

Kuroki Crumples Up Russian Armies; Latter Are in Full Retreat to Liao Yang

Kuropatkin Evacuates Hai Cheng Before Japs.

MAKES A STAND AND LOSES 1,000

Mikado's Soldiers Carried Simou-cheng on Sunday, Capturing Six Guns—Casualties 400.

Tokio, Aug. 2. — 10 a.m. — The Japanese took Simou-cheng Sunday. Six guns were captured. The Japanese casualties were 400. The Russian loss was heavier. Gen. Kuroki's losses in Saturday's and Sunday's fighting were 972.

Tokio, Aug. 3. — 1 a.m. — The Japanese defeated the Russians at Tomucheng (Simou-cheng) and drove them toward Hai Cheng in a sharp fight, which began last Saturday and ended on Sunday. The Russians left 1,500 dead on the field and lost six guns.

The Russians occupied a range of high hills north of Simou-cheng, which were strongly defended with covered trenches, a fortification covered emplacement, which consumed munitions in constructing. The Japanese seized a range of heights to the southeast on Saturday. They began the attack at daylight on Sunday. The Japanese left wing encountered severe opposition. The Russians were gradually reinforced, and their artillery was increased to 21 guns. The Japanese, who were also reinforced, renewed the attack at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and

drove the Russians northward. The Japanese right, exposed to a severe artillery fire, was forced to halt. The Russians, who were reinforced, assumed the offensive at 5:30 o'clock in the evening, but were repulsed with a heavy loss. The Russian artillery prevented the Japanese from pursuing and during the night the Russians withdrew toward Hai Cheng. The Japanese casualties were about 400. Gen. Kuroki has telegraphed that in the two days' fighting at Yangtsuling and Yushulintsu his losses were 6 officers killed, 16 officers wounded, and 950 killed and wounded.

Retired From Hai Cheng.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3. — In a dispatch to the Emperor dated Aug. 2, Gen. Kuropatkin says: "Our troops have retired from Hai Cheng along the road toward Anshanshan. The movement was accomplished in perfect order and the enemy did not disturb him."

"The terrible heat has caused many sunstrokes, and measures have been taken to diminish the equipment the troops have hitherto been obliged to carry by the transporting of it in supply cars."

"There is no serious news from the eastern front."

Lost 1,000 Men.

Liao Yang, Tuesday, Aug. 2. — The Russian attempt to push back a numerically superior force of Japanese from Kuchiatzu on July 31 resulted in an admitted Russian loss of a thousand men.

Hai Cheng, Aug. 2. — In consequence

of the desperate fighting of the last few days and the Japanese turning movement, the Russians have been compelled to evacuate Hai Cheng and fall back on Anshanshan.

Back to Liao Yang.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3. — Gen. Kuropatkin's armies are now concentrating upon Liao Yang, falling back respectively upon Anshanshan, Liandianshan and Anping, as predicted in the dispatches of the Associated Press. These three points form a closely-knit defense around Liao Yang and enable Gen. Kuropatkin to risk a general engagement. The only cause for anxiety is Anping, and Gen. Kuropatkin's words that he hoped the troops would hold that place indicate a misgiving. The Japanese evidently realized the advantage of attacking this point, and directed their strongest advance along the Saisatz-Liao Yang line.

A brief telegram from Gen. Kuropatkin received this morning reports the evacuation of Hai Cheng and declares the Japanese did not continue the attack towards Liao Yang. Aug. 2, adding that they evidently were unable to follow up their advantage the previous day owing to the stubborn resistance of the Russians, coupled with the tropical heat.

The general says the soldiers threw away their overcoats and equipment, and adds that everything possible was done to relieve the men, but nevertheless there were a great number of deaths from sunstroke. He does not specify the casualties of the battles, and makes no mention of the loss of guns.

MOCK ATTACK ON ALBION'S SHORES

General French Will Try to Land Large Force.

LORD METHUEN WILL OPPOSE

Operations Will Be Covered by a Skeleton Squadron of Cruisers — The Naval Maneuvers.

London, Aug. 3. — Interesting sea and land maneuvers are planned in the latter part of August or early in September. Twenty-four battleships and a series of fleet exercises since the middle of this month, and in a few weeks maneuvers will take place in the Irish Channel in which torpedo craft and submarines will play an important part.

The military maneuvers are planned on an imposing and entirely new scale. It is proposed to embark a considerable force under the command of Sir John French on the Essex coast, where the "invasion" will be opposed by Lord Methuen, who will be at the head of a strong body of soldiers.

The maneuvers will, for the first time, afford an opportunity of using the natural position of England for the effective training of both army and navy.

General French will be assisted by gunboats, which will represent a skeleton fleet of covering warships. These gunboats will prepare the way and cover General French's landing. This force probably will embark at Southampton. The spot indicated for the landing is in the neighborhood of Malden, a place considered a particularly suitable spot for the experiments both on account of its adaptability for the purpose of landing troops and also on account of its nearness to Colchester, where Lord Methuen's command is mostly quartered.

The chief difficulty of the invasion lies in landing the horses. Horses at Aldershot are now being constantly practiced in landing from high Turkish authority that nine thousand men, armaments have been killed in the districts of Mueh and Samsun. The massacres have been going on for several months.

Mrs. Paget Injured. London, Aug. 3. — Mrs. Arthur Paget, wife of Major-General Paget, Scots Guards, was injured Monday night as a result of falling down the elevator shaft of her London residence. Her thigh was fractured and her knee injured. Mrs. Paget opened the elevator door in the night with the intention of turning on the electric elevator which was in the upper part of the house, and she, not noticing this, stepped into the shaft, and fell into the basement.

HOUSE DROPS SEVERAL MEASURES IN ORDER TO PROROGUE SATURDAY

Naval Militia, Civil Service and a Number of Others Will Hold Over.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Aug. 3. — Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when the House met today, said that it was desired to prorogue Parliament on Saturday, and to be able to do this it would be necessary to drop some of the legislation on the order paper. The Premier announced that the following bills would be dropped: The naval militia bill, civil service bill, bills respecting the harbors at Fort William and Port Arthur, bills for the sale of seeds and for the incorporation

BRITAIN INSISTS

That There Be No Repetition of the Knight Commander Incident.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3. — The Russian Government has not yet made any further reply in the case of the British steamer Knight Commander (sunk by the Vladivostok squadron off Liao), but it is expected that a reply will shortly be made, as the Vladivostok squadron is now back in port. All precedents bearing on the destruction of neutral vessels, carrying contraband, when it is impossible to have them taken before a prize court, are being examined.

It is believed that Great Britain is insisting on assurances that there will be no repetition of such incidents in advance of the judicial determination, and that if this is not obtainable to her satisfaction that it is her intention to offer to refer the case to The Hague arbitration tribunal.

BRITISH AT THE DOORS OF LHASA

Major Bretherton, the Force's Most Efficient Officer, Drowned.

Simla, India, Aug. 3. — It is believed here that the British Tibetan expedition will reach Lhasa today. A dispatch from Chumuck Ferry, dated July 26, says the British expedition bound for Lhasa has crossed the Brahmaputra River. In effecting the crossing Major Bretherton, the most efficient officer of the force, was drowned. The Tibetans are fleeing to Lhasa. The Dalai Lama requested Col. Younghusband, the leader of the expedition, to have his reply to the British demands at Chumuck Ferry. Col. Younghusband replied that he would remain two or three days.

Nine Thousand Killed.

London, Aug. 3. — The correspondent of the Daily News wires from Van, Turkish Armenia, that a report has been received from high Turkish authority that nine thousand men, armaments have been killed in the districts of Mueh and Samsun. The massacres have been going on for several months.

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STRIKERS BREAK THE MEAT TRUST

The Big Combination Hard Hit by the Strike.

INDEPENDENTS GET BUSINESS

Drivers of Ice Wagons Refuse to Deliver Ice to Refrigerator Cars of the Packers.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 2. — Homer D. Call, the international secretary of the butchers organization, said today: "The greatest feature of the strike is that the meat trust has been broken. Instead of the packers disrupting the unions, the disintegrating of one of the greatest combinations of the world has ever been already set in. For ten years from 1880 to 1900, the consolidation of meat companies was carried on, and from 1,741 packing plants in this country the number was reduced to 760."

"Now the tide will set in the other way. The packers know that they have already lost control of a large part of their business, and that the live stock dealers will do all that is possible to assist in the defeat. Since the strike the independent plants of Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Pittsburg and Springfield, Mass., have been working night and day. This trade will never be recovered by the trust. My reports are that the danger has already been realized by the big packers. It took the packers 20 years to build up their combination, and now the fruits of victory will be snatched from them by the labor union. The public is supporting the independent plants because of the damaging evidence secured by the Government against the meat monopoly."

"The handlers of the ice wagon drivers have refused to supply ice to refrigerator cars of the strike-affected packers. Without ice, the packers are unable to ship meat except for short hauls, and cannot export any. Non-union men are being pressed into the service, but their efforts are not sufficient. Armour & Co. have begun using fruit cars for shipping meat."

A PARTIAL CONFESSION

Murderer of Von Plehve Tells Something of His Past.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3. — The assassin of Minister of the Interior Von Plehve is said to have made a partial confession in which he declared that at one time he was a school teacher in a rural district and was greatly interested in the Zemstvo for the curtailment of whose powers he blamed the dead minister. He still absolutely refuses to disclose his name. A watch is kept on him day and night, not only to prevent his doing himself bodily harm, but in the belief that he may betray himself in his sleep. Thus far, however, he has only muttered two words in his sleep: "Natalie, Natalie." The police have discovered that a third accomplice was concerned in the murder plot and that he was stationed on a quay on the Neva where one of the imperial yachts was moored, on the chance that the minister might go to Peterhoff that day by boat.

A Telegraph Case.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 3. — A cross bill to its suit against the Western Union Telegraph Company has been filed in the United States circuit court by the Pennsylvania Company. The bill asks the court for a perpetual injunction against the defendant company to restrain it from using any portion of the telegraph line along the line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad, claiming all agreements and contracts made between the companies are now void.

A partition of the property or the sale of the telegraph lines is also asked.

AFTER A CONSUL

Bulgarian Committee Preparing to Kidnap or Murder One.

Constantinople, Aug. 3. — The Porte has warned the embassy and legations to instruct their consuls in Macedonia not to leave the towns without escorts, as the Macedonian revolutionary committees in Bulgaria are planning to kidnap or murder the consuls on a view of enlisting foreign intervention.

COURT FOR THE EMPIRE

Mr. A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., on the Privy Council.

London, Aug. 3. — Mr. A. B. Aylesworth, K. C., speaking to the Canadian Associated Press regarding Canadian cases in the Privy Council, expressed himself as delighted with the workings of the court. He would, he said, have to see the present limit of Canadian appeal curtailed or placed on the Australian basis. He wanted to see an appellate court of the whole Empire, so that instead of the mother country being regarded as one party and the colonies another, Canada would be as much a part of the Empire as Yorkshire or Wales.

WILL NOT PASS DARDANELLES.

London, Aug. 3. — In order to avoid complications which might have the effect of extending the area of war, Russia has made a partial concession to Great Britain in connection with the Dardanelles question. Replying to British representations regarding the closure of the Dardanelles to Russian vessels for warlike uses, as well as warships, Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador to Great Britain, it is learned has advised Foreign Secretary Lansdowne that his Government consents to waive the right to send ships through the straits during the present war, but at the same time, Russia makes no concession in relation to the general principle involved and reserves to herself the right to take such action as she deems proper when the war with Japan terminates. The British Government would like a complete settlement of the principle, but Russia does not propose to negotiate on this subject, if avoidable, while the war is in progress.

CHOLERA IN PERSIA

Presbyterian Missionaries Fighting the Terrible Scourge.

New York, Aug. 3. — The Presbyterian board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian Church has received letters from the American missionaries in Persia regarding the cholera epidemic which had come into the country. The epidemic is now spreading as far north as the capital, Teheran. On July 30 there were thirty or forty deaths at Teheran, and when cable dispatches have reported a great increase. The missionaries have opened four centers in Teheran, in "Tehran," using both their hospital and their church and have sent throughout the country directions printed in English and Persian for the guidance of the people during the epidemic. There is already great panic and much need of relief.

FAVOR LOCAL OPTION

Temperance Workers of Clinton Open the Campaign.

Clinton, Ont., Aug. 3. — During the last ten days the temperance workers have been actively engaged in canvassing the town in favor of local prohibition, and at the council meeting on Tuesday a petition signed by 236 municipal electors (being a majority of those who voted at the last election), asking the council to pass a by-law as provided by the statutes, to be submitted to the people in January next, and to put the same in force if the electors so decide.

Presents For Perry.

Toronto, Aug. 3. — Private Perry, the winner of the King's prize at Bixley, will be duly honored when he returns, and the various militia corps of the city will give him a cabinet of silver. His old corps, the Royal Grenadiers, will give him a gold watch, and his old company will also give him something. The city has appropriated \$500 for a reception in Queen's Park.

New York, Aug. 3. — The man and woman, who were drowned in the surf at Oak Island last night, were identified today as Edward Ashbee, a medical student, whose home was in the State of Washington, and Miss Ada Outend, a trained nurse, of Toronto, Ont. Miss Outend was employed at Bayshore L. I. Both bodies have been recovered.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Tomorrow—Fair and Warmer.

Sun rises 5:08 a.m. Moon rises 11:32 p.m. Sun sets 7:30 p.m. Moon sets 12:03 a.m. The weather has been fine today in all portions of Canada, with the exception of a few scattered showers in Toronto and vicinity, as well as in the Maritime Provinces. Decidedly warm conditions prevail from British Columbia to Manitoba, also in the Northwest States.

Maximum temperatures: Victoria, 50-58; Calgary, 44-52; Medicine Hat, 54-61; Winnipeg, 54-59; Port Arthur, 52-62; Parry Sound, 50-58; Toronto, 58-70; Ottawa, 62-78; Montreal, 64-74; Quebec, 60-75; St. John, 54-66; Halifax, 60-76.

FORECASTS.

Wednesday, Aug. 3.—3 a.m. to 4 a.m.—Fine and warm.

Thursday.—From southerly to south-westerly winds; fair and warmer; local thunderstorms by evening.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	4 p.m.	Weather.
Calgary	44	44	Fair
Winnipeg	54	60	Cloudy
Port Arthur	52	62	Fair
Toronto	58	56	Fair
Ottawa	62	54	Fair
Quebec	60	58	Fair
Father Point	60	52	Fair

AT PORT-AU-PRINCE

Situation Calmer But Population Is Excited.

Port-au-Prince, Hayti, Aug. 3. — The situation here is calmer today, but the population is still excited and all the Syrian stores are closed, their proprietors not daring to open them owing to fear of the riotous soldiers and populace. The American minister has advised all of those who have consulted with him to be calm, promising them an efficacious protection shortly.

BIG STRIKE IN VIENNA

Ten Thousand Teamsters Out in the Austrian Capital.

Vienna, Aug. 3. — Ten thousand teamsters began a strike Monday morning causing demoralization in many branches of industry. The public is suffering great inconvenience, as the drivers of water-carts and garbage wagons are among the strikers. The chief demands are an increase in wages and eleven hours work a day. In the forenoon the strikers gathered in many parts of the city and attempted to prevent wagons being taken out by non-strikers. "Disturbances ensued," and many arrests were made.

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CHOLERA IN PERSIA

Bought by English.

Sydney, N. S. W., Aug. 3. — The properties of the Cape Breton Coal and Iron Company at Caeheron Lake, Cape Breton, have been disposed of to an English corporation which will operate the mines. T. H. Lancaster and Geo. B. Jacques will be general manager and chief engineer respectively, and Louisburg will be the new company's shipping point.

The I. C. R. will build a \$70,000 station at Sydney, in "Tehran," using both their hospital and their church and have sent throughout the country directions printed in English and Persian for the guidance of the people during the epidemic. There is already great panic and much need of relief.

ALARMING NEWS FOR THE CZAR

Telegram With Bad News at Imperial Palace—Alexieff Abandons Trip.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3, 5:45 p.m. — The correspondent of the Associated Press hears that Emperor Nicholas has just received a telegram at Peterhoff containing alarming news.

It is also reported that Viceroy Alexieff, who had gone to Harbin on his way to Vladivostok, returned to Liao Yang yesterday and conferred with General Kuropatkin regarding the situation.

ALIEN LABOR INQUIRY

Engineer Lumsden's Evidence Conflicts With Mr. Hays'.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 3. — Judge Winchester's inquiry into the employment of alien engineers in the Grand Trunk Pacific was concluded this morning. Mr. H. D. Lumsden, C. E., who was an engineer in charge of construction of the Crows' Nest Pass Railway, the Calgary-Edmonton portions of the Toronto, Grey and Bruce, Northern Credit Valley and other roads, testified that he was not offered any positions on any transcontinental railway. Through the evidence of Mr. Hays and Mr. Hobson, of the Grand Trunk Railway, left the impression that such an offer was made. He received an offer of employment on the Grand Trunk under Hobson, but was not able to accept it. If he had received the offer of chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Pacific held by Mr. Stephen he certainly would have accepted. He knew of Canadian engineers who were willing and competent for the position.

Fell Into Water.

Kington, Ont., Aug. 2. — George Zeigler, sen., a retired brewery employee, went to Lake Ontario this forenoon, and this afternoon his lifeless body was found in the water. It is thought that, as he suffered from spasms from a weak heart, he had been subjected to that he had fallen into the water face downward.

Five Years for Hill.

St. Thomas, Ont., Aug. 2. — Edward Hill, who was arrested the other day after an exciting chase on Ann street, was before Magistrate Glenn at the police court today on the charge of stealing a straw hat from Roy Calcott. He was allowed to go on suspended sentence, but for entering the residence of Wesley Sutton, Ann street, and stealing 35 cents, he was sentenced to five years in Kingston Penitentiary. Hill claims to be a native of Toronto, but has traveled throughout the States.

Guards Are Tripled.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3. — In spite of the fact that the police say the plot respecting the Dundonald matter, "The Minister of the Interior, M. Von Plehve, distinctly placed the Emperor as 'uninvolved,' many extra precautions have been taken to insure his majesty's safety. His personal guard has been tripled.

JAPS FAIL IN A DESPERATE 3 DAYS' ASSAULT ON FORTS

Besieged and Besieger at Death Grips in the Inner Defenses—Russians Lose Heavily.

THE MIKADO'S MEN MOWED DOWN BY THOUSANDS

Che Foo, Aug. 3, 11 a.m. — A desperate three days' assault on the inner defenses on the northern and eastern sides of Port Arthur has failed. A Russian states that the earth trembled under the terrific cannonading, which began July 26 and ended during the night of July 28, when the battle ceased. A Chinese who has arrived here on a junk confirms the Russian's statement that the Russian killed and wounded during the assault numbers between 5,000 and 6,000. The Japanese in their repeated assaults against the eastern forts on the hills through barbed wire entanglements and over mines, displayed fanatical bravery. They were mowed down by the hail of shells and bullets and the explosion of mines under their feet. Their losses are estimated at 2,000. The Russian declares that the Russians held all the eastern forts leading to Golden Hill, and that the Japanese, shattered and exhausted, retired to the eastward.

As related by the passengers from the two junks, the Japanese advance, which began from Kwokan before day-break, July 26 was directed against Kikwan, Kinkitun, Kinkishan and Pichoushan forts, lying near shore. The Russian outposts were driven back. In the meantime Admiral Togo shelled the forts at long range, but the return fire kept his ships at a slight distance, rendering the co-operation of the fleet ineffective.

On the morning of July 27, the Russian fleet steamed out, keeping under the protection of the Golden Hill guns. The Russian vessels did not fire on the Japanese, and soon returned to their anchorage.

The assault on the northern side of the city occurred July 27. The Japanese left at Psikau advanced on the Russians at Shinshi Yang, but were repulsed.

RUSSIANS SUNK GERMAN SHIP

The Thea, Chartered by an English Firm, Destroyed Off Japan.

Berlin, Aug. 3. — The foreign office is without news of the reported sinking of the German steamer Thea off the Japanese coast by the Vladivostok squadron, and assumed that if it is true the case will not prove important. This must be regarded as remarkably in view of the fact that the Russian official report was published by the semi-official news bureau here at 7 a.m. this morning. The only inference admissible is that the Russian Government had omitted sending the official report to Germany.

The Kiel Zeitung says the German steamer Thea, sunk by the Vladivostok squadron had Kiel for a home port, and was chartered by an English firm under the express provision that she was not to be sent to blockade ports, and that she was not to carry troops or contraband of war. Her tonnage was 2,000.

Waldeck-Rousseau III.

Paris, Aug. 3. — The condition of former Premier Waldeck-Rousseau causes serious anxiety. It is feared that the operation for stomach trouble of four months back has not resulted in a permanent cure.

English Public Sentiment Against Lord Dundonald

Is Likely To Be Kept on Half Pay Unless a Fresh War Turns Up.

Quebec, Aug. 2. — Aboard the steamer Ionian, which arrived here this morning at 11:45, almost four days overdue, was Sir Henri Taschereau, chief justice. When interviewed, Sir Henri said he was delighted with his trip to England, for he had been cordially received everywhere. The people were much interested in Canada and the progress of the Canadian people. The lords of the judicial committee had been most obliging and cordial in their treatment. The members of the Canadian bar, and had extended to them every possible courtesy.

Sir Henri was asked what effect the Dundonald episode had in England, and if it was true that he had expressed himself publicly on the matter. He said: "The first intimation," said Sir Henri, "I had that I was accused of expressing myself in public in regard to Lord Dundonald was when the newspapers reached the ship at Rimouski, and I read them on board this morning. When

The junks were within hearing distance for three days after leaving, but no more firing was heard.

The Russian hospitals at Port Arthur are said to be swamped. Thousands of wounded are lying in houses and shops of the Chinese, the owners having been evicted with the exception of one who acts as caretaker of each place. Medical attention is adequate.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2, 1:25 p.m. — The first Russian report of the storming operations at Port Arthur has just been received from the consul of Russia at Che Foo, dated today. It says a general attack began Saturday with Japanese in immense force. There were two days of a bombardment of unprecedented violence. The Japanese, at the time of sending his dispatch, the consul adds, had everywhere been repulsed with great loss. The Japanese casualties possibly reached 20,000, but the Russian losses were insignificant.

The consul further reports that the Russians have an abundance of ammunition. The exact date of the events reported in this telegram is not clear, as the method of transmission is not disclosed. It is possible that it was by a wireless message reporting events which have occurred since last Saturday. On the other hand, the message may have gone by junk to Che Foo, in which case it refers to events of a week and practically the report mentioned in the Associated Press dispatches from Che Foo. In either case the reports have been received with considerable excitement, after the pessimistic rumors spread abroad from foreign sources last week. It seems apparent that the Japanese advance against Gen. Kuropatkin was timed simultaneously with the assault upon Port Arthur.

A JAP CRUISER GOES TO BOTTOM

Roman Paper Hears That the Armored Warship Kasuga Has Been Sunk.

Rome, Aug. 3. — The Giornale d'Italia today prints in an extra edition a dispatch from Tokio announcing that the Japanese armored cruiser Kasuga (formerly the Argentine warship Rivadavia and purchased in Italy), had been sunk. The announcement caused a great sensation. The Kasuga and Nishin, armored cruisers were purchased by Japan from Argentina. The Kasuga, on May 15 collided with and sank the Japanese cruiser Yoshino, only 90 of the latter's crew being saved. Both the Kasuga and the Nishin have taken part in the bombardments of Port Arthur. The Kasuga was of 7,700 tons displacement, carried a crew of 500 officers and men, and mounted one 10-inch gun, two 8-inch, fourteen 6-inch, ten 5-inch, and 8 small rapid-fire guns.

Another Panama Loan.

New York, Aug. 3. — The Republic of Panama has made another big loan on real estate of this city. A loan of \$900,000 at 4½ per cent was made by the representatives of the republic, on a large Broadway building. This sum is part of the \$10,000,000 which the Panama Republic received from the United States for the Isthmian Canal concession, and its representatives have already loaned out on mortgage nearly \$1,500,000 on real estate in this city.

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STRAW SALE.

Special clearing of Fancy Washing Zephyrs, in stripes and checks, regular price 15c and 20c. **10c** On Sale at.....

BAYLEY'S.

FALL BACK FROM YANG SEE PASS

General Kuropatkin Admits to Heavy Losses.

HOPES TO HOLD MAIN POINTS

Eastern Russia Force Evacuates Yang Tsu Ling—Japs Hold Tai Kow, Menacing Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3, 2:30 a.m.—The Japanese and Russian reports seem to agree on the main points of the military developments up to Aug. 1, but stop short at the interesting point, namely, what happened on Aug. 2, when it is possible that a decisive struggle was going on east and south of Liao Yang. It is evident that the Russians abandoned Yangsee Pass, falling back on Lianchiang, a strong defensive position in the hills twenty-four miles southeast of Liao Yang. General Kuropatkin admits that there were heavy losses along the Salimatzze Liao Yang road on July 31. The official account indicates that although the Russians withdrew from their advanced posts, Kuropatkin hoped to be able to hold his main positions even in the face of the superior Japanese force, and that he evidently expected heavy fighting along this line, probably about Aug. 1. This battle possibly was proceeding on Aug. 2.

Meanwhile, a serious enveloping movement of three Japanese divisions was maturing around the Russian left at Hai Cheng, where there already was heavy fighting on July 31. "Today the enemy is acting undecidably on the southern front, and a reconnaissance has ascertained the beginning of a turning movement of the left wing of our troops posted at Hai Cheng by at least three Japanese divisions.

"Our eastern detachment was engaged until noon today in the direction of Samiatze and Liao Yang. It was seen that the enemy was advancing, apparently in small bodies, against the right flank of our rear guard."

Kuropatkin Hopes.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The Emperor has received the following dispatch from Gen. Kuropatkin, dated Aug. 1: "According to the reports of the officer commanding the eastern portion of our army, his troops, after abandoning advanced positions in the Yangsee Pass, retired in the direction of Lianchiang towards Samiatze and Liao Yang."

"Yesterday our troops, after a stubborn fight, retired from their advanced posts to their principal positions, but although our troops held their advanced positions, they sustained heavy losses. I hope that in their main positions they will maintain a successful struggle even against the numerically superior enemy."

"According to reports received during the last few days, Gen. Kuropatkin has effected a concentration of his forces in order to strike in the direction of Samiatze and Liao Yang."

"All the Japanese troops which were posted in the direction of Benkshon and near Sassy seemed to be intended to operate on the right flank of the 'Taishu River.'"

Japs Undecided.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—General Sakharoff, under date of Aug. 1, reports obstinate fighting in the direction of the Salimatzze-Liao Yang road, July 30 and July 31, the Russian vanguard retaining its position until Aug. 1, when it retired to Yangsee Pass. During a reconnaissance in the direction of Feng Wang Cheng, on July 30, General Sakharoff reports that two officers and thirty-four men were wounded, and on July 31, during a reconnaissance in the direction of Lianchiang, two officers were killed and one officer and twenty-four men were wounded. The same day when the Japanese occupied the pass between the Tausshikan and Houtsiatze (25 miles from Liao Yang), 5 officers and 40 men were wounded. General Sakharoff also says that "the enemy is acting undecidably on our south front."

An All-Day Fight.

Hai Cheng, Monday, Aug. 1, 9:40 p.m.—Delayed.—The battle raged a whole day on July 31 along the southern and eastern fronts. The Japanese advanced with overwhelming forces, flanking the Russians on their right. The losses of the Russians, however, were slight. The Seventh Siberian Regiment drove the Japanese out of one position.

Tokio, Aug. 2.—1 p.m.—It is reported here that after three days of desperate fighting, the Japanese have captured

Shan Tai Kow, one of the important defenses of Port Arthur. **Russians Evacuate.**

Liao Yang, Aug. 2.—After a fierce battle the eastern Russian force has evacuated Yang Tsu Ling, six miles west of Motien Pass. New Chwang, Aug. 2.—Gen. Kukushina arrived here this morning, having marched up from Port Dahn. The Japanese are confident that the reported legitimate of Hai Cheng by their troops is true. They say the Russians there probably were outflanked by Gen. Nodzu, Gen. Fukushina called upon United States Consul General Miller today and thanked him for his work in assisting Japanese refugees and maintaining order at the time of the Russian evacuation at New Chwang.

Kellar Scorned Danger.

Rome, Aug. 2.—In an interview published in the local branch of the later Liechtenstein, Count Kellar says that the general ought not to have been exposed to the fire of the Japanese, and desired to personally direct the operation of the army.

At New Chwang.

New Chwang, Aug. 2.—A large depot of army supplies has been established by the Japanese at the old Russian railway station, and 2,000 troops are kept on guard there. Japanese transports and hospital ships are expected here hourly. It is not yet developed what will be in view of the war, the status of the local branch of the Russo-Chinese Bank. This bank was organized and financed by the Russian Government to further Russian interests in Manchuria and the far east. It is under the control of the Russian Government and has a strong foothold in China and Manchuria. The bank has at present over fifty million roubles loaned out in New Chwang. It is considered here that Japan's regard for the bank as the property of the Russian Government, and its assets and profits in Manchuria, is a legitimate source of war in lieu of the indemnity. The first evidence of this possibility is shown by the fact that the Japanese flag is now flying over the bank property.

Up to the present time the Japanese authorities have refused to recognize the bank as a consular agent here, to whom Russia has transferred her interests, including the bank property, because his appointment was subsequent to the opening of hostilities. Rumors are current in Chinese quarters that General Kuropatkin, who left Hai Cheng yesterday afternoon, they said they never had experienced such a defeat.

A Strong Position.

Tokio, Aug. 2.—In the Japanese-Chinese war, when the Japanese besieged Port Arthur, Shantung Tai Kow was placed by the Japanese as the mustering place of the various battalions of the first division who gathered together at the side of Shan Tai Kow, or Tai Kow Mountain, situated north of Port Arthur, previous to the assault on the fortress. The Japanese position on the railroad leading from Port Arthur to Kin Chou, and is between Incentz Bay and the former than to the latter. Roughly speaking, Shan Tai Kow is about ten miles from the actual fortress of Port Arthur. It is a position of great natural strength, commanding a broad plain leading to Wanchiatun, another strong position on hills about four miles from the fortress.

Alexieff at Harbin.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—According to reliable information Alexieff, commander of the Russian fleet, is due at Vladivostok tomorrow. It is stated that eight torpedo boats were recently sold in the United States to the Japanese Government. The sailing of the whole Baltic squadron is probable within a fortnight. The admiralty has issued instructions through the foreign office to the consuls along the route to prepare for 20 vessels within three weeks.

Orange Meat

A Perfect Food

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S Dysentery Cordial is a specially adapted remedy for dysentery, cholera, summer complaint, seasickness and complaints incidental to children teething. It gives immediate relief to those suffering from the effects of indigestion and acts with wonderful rapidity, and never fails to conquer the disease. No one need fear cholera if they have a bottle of this medicine convenient.

An Austrian statistician finds that the average lease of life of a medical practitioner is 60 years. Deaths due to tubercular consumption only amount among them to 7 per cent, thus showing how careful they are in taking precautions against infection. On the other hand, fully 40 per cent of doctors die of heart disease and nervous collapse.

It's the Kidneys

Close the sewers of a city and an epidemic rages. The kidneys are the sewers of the body. Let these vital organs become diseased and the whole system is affected, dizziness, headache, dull, listless feeling, shooting pains in the back, tell that the kidneys are in trouble, and a neglect of nature's warning means uric acid poisoning and dreaded Bright's disease.

GIN PILLS

make kidneys healthy. They instantly relieve all kidney troubles—clear, heal, purify, strengthen but the kidneys in perfect condition to perform their work as nature intended. We have such implicit confidence in the virtues of Gin Pills that we authorize doctors to refund the money if they fail to cure. At all drugists, 50c box, 6 boxes for \$2.50—direct from **THE BOLE DRUG CO., Winnipeg, Man.**

ASK FOR

INDIA PALE ALE

The barley and hops used are the finest that money can secure. It is a prime favorite.

10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

LIGHTNING SCARES NEW YORK FOLKS

Thirty-Five Bolts Strike in 45 Minutes of Time.

PANDEMONIUM IN THE 200

People Rush Panic-Stricken From the Skyscrapers—Ferry Boats Have a Narrow Escape.

New York, Aug. 3.—Fanglike flames of lightning darted down from a heavy black cloud that rolled over New York City shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, striking buildings, elevated structures and trees. The Flatiron, postoffice and Broadway chambers buildings and Tammany Hall were struck by bolts of lightning. The Flatiron was almost completely destroyed. The postoffice called thousands of women and men, hundreds of office buildings, trembled as the green flashes hissed and spouted and the thunder boomed, and many were felt to their knees and prayed. From the top stories of the tall office buildings the tenants came scurrying to the ground floor, not waiting for elevators in their rush for places of safety.

The police reports show that the lightning struck thirty times in the last forty-five minutes' duration of the storm. In the business district large buildings were struck five times, the postoffice building twice and the elevated structure three times. Further uptown at least six residences were struck. In Central Park and on the streets ten trees were struck and some of them shivered.

Around Jamaica, L. I., and in Brooklyn the lightning struck a number of times. Six telephone poles and the knoecked down near Jamaica, and the telephone and telegraph service was crippled. When the Flatiron building was struck panic reigned within it and the stairways were choked with fleeing persons, who believed that the freak structure was about to be torn to pieces. In the streets a mad rush of people was on foot, and many were seen to be running, or stooping and trying to run away, or stooping and trying to run away, or stooping and trying to run away.

In Central Park pandemonium reigned. The great oaks in the house, with terrifying screams and moans, launched their bodies against the iron bars of their cages, until the building shook. Elephants trumpeted, and their shrill calls were heard above the roar of the storm. Buffets and trolleys moaned in fright. The keepers, with a mixed feeling of fear and pity, did what they could to calm the animals, but until the storm had passed their efforts were fruitless. They said they never had experienced such a storm.

The clang of the bells and shrieks of whistles as fire apparatus rumbled over the streets while the storm raged, added to the pandemonium. Windows were broken in a number of boats, and passengers drenched. Several of the boats were overturned, and many were crowded with passengers, the panic was so great that a number of women fainted and men crowded together and wept.

A bolt of lightning struck the Third Avenue elevated structure near Fifty-first street, and the third rail burst into vivid flame for several blocks in both directions, setting fire to the structure. Several trains were near. The passengers, some of them, were thrown from the trains, and many were injured. The fire was extinguished by a fire engine, but the damage was done. The fire was extinguished by a fire engine, but the damage was done.

The terrifying electrical display was accompanied by a tremendous down-pour of rain, one and three-quarter inches of water falling during the storm. The cellar and engine room of the Stock Exchange building were flooded, and it was feared that the great ropes of cables and telegraph wires leading into the building might become loose and start a fire. A fire engine was asked for to pump the cellar dry, but the water was so deep that it was impossible to pump it out. The water was so deep that it was impossible to pump it out.

The Brooklyn bridge entrance and the ferryhouse of the Barclay street ferry were flooded, and water poured into hundreds of cellars of buildings along the waterfront and other low streets. The sewers could not carry the water off the streets, and it stood in great pools in many places just after the heavy downpour.

A FIGHT FOR MARKETS

Westerners Will Endeavor to Keep Out American Goods.

Winnipeg, Aug. 3.—Two distinct purposes were accomplished Monday night at a gathering of members of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association at Marlborough. One was the election of Mr. McNaught, superintendent of the exhibition department of the Manufacturers' Association, to a position of honor and appreciation of his labors on behalf of the association, and the second was the enactment of a determination on the part of Canadian manufacturers to put a strong fight on the Canadian markets, and particularly the western portions, where the importation of American goods is the present time exceedingly large in value. It was a rousing patriotic meeting, and while Mr. McNaught was the guest of the evening, the manufacturers took the opportunity of declaring themselves unequivocally in favor of the Canadian market, and it was decided that a phrase heard often, and each time it provoked applause. The chairman of the gathering was John A. Main.

RECEIVED PAPAL BLESSING

Convention of Catholic Societies Opens at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 3.—Three hundred delegates were present in Light Guard Armory, at the opening session of the fourth annual convention of the Catholic societies. The session was devoted to organization and welcoming addresses and the responses. At the afternoon session Secretary Matre, of Cincinnati, read his report, showing a gain during the past year of one state federation and two national Catholic societies. The American federation now comprises a total of ten national organizations in its membership, and has 110 state federations and 300 county federations. The total membership of affiliated organizations is 1,500,000 in 30 states and Porto Rico. Seventy-five

Cash Drawer Interest

is what usually prompts the offering of a substitute when you ask for

BABY'S OWN SOAP.

Your skin's interest is to insist on getting BABY'S OWN SOAP, the best for toilet or nursery.

ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO. Mfrs., Montreal.

WED IN UNDERTAKER'S

Wanted to Get Married Quietly, Says Bride.

New York, Aug. 3.—Justice of the Peace James McElroy, of the City, is an undertaker. While he was engaged in the dourous occupation of affixing the words "We Mourn Our Loss" upon a handsome floral piece yesterday a merry crowd entered. "How beautiful!" exclaimed a young lady. "Have you got one just like that?" "Yes," said the undertaker, "I have. Or maybe you can change the letters on this one? It's so pretty."

The grave justice asked if they came to buy flowers or get a warrant. "No, no; we come to get married," cried a young woman and a man. "Oh," said the undertaker, "I have just the thing for you. I have a beautiful 'Mourn Our Loss' taken out of sight. From a back shelf he picked out a floral piece with 'We Mourn Our Loss' on it. "Maybe this will do."

"Just what we want," said the young couple. Judge McMahon hung "Cupid's bow" on the chandelier, put on his collar, tie and coat, and Miss Emma Louise Macdonald, 22 years old, and Mr. Henry, 32, took their places under the floral piece. Frederick Alexander, his sister Mary and Mary Meyers, were witnesses. The justice performed the ceremony.

"We came here because we wanted to get married quietly," explained the happy bridegroom, "saying the words of the priest."

What better place could you find? responded the justice as he kissed the bride.

GOVERNMENTS DRAGGED IN

Steamship Rate War Causes Friction Between Nations.

Vienna, Aug. 3.—The fight between the Canadian and German lines is said to have led to a conflict between the Hungarian and Austrian Governments, which, it is feared, may seriously affect the relations of the two halves of the monarchy. The Austro-American line recently has taken from Flume large shipments of corn, and the Hungarian Government has taken the business of the Adria line. The Adria line then asked the Hungarian Government to grant a concession. This was done. The Hungarian ministry pointing out that the Austro-American line competition with the existing line of the Canadian line, and the Hungarian Government replied that the Canadian line treaty disregarded the existing relations of the two countries. The Austrian Government replied that the Canadian line treaty disregarded the existing relations of the two countries. The Hungarian Government was solely responsible for the consequences.

The Hungarian ministry of commerce has now resolved to introduce special combined rail and ocean freight rates in connection with the Hungarian railways and the Adria line, which will give the latter a practical monopoly of the Hungarian grain and sugar freights. The new rates are said to be already prepared.

MARRIED IN THE ABBEY

Westminster Thrown Open for a Fashionable Wedding.

London, Aug. 3.—The rare spectacle of a wedding in Westminster Abbey was witnessed today, and it was celebrated with much pomp and display. The Hon. Leopold Canning, eldest son and heir of Baron Garvagh, married Miss Caroline Canning, a young English society, but a great beauty and a great heiress.

Seldom is use of the Abbey granted nowadays for weddings. But in this case the renown of the bridegroom's family and respect for his famous ancestor, George Canning, Prime Minister of England in 1827, won the consent of the dean and canons.

George Canning lies buried in the Abbey. Baron Garvagh was married there, and the bridegroom was christened therein.

The wedding dress of the bride perhaps attracted more attention than the historic surroundings. It was covered with the rarest Brussels lace, with a train especially woven and embroidered in silver shamrocks and roses. The lace alone is said to have cost \$5,000.

MAPLE GROVE NEWS

London Y. M. C. A. Boys Entertain the Ladies at Their Camp.

Monday evening the young ladies of Maple Grove were entertained by the London Junior Y. M. C. A. at their camp. The ladies were met by a number of the boys in rowboats and they conveyed the ladies to shore. After inspecting the tents, all enjoyed a bonfire and watching some of their sports. After the singing of "Auld Lang Syne," the young ladies were escorted back to the yacht by the boys. The trip home by moonlight was much enjoyed. The Misses Fox and guests gave a

Very Special Whitewear Values.

Ladies' Fine Cambric Gowns.

Gowns are always needed and it pays to buy them when they're at prices like these. All odd lots must be cleared at once, and that's why you have such wonderful bargains to pick from today. Note the limited number in each lot and come early sale day for the one you want.

- 12 only, Ladies' Fine White Cambric Gowns, trimmed with lace or embroidery, yokes tucked, three styles, full, large sizes, 54 inch, 60 inch (not soiled), and worth to \$1.75. On sale at each..... **\$1 33**
- 15 only, Ladies' Fine White Cambric Gowns, trimmed with lace or embroidery, yoke of lawn insertion and tucks, embroidery round neck and down front, sleeves with tucks and embroidery; four styles to choose from, sizes 54 inch to 60 inch, worth regular \$2.25. Special sale, at each..... **\$1 47**
- 10 only, Ladies' Fine White Cambric Gowns, trimmed with fine lawn embroidery, yoke of all-over embroidery, collar and front trimmed, and sleeves, sizes 54 inch to 60 inch, regular \$1.25. On sale at, each..... **89c**
- 17 only, Ladies' White Cambric Gowns, trimmed with embroidery round neck and down front, double yoke front and back, sleeves trimmed with embroidery; full sizes, 54 inch and 60 inch. Sale price at each..... **48c**

Clearance Sale of Odds and Ends.

- 300 yards Lawn Embroidery and Insertions, some slightly soiled. All good patterns to choose from, and worth 7c to 9c yard. At about-half price to clear..... **4c**
- LACE BARGAINS—250 yards White Laces and Insertion, Cotton Torchons, Nottingham Lace and Valenciennes, good assortment of patterns, and not soiled, worth to 8c. At half price..... **4c**

GRAY & PARKER

150 Dundas and Carling.

THE ENTIRE TOWN FIGHTS MADMAN

Shoots Him After He Had Killed One and Wounded Eight—Likely To Be Lynched.

Nebraska City, Neb., Aug. 2.—For an hour Monday evening the streets of Nebraska City were filled with armed men, fighting a battle with a lunatic, who, armed with a rifle and a revolver, fired from his window whenever he caught sight of a head in any direction. The man was Jack Carr, a son of a carpenter. Finally, leaving his room, Carr rushed into the streets, and for ten minutes held his own, firing wildly until he fell with a dozen wounds.

During his fight Carr killed one citizen, wounded six others, and also two policemen. Carr is not dead, but is reported to be dying. Should he show signs of not being wounded mortally, he will probably be lynched.

Carr, at 7 o'clock Monday evening, suddenly went insane. Stealing up behind Christian Hartman, he deliberately killed him with a revolver. Then, standing over the dead body, he emptied his pistol into the remains. Shortly after he rushed to his hotel and barricaded his room.

Chief of Police Schoonover, and Patrolman Ingram arrived at his door a few minutes later and Carr began firing through the panes, using a rifle. Carr was shot through the shoulder and fell down the steps, from which he was dragged by citizens who had begun gathering.

When Carr returned the fire, also shooting through the door, but soon he was overpowered by several men. Carr secured a shotgun, and opened fire on the crowd which had gathered before. Carr could get to cover he had wounded several.

Then the battle became general. Every man who had a gun began shooting at Carr's window, from which the maimed lunatic continued to fire at every opportunity. Finally Policeman Ingram secured a postulant from which he could see directly in Carr's room, and soon made it too hot for him to stay there.

The firing from the hotel suddenly ceased, and the citizens supposed Carr had been killed. But with a shout the madman rushed from the front door, firing his repeating gun as he ran. The crowd again scattered, and for a few moments the situation was controlled. During these few minutes he paraded up and down before the building, yelling and screaming.

Then Ingram and a citizen charged on Carr, while other citizens fired at him. Carr fell to the ground, but they continued firing until he was hit no less than twenty times, when he became unconscious and his guns were taken from him.

A New Peril.

Paris, Aug. 2.—Unexpected conditions were almost responsible for a disaster to a French submarine boat maneuvering near Havre this week. The boat entered a tributary of the Seine and it was immediately seen that something was wrong.

When the boat would not rise to the surface a hasty retreat was made and this undoubtedly saved the lives of those on board as well as the boat. It had entered water which was practically fresh, and fresh water is not of sufficient density to permit of travel by submarine boats as at present conditions. Had the boat continued in the fresh water it could not have risen to the surface, and all on board must have perished.

Musical Hair Tonic.

London, Aug. 2.—Piano-playing is now said to be an excellent tonic for the hair, in support of which theory the luxuriant locks of many famous pianists are mentioned, and certainly when one comes to think of it, it is rare indeed to see a professional pianist who is not thoroughly well supplied with hair. Indeed, it has often been laughingly said that it is impossible to make a name for oneself in the musical world, either as a pianist or violinist, without long hair, and if this theory is correct it would seem as if to some extent this is true, the explanation being that the more brilliant and powerful an executant one is the more luxuriant is one's hair.

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Clear The Road

Many kinds of Food tend to clog the system and obstruct the natural functions of the body just as fallen trees across a roadway impede natural travel.

A GOVERNMENT report shows GRAPE-NUTS food nearly twice as soluble as any other cereal food, prepared or unprepared, and THIRTEEN TIMES AS SOLUBLE AS OATMEAL. That means available nourishment prepared so the weakest stomach can assimilate it without effort.

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Ten days trial of GRAPE-NUTS shows grand results, especially in cases of brain-fag or nervous prostration. Trial proves.

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