet every contingency and every emergency. He should be like the young lady who said. 'I don't intend to be married till I'm over twenty-three, and I don't intend either, to be over twenty-three till I'm married.'


> Putting on the Emergency Power in Farming, making Canada the Granary of the Empire


THE history of all great wars
has shown that the man at home behind the plow fought shoulder to shoulder w the man at the front behind th gun. In times past, without th first the latter would have
starved, and without the second the former would have been desproyed
in the present conflict, but the silent appeal of the Mother Counheard around the world -an appeal for supplies, for bread, for hay, for horses, and for moral support.
Already across the border the American farmer is fortifying himself to meet the increased dehim for his produce. He is in creasing his acreage and everywhere is re-echoing the appeal to order that his acreage yield may be increased. The impulse which is swaying him to answer the emergency call should meet with double response from the tillers of the soil in this country, where urge them on, but where there is the added incentive of the higher consideration of patriotism. As a man doubles his strength when tightly pressed. or an engine exceeds its rated capacity when forged ahead, so should the Canadian farmers multiply their energy and strive to excel their past good records as producers of the world's bread.
The recent appeal of the Honorable Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, showed definitely the business advantage of beginning at once to prepare for a greater acreage of wheat. "The only way to get more wheat," said he, "is to properly
and most carefully handle the stubble land. Let it be the determination of every farmer to make his wheat acres in 1915 yield as never before. It is certain that an increase of many millions of bushels can be insured if every farmer on the prairies will carefully consider the following suggestions and put them into practice immediatel

## Summer Fallow

Get the summer-fallow into good shape; let it be ready for the seeder the moment the snow goes, and put it into such shape as to be free from weeds ready to absorb moisture, and as far as possible from evaporation.

Stubble Land
"Every acre of stubble land i good enough shape to be fairl safe for wheat should be plowed right now; plow not
less than seven inches deep, and deeper if the character of the soil and moisture content will permit; deep soils should be plowed deeply, shallow or light soils with a more shallow furrow do the plowing well; every acr should be harrowed within two days after plowing and pack the land if possible after harrowing. Spring Work
"Early seeding is the nex consideration; make every preparation now and this comwhen the spring opens; be sure the seed saved is clean, and of high germinating quality ; get the best variety possible; do the work well at seeding time, cultivating or disking before seeding always means bigger and better crops, and in districts where the crops were a failure this year, the methods outlined above are particularly necessary.
We would emphasize especially the necessity of frequent disking, and the almost essential use of the land packer as a safeguard against drought. Many thousands farmers, for the first time, last year staked their crops on the
land packer, and owing to the unseasonable dryness which prevailed this season, it is estimated by many authorities that the use of this machine, whereyer used, made a difference of '6 to 12 bushels per acre. At the price at which they are disposing of their wheat this year, the packer has proved an investment worth several hundred per cent to them the first year of its use.

## Preparing the Seed Bed

 In those parts of the country which do fall plowing and fall seeding, the way the seed bed is made and the way the sowing is done this fall will determine the crop per acre next year more than next year's rainfall, hot winds or frosts. in an experiment not long ago described by F. L. Peterson of the University Farm at Davis, California, he says:"As the pressure for supplies becomes greater, it becomes more evident that the world cannot afford large farms skimmed over with careless culture. In an actual experiment a gain of 200 per cent which was made in the productiveness of a certain area, 100 per cent was found to be due

## Water Tanks Below Cost, \$26.35

REGULAR PRICE $\$ 35.85$
 yund in mowne

HAWKEY'S BOB SLEIGHS, $\$ 28.50$


Turn your Buggy into a Cutter for $\$ 9.85$ by using one of Hawkey's Knock Down Cutter Gears

\$1.85 UP FITTED PLOW SHARES \$1.85 UP Write for Free Catalogue and Hawkey's Vest Pocket Book on Diseases of Stock and How to Cure Them, and Free Sample of Hawkey Stock Tonic. Use Hawkey Stock Tonic and Remedies
H. R. HAWKEY \& CO. Hardware Mail Order Specialists, WINNIPEG, Man.

## The Wingold Hornless Talking Machine

now within your easy reach on Credit


YOU NOW are able to enjoy what was previously considered a rich man's
luxury and even more-you can buy this machine of us on the wonderful credit rms of a third cash and a dollar a week during this special sale. Don't miss this opportunity to get a most welcome article for your home , as you don't know what
pleasure it brings until you really have it. The Wingold will play all Flat Disc Records equal to any $\$ 250.00$ machine.
FREE RECORDS. With every order for a Wingold Talking Mael ine, we give
absolutely free Six Double Dise Records. Send for Free List, select five-the sixth absolutely free Six Double Dise Records. Send for Free List, select fivee the sixth
is a specal record which we want you to have to show the possibitities of this
wond wondefful instrument. Send ws $\$ 7.50$ cash with order and we will ship you the
outfit, you to pay balance $\$ 1.00$ weekly for sixteen weeks, Wingold Hornless Talking outfit, you to pay balance $\$ 1.00$ weekly for sixteen weeks, Wingold Hornless Talking
Machine, together with Six Free Records ....................................... 823.50 SEND FOR WINGOLD'S FALL AND WINTER BARGAIN CATALOG

```
THE WINGOLD CO., WINNIPEG
    Send me your Bargain Sale Catalog
    NAME,
    ADDRESS
```


## There's No War in the West

except on "Shoddy." Bad boots will lose a campaign if all else is going well. Bad belting will kill the best threshing season more effectually than anything else in men's carelessness or incapacity. The greatest asset to a threshing outfit or to any power proposition is a belt service that no one ever needs to think about because they know it is sound and as reliable as the law of gravitation. It is the


Rubber Belt



You can get them from any thresher company doing business in Canada. They cost a little more than other fabrics that are a big risk from the day they are used in any power transmission, but we guarantee our goods against all disappointments from slippage or breaking. They are the "guards" that will never betray their trust

\section*{Gutta Percha and Rubber Limited, | wiNnPEG |
| :---: |
| CAIGARY | <br> NOT IN ANY RRUST OR COMEINE}

6 better plowing and harrowing. 50 per cent to better cultivat
and the rest to better sced."
A lesson
every community would soon work its way into farm operation in such a way that several costly
practices sanctioned by time and custom would become in a short time as historical as cradling wheat and threshing it with a flail are now. The great ccon-
omic law which makes a man's land profitable is not so much the price he gets for his produce as it is the difference between this price and the amount spent in producing this produce. The above experiment was apropos of the tractor-a mechanical way of plowing and of disking-a mechanical way of massaging the land, o to speak, and of drilling-a mechanical way of sowing the seed. In the cost of raising a rop, just the same as in the cost making carpets, shoes or wagons, hand power and animal power cannot compete with
mechanical power. The mechancally prepared seed bed not only costs less in its preparation, but gives forth more in its harvest. The War Will Make Horses Too Costly to Keep
Oats and oil are in the throes of little war of their own just the same as the human back once combated with the reaper knife. This strife is fast becoming more
is, being aceentuated every day by the number being sold out of the cuntry for cavalry mounts to be andion horse supply will son be such that wherever possible mectiamical contrivances will be to begin at once, t: will require we years to replenish the dram upon the horse supply of the vorld. The United States Government Department of Agri-
culture has estimated that it costs $\$ 75.00$ to $\$ 80.00$ per year to keep a horse, and in the study of horse years, it was found that he averaged only 3.14 hours of work per day as his contribution to lessening the high cost of living. In contrast with this it was found that he ate up the entire yield of one out of every five acres which he helped to cultivate. It has been shown, too, for every hour he worked it cost about 16 cents; whereas, a full horse-power hour can be delivered by a high-grade oil engine for only two cents per hour, in both cases interest, fuel, food and depreciation being included. Again, in plowing, a team of two horses can plow only about two acres per day. In doing this, they travel sixteen miles, which is a good day's pull for horses with a load.

## Superior Fanning Mills Best For Canada





Page 20
TTHIE CANADDUAN TTMIRESTRERMAN $\operatorname{ANND~FARMER~}$

THE weather man has been assisting robly in he matter of fall cultivation, first with rains, and in some sections soft snow, followed by weather dry enough to make plowing possible. Now a few sections complain that there has been too much dry weather and the well cultivated land is so dry that if there is high wind and little snow during the winter and early spring there will be loss from blowing. These are, fortunately small sections. far as accurate information is obtainable, the country as a whole is in prime condition for next spring, and with a larger amount of well cultivated land ready for seed than has been the case for very many years at least, indeed it is not likely that there has ever been such a large area fall plowed and culivated as there is now. The
warmth of the season has germinwarmth of the season has germinated many foul weed seeds and these have been disposed of so
that whatever moisture there is in that whatever moisture there is in the soil next spring will be for the crop alone.

## Breaking

Men with considerable quantities of unbroken land, and with reasonable equipment should, and no doubt many of them are, now laying their plans for the early breaking up of large areas. To this end might I suggest that it is a good plan to provide help right now. Without taking any undue advantage of the other man's necessity, the fact that work is scarce, and likely to be more so during the winter, means that many capable men, who have hitherto spent their winters in the bush will be out of a job this winter. Present indications are that there will be a minimum amount of lumbering this winter. While all bushmen are not desirable farm ands, many of them have had good farm training and with comparatively little practice would be back into training again. If hired now they would be used to the horses and equipment by spring.

The care of horses is no small part of the success of farming operations in either fall or spring; if there is any scrub land on your farm, which you intend ultimately to clean up, why not this winter as well as another, when men can be secured for minimum wages, provided they are well fed and comfortably housed? Farmers may say, "We do not want to keep our wives cooking for hired men all winter." But here again the necessity of the unemployed, and that in no mean or unkind sense, is your opportunity.
It will be easier to secure help in the house than it has ever been in the West before. This is especially true if your house is large enough to permit of your taking a man and wife, who wish


## $\otimes$ $\otimes$ $\approx$ $\approx$ $\approx$ $\approx$ <br> FARM PROBLEMS <br> By E. CORA HIND.


to go to the country together The Central Bureau of Work for Women, in the Industrial Bureau, Winnipeg, has a number of such people on its lists, good people, too. Some of them have one child, none of them more than two and a considerable number

## A Separate House

If you have any building on your place, which at the expense of a few dollars or a few days of time, can be fitted up to be warm enough to live in, why not make the beginning of permanent farm help by fixing it up and installing some man and his wife, and giving them their food and fuel and any additional clothing which they may need for the winter and making a bargain to pay them both reasonable wages next spring? Let the wife help your wife this winter and the man help you. Help yourself and give the other fellow a chance to help himself.
Probably this could only be done in districts where there is cheap fuel, but there are a goodly number of those when they are all counted up, especially in northern Manitoba and Saskatchewan. In quite a number of these districts, there is no tough sod on scrub land and the ground scrul bed this fall and winter could be plowed next spring and if conditions were good a crop of oats taken off, though this is not a form of cultivation to be at all generally recommended. If your house is large enough to permit of your taking man and wife in with you, secure help early, test them out well and along next January both you and your wife might be able to get away for a few weeks and leave them in charge of house and stock.
"More armchair advice," I hear the farmers say. Yes possibly, but all armchair advice is not impracticable and I happen to know that this plan has worked out successfully in more than one instance in all of the three western provinces. There will no doubt be misfits and disappointments, but with a genuine determination to make the thing work, it can be done, and done to the advantage of both the farmer and his wife and those whom he employs.
The basis of success in mixed farming, especially, is permanent and reliable help on the farms, and the present is certainly an opportune moment for making a beginning.

It is not suggested for one moment that all farmers in the

West shall employ a man all winter, or that every farmer can immediately fit up a house for a man and wife or anything of that kind. It is offered as a possibly helpful suggestion to those farmers and their wives who are in a position to do it, but who may not have happened to realize that the present is a time when there is more chance of getting the required help of a good quality than has been the case for some years.
The man and wife, or the man alone whom you select and train who lives with you, and whom you grow to like and trust, will in all probability eventually settle near you, and you have provided yourself and your district with a good neighbor, one whose ways are your own and who will fall in with your schemes of advancement for the district. Think i over, but don't think too long.

## Good Seed

With the danger of seeming tiresomely persistent let me once more emphasize the necessity of getting your seed grain laid by now. Most farmers know seed conditions in their own districts, but few have the opportunity which comes to those who are in close touch with the inspection departments, of knowing how limited is likely to be the really good seed. For the first time in the history of the West there are considerable quantities of wheat arriving for inspection that weighs considerably less than 54 pounds to the measured bushel. Last year wheat weighing 66 and 67 pounds to the measured bushel was common and 63 and 64 pound wheat being an everyday occurrence, it is easy to imagine how wide is the discrepancy this year. The actual germinating quality of this light wheat has yet to be determined, but it needs no test to tell the capable farmer that shrunken wheat is less desirable than the full plump berry untouched by frost.
Millers report that it is taking from 10 to 12 and even 15 pounds more wheat to make a barrel of flour than it did last year and this too in face of the fact that the actual milling quality of the wheat is higher
Some of the time of the hired help suggested in the previous paragraphs, might very profitably be spent in hand picking seed this winter. Prices of feed and low grade wheats are high and likely to be higher, therefore any farmer can afford to select his seed care fully and sell the balance.

It is generally admitted nos that the country has not enouk oats for seed and that high gra seed oats in considerable quan ties will have to be imported. $\mathrm{T} \mid$ man with oats he knows are go for seed should have their gerı inating quality established at on c and then hang on to them; he w il pretty well get his own pri
before spring, always provided is not a seed hog trying to mal money out of his neighbors' at country's dire necessity

## Q \& \&

"What in the world do you hen you forget your lines? I just repeat the multiplicati table in a muffled voice," said emotional actress. "I had house in tears the other nigh over nine times nine are eight.

## Learn to Run a Tractor Right It Pays



## The Twin City

 Tractor School

## Wanted-100,000 Names

Send Your Name and Address to Us at Once or Greatest Free Merchandise Book Ever Published


## THIS NEW, BIG FREE CATALOGUE


 immetaty, together with anl treight charges. We will send younthi Bio CATALOC

We are Giving Away Thousands of Dollars worth of
FREE GIFTS. Get Full Intormation how to obtain them


25 to

Domestic Grand Blue Steel


Complete 9-Piece DINING ROOM SET at Big Saving


Big Solid Oak
Morris Rocker $y_{1}$


Please send
Complete Catalog
can obtain Free Gits.
of any article shown
$\$ 3.00$ cash $w$ it
Furniture
Stoves
Sewing Machine
Check article y
Name

## o. Adress

quarter Cut OAK BUFFET
and CHINA CABINET
The
Cine



## COAL OIL

17 to 25c. per Gallon at Wholesale Prices


## THE FARMERS' SUPPLY CO.. LTD. Wu: 1779 wate wid WINNPEG



## CASE MACHINERY

$\mathfrak{C}$ASE products for decades have been used throughout the world, and have been successful. They have always done the very best work, at the least cost. This is the result that you must have if you are to get all that you are entitled to. No matter whether it's a threshing machine or a road grader; a steam tractor or a husker-shredder; a road roller or a gas tractor; a tractor gang plow or a road drag, in the machine that bears our name you are bound to find the one that is always at your service; the one whose ownership is a source of satisfaction. II Now is the time to begin to figure on next year's equipment. Now is the time to study CASE catalogs. Better let us send you yours.

J. I. CASE T. M. COMPANY, Inc., 741-791 State Street, Racine, Wisconsin, U. S A.

Canadian Branches: Toronto, Winnipeg, Saskatoon, Regina and Calgary.


## CASE AUTOMOBILES

JO you who reason, CASE cars must make a strong appeal, because of the fundamental fact that they are made by the Case Company. Bearing our trade mark they bear our reputation. Further, the appearance and appointments of these cars are those primarily of comfort and refinement. Their complete equipment leaves nothing for you to buy but "gas and oil." I Their prices-Look at them! The Forty at $\$ 1800$; the Thirty-five at $\$ 1600$; the Twenty-five at $\$ 1350$, with CASE complete equipment, including extra tire on extra rim, tire cover, chains, etc., 5\% discount for cash. f Our new 1915 catalog explains in detail the features of construction and style that will make a strong appeal to the judicious buyer.

J. I. CASE T. M. COMPANY, Inc., 741/791 State Street, Racine, Wisconsin, U. S A.

Canadian Branches: Toronto, Winnipeg, Saskatoon, Regina and Calgary.


Farmers are Wanted to Have All Grain Intended for Seed Tested for Germination
(Bulletin of Seed Branch, Regina) Early frosts occurred this year on August 9th and 12th over large areas in Western Canada, damaging to a great extent the germinating powers of grain, more particularly oats. It is therefore advised that all grain intended for seed next Spring be tested for germination.
2. To have seeds tested send a sample to the Ottawa or Calgary seed laboratory

Dbout a handful (300 grains) enclosed in a small cotton bag is sufficient to send as one sample for germination.

Address samples to the Department of Agriculture, Seed Branch, Ottawa, or to the Dominon Seed Laboratory, Calgary, Alberta. Samples sent to Ottawa will be carried free in the mails if marked O.H.M.S. On samples sent to Calgary postage must be prepaid.

Tests on all samples are made absolutely free up to 25 in number. It is not necessary to enclose postage to have reports on tests returned, but it is absolutely necessary to have name and address of sender plainly marked on tag enclosed in the bag, also state on tag enclosed that germination test is wanted.

Samples should be taken so far as possible from lots recleaned for sowing.

It is essential that seed sent these laboratories for test be sent early.
8. Farmers may test their own seed satisfactorily by a soil test conducted in their own homes, as follows:
9. Put in a supply of dirt this fall, fill some shallow boxes, count out 100 seeds from lots to be tested, sow, and place boxes in the windows of the kitchen where the temperature is warm.
10. When seeds have sprouted; count the sprouts and then determine the percentage germination. For example, a box contains 100 sceds, and 62 sprouts are counted in two weeks after sowing. This means that the seeds in this test germinated 62 per cent, which is too low germination for seeding. Note also the appearance of young seedlings, if strong and vigorous, or weak and spindling. Seeds producing weak seedlings
will not produce strong plants when sown in the field.
Note-Frost damages vitality of grain by drying up water contents of cells. Well ripened grain containing little water will not suffer so much from the effects of frost as does immature grain. When a plant is subjected to a few degrees of frost water oozes out from the cells into the intercellular spaces and forms crystals of ice. If the thawing out of the grain after slight frosts is gradual very little damage to the grain occurs, owing to the cells reabsorbing their moisture. If, however, the thawing occurs rapidly, the cells do not reabsorb the moisture, causing evaporation and drying up, and death of the germ cells.
The sale of seeds in Canada is regulated by the Dominion Seed Control Act. This Act provides a standard for purity and vitality of all kinds of seeds and it is illegal to offer for sale seed which is below this standard. Persons wishing to secure copies of this Act should apply to the Dominion Seed Branch at Ottawa, Calgary or Regina.


The third annual show of the Brandon Dressed Poultry Assoin Brandon City on December 9th and 10th. This is an association of well-known Manitobans who take more than an ordinary interest in the raising and marketing of poultry. Hon. G. R. Coldwell, is hon. president; president, A. R. McDiarmid; vicepresidents, James Kircaldy and D. W. Beaubier ; secy-treasurer, W. I. Smale. The directorate iff Henderson, J. H. MeGregor, John W. Knowlton, Thos. Chambers and W. I. Smale, all of Brandon; W. R. Bowman, Forrest, and A. W. Cooper, Treesbank.
The association was organized for the purpose of establishing and conducting an annual Dressed Poultry Show in Brandon, along the lines adopted by the Guelph Winter Fair. The great success of the two shows held in December, 1912 and 1913, which assembled the greatest exhibits of the highest standard of dressed poultry ever seen in Canada has

## "BIG OPENING FOR CANADIAN PRODUCTS"



In effect and literally this headline is written over the gateway of every mart and centre of commerce in Europe today.) The manufacture of millions of tons of CHEESE alone is stopped for a long period in countries where it was a staple industry. This misfortune is your opportunity. With a


## Cream Separator

and a few friendly well-bred cows you have an equipment second to no other money-making scheme in these days.

## The Perfect Skimming

of the "MAGNET'S" one-piese skimmer is only one of its many individualities. Its SQUARE GEAR is another. In the one-piece skimmer the cones are set so that the centrifugal force breaking the conne tion between the butter fat and the milk to make perfect separation has absolutely free action. Beware of cones that are placed close together, as is the case with all worm gear separators, as they introduce Frictional separation which prevents the full action of the centrifugal force and therefore, irregular really Mechanical really Mechanical obstructions and are also very troublesome to clean.
We will easily prove what we say by showing you the MAGNET in
your own dairy. The design and construetion of your own dairy. The design and construction of the machine is what has ompelled us to double the output of our factory this year

## The Petrie Mfg. Co. Ltd.

## Head Ofifee and Factory : HAMILTON, ONT.

Winnipeg, Calgary, Regina, Vansouver, Montreal, St. John, Edmonton, Lethbridge.


[^0]early demonstrated that a poul y show is a necessity in extendig and encouraging the poultry dustry
It is not designed to be a venue producer in any way for e association but it furnishes a ash market for all the dressed oultry that is shown. Last year etween ten and eleven tons of xhibited poultry were sold. This ear the Department of Agriculure is interesting the Winnipeg wholesalers and has undertaken o have buyers at Brandon to ake all the poultry that is offered.
We are happy to note this last cature of the announcement since the exhibit of "dressed poultry" n the merchants windows of Winnipeg, as well as what has seen shown recently in the 'Farmers' Market," has been of a most woeful description. With a few noteworthy exceptions, the birds look as if they had been trained down to the last vanishing point of "fitness" to go to Europe with the expeditionary force. What we have seen lately by the dozen are certainly very athletic looking hens and, judging by their severely attenuated legs, must have walked to the Winnipeg market from a far more distant point than Brandon-or even Treesbank.
As a matter of fact, neither Brandon nor Treesbank would risk their high reputations by ending such consignments to any market. We respect "old age," but not in "spring chickens" and would certainly never take off our hat to the very ancient, shrivelled, battered and broken carcasses we see in the store windows these days
We strongly urge upon every interested reader who wants to buy the choicest product of Manitoba's poultry breeders, who has dressed poultry to exhibit in competition or to sell, to send to Mr. Smale for the most attractive list of prizes offered, rules of competition and conditions for sale, etc.

Q
"Did you notice that woman ho just passed?" inquired he.
"The one," responded she,


## Business Basis Tires

Automobile owners everywhere are rapidly learning to buy tires on a real business basis, viz. : the basis of ultimate economy.
That is the reason why Dominion "Nobby Tread" Tires are today the largest selling high-grade anti-skid tires in the world.
Take the taxicab as a concrete example. Taxicab companies have to operate on a business basis; they have to buy tires on a business basis. That is why today in England, Canada, and the United States thousands of

## Taxicabs use "Nobby Treads"

Taxicab companies are the most constant users of tires. They have to watch tire mileage expense all of the time.
Taxicabs m vst have real anti-skid protection-real tire dependence-real freedom from puncture delays-and lowest cost per mile tire
Dominion "Nobby Tread" Tirea solve any automobile owner's tire problems the day he decides to buy tires on a business basis.

Based upon their remarkable mileage records

## Lominion "NOBBY TREAD" Tires

are now sold under our regular warranty-perfect workmanship and material, BUT any adjustments are on a basis of $\mathbf{5 0 0 0}$ Miles.

Thousands upon thousands of veteran motorists now use "Nobby Tread Tires on their front and rear wheels through all seasons, because they give real anti-skid protection and the lowest cost per mile.


Dominion Tire Company Limited

Berlin
Ontario

Canadian Consolidated Rubber Company, Limited Selling Agents, MONTREAL, P.Q.

28 Service Branches Throughout Canada.

NOTE THIS-Dealers who sell DOMINION TIRES sell the best of everything.


Champion Case of Fatted Cockerells exhibited by T. M. Brown at Brandon

## The Kelly-Duplex Feed Mill



SOME SPECLAL ADVANIAGES
We have a grinding surface of equal size. and can theretore do twice as much work, other thing
being equal being equal 2. We cannot only do twice as
much work, but can do it with
much less power. 3. We grind meal with a uni
formity that no other mill can formity that no other mill ca
approach. 4. By our mixer, you can grind different kinds of grain in any
proportion wanted. Write for
complete catalogue, showing various complete catalogue, showing various
cires.

The Gelebrated Fuller Johnson Engines Gasoline and Kerosene
Ask for Catalog and Prices on the size of Engine you need HENRY RUSTAD, Distributor

108 Cariton Building, Winnipeg, Man.


You saw this advertisement in this magazine. Don't forget to say so when writing. HE crop movement this season was remarkably early and in the beginning of October receipts began to fall off, the result being that inspections down to November 4th, despite the early movement, are considerably less than those of a year ago.

1914 Bus. 1913 Bus. Wheat $\ldots .49,034,700 \quad 70,455,900$ Oats .....11,552,500 17,916,600 Barley .... 2.199,150 $\quad 7,215,750$ Flax... ... $1,237,500 \quad 3,390,200$ And with lessening receipts drought in Australia, frost in the Argentine and more widespread devastation in Europe, came a steady improvement in our markets. Only the big receipts in the
Primary Markets of the United States and the increase in their visible, retarded the sharpness of the advance for a time. in many years. The Allies are resigned to a long, tedious war Russia cannot ship either through the Baltic or through the Black Sea, so America's biggest competitor has for the last two months been entirely out of the market and now that war with likely be unable to ship for many months to come. The British crop was a good one but now that Britain must feed at home several millions of refugees from Belgium and Northern France, a vast army from Overseas in training besides her own people, and on the Continent must feed a great army at the front, it follows that she must buy heavily in all our markets. The wheat has moved rapidly off the Pacific Coast and statistics indicated that on Oc tober 31st over 70 per cent of the marketable wheat was out of the hands of the United States farmers. It is very probable that 80 per cent has gone from the hands of our farmers. The country elevators last reported having around $20,000,000$ bushels in store. This will likely decrease considerably before November 20th, as much will be shipped before the close of navigation and many houses closed.
The excellent weather has enabled Western farmers to get their plowing done early and well and a safe estimate would place the acreage prepared for wheat at 15 per cent more than
last year. This increase means another $3,000,000$ bushels of seed required to be kept at home. It becomes cvident that early estimates of the $100,000,000$ bushels of marketable wheat (after allowing for seed and interior milling) will have to be revised downward, even as the United States crop estimate of spring wheat has had to be reduced each Government report. Yields have been disappointing.
Reports of at least three frosts in the Argentine are confirmed at the time their crop was from the bloom to the dough stage and much damage may have resulted Harvesting will be general in the north in a fortnight. In Australia rains came too late to help much and their quantity for export will be very small. The Government is now conserving the balance of stocks for the use of the Empire. From Germany and Austria little can be learned, except that wheat, rye and animal foods are all advancing rapidly. Broomhall predicts a serious shortage of food supplies for all European countries if the Dardanelles are kept closed-and now that Turkey is in the conflict this seems mcst likely. The world crop is thought to be at least $400,000,000$ bushels short of last year. The United States has seeded about $40,000,000$ acres to winter wheat and it is said to now promise well. In Europe the winter seeding of wheat and rye has been greatly retarded by scarcity of labor of man and horse and by devastation. New Zealand announces that she will have to buy 1,000 , 000 bushels of Canadian wheat for seed purposes. As import duties on wheat have been removed by all European countries now at war, that saving of duty inures to our benefit as producers
France finds her wheat crop disappointing in yield and is a keen buyer at present. The Germans in their devastation have purposely destroyed many flour mills in Northern France, hence France is taking flour readily now
The speculative element in the wheat market is rather more bold now that a long war is inevitable. Recently exporters have been taking almost all offers, which has made brisk markets. Broomhall estimates that outside of Germany, Austria and Belgium, Europe will have to import 560 , 000,000 bushels and we know that Belgium and Germany have been big importers of wheat, particularly our low grade and American Durum. Farmers will usually do well to put their grain ahead to the secondary markets for sale. It seems very probable that wheat will work irregularly to higher levels this month.

As predicted in these columns, the price of oats has steadily


## IT PAYS TO CONSIGN GRAIN

Conditions are changing. The market continually has b'g fluctuations. Why not consign your grain and let it be sold on these st arp flurries before the close of navigation. We carefully study your interests. For best results, consign all grain to St. Boniface, advise us, or phone or wire for prices.
 WINN PEG MAN.

## Donald Morrison \& Co,

ESTABLICHRD 190
GRAIN COMMISSION
GRAIN EXCHANGE

WINNIPEG

## FARMERS! <br> TO THE <br> CANADIAN ELEVATOR CO., LTD. <br> $S H 1 P$ YOUR GRAIN

 Grain Commission Merchants, WinnipegIt is as much our business to give satisfaction as to secure grain shipmenta. We watch the grading of ea

$W^{\text {E hande Whrat, Onta }}$ Coumand Barley on
 prices. Our work is pron pt, arcurate and relisbles Let us handle YOUR shipments this season. Daily or wrekly market letter on applima

References: Bank of Toronto
Nortierrn Crown Bank and
Commercaal Agenicies

## Buy An Oliver Plow

OIVER Plows are made to meet Western Canadian plowing conditions. Oliver sulky and gang plows have landed beams which enable you to work four horses abreast with no horse walking on the plowed ground, and without side strain on the beams. Shares and moldboards are correctly curved; the extra high wheels have adjustable bearings and extra wide tires. These features
 mean light running, long wear, better work- the right plow to buy.

Oliver tractor-gangs are built in 4,5 , and 6 -base sections, en-
 abling you to use a gang with any desired number of bottoms. This construction also makes the Oliver tractor-gang the most flexible of all. It follows the engine steadily and plows evenly.

We call your attention here to only a few of the many important features of Oliver plows. You will find just the plow you need in the Oliver line. See and study the plows for yourself at the 1. H. C. local agent's place of business. Get a catalogue from him, $r$ write the nearest branch house.

International Harvester Company of Canada, Itd.

## WESTERN BRANCH HOUSES

t Brandon, Man.; Calgary, Alta.; Edmonton, Alta.; Estevan, Sask.; lethbridge, Alta.; North Battleford, Sask.; Regina, Sask.; Savkatoon, Sask.; Winnipeg, Man.; Yorkton, Sask.
worked up. Cooler weather and a more urgent feeding need and a brisk demand for oats for shipment to France and Sweden have helped to put oats to new high levels. And with greater armies being put in the field all the time, it appears that there will be no cessation in the demand. Corn alone is a safety valve on oat values and Expert Snow is out with a bullish estimate on the new corn crop. As long as the oats are taken for export in such quantities and there is such a good home demand, higher levels will be inevitable. Good seed oats will be very scarce and should be kept, as the demand will be already insistent.
Barley has steadily come to itown. Note the inspections given above. A steady revival of business conditions in the United States has also helped barley. Nowhere are stocks large c pressing on the market. Thigrain will likely continue to move slowly upward.

## Flax

This grain languished all the month of October with a poor demand. Everyone knew it waaway below its real value but no improvement seemed in sight till the recent frosts greatly damaged the Argentine crop. Then a big advance was recorded in three days. The market will now likely hinge upon the conditions from
week to week of the Argentine
crop. The foreign demand for oil cake has also improved considerably. Farmers should keep flax at home whenever at all possible.

> No Falling Off in Students

The total enreiment of students at Manitoba Agricultural College this year shows a decided increase over 1913. In the Home Economics division there are several more young women, there being an increase of about 20 per cent: while in Agriculture the 1st, 2nd and 5 th year classes will be
larger than in any previous year at the opening date. This increase in attendance indicates very clearly that people in the country are not allowing the unsettled commercial conditions to affect their programme of providing suitable education for their sons and daughters.

Growing Interest in Poultry

In connection with the methods f farming being practised in Manitoba, it is interesting to notice from time to time evidences of greater interest being
taken in stockraising, dairying and poultry raising. The Extension Division of the Manitoba Agricultural College announces that 22 seed fairs, being held under the auspices of agricultural societies during the next few weeks, are everyone offering special prizes for dressed poultry and a number have requested that the college supply lecturers, capable of giving instruction in the feeding and dressing of poultry for market

## 8

"Did you ever dress a chicken?"
"No, my girls are all boys. But I understand it costs a heap of money."
 The William Galloway Co. Ltd. of Canada







Girls' Cozy Corner
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Mrs. Secord. While she was preparing
the meal they discussed their plans. She made the meal, and at the same time intended surprising the little handful of men at Reaver Dam. The soldiers should
be warned, but who was to do it. Captain Secord was unable, and Laura, it
would be rather hard for her to pass the she started off. She chased ahead her cow and took with her her pail and stool cow the cow would take a jump and run off. At last the cow ran into the
bush, and the cow was left there, and Laura kept on ner journey. Laura took
the cow in order to deceive the American

 path; hearing once in a while the

 to te that thenes wanted. wit happenen Camatians side. If they happeneed to be fighting on the American side she would
have been killed. This was her biggest have been killed. This was her biggest
danger. These Indians soon gave the warning to the oflicer in charge of Beaver the fort. She saved tho fort against the eneny, Laura lived until 1868, and
died at the age of 93 year.


LANTERN FREE we will arend you a Prue corpon which you can give with every picture you sill End Especially



COLONIAL ART CO., Desk M 5 TORONTO. ONT.

## It is estimated that in the five years of

 children from what used to be almost Fannie lives like a queen. Fed with delicacies, her temperature taken twice a day and not permitted to go out into one kick coming. She is extremely likely to catch cold and contract pneumonia to catch cold and contract pneumonia greatest care has to be taken to prevent greatest care has toher from breaking down.

## Bumble Bee Points Way

Thomas A. Edison, the great inventor, says the ordinary bumble bee holds the secret of aviation. Mr. Edison holds ond with its wings, and that a heavier than-air machine must do the same. The inventor is now working out the deriva

## The Heroine of Vercheres.

## The time of

## Made

with a few soldiers, two yourteen, was lef and some women and children in bothers of a fort at Vercheres, her father being at Quebee and her mother at Montreal Vercheres is about twenty miles below Montreal, on the St. Lawrence River One morning Madeline was down by pected were see if some friends she ex pected were coming, when she heard shots, and a man called
She ran back to fort bullets whistling She ran back to fort, bullets whistling around her ears, and getting the people inside shut the gate. With the help of and got guns for herself and her brother with got guns for herself and her brother with which they and the soldicrs ired also had a also had a cannon fired.
she expected along the river, and finding name of the soldiers brave enough, went herself to meet them, and by putting on

November, ' 14 'ITIE CANADIAN THIRESERERMAN AND FGIRMER
Page 29
bravery by her cheerfulness and un ling courage.
P.S.-1 was very pleased to see my let
in the June number as Prize Letter Aours truly,
Alice Hill,

Box 312, Rouleau, Sask.
The Heroine of Vercheres.
Theres is on the wouth shore of the od outside the fort. It was connected th it by a covered way.
Madeline was a girl fourteen years old er father was at Quebee, and her
nother in Montreal. The men were at ork in the fields, and Madeline, an old an of eighty, two boys, two children and some women and ehildren were the Cadeline was at the landing-place with a red man when she heard firing from the he man cried the settlers were rum, here mes the Iroquois," She turned and saw mes forty of them. She ran for the rt. At the gates she found two wome weeping
She then went to inspect the fort, and them to be put up, and she helped to the blockhouse where the ammunition was kept, and there she found the sol-
diers, the one with a lighted match in his hand. She asked him what he was going to do with that match. He said he was going to hige the powder and
blow them all up. She told him to go out of the place. She then took a gui and said to her brothers: Let us fight to death. Remember father has taught
us that gentlemen are born to shed their blood for the service of God and King. The boys and the soldiers began to fire
at the Iroquois through the loopholes. At nightfall a vioelnt storn set in,
and she told Fontaine with t.. soldiers and women and children blockhouse, while she with the two boys and the old man would stay in the fort. the bastions, the old man on the third, while she took the fourth, and in spite of the storm the cry of "All's well" were
kept up from the blockhouse to the fort. The Iroquois thought the place full of soldiers.
They were about a week in alarm when at last a lieutenant arrived with about
forty men. Sne opened a gate and placed a sentinel there and went down
to the river to meet them. As soon as she saw the officer she saluted him and He answered, "They are already in good hands."

Hildra Hendrickson (age 14)


Canadian Boys' Camp
Boy's Prize Essay
Red Ruff.
Red Ruff.
Dumas, Sask., Oct. 2nd, 1914,
Dear Campers:-I thought I would write you another letter, and tell you a true story of a partridge.
chosen to call him Red Ruff.
It Was in the spring of 1914, when I first made his acquaintance. It was a
dull day in the first of the spring days. I had heard him drumming down in the big bluff behind my home. I thought I went in the direction I heard the drum. ming. There sure enough was a beau-
tiful red ruffed cock-partridge. He stole off the $\log$ and went away, and I went away also. Soon he was back again, get a good view of him. In a short time up went his wings, and he beat in loud -thunderrr-rrr-rr-r it rang out again Next day Red Ruff was back drum mimg again. so I made a binder-twine snare, and set this on his log, and had it attached to a long string, which I could pull and
so tighten the snare when Red Ruff began to drum. I tried several times, but left the snare set, and next morning when I got up I found the ground
covered with snow. I did not go down to my snare till near evening, and in it I found two of Red Ruff's toes. I took up my snare for fear he would not come
back. Soon I noticed he drummed less and less, and later not at all. I thought he
must have a mate, and that they had a must have a mate, and that they had a
nest. I was right, for one day I was out nest. I was right, for one day I was out
walking, and in the bluff I saw a mother partridge and a train of ten little ones
They were soon able to fly, and then I taw more of them. Somehow four of
them disappeared. In September, the gunner's moon, I shot Red Ruff. Never could I get a chance times.
On the first of October Red Ruff met a sudden end. About seven o'clock I went
out with the rifle. I wanted to get some. thing for dinner. I ran on to a part
ridge sitting on a branch. Bang! Down fell a flopping partridge. The shot Red Ruff appeared from another bang Red Ruff appeared from among the roots
of an old willow. Bang, and up flew Red Ruff, but he fell about twenty yarus his were missing on the that two Now I must bring my story to a close loping to see it in print

# （1）urWomen Folk 

 Conducted Br Pearl Richmond Hamilton

## A Simple Creed <br> by artiour wallace peach

To teach us how our human lives to No wiser，deeper，high philosophy To help us bravely face eternity； Nor can we learn a creed of strong．
power power
To help us bear the burden of the hour A surer way to win some meed of hiss．
Than you will find，a poet wove in this． Than you will find，a poet wove in tha
Try in some small and earnest way Try in some small and earnest way
To make your life grow better，day by
$\qquad$
Gossip Gleanings
he Czar of Russia，is a devoted nun．

## Queen Mary of Eingland never

Ninety－eight per cent of the women
Kansas are members of fa－mers＇in in Kansas are members of fa－mers＇in

## Women act as steamship captains in

＂A nation can never advance beyond the point reached by its women，＂says
Mrs．Ernest Thompson Seton，who be－ lirs．Ernest Thompson Seton，who be－
lieves in the vote for women． women wish to express an interest in our government：＂she asks．
As mothers and wives and sisters， ouly our wish to make the world a bet－ ter place to live in than it has ever
been．As we look about us we see evils that need to be remedied．
The mothers＇pension law is a success n ＜t．Paul．
Capable，conscientious mothers far out number the slack，indifferent ones，say the St．Paul（Minn．）Daily News． The untidiness of homes and the im providence of mothers in the other cases
have been overcome by the constructive have been overcome by the constructive and supervisory work in connection with
the cases by the volunteer investigators the cases by the volunteer investigators
for the juvenite court administering the for the jt
pensions．
pensions．
Only one woman of 119 drawing per vions was unworthy．All the rest n making the very best use of the mone Such is the substance of the semi－a ＂ual report of the investigators inothers＇pension cases made to Judge
（irier M．Orr of the juvenile court last The reports were presented by Flo chce Fredrickson representing the A－so ciated Charitis：Mrs．W，J．O＇Toole，
of Catholic Women．and Miss Cuild of Catholic Women，and Miss
I．ydia Weinzierl，Protestant league，who liad personal supervision of cases as
signel to them by Judge Orr

The pineapple pack in Hawaii this sea
son is expected to son is expected to reach $2.000,000$ cases．
Canning prieapples was begun only in

Apiculture is a most interesting ano． vation for women．With their infinite
patience and love of detail．the work laats an especial appeal to the housewife．
＂Ten commandments of good vitizen －hip have been formulated sy the Chi－ rago Woman＇s Aid，an organization
lwated by Mrs．Moses L．Purvin．Here they are： 1 ．Thou shalt honor the city and heep
2．Remember thy cleaning day and
keep it wholly．
3．Thou shalt love and cherish thy
children and provide for them decent
homes and playgrounds．
4．Thou shait not keep thy windows
dosed day or night．
5．Thou shalt keep in order thy alley，
thy back yard，thy hall，and thy stair－
way．
6．Thou shalt not kill thy ehildren＇s
bodies with poisonous air nor their souls
with bad companions．
7．Thou shalt not let the wicked fly
lise．Thou shalt not steal thy children＇s
8．Thou
right to happiness from them．
9．Thou shalt bear witness against thy
neighbors rubbisn heap．
10．Thou shalt covet all the air and
sunlight thou cinst obtain．

Ford Equips Hospital．
While seeking employment at the rord plant January one of the 10,000 unem－ ployed men in a drenched with a fire
hose and contracted pneumonia which was followed by tuberculosis． Ford could not find hospital accommo－ dations for the man，so he has made an offer to take over the general hospital at Detroit and make it a poor man＇s hospital．He will spend $\$ 2,000,000$ on the project and as much more as is neces－
sary．The philanthropic spirit of Mrs． sary．The philanthropic spirit of Mrs．
Ford is said to have caused the deni－


Country Church Problem Solved It has remained for a small church in Nodaway county，Missouri，to solve the country church problem and show what can be done by a proper understanding of rural needs and the necessary co－opera－ ton to meet them．Under the leader－ ship of Rev．C．R．Green，now president Methodist Protestant church，Harmony Methodist Protestant church，Harmony county，has grown in the past five years from a struguling church of possibly fifty members to a live community wi－ fare church with over 1.500 members Rev．Mr．Green includes in his church work good roads，improved church an！ school buildings，the study of agricul． ure，the promotion of sanitation，ath－ leties and amusements．This church is the head of its rural enterprises．Lee－ ures，entertainments and dinners ar irequently given at the school，and all healthful sports are encouraged．
The Harmony plan is being investi－ gated by various religious organizations of the state and elsewhere，and similar attempts are being made．

Policewome
75 a month
The government of Kanab，Itah．
ntirely run by women．
Siamese women now have the right to ate the same as mell．

We Will Prepay Express and Postal Charges on Xmas
Gifts going to the Old Country This Year ！

の内 の

And，in addition，will pack them carefully for you and attend to the mailing of each parcel on whatever date you desire it to go．

This special offer is a feature of our mall order service and may be had with any article no matter whether it be an inexpensive pearl pin or a costly watch or diamond ring－provided only it be not too bulky and is over $\$ 1.00$ in value．
The latest date for mailing from Winnipeg this year in order to The latest dite for maling from Winnipeg this year in order to
make certain of safe delivery in England in time for Chistmas is
December 4th．

So choose your gifts now from the 1915 Dingwall Catalogue illus－ trated above and let us attend to the rest for you．
If you haven＇t a copy of this book，fill in the coupon below，send it to us，and we will forward a catalogue by return mail

D．R．DINGWALL，LIMITED
JEWELLERS $C O$ UPON

[^1]West Virginia．
The Woman＇s Club of Wheeling working for early closing，especia pon saturday．It is the custom many of the stores to remain open ate as 10 o＇clock Saturday evenings． this is injurious to the shop girls fro lubwomen of Whealth and morals， ermined of Wheeling are making abandoned．
Through the efforts of the clubwom of Vermont a bill for the reporting renereal discases was passed by the legislature．While the bill does not c for the infliction，of a penalty for not reporting of such diseases，the chit women feel that the passage of thin measure is a good entering wedge th
will lead to stringency in the ne
The Vermont state federation has sereen that it exhibits at conventions screen that it exhibits at consentions social ormanizations，showing the clu vomen through the State Federatio Among the achierements are health bill passed，scholarships granted to passed，scholarships granted to bill limited hours for working women，a pork and extension work by individua
The home economics work has rived material assistance by the peration of the bureau of the sta commissioner of weights and measures and the work of the state Federation public health department through o－operation of the state board of healt） The Women＇s Club of Credo has tak ip a determined campaign against non－enforcement of the anti－cigarett
law． The Literary Club of Sisterville has upplied the
The Woman＇s Club of Bluefield ha supplied the town with a handsom drinking fountain，cleaned up vacant lot and induced the merchants to provide rest room for country women． The Woman＇s Club of Wheeling is terested in caring for young girls needy women who come to the eity deaconness is employed to look a such persons at the depot．Through neans a number of young gir＇s han been saved from the white slaver protection given to the girls until t could be properly cared for by relat or other interested persons．A rest ro near the depot has been provided w girls or women without means can ared for over night．Over
women have been cered there within the pest cred there within the past foreed to sit up all nigat in the stat and possibly enticed away before mor

The Woman＇s Club of Huntington formed Parent－Teacher associations the public schools，all of which ha started off auspiciously．

Runs Farm as Side Line． Miss Nancy Morrison lives on a in Virginia，ten miles from Washingt D．C．，where she has a position in oflice of the judge advocate in the department．Miss Morrison goes ho o her farm every afternoon，dons a of khaki and high boots，feeds 100 nore pigs，then feeds the chickens． ta her basket on her arm and picks fruit and vegetables for dinner，w he cooks；milks the cow，changes dress for pretty evening gown，a cerves the supper to any chance go dom without a guest．


Political science had an important place on the program of the biennial conention of the Federation of Women's Clubs at Chicago last week. This department was conducted by Miss Helen Powell, the young woman Theodore Roosevelt, when he was president, sent to Panama to organize the social life of the canal zone.
Men and women of national fame took great interest in this feature of club work. Miss Powell will continue to each political science.

## Millions Pray for Peace.

More than $33,000,000$ persons attended thurch in the United States on Peace Sunday and prayed for peace.
There are 210,249 churches in the country, and nearly every one of these observed "peace day," Prayers were
offered by the ministers and their congregations for restoration of peace in Europe and for its mantenance in this country. All denominations observed the day.

ONE DAY SERVICE We will ship your parcel within one
day of the time we rocelve your order. WE PAY DELIVERY OHARGES
on every articl, catalogu d, to your nearest Post Omce. A post card will
bring our big catalogue to you free The
Roent SIMPSON
Company rononto $\operatorname{limireo}$
Iame this magasine when writing sivertiser

## Mothers' Corner

## The Mother.

## By Mary Leonard.

Steadfast
sptere
sptere
Of home, guiding the steps of Innocence, Content to find in love her recompense
For sacrifice; counting no price too dear To gacrifice; counting no price too dea She meets the trivial needs of every day,
Yet of the Future dreams, and goes her way,
Uncowed
Uncowed by Birth or Deata, by Pain or Fear.
She sees again through Mary's yearning
The holiness and power of her place,
And all her strength conserves, a greater $\mathrm{To}_{0}^{\text {part }}$
To yield unto her sons, and thus serene and wise,
She stores that latent fires that light the race,
Bearing
Bearing the torch of afe beneath her heart.

The booklet, "Helps for Expectant Mothers" will be sent to any wife who Mothers will Kindly ene,ose stamp ad. dress, P. R. H., 983 , Grosvenor Ave.

From New Zealand we get the story of doing things to save baby lives. In one city in New Zealand-Dunedin, a place of 50,000 inhabitants-as the result of a really determined baby-saring campaign, the percentage of infant deaths has in five years been reduced from eight to less than four.
A big-hearted doctor, Truby King started the ball rolling. He inspired and guided the organization of a society, with which pretty soon, neerly every.
body was co-operating. It hired nurses and built hospitals and started upon a campaign to teach every parent in the ueighborhood how to get ready for baby, what to do when baby came, now to feed baby-how to do all these things somehow or other (with help if necessary), even if father's wages were only $\$ 2$ a day.
This service was free, but those who could were invited to contribute to carry on the work. Any mother whose baby wasn't doing very well could have a nurse or a doctor or could go with baby to a hospital to have the trouble looked into.

There hasn't been any magic in this New Tealand experiment. No wonderful new anscoveries have been evolved. All the processes are familiar to doctors, nurses and mothers elsewhere. What Was new was the willinguess of a whole community to join in a fine pursuit of baby culture-to join in saving babies no matter how poor they were.
Children must go to sthool, even
though half the world though half the world is at war, and they must be neatly dressed, even and the buying power of money and the buying power of money greatly reduced.
very wisely these circumstances "mother" very wisely looks over the clothes left
from last year to see if there isn't something that can be remodeled into pinafores, waists or little skirts for the children's sehool wear.
It is very easy to make a hittle Oliver Twist costume uut or old material. The top of an old navy blue skirt that is ragged about the bottom can be made to do duty for the skirt, and the simple, little, white or gingham waists can easily be fashioned from old blouse waists.

The "style" of these dresses is in the short, double-breasted waist to the skirt. The akirt is buttoned.

The children were dressed in this fashion in the time that Dickens wrote his immortal stories. Consequently they are dubbed Oliver Twist.

## The Pinafore.

These little dresses may be made from "big sister's" discarded gowns, They with a long waist belted pinafore style, They are made with very large hips. holes and a deep point in front and sleeve This is worn over a white gind back. allows the wearing out of gill the which worn shirt waista An old waists.
and bright red tie se with a white blouse Miss" 8-year old look as though "Little a new dress straight from though she had dressmaker in town. Using Two
Two half worn wash dresses,
made into one pretty, little may be schoolgirl by combining part of for a gingham gown with another of an old For the first two years of a white, the principal article of of a childs life a quart at least should be is milk, and You will very often find debilitated chil. dren, who cannot take that much mill without developing severe incigestion, with coated tongue, constipation, and s, foul breath. This is almost always a to the child's inability to digest the fat in the milk, but as the milk is so rich in proteids, we cannot dispense with 16 , and in these cases you will secure surprising results by giving the milk skimmed entirely of the cream, to which you sugar inded either milk-sugar or maltsugar percentage amount to bring the It then constitutes a most seven per cent. for in the skimmed milk valuable foed, tically all the proteids found have praemilk, and the sugar found in the whole milk, and the sugar added in such inmake up the loss in feod materially to sult of having to remove the creana re

More than one quart daily during the second year should not oe given, as it de stroys the chind appetite for other he shouid keep up the high proteid percenwell couked; scraped beef, beginning with one teaspoonful daily, and in a shori epoonfuls daily, Soft-boiled eggs may be given by the twelith or thirteenth n.h, and one-half of an egg at first, mised with bread crumbs, later can be cercals the one nost valuable is oatmeal, because it is rich in proteid; peas and gy the tiftenth month these caia be Do not deprive the delicate child of fresh air; it is essential that it should have plenty of it-even more so than
though the child were perfectly well. Of course during the warm weather, the child should be out of doors practically ail the time. In cold, inclement weather, as iur outdoors, and put it in its carriage in a room where all the windows are
open, and it should stay there for at opell, and the siveulaly. The baby may be dressed warmly and kept before the ours per day, cnly being brought inte a warm roond for its feedings. its feet a frot waier bottle year them. The oame rule tor tresh air apples to sleep.
ng hours; the delicate child require more sleep than nis robust brother.

Diseased Tonsils.
From what you write physician is justitied ill his opinou that your little girl's tonsils tils harbor germe and feed them to other farts of the body, making good healtb weahewing and gives rise to the wanderang you meation in ditferent parts

Mrs. R. T, D.: Your little boy of three years is depending too much upon a milk iet. Lacourage his taking more solid rood, such as cereal and mik, eggs, and
bread and butter for bis breakfast. Broths, rare meats finely divided, suitable vegetables, stewed fruits, and light leserts wi.l give val ty at noon. Bread toast are good for supper. He needs other elements at this time than those furmsied by the milk.

The Use of Eggs.
Mrs. L. F., N. Y.: The tollowing will suggest some ways of using eggs for Coddled cgG-Place a fresh egg with

## FREE

ALL CHRISTIANS
Should Read These Pamphiets Where are the Dend?
What is the Soul?" "The Rick Man in Hell Thieves in Paradise
Calimities: Why Ps Pmitted "Battie of Armagedion" Scripturally explaised and mailed free Or we will mall the above six pamphleta
and our booklet. "What sky the Scripand our bookiet, "What say the scripSPECIAL OFFER: Studies in the Scriptures- 6 vols, of 3000 paces. bound
ii. The Tivine plan of the ages. III. Thy King at Hand. Come. IV. The Batte of Armageddon.:
V. The ALonement between Go VI. The New Creation.

All of the sbove mailed pont paid (any
ianguage) wo any sddrem for $\$ 2.00$. In
 thean studean ber
Revelation can
and harmonious.

Bible Study Club


Let the Grafonola Entertain You

Let any one of these beautiful Columbia models help.to joyfuliy pass the long winter evenings. For impromptu dances, vocal or instrumental music, grand opera, and the modern hit-songs, there is nothing
 choose from our iatest catalogue.
For further particulars and catalogue of other models write us to-day.

- ININIPEG PIANO TH
\$7.50 Cash \$7.50 Monthly (373,00 includiligg reoords)
the shell on in boiling water; remove trom the fire, and cover closely for seven trom the ire, and cover closely for seven
or eight minutes. Serve with salt and a or eigit butter.
Egg rioai-Whip the white and yolk separately; add a teaspoonful of heavy cream and one teaspoontul of sugar, also yolk; then add the whipped white slowly to the mixture.
Egg and Milk Shake-Beat up an egg thorvughly and add one tablespoonful of pure mapie syrup and two-thirds of a cup of milk. Strain into a glass, season with a very little grated nutmeg or vanilla. soft Cooked Ligg-Place egg in sauce pan; cover with cold water; bring to boiling point quickly; remove from fire imuediately.
Poacised Eggs-Drop a freshly broken egg into boilug salted water. Draw to tue back of the stove and cook below the boing point from tive to eight minutes. Hemove the egg on a buttered skimme and place on a round of milk toast Flulled Lggs-Beat white uatil stiff; add a littie sait. Place the beaten white in a buttered cup or ramekin. Make a little dent in the center of the beaten white. In this plave a small piece of butter and the unbroken yolk. Set the egg dish in a basin of boiling water cover, and Jeram
Scrambled Eggs-Older children of four or five years may have scrambled eggs

The Red Cross Nurse
by artaun guttranan.
She zoes amid the maddened press Of Ceuton, Briton, Slav and Gaul, The foe of none, the friend of all

Above the guns, above the cheers For Flag or Kaiser, Folk or King The cry of human suffering.

And tears will fall and lips will pray, And hearts beat warm in every land For her who saves white beroes slay,
Oh, valiant soul; oh, gentle hand!

The Red Crosa Societies need all help possible Women everywhere are
knitting and saving and giving for this noble society. Society teas now require a pair ot socks for admittance instead of the engraved calling card. A pair of blankets buys admission to a boul. God Canadian people,-P. K. H.

## Home Economics

The members of the Home Economics societies will be pieased to learn that formeriy of Miami, has been appouthed to repity of hiami, has been appomited to represent the home Ecollomics society Giris Bureau, which is being managed by the Local Councit of Women in Winmpeg. Mrs. Beattie kuows the West so well that her appomtment has met with beneral approval, by the women of the Bureau as well as by the Home bconomics bociety. Mrs. Beattie has the mitercat of women in rural towns and commamitics at heart and she is keenly sympathethe with women and garis out
of work. she is tryum to send out giris of work. She is trying to send out giris country. There wre the women in the country. There are discouraging feanot always keep their promeses and some not aways keep their promises and some fall to go atter having made complete araligements. The women at the Buwhen this occurs, but it is no lault of the women in charge then raue of scrupulous bachelors and widowers send acrupulous bachelors and widowers send gate every place when the work is so large. One woman with her little boy large. One woman with her little boy found most deplorable conditions and unpardonable insult. The neighbors kindly collected enough to send her baek to the city. When I saw the discouraged mother with big tears in her eyes while he manly little son clung to her skirts, wy heart was sorely touched. I might add that this woman was the wife of a reservist. I might mention other similar cases-but this is enough to convince ur readers that the work is difficult to handle.
But the pleasant features are blessings. One little tired under-fed woman with her twelve months babe appealed to me most pathetically. Her husband
had deserted her. Every night 1 cou see her wistful face and my heart ached for her. One day when her last cent was gone, she dropped into the chair mechanically-all hope lost. That very morning one of our Home Economics women engaged her and she went to bet ome in the country where she and her vell oueurished. Gecasionally giris and ister from the country. (P'ease do not come to the city this year, giris). registered one yesterday and urged b to go back to the country.
Then there are the girls. Some are anxious to go to the country. Many are afraid of work. They do not know or realize that the very best homes and opportunities are in the country. spend hours trying to persuade the hat our rural homes are iull of comfort and helpfulness. But there are alway, girls and women who are chronic whur ers and spineless. They are the real home-wreckers. One woman with a pathetic tale of desertion begged for a nome. I called up for a reference from the home where she had been staying and learued that she had a furious temper and was not honest. Some husbands are justitied in their search for more peacelul quarters.
Having spent my girlhood on a farm, l have no patience with girls who will not go to the country. I have urgad girls to go during the past few weehs and have actually talked with maly Who would rather starve or go bad thai
go to the country. This situation makes go to the country. This situation makes me feel that the present crisis is a good thing for girls. It will make them so for them to learn to cook. Most of these for them to learn to cook. Most of these
unemployed girls cannot cook and furunemployed girls cannot cook and f many girls are in offices and stores. many girls are in oflices and stores. many young girls are out of home wo
This week I received a letter from irl asking me to recommend to her a girl asking me to recommend to her a place where she could take a course louestic science, to be married and felt after re: gaged to be married and felt after ret how to cook. I recommended to her course at the Manitoba Agricultu College. What a splendid preparati for a girl to make before her marriag s! I should like to congratulate that you gg man.
Girls are girls-and women are women
-and the
now it a

## 5. Our Remarkable Values in Furs

We have just issued a special fur booklet which contains without doubt the very best fur values that have ever been offered in Canada.

If you have not already had a copy, write us and we will send you one by return mail. Do not hesitate, because the offerings it contains are such that you can not afford to miss.

It contains both high-priced and low-priced garments and, whether you want the expensive or inexpensive, rest assured you will get values thal are only possible on account of our economical system of doing business, on account of the small proits we ask, on account of the unsettled condition of the markets.

The illustration shown here is a notable example. This coat is made of Northern Muskrat and is lined with Skinner's Satin, guaranteed for two seasons' wear. It is cut on stylish lines with loose back and front and rounded bottom. The new butterfly sleeve with 4 -inch cuffs gives the shoulder a very smooth and pleasing appearance. The coat is 46 inches long and is supplied with either notch or shawl collar. The skins used in the coat and muff are genuine natural musk rat, neither blended nor dyed. By blending and dyeing, unprincipled manufacturers can make handsome-looking!garments from,inferior skins, but in this coat no deception whatever is practised.

5-B-12-LADIES' NATURAL NORTHERN MUSKRAT 5-B-2-LADIES' NORTHERN MUSKRAT MUFF
COAT. Size 32 to 44 inches bust measure.
to match the coat, satin lined and fitted
Length 46 inches. Price, delivered to
your nearest Express or Post 52,50
with wrist cord. Price delivered to
your nearest Express or Post 7.25
Office............................................

## Christie Grant Co. Limited

OUR PRICES MEAN CHARGES PAID TO YOUR NEAREST EXPRESS OR POST OFFICE

Winnipeg
Canada

## At Your Service

-and there is work for all of us. Just now it appears to be the task of edu-
aating the ineflicent to a degree of effi. sating
ciency.
Let me urge the women of 港 West to be patient with the womef fho are sending the unemployed from the Bureau. They are doing their best and
Mrs. Beattie is nobly working to help Mrs. Beattie is nobly working to help
every one at the Bureau and the women every one at the Bure
of the West. P.R.H.

SWAN LAKE H. E. S.
The programme for the August H. E. S. on Saturday, 29th, was opened by the
President who made a few quiet, sym. President who made a few quiet, sym-
pathetic references to the terrible war

## Ladies' Hair Combings

 Made up in any style
## Elite

Hairdressing


Name this magarine when writiag advertisers
which is devastating Europe and, in reading a forceful appeal from the Canadian Patriotic Fund, pointed out that these appeals are in no wise to be
counted as a charity; rather they wer counted as a charity; rather they were the special privilege of "they also serve
who only stand and wait." Not all who only stand and wait." Not all of
us can shoulder arms in defense of the us can shoulder arms in defense of the
Empire, but all of us can shoulder re Emponsibiffty by giving of our utmost $t$ o help to maintain the wives and children help to maintain the wives and chidaren of those who are deprived of their bread-
winner, and later on to care for the winner, and later on to care for the
widows and orphans of the brave men who fall fighting for peace, honor and Empire.
The President also referred to the very
generous response which had been made generous response which had adies of Swan Lake and district to the appeal for funds for the hospital ship and thanked Mesdames Gardner and Hartwell for having so successfully can vassed, and Mr. W. F. Hartwell for hav ing taken the two ladies round in his car. In connection with the C.P.F appeal the Cor. Sec, read a card from Mrs. Speechly of the Pilot Mound H.E.S. asking what steps the Swan Lake Society proposed to take and after discussion the C. S. was airected to write to the fon. Sec, of the Fur to ask for the best mode of procedure, ete. and as soon as the tite will be formed and subscrip tion lists opened Other communications tion lists opened. Other communications found printed at the end of this report and others from the M. A. C, which have received replies.
Mrs. Dodd read an original paper on "Homemakers vs. Housekeepers," which was exceptionally interesting and which easily proved the writers contention that the best housekeepers are often far from being the best homemakers. Very few are yet educated up to a proper appreciation of perfection, and the house where everything is in its place, every thing spick and span, and where there is no break in the prim orderliness of
the rooms, and where comfort is sacrificed to appearance, is not the home which appeals to the majority of men and women, and is apt to drive the young people away instead of being their dearest refuge. Mrs. Dodd also entered a plea for a simpler hospitality and less conventionality in the enterthospitality lies in offering the best you hospitality lies in offering the best you have in your your ate disposal, and their arrival has caused extra trouble and expense. and expense.
Miss Gordon,
McPherson, read an article by Mrs. Me. Clung entitled "The New Citizenship" which was written in that author's usual vein and which contended that the agitation and discontent shown by the majority of women in these days, had really an upward and onward tendency because active discontent against exist ing conditions leads, sooner or later, to amelioration of those conditions.
Miss Campbell, who substituted for Mrs. Dunfleld, had also prepared an original paper which was a charming appreciation of the author and poet Robert Louis Stevenson. Miss Campbell acknowledged the influence and help she had derived from childhood from this Writer's books: in spite of his almost
lifelong invalidism, Stevenson was persistent optimist and drew the patient sersistenth which enabled him to accomplish such great work from a close communion with nature and nature's God Miss Camphell summed up her impres. sions by showing how important good books are in the life of everyone; a good book is almost as important as a good friend and our reading should be as carefully chosen as our friendships; such men as Robert L. Stevenson must be considered "God given men," because i is by their influence and through their writings that the great lessons of human life are learned.
Misa Gamble who was also on the

August programme, was absent Roll call. The singing of the National Anthem and
afternoon tea brought a very interesting afternoon tea brought a very interesting
meeting to a close. meeting to a close.

## MIAMI

The Miami Home Economics Society met in the vestry of the Presbyterian Church on Friday, Sept. 18. Considering the very busy season on the farms the attendance was very encouraging, about thirty ladies being present. After sing. ing the "Maple Leaf Forever" the ladies ten ladies was appointed to secure homes for the unemployed young girls of Winnipeg. After some discussion it was derided to give a concert on the evening of Oct. 12th for the benefit of the fund for the relief of the families of our men who have gone to the war. For a short time business gave place to pleasure whilst the Misses Campbell sang a song. This was a treat which all appreciated Fourteen new members were then en rolled, bringing the membership up to 106. All seemed pleased to know we ciety passed the cent to sart a rest in Octore if suitable room could be secured on appeal was made for dona secured, an appeal was made for dona
tions. This met with a generous re. sponse and those who have not yet ex perienced the foy of giving to this good cause will find the officers ready, nay willing, to accept many things which are required to make our room a real haven of rest. A most enjoyable meet. ing was brought to a close by singing the National Anthem.

## MINNEDOSA

The Home Economic Society met in Rest Room, Sept. 24. After calling the meeting to order the President read a letter from Mrs. Salisbury, asking the friendly guidance of the H. E. S. for unemployed girls of the city who might be sent to country places. A committee was formed to enquire into the matter
of placing girls in this district, the kind of work they would be required to do, the amount of recompense, etc. The committee is as follows; Mrs. Cannan, Mrs. Woodcock, Mrs. Beddome and Mrs Cooper. The President then spoke a few
minutes on how to carry on the work of minutes on how to Red Cross Society and five dollars was donated to the Soldiers' Aid from the H. E. S.
Mrs. Cooper read a paper on "Children and School," taking up the question of clothes, food, homework, recreation, outside studies. The clothes of school girls should be above all things simple, aa pretty and dainty as possible but nothing that could come under the head of finery although a uniform is not desirable. Food must be easily digested, and appetizing; time must be given to eat properly and attention given to manners. Recreation must be for mind and bodies. Country walks were recommended for town children, not the idle sauntering on the street so commonly indulged in. Tie questionsion. While provoked a lively discussion. on homework might otherwise be frittered away in some worse than useless manner. The general opinion was that manner. age was not necessary at all and was in many cases a confession of incompetency on the part of teacher as the child can do all the work that is necessary or advisable in school hours.
Arrangements were made to hold a sale of cookery and farm produce on Saturday, Oct. 2nd. The proceeds to aid the Rest Room. Singing the Nationa Anthem brought the meeting to a close. Sec. H.E.S., Minnedosa

## MANITOU

A Flannelette Shower Manitou, Oct. \&, 1914. Almost four years ago, a flannelette shower was helic at the home of Mrs. Dales by the ladies of Manitou, in aid of the charitable work carried on in Winnipeg. Nearly three webs of flannelette were purchased and cut into garments for ages ranging from infants to fourteen years. An afternoon was set apart to do the sewing and, as it was town and many from the country turned town and manult was that nearly one hundred garments were completed
It being a suceess, it was decided make it an annual affair, so a committee consiating of a lady from ach chureh, was appointed to act for the next year. Those forming our first committee were Mrs. Rowe, Anglican; Mrs. Dales, Catholie: Mrs. E. Moore, Methodist: Mrs Varley. Raptist, and Mrs. MeCharles Preshvterian.
After paying for the material, the sum of \$14.50, which remained, was divided between the "Margaret Scott Home" and the "Children's Aid." Each lady helping to sew is expected to contribute twentr-five cents towards the cost of material. A lunch is served by a few ladies at each gathering. Since 1912 we have sent ahont three hundred garments
to the Children's Ali and have received gratefl. acknowledgment from their gratefl. M, arknowledm.
secretary. Mr. Weston.
I wish those who read these lines could have had a puep into the Orange Hall have
vesterdnv and seen about fifty ladies, busy and happy, wroking hard to make garments for the poor, unfortunate children who are deprived of a mother. F. A. MeCharles.

Report from Dufferin Home Economics
Society Society
The regular monthly meeting of Dufferin Home Foonomics Society was held July e2nd in the park. Mrs. Lorne Fournier, of Minneapolis, addressed the meeting, taking for her subject "The Woman Movement." She spoke of the different work that was being carried on by women all over the world, and spoke particularly of the work being done in her own eity. She thought some of this work enuld be taken up by our society. of thanks. for her excellent address which of thanks for her excellent address which Tee cream and cake was served and a social chat enjoyed by all. Everyone went home thinki.g of the pleasant and proftable afternoon they had spent. The Home Economies Society held
lawn nocial at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Coutts on August 11th. The programme consisted of several musical selections given by a male quartette and a duet
sung by Miss Margaret Coutts and Master Kline Cochran, and a reading given by Mrs. Evans. The proceeds were given to the Rest Room Fund.

## SWAN RIVER

Rest Room Opening
I must tell you of the opening of our new "rest room" on Sept, 29th, at Swan River. For some time the H. E. S. have contemplated this step and the rooms was decided that the present was the time to make the contemplated step an accomplished fact. All the actual work of getting the rooms ready for occupation was undertaken by a committee, to whom the greatest credit is due. The rooms are very comfortably furnishe and I believe all have been presented
There is an entrance hall, with a table and settee, which opens into the main room and also into a little side apart ment which is to be used as a library Books are lent at a charge of 5 cents per book for a limited time. I believe all the books have been given. There are also
magazines. A nice heating stove was magazines. A nice heating stove pipes presented by a local doctor and the pipes
by one of the hardware store proprietors. On the opening day we found the rooms very attractive, the main room used for the reception being festooned in the colors of the Empire, red, white and blue. The walls are also adorned with pictures of our two late sovereigns -Queen Victoria and King Edward.
A short opening speech was made at $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. by Mr. Geo. Paull, when the rooms were declared open by Mr. Weir, editor of the "Star." Then tea was served by the hostesses-all members of the executive-till 6 o'clock and again till 10 o'elock at night.
A great many were sufficiently inter ested to attend the reception, which was in every way delightful. Delicious cake
and candies were served, as well as tea and sandwiches.
and sandwiches.
Conversation was bright and animated. Among the guests was an English lady Among the guests was an English lady
who has just joined her husband here. who has just joined her husband here
He is principal of the school. She told of her voyage, undertaken under diff culties, owing to the war situation. Our president, Mrs. Matchenbacker, working hard, with a good band of help ers, to make this Society a success. Many possibilities, at present dreams may consolidate into realities with the opening of this rest room. There is to be a "pork and bean" social on Thurs day. Of course we shall have to get down to business in earnest for there will be rent and expenses to pay but there is no doubt that as a social centre and an agency for uplifting and interesting others, this new centre will hold limit less oportunity. With all my heart
wish for its success.

Gertrude Richardson
The following poem, which we are pleased to publish, was written by one of our Home Economics members, Ger trude Richardson, of Swan River.

## The Minor Note

The air is filled with swell of wild war musie
(And yet I hear the minor note of pain. There is a sound of martial tread of armies-
(There are some footsteps none will hear again.)
Father, Whose love is tenderest in sorrow, We kneel in prayer to Thee for all we Bless $\begin{gathered}\text { love, } \\ \text { Thou }\end{gathered}$
less Thou the mourner by the blood. stained banner
Bless Thou the weepers, may they look
Bless the
Bless the dear children, filled with Help us to keep them
Help us to keep them far from all the Unsaddened pain, (Hear'st Thou the minor note of earth's refrain !)
Help us, our Father, may our faith and courage
Be all untouched by anguish, dread and Teach us to hear the musie of the angels,


Aside from cscuring furs made from carefully selected akins, sewn together by expert furriers, you will want your new fur coat or set to be fashionable in design-not the antiquated styles of past seasons. Fairweather's name on furs means quality skins, expert workmanship and newest styles.

A copy of our new catalogue is yours for the asking ; 56 pages beautifully illustrated and prices quoted.

WRITE FOR IT NOW
Fairweather \& Co. Ltd.
297-299 Portage Avenue
TORONTO
WINNIPEG
MONTREAL

You saw this advertisement in this magazine. Don't forget to say so when writing.

## Tobaccos at the Old Prices

Notwithstanding the increase in excise duties on all tobaccos, cigars and cigarettes, we are selling them at the old price. In other words, we are paying the war tax and are giving our customers the benefit.

Our stock is as complete as any in Western Canada and all orders we receive are filled on the same day as we receive them.

Remember, too, that all prices we quole mean the priee delivered to your nearest Express or Post Office.


To the user of pipe tobaccos we especially recommend our Clan Grant Special Scotch Mixture. It is a mild, cool smoking tobacco that is quickly gaining favor among its users.
29-8-84-Christie GrantSpecial Scotch Mixture, $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{lb}$.
tin.........................
29-8-85-Christie Grant Special Scotch Mixture, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}$. tin.

## Christie Grant Co. Limited

Winnipeg
AT YOUR SERVICE
Canada
You saw this advertisement in this magazine. Don't forget to say so when writing

Singing as once they sang so long agoSang when the Saviour lay a little baby In the fair arms that sheltered Him awhile,
(Softly caressed and tenderly enfolded, Blessed and safe beneath His mother's smile.)
And once again the shining bands shall soatter

The music of His peace around the eart
And all fair sweetness and all hol Shall gladness
Shall come again to being and to birt
"Peace and goodwill and glory in th highest ${ }^{\text {" }}$
Soon may God's musie ring anew $\begin{aligned} & \text { highest" } \\ & \text { earth.-Amen. }\end{aligned}$
-Gertrude Richardeo

## November, ${ }^{\prime} 14$ TTHIE CANATDLAN THIRESTIRRMAN AND PARMER

## OAK LAKE

The regular monthly meeting was held it the rest room on Saturday, Aug. 15th. I letter was read from Mrs. Beattie re the establishing of a nursing home here connection with the Victorian Order
Nurses. Mrs. Beattie stated that a Miss McKenzie was travelling through to the coast in the interests of this object. The members present were desirous of meeting Miss McKenzie and the secretary was asked to write and try and arrange with her to stop off on the third Saturday in September.
The society served meals in the rest 100 m on Fair day and also refreshments on the grounds at the agricultural buildings. About $\$ 126.00$ was realized. Miss Aletha Orr gave a splendid readThis was followed by an instrumental This was followed by an instrumental Mrs. Higginbottom. Mrs. Cormie read a Mrs. Higginbottom. Mrs. Cormie read a
most instructive paper on "The Causes of most instructive paper on "The Causes of
the Present War." The meeting was closed with the singing of "God Save the King."
The monthly meeting of September was held on Saturday, 19th. A long discus. sion took place regarding a subscription
from the society to the General Patriotic Fund but as many of the ladies had already formed themselves into a committee in the interests of this fund, it was thought best to concentrate our energies in doing Red Cross work, which is affiliated with the St. John's Ambulance Society. Friday, Sept. 2oth, was the rest room and sew for the object.
rest room and sew for the object.
The president introduced the problem The president introduced the problem
of the unemployed girls in the City of Winnipeg. One or two ladies each offered
to take one of these girls into their homes.
Mrs. Osterhout gave a very good paper Mrs. Cameron and Mrs. Newlove hoth added much to the afternoon's enjoyment by singing delightful solos.
New books have recently been added to
our library and the circulation increases with each week, which is very gratifying. Laura MeLeish.

HANLEY HOMEMAKERS' CLUB
Waste and Economy of Food Material and Fuel
By Mrs. W. J. Henry

I am expected to make a few remarks sure is well known to all present, sure is well known to all present
namely: "The Waste and Economy of Food Material and Fuel."
Now, the food problem is perhaps the most difficut of ail the plysical problems hold, partly because it is so vital to the welfare of the family, and partly because it is so inclusive. The food ques. tion once meant the providing of some thing palatable and presumably wholesome at the cost within one's means. To-day it implies a knowledge not only of the cost and nutritive value of food materials, their compositions and digestibility, but of the balanced ration, the proportion of different food principles necessary for perfect nourishment, and of the way in which this proportion should be varied to suit the needs of the standing of the principles involved in the preparation of food is demanded, as well as knowledge of food adulterations that will insure pure food material. So you will see that one could go an and exag. gerate upon this important question, for nearly all will acknowledge cooking not only to be an art, but a science as well. To know how to cook economically is an art. Making money is an art.
Now, is there not more money made
and lost in the kitchen than almost ansand lost in the kitchen than almost anywhere else. Does not many a hard working man have his substance wasted in the kitchen ? Does not some shiftless man have his substance saved in the kitchen? A careless cook can waste as much as a man can earn, which might as much as what we save that makes us well off and to be independent of want is not to want what we do not need. Economy is an institute of nature and enforced by Bible precept "Gather up the cragments that nothing be lost." Saving is a more difficult art than earning. Some people put dimes into puddings where others only put cents. Almost any woman can cook well if she has plenty
with which to do it but the real science of economy is to be able to cook a good meal with but little to make it But let us all agree with Mrs. Ellen H
Richards, when she says that " Richards, when she says that "the pros
perity of a nation depends upon the perity of a nation depends upon the health and morals of its citizens and the
health and morals of a people depend health and morals of a people depend
mainly upon the food they eat and the homes they live in." To go back to the opening phrase, one could ask the question What is economy? and it's answered simply and casily. True economy consists of buying small quantities of the best material and using them carefully. When one wants a fine piece of roasted beef, the roast itself
must be of fair size; must be of fair size; small roasts are extravagant and not palatable. Large roasts lose less in cooking than smal ones, but the leftovers must be utilized or the dish is most extravagant. As a
rule, left-overs are extravagance; they rule, left-overs are extravagance; they
show thoughtless buying, but to know how to utilize them is the stronghold of every housewife. Many left-over vegetables are better on second cooking, e,
pecially the starchy ones. Not so, how ever, with the meats.
Dishes made from eggs and mill should not be kept for a second day,
especially during the hot months. Fish. even if perfectly fresh when cooked, is by far more dangerous than stale meat. Beef and mutton keep longer than either
fish or white meats. Cooked meats fish or white meats. Cooked meats
should be cooled quickly. It is best not to cover materials while cooking. Spiced meats will keep longer in warm weather meats will keep longer in warm wea
than plain boiled or roasted meats. than plain boiled or roasted meats.
Left-over vegetables, such as a few peas, a few olives, a cold potato, a slice
or two of beets, may quickly be devel. oped into a Rus ian salad.
Meat croquet es prove a great relish
very receipt book ideas as to how to use
Left-over potatoes can be used almost in any way, such as potato puff, potato croquettes and ford that it is a good idea (o save everything, even if it is only a tablespoonful of stewed tomatoes or one
of peas. It may be added to to-morrow's of peas. It may be added to to-morrow's
omelette and change a plain omelette into a dainty one.
In most homes economy must be prac tised in every phase of the homemaking. but no housewife need be without a generous supply of relishes and numer table during the winter months. and autumn is the time in which these things are made, such as beet pickles, spiced currants, cucumber pickles, conserve, pear
or sweet apple pickles, ete. Any of these or sweet apple pickles, etc. Any of these can be readily obtained in any cook book.
The wife of the working man has perThe wife of the working man has per-
haps the greatest problem to face these days. In addition to raising children and managing the home, she must depend on her hustand's earnings. Here is the rock science of buying is important but The fortunately a neglected one. The main principles of economy must be learned
pring and principles of economy must be learned
and if the wife of the working man will heed the voice of a worker of national reputation, she will find out some things of which she has never dreamed, and domestic science is the study for the working man's wife.
Now just a word on the fuel question. which stands greatly in many person's way.
To economize on coal, keep a sprinkling can filled with water in the coal bin, and wet the coal before putting it into the furnace. The dampness makes a hotter fire.

It's just the same thing, three sticks of wood boil the kettle just as quickly as seven would. Remember that water So you find that all through life that So you find that all through life that but it is the fad of the moment
The same prineiple holds good in bak ing also. Make the oven the right heat and give it time to bake through is the rue plan. If you attempt to hurry you you attempt the boiling to hurry, the wood only is wasted. But in attempting the baking to hurry, the food as well isn't fit to be tasted.

Mrs. W. J. Henry

## Of Course He Swooned.

While the judge was giving his charge to the jury in the burglary case, one of

Manitoba Agricultural College

| Special Course in <br> Gas Engineering | November 24th <br> to <br> December 18th, 1914 |
| :--- | :---: |

The object of this Course is to enable farmers to become capable operators of gas engines. Practical instruction will be given in various branches of repair work, valve setting, belt lacing, and babbitting, as well as in the running of engines.

As only a limited number can be accommodated, those desiring o take the Course should apply in good time, and have application ted before coming

Write for descriptive circular
THE PRESIDENT, Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg

is quite general throughout every threshing community.

Threshermen are beginning to realize that rubber Belting surpasses any other kind of Belting for the work they have to do, and

That Dunlop Thresher Rubber Belting embodies all the good qualities of an Ideal Rubber Belt.
Dunlop Thresher Belting is made in the finest, the largest, and the best equipped Rubber Factory in all Canada.

BY EXPERT WORKMEN IN A UNIFORM WAY FROM THE BEST MATERIALS
Wherein lies the secret of SERVICE, QUALITY AND SATISFACTION
Ask our nearest Branch for a sample of the Belt.
Dunlop Tire \& Rubber Goods Co.

## Head_Office and tactories: Toronto

BRANCHES-Victoria, Vancouver, Edmon-
ton, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina, Winnipes. ton, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina, Winnipeg,
London, Hamilton, Toronto otawa, Montreal,
St. John, N. B.


[^2]Coates Homemaker's Club. Mave been rather remiss in sending you Our June meeting was held at the home of Mrs. D. Heimbecker.
We hat our delegates report from Mrs. Landblom a d a paper on "Lunches for Picnics" by Mrs. Kohles. Roll call-Our The club accepted two invitations for July; one to visit the Bradwell Club, and one to nisit the Dundurn Club. home of Mirs. D). Nobles.
Mrs, landblom read a paper on "Fruit Prespring. After the meeting the chab
Authors. members took pleasure exploring some of the Ausant meet Beaver Creek, Hariest had begun, so our attendance was small. We had six new visitors, and Familiar Proverbs. music $\mathbf{N u m b e r}$ of members now on books 33 . Clubwoman's Creed.

## eral Feleration of Women's Clubs in

 Chicago the following creed was read:-Kerp us, 0 fiod, from pettiness: let is be large in thanght, in word, in deed. solf-seeking.
"May we put away pretense and meet Mityay we never be hasty in judging and always generous. us grow ratm, serene, pentle. ter impubes, straightforward and una"Grant that we may realize it is the
little things that create differences; that the big things of life we are onf. "And may we strive and touch and to
know the great common woman's heart of us all, and,, Lord, let us not forget to be kind!"

The Ageu.
When we address our aged friends
They know full well the weignt of years So dear old grandma do not say.
For these sweet words to weary hearts Can breathe of naught but cheer.

A Christmas Iaea
If you eannot afford to give presents sphere of peace and love about the home for a whole year-a little more con-
sideration for father, tender affection for mother, kindness towards brothers and sisters. grandmother and grandfatherlet parents be more patient with the sons
and daughters.
This is true $X$ mas and daughters. This is true Xmas giving.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS
hloride of lime for several hours. Kinse in cold water.

Each child should possess a laundry bag and put its soiled clothes in it as soon as they are taken off.

To remove fruit stains, strctch the fabric over the mouth of a basin and pour boiling water on the stain.

Rub sewing machine oil stams with lard, let stand for several hours and wash with cold water and soap.

Celery chopped very fine and served with French dressing on hearts

- • •

To remove colfee stains, stretch the mapkr or tablecloth over a basin and Soak iron rust stains thoroughly with lemon juice, sprinkle with salt and
bleach for several hours in the sun.

Stained floor boards can be cleaned by scrubbing with chloride of lime, using
but a tablespoonful to a pail of water.
 floor, scatter soda on it and then pour
boiling water. The spots will come out easily.

A little sugar added to oatmeal when it is cooking, instead of putting it all greatly.
Put a little dry starch in the clear dows. When dry rub off, then polish with a cloth.

A delightful flavor is given tomatoes If when cutting a tomato the knife is frequently passed over the surface of a

When ironing circular centerpieces or tablecloths see that the iron moves with in this way only that the edges will be perfectly flat.

When next making lemon jelly, beat in the whites of two or three eggs as the jelly begins to set; it lightens the dessert. Kerve wirl a boiled elotord

Small Molasses Cakes-Take five ta. blespoonfuls of flour, three tablespoonfuls of brown sugar, one tablespoonful of ground ginger, two tablespoonfuls of black molasses, one good teaspoonful of baking powder. Mix the flour, sugar ginger and baking powder in a dry state; then add the molasses with a little milk, ate oven in gem pans.

## The Ransom of Red Chief

a complete story

Why are nau hty boys always so much more attractive-to read about at any rute-t' an little plaster saints Partly, no doubt, because they are so much more human. This tale tells you abou' an entirely deli $h^{\prime}$ 'ul and, therefore
hopelessly nau hty, -small boy. You will like it.

It looked like a good thing; but wait till I tell you. We were down South, in Alahama-Bill Driscoll and myselfwhen this kidnapping idea struck us. It was, as Bill afterwards expressed it "during a moment of temporary mental apparition;" but we didn't find that out
There was a town down there, as flat There was a town down there, as flat
as a pancake, and called Summit, of as a
Bill and me had a joint capital of Bill and me had a joint capital of just two thonsand dollars more to pull just two thousand dollars more to pull
off a fraululent town-lot scheme in Wes. tern Illinois with.
We selected for our victim the only ezer Dorset. The kid was a boy of eight,
with bas-relief freckles. Bill and me figured that Ebenezer would melt down Cor a ransom of two thousand dollars to a cent. But wait till I tell you. About two miles from Summit was a hittle mountain, covered with a dense cedar brake. On the rear elevation of this mountain was a cave. There we stored provisions.
One evening, after sundown, we drove in a buggy past old Dorset's house. The kid was in the strect, throwing rocks at "Her, little boy", says Bill, "would "ou like to have a bays Bill, "would ou rike to have abag of candy and a
The boy catches Bill neatly in the eye That will cost the old man an extra


Big Ben Alarm Clocks
ake ulustrated in the catalogue of D. R. DINGWALL, Limited

IEWELLERS, WINNIPG
white mor a copy or this nook

## You saw this advertisement in this magazine. Don't forget to say so when writin

## BuyYourPlow Shares ${ }^{\text {Direet! }}$

Give Numbers and Letters stamped on back of Plow Share-We do the rest.
All Shares Guaranteed


Price List : 12in. Shares each, $\$ 2.00$
${ }^{13 \mathrm{in},}$ 6in.
2.25
2.25
2.50

GASOLINE ENGINES
IHE CANADIAN SIOVER GASOLINE INGINE CO.
BRANDON
MAN TOBA

## ENGLISH $\underset{\substack{\text { natio } \\ \text { hape } \\ \text { LACE }}}{ }$

Made by the Village Women of Buckinghamshire, Eng.

The BU KS Lace Makers were awarded the Gold Medal for
ceneral excellence of workmanship at
 Exhibition Crystal Palace, Lond.on
Eng., (Ueantiful Collars. Hand kies, Sets, Fronts, Yokes, Rerthes,
Fichus from $\$ 1.00, \$ 2.00, \$ 3.50$ up, Medalline. 5 c . 1nc 15 c, , 20e ract,
Tea and Tray Cloth Rorders, Doylies, Mats, $80 \mathrm{c}, \$ \$ 1.00$. $\$ 2.00, \$ 3.00$ eac
Dainiy Aprons, Waists, Robes, and al lingerie made in many styles, all hand
worked and trimmed with this famous Ruckinghatstire lace wituis Exyi-ite Van-
ity Bags. Nightdress Cases. Tea Cosies ity Rags. Nightdress Cases. Tea Cosies,
Tahle Centres, Infants Bornets, and
Bibs, etc., made with pure linen Mireats. This real Rucks lace, weth
due care. will tast a lifetime, and gives
that touch of refinement and dis.
tinction so much desired ald giction so much definement and dis.
good taste. fend for the treatise
entitled. "The Pride of vont trest

M Canatian ladies Toronto, hoping that
of this opportunity of acquiringselves
beautiful lace and buautiful lace, and at acquiring some same time
supporting this very deserving in women depend solely upon their laceto MRS W'NN'E ARMSTRONG'S LACE INDUSTRY, 363 Spadina Ave
Toronto, Canada.

Name this magazine when writing advertisers

five hundred dollars," says Bill, elimbing over the wheel.
weight cinnamen a fight like a welter got him down in the bottom of the buggy and drove away. We took him up to the cave, and I hitched the horse ill the cedar brake. Atter dark I drove the buggy to the little village, three miles away, where we had hired it, and walked back the mountain.
Bill was pasting court-plaster over the scratclies and bruist on his features There was a fire burning behind the big rock at the entrance of the cave, and the boy was watching a pot of boiling coffee, his red hair. He points a stick at me when I come up, and says:
"Ha: cursed pale face, do you dare to of the puins?
of the plains?
up his trousers and saamining rolling bruises on hors and
Indian.
How Were making Butfalo bitl's
Palestine in the Town Hall. I'm
aptive, and I'm to lee scalpel at das
arak. By Geronimot that kid hard.
the time of his life. The fun of aming e was a captive himmelf. He thet thit and announced that, when his braves re furnt at the stake at the rising of the

Then we had supper, and he filled his and began to talk. He made a durng: dinner speech something life this. "I like this fine. 1 never camped out
before; but I had a pet possum once, and Was nine last birthday. I hate to yo these woods? I want some more gravy, Does the trees moving make the wind makes your nose so red, thapes. What father has lots of money. Are the stary hot? I whipped Ed. Walker twice, Sat urday.
oranges round? Have you got any beds o sleep on in this cave? Amos Murray has got six toes. How many does it take
Every few minutes he would remember that he was a redskin, and pick up his stick rifle and tiptoe to the mouth of the cave to look out for the scouts of the hated pale-face. Now and then he would
let out a war-whoop that made Old Hank, the Trapper, sliver. That bor had Bill terrorised from the start. "Red Chief," says I to the kid, "would "Aw, what for?" says be. "I don't have any fun at home. I hate to go to take me back home again, Snake-eye will you?" here in the cave awhile." "All right!" says he. "That'll be fine. 1 never had such fun in all my hife;
We went to bed about We spread down some wide blankets and Wuilts and put Red Chief between us kept us awake for three hours, jumping up and reaching for his ritte and screesh ing: "Hist! pard," in mine and Bill's ears, as the fancied crackle of a twig or imagination the stealthy approach of the outlaw band. At last, If fell into a troubled sleep. and dreamt that I had
been kidnapped and chained to a tree by been kidnapped and chained to a tree by a ferocious pirate with red hair.
Just at daybreak, I was awakened by a series of awful sereams from Rill
They weren't yells, such as you'd expeet from a manty set of vocal organs-they were simply indecent, terrifying, humil iating screams, such as women emit when awful thing to hear a strongs. ifs an fat man scream incontinently in a cave at daybreak.
1 jumped up to see what the matter was. Red Chief was sitting on Bills chest, with one hand twined in Bill's hair. In the other he had the sharp case knife we uech or siming the bacon, cally trying to take Bill's scalp, according

## 

-FROM FACTORY TO HOME

17 WESTERN BRANCH STORES
In musical circles, our standing as the authorita tive leaders in high-grade piano construction is unq estioned. Each instrument that leaves our threshpiano construction. It is, simply and exclusively, a Piano for th ose who demand and recognize the BEST It comes to you from Factory to Home with an iron clad guarantee as to its mechanical perfection.

Write for Booklet TO-DAY!

## MASON \& RISCH LIMITED WINNIPEG, MAN



All Penman Products are Made in Canada

Get Your Neighbours Interested in The Canadian Thresherman and Farmer It will educate them and we will PAY YOU

Page 38


MOST PERFECT MADE THE INCREASED NUTRITIOUS VALUE OF BREAD MADE IN THE HOME WITH ROYAL
YEAST CAKES SHOULD BE SUFFICIENT INCENTIVE TO the careful housewife TO GIVE THIS IMPORTANT FOOD ITEM THE ATTENTION TO WHICH IT IS JUSTLYENTITLED.
home bread baking reDUCES THE HIGH COST OF LIVING BY LESSENING THE AMOUNT OF EXPENSIVE meats required to supplythe necessary iourISHMENT TO THE BODY.
E. W. Gillett co. ltd.

TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG
MONTREAL

## $\overbrace{\text { HinePureWool }}^{\text {AESR }}$

## There is no material through

 which air circulates more freelythan Jacger Pure Wool Garments. This feature permits aqueous ding the body of noxious matters. This keeps the skin healthy and comfortable either in cold or warm weather and makes Jaeger Pure
Wuol the most hygienic of all garments.
For Sale at all Jaeger Stores and Agencies throughout the Dominion.

For Sale at Jaeger Stores and

## DrJAEGER wewe

Incorporated in England in 1883 with
Britu capila for the British Empire.


Name this magatine when writing advertisers

To the sentence that had been pronounced upon him the evening before.
I got the knife away from the kid and made him lie down again. But, from that moment, Bill's spirit was broken He laid down on his side of the bed, but
he never closed an eye again in sleep as long as that boy was with us. 1 dozed
off for a while. but towards dawn 1 re. membered that Red Chief had said I was to be burnt at the stake at the rising
of the sum. I wasn't nervous or afraid.
but I sat up and lit my pipe and leant but I sat up and lit my pipe and lean
against a rock.
a.What to.
 up...would rest it:",", says bill. "You're "rou're a har:" says Bill. "You're
atraid. You was ot be burnt at suntise
and you was afraid he'd do it. And he would. too, if he could find a match
Ain't it awful, sam? Do you think any Ain't it awful, sam? Do you think any
body will pay out money to get a littl imp like that back home" is just the kind that parents dote o Cow you and the Chief get up and con breakiast, while I go up on the top of
this mountain and reconnoitre." I went up on the peak of the littl mountain and ran my eye over the con
tiguous vicinity. Over toward Summit oxpected to see the sturdy yeomanry of the village armed with scythes and pitch
forks beating the countryside for th dastardly kidnappers. But what I saw wa a a peaceful landscape dotted with on
man ploughing with a dun mule. "Perhaps," I says to myself, "it has not yet been discovered that the wolves from the fold. Heaven help the wolves:"
say, I and I went down the mountain When 1 got to the cave 1 found Bil lacked up against the side of it, breathmy back," a rexplat boiled potato down
Bill. "and then
mashed it with his foot, and I boxed his Sam !" away the rock from the boy, and
I took aw
kind of patched up the argument: "1'l ind of patched up the argument. "1"
v you," says the kid to Bill. "No man
ver yet struck the Red Chief, but wha
he got paid for it. You'd better beware:"
Atter breakfast the kid takes a piece
of leather with strings wapped round
it out of his poeket, and gres outside the

ancio


m . There don't seem to be mueh ex itement in Summit on account of hi Iisappearance: but, maybe, they haven't
realised yet that he's gone. His folk: may think he's spending the night with Inyhow, he'll be missed to-da night we must get a message

## lollars for his return."

Just then we heard a kind of wat whoop, such as David might have emit dian he knocked out the champion It was a sling that Red Chief had pulled out of his pocket, and he was whirling it round his head
I dodged, and heard a heavy thud ani kind of sigh from Bill. like a horse gives out when you take his saddle off. I rock, the size of an egg, had caught
Bill just behind his left ear. He losenened himself all over and fell in the lire across the frying pan of hot water for washing the dishes.
I went out and caught that boy and shook him until his freckles rattled. "If you don't behave," says I, "I'll take you straight home. Now, are you going be good, or not
was only funning," says he sullen But what did he hit me for? I'l Hehave, But what did he hit me for? MI behave, and if you'll let me play the Black Scout to day, "
That's for vou and Mr. Bill to decide. He's your playmate for the day. I'm Now, you come in and make friends with

$\$ 50$ Insure success by a busmess traming. Get it in the besty Pays for Business College the College that has made the greatest success of its busmess. This is the Success Business 4 Months College, with schools at Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Course

Weyburn, Calgary, Lethbridge and Vancouver. We use
309 typewriters. Send to the nearest school for free 309 typewriters. Send to the nearest school for free F.G.GARBUTT, Act now!

PRINCIPAL.


THE BEST Anti-Friction BABBITT On the Market Is The Frost King

The "Frost King" is the product of our long years of 'xperience and is without doubt the most reliable Anti-Friction Babbitt m ode to-day. It is specially designed for Threshing Engines, Separators and Machinery of all kinds. If your dealer does not stock this metal, write us for a 30 -pound box at 37 c . per pound, or a 60 -pound box at 35 c . per pound. These are
delivered prices. Please send money order to avoid delay,
Hoyt Metal Co.
Eastern Ave. and Lewis St. TORONTO
FACTORIES-London, Eng.; Toronto, New York, and St. Louis

## You saw this advertisement in this magarine. Don't forget in say so when writing.



Equipped with

give greatest efficiency
FITTED TO EVERY BUILD OF ENGINE

Patent Ball Ranger Speed Changer Supplied on all Genuine Pickering Governors. Will increase speed $50 \%$ or more. picKER/N

The Pickering Governor Co.
portland
CONN., U.S.A.

## "An Anchor to Windward"

Is there any better argument than the circumstances of the present day for the necessity to business men of 'an anchor to windward' in the shape of Life Insurance Policies, which are always worth one hundred cents on the dollar, no matter when and under what stress of circumstances they become due?"

Do not forego this safe assurance for want of a little enquiry.
It will be strange if there is not a Policy to precisely meet YOUR need amongst the many valuable Plans of

## The Great-West Life Assurance Company

 Head Office, Winnipeg, Man.

| thomas anderson Bank of Nova Scotin Buildine |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| and |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Imperial Bank OF CANADA
gatablished 1875


## Durro Violins <br> Victoria Mandolins and Guitars Stewart Banjoes

Instatment Pamments Accepted, Get Particulars ROYAL MUSIC COMPANY
460 Spadina Ave,
Toronto
him and say you are sorry for hurting him, or home you go, at once,"
I made him and Bill shake hands, and then I took Bill aside and told him I
was going to Poplar Cove, a little vil. was going to Poplar Cove, a little vi
lage three miles from the cave, lage three miles from the cave, to
find out what I could about how the kidnapping had been regarded in Sum
mit. Also, I thought it hest to send a peremptory letter to old man Dorse that day, demanding the ransom and dictating how it should be paid. Bill and I got paper and pencil and vith n blankete wrapped rourd him struted up and down warting the
 tearinlly to make the ransom fifteen
humired dollars instad of two thousand. "I ain't attempting," says he, "to
deery the celebrated moral aspect of
parental affection, but we're dealing parental affection, but we're dealing
with human beings, and it ain't humar for anybody to give up two thousand
dollars for that forty pound chunk of dollars for that forty pound chunk of
freckled wild cat. I'm willing to take a chance at fifteen hundred dollars.
can charge the difference up to me." So, to relieve Bill, I acceded, and w
ollaborated a letter that ran this way Eheneezr Dorset, Esq.


## Cusiman Binder Engines sixi farm Work



CUSHMAN MOTOR WORKS OF CANADA Builders of Light Weight Engines for Farm and Binder Use, Distributors of Reliable Power-driven Machines, such as 286 Princess Strect, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

## CAST IRON WELDING

also CAST STEEL, BRONZE, MALIEEABLE IRON, STEEL, COPPER AND Do not hesitate to send us your broken cylinders, cylinder heads, connecting rods, cranke cases, engine beds, bull pinions, etc., and we will return them as good We do not atempt to repair certain castings on which a saving cannot be made in which case we sell it for scrap and return the proceeds to the customer, which helps to pay the freight.
Entrust the work to us, we have the oldest and largest Oxy-Acetylene weld ing works in the West.

MANITOBA WELDING \& MFG. CO. 621 $\frac{1}{2}$ PRINCESS STREET WINNIPEG, MAN.

Grinders, Saws, Fanning Mills, Power Washing Machines, ete.
286 Princess Street, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA
hears Summit is all upset on account of lost or stolen. That was all I wanted to

## Xmas Excursions Old Country

Tickets on sale NOV. 7th to DEC. 31st

## BOOK NOW!!

Limited number of sailings and you are therefore urged to out any delay Avoid being assigned undesirable accommodation or the possibility of not procuring passage on your fav orite Steamer
All Grand Trunk Pacific Agents have rates, sailings, sccommodation
and tickets. They will gladig place
themsel

w. J. Quinlan

District Passenger Agent,
Winnipeg, Man.


8TWII COVERN0 PULLEY CO, 310 S. SRD \$I., MIWHEAPCLIS Name this magazine when writing advertisers

## PATENTS

LLOYD BLACKMORE \& CO. LTD.
Bope Bidg., 68 sparta 8 BL , outawn, Ont.
Write for Free Book of Intormation.


All "ARLINGTON COLLARS" are good, but our CHALLENGE BRAND is the best

know. 1 bought some smoking tobaceo,
teferred casually to the price of peas, refred casuaty the price of peas,
posted my letier surreptitiously, and
came away. The postmaster said the mail-carrier would come by in an hour to take the mail to Summit.
When I got back to the cave Bill and
the boy were not to be found. 1 explored the vicinity of the cave, and
risked a yodel or two, but there was no
response. esponse
 Behind him was the kid, stepping soffly
like a scout, with a lroad grin on his ike a scout, with a broad grin on his
ace. Bill stopped, took off his hat and The kid stopped about eight feet behind "Sam." says Bill, "I suppose you'll
hink I'm a renegade, but I couldn't uelp it. I'm a grown person with mascu-
ine proclivities and habits of selfefence, but there is a time when all ail. The boy is gone. I have sent him
oome. All is off. There was martyrs Wath rather than give up the particular was subjugated to such supernatural tortures as I have been. I tried to be
faithful to our articles of depredation: but there came a limit." Bill?" I asks
"What's the trouble, "I was rode," says Bill, "the ninety
miles to the stockade, not barring an inch. Then, when the settlers were
rescued I was given oats. Sand ain't a
palatable substitute. And then for an
hour I had to try to explain to him why hour had to try to explain to him why
there was nothin' in holes, how a road
can run both ways and what makes the can run both ways and what makes the
grass green. I tell you, Sam, a human
being can only stand so much. I takes being can only stand so much. I takes
him by the neek of his clothes and drags him down the mountain. On the way he kicks my legs black and blue from the
knees down; and I've got to have two or knees down; and l've got to have two or
three bites on my thumb and hand "auterised. "But he's gone"-continues Bill "gone home, I showed him the road to
summit and kicked him about eight
feet nearer there at one kick. I'm sorry feet nearer there at one kick. I'm sorry
we lose the hansom: but it was either
that or Bill Driscoll to the madhouse." that or Bill Driscoll to the madhouse." is a look of ineffable peace and growing
content on his rose-pink features.
 hen I told him that my scheme was to put the whole job through immediately
and that we would get the ransom and fell in with our proposition. So Bill
raced up enough to give the kid a weak ort of smile and a promise to play the
fussian in a Japanese war with him as

ransom, without danger of being caught itself to professional kidnappers. The left-and the money later on-was close
lo the road fence with big. bare fields
$\qquad$ for the note they could see him a long
way off crossing the fields or in the rend Hut no, sirree! At halfpast eight I was Fad waiting for the messenger to a tree rides up the road on a bicycle, locates the
pasteboard box at the foot of the fence. oost, slips a folded piece of paper into it I waited an hour and then concluded he thing was square. I slid down the ill I struck the woods, and was back at
ither the cave in another half-an-hour. opened the note, got near the lantern
and read it to Bill. It was written with pen in a crabbed hand, and the sum

UNION BANK OF CANADA
Established 1868 Head Office Winnipeg

 HON. PRESIDENT WM. PRICR ERC
PRESIDENT JOHN CALT, ESG. PRESIDENT - JOHN GALT, EAq.
VICE-PRESIDENTS






 Collections made in all parts of the
Dominon and edurs promply remitued
at lowest rates of exctunge

 Thenn Ave
Tive on
St, 4 in Aulton, H
Ave. Vort
St, 40 Po
Lakes.
d. Sargen Ave., Portage Ave. and Arlington Rt, Fargent Ave. had Arlingtos St., 490
Branches and Agences West of tee Great Lakes.


 Saskatchewan Abbey, Adance, Alsodk, Areola, Asquith, Asviniboin, Rounty, Buchanan
Cabri, Canora, Caryle. Crak, Cupar, Cut Knife, Dinamore. Dummer, Eastend, Feteethany,




 Bow Island, Brooks, Bruderbsim, Calgary, Carbon, Cardston, Carlstadt, Carsain, Cerea, Chinook, Claresholm, Cochrane, Consor, Cowley, Didsbury, Edmonton, Empress, Foremost
Fort Sakatehewan, Grande Priarie, Orasyy Lake, Hana, High River, Hillcrasi, Innisfail Irvine, Jenner, Lacombe, Langdon, Iat thbridge, Macleod, Medicine Hat, Okotoks, Pasaburg,
Pineher Creekk, Seven Persons, Standard, Strathmore, Swaiwell, Three Hills, Wainwright,
 Newport, New Weatminster, Prince George, End of Steel G T
Aquamish, Telkwa, Vancouver. Vauderhoof, Vernon, Vietoria,



PATENTS
Write for booklet, circulars, terms, etc FETHERSTONHAUGH \& CO. FRED. B. FETHERSTONHAUGR, E. C. M. E.
GERALD S. ROXBURGB, B. A. SC. 36-37 Canada Life Bldg.WINNIPEG

\$1500 to $\$ 5000$ Per Year


## ERZINGER'S No. 2

 CUT PLUGLeads them all. It's the Best Dollar Tobacco sold anywhere.

## JOHN ERZINEER

Melntyre B/k. - 293 Portage Ave
Phone 69
Phone $69 \quad$ Phone 2677
F1SH-Fresh frozen fish from Lake Mani-
toba Jack at 3 c., Herring $31 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Pickerel at toba Jack at 3 c ., Herring 31/4., Pickerel at
Sy.,., Suckers at 2 C Get your supply early. Dow' Bros., Delta, Man.
WANTED Position as engineer on Oil. Considerable experience. State sire of engine and wages. Apperiy to W . J. Bridgeman,
Rowletta, Sask.

TWO DESPERATE MEN
 little high in your demands, and sou are a make you a counter proposition which 1 am inclined to believe you will aceept You bring Jolinny home and pay me two hundred and fifty dmlars in cash, and had better come at night, for the neigh. be responsible for what they would do o anybody they shw bringing him back EGeat Pirates of Penzezer EDorset. says I,
of all the impudent BI"
But I glanced at Bill, and hesitated. le had the most appealing look in his cyes I ever saw on the face of a dumb
or a talking brute. "Sam," salss he. and fifty dollars after wo hundred the money. One more night of this kid will send me to a bed in Bedlam.
sides being a thorough gentleman, ides being a thorough gentleman,
think Mr. Dorset is a spendthrift for think Mr. Dorset is a spendthrift for
making us such a liberal offer. You making us such a liberal offer. You
nin't going to let the chance go, are you?" ain't going to let the chance go, are youy"
"Tell you the truth, Bill." says
", "this ittle ewe lamb has somewhat got on my he ransom, and get away." got him to go by telling him that his and a pair of morcasins for him, and we were going to hunt bears the next day.
It was just twelve oclock when wo It was just twelve o'clock when wo
knocked at Ebenezer's front door. Just at the moment when I should have been abstracting the fifteen hundred dollar o the original proposition, Bill wa counting out two hundred and fifty dol When the kid found we were poins leave him at home he started up a how to Rill's leg. His father peeled him to Bill's leg. His father peefed hin away gradually, like a porous plaster.
"How long can you hold him"" auks Bill. nm not as strong as 1 used to be says old Dorset, "hut I think I can
promise you ten minutes." "Enough," says Bill. "In ten minutes
I shall cross the Central, Southern, and Middle Western States, and be legging for the Canadian border." fat as Bil was, and good a runner as I am, he was a good mile and a half out of Summit
before I could catch up with him.

What He Left.
Residing in a little village is a lawyer who is famous for drawing wills, in which branch of business he has long en. joyed a monopoly of the courtry for A few months since a wealthy man died. There was much speculation as to the value of the property, and the town He hunted up the lawser, and after He hunted up the lawyer, and, after ceased he said rather bluntly,

I suppose you made Brown's will:'
Then you probably know how much he left. Would you mind telling me $\uparrow^{\prime \prime}$ ee resumed his writing "He left every thing he had.

## What Was the Use?

"Now, Tommy," reprimanded the mother, "don't let me catch you throw. ing any more stones.
"Well, what will I do when the other fellows throw 'em ?' asked Tommy
"Just come and tell me," his mother
"Tell you!" he exelamed in astonish. ment. "Why, you couldn't hit the broad side of a barn!"

## Correct.

Teacher: "A train leaves Winnipeg ravelling thirty miles an hour. it is followed, thirty minutes later, by a train ravelling sixty miles an hour. At wha point, will the second train run into the
first ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " Boy: "At the hind end of the rear


National Trust Company, Ltd. toronto, winnipga, edmonton, montreal, bgoina, saskatoon Capital and Reserve, $\$ 3,000,000$ The strain and worry of managing Estates will all be borne for you by this Company A PRTVATE Executor may die or becone incapable of acting before the completion of the Trust. A Trust Company is PERMANENT and This Company's financial strength and expert staff ensure responsible and capable antministration.
We act as Irustee. Executor, Administrator, Buardian, Liquidator, Assiqnee, Financial Agent safe deposit vadits sAVINOS dEPARTMENT
D. H. COOPER, Manager, Winnipeg Branch, 323-325 Main Streut.

## The Occidental Fire Insurance Co. <br> Head Office: WAWANESA, MAN.

A. NAINMITH, Preandent
R. M. MATHESON, Vief-President A. F. KEMPTON, See. and Mgr.
C. D. KERR, Treaaurer

Subscribed Capital
\$5M0,000.00 Security to Policy-holders 640,817.29
Full Deposit with Dominion Government Agents wanted in unrepresented districts

You saw this advertisement in this magarine. Don't forget to say so when writing.

## S.H. Henderson, Pres. E. H. D. wart, Vice-Pres. <br> C. D. Kerr. Treasurer <br> The Wawanesa mutual insurance company <br> HEAD OFFICE: WAWANESA, MAN. A. F. KEMPTON. Seretary-Manager <br> 588.348 .194 .00 <br> Amount of Insurance in foree Dec. 31st, 1913 <br>  <br> The Largest Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Canada. Agents wanted in an-

You saw this advertisement in this magarine. Don't forget to say so when writing.

## Family Group Photos a Specialty

## STEELE \& CO., LTD.

MAIN ST. AND BANNATYNE AVE.
WINNIPBG
You saw this advertisement in this magazine. Don't forget to say so when writing.


You saw this advertisement in this magazine. Don't forget to say so when writing.


Conducted for the benoft of Deslerf, Threshermen and Farmors who have
FREE FOR SIX MONTHS-My suecial offer ing porth 810 n copy to anyone who has been qetane real earning power of money and shows how
anyone no matter how poor, ean asequire riches Inveating for Profit" poor, ean ancquire riches
 monthe free.
FARMS WANTRD, We have direct buyers. serty naming lowest price. We help buyers locate de airable property free. American Investment
Amocistion. 15 Palace Bidg., Minneapolis, Minn OXT-ACETYLENE WELDING - Save y



> FOR SALE.
We hev on had hat neme avern thit of

 curantee ns new ones and of curse nre carefflly
repninted and look exsctly like new. If you write
as nt onee we sre sure to have the sixe yout almost SAW YER-MAS8EY COMPANY, LIMITED, BARGAINS.


 ${ }^{n / 2 w}$ Soil burner, in in firt clas, hhape. reaired
 leder, weighe, wind stacker; hat only $32 \times 54$ Aver seratatar, only been out 20
data, and
$12 \times 70$ has been ery semarator, hase run so days. haved and ist in frret class shapeind goods
 CANADIAN AVERY COMPANY

## BUYERS, ATTENTION




18000 700
00000
00
 3400.0 8400.00 8300.00 s 300.00
200.00 8200.00
 HAVE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE nly been used the second year for own work.

FOR SALE-Half ection with 200 aeres mill, telephone connection, fine neighborhood, ichest farming land in Alberta. Every acre or one quarter on liberal terms. An ideal home for anyone wishing to locate in Alberta.
M. A. Redding, Box 245 Edmonton, Alberta.

FOR SALE We have for sale a full line i steam emaines engines and consistin

case threshing maching co Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada FOR SALE
5 Horse Case Simple Portable Engine 20540

5 Horse Case Simple Portable Engine 15833 | 5 Horse Case Simple Portable Engine | 15833 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 Horse Compound Portable Engine... | 13426 |
| 8 Horse Simple Traction Waterloo | 323 | 18 Horse Simple Traction Waterloo

6 Horse Portable Sawyer-Massey
0 Horse Portable Sawyer-Massey
$\qquad$ 20 Horse Simple Traction Engine, Case 17722
00 Horse Simple Traction Fngine, Case 16912
32 Horse Simple Traction Engine, Case 19013 company, Winnipeg. Canada. MACHINE WANTED to hear of good farm or un Mrice. Northwestern Business Agency
 of old established Red River Employment Office. Farm hands, engineers, steam and
kasoline plowmen and all other farm help.
Phone Main 7298 WANT TO BUY FARM WELL LO
CATED Give descrition and price. Owners
only. Address. Mclure. Box 754 , Chicago 1 HAVE good general store in small but
ood town. Old established business. Would
$\mathbf{6} \%$ MONEY 6\% MONEY 6 iberal privileges: correspondence solicited A.c. Agency, Company ${ }^{758}$ Gas ${ }^{\text {E Electric }}$
Bidg., Denver, Colo. 446 Pierce Bldg., St.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED in all how samples to their friends and neighbors.
poxition will pay $\$ 20$ weekly with a fect
 Redpath's best granulated sugar, 4 cents Der cents; Comfort, Surprise or Sunlight soap,
8 bars for 25 cents. These are merely a few
sample prices, everything sold at factory sample to prices, eeverything sold at factory
price to the consumer, men making as hish as $\$ 50$ wekly with our plan. No experience
required as the prices do the work. Sample
case with samples and supplies furnished CASH FOR YOUR FARM OR BUSI NESS.-I bring buyers and sellers together


 noexcellent condition, Will accept good
notes. Address $G$. Beriault, St. Claude, Man. "HEAVEN AND HELL" and the world of life after death. 400 pages. Ony 2 se. post.
paid. W. H. Law,
486-G, Euclid Ave. CASH
NESS -1
FOR
bring
YOUR
buy

POR SALE-Oil Tractor $15-30$ H.P. Fair FOR SALE-Oil Tractor $15-30$ H.P. Fair
banks-Morse, and
6-furrow
Moline
gang complete. Good as new, snap price.
Drury, 402 Lindsay Bldg., Winnipeg. Phone M1330.
FOR SALE OR TRADE-One 26 H.P.
American Aliell tration engine, one 40.62
Case Wood separator complete, all in good shape. All new belted with new drive belt
Two watet tanks with new pump and hose
Will trade on anall Will watet on a small gasoline outfit

The Long Looked For Has Come!
It is here! Cheap Power for the Farm
The "INGECO" Throttling Governor Kerosene Engine
 a Gasoline Engine. Think of the saving

An "INGECO" Engine will deliver 100 per cent service. It wil come up to your fullest expectation a Besides its operating cost is very low, which is an important item a the rresent cost of fuel. Its sim plicity of construction and accessibility make it easy to take care of All parts are made from jigs and replacement is readily made

The "INGECO" Enkine is designed and constructed to give its full rating with an abundance of power to spare.

We bave such a range in sizes and styles, that space does not permit us to quote prices. Made in sizes 14 to 7000 H P Tank Cooled Hopper Cooled, Air Cooled. Horizontal and Vertical, Portable and Stationary.


Burridge-Cooper Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Man., and Regina, Sask. Write Winnipeg Office for Special Introductory Price



## Perfection

is used
warms up bedroom and bathroom on cold mornmgs before the urnace or the stove is going, and in very cold weather gives just the extra saves money, too,--coal bills are a lot less because you don't have to start the fire so soon
Perfect on Smokeless Oil Heaters are inexpensive to buy and inexpensive to use. They are clean, light, portable, and guarantied smokeless and odorless. At hardu
Trangle Trademark.

OYALITE OIL gives best results
THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Ltd.


FOR SALE-One verity engine gang, 12 plows, 14 -inch, only used three weeks, cost
$\$ 920$ will take $\$ 600$ cash. J. B. Pantel, Notre

FOR SALE OR TRADE for land or stoc Rumely steam plow engine and Cockshu
Plow like new. Address, Caswell Bros

## Your Choice of Four <br> 20 HORSE POWER STEAM ENG:NE <br>  <br> in Huber Power <br> Which means that the small farmer or the ten. thousand acre grain grower can have the identical and the ideal outfit to suit his soil and acreage. <br> 30-60 GAS TRACTOR <br> (Four-cylinder-Extraordinary Power and Land Grip for Welght <br> 

If you prefer Steam we can offir you a selection from five s'zs of a type of engine $t^{\prime}$ at is second to none in any detal of ma'er ai, design and construct on bult. Fr m 16 to 30 HP mointed on the Huber Reiurn Flue Boler, which hurns coal, wood or s raw. Greatist of all hat economis. Heat must pass $t$ wice through water the lagit of ho ler hefore rearhing the snoke-stack. Practically all of it is used to g nerat st an. Hu ier steam engin's have great surplus over all ord nay power requirements.

## Twenty-Forty Plowing Tractor

Two-cylinder opposed typs perfectly adapted to burn either kerossng o: gasoling. This is ons of the most satisfactory engines now in operation for the medium-sized farm. It is the greatest of all fuel economists, giving extraordinary power delivery for the sma.l quantity of fuel consumed. The cost of operating compared with the actual work accomplished has proved conclusively that a Huber Tractor has nothing in front of it for servics.

The biggest money ever earned in Canada will be received for 1915 grain crop by the farmer who puts every available acre he can plow under crop. Never in North American history was there such a chance for the grain grower. We can help you in a way that no one else can to make the very most of this golden opportunity.

> EVERY POSSIBLE CORNER UNOER CROP LEI THERE BE NO WASTE LANO IN 1915

Here is the
Small (15-30) Huber At work in Heavy Clay


Write us at once giving size of your Farm

## THE HUBER MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Canadian Office: Arlington and Logan, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA
Home Office and Factory: MARION, OHIO, U.S.A.

## BALING Presses



What are you going to do with your hay this Fall?
Bale it, of course-and with a CASE Baling Press.
And when your own is done, you are going to make money by baling your neighbor's hay.

If you have an eagine, you want a belt power press; if not, our sweep power machine would do your work in excellent shape. Many users can and will testify to the efficiency and general satisfaction of these machines. The belt power press is built in two sizes, $14 \times 18$ and $17 \times 29$ inches, with capacities from three to five and from four to six tons per hour. The sweep power press has a capacity from one and a half to two and a half tons per hour.

In addition to baling presses described in our new catalog, you will also find there description of our Hay Fork, attachable to the belt power machine.

This device SAVES YOU THE LABOR OF TWO MEN, AND PAYS FOR ITSELF IN A SHORT TIME.

This is the kind of information we know you want, so we have described this money saving device in detail in our new Baling Press catalog.

May we send you a copy?


[^0]:    You saw this advertisement in this magarine. Don't forget to say when writing

[^1]:    D R．DINGWALL，Limited WINNIPEG
    Please send me your 1915 Jewellery Catalogue post paid and fiee of charge NAME
    ADDRESS

[^2]:    You saw this advertisement in this magarine. Don't forget to say so when writing.
    the jurymen fainted. His lordship, so
    he British paper reporting the incident
    says, had just impressively said:
    Gentlemen of the jury, in arriving at the verdict you must take the testimony of the witnesses for the defence into consideration and give them full weight." At the words "and give them full weight," the juryman swooned away. He was a coal mercnant.

    Even a Soldier's Duty Has Limits. Officer-What's the matter with that voup you're turning up your nose at ?

    Officer-Now look here, my man, did you come to camp to grumble or to serve your country
    Private-Well, I did come to serve my country, sir ; but not to eat it.

