## Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below.


Coloured covers /
Couverture de couleur
Covers damaged /
Couverture endommagée
Covers restored and/or laminated /
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
Cover title missing /
Le titre de couverture manque
Coloured maps /
Cartes géographiques en couleur
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) /
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
Coloured plates and/or illustrations /
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
Bound with other material /
Relié avec d'autres documents
Only edition available /
Seule édition disponible
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.

L'Institut a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-étre uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.Coloured pages / Pages de couleurPages damaged / Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated /
Pages restaurées etou pelliculées
Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
Pages detached / Pages détachées
Showthrough / Transparence
Quality of print varies /
Qualité inégale de l'impression

$\square$
Includes supplementary materials / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire

Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.


## NOTHCE．



TryHE Suascrever， Genemt Agentior the Distriet of Gasper， for the Sale of the Girs．－ Funmeng Company＇s Mepressans，iaforms the Publis that at lengtix he bas received，atter consider．ble delay，$d$－ rect from New York z consignment of the
Company＇s colelrated compound

## EXTRACT OF SARSAPARTMEA

 Price，\＆iter Botele。The deserved estimation which this Medi－ cine has so juistly attained，has inducea nume－ rous pereone to the di honest sysem of imi－ tating the Compans＂a Preparation of Sarsi－ purilla，but the dereption is，zasily found ont．

As a purifer of the Plowi Sareapabil． be highty efficacious；and in alment all the fis－ ardere to which hitrian nature is liable，its be－ neficial effects are great．

The well krown and highly respectable character of the gentlenea connected with the Grafenherg Companty（riow chartered by the State of Mew Inrk），is a sufficient guar－ atitee，that nothing spurious or welesk shonla be tonored with heir Seal，and the Graeral Agetit considere himself bound to recomadend the same to the Distrint of Casps．
In the yeam 1832 and rat druig the pre． valence of the devastating Conlera，SARHA－ FARELLA acquired anditional recommenda－ tion for it is armell attested facc，aud every Medichl writer on the sibject has aumitted it that those persons who hart been in the habit of auing Stersaperilla，Fro net Hable to be at－ tetrad by that dread disease．

One Eolte of 设e ahove is equal is strergeth to bur of those genaraly sold，and cin be re－ duned so as to nake a cory pleasant daily be－ Fefige．

To lacies，boti married and kingle it in re－ commended as tinghy importars thedicing． ratertain tases it is involuakle．

The Lerai Agenta throughont the Distuct are informed，that as son an the road are in कod order，a gutatity or the abow dhall be forwarded to them：

W以 WELGX Sexprat Agezt

## 

THE SUbecriber tan recelved direct from New Tark，z choice Conamment of
 sble forete trate，and whime he is insuract－ Q tunfor on recimnable termis．

2．WH．RELLX：
Tale Carisise Yanuary 1849.

## 異OOMEAPER FANCY SCRESEAS．

T
 fo lins jurt opened a delect anactamen





## AUBTIO EKCOMMISSION

## AGENCY．

Tho Uridersigned begs leare to inform the Pablic，that he has re－ sumed business in this District，ke

## AOCTHONEER \＆COMLMSSION AGENT，

And he trasta，from the experionce he has hed hr uprarians twerty five yext in Great Britain rant Canode，that he will he able to give satistaction to those whin may please honor him with their confidence．
巩菅 Out Austions and Valuations attend－ cd th，and Cash advanced on all Consingn－ ments of property ofrwarded for Sale：

R：W．KRLET．
Tew Carlilie，Sept．； 1849.
OLD NETS，SALLS，ROPES AND RAGS．

THE Subscriber will purchase any quan－ tity of the above artioles，for which ho will pay cast．

R．W．KELLX：
1.4

LOOKHYG GLASSES． PICTURE FRAMES．

TFRE SUBSCAREER has for Eale a chaice Veriety of looning aflcoseses，asported sizes，Mahogay Picture Emaile， ope of the first Naw Y YRe Manufateriex．

$$
R \quad W \cdot K x K X Y
$$

Newo Cantisle，Janvary 1848.
Tatem Medichnes，Drugs，wer
GODEREYSCORDAL，Vesmifige
Or Paregoric Elexir，Opodeldoc，
Stoughton＇a Bitters MGCfatt＇E Poreus Bito ters and Fille，Epsom Salta
Esemee of Peppermint Cubtor OL，
Camphor，Sulphiar © Cream of Thatars
British Oh，Poor Man＇si Frichd，
Mageesia，Equonice，Trestudian Peppers
Walnat：Shaving Stoap，Brown Tindert，dor
Fancy do．dinntet，on for the Hoits
Cotd Creire，Eav de Cologis，
Smithit Exterminator，for Rata Mice Cob roachey
Ne Coride ，Joly， 1849 ．

## WHDOW GLASS．

0
 of the tragpe Gazetio．

TEAE TEAT？TEAY！！
Inst receivel，and hot tale at this Ofice，aevos ral cases Gumpownea Ten，tricaty packigo


## STATGOMRK：

Witing en Fintuag Peper，Note dat Colt－


Net Cut

#  

## A N.D

## 

bol. 1.

スx̃. $\mathfrak{N}$.

## POETRY.

A T'ale founded on Fuct: from Trusler's instructive Proverbs in verse, written by the author at the agre of 's3.

## MURDER THLL OUT.

Lucullus, on reaching a village, and tir'd, Alights from his horse at an inn on the road, To seek some refreshment as nature required. Ancithere to the morning to take his abode.
The day had been sultry-oppressed were the treesBut Sol had declined; bright Hesperus was seen, The prospect inviting, an evening breeze, And sweet Philomela enliven'd the scene.
Refreshed by his meal, yet annoyed by its fumes, At eve to the church-yard be pensively strays,
' T ' indulge his reflections, to muse o'er the tombs, To list to a nightingale warbling his lays.
Cast out from a grave, now opening anew, A skull, which a toad for its safety had entered,
Self-moved, as it seemed, rolled forward in view;
On this the whole thought of our moralist centered.
Our Sexton, like Charcn; to whom poets have Assigned a like office; conreying. the dead
From region to region; the one third the grave, The wher o'er Styx, as by Virgil is said.
Like Shakespeare's grave dıgger,our digger of graves Now leans on his spade, leing encumbered with years,
Harangues boldly on death, its horrors outbraves, Yet whistles at times, as to banish his fears,
Perchance had the owner of these luckless hones Been known as well now aspoor Yorick was then,
His gibes and his jests would be retailed in tones
Of sad lamentation again and again.
The skull was ta'en up. riaich the reptile had leftA nail to its head was observed had been passed, Apparently driven through its temporal cleft,
And, tho' greatly decayed, it stuck firm and fast.
Inquiries tookplace. All the Sexton could say Was, that "Twenty years since, a trave'ler was led To sleep for the night at yon Inn; in his way, Was robbed of his cash, and found dead in the bed.
The landlord who keeps it was strongly suspectea, But no marks of violence seen, as was said, The mater blew over-he's now well respectedAnd in this very spot his bouy was laid.".
"Good Heavens!" exclaim'd he, "Now strangely we know,
Do things come to pass, by th' unthinking and ḋull, Unoticed? This grave was ne'er open'a till now' And certaire th deat

As jacl of uld, in an a aduous strile,
'Tween Jabin ard Earak, in Israel's cause, By a nail through his temple took sisc a's hie, la defence of wat ind is gencral laws.
Driven in by a hamoner, as sleeping he 1 l - - So here was murder committic!, no coubt,
Py similar means in a similar way, in hopes it might never je affer fomnt ont.
Absorbed with the thoughts of so horrid a decd Resolved to his utasit to bring it to light,
Lucullus hies back with the cknll in great spend. Yet, as prodence dirceted, concealedit fiom sight.
Till fit opportunity serv'd to impart The tale to his hot as it stated had been-When with riveited eyes, that pierceil to his heart, And saw how his conscience was working within.
With such powerful wor is be diselosed it, as pressed The mind of this miscreant so home with his crime, Self-smitten he wept--lut the throbs of his breas: Suspended his power of speech for a time.
The moment bade fair-with tike skull now confronted,
Its loolis srim and gastly, his senses astound, The nail did the rest; nothing further was wanted; He shudders, he trembles, he dirops to the grounu.
"Own thy guilt," crics Lucullus, "that power implore
Whom thou'st highly incensed by so fonl an act,
For mercy and pardon--concealment's nor o'er," The panic struck murderer confesses the fact.
Thus Feaven brought forward, what all must allow, $\Lambda$ truth of great import, which long lay conceal'd, Enveloped in darkness mysterious, till now Abundance of things in concurrence revailed.
Its all-searching eye is thus made known to men, Its power of unravelling established past doubt; Less vices are scldom concealed from our ken, But sooner or latter all s:cirdeas will out.

LITERATURE.

## THE MISER'S DEATH-BED.

## From the Italian of Lurigi Beretta. <br> [Concluded.]

His eyes were like two burning coals, flickering in two deep orbits, as an ignis fatuus ind the depth of a cavern, or like "two torches lighting a tomb' at midnighe;'pitiless us thee heart of a slighted wominn, and immoveably fixed on a cabinet, which rested against the


Bibliotheque,
opposite wall, at a few feet from the bed. A long, aquiline, and pointed nose drooping towards a short and withered chain, divided the livid and fleshless countenance, so as to make it rescmble a gaping shell. The lips were anatomically attached to the gums, since he had no teeth, and were pressed together, as if convulsively, so that the nostrils were dilated by the strength of the contraction, and the eyes acquired yet sterner brilliancy from the compression of the lips. The skin which covered the muscles of the neck was conngated into large perpendicular folds, through which the long neck resembled a column channeled by decay. The only furniture of the room was a miserable bed, two rough wooden chairs, and a small table. At the head of the bed was fixed on oaken crucifix, and on cach side a nail, from the one of which hung an eartheu ressel containing holy water, and on the other was stuck a small taper. I had made a single step into the chamber, when I stopped mechanically to contemplate both the sick man, and all the objects which surrounded me, more particularly the cabinet to which Don Audrea's eyes directed me. I quickly recollected myself, and advanced to his bed-side. First I began to encouragehim; then to ask him if he were disposed to coufess; if he were prepared to quit this world in peace, and so proceceded to speak of all that my priestly office, under these circumstances, suggested to me. He answered neither by word, nor gesture. It seemed as if I had touched chords not adapted to the instrument, whose barinony absorbed all his faculties; or as if I had spoken of love to a heartless woman, to whom the understanding of its divine language is as impossible as the numbers of Pythagoras to me. He had but one sensation, and all the rest of his vital faculties were concentrated in that, as the solar rays in a lens. Alter having vainly lost several hours, I left him. Returning on the following day, my mission met with no more favourable issue. I resolved, howerer, not to leave him, cheered by the hope of succeeding in wresting some word from hislips, which were sealed either by convulsion or mystery. It was near evening, when with a long, fleshless arra, like that of a skeleton, he pointed out to me, without however taking lis eyes from the cabinet, a pen, which lay amongst vials and boxes on the little table. If I had previously conceived the hope, Inow felt a certainty of obbtanining a confession; and supposed that as he felt bimself unable to speak, he meant to make it in vriting. Persuaded of this, I anxiously gave him the pen, and a slip of paper which gave been proven, and for the physician. After
having rested for some minutes the arm, which, when he had pointed out the pen, had fallen powerless on the sheet, he began tracing with paralytic hand some words scattered here and there, almost illegible, and so disjoined as not to form an intelligible sentence, but in every word might be traced a volume of "strange matter." The words were as follows :-" To die- withoutfriends-chil-dren-they would have hastened my death -with pains-with pleasure unsuited to the falling strength of age-tears-or miuth_little does it matter-every way parricide."
I cannot express to you the surprise which these words, written in lieu of a confession, occasioned me. Yet they were indeed a confession of what was passing in his mind; a terrible confession, through which I beheld a heart madly fighting with itself, aud trying to stifle remorse by a sophism. The weight of a longselfishilife pressed upou it. To lookbackward was to doubt, and yet from habit was also to resolve not to doubt : to look forward was impossible, for " where the treasure is, there is the heart also."-The night was reaching its yoal. The snow drifted by the strength of the wind, beat against the narrow cascment. Some drops of water. which trickled through the ceiling, stained the walls with dark and dingy stripes. The wind havied along the glomy galleries of the house, when a rattling of wheels, as of a carriage hurried by the driver, reached myear. The noise increased, and then suddenly stopped before Don Andrea's dóor. There had been another nephew expected from the country, whither the tidings of his unole's imminent danger might perhaps have reached. Recollecting the orders of the dying man, with respect to his other relatives, I betook myself in guise oi prayer to beseech Don Andrea's permission to introduce thestranger, whohadnot yet seen him. At this request, the muscles of his countenance became horribly contracted, as if he had been stung by a soorpion-and then gradually recovered, he "answered by signs, No. Heaven only knows what ideas at that moment filled him with such ungovernable rage! He refused to admit the nephew whom he had once loved, because richer, and more crafty than his cousins-either through the hate of youth instinctixe to age, or because he feared that his unscrupulous favourite, wearied of waiting for his long deforred inheritance, had come to accelerate his death -perhaps to suffocate him unider the mask of. loye, by a prolonged kiss. If mentioning his name alone, said I to myself, has so stiaken had been provided for the physician. After the eshausted frame of this poor wretch, his
 these words in accents so full of pity and of love, that one might have supposed her heart was bursting with sorrow instead oi beating high with joy. Inconceivable cunning of woman, who can persuade her victim of her love, even whilst through her he perishes, as the serpent who fascinates whilst he strangles! At the lady's question, the youth sitting opposite to her, laid down his glass, and coming behind the fair speaker, impressed on her neck with his lips, dyed decp with wine, a loud and rude kiss. $\rightarrow$ " Cheer up, pretty cousin," he said; then added-" Hark ye, lovely Charlotte, two giasses more of wine, or an hour's sleep, and you will have forgotton this burning kiss of mine. Well, Doin Andrea will be cold before that kiss leaves your memory." Then taking up her glass, which had been just filled; he quaffed it offat a draight, to punish her, as he said; for having kept his throat so long dry.-I thus stood on the coufines of two different worlds, the one blooming with life; the other a prey to death; even as in a cabinet of coins we find the bold outline and:firm stamp of the day by the side of the traceless image of a thousand ages back! I looked:from the onc to the other, gazed and gazed-again, and, sooth to: say, traced little difference there! After haviug long examin, ed; and dwelt upon this singular contrast of the dying man on one sides and the group of re-vellers on the other, I proceeded towards the Iiving ,world, and manifestirg no sutprise at their orgies ${ }^{\text {communicated Don Andreas }}$ . wiskes respecting the new, comer, who was in hiso $\begin{gathered}\text { wn throat, as'an ape hides a date in }\end{gathered}$ then mounting the stair. : Scarcely had the the pouch of tiis cheels.". His strength had words passed my lips, when a loid:and hol- then deserted him, and falling down, with low crash rung through thie apartment. 'At his head dashed on the floor at the foot of his that sound hyuriared thoughts rushed inase- idol, He breathed his last.

The Last bajs of Murat, Kina of Naples.
From the Gift of 1839.
A wearied and exhansted stranger presented himself at the door of a lonely cottage, a fow miles distant from a bay which opened upon the Mediterranean, a few leampes ficua the harbour of 'Xoulon. He was: a man apparently of middle age; and, though misery was stamped upon his aspect, his, air was noble and his forta majestic. His garments were torn and ärenched with rain, his features laggard, and à daxk beard of three day's growth, contrasting with the pallor of his complexion, added not a little to the ghastliness of his appearance. His dress was the blue cloth cap and long grey surtout usually worn by Erench soldiers on the march. He seemed as one worn down with wratching, and fatigue, and honger, and his enfeebled limbs conld searcely bear him to the door of the humhe mansion. Yet there was resolation in his eye, and wretched as was his present plight, no one could look on him and doubt that he had moved in scenes hoth of splendour and of high achievement as one to whom they were familiar. He hesiated for a moment ere he sought entrance, bit it seemed that he had prepared himselif for whatever fortune might befal hum, for, without parsing even to listen or to look a round, he raised the latch and boldly entered.

An old woman was the occupant of the single room that constituted the interior of the cabin, the furniture of which suffienfly attested the , poverty of its inhabitant. But, thongh poor, she was charitable. 'The appearince of the stranger declared his wants, and she made haste to set before him such hitmble food as she possessed, to heap fieel on the coals that lay smouldering, on the hearth, to prepare for him a rude couch of straw, covered with blankets, in one corner of the room hefore which slie hitng the counterpane of her own bed, to serve as a partition: The wanderer framed a ready fale, to which she listened with : unsuspecting spmpathy. He was an inferior officer helonging to the garrison of Toulon---had lost his way while endeavouring to reach a neighbouring village by a shorier route throoth the wood-and hat wandered alt hightitithe stom of train which had been pouring for the liast two days.... A.
few hours to repose would restore his exhausted strength, and enable his hostess to dry his dripping garments, afler which he would take his leave with thanks and a lively remembrance of her goodness.

While he was yet. sleeping, the husband of the old woman returned. The noise of his entrence disturbed not the profonnd slumber of the wearied stranger and it was late in the atternoon when he atwoke. The thoughtful kindress of the oll woman had provided for him achangeof apparel in the best suit of her husband and when lre emerged from his extemporaneous resting-place, refreshed in his mind and lody, there was a .striking contrast hetween his rustic garb and the stately. bearing which no attire, however humhle, could essentially diminish or conceal. The owner of the calhin was seated upon a bench before the door; enjoying the freshness of the evening breeze, and, as the stranger advanced to greet him, a searching glance of his dark but sparkling eye rested for a moment upon the old man's furrowed comntenance while a shade of anxiety, or it might be of suspicion, flittered across his own ; but the resnlt of his quick scrutiny appeared to be satisfactory, and the transient cloud. gave place almost at the instant of its rising, to the bold and frank expression which his feutures linbitually wore. With many a cheerful jest upon his unaccustomed garb, he repeated the simple narrative with which he had already accounted to the old woman for his dist astrous plight, and laughingly declared that he would almost be willing to undergo another night of abstinence, and watching, to enjoy the comforts of such a, meal as his hostess had set before.him, and of the luxurions slumber from:which he had just awakened.

While he was speating, and the listener was intently iscrutinising his features, and the more he gazed, the more his wonder seemed to grow, his doubts to be dispelled. At length he started $\cdot$ up; and flinging himself upon his knees' before the stranger, canght his hand, and in a voice quivering with emotion, exclaimed, "It must bé; it' is my Generni--le bean sinbreuir' whom I have" so often followed to "the charge. Alas, alas I that I should see your majesty in this condition of distress and danger.!!: The man, to whom he: Inelt; the's wretched, worn-out ifugitive,
now reduced so low as to be dependant arrived, and where a schooner was to not only for succour, but for his very life, wait for him. But he arrived too late. upon the charity of an aged peasant; was indeed the celebrated Marat, the splendid Kin'g of Napels.

The history of his fall is too well known to require explanation. It is enough for our present purpose to say that dazzled by the lustre of Napoleon's trimmphant return to the capital of France, after his escapé from Ella, Murat had nbruptly broken' off the negotiations in which he was engatged with the allies, and marehed with-an army of fifty thousand men upon "huscany, then in possession of the Austrians. Bat' his troops were Neapolitans, and a sticcession of defcats, cansed nore by their cowardice and disaffection, then byr the superior force of the enemy, soon compelled him to fliglit; atal having reached his capital with a few adherents, his reception there was so discouraging and even alarming, that; as a last resort, he determined to join the emperor, at that time preparing for his last desperate struggle on the plains of Belginm.

Scarcely had he landed, howerer, near Toulon, when tidings reached him of the fatal overthrow at Waterloo, and the second aldication of the emperor. The situation of the unhappy king had now become extremely critical; hisarmy had capitulated without making a single stipulation in his ' favour'; the emperor, his last hope, was ruined and a captive; and a price was set upon his own- head by the Bourbons. He applied for permission to reside in Austria, which was granted ly the Emperor Francis, on condition of laying aside his royal title; and having glady accepted the terms; he wat quiétly waiting his passports at Touilon, when sure intelligence was brought hind that a barid of soldiers tiad set out from Marseilles, ' with the resolution of taking hind alive or dead, and thus gaining the fifty thousand francs offered by" Ferdinand for his apprehension. He instántly fled to a lonely retreat in the vicinity of Tonlon, leaving behind him a con'fidental agent to make arrángements for his convcyance by sea to सavre, whence he intended to set out for Paris, and there stirrender himself to the mercy of the allies, then in possession of the capital! The place at which he was to embarly was the solitary bay where he had now

The storm had compellod the captain of the schooner to seck for sufety in the open sea, and after remaining to the last moment compatible with the preservation of his vessel, he had put off soon after midnight. The disappointment and alarm of the fugitive, on arriving at the bay and finding no trace off the thark to rwlich he trusted for escape, may be imagined. IIe was suffering the extremes of cold weariness, and exhustion, for he had been the whole night at-foot and without shelter, exposed to the wind and heavy rain; but mere loodily suffering was forgotten: or disregarded in the keener inflictions of his mental anguish.: Death was behind him, and the refuge to which he trusted was suddenly withdrawn; his pursuers were already perhaps upon his traces-he was surroinded, watched, it might be betrayed, and his only. hope lad failed him. He had not even the means of knowing whether an effort had been made in his behalf--whether he was not deceived and abandoned by those in whom he had placed his trust.

To be continued.
How To Drown Yoursecf.-If you wish ts drowna yourself, I'll tell you how to do it presently: kick and splash about as violently, as you can, and you'll presently sink. On the contrary; if impressed with the idea that your are lighter thin the water, you avoid all violent action, and calmly and steadily strive to refiain from drawing in your breath whilst under the water and to keep your head raised as much as you can, and gently but cónstantly móve your hands and leet in a moper direction, there may bo a great probability of your keeping afloat until some aid arrives - old Millions:

Dariź Commerce of Britán.- At the time of the invasion, the Romaris flatered themselves with the hope of conquering anisland of which the shores abounded with pearls and the soil with ores of the more precious metale Their ávarice was, however, defeated. ' of gold or silver not the smallest trace, was discovered nor were the British pefarls of a size or colour which could reward the labour of the collector. Yet the in vasion produced onga adyantage to. the matives, They sought, and at last discothe natives, They sought, and, at, last disco-
veredj-ores of the very'metals: after, which Ro-
man avarice had so anxiously but fruitlessly with an exquisite curl of hel: little fin-
inquirec' ; and the British exports, at the commencement of the Christain cra, comprised, it we may credit a contemporary and well-informed writer, corn and catlie, gold and silver, tin, lead, and iron, skins, slaves and dogs.-Linguard.

## A Cule of 3rish fife.

 by bamucl lover, esq.[Continued.]
On his arrival, and hearing how matters stood, Murtough Murphy was in a perfect agony of delight in anticipaiing the mystification of the kidnapped agent. Dick's intention had been to take him along with them on their canvass, and openly engage him in all their electioneering movements ; but to this Murtongh objected, as running too great a risk of discovery. He recommended rather to engage Furlong in amusements which would detain him from O'Grady and his party, and gain time for their side; to get out of him all the electioncering plot of the other part, indirectly ; but to have as little recl electionerring business as possible. "If you do, Nick," said Mrurphy, "take my word, we sholh betray ourselves somehow or other-He could nut be so soft as not to see it ; but let us "je content to amuse him with all sorts of absurd stories of Ireland and the Jrishtell him magnificent lies-astonish him with grand materials for a note-book, and work him up to publish-that's the plan, sir!"

The three conspirators now joined the family party, which had just sat down to breakfast. Dick in his own jolly way, hoped Furlong had slept well.
"Vewy," said Furlong, as he sipped his tea with an air of peculiar nonchalance which was meant to fascinate Fanny Dawson, who, when Furlong addressed to her his first silly comnsonplace, with his peculiar non-pronunciation of the letter R , established a lisp directly, and it was as much as her sister Mrs. Fagan could do to keep her countenance as Fanny went on slaughtering $S$ 's as fast as Furlong ruined R's.
"I'll twouble you for a little mo' queam," said he, holding forth his cup. sind saucer with an affected air.
" Pertiaps you'd like thum more" thougax," lisped Fanny, lifting the sugar-tongs
"I'm glad to hear you slept well," said Dick to Furlong.
"To be sure he slept well,", said Murphy; "this is the sleeipest air in the world."
"The sleepiest air ?" returned Furlong, somewhat surprised. "That's vewy odd."
"Not at all, sir," said Murphy,-" well-" known fact. When I first came to this part or the country, I used to sleep for two days together sometimes. When. ever I wanted to rise early I was obliged to get up the night before."
This was said by the brazen attorney from his seat at a side table, which was amply provided with a large dish of boiled potatoes, capacious jugs of milk; a quantity of cold meat and game. Murphy had his mouth half filled with potatoes as he spoke, and swallowed a large draught of milk as the stranger swallow: ed Murphy's lie.
"Ybu don't eat potatoes, I perceive, sir," said Murphy.
"Net for bweakfast," said Furlong.
"Do you for thupper ?" lisped Fanny.
"Never in England," he replied.
"Finest things in the world, sir, for the intellect," said Murpiny. "I attribute the naturial intelligence of the Irish entirely to their eating potatoes."
"That"s a singular theowy," said Furlong; "for it is genewally attwibuted to the potato, that it detewiowates the wace of man. Cobbett said that any, nation feeding exclusively on the potato, must inevitably be fools in tinwee genewations.
"By the powers, sir!" said Murphy, "they'd be the fools if they didn't, eat them in Ireland : for they've nothing else: to eat. Why, sir, the very pigs that we feed on potatoes are as superior-_,"
"I heg your pawdon," smiled Furlong; "daiwy-fed is vewy superior."
"Oh, as far the eating of it goes, I grant you!" said Murphy; "but I'm talking of the intelligence of the animal. Now, I have seen thom in England killing your dairy-fed pork, as you call it, and to see the simplicity, I will call it-of your milk-fed pigs,-sir, the fellow lets himself be killed with the greatest ease,-whereas, look to the potato-fed pig. He makes a struggle for his life :he shouts, he kicks,: he plunges,--he
squeals murder to the last gasp, as if he said Murphy-"lyou'll say you never saw were sensible of the blessings of exist- the like."
ence and potatocs!"
This was pronounced by Murphy with a certain degree of energy and uratorical style that made Furlong stare; he turned to Dick Dawson, and said, in an under tone, "How vewy odd your fwiend is!"
"Very," said Dick; " but that's only on the surface; he's a prodigionsly clever fellow: you'll be delighted with him when you know more of lim,--he's our solicitor, and as an electioncering agent his talent is tremendous, as you'll find out when you come to talk with him about business."
" Well, I should neve' ha' thought it," said Furlong ; "I'm glad you told me."
" Are you fond of sporting, Mr. Furlong?" said the Squire.
"Vewy," said Furlong.
"I'll give you some capital hunting."
"I pwefer fishing."
"Oh retarned the Squire, rather contemptuously.
"Have you good twout stweams here?" asked the exquisite.
"Yeth," said Fanny, "and touch a thamon fithshery!"
" Indeed!"
"Finest salmon in the world, sir," said Murphy. "I'll show you some sport, if you like."
"I've seen some famous spo't in Scotland," said Furlong.
"Nothing to what we can show you here," said Murphy. " Why, sir, I remember once at the mouth of our river here, when the salmon were coming up one morning before the tide was in, there was such a crowd of them, that they were obliged to wait till there was water enough to cross the kar, and an English sloop that had not a pilot aboard, whose çaptain did not know the peculiar nature of the river, struck on the bank of salmon and went down.".
"You don't mean to say," said Furlong in astonishment, " that-a-a"
"I mean to say, sir," said Murphy, with an unruffled countenance, "that the river was sothick with salmon the vessel was wrecked upon them. By the by, she was loaded with salt, and several of the salmon'were' pickled in consequence, and saved by the"poor people for the nextwinter. But I'llshow you suoh fishing!"
" Well, that is, the wichest thing I've heard for some time," said the dandy confidentially to Dick.
"I assure you," said Dick, with great gravity, Murphy swears he saw it himself. Dut iere's the fpost,-let's see what's the news."

The post-bag was opened, and letters and newspapers delivered. "Here's one fur you, Fan," said Dick, throwing the letter across the table to his sister.
"I thee by the theal ith from my collthin Thophy," said Fany, who invented the evtire sentence, cousinship and all, for the sake of the lisp.
"None fo' me ?" asked Furlong.
" Not one," said Dick.
"I welied on weceiving some fwom the Ca-astle."
"Oh, they are thometimes tho thleepy at the Cathtle," said Fanny.
"Weally !" said the exquisite, with the utmost simplicity.
"Fanny is very provoking, Mr. Furlong," said Mrs. Egan, who was obliged to say something with a smile to avoid the laugh which continued silence would have forced upon her.
"Oh, no!" said the dandy, looking tenderly at Fanny; " only vewy agweable, -fond of a little wepa'tee."
"They call me theatrical here," said Fanny,-"only fanthy;" and she cast down her eyes with an exquisite affectation of innocence.
"By-the-by, when does your post awrwive here-the mail, I mean ?", said Furlong.
"About nine in the morning," said the Squire.
"And when does it go out?"
"About one in the afternoon."
"And how far is the post-town fwors your honse ?"
"Abont eight or nine miles."
"Then you can answer your letters by wetu'n of post."
"Oh dear, no !" said the Squire; " the boy takes any letters that may be for the post the following morning, as he gees to the town to look for letters."
"But you lose a post "oy that," said" Furlong.

## "And what matter ?" said the Squire.

The official's notions of regularitywere somewhat startled by the Squire's an-
swer ; so he pushed him with a few more quastions. In reply to one of the last, the squire represented that the post-boy was saved gring twice a day by the present arrangemeat.
"Ay, but you lose a post, my dear sir," said Furlong, who still clung with pertinacity to the fitness of saving a jost. "Don't you see that you might weceive your letter at half-past ten; well, then you'll have a fall hour to wite you wanser; that's quite enough time, I should think, for yon' wetu'ning an answer."
"But, my dear sir," suid Murtough Murphy, "our grand objoct in Ireland is not to answer letiers."
"Oh!-ah!-hum !-Indeed!-well, that's odd;-how vewy odd you Iwish are!"
"Sure that's what makes us such pleasant fellows," said Murtough "If we were like the rest of the world, there would be nothing remarkable about us; and who'd care for us?
"Well, Mr. Mufly, you say such queer things-weally."
"Ay, and, I do queer things sometimes; don't I, Squire?"
"There's no denying it, Murphy."
"Now, Mr. O"Gwady," said Furlong, "had we not better talli over our election business?"
"Oh! hang business to-day," said Murphy; "let's hava some fishing; Ill show you such salmon fishing as you never saw in your life."
"What do you say, O'Gwady," said Furlong.
"Traith I think we .might as well amuse ourselves."
"But the clection is weally of such consequence; I should think it would be a wema'kbly close contest, and we have no time to lose: I should. think-with sulmission-."
" My dear sir," said Mirmphy, " we'll beat them hollow; our canvass. has been most prosperons; there's only one thing I'm afraid of-"
"What is that ?" said Furlong.
"That Egan has money ; and I'm afraid he'll bribe ligin.".
"As for bwibewy, nowe' mind that," said Furlong, with a very wise nod of his head and a sagacious wink, We'll speid money too. We're pwepared for that; plenty of money will beadvanced, for the
gov'nment is weally anxious that Mr. Scatter'bwain should come in."
"Oh, then, all's right!" said Murnhy. "But-whisper-Mr. Furlong-ble cautious how you mention moncy, for there are sharp fellows about here, and there's no knowing how the wind of the word might put the other party on their guard, and may be, help to maseat our man upon a petition."
"Oh, let me alone," said Furlong "I know a twick too many for that: let them catch me betwaying a secwet! No, no-wather tou sharp for that."
"Oh! don't suppuse, my dear sir," suid Murphy, "that I donbt your caution for a moment. I see, sir, in the twinkling of an eye, a man's character-always didalways could, since I was the height o, that,"-and Murphy stooped down and extended his hand about two feet above the floor, while he looked up in the face of the man he was hombugging with the most unblushing impudence,-"since I was the height ${ }^{\prime}$ that, sir, I had a natural quickness for discerning character; and I'see you're a young gentleman of superior acuteness and discretion; but at the same time, don't be angry with me for just hinting to you that some of these Irish chaps are d-d rogues. I beg your pardon, Mrs. O'Grady', for saying d-n before a lady,"-and he made a low bow to Mrs. Egan, who was obliged to lave the room to hide her langhter.
" Ňuw," said Furlong, "suppose befo'e the opening of the poll we should pwopose, as it wero, with a view to save time that the bwibewy oath should not be administe'd on cither side."
"That's an cligant idea," said Murphy. "By the wig o" the chief justice-and that's a big oath-youre janins, Misther Furlong, and I admire you. Sir,:yor're worth your weight in gold to us!"
"Oh, you flatte" me !-wreally," said Fuxlong, with. affected modesty, while he ran his fingers through his Macassar-oiled ringlets.
"Well, now for a star: to the river, and won't we have sport! Yon Englishtaught gentleman have only one fault on the face of the earth,-you're too fond of business,--you make ypurselves slaves to propriety,--, there's no.fun in you."
"I beg pawdon---there," said Furlong; "we like tun in good time."
"Ay ; but there's where we beat yon,"
said Murphy, triumphantly; "the genuine home-bred laddy makes time for fun sooner than anything else,---we take our own, and live the longer."
"Ah! you lose your time---though--excuse me ; you lose your time, indeed."
"Well, 'divil may carc,' as Punch said when he lost mass, 'there's more churches nor one,' says he,---and that's the way with us," said Murphy. "Come, Dick, get the fishing-lines ready ; heigh for the sulmon fishery! You must know, Misther Furlong, we fish for salmon with line here."
"I don't see how you could fish any other way," said the dandy, smiling at at Murphy as if he had caught him in saying something absurd.
"Ah, you rogue," said Murphy, affecting to be hit; " you're too sharp for us poor Irish fellows; but you know the old saying, 'An Irishman has leave to speak twice;' and after all its no great mistake I've made; for, when I say we fish for salmon with a line, I mean we don't use a rod, but a leaded line, the same as in the sea-fishing."
"How vewy extwaordinawy! why, I should think that impossible."
"And why should it be impossible ?" said Murphy, with the most unabashed impudence. "隹ave not all nations habits and customs peculiar to themselves? Don't the Indians catch their fish by striking them under water with a long rough stick, and a little curwhible of a bone at the end of it ?" .
"Speawing them, you mean," said Furlong.
"Ay, youl know the right name, of course; but isn't that quite as odd, or more so, than our way here?"
"That's vewy twue indeed; but your sea line-fishing in a wiver for salmon, strikes me as vewy singular."
"Well, sir, the older we grow the more we learn. You'll see what fine sport it is ; but don't lose any more time ; let us be off to the river at once."
"T'll make a slight change in my dress if you please, $=-$-l'll be down immediately ;" and Furlong left the room.

During his absence, the squire, Dick, and Miuphy, enjoyed a hearty langh, and ran over the future proceedings of the day.
"But what do you nean by this salmonfishing, Murphy?" suid Lick; "you know
there never was a salmon in the river."
"But there will be to-day," s:id Murphy; "and a magnificent Gudgeon shall see him caught. What a spoon that fellow is ; we've got the bribery out of him already."
"You did that we", Murphy," said the Squire.
' Je at him again when he comes down,' said Dicl.
"No, no," satid Mimphy, " let him alone; he is so conceited abont his talent for business, that he will be talking of it without our pushang him ; just give him rope enough, and hell hang himself; weill have the plan of their cumpuign out before the day's over."

We are compelled for want of space to pass over Furlong's discovery of the Electioneering trick played upon him, and the Duel that followed, and will now relate in what manner our IIero, Andy, obtaincd a wife. Andy, it appears, was invited to a wedding party,

The dimer was later than the hour named, and the delay arose from the absence of one, who, of all others, ought to have been present-namely-the the bridegroom. But James Casey was missing, and Jack Dwyer had been closeted from time to time with several longheaded gray beards, canvassing the occurrence, and wondering at the default on the bridegroom's part. 'Tho person who might have been supposed to bear this defanlt the worst supported it better than any one.-Watty was all life and spirits, and helped in makins the feast ready, as if nothing wrong had hajpencd, and she backed Father Phil's argument to sit down to dinner at once ;"that if James Casey was not there, that was no reason dinner shonld be spoiled-he'd be there soon enoughbesides, if he didn't arrive in time, it was better he should have good meat cold, than every body have hot meat spoiled-the ducks would be done to cinders-the beer boiled to rags, and the chickens be all in jommethry—""

So they sat down to dianer:-its heat, its mirth, its clatter, and its good checr I will not attempt to describe ; suffec it to say, the viands were good, the guests hungry, and the drink unexceptionable; and
ters, declared he never pronomed grace over a better spread. But still, in the midst of the grod eheer, neighbors (the women particularly would suggest to each other the "wondher" where the bridegrum could br; and eren within car-shot of the bride clect, low-voiced Whisper ran "Where in the world is James Cinsey ! ${ }^{\prime}$
still the brio kent nu her smiles, and chermiliy remmed the healths that were dmink to 'wr ; but old dack was not wmmeved-a chas hanm en his brow, which gren darker :and dader as the hour idvane dand ibe bredegroom yet tarried. The bourd was cleared of the catables, and copions jugs of pmeh somg their round, but the usial toast of the unted healths of the happy purr comd not be given, for one of them was abeent. Futher Phil hardly knew what to de, for cvea his overfowne checrfintess began to foreake him, and a certants air of conbarrussment began to provade the whoke assembly, till Jack hwyer coula bear it no longer, standing up, he thus addressed the cumpany.
"Friculs and neighbors-yon see the diserger that's put on me and my chinh."

A marneur of "So, no," ran ronnd the board.
"I say, ys ".
"Ife"ll come yet, said a roice.
"N゙o, he won't" said Jack," I see he won't-I know he wor't. He wanted to have every thing all his own wov, and he thinks to disarace me into doing what he likes, but he shum't !"-and he struek the table fiercely as he spolie, for Jack, when ouce his blood was up, was a man of desperate dremminution. ": He's a greedy chap, the sane Janes Casey, and he loves his bargain bether than he loves you, Matty, so dou't ivok glum about what I'm saying-I say he's greedy, he's just the fellow that if you gave him the roof of your house, would ax you for the rails before your door-and he goes back of his bargain now, bekase I would not let hina have it all his own way, and puts the disgrace on me, thinkin' Till give in to him, throngla that samc-but I won't. And I tell you what it is, friends and ncigibors; there's the lease of the threecomered field below there,"-and he held up a parchment as ho spoke, -."ind a sung coitase on it, ade it's all ready for the ginl to walk into with the man that
will have liex, and if there's a man among you here that's willing, let hin say the word now, and I'l give her to him!"

The girl could not resist an exclamation of surprise, which her fither hushed by a word and look sopreremptory, that she saw remonstrance was in rain, and a silence of some moments ensucd; for it was rather startling, this immediate offer of a ginl who had been so strangely slighted, and the mon were not quite prepared to make adrances until they lonew something more of the why and wherefore of the sweetheart's desertion.
"Are yiz all dumb?" exclaimed Jack in surprise. "Faix, it's not every day a sung littlo ficld and a cottage, and a good-looking girl, falls in a man's way; -I say again, Itl give her and the lease to the man that will say the word."

Sill no one spoke, and Andy began to think they were using Jack Dwyer and his daughter very ill, but what business had he to think of offering himself-"a poor devil hike him?" But the silence still continuing, Andy took heart of grace, and as the prolit and pleasure of a snug match and a handsome wife flashed upon him, he got up and said, "Wonld 1 do sir?"

Erery one was taken by surpriseeven old Jacts himself; and Matty could not" suppress a faint exclamation, which every one but Andy understood to mean "she diun"t hike it at all;" but which Andy interpreted quite the other way, and he grimued his loutish admiration at Matty, who turned away her head from him in sheer distaste, which action Andy took for mere coyness.

Jack was in an dilemma-for Andy was just the very last man he would have chosen as a hasband for his daughter; but what could he do?-he was taken at his word, and even at the worst he was determined that some one shonld marry the girl out of hand, and show Cusey the " disgrace should not be put on him;' but anxions to have another chance, he stammered something about the fairness of "letting the girl choose," and that " some one else might wish to spake;" but the end of all was, that no one rose to rival Andy, and Father Phil bore witness to the satisfaction he had that day in findiug so much uprightness and fidelity in "the boy,"-that he had raised his elaracter
much in his estimation by his conduct were resting and making love (if making that day-and if he was a little giddy be- love ca: be called rest) in the corners, times, there was nothing like a wife to and that the pipers and punch-makers had stcady him; and if he was rather poor, quite enough to do until the night was
suro Jack Dwyer could mend that.
"Then come up here," says Jack; and the bride and bridegroon to be escorted Andy left his place at the very end of by a chosen party of friends to the little the board, and marched up to the head, coltare wheh wis to be their fiture amidst clapping of hands and thumping home. Tine pipers stood at the threshold of the table, and latughing and shonting.
"Silence!" cried Father Phil, "this is no laughing mather, but a serious en-gagement-and John Dwyer, I tell you--and you, Andy Rooney, that girl must. not be narried against her own free-will; but if she has no objection, well and good."
"My will is her pleasure, I know," said Jack, resolutely.

To the surprise of every one, Maty said, "Oh, I'll take the boy, with all my heart!"

Mrandy Andy threw his arms round her neek, and gave her a most tigorous salute which came smacking off, and thereupon arose a hilarious shont which made the old rafters of the barn ring again:"
"There's the lase for you," said Jack, handing the parchment to Andy, who was now installed in the place of honor beside the bride elect, at the head of the table, and the punch circulated rapidly in filling the double toast of health, happiness, and prosperity, to the happy pajr ;". and after some few more circuits of the enlivening liquor had been performed, the womas retired to the dwellinghouse, whose sanded parlor was put in immediate readiness for the celebration of the nuptial knot between Matty and the adventurous Andy.
In half an hour the ceremony was performed, and the rites and blessings of the church dispensed between two people, who, an hour before, had never looked on each other with thoughts of matrimony.
Under such circumstances; it was wonderful with what lightness of spirit Matty went through the honors consequent on a peasant bridal in Ireland:--these, it is needless to detail; our limits would not permit; but suffice it to say, that a rattling country dance was led off by Andy and Matty in the barn, intermediate jigs whin ing himself up whin increased confusion weroindulged inby the "picked, dancers" at his mishap; for even amidst rustics, of the parish; while the country darcers there is nothing more humiliating than a
lover phacing himself in a ridiculous posi- had you the brass to think I'd put up tion at the moment he is doing his best with you ${ }^{\circ}$
to make himself agreenble.
"It is well your coalt's not new," said Matty, with a contemptuons look at Andy's weather-beatra vestment.
"I hop I'll soon have a betther," said Andy, a dittle piqued, with all his reverence for the heiress, at this allasion to his poverty---"But sure, it wasu't the coat you marricd, bat the man that's in it; and surv Ill take off my clothes as swon as you phase, Matty, my dear---Miss Dwyer, I mane---I bey your pardon."
" You had better wait till you get bettor," answered Matty, very dryly-." You How the old saying, "Doin't throw out your dirty wather mitil yon get in fresh."
"Ah darlin,' don't be cruel to me," said Andy, in a supplicating tone--c"I know I'm not descrvin' of you, but sure I did not make so bowld as to make up to you until I seen that nobody else would have you."
"Nobody else have me!" exclaimed Matty, as her eyes fashed with anger."
"I beg your pardon, Miss," said poor Andy, who in the extremity of his own humility had committed such an offence against Matty's pride. "I only meant that--."
"Say no more ahout it," said Matty, who recovered her cquanimity"-." "Didn't my father give you the lease of the field and house?"
"Yis, Miss."
"You had better let me leep it, then; --'twill be safer with me than you."
"Sartainly," said Andy-whodrew the lease from his pocket, and hauded it to her, and as he was near her, he altempted a little familiarity, which Matty repelled very unequivocally.
"Arrah, is it johes you are crackin'?" said Andy, with a grin, advancing to renew his fondling.
"I tell fout what it is," said NIatty, jumping up, " P'il crack your head if you don't behave yourself!" and she seized the stool on which she had been sitting, and braudished it in a very Amazonian fasinion.
"Oh wirra! wirra!" snid Andy in amaze--""aren't you my wife?"
"Your wife!" retorted Matty, with a very devil in her eye--" Your wife, indeed, you great ontadhaws ; why, then,
"Arrah, then, why did you marry me?" said Andy, in a pitiful argumentative whine.
"Why did I marry you?" retorted Matty-a"‘ Didn't T know betther than to refuse you, when my father said the word wehen the devil was busy with him? ?--Why did I marry you ?---it's a pity I didn't refuse, and be murthered that night, may he, as soon as the people's backs was turned.--Oh it's little you know of owld Jack Dwyer, or you wouldn't ask me that ; but though lim afraid of him, I'm not afraid of you--and stand off, I tell you."
"Oh hlessed Vargin!" cried Andy,--"and what will be the end of it?"

There was a tapping at the door as he spoke.
"Yon'll soon see what will be the end of it," said Matty, as she walised across the cabin and opened to the knock.
fames Casey entered, and clasped Matty in his arms; and half id dozen athlatic fellows, and one old and delmuched looking man followed, and the door was immediately closed after their entry.

Andy stood in amazement while Casey and Matty caressed each other, and the old man said, in a voice tremulous from intoxication, "A very pretty filly, by jingo!"
"I lost no time the minute I got your message, Matty," said C..sey, "and there's the Father ready to join us."

Ay, ay," cackled the old reprobate-"." hammer and tongs !-strike while the iron's hot -"I'm the boy for a short job"-and he pulled a greasy book from his pocket as he spolie.

This was a degraded clergyman, known in Ireland under the title of "couple beggar," who is ready to perform irregular marriages on such urgent occassions as the pre-sent.-And Matty had continued to inform James Casey of the strange turn affairs had taken at home, and recommended him to adopt the present course and to defeat the violent measure of her father by one still more so.

A scene of uproar now ensued for Andy did not take matters quietly, but made a pretty considerable row, which was speedily put an end to by Casey's body guard, who tied Andy neck and heels, and in that helpless Elate he witnessed the marriage ceremony performed by the "couple beggar," betreen

Casey and the girl he looked upon as his own five minutes before.
In vain did he raise his voice against the proceeding;-the "couple beggar" smothered his objection in ribald jests.
"You can't take her from me, I tell you," cried Andy.
"No-but we can take you from her," said the "couple beggar;" at the words, Casey's friends dragged Andy from the cottage, bidding a rolicking adieu to their triumphant companion, who bolted the door after them, and became possessor of the wife and property poor Andy thought he had secured.

To guard against an immediate alarm being given, Andy was warned on pain of death to be silent, as his captors bore him along, and he took them to be too much men of their word to doubt they would keep their promise. They bore him along a lonely by-lane for some time, and on arriving at the stump of an old tree, they bound him securely to it, and left him to pass his wedding night in the tight embraces of hemp.
[To be Continued.]

## WOONAN'S LOVE.

A woman's love, deep in the heart, Is like the violet flower, That lifts its modest head apart In some sequestered bower!
And blest is he who finds that bloom, Who sips its gentle sweets; He heeds not life's oppressive gloom, Nor all the care he meets.

A Woman's love is like the spring, Amid the wild alone;
A burning wild, o'er which the wing Of cloud is seldom thrown:
And blest is he who meets that fount, Beneath the sultry day;
How gladly should his spirits mount, How pleasant be his way.

A Woman's luve is like the rock, That every tempest braves,
And stands secure amid the shock Of ocean's wildest waves:
Andiblestis he to whom repose Within its shade is given; The world, with all its cares and woes, . Seems less like earth than heaven.

Courtest.-It is better with willinguesa to purchase thanks, than with a discontented daing to have the pain and not the raward. -Sir Philip Sidrcy.

## Various Species of Thieves.

The principle species of London thieves are the houselreakers, picipockets, shoplifters, and sncalis. Here is the thief's progress, his graduation from sacal to the highest mysteries of his art:-
"A young one begins in the company of others a little older than himself, and who have had some previous practice, to go the rounds of the market-places, stealing apples, turnips, carrots, and fruits of all kinds. By this practice they acquire patience in watching, and dexterity in snatching their plunder; and as they are taken out for the purpose of fags to the other boys, they soon become proficients :
' Wax to receive, and marble to retain.'
Success gives them confidence;--they then attack shops, sneaking about the doors the whole day, and stealing all moveables coming in their way; and the instances of their success within my or a knowledge would astonish the most creanlous. They soon find out what shops are ' good,' (their own term;) that is where the shopkeepers are most careless, and the property much exposed. Of these places the whole fraternity have a knowledge: they acquaint themselves with the best hours of attack, and of every particular relating to the habits of the master and his shop-men; and when at length a place is no longer ' good,' (meaning when the owner of property, by repeated losses, hecomes cautions,) the same is circulated, with more certainty than the public newspapers could do it, through the town in a few hours. Their meeting every night at the lodging houses, and the constant changes going on from one end of the town to the other, affords them this facilty of communication. Love of change and restlessness are the leading features in their character. After remaining two or three years in this calling, and their wants and expenditure increasing as they rise in years, one item of which is a female, they begin to look out for better business, by forming an alliance with a small party of pichpockets; but this is not always so easily accomplished, for the pickpockets are another class altogether from the sneaks, and are not to be met with at the lodging-houses. They associate in parties of about three, four, or five, to commit crime, taking most speeial care to be thoroughly acquainted with
the ability of all they admit to share in they meet; and they must congregate their adventures. The clever lads, of somewhere, unless, like the late Lord course, are selected first; others, as they Barrymore, each member of our aristocragrow up, follow various branches of the tical body will take one for a tiger. I art of thieving, just as they can form ac- will answer for there being quite enough quaintances for confederacy and unity of on the town to supply them, and underaction. Some go to starring (working out take to find them out too, in mere charity a square of glass in a peculiar manner); others continue sneaks, only varying their objects of attick by which they obtain phacd in socicty just where they are more money (vide under the head of of its members are. When I say they sneaks); others get into the service of from birth are placed in a situation so as houscbreakers;-all either mecting with to leave them no alternative but to steal employment as they rise in years, or or starve, I speak of them as a body; transportation, except a few rescued for there are exceptions; and I am sorry to a time by the Society for the Refuge of add, that many cases have come to my the Destitute. From this statement, it knowledge of parents teaching and sendappears that there is always in society a certain and a larger number of boys, born of low parents, who are uneducated, and whoeither by the early death of their parents, or their neglect, are thrown almost in infincy into the streets, either to pick up a living by stealing, or to starve,-

> 'With none to check, and ferr to point in time,
> The thousand paths that slope the way to crime; and that these, as is the custom in all grades of the community, associate together, and enter into mutual compact for their general defence. Talk of schools ! The world is their school, and every hour of their life spent in passing from one probation of crime to another; for the commencement of which no ouc but their God can, morally speaking, hold them responsible:
"As they appear over and over again before the seat of justice, they are booked hardened offenders. This a great mistake; they are offenders, but not hardened. The generality of them, when young, are highly sensitive; find among themselves, they entertain all the amenities of which our natures are susceptible. They are deemed hardened because they resort to crime over and over again : the truth is, they have no other alternative. I have known many make serious and sincere resolutions of reformation; but the abhorrence of inanition, so intimately interwoven with our natures, enforces the necessity of having recourse to the only mode to them open of supporting life. It is ludicrous to hear the talk about nurseries and places of tuition, as if establishments of this kind werc instituted as boarding sechools are, as public. The nurseries and schools are the places where ing the better feelings of our natiofe
that any human, being can be improv- any interference, and, consequently, risk on ed : all other systems are fallacions, and founded in gross error. When the sncak comes into the hands of the pickpocket, he is instructed and practised every hour of the day, until made tolerably perfect; he is taken then into the streets, to make his first essay in the presence of those who have tatiglit him: and it has been given in evidence, that they dress up a lay figure, hanging bells all over it, on which they practice. When the tyro can empty all the pockets of the figure without occasioning a bell to sound, he is considered fit for the strcet. He generally begins with a pocket-handkerchicf, whilst another takes " ding," that is receives it from him. In almost all cases of robbery, one commits the act, and another receives the articles from the thiet, which is called taking "ding." If they find a boy dull, they forthwith turn him out of their party.
"A case of this Jind came to my knowledge. Four pickpockets rho had taken a boy on trial, discharged him the second ovening aftez he had joined them, as being incompetent to the business. The boy, chagrimed and disappointed, returned to his fellowsneaks, at a lodging house in St. Giles's, and told them his story; adding, that the pickpockets were about to have that evening a jollification, and that a supper was prepared, one item in the bill of fare being a rice-pudding: then at the bake-house. The boys soon came to an understanding that they could eat rice-pudding as well as the pickpockets; and it was agreed that the discharged boy, although deemed a bad conveyancer, should convey the pudding out of their reach by going to the bake-house and asking for it in their name. The real owners made the baker pay for it, and, suspecting who had it, gave information which caused the boy to be apprehended and committed to Newgate, where he was found guilty of stealing it and sentenced to be flogged and discharged, on the evidence of these fellows and the baker. A few months afterwards the boy was brought back for another offence, and transported for fourteen years When, however, they meet with a clever lad, they knowy how to prize him, and take care to gratify his every wish, that he may be induced to stay with them. These boys as soon as perfect, are made to do nearly all the business themselves, whilst the master pickpocket behind covers them, watching the onerations,j ind, as much as possible avoiding
his part.
"The qualifications for a pickpocket are a light tread, a delicate sense of touch, combined with firm nerves. These boys may be known by their shoes in the street; they generally wear pumps, or shoes of a very light make, having long quarters. There is about their countenances an affected determination of purpose; and they walk forward, as if bent on some object oi business: it is a rule with them never to stop in the strect. When they want to confer for a moment they drop into some by-court or alley, where they will fix on some object of attack, as the people pass down a main strect; when they start off in the same manner, the boy going first, to do what they call 'stumning,' that is, to pick the pocket. The first-rate hands never on any occasion loiter ou the streets, unless at a procession, or an exhibition, when there is an excuse for so doing. Many have a notion that instruments are used in disencumbering the pookets: this is a fulse idea; the only instruments they use is a good pair of small scissors and which will always be found on the person of a pichpocket when searched: these they use to cut the pocket and all off, when they camot abstract its content.s.
"To these qualifications they unite a quick sight, and a tact oif observing when the attention is engaged, or of devising some means to engage it themselves, until the act is done. They are most busy in forgy weather. When in prison, they will be heard to say on such days, 'What a shame to lose such a fine day as this!'
"When an old and good sncek is committed to prison, where he is generally without money, (the officers, on apprehenting, having taken it from him until after trial,) many offers of liberal premiums are sure to be made him for his list of places capable of being robbed, which means nothing more than a list of names and residences of the careless and incautious tradesmen in and about London.
"After a shop has twice or three times beca robbed of considerable sums, the sneaks consider it good again and again-such is the extreme incaution of some persons. Butchers have been favourite objects of attack, in consequence of their shops being generally vacated in the afternoon, and the master or man in the parlour taking a sicsta-a common practice of theirs, after the fatigues of early rising and labour. One butcher, at Bermondscy, was three times robbed of considerable sums in this way, before he would rcmove his cash from a desk in the front shop.

The boy who got it used to watch him in the afternoon, close the door, and retire into the back-room; then jump over the stall-board -there being no glass-sashes to prevent his eutrance-and sneak down on his hands and knees, until he saw amopportunity of wrenching the lock; for which purpose he always carried a prising instrument in his pocket. The same boy three times carried of a charitybox, containing thirty pounds cach time, from a house near Greenwich. Ite had ascertained the time it was brouglat, and for what purpose to a gentleman's house; and he laid his plans so well, that after they had lost two, and when every caution would have been expected on the part of the owner, he succeeded in stealing the bos a third time.
"'Iheir usual plan is to note those shops where bulks of money are kept in tills, or desks, in a front shop or parlour: next, to ascertain the movements, of the family; and if they find, by continual watching, that the people of the shop retire at certain times to meals, or in the evening to the parlour for comfort, one will softly open the door, letting in a boy, who crawls on his hands and knees round the counter, and takes the contents of the till: the persons in the parlour; probably all the time keeping their eyes on the shop, but never think of rising up to look on the ground. These are denominated lob-sneaks, and their practice has been very successful. By timing their attack, and selecting the right places, I have been assured of 200l. and 300l. in a week being obtained by oue man and a boy. In this case, as in the other, the man's risk of detection is very little; he opens the door, and stands ready to favour the boy's cscape, should any alarm be given, but touches no money until they are in a place of security : and it will be scen that the old Bailey calendar abounds with the trials of the boy lob-sneaks, but no men, although in every case a man has been concerned in the robbery.
"There is a boy now in the penitentiary who was under sentence of death for stealing fifty-three pounds from a till, with whinh he got off. When he knew where the money was, he would be sure almost of it: such was his talent and determination. In this latter case, the money was stolen from a corn-chandler's till. The boy went into the shop, and, by asking for some article, contrived to send the master of the shop to some little distanco from the counter, when he suddenly reached forth, took the money, and ran off; his confederates being near the door. The loser of the cash ran after the boy; when he
was, as it were, thrown down by accident; and the boy got off. As they were ufterwards going down the Hackney-road, one of his companions called out in a joke, "Ding! Ding !" meaning, throw away! throw away ! This was done to alarm him, and have a laughat his expense. The boy. however took the call as being a serious one, and threw the bag and its contents in a garderf, and ran off; findinghis mistake, he went backatnight to recover it, when he was taken into custody; the owner, in the interval, having been found.
"Every lodging-house is a nucleus, which would in a town of this magnitude, train up a whole nation of young sneaks and pickpockets; yet there are our quidnunes standing in the midst of the seene, inquiring for the sohouls where these boys are taught to steal, and talking about prison contamina-tion."-S'choolmaster's Experience in Newgate.

## 'IHE

## GAȘPE' MAGAZINE,

AND
INSTRUCTIVE MISCELLANY。
Will be issued Monthly, from the Office in New Carliste, and forwarded to Subscribers by Mail. Six Months Subscription invariably required in advance.
The price of the above being only Two pence half-penny per month, no credit will be given.
Notices, of Births, Marriages or Deaths will be charged 2s. 6d. each. Mercantile, Professional or other Adverlisements inserted at mode. rate rates.
The following Gentlemen have been appointed Agents, and according as others may be appointed due notification will be given:

Montreal,
Quebec,
F. Wyse Mountain Street,

Halifax, N. S., Gaspé,
Gaspe,
Douglas Town, Charles Veit, Esq.
New Richmond, J. Campbell, Esq.
Carleton, N. Verge, Esq.
Campbeltown; R. Montgomery, Esq. Dalhousie, J. U. Campbell, Esq. Perce, Bathorst, Shippegan, Richibucto;
St. Johns,
Gentlemen inulined to patronize the Guspé Magazine, in places where no Agents have as yet been appointed, are respectfully requested to forward to the Publisher the names of Subscribers.

R. W. KELLY,<br>Editor \& Proprietor, Nev Carlisie.

## Mambuly <br> 



No．60，St．Juen Stmext，Tpper Town， QUEEGC．
Every deserixtica W）Whathes，Chocks

Gid Gowt，Silver Wiate and Watch－
 ～s，wiought or taken
 ed and repained．

N．B．Alwags on hand，a lurge and well selened assortmond of Londun made Jewellery，Watches，Clocks． $\mathrm{d}=$ ．

## 



## ana biportan of <br> 

St．Ans Strext，
 UTREM TOWN，QURBEC．
a mumber or simges and carsohes bis
FANO

SOOKSELAEKS STATMONERS，

Lis：8，St．Frascois Xaruer Strent，

 Gaster Mactative
F A Lexge Assorment of Blank Books，Suboos Books and Stationery constindity on hand．

 great miventation tbroughout tre P5ovir－ ces presenta homerchan－ 3 and others an ex－

 Eutitor of the Magazine，if is expected will be mascaid．



WOBR









 mutas th


##  CHEMAT \＆DRUGGIST，

butade street，quebec．
GURGICAL，Instrumenta，Gurden Fieluan D Flower Sepds Patent Mediciner．Perfo－ mery，Dye Wiouls \＆．．de．
priseriptions accurately dispf：agd． Marnesia，Sota and other Misus it Waters．

## 

Fire Insurance Company of Hartord， Connecticut．

## PRTEETH顛

Five laturance，Company of Hartjord， Comnecticat． THATTOME
Fire Insurasuce Compeny of Frantiond Comnecticut．
FTVFIE undersigned continnestoinsure againet LOSS or findece dy wition tomb as favoroble us other offies in the City：

DANIEL M1EGIEL，Agent． Oneomst．Aadsew＇s Whari． Quêbed，10th Marek， 1848.

2ta sxuol haumisimars．
3US ！ygrdanile
At tad Onexee of tha（xaspay Gazetta．


## Fivi wholk

聚maly
 27 the Diserict of Gokje－－Eres， 40 ．
 Pistrict of Gnspe，the Frinter respertilly $90-$ licits the patronage of tie Schod Comemismon－ ers ar＂he difereas trun cipalizies．

Five Catisié，AHguaty 1849.

##  FOR $2 \mathrm{ATS}, \mathrm{MECE}, \operatorname{COCKROACRO}$在有．

 Wermin sumbe of hatsinad all olker specien of














## ©o the Agxiculturalists of $\mathfrak{G a t a d a}$.

##  <br> BLACK SMITH AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MAKER:

$$
\text { dio. } 11, \mathscr{P}_{\mathrm{t} .} \mathscr{F}_{\text {etee }} \mathscr{P}_{\text {treet, }} \text { colloortical. }
$$

$\mathbf{R}^{\text {E }}$E'SPECTFULLY intimates to the Agriculturalists throughout Canada, that he has for a considerable period devoted his attention to the manufacture of all kinds of Implements employed in Husbandry and Agriculture; and that he has now on hand

## 

Made after Wilkie \& Gray's Pattern, universally acknowledged to be' the best, which he offers for Sale at reasonable prices; guaranteed of a superior quality of metal, of unsurpassed workmanship and finish, and warranted equal, in every respect, to any that can be imported.
He would particularly recommend to the notice of Agriculturalists, his

## IMPROVED SUBSOIL GRUBBER,

As an implement well catculated to facilitate the labour of cross ploughing-performing with the mame dratt power, the work of the common plough in one third the time; it is much ased in Scotland, where it has superseded the, use of Scuffler, Horse Hoe, and Cultivator.
A. F. has also an extensive variety of

DRILL PLOUGHS, SCUFFLERS, DRILL HARNOWS
Of the latest and most approved patterns.-Also, CHEESE PRESSES made upon the Ayraure nattern.-Agricultural Implements of' every description made to order:

#  WM, LYMAN \& CO. 

AP. 194 and 196, Suint $\mathscr{P}_{\text {aul }} \mathscr{S O}_{10}$ ret,

## MONTREAL.

IMPORTERS of English and Foreign Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Choice Parisian and London'Perfumery, Pickles, Sauces, Spices, Confectionary, \&c. Also, English and Amërican Ganden, Grass, Field and Flower Seeds. Wholesale Dealers in Paints. Colors, Oils, Varnishem; Dye-Stuffs, Putty, Painterṣ' Brushes. Window Glass, \&c.

The following articles are particularly recommended to Families:-Pure Ground Pepper, Allspice, Ginger and Cinnamon in 4 oz. packets; also, Cloves, Nutmegs and Mace; superior Indigo, Rice; Starch, Button Blue ; Candied Orange, Citron and Lemon Peel; Essence of Lemon; Cinnamon, Cloves, Vanilla and Ratifia.- Polishing Paste, Indelible Ink, Fine Sponge, Hair, Tooth and Naib Brubien.-Friction Hair Gloves ana Belts.-Patent Nursing Bottles, Powder Boxes and Puffe:-Prepered Grparand Barley, Sago. Toninca; Cox's Sparkling Gelatine for Jelliés, Blance Mianne, te. de.
Mofitroai, July, 1849.

