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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH THE EVENING TIMES

New Brunswick's Independent Newspapers These newspapers advocate: British connection Honesty in public life

Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion. No graft! No deals!

"The Historic Shamrock, Rose and Shamrock, The Maple Leaf Forever."

Semi-Weekly Telegraph 114 The News ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 23, 1913.

WHAT WILL MR. BORDEN DO? Mr. Borden said today that he hoped to open reciprocity negotiations with various countries as soon as the tariff bill was passed.

The foregoing is the concluding paragraph of a Washington dispatch published by the New York Evening Post, and it is of the utmost interest to Canada.

James Russell Lowell once made the remark that civilization gets forward on a powder-cart. It goes forward more quickly and effectively on a powerful civilized sentiment.

GREEK IDEALS The first recorded whisper against slavery, found in the protest of a few practical Greeks, mentioned by Aristotle 2500 years ago, has been gathering strength with every age, as the people have grown

forward from one emancipation to another. Through war and peace the nation has progressed since that time in the process of reform, seeking, in the words of Aristotle, to set free the "inward perfecting principle within the individual and society."

For three or four centuries under the domination of Turkey the position of the Greek race was one of hopeless degradation, but it is impossible for the world to forget their direct connection with the ancient pagan Hellenes, who once occupied the highest rank in the political and intellectual world.

The enchanter's wand in the hands of Byron and Shelley has given a romantic modern interest to Greece. Shelley found a sailor's death and a soldier's grave in Greece, and Byron sought but failed to find the latter.

That flag is today victorious, and from the reports that have come of the different stages of the war, Greece has kept the flag more pure than her allies. In most of the Balkan states the massacres and crimes of liberty have at least equalled those of tyranny.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT AVERSE TO WAR James Russell Lowell once made the remark that civilization gets forward on a powder-cart. It goes forward more quickly and effectively on a powerful civilized sentiment.

Without a sound and forceful public opinion statesmen can do nothing, but there are many indications that a public opinion is rapidly growing in these latter years that is completely averse to war.

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has been made in public sentiment in favor of peace and of peaceful methods of settling disputes of whatever nature, it may be noted that when President Cleveland was negotiating his treaty of arbitration with Britain the great stumbling block was "questions affecting national honor."

THE "UNCONVERTED" Churchmen and laymen may well examine with attention an utterance by Professor Charles Richmond Henderson, head of the department of Sociology at the University of Chicago, who has just returned from a tour of the Orient, and who says that the "unconverted" are "suspicious, bewildered, and angry because of Christian sectarian differences."

THE BRITISH UNIONISTS The British Unionists have fallen into an extraordinary state of confusion. For the time being, at least, they have turned their attention from the ordinary work of an opposition to the planning of tricks, more or less discreditable, by which a snap vote may be reached.

THE CHILDREN AND THE STATE The outbreak of militarism in France can hardly be said to be due to the schools. Many of the dominant ideas in France, such as clericalism and anti-clericalism, trade unionism, militarism and anti-militarism, do find expression in the schools, but to judge from some of the school book definitions, military glory should not be held in high esteem by the younger generation.

NOTE AND COMMENT The Liberal majority in Alberta has been reduced, but it will still be ample. Prospects of peace everywhere—excepting Ottawa. There the war is still on, and likely to be.

THE SENATE AND THE NAVY If Mr. Borden finally succeeds in forcing his "ship money" bill through the House of Commons, the Senate may either kill the measure or throw out the supply bill when that comes along.

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of the anniversary of the Paris Commune. A strike burst out through the industrial centres of the Walloon districts, where the workmen demanded the suffrage and better pay. Thousands went out, and the outbreak could only be suppressed by the military.

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principal ailment of the Senate in the eyes of these government newspapers is that it contains a large Liberal majority. Their idea is, roughly speaking, that Mr. Borden must "do something" to the Senate to rob it of its power over the naval legislation.

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ample: "Imagine a being who is always good and to whom we owe everything; such a being would be God. And such a being, if he exists, we ought to love and honor. If God exists, then all great thoughts and noble deeds must be agreeable to him, no matter in what soul they arise. And, if he does not exist, man's duty still remains the same. It is because they love God that those who believe in him go to church? Yes, but they might omit going to church, and still be acceptable to God."

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The Peterboro Review, says that to prevent Sir Wilfrid Laurier from moving an amendment to the closure resolutions "Mr. Borden sanctioned the use of the very clause in the rules that he has just shown himself to be so anxious to prevent."

TWO PRISONERS ESCAPE FROM AMHERST JAIL Picked the Lock and Walked Out—Are Still at Large.

Amherst, N. S., April 20—The first escape from the county jail at Amherst took place on Friday morning in the early hours. No word has been mentioned in any of the daily papers concerning the escape.

IN AN ART SHOP JAPANESE Hakata's of Nagawara. Many a porcelain plate and jar. Many a coffee and vase and tray. Cunningly lined by a brush bazaar. Find their way into the market place. Clutter the garishly gilt bazaar. Signed in mysterious cryptic way. And when we ask who the artists are:—Hakata's of Nagawara.

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AGR The Honey-Bee—Bee Keeping Hand in Hand One of my neighbors in a conversation said: "Buckwheat, an excellent sweet, but with the plants of it, it may be good but it is ruinous to the business unconvincing. Economy is yet much ignorance concerning elemental problems connected with nature's way."

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AGRICULTURE

The Honey-Bee and How it Should be Handled - Bee Keeping and Fruit Growing Should Go Hand in Hand.

One of my neighbors in the course of conversation said: "Buckwheat contains an excellent sweet, but when bees rob the plant of it, it may be good for them, but it is ruinous to the buckwheat." He went away unconvinced. Evidently there is as much ignorance concerning the most elemental problems connected with nature and nature's way.

Why do bees exist? Why do most plants have more or less nectar? Why do plants have beautiful petals anyway when they are not essential organs of the flower? We may be sure that plants care not at all for man or his wants. They are concerned with the economic problem of their own lives. They are struggling for existence—a struggle acute and bitter.

Science has proved that almost every bloom in the world is everything it is because of its necessity to attract insects. It is the color, the fragrance, the mechanism, color, markings, odor, time of opening or closing, and its season of blooming being the result of natural selection for the special insect upon which each depends, more or less absolutely, for help in perpetuating its species.

To spraggle belongs the glory of first seeing flowers above the level of mere botanical specimens. A hundred years before Nemesis grew had said that it was necessary for pollen to reach the stigma of a flower in order that it might set fertile seed, and Linnaeus had to come to his rescue with conclusive evidence to convince a doubting world that he was right.

So long as there are no honey plants in the field there is great danger from robbery. The bees will rob the flowers of their nectar. We guard against this by restricting the entrance with entrance blocks, until honey plants appear in the field.

The keeper should have everything in readiness and learn the business as the exigencies of the case demand. One day of bees, if handled, will teach a man more bee lore than much reading. To buy an apiary and then learn the business afterwards is to fail. Any man of ordinary intelligence can gain the details of the business, if he grows and keeps pace with the growth of the apiary.

E. M. STRAIGHT.

NEW BRUNSWICK AS A PLACE FOR SETTLERS

(Reprinted from The Evening Journal & Four Shires Advertiser, March 29, 1913.) BY PROF. L. P. JACKS.

Canada is such an enormous country that intending settlers do not always realize the vast differences that exist between various parts of it. "Going out to Canada" does not always mean the same thing. It means one thing if you go to British Columbia, and quite another if you go to Ontario, or Manitoba, or New Brunswick. I have traveled right across the continent from east to west, and in so doing I saw not one country, but a dozen or perhaps twenty countries.

Certainly the British flag waves and the English language is spoken everywhere, so that one is everywhere in a sense at home. But in other respects one part is as different from another as Russia is from England, or France from Germany.

Much attention has recently been drawn to the possibilities of New Brunswick as a place for settlers, and as I have been there I am glad to respond to the wish of the editor of the Evening Journal by setting down a few impressions I formed. New Brunswick, as everybody ought to know, though such is the ignorance of Canadian geography that even an Englishman who has never known it, is on the eastern side of the continent, which means that it is about 3,000 miles nearer to England than the extreme west of the continent.

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BIG INCREASE IN N. B. FARM WAGES IN LAST TEN YEARS

(Government Census and Statistics Monthly)

New Brunswick at the time of the separation from Nova Scotia in 1784 contained about 10,000 inhabitants. Of these 12,000 were Loyalists recently arrived, and most of them from the old colonies, and 1,500 were French. The estimate of 1,500 is probably much too low, but concerning it there is no reliable information.

The rural population of the province, composed mostly of farmers, decreased during the last decade by 1,047 in Carleton district, by 2,999 in Charlotte, by 433 in Kent, by 5,096 in Kings and Albert, by 23 in Sunbury and Queens, by 4,319 in Westmorland and by 85 in York. There was an increase in the same period of 3,769 in Gloucester, of 2,415 in Northumberland, of 2,986 in Restigouche, of 13 in St. John.

The average value of horses in 1911 was \$121.75, of milch cows \$31.90, of other cattle \$12.32, of sheep \$2.34, and of swine \$7.45. In 1901 the average values were horses \$110.84, milch cows \$20.85, other cattle \$10.07, sheep \$2.35 and swine \$7.78.

The value of live stock held in 1910 is given as \$1,515,888 more than in 1900, and the value of dairy products as \$3,970,870 more, and the value of wool, hay, and other farm products as \$3,831,985 more.

The number of weeks of hired labor on farms in 1910 was 102,784 and the value \$319,169, or an increase of 100 per cent over the 50,000 weeks and \$179,169 value of 1900. This is an increase of nearly 50 per cent in farm wages per week in ten years.

HIS JOB.

"How are the plans for your new house coming along?" "Splendidly. My wife has finally laid out all the cupboards she wants, and now all the architect's got to do is to build the house around them."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

HIS JOB.

"Upon next Tuesday an election for city councilmen will be held and all the voters of the church are expected to go to the polls and express their best, most righteous selves in voting for the cleanest man." That was the announcement made from one of the Methodist pulpits of Chicago not long ago, and the pastor was within his prerogative.

By unanimous invitation Rev. Dr. E. R. Fulkerson, of the Methodist Episcopal church, addressed the house of representatives in Austin, Tex., March 18, on the anti white slave movement.

Bishop Nelson, who is visiting far away Sweden, writes as follows: "Our work in this country is making a marked impression. Methodism is well and favorably known and appreciated. The question of the Chinese and state is being agitated, and many point to the Methodist church as a church that demonstrates the possibilities of a free church. Methodism is rapidly becoming a potent factor in the religious and social life of the Swedish nation."

Rev. Dr. C. L. Goodell, of Calvary church, New York, has had the very best years of remarkable work with that church on Sunday, March 31. Dr. Goodell's report on the last quarterly conference shows that he had received this year ninety-six on probation, and 205 in full and by letter. During the nine years of the present pastorate 1,900 have been received on probation and 3,039 in full and by letter.

Rev. W. T. Ward, in charge of the Methodist Episcopal work in Sumatra, one of the islands of the Malay archipelago, tells of baptizing recently the "first Chinese reformer in Sumatra and five others." Also, a little later, of having baptized "the first Chinese" of the island of Sumatra by thirteen others. Thus is Christianity seen to be reaching some of the leaders of the people in the Far East, as well as those among the great masses.

Pastor Russell has lost his legal suit instituted against Rev. J. J. Ross, a Methodist minister, of Hamilton, Ont.

Goucher College, of Baltimore, one of the leading women's colleges in the country, has just completed a remarkable financial campaign during which one million dollars were raised. Some months ago it was found that half a million was necessary to place the institution on a



The Best Bargain You Ever Made

SUPPOSE you bought an engine that did practically all of your hardest work for you—sawing, pumping, grinding, etc.—and that paid for itself in a short time. Would you call that a good bargain? It will continue to earn its way for you year after year until you will say, "My I H C engine is the best bargain I ever made."

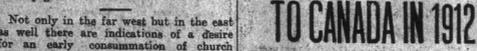
I H C Oil and Gas Engines

are thoroughly dependable, and unusually durable. The fine-grained, grey cast-iron cylinders and pistons are worked together to a perfect fit. The ground piston rings insure maximum power from the explosion. The ignition apparatus can be understood at a glance. The fuel mixer is the most effective and simplest known. Moving parts are perfectly balanced. The bearings are of the highest quality. I H C engines are made in all styles—vertical and horizontal, portable and stationary, air and water-cooled; in sizes from 1 to 50-horse power, to operate on gas, gasoline, naphtha, distillate, kerosene or alcohol. I H C engines are made in all styles—vertical and horizontal, portable and stationary, air and water-cooled; in sizes from 1 to 50-horse power, to operate on gas, gasoline, naphtha, distillate, kerosene or alcohol.

The I H C local agent will show you the good points of the I H C engine. Get catalogue from him, or write the nearest branch house.

International Harvester Company of Canada, Ltd. BRANCH HOUSES:

At Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Estevan, Hamilton, Lethbridge, London, Montreal, St. Catharines, Regina, Saskatoon, St. John, Winnipeg, Yorkton.



Episcopal church, and well known in Canada take charge of the devotional meetings of the coming conference gathering and preach on Sunday evening at the conference church.

There are thirteen deaconesses employed in the Manitoba conference—one at Fort Millerville, one at Brandon, and eleven at Winnipeg.

Not only in the far west but in the east as well there are indications of a desire for a more complete organization of church and several local bodies are moving independently of the main bodies. In Kentville (N. S.) the Presbyterians have formed a new church, but they have so appreciated the union services held with the Methodist congregation that a union church is contemplated, and the churches are seeking permission to act in the matter. The result will be watched with great interest.

The Methodist, Congregational and Presbyterian bodies have established union services at St. Anne de Bellevue, province of Quebec, for the accommodation of local families and some three hundred students belonging to these churches who attend Macdonald College, in St. Anne. It has been agreed to erect a union church building and appoint a pastor.

It is pleasing to know that good organization has been made both here and elsewhere for the Mount Allison endowment campaign, which opens next Sabbath in this city. On that occasion the city pulpits will be filled by the following deputations: Rev. Dr. Graham, general secretary of education; Rev. Dr. Borden, president of Mt. Allison University; Rev. Dr. Campbell, principal Ladies' College.

REFORESTATION WORK IN NEW BRUNSWICK

A Reference to the Praiseworthy Activities of the Pejepscot Lumber Company.

The work of reforestation in New Brunswick and Quebec by the Pejepscot Lumber Company, is the subject of a short sketch in the March issue of the Canadian Forestry Journal. Under the heading Private Initiative in Reforestation, with a cut of the nurseries at Cookshire (Que.), the Journal gives the following information:

"In reply to an enquiry from the secretary of the Canadian Forestry Association Mr. Charles P. Cowles, manager of the department of woodlands of the Pejepscot Paper Company, writes in regard to the planting operations of that company in Canada. The company has established a small nursery for reforestation purposes at Salmon River, New Brunswick, and a similar one at Cookshire, Quebec. These nurseries were established two years ago and contain seed beds with plants one year old and two years old this spring. It is the intention to make permanent plantations with some of the two year old seedlings as an experiment this spring, but generally it is expected that the plan of allowing these seedlings to remain two years in nursery rows before planting out will be followed. While the company's plans are not matured it is generally understood that it is the intention to raise a moderate amount of seedlings each year for reforesting vacant and cutover lands on the company's holdings."

When olive oil dressing will not thicken after the necessary amount of oil has been used best is a small quantity of dry cornstarch. This prevents the curdling, and the dressing will not taste of cornstarch.

A strawberry hiller is an excellent thing for removing obstinate pin feathers from poultry.

THE HARD CASE OF THE THOROUGHBREDS.

The loss of so much of the very best of our thoroughbred blood is found to have not only a very serious future effect on the breed itself but on the health of the country in general as well, for there can be no doubt that the value of the thoroughbred in improving other breeds and types, with the possible exception of the heavy draughts, cannot be overestimated. In support of this statement attention is called to the fact that all of the present breeds of type, excepting the draughts, are either directly descended from the thoroughbred or have at some stage of their development felt the benefit of infusion of his blood—Henry Sedley in the May Outing.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acting like a charm in MARRHUA, DYSENTERY, and CHOLERA.

The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acting like a charm in MARRHUA, DYSENTERY, and CHOLERA.

Consulting Medical Testimony accompanies each Bottle.

Sole Manufacturers: LYMAN BROS. & CO., Toronto, Limited.

IN AN ART SHOP JAPANESE

Hakata of Nagivara, makes a porcelain plate and jar. Many a coffee and vase and tray, unglazed limbed by a brush brazier. Find their way into the market place, litter the garbly city bazaars. Signed in a curious cryptic way, when we ask who the artists are:

"Hakata of Nagivara, this is his symbol, the triple bar." Bowing, the merchant is prompt to say: Defeat of artists number.

Floats through the fancy a crinkled face, right little eye, each a winking star, A figure spirited, bristling gay, giving his pigment singular.

Hakata of Nagivara, makes a doubt fies up to mar. Thoughts like these and the questions stary

over the ocean to you afar? Are you, abhorred of the populace, Nipponese trust with stock at par? —Maurice Morris, in N. Y. Sun.

It is best to heat the plates before putting hot tea on them when first taken out of the oven. If hot plates are put on plates they sweat, making the under net soggy.

Old rubberized raincoats can be cut up and made caps for rubbers or slippers. Also to cover the clothes basket when lamps sent away from home.

ABE MARTIN



There must have been an awful coming in our homes before the nickel saters started. The filler that's thro' the Republican party's mind is a big a bore as the self made man.

MASTER Smoking Tobacco

The TRAVELLING MAN Remarks: When on the Road I always Smoke "Master Workman" Tobacco

This World-Famous Brand can now be obtained for 15c a cut at all the best Stores.

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GRAIN SHIPMENTS THROUGH ST. JOHN THIS YEAR WILL SMASH ALL RECORDS

West Side Figures Alone Will be Half Million More Than Last Year—Increased Facilities Greatly Needed—Big Rush of Immigrants.

The total number of bushels of grain shipped through the West Side elevator this year will be upwards of 7,000,000, or nearly 600,000 more than handled in 1912. The value of the grain during this season will amount to an enormous sum of money, as the grades have been good, and with increased facilities for handling cereal, the value of the exports under first class equipment would be so far in advance of the values of other years that there would be no comparison possible. At the beginning of the season there was every reason to believe that the total number of bushels of grain shipped would be close to 10,000,000, but lack of prospect

OBITUARY

Walter G. Thorne.

The death occurred on the 18th at Quincy (Mass.) of Walter G. Thorne, aged seven years, after a lingering illness. About a month ago it was necessary for his mother to take him away for medical treatment, but the news of his death came as a great shock. Besides his mother he is survived by four sisters and four brothers. The body will be brought here for burial.

Jeremiah Thompson.

Friday, April 18. The death of Jeremiah Thompson, at his home, 419 Haymarket square, yesterday afternoon, removed one of the most respected residents of the city. He was in his eightieth year and had been in failing health for some time. His death was, however, a great shock to his many friends.

Mr. Thompson was in the employ of the I. C. R. for many years as foreman of the repair shop here and was a few years ago superannuated. He remembered the railroad in the making and his recollections were of a most interesting nature. He became a member of Exmouth street church very soon after its founding and had been actively engaged in Christian work since. He was a teacher, a member of the church board and an excellent preacher. He was Sunday school superintendent for twenty years. His sterling Christian character and ardent zeal recommended the respect of everyone with whom he came in contact.

Mr. Thompson was a member of Pioneer Lodge, I. O. O. F., and of Dominion Lodge, I. O. O. F., in both of which he had a never failing interest. He made every effort to promote the spirit of fraternalism. In these activities he will be greatly missed.

Mr. Thompson's sister, Mrs. A. Tracey, of this city, one son, Alexander, chief carpenter for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway, and two daughters, Mrs. George Tracey, of St. Michaels, and Mrs. W. H. Pitt, of this city.

Mr. Henry McLaughlin.

Monday, April 16.—The death of Mr. Henry McLaughlin took place at his home, 147 St. James street, yesterday. He was 83 years of age and was a native of Scotland. He was a member of the Presbyterian church and was a well known citizen.

Mr. T. A. Graham.

Friday, April 18. The death of Mr. T. A. Graham, of this city, took place yesterday. He was 78 years of age and was a native of Scotland. He was a member of the Presbyterian church and was a well known citizen.

Mr. Dawson Hayward.

Saturday, April 19. The many friends of Mrs. Dawson Hayward will hear with regret of her death, which took place yesterday afternoon at her residence in West St. John. She was a daughter of the late Thomas Miles and a sister of the late J. C. Miles. Mrs. Hayward is survived by one daughter, Miss George C. Hayward, and two sisters, Miss E. J. Miles, of Plymouth (Mass.), and Mrs. C. Burns, of Boston.

Andrew Gibson.

Saturday, April 19. The death of Andrew Gibson occurred at his home in Red Head last night. Mr. Gibson has been in failing health for some time and for a few days had been gradually sinking. He had been a long time at Red Head and was well known throughout the county. He was a member of the Church of England and took an active interest in its work.

George Thomas Taylor.

There passed to his rest, on April 5, at the age of 74 years, from his birthplace and home in Fredericton, one who of late years had lived a quiet and somewhat retired life and, therefore, not little known to the rising generation throughout the province. To the older men of New Brunswick, however, and to the present citizens of Fredericton, George Thomas Taylor was well known and highly esteemed. Much of the knowledge of the wilds of this province, made use of by old-time members of the legislative assembly, was acquired from the production of pencil brush and camera in his artistic hands. Next, perhaps, to the late Edward Jack, no towns-dweller knew the interior of the province better than Mr. Taylor, and no one was more enthusiastic concerning its beauties and resources. Many of his happiest memories were associated with canoe and trapping excursions, about the head waters of the Tobique and Miramichi rivers, in company with Governor Munroe-Sutton and his secretary, Mr.

over the country. For many years he travelled the homes of Lotta Crabtree in the capacity of veterinary and he was a familiar figure at all the grand circuit races. Mr. Taylor was also well known as a horse-trainer.

Mrs. Hamilton Cochrane.

Monday, April 21. The death took place at Black River yesterday of Mrs. Hamilton Cochrane, leaving to mourn her husband. The funeral is to be at 2 p. m. tomorrow.

Mrs. Samuel R. Andrews.

Monday, April 21. The death of Mrs. Samuel R. Andrews took place Saturday night at her home, Adelaide street. She had been ill for some time but her death came as a shock to her friends. She is survived by her husband and two children, besides her father and mother.

Mrs. William H. McKee.

Monday, April 21. The death of Alice May, wife of William H. McKee, took place yesterday. She is survived by six small children, two brothers, W. J. Cullen, of Newburyport, and Frederick, of this city, and one sister, Mrs. Robert Fleet, also of St. John. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock from her late residence, 87 City Lane.

Frank I. W. Land.

Monday, April 21. The death of Frank I. W. Land, son of Alfred and Jennie Land, took place at his home, French Village, Kings county, on Saturday. He was twenty-two years of age and is survived by his father, his mother, and three brothers—Walter, Leonard and Robert—and five sisters—Edith, Margaret, Mabel, Vera and Florence. The funeral will take place tomorrow at 2 o'clock. Interment will be made at French Village.

Mrs. William C. Flowers.

Monday, April 21. The death of Jessie, beloved wife of William C. Flowers, took place Saturday at her residence, Carmarthen street. She is survived by her husband and three children, two sons and one daughter. The funeral will be held at French Village.

Hugh R. Francis.

Saturday, April 19. Hugh R. Francis, one of St. John's best known business men, died late yesterday afternoon at his home 170 King street east, after an illness of about two months. He had been ill since the first of the year, but his death came very unexpectedly. He was in the seventy-fourth year of his age. He is survived by five sons—Wallace, of Seattle (Wash.); Harry S., of Dawson City (Yukon); Sidney S., and Herbert S., of this city; and one daughter, Ella M., at home. One brother, Wallace M., of Jacksonville, also survives.

Mr. Francis had a very successful business career in St. John. He was the oldest son of the late Manuel W. Francis of this city, who was at one time a large land manufacturer, which firm was conducted under the name of W. Francis & Sons. This business was later taken over by Francis & Vaughan. Mr. Francis was the senior member of this latter firm. A few years ago he retired and became associated with J. V. Russell. Since New Year he has been unable to take any active part in his business.

Mrs. Handley Beckwith.

St. Martins, N. B., April 17.—The death occurred of Mrs. Handley Beckwith at her home at Gardner's Creek on Sunday, April 14. She was 83 years of age and was a native of Scotland. She was a member of the Presbyterian church and was a well known citizen.

Mr. James Main.

Monday, April 18.—The death of Mr. James Main, formerly of Sackville, took place Tuesday at her home, Victoria Mills, Westmorland, in the 78th year of her age. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. R. A. Chamberlain, of Lynn (Mass.); Mrs. R. A. Boyd, of Victoria Mills; and three sons, A. J. Main, at home; Henry D., of Moncton, and Clifford C., of Norwalk (Conn.).

Mrs. Calixte Leger.

Richibucto, N. B., April 18.—Patrick Leger of this town, received a telegram this morning announcing the death in Boston of his mother, Mrs. Calixte Leger, formerly of Sackville. Mrs. Leger, who returned home from Boston yesterday, left his mother in good health. No particulars are given as to the cause of her sudden death. The body will arrive in Sackville tomorrow afternoon.

Mr. H. V. Dewar.

St. George, April 17.—Seldom has death visited this community under conditions appealing with greater force for our sympathy than in the case of Mrs. Vaughn Dewar, who died this morning after a short illness. A young woman, the mother of one living and two dead children, a consistent member of the Baptist church, beloved by her intimates and respected by all, will soon be a young man, at death's door, and another child, seriously ill, also in the midst of her sorrow, adding a terrible burden to the already afflicted family.

Mr. Frank O. Baxter.

Newcastle, April 21.—The death of Mrs. Frank O. Baxter, of Millerton, occurred very suddenly Saturday afternoon, after an illness of only three days. She was 43 years of age and was universally esteemed as an earnest christian woman and model wife and mother. Mr. and Mrs. Baxter, who removed from Harewood to Millerton several years ago, were preparing to return to Harewood on the 22nd instant, to again make their home there. The body was taken to Harewood for burial this morning. She leaves besides her husband, the following children—Euna, Hilda, Leo, Harold, Bertina and Percy. The surviving brothers and sisters are—H. Douglas Atkinson, L. C. R. station master, Derby; J. H. Atkinson, Douglastown; John Atkinson, Richibucto; and Mrs. John Hutchinson, Harewood. Interment will be made in the Methodist cemetery.

Rev. Dr. C. B. Pibbado.

Winnipeg, April 20.—Word received here from Dr. C. B. Pibbado, of the death of Dr. Rev. Chas. Bruce Pibbado, a well known Presbyterian divine, at the age of 73. Dr. Pibbado was born in Fieshish, Scotland, in 1839 and came to Canada in 1859. During his lifetime, he held many charges, the most prominent of which were Glenelg, Halifax; Santa Rosa, St. Andrews (Winnipeg); and Westminster, St. John's. He was also chaplain of the Halifax battalion in the northwest rebel war in 1885. He was for many years chairman of the committee on education of the Presbyterian synod of the maritime provinces.

MAN DROWNED FROM MUD SCOW

Charles Johnson Loses Life But Companion Is Rescued

HEAVY SEA

Graft Was Being Towed to Dumping Ground Below Partridge Island—Tug Disabled and Forced to Put Back.

Charles Johnson was drowned and Patrick Peters had a very narrow escape from death Saturday just outside of the harbor. The mud scow, carrying the Graft, was being towed to the dumping ground below Partridge Island. The tug was disabled and forced to put back.

WEDDINGS

Anderson-Gunter. Andover, N. B., April 16.—A quiet home wedding in which the people of Andover have been much interested took place Wednesday, April 16, at the home of the bride's father, Lower Queensbury, when Mrs. Anderson-Gunter was united in marriage to Mr. Anderson, by the Rev. Mr. G. B. G. The bride was unattended and looked very sweet in a gown of white silk crepe de chine, with shadow lace and ruffled trimmings, with high collar and shawl collar of white ruffled lace. The ceremony was a short reception was held and refreshments served to the guests which were very plentiful. The bride's traveling suit was of blue serge with small hat of tulle and straw. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson left on the evening train for St. John.

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It is estimated that about 22 per cent. of the total wheat crop in Canada, or 44,000,000 bushels, remained in farmers' hands on March 31, as compared with 27 per cent. of the total, or 54,720,000 bushels of the crop of 1911 which remained in farmers' hands on March 31, 1912. The quantity of wheat estimated as remaining in farmers' hands on March 31, 1913, was in the maritime provinces, 1,000,000 bushels; in Ontario, 2,232,000; in the three northwestern provinces, 40,704,000; and in British Columbia, 46,000 bushels.

Oats, the estimated yield of which was last year 301,733,000 bushels, was of merchantable quality to the extent of 91 per cent., or 273,843,000 bushels, and the quantity remaining in farmers' hands was 412 per cent., or 1,048,000 bushels, as compared with last year's figures of 89 per cent. merchantable, or 310,774,000 bushels, and 44.18 per cent., or 133,840,000 bushels remaining in farmers' hands on March 31, 1912. The total barley crop of 44,044,000 bushels is estimated that 87 per cent., or 38,329,000 bushels, were of merchantable quality, and that 36 per cent., or 15,904,000 bushels, remained in the hands of farmers on March 31. The corresponding figures for last year were 90 per cent., or 38,883,000 bushels merchantable, and 32.56 per cent., or 13,285,000 bushels, remaining in farmers' hands on March 31, 1912. The total crop of oats and barley in Ontario and Manitoba. In the former province 12,001,000 bushels, or 81 per cent., in the latter 13,416,000 bushels, or 90 per cent. of the total crop of 15,000,000 bushels, were of merchantable quality, and 81 per cent., or 12,156,000 bushels, remained in farmers' hands on March 31. The total crop of potatoes, 38,000,000 bushels, was of merchantable quality to the extent of 80 per cent., or 30,400,000 bushels, and 81 per cent., or 30,800,000 bushels, remained in farmers' hands on March 31. The total crop of clover, 3,444,000 bushels, was of merchantable quality to the extent of 80 per cent., or 2,755,200 bushels, and 81 per cent., or 2,755,200 bushels, remained in farmers' hands on March 31.

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