

Business Cards.

DUNBAR, MERRITT & BISCOE, Barristers and Attorneys at Law... OLIVER & MACDONALD, Barristers and Attorneys at Law... GUTHRIE, WATT & O'UTEN, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law... LEMON, PETERSON & MCLEAN, Barristers and Attorneys at Law... WILLIAM J. PATERSON, Official Assignee for the County of Wellington... STEPHEN BOULT, Architect, Contractor and Builder... F. STUDDY, House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter... GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER... RICE'S BILLIARD HALL, In the Queen's Hotel, Guelph, opposite the Market... LIME, BRICKS AND TILES... DOMINION SALOON AND RESTAURANT... PARKER'S HOTEL... OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH... IRON CASTINGS... GROWE'S IRON WORKS... PLASTER AND SALT... CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEP PICKINGS... MONEY TO LEND... W. M. FOSTER, D.D.S., Surgeon Dentist, Guelph... W. M. NELSON, Clothes Cleaner and Renovator... SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE...

New Advertisements.

WANTED—A Cook, Apply to Mrs. Lemon... SERVANT WANTED—Wanted, a first-class servant... BOARD WANTED—By a young man in a first-class boarding house or in a private family... JOINER WANTED—One accustomed to running a moulding machine... PONY FOR SALE—Pony for sale... TWO SOFT WATER TANKS FOR SALE... WAGON MAKER WANTED... MONEY, MONEY, MONEY... TWO CARRIAGE BUILDERS... PIGEONS STOLEN OR STRAYED... TO BUILDERS... Brass Castings... TO CONTRACTORS... Y.M.C.A. The Welcome Meeting for the new General Secretary... Mr. George Allchin... On Thursday Ev'g, 7th inst... HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, & C... LAUGH! THREE GOOD PUZZLES... RETURNED TO GUELPH... D. TRIPP... Boot and Shoe Store on West Market Square... R. CAMPBELL, L.D.S... DURHAM DULL...

Guelph Evening Mercury

TEURSDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1874. Town and County News. REMEMBER the sale of the late Mr. Armour's household effects to-morrow. See advertisement. NEW POST OFFICE IN ERAMOSA.—A new Post Office has been opened in the north part of Eramosa, to be called Shiloh. Mr. J. Mitchell has been appointed post-master. WELCOME MEETING.—A meeting will be held this evening in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. to welcome Mr. George Allchin, the newly-elected secretary of the Association. There should be a good attendance of the members. HORSES FOR THE MOUNTED POLICE.—Lieut. Col. French purchased eight saddle horses for the Manitoba Mounted Police on Fair day at an average of \$140 each. Had notice of his coming been earlier given, he would have got more. Most of those bought were obtained through the agency of Mr. John West. GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—As will be seen by advertisement, the Great Western Railway will hereafter issue return tickets along their lines at a low rate. This will be a great benefit to travellers, and we doubt not will largely increase the revenue of the Company, in encouraging increased travel. LAW AND ORDER.—The guardian of the peace in Galt has a wholesome dread of loafers, and the other day took four boys in charge for the offence of loafing about the corners. They were mulcted to the extent of 50 cents and costs. This is not a large sum, but if the law was rigidly enforced in Guelph, property holders would not require to pay such high taxes as they do at present. STREET WATERING.—Messrs. Robertson & Cull, whose suggestion to the Council for watering the streets by a new process was adopted by that Board two weeks ago, have been making active preparations in the meantime, and this morning the work was put into operation. A two-horse power engine is stationed on the west bank of the river, south of the Eramosa bridge. The water is obtained here from the river, and propelled through the pipes laid along the Eramosa Road to the east side of Wyndham Street and down to Market Street, where a double pipe is laid, one leading eastward to the Royal Hotel, the other running to the west side of the Market Square. Faucets are placed at distances of about 200 feet, and the hose, 150 feet in length, is attached to these. So far as we can judge the plan is an excellent one, and will be a great boon to the merchants. GODEFRICH is troubled with the rowdy pestilence. THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY STATION at Wyoming, Ont., was totally destroyed by fire on Wednesday. Mrs. Ann Eliza Young, 19th wife of Brigham Young, is to lecture in Toronto and Hamilton. THE ETNA BASE BALL CLUB of Toronto have obtained permission to practice in the Queen's Park. THE FLAX MILL at Tavistock, owned by the widow of late Jacob Wagner, together with a large stock of flax, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday, loss \$8,000. MR. WM. MACKAY, of McKenzie & Mackay, wool and commission merchants, &c., died on Wednesday forenoon after a very short illness. THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT has appropriated \$20,000 for Port Hope harbor, \$7,000 for Port Stanley, \$8,000 for Picton, and \$5,000 for Shannonsville. A SENATOR was created in St. Catharines the other day by the funeral of an unmarried woman, being attended by six female pall-bearers dressed entirely in white. AT the meeting of the Presbytery of Hamilton on the 30th, the Rev. Mr. Muir, of Galt, formally accepted the call to Huntington, where he will be inducted on the 28th. BISHOP CRONIN, now of Hamilton, in company with his Private Secretary, will sail for the Holy City, by the royal mail steamer Prussian, of the Allan Line, leaving Quebec on the 23rd of May. GOOD PRICES.—At the sale of entire draught horses at Mr. John Thompson's, Pickering, "Earl" was sold for \$1,750; "Prince of the West" for \$2,600; "Lorne" for \$3,075; and "Time O' Day" for \$1,575. FAT CATTLE.—Mr. Robert Midgley of the Township of Brantford, sold six fat cattle, to Mr. Allison, of Galt, at \$4.00 per lb. live weight. They weighed 7,045 lbs. Mr. Daniel Barker of the township of South Dumfries, sold four fat cattle, (which weighed 5,400 lbs.,) at \$4.75 per 100 lbs.; Mr. Shackle, of Brantford, was the purchaser. Christopher Baker sold a young heifer to Mr. Snell of Galt, for \$55, which weighed 1,165 lbs. As Mr. D. Cooby at Blain's Mills, Galt, was adjusting something about the machinery the other day, his breast clothing got caught between two cog-wheels which stripped off his clothing and severely crushed one of his arms, breaking some of the bones, injuring others, and dislocating the shoulder. In his struggles to be released, Mr. Cooby who was standing on a step-ladder at the time, lost his balance also and fell, thus sustaining other injuries.

WELLINGTON COUNTY ASSIZES.

MAY 6th. BEFORE HIS HONOR JUDGE WILSON. Margaret Baker vs. John Baker.—Action of ejectment to try the title to lot 378, Market Street, Guelph. The plaintiff and defendant are cousins, and they claim the lot by different titles. The plaintiff's claim was under a will alleged to have been made by Mary Lamb in favor of her father in 1859, and that Mary Lamb had acquired a good title by length of possession. The plaintiff's father had several children and died without a will. She claimed as one of his heirs. The defendant denied the plaintiff's title, and claimed the lot as her own under a deed from Bridget McGill, which she registered before Bridget McGill was married to Thomas Baker, James Baker and Bridget McGill. Many of the old residences of Guelph were examined as witnesses. The Judge decided every disputed point of fact in favor of the plaintiff, but held that as the deed of 1859 from Bridget McGill was registered before "Granny Lamb's will," the defendant was entitled to retain one-third of the lot. The other two-thirds he decided to be the property of the plaintiff and her sisters, as heirs-at-law of Thomas Baker, and he entered a verdict for the plaintiff for one-fourth of two-thirds of the lot, with costs. Mr. Guthrie and Mr. Cullen for plaintiff; Mr. M. C. Cameron, Mr. Peterson and Mr. McLean for the defendant. QUEEN vs. O'DONNELL.—John O'Donnell, whose case is now familiar to our readers, was condemned to four months jail at hard labor, the term commencing from May 1st. BENJAMIN HILLEN, against whom a true bill was brought for negligent escape of prisoner, was allowed to remain on bail on his own recognizance. His case will be tried at the Fall Assizes. This closed the proceedings of the Court. Synod of Hamilton. The following items of business were transacted at the Synod yesterday in addition to our former synopsis:— Messrs. McCrae and McIntosh were appointed to audit the Treasurer's accounts, and reported that there was a balance in hands of \$187. The Synod agreed to send \$100 to Mrs. Malcolm to aid the fund being raised for her in London, and appointed a committee consisting of Messrs. McTavish, Cochran and McQuarrie, to consider some plan in which she can be further assisted out of the Infirmary Ministry's Fund, prior to the meeting of Assembly. Mr. Cochran addressed the Synod on behalf of the proposed "Presbyterian College for Young Ladies in Brantford." At the close of the address, it was moved by Mr. Wardrope, of Guelph, seconded by Mr. B. N. Grant, of Ingersoll, and agreed to:— "The Synod having heard with much satisfaction the statement of Mr. Cochran in regard to measures that have been adopted for the organization of a Young Ladies' Seminary in Brantford, express their high approbation of the project, their sympathy with those engaged in it, and their sincere hope that it may be crowned with the largest success; and commend the institution to the confidence and support of the heads of families within the bounds." The Synod agreed to hold its next meeting in Knox Church, Elora, on the first Tuesday of May, 1874, at half-past seven p.m. The Moderator and Clerk of Synod, and Messrs. Wardrope, A. D. McDonald, Ministers, with Messrs. McCrae and Ferrier, Elders, were appointed a committee to suggest topics connected with the state of religion for the next meeting of Synod. An overture on the more systematic use of the Bible in our common schools, was supported by Mr. McTavish, but finally withdrawn, and a committee consisting of Messrs. McTavish, Grant, Torrance, McQuarrie and Chrysal, Ministers, and Messrs. McCrae, Sutherland and Turnbull, Elders, to frame an overture for next Synod on this question, Mr. Torrance to be Convener. The different Presbytery records were examined and attested in due form. An overture from the Presbytery of Bruce regarding certain alterations in the Home Mission regulations was read and supported by Messrs. Straith and Cameron. On motion of Mr. Cochran, seconded by Mr. Torrance, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:— "That the overture be not transmitted in the meantime, but recommend the Presbytery of Bruce to prepare in detail such recommendations or amendments to the present regulations of the Home Mission Committee, as they deem most practicable, and transmit the same to the Home Mission Committee for its serious consideration." The committee on the state of religion for 1874-5 was appointed as follows:— Convener, Mr. Lowry; and Messrs. McTavish, Harris, Middlemiss, L. Cameron, Murray, D. Wardrope and Blain, Ministers; and Messrs. McCrae, McIntosh and Cranston, Elders. The Committee on Sabbath observance for 1874-5 was appointed as follows:— Convener, Mr. B. N. Grant; and Messrs. Fletcher, A. D. McDonald, Moffatt, and Straith, Ministers; and Messrs. H. Young, Chisholm, Douglas and Campbell, Elders. On motion of Mr. Cochran, seconded by Mr. A. D. McDonald, votes of thanks were tendered to the Christian friends in Guelph, the Committee of Arrangements, and the Minister and Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church. After prayer by Mr. Straith, and singing, the Moderator adjourned the Synod by pronouncing the Benediction. Mr. THOS. SWINARD, late of the Great Western, has received an important appointment in Prince Edward Island in the work of inaugurating the new system of railways. The estimates were passed on Tuesday night, and general satisfaction is expressed thereat. The business of the session will now proceed rapidly.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MERCURY

Politics in the Republic. German Immigration. The Finance Difficulty. The Newmarket Spring Meeting. Durham Colliers' Strike. New York, May 6.—It is stated that the Commissioner of Public Works, who is a successor of Tweed, has made a half dozen special contracts, involving about a half million dollars, without any advertising therefor, the prices charged being fifty per cent. higher than could have been obtained under competition. John Jay, who is about leaving Europe for home, will not return as American Minister to Austria, he having had a misunderstanding with the Austrian Government, which resulted in his being censured by the Washington Government. The appeal for aid to sufferers in the South says that it will require forty thousand dollars per day for a long while to feed and provide for the starving people. A Washington despatch says that Secretary Richardson's retirement from the Treasury has been definitely settled, and that Washburne, the United States Minister for France, will succeed him. It is stated positively that the position has been accepted by Mr. Washburne. Several names are mentioned in connection with the French mission to succeed Washburne, among them that of Secretary Fish. Information received from Richardson, who is now at Charleston, states that his health is very little, if any, benefited by his trip. New York, May 7.—Weather very fine but cool. Arrived, steamship Cuba from Liverpool, and Morrocastle, from Havard. A coroner's jury found a verdict that Michael Murphy shot Mrs. Hagus in West Chester County last week. He is a relative of the murdered woman. The Third Avenue Railway Company were mulcted in \$1,500 for putting a passenger off a car after he had paid his fare. The report of the German Immigration Society shows a falling off of some thousand passengers per week since the 1st of January from Germany. Considerable indignation is manifested at the fact that the contractors have been filling in the Harlem Flats with earth and bones from the old First Street grave yard. One of the contractors is Police Judge McQuade. An indignation meeting in Harlem will be held this week. The Times' Washington despatch states if the Finance Bill in the Senate could be voted on immediately it would be carried. The leading Senators on both sides of the question desire speedy action, without discussion, but a long debate is liable to spring up. It is stated that negotiations are concluded to lease the Atlantic & Great Western Railway to the Erie road. S. Appel, who recently absconded with some \$30,000, was yesterday formally expelled from the Produce Exchange. C. D. Carpenter, his broker, was suspended from the same organization. A Yokohama letter states that the suppression of the recent rebellion in Japan cost \$2,000,000. The new conquest of the Island of Formosa is liable to bring about a war between China and Japan, as there are large Chinese interests in Formosa. It is stated that the Secretary of the Navy favors the purchase of the steamers instead of subsidizing to the Pacific Mail Company. The Tribune's Washington despatch says Dawes and Garfield will both speak against the Centennial Bill to-day, and General Hawley will close the debate. It is thought a vote will be reached, and it carried will be very close. London, May 6.—At the Newmarket first spring meeting to-day the race for the 2,000 guinea stake was won by Atlantic, Reverberation second, and Ecosais third. The last betting was 7 to 1 against Atlantic, 12 to 4 against Reverberation, and 7 to 4 against Ecosais. Twelve ran. There seems no prospect of a settlement of the strike at the Durham Collieries. Seventy thousand miners and laborers are now out of employment, and great distress prevails. Among them many are preparing to emigrate. THE WIMBLEDON TEAM, ETC.—On Tuesday a meeting of the Council of the Ontario Rifle Association was held at the Parliamentary buildings, Toronto. The Secretary, Major Otter, read the report he had prepared of names selected from the members of the Association who had made the highest aggregate scores in the matches of the Association during the past year, some of whom will be chosen by the Council of the Dominion Rifle Association at Ottawa to form the team to be sent from Canada on June 20th. The names of twenty-five men were first submitted to the members of the Council present, but this number was afterwards reduced to eighteen. The annual matches of the Ontario Rifle Association will be held at Toronto, commencing on Tuesday, 3rd Sept. next. The Public Accounts Committee are still hard at work. Mr. Light's evidence showed that all changes made in Section 16, Intercolonial Railway, were to the benefit of the contractors. The purchase of a vessel by the late Minister of Marine for \$8,000, and its sale to the Government afterwards for \$6,000, is also engaging the attention of the Committee. St. Paul Street Wesleyan Church, St. Catharines, is getting an organ from Montreal at a cost of \$2,500.

Letter from Dr. Livingstone to his Brother.

The following letter from Dr. Livingstone, written to his brother, John Livingstone, Esq., Liverpool, are kindly furnished by that gentleman for publication in the Spectator and the New York Herald:— MAMUYEMA OF CENTRAL AFRICA, Say 150 miles N.W. of Ujiji, April 1873. MY DEAR BROTHER: I have not the faintest prospect of being able to send this to the coast for many months to come, but I write to have something in readiness when an opportunity of making up a packet arrives. As soon as I was able to march I went up Tanganyika, for fifty or sixty miles, and from south up the Inlet Kasangan, struck away first north-west, then I passed the beginning of the lake formed by the Lualaba and found myself in the great bend which that lake river makes after, as I may it coming out of Lake Moreso. I made up to a small Arab party which rendered me most important aid in my illness at Marungu, and we met a lot of Ujiji coming with 18,000 pounds weight of ivory. The ivory was bought in the market for a mere trifle in beads. After resting a while in the town of the principal Mamuyema chief I went west down a river named Lummo, from 100 to 150 yards broad, and always deep enough to require canoes, but the Ujiji traders had been obliged to employ their slaves in collecting their ivory, and slaves with guns in their hands are usually limbs of the evil one. The Mamuyema were always in the wrong, wanted to eat them, and always gave the slaves reasons to capture people, goods and fowls, and carry off as much grain as they could. Their head men did not approve of this, they wanted the ivory only, but the masters and men joined in one chorus: The Mamuyema are bad, bad, bad, very bad. When near the confluence of Lusuba and Lualaba, I was coming among people who had suffered very severely at the hands of the slaves; and they would not believe that my small party did not belong to the blood-thirsty strangers. The women were particularly outspoken, but the worst that was done was to hunt out in force and show us out of the district. Glad that no collision took place, we returned to the principal town and, with the friendly party which we overtook, struck away north, they to buy ivory and I to get a canoe on the Lualaba, but the rains began, and travelling, as I found in Marungu, in the wet season was killing work. The vegetation is indescribably rank; through the grass, if grass it can be called, which is more than half an inch thick in the stalk and twelve inches in the top, nothing but a mere foot walk. Then large belts of primeval forest stand between the districts, and into them the sun, though vertical, cannot penetrate. The rain-water stands in stagnant pools, and the dead leaves decay in the damp soil and make the water of the numerous rivulets and rivulets of the color of a strong infusion of tea. One feels himself the veriest pigmy before the giant trees. The roots, high out of the soil, keep you constantly looking down, and shoot down as harm to guinea fowls on their tops. The chimpanzees frequent you from leaving the ancient path, and I have heard the soko or gorilla growling close by without being able to get a sight of him. Their call to each other is like that of a tom cat. The country is mountainous; the light grey granite of the hills rises above a bed of new red sand stone, looking like islands in it. Innumerable dells have to be crossed, and the mud of Mamuyema is awful. Bad water and perpetual wetting told on us all by choleraic symptoms and emaciation. The nose of the Mamuyema caused a gold fever at Ujiji, and soon a herd numbering six hundred muskets made up to us, all eager for ivory. I turned back about seven days and resolved to remain with the heads of this party during the rains. Their people are away and they are as kind as could well wish. Rest, and holding all the water I used, have restored me. After this preamble I may add that slowly and surely the conviction has crept crossed my mind that all I can in honesty and modesty claim is the rediscovery of the source of the Nile, which had sunk into oblivion like the circumnavigation of Africa by the Phoenician Admiral of one of the Pharaohs, B.C. about 600. Herodotus did not believe him because he said that in passing around Libya he had the sun on his right hand. This is us, who have gone round from east to west, stamps his tale as genuine. We put down the sources of the Nile and Mountains of the Moon in 10 to 12 degrees south, where I found both them and the Pharaohs. Herodotus I shall refer to as my predecessors, but received genuine though oral information from men who had visited this region. This is extremely likely because the fountains and mountains abound where no theorist would put them. He makes their waters collect into two lacustrine rivers, Tanganyika and Lualaba,—extant specimens of those lake and river beds known in the south of Africa as melazzo and in the north as wadis, both words meaning the same thing, river beds where no water now flows. I am now trying to follow the western arm down, and have seen enough of it to confirm the information which the Greek geographer and others derived from ancient explorers. The eastern arm of Tanganyika—upper and lower, has been much exaggerated in breadth. I carefully watched its great flow to the north for three months by means of broad masses of aquatic vegetation which but for this current would be the means of choking it up—as is the case with Okara, the Victoria Nyanza. As soon as I have ascertained where the western arm joins the eastern I shall retire and pray that the Almighty may led me safely home. I have no wish to speak dogmatically of what I have done, and I feel a little sorry that I am in a manner compelled to speak disparagingly of the opinions of modern discoverers of the source of the Nile. The great mistake of Captain Speke was the eager pursuit of a foregone conclusion. When he discovered the Victoria Nyanza, he at once leaped to the conclusion that therein lay the sources of the Nile, the whole lake being five hundred miles down the great Nile valley, and so much away from the sources. As soon as Speke and Grant looked towards their Nyanza they turned their backs on the fountains, and in their splendid achievements of following the river down, every step took them further away from the Caput Nili. He became further up the great valley than any other explorer in modern times; his face in the right direction, but turned (Continued on Fourth Page)

The Huron Ridings.

Mr. M. C. Cameron's Bill for the re-arrangement of the Huron Ridings, by detaching the Township of Tuckersmith from the Centre Riding, and annexing it to the South Riding, passed through Committee on Wednesday night, and will doubtless become law. The object of the bill is to annul the unjust arrangement made by the late Government in 1872, in their famous gerrymandering redistribution bill. As was to be expected, objection was taken by the Conservatives to Mr. Cameron's Bill, most of them basing their opposition on the argument that such a measure should have been introduced by the Government, as the question was one affecting the electoral law and the representation of the people. The best answer to this is that a manifest wrong had been done—a positive injustice inflicted on the people of that Township, who had petitioned to have their Township annexed to the South Riding, as it was before. Besides, the bill does not affect the general principle of representation—it only corrects a grievance which the late Government wantonly perpetrated on the people of that Township for the purpose of serving their own ends, and in the hope of securing the Riding for one of their followers.

Our only regret is that the present Government did not see fit to bring in a bill which would not only have provided for the redistribution in Huron, but which would also have corrected the unjust legislation in the re-distribution of the municipalities in North and Centre Wellington and in Monck. It is well known that, as regards this county, the Township of Peel was purposely detached from the Centre Riding and annexed to the North Riding at the request of Mr. Geo. A. Drew—then member for the North Riding—in order to make—as he supposed—his re-election a matter of certainty. No sufficient reason for the change was ever advanced that we are aware of. It was done against the wishes of the people in Peel, whose interests and desires were not consulted by Mr. Drew. All he looked for was his own election, which, however, spite of all the gerrymandering, he did not succeed in securing. We cannot tell what reasons may have influenced the Government in their determination not to bring in such a bill, but as Mr. Cameron has taken up the matter himself—as far as his own Riding is concerned—the members of the present Government in supporting it are neither inconsistent in doing so, nor does such support affect any principle in the representation of the people. The position of the Government as stated by Mr. Mackenzie, was simply this: "They did not choose to bring in any general measure for the electoral representation of the people. Neither did they choose to take upon themselves to say that a flagrant violation of territorial boundaries should not be redressed by such a measure as his hon. friend behind him had chosen to bring in."

We notice that in the course of the debate Dr. Orton defended the re-distribution Bill of 1872, especially as regards his own and the North Riding in this County, and that Mr. Sturton called in question the fairness of his statement; but until we have the report of the speeches made by both gentlemen, we are not in a position to make any remarks on what they said.

It was generally supposed that the promised measure in reference to insolvency would be crowded out this session, but in answer to a question, the Minister of Justice has stated that it is intended to bring in a measure to amend the existing insolvency law. This will be received with satisfaction by the mercantile community.

The question of a union of all the Maritime Provinces under one local Government is under discussion in the Nova Scotia Legislature, and New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island have been communicated with on the subject.

"A FAST LIFE ON THE MODERN HIGHWAY." Being a glance into the Railroad world from a new point of view. By Joseph Taylor. With numerous illustrations.

"We have been favored with a brief sight of an advanced copy of this work, and can say of it, in an equally brief way, that it is even more than 'fancy painted.' Charged with the quaint, dry humor that marks Mr. Taylor's style, the reader will find himself 'laughing all over his face' at every page, not even excepting those instances in which solid information is furnished; for even then the ludicrous intervenes, and one is forced to chuckle over a timetable, laugh at railway signals, and smile at misplaced switches. The work is got up in Harper's best style, good paper, clean type, good illustrations and plenty of them. The trade orders for it are already very large, and it promises to be a great hit. We feel no reserve in saying that it contains at least one hundred and fifty of those muscular contortions denominated 'grins,' and a never-ceasing ripple of quiet smiles for each reader. It will be for sale in the city in a day or two."

We copy the above from the Hamilton Times, and although we have not yet received a copy of the work, feel confident, from our knowledge of Mr. Taylor's ability, that it is all the above extract describes it to be.

Ordination of Rev. W. Kay. Services for the setting apart to the work of the ministry of Mr. Kay, who is about to proceed to Sault Ste. Marie, were held last night in the church of the First Congregation. About twenty-five ministers were present, and the congregation was very large.

Rev. A. D. McDonald, of Elora, conducted the exercises, and, after singing and prayer, preached an appropriate sermon from 2 Cor. v. 20-31: "Now then, we are ambassadors for Christ," &c. He described the ministerial office, its peculiar glory and pre-eminence over the other offices in the church, the ardent ambition and the direct call from God which should suggest the ministry as a life work, and the authority with which ministers are vested by virtue of their appointment as ambassadors for God. The importance of the message to be believed was touched upon; the truth of God was shown to be so interwoven that a man cannot receive the doctrine of reconciliation without feeling its importance, and in order to this all the doctrines that lead up to these fundamental ones must be admitted and believed.

After the dedicatory prayer, during which the members of the Presbytery laid their hands on Mr. Kay.

Rev. Wm. Cochrane, of Brantford, addressed the minister. He referred to the importance of the work and the influence a Christian minister could exert. Men were needed who possessed true hearts and cultured intellects, who could reconcile science and religion, and grapple with all the knotty social problems of the day, and who were conversant with the literature of the day. The time has passed when the minister was looked upon as the standard of knowledge,—the press has taken that place, and the minister must keep abreast of the times and leave the literature, the politics, the science and social reform with the good leaven of the Gospel.

Rev. Mr. McTavish, of Woodstock, addressed the people upon the claims of the Home Mission Fund, and urged more liberal support. In some churches the contributions to this Fund averaged 80c. per member, while in others they were as low as 7c.

Rev. Mr. McColl, Hamilton, referred to the conservatism of Presbyterianism, which was praiseworthy in that it held to the old doctrines that it might carry them forward into new fields, as they were now doing, and it carried the truths forward that it might hold them with a firmer grasp.

Rev. Mr. McMillan, Moderator, also addressed the people on the necessity of systematic benevolence, referring to the heathen idolaters in China, who spent for incense to their gods alone 665 millions annually. He pressed the duty of financial help.

The meeting was brought to a close by the benediction pronounced by the Moderator.

A HOUSE in Leamington, Ontario, has been set on fire eight times in the last four weeks.

BEST root sugar is to be cultivated on a large scale in the Province of Quebec, by M. Tache, a distinguished agriculturist from France, and cousin of the Archbishop of Manitoba.

EDWARD PAYSON WESTON, the pedestrian, has arranged to make a grand walk in American Institute Hall, New York, beginning May 11, 1874. He proposes to walk at least 500 miles within six consecutive days, and on one of the days to walk 115 miles within 24 consecutive hours.

CHARLES READE, the novelist, is reported to be engaged on a story of which the sinking of an unseaworthy but insured vessel and other incidents of maritime life and disaster will be the main features. Mr. Plimsoll, M.P., it is said, has furnished the data to Mr. Reade.

PAISLEY STABBING CASE.—The prisoner Stephen Collins, charged with stabbing Harry Smith, at Paisley, has been sentenced to two years imprisonment at hard labor. Under the present law, all criminals sentenced to imprisonment for a longer term than two months are to be confined in the Central Prison, Toronto, but as that building will not be ready for use till July, the prisoner at present remains in the Walkerton gaol.

A meeting was held at Stratford to discuss the fire engine question, and the enterprising town resolved "that it is not advisable to purchase a fire engine at present." This is economy with a vengeance.

A firm wall of masonry is in process of erection at Whirlpool Rapids, between the elevator and the rocks, to prevent any danger from the slides of shale, such as happened there at the close of last season. The lower elevator landing is extended two feet, thus doing away entirely with the stairway, a paved pathway leading directly to the river's edge.

DR. M. F. McTAGGART Will be in Guelph, at the Wellington Hotel, from Thursday, May 21st, until Wednesday, June 3rd, where he can be consulted by those who are suffering from disease.

UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE Valuable Household Furniture AND EFFECTS

Belonging to the late Robert Chance, Esq., of Guelph. W. S. G. KNOWLES is instructed by Mrs. Chance, who is returning to England, to sell by public auction On Tuesday, the 19th of May, inst., at her residence, Woolwich street, opposite the English Church, Guelph, the whole of her valuable household furniture and effects, comprising Drawing Room—Chairs, Sofa, Centre Table, Easy Chair, Whimsot, Engravings, Tapestry Carpets, Lace Curtains, and Valencia Fire Irons, and a splendid 7 octave Piano-forte.

Dining Room—Extension Table, Case-setted Chairs, Rocking Chair, Folding do., Chiffonier, Carpets, Fire Screen, Mullin Curtains and Valencia Pictures, an Osborn Sewing Machine, set of Trays, Electro-plate, clock, glass, china and delft.

The 2nd lot—Very handsome Black Walnut Bed room sets complete, bureaus, spring beds, wash stands, toilet sets, carpets, night commode, covertrapes, blankets, rep lounge, mirrors, stoves, curtains, blinds, pictures.

Hall and Stair Carpets, Carpet Rugs, with a general assortment of kitchen utensils. The whole of the property is in excellent condition.

Terms cash, except the piano-forte, the terms of which will be stated at the time of sale. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, sharp. W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer. Guelph, May 7th, 1874.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY OF CANADA. Notice to the Public.

The public is hereby respectfully notified that, on and after Monday, May 11th, RETURN TRIP TICKETS

Will be sold to and from every station on the line of this Company's Railway, including Branches and Leased Lines, At a Reduction of about one-fifth of the usual fare.

For example, the Single Fare—Hamilton to Toronto—is \$1.20, the Return Ticket will be \$2, being nearly one-fifth of the double fare.

These Tickets will be good only for three days, including the day of issue; that is, a Return Ticket issued on Monday is good to return up till Wednesday night. JOSEPH PRICE, General Manager. Hamilton, 6th May, 1874. dtf

OLD GUELPH NURSERY. Wm. Stevenson offers for sale in small or large quantities, FRUIT TREES,

Standard and Dwarf. Beautiful Spruce, Beautiful Balsam Fir, Cedar for Hedges, Maples, hard and soft, Linden's Mountain Ash, Grapes Vines,

And a good general assortment of NURSERY STOCK. Guelph, May 5, 1874. dtltw

JUST RECEIVED G. H. McIntyre's (LATE McCULLOUGH'S) NEW DRUG STORE.

A fresh supply of The HANDY PACKAGE DYES In all shades, comprising BLACK, BLUE, GARNET, MAGENTA, MAROON, PONCEAU, SCARLET, VIOLET, YELLOW.

Blue, Green and Yellow for Cotton Each package warranted capable of coloring from one to four pounds of Goods. Price per package 15 cents. G. H. MCINTYRE, No. 3, Day's Block, Next door to J. E. McElderry and directly opposite John B. Horman's. dw

FOR THE ASSORTING SEASON 43 PACKAGES NEW GOODS JOHN MACDONALD & Co. TORONTO.

R. CRAWFORD'S SALE Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry

Will only last till the 1st of June, when the stock will be transferred. STILL ON HAND Some Fine Gold Watches, \$100; Fine Silver Watches, all prices; CLOCKS AND JEWELRY IN EVERY VARIETY.

All who want such articles will save money by purchasing from me, as I will give bargains such as cannot be had again for some time. Call early and judge for yourselves. Store next the Post Office. Guelph, May 5, 1874. R. CRAWFORD, dw

THEOPH'S HOTEL, GUELPH—Re modelled and newly furnished. Good accommodation for commercial travellers. Free omnibus to and from all trains. First-class Livery in connection. 14 dwt JAS. A. THEOPH Proprietor

New Advertisements. The Fashionable West End Per Express DIRECT FROM NEW YORK 3 Cases Latest Straw Goods, 1 Case Buckram and Net Shapes, 6 Cases Sun and Market Hats, latest WE WILL EXHIBIT TO THE LADIES OF GUELPH On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, MAY 1st and 2nd, A full and beautiful representation of all the new approved styles in TRIMMED GOODS FOR THE SEASON. Ladies are cordially invited to call and inspect our stock. A. O. BUCHAM, Fashionable West End Dress, Mantle, and Millinery Establishment.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF FURNITURE AT MITCHELL & TOVELL'S Warerooms, next door to the Post Office. A large assortment of first-class Furniture to be rushed off in the next few weeks, consisting of Parlor Suites, Bed Room Sets, Dining Room, Hall, AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF FURNITURE. Parties may rely on getting cheap bargains. TERMS CASH. MITCHELL & TOVELL. Guelph, April 30, 1874.

FRESH ARRIVALS DAILY! 5000 Cocoanuts, 100 Boxes Oranges, 50 Boxes Lemons, 10 Barrels Pine Apples, FOR SALE TO THE TRADE AT CITY PRICES. HUGH WALKER, Wyndham-st., Guelph. Guelph May 5, 1874.

NOW OPEN BURR & SKINNERS' NEW FURNITURE WAREROOMS To meet the rapid increase in our retail trade, we have leased The Large New Store lately occupied by Mr. R. Clayton, Next to Mr. A. O. Bucham's Fashionable West End Dry Goods Establishment, Upper Wyndham street, Guelph, which is now being filled with fine new furniture, cheap, consisting of Parlor Suites, Chamber Sets, Dining Room, Hall, and all kinds of Furniture. Fresh from our FACTORY, where we have every facility to produce all that is new and stylish, and we invite all to visit our Warerooms, as we will make it their interest to do so, for there are bargains to be had every day. BURR & SKINNER, Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Furniture. ap16dw

SPRING CLOTHING AT THE Elephant Clothing Store. C. E. PEIRCE & CO. Have now on exhibition one of the Largest Stocks of READY-MADE CLOTHING For Men and Boy's Wear ever shown in Guelph, Well Made and Fashionably Cut And at prices that cannot be beaten, being 25 per cent less than any other place in town. A Big Stock of Straw and Felt Hats now on hand. Hepburn's Old Stand, Wyndham-st., Guelph. GUELPH, April 10th, 1874. C. E. PEIRCE & CO., wo

POWELL'S Boot and Shoe Store NEW SPRING GOODS Men's English and American style of Gaiters and Shoes; Ladies and Children's GOAT, KID AND PRUNELLA Which for style, finish and durability, will be found superior to any in Guelph. Particular attention paid to Custom Work and Repairing. Remember the Noted Shoe Store, G. S. POWELL, West side Wyndham Street, Guelph. Guelph, Mar. 20th, 1874. dw

WALL PAPER EVERY STYLE, VARIETY, PRICE, ANDERSON'S BOOKSTORE. AT BOND'S. HARDWARE For the Season. GARDEN SPADES AT BOND'S LADIES' SPADES AT BOND'S GARDEN TOOLS IN SETS AT BOND'S GARDEN SHOVELS AT BOND'S GARDEN RAKES AT BOND'S GARDEN TROWELS AT BOND'S GARDEN LINES AT BOND'S GARDEN BELLS AT BOND'S GARDEN HOES AT BOND'S GARDEN FORKS AT BOND'S A complete assortment of Hardware of all kinds at BOND'S

John M. Bond & Co. Hardware Importers, Guelph. LIST OF BASE BALLS FOR 1874 AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE. Ryan No. 1 (professional for 1874) dead white ball Dead Red Dead White Bounding Rock Maple Leaf Dominion Regulation Star Red Stacking Practice Junior Red and White Young America

A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE AT Day's Bookstore. DAY SELLS CHEAP. DOMINION BOOT AND SHOE STORE SPRING STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES FOR Mens', Womens', Misses and Children's Wear. We meet the demands of the times with the best goods and the lowest prices. OUR SPECIALTY IS Custom-made Work Which is made in all the latest styles. Sure fit. Reasonable prices. Repairing done as usual. Remember the House—The Dominion Shoe Store, Day's Block, opposite the Town Hall. WM. TAWSE & SON. Guelph, April 23rd, 1874. dw

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT. Residence for Sale. That very desirable property situated on Paisley street, near the Western Station, consisting of White Brick two story dwelling house, with four bedrooms, front and back parlors, dining room and kitchen, with large soft water cisterns, also two large dry cellars. The land comprises two-thirds of an acre, well stocked with fruit trees in full bearing. For terms, etc., apply to D. SAVAGE Guelph, March 27th, 1874. dw

Ottawa, May 6.
 Mr. Costigan moved an Address to the Crown on the subject of the New Brunswick School Law, the effect of the resolution being to urge upon the Imperial Government so to amend the British North America Act as to secure the alleged rights of the Catholic minority in New Brunswick.
 Mr. Desjardins moved that the debate be adjourned till Monday next, in order to allow time for obtaining some important information he expected to receive in the interval.
 This was agreed to, and the debate stood over.
 Mr. Palmer then moved for information respecting the Fishery Commission to be appointed under the Treaty of Washington.
 Mr. Mackenzie objected on the ground of pending negotiations, and the motion accordingly dropped.
 Mr. Walker moved an Address praying for the revocation of the several orders granting precedence to the Governor-General's Foot Guards.
 Mr. Mackenzie said, as the matter was one of discipline, it would be better not to press the motion.
 Mr. Walker withdrew the motion.
 Mr. Cameron (Huron) moved for the House to go into Committee on the Bill to restore the right to the South Riding of Huron, and showed that Mr. Rymal's celebrated diagram illustrated the gross injustice in the Act of 1872. The Bill was designed to correct.
 Mr. Kirkpatrick urged it should be introduced if at all by the Government, and not by a private member.
 Mr. Dorion replied to Mr. Kirkpatrick, and in defending the measure showed the inconsistencies of the Act of 1872. Mr. Rymal had protested against this piece of iniquity when it was perpetrated. It was a piece of political engineering. Several counties were gerrymandered by the Government, and so scandalous was their conduct in this respect that even their own friends recoiled from supporting them.
 Dr. Tupper affected much indignation at what he alleged to be an infringement upon the principle of representation by population.
 Mr. Currier having said a few words, Mr. Cameron (Huron) replied with much spirit and energy, justifying the action he was taking in exposing the monstrous provisions of the Act to which his Bill was an amendment.
 Sir John A. Macdonald, with a good deal of warmth, attacked Mr. Cameron, and in the course of his remarks imputed to the latter that he was moving in the matter to secure himself a safe re-election if his seat was contested on the protest now pending.
 Mr. Cameron having explained, Dr. Orton, whose appearance was welcomed with a groan of impatience, replied to some allusions that had been made to the division of the Wellington Ridings.
 Mr. Mackenzie answered Sir John A. Macdonald, and cited the case of similar Bills to the present one, which Sir John A. Macdonald had supported. He showed the fallacy of the latter's argument, and as for his principles they were got up for every particular occasion. He (Mr. Mackenzie) had voted with Mr. Cameron in 1872 to prevent this outrage, and how could he now vote against a motion to redress it?
 Mr. Sturton administered a rebuke to Dr. Orton, and gave his version of the treatment Wellington had received in 1872.
 The House then went into Committee, and passed and reported the Bill.

Stagnation in the States.
 The New York Herald's commercial article says:—
 "Trade in the West, viewed from a financial point of view, does not appear to be more encouraging than it is at the East. The banks are reported as doing only a moderate business, and universal depression exists. From Chicago comes the information that purchasers in that market who in good times easily obtained credit now find it difficult to do so. General retrenchment is observable both in business and living. Great numbers of persons have been forced out of clerkships and driven to seek remunerative work elsewhere. The middle men are fewer and less well paid, while retailers in the city have, it is reported, not only lost a good deal of their custom but suffered an unusually large amount of paper to go to protest. These are unpleasant facts to record, but it is not difficult to decry the source of the evil. The panic produced its natural consequences, such as loss of confidence and contraction in trade; but Congress, by the stupidity and uncertainty of its legislation, has done a thousand times more evil in disturbing values, throwing business off its balance, and unsettling the judgment of the merchants, manufacturers and producers of the country. Thirty-five millions of people are to-day practising economy more rigidly than at any time since 1861, while the Government is a greater spendthrift than at any other period of peace in its history. The decline in our imports shows less extravagance on the part of the masses; and everywhere, from the household to the grandest bazaar, may be witnessed a curtailment of expenditure and adaptation to the peculiar circumstances of the nation."

Reduction in Atlantic Steamer Rates.
 For a good many years past all the great transatlantic steamship companies have had a compact not to carry steerage passengers below a certain figure. There has usually been a monthly conference to talk matters over and to fix the rates. This arrangement, however, has lately been broken up. When the last monthly conference, was held two or three of the agents of the older companies were absent, and letters from them announced that they would no longer hold themselves bound by such engagements. This has broken up the fixed rate system. Already the steamer fares on one line are reduced \$4 on the trip to Europe from New York, and \$2 from Liverpool to this side. It is anticipated that a still greater reduction will take place speedily. Though the fares were down to \$15, or even less, the companies would still make splendid profits. Hitherto these companies could do very much as they liked, for the demand for transport has been so great that all had more business than they could do. More have now gone into the trade, and there is besides a full emigration, so the high rates will have to come down.
Breakfast—Epps's Cocoa.—GRAVELL AND COOPERMAN. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills."—*Chief-Surgeon's Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Each packet is labelled—*Epps's Cocoa.* Homeopathic Chemists, London."

Grand Display of Millinery

—AT—
GEORGE JEFFREY'S.

GEORGE JEFFREY has much pleasure in informing his numerous friends and the public generally that his Show Room is now open, and is prepared to show
One of the Best Assortments of Millinery and Mantles
EVER EXHIBITED IN GUELPH.

As the stock is all new, Ladies will have no trouble in selecting the newest goods at reasonable prices.

GEORGE JEFFREY, GUELPH
 Direct Importer, Guelph.

Wanted, in addition to our lately increased staff, 6 first-class Salesmen. None need apply but pushing, thorough-going men, who can get through an immense amount of work.

TREMENDOUS SALE

—OF—
CLAYTON'S (CASH STORE) BANKRUPT STOCK
AT THE LION



Having bought from the Creditors the whole stock at little over half price, it will be rushed off at the same as room must be had for our heavy weekly arrivals from Britain.

Over \$2000 worth of the Wet Goods from the Thorold Mills sold in ten days. Those who have not yet secured any of them had better do so at once, as three or four days will clear the lot out.
Golden Lion, Wyndham Street, Guelph.

A LARGE STOCK OF
 NEW
China, Crockery,
and Glassware,
 NOW OPENED AT
No. 2, DAY'S BLOCK,
 and will be sold Cheap for Cash.
J. E. McELDERRY
2 DAY'S BLOCK,
 THE NOTED TEA HOUSE.

R. MacGREGOR & Co.
 (Successors to W. D. Hepburn & Co.)
BOOTS AND SHOES
MADE TO ORDER
 This Branch of our Business is receiving our Special attention, and we are getting up Goods second to none in the Dominion.
We Use the Very Best of Material
 Employ First-class Workmen ONLY, and guarantee perfect satisfaction to our Customers.
R. MacGregor & Co.
 GUELPH, Apr. 25, 1874.

Co-Operative Store.
DIVISION OF PROFITS
 We are now paying our Customers 3 cents on the dollar in cash, on their purchases for the past quarter.
SPECIAL CHEAP LINES!
 A PRETTY DRESS OF 15 YARDS FOR \$1.50
 UNION TWEEDS (purchased at auction) ONLY 35 CTS PER YARD.
 A SPLendid LINE OF FELT HATS, ONLY 75 CENTS EACH
 BOYS LINEN FACE COLLARS FIVE CENTS PER BOX
 DUNDAS COTTONS 10c. BLEACHED COTTONS 9c.
 DARK FANCY PRINTS 10c. LIGHT FANCY PRINTS 10c.
 CALF SLIPPERS 50c PER PAIR. PRUNELLA BOOTS 75c PER PAIR
 A BOX OF 75 CENT TEA, TEN LBS., FOR SIX DOLLARS.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.
J. C. MACKLIN & C.
 GUELPH, April 10, 1874 dw

William Stewart
 HAS
 NOW OPENED
 THE
First Lot's New Goods
for Spring!
 Piles of Plain Lustres,
 Lots of Striped Dress Goods,
 Fancy Goods,
 The Newest Colors and Patterns.

THE
Print Department
IS CROWDED
 With the Latest Productions in Colours and Styles, and at
LOWER PRICES THAN LAST YEAR
WM. STEWART.
 Guelph, March 23, 1874 dw

HART & SPIERS,
 Conveyancers, Land, Loan, Insurance, and General Agents, 4 Day's Block, Guelph.
 In reference to the above, Wm. Hart begs to inform his friends and the public that he has entered into partnership with Mr. Jas. B. Spiers in the above business, and while expressing his grateful acknowledgments for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon him for the past three years, would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same to the new firm.
 All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and strict attention.
 Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Leases, etc. etc. neatly and correctly prepared.
 Money always on hand in sums to suit borrowers, on mortgages or good personal security. No delay or extravagant charges.
 Our list of Town and Farm Property is large and varied, and parties in want of real estate of any kind should call on us before purchasing elsewhere.
 Agents for the Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.
HART & SPIERS,
 4 Day's Block, Guelph, Ont.
 720dw

GUELPH CLOTH HALL.
SHAW & MURTON
OUR SPRING STOCK
 Is now fully assorted in every department.
CLOTHS,
HATS AND CAPS,
GENTS' FURNISHINGS
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
 We would inform our customers and the public in general that we never before offered such a complete and handsome assortment of Goods for Gent's Wear.
Shaw & Murton,
 GUELPH, March 21, 1874
 MERCHANT TAILORS.

THE "RIGHT HOUSE."
 NEVER foremost in importing an immense supply of the Cheapest and Best Goods in the Dominion for his tens of thousands of customers, WATKINS, of the "Right House," never was more successful in getting extra good value than while in Great Britain this season. Owing to Messrs. Booth & Co., of Manchester, closing up business, and selling off their entire stock far below cost, he was enabled to buy many lines of Staple Goods at 15 per cent. under manufacturers' prices. The following goods will be found unusually low: Scotch Tweeds, Grey and White Cottons, White and Grey Cotton Sheetings; over fourteen thousand yards of fast coloured prints, in every style, from 10 cents up; Black and Coloured Lustres, Mourning Goods of every kind; over five thousand six hundred yards of Dress Goods, worth 30 cents, at a York shilling. Dress Goods in every style. Black and Coloured Turquoise, Coloured and Black Yaks Laces in great variety; Lace Curtains, Damasks, Carpets, Floor and Table Oil Cloths, Table Damasks, Table Napkins, Towels, Horrocks 22 and 26 inch Cottons at 10 and 12 cents. Piles of Grey Cottons from 6 cents up, 30 inch Heavy Grey Cotton for a York shilling; Scoured Grey Cotton, extra cheap, from 11 cents upwards; nice Yaks Lace at 10 cents; Black Turquoise from 62 cents up; Black and Coloured Silks, an immense stock at Wholesale Prices by the dress—75 cents up, by the yard; Table Napkins at 80 cents per doz; Kidderminster Carpets at 60 cents; Tapestry and Brussels at wholesale prices; Floor Oil Cloth at five York shillings. A large stock of the latest styles of Ladies' Costumes from \$1.50 upwards; Carpet Wares in white and colours, unusually low. A very large and carefully selected assortment of the Novelties of the Season, in the Latest Paris Fashions, will be shown in Millinery and Mantles a few days. Milliners and Country merchants supplied at wholesale.
 Several Milliners and Mantle Makers wanted immediately.
TERMS POSITIVELY CASH.
THOMAS C. WATKINS,
 James-st., 5 doors north of King-st, Hamilton. w6

JUST COME IN!
GUELPH TEA DEPOT
E. O'DONNELL & Co.
 Are putting up to-day
 320 caddies best dollar Young Hyson Tea for 80c. per lb.
 600 caddies of the best 75 cent Tea for 50c per lb.
 95 caddies of nice Sweet Tea at 40c per lb.
 120 caddies of Japan Tea worth 75c, for 50c.
 A few packages of Black Tea for 35c per lb.
 10 hogsheads of Good Bright Sugar, 12lb. for \$1.
 50 Ingersoll Cheese, very choice.
 A very large stock of Groceries of all kinds always on hand Cheap.
Terms—Strictly Cash.
E. O'DONNELL & CO

