

The St. Andrews Standard.

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No 18

SAINT-ANDREWS NEW BRUNSWICK, MAY 3, 1871.

Vol 38

Poetry.

OUR DARLING.

Bounding like a football,
Kicking at the door;
Falling from the table top,
Sprawling on the floor;
Smashing cups and saucers,
Splitting dolly's head;
Putting little pussy cat
Into baby's bed.

Building shops and houses,
Spoiling father's hat;
Hiding mother's precious keys
Underneath the mat;
Jumping on the fender,
Poking at the fire;
Dancing on his little legs—
Legs that never tire—
Making mother's heart leap
Fifty times a day;
Aging everything we do,
Every word we say.

Shouting, laughing, tumbling,
Roaring with a will,
Anywhere and everywhere,
Never, never still.

Present—bringing sunshine;
Absent—leaving night;
That's our precious darling,
That's our heart's delight.

Interesting Tale.

THE SERPENT BRACELET.

The scene of the following tale is laid in the State of Pennsylvania; and it is necessary to preface it by informing the reader that in the United States a marriage can be effected, at any moment, without previous notice, by either a clergyman or a justice of the peace.

Stonely Hall lifted itself a huge pile of gray, uncompromising masonry against a dull sky. On the right bare hills arose, their ruggedness scarcely mellowed by distance; and on the right, a wide stretch of marshy flats, with the river crawling sluggishly through.

Henry Lawrence, riding slowly along the road, gazed wistfully towards the Hall, and half checked his horse as he came opposite the avenue gates. Then, with a muttered imprecation at his own folly, he loosed the rein, and dashed away at full speed upon his mission, whatever it may have been.

Returning a few hours later, through the darkness of night, he found the windows of the Hall all aglow with ruddy light. There was no hesitation in his manner now, as he rode immediately to the stables, and himself attended to the comfort of his horse. Evidently he was perfectly at home with the place and its surroundings.

He next turned towards the house, but stopped midway up the path. A tiny red spark gleamed at him from the midst of the dead leaves, strewn in golden heaps; and, stooping, he assured himself of the actuality of the thing, which struck him with a sudden chill. Only a cigar-end, yet holding its heart of fire, which told that it had but a moment before left the lips of the smoker.

In an instant he had received the evidence of this mute witness, and shut his heart against the reasonings and palliations a less jealous nature might have entertained. Captain Stonely never smoked. Therefore an intruder had been upon the grounds; and who so likely as the man on whom he lavished all the bitterness of his hate, George St. Mark?

He crushed the offending fragment to atoms, and gave the fragrant dust to the winds; then strode on through the portal, his face darkened by what at least he considered justifiable anger.

In a spacious room, with a great fire blazing on the hearth, Captain Stonely and his youngest daughter, Louise, were seated before a blazing fire. They both started as Henry Lawrence entered, and gave him cordial welcome.

An unpleasant night, he said, answering their remarks. There will be snow before midnight, I think.

Captain Stonely poked the fire vigorously. Lawrence took a seat and drew close to it, asking, "Where is Eliza?"

At the instant she appeared upon the threshold. Henry! she exclaimed, I scarcely expected you to-night. The wind has risen almost to a gale.

Necessity, which knows no law, cannot be expected to flinch where inclination delights to venture. Even this searching blast does not preclude the possibility of clandestine amours, I find.

Louise gazed at him wonderingly, and Eliza flashed an indignant look.

You are tired and chilled, and consequently cross, Louise remarked. You shall have mulled

wine and sponge cake to put you in good humour. And she fitted away.

Captain Stonely began to doze, and Henry drew Eliza imperatively aside.

Are you deceiving me again? he said. He has been here to-night.

Who has been here, Mr. Lawrence? and in what manner have I ever deceived you?

George St. Mark, he said, ignoring the latter part of her inquiry. You will not deny it.

I never deny the truth, she said.

The bitter words upon his tongue died away beneath the pang of agony he experienced. He had hoped his suspicion might prove unfounded.

And this woman's faith! he said, at last.

Man's injustice, rather, she retorted. Henry, will you never trust me? Must you always imagine mountains of intrigue where not a shadow of actual intercourse exists?

What am I to think? he demanded. You led me to believe you were scarcely acquainted with the man, and now I have discovered the contrary.

I thought you generous enough to credit me with sincerity, she said. You will know some day how groundless are your suspicions.

Louise coming in with the wine and cake put an end to this uncomfortable tete-a-tete.

Almost simultaneously Miss Gresham entered, and, after passing salutations with Henry, took a seat near Eliza.

They were cousins, and in points of general resemblance, enough alike to have been mistaken for twin sisters. Miss Gresham was looking haggard and ill.

Henry marked the fact indifferently. What were the cares or joys of humanity to him who had proved the futility of woman's constancy?

There was a constant clicking which Louise overheard to banish.

Er-and by Henry rose to depart, and the Captain came out of his trap to see him drawing on his gloves.

You are not going away to-night? he cried out in astonishment. Don't think of it!

I regret the necessity which will not permit of my encroaching upon your hospitality this time, he said, thereby uttering a deliberate subterfuge, for his present mood alone sent him forth.

Louise followed him to the door.

Have you been quarrelling with Eliza? she said.

And if I have, little Lou?

She is so sensitive, she will not brook complaint. Don't tell the death-bell to your own happiness.

Eliza looked into the hall undecidedly, and then came swiftly towards them.

Let us part friends, she said, extending her hand. I could not sleep if I thought you had gone away angry.

Forgive me if I judged you rashly, Eliza.

This once, yes. But you must trust me fully.

He stooped over the hand he held, and doing so, noticed the bracelet on her wrist. A coiled serpent, with quivering golden scales, and emerald eyes. He had seen her wear it a hundred times before, but to-night it impressed him unpleasantly.

What an ugly ornament, Eliza! I don't like it.

The night was dimly dark, and the snow was falling in fine atoms that stuck like needles upon his face; but he had that within him which enabled him to combat the storm, and laugh at its efforts to discomfit him.

I wonder if I am a fool to be thus swayed by a woman? he mused. An hour ago I was convinced of her fidelity; and now her single word has lifted the entire load of doubt from my mind.

The holidays were celebrated with all manner of festivities at Stonely Hall.

Henry Lawrence had been urged to take up his abode there for the time, but declined, preferring to ride to and fro from his own place. Perhaps one reason for this was, that his intensely jealous nature would not permit him to witness unmoved even the civilities Eliza was bound to bestow upon the guests of his own sex.

They had been having tableaux in the Hall, and Henry's part in the performance ending, he made preparations for a quiet withdrawal.

The next night was to witness the conclusion of these galas, which were to culminate in a masquerade ball, and he wisely resolved to preserve all surplus animation for that occasion.

He looked about him for Eliza to utter a parting word, but not seeing her, he went disappointed out into the moonlight night.

arm disclosed he caught the glint of the golden scales and gleam of the green eyes belonging to the serpent bracelet.

This, then, was the regard of a woman for her voluntary given promise! He strode fiercely down the garden path hoping to overtake her companion and make sure of his identity also. In this he was disappointed, but by the gate picked a scrap of paper, twisted and half burned, and smoothing it out, read in the moonlight—"St. Mark."

There was little rest for Henry Lawrence that night. The jealous fiend held possession over him again, and every nerve and sinew quivered beneath its acute torture.

Over the chaos of his tumultuous impulses he deduced but one decision. He would never succumb, the crushed victim of a designing coquette.

Lawrence was late at the ball next night. Passing up the avenue, he fancied that a shadow flitted across his path; but a close investigation of surrounding shrubbery revealed nothing. The moon, just rising, threw an uncertain light as he stood gazing at the ill, from which the sounds of merriment were distinctly wafted to him. Below, every window gave forth a volume of reflected light; and above single torch light burned steadily behind a gable pane. Suddenly the last was removed, but after a moment replaced; this was repeated three successive times, and then disappeared.

Henry's jealous imitations received this phenomenon as a token intended for other eyes than his, and remembering his resolution he passed in.

The ante room was quite dark, and as he entered, he heard the rustle of garments, and felt one one brush swiftly past him.

A second later, Louise appeared in door way with a light, and carrying her domino in her hand.

You are very late, Henry! How careless to have extinguished the light here! You very nearly stumbled upon the mysteries of ladies' toilets; the gentlemen's room is next door. If you are quick, you can go up stairs with me.

She seemed strangely embarrassed by their recurrence, and another intuition flashed across him. She had expected to meet a different person.

Al, little Lou, he said, sorrowfully, are you too tired to be here to-night?

You know, then? He generous—do not expect them!

Do not fear, he answered, lightly. If a word could change the fact, I would not utter it.

Come, then, and help me screen her absence, she said; but stopped as his start assured her that he had not expected so much.

She is gone?

I told you, she faltered.

Without a word, he drew her hand through his arm, and went to look where the crowd in its mingling of grotesque costumes carried him forcibly on its tide as it ebbed and flowed through the wide-crowded rooms. He was in prison at his own temerity in tearing the blow, and philosophically ceased his chance of drawing a counter-thrust. Why not use the same weapon as a foil?

Louise had left him but he sought her out again.

Were you ever in love, Lou?

Not seriously, she laughed.

How much do you care for me?

More than for any other man I know, except Papa. She had caught his drift already. You are not plotting another elopement for to-night?

You have ready wit, little mouse.

But the necessity does not exist in your case. I will never do.

Listen to me, I cannot bear that Eliza shall triumph over the woman she will suppose her faithfulness has inflicted. I will be true and tender towards you if you will trust your future with me. Think of my humiliation to her, and consent to mine.

He felt her frame quiver with suppressed agitation, and when she replied, her voice sounded strangely choked.

It is eleven now. Give me an hour to think of it.

Midnight came, and with a rush for the supper rooms. Louise Stonely and Henry Lawrence were alone in the deserted saloon.

Well? He asked.

If you do not retract within five minutes, I shall comply with your request, she said.

He had it on his lips to answer of his inflexible resolve, but the expression was checked unuttered.

There was the slight bustle of an arrival, and a second later he faced his enemy, Geo. St. Mark. Clinging to his arm, his new made bride, was not Eliza, but Miss Gresham.

The news flew through the house with electric speed, and instant confusion reigned.

Do you wish your answer now? whispered Louise, mischievously.

one good result. It cured him of his groundless jealousy, and moreover proved the conjectured point that a woman can keep a secret. For Louise, did not divulge her knowledge until his own and Eliza's wedding day.

Edward Jenner, M. D.

THE DISCOVERER OF VACCINATION BORN, MAY 17, 1749. DIED, FEBRUARY, 1826.

Edward Jenner was the third of the Vicars of Berkeley, in Gloucestershire. He was born on the 17th of May, 1749. He was one of the great antiquity in the country, and considered a landed proprietor.

Jenner received his education in the school of Dr. W. Jones, of Gloucester, and early in life showed a strong and growing predilection for inquiries in natural history. On making choice of medicine as his profession he was removed from school, and placed as an apprentice with Mr. Ludlow, a surgeon of great repute at Sunbury, near Bristol.

At the age of twenty-one Jenner went to London, to pursue his studies under the care of John Hunter, in whose house he resided as a pupil during two years; and during this time a warm and lasting friendship sprang up between the master and his pupil—Hunter being much charmed by the industry and zeal displayed by Jenner, and by the excellence and delicacy with which he made some most valuable dissections.

After his return to Berkeley, some years later, Jenner frequently corresponded with Hunter; and some of the letters, preserved in Dr. Baron's "Memoirs," are full of lively interest on subjects of natural history and physiology. At Berkeley Jenner soon acquired a large practice; his surgical attainments, together with his very general information, and his amiable and polished manners, secured him a welcome reception from the most distinguished families in the district.

His long country rides served to gratify his keen relish for the picturesque beauty in which the neighborhood abounded; and friends were often glad to accompany him twenty miles in his morning rides, eagerly listening to the overflows of an enthusiastic amateur of nature and art.

The dress of Mr. Jenner, the Berkeley surgeon, is described as having been usually a blue coat with yellow buttons, buckskins, well polished jockey-boots, with handsome silver spurs, and his hair, after the fashion of the day, done up in a club, was surmounted by a top-hat-brimmed hat.

In 1788, Jenner married Miss Catharine Kingscote, a lady of elegant manners, accomplished mind, and vigorous understanding; in her counsel and sympathy he found support in many of the future trials of his life. About this time, too, he gained much distinction by papers on natural history, read before the Royal Society. Finding the fatigues of general practice becoming too laborious to him, Jenner resolved to confine himself now to the practice of medicine, and obtained, in 1792, from the University of St. Andrew's, the degree of M. D.

At the close of 1791, just as Jenner was on the eve of making his great discovery, he was attacked with typhus fever, and well nigh died of the disease; thanks, however, to the good hand of Providence, and the attentions of Dr. Parry, of Bath, Jenner was happily brought through his dangerous illness, and soon after his recovery he found him earnestly investigating the cow-pox, as it affected the human subject.

It happened that while Jenner was pursuing his professional education with Mr. Ludlow, of Sudbury, a young woman chanced to be in the surgery, and, hearing mention made of small-pox, she remarked that she could not take that disease, as she had already had the cow-pox. On inquiry, Jenner found it to be a popular notion in the district that those who had once had cow-pox were never attacked by small-pox. It appeared that, in Dorsetshire, a pustular eruption showing itself on the hands of those who milked cows, similarly diseased, had already attracted the attention of Sir George Baker; but he, at that time, was in the heat of controversy respecting the endemic colic of Devonshire, and did not pursue the subject.

Jenner, in one of his note-books, dated 1799, says that he can find no direct allusion to the cow-pox disease in any ancient writer, though the following, Jenner thought, bore some relation to it: When the Dukes of Cleveland was taunted by her companions, Lady Mary Davis and others, that she might soon have to deplore the loss of that beauty which was then her boast, as virulent small-pox was raging in London, she made reply that she had had a disorder which would prevent her from even catching the small-pox.—[Good Health for May.]

The Young Men's Christian Association of Dover, England, by a vote of fifteen to thirteen, has expelled "Punch," the comic paper, from its reading room. The action has elicited several essays on the uses of wit and humor.

Real glory springs from the silent conquest of ourselves.

An Electric Joke.

Some weeks ago, one of the illustrious sons of science, the vaillant electric man opened out at Fourth and Market streets, with his dual for testing how much tortoise-shell voluntary victims could stand. To stimulate trade he kept a standing offer to pay \$5 to whom ever could stand as much electric fluid as his machine would furnish. One day, a boy presented himself, and announced that he had come to win that \$5.

The man handed him the "handles," and started the machine. The boy stood it wonderfully. The operator turned the crank faster, and asked the boy how it felt. The boy said it did not feel at all. The man thought something must be the matter, and commenced an elaborate tightening up of the screws, and then commenced another series of swift revolutions, which ought to have produced a current sufficient to kill the boy; still he laughingly assured the fellow that he did not experience the slightest sensation. Out of patience, the man demanded to see his hands, and then the secret was explained. The boy belonged to the telegraph office, and had picked up one sleeve of his coat, around his shoulders, and down the other sleeve, and then uncovered the ends of the wires in each hand—

Thus armed, he had gone to the electric man; of course, the uncovered ends of the wire, pressed against the metallic handles, presented a better medium than the boy's body, and the current simply passed to them and along the insulated wire around the boy's body, without touching him. That "electrician" was very good, and thought the more so as the crowd drawn together thought it a good joke, and took the boy's part. The man was so laughed at that he left town.

JUST AS HE WAS—Two men met together one day, one of them newly married. After enquiring for each other's health, one of them says to the other, "I've gotten a wife this I saw ye list."

O, says the other, that's good!

Well, nae sae guid's as ye wad think, for she's nae a guid ane.

O, says the other that's bad!

Nae ane bad's as ye wad think, for I got six hundred pounds wi' her.

That was good.

Nae sae guid's ye wad think, for I bocht houses wi' it, an' they war a' burnt.

That was very bad surely!

Nae sae very bad's as ye wad think, for my wife was burnt wi' them. They cam' together, and they gae'd together, so I'm just as I wis.

A little five year old boy was being instructed in morals by his grandmother. The old lady told him that all such terms as "why golly," "oh jingo," "by thunder," etc., were only minced oaths, and but little better than any other profanity. In fact, she said he could tell a profane oath by the prefix "why." All such were oaths. "Well, then, grandmother," said the orphan, "there's a big oath in the newspaper." "By telegraph," the old lady gave it up, and the boy is consid'ably bewild'n in morals.

He is but half prepared for the journey of life who takes not with him that friend who will forsake him in no emergency, who will divide his sorrows, increase his joys, lift the veil from his heart, and throw sunshine around the darkest scenes.

Every parent is like a looking glass for his children to dress themselves by. Therefore parents should care to keep the glass bright and clear, not dull and spotted, as their good example is a rich inheritance for the rising generation.

Scraps from the American Newspaper Reporter.

To add to fortune—Advertise. Hotel courtesy—im attention. Cure for brain or fire—blow it out.

A word to the people in debt—get out! A brass and iron is made of brass and iron. Song of the billiard ball—"Oh, Carom me back!"

Sorosis women declare that they won't wear dresses any longer.

There is so much "whiskey paper" about in Cincinnati that money is tight.

Song of a man going to have a tooth drawn—how happy would I be with ether.

There is no use in praising the perfect style of ladies dresses, for they are pulled enough.

Dare to change your mind, confess your error, and alter your conduct, when you are convinced you are wrong.

The reason why editors have that meane spoiled, is because they receive so many evil communications.

Texas has a new game in cards—one holds a revolver, the other holds the cards. A winner holds the inquest.

What is the difference between a High Church Episcopalian and a Baptist? One burns wax candles and the other dips.



EMERY FOR

PTION,

dominant physicians to be

ration over in Toledo

and cure at all

PLAINTS.

afford to the public, man-

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Arteritis, Palms of

Chest and Side,

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Jaundice, &c.

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A. KELLOGG, M.D.

H. H. MAYER, M.D.

we were delighted to see our old friend... The... show the enterprise... Price 13... New York.

ED.

Samuel Thomson, aged 8... of A. T. Paul, Esq.,...

On Sunday, April 2nd, they Thompson, late of and Adjutant of the First... of Elginshire Rifle... years.

resided here for several... resented for his... intelligence, and chari... Ed. Standard... the 27th April, aged 76... an old resident of that

News

ST. ANDREWS

CRIVED

Coats, Boston, Belfast, E...

unt, bal, R. Ross... Boston, ballast... Boston, bid a. Shaw Bro... St. John, ballast... St. Stephen, meal, a. J... and others... ritt, Boston, corn, G S...

Boston, ballast... R. B. Beach, plaster... rson, Houghton, Philadel... pig iron, N. Best... oney, Portsmouth, 2,200... and Glenn... Beach, 8,000 staves—

Hunt, Portsmouth, 3,000... Boston, 2720 cedar poles... Glenn... 28—Lizzie, Lighton...

from 14 to 15 years of... ad and writes, to attend in a... by the STANDARD OFFICE.

GOU TEA.

an" from London... Half Chests good Congou

J. W. STREET.

ick, ss.

the County of Charlotte, or... within the said County, Gre... ugus Wetmore, Administra... J. Wetmore deceased, a... leaving date the twenty... instant, represented that... he deceased which has com... for the payment of debts... state, and has prayed that... be granted to him to sell such... of the said deceased, as... required to cite the heirs at... of J. Wetmore, and all... appear before me at a Court... held at the Office of the... of Saint Andrews, in the said... the Nineteenth day of May... in the forenoon, for the... and Petition, and the... of such license.

GEY D. STREET.
Judge of Probate... ny.

T HOUSE, OTTAWA.

15th day of April, 1871.

PRESENT:

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority of the Act 34 Geo. 3, c. 11, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, that the following Regulations, in the County of Dundas, Ontario, shall be and the same to be and constituted a War...

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

LOTTERY

DOLLARS

Worth of Music
FOR \$3

Subscribers to PETERS... MUSICAL MONTHLY are... getting their Music for... less than two cents apiece... Those who have not seen... this Musical Magazine... should send 30 cents for... a sample copy. The mu... is by HAYS, THOMAS... KINKEL, PRESLEY, and... other poplar writers... Two back numbers for... 40 cents. Four back numbers... for 75 cents.

Address,
99 Broadway, New-York.

Government House, Ottawa,
Thursday, 6th day of April, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency that the public convenience would be promoted if the Custom House station at Esquimaux Point, which is situated in closer proximity to the Port of Gaspé than to that of Quebec, with which it is now connected, was detached from the last mentioned Port and erected into an Out Port of Entry, and placed under the survey of the Port of Gaspé.

His Excellency the Governor General on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th Section of the Act 1 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs" has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered, that on and after the first day of April, next, the Port of Esquimaux Point shall be, and is hereby detached from the Port of Quebec and placed under the survey of the Port of Gaspé, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Government Railways!

Summer Arrangement, 1871.

ON and after MONDAY, the 8th May next, Trains will run as follows—

GOING EAST

No. 2 Will leave St. John at 7 A. M., Hampton at 8 A. M., Sussex 9 A. M., Petitediac 10 10 A. M., Moncton 11 14 A. M., Paines 11 40 A. M., Shediac 12 09 P. M., and arrive at Point DuChene 12 15 P. M.

No. 4 Will leave St. John at 1 15 A. M., Hampton at 6 P. M., and arrive at Sussex at 7 P. M., Shediac 7 27 P. M., and arrive at Point DuChene 7 35 P. M.

No. 6 Will leave St. John at 2 30 P. M., Hampton at 4 14 P. M., Sussex 6 P. M., and arrive at Petitediac 7 30 P. M.

No. 8 Will leave St. John at 6 P. M., Hampton at 6 P. M., and arrive at Sussex at 7 P. M., Shediac 7 27 P. M., and arrive at Point DuChene 7 35 P. M.

No. 10 Will leave Paines Junction at 11 40 A. M., Dorchester 12 52 P. M., Sackville 1 39 P. M., and arrive at Amherst at 2 10 P. M.

GOING WEST

No. 1 Will leave Sussex at 7 A. M., Hampton at 8 A. M., and arrive at St. John at 8 A. M.

No. 3 Will leave Petitediac at 5 30 A. M., Sussex at 7 40 A. M., Hampton at 9 35 A. M., and arrive at St. John at 10 10 A. M.

No. 5 Will leave Point DuChene at 8 A. M., Shediac at 8 06 A. M., Paines at 8 38 P. M., Moncton at 8 50 A. M., Petitediac 10 01 A. M., Sussex 11 15 A. M., Hampton 12 15 P. M., and arrive at St. John at 1 30 P. M.

No. 7 Will leave Point DuChene at 10 45 A. M., Shediac 10 53 A. M., Paines 11 35 A. M., Moncton 12 30 P. M., Petitediac 2 13 P. M., Sussex 4 10 P. M., Hampton 6 P. M., and arrive at St. John at 7 30 P. M.

No. 9 Will leave Amherst at 6 A. M., Sackville 6 34 A. M., Dorchester 7 18 A. M., and arrive at Paines at 8 30 A. M.

No. 1, 2, 5 and 8 are Passenger, Mail and Express Trains. Nos. 2, 5 and 7 connect at Paines Junction daily, with Nos. 9 and 10.

No. 3 and 6 are Freight Trains, but will carry Passengers from St. John to Hampton and intermediate Stations only.

No. 4, 7, 9 and 10 will be mixed Trains.

Freight for Stations East of Petitediac may be delivered at St. John Station before 8 o'clock, a. m., and for Stations West before 12 noon, on the same day on which it is forwarded.

Freight to be forwarded from Petitediac by the 5 a. m. Train must be delivered at that Station before 7 o'clock the preceding evening, and from other Stations than St. John at least half-an-hour before the advertised departure of any Freight Train.

Steamers to and from Prince Edward Island, Pictou, Port Hood and Canso, Richibucto, Miramichi, Bay Chaleur, Restigouche, Paspébiac, Gaspe, Rimouski, Quebec and Montreal, connect at Point DuChene as specially advertised.

Stages connect at Amherst for Truro and all places in Nova Scotia. At Salisbury, and from Hopewell, Hillsboro' and the Albert Miner. At Shediac, and from Cocagne, Richibucto, Miramichi, and other places on the North Shore of New Brunswick.

LEWIS CARVILLE,
General Superintendent.

Railway Office, St. John N. B.,
April 21, 1871.

MILLINERY

Fancy Goods.

MISS E. O'NEILL respectfully intimates to the ladies of St. Andrews and vicinity that she has opened a

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT in Miss Swill's building, where she has a Stock of FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles, and will be happy to execute all orders in her line with neatness and despatch.

St. Andrews, April 26, 1871.

Assessors of Rates.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Assessors of Rates and Taxes for the Parish of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, will receive until the 31st day of May next, statements in writing, for all liable to be assessed for the current year in the Parish of St. Andrews, of the real and personal properties and income they possess.

**R. GLENN, } Assessors
D. CLARK, }
W. RIDEOUT, } Rates.**
St. Andrews, April 26, 1871.

Vacuum Pan Sugar.

53 Hbds. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar, choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen, N. B.

GRANULATED SUGAR.

55 Hbds. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen, N. B.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having any claims against the Estate of the Rev. John Ross, late of Saint Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from the date hereof; And all persons indebted to the said Estate by note or otherwise are requested to arrange with the undersigned without delay.

ROBERT E. ROSS, M. D.,
St. Andrews, April 18, 1871. Administrator.

RAISINS & DRIED APPLES.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins,
25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale by

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen, N. B.

GEO. STEWART, JR.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL
INSTRUMENTS.

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

Orders from the Country promptly executed.
Ships' Medicine Chests Filled and Re-filled.
Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.

api 12 7-1y

DOMINION OF CANADA.
Customs Department,
Ottawa, 30th March, 1871.

UNIMPORTED GOODS.

NOTICE.

By the direction of the Hon. the Minister of Customs,

NOTICE is hereby given that, from and after the first day of May next, the 48th section of the Act respecting the Customs 31 Vic. Cap. 6, which declares that "if any package is found to contain goods, not mentioned in the invoice, such goods shall be absolutely forfeited," will be strictly enforced, and the goods not invoiced shall be absolutely forfeited, accordingly.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

api 12

Valuable Freehold Property

FOR SALE.

THAT neat and commodious COTTAGE with outbuilding, garden and Lot, situated at the corner of Green Street, St. Andrews, belonging to Mrs. Babcock Stinson, who is about to leave the Province. The property is pleasantly situated, and commands a beautiful and extensive view of the Bay. It contains a lot of land 160 by 80 feet, fronting on Queen street, the road leading to St. John. The Cottage contains sitting room, drawing room, large bed room, kitchen, pantry, and out kitchen on the ground floor; four bedrooms, and a large hall with summer window, suitable for a sewing room, in the upper portion. Together with Barns, wash-house, and other suitable outbuildings, a good cellar with hard subsoil, water in the garden in excellent cultivation. The above will be sold on very reasonable terms. For further particulars and terms, apply to the owner on the premises, or

Hon. B. R. STEVENSON,
St. Andrews, April 4, 1871.

Notice.

I HEREBY FORBID all persons trusting any one on my account, without my written order, as I will not be answerable.

MARSHALL SMALL,
Grand Manah, March 27, 1871.

Government House, Ottawa,
Friday, 4th day of February, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Minister of Customs, and under the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulations.

On, from and after the 1st day of March proxima, the Port of Question in the Province of Ontario, shall be and is hereby discontinued as an independent Port of Entry, and shall be and is hereby constituted an Out Port of Entry and placed under the survey of the Port of Niagara.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

THE COTTAGE owned by the Subscriber, situated on Water-street. On the first floor are parlor, dining room, kitchen, large pantry, and bed room; in the attic two bed rooms, in the basement a fine capacious frost proof cellar, with a well, and also the company's water. Attached is a wood shed with the usual conveniences in which there is also a well of water. In the rear is a fine garden, at the foot of the lot there is a wharf and store, the lot extending to low water mark, the right of way from the street to the wharf is secured. If sold, part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. Possession given the 1st of April or May. The house is in good repair, all new floors, the attic floored plastered and finished only two years ago.

Terms for Sale or rent, can be ascertained on application to

March 15, 1871. JOHN S. MAGEE.

Public Notice

AN Application will be made to the Provincial Legislature at its ensuing Session for an Act to enable the Town of St. Andrews to give to the "Saint Andrews Hotel Company," a bonus of five Thousand dollars, or to take Stock in the said Company to that amount; and to authorize the Justice of the Peace for the County of Charlotte to issue Debentures upon the credit of the said Town, to facilitate the operations of said Company.

mar 8

THE QUEBEC & NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY COMPANY.
AND THE
NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY COMPANY.
(From Fredericton and Woodstock to Riviere du Loup)

TOTAL AUTHORIZED SHARE CAPITAL \$3,500,000.
Divided into 35,000 Shares of \$100 each.

In addition to the Share Capital, power is reserved to borrow to the extent of \$15,000 per mile in Mortgage Debentures bearing six per cent. interest.

PROSPECTUS.

THESE COMPANIES are formed for the purpose of constructing, under charters granted by the Dominion of Canada and the Province of New Brunswick, an important commercial line of Railway from Fredericton and Woodstock to Riviere du Loup, so as to form a continuous line from Western Canada and the St. Lawrence to the City of St. John, New Brunswick.

It will be a continuation of the present system of Railways in New Brunswick, connecting with the European and North American, and Fredericton Railways, and the New Brunswick and Canada, and Woodstock Railways, the Grand Trunk and Intercolonial Railways at Riviere du Loup. (See Map.)

The distance of the connection between Woodstock and Riviere du Loup is about 189 miles, the total distance to Fredericton being about 232 miles; or, together with a branch to Woodstock, 240 miles.

Surveys have been made of the route, and estimates prepared, from which it has been ascertained that the cost of construction will not exceed \$25,000 per mile.

The Legislature of New Brunswick and Quebec have granted in aid of the undertaking the magnificent donation of 240,000 acres of Crown Lands to be given to the Company as the Railway is proceeded with, from the Counties through which it runs.

This aid is expected to be supplemented by subscriptions of Stock from the Counties along the route, as well as from the City of St. John.

The commercial advantages of this undertaking are as follows:—

I. It is (as declared by the Montreal Board of Trade) the shortest and cheapest route for freight from Western Canada to the Atlantic at Saint John, where there is an open harbor all the year round.

II. It is the most direct route to Quebec for passengers to and from Europe, either by way of St. John, or by Annapolis and Halifax.

III. The distance from Quebec to St. John via this route is shorter than by any other route; being 312 miles by the proposed line, as against 353 1/2 miles by the present route, 40 miles by the line, 440, and by this Railway, 420 miles.

IV. It will connect with Quebec the terminus of the North Shore Railway, the Canada Central, and ultimately the Pacific Railway, making Saint John the winter port of the shortest Pacific line on the continent.

V. The maritime provinces of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia depend principally for flour and other articles of consumption upon Western Canada, and nearly all this traffic will come over this railway, because in addition to the shortness of the route, it will avoid the necessity of forwarding in bond through the United States, and also extra handling, transshipment and insurance. There will be a return traffic in West India produce, European and other imported goods, &c.

VI. The local trade will be remunerative, the proposed line passing through a comparatively well settled and prosperous district, especially gifted with abundant water power, with plentiful timber and other raw materials for manufactures, and with undeveloped agricultural resources capable of sustaining a very large population.

VII. The lands granted by New Brunswick will immediately produce by sales, leases, and timber licences a revenue to the Companies apart from the traffic of the Railway.

VIII. It is estimated that the increased value of these lands will be returned to the shareholders, and have passed in the hands of the shareholders, and at \$2.50 per acre, pay for the cost of the Railway.

IX. It is intended to import laborers to work upon the Railway, to whom will be given free grants of land upon condition of settlement.

X. It is also the intention of the Company to import and induce settlers in every possible way, by sales of lands at low rates and long credits, thus realizing profits from the lands as well as the Railway.

XI. The Traffic, estimated from existing data and returns from other railways under similar circumstances, is as follows:—

Local Passenger Traffic \$149,000 per ann
Through Passenger Traffic 86,400 do
Mails and Sundries 20,000 do
Through Freight from Canada 144,000 do
Return Freight to Canada 100,000 do
Traffic in the Province 18,000 do
In Farm Produce 60,000 do
Supplies from St. John, 8
Stephen, &c. 80,000 do

Total Receipts \$789,400 do

Or, 20 cents per mile of Railway.

XII. The working expenses are estimated at 60 per cent. of the above sum at \$473,840, thus leaving \$315,560 net earnings. \$216,000 per annum will be required to pay the interest of the Debentures, being a balance of \$100,000 to the shareholders. An addition of only \$44,000 to this amount, to be derived from Land and Timber Revenues, would give the shareholders a dividend of 6 per cent. The average net earnings on all the Canadian Railways being about \$2,000 per mile, there is no exaggeration in the above account.

XIII. Every Shareholder being a proprietor or partner in the undertaking, has a right and interest in the land, to the extent of his share, and cannot suffer loss. The necessary share capital being \$10,000 per mile, and the grant of land, 10,000 acres per mile, every dollar paid in is represented by an acre of land.

ALEX. GIBSON,
President N. B. Railway Co.
H. G. C. KETTER,
Director Quebec and N. B. Railway Co.

Statement showing the Earnings of Principal Railways in Canada, Maine, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick for 1869-70:

Name of Railway.	Length of miles.	Gross Earnings.	Net Earnings.
Great Western of Canada.	334	\$11,779	\$5,148
Grand Trunk of Canada.	1,380	5,180	1,165
Northern Railway of Canada.	95	7,4	1,77
E. & N. A. Railway of Maine.	45	2,882	1,219

NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has leased the premises lately occupied by Mrs. Gilliland, where he keeps on hand a well assorted Stock of the best

LIQUORS & GROCERIES,
and will be happy to wait on customers.

P. B. DONAGHUE.
On the premises is a large Stable for horses.
St. Andrews, Nov. 9, 1870.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Lorenzo Drake, late of Grand Manah, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, Merchant, will render the same within three months, and all persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

EBENEZER GASKILL,
Administrator.

Grand Manah, March 6, 1871. 3m

PASSAMAQUODDY HOUSE.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to her friends and the public generally that she has rented the house recently occupied by Col. Boyd, which she has fitted up with new furniture, and is prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders, and trusts by attention and efforts to give satisfaction, to receive a share of patronage. The house is well supplied, good cooks and obliging waiters engaged.

The house is centrally situated, its proximity to the public offices, Railway and Steamboat Landing, render it convenient for visitors.

A good stable and hostler are also on the premises

E. McLEOD.
St. Andrews, June 15, 1870.

NEW BRUNSWICK.
Charlotte County, ss.

To the Sheriff of the County of Charlotte, or any Constable within the said County Greeting.

WHEREAS William Whitlock and Donald Clark, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Charles Gilliland, of the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, have this day filed their Accounts with the said Estate, and have prayed that the creditors and next of kin of the deceased, and all parties interested in the said Estate, may appear and attend the passing and allowance of the said Account.

Notice therefore is thereupon hereby given to all the Creditors and next of Kin, of the said deceased, and to all persons interested in the said Estate, and they are hereby cited to appear before me, at a Court of Probate, to be held at the Registrar of Probates Office, in Saint Andrews, on Friday, the Third day of March next, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to attend the passing and allowance of the Account of the said Executors.

Given under my hand and seal of the said Court, this 4th day of February, 1871.

A. D. 1871.
H. H. WHITLOCK, GEO. D. STREET,
Registrar Probates, Judge of Probates.
Charlotte County.

WOOL CARDING

AT
Steam Grist Mill,
EASTPORT, ME.

Parties sending Wool to this Mill can have their work done the same day the wool is received, and in the best manner.

From its location it has facilities over all other mills in the neighborhood, as boats can land at the door of the mill. We have two new Cards from the manufactory of N. A. Lombard & Co. of Worcester, Mass., and are able to card from 300 to 400 pounds per day.

STEAM GRIST MILL CO.

GIN, CASE BRANDY, WINES, TEAS, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London and "New Lampedo" from Liverpool:

35 Hbds. Best Pale Geneva, 4 p. c. O. L. P.
60 Cases Brown Stout London Porter & Co's A's
16 Qr. casks, 4 Hbds. Pale Sherry & Port Wine.
20 Cases, 20 Half, London Congou Tea,
10 Cases Nutmegs,
10 Bbls Crushed Sugar,
150 Cases "Hennessy" Brandy,
80 Cases Old Tom Gin. 2 doz pints,
80 doz Irish Whiskey, 4 doz cases,
15 lbs "Bass" pale ale, gts & pints,
15 Cases Guinness's 12 Porter, 1do
2 Hbds. Murphy's fine Irish
10 qr. casks "Whiskey, 22 O. P.
10 Boxes Woodstock Pipes, &c. &c.

Novr. 30, 1870. **JAMES W. STREET.**

NOTICE.

ALL Persons who have any claims against the Estate of the Reverend SAMUEL THOMSON, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are hereby required to make immediate payment to me.

ANNIE J. THOMSON,
Administratrix de bonis non, &c.
St. George Nov. 12, 1870. 2m

Boston and Maine	146	12,810	3,776
Maine Central,	110	5,324	1,637
Portland, Saco and			
Portsmouth,	61	11,275	3,442
Atlantic and St. Lawrence,	150	7,270	1,324
E. & N. A. Railway			
St. John and Shediac,	108	1,700	624
Nova Scotia Government			
Railway,	145	1,933	no acct
New Brunswick and			
Canada Railway,	119	850	"
Total Mileage,		2,883	
" Gross Earnings,		\$16,580,117	
" Net Earnings,		\$5,147,549	
Average per mile Gross Earnings,		\$6,180	
" Net "		\$4,210	
Quebec and N. B. Railway estimated Gross Earnings,		\$3,290	
" Net "		\$1,318	
Feb 8			

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St. George Nov. 12, 1870. 2m

WOOL CARDING

AT
Steam Grist Mill,
EASTPORT, ME.

Parties sending Wool to this Mill can have their work done the same day the wool is received, and in the best manner.

From its location it has facilities over all other mills in the neighborhood, as boats can land at the door of the mill. We have two new Cards from the manufactory of N. A. Lombard & Co. of Worcester, Mass., and are able to card from 300 to 400 pounds per day.

STEAM GRIST MILL CO.

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PROSPECTUS

OF THE

Flreside Friend.

A Monthly Periodical for the Home Circle, DEVOTED TO LITERATURE, SCIENCE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT AND USEFUL INFORMATION.

Containing, forty-eighty three columns pages to the number, filled with Choice Stories, Sketches, and Poems from the pens of the **BEST WRITERS OF AMERICA.**

Articles on Scientific subjects, Health and Reform.

A department for the Children, filled with instructive and amusing stories.

A Masonic department, containing information valuable to the members of the Fraternity.

A temperance department, in which will be advanced those principles without which there can be no happy home or pure morals.

Brilliant Sketches and Diamonds of Thought

Gathered from correspondents and other sources, and arranged with care, making it eminently suited for the Home Circle of every family in the land.

TERMS—ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

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3 Copies, " " 6.00
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5 " " " 10.00
6 " " " 12.00
8 " " " 16.00
11 " " " 20.00

Valuable Premiums given to all who get up Clubs at the regular subscription price, \$2.00 per year. For particulars see Club lists. Specimen copies sent free to each address.

All letters relative to the Literary Department must be addressed to the editor,
J. WILLIAM VAN NAME.

All letters relative to Business must be addressed to the publisher,
R. LEONIDAS HAMILTON,
Post-Office Box 4952, New York City.
Single Copies 20 cents. For sale by all News Dealers, March 22.

Stationery and SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the Public that he has just received a fresh supply of the latest editions of School Books direct from the publishers; also a choice lot of Stationery, including Writing and Drawing papers of all kinds. INITIAL NOTE Paper in boxes, a new article, tinted and plain.

Brassiana Notes Paper—Albert, MacDonald, Robt. Roy, Royal, Stuart, and Argyle patterns. Casters, Bonneys and Arnold's Writing Inks, Pens and Pencils, &c.

He is constantly receiving by each steamer from Boston, papers &c. Any Book or piece of Music ordered, will be received by return Post, and furnished at publisher's prices.

JOHN INGRAM,
next Post Office.

June 8

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Mar. 21, 1871.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 10 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Flour, Corn, Meal & Pork.

Ex "General Meade" from New York via Eastport:

110 Bbls. Flour, (assorted brands.)
do Bbls. Corn Meal,
125 Bags Corn
7 Hbds heavy Meal and Clear Pork.
Jan. 11. **J. W. STREET.**

Insolvent Act of 1869.

CANADA.
Province of New Brunswick,
County of Charlotte,
In the Charlotte County Court.

In the matter of JOHN GILLESPIE an Insolvent.

THE Undersigned has filed in the office of this Court, a consent of his creditors to his discharge, and on the 22nd day of December next, will apply to the Judge of the said Court at his chambers, in Saint Stephen, for a confirmation of the discharge thereby effected.

Saint George, 1st November, 1870.

JOHN GILLESPIE.

BENJ. R. STEVENSON,
Insolvent Attorney, ad litem.

Government House, Ottawa,
26th day of September, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled

