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## 2

taining bears and other animals would be sent down the river, and thousands would come to witness the fearful plunge over the Falls, only to behold an old scow lodge in the shallow rapids aloove the falls. or the broken splinters of the old tub dash through the foaming waters and disappear over the precipice. A "I3uffalo Hunt" is announced, real wild buffiloes from the Western plains are to be turned loose in a large enclisure, and Buffalo Bill, assisted by a company o plainsmen from the far-west, are to delineate the excitement of a real Buffalo hunt. The crowd assemble to witness a great treat of a most exciting kind only to see a couple of old, decrepit buffaloes from the Museum Gardens lazily feeding on the green pastures of the old Drummondville race course and Buffalo Bill and his braves decked in gay trappings riding about the course. Several attempts are made to excite the buffaloes into a run; but all the flogging, clubbing and prodding fail to devel. op a spefed in the monarchs of the prairie above a trot. Finally the "brave hunters" turn their attention to a few Texan steers, which had been secured from a passing train for the occasion, and after a great effort actually succeeded in getting them to run from their pursuers.

Thus it has ever been, and in propertion as stately hotels have arisen from the modest log or frame huuses of the early days, so humbugism has increased. Swindling has become more systematic than in former days, and the public will be surprised when they find who are connected with it. It is gradually driving visitors from the place, and has given Niagara Falls a name not to be coveted by the poorest
would he sent nuld come to ce Fails, only e shallow rap. n splinters of aming waters A "Buffalo ouffiloes from ed lonse in a assisted by a ur-west, are to I Buffalo hunt. great treat of couple of old, seum Gardens res of the nld d Buffalo Biil appings riding npts are made in; but all the fail to devel. prairie above rs" turn their hich had been the occasion, , succeeded in rsuers. propertion as he modest log , 80 humbug. has become lays, and the hey find who lually driving iven Niagara $\vee$ the poorest
hamlet in Christendom. For instance, a gen tleman arrives at Niagasa Falls und puts up at one of the principal hotels and depends upon his Host for directions in visiting the various points of interest in the vicinity. He naturally expects reliable information, but the chances are he will be deceived. It may be and often is the case, that some one in connection with the hotel is connected with one or more of the points of interest on either or both sides of the river. He goes to the office and asks for information concerning the points of interest, and there, only such points as are in the interest of the hotel or of those connsted with the hotel, are pointed ont to him as points of interest vis ited by the great multitude, while all other points are represented as not being worth the time go and see.

Inmednately he is put into a hack, the driver mounts his seat, and the individual has really commenced his sight-seeing. The driver who knows his business as well as the pedagogue knows his multiplication table, plies his victim. no, not his victim, but the victim of mine host, with marvellous narrations of the events and occurrences that have taken place at those points which they intend visiting, thus crawing the man's mind away from other points that the driver knows he dare not drive to on pitin of wstant dismissal. Should the gentieman mention any other point, he is promptly dis. couraged, is told that the place is not worth seeing or that it is not safe to visit, and should he still insist upon going, the driver would be compelled, point blank, to refuse to take him, and should the party yet persist in going he
would have to watk or procure another hacli, For the purpose of illustrating this fact, we will give a single instance: Some time in Sep. tember, $18: 2$, there was a Drurgists' Conven tion held at Nianara I'alls N. Y., the delegates putting upat one of 1 ore principal hotels, whad during their stay wished to visit the Whirlpool and Whirlpool Rapids on the Americanside; to their astonishment, when they wisled to be driven to those places, the hackmen eonneeted with the hotel refused to take them, and they were compelied to employ other hackmen to drive them where they denred to go.
sometimes a conaract is entered into between the manager of some point or points of interest and the proprictor of a hotel, in which he abrees for a certaill amount of money to drive as matay of the guests of the hotel as possible to the particular point or points, as the case may he. In such a case the driver is in danger of losing his position if he does not go there.

A certain driver was reprimanded for not driving into Prospect Fark as often as lie should have done for the interest of his employer, so when the next man entered his hack and asked where he was going to take him he was answered, "Inte Prospect Park, sir." "But I do not want to $n$ othere," said the stranger. "I will Lake you there whether you want to go or not, sir," said the driver, and he did take him thert. By this private arrangement other hackmen are not permitted to go on the premises of these hotels to solicit, and the sitanger is thus left at the mercy oi a grinding monopoly - The "watside hackmen" as they are called, would give their services for much less, are just as
other hatck。 ; this fact, we we time in Sep. ysists' Conver. the delegates mal hotels, and the Whirlpool ericans side; to , wislied to be men eonnected them, and they ar hackmen to ro. di into between oints of interest vhich he atree ) drive as matiy possible to the e case may be. anger of losing ere. manded for not ten as he should is employer, so hack and asked he was answer. - But I do not mger. "I will at to go or not, take him thert. er hackmen are emises of these ger is thus left jonopoly - Ihe e called, would less, are just as

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obliging and equally in trustworthy as are those $\cdots \frac{1}{1 o}$ are suppused to be in connection with the ho el. As to the fur s'on of safety there is no wnlerence between sin "outside" and an "inside" linckman; there is the: honorable and dishonor able among both classes. But where imposition is attempted the stranger can obtuin sure and speedy redress by fullowing the instructions given in the chapter "How to avoid being humbugryed."

## COMMISSION ERAUDS.

万HE commission system of loing busi. news is now probably the most fruitful source of complaint at Niag. ara. The Falls is a place of magnificent distan. ces and strangers are drawn from place to place by obliging and condescending hackmen. These apparently disinterested and self-sacrificing individuals are always ready, willing, and waiting to advise new-comers upon any subject pertaining to the locality. It is natural that strangers should fall into their hands. It is their business to deal with strangers in this particular,
They pay for the privilege of doing so. They are protected by the by-laws and ordinances of the municipalities on both sides of the river in the plying of their vocation. Strangers unacquaint !l with the neighborhood, are compelled to ask firs dircction, and nothing can be more natural than they should seek information from those commissioned to give it, and who are most accessible and most willing to comply
with their requests. In the very nature of things this must continue to be so while the transportation business of the neighborhood is in the hands of the Hack Fraternity. Now, hackmen, like other people, work for money, and while they appear to talk in the interest of the stranger applying to them for information they have their principal eye on their own interests and only recommend such movements as, will result in turning them an "honest penny." Hackmen look upon strangers only as so mach stock in trade, and as soon as thay have made out of them the last margin of profit they want to see them no more. It is a fact that at nearly all points of interest about Niagara Falls, hackmen get a commission from the keepers of the points for bringing strangers to them. The fraud is in this: A stranger paying 50 cents for the privilege of visiting a point of interest, possibly feels that he has received the worth of his money and has no thought that a fraud has been practiced upon him. The frand is perpetrated all the same. The keeper of the point demands the 50 cents ostensibly for the privilege while the lact is, the leeper is demand ing 25 cents for the privilege of seeing the point, and 25 cents to pay the hackman for bringing the victim there. The 50 cents is obtained by falsely pretending that it is wholly for the privilege of viewing the point of interest, when the fact is one hall of it is demanded for the hackman and is banded to him as soon as the stranger's back is turned.
The following taile slowvs the prices charged for admssion to the points of interest about Ni agara Falls, and the manner in which the
ery nature of e so while the eighborhood is ternity. Now, rk for money, the interest of or information heir own intermovements as honest penny." bly as so mich lay have niade -ofit they want ct that at nearNiagara Falls, m the keepera angers to them. nger paying $5^{\circ}$ ; a point of inas received the thourght that a im. The frand e keeper of the tensibly for the seper is demand 3 of seeing the e hackman for he 50 cents is that it is wholly point of inter$f$ it is demanded ded to him is s turned.
e prices charged iterest about Ni . - in which the
charges collected are divided between the keepers of the points and the hackmen:

| ponsts of interest. | amount cilamoed. | amotent paid to наекmen. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Whirlpool. | \$0.50 |  | \$0.25 |
| Whirlpool Rapids. | 50 |  | 25 |
| Museum............. | 50 |  | 5 |
| Under sheet of water at Table Rock | 1.00 |  | 50 |
| Burning Sprmg....... | 50 |  | 25 |
| Crossing Upper Suspension Bridge on foot... | - 25 |  | 00 |
| Two horse Carriage.... | 50 |  | 00 |
| One horse Carriage. <br> AMERI | $\begin{gathered} 37 \frac{1}{2} . \\ \text { ican side. } \end{gathered}$ |  | 00 |
| Prospect Park and Inclined Railway. | . 50 |  | 200 ${ }^{-}$ |
| Shadow of the Liock.... | - 100 |  | 50 |
| Goat Island.......... | E1 |  | 0 |
| Cave of the Wirds...... | 1.10 |  | 50 |
| Whirlporl Rapids...... | 50 |  | 25 |
| Whirlpool........... | . 50 |  | 2 i |

At nearly all of these points of interest there are fancy goods stores and an army of persistsaleswomen. Of all the money invested in articles there offered for sale the accompanying hackman gets 25 percent as his commission for furnishing the customer. In addition to the commissions paid, keepers of points of interest in many cases subsidize Hack Associations with large bonuses and individual hackmen with extravagant presents. In return for the commissions, and the subsidies and the presents, the hackmen talk strangers into "taking in" the points from which they demive their commissions, subsidies and presents. Some hackmen
are subsidized by one point and some by another. In all this the stranger is the victim. It is he that furnisines the capital to run Niagara and to run it, too, with all the peculiarities that characterize the place.

Now what is the remedy? Is it possible to avoid the impositions? When people come to Niagara their object is to see the Falls. They possibly don't know anything about the Devil's Hole or most of the other outlying points of inter eat so exten: ively extolled by the generous Cahby As soon, however, as they get seated in a conveyance they are driven to the point farthest from the Falls-a point on all occasions where commission is paid. This.seen another is visited, and then another and last of all the object of the visit, a view of the Falls. Un the Canada side this is free consequently commissionless, hence it is quite apparent why the hackmen sheuld take his barty last of all to the point he most desi.ed to visit. One remedy would be for stramgers to refuse to be drawn to any point or place where commis.ions are paid to hackmen. This woild have a tendency to de away with the commission system and necessarily render hackmen a degree more disinterested, and possibly a degree more honest in their representations to strangers.

Another course, but somewhat more complicated wombl, in a measure accomplish the desired resut. Let the stranger in bargaining with his hackman, arrange before starting upon a round of sight-seeing, that the hackman is to be satisfied.$i$ th the fee agreed upon alone, for the drive, and that the stranger is to receive all "Commissions" paid at the different points.
and some by an. $r$ is the victim. It al to run Niagara peculiarities that

Is it possible to en people come to the Falls. They about the Devil's ing points of inter e generous Cabby $t$ seated in a conhe point farthest I occasions where en another is vis t of all the object . Un the Canada commissionless, hy the hackmen Il to the point he emedy would be awn to any point are paid to hack. dency to de away and necessarily re disinierested, mest in their rep-

1at more compli. accomplish the grer in bargaining ore starting upon hackman is to be upon alone, for $r$ is to receive all different points.

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Take an example, and see bow the parties in terested will stand at the end of the trip. A party of four engage a lack to go to all the points of interest for \$5. The first point visited say', is goat 1 sland. Now tha party visiting pays $\$ 2$. No commission is paid. Tlie hackman would under ordinary cireamsiances get nothing and the party according to the arrangement made gets nothing back. While upon the Island they take in the Cave of the Winds. There they pay $\$ \mathrm{r}$ each, and by the terms of their agreement each gets back 50 cents. They next goto Prospect Park, they pay oo cents each and each get back 25 cents comuission. They next visit the Whirlpool Rapids on the American side and pay 50 cents each. receiving back 25 cents each. They then cross the lower bridge, and pay in the shape of bridge toll \$1.50 of which nothing is received in return. They then take in Whirlpool Rapids on the Canadian side and the Whirlposl paying \$1 each, for the two, and receive back as commission 50 cents each. The museum, and the Burning Springs entail another dollar outlay, and adds $5^{\circ}$ cents to the receipts of each on commission account. They now return to the American side by the upper bridge paying \$1.50 for what privilege, out of which they get no return. Let us see now how the account stands.

| Paid for hack hire.......... |  | \$5.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paid at Goat Islaud........ |  | 2.00 |
| Paid at Care of the Winds.. |  | 4.00 |
| Received in return........ | \$2.00 |  |
| Paid at Prospect Park...... |  | 2.00 |
| Received in return. | 1.00 |  |
| Paid at Whirlpool Rapids, (American side). |  | 2.00 |


| 10 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Received in returm........ | 1.00 |  |
| Paid at Lower Bridge........ |  | 1.50 |
| Paid at Whirlpool Rapids <br> (Cmada side)... . . . . . . . . |  | 2.610 |
| Received in return........ | 1.00 |  |
| laidut Whirlmot. . . . . . . . |  | 2.010 |
| Sieceived in return........ | 1.111 |  |
| Paid at lhuming Sprig\&.... Received in return........ | 1.01 | 2.110 |
| Prid ut Mnsemm. . . . . . . . . . |  | 9.010 |
| Received in return........ | 1.00 |  |
| Paid for crossing Up. Brade |  | 1.51 |
| Toll, stone 1oad, Canada site |  | 10.10 |
|  | \$8.061 | 26.10 |

By this arrangement the party has the use of the hack for nothing and 75 cts each to the good; have practically paid halfrates for vistingr all the points. By this example it will he read. ily seen that the amount paid to hackmen, as hack hire direct, is only a small part of their gains, The driver, in this case, without the spocial arrangement spoken of, could have well aflorded to drive the pary for nothing, relying upon the commission for nis temmeration.

The following case came under the observaticn of the writer in the summer of 1882, and only illustrates the rule at Niagara Falls. A party of six gentlemen, out for a drive, engaged a hackman for six dollars to take them to the principal points of interest. They took in everything recommended by the generous driver, and the :rip cost them for tolls $\$ 33.00$ out of which the driver pocketed \$12.00 as his share of the spoils, thas netting by the transaction \$18.00 and was ready fur a like trip in the afternoon. When they landed, the young gentlemen not knowing that the driver had pocketed about half the amount they had paid, handed him a

will never remedy the grievances. They are too nuch in the power of those who profit by the peculiar system corpplained of. A free paik and a street railroad on both sides of the river would do much to bring back to this much persecuted locality the food name that now seems permantly lost to it. This, like any other reform at Niagara, must come from without the limits of the area given over to the peculiar commercial morality that characterizes the place. Without the park there is no hope for reformation. With it a new system may be inallgurated and better days dawn upon the neighborlicid.

## HACKMEN'S TRICKS.

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2T(HERE is prubably no place in the world where there are so many opportunities for committing frauds and impositions as at this pomt. It would seem almost incredible that these fraud should continue to be repeated when all the world has been warned through the press against them. The very geography of the locality, the circumstances peculiar to the place, and the exigencies of the business people themselves tend to place strangers at the mercy of any who may desire to take advantage of them.

The Grand Trunk, (formerly the Great Western, ) and the Erie Railways connect at Niagara Falls, Canada side. People going east by the Erie leave the Grand Trunk Railway at this point, and passing through the station, get into the Erie train. The following is one of the
nces. They are who profit by the of. A free park ides of the river o this much perthat now seems ke any other rerom without the to the peculiar haracterizes the $e$ is no hope for stem may be ina upon the neigh-

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RICKS.
no place in the so many opporing frauds and It would seem e fraud should en all the world te press against r the locality, the slace, and the exthemselves tend of any who may m.
the Great Westnnect at Niagara oing east by the Railway at this station, get into ig is one of the

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tricks that have been played upon people changing cars here:(A stranger came out throurg the station and enquired of the first person he met (who by the way was a hackman) for the lerie train. The hackman seemin that the stranger was not posted said to hina: "Get ripht int . miy hack and I will take you to the station. Lou have not a moment to spare-It will cost you three dollars." The stranger not beine aware that be was then standing within a few feet of the very train be was enguiring for, and fearlul of being late, acted upon the hackman's sugges. tion, who deliberately then drove the stranger away from the main he should bave taken, acruss the Suspension Bridge, where he had to pay a futher charge of 75 cents britue toll, to the Erie station on the American side.

Could heartless imposition be more flagrant!
A favorite trick of the lower grade of hackmen is to bring their patrons to the train they wish to go by just about the time the tram is to start, and t'ien demand from them probably double the amount agreed upon, threatening the interference of the police if the demand is not satisfied. In nine cases out of ten the stranger pays through fear of being detained.
C Ancther trick is to keep whatever bills may be handed them under these circumstances, in payment of the fare refusing to hand back the change. They know that in a few minutes the stranger will be gone and there is an end to the contention.

Parties to leave by train in this way are call ed in hackmen's vernacular "train parties;" and a hackman has a peculiar knack of findiny out what disposition his parrons are about to make

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of themselves. A hackman seeiner a strancer walking along the hank towards the Falls will drive near him and say "Going up to the Falls? 'The stranger says "yes." The hack. man says "Get in, I'm going right up : it won't cost yo's anything." The stranger grets in and is driven to the lialls. Here he is entrated by a hevy of gruides and runners to go under the sheet of water.

He consents, and for this disinterested act of kindness (?) he pays one dollar, fifty cents as commission to a person he never saw hefore and by whom he hopes never to be recognized again. And should the stramer happen to buy a quantity of fancy goods, or get his picture taken, the hackman gets his fee out of that illso. Another trick is, if parties wish to go to the Whirlpool, the driver will be sure to drive to the Whirlpool Rapids first, and then, after they have paid their fifty cents, he will tell them that the Whirlpool is farther down the river. Or, if a party has a ticket for a certain point of interest they will be driven to some other place, which they suppose is the point for which their ticket calls, and are passed right through, but when they retura they are compelled to pay fifty cents each. After this fleecing, if they are not too angry, and have time, they can go to the point for which they hold a ticket. Strangers are led to believe, by evasion and deceit on the part of some of the hackmen, that certain points of interest are free, when it is well know to the hackman that a fee is charged. The perperration of this imposition is facilitated by the mana. gers of the points referred to. The matter of charge is not mentioned as the party passes in,
comg a stranger Is the loalls will roing up to the ees." 'The hack. ght up: it won't nger gets in and is entrrited by to $\mathfrak{y}$ o under the
sinterested act of ir, fifty cents as lever saw before o be recognized er happen to buy et his picture tak. out of that also. ish to go to the sure to drive to I then, after they vill tell them that the river. Or, if a point of interest rer place, whiclı hich their ticket rough, but when to pay fifty cents hey are not too 1 go to the point Strangers are led it on the part of ain points of innow to the hacke perpetration of by the mana. The matter of party passes in,
but the demand is made when they are about to leave. In many cases the party would not have visited the place at all if they had known that a charge would have been made, and particularly if they had known the amount charged. In all such cases the hackmangets his share of the money paid. It is this hope of reward that prompts him to delude and over reach the stranger, Practically the hackmen comatol all the lines of business peculian to this beatity. Whom they favor will succed. Whom they desire to crush must come to grief. If in their dreadful might they set their face against a business man, the grass will grow at his the shohd before a season passes. Therefore shanien would do well to go to no point of interest where hackmen get a commission, and mon no fancy guods strire where hackmen, or clerks, or porters importune them to go. At all such piaces the parties importuning get a commission on the amount sold, and the stranger is charged that much extra for what he buys.

## HACKMEN NOT ALONE BAD.

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D] HUS we see that the hackmen are not the only ones at Niagara Falls that take advantage of the stranger. No sooner does a stranger appear who camat bronounce the local "shibboletl"' than all kimls of goods advance to three or four times their usual price. Cigars that cost a cent and a half each are sold for twenty cents. ₹ager beer goes up to ten cents a glass; pop the same, and every. thing else in proportion. Ornaments that come

Prom England are sold to the stranger as Table Rock amaments, and fibulons stories are told of the difliculty expresienced in procuring them It is a wonter that some of the spokes of the 'bus that went down with 'lable Rock are not for sale in some of the shops?

We find that there we some hackmen just as homest and upright in their vocation as other men are in their hossiness. They try to make all they catl : yet they do not deceive their par. ties, hat tel them frankly what is charged at the various points of interest, and endearor to trive then reliable information. It is true that they also receive the commission, but as many of them receive but a few paltry dollars per month as watres, they are compelled to take the commission in order to support themselves und family, $1 f$ owners of hacks would pay their drivers reasomable wates for their services very much of the fratud now practiced by them would disappear.

The Experience of john Lauderbauch.
46OYELL, Mr. Lauderbach, I hear that you have been to Niagara fralls and had a very rood time. Will you please tell us all about it ?"
"Vell, mine friendt, it vas youst like dis. Mine frau Petsey, she say to me, Shon, you has vorked hard all der summer und der best is for you to shust shtop a leetle und rest mit yourself a vile."
"Vell," I say to mine Petsey, "vell, Petsey, vot
tranger as 'lable stories ase told procuring them. he spokes of the le Rock are not
hackmen just as ocation as other hey try to make eceive their pir. at is charged at and endeavor to It is true thit on, but as many altry dollars per pelled to take the themselves and would pay their reir services very a by them would

## Lauderbauch.

derbanch, I hear been to Niagar: ad a very sood all about it? ust like dis. Mine ton, you has vork. er best is for you st mit yourself a
"vell, Petsey, vot

I shall do mit myself ?" "Vell," says Petsey, "you go one ov dem excursions mit to der Falls und have vone goot dimes, und bring me vone new dress vhen you come back mit yourself.'
"So I vent right avay quick, und got me vone of does excursion dickets, und der next morning I got der stheam vagon in, und putty soon der bell be ring, und den der vagon he sthart off und, Shiminy cripes, yo. ought youst to see how dem vences und dem pig stables, und dem hen houses und such things did fly py. I daut dot efery dings vas alife. Ven vo der Falls am to, und der vagon got out, eferypody vas hollering youst so loud vat he could, und when he say 'Free buss,' for some davern vot I don't understhandt. So, says I myself to, 'Sion, dot is der blace vor you.' So I got der buss in, und ve drove der sthreet drough, und putty quick ve come to der davern ven der bus sthopped, und I got mit myself out und valked der house in und sit down myself. Putty soon a man comes und says dot dimper vas ready, did I vant some? und I say yes. Und den I got up and vent der dable to und sit myself down, und eating commenced. I dook a cup of coffee und I put dree sphocinsful ov sugar in, because 1 daught it vould not cost any more ov I put in dree sphoon. fulls as vone. I eat a schmall biece of meat, und some botaters, und ven I vas done I asked der davern-keeper yot it all cost, und he said 'vone tollar.' So tinks I, by Shiminy, dare bees vone tollar gone putty quick. Vell, I says, here bees your tollar, und now I bees going to look aroundt some. Vell, says der man vhat der davern keeps, don't you vant ter ride? Oh, no, 1 says, I can aroundt valk. 0 , no, said der man
what der davern keeps, dot vill never do; you only for der vorld vunce drunsh, dud so may youst so gront ride :s vilk. Vell, I g.tys, buw mooch it cost ven I ride mit der vagun roundt? (), he saty, ve make dot all richt ven you back comes. So 1 sidy all richt. Sis 1 got der vagon in, und dier man wat sit on der top of der vason he starts off mit me rigit avily quick."
"Vell, der lirst blace viat ve sthopped at vas dot long pridige what goes der river ofer, und a man coass out und says dot I must give him vone tollar pioure I goes der pridse over. V'all, I gives der me: vone tollar, and den we vent on der oler side, und vent der river down dill we comes to a blace vhere a mon comes und opens der varon door und aski me to get out. So I gets out mal froes der house in vhere every dines looks very nice, and vone man he dikes m: 11 al sits ve in a veroa mit a bos pelow vilié day lall of vater mase; and den vhen der box vas full of vater avay lor ling vent, und der firsht ding dot I knowed I vas down the river pank, vhen of m m comes and says dot he thatit my bicture dase. Voll, I said, if ha musht he mosht, for I could nut help it. So in a leedle while hewsmes unl sugs dot he must hive live tollars. Und Isty for vhit? Und has stys for dem bietures. So I gives him life tollars for dem bictares vhich I hafe not seen; but der man says it bees all right und he vill send me dem bictures putty soon right avay quick."
"So I vent und got in dot vagon again, und a poy he comes und pulls der rope vhat makes der pell ring for der ding to go, und den he vants fifty cents. So I gites dot poy fifty cents, und dinks myself dot de money flies avay putty


## d 10

, or some dings like dot, und l say all rig't. Vell, vhen ve comes dare I could see no dable, noddings but some rock, so dought ve vould go on. But a man he comes und says you musht down mit der stairs go. So I say all right. So he made me put on some close vhat looked like some old sturgin skins, und den der man he goes down firsht und $I$ go pehind, und putty quick ve comes to der blace vhere der vater down comes vorser denat old Pill Powers' saw mill. So ve not very long sthay, for I could noddings but vater sea any how. Den, ven I back comes dere vas vone tollar to bay und den der man vat with me vent down he vanted a tollar for der use of dem old sturgin skin close, which two tollars make. Und den dere vas some more bictures vanted, but I begins to get mat, so I dolt dem vellers dot dey musht go mitout mine bicture. So I got der vagon once more in, und der man vat sits on top he drifes on putty fasht, und der firsht ding vhat I know. ed ve comes to a place vhere der vas a leedle fire plazing up, und der man vhat vas dare, he too vanted a half tollar, und I said for vhat? Vhen he said, for that fire looking at. So I gifes him a half tollar, und delled him dot if he vould come to see the I vould some prush heaps afire make ind he could see dut for noddings.

Den I dells der man vhat on top ov der vagon sits to drife me pack der pridge over quicker as no dime, for I not vant to see any more of der Falls. But der man he say you must Prospect Park see und some oder place vat dey calls Goat Island. But I say it makes me noddings out, I did not vant any more goats for to see tor it cost too many sthamps. Vell, dot bees all right, so
rs like dot, und I mes dare I could e rock, so dought comes und says go. So I say all some close vhat skins, und den nd I go pehind, - blace vhere der old Pill Powers' thay, for I could w. Den, ven I to bay und den wn he vanted a rgin skin close, 1 den dere vas 1 begins to get dey musht go der vagon once oa top he drifes ng vhat I know. ler vas a leedle at vas dare, he said for vhat ? ig at. So I gifes 2 dot if he vould rush heaps afire oddings.
op ov der vagon over quicker as ny more of der 1 must Prospect at dey calls Goat noddings out, I to see tor it cost ees all right, so

## 21

he drives me to der davern back, und der man vhat der davern keeps he comes out und s.lys, vell, you hafe had vone good dimes I gues3. $O$, putty good, says I. Now, vat you vants for der vagon? Twelve dollars, says der man. But, my Shiminy, how dot makes my eyes stick out. Und I say to der davern man, vat for so much ? Und he say, vell, look here, mine friendt, you see der man vot sits on top of der varion he dells you how long der bridge vas over, und dot yas vorth vone tollar; den he dells you how hish der pridge vas down, und dot vas vorth a tollar; und den he tells you vhere der man falls der pank ofer, und dot vas vone tollar wort ; und he exblained about der Maid dot vent der Mis: down, und dot vas vorth dree tollars; und dun der vagon vas vorth six tollars, so dot makes der dwelve tollars. Vell, so I baid dem dwelve tollars, und den der davern man say, come, my friendt, have a trink mit me. Vell, I says, I don't care if I do. So I doo!' a trink mit him, und den I say, now hafe a trink mit me. All right, he says, so den ve took anudder trink. Den der davern man he say, now, look here, my friendt, I have to bay for my trinks youst as vell as you do, so now I vill schake der dice mit you to see who shall poth trinks bay for. S) I say all right, und vhen ve had schook der dice I lad poth the trinks to bay for.

By dis dime I dought all vhat a man had to do vihen at der Falls vas youst to give der beble m mey. So vhen a poy comes up und asks my poots for to shine I say yes, und I gifes him half a tollar; und den anudder poy comes for to help him. und he spit on der poots vone or twice, so I gifes him half a tollar. Den one ov dem pig
plack fellers vhat come from der Sout, he comes und sthands and looks at me avhile, und as I hardly knowed if I was in der United States or Canada any more, so I gife him half a tollar too.
Und I can dold you py dis dhime my bocket pook looks putty slim, so I dake dot free bus for der stheam vagon house quicker ns no dime, und I can dold you dot vhen I got dot stheam vagon vonce more in I feel petter as good. But vhen I gets home I dells Petsey dot I could findt no goot tress for her, und dot she musht vait dill ve dis fall our bigs kill.

## A TRAVELLER'S PRAYER. <br> BY JOIN C. SHEA.

Oh, wotilerful Niagara, amid thy oessoless roar
The sou! earth loosed and longing, to heaven would ll:e to But viewtice
But viewlag all thy heauties is satisned to stay
If you'll send vour hackinen and rinners all eway
Yetit inight be best to slow them 'mong your other curious
things Lot us thinks of that a moment, for the thought some laughtor You might on
The muartors thague them filly, and regain from diy to day How quartors that from visitorg those men have taken away. Mid the roar
the roar of rushing watere, sure some solace might be And very soon the tables would be turned on men of sin,
For they, and not the traveller, would than be taken in. Where olamors of their volce however loud woild soon be mute, Could smile to see their whips upralsed from out the "Cave of Another plac.
Another place is lert for thom And ever, ever more The wrangling of the hackinen would be hushad along the Securely bound and numbered, and the piace made free from Oh, what a place to jam them in would bo the "Devil's Hole,"
rom der Sout, he s at me avhile, und n der United States fe him half a tollar
dhime my bocket dake dot free bus quicker as no dime, I got dot stheam retter as good. But ?etsey dot I could and dot she musht sill.

## PRAYER.

a he the "Devll's Iole,"

HOW TO SEE NIAGARA FALLS.
HE first and great object ot the visitor to Niagara is to get a complete view of the Falls themselves. We shall therefore endeavor, as briefly as possible, to tell our readers how to see them.
The Grand Trunk Railwiy Station at Niagara Falls, Unt., (formerly Clifton,) is about two miles from the Falls on the Canada side. Visitors arriving at this station can engage hacks to take them to the Falls, or which is better still, if they have the time, they can take the walk along the beautiful river bank where a picturesque scenery is constantly presented to the eye until suddenly the Falls themselves burst upon the view and they are beheld in all their grandeur, free ot charge.
A substantial iron fence along the edge of the bank was erected during ${ }^{\text {b }}$ 'e summer of 1883 by the Ontario Governinent, making this charming walk perfectly safe; also a sidewalk extending the whole distance to the Falls will be built by the town ready for the summer of 1884 , which will compleie what will ever after be the most delightful promenade on the continent.

Passengers coming from the west by the Michigan Central (Canada Southern) should leave the cars at the Niagara Falls station, where a short walk down to the river will bring them within full view of the mighty cataract.
Passengers arriving at Niagara Falls from any point on the American side can see the (Falls from either Prospect Park or Goat Island.) Admission fee to Goat Island is 50 cents. This

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fee includes the Three Sister Islands, Biddle Stairs which leads down to the water's edge below the bank, and all the points that can be visited from Goat Island, except Cave of the Winds.

The admission to Prospect Park is 25 cents, the inclined railway leading down to the water's edge below the bank is 25 cents more, and the ferry to Canada also 25 cents. But parties wishing to go to Canada this way should purchase their ticket at the gate where 50 cts. will procure them a ticket that will admit to the Park and secure the use of the inclined railway, ferriage to Canada and returi.

Or they can cross the new Suspension Bridge by paying 25 cents each way and 50 cents carriage toll.
But for those who study economy and wish at the same time to get a perfect and full view of the wonderiul Niagara, the best way is to take the street car to Suspension Bridge for which the fare is only five cents, see the new Cantilever Bridge, then buy a return ticket over the Suspension Bridge, which is only 25 cents for those who return the same day, ther take the delightful walk along the river bank on the Canada side and view the Falls free of charge.

Thus we have shown that for those who wish and are able to walk, the Falls themselves can be seen with little or no expense. Those coming on the Canadian lines have a free view; those on the American side for 30 cents.

But those who wish to be driven from their station to the Falls must of course pay for the hack. Should they wish to visit the various outlying points of interests in the vicinity, at all

Islands, Biddle the water's erlge ints that can bu sept Cave of the

Park is 25 cents, wn to the water's its more, and the ots. But parties way should purvhere 50 cts. will admit to the Park ned railway, fer.
uspension Bridge ind 50 cents car.
onomy and wish ect and full view best way is to ision Bridge for nts, see the new return ticket over is only 25 cents e day, ther take iver bank on the is free of charge. r those who wish themselves can

Those comve a free view; 30 cents. Iriven from their urse pay for the visit the various he vicinity, at all

## 27

of which an admission fee is charged, the bill will necessarily be considerably increased.

## TAKE MORE TIME AT NIAGARA

if you would enjoy your visit and save expense. Most people come in on the train and the momert they leave the cars commence rushing from one point of interest to another without any definite idea of where thy a are going, incur all the expense in a single day that should be distributed over an entire week, and then go home swearing about the "extortions" of Niag. ara. Niagara Falls and the various places of interest in the vicinity cannot be seen in a few hours. If you would see all, take lodgings at a hotel where the fare is suitable to your means and then take time for your sight-seeing. If you cin afford the luxury of a carriage you can be accommodated at as low a rate as can be ob. tained at any other place on the continent. It your means will not afford a carriage, there is no reason why you should not adopt the English custom and walk. The distance between the various points of interest is not great, the walks from one place to another are pleasant and safe, and the scenery unsurpassed. [See chapters on Distances und Admission Fees.]

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## Distances of the Foints of Interest from the Falls. <br> american bide.

poat Island lies between the Horseshoe and American Falls.
The Three Sister Islands, Luna Island, Bath Island, \&c., all belong to the Goat Island group, and are reached only from Goat Island.

Cave of the Winds is behind the Centre Fall and can only be reached from Goat Island.

The Rock of Ages is the huge rock lying in front of the Cave of the Winds.

Prospect Park occupies all the river front be tween the upper Suspension Bridge and the Falls.

The Shadow of the Rock is behind the sheet of water of the American Fall. It is reached by the Inclined Railway from Prospect Park.

The upper Suspension Bridge is about oneeighth of a mile below the American Fall

The new Cantilever Bridge is about two miles below the Falls.

The Railway Suspension Bridge is only 380 feet below the Cantilever Bridge, hence two miles below the Falls.

The Whirlpool Rapids is about halt a mile below the Kailway Suspension Bridge

The Whirlpool is about one mile below the Railway Suspension Bridse, hence about three miles from the Falls.

The Devil's Hole is about one mile down the river from the Whirlpool, but at this date is not open for visitors.


Erie, Niagara Falls Station, American side, about thrce.quarters of a mile.

West Shore, Niagara Falls Station, Ametican side, about three-frurths of a mile.

Lehigh Valley, Niagara Falls Statión, Americall side, about three-fourths of a mile.

Rome, Watertown and Ogclensburg, Niagara Falls Station, American side, about one-quarter of a mide.

TIE RALLWAX GYetem at miagaba fallg.
All the lines of milway coming to Niagara Falts centre at the point where the Railway Suspensiun Bridge and new Cantilever Bridge span the river, nbout two miles below the Falls, nad nbout one mile above the Whirlpool. Each railway, except the Grand Trunk, has a station nearer the Fills, but they all have one also at this place, in close proximity to each other.

Here there is a town on each side of the river with stores, post office, express and telegraph wllices, and with abundant hotel accominodation. The place on the American side is called Suspension Bridge, that on the Canadian side Nagara Falls, (formerly Clifton.)

Visitors should take special notice of this fact, as when at this point, on eisher side of the river, they are about midway between the difnerent points of interest, the Whirlpool on the one side and the Falls on the other.

Hotel fare here, too, is cheaper than it is nearer the Falls, and the accommodation equally as good.

In the matter of hack hire, carriages can be

## American side,

Station, American mile. Is Station, Amerif a mile. ensburg, Niagara about one-quarter

## agara fallg.

oming to Niagara iere the Railway Jantilever Bridge $s$ helow the Falls, Whirlpool. Each ank, has a station have one also at to each other. :h side of the river as and telegraph 10tel accominodaican side is called he Canadian side on.) al notice of this either side of the between the dif. Whirlpool on the other.
heaper than it ie mmodation equal.
carriages can be
obtained at this place as cheaply and as readily as at the stations nearer the Falls.
()is the American side a street railway with a five cent tare, runs to the Falls. On the Canada side a charming walk along the river bank is open to those who may not wish a carriage.

## Admission Fees and Tolls,

AMEMtCAN EDEE.

To Goat lnand for the day . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8050 " season............... 100 " ('ave of the Winds, with dress \& guide 100 - I'f inpect rark for the diry. . . . . . . . . . . 025

- Art (inllery (Prospect Purk,)............. . . 0
" Ineined liailway " "....... .0025
"Shalow of the Rock, with dress a gaide 100
- Ferry to Chamda and lrospeet Park.. 050
" Wile tric Lisht. Prospect Park, extra
0 day or seavin tickets............ 0 o 15
Grousing upper Susp. Jridge, each way 025
- Crossing Suspension Bridge. extra for
one.Lorse carriuge. . . . . . . . . ....... 035
one-horse carsion Bridgo, extra for
two.
two-hors carriane Brides, over and
return same day. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0
" Whirlpool Rapids......................... 050
"Whirlpool . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 050
"Devil's Hole, when open to visitors.... 0 Canada mide.

To Burning Springs, including Clark Fill Istands . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8050 Falls, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Free Lundy's Lune Battle Gro'd Observatory 060 Iuseum. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 050
". r:rossmg upper Susp. Bridge, each way 025
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## How to Avcid Being Humbugged

1. Know the name of the station where you will liatve the cars.
2. Know hov lar that station is from the Falls, and what time you have at your disposal for sight-secing.
3. Decide before arriving at the Falls what places you wish to visit. Ascertain from this Guide how far they are from the Falls, and from each other, und what the admission fee is. 4. Remember no point of interest at Niagara Falls is free, except the Falls themselves on the Canadian side.
4. If you take a carriage, make your bargain with the driver before entering the carriage
5. If yo: wish to return, you must make that a part of your contract, othe:wise you may be required to pay extra for the return drive. - That is one of the tricks.
6. If you need a hotel. select one where the rates correspond with your means and wants.

## extru for ext..... 80 3ior exia -......... 0 0 60 .......... 0 extrik for 035 oxtra for 0 $\quad 70$ 0111 0 : 0 0 in 025

 tyour disposal the Falls what rtain from this the Falls, and lmission fee is. resi at Niagara thenselves on:e your bargain le carriage. ust make that e you may be n drive. -I'hat
one where the ins and wants.

Wutels range fiom one to live do'has per day,
8. Remember that as the driver is in your service for the time being, he will erpect you to pay all fees and tolls unless you specially birsain for him to pav them.
9. If any forson slantd defrime you there is no place on the continent where you can get tedress more surely or usore readily, if you go direct to the authorities with your grievance. 'The Ontario Police Porce, on the Cinada side, and 1ny Jistice $:$ lie Pence on the Anmerican side will alford the stranser who apples to them anple brotection.

## Rates of Fare Allowed by Law.



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OR carying one passinger and ordin. ary bagande from one place to another in the Villare, fifty cents
Lach additional passenger and ordinary baggine, twenty-five cents.

For carrying one passenger and ordinary bag. sage from any point in this Village to any point in the Village of Suspension Bridge, one dollar.

Each additional and ordinary baggage, fifty cents.

Each additional piece of baggage other than ordinary biggage, twelve cents.

Children under three years of age, free.
Over three years and under fourteen years of age, half price.

Ordinary baggage is defined to be one trunk

For carrying one or more passengers, in the same carriage, from any point in: this village to any point within five miles of the limits of the village, at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents for each hour accupied, except that in every instance where such carriage shall be drawn by a single horse, the fare therefor shall be ut the rate of one dollar for each hour occupied.

TABLFE OF ILACKMEN'\& CHABGRG IN THE TOWN OF NAAG Afli fally, ont.

From Railway Suspension Bridge or $G$ T. R. Station to Clifton House, or lialls lerry. Davis' Muscum or 'Table Rack, or vice versu two horses: one person, $\mathbb{E n}$, and each additior. al person, 25 cents; one horse : one persom. 75 cents, and each ndditional person, 2 h cems. From Fialls Ferry to Davis' Museum, or 'Table Rock, or sice zurst, two horses: one jerson, 50 cents, and each additional person, 25 conts; one horse: one person, 37 cents; each additional pers.an, $12 \frac{1}{3}$ cents, From Clifton Houss to Davis' Museum, 'Tahle Rock, Falls Ferry, Niagara Falls C. S. R, or vice versa, two horses: one person, 25 cents, and each additional jerson 25 cents; one horse, same price. From any place in the 'Jown to any other place in the Town excepting as above specified for any disthace not exceeding one mile, two horses, one person 25 cents, and each additional person 12 cents; one horse: one person, 20 cents; each additional person, to cents; and excecding one mile, and
or other small oassengers, in the tis this village to the limits of the ar and fifty cents it that in every in. all be drawn by a or shall be at the ir occupied.
tilf town of niaf т.

Bridge or ( T . e, or Fulls Ferry. ok, or vice versu and each addition. e: one person. 75 person, 2 h cems. Maseum, or Table es : one jerson, $5^{\circ}$ rson, 25 cents; one ; each additional fton House to DaIlls Ferry, Nagara , two horses : une Iditional jerson 25

From any place ace in the Town Ifor any disthnce horses, one person person 12 cents; its; each mdditional ling one mile, and
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not exccedin: one and omeotarf miles, two horses: ong ferson, 37 celle, twa persons $5^{\circ}$ cents, and each additional persun, zo cents; one horse : one person, 25 cents, and each udditional person, $12 \frac{1}{2}$ cents; escecding one and ane half miles, two horses : one person. 50 cents, and each additional person, 25 cents; one horse : one person, $37 \frac{1}{1}$ (ents, two persolls, 50 cents, and each additional person, 20 cents.

Tarife by thi: Hour: For two-horse vehicles to be \$1.50 an hour; for one-horse vehicles to be $\$ 1.00$ all hour

Taraffintur Da: : loo he ge oo each day of eight hours, for two horses ; and ston per day for one horse.

Optional with passengers to pay the speciad rates by the hour or by the day.

Any person paying by the homr mast pay for one full hour, and alter the first hour for no less time than one-quarter of an bour; and any person paying by the day must pay for one full day.

Any person employing a vehicle by the hour and not returning with the vehicle to the place of starting, must allow necessary time for the vehicle to return.

Children bet ween 2 and to years of age to pay half fare. Under 2 years of age. free.

Passengers to pay all tolls when hiring any vehicle according to the tariff; but if any driver or owner of any vehicle shall agree to convey any passenger or passengers a certain distance for a certain price at a lesser raie than that al. lowed by the tarriff, or from one part of the municipality to any other part, at a lesser rate than that allowed by the tariff, and in making such
agreement makes no mention of any toll gates
on the route, or does not agree that such passenger or passengers shall pay all tolls, then the driver or owner of such vehicle shall himself pay all tolls.

## CATTIION.

## ——————

OMETIMES visitors are drawn to a point of interest which they do not care to see and consequently refuse to leave the carriage. Then it frequently occurs that they are told by those in attendance "that it makes no difference whether they get our of the hack or not, they are on private property and will have to pay the fee just the same as though they passed through to the point of interest."

In such cases we would warn you not to be deceived, for there is no law in the land that can make you pay for a point of interest that you do not visit. There is no such private property belonging to any point of interest where this fraud is practiced.

This, however, does not apply to the Burning Spring, as Clark Hill Islands, through which they pass to go to the Spring, belong to the point of interest for which the fee is charged. Parties are therefore subject to the fee when they go on the Islands whether they visit the Spring or not.
$\qquad$
N. B.--There is no person permitted to advertise in this volume for whose reliability we cannot vouch.
of any toll gates that such passenIll tolls, then the cle shall himself

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; are drawn to a $h$ they do not care tly refuse to leave intly occurs that endance 'that it hey get out of the ate property and e same as though int of interest." irn you not to be in the land that $t$ of interest that such private proof interest where
ly to the Burning rrough which they ig to the point of :harged. Parties ee when they go isit the Spring or
permitted to adose reliability we

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Best View of the Falls, by Electric Light from the Balcony of this Hotel.

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Suspension Bridge, - N. Y.

GEO. STOLL, Proprietor.


## Orn Hotel．$\frac{\text { ® }}{6}$

Proprietor．
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hotels in this place． 0 stop at this house as $\mathrm{al}^{\circ}$
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It contuins all the important lousl news，exposes frauds perpetrated on strangers at the Fsills，is free，and unsubsidized by the＂Points of Interost＂monopoly．
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