LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

LAST EDITION

46TH. YEAR. NO. 19931 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1910 —TWENTY PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TWO TRUSTEES TO RESIGN IF NEW HOSPITAL RULE IS NOT PUT INTO FORCE

Ex-Mayor Judd and Mr. S. Screaton Will Not Further Sit On Trust If Present Conditions Are Allowed to Exist---Both Say They Do Not Desire to Threaten, But They Simply Will Not Countenance Present Methods Regarding Poor Patients.

Mr. J. C. Judd, K. C., and Mr. S. Screaton, of the Hospital Trust, will resign if the trust do not decide to allow physicians of the trust to attend free patients.

This statement was made by the gentlemen in question today, in answer to a query, and it is certain that they will do so if the changes proposed are not carried out.

Both made it emphatic that there is no intention to threaten the board by this action—that is the farthest from their mind—but they do not consider that it would be in the best interests of the hospital to allow the present order of things to prevail, and as they are not in sympathy with it, the best way would be to resign.

MADE UP THEIR MINDS.

"I cannot deny that we have made up our minds to resign if the suggestions made are not carried out," said Chairman Judd. "For many months, practically since I have been on the board, we have gone carefully into the facts of the matter. We had open minds on the subject, and we looked at it from every angle. We did not act hastily, but rather were very deliberate, and have come to the conclusion that we should make the changes suggested.

"We personally do not care a whit what the trust does. We are not going to threaten—we have not the faintest idea of doing such a thing—but we are certainly not in sympathy with the present conditions, and it would be better, if the trust decides to stand by the present arrangement, to have a board in sympathy with it.

WILL STAND OR FALL BY IT.

"We feel that we have the proper remedy, and when we suggest it, we have the courage to stand by it."

Mr. S. Screaton, who was chairman of the board for many years, concurred in the above view.

"We are met regularly with the complaint that the hospital expenditure is growing rapidly," said Mr. Screaton. "We have given this careful attention, and have been always anxious to keep the cost down as low as possible.

"The first suggestion that we make that will reduce the expenditure is met by violent opposition, and it is quite probable that the present arrangement will be adhered to.

"We are not in sympathy with it, and the best interests of the board would be better served if men in touch with that scheme were elected.

"However, we do not want to be placed in the position of threatening the board. We have absolutely no desire to do that. We merely state that we are not in sympathy with the present arrangement, whereby every patient in the general ward can have his own physician, and if they are continued we should in justice to ourselves step out."

Continued on Page Eleven.

INVASION OF LEGISLATURE BY BAND OF SUFFRAGETTES

At Conclusion of Prorogation, Women's Suffrage Champion Informs the Assemblage That Session Did Not Do Enough for Women.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 19.—Suffragettes have at last invaded the sacred precincts of the Ontario legislative chamber. This morning at the close of the prorogation ceremony and just as his honor the lieutenant-governor was leaving the speaker's chair after having declared the session officially prorogued, a lady who had been sitting in the very centre of the speaker's gallery directly facing his honor, stood up in her place and in a calm, even voice said: "There is one thing I wish to draw your attention to, and that is that in the deliberations of this Legislature the members have failed to pay sufficient attention to the cause of women."

Everybody Gaped.

For a moment it looked as if there would be great confusion in the House. Everyone gaped. Sir James signalled to the ushers to put the woman out before she got any further, but such action was unnecessary. The woman sat down quietly and was hastily surrounded by three or four of her supporters who guarded her until she reached the elevator and disappeared in the crowd.

DR. D. C. TENNENT APPOINTED TO A BIG POSITION IN OTTAWA

London Veterinary Named for Post in the Office of the Veterinary Director-General of Canada—Son of Dr. J. H. Tennent, Well-Known Local Veterinary.

Dr. D. Crozier Tennent, V.S., of this city, who for the past two years and a half has held various posts in different parts of the country in connection with the meat inspection for the Dominion Government, has received a most important promotion, and leaves for Ottawa tomorrow to take a place in the offices of J. G. Rutherford, veterinary director-general for Canada.

A Government Inspector.

Dr. Tennent is a son of Dr. J. H. Tennant, of 275 King street, and has a host of friends both in this city and all through the province, to whom the news of his success will be heard with the greatest pleasure.

Until recently Dr. Tennent was Government inspector at Chatham, but he has also been stationed at Toronto, Fergus, Brantford, St. John, N. B., Montreal and other points.

ALL AWAIT THE CONFERENCE BETWEEN FIELDING AND TAFT

Momentous Meeting of Canadian and U. S. Dignitaries at Syracuse Today—American Travellers Say United States Want No Trouble With Canada.

American travellers who are in the city, local businessmen and manufacturers, are greatly interested in the result of the conference which is to be held today between United States President Taft and Hon. Mr. Fielding, Canadian minister of finance, in regard to the tariff arrangement.

An American gentleman, in close touch with the situation, stated to The Advertiser today that if he possibly can, President Taft wishes to climb down from the false position in which he has been placed by the act of Congress.

Whole Affair Unfortunate.

"If he can come down with dignity, he certainly will do it," said the American. "Of course, he is a broad enough man not to wish Canadians to lose any of their dignity or self-respect, either. The whole affair is an unfortunate one, and if any trouble results it will be disastrous to the Republican party. It would mean the certain defeat of Taft if he runs at the next election. It would give the Democrats a start that they have not had in 25 years.

Don't Want War.

"American businessmen don't want any tariff war with Canada. They realize that Canada is one of their best customers, and will be one of their very best in the future if amicable relations are maintained. A tariff war would be disastrous to Canada in many ways also. It would affect the railroads first, and would hit them hard.

The Bonding Privilege.

"The Grand Trunk would be affected here, and the C. P. R. where it runs through Maine, if the bonding privilege is withdrawn. All the freight that is now coming through here would be sent around other ways. It would mean a longer haul for the American manufacturer, but it would mean the loss of an immense amount of business for Canadian roads. American firms certainly do not want any trouble, you may be sure of that."

A LONDON COMPANY IN CEREAL MERGER

Eight Ontario Concerns To Be Consolidated With Headquarters at Toronto.

[G. N. W. Dispatch.]

Lindsay, March 19.—A cereal merger, it is announced, has been accomplished during the past week, eight milling companies being concerned as follows: Tillson Company, Tillsonburg; Flavelle Milling Company, Lindsay; P. McIntosh & Sons, Toronto; James Wilson & Sons, Fergus; Walter Thomson & Son, London; Woodstock Cereal Company, Woodstock; D. R. Ross & Son, Embro; Martin Bros., Mount Forest. The new company will have its head offices in Toronto, and will be known as the Canadian Cereal and Milling Company. Mr. J. D. Flavelle, of the Flavelle Milling Company, Lindsay, will be president.

LEGISLATURE CLOSING OF A SOMBRE HUE

Prorogation Was Marked by the Absence of Spectacular Doings —Speech From Throne.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 19.—The formal prorogation of the Legislature took place at 11 o'clock this morning. The scene was a marked contrast from the brilliant opening. Only a handful of ministers and members were in their seats, while the concourse of spectators was conspicuous by their absence. The Lieutenant-Governor drove in state from Government House with an escort of Dragoons, while the Highlanders' guard of honor presented arms, and the band of the Royal Grenadiers struck up the National Anthem, while the Ninth Field Battery fired a salute of 15 guns.

His honor was escorted to the speaker's chair by his aides, and after giving his assent to the bills passed during the session, he read the following speech from the throne:

Speech From Throne.

Toronto, March 19.—"Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

"I desire in relieving you of your legislative duties, to express my appreciation of the careful consideration you have given to the various measures that have come before you during the present session. Your labors have been of comparatively short duration, owing to the businesslike methods pursued and the avoidance of unnecessary delays rather than to any diminution of public demands upon your attention. Much of the legislation you have had to consider has been in connection with the consolidation and revision of the statute law of Ontario now approaching completion, while several important enactments have been suggested by experience and the desire to meet the growing needs of this province.

"I am pleased to note that you have provided for the further extension of the principle of agricultural instruction in local centres, thus giving the farmer the benefits of technical education in his own neighborhood, and that the public grants to improve this basic industry have been increased. The provision you have made to encourage the immigration of farm labor and domestic help cannot fail to be appreciated by the people of this province. Both the comfort and the business interests of the agriculturist will doubtless be promoted by the enactments you have made to facilitate the operation and extension of the rural telephone systems.

The Milk Commission.

"As an initial result of the investigation of the milk commission a measure has been enacted to provide for the extension of the powers of cities and towns for the supervision of their milk supply, thus affording an addi-

Continued on Page Ten.

THE CHARTREUSE SCANDAL.

Paris, March 19.—The Matin announces today that it will institute a suit against Le Journal for $100,000 damages, because of a series of articles which the latter paper published connecting the management of the Matin with the Chartreuse affair. The liquidation of the property of the Carthusian monks is a part of the scandal now under investigation by the Government.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—COOLER.

FORECASTS.

Fresh south and south-west winds: fair and warmer, local showers by night.

Sunday—Northwest winds and becoming cooler again.

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather is fine and milder this morning, from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, but thunderstorms occurred during the night north of Lakes Superior and Huron. The temperature was unseasonably high again yesterday in the Western Provinces.

Friday's weather—Summer-like temperatures prevailed yesterday throughout the Western Provinces, while from the Ottawa Valley to the Atlantic it was cold. Elsewhere in Canada conditions were of a seasonable character. Fine weather prevailed in all parts of the Dominion.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
London	21	49
Dawson	6	34
Atlin	26	42
Victoria	46	56
Kamloops	44	70
Edmonton	24	62
Calgary	32	62
Moosejaw	33	64
Qu'Appelle	32	62
Winnipeg	32	58
Port Arthur	18	28
Parry Sound	2	36
Toronto	17	37
Ottawa	*2	30
Montreal	4	26
Quebec	*6	22
St. John	16	26
Halifax	20	30

*Below zero.

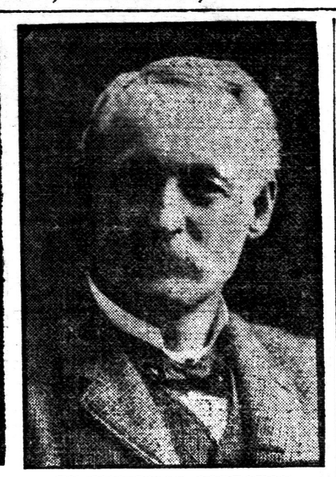
8 a.m. Readings.

Following were temperatures at 8 a.m. today:

Victoria	48	Toronto	34
Calgary	34	Ottawa	18
Winnipeg	32	Montreal	28
Port Arthur	40	Quebec	14
Parry Sound	34	Father Point.	18



EX-MAYOR JUDD.



EX-CHAIRMAN SCREATON.

PRESIDENT TAFT CLIMBING DOWN WANTS TO SEE MR. FIELDING

Asks Dominion Finance Minister to Meet Him at Albany and Hold Conference Over Present Tariff Fight.

Ottawa, March 18.—The invitation from President Taft to Hon. W. S. Fielding, minister of finance, to meet him as his guest at Albany tomorrow or Sunday, which was received here this evening, is hailed with great satisfaction, as pointing a way out of the impasse which has existed between the two countries on the tariff question for the past ten days. Throughout the whole of the negotiations with respect to the present difficult and complicated situation the Government here, while insisting on its right to maintain its fiscal independence in making tariff bargains with other nations, irrespective of what the United States tariff law may be, has always been ready to deal in a friendly and conciliatory way with Washington in trying to maintain friendly trade relations. While not yielding in any way the principle at stake, Canada is prepared to do anything that can be done, consistent with national self-respect and fair play, to avoid a tariff war, which is no more desired on this side of the line than it is in the States.

May Mean Peace.

Hon. Mr. Fielding will meet President Taft at Albany in this spirit, and it is believed that as a result of the conference of the two representatives of neighboring countries which are both anxious to live on friendly terms a way out of the present difficulty will be found. It is believed that the invitation from President Taft would not have been sent unless he was hopeful that any proposals he might contemplate as a means of overcoming the inelastic American

Continued on Page Ten.

INSPECTOR IS ON WARPATH REGARDING WORKING HOURS

It Has Been Intimated to Him That Children, Women and Girls Are Working After Hours in Contravention of the Law on the Subject—How the Act Reads.

Factory Inspector Clark has received word from headquarters in Toronto to enforce the bylaw in this city in regard to children, young girls and women working after hours in stores and factories.

It has been reported that the bylaw is being broken in this city by many firms, and the inspector has been asked to investigate and make a report.

The Bylaw.

(1) "No child, young girl or woman shall be employed in or about a shop on any day of the week, other than Saturday, or the next before a statutory holiday, before the hour of seven o'clock in the morning or after the hour of six o'clock in the evening.

(2) No child, young girl or woman shall be employed in or about a shop on Saturday or on the day next before any statutory holiday before the hour of seven o'clock in the morning or after the hour of ten o'clock in the evening.

The Time Off.

(3) There shall be allowed to every child, young girl or woman so employed not less than one hour for the noonday meal on each day, and when so employed after six o'clock in the evening not less than 45 minutes for another or evening meal.

(4) Provided that a child, young girl or woman may be employed in a shop upon one day other than Saturday, and the day before a statutory holiday, in any week, until the hour of ten o'clock in the evening, but in that case such child, young girl or woman shall not be so empoyed on Saturday in such week after the hour of six o'clock in the evening."

Will Prosecute.

"That is the law," Inspector Clark told The Advertiser, "and if I find any merchants or firms breaking it I intend to prosecute."



DR. D. C. TENNENT, V.S.,
Londoner Who Has Been Appointed to a Position in the Office of the Veterinary Inspector-General of Canada.

POWER TENDERS ARE UP AGAIN

The water commissioners will consider the tenders for power station equipment this afternoon, and Chief Engineer Sothmann will give his report. Although he has been ill for some time, Mr. Sothmann is able to come to the city, and will make a verbal report on the tenders.

From what can be learned, there will be but slight changes from the tenders accepted by the commissioners. During the week Mr. Sothmann has interviewed the agents of the company, and has obtained all the information necessary, and will make his report.

The estimates of the water works end will also be considered.

The net surplus to be handed over to the city is given as $38,000, but it may be considerably increased.

APRIL 25 FOR THE CONSECRATION

New Bishop of London Will Be Installed On the Feast of St. Mark.

ARCHBISHOP MAY COME

It is Not Expected That Father Fallon Will Reach Here Until Day or So Before Great Event.

April 25 has been officially ratified as the date for the consecration of the bishop-designate of London, Rev. M. F. Fallon. It is expected that Archbishop McEvay, the former bishop of London, will officiate, but this has not yet been decided.

The definite announcement of the date of the consecration was given The Advertiser at the palace by Rev. Father Aylward. The date is the Feast of St. Mark, as the consecration of a bishop must take place either on a Sunday or the feast day of an apostle. The Feast of St. Mark falls on Monday, the 25th of April, and this date has now been finally decided on.

As yet it is not known just when the bishop-designate will arrive in the city.

It was learned at the palace this morning, however, that he is not expected till a day or so before the consecration.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Oceanic at Cape Race, from Genoa.
Emp. India, at Vancouver from Hong Kong.
Emp. Britain at Liverpool from St John.
Tunisian at Halifax from Liverpool.
San Giorgio at New York from Naples.
Saxonia at New York from Fiume.
Numidian at Boston from Glasgow.
Noordam at Rotterdam from New York.
Chicago at Havre from New York.
Prinzess Irene at Genoa from New York
Montreal, March 19.—Empress of Britain arrived at Liverpool, 11:45 Friday.

PRIVATE CONTROL MUST CEASE IF GOVERNMENT IS TO GIVE AID

Whitney Lays Down the Law in Regard to the Medical School and the Hygienic Institute—Not a Cent in the Estimates for the Maintenance of the Latter Institution.

The Western Medical School will have to be taken out of the hands of the private corporation now controlling it, and made an integral part of the Western University before the Ontario Government will give a cent towards the maintenance of the Hygienic Institute.

The statement was made by a man in close touch with the Provincial Government, to The Advertiser today.

Although the building is practically completed, there is not a cent in the Ontario Government estimates for the Hygienic Institute, and from all indications the building will remain idle for some time.

Some time ago it was stated that there was a difference between the Ontario Government and the Medical School regarding the institute, and many attempts have been made to bring the matter to a settlement.

What Must Be Done.

According to the information received, the Government has taken a decided stand on the question, and until the Western Medical School becomes part and parcel of the Western University—a civic institution, removed from private control—will the Government aid it in any form whatever.

The Medical School authorities, however, are not worrying. They claim that the school is now in a highly properous condition—that they can continue with their work, regardless of the Government's attitude towards the Hygienic Institute. In other words, they are willing to "stand pat," and allow the Government to make the best possible use of the institute.

Meet Them Half-Way.

However, they are willing to meet the Government half-way, and if the control of the school placed in the hands of the university would solve the situation, they are willing to do that.

"Such a proposition would not worry us in the slightest," said one member of the school. "If that is all that stands between the Government and us, that will be easily arranged."

"We are prosperous, and everything is in good order. We are not worrying about the future. We have all the room we need for the time being, and have what equipment we need."

It is expected that the matter will be brought to a head in a very short time.

FOUND DEAD ON TRACK FELL FROM FREIGHT

Badly Mangled Remains of Unknown Man Picked Up Just East of Brantford.

[G. N. W. Dispatch.]

Brantford, March 19.—The badly mutilated body of a man was found this morning about two miles east of this city on the Grand Trunk tracks. The body is poorly clad, and it is thought the man may have fallen from some night train on which he was stealing a ride. The remains are so far unidentified.

TORONTO CITY LOSES BEFORE PRIVY COUNCIL

Defeated in Final Appeal in a Suit With Toronto Street Railway Company.

London, March 19.—The privy council yesterday decided for a second time that the Toronto Railway Company has power to build car lines where it pleases within the old limits of the city of Toronto. Today the judicial committee dismissed with costs the city's appeal from the order of the railway board directing the laying of tracks on certain streets, namely, Adelaide, Bay, University, Richmond and Wellington streets, and enjoining the city from interfering with the work.

SOUTH LONDON MAN HAS DOG GRIEVANCE

Alleges Blackstock Opened His Gate and Stole His Dog Out of Yard.

A South London resident, it is stated, has consulted a local lawyer with a view of charging Ben Blackstock, the city dog catcher, with theft. It is alleged that Blackstock recently went to the citizen's residence and opened a gate and whistled to a dog that was in the yard, and when the dog came out, it is alleged, Blackstock took the animal off to the pound.

So far, no information has been laid, although the police have been informed of the occurrence.

There are 21 dogs in the pound at present, and at an execution to be held this evening 11 of them will be destroyed.

CRUMLIN MEN IN A FISTIC ENCOUNTER

Free-for-All Fight Over a Roads Argument the Other Day.

The Crumlin hotel, which is owned by Mr. W. A. Langford, of this city, will likely close, it is said, when local option comes into force on May 1. It is understood that a plan of turning the hotel into a general store is being contemplated.

Mr. T. Neeley, who resides near Crumlin, has received his appointment as an attendant at the London asylum.

The much-discussed drain on the Crumlin road, put in under the good roads bylaw, has been the cause of much comment in that locality. The other day matters became so strained that one 200-pound farmer, being slow of speech and consequently somewhat easily outdistanced in an argument, started in to prove his fistic superiority over another of the disputants. The latter, however, proved a veritable find in the fistic world, and a very pretty little bout ensued, during the course of which the road was plentifully besprinkled with gore. The letting of a little warm blood cooled the argument somewhat, and the different parties went their different ways, thinking just the same as when the argument had begun.

MEETINGS FOR SOCIAL REFORM

Rev. J. Aspinall McCuaig Will Be Heard in London On Sunday.

MEETINGS NEXT WEEK

Rev. Mr. McCuaig Speaks in Eulogistic Terms of Heroic Attempt of Londoner To Save a Woman's Life.

The social reform movement, inaugurated last month by the Rev. J. Aspinall McCuaig, vice-president of the National Christian League, of New York, will be taken up in earnest tomorrow, when four meetings will be addressed by Mr. McCuaig in London. At 11 a.m. he speaks in the Talbot Street Baptist Church on "The Voice of God"; at 4 p.m. in the Auditorium, to men only, on "Man's Relationship to Woman"; at 7 p.m. in the Askin Street Methodist Church, on "God's Great Problem," and at 8:30 p.m. in the Talbot Street Baptist Church to men only on "Saving Power."

Second Meeting.

The lecture in the Auditorium in the afternoon will be the second lecture of the series on the subject announced, the first address on that topic having been given on Mr. McCuaig's previous visit. As a great crowd of men is expected, arrangements have been made that those who come early will be entertained from 3.30 to 4 by musical selections by the celebrated Victor Aux-e-to-phone.

The meetings of Sunday will be followed by a meeting for women Monday afternoon in the Askin Street Methodist Church at 3 o'clock, and by a general meeting for both men and women in the Auditorium at 8 o'clock, when Mr. McCuaig will speak on "Sex and Crime." The series will close with a mass meeting of men in the Talbot Street Baptist Church on Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. Prior to the closing meeting on Tuesday, Mr. McCuaig will address the newsboys of London at the First Congregational Church at 7 p.m., when a supper will be provided, to which all the city newsboys are invited.

A Brave Deed.

Rev. Mr. McCuaig was at Detroit, when the Comber woman, Mrs. Best, was drowned at the foot of Woodward avenue. He says it was a terrible affair, and speaks in the highest praise of Walter Hulett, the former London colored man, who jumped into the icy water in an effort to save the woman. Hulett, he says, would have been drowned, too, had he reached her as he was almost paralyzed with the cold when he was hauled back onto the boat.

KITCHEN SHOWER

For a Popular Young Lady of Westminster Township.

On Thursday of this week about 50 girl friends met at the home of Mr. John Marr, concession 3, Westminster Township, and presented his daughter, Miss Lou, with a handsome and valuable set of kitchen utensils. Miss Marr, who is highly popular and a general favorite with all who know her, is to be married to Mr. Ernest McFarlane, of Dorchester, on the 23rd inst. Her many friends availed themselves of this opportunity of expressing their goodwill and appreciation.

PEOPLE COMPLAIN OF TREE TRIMMING

Citizens Say Trees Are Bleeding to Death.

There are some complaints today about the water commissioners trimming trees throughout the city.

The sap is running plentifully today, and as a result a number of the trees are bleeding to death.

The offices of the commission have received scores of complaints, and many other complaints are being made by citizens.

The commissioners claim that it is impossible to do anything else. The trees must be trimmed in order to string the hydro-electric wires, and while it is unfortunate that it must be done at this time there is no way out of the matter.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
A. J. Small, Sole Prop

TWICE TODAY PHIL MAHER
And His Big Stock Company in
Matinee—"NEW YORK AFTER DARK." Prices 10, 20
Evening—"BORN IN THE BLOOD."

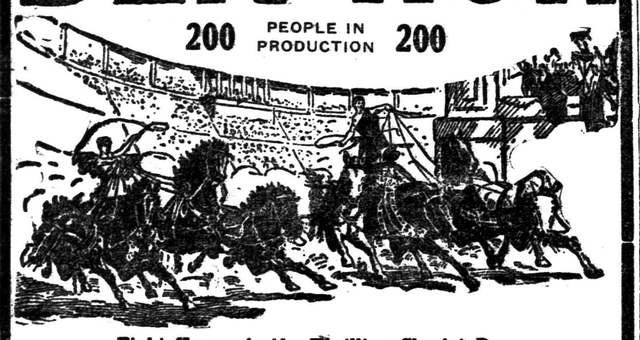
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY

March 21, 22, 23

SPECIAL MATINEE, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 23.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S NEW & GREATER

BEN-HUR

200 PEOPLE IN PRODUCTION 200



Eight Horses in the Thrilling Chariot Race

SCALE OF PRICES

FIRST TWELVE ROWS LOWER FLOOR	$2.00
REMAINING SIX ROWS LOWER FLOOR	$1.50
FIRST TWO ROWS BALCONY	$2.00
NEXT THREE ROWS BALCONY	$1.50
REMAINDER BALCONY	$1.00

200 Seats at $1

First three rows of gallery on sale at 6:30 each evening.
GOOD SEATS STILL TO BE HAD.

GOOD FRIDAY—MATINEE AND NIGHT
H. H. FRAZEE (Inc.) Presents the Music Play,

"THE TIME, THE PLACE AND THE GIRL"

TIMETABLE OF SONG HITS:
8:20—Opening Chorus; 8:30, "Blow the Smoke Away"; 8:40, "Thursday Is My Jonah Day"; 9, "I Don't Like Your Family"; 9:30, "First and Only"; 9:50, "The Waning Honeymoon"; 10, "Uncle Sam's Best Girl," "Dixie, I Love You"; 10:20, "Don't You Tell; 10:45, Finale—Medley.
Exactly as presented for 465 Performances in Chicago.

MR. FRED MACE — All Star Cast and Unequaled Beauty Chorus — MISS ELIZABETH GOODALL

Book and Lyrics by Gough & Adams. Music by Joe E. Howard.
Mat—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Evening—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Monday, March 28 HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS **THE MERRY WIDOW**

Seat Sale Thursday. Mail Orders Now.

DANCING—SPECIAL EASTER TERM for beginners, week April 4. Ladies Tuesday, gentlemen Thursday evening. Private lessons any hour. Easy terms. 'Phone Dayton & McCormick.

$171.40 $171.40
VACATION TOUR

All expenses. Personally conducted. Visiting France, England and Scotland. The above rate is from London, Ontario. For particulars of above tour and tickets apply

F. B. CLARKE
Steamship Transportation Agency,
416 Richmond St., next Bank of Commerce.

MISSION BAND CONCERT — COLBORNE St. Methodist Church—repeated by request, March 22nd. Don't miss it. Admission, 10c. b

PICTURES OF WILDEST AFRICA.

Moving pictures of the Zambesi River, etc., by Dr. Peter McQueen, recently returned from an exploring expedition for Frank Leslie's Weekly, Auditorium, Friday, March 25, and Saturday afternoon and evening, March 26. Reserved seats, Mallagh's Bookshop 15c; general admission, 10c b

DANCE, MONDAY NIGHT—PIE SOCIAL Wednesday night. Prizes awarded for the best-dressed pie. Coursey's Hall, 745 Grey street. b

MRS. ALICE HENDERSON, TEACHER of Scotch and fancy dancing, 571 Adelaide street. Concert talent furnished.

W. THOMAS MELDRUM, CONCERT comedian. For terms, dates, etc., address 431 Waterloo street, London. In-t

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple. Phone 1570.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

LEARN TO DANCE—R. B. MILLARD, 345 Princess avenue. Special attention to waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching. Low rates. Lessons any hour. 21tf

MEETINGS

FRUIT INSTITUTE MEETING IN Union Hall, Lambeth, Tuesday afternoon, 2 p.m., and evening, 7:30 p.m., March 29. Practical addresses by D. Johnson, of Forest, and others. Demonstration will be given in mixing and applying spray mixtures, as well as in pruning and grafting. 29k-17,19,23,26

AUDITORIUM—SUNDAY AFTERNOON, 4 o'clock—Great mass meeting of men. J. Aspinall McCuaig, of New York, will give second lecture on "Man's Relationship to Woman." The wonderful Victor Aux-e-to-phone will render selections from 3:30 to 4. b

Headquarters 7th Regiment Fusiliers, Regimental order No. 17, by officer commanding, London, Ont., March 9, 1910.
ANNUAL TRAINING—The regiment will parade for annual training in drill order on Monday, March 21, at 8 p.m., and on each succeeding Monday until further orders. Recruit classes will be continued on Monday and Friday evenings. Men desiring to join the regiment will apply on these evenings. W. A. McCrimmon, Major, acting adjutant 7th Regiment Fusiliers. 25c-txt

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED LADY FOR housekeeper for family of three persons, in country. Apply Dr. McLellan, 564 Richmond. 27c-ywt

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL MAID—Apply 402 Oxford street. 30c

WANTED—GENERAL MAID—SMALL family. 284 Central avenue. 30c

GOOD REPAIRER ON LADIES' AND gentlemen's goods. Apply American Dry Cleaning and Dye Works. 30c

EXPERIENCED HAND FINISHER ON uniform caps wanted. Apply Tip-Tip Cap Company, Greene-Swift building. 30u

WANTED—A GOOD SEAMSTRESS—AT 289 Queen's avenue. 30u

ALTERATION HANDS, WITH KNOWLEDGE of dressmaking, for ladies' ready-to-wear department. Smallman & Ingram. 29c

WANTED—GIRL FOR CARPET-SEWING room, at once. Apply Smallman & Ingram. 29c

TWO DINING-ROOM GIRLS WANTED. Apply Alexandra Cafe. 29c

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER BY wholesale firm; knowledge of double entry; speed and accuracy at figures essential; state qualifications and experience, if any, also if employed at present, and wages wanted. Box 118, Advertiser. 29c

WANTED—A CAPABLE GENERAL servant; references required. Mrs. Inkster, 298 Princess avenue. 27-t

WANTED—GENERAL MAID; FAMILY of four. Apply Mrs. Jeffery, 516 Ridout. 26tf

FEW EXPERIENCED BISCUIT PACKERS and girls to learn packing. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company, Limited. 27bu

WANTED — MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. John Purdom, 429 King street. 25tf

LADY CLERK WANTED—CAPABLE OF reading and writing French. Apply Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL MAID wanted; small family; no laundry work. Apply Mrs. W. C. Allen, 88 Ridout street south. 19tf

HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET.

TO RENT—WELL BUILT BRICK STABLE room for four horses and several rigs. Maple St., near Ridout. Apply 293 Dundas St., phone 1386. 31bb

STORES—143 KING STREET AND 526 OXFORD street to let. Apply W. G. R. Bartram, Bank Toronto Chambers. 32u-ty

TO LET—702 DUNDAS STREET, STORE with dwelling. Apply 312 Queen's avenue. 31c

TO LET—608 PRINCESS AVENUE—2-story brick, 9 rooms, every convenience, $18 per month. Apply 553 Adelaide street. 31c-txt

TWO-STORY BRICK, MODERN, THREE bedrooms, gas, cellar; $12 and water rates. 86 Kent street. 31c-tyw

LADY OR GENTLEMAN CAN SECURE newly-furnished rooms, very central. 528 Talbot street. 31c-tyw

12-ROOM HOUSE, HALF BLOCK FROM G. T. R. shops, also furnished cottage with large lawn in London West. Apply 194 Hamilton road. Phone 1231. 31k tywt

2½-STORY BRICK HOUSE, ALL CONVENIENCES, hot water heating throughout, central location, rent $30. Apply 398 Burwell street. b

SEMI-DETACHED BRICK HOUSE TO let, April 1; five bedrooms, modern; tennis lawn. Apply 566 Colborne street. b

MODERN 9-ROOMED BRICK HOUSE, close to business section. Apply next door, 31 Becher street. 15tf-ywt

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 867½ Waterloo street. Apply next door north. 57tf-xtv

87 ELMWOOD AVENUE—TWO-STORY brick house to let; good garden. Apply 63 Elmwood avenue. 26n-zxt

FURNISHED HOUSE — HIGH, DRY situation, hot water heating. Apply Miss Nellest morning, 55 Ridout street, South London. 13tf-tx

TO LET — 879 WILLIAM STREET, seven-roomed house, with large garden. Apply 402 Oxford street. 28k

TO LET—$25 per month. House and half an acre of ground, 9 rooms, stable and shed, electric and gas, bath, furnace. Inside city on Wellington car line. Possession April 1.

TO LET—$16 per month. New, 7-roomed house, in north end, furnace and bath. Possession at once; near cars.

W. E. WISMER, Real Estate and Financial Agent. Phone 1098, 418 Park Avenue. London Loan Block.

SEVEN-ROOMED HOUSE TO LET. APPLY 203 Bathurst street. 27-t

TO RENT—GOOD FARM, 75 ACRES, house and barns. Apply Elias Fuller, lot 2, con. A, London Township, The Gore P. O. 23n-wty

EASTERN INVESTMENT COMPANY, Lineham block, Calgary, Alta.—We shall be pleased to supply information to all interested in regard to Western lands and investments. 27bh

TO LET—ROOMS SUITABLE FOR light housekeeping; water and other conveniences. 192 Central avenue. Apply 190 Central avenue. 27tf

TO LET—CONVENIENTLY LOCATED brick house with 7 bedrooms, 464 Talbot street. Possession April 1. Telephone 2139. Alex. Harvey. 25tf

FOR RENT—A WELL-FURNISHED room in all-modern house, near the C. P. R. station. Apply for fuller particulars to Box 37, this office. 4tf

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS —Largest in city. Good storage. 356 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs, 97 Carling.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY the Mover." H. F. Day, Ideal Moving Van, 867 Wellington. Phone 2887.

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS —Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and pianos carefully moved. W. A. Broughton (successor to John Biggs). Storage, 97 Carling street. Phones: 1162; residence, 1444.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BUILDING LOT FOR SALE ON SURREY avenue. Apply at 28 Rodgers avenue. b

FOR SALE—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE, splendid locality. Apply 187 Elmwood avenue. 31c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$6,000—GRIST MILL, ELECTRIC AND steam power; capable manager; net profits from April 12, 1909, to Feb. 1, $1,700; terms, including residence, $4,000 cash, balance on mortgage. L. G. Tinkelpaugh, Point Edward, Ont. 5tf-wty

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY business, cheap; in good locality. Box 120, Advertiser. 29c

MILK ROUTE FOR SALE—450 QUARTS; first-class outfit. Box 112, this office. 27n

MALE HELP WANTED.

MAN WANTED TO ATTEND HORSE and make himself generally useful. Must be sober. Apply Dr. C. S. Moore, 376 Wellington street. b

WANTED—FIVE OR SIX GOOD TEAMSTERS, steady work, good wages. State where formerly employed. Box 3, Advertiser. b

PAPERHANGERS AND PAINTERS wanted—Apply O. B. Graves, Limited. 31c

AGENTS, EVERYBODY TO WEAR AND sell our famous BOKARA Simulation Diamonds. Write for free sample offer and catalogue to Northwestern Jewelry Company, Northwestern Bldg., Chicago. b

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TINSMITH, for Manitoba; wages, 35c per hour; year's work guaranteed. Apply Dr. McLellan, 564 Richmond. 27c-ywt

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—TWO BOYS to learn the drygoods business. Apply T. E. Mara Company. 30c

WANTED — BARBER — MUST BE first-class. Highest wages. John Cambridge, 244 Dundas street. 30tf

WANTED—BAKER, AS SECOND HAND on cakes and pastry. Fawkes & Sons, 660 Dundas street. 30c

WANTED — LEDGERKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, accurate; good writer. M. Masuret & Co. 29c

WANTED—ORGANIST AND CHOIRMASTER, King Street Presbyterian Church. Application, stating salary, experience and references, must be sent not later than March 30 to George Duncan, secretary, 126 Inkerman. 28n

SPRING TERM COMMENCES APRIL 3 —Six graduates placed in good positions during past month. Every student gets personal attention, and an immediate position assured if you graduate from this college. We have railroad trains, wires and forms, and if you want a $60 position we will guarantee it. Particulars free. College of Telegraphy London. 25tf-tx

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN FOR positions on nearby railroads; experience unnecessary; good vision; age, 20-30; $75 to $100 monthly; no strike; permanent employment, promotion; 300 men a month being sent to positions; state age, weight, height; send stamp. Railway Association, care Advertiser. 19a-ty

BOYS ABOUT 15 OR 16 YEARS OLD can make good wages on piecework. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company, Limited. 27bu

WANTED—BOY, 15 OR 16 YEARS OLD, for office, having some knowledge of shorthand and typewriting. Apply Box 107, Advertiser. 26n

GOOD JOB PRINTER WANTED AT once. Apply London Advertiser Job Department. 18tf

HELP WANTED.

FARM HELP WANTED—A MAN OF some experience, with small family; wife to help part of time. A good house, garden, etc., furnished, good location, handy to store, school and churches. Apply Edgar M. Zavitz, Coldstream, Ont. 31k

WANTED—PERSONS TO GROW MUSHROOMS for us. Small waste space in yard, garden or farm can be made produce from $15 to $25 per week. Write for illustrated booklet and full particulars. Montreal Supply Company, Montreal.

HAND SEWERS ON TROUSERS. APPLY H. M. Peterman & Co., 234 Dundas street. 29c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, LIMITED. WEATHER PROBS.: FAIR AND WARMER. SMALLMAN & INGRAM, LIMITED



Get Ready for Easter



EASTER is the celebration of regeneration. This means lay aside your old, worn winter clothes and get into fresh, crisp spring attire.

Select your Easter outfit now. You will be sure to have it in time. Our stock is now at high tide. You will find on our counters goods you will be proud to wear and if your Easter outfit comes from our establishment the quality will be right, the style right and the price right

Big Display of New Fancy Hat Pins

5c, 10c, 15c to $2.50 Each

To put the finishing touch to your Easter bonnet.

Colored Stone Settings and bright and dull jet, at, each ..... **5¢**
White and Gray Pearl and Jet, each..... **15¢**
Brilliants and a variety of Colored Stone Settings, also Jet, each ..... **25¢**
Big assortment of Brilliant and Colored Hatpins each, from ..... **18¢ to 75¢**
Fancy Bright Jet Hatpins.. **65¢, 75¢ and 85¢**
Very handsome Brilliant Hatpins, each..... **$1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50**

AT CIRCLE COUNTER—OPP. EAST SIDE ELEVATOR.

Women's $1 Umbrellas

Prepare for April Showers

35 dozen, special, fine silk-mixed tops, with steel rod and paragon frame; all new Umbrellas, with newest handles in horn and natural wood; neatly trimmed; good value; at, each, $1.50. While they last **$1.00**

EAST SIDE—MAIN ENTRANCE.

New Curtains to Brighten the Home

Fine French, Swiss and English Makes for Living and Reception Rooms, $2.75 to $20.00 Pair

We have just opened a beautiful assortment of new designs and effects in above makes, selecting from hundreds of samples from the best manufacturers with care to obtain the newest in design, best in quality and biggest value at each price. We are satisfied our present showing is the best we have ever offered.

If you will require new Curtains for your fine rooms this spring we would suggest that now is the time to make your selections. Our assortment is now at its best, and our values thus far have not been affected by the recent advance in price of nets.

FINE IRISH POINTS, in excellent designs. At, pair ..... **$2.75, $3.00, $3.50 to $10.00**
NEW DUCHESS CURTAINS, very dainty designs, in white, ecru, maco and ivory and two-tone effects. Pair, **$6.50, $7.50 to $15**
BEAUTIFUL VENETIAN POINT, in above grounds. Pair ..... **$7.00 to $14.00**
HANDSOME GENEVA POINTS, all new designs. Pair, ... **$10.50 to $15.00**
Very Artistic Connemara Curtains, new designs. Pair, **$9.50 to $20**
Serviceable Arabian Curtains, new designs. Pair, **$3.50 to $15.00**
Effective Marie Antoinette Curtains, in white, ivory and Arabian. Pair ..... **$4.00 to $15.00**

DRAPERIES—THIRD FLOOR.



Postage paid on all parcels of $5.00 or over within postal regulation size to any point in the world.

Mail Order Campaign

CONDITIONS — All goods advertised for this event must be ordered by mail in or out of the city, as they are not sold over our counters while this event is in progress. Unless money accompanies order goods will be sent C. O. D. Please send money to pay for postage. City orders will be sent out on our regular deliveries.

Express Charges Paid on Purchases of $5.00 and Upwards Within 200 Miles of London— Furniture, Etc. Excepted.

Items Numbers 1 and 2 On Sale Monday

NO. 1 MAIL ORDER SPECIAL

Pretty Jabots 29c

7 dozen Fine Embroidered Lawn Jabots. These are made in two sections, the lower section of good plain lawn, with a finely-pleated frill all around, extending beyond the upper section, which is handsomely embroidered and frilled, making a stylish and effective neckpiece to wear with any style collar; in three styles of embroidery. Mail Order Campaign price Monday at, each, only ..... **29¢**

NO. 2 MAIL ORDER SPECIAL

Fine Huck Towels 19c

40 dozen Pure Linen Huckaback Towels, hemmed ends, in all white or red borders; a superior towel for general use; size 21x42 inches; the best 25c will buy ordinarily. Mail Order Campaign price Monday, each ..... **19¢**

Wall Paper

Special Treatments for Bedrooms

The wall paper business, like all other things in this progressive age, has changed. Wall papering today is not merely the covering of the walls with a color or design that pleases the eye, but there are other more modern treatments, that cost no more, which gives the newer and more up-to-date effect, and the world is advancing with such rapid strides nowadays it is wise to make your improvements meet with the very latest ideas. We are showing in our New Wall Paper Department many new and inexpensive treatments for bedrooms.

One of the most pleasing effects is the new plain walls, in green, yellow, pink, blue and gray, with cut-out ribbon decorations to match. See these. Walls, **16¢** roll; decorations, **4¢** yard.

THIRD FLOOR.

STORE CONVENIENCES

Many visitors will be in the city during the coming week from nearby towns and villages, taking advantage of the cheap rates on the railroads to get in and do their Easter shopping—also delegates to the big convention. We might just mention that we have every accommodation for our visitors. Our dining-room will seat 300 people, where full-course dinners are served from 11:30 to 2; also luncheons served continuously. A check room for your satchels, parcels or wraps; rest rooms, wash rooms and lavatories. Every convenience is for you, whether a purchaser or not. Four easy-running levators to lift you from floor to floor. Make our store your headquarters while in the city, even if you have no purchases to make. You are welcome.

SHOP ON A TRANSFER CARD.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAYS TODAY.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas street.

WANTED.

WANTED BY MAY 1—SMALL MODERN house, three bedrooms, central. P. O. box 392. 31tf

WANTED TO RENT, IN NORTHERN part of city—A good barn, suitable for four or five horses. Address Box 117, Advertiser office. 29k

WANTED—MANURE IN ANY QUANTITIES; best price paid. Phone 1358, or apply Box 111, Advertiser. 27n

ONTARIO LAND GRANTS, LOCATED and unlocated, purchased for cash. D. M. Robertson, Canada Life building, Toronto.

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF RAGS, iron, rubbers, etc. London Rag and Metal Company, 723 Simcoe street. Phone 1247.

WANTED—A RELIABLE PONY CART and harness. Address J. H. Trestain, Clachan. 14uk

W. LEFF & CO., 535 BATHURST, BUY iron, rags, rubbers, metals, bottles, paper. Phone 2792.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

GOOD CLASS FAMILY WASHING to do at home—Best of references. b

SITUATION WANTED ABOUT MAY 15, by a competent bookkeeper and stenographer; references. Address Box 94, Advertiser. 23bu

PERSONAL.

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED?—Each issue of my matrimonial paper contains about forty columns advertisements of ladies and gentlemen from all sections of the United States, Canada, Mexico and Europe—rich, poor, young, old, Protestants, Catholics, etc.; sample copy mailed sealed free. S. P. Gunnels, Toledo, Ohio. 25k-t

MARRY RICH—BIG LIST OF DESCRIPTIONS and photos sent free, sealed. Address Standard Corresponding Club, Box 607, Grayslake, Ill. 13tf-t

SAMUEL A. FOSS, MEDIUM, ASTROLOGIST, foretells your future for dime, stamp and birthdate. 1460 N. Clark street, Chicago. b

NOTICE TO MARKET GARDENERS—Our Mr. Williamson will be in his office for the next two weeks to contract for tomatoes, beans, etc., for the coming season. Gorman & Eckert Company, Rex Brand Canned Goods. 27n

THE

London and Lake Erie Railway and Transportation Company.

Notice is hereby given, that whereas the requirements of the Railway Act, to incorporate the London and Lake Erie Railway and Transportation Company, have been fully complied with, so as to permit of the organization of the company, a meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the offices of Messrs. Purdom & Purdom, Masonic Temple, London, Ontario, on Thursday, the 7th day of April, 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving the report of the provisional directors of the company, organizing the company, electing directors and transacting all other business which may properly be brought before such meeting.

Dated at London, Ontario, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1910.

PURDOM & PURDOM,
Solicitors for Provisional Directors.
25k-t

TENDERS ARE INVITED FOR BUILDING two rooms additional, with other improvements, to Melbourne public schools. Plans and specifications can be seen at Williams' store, Melbourne. W. A. Clarke, secretary-treasurer. b

OTHER CONDENSED ADS. ON PAGE TEN.

EASTER CARDS

Are now on display, and we never offered such a dainty assortment. The early buyer always gets the pick—be wise.

THE MALLAGH BOOKSHOP
'Phone 366. Next Boomer's.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHILDREN BOARDED—HOME FOR women before and during confinement. Adoption provided. 22 Campbell street. 31u

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Gentleman's right-hand grey Mocha silk-lined kid glove. Finder please leave at this office. b

LOST—LADY'S PLAIN GOLD WATCH with silk guard and fob attached; reward at Linnell's grocery, Hamilton road. 30u

Knott & Sangster

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650

CARFRAE CRESCENT—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT $19 PER FOOT.

BELLEVUE AVENUE—A NEW SURVEY, RUNNING SOUTH FROM GRAND AVENUE, OPPOSITE CHARLES HYMAN'S RESIDENCE. THERE ARE ONLY 32 LOTS IN THIS SURVEY, AND THEY ARE ONLY TWELVE MINUTES' WALK TO THE MARKET. THESE LOTS WILL SELL RAPIDLY, AS THEY ARE IN A FIRST-CLASS LOCALITY, AND A NUMBER OF THEM HAVE NICE BEARING FRUIT AND SHADE TREES ON THEM. CALL AT ONCE AND GET THE FIRST CHOICE.

McKENZIE ESTATE, NEW SURVEY, SOUTH LONDON. CALL AND SEE PLAN AND GET PARTICULARS.

NEW SURVEY OF FINE BUILDING LOTS, BETWEEN PICCADILLY AND PALL MALL STREETS, NEAR ADELAIDE STREET. ONLY TWO BLOCKS FROM CENTRAL AVENUE CAR. NEW CEMENT WALKS, TREES PLANTED, FINE, DRY SANDY SOIL. ONLY $350 EACH, EASY TERMS. SPECIAL PRICES TO PARTIES WHO WILL BUILD IMMEDIATELY.

KING STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, gas, stable. Lot 33x165 feet. Price, $2,000.

OTTAWAY AVENUE—Lot 38x196 feet and frame building. Price, $900.

HORTON STREET—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, gas. Price, $1,850.

FINE LOT on Elmwood avenue near the Normal School.

LORNE AVENUE—1½-story red-pressed brick, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah. Lot 30x132 feet. Price, $2,700.

CATHCART STREET—1¾-story brick veneer, 3 bedrooms, piped for furnace, bathroom complete, gas and electric light, and combination fixtures, 3 cellars. Lot 32x149 feet. Price $2,700.

TWO FINE LOTS with 40-foot frontage each, on Wellington street, near St. James street. Last two lots in the locality.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, 3 clothes closets. Lot 30x108 feet. Price, $1,500.

Splendid corner grocery and dwelling, 1½-story frame, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, verandah. Lot 50x70 feet. Only $1,600.

PRINCESS AVENUE—Two-story and attic red pressed brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, all modern conveniences, hot water heated, laundry in cellar, four grates and mantels, oak floors throughout, birch and chestnut finish, lot 50x125 feet. A fine home. Call for particulars.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—Cement block veneer cottage, 3 bedrooms, lot 30x150 feet. Price, $1,200.

HORTON STREET—1½-story brick, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 26.6x109 feet. Reduced to $2,400.

CLARENCE STREET—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, w.c., gas and fixtures, lot 25x110 feet. Price, $1,950.

WELLINGTON STREET—2-story brick veneer, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences. Price, $3,300.

ELIAS STREET—1½-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah. Lot 32x72 feet. Price, $2,500.

BYRON AVENUE—2-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah, stable. Lot 25 feet frontage. Call for particulars.

SAUNBY STREET—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms. Lot 120x150 feet. Price, $675.

SIMCOE STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms brick cellar, verandah. Lot 37x90 feet. Price, $1,150.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 2 bedrooms. Lot 36 feet frontage. Price, $1,500.

TO LET—Large cottage, 11 rooms, modern conveniences, one acre of grounds, good stable garden. Possession April 1.

WANTED—75 or 100 acres to rent near city.

EVERGREEN AVENUE—2-story brick veneer, cement foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, mantel and grate, poultry house, front and back verandah. Lot 40x200 feet. Call for particulars.

93 ACRES on River Road, near Springbank, with quite a lot of bush, 5 minutes' walk to Springbank car.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Two-story and attic, red pressed brick, 4 bedrooms, all modern conveniences, lot 40x132 feet. Call for particulars.

SPLENDID CORNER GROCERY and DWELLING, 1½-story frame, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, verandah, lot 50x70 feet. Only $1,600.

FIVE ACRES BLACK LOAM, orchard, small fruits, frame 1½-story house, post foundation, 3 bedrooms, small barn, henhouse. Only $2,150.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—2½-story red pressed brick, cement block foundation, slate roof, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x110 feet. Call for particulars.

EVA STREET—1½-story frame, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, cellar, cement walks, piped for gas, lot 32x161 feet. Call for particulars.

WILSON AVENUE—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, lot 48x148 feet. Price, $650.

EIGHT ACRES, five miles from city limits; first-class clay loam, all underdrained, frame story and half house on brick foundation, 7 rooms, drive-house and stable and other buildings, orchard of about 50 good apple trees, besides peaches, pears, plums, cherries and all kinds of small fruits, shade and ornamental trees and shrubs; postoffice, schools and churches within a quarter of a mile, three railway stations within a mile, two mails a day; first-class suburban property. $3,200.

QUEEN'S AVENUE—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, piped for gas, porch, lot 49x60 feet. Price, $2,200.

CHELSEA GREEN—Two-story brick-veneer, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, furnace, lot 36x185 feet. Call for particulars.

VACANT LOT on Mount Pleasant avenue. Call for particulars.

KING STREET—Two brick cottages; one has 3 bedrooms and one 4 bedrooms; gas, lot 42x100 feet and right of way. Call for particulars.

WELLINGTON STREET — 1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, room for bath, piped for furnace, piped for gas, electric light and fixtures, verandah, lot 27x110 and right of way. Price, $2,300.

EDWARD STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, lot 33x140 feet. Price, $1,250.

WATERLOO STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, 3 bedroms, modern conveniences, gas and fixtures, lot 28.4x145 feet. Price, $2,600.

DUCHESS AVENUE—1¾-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, cellar, workshop, lot 32x192 feet. Price, $2,200.

LORNE AVENUE—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, furnace, cellar full size, verandah, lot 34x115 feet. Price, $1,350.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, cement and brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah, lot 32x151 feet. Price, $2,500.

CARFRAE CRESCENT—Two-story red pressed brick, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

RICHMOND STREET—Two-story and finished attic brick, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and pantry, summer kitchen, 7 bedrooms and large bathroom, furnace, hard and soft water, electric light, gas and fixtures, mantels and grates, front and back stairs, two cellars, lot 58 by about 150 feet. Call for particulars.

CHANDLER AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, lot 50x126 feet. Will sell on easy terms. Call for particulars.

MAITLAND STREET—One acre, frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen. A snap, $1,700.

WILSON AVENUE—New two-story brick, modern, mantel and grate, lot 33x120 feet; a well-built and comfortable house. Will sell cheap. Call for particulars.

OAK STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, good cellar, lot 40x240 feet. Price, $1,250.

TO LET—Two apartments, central, modern conveniences, steam-heated; rent, $12.50 per month. Call for particulars.

WILSON AVENUE—Red pressed brick cottage, 2 bedroms, bathroom complete, porch, lot 24x150 feet. Call for particulars.

ADELAIDE STREET—1½-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, mantel and grate, hardwood floors downstairs, verandah; lot 33x100 feet. Price $2,500.

COLBORNE STREET—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms. Lot 33x320 feet. Price, $1,800.

BRUCE STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, water in house. Lot 26.6x155 feet. Price, $800.

PALL MALL STREET—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah. Call for particulars.

TO LET—846 Colborne street, modern conveniences, newly papered, $16.00.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD, South London—1½-story frame, cement foundation, 10 rooms, modern conveniences, lot 50x250 feet. Call for particulars.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—1¼-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 9 rooms, piped for gas, lot 31x298 feet. Price, $1,350.

LORNE AVENUE—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, lot 27.6x150 feet. Price, $1,100.

THE BEST VACANT LOTS in the north end. Call for particulars.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

SIX ACRES, sand and gravel pit. Only a short distance from city limits. The best sand and gravel for cement blocks and building. Frame house, on brick foundation, barn, poultry house, two good wells. A money-maker. Owner selling on account of poor health. Call for particulars.

MONEY TO LOAN on farm and city property at 5½ per cent.

ST. GEORGE STREET—Splendid lots, 33x133 feet. $125 each.

WANTED—FARMS FOR SALE, near London. We have a great number of inquiries. If you have a farm you want to sell list it with us.

CORNER OF WILLIAM AND OXFORD streets—Best corner in north end.

FACTORY SITES on inter-switching and main line of G. T. R. First-class sites.

SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES, with a frame cottage and a new barn on cement block foundation, driveshed, 25 acres bush, spring water, small orchard; gravel pit on back of farm. Price, $2,500.

Properties for Immediate Sale

Any one of the properties offered for sale below are offered at immediate sale prices, as for various reasons the different owners desire to make a quick sale.

Vacant Lots for Immediate Sale

$150 PER LOT—East End, $10 down and $10 per month.

$190 PER LOT—Near McClary's, $25 down and $25 every six months.

$200 PER LOT—Broughdale, $50 down.

$250 PER LOT—Dillabough Street, 35 feet frontage.

$275 PER LOT—William street, $50 down and $10 per month.

$300 PER LOT—Near Ottaway avenue. $10 per month, nothing down.

$500 PER LOT—Dundas east, 52x167.

$925 PER LOT—Elmwood avenue, 37x166.

$1,000 PER LOT—Richmond street, near Bridport.

$1,200 PER LOT of 100 feet, near Piccadilly and Wellington.

$1,700 PER LOT—Central avenue, 66 feet with cottage, rented $8 per month.

$2,500 PER LOT—Talbot street, excellent situation, 50 feet frontage.

DOCTOR'S CORNER LOT—Excellent residential district near car line. Has right to build on the boulevard, 53 feet frontage.

Houses for Immediate Sale

$750 $50 down, balance $8 per month, near car shops; lots 41x132. One sold, only a couple left.

$1,800 New, near Wellington cars, 8 rooms and out kitchen. Possession at once.

$2,350 $350 cash, North End, new, 7 rooms, hard and soft water, 40x150, Wellington cars.

$2,400 $200 down, 8 rooms, bath, gas, St. James street.

$2,400 King street, 7 rooms, bath, stable.

$2,600 $150 down and $10 per month, Adelaide, new red-pressed brick, 6 rooms, bath, verandah.

$2,800 Near Wellington cars, 7 rooms, pantry, linen and clothes closets, furnace, bathroom, electric and gas.

$2,850 9-roomed house on Oxford street, bathroom, furnace, gas, good condition.

$3,000 St. James street, 8 rooms, 6 on ground floor, 50 feet frontage, furnace, register in every room, bathroom, gas.

$3,000 John street, near Richmond, 8 rooms, bathroom, new furnace, gas and electric, 35-foot lot running back to Hyman street. Possession April 1.

$3,750 Talbot street, new 8-roomed house, grates, bathroom, furnace, hot water in kitchen and bathroom.

$3,500 Piccadilly, large 9-roomed house and 50-foot lot, 5 bedrooms, grates and mantels, 2 rooms hardwood floor, bathroom and furnace.

$4,300 Piccadilly, 11 rooms, new, furnace, bathroom, gas, newly decorated, 40-foot lot.

Houses for Rent

$10 & $15 PER MONTH — Colborne, near Central.

$16 PER MONTH—North End, 7 rooms, bath, furnace.

$17 PER MONTH—King street, 7 rooms, bath, stable.

$20 PER MONTH—York street, 8 rooms, thoroughly modern, decorate to suit.

$21 PER MONTH—Adelaide, 8 rooms, bath, furnace, nickel plumbing, decorated.

$25 PER MONTH—9 rooms, bath and furnace, lot 61x450.

$30 PER MONTH—Piccadilly, 9 rooms, 5 bedrooms, bathroom, furnace.

$40 PER MONTH—Large grounds and house, stable, fruit trees.

Offices for Rent

Several excellent offices in first-class buildings on Dundas and Richmond streets, including steam heating and electric fixtures. Prices range from $7 per month to $30 per month.

W. E. WISMER

Real Estate and Financial Agent

PHONE 1098 418 PARK AVE. LONDON LOAN BLOCK

FAULDS & MARSH

If you have a farm for sale worth the price asked, list it with us, and we will likely sell it for you. We have a large list of good buyers, and demand is first-class for good farms.

57 ACRES, DELAWARE TOWNSHIP—New brick house, 1½-story, bank barn, built two years, driveshed, granary and poultry house, good orchard, 10 acres of fall wheat, spring creek at back and two other flowing springs 7 miles to London, 2 miles to school and church, 2½ miles to Byron, 7 miles to London. This is a choice farm and worth the price. Soil clay and sandy loam. Price, $5,200.

75 ACRES, TOWNSHIP OF LOBO—Frame house, good barn and stable; near a church, school and railway station; soil clay loam. This is an extra good farm. Price, $3,200.

50 ACRES, TOWNSHIP OF WESTMINSTER—6 miles to London, 1½ miles to Byron, 1½-story frame house and kitchen, 2 barns (each 30x40), 3 acres of orchard, 3 acres of bush. Price, $4,300.

100 ACRES, TOWNSHIP OF EKFRID—90 acres under cultivation, well drained, 1½-story frame house, bank barn 34x50, silo, 2 acres of orchard, half mile to railroad station, church and school, soil sand loam and clay loam. This is a good farm and very cheap. Price, $4,500.

175 ACRES, ADELAIDE TOWNSHIP—2-story brick house, good bank barn, power windmill, 2 miles to Strathroy, 3 acres of orchard, good fences. This farm has been used for a pasture farm for 20 years and has first-class clay loam soil; 25 acres of timber. Price, $10,000.

WESTMINSTER TOWNSHIP — 100 acres, good frame house, barn 70x38, pigpen, cow stable and henhouse, 10 acres of bush, 2 miles to church, public school and high school, 2 miles to Belmont, 14 miles to London. This is a first-class farm, and farms in this neighborhood have sold as high as $100 per acre. Price, $7,100. Soil clay loam.

20 ACRES, TOWNSHIP OF WESTMINSTER—Good frame house, good barn and orchard, three miles to London. This is a beautiful place. Price, $2,500.

20 ACRES, WESTMINSTER TOWNSHIP—Brick house, no barn, 6 acres of first-class orchard, 2½ miles to London, soil clay loam and sandy loam. Price, $2,350.

100 ACRES, CARADOC TOWNSHIP—Good brick house, granary and drive-house, log barn, well tiled and well fenced, extra good clay loam soil. Price, $4,700.

50 ACRES, TOWNSHIP OF CARADOC—No buildings, good orchard, 5 acres of heavy timber, 20 acres cleared, soil sandy loam. Price, $1,400.

50 ACRES, LONDON TOWNSHIP—Frame cottage, with summer kitchen, bank barn, granary, good fences, 1¾ miles to city limits, soil clay loam. This is a first-class farm, and worth the price, $5,100.

75 ACRES, WESTMINSTER TOWNSHIP—Good house, two barns, extra good orchard, six miles to London, soil clay loam. Price, $6,200.

5 ACRES at THE CITY LIMITS—Frame house, good barn, driveshed and first-class henhouse. Price, $2,500.

6 ACRES ON THE PIPE LINE—Two miles to London, frame cottage, good barn. This is a nice place and suitable for market gardening. Price, $1,800.

50 ACRES, CARADOC TOWNSHIP, Muncey road—Brick house, bank barn, good granary and orchard, well watered and well fenced, soil first-class clay loam. Price, $3,800.

WANTED—A first-class 50-acre farm with good buildings, near the city.

The above is only a partial list of the farms we have for sale. Please call for complete list and more minute particulars. See the Free Press for city property for sale.

T. A. FAULDS & W. J. MARSH

ROBINSON HALL CHAMBERS, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Ontario Farms the Safest Investment

A sure income can be obtained even from a small Ontario farm if it is skilfully and intelligently handled. There are hundreds of farms in Western Ontario which have during the last ten or fifteen years made their owners rich and independent.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale:

No. 6298—100 acres in the Township of Chatham, in the County of Kent, soil sand loam, 95 acres cleared, 50 acres meadow and pasture, drained by open drains, 1½-story frame house, frame barn 32x54, oak and frame on stone abutments, frame stable and shed 20x54, two lean-tos, each shed 12x32, other outbuildings, school on farm, ½ mile to church, 4 miles to Dresden market, 12 miles to Chatham, 1¾ miles to postoffice. Price, $4,000.

No. 6293—100 acres in the Township of Warwick, in the County of Lambton, soil sand and clay loam, 92 acres cleared, 50 acres meadow and pasture, land slightly rolling, 75 acres tile drained, 3 acres orchard, wire fences in good condition, 2-story brick veneer house 24x30, wing 18x18, Gothic style, telephone in house, frame barn 40x56, wing to barn 28x40, water pumped into barn by windmill, and water troughs in front for cattle, 1½-miles to school and church, 5 miles to Forest market and railroad station. Will exchange for a smaller farm.

No. 6292—164 acres in the Township of Colchester South, in the County of Essex, soil clay loam, all cleared, 60 acres meadow and pasture, 4 acres orchard, watered by 2 wells, wire fences, 2-story brick house 17x22 and 20x30, newly painted, frame barn 36x72, on stone foundation, other outbuildings. Situated on gravel road, ¾ mile to school, 3 miles to Harrow, railroad station and postoffice. Will exchange for smaller farm or for city or town property.

No. 6287—Ten acres in the Township of London, in the County of Middlesex, soil clay loam, all cleared, ½ acre orchard, first-class well, 1½-story double house 18x26 and 20x32 and 12x24, barn 16x24, stable 12x24, other outbuildings. Situated on gravel road, ¾ mile to school, 1½ miles to London market.

City of London Property

Three splendid building lots on the corner of Regent and Richmond streets will be sold cheap for immediate sale.

For further list of the properties we have for sale see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of properties for sale.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LTD.

78 DUNDAS ST. Telephone 696. LONDON, ONT.

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

Our lots on Ridout street, South London, are on a high elevation, suitable for first-class houses. We have the cheapest lots in the immediate neighborhood.

Get our prices for vacant lots. We have them all over.

BATHURST STREET—Close to G. T. R. Two-story brick house, 7 rooms, 2 cellars, furnace. Price $2,600. Also brick cottage in same block, 7 rooms, in good order. Price reasonable.

WILLIAM STREET—New 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements. Price, $2,500.

MAPLE STREET—Two-story brick residence, ten rooms, all modern improvements. Price, $5,000.

RICHMOND STREET NORTH—A new two-story red-pressed brick house, eight room, hot water heating, large basement, laundry, verandah, up-to-date. Call for price.

LORNE AVENUE—New 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements. Reasonable price. Owner going west.

JOHN STREET—New 1½-story brick house, stone foundation, 7 rooms, all modern improvements. Price, $3,250.

ST. GEORGE STREET, Central—New 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements. Price, $2,800.

ONE OF THE BEST GROCERY STORES in the north end for sale; will pay a good interest on the investment. Satisfactory reasons for selling.

ST. JAMES STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, lot 50x150 feet. Price, $1,000.

HYMAN STREET—Two semi-detached modern two-story brick houses, rent for $24 per month each. A good investment.

TECUMSEH AVENUE AND HIGH STREET—A large brick cottage, 7 rooms, in good order, sewer connections, lot 55x290 feet. Price, $1,800.

A NEW 1½-STORY BRICK HOUSE, central, 8 rooms, all modern improvements, papered, lot 35x149 feet. Price, $2,900.

QUEEN'S AVENUE—A splendid frame cottage, double parlors, dining-room, 2 kitchens, 3 bedrooms, gas, lot 49x160 feet, fruit trees. At a reasonable figure.

ENGLISH STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, cement block foundation, 7 room, clothes closet, bathroom complete, large cellars, good lot. Price, $2,100.

HAMILTON ROAD—New 1¾-story brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 36x240 feet. Price, $2,800.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD, South London—New two-story frame house, 4 bedrooms; 5 acres fruit trees; county taxes. Price, $3,100.

OXFORD STREET, near Military School—Five acres, new 1½-story brick house, modern improvements; county taxes. Price, $2,700.

CENTRAL AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 38x180 feet. Price, $3,000.

A HANDSOME BRICK RESIDENCE, stone foundation, slate roof, finished in style; oak floors, hot water heating, large lot. Inspection invited.

GREY STREET — Frame cottage, 6 rooms, in good order, good lot. Price, $1,300.

CATHCART STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements. Price reduced. Call if you want a cheap house.

ELIAS STREET — 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, nice lot. Price, $2,200.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, clothes closets, bathrooms, furnace, nice lot. At a low figure.

P. WALSH

PHONE 1021. 425 RICHMOND ST.

Is Your Money Working For You?

The men who are getting rich today are the men who are turning their money over—making it work. Real estate forms the basis of nearly all the great fortunes of today.

Why pay rent when we can build you an eight-room house for $900 on monthly payments?

$4,400—Elmwood avenue, large solid brick house, 11 rooms, large lot. This is a bargain.

$3,800—South London: two-story red brick house, 9 rooms, fully modern. This is a bargain.

$2,400—Eight-room cottage on Bruce street, South London. This is in the best location in South London, and is certainly a bargain. Fully modern.

$2,200—King street east: 8-room cottage, with furnace. This property must be sold, as the owner is leaving town.

$2,500—Three houses, South London, 8 rooms, fully modern. Best bargain in the city.

$2,400—Princess avenue; 1½-story brick, 8 rooms, fully modern. Terms easy.

$2,300—Maitland street; two-story 8-room house.

$1,200—906 Waterloo street; frame cottage, cement foundation, 8 rooms. This is a bargain.

These are only a few of the many properties we have for sale.

We also have a number of good houses to rent.

Money to loan on real estate.

For further particulars apply at office.

THOS. RAYCRAFT

ROOM 1, LONDON LOAN BLOCK.

Phones 2395 and 1736. b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

HOUSE FOR SALE

225 Wortley road, modern; lot 37.6x220

R. H. SMITH

15 BRIGHTON STREET. ywt

FOR SALE—THOROUGHLY MODERN house, story and half, eight rooms; north end; on easy terms. Apply Box 115, Advertiser. 28tf

Estate Sale

Auction sale of brick cottage and lot on south side of Barton street (west of Talbot street), on 31st March, 1910, at 3 p.m., on the premises.

Lot 50 by 90 feet, choice location and conveniently situated.

For further particlars apply FRASER & MOORE, solicitors, London, Ont. 25c-t

BRICK COTTAGE ON GRAND AVENUE—Eight rooms, gas, lot 94x250. Apply, W. A. Rowlands, Canada Trust Company, city. 30c

BRICK COTTAGE, FURNACE, BARN, large lot. Cheap for quick sale. Apply, 162 Wharncliffe road, South London. 30c

FOR SALE—THOROUGHLY MODERN solid brick house, story and half, eight rooms, north end; fine grounds; on easy terms. Apply Box 115, Advertiser. 28tf

FOR SALE—ON 20-ACRE FRUIT FARM near Springbank, advertised for sale last week, is an unlimited supply of the finest gravel for the manufacture of cement blocks, bricks and tile. A fortune for any young man who would enter the manufacture of such. Apply G. F. Robertson, Box 41, Ayton. b

FOR SALE—FIVE ACRES, CLAY AND loamy. Frame cottage on cement foundation, 7 rooms and shed. Young orchard, mostly plum and small fruits, large hen plant, a stable; good locality, South London, $3,000. Apply R. K. Cowan, County Buildings. b

CAPITAL MARKET GARDEN OF 22 acres, near Chelsea Green; ideal tomato land, Spy apple orchard, large brick house. Also 50 acres stock farm; money-maker, with cows or pigs; prices low and small first payment. The London Soap Company.

FOR SALE—LAND SUITABLE FOR gardening or building lots. Terms easy. Geo. Robinson, London Junction. b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

If you want to buy, exchange or sell any kind of city property, you will find it advantageous to call. Our facilities for handling real estate are at your service.

BOARDING HOUSE.

Rectory Street—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, furnace, bath; suitable for boarding house or restaurant; near White's new works. Price, $2,500.

STORE AND DWELLING.

Rectory Street—Two-story frame store and dwelling, occupying a prominent corner; property can be rented to several tenants. Splendid opportunity.

English Street—1¾-story brick-veneer, 9 rooms, modern plumbing, furnace. Price, $4,000. Will exchange for smaller house.

Lorne Avenue—Brick-veneer cottage, 6 rooms, furnace. Price, $1,400.

Lorne Avenue—Two-story brick, 9 rooms, modern; recently built. Price, $3,000.

A new brick-veneer cottage, 7 rooms, one of the best-built houses in the city. Price reduced from $1,800 to $1,500 for immediate sale; easy terms.

Lots in "Home-Hurst Survey," facing on Lovett, Kitchener and Roberts avenue, near White's new works. Secure your lot now. Call and see plan.

LOANS.

Money advanced to pay part of purchase price, build (money advanced as building progresses), pay off old mortgages and remodel the old house.

A. A. CAMPBELL

Real Estate, Loans and Investments, No. 428 Richmond Street, London, Ont.

C. H. ARMITAGE, Representative. 7tf-t

FORT GEORGE — LAST GREAT METROPOLIS of North America will be one of the largest cities in the west, and the largest in British Columbia, except Vancouver.

Fort George is geographical and strategic commercial centre of British Columbia, and present supply point.

Fort George is on main line of Grand Trunk Pacific (transcontinental) Railway, now building, and terminus (or on line) of six other railways projected and building.

Fort George is at junction of 1,000 miles of navigable waterways, on which three lines of steamboats now ply.

Millions acres finest agricultural land, coal, timber and mineral, are tributary. The immense tonnage from waterways will be transferred to railways at Fort George.

One hundred million dollars ($100,000,000), will be spent in next three years in vicinity, building railroads alone. First offering of business lots $150 each for inside lots, and $200 each for corners, payable $10 down and $10 per month, no interest; no taxes until 1911; 10 per cent discount for cash. Title insured and guaranteed by the Government, which owns one-quarter of the lots. Write quick for maps, plans and official data.

Natural Resources Security Company, Ltd., 497 Winch Bldg., Vancouver, B.C. 31h-tx

LEGAL CARDS.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 90. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE, barrister, etc., Huron and Erie building. Private funds to loan, lowest rates.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

J. F. FAULDS, BARRISTER, ETC.—Robinson Hall Chambers.

J. H. A. BEATTIE, BARRISTER, ETC., 87½ Dundas. Money to loan on real estate.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

TENNENT & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan, lowest rates. 78 Dundas.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

T. H LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 419 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS, etc., 98 Dundas. Money to loan. Alex. Stuart, K. C.; T. W. Scandrett.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., corner Richmond and Carling. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 89 Dundas street.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, above Bank of Nova Scotia. J. S. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

SIGNS.

"THE SIGNRY," MARLEY & WEEKES—Original signs, show-cards. Phone 1845. At the old stand, 272 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND farm chattel mortgages; low rates. Sale notes, bank stocks and debentures negotiated. L. G. Tinckelpaugh, Victoria avenue, opposite high school, one block from electric car line, Point Edward. Car meets G. T. R. and P. M. trains. 5tf-wty

WANTED TO LEND ON CITY PROPERTY, $2,200, either on new houses or to renew old mortgages. Box 116, Advertiser. 25k

MONEY TO LEND, PRIVATE FUNDS—Special loans, 5%. M. J. Kent, Box 415, London. 21bu

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5% AND 5½%—Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London. t

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES—M. P. McDonough, barrister, 418 Talbot.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 485 Richmond. Phone 1344. Goods called for and devliered. Our prices are very lowest that we can do first-class work for; others may be cheaper, but you do not get quality of work. xt

GARMENT CUTTING.

DRESSMAKERS CANNOT RETAIN good help. Why? Because they continually blame them for troubles "the cutter" controls. Study designing. Cutting School, 243 Dundas street.

MEDICAL CARDS.

NEW SCIENTIFIC METHOD FOR THE cure of disease by the absorption of oxygen. Write to Robert Nuttall, Ealing.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., 330 QUEEN'S avenue. Specialty, surgery, including diseases of women.

D. HUTCHEON HOGG, M.D., C.M.—Surgical diseases. Corner York and Talbot streets.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. ALICE JAMIESON—REMOVED TO 369 Queen's avenue. Phone 1323 for appointments.

JOHN D. WILSON, M.D., C.M.—OFFICE and residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Office hours, 12:30-4 p.m., and 6-8:30 p.m. Surgery and diseases of women a specialty.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS—PHYSICIAN.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE, EAR, NOSE, throat—Hours, 10 to 4, 6 to 7:30. Sundays by appointment only. 564 Richmond.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England), 297 King. Phone 839.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. Electrical treatment. Diseases of women a specialty.

DR. G. L. CLARKE (RETURNED FROM Europe)—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 473 King street.

DR. ECCLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 till 2.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin avenues—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DERMATOLOGY.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring Room 214, Masonic Temple. tzx

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS—HAIR GOODS, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. LEON PATRICK, GRADUATE LOS Angeles College of Osteopathy, member American and Ontario Osteopathic Associations. Telephone 2328. 225 Queen's avenue.

HEDLEY V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC physician. Consultation free. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

DR. SAGE, GRADUATE AMERICAN School Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. The Alexandra Apartments. Telephone 3105.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

DR. J. L. SCOTT—OFFICE AND HOSPITAL, 348 Talbot street. Phone 2050; residence, 2998. Manufacturer of Dr. Scott's Instant Louse Killer and Poultry Compound.

WILLIAM McDONALD, SUCCESSOR to J. H. Tennant. Office, 137 King; residence, 121 Bathurst street. Phones, office and residence.

C. S. TAMLIN, V.S.—OFFICE AND hospital, 463 Talbot. Phone 865; residence, 768.

INSURANCE.

P. M. MILLMAN

INSURANCE AGENT.

Archibald McPherson Insurance Agency. Phones 745, 1600.

E. J. MacRobert Insurance Agency. Phones 449, 1600.

Offices, 105, 107 Masonic Temple. Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance.

G. M. GUNN & SON—ESTABLISHED 1859. General insurance agents. Ten fire companies. Next Free Press. Phone 321.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Specialty, preservation natural teeth. 168½ Dundas street. Phone 976.

ARCHITECTS.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, 111 (first floor) Masonic Temple. Phone 1557.

MOORE, HENRY & MUNRO, ARCHITECTS, CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, ALBION BUILDING. JOHN M. MOORE. FRED HENRY. J. VICAR MUNRO.

REMOVAL — GEORGE CRADDOCK, architect, 461 Talbot.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIRECTOR Grand Opera House—Violin, band and orchestral instruments. 493 King. zxt

MR. BERT WEIR, PIANIST AND accompanist, 493 Adelaide street. 19tf-t

MISS IRENE GRAY, TEACHER PIANO and theory. 845 Hellmuth avenue. Phone 1691. tyw

MISS JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF elocution. Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 261 Dundas street.

HOTEL CARDS.

BIG EIGHT-COURSE DINNER AT THE PALACE CAFE

CHANGE IN PRICES

Seven tickets for $1.00 or twenty-one for $2.00. Single meal

London Advertiser

FOUNDED IN 1863.
NOON AND EVENING DAILY.
WESTERN ADVERTISER WEEKLY.
THE LONDON ADVERTISER CO., Limited, Publishers,
191-193 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

PHONE NUMBERS:
Business Department..... 107
Editorial Rooms.....134 and 136
Job Printing Department..... 175

TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Readers of The Advertiser are requested to favor the management by reporting any irregularities in delivery.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Daily, Delivered by Carrier in City:
One year.....$5 00
One week..... 10
Daily, Delivered by Carrier Outside City:
One year.....$3 00
One month..... 25
Daily, by Mail, Outside City:
One year.....$3 00

The Advertiser is on sale regularly at the following news stands, where subscriptions may be left:
Buffalo, N. Y.—R. J. Seidenburg, Ellicott Square News Stand.
Chicago, Ill.—Chicago Newspaper Agency, 170 Madison street.
Louisville Ky.—Kentucky International News Company.
Montreal, Que.—Peter Murphy, Postoffice News Stand.
Toronto—Iroquois Hotel News Stand.
Toronto—Rossin House News Stand.

LONDON, SATURDAY, MARCH 19.

THE TARIFF EMBROGLIO.

Canadians are not spoiling for a tariff fight. A few interests expect to profit through the restriction of American competition or a rise in the price of products as a result of the surtax, but thoughtful people will regard it as a disagreeable necessity. Those who understand the principles of commerce and have no axes to grind, admit that tariff reprisals will be mutually injurious. If the duties are raised we shall have to pay more for commodities which we now buy from the United States. In time many of these things may be purchased as cheaply at home or from Europe, but for a period the surtax will be a burden. Some American exporters may cut their profits finer to hold the Canadian market. The burden will be divided in such cases, but they will probably be rare. American manufacturers are not, as a rule, making excessive profits on Canadian trade; the competition here is too keen. Many of them will be entirely shut out by the surtax, and the others will suffer.

Why retaliate if it is hurtful to ourselves? One of our motives would be a sentimental one—national pride; but sentiment is a factor that often outweighs, and should outweigh, considerations of self-interest. Canadians will feel that they have been treated in an unfair and unneighborly manner if the Washington Government applies the maximum tariff to Canadian imports, and the impulse to strike back will be natural, and, under the circumstances, justifiable. The American tariff wall has been higher than ours for many years. At a stage of our development when the American market was the great outlet for our surplus products, our neighbors put the tariff screws on us with disastrous results to this country. We survived the McKinley bill, but the readjustment which enabled us to find other markets, was a long and wearing process. The minimum schedules of the Payne-Aldrich law, in return for which we are asked to grant abatements from our general tariff, are just as unfavorable to Canada as was the McKinley bill in respect to nearly every staple product which we could sell largely to the United States in a free market. Certainly upon nearly all products of this kind the minimum rate of duty imposed by the United States is higher than Canada's general tariff upon commodities which the United States sells to this country in large quantities.

And now the Washington Government proposes to build its tariff wall 25 per cent higher on the pretence that we deny the United States favors which we grant to France. Apart from the fact that France gives us advantages which the United States will not give us, the articles which France sells to us do not seriously compete with our American imports. The discrimination against the United States in the Franco-Canadian treaty is merely technical and nominal. In practice, the treaty will be so trifling in its effects upon American trade that Washington will have no real or practical grievance, and can punish us only from motives of pique.

There is another argument for the surtax in the event of an unfriendly ruling by the President. To meekly accept the maximum American tariff would be to confirm it. It would be a triumph for the selfish influences which control Congress and shaped the Payne-Aldrich law. The United States will lose more than Canada by a tariff war, and this condition of things will help the forces that are fighting the trusts across the border, and will in time compel Congress to relax the severity of the tariff against this country. The Canadian surtax was the means of extorting fair treatment from Germany. We can afford to put up with temporary inconvenience in the case of the United States also in order to secure permanent benefits. The majority of the American people, judging by the tone of their press, will blame their own rulers, not us.

QUEBEC'S UTILITIES COMMISSION.

The powers vested in the Quebec public utilities commission, which has just been appointed by the Provincial Government, are similar to those of the Dominion railway commission, but are necessarily confined to works under provincial legislative authority. Among these are concerns for the production, transmission, delivery or furnishing of heat, light or power, those connected with the conveyance of telegraph and telephone messages, of travellers or goods over steam or electric railways, etc.

The commission will assume the authority hitherto exercised by the Minister of Public Works and Labor, and the railway committee, in such matters as these, and, subject to duly executed contracts, will have power to make such tariffs as it considers reasonable for commodities supplied by a public utility, and may also change such tolls as in its opinion unjustly discriminate between different persons and different municipalities. Power is likewise given the commission to regulate the use of streets and other public places by utility corporations, and to fix the terms and conditions for such use in the placing of posts, wires, rails, etc. Provision is made in the act for the protection of public and private interests in connection with the constitution and operation of utilities, and the commission is empowered to enforce them, and to require that wires shall be removed from poles and put in conduits when deemed expedient.

The Conservative Montreal Gazette speaks approvingly of the three gentlemen forming the commission—Mr. F. W. Hibbard, barrister; Sir Georges Garneau, ex-mayor and councillor of Quebec, and Mr. F. Laberge, a man of technical knowledge.

A WISE MILLIONAIRE.

A millionaire shoe manufacturer of Brockton, Mass., who employs nearly 5,000 hands and is the president of seven corporations, has entered Harvard University at the age of 45. He says he intends to try to recover in some degree what he lost in his youth. The surprising or unusual feature of his case is that he should have a sense of loss at all. He has made his millions: what more does he want—except more millions? The average man in his circumstances at 45 years of age would look at it in that light; but this shoe manufacturer is not an average man. It has dawned upon him that there is a treasure house which cannot be opened with a golden key, and that he has been missing much of the best that life can give. His natural faculties must have been sharpened by the conduct of a big business, but business has not necessarily taught him anything not related to business; and there are more important things in the world. There are pictures, and travel, and books and all the wisdom of the ages. The wise man will store his mind against the time when the making of money will no longer interest him; and then leisure will not be a weariness as it is to so many men who are cut off from their life work, after having made their work their life. The sage who advised every person to provide a "retreat" for his mind had the right philosophy. "How much better it is to get wisdom than gold."

The Buffalo Times tells President Taft not to throw away the Canadian bonanza.

In Africa Mr. Roosevelt has been studying British imperialism at close quarters, and in its most beneficent aspects.

The rush from the country to the town has been undoubtedly a factor in the increase in the cost of living. The country is now taking its revenge.

A New York millionaire has paid half a million dollars for a Franz Hals painting. It is an artificial price, but he might have spent the money on monkey dinners.

Every train from the south arriving at Winnipeg is crowded with homeseekers from the United States. That's the class of finished products the United States can always send us duty free.

President Taft and Mr. Fielding will meet at Albany today at the President's invitation. Mr. Taft's is embarrassed by the letter of the tariff law, and by party exigencies, but his personal feelings toward Canada are extremely friendly. If he can cut the Gordian knot, he will.

"There is no rashness in a prediction that in 1920 Canada will be a nation of 15,000,000 people, with a commerce far exceeding $1,000,000,000," says the New York Sun. "The commerce of the Canada of 1907, with a population of some 7,000,000, was valued at $600,000,000. The place and part of the United States in Canada's progress now hang in the balance, to be weighed against the uncertain meaning of the term 'unduly.'"

The St. Catharines Journal is not convinced that the higher education of the province should be centralized in Toronto. It says:

"What stronger example of success can be pointed to than Queen's, from which scores of notable men have come? Has not the Western University graduated men who have honored their native province? The World some time ago spoke in most derisive terms of London's institution. It cannot see anything good outside of Toronto. It is well to crow from your own wood pile, but the other fellow has a right to crow from his."

HE HAD THEM.

[M. A. P.]

Shopwalker (at the "anything from a needle to an anchor" sort of establishment)—What can I do for you, madam?
Lady—I want to see some Brussels—
Shopwalker (energetically)—Yes, madam—carpets or sprouts?

MR. BORDEN'S FAILURE.

[Winnipeg Free Press.]

Now that the debate is all over, what is the net result of the Conservative party? Nothing but failure. The country has wearily refused to pay any attention to the flag-waving and the clamor against Sir Wilfrid Laurier as a traitor plotting the empire's ruin. The country is sick and tired of that sort of thing. As the result of the naval debate, the country has less confidence than ever in the Conservative party in Parliament. Mr. Borden has suffered immeasurably in prestige, his lack of force and will requisite in a leader being painfully demonstrated by his course in regard to the naval question, which has been even a more monumental piece of blundering incompetence than his opposition to the Grand Trunk Pacific and National Transcontinental.

"BIG!"

[Philadelphia Inquirer.]

"I suppose your house is getting to be an enormously big establishment," a commercial traveller was asked by a customer.

"Big! You can't have an idea of its dimensions," responded the "commercial." "Last week we went through our wage book and found out for the first time that three cashiers and four bookkeepers were missing."

A ROW OF MEDICINE BOTTLES.

[T. P.'s Weekly.]

If you are doubtful or depressed, read the 27th Psalm.

If there is a chilly sensation about the heart, read the 3rd of Revelation.

If you don't know where to look for the month's rent, read the 37th Psalm.

If you feel lonesome and unprotected, read the 91st Psalm.

If you find yourself losing confidence in men, read I. Corinthians, xiii.

If people pelt you with hard words, read the 15th chapter of John.

If you are all out of sorts, read 12th chapter of Hebrews.

If you are getting discouraged about your work, read the 126th Psalm and Galatians vi., 7-9.

TOO LATE!

[Punch.]

Landlady (to lodger)—Are you in the bath, sir?

Voice (between splashes)—Yes. What do you want?

Landlady—I forgot to tell you I had it fresh painted inside last night, sir, and it won't be dry for two or three days.

YOUNG COMMENTATORS.

[Washington Star.]

Jerome S. McWade in a Sunday school address at Duluth quoted oddities from a number of children's Biblical compositions that had been submitted to him in competition for a $15 New Year prize.

Among the more whimsical oddities were:

"Manna is being polite."

"Jerusalem was surrounded by walls to keep in the milk and honey."

"Jacob was a patriarch by trade. In them days people lived on corn, like horses do now. They always called pudden and porridge messes. Jacob could eat a good mess, but Esau, who was the oldest, could not east as much as you might think. The patriarch Moses never ate anything except when there was a famine."

NOT A SIN.

[Lippincott's.]

To Pere Monsabre, the distinguished French preacher, there came one Sabbath, after mass a lady who insisted that she must see him on an affair of great importance. It was a matter of conscience, and she explained that she was most seriously disturbed. In fact, she was sadly given to vanity. That very morning, she confessed, she had looked in the glass and had yielded to the temptation of thinking herself pretty.

Pere Monsabre looked at her. "Is that all, my daughter?"

"That is all."

"Then go in peace, for to make a mistake is not a sin."

HE HAS MANY FRIENDS.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]

Everybody likes a man with a hearty laugh.

THE PEERS AS OPPRESSORS.

[London Daily News.]

We cannot too constantly bear in mind that the struggle, which is now drawing to an issue, between the Lords and the Commons, is not a mere sporting event, nor is it a piece of constitutional trifling. It has come about because there is a genuine conflict of forces in the country—a conflict fought to decide not whether our political system is in all respects model, or whether it would be made neater by some finicking constitutional change, but to decide whether social injustice and haphazard are to continue to sap the nation's life, or whether a systematic attempt shall be carried through to right the injustices, to organize the chaos, and to exorcise by well-considered remedies the unemployment and casual labor, the drink and disease, the rural exodus, and slum overcrowding, the blighted childhood and the darkened manhood and womanhood, which in Britain today, as in all other industrial countries, form the great problem for the true patriot. Can we afford to "muddle along" in the old ruts, leaving unemployment or invalidity to chance or the poor law, leaving the sweated worker, the slum-dweller, the slum-child, where they are, and leaving the ground landlord where he is also, or must we use our heads and bend our wills to remedy these things? In part it is a task for the thinker and the administrator, but in part it is one for the fighter also. For the roots of our privileged classes are wrapped closely round the stones of the bad old order; every claim of humanity is met by a claim from vested interests; and without a moment denying the right of those interests to be heard and considered fairly, we are bound to see that in the House of Lords they possess an undiscriminating, irresponsible and would-be omnipotent champion, whose defense of them is a peril and a challenge to society.

MAKING IT HOMELIKE.

[Fliegende Blatter.]

Hotelkeeper (to Arctic explorer)—Shall I have some ice put in your bed?

LIFE.

[James Russell Lowell.]

Why should we ever weary of this life?
Our souls should widen ever, not contract;
Grow stronger and not harder in the strife,
Filling each moment with a noble act.
If we live thus, of vigor all compact,
Doing our duty to our fellow-men,
And striving rather to exalt our race
Than our poor selves, with earnest hand or pen,
We shall erect our names a dwelling-place,
Which not all ages shall cast down again.
Offspring of time shall then be born each hour,
Which, as of old, earth lovingly shall guard
To live forever in youth's perfect flower,
And guide her future children heavenward.

TALK OF A JOB FOR ALD. ROSE

It Is Said He Is To Be Made Foreman of Ward 3.

It is rumored that Ald. G. E. Rose will be made foreman of Ward 3.

It is understood that the present foreman, Harry Wallace, will be transferred to some other work, and that a successor will be named.

BUSINESS GOOD DESPITE WEATHER

All Lines of Spring Trade Moving Satisfactorily.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW

The Local Trade in Drygoods Reported Quite Brisk.

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say all lines of spring trade are moving satisfactorily, although the weather has been rather against the retail demand. Drygoods wholesalers are still busy making shipments, and manufacturers of clothing report plenty of orders still coming in. Travellers out report excellent prospects for the fall trade and orders in that connection are already promising well. Deliveries of cottons and prints continue to improve. There is talk of further advance in underwear quotations. Spring hardware is moving well at wholesale, and prospects are for a heavy business during the next few months. Improvement is noted in the Canadian steel trade. Orders show increases in all departments and it is stated that by the end of the month the demand may be running very close to production. Railways are in the market for equipment and rails, and with good weather there should be a big business in wire products. Strength in sugar continues the feature in groceries, and the movement of staple lines is about normal. Country trade is fair for this time of the year, and but little complaints is heard on the matter of collections.

Toronto's Outlook.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say, despite the fact that cold weather has acted against spring trade, a good seasonable movement is noted in all lines of business, and the outlook for the future continues encouraging. Shipments of goods are heavy, and those to the west are particularly so. All lines of drygoods are moving briskly and values are well maintained. Business in groceries is of fair proportion. Sugars are firm and stocks of canned goods are reported to be fast decreasing. All lines of hardware are in good demand and already good inquiries for builders' supplies are being made. The spring demand for paints and oils is opening up. An excellent business is also reported for all lines of household furnishings. Manufacturers are beginning to complain of a shortage of both skilled and unskilled labor and it would look as though business expansion were going to have considerable effect in this way. Country trade has been good and deliveries of produce have been larger. Hogs and their products are very firm on light deliveries. Dairy produce holds very firm. Leather and hides are steady with a fair movement.

Brisk in West.

Winnipeg reports say general trade there shows an exceedingly satisfactory tone. Shipments of wholesale lines are going out briskly, and, on the whole, payments are satisfactory. Builders are already getting busy, and there is a call from country points for supplies. A feature of conditions is the demand for farm implements. Retail trade in the cities and towns has been good; in the country, bad roads have to some extent interfered.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say bad weather has affected trade more or less during the past week or so, but a fair average of business has been moving and prospects for the future are good. Drygoods shipments are generally large. Values of all lines hold firm. Provincial trade will this year reap the benefit of a large amount of railway construction which is going on in several districts. It is expected, too, that building operations at all centres of population will be on a large scale.

Quebec reports to Bradstreet's—Wholesalers state business is better than the preceding week. Country roads are more settled, and travellers have a freedom in getting about. Country collections are still slow. In the city the milliners are making good displays. Activity is noticeable amongst the retailers, which is usual nearing Easter. Local industries continue actively engaged.

Hamilton reports say spring goods generally are moving fairly briskly. Cold weather has to some extent lessened the retail demand during the past week but the outlook for trade is good. Wholesalers say the millinery trade and that for drygoods generally has been brisk. Local factories continue busy and in most cases have plenty of orders on hand to carry them through the season. Collections are fair.

London reports say the outlook for spring trade continues good. Retail business is fair and wholesalers are still busy with shipments. Trade in drygoods is quite brisk. The demand for building materials and for general lines of hardware is active and local factories continue busy.

Ottawa reports say trade there is generally steady with the outlook for future business excellent. Jobbers report sales of leading lines well in advance of this time last year. The lumber business shows improvement and a good demand for all lines is confidently expected.

OXFORD CONSERVATIVES

Meeting to Select Delegates for Convention at Ottawa.

Ingersoll, March 19.—The South Oxford Conservative Association met in the town hall yesterday afternoon, in connection with the appointment of representatives to the convention to be held in Ottawa during the coming summer. Each municipality, with the exception of Ingersoll and Dereham, will send two representatives, while those named will have three. The matter of selecting the representatives will come up at a meeting to be called by the chairman of each municipality Mr. Carstairs, of Toronto, gave an address on organization.

ALBERTAN LEGISLATURE

Closed Until 26th, When Report of Waterways Commission Will Be Received.

Edmonton, March 19.—The Albertan Legislature adjourned last night until the 26th, when the report of the commission on the waterways deal will be received.

AGED CAPITALIST DEAD.

Long Beach, Cal., March 19.—Alexander McDonald, 82 years old, president of several subsidiary Standard Oil companies, is dead at his hotel here. Mr. McDonald came to California several weeks ago for his health.

Kingsmill's

Studies in Spring Styles

The woman who throws the full enthusiasm of her heart into the selection of her spring apparel can learn more here about the new modes in an hour than by reading all the fashion books published.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING MONDAY

AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

Exclusive hats, portraying that air of aristocracy which characterizes refined and smart millinery. You will appreciate the individuality which is an attractive feature of Kingsmill Hats.

THE GRAND DRESS GOODS OPENING

For nearly fifty years this store has been famous for quality and style. This season we've not skipped a trustworthy beauty from the over-the-sea looms.

This worthy assemblage of the authoritative dress fabrics for spring will have the honor of showing themselves in London for the first time Monday.

WELCOME

Kingsmill's

TARIFF WAR SPELLS RUIN, SAYS MICHIGAN

Saginaw Valley Lumber Interests Send Stiff Protest to Washington.

Saginaw, Mich., March 18.—The Saginaw Valley is alarmed over the impending commercial war between Canada and the United States. Large interests of this part of Michigan, particularly those dealing in lumber, take the position that if a commercial agreement is not reached, and the maximum tariffs of the two countries are applied against each other, great industrial damage will result.

Michigan is largely dependent upon Canada for its lumber supply, especially white pine, and lumbermen here say that if a tariff conflict results it will cause the closing down of many manufacturing plants, throw hundreds of men out of employment, and have disastrous effect upon this class of business.

Concerted Movement Begun.

A concerted movement to have the Government at Washington take immediate steps to avert the threatened trade war was today inaugurated in Northeastern Michigan, and the influence of this part of the state is to be thrown against the application of the maximum tariff rates against the Dominion.

Michigan's delegation in Congress will be asked to exert pressure upon the administraton to reach some sort of an understandng with Canada, which will secure a continuance of the minimum tariff rates of both countries. To this end a telegram was today sent by large manufacturing interests, and the board of trade of Saginaw to Congressman Fordney at Washington, calling attention to the peril threatening industrial interests in the Saginaw Valley, and voicing their opposition to commercial hostilities with the Dominion.

"Will Shut Our Factories"

The telegram follows:

"We, as lumber dealers of the Saginaw Valley, must protest against the enforcement of the maximum tariff with the Dominion of Canada.

"We depend entirely upon 250,000,000 feet of Canada white pine annually to keep our factories going. It will work untold hardships to dealers and laborers alike if the maximum tariff on lumber is enforced, as it will surely shut down our factories."

It is signed by W. S. Linton, president of the Saginaw Board of Trade; Loveland & Stone, Saginaw Lumber and Salt Company; Mershon, Eddy, Parker Company; Thomas Jackson & Co.; Furstenburg Bros., C. K. Eddy & Sons; Briggs, Cooper & Co.; E. Germain; Booth & Boyd Lumber Company and S. L. Eastman Lumber Company.

These are the largest lumber concerns in Saginaw, and among the most extensive in the state. It is understood that lumber interests of Bay City will send a similar protest to Congressman Loyd.

BARTLETT ENGAGED TO FIND CALDWELL

Ottawa, March 18.—Capt. Sam Bartlett has been engaged by the Dominion Government to search for George Caldwell, who started upon an expedition into the far north accompanied by two Eskimos.

Nothing has been heard of him for two years. He was last seen by a trading Eskimo at Baxter Lake in the fall of 1908. The object of his expedition was to locate certain very rich gold deposits.

Capt. Bartlett will proceed north to Hudson Bay early in June, in his own schooner, which will be equipped with an auxiliary engine.

His intention is to proceed to the head of Chesterfield Inlet and from there by launch and canoe along the route supposed to have been taken by Caldwell.

ARCHDEACON HAD INTEREST IN BREWERY

Why Rev. William Sinclair, of London, Championed Use of Alcoholics.

London, March 19.—Archdeacon Wm. Sinclair, of London, who, in a recent sermon in Manchester, cited Christ's words and example in support of his claim that the moderate use of alcoholics is harmless, today has a big job of explanation on his hands.

In a letter to the News today, F. Norbury Williams throws significant light on the archdeacon's utterances by showing that he is financially interested in one of the big English breweries.

"May I be allowed to quote a line from the official list of shareholders in the great brewery of Barclay, Perkins & Co.?" writes Mr. Williams. "The following is the grim entry that has stood in the brewery's books since the formation of the company in 1896:

"Sinclair, William, Chapter House, St. Paul's; 200 10-pound shares."

The disclosure of the archdeacon's financial interest in the brewery has caused a greater sensation than his pulpit approval of the moderate use of alcohol, which caused the bitterest non-conformist attack a clergyman of the English Established Church has had to face in generations.

Many Episcopalians even have joined the non-conformists in criticism of the archdeacon's position.

FRANCE MEETS THE U. S. TARIFF WISHES

Rochester, March 19. — President Taft announced here last night that the threatened tariff difficulties with France have been averted. France has agreed to give the United States her lowest duties on about 96 per cent of the American goods imported. She refused to make some concessions the United States wanted, and which Germany recently agreed to. The President will sign the agreement at Albany today, it was announced.

SUMMER INSTRUCTION AT WOLSELEY BARRACKS

Toronto, March 19.—The department of education has made arrangements with the military authorities for a course of summer instruction at Stanley Barracks, Toronto, and Wolseley Barracks, London, so that teachers who desire to be instructors of cadet corps may have an opportunity to qualify themselves by taking the instruction, and passing the examination at the end of the course, and getting a certificate from the militia department.

Those desiring to attend should make application to the deputy minister of education, Toronto, at least 15 days in advance of the commencement of the course, which will be on the 13th of July.

ORDERED TO LIBERIA

The U. S. Cruiser Birmingham Will Sail for Monrovia.

[Associated Press.]

Washington, March 19.—The United States cruiser Birmingham has been ordered to proceed forthwith to Monrovia, Liberia, at the urgent request of the Government of Liberia, which is represented to be powerless to hold in check the rebellious tribes now in revolt against it. It appears that the tribe of Croboes, a powerful people in the region of the Cabally River, adjoining French territory, to the southeast of Liberia, have rebelled against the Liberian Government, and are besieging the town of Haroer at Cape Palmas, where there are considerable missionary interests. The object of the insurrection seems to be to force the Liberian Government to purchase peace.

BARRING UNDESIRABLES

United States Authorities Last Year Deported Large Number.

New York, March 19.—With a view to cutting down the "abnormally large number" of undesirable immigrants brought to this port, who have to be deported for failing to qualify under the immigration laws, William Williams, commissioner of immigration, has sent a circular letter to the New York agents of all the trans-Atlantic steamship lines sharply criticising the agents abroad for "accepting immigrants for transportation without adequate inquiry whether they are qualified to land upon arrival."

Commissioner Williams states that 3,500 immigrants in all have been deported since the first of the year, and that the number should be materially less. He adds that immigrants are sent here with pronounced mental or physical defects; with a lack of funds; with no statement on the manifest as to their final destination—and numerous other disabilities, which are likely to make them public charges, and precludes them from admittance by the immigration authorities.

London Life

POLICIES "GOOD AS GOLD"

Because

Every desirable feature is contained in the special Reserve Dividend Policies issued by this Company.

See a sample copy of our Endowment at Life Rate; it protects your estate and makes provision for your future.

Do it to-day.

GEO. McBROOM, Inspector.
GEO. F. EMERSON, District Agent.
R. P. PEARCE Supt. Industrial Branch



Costs no more than ordinary Teas, but

in the cup you find the difference, because you are at once delighted with the smooth strength and delicious flavor of Red Rose Tea, so different from other teas.

You will find a new pleasure in tea when you try Red Rose. Just order a package today.

RED ROSE TEA "IS GOOD TEA"

Your Grocer will recommend it.

2

A LIFE'S DEVOTION

BY

FRANK H. SHAW.

Author of "A Daughter of the Storm," "First at the Pole," etc. (Copyright in U. S. America. All Rights Reserved).

CHAPTER I.

An Interloper.

"It's the most atrocious thing I've ever heard tell of yet," said General Devereux, and his stubby moustache bristled fiercely. "I think there ought to be a law against it. It's all that confounded Liberal Government!" He took a cup of tea from the hands of his hostess and drank deeply. The tea was tepid and thrice-boiled; perhaps it was that which added fuel to the fire of his anger.

"It's—it's—Socialistic!" he gasped. "No, thanks, Lady Geraldine, no more tea. I prefer—as I was saying, we'll have the country overrun with fanatical demagogues before we know where we are, and then, God help England! I've seen it coming on; I knew, I knew. Why, my own groom—Jones, you know him, eh?—a man who's never dare to have an opinion without my permission until this week said only this morning that it would be a good thing for the district to have such an influx of money in our midst. His very words. Pay attention, 'An influx of money!' A groom said that; my groom. It's education. He'll be talking conversational French to me before I know where I am. That wretched stableman, whose father was in my troop when I was in the Seventeenth Hussars, will be putting up for parliament before you and I are many years older. I call it tempting Providence."

"But when all's said and done we weren't discussing your groom, General," put in a merry girlish voice. "We were touching on much more important matters." Devereux flushed, and grimaced piteously as Marion Seymour's girlish laugh rang out gaily in the dark old hall.

"One thing led up to another, my dear," he apologized. "One can't even trust one's reasoning powers in these anarchial times. It's all education and Socialism——"

"And the women's suffrage—it's shadowed, and it will occupy public attention vastly in another few years," cried Marion. "But it's in the future, and we're dealing with the present."

"Marion, be quiet," said Lady Forbes Marion's aunt. It was rumored that her widowed ladyship had designs on General Devereux's bachelor state, and there would be no real need to sacrifice her title, for a recent birthday had made the gallant soldier a K. C. B. the girl locked her lips together with one brown capable hand, and sat mute. The teacups clattered about her; men and women talked, some in whispers, some in vociferous shouts. The General opened his lips to speak but stopped with his mouth gaping like that of a dying fish; even his voice could not beat down the polite uproar.

"Then it is true? He's actually coming? I hear something about it, of course, but I thought it was just rumor. Was it pork? I heard it was glue. Nothing of the sort, it was hams—those cheap ones, you know."

"Attend to me," roared Devereux as the clatter ebbed momentarily preparatory to rising to increased heights. "I will be heard. This parvenu has insulted us by taking up his residence amongst us. He has made a fortune—I believe it is reported to exceed a million sterling—in trade—yes, in trade. I said trade. He bought things and sold them at a profit—such things as cheese, I believe. Cheese!"

"Is it any worse to sell cheese at a profit than to sell horses that are known to be groggy?" asked Marion Seymour. There was an appalled silence. In remote ages, so long ago that the matter had been forgotten by those polished denizens of the upper world, General Devereux had sold a colt that had a debatable history for a considerable profit to a newly joined subaltern. The horse developed vices before its new possessor had had it a week. Within a month it fell at a fence, broke its own back and it's rider's neck, and—the matter was hushed up.

"Marion!" whispered an awed voice at the girl's elbow, and Lady Forbes made a great clatter amongst the teacups. The General had turned purple; his eyes bulged from his head; his hands shook. Then, remembering that he was not addressing a regiment of Sikhs, he sternly fought down his risen anger. He glanced at Marion, however, as if he would have dearly loved to flog her.

"He was a shopkeeper; maybe is a shopkeeper even now," said Devereux throatily. "And we must not tolerate him for a moment. It wouldn't do. Think of his name, too; Scroggs, isn't it? Scroggs! But you can call him what you like, Montmorency, De la Cour, anything; you won't remove from him the odor of grease; bacon fat and cheese. I can see this neighborhood turned into a health resort for retired fish dealers; I shall expect to meet my tailor sauntering arm in arm with my newest neighbor—pah!"

"It is rather steep—eh, what?" drawled a lanky youth with a monocle. The contour of this gentle lad's face was almost that of a frightened rabbit; one curve led from the roots of his carefully-parted hair to the tip of his receding chin. His shoulders drooped piteously; his hand that nursed a cup of cold tea was as white as the china he held. He screwed his monocle more firmly into his fishy eye, and gazed appreciatively at Marion Seymour.

"Bit degrading, eh? Sort of—you know. Disgutin' and so forth. Piffish—ah! that's the word I was seekin' Piffish. Expressive word that, Lady Marion. I remember once, not so long ago, either; might have been last week or last year—got a dreadful memory, don't you know—I said to a cabby, who'd overcharged me, 'It's piffish, cabby,' I said. 'Pon my word, it crumpled him all up. The beggar wilted."

General Devereux stared at the last speaker as if at some curious animal or a grease stain on a trooper's tunic. Then he rumbled internally like some spent volanco, winked broadly at Marion Seymour, and turned his back. Marion bravely bit back a smile. It was said that Sir Percy Fleeton was desperately in love with Marion Seymour.

"We don't seem to be getting any further, though," suggested Marion, who with difficulty restrained herself from lying back on the old lounge and going into frenzied hysterics. "If Mr. Scroggs has come to the Hall I don't see that it's a matter of life or death."

"It's a matter of decency, and that's more than life or death," put in her aunt, with a sidelong glance at the General, to see how he took her championship. "The question is, Will this—er—person expect to be received by the county? Because——"

"Because if he does he'll be jolly well mistaken, eh, what?" drawled Sir Percy. "Confound it, Lady Forbes, but we must draw the line somewhere. There's something almost—almost haut ton about the stock exchange, but cheese and bacon and—soap! Good lor'."

"They're all excellent things," countered Marion. "I love cheese, especially Gorgonzola. And I'm sure Mr. Scroggs will have sold good cheese."

"Don't tell me you're standing up for the—the interloper," spluttered Devereux. "I forbid it. As your godfather, Marion, I forbid it."

The girl made a moue, and her eyes sparkled. She was uncommonly good to look upon as she sat there in the fine old hall, with the glow of the crackling logs on her face. Perhaps she was not beautiful; perhaps her chin was too square for perfect lovelliness; perhaps her skin was too weather-beaten for drawing-room delicacy; perhaps her deep chestnut hair was a trifle too unkempt; her skirt too short and her golfing shoes too thick; but no man could look at her for more than five minutes without feeling first ashamed of all the unpleasant things he had said and thought in his life, and second, glad that a wornout old world could still give birth to such a radiant vision of youthful freshness, comeliness, and strength.

She seemed to fit into her surroundings as a nut to its shell. There is a good deal of rubbish talked about patrician birth stamping itself indelibly on the features of those who share that distinction; common-sense people know that the inner life is the real molder of the outward form. But there was in truth an indefinable something about the girl that stamped her as one apart from common humanity. The broad, low brow was the brow of a thinker; one who could puzzle out the details of a complicated problem without recourse to outside aid. The eyes—they were almost violet and seemed velvety as the petal of a pansy—were clear and level in their gaze; this was a girl who would frown on all meannesses and unworthinesses, but who could flash a swift glance of friendly approval on even a stranger if that stranger did a commendable thing. Her mouth tempted—its very shape was an invitation. But as her face relapsed into its somewhat dreamy expression, those lips set themselves in a firm line. There was enough of a temper in her to redeem her from insipidity. That was Marion Seymour's one weakness—a headstrong temper, sometimes almost blinding in its unreason. She was guided by impulses, and sometimes these impulses led her wrongly. But she was an unswerving champion of all weakness, and an unflinching decrier of all that pertained to snobbishness.

(To be continued.)

STREET CARS BOMBED

Fresh Outbreak of Violence at Philadelphia Last Night.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 19. — Two street cars were wrecked, their passengers endangered, and one of them a woman, slightly injured, at widely separated points, last night, by bombs of high explosive power, supposedly made of gun-cotton.

This outbreak, occurring after a week of comparative quiet, and with the prospect of peace apparently so near, surprised the police force, and led to redoubled vigilance in all parts of the city.

It was rumored that the two explosions were part of a plot to create disturbances and wreck cars throughout the city, and until after midnight the mounted police and men on foot were kept busy patrolling the car lines.

The police arrested three men at the scene of the second explosion at Coral and Dauphin streets, but the charges against them were only malicious mischief and inciting to riot. The most serious evidence against them seems to be that they threw stones at the car which had run over the bomb.

One of the prisoners was knocked down by the horse of a mounted policeman, while trying to run away from another policeman, who shot at him, and was badly cut about the head.

STABBED HIS WIFE

The Montreal Police Are Searching for Murderous Foreigner.

Montreal,Que., March 18.—The police are searching for Antonio Nazerano, an Italian, who plunged a dagger into his wife's neck last night, with the intention of killing the woman, and then fled from the house. Mrs. Nazerano was operated on at the General Hospital this morning, and the doctors hope to save her life. The woman had been living away from her husband, receiving the attentions of Dominic Romanello, another Italian, who left her apartment shortly before her husband entered the room, daggering her, intending to kill her. Mrs. Nazerano was once the belle of the Italian colony, and her husband was 20 years her senior.

VICTIM OF THUG OR DRUG

Man From Los Angeles Tells of Highway Robbery on Toronto Streets.

Toronto, March 18.—A man giving his name as George Burke, and claiming to have come from Los Angeles, who was picked up on the streets early this morning, told a story of having been knocked down and robbed, when arraigned in the police court this morning. Two men, he said, knocked him down on Front street, near the Union Station, last night, and stole his fur overcoat, two valises, and $58. Burke, who appeared to be under the influence of some drug, could give no further information about himself and was remanded for a medical examination.

ATTACKS PROSECUTOR

Countess on Trial For Murder Says He Is Trying To Trip Her.

Venice, March 28. — The trial of the Countess Tarnowski, her maid and her lovers, Dr. Naumoff and the lawyer, Prilukoff, who deserted his family and eloped with the countess after her divorce from her first husband, is absorbing the entire attention of the public.

There was an atmosphere of excitement when court opened this morning. The countess, during her examination today, denied that she had ever received any money from Prilukoff, her lawyer-lover. She always had plenty of her own, so she testified, in her possession.

"Why, you even pawned your jewels," sneered Prilukoff, interrupting.

The countess' face flushed with anger. The hit had gone home. The countess did possess a magnificent collection of jewels, which, with her Parisian costumes, were recently sold, with the exception of a diamond, which she sent to the shrine of the Virgin of La Salute.

Many tender messages from the lovers of the countess were read. Eventually the defendant became restive under this ordeal, and passionately protested to the president of the court at the attitude of the examining prosecutor, who, she declared, was obviously trying to trip her up.

Palpitation of the Heart.

One of the first danger signals that announce something wrong with the heart is the irregular or violent throb. Often there is only a fluttering sensation, or an "all gone" sinking feeling; or, again, there may be a most violent beating, with flushings of the skin, and visable pulsations of the arteries.

There may also be experienced a smothering sensation, gasping for breath, and feeling as though about to die.

In all such cases the action of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills in quieting the heart and restoring it to its normal beat, is, beyond all question marvellous, as our thousands of testimonials will show.

Mrs. Martha Mason, Marlbank, Ont., writes:—"Just a few lines to let you know what Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me. I have been troubled with weakness and palpitation of the heart, would have severe choking spells and could scarcely lie down at all. I tried many remedies but got none to answer my case like your pills did. I can recommend them highly to all with heart or nerve trouble."

Price, 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for $1.25 at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MINING SUIT ENDED

Privy Council Declares Legislature All Powerful in Cobalt Case.

Toronto, March 19.—The case of the Florence Mining Company against the Cobalt Lake Mining Company, the appeal of the former of which, according to a London cable, was dismissed by the Privy Council yesterday, the decision establishing the jurisdiction of the Ontario Legislature arose over some twenty acres of the five hundred acres sold by the Government to the Cobalt Lake Mining Syndicate.

This property included the bed of the Cobalt Lake, and W. J. Green claimed he had made a discovery there which entitled him to the property for which the syndicate had paid the Government $1,085,000. Green assigned his rights to the Florence Mining Company. The syndicate meantime turned its property over to the Cobalt Lake Mining Company.

The Florence Mining Company brought action for a declaration that the letters patent under which the property was transferred to the syndicate were erroneously issued, and therefore void. Mr. Justice Riddell dismissed the action, basing his judgment altogether on the constitutional aspect of the case, holding that the Provincial Legislature in such matters was all powerful.

The court of appeal supported Mr. Justice Riddell's decision, whereupon the plaintiffs carried the case direct to the Privy Council.

THE THAW CLAIMS

Pittsburg, March 19. — Questioning the claims of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, Martin Littleton, John B. Gleeson, Dr Charles G. Wagner and others, a bill of exceptions was filed through Roger O'Mara, trustee in bankruptcy for Harry Kendall Thaw, before Referee Blair, yesterday.

Thaw questions a $630 claim of a New York merchandise establishment against his wife, on the grounds that the goods were not "necessaries." Attorney Gleason's claim of $60,000 is questioned on the ground that payment of alleged fees due has been paid. The same reason is given for the questioning of the account of Martin Littleton for $8,430 54.

Dr. Charles Wagner, whose claim is entered for $4,161, is averred by Thaw to have been paid in full. Other creditors include private detectives, and attendants, whose claims Thaw alleges are too excessive.

STAMINA IN MEN AND HOW TO POSSESS IT

[From "Man's Maladies."]

A prominent physician being asked the question: "What are the things in life a man needs most?" answered: "Physical health, strong nerves, mental efficiency, money and social success." Any man possessing these five attributes is a success. Any man possessing the first three can be a success and have the other two. Possession of a sound body, with strong nerves, is really the requirement which men need most. Men need stamina, courage, staying qualities, endurance and perseverance, but in order to have these qualities the nerves must be strong and keenly sensitive to every emotion. When a man has forebodings, sensations of fear, timidity, accompanied with such symptoms as trembling hands and limbs, weak voice, nervousness, sleeplessness, numbness, dizziness, heart palpitation, restlessness, forgetfulness, melancholia, weariness without cause, and many others of a similar nature, it cannot be expected that he will be a success financially, socially or otherwise.

Strong, virile magnetism comes only to those whose nerves are properly nourished in a sound body. Nature in her wisdom has supplied certain extracts, essences, etc., which, if properly blended, will restore a normal keenness to the nerves, so that any man can feel the rich red blood surging through his body, supplying all the elements necessary to derive the most out of life in all its various phases.

For the benefit of those temporarily deficient in nerve strength the following ingredients can be obtained of any good druggist and prepared in the privacy of home. Purchase three ounces of syrup sarsaparilla compound in a six-ounce bottle. Add one ounce of compound fluid balmwort, shake and let stand two hours. Then add one ounce tincture cadomene compound (not cardamom) and one ounce compound essence cardiol. Mix. Shake well and take a teaspoonful after each meal and one when retiring. All distressing symptoms will soon vanish, and a complete restoration to normal follows.

How to buy an EDISON Phonograph



Do not buy an Edison Phonograph until you are convinced that you want one.

Hear it at the dealer's first.

Hear it play a number of pieces. Hear it play the kind of music that you like—music that you have heard people sing and play—so that you can know how well it does it. Hear it play Amberol as well as Standard Records.

You will decide that the Edison Phonograph is the best.

Then remember that it takes only a small amount of money to buy it. You can get a perfect Edison Phonograph at your own price, whether it is $16.50 or any price up to $162.50—one that will last a life-time, that will give pleasure every day, that will help you to educate your family, that will entertain your friends, and that will while away many hours that might otherwise be misspent.

Standard Records	40c
Amberol Records (twice as long)	65c
Grand Opera Records	85c

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Amberol Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us.

NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH COMPANY
100 Lakeside Ave., Orange, N. J., U. S. A.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF EDISON PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS

W. McPHILLIPS

189 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON

Call and See Us. Write for Catalogue.

EDISON and COLUMBIA

MACHINES AND RECORDS

WILLIAMS PIANO CO.

261 DUNDAS ST. Limited

For Columbia and Edison Machines and Records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29f t

MONEY LOANED WITH PRIVACY

Loans quickly made on improved Farm and City Property. No publicity—No extra charges for renewals. Lowest current rates of interest, easiest terms of re-payment. Land inspected free. Call or write.

The Ontario Loan and Debenture Co

A M SMART, Mgr

DUNDAS ST—MARKET LANE

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK MEN FREE

Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakened manhood, failing memory and lame back, brought on by excesses, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes—without any additional help or medicine—that I think every man who wishes to regain his manly power and virility, quickly and quietly, should have a copy. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain, ordinary sealed envelope, to any man who will write me for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men, and I am convinced it is the surest-acting combination for the cure of deficient manhood and vigor failure ever put together.

I think I owe it to my fellow-men to send them a copy in confidence, so that any man anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures may stop drugging himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest-acting restorative, upbuilding, SPOT-TOUCHING remedy ever devised, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, 3740 Luck building, Detroit, Mich.: and I will send you a copy of this splendid recipe in a plain, ordinary envelope free of charge. A great many doctors would charge $3 to $5 for merely writing out a prescription like this—but I send it entirely free. 1tf-t

Spring Medicine

Is

Made a Yearly Necessity by Impure Blood.

The Best is Hood's Sarsaparilla, Which Cures All Humors and All Eruptions, Relieves that Tired Feeling, Creates an Appetite.

More Profit is the object of substitution. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good" as Hood's you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit.

Insist on Having Hood's, which effects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla, but because it combines the utmost remedial values of twenty different ingredients.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes people well and keeps them well. Get it today.

London Institute of Curative Physical Culture or Health Institute

Cor. Talbot and Maple streets. Phone 2565. Established May 1, 1905. Factors used to secure permanent cures—Vibration, Oscillation, Percussion Treatments; light, medium and heavy machines used; Swedish movements, which embrace body building, corrective and remedial movements, diet and hygienics. Rheumatism, Chronic and Nervous Troubles successfully treated. ywt

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

To Liverpool.

	From St. John.	From Halifax.
Virginian	Fri., Mar. 18	Sat., Mar. 19
Tunisian	Fri., Mar. 25	
Victorian	Fri., Apr. 1	Sat., Apr. 2

Boston to Glasgow.

Numidian.....Thursday, March 24, 3 p.m.
Grampian.....Thursday, April 7, 2 p.m.

Portland to Glasgow.

Ionian.....Thursday, March 31

Rates of Passage

According to Steamer.
First Class—$70, $80 and upwards.
Second Class—$42 50, $45, $47 50, $50.
Third Class—$28 75, $30.

Full information on application to F. B. Clarke, E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, R. E. Ruse, local agents, London. THE ALLAN LINE, 77 Yonge street, Toronto.

C. P. R. Steamers

From West St. John.	From Liverpool.
Mar. 19	Lake Erie
Mar. 25	Empress of Ireland
Apr. 2	Lake Champlain—Mar. 16
Apr. 8	Empress of Britain—Mar. 25
Apr. 16	Lake Manitoba—Mar. 30

SPECIAL SAILING—"LAKE ERIE," from Liverpool, April 6, and from St. John to London DIRECT, April 21.

Third class rates to and from London and Liverpool, $30, via "Empresses," and $28 75 via "Lake" steamers.

All steamers are equipped with wireless and all conveniences for the safety and comfort of passengers.

To book or for further information apply to the railway or steamship agent, or to I. E. SUCKLING, 71 Yonge street, Toronto.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

AMERICAN LINE.

N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

New York—London Direct.

RED STAR LINE.

New York—Paris—Antwerp.

WHITE STAR LINE.

N. Y.—Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
New York and Boston—Mediterranean.

DOMINION LINE.

Portland—Liverpool.

E. DE LA HOOKE, W. FULTON, F. CLARKE OR E. RUSE, AGENTS.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*3:45 a.m., 10:50 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., 6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:09 am., *3:55 a.m., *11:30 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:42 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *11:40 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the west—*3:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 8:18 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:25 a.m., *4:00 p.m., *6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 6:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—*11:25 a.m., †6:30 p.m., 12:02 p.m., *10:52 p.m.

Arrive from the west—4:45 a.m., †12:30 p.m., *5:35 p.m.

Depart for the east—*4:55 a.m., †7:45 a.m., †12:45 p.m., *5:42 p.m.

Depart for the west—*11:33 a.m., †7:10 p.m., *11:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:05 a.m., †7:10 a.m., 9:40 a.m., 2:30 p.m., †2:40 p.m., *7:15 p.m.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., †12:20 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., 10:20 p.m.

*To St. Thomas only. †To Walkerville. Trains not starred to and from Port Stanley. ‡From Walkerville.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:35 p.m.

Depart—7:25 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:25 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EASTER EXCURSIONS RETURN TICKETS —AT— SINGLE FARE

Between all stations in Canada, also to Detroit and Port Huron, Mich., Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N. Y.

Tickets good going March 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28. Return limit, March 29, 1910.

Secure tickets and full information from E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., or R. E. RUSE, depot agent.

WABASH

From March 1 to April 15 the Wabash will sell one-way colonist tickets at very low rates, to points in California, Mexico, Idaho, Utah, Arizona, Montana, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. Tickets are good going all direct routes, and should read over the Wabash, the short and true route to above states. For tickets and time of trains see your nearest ticket agent or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 67 Yonge street, Toronto, and St. Thomas.

Michigan Central

Round Trip Tickets at Single Fare

will be on sale to all points in Canada, Detroit and Buffalo, on account of

EASTER HOLIDAY

Tickets good going March 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28, 1910. Return limit, March 29, 1910.

Take the "WOLVERINE," the through fast train to NEW YORK and the EAST, and travel via the quickest and most comfortable route.

Full information gladly furnished at city office, 95 Richmond street. Phone 205.

THOMAS EVANS, C. P. A.
S. H. PALMER, D. P. A., St. Thomas.
O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

TRACTION COMPANY HOURLY SERVICE

Between London and St Thomas, 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. Every two hours from St. Thomas to Port Stanley—excepting hourly service Saturday afternoons. Port Stanley cars leave London on the even hours from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Last car held for theatres.

HOMESEEKERS EXCURSIONS

VIA TO

WESTERN CANADA

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES.

GOING DATES:

Apr. 5, 19 June 14, 28 Aug. 9, 23
May 3, 17, 31 July 12, 26 Sept. 6, 20

THROUGH SPECIAL TRAINS

TORONTO to WINNIPEG and WEST

Leave Toronto 2 p. m. on above days.

Through First and Second Class Coaches, Colonist and Tourist Sleepers.

Apply to nearest C. P. R. Agent or write R. L. Thompson, D. P. A., Toronto.

Ask for Homeseekers' Pamphlet. ywt

GO TO BERMUDA

Forty hours from frost to flowers. By Twin Screw Line. Largest and fastest steamers—S. S. Oceana, 8,000 tons; S. S. Bermudian, 5,600 tons; wireless on both steamers; also bilge keels. Sailing every Wednesday and Saturday from New York at 10 a. m. WEST INDIES—New S. S. Guiana, S. S. Parima, S. S. Koroni every alternate Thursday at 2 p. m., from New York for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demarara. For illustrated pamphlets, giving rates of passage and all information, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., agents, 29 Broadway, New York; QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Quebec, or ED. DE LA HOOKE, or FULTON, Ticket Agents, London.

250 to Choose From

If you need a Baby Carriage drop in and let us show you what buying in such quantities does to the price. **We guarantee to sell you a better cart for less money.** See them in our basement.



$6.95
One-Motion Folding Cart.



$8.50
A very high-grade One-Motion Folding Cart.



$15.75
Polished wood body, green, black, red or tan.



$11.75
Full size, tan, green or natural color.



$11.75
Polished wood body, green, black, tan or maroon.



$19
Large Roomy Carriage, tan or natural reed.



$14.75
English Cab, strap gear, any color; full size.



$14.50
A very comfortable Carriage, any color.



$22
English Perambulator, 12 of these real English Perambulators in stock up to $75.



$14.75
English Cab, full size; lozens of styles in stock up to $50.

THE ONTARIO FURNITURE CO.

228 AND 230 DUNDAS STREET.
London's Largest Homefurnishers.

PEOPLE ARE KEEPING DOG-MUZZLING LAW

Dr. Tennent, V. S., Returns From a Trip of Inspection.

Dr. J. H. Tennent, V. S., Dominion Government inspector, has just arrived home after making a trip of inspection through the northern districts, to see that the dog-muzzling order is being carried out properly. He states that everywhere the people are following out the law to the limit.

"Even the Indians in the north," he said, "are muzzling every dog, and are, if anything, obeying the order better than the white people."

Got the Wrong Remedy

A report recently acquainted us of a case where very serious injury resulted from using an imitation of Zam-Buk. Not all Zam-Buk's imitations are dangerous or harmful, but why run the risk? Why take an imitation at all? The best that can be said of the imitations, the "just as good and cheaper" lines is that they are certainly cheap. When you are ailing, the "cheap" thing is the very thing you should shun! Don't juggle with your health for five cents! The genuine Zam-Buk is protected by law, and bears the name plainly on each packet.

LLOYD GEORGE ILL

Simply Needs a Brief Rest, Says He, and Goes to Get It.

London, March 19.—Chancellor of the Exchequer David Lloyd George, on the verge of what his friends fear is a physical collapse, left today for Brighton for a six-weeks' rest. The chancellor plainly shows the result of the terrific work and worry he has undergone in the last six months.

"I simply need a brief rest," he said, in taking leave of his friends, but the latter are afraid he is over sanguine. The political situation is still so complicated that it is not believed the chancellor will submit to as long a period of inactivity as his condition requires.

Last year the lifeboats of the English National Lifeboat Institution were launched on service 425 times. In all, over 600 lives were saved.

COURT HOUSE AS A MUSEUM

Suggestion Is Made That City and County Make Use of Old Structure.

SHERIFF IS DOUBTFUL

Does Not Believe the Municipalities Can Afford the Luxury—Some Interesting History.

The suggestion is again being put forth that the city and the county of Middlesex should seriously consider the matter of devoting to the purposes of a museum the old court house at the foot of Dundas street, in case the city and county should come together on the matter of joint municipal buildings.

Many citizens would regard it as a crime to pull down the old structure, which is a landmark of London, and is modelled after the home of the family of Col. Talbot, "Malahide Castle," near Dublin, Ireland.

Court House History.

It is pointed out that the old building teems with memories of bygone events.

Seven or eight heroes in the fight for constitutional government died the deaths of martyrs there, and this fact alone gives value to the old structure as a place for a museum and the storing of historical records.

Every stairway has its story. Every window its tale.

If one reads the history of the days gone by in London, he will find that the court house and jail are a sort of tower of London. If no princes or monarchs were put to death in this tower, there were those who met death there who probably valued life quite as much.

Grewsome Tales.

There are grewsome tales of public hangings, clinging to its grey old walls. Several women have been incarcerated there, charged with murder, and one was hanged within the precincts of the jail. The lives of many men have paid the penalties of their crimes there.

Then again, the court house has been the scene of many notable gatherings.

Men, who were schoolboys in London, played around its walls, and have grown up, some of them, judges on the bench.

Even London's oldest businessman, Mr. B. A. Mitchell, the druggist, cannot recollect its erection. It was there before his time, and he has been in business since London was a village.

There in 1846.

Mr. Mitchell came to London in 1846, and even at that time the court house was looked upon as an established institution. At that time, too, and the county buildings was a stretch about at Talbot street. Between this and the county buildings was a stretch mainly of commons, used for pasturage, though along the line of Dundas street there was a straggling line of second-class shops, blacksmiths and cobblers, and similar places.

Sheriff Cameron, when spoken to, considered that the project of turning the court house into a museum would be a very good idea, if the city could afford it, but he did not think that it could. Neither the city nor the county, he thought, was in a position to set aside such an amount of land for this purpose, nor to provide for its proper maintenance.

Not Antiquated.

"As a matter of fact," he continued, "the court house is not an antiquated building, and it only needs a little modernizing to make it serviceable for years to come. It is the jail that is the real difficulty, and that for a reason I have not heard mentioned. The jail stands directly on the watershed leading to the river, and cannot help but be damp and unhealthy from its very situation. I think if this fact were brought strongly to the attention of the Government, steps would very soon be taken in regard to it."

Heart Palpitation Trembling Weakness

When Worn Thin With Worry and Poor Nerves, Health Miraculously Restored by Ferrozone.

"Only those who have gone through months of nervousness, with its fears, weakness, and almost helplessness, can realize the blessing of sound health." Thus opened the letter from Mrs. Helen Pierson, of Cape May. "I was all my life a very heavy coffee drinker, and when my health began to fail, I made it stronger and stronger, until it braced me up. I didn't realize that this stimulation was wearing out my nerves. But at last a nervous breakdown occurred. Then I was able to see how foolish I had been—doing unnecessary things instead of resting. My heart fluttered dreadfully with the least exertion. I was bloodless, and more tired in the morning than when I went to bed. A friend whom Ferrozone had cured of anaemia recommended me to use Ferrozone, and from the first it did me good. As my blood grew stronger the heart fluttering ceased, and this took from me the fear that I would suddenly die. I kept on gaining, and continued to use Ferrozone, two tablets with every meal. I am today, sound, well, healthy and happy—Ferrozone did it all."

Don't use anything but the celebrated nourishing tonic, "Ferrozone," 50 cents a box, six for $2 50, at all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Canada.

MISS DANIEL ISSUES WRIT

Plaintiff Asks for Dividends on Certain Birkbeck Shares.

Another writ was issued in connection with the suit between Anna K. Daniels and the London and Western Trust Company at Osgoode Hall yesterday. The plaintiff asks for dividends on 36 shares of perment A stock, had and received by the London and Western Trusts Company, arising from the distribution of the funds of the defunct Birkbeck Loan Company, and for the balance of the dividends awarded by Judge Macbeth in certain shares, known as C, the said sums being due the plaintiffs by the defendants, which they refuse to pay plaintiff, claiming that they are not the liquidators under the repeal of the statutes of 1907.

During Lent Just Try



McCORMICK'S JERSEY CREAM SODAS

They rival bread in economy and have more real nourishment. Serve them with milk, cheese, soup, etc. An excellent lunch before retiring. McCormick's are pre-eminently the best.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN

Dr. Knight Urged Need of it In Address at the Normal School.

Dr. Knight, of Queen's University, gave a very interesting illustrated lecture on the subject of "Medical Examination of School Children," at the Normal School last night.

The speaker urged strongly the necessity of a careful examination of the sight, hearing, height and the teeth and lungs of school children. In Kingston, he stated, even in the best public schools 50 or 60 per cent of the children have poor teeth. In another school one-third were discovered to be suffering from defective hearing. In the districts along the lake shore the great changes in the atmosphere were responsible for a great many catarrhal and throat affections.

Infant Mortality.

Dr. Knight went on to speak of the immense infant mortality, a good part of which could be saved by using proper precautions. The speaker cited statistics to show that 8,000 infants in Ontario, die annually under the age of one year out of the yearly birth rate of 53,000. Much of this, the speaker thought, was due to improper feeding and clothing, and he spoke in glowing terms of the work being done by the W. C. T. U. to alleviate these conditions. There is no question in my mind, he said, that at least 2,000 of this 8,000 might be saved with judicious care.

Inspection of public school children might greatly diminish the amount of disease and diseased conditions that are prevalent in later life. This inspection should not merely deal with their bodily defects, but their mental and moral defects as well. Ottawa, said the speaker, was the only place in Ontario where such a system of examination was in vogue.

Principal Radcliffe occupied the chair at the lecture, and at the conclusion a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the lecturer for his very instructive address.

ORDER LONDON ELECTRIC TO REGULATE POLES

All Must Be Made a Uniform Height of Forty Feet.

The London Electric Company will be compelled to live up to the bylaw regulating the height of poles.

At the meeting of the finance committee last night the request of the water commissioners, that the company be compelled to raise their poles to 40 feet, as required by the bylaw covering their agreement, was granted.

The request of the assessment department for $70 for street car tickets was agreed to, and they will be purchased.

Request Was Filed.

The application of Mr. J. W. Wallace for payment of $222.30, for sending his son to the Pasteur Institute, New York, was filed.

The offer of the Retail Grocers Association, to give $50 towards factory sites, was laid over until some definite move is made in that direction, and the matter of a new registry office was also laid over until plans are received.

The application of Assessment Commissioner Grant for a typewriter was laid over until the estimates were prepared.

Registering Tuberculosis.

There was a slight discussion on the advisability of compelling physicians to register all cases of tuberculosis.

"I want to know if we have such power?" asked Ald. Underwood. "I doubt that we have such power," said Ald. Richter. "The right end at which to commence that agitation is at the Legislature. Something must be done there."

However, the matter was laid over until the opinion of City Solicitor Meredith is obtained regarding the power of the city in this matter.

Those present were Ald. Richter (chairman), Ald. Eckert, Ald. Underwood, Ald. Stevenson, Mayor Beattie and Secretary Baker.

ENGINEER SAYS THE CROSSINGS ALL RIGHT

Denies Statement of Street Railway That Roadway Is Too High.

The claim made by the London street railway that the city's crossings were too high at the corner of Dreaney avenue and the Hamilton road, that the fender would not work, thereby causing the death of Joseph Allaster on Monday, is denied by City Engineer Graydon.

"There is probably no doubt that the company's tracks are considerably below the city's portion of the road," said Mr. Graydon. "That, however, does not mean that the streets are too high, but rather that the company has not kept its road up to the proper level. All companies I know keep them up to level, but the London street railway does not. On Richmond and Dundas streets, where there is a solid concrete foundation, their tracks are five and six inches below the proper level."

No notice that the city would be held responsible for the death of the man has been given. City Engineer Graydon, and his staff have made an investigation of the street, and took measurements in case anything does arise.

For Columbia and Edison machines and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29tf-t

Subscription Lists Open Friday, March 18th, and Will Close on or Before Monday, March 21, at 3 p. m.

C. E. GAULT Offers on Behalf of the Underwriters $100,000 6% Gold Bonds at Par and Accrued Interest

OF THE

Belmina Consolidated Asbestos

COMPANY, LIMITED

(Incorporated by "Letters Patent" of the Dominion of Canada.)

Carrying with them a bonus equal to 25 per cent of 7 per cent Preferred Stock, and 75 per cent of Common Stock.

First Mortgage 20-year 6 per cent Gold Bonds, subject, as to entire issue, to call on any interest date at 110 and accrued interest. Denominations of $500 and $1,000.

BONDS.	Issued.
$300,000	200,000

CAPITAL STOCK.

$600,000 Preferred (7 per cent) Par Value $100.00.	$500 000
$2,000,000 Common Par Value $100.00.	$1,700,000

PROPERTIES.

The properties of the Company are situated in the Township of Wolfestown, about four miles from the Coleraine Station, and are in the Asbestos bearing Serpentine Belt in which are located the most important Asbestos mines in the world.

These properties comprise all the Asbestos land previously owned by the "Belmina Asbestos Company," approximately 800 acres, and properties previously owned by the "Asbestos Mining and Manufacturing Company," approximately 100 acres, which are well opened up and developed, showing the highest grade of Asbestos. The plant of the latter Company is equipped with new and most modern machinery, and in the opinion of Asbestos experts of authority, is one of the best equipped plants in Canada.

Mr. John J. Penhale, M. E., who is a recognized expert and authority on Asbestos, in his report on the Belmina property, says: "The development of the property consists of several openings of more or less extent; in all of these openings there is a fine showing of asbestos veins of splendid quality, much of which is exposed, is suitable for Crude."

(Crude means the highest grade of product, and therefore commands the highest prices.)

ESTIMATED EARNINGS.

The plant has a crushing capacity of 400 tons of rock in ten hours, and from the opinion of practical asbestos men should have approximately an earning capacity of, net, per year....$125,000 00

Applied as follows:

Interest on $200,000 six per cent bonds	$12 000 00
Dividend on $500,000 seven per cent Preferred Stock	35,000 00
	$47.000 00
Surplus, being over 4½ per cent on $1,700,000 Common Stock.	$78,000 00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The following named gentlemen have consented to serve as Directors:

R. FORGET, M. P., Montreal.
LIEUT.-COL. JOHN CARSON, Montreal.
PAUL GALIBERT, Montreal.
W. F. CARSLEY, Montreal.
N. BELLEAU, Banker, Quebec.
F. C. FLORANCE, Boston.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Installments Payable as Follows:

10 Per Cent on Application
15 Per Cent on Allotment.
25 Per Cent 15th April.
25 Per Cent 16th May.
25 Per Cent 15th June.

All legal matters have been prepared and passed on by Messrs. Atwater, Duclos, Bond & Meagher, and Messrs. Cook & Magee, Montreal.

Application will be made to list the securities on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges at an early date.

The right is reserved to close the subscription books without notice, and to allot only such subscriptions and for such amounts as may be approved.

Applications will be received by

MONTREAL TRUST COMPANY,
Place d'Armes, Montreal.

C. E. GAULT,
98 Notre Dame St. West, Montreal.

30tu

PRIZES FOR MATHEMATICS

Mr. U. A. Buchner Will Give a Medal to Western University.

Mr. U. A. Buchner has offered the board of governors of the Western University a medal, to be awarded as an annual prize for mathematics as they think fit. It is likely that the medal will be awarded to the student in the first or second years who secures the highest percentage in mathematics at the examinations.

RECOGNITION OF UNIONS

Nova Scotia Government Votes Down the Kendell Resolution.

Halifax, March 18.—Dr. Kendell, the Liberal member for Cape Breton County, introduced a resolution in the Legislature a few days ago, asking for a commission to inquire into the compulsory recognition of labor unions.

In the House tonight Premier Murray discussed the matter and was opposed to the Government taking any such action.

Dr. Kendell's resolution was voted down.

DECEASED FELINE FOR "BENNY" BLACKSTOCK

Dog-Catcher Failed To Put on His Sketch at the Grand.

There was a large audience present at the Grand last night, when the Phil Maher Stock Company produced a western drama, entitled, "A Fool for Luck." The proportion of thrills per minute was very gratifying to the audience, who vociferously applauded the hero and his compatriots, and just as vociferously hissed the villain. There were two attempted lynchings one of which, taking place off the stage, the result could not be ascertained; the to-be-lynched being a villain, however, it is likely that it was quite successful. There was also plenty of banging gun-play to give a truly western flavor to the performance. Altogether the "show" proved very satisfactory to all present.

There were a large number of amateurs who appeared after the performance. Their efforts were greatly enjoyed. The successful competitors were Hazel Steele, Ronald Ruse and Baby Lenehan.

The audience were very eager for the appearance of "Ben" Blackstock, who has been turning an honest penny by appearing in a sketch entitled "The Dog-Trappers." They were doomed to disappointment, however, as that "popular" city official failed to appear. It was stated that he was too nervous.

There may have been some cause for nervousness, too, as there was a suspicious bulginess about the coat-pockets of the young gentlemen who sought strategic positions in the gallery.

One daring individual who ventured into that locality reported it a perfect arsenal of missiles, varying from a fragrant egg to a full-grown cabbage.

It was reported also that a defunct feline had been carefully preserved, and was ready to take part in the reception to Blackstock. The management saved the situation, however, by eliminating that part of the programme—much to the disappointment of all.

EDDY'S BREAD WRAPPERS

To prevent danger of impurities in delivery from the oven to the home, insist on your baker wrapping his bread in our wrappers.

We are the originators of bread wrappers.

Now used by leading bakers of Ottawa, Montreal, Toronto and other cities.

THE E. B. EDDY CO., Hull, Can.

Donald McLean, Agent, 426 Richmond street, London.

xwt

AN IRISH SOCIAL

Pleasant Affair at the Couthern Congregational Church.

A very pleasant evening was spent in the Southern Congregational Church on Thursday, 17th inst., when the annual "St. Patrick's social" was given, under the auspices of the C. H. T., and the following programme was enjoyed by a large audience: Opening address, Rev. W. H. A. Claris; solo, Miss Coates; reading (humorous) Mrs. Siggins; recitation, Miss Stilson; solo, Mr. Simpson; solo, Mr. Taylor; drill; recitation, Miss Stillson; solo, Miss Coates; solo, Miss Simpson; accompanist, Miss Theobald. Much credit is due to all the performers. The "Irish drill" was very beautiful, and was composed of the young ladies of the C. H. T., with little Miss Ethel Pattison representing a shamrock, each wearing gowns of white and green, with crowns of shamrocks, also carrying the flag bearing the words "Erin go Bragh." At the close of the entertainment all adjourned to the basement, where refreshments were served. The tables were beautifully decorated with white and green. A dainty souvenir, in the form of a little shamrock with a printed Irish joke, was carried away by each visitor.

PLEASANT AFFAIR AT M'CORMICK'S

Beautiful Gold-Headed Umbrella for Miss Mary A. Tulette.

Miss Mary A. Tulette, who has for a number of years held a position as forelady in one of the biscuit departments of the McCormick Manufacturing Company, is resigning her position, and the employees of the biscuit departments presented her last night with a beautiful gold-headed umbrella. About 250 employees gathered in the soda department to witness the event. Mr. Duff read the address, which was afterwards handed to Miss Tulette. Miss Nellie McDowell made the presentation.

Although taken completely by surprise, Miss Tulette made a very suitable reply, thanking her friends heartily. Miss Tulette has for the past number of years been a faithful and kind forelady at the large biscuit works, and her loss is regretted by the firm, as well as the employees.

ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

MR. A. E. BARBOUR NEW PRESIDENT

Elected to Succeed Mr. James Gray by the Thistle Club Bowlers.

AFFAIRS IN FINE SHAPE

Membership Totals 111, and Neat Cash Balance Remains—The Officers for 1910.

Mr. A. E. Barbour, a prominent lawn bowler, was elected president of the Thistle Bowling Club at the annual meeting held in the Tecumseh House last evening.

He succeeds Mr. James Gray, who declined to accept the position for another term, and who is now honorary president.

The financial report showed the club to be in a healthy condition, there being a balance of $129.

The membership is now 111.

Mr. Bert Heaman, who acted as secretary-treasurer, in such a satisfactory manner, last year, was re-elected.

Draft a Constitution.

The executive at its last session recommended that the nominations be made by a mail vote previous to the annual meeting, and the matter came in for much discussion.

"Will this conflict with the constitution of the club?" was asked.

"No," replied President Gray. "There have been no bylaws for years."

On motion of Dr. Claude Brown a committee was appointed to draft bylaws, to be submitted to the executive.

The committee will be composed of Dr. Claude Brown, W. M. Govenlock, P. H. Ranahan, Charles Abbott and James McDonald.

Mr. C. Abbott and Dr. Brown were appointed delegates to the Ontario Bowling Association executive, as the Thistle bowlers are now associated with that organization.

The O. B. A. tourney is held annually at Niagara-on-the-Lake.

Wm. Fulton and S. D Swift are the delegates to the W. O. B. A., the annual tournament of which is the sporting event of this part of the country.

The Officers.

The following is the full list of officers:

Honorary President—Mr. James Gray.

President—Mr. A. E. Barbour.

Vice-President—Mr. A. A Langford.

Secretary-Treasurer—A. M. Heaman.

Bowling Committee—C. H. Abbott, W. M. Govenlock, William Fulton, Dr. A. Scott and W. C. Falls.

Tourney Committee—A. J. McGuffin, James Gray and H. K. Kelly.

Membership Committee — O. H. Gidley, Fred Browne, James C. McDonald, James Gillespie, P. M. Millman, W. Mara, George Wyatt, William Falls, Mel Hueston and C. E. Mountjoy.

Grounds Committee—The president, vice-president and P. M. Millman.

COURT ECLIPSE CLOSES WITHWIN FROM VICTORY

Former Captures C. O. F. Carpetball League Trophy With a Percentage of 750.

Court Eclipse finished its twenty games in the Canadian Order of Foresters' Carpetball League last evening, defeating Court Victory, the second in the standing, by 47 to 34.

Eclipse lost one game to each team in the league, and finishes up with a percentage of .750, on fifteen victories and five defeats.

The standing is as follows:

Court	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Eclipse	20	15	5	.750
Victory	19	11	8	.579
Middlesex	18	9	9	.500
London City	18	8	10	.444
Orient	18	7	11	.388
Robin Hood	19	6	13	.316

"IT SEEMED LIKE THROWING MONEY AWAY

Until I Tried Gin Pills"

Mr. P. Fitzgerald was completely disheartened. He had suffered so long with his Kidneys, and spent so much money on doctors without relief, that he made up his mind he could not be cured.

Then he chanced to read about the wonderful cures by Gin Pills, the great Kidney Remedy, and sent for a sample. The pills did him so much good that he immediately bought two full-size boxes. And these two boxes of Gin Pills made him feel like another man.

But let Mr. Fitzgerald tell his own story of a remarkable cure.

Provincial Asylum, Orillia,
June 18.

I have much pleasure in stating that the sample which you sent me, led me to buy two boxes of Gin Pills from a local druggist. They are the best remedy for Uric Acid Trouble that I have ever tried. I must say that before using Gin Pills I had undergone a long and expensive course of treatment by eminent specialists of Chicago. They did me no good—it seemed like throwing money away.

I still keep a box of Gin Pills on hand and take one occasionally. I am pleased to recommend them and bear testimony to their efficacy.

P. FITZGERALD.

After reading such a letter as this, you simply can't doubt the value of Gin Pills in cases of Kidney and Bladder Trouble. If you are a sufferer, write the National Drug and Chemical Company, Department G., Toronto, for a free sample of Gin Pills and try them at our expense. After you have seen for yourself just what Gin Pills will do, buy the full size box at your dealer's, and remember that Gin Pills are sold with a positive guarantee of a cure or money refunded. 17

THESE ARE STRENUOUS DAYS FOR JEFF



J. JOHNSON WORKS OFF FOUR POUNDS FIRST DAY

Negro Commences Training in Earnest For Battle With James Jeffries.

Chicago, March 19.—Jack Johnson, heavyweight pugilist, yesterday put in his first day of real hard work in preparation for his coming encounter with Jeffries at Emeryville, Cal., on July 4. The champion, after putting on the finishing touches last night found that he had worked off four pounds of superfluous weight, tipping the scales now at 218.

STRATFORD WILL HAVE TWO TEAMS IN W. F. A.

Classic City Football Club Enters Junior and Senior—Strathroy, Too.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Stratford, March 19.—The Stratford Football Club, at a meeting held in the W. M. C. A. last night, decided to enter teams in the junior and senior W. F. A. this season. The following officers were elected: Honorary president, R. Patterson; honorary vice-president, Wm. Preston; president, J. N. McCutcheon; vice-president, W. J. McCully; secretary, Norman Fiebig; treasurer, D. Bradshaw; grounds committee, T. Rose, W. Stamp, D. Cameron, J. McInnes; match committee, R. Easson, E. Clark and W. Martin; manager seniors, C. H. Clark; manager juniors, R. Easson; representatives to W. F. A. meeting in Galt, C. H. Clark and R. Easson.

STRATHROY, TOO.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, March 19.—Strathroy football fans have decided to organize a team for the W. F. A. Charles Baker will represent the team at the meeting in Galt Good Friday.

TIGER RECRUITS BLANK DALLAS

Detroit Juniors Close Texan Jaunt With a 3 to 0 Victory.

PERNOLL'S HOME RUN

Came While the Bases Were Empty—Field Was Very Heavy.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Dallas, Texas, March 18.—The Tiger recruits won the final game of their five days' Texas jaunt, naming Dallas a 3 to 0 beating.

Browning and Pernoll were the principal characters in the scoring, while the three young twirlers Jennings sent to the mound were equally successful in preventing a Texan from reaching second, and holding the hit total of the opposition to a pair.

Field Was Heavy.

The game was played on a heavy field and it was partly because of this, and partly because of a failure to hit in pinches that gave the Tigers but three tallies out of a total of 13 hits for a total of 19 bases.

Dallas furnished Jennings' youngsters with the best brand of baseball they have encountered since coming to this state.

Evans, the first pitcher Dallas used, is a left-hander, and he had plenty of "stuff" on it, three hits being all the colts collected off his shoots.

Dallas Was Doubled Twice.

Two double plays killed the only shade of a chance Dallas had.

The Texans were unable to collect more than two one-base hits off the Detroit youngsters and Pernoll, Works and also Browning tore loose for the first time since training season opened.

The Dallas batsmen stood in danger of breaking their backs, swinging at curves.

During the regime of "Rube" Evans, Ness, Kirke and Pernoll were the only men to hit him. Ness was left on third, Kirke died at the plate, but Pernoll, coming up with the bases empty, lifted the ball high over the left field fence for four bases.

The Summary.

Dallas went to bat 25 times, had 2 hits, 14 assists and no errors.

Detroit—	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
McIntyre, l.f.	5	0	1	1	0	0
Ball, c.f.	5	0	2	2	0	0
Simmons, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2	0
Ness, 1b.	4	0	1	5	1	0
Drake, r.f.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Kirke, 2b.	4	0	3	1	1	0
Lathers, s.s.	4	0	2	4	1	0
Stanage, c.	2	0	0	5	2	0
Pernoll, p.	1	1	1	0	1	0
Works, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0
Browning, p.	1	1	0	4	1	0
Casey, c.	1	0	0	0	0	0
*Jennings	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	38	3	13	27	10	0

*Batted for Pernoll in fifth.

Detroit .....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2—3
Dallas .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Hits—Off Pernoll, 1 in 4 innings; off Works, 1 in 3. Two-base hits—Ness, Kirke, Browning. Three-base hit—McIntyre. Home run—Pernoll. Stolen base—Ball. Bases on balls—Off Pernoll, 1; off Works, 1; off Browning, 1. Struck out—By Pernoll, 6 in 4 innings; by Works, 5 in 3; by Browning, 4 in 3. Double plays—Pernoll, Lathers and Ness; Works, Kirke and Ness.

WESTERN ONTARIO AMATEUR LEAGUE

Proposed to Take the Place of City League Ball in London.

WOULD HAVE SIX TEAMS

And Each Would Play Fifteen Games Home, and the Same Away—Meeting Monday.

A proposition to form a Western Ontario amateur baseball league will be presented at the organization meeting of the City League in the City Hotel on Monday night, by the retiring secretary, Joseph Dewan.

The idea, which was brought up in a somewhat vague manner at the last meeting, is to form a six-club league, with teams in St. Thomas, Strathroy, Chatham or Stratford, and either two or three in London.

A schedule will also be presented if the scheme is adopted, each team to play fifteen games at home and fifteen away.

Six Teams Apply.

The Army Medical Corps is the latest to enter an application to place a team in the City League, and as the four teams of last year, together with the Manhattans, want to get in, there will be no difficulty filling up.

There is a movement on foot to place six teams in the City League if the Western Ontario idea falls through.

"Doc" Sippl, the retiring president, has been named for honorary president for the coming year.

REDS BUY TRAINING QUARTERS IN SOUTH

Manager Clarke Griffiths Closes for Place at Hot Springs.

[By Associated Press.]

Hot Springs, March 18—Manager Clarke Griffith, of the Cincinnati Nationals, has signed the papers here which bring to that club a permanent tract of ground for training season purposes. Manager Griffith says that Hot Springs seems to be the best place for his team to train, and he wishes to establish a regular place for their spring workout. The price paid for the grounds is not known, but it is said to be in the neighborhood of $10,000.

INTERCOLLEGIATE HOCKEY.

At Listowel:

Harriston (5) — Robertson, goal; Lewis, point; Vagon, cover; Wilson, rover; Pife, centre; Whitehead, left, and Robertson, right.

Listowel (12) — Ainsley, goal; Berrker, point; H. Roos, rover; E. Roos, rover; Prinse, lentre; Terry, left, and Schinbein, right.

Referee—L. Gaetz.

LONDON AUTOMOBILE SHOW DATES ARE SET

Exhibition Will Be Held in the Princess Rink, From April 13 to 16, Inclusive.

Mr. R. W. Jaffray, who is promoting the London motor show, has notified the local officials that the exhibition will be put on in the Princess Rink here from April 13 to 16.

A large number of exhibits are obtainable, he declares. The council will probably be asked to make a grant to assist the affair.

Mr. A. E. Barbour



New President of the Thistle Club Lawn Bowlers.

PAPKE AND LEWIS

Clash for Middleweight "Championship" in Paris, France.

New York, March 18.—Fight fans in New York are anxiously awaiting the result of the 20-round fight between Bill Papke and Willie Lewis, in Paris, France, to-morrow night. They are matched to fight at 158 pounds ringside, and Papke will forfeit $500 if he fails to make the weight. Lewis will be at least eight pounds lighter than the Illinois cyclone. The bout is advertised as a middleweight championship affair, but neither man holds the title, which is in dispute between Ketchel and Langford.

PAT'S FATHER DEAD.

[By Associated Press.]

Trenton, N.J., March 18.—Patrick T. Powers, Sen., a well-known resident of this city, and father of P. T. Powers, president of the Eastern League of baseball clubs, died at his home here today. He had been ill for some time.

Gossip of the Harness Horses

W. L. Snow will have in his string this year Hallie Loo (2:21¼), by Hal B. (2:04½).

The Luzerne (Pa.) Fair Association will hold its annual Fair at Wilkes-Barre August 29-September 3.

W. E. Sells, owner of The Liar (2:14¼), by Ananias, tips the horse to be a sure 2:05 pacer this season.

W. E. D. Stokes has purchaser the California stallion Charles Derby at the reported price of $20,000.

The pacer Tokay is cuting quite a swath at Fort William. He is reported to be a regular "bear" on ice.

The Belmont Driving Club claims August 16-20 to open the new half-mile track preceding Lebanon, Pa.

Purses aggregating $10,000 will be offered this year by the Allentown Fair Association for its meeting September 20-23.

Manager M. E. Harris, of the Savage International Stock Farm, Minn., reports that the price paid for George Gano was $30,000.

W. A. Lytle, of Sandy Lake, Pa., has purchased the trotter Frank B. (2:24¼), by Bang Patchen, and will race him over the half-mile tracks.

B. Cummings, of Reading, will go down the line this season with Ashline (2:10¼), and Linemarch (2:12¾). He touts the pair for the 2:08 list.

Regalia, No. 1486, who died recently at Decatur, Ill., was 26 years old. He was sired by Jay Gould in 1847, dam Belle of Fayette, by Ethan Allen.

It is expected that the pacing mare Nettie Marie (2:11¼), raced by Eddie Haywood the past two seasons, will be marked in 2:06 or better this season.

John Shaffer, of Dawson, Pa., will be out this year with a trio of good steppers in Charlestown Boy (2:09¼; Admiral Schley (2:15), and Ruth C. C. (2:21¾).

The pacing gelding Hal Reflect, by Hal B. (2:04½), and out of a mare by Reflector (2:07⅞), that Mr. J. Tonkin, of Fort William, bought from Mr. W. C. Kidd, Listowel, last fall, has made good. Hal Reflect will likely be heard from this season on turf.

Bob Bever, Greensburg, Pa., has entered in the American Horse Breeders' futurity the mare Marion Eddy (2:18¼), by Jerome Eddy, in foal to Audubon Boy (1:59¼).

Live Baseball News and Gossip Gathered From League Circuits

Fred Clarke has sold one of his diamond-covering tarpaulins to the Cincinnati Club.

George Mullin is the oldest member of the Detroit Club. "I don't feel it," he says.

Gene Demontreville is now captain of the New Orleans team. Gene has been in the harness a long, long time, but is still fairly speedy.

Ben Houser and Bert Kellogg of the Athletics have already come to be known as "the heavenly twins" because of their extreme height.

Detroit is not the only team that began its training camp this year with 13 men. Jimmy McAleer braved the hoodoo and left Washington with that number.

Hans Lobert says that Bob Bescher can beat any sprinter that the Red Sox may have in their stable, but does not want to see a race between representatives of the two teams.

President John I. Taylor, of the Boston Americans predicts that the White Sox will be fighting for the pennant after June 15, although he says his Speed Boys will beat them out.

President Lynch of the National League would require batters to play regularly in half of the scheduled games in order to be eligible to win that touring car offered as a championship batting prize.

When Comiskey's Browns held Anson's Colts to a draw in the World's Championship Series of 1885, each player got $41.70 for prize money. Imagine the Pirate and Tiger stars playing for that sum now.

"Never let a pitcher do anything but pitch,' is good advice to a manager. Many a twirler has been ruined dubbing around in infield and outfield positions. He loses his judgment of distance for one thing.

A deal whereby Detroit releases Outfielder Harry Ball to San Antonio of the Texas League is said to have been consummated. Ball last season led the South Michigan League in base running. A deal is now pending for First Baseman Ness to go to San Antonio, also.

BILLY MADDEN FINDS "LIKELY" HEAVYWEIGHT

Alfred Benedict, a Husky Boy of 170 Pounds, Cleans Up on Gotham Pugs.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

New York, March 18.—Alfred Benedict, a well-proportioned youth, weighing around 170 pounds, was the shining light in the heavy weight elimination tournament at the Olympic A. C. last night.

Benedict won his bouts so easily that Billy Madden, who discovered several world's champions in tournaments of this sort, thought so well of him that he immediately placed him under his wing and will try to develop him into a contender for the world's heavyweight championship.

EX-CHAMPION BURNS ILL IN AUSTRALIA

And Fight With Bill Lang, Scheduled for March 28, Is Postponed Till April 20.

[By Associated Press.]

Sydney, N. S. W., March 18.—Tommy Burns, the Canadian pugilist is suffering from gastritis, and his fight with Bill Lang, for the heavyweight championship of Australia, which was scheduled for March 28, has been postponed until April 20.

SUPERBAS PICK UP STAR FIRST SACKER

Jake Daubert, Now in Training, May Displace Jordan.

[By Associated Press.]

New York, March 18.—While McGraw is still trying to develop a new first baseman for the Giants, the Brooklyns have picked up a star first sacker in Jake Daubert, who is liable to displace Tim Jordan, Daubert, according to C. W. Somers, of Cleveland, will develop into another Hal Chase. He is a wonderfully fast fielder and is also a big hitter, if the reports from Hot Springs are not exaggerated.

ALAN STORKE DEAD

Ex-Pirate Dies After Operation in Boston, Mass.

[By Associated Press.]

Boston, Mass., March 18.—Alan M. Storke who played all of the infield positions with the Pittsburg National League team during the seasons of 1908 and 1909, and who was signed by Cincinnati for the coming season, died this morning in the Newton Hospital, after an operation.

MURRAY CAN SUE

At Least Phillies' Owners Have Given Former Manager That Impression.

Philadelphia, March 18.—A polite invitation has been issued by the Philadelphia Manager Wm. J. Murray to bring suit in the Pennsylvania courts for breach of contract, and a claim of $16,000. Murray has received a tip that the confidence of the Quaker magnates is increasing.

PATENTS IN WEARING APPAREL

H. Vineberg & Co., Limited, Control Several Valuable Patents.

Messrs. H. Vineberg & Co., Limited, Montreal, makers of Progress Brand Clothing, have been granted patents, which are of vital importance in the clothing trade. Patent No. 124098 is for the "Progress O" adjustable collar. This coat has a particularly nobby appearance about the collar and shoulder in its different positions for variable temperatures. The novel cut and build make it one of the most useful, as well as one of the nobbiest coats got out in Canada. The invention is the work of their own designer, Mr. George A. Evans, who has won golden laurels for the ingenious creation.

Another patent has been granted the same firm, under No. 124099, for the famous "Duplex" coat, which has had such a marvellous run last fall, while the patent was being applied for.

This coat, having a convertible collar and lapels, is also the invention of the same artist, and is very much in vogue with the younger element.

The sole rights in the above two patents are owned by Messrs. H. Vineberg & Co., Limited, who are determined to guard their rights jealously, in the interest of themselves and their customers, and are prepared to prosecute anyone attempting to make or sell a coat with a colorable imitation of the above patents.

We congratulate the firm and their designer on the success of so useful an acquisition in Canadian clothesdom.

The firm sell their goods to the largest and most independent houses in Canada only, and these firms will no doubt reap the benefit of the exclusive rights of these useful garments.

TRAINERS CHARGE GRAFT TO OWNERS

Horsemen in New York, Coming From Southern Tracks, Tell of High-Hand Methods.

PROMOTERS FIXED RACES

Rules Were Such in the South That Men Say They Were Afraid to Talk.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

New York, March 18.—Methods of Florida race track promoters were discussed by some of the trainers at Gravesend today and several turfmen who have just arrived here with their horses told interesting yarns.

"They are killing the goose that laid the golden egg down there," said one of the horse owners who will race at Aqueduct, "and it will not be long before there is no racing at all in Florida.

"It's all because two or three have hogged the game from every angle. Not satisfied with collecting a big revenue from bookmakers in addition to gate receipts paid by the public, these promoters have wrung money out of jockeys and trainers by fining them heavily for trivial offences and have compelled them to pay exhorbitant rates for eating their meals at track kitchens."

"They've also been in with another part of the game—the betting and they have got the money too.

"It's a cinch to own a race track, control bookmakers, horses and jockeys and to put down the checks in the right spot.

"It's also luck when the starters let an 'educated horse' off running while others are as good as left at the barrier.

No wonder bookmakers and others not in the play are taking the pledge never to go to the land of oranges again.

"Why, the rank and file are all broke and will be lucky to get out of Florida with the price of a meal ticket.

"Such conditions were never known to prevail at Guttenburg, Gloucester, Iron Hill and other sure thing tracks, yet there is nobody but the law-makers and prosecuting authorities in Florida who can put a stop to them."

HOCKEY AT STRATFORD.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Stratford, March 19.—The Artiste Club defeated the Savoy Club in a fast game here last night by 5 to 2.

Artiste—G. Killer, goal; E. Vernor, point; M. McCardle, cover; J. Branston, right; B. Dorland, centre; Pigeon, left; Whyte, right.

Savoy—Rollison, goal; Rehbury, point; Lowe, centre; Marks, right, Pauli, centre; Thompson, left, Wright, rover.

VARSITY II. WON.

[G. N. W. Service.]

Kingston, March 18.—Varsity II. won the Intercollegiate intermediate championship last night. They secured a lead of five goals in the game at Toronto, and tonight held the R. M. C. team to 5 to 6.

FIGHT NOW TAKING ON ACTIVE ASPECT

Everyone Connected With Jeff-Johnson "Go" Is Getting On Job.

JEFF HAS GREAT RETINUE

Early Orders For Seats Are Already Appearing—Both Men Must Start Training by April 1.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

San Francisco, Cal., March 18.—Everybody in any manner connected with the Jeffries-Johnson fight is getting on the job now since the battleground has been selected and within a very short time the fighters will be in training camp; work on the arena at Emeryville track will be in progress; transportation arrangements with the transcontinental roads will have been made and then Promoters Gleason and Rickard will be ready for the serious business of definitely fixing the admission prices and turning out tickets.

Prices From $10 to $100.

That the prices will range from $10 to $100 with every seat reserved has not been finally decided, but they will not be far from the figures named.

Jeffries is now on his hunting trip in the Tehacapi mountains and will be away about two weeks.

Immediately upon his return he will pack up his training duds and repair to Rowardennan, the pretty resort in the mountains back of Santa Cruz.

An Imposing Retinue.

Sam Berger, who has returned from Los Angeles, is enthusiastic over the place selected in which Jeffries is to do his final work. The climate is ideal, the roads are great, the river is nearby, the ocean beach is only 10 miles away and then there are the hills, which the big grizzly loves to climb.

Jeffries plans to start work on or about April 1 and continuing up to the day of the fight.

His retinue of assistants will be the most imposing ever gathered in a training camp.

In addition to Frank Gotch, Farmer Burns, Jim Corbett, Roger Cornell and Bob Armstrong, DeWitt Van Court, the former Olympic club boxing instructor and one of the best conditioners in the business, has been added to the list.

Jeffries will be housed in a six-room cottage. Berger in a three-room cottage and the balance of the men in the hotel at Rowardennan.

Johnson, who, according to present plans, will do his work at Seal Rock house, is expected here the latter part of this month.

The negro is reported to be doing his light work in his gymnasium back of his Chicago home.

He has been behaving himself the past month, evidently having come to a realization of the necessity of cutting out defiance of the laws of nature as well as of the land.

The articles of agreement stipulate that both men must go into active training by April 1, but Johnson will be here a few days before that date.

Ordering Seats.

Orders for reservations of seats are beginning to come in. All are being placed on file and will be filed in the order of their receipt.

In many of the larger cities throughout the country fight parties are being made up and even from "dear old Lunnon" will come a delegation of lords, earls, and common people. Paris, also, will send a delegation.

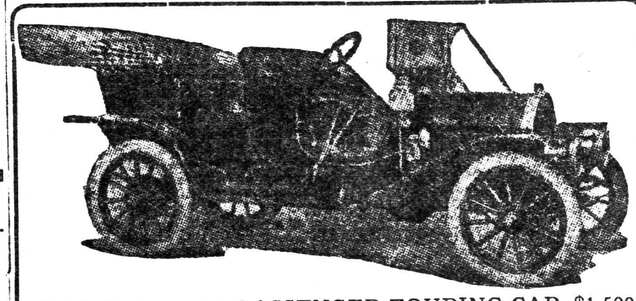
WILLIAM GLOVER DEAD

A Former Resident of Goderich Dies at Detroit.

[G. N. W. Dispatch.]

Detroit, Mich., March 19.—William H. Glover, a former resident of Goderich, who for some years had made his home in this city, is dead. He was 80 years old, and death resulted from the infirmities of age. Besides his widow, Mr. Glover is survived by seven children. Interment will be in Detroit.

Mlle. Boucheraud, a fascinating Parisian actress, once had a perfect Grecian nose. Now it is slightly concave in its lower part, and she is claiming in the law courts $5,000 from M. Lang, who was the direct cause of the alteration. M. Lang considered that Mlle Boucherand did not reserve her fascinations for himself, and in the course of a lovers' quarrel struck her heavily on the face.



E. M. F. 30 H. P. 5-PASSENGER TOURING CAR, $1,500

J. PIERPONT MORGAN BUYS E. M. F.

By the purchase of the E. M. F. plants, the largest Automobile concern in the world, America's great financier recently justified our contention that the E. M. F. is a high-grade car at a moderate price, has shown by severest tests that it will stand up under all conditions, and is the most popular machine on the market today.

If he considers it a good investment, why not you?

Call at our garage and look it over, compare it with any car of the same specifications and see if you can duplicate it at an advance of from $400 to $700 even at "cut rates." Call up 423 and we will send our demonstrating car around.

We advise placing orders as soon as possible to insure early delivery

The Flanders Suburban and Runabout will arrive in a few days, and from the flood of inquiries from all parts of the country our contracted number won't last long Detroit factory has orders for over 22,000 of them.

HUESTON'S GARAGE

PHONE 423. 481 RICHMOND STREET.

REV. F. E. MALOTT IS GOING TO EUROPE

Pastor of Colborne Street Methodist Church to Take Post-Graduate Course.

Rev. F. E. Malott, of the Colborne Street Methodist Church, will leave this city sometime about April 20 to take a short post-graduate course in Berlin University, where he will study under Prof. Adolf Harnack, the great historian, and Prof. Deissmann, one of the foremost authorities on New Testament studies.

Mr. Malott contemplates being away about four and a half months, the greater part of which time will be spent in study. Before returning, however, he contemplates joining a party who are to visit the Holy Land. This party will be under the direction of Mr. Harlan P. Beech, professor of missionary study at Harvard University. Mr. Von Ogden Vogt, general secretary of the World's Christian Endeavor, will also be a member of the party.

Mr. Malott expects to resume the duties of his church about Sept. 1. During his absence it is expected that his pulpit will be supplied by a former assistant pastor of the Elm Street Methodist Church, Toronto.

SOME BREAD PRICES OF OTHER PLACES

The Real Estaters Are Securing Prices at Which Staff of Life Is Sold.

The Real Estate Owners are still busy obtaining information regarding the bread question, and during the last few days have obtained figures showing that bread is being sold at the following rates in places throughout this district:

London, 4 cents a pound; New Hamburg, a four-pound loaf for 10 cents, equivalent to a two-pound loaf for 5 cents; Strathroy, a 22-ounce loaf for 5 cents, and 20 tickets for $1; Park hill, 21 one pound and a quarter loaves for 1; Mount Brydges, 21 pound and a half loaves for $1; Seaforth, 20 loaves varying from a pound and a quarter to a pound and a half, for $1; Lucan, 5 cents for loaves of one pound and one and a quarter pounds; Hensall, 21 pound and a quarter loaves for $1; Granton, 22 pound and a quarter loaves for $1.

A number of other places are yet to be heard from. A member of the association says: "We are going ahead and are getting all kinds of information about the bread business, and if local bakers raise the price to 6 cents a loaf for a pound and a half, bread, we will lay the facts before Hon. Mackenzie King, and will take steps to get a municipal bakery started."

DOCTORS WORKED UP OVER NEW REGULATION

Member of the Trust Makes Comparison of Poor Cases in London.

The proposed new regulation of the hospital trust regarding patients at Victoria Hospital having a staff doctor instead of their own physician, continues to create widespread discussion among medical men and citizens. It is generally held that the move of the trust is in the best interests of the hospital, and the older medical men, practically without exception, favor the change.

The Situation.

"The case really amounts to this," one of the members of the trust stated to The Advertiser. "If a charity patient demands charity, should he demand what he shall be given?

"Take a similar case in the office of the relief inspector. Should an applicant for relief have the right to go down to Inspector McCallum and demand what things he shall be given? It is exactly the same with the hospital trust. The matter of providing relief is left to the inspector and he gives what he thinks fit. The trust propose to give what they think is right, and there is absolutely no question about it that the poor man will receive the very best medical attendance that is to be had in the city."

Contagious Troubles.

It was stated to The Advertiser that had there been staff doctors at the hospital the recent trouble in the contagious wards would never have resulted. It is said also that inexperienced doctors made a number of mistakes in diagnosing cases, and placed scarlet fever patients among a lot of children who had measles.

The result was that a whole ward had to be closed and fumigated at a very large expense to the city. To make matters worse, diphtheria broke out in both wards, and it is stated that at the present time there is one patient in the wards who is suffering from scarlet fever, diphtheria and the measles.

This, it is pointed out, could never have occurred had staff doctors had the diagnosing of the cases.

As matters are now, any doctor, experienced or inexperienced, can send in a patient, and he has the "say" as to where the patient shall be placed.

It is to obviate such conditions as these, and also provide the very best attendance, that the trust is making the new regulation.

SEVEN ORPHANS SENT TO IRELAND

[G. N. W. Dispatch.]

Montreal, March 19.—The seven children of James McGovern, who was shot and killed by Alphonse Martel in a dispute over room rent in the McGovern house on William street, a few days ago, left last night for St. John, N. B., where they will board a steamer for Ireland. The children, three boys and four girls, range in age from 5 to 14 years.

McGovern was employed as a watchman by the Canada Sugar Refining Company, and the company arranged for the sending of the children to their grandfather in Ireland.

Mrs. McGovern died three years ago. Martel, who was responsible for McGovern's death, has been adjudged insane, and committed to the Longue Point Asylum. The children have no relatives in Canada.

New Books at Library

Philosophy.

McComb—Power of Self-Suggestion. King—The Ethics of Jesus. Brown—Young Men's Affairs.

Religion.

MacAllister—Religion and the Modern World. Bacon—Galatians (commentary). Foster—The Boy and the Church. Overton and Relton—History of the English Church, Vol. VII. Griswold—Sixty Years With Plymouth Church. Old—The Simple Way.

Sociology.

Beard—Readings in American Government and Politics. Blow—Educational Issues in the Kindergarten Guest—Mabinogion.

Natural Science.

Beacroft—Who's Who Among the Flowers. Lea—The Wonders of Animal Ingenuity. Roberts—Kings in Exile.

Useful Arts.

Hodgeson—Light and Heavy Timber Framing Made Easy.

Fine Arts.

Davidson—Gardens Past and Present. Finck—Success in Music and How It Is Won. Parry—John Sebastian Bach. Krehbiel—A Book of Operas.

Literature.

Allison—Amber Army (Canadian verse). Townley, Opinions of Mary. Andrews—Perfect Tribute. Legallienne—New Poems. Bullen—Thomas Campion.

Travel.

Riis—The Old Town. Paterson—In the Grip of the Nyika. Granger—Woodsmen of the West. Johnson—Picturesque Hudson.

History.

Ferrero—Characters and Events in Roman History. Fowler—The City State of the Greeks and Romans.

Biography.

Saunders—The Premiers of Nova Scotia. Dubois—John Brown. Arctander—The Apostle of Alaska. Wilbur—Life of Mary Baker Eddy. Duncan—Higgins, a Man's Christian. Chesterton—George Bernard Shaw. Willson—Life and Letters of James Wolfe.

Fiction.

Barnes—A Little Lady at the Fall of Quebec. Blackwood—Education of Uncle Paul. Dawson—Masterman and Son. Henry—Options. Jacob—Sailor's Knot. Knowler—Attic Guest (four copies). LeFuvre—Country Corner. Maxwell—Seymour Charlton. Pemberton—Fortunate Prisoner (two copies). Rives—Kingdom of Slender Swords. Smith—The Lady of Big Shanty. Twain—Extracts From Capt. Stromfield's Visit to Heaven. Tracy—A Son of the Immortals. Tracy—The Stowaway. Taylor—A Daughter of the Manse.

Children's Department.

Baden-Powell—Scouting for Boys. Burnett—Barty Crusoe and His Man Saturday.

Juvenile Literature.

Harker—A Romance of the Nursery.

MIDDLESEX BAR DINES ON APRIL 6

At a Meeting Last Night it Was Decided to Make Banquet an Annual Affair.

At a largely attended meeting of the legal fraternity of this district, held in the court house last night, it was unanimously decided to hold a Middlesex bar dinner on April 6.

It was also agreed to make the affair an annual one, and this decision was greeted with enthusiasm. All the members present gave the project their warmest support, and it is expected that the proposal will meet with general encouragement from all the lawyers of the vicinity.

The speakers at the banquet will all be members of the Middesex bar. Mr. Richard Bayly, K. C., presided at last night's meeting.

LEGISLATURE PROROGUED

(Continued From Page One.)

tional safeguard to public health in this important respect.

Assessment Laws.

"The recommendations of the assessment commission have been embodied in a measure which brings into force various suggestions that have been before the public for some time past regarding the assessment laws. An evidence of the increased usefulness of the railway and municipal board is found in the enlarged powers that have been conferred upon it with reference to the operation of street railways and the supervision of the conditions under which telephone companies created by the provincial authority may carry on their business.

"Further legislation to facilitate the work of the hydro-electric commission has been enacted in order to give reasonable protection to life and property.

"In view of rapid development in Northern Ontario power has been given to the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway commission, providing for the construction of a branch extension of that railway, should the same, on further experience and investigation, be considered necessary in the public interest.

Liquor Licenses.

"I am glad to notice that the liquor license law has been amended by providing that hereafter no intoxicating liquor shall be sold in this province on Christmas Day, thus promoting the sanctity and sobriety of this great festival.

"By virtue of the act respecting town sites, the principle has been adopted that whenever land hereafter sold by the crown is set aside for town sites one-quarter of it shall revert to the crown.

"Among the bills that have been adopted are measures respecting the executive council; respecting Government House property; respecting juvenile courts, and to amend the succession duties' act.

"I desire to congratulate you upon the continuous increase in the financial resources of the province which enables my ministers to improve the public service and to undertake various projects for the development of the province.

"I have to thank you for the adequate appropriations you have made for the public administration, which will be expended with a due regard to efficiency and economy.

"In dismissing you from your duties, I desire to express my thanks for the services you have rendered to the public, and to unite with you in the hope that the blessing of Almighty God will continue to rest upon our country and our people."

MONTAGUE TAKES BLAME

Defence of Minister Rogers To Those Land Deal Charges.

Winnipeg, March 18.—In the dying hours of the session Hon. Robert Rogers made explanations of his connection with the Montague land companies in which the Foresters' funds were used to effect speculative purchases. Earlier in the session, when the matter was first brought up, Mr. Rogers denied that he had any dealings whatever in the land in any way, shape or form. Later, however, when it was pointed out that he had actually attended a meeting for organization, and had been elected vice-president of one of the companies, he remained silent upon the question until yesterday. In his explanations Mr. Rogers rested his case principally on the letter of Dr. Montague. He stated that he and Mr. Roblin had declined to become interested in the companies, and that while Dr. Montague and his associates had purchased provincial lands, they had paid the full market price. No special concessions had been allowed, and everything had been strictly open and above board, so much so that he declared anyone was at liberty to investigate his private as well as his public affairs if the charges were believed.

LARGER HYDRANTS FOR DOWNTOWN DISTRICT

Water Commissioners Have the Scheme Under Advisement Now.

There is a move on foot to have the city hydrants in the down-town districts replaced by hydrants considerably larger, in order that there may be more water obtainable for the fire engine in case of fires. It is said that there is plenty of water as far as the mains are concerned, but that the hydrants are too small to let it through fast enough. In Toronto and other places, it is stated, the hydrants will throw six streams, while here they are only built to handle two. The matter has been reported to some of the members of the water commission and they are looking into it.

PRESIDENT TAFT

Continued From Page One.

tariff law would be acceptable to the Canadian Government.

Canada's views on the whole questions, as explained to the tariff delegates from Washington here two weeks ago, are thoroughly understood by President Taft. The present proposal to meet half way between Washington and Ottawa is taken to mean that some practical and mutually satisfactory compromise can be reached. The common sense and the business interests of both countries are averse to a tariff war. Both influences working through the medium of a frank and friendly conference of the two statesmen should result in reaching a conclusion equally desired by both sides.

Better Relations.

As to the details of President Taft's proposals as a way out nothing is available here. It would not be surprising, however, if some minor concessions which would not affect Canadian industries at all, but which would rather tend to help the Canadian consumer and which would not practically affect the principle for which Canada is contending, will form the basis of negotiations at Albany. This, coupled with the probability of a general revision of the tariff relations between the two countries in which Canada can hope for freer access for her natural products to the American market than now obtains, would probably satisfy all parties.

Mr. Fielding will leave for Albany early tomorrow. It is understood that at the conference the larger question of better trade relations with Canada will be broached by President Taft. Canada has for many years been seeking freer markets in the States for her agricultural products, which are now practically shut out by a prohibitive tariff wall. The movement in the States for a revision of the tariff downwards in the interests of the general consumer, to counteract the present high cost of living, makes the time opportune for such negotiations. Both countries stand to lose by a tariff war. Both countries will gain by a lowering of unnecessary and unprofitable trade barriers to the exchange of commodities which each need.

[Associated Press.]

Albany, N. Y., March 19.—News that President Taft had asked three prominent officers of the Canadian Government to meet him here today to discuss tariff troubles between Canada and the United States caused a hasty rearrangement of plans by entertainment committees, and much scurrying back and forth this morning before the city's distinguished guests arrived. If the Canadians reach Albany in time for tonight's dinner of the University Club, places will be made for them and they will be asked to attend the informal luncheon that Governor Hughes will give for the President and the Governor-General of Canada tomorrow.

Earl Grey's Welcome.

To welcome the chiefs of two countries the city broke out today into the bunting and mingled the colors of Great Britain with the Stars and Stripes. The streets over which the President was to pass on his way from the railway station to Governor Hughes' residence were lined with spectators some time before the arrival, and the crowd remained in place on part of the route to see the Governor-General of Canada drive from the station to the hotel Ten Eyck, when he came two hours later.

President Taft's arrival was expected at 2:30 p. m. Earl Grey, the President and the Governor will all speak tonight at the University Club dinner and the Canadian party will not meet the President and Governor Hughes until they greet each other there.

Pictures of Africa.

Peter† McQueen, of Boston, who is to give the series of pictures of wildest Africa, in the Auditorium next Friday and Saturday, has had a remarkable career as a traveller and explorer over the route which Treodore Roosevelt has just taken. The moving pictures of the Zambesi River, the incidents of adventure in this wild region, is of intense interest and of a splendid educational value.

EAST LONDON

IT WAS MR. WILLIAMSON WHO SAVED THIS MAN

Explanation in Regard to Intoxicated Person Who Was Sleeping On the Rails.

Mr. Arthur L. Williamson, of No. 191 Hamilton road, writes The Advertiser that it was he who saved Arthur Strauss from being run over at the Maitland street crossing of the Pere Marquette, about 3 o'clock on Thursday morning.

Strauss was very much under the influence of liquor and went to sleep lying directly across the tracks. Had he not been noticed by Mr. Williamson he would certainly have been run over by a string of cars which was being backed down by Pere Marquette yard engine No. 3. After removing Strauss, Mr. Williamson notified the police, and the man was taken to the police station, where he spent the night.

C. M. B. A. GAVE CHAIR TO RETIRING SECRETARY

Mr. Martin O'Meara, of 350 Lyle Street, Was Kindly Remembered Last Night.

Mr. Martin O'Meara, 350 Lyle street, financial secretary of a C. M. B. A. lodge in this city for almost twenty years, was presented with a handsome leather Morris chair on Thursday by the members of the order.

A committee, consisting of Messrs. Harry Ranahan, J. S. McDougall, W. P. Regan, Thomas Gould, J. McGraw, and M. O'Meara, met at Mr. O'Meara's house to make the presentation. Mr. McDougall read the address, and Mr. Ranahan made the presentation.

Great regret was expressed that Mr. O'Meara was forced to resign his position as secretary owing to ill-health, but they wished him a speedy recovery, and a long and happy life.

Mr. O'Meara made a suitable reply, in which he thanked the members of the C. M. B. A. for their unfailing kindness to him during his long tenure of office, and for the handsome gift made him.

SUMMER INSTRUCTION

Special Course Arranged for by the Military Authorities.

The department of education has made arrangements with the military authorities for a course of summer instruction at Stanley Barracks, Toronto, and Wolseley Barracks, London, so that teachers who desire to be instructors of cadet corps may have an opportunity to qualify themselves by taking the instruction, and passing the examination at the end of the course, and getting a certificate from the militia department.

Those desiring to attend should make application to the deputy minister of education, Toronto, at least fifteen days in advance of the commencement of the course, which will be on July 13.

CHESLEY AVENUE MOTHERS' CLUB

Dr. Reynolds Delivered an Address on Care of the Teeth.

The regular monthly meeting of the Mothers' Club of Chesley avenue school was held in the kindergarten Thursday evening, March 17, at 8 o'clock. The president, Mrs. Lutt, was in the chair. Dr. S. P. Reynolds addressed the meeting on "The Care of the Teeth," a subject which should be of especial interest to the mothers, pointing out the direct cause of decay, also the condition to keep the mouth that it may become immune. Educate the child to properly chew its food, also the constant use of the brush. After the address discussions followed. An instrumental solo given by Miss Valma Secord, and a solo by Mr. Meyer entitled "The Plains of Peace," were much appreciated. The president extended thanks on behalf of the club.

APPOINTED MANAGER.

Mr. Hugh Galbraith, of this city, has been appointed manager of the Lyceum Opera House, Strathroy, which will open April 2, as a vaudeville and moving picture theatre, by Mr. W. Wilcox, who also conducts theatres on the same principle in Woodstock and Oshawa.

INGERSOLL'S TRIBUTE.

Ingersoll Tribune: The concert given by the Centennial choir, of London, in the St. Paul's Church on Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the Young People's Society of the church, was one of the musical treats of the season. This was the choir's first appearance in Ingersoll, and it is safe to say that if they should decide to favor Ingersoll with another visit they can rest assured of a full house. The choir, under the able direction of their conductor, Mr. Bert Weir, showed careful training, and the manner in wihch they rendered the opening chorus, "Up and Away," was a delight to all present. Mr. W. Nixon, with his tenor, caught the audience, and he responded with two encores. A ladies' quartette—Miss E. Watts, B. Hagerman, T. Carrie and R. Allen—gave two numbers in delightful fashion, and the readings by Mr. R. Hannah received many rounds of hearty applause. The choir, at the conclusion of the entertainment, was entertained by the Woung People's Society in the basement of the church to a dainty lunch.

APPEAL DISMISSED

Employee Wins Case Against McClary Manufacturing Company.

In divisional court, before the chancellor, Magee, J., Latchford, J., Giles vs. McClary, an appeal by defendants from the judgment of Britton, J., of the 11th of January, 1910. Argument of appeal resumed from yesterday and concluded. Appeal dismissed with costs.

Before Justice Meredith, in London and Western Trusts Company vs. London and Southwestern Traction Company, motion by plaintiffs for leave to bring an action. Order made referring it to master at London to inquire and report as to claim. Further directions and costs reserved.

Personal Mention

The family of the late Mr. Joseph McLeod desire to thank their many friends for their kindness at the time of the bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Stockwell left yesterday for Montreal. Mr. Stockwell will undergo treatment in one of the hospitals.

Miss Mabel Sinclair, of Belmont, came here on Wednesday to train for a nurse at St. Joseph's Hospital.

Mr. David Wilson, of Broughdale, has returned home from the funeral of his daughter-in-law, the wife of Dr. E. T. Wilson, of O'Neil, Nebraska. The remains of the late Mrs. Wilson, who died in a hospital in Omaha from abscess of the brain, were brought to Owosso, Mich., accompanied by her husband and son, interment being made in Owosso Cemetery on Tuesday.

The following railwaymen were callers at local railway offices yesterday: W. E. Duperow, Toronto; F. A. Franckwell, of Toronto, agent of the Great Northern; A. E. Hodgins, of Toronto, agent of the Canadian Northern, and Mr. H. S. Leach, of the Canadian Freight Association.

Mr. Alex Harper, accountant in the civil service department of Chicago, and formerly of this city, is spending a holiday at West Baden, Hot Springs.

Mrs. Frank E. Karn, 355 Piccadilly street, will not receive again until the fourth Wednesday in April.

NO PEACE IN SIGHT IN QUAKER CITY FIGHT

But Better Feeling Prevails on Both Sides and Situation May Improve.

Philadelphia, March 19.—After a week of peace talk and innumerable conferences between union leaders and peacemakers, the striking motormen and conductors and the officials of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company are still apparently far apart. There is, however, a better feeling on both sides, and this, coupled with a desire to bring the strike to an early end, may lead at any time to the opening of negotiations.

All peace conferences held have been between representatives of the strikers and persons intrested in aiding the trouble.

The Rapid Transit Company has not been directly represented in any of the meetings, but has been kept informed of the progress of events. The informal peace meetings will continue until common ground can be found upon which to bring both sides face to face.

Back to Work.

This is the 29th day of the street car strike and the fifteenth of the general walkout. There have been few desertions from the ranks of the trolley men, but there is a slow movement toward a return to work on the part of the general strikers. The return is not general, but each day finds a few more men returning, so that today there is not near the great number of men idle as there were during the first few days of the sympathetic strike.

President Greenawalt of the State Federation of Labor is still determined to put the state-wide strike into effect on Monday. He said today that he hopes this will not be necessary, but at present he sees no way in which to delay the instructions of the recent state convention of the confederation. The dynamiting of three cars in different parts of the city last night are the first serious attacks of violence reported in nearly a week, and the police are making a rigid investigation of the affair.

Following the attempts to blow up the cars, it has been learned that 100 sticks of dynamite were stolen from a quarry on the outskirts of the city on Thursday night. The police have been instructed to watch all persons who carry packages of suspicious appearances.

CLEVELAND TO PORT PORT TO CLEVELAND

A New Line Will Be Operated Across Lake Erie This Season.

The Canada Gazette has announced the incorporation of the Ontario and Ohio Navigation Company, Limited, with a capital stock of $150,000, with head offices in this city, to operate a line of steamers between Port Stanley and Cleveland.

The provisional directors are Dr. Angus McKay, of Ingersoll; Philip Pocock, London; F. G. Rumball, London, and S. W. Mower, London.

"We have obtained letters of incorporation," said Mr. Philip Pocock to The Advertiser. "We have been working on the question for some time, and now have the matter settled. It is our intention to run a line of boats from Cleveland to Port Stanley, and also from Rondeau to the Port and Cleveland. We have purchased a boat, and it is the best that has ever been placed on this run.

"We have no connection with the Traction Company. It is entirely a Canadian company. We have not perfected all the details, nor do we know exactly when we will commence operations, but it will likely be as soon as navigation opens rightly in the spring. We have no doubt of the success of the scheme, whatever."

The Directors.

An Ottawa dispatch says: The Canada Gazette contains notice of incorporation of the Ontario and Ohio Navigation Company, Limited, with a capital stock of $150,000, and head office in London, Ont. The company will operate a steamship service on Lake Erie, between Port Stanley and Rondeau, and between Port Stanley and Cleveland. The provisional directors are: Angus McKay, Ingersoll; Philip Pocock, F. G. Rumball and S. W. Mower, all of London.

C. W. HAWKSHAW, LUCAN, IS BIDDULPH P. M.

[G. N. W. Dispatch.]

Toronto, March 19.—Today's issue of the Ontario Gazette announces that Mr. C. W. Hawkshaw, Lucan, is appointed police magistrate of that village and the township of Biddulph.

The following, among other incorporations, are announced:

John Mann Brick Company, Brantford, $75,000.

Manufacturers' Natural Gas Company, Hamilton, $1,000,000.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES NEURALGIA.

SPRING MILLINERY

We have a splendid showing of smart tailored hats for early wear. Every customer can be suited with a becoming hat.

252 Dundas Street SMITH'S

Dry Cleaning

To clean by this process requires an expert cleaner and experience. We have both, as well as the most up-to-date Dry Cleaning Plant in Canada. The volume of our business should convince you that we excel. Your spring suit or costume cleaned by us will give the utmost satisfaction.

LANGLEY'S DRY CLEANING WORKS

253 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1721

ANOTHER HARD KNOCK AT CONMEE'S BILL

Hon. Mr. Sifton Says Conservation Commission Is Unanimously Opposed to It.

Ottawa, March 18.—Conmee's bill respecting the International Waterways Canal and Construction Company, was considered by the sub-committee appointed for that purpose today. The matter of chief interest was the appearance before the committee of Hon. Clifford Sifton on behalf of the conservation commission. He said the conservation commission was opposed to the bill, and was also opposed to giving a franchise to any private company to build a canal or waterways.

This bill would be of no benefit to the public. The promoters did not want to build a canal. Under the cloak of building a canal the application was really for some ulterior purpose. If the company got this franchise they would obstruct the development of all waterways along the route.

The bill seemed to the commission to be calculated to promote speculation in water powers. There was no demand for a canal, and the principle of surrendering control of international waterways was a vicious one. It would be midsummer madness to give a blanket charter to this company.

DAY AND NIGHT FIGHT IN U. S. CONGRESS

Drawn Battle Between Republican Regulars, Insurgents and Democrats.

Washington, March 18.—At twelve minutes before 5 o'clock tonight, the House of Representatives adjourned until noon tomorrow after the greatest parliamentary struggle in its history. The result is a drawn battle. When the final roll call came, 164 Republicans voted to postpone further action on the Norris amendment until tomorrow and 159 Democrats and insurgent Republicans voted to continue.

With the regular Republicans voted 14 of the insurgent following of Norris, of Nebraska, who sided with the majority for a postponement. The result, they said, conveyed no significance, and meant anything else than that they had deserted the insurgent cause.

The insurgents confidently assert that when the final vote is taken on the Norris resolution their total vote will be 33, which, combined with the full Democratic vote, would be more than a safe majority of the House. The Democratic leaders, so far, have held their forces strictly in hand and on every vote polled their full strength.

The lull in the long battle came with apparent welcome to both sides, although there was not a cheer of victory from either. The hands of the big clock above the speaker's desk pointed to the hour of 4:48 when the Speaker put the motion to adjourn and a general chorus of ayes came from the Republican side. The Democrats made no protest and there were no answers to the calls for the nays.

NEW NAME FOR MURDER

Mob Lynches Two Negroes and Coroner Calls It Suicide.

Memphis, Tenn., March 19. — Bob Austin and Charlie Richardson, negroes, were lynched at Marion, Ark., yesterday morning in front of the Crittenden County court house at 3 o'clock for having participated in a jail delivery, in which 13 prisoners made their escape.

The mob began to gather around the county jail at midnight. Judge Chas. Smith leaded with them to let the law take its course, without avail. Austin had been meantime spirited away to a deputy sheriff's house, and when the mob forced the jail they only secured Richardson. Subsequently some of the mob went to the deputy's house and got Austin.

Richardson was brought to the court house yard and confessed that Bessie Jones had slipped the saws whereby the men cut their way out of jail through the window. Eight of the mob went to the Jones woman's house, tied her hands and brought her to the court house yard. Here the mob endeavored to force a confession from the three prisoners by laying them over a barrel and beating them with a heavy leather strap.

Screams of the prisoners could be heard for a mile. They beat their bodies until great ridges of flesh stood up and burst, with their blood oozing from a half-dozen gashes.

"Oh, God," said Mrs. Jones, "I gave the saws to the prisoners and helped to saw them out."

The half-dead woman was dragged to the jail and ropes were placed around the necks of the two men. In another minute they were swung to a limb of a sycamore tree directly opposite the judge's private office. The bodies were left hanging until long after daylight.

The coroner held an inquest and declared the men came to their death by suicide.

SHACKLETON TO MAKE ANOTHER DASH SOUTH

Will Again Try for Antarctic Honors If Other Expeditions Fail.

London, March 19—Lieut. Sir Ernest Shackleton, who holds the record of "farthest south," and who is sailing for America today, has plans well advanced for another Antarctic expedition in 1911. The British explorer professes that his main objects are scientific investigations and geographic studies, but the character of the preliminary arrangements show that unless the American and the Scott expeditions reach the South Pole, Lieut. Shackleton will make another dash for that goal.

He proposes to use two ships at Cape Adair and Adelia Land as his basis of supplies.

CORRESPONDENCE

One-Sided.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Could you inform me what is the reason why the east side of Talbot street is being literally plastered with telegraph poles, while none have been put on the west side of the street (except the old ones there already)? Now, as I am a resident of Talbot street, I think it is but fair to have an explanation. I have leased my house for a number of years at a high rent, and I do not like having nothing but telegraph poles to look at from my front window. I am sure if some of the aldermen of this ward would take a walk up Talbot street, and take a look at this unsightly row of poles, they would agree with me in wanting to know the reason why one of the most aristocratic parts of the city is being so disfigured. Could you inform me if the taxpayers could compel the company to distribute some of these poles to the other side of the street and even things up somewhat? As it is, it is a shame and disgrace to have this beautiful street left in such a condition.

A TALBOT STREET RESIDENT.

London, March 17, 1910.

FIRE AT BURGESSVILLE.

Burgessville, March 19.—The general store owned by W. Kirkpatrick was burned to the ground about 4 a.m. today. The contents and store, valued at about $6,000, were a total loss. Insurance $3,000. Origin of fire unknown. Surrounding buildings were saved by a constant supply of water being thrown on by a bucket brigade.

KILLED BY FLYING STICK.

Listowel, March 18—Wm. Sewell was struck in the chest by a flying piece of lumber while in charge of a ripsaw here today, and died shortly after. The deceased was in his 54th year, and, although only a resident of this town for a year or two, before which time he lived in Markdale, was quite well-known and generally respected.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days, or money refunded. 50c. yt

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

Every Advertiser Reader Should Try



MAGNIFICENT PIANO

—AND—

$100.00 IN CASH

GIVEN AWAY

Absolutely Free

FOR CORRECT ANSWERS IN THIS PUZZLE CONTEST

This is the greatest Contest and the grandest Prizes ever offered to the Public. It does not cost you one cent to enter this contest. Act to-day.

1ST PRIZE—Magnificent Piano and Piano Stool.

Words would fail to describe the beauty and style of this handsome piano. The case is solid rosewood, beautifully polished. The legs are magnificently hand carved, giving an extremely rich appearance. Its superb quality of tone and magnificent style and appearance make it a piano fit for the greatest artists or the finest homes in the land. A beautiful carved stool to match goes with it. It will be packed and cased free of charge and shipped complete as first prize to the person sending in the neatest, best written and nearest correct answer to the Puzzle. This handsome piano is on view any business day.

2ND PRIZE—$25.00 in Cash = $25.00 | **5 PRIZES of $5.00 each in Cash = $25.00**

3RD PRIZE—$15.00 in Cash = $15.00 | **25 PRIZES of $1.00 each in Cash = $25.00**

4TH PRIZE—$10.00 in Cash = $10.00 | **Total in Cash Prizes, $100.00**

Below you will find 3 sets of jumbled letters. The first when properly placed spells the name of a well known Canadian city. The second spells the name of something we all do. The third spells the name of something we all wear.

ORTONOT — A well known Canadian City.

ELEPS —Somethin, we all do every night.

SOTOB —Something we all wear every day.

In order to help you we have underlined the first letter in each name. It is not easy to solve but with a little patience and care it can be done. For the best written, neatest and nearest correct answer we will give ABSOLUTELY FREE the first prize of the handsome piano, exactly as described above. **$100 in cash** will be divided as in the above prize list among the next 32 best solutions, and in addition we are going to give away free hundreds of handsome and costly premiums. We are spending thousands of dollars to advertise our business and build a national reputation as the most progressive firm in Canada, and when we say we will give away these magnificent prizes we will do so. The beautiful piano and the $100.00 in cash will positively be given to the persons entitled to them. Not one dollar or any premium goes to any employee or friend of this firm.

CONDITIONS.—Write your answer neatly and plainly on a sheet of paper and send it to us. Remember that your neatness and handwriting count in this contest as well as a correct solution of the puzzle.

Children under 12 years of age will not be permitted to enter. No employee of ours, or relation of employee is allowed to contest.

There is a simple condition that must be complied with which we will write you about as soon as we receive your answer.

The judging will be in the hands of three gentlemen of undoubted integrity, having no connection with the firm. Their decision is to be accepted as final—you can rely on an absolutely fair judgment being given.

Send your answer at once, and as soon as we receive it we will write you telling you if it is correct and informing you of the simple condition mentioned above. Address,

NEW LIFE REMEDY CO., Dept. 176, TORONTO, ONT.

LUMSDEN WISHES HE HAD QUIT SOONER

But Again Says He Does Not Consider the Engineers Were Dishonest.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 18.—"I regret now that I did not resign sooner," was the statement made by Mr. Lumsden this morning to the special committee, which is investigating the charges contained in his resignation. He made the statement when giving evidence regarding the investigation in 1907 by the national transcontinental commission into the dispute between himself as chief engineer and some of the district and resident engineers of Quebec as classification. He had stated under examination by Mr. Smith, K.C., that he could not tell how often he had visited the work. Mr. Smith intimated that if Mr. Lumsden had been on the work oftener this trouble would not have occurred.

Mr. Lumsden said he had been on the work as often as he thought necessary.

His difference with his engineers was not that he thought them dishonest, but that he could not agree to their interpretation of the specifications and instructions.

If he had to rewrite his resignation again he would not say that he had lost confidence in his engineers, but that he had differed from them.

"If you had done that in the first place you would have spared the reputations of some very worthy men," said Mr. Smith.

In November, 1907, the commission had written the Government practically upholding the engineers' view against his, and he should have resigned then.

The difference between him and his engineers were that they had classified hard cemented material as solid rock. And he did not think that it should have been so classified. Mr. Lumsden said that he did not have power to dismiss engineers with whom he differed.

THE FRENCH WANTS A FRENCH JUDGE

Tell the Premier They Are Not Adequately Represented on Bench.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 18.—A delegation from the French-Canadian Congress, which met in Ottawa some time ago, waited upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier this morning and presented the resolutions which were then adopted. Senator Belcourt, president of the congress, headed the deputation, and presented the resolutions to the Prime Minister. They ask for increased French-Canadian representation from Ontario in the senate and on the bench. It was stated to Sir Wilfrid that there are 300,000 French in Ontario, and yet there is not a French-speaking judge on the high court bench of the province. In the senate, Ontario has but one French representative. The deputation declared that there should be another French senator and one French high court judge. Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that he would have the matter carefully looked into.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

For Columbia and Edison machines and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29tf-t

BUSY FIREBUGS

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars Damage by Incendiarism at Huntingdon.

[Associated Press.]

Huntingdon, Pa., March 18.—Incendiarism ran wild in this city early today. At 1:30 o'clock fires were started almost simultaneously in every section of the town. The local fire department was unable to cope with the situation and assistance was secured from Lewiston and Tyrone.

The result of the fires is the total loss of the First Methodist Church, the Central Planing Mill Company's plant, J. S. Betres' planing mill, several private residences and the partial destruction of the First Presbyterian Church. The losses are estimated at $200,000.

Mrs. James Miller, a widow, whose residence was destroyed on Fifth street, died as she was being removed from her invalid bed.

Abe Reed and John Earl, two young men of this place, were arrested, and are being held on suspicion of being implicated in the incendiary fires.

OFFERED TO POWELL

Toronto Anglican Clergymen May Go to Maritime College.

Toronto, March 19.—The presidency of King's College, Windsor, N. S., has now been vacant for rather more than three months, owing to the death early last December of Rev. C. J. Boulden, D.C.L.

The position has been offered to the Rev. T. W. Powell, M.C., canon of St. Alban's Cathedral, rector of St. Clement's Church, and principal of the Anglican College of the same name in Eglinton.

Canon Powell said today that it was perfectly true that the position had been offered him, and its acceptance or rejection was now under his consideration. He would make known his decision to the bishop of the dioecese and his congregation at Easter.

MUST HAVE POORHOUSE.

Toronto, March 18.—Chief Justice Meredith made an order this morning to compel the county council of Wentworth to establish a house of refuge. The order is not to issue for three months, and the county in the meantime is to try to reach some arrangement with Provincial Inspector Dr. Bruce Smith as to the commencement and completion of the work. The nominal complainant in the case was Wm. Boulton, a constable, but the real complainant was the Ontario Government.

FIRE AT FRANKFORD.

Frankford, March 18—Fire broke out this morning in the shop of John Burnett, in part of the Central Ontario Hotel, owned by James Sweetman, and quickly spread to the hotel, but hundreds of willing hands with pails of water had it under control within a few minutes. The damages to the building is covered by insurance. The fire started from the stove pipes. The building was a large frame in connection with frame music hall, stables and sawmill, which could not have been saved had the fire not been controlled at once.

KILLED IN HOSPITAL.

New York, March 18.—Miss Anna Forsell, who has just undergone an operation in the Sencea Hospital in Brooklyn, was crushed to death last night while being carried on an operating cart from the operating room in the basement to the first floor of the building.

An orderly named Taylor and a nurse were wheeling the cart with the half-conscious woman on the elevator to the first floor, when the elevator shot upward and caught the cart and the patient between the car and the ceiling, crushing out the woman's life. Taylor was arrested and held on a technical charge of homicide.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

FREE ESKIMO QUEEN FROM THE NORTH POLE

DRESSED IN REAL BROWN TEDDY BEAR FUR

Squeeze Her Stomach and Hear Her Talk Eskimo



This is a real, woolly brown Eskimo Queen, dressed in beautiful real Teddy bear fur, with pretty Eskimo fur cap, and big warm mittens and overshoes, just like a little Eskimo from the North Pole.

Her arms, her legs and head are jointed onto the body so that she can turn in any direction, sit down, stand on her head, and do all manner of funny stunts, and you should hear her funny little grunt, when you hit her in the stomach. Her face is made of real unbreakable celluloid that you can give a bath to, without hurting her.

Every boy and girl wants a little Eskimo.

All the rage in the big cities and you can get this big handsome one very easily. Just send us your name and address and we will send you only 12 packages of our fast selling delicious perfume in six beautiful odors (Rose, Lilac, Lily of the Valley, Heliotrope, Violet and Carnation), to sell at 10 cents per package. You can sell the perfume very quickly as each person who buys a package is entitled to receive free a beautiful colored picture, 16 x 20 inches, suitable for framing. When you have sold the perfume send us the money, only $1.20, and we will promptly send you the lovely Eskimo doll—just as represented. Write to-day. Address

The Rose Perfume Co. Dept., 219 Toronto, Ont.

CITY HALL MEN ARE VINDICATED

A Report of Investigating Committee Shows No Errors or Omissions.

MAY BE MINOR CHANGES

On the Whole the Staff Is Found To Be Satisfactory—One Alderman Says Report Is Vindication of Old Council.

The report of the investigating committee of the council into the city hall is a complete vindication of the civic officials. Changes in one or two minor matters were recommended. Ald. Richter read the report.

The assessment department was the first visited, and the system adopted there was found to be well adapted to the requirements of the work to be performed. It was pointed out that owing to changes in the assessment act more work was placed on this department, necessitating a considerable increase in the cost. Some changes had been made with a view of reducing this cost, and the committee recommended that temporary assessors, with junior clerks, be employed rather than permanent assessors, thus further reducing the cost of the department without impairing its efficiency.

The City Clerk.

The work in the city clerk's office was well done, and at a reasonable cost to the city. Some changes had been made in the ordering of supplies, and now all heads of departments must certify to the requisitions, and sign the receipt for the goods.

In the city treasurer's office the system of accounting was well suited to the requirements of the department. The records were neatly kept and the vouchers were readily producible when asked for. The only change made was the request for a more detailed cash account.

The committee was well pleased with the work done in the tax collector's office. The remarkably small amount of taxes in arrears was proof of the fact that the interests of the city are being well looked after.

Works Department.

As for the works department, the committee did not feel justified in investigating anything but the system of accounting and office routine, and found that in the main this was satisfactory.

The committee recommended that an inventory of all stock on hand be made, and that a stores account be opened, and checked up from time to time.

City Architect.

At the present time the whole cost of City Architect Nutter's services are paid by the city council, and the committee thought that the other boards should bear a proportion of this cost.

The fire department records were well kept, both as to fire losses and expenditures for the department, and the committee was satisfied with this.

The relief and license department came in for much praise, and the officials were found to be giving excellent service. It was recommended that Inspector McCallum be permitted to attend all cases where insane people were committed to the asylum, or young boys to the industrial school, in order to compile records of the cases for which the city would have to pay.

The health department was found to be economically managed.

City Auditing.

The city auditors, it was found, were particularly fitted by their long training in this sort of work for city auditing, and the city of London was particularly fortunate in having two such men. There was nothing to be recommended so far as they were concerned.

A change will be made in the auditors' report, in that a synoptical statement, intelligible to the lay reader, will be made in the annual report.

Twenty Mill Tax Rate.

The final opinion of the committee was that if the revenue and expenditure of the city could be so adjusted that the tax rate would be kept at 20 mills, it would prove of inestimable value for the city.

"That is a complete vindication of former councils," said Ald. Stevenson.

"It is an answer to the foolish criticisms of certain people," said Mayor Beattie. "The city hall officials are not over paid, nor are they incompetents. Their work is being well done."

Share the Cost.

A short debate took place on the advisability of recommending that the board of education and other bodies pay part of Mr. Nutter's salary. Mayor Beattie pointed out that this had caused trouble in the past, and might in the future.

However, the report stood as presented.

Those on the investigating committee were Ald. Richter, chairman, Ald. Eckert, Ald. Underwood, Ald. Stevenson, Ald. Tancock and Ald. Ashplant.

PRECEPTORY READY FOR GOOD FRIDAY

Arrangements Completed For Richard Couer De Lion Field Day.

Arrangements have been completed for the field day of the Richard Coeur De Lion Preceptory here on Good Friday.

On Thursday evening there will be the statutory banquet, followed by an informal dance.

On Friday morning, the degree work will be commenced, and will be continued throughout the day. A very large class of candidates will be initiated.

The provincial prior, R. E. Sir Knight A. E. McDonald, of Sarnia, will be present for the ceremonials.

The officers in charge of the work are as follows: E. Sir Knight W. A. Wilson, presiding preceptor; E. Sir Knight George E. Winterbottom, constable; E. Sir Knight John Clunis, marshal; E. Sir Knight A. Carrothers, chaplain; E. Sir Knight S. Baker, registrar; E. Sir Knight B. Noble, treasurer; E. Sir Knight A. E. Somerville, sub-marshal; E. Sir Knight A. L. Simmie, captain of Guard; E. Sir Knight C. G. Carlton, Almoner; E. Sir Knight A. B. Barr, first standard-bearer; E. Sir Knight J. W. Metherall, second standard-bearer; E. Sir Knight John C. Love, sword-bearer; E. Sir Knight E. S. Crawford, organist; E. Sir Knight A. D. Holman, guard; E. Sir Knights F. D. Millar and G. Carswell, auditors.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold all over the world.

COTTON-TAIL IS JUST A RABBIT

Momentous Hare Question Has Been Settled—Now for the Tariff War.

The momentous question regarding the exact species of the cotton-tail, which has been keeping London naturalists in a ferment of excitement, has at last been decided. It has been finally decided that a cotton-tail is a rabbit and not a hare at all. Judge Elliott, after considering a mass of evidence regarding the habits of hares and rabbits, handed down his decision at the sitting of the first division court yesterday.

George Pantitch, a smartly-dressed youth, who was charged at Belgrade with constantly pilfering benzine from a chemist's, said he took the spirit a few drops at a time to "perfume" his clothes, so that his sweetheart might believe that he owned a motor car.

Water Bad For Eczema

MANY SUFFER DURING COLD WEATHER—GREAT RESULTS FROM

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Winter is dreaded by people who are subject to such skin affections as eczema and salt rheum, and by others whose skin is easily irritated by cold and dampness.

There is nothing so bad for eczema as water and exposure to cold, piercing winds. And there is nothing so effective in curing eczema as Dr. Chase's Ointment.

This has been proven in many thousands of cases, such as the following:

Mrs. George A. Brewster, Millwood, Man., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment for a skin trouble which used to return again and again and caused me much misery on account of the terrible itching. The Ointment entirely cured this disease, and I have never since been troubled with it."

Mrs. John J. Delory, Linwood, Antigonish County, Nova Scotia, writes: "I want to say that Dr. Chase's Ointment has proven a great blessing to me. I had salt rheum on one hand and could not get it healed up. The itching was most distressing at times. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment has cured me completely, and I gladly recommend it to every sufferer."

In scores of ways Dr. Chase's Ointment is of greatest value in the home. In curing pimples, blackheads, chapped skin, chilblains, frost bites, sores and burns, and every form of itching skin disease.

Sixty cents a box, all dealers; or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Write for free copy of Dr. Chase's Recipes.

CARLING'S GOLD MEDAL ALE, PORTER & LAGER.

NOTED FOR DELICACY OF FLAVOR KEPT BY ALL DEALERS

Camphor Ice **VASELINE**

FOR CHAPPED SKIN AND LIPS, COLD SORES, WINDBURN.

12 Vaseline Remedies in Tubes

Capsicum, Borated, Mentholated, Carbolated, Camphorated, White Oxide of Zinc, etc. Each for special purposes. Write for Free Vaseline Book.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. (Cons'd)

379 Craig St. W., Montreal

DRUNKARDS SAVED SECRETLY

Any Lady May Do It at Home—Costs Nothing to Try.



Every Woman in the World May Save Some Drunkard—Send for Free Trial Package of Golden Remedy Today.

At last, drunk no more, no more! A treatment that is tasteless and odorless, safe, absolutely so; heartily indorsed by temperance workers, can be given secretly by any lady in tea, coffee or food; effective in its silent work—the craving for liquor relieved in thousands of cases without the drinker's knowledge, and against his will. Will you try such a remedy if you can prove its effect, free to you? Then send the coupon below for a free trial package today.

FREE TRIAL COUPON.

Write your name and address on blank lines below and mail coupon today for free trial package of Golden Remedy.

Dr. J. W. Haines Co., 5352 Glenn Building, Cincinnati, O.:

I am certainly willing to use the free trial package of your Golden Remedy which you say can be given secretly and easily at home. It must be indeed a "Golden Remedy." Send it to me quickly.

Name .....

Address .....

.....





They handed him a lemon
Of bright and yellow hue;
It looked something like a suit of clothes
Which I'll describe to you.

The buttonholes were all machined,
Like ready-makers do—
He thought it would be custom-made,
He was disappointed, so would you.

It was not made in London,
But far—far—away;
And any ready-made
Would fit better, so they say.

The goods, they say, came all the way
From somewhere else than Montreal;
There'll be nothing but the buttons left
When summer turns to fall.

So buy your clothes at Andrews',
Don't make yourself a pun;
This experimenting business
Looks like you'll get stung.

We are in business TO STAY. Note what we say, TO STAY. And we can't make a fortune out of you or any other customer on one suit of clothes. What we have to have, in a city like this, is your continued patronage. Hence, when we say custom clothes we mean hand-made buttonholes, EDGES which do not blister or draw up the first foggy day, POCKETS that do not sag, SHOULDERS that do not break or wrinkle, COLLARS that stay up in place, COAT FRONTS that, after you wear them a year, are the same as when they left the store.

Custom Tailored Suits $15.00 to $25.00

Andrews' Toggery

RELIABLE TAILORS.

Direct Woolen Importers. No Middleman's Profit.





How natural it is for every piano manufacturer to claim to make the best instrument—but—our claim for the

Nordheimer Piano

is backed up by a factory that has every modern equipment, and is manned by the most expert workmen. The name "Nordheimer" has stood for what is highest and best in the music trade of Canada for

SEVENTY YEARS

Write for our catalogue illustrating our various styles of pianos and piano-players. We sell on moderate terms of payment. Full particulars on request.

The Nordheimer Piano & Music Co., Ltd.

J. J. Callaghan, London, Manager

188 Dundas Street

ORANGEMEN ELECT.

Ottawa, March 18.—Eastern Ontario Orangemen today elected the following officers for 1910-11: Grand master, James Berny, of Kingston; deputy grand master, Col. John Hughes, of Clarke; junior deputy, grand master, F. W. Forde, of Ottawa; chaplain, Rev. R. H. Steacy, of Ottawa West; grand treasurer, Robert Gordon, of Tweed; grand secretary, F. W. Clark, of Belleville; George Stevens, of Lansdowne; grand director of ceremonies, O. W. London, of Melcombe.

PILES Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of Itching, Bleeding and Protruding Piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c. of all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

ATLANTIC CITY N. J.

Marlborough-Blenheim

APRIL

The Height of Atlantic City's GREAT SPRING SEASON

Is this year free from the "Easter interruption," and will be particularly satisfactory in consequence. Reservations should be secured as long beforehand as possible.

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

WINDSOR—DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN front, the very heart of all amusements and features. American and European plans. Salt water in all baths. Equipped with everything modern. Orchestra. Famous Windsor Cafe and Restaurant. Open all year. S. S. Phoebus, manager. 6un

NEW HOTEL STRAND ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.

Capacity 600. Absolutely Fireproof

Directly on the ocean front.

ALBEMARLE, Virginia Ave., near beach. New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms, private baths, steam heat, elevators, sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, $8, $10, $12.50 up, weekly, $2 up daily, including excellent table; own farm and dairy; white service; music; booklet. J. P. Cope. tyw

RALEIGH St. Charles Place and the Beach — 200 large sunny rooms, ocean view, private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Cuisine under direction of a chef who has made southern cooking famous. Special spring rates, extremely low. H. J. DYNES. 13bc-tyw

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

THE

ST. CHARLES

Most Select Location, Fronting the Beach.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

With an established reputation for its exclusiveness and high-class patronage. Thoroughly modern and completely equipped. Courteous service. Bathrooms with hot and cold, fresh and sea water attachment, showers, etc. Magnificent sun parlor overlooking the boardwalk and Ocean. Always open. Orchestra of soloists. Golf privileges. Illustrated booklet.

NEWLIN HAINES 65tf-ywt

THE GRAND NATIONAL.

Liverpool, March 18.—The Grand National steeplechase race handicap of 3,000 soverigns, for 5-year-old and upwards, grand national course, about four miles and 856 yards, was run here today and won by Jenkinstown. Jerry M. was second, and Odor third. There were twenty-five starters.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM PARLOR and small grocery. Good chance for woman or man and wife. Box 4, Advertiser. 31u

ALMOST A PRESENT—ALL CHESTNUT and other woodwork, including glass in residence. Moore, Henry & Munroe. b

NEW BICYCLE FOR SALE—APPLY 244 Wharncliffe road, West London. 31g

BUFF PLYMOUTH ROCK COCKEREL—Prize stock. Apply 729 Queen's Avenue. 31u

150-EGG INCUBATOR, ALSO BROODER for sale, cheap. Box 2, Advertiser. 31c

PANDORA RANGE, ALSO 1½-STORY house, large lot, easy payments. Apply 997 Colborne street. b

SECOND-HAND SEWING MACHINES—Must go at half price to make room; some at $2, guaranteed. Contractor starts Monday at front to remodel whole store. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 122 Dundas street. 25c-txt

SEED OATS—500 BUSHELS SWEDISH Giant, great white oats, week earlier than Banner; red and alsike clover seed. Lot 9, con. 3, Lobo. R. N. Alway, Komoka. 25c-tyt

FOR SALE—QUANTITY OF PINE, about 15,000 feet, at Geo. Patrick's Saw Mills, Delaware. Cut to order. 25n-t

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED WHITE Wyandotte eggs; setting, 14 for $1; also quantity glass, 11, 14, 8, 10. 692 Adelaide street. 29c-wtw

GOING OUT OF BUSINESS—OUR ENTIRE stock must be cleared out in a few days at bargain prices. Showcases, counters, etc., for sale. Store to rent. J. C. Halliday, 264 Dundas street, near Wellington. Open evenings. 24n-vtywty

SHORTHORN BULL (PEDIGREED), A choice one, 10 months old, dark red color, dam good milking strain. W. J. Kennedy, Ilderton. 29c-wty

FOUR WOOL REMNANTS, SUITABLE for boys' knee pants, $1; two-yard remnants, 50c; choice quilt pieces, 25c a package. Southcott Suit Company, 14 Market Lane. 29u-wt

FOR SALE—SEVEN BOWLING ALLEYS, roll-top desk, 8-foot showcase, electric and gas lights, ceiling fan, pin setters, phone, cabinet, etc. Apply Graham & Martell, 195 King street. 11tf-wty

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE, IN good condition. Apply 497 Ontario street. 30c

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS, INCLUDING piano; party going west. Apply 439 Maitland street. 20c

BAY HORSE, RISING EIGHT, WEIGHT 1,050 pounds; sound; also harness. Apply 190 Dundas street, or 'phone 534. 30n

TEN GOOD SECOND-HAND MACHINES—One wagon gear, one large filing case. Any reasonable offer. Singer Sewing Machine Company, 122 Dundas street. 30c

DISSATISFIED, EH?—TRY A DAINTY piece of Nuttall's Fruit Cake. Your grocer will recommend it.

TWENTY SHARES PAID-UP STOCK, Ontario Loan and Debenture Company; tenders requested. Charles Glass, Carling block. 29c

FOR SALE—MARE, RISING SIX, IN foal, weight 1,050 pounds. Cullis & Fleming, 257 Wellington. 29c

Corn for Sale

Also Pine Tree Timothy Seed, Clover, Cheese, Hay, Straw, etc. TANTON'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 143 York street, city.

PRIVATE SALE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, beginning Monday, March 21. Mrs. Brown, No. 4 East Court, Alexandra Apartments. 29c

MEN'S HATS—VALUES, $1 TO $3; our price, 15c. Red Star News Company, 10 Market Lane.

FIRST-CLASS CEMENT BLOCK BUSINESS; good buildings, gasoline engine, mixer and machinery for making all kinds of blocks. W. Tales, Ballymote. 28n

FIVE-HORSEPOWER STEAM ENGINE for sale. Apply Wm H. Clampitt & Sons, 90½ Richmond street. 28n

LADIES—WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumph Pills; always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. 25u-t

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD WAGONS AND three good sleighs. Apply at 614 Dundas street. 27-1

FOR SALE—STEEL PIPE, FOR FENCE posts and boulevards. London Rag and Metal Company, 728 Simcoe street. Phone 1247.

Turned Cedar Posts

Nice size, straight and sound. Come and have a look at them!

GEO. H. BELTON,
RECTORY ST., NORTH OF G. T. R.

FOR SALE—ONE HEAVY SPRING wagon, one dray, one pneumatic buggy (second-hand), one light open buggy, one light top buggy (new), at Smith's, Maple street.

LATE PATTERN MOTOR CYCLE FOR sale, in new condition; easy terms. Bicycles overhauled at reduced winter prices. Cunningham, East London.

FISH AND OYSTERS, SEAL-SHIPT, all meat. F. S. Onn. Phone 1296.

ENGLISH BICYCLES. DETACHABLE tires, coaster brake, mud guards, roller chain, $35. Gurd's, 185 Dundas street.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT reasonable prices for cash or on installments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 364 Hamilton road.

HEINTZMAN & CO.'S FEBRUARY clearance sale now on—Five pianos at $100, three pianos at $75, four pianos at $50, payable 50 to 75 cents per week. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.

PERRY DAVID
THE OLD UMBRELLA-MENDER.
251 Dundas Street

HIGH-CLASS CUPBOARD, BASEBURNERS and ranges for coal or wood, at 15 Masonic Temple. F. Keene.

FRAMED MIRRORS
PLAIN OR BEVELLED.
HOBBS MFG. CO. LTD.
Ridout Street. 'Phone 2803.

STANDARD House Furnishing Co
Complete House Furnishers.
656 Dundas St. CASH OR CREDIT.

D. TRIPP, 90 KING STREET—RUBBER boots, for Mackinaw socks, same price as last year.

NORWAY SPRUCE AND EVERGREENS, 5c up. Flowering shrubs, shade, fruit, ornamental tree, rose bushes, plants. Charles Baker, nursery, London. Phone 2222.

ARTICLES FOR SALE

COPIES OF THE "COME TO LONDON" song, two-step; cover pages illustrated with London views. On sale at all stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of 25 cents. C. L. G., 142 Grey street. 31c

BARGAINS!—SLIGHTLY USED PIANO, $100; Six Octave Bell Organ, $50; Karn Organ, $25; Columbia Gramophone and fourteen records, $20. Keenleyside's Music Store, 247 Dundas Street. 31c-tyx

SNAP! — INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE School Course, cost $80, sell for $30 cash. Includes complete drafting outfit. Address Box 52, Advertiser. b

FOR SALE—GOOD SINGLE HARNESS, breast collar, cheap. Inquire at Rennie's Grocery, 474 Dundas. b

FOR SALE—EGGS FOR HATCHING from White Wyandottes, Partridge Wyandottes and Barred Rocks, $1.00 a setting. Also two Partridge Cockerels. H. Fitzsimmons, Pottersburg. 31u

REGISTERED JERSEY COW AND two-year-old heifer, good milk and butter stock. T. J. Clatworthy, Ilderton, Ont. 31u-tx

CHAMBERLAIN'S WEATHER STRIP keeps out the cold. Sold by C. McDonald, 80 Wharncliffe road. Phone 2356. ywt

Account Books
Order Forms
Loose Leaf Sheets
Any kind to your order. Lowest prices.
THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO.
PHONE 370. 91 DUNDAS ST.

"BELTING" WE HAVE IT
BEST AT BEST PRICES.
COTTON, RUBBER OR LEATHER.
SCOTT MACHINE CO., LTD.
York Street, Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds.

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS. Canadian Lady Corset Company, 355 Clarence streets. Agents wanted.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

ONE LARGE REFRIGERATOR FOR sale. Apply 614 Dundas street. 20tf

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertiones for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

WOOD, TWO DOLLARS PER LOAD; coal, $6 50 per ton. Dominion Coal Company Phone us.

CANADIAN POULTRY REVIEW, 48 TO 72 pages monthly; bright, practical, fully illustrated; every department in charge of a specialist; 34th year of publication; 50c a year, three years, $1, anywhere in Canada, outside Toronto. Address, Canadian Poultry Review, Toronto, Ont. 7n-t

CEMENT—We carry only the Best Brands. Get our prices.
HARD WALL PLASTER—We have Anchor Brand—the plaster that sticks. Try it.
WM. COPP
93 YORK STREET. PHONE 1044.

Wood $2 Per Load
Good dry mixed, in 12 or 16-inch lengths. Best slabs, $1 50 per load.
FOREST CITY BENT GOODS CO
585 BATHURST STREET. PHONE 700. ywt

EGGS! EGGS! EGGS!
If your hens are not laying, get our free circular, "How to Get Eggs in Winter." If you have any young chicks, we have the feed to make them grow. Phone 1428, or call at MORGAN'S, 113 Dundas street.

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

ONE-HORSE WAGON, BUGGIES, three spring wagons, platform wagon, factory sewing machine, piano, cheap. 662 Oxford street. ywt

Hay and Horses
Baled Hay this week, $16 per ton.
Horses of all classes.
JAS. McCARTNEY & SON,
141 Queen's Ave. Phone 904. tyw

STOP! STOP! STOP! AND SAVE TIME and money by dealing at Goodge's dry-goods store, South London. ywt

IF INTERESTED IN GROWING strawberries, send for my catalogue; it's free; tells how to grow them. John Downham, Strathroy. ywt

CUT PRICES
—AT—
PARSONS' FAIR

40c Brooms for	35c
20c Tins Varnish Stain	10c
15c Sap Pails for	9½c
Imitation Leather Chair seats	10c
Shell Brand Castile Soap	19c
The Larger Bar Laundry Soap	10c
Baking Powder	10c
Coffee	25c
Dandy Dog Chains	25c
Cotton Clothes Lines	10c

Prices always the same at our three stores.

PHONES, 1134, 2961 1141,

BUSINESS CARDS.

George Miller
HIGH-GRADE TAILOR.
All suits guaranteed as to style, fit and quality.
440 PARK AVENUE. ywt

GOULD & MOHAN HAVE REMOVED from 253½ Dundas to Wellington, between King and York.

COMES INTO MILLION.

Brambleboro, Vt., March 19.—Mrs. Harriet B. Howard, a dressmaker, has been notified that she became heiress to $1,000,000 by the death in Dublin, Ireland, of her grandmother, Margaret Savage, who left $12,000,000.

MADAME CASGRAIN DEAD.

Quebec, March 18.—Madame Casgrain, the wife of Mr. P. B. Casgrain, K. C., clerk of the review and circuit and mother of Senator J. P. B. Casgrain, of Montreal, died last night, aged 78 years.

For Columbia and Edison Machines and Records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29f t

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—HOLY WEEK. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday; services, 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. Good Friday, 10:30 a.m. and 8 p.m. Subject, "The Story of the Cross." Preacher, Rev. T. B. Clarke, M.A., rector. 31u

AUDITORIUM—SUNDAY AFTERNOON, 4 o'clock, great mass meeting of men. J. Aspinall McCuaig, of New York, will give second lecture on "Man's Relationship to Woman." The wonderful Victor Aux-e-to-phone will render selections from 3:30 to 4. b

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. T. T. Shields, preacher. Evening subject, "Men Who Need Murdering"; text, "Is Thy Servant a Dog?"—II. Kings, viii., 13.

ALL SAINTS'—MATINS AND SERMON, 11. Preacher, Rev. C. K. Bourne, M.A. (Birmingham, Eng.) Evensong and sermon, 7. Preacher, the rector.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Morning service, Rev. A. K. Birks; subject, "Perfect in Holiness." Evening, Rev. J. Aspinall McCuaig, of New York; subject, "God's Great Problem." Come early.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON—"Class Welcome," First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

BISHOP CRONYN MEMORIAL Church—Special reopening church services. Rev. Arthur Carlisle will preach both morning and evening. Evening communion.

CATHEDRAL ST. PAUL'S—HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 and 11. Matins, 10:15. Preacher for the day, the Precentor.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor, will preach tomorrow. Evening subject, "A Bad Choice."

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH Morning, Rev. John Smith; evening, "Christ the Healer," the pastor. Sermon illustrated with beautiful limelight views. "The Lower Lights" will be sung and illustrated. All welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH—HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 a.m. The rector will preach both morning and evening.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—Rev. W. T. Hill, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. F. E. Malott, pastor. Morning, "The First Christian Martyr." Evening, "The World's Sin-Bearer." Good music, courteous ushers, everybody welcome. A. E. Jordan, organist.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. Thomas Manning, D.D., pastor. 11 a.m., the pastor. Subject, "Christ's Simple Way of Preaching the Gospel." 7 p.m., Rev. H. F. Magee, of Toronto. Bible School at 2:45.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH Pastor, Arthur J. Bowen. Preaching services, 11 and 6:45. Bright music. All welcome.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. George W. Dewey, pastor. Rev. A. L. Russell will preach morning and evening. Collections and subscriptions in aid of Educational Fund.

FIRST CHRISTIAN WORKERS' Church—Pastor, Rev. G. A. Mackenzie. Services as usual.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Dundas street. Sunday evening, "A Look at the Most Wonderful Mirror Ever Seen."—Rev., Chap. x., by the pastor, Rev. E. H. Peatfield, B.D. Come and welcome.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST—SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday service at 11 a.m. Subject, "Matter." Sunday School at 12:15. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every weekday from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—
Corner Dufferin and Wellington.
DON'T FAIL TO HEAR
Rev. H. S. Magee, of Toronto, at 11 a.m., and
Controller F. S. Spence, of Toronto, at 7 p.m.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., minister. Services 11 and 7, both conducted by pastor.

GOSPEL HALL, CORNER HAMILTON road and Grey street. Sunday School and Bible Class, 2:30. Gospel meeting, 7 p.m. A welcome to all.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Bird. Services as usual.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. James Rollins, B.A., pastor, will preach at both services. Evening subject, "Your Sin Will Find You Out." Strangers welcome.

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. C. M. Carew, pastor. Mr. Charles Evans will preach morning and evening. Everybody welcome.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thos. H. Mitchell, B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Communion 1st themorning.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAS. Ross, D.D., minister. Morning, "Universal Longing For Christ." Evening, "The Unchanging Redeemer." Men's Bible Class at 3, "Paul Before the Sanhedrin."

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Services at 11 and 7. Rector, Very Rev. E. Davis, D.D.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker, B.A. Morning, Rev. W. E. Norton, D.D., of Toronto, will preach. Evening subject, "The Two Prophets." Bible Class and Sunday School at 3 p.m.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH. —THREE GREAT SERVICES—11 a.m., Rev. J. Aspinall McCuaig, of New York, subject, "The Voice of God." 7 p.m., Rev. Dr. Norton, of Toronto; subject, "The Making of a Nation." Doors open 6:30. Seats free. All welcome. Great mass meeting of men at 8:30 in Church Auditorium, to be addressed by Mr. McCuaig. Women's prayer meeting in School Room during men's meeting.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. Morning—10 a.m., Service of prayer and praise; 11 a.m., subject, "The Church vs. the World." Sabbath School, 2:45. 7 p.m.—Special evangelistic sermon. Special music by the choir.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL—Morning, Workers' Meeting. Evening subject, "The Mighty Power of God." Preacher, Evangelist Belcher. Sunday School, 10 a.m.

CLINTON.

Clinton, March 19.—Mr. and Mrs. E. Rodaway celebrated their silver wedding on Friday evening at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Brickenden.

James Reynolds, of Detroit, will take charge of the Commercial Hotel in this town about the first of April.

Mrs. Hardy, sr., is seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Albert Neil.

Mr. Fred Hill has returned from a short vivit to Toronto.

A splendid concert is promised to be given in the town hall on the evening of Good Friday, under the auspices of the Boys' Association. The Manchester quartet will furnish several numbers.

Miss Mary Chant has accepted a position as milliner in Belleville.

Mr. Arthur Tyndall is on the sick list.

Auction Sale

AUCTION SALE, REAL ESTATE—The undersigned will sell on Tuesday, March 22, a most desirable and centrally located 1½-story brick house, No. 175 John street, double parlors, dinning-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, 4 bedrooms, bath, splendid cellar, furnace, electric and gas. Inspection invited. Parties leaving city. Sale at 4 o'clock. Neil Cooper, auctioneer. 31u

Auction Sale

Tuesday, March 22, 589 York street, at 2 p.m. Parlor, bedroom, dining-room and kitchen furniture, extension table, stoves, beds, mattresses and springs, organ, chiffonier, dresser, Morris chair, rockers, carpets, dishes, hall rack, lamps, fruit in cans, tools. Terms cash.

JOSEPH BROWN, Auctioneer,
b 97 Carling street.

The Third of a Course of Five Talks To Women By Miss McConnell

Will be given Tuesday, March 22, at 3 p.m., at 31 Bank of Toronto Building. Subject, "What Occurs When an Organ Becomes Congested, Inflamed and Heavy." Admission will be free. 31u

Auction Sale

The undersigned has been favored with instruction from C. McCallum, Esq., to sell on Wednesday, March 23, the contents of Audleigh House, No. 536 Ridout street, comprising in part: Chickering rosewood piano, parlor suite, fancy chairs, two large mantel mirrors, large palm, rugs, carpets, couches, clocks, curtains, student lamp, silverware, china dinner set, handsome dining-room and bedroom suites, life size statuette Venus, roll top desk, linoleum, bath hot water tank, Happy Thought range, glass cupboard, refrigerator, gas stove, lawn urns, garden tools, sundry other articles. Sale at 10 o'clock. NEIL COOPER,
31u-ty Auctioneer.

Auction Sale

Of Lots Nine-two and Ninety-three, North side Mount Pleasant Avenue, Plan 414, just outside of City limits, London West. Story and a half brick house, and stable; total frontage 150 feet, on Victoria Avenue and 107 feet 6 inches on Mount Pleasant Avenue, Thursday, March 24th, 2:30 o'clock, at office of M. P. McDonagh, 418 Talbot Street, City.

For particulars, apply to
M. P. McDONAGH,
b Solicitor for Vendor.

AUCTION SALE.

Household furniture, Thursday, March 24, at 2 p.m., 293 Richmond street. Parlor suite in odd pieces, organ, centre tables, extension table, chairs, sideboard, 6 bedroom suites, iron beds, mattresses and springs, range, "National Welcome," dishes, heater, sealers, lounge, garden tools. Terms cash. JOSEPH BROWN, auctioneer, 97 Carling street. 31u-ty

AUCTION SALES
—BY—
GEO. A. HATCH, AUCTIONEER
FOR CITY AND COUNTIES.

Clearing Sale, Monday, March 21, for Frank Lewin, Masonville—Farm stock, implements, etc.

Clearing Sale, Tuesday, March 22, for Edward Franklin, corner base line and the 3rd con., Delaware Township—Horses, cattle, implements, furniture, oats, hay, corn, potatoes, wood, etc. Large sale. Come early.

Clearing Sale, Wednesday, March 23, for John A. Ferguson, lot 17, con. 6, Lobo—Matched pair of heavy horses, matched pair of general purpose pair geldings, brood mare in foal, heavy, 3-year-old road mare, 2 fillies, 2-year-old, 2-year-old gelding, 7 brood sows in pig, 7 shoates, 10 fat hogs. All kinds of nearly new machinery. Large herd of milch cows, steers and other cattle. Come early.

Large Clearing Sale, Thursday, March 24, for Robt. McCollough, lot 18, con. 7, Westminster, 1 mile west of Glanworth, 3 farm horses, team of matched mares in foal (7 and 8), 3 fillies, 1 gelding, 3 registered Holstein cows in calf, registered Holstein heifer, 9 high-grade Holstein cows (4-year-old in calf), 4 high-grade Holstein heifers, 10 first-class grade dairy cows in calf, fresh cow, 3 Holstein heifers, brood sow, hay, oats, fowl, potatoes, first-class machinery, etc.

Clearing Sale, Friday, March 25—Lot 22, con. 8, London, for Alfred West—Horses, new milch cows, yearlings, dairy cows, brood sow, hens, turkeys and geese. All first-class implements.

Clearing Sale, Monday, March 28—50-acre farm, lot 10, con. 1, Delaware Township, for Thomas Burt, farm stock, implements, horses, chickens, hay, oats, turnips, potatoes, clover seed, etc.

Clearing Sale, Tuesday, March 29, for John Shaver, lot 24, con. 3, station 12, Traction car line, Westminster—Horses, 10 first-class dairy cows, 3 farrows, Holstein heifers, 1 bull, 7 shoutes, brood sow, fowl, oats (400 bushels), turnips, implements, etc.

Clearing Sale, Wednesday, March 30, for Walter Reeve, Hyde Park village—Contents of well-furnished home, implements, 4 horses, wagons, buggies, tools. No reserve whatever. Come early.

Clearing Sale, Thursday, March 31, lot 5, Longwood road and 2nd con., Delaware Township, for Robt. Hooper—Horses, cattle, chickens, oats, rye, hay, potatoes, brood sows, implements, etc.

Auction Sale, Friday, April 1—1½-story brick residence, on Chelsea Green, owned by Mrs. Douglas, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, cellar under all, bath, closet and furnace, hot water, lot 40x230, outside buildings. Sale at 3 p.m., on the premises. Geo. A. Hatch, auctioneer.

Auction Sale, Friday, April 1, 4 p.m.—Brick cottage, No. 99 Maitland street, for William Calhoun. Owner going west. Must be sold. Geo. A. Hatch, auctioneer. b

AUCTION SALE—HAVING BEEN FAVORED with instructions to sell, at 971 Ormsby street east, on Monday, March 21, at 1:30, comprising parlor, dining, kitchen and bedroom furniture, stoves, etc., also the splendid 1¾ brick house and lot 30x130, at 4 p. m. Terms on property day of sale. No reserve. Terms cash. J. LIGHTFOOT, Auctioneer, 698 Dundas street. 28u-xt

PUBLIC AUCTION.

On lot 12, con. 3, Township Westminster, March 23.—Farm stock, implements, hay, household goods and a number of standard-bred horses and pure-bred Wyandotte fowls. Terms, 8 months. H. Ralsin, proprietor. D. R. Dibb, Belmont; J. W. Laidlaw, Wilton Grove, auctioneers. b

Auction Sale of Farm and City Property.

There will be offered for sale by public auction on Wednesday, March 30, 1910, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon on premises, that 7-room frame cottage, No. 140 Duchess avenue, in city of London, one block from street railway. Lot 47x216. Stable, small fruit orchard, all in excellent repair.

At the hour of 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon on the premises, the north-west quarter of lot 20, con. 4, Township of Cunadoc, containing 47½ acres of the best potato growing land in the County of Middlesex; 1½-story brick house, large barns, implement house, all necessary outbuildings, fine large apple orchard, chestnut grove, 2½ miles from Mount Brydges.

Terms—10 per cent cash at time of sale, 20 per cent more within 30 days, balance may be secured by mortgage on the property. Further terms on application to Albert Arnold or J. M. McEvoy. 31u-tw

AUCTIONEERS.

J. W. LAIDLAW, WILTON GROVE—Auctioneer for city and county. At Fraser House, Saturdays. Phone Byron. t

JOHN TURNBULL, AUCTIONEER, Middlesex County, Komoka P. O. Telephone, Lobo Central. Royal Bank, London. t

EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
You are apt to need just such a preparations as
Balm-Zoin
Heals and soothes and relieves all roughness of the skin. Twenty-five cents.
Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.
Every nursery should be provided with a bottle of Strong's Carminative. Gives instant relief in cases of colic. Invaluable for babies during the teething period. Indorsed by the medical profession. Price, 25 cents.

TWO-MINUTE SESSION OF THE POLICE COURT

Magistrate Beattie Disposed of Ten Cases This Morning.

Magistrate Beattie had a two-minute session at court this morning.

William Hill, of Grey street east, charged some time ago with assaulting his wife, told the court that he had been living away from her, and that he had not had any trouble of any kind with anybody. He was told to come back again in two weeks and report.

Fred Stillson and Frank Bennett, two youths who got into a fight on the street, asked that a charge that had been laid against Stillson be withdrawn, as they had settled their differences, and were good friends again.

Lou Van Buren, a young woman, who has been on remand for theft, was still further remanded.

George W. Leney, of 83 Wellington road, was placed under arrest yesterday on a charge of insanity laid by his wife, Alice Leney. It is alleged that Leney attacked her. He was remanded until March 24, and will be examined by the jail surgeon.

PLEADS FOR FORESTS

Inspector Knechtel Lectures Before Large Audience at Ingersoll.

Ingersoll, March 19.—Mr. Abraham Knechtel, Inspector of Dominion forest, fish and game reserves, lectured on the "Forests of Canada." The hall was packed to its utmost capacity.

Mr. J. G. Gibson introduced Mr. Knechtel, in his usual pleasant way, and after a few introductory remarks, the first scene was thrown on the canvass. Mr. Knechtel has been in Germany, Italy and France, and says nowhere on the face of the earth are forests thought so little of and receive such little care as here. Mr. Knechtel went on to show how forests were set out, and illustrated a pine cedar seed from the time it was taken out of the cone till it became a tree 80 years old.

Mr. M. Graham, of Clinton, who for the past two and a half months has conducted a box bowling alley on King street east, has sold out to Mr. B. Bowers. Mr. Graham leaves in the course of two weeks for the west.

COUPLE SUFFOCATED

Married Man and Wife Perish When Fire Destroys Shack.

Cobalt, March 19.—Shortly after 11 o'clock Thursday night a small shack in the rear of the Imperial Bank, occupied by Wm. Cope and wife, was discovered on fire. The brigade responded quickly, but owing to the shack being small and of a dry nature, the house was burned in a few minutes. Both Cope and his wife were suffocated, the bodies being taken out shortly afterward.

Details of the tragedy will never be known, but Cope and his wife were due at a dance. Cope had been out, and is believed to have returned home in an intoxicated condition when his wife was all dressed for the party. It is supposed Cope upset the lamp. One theory is that his wife was endeavoring to get Cope out alive, but both were overcome together. Cope and his wife were each aged about 30. They had been married two years, both having been here about four years. Mrs. Cope's people live in Toronto, and Cope's relatives, outside of two brothers here, live near Clarendon, Ontario.

MAYOR JOHNSTON OWNED THE STONES

Item in The Advertiser Soon Located the Gentleman Whose Property Had Gone Astray.

Mayor Johnston, of Sarnia, is the owner of the curling stones left at the Grand Trunk depot.

Some time ago a pair of curling stones were found at the station, and local curlers were notified about them. As they belonged to none of the local club men, The Advertiser was asked to find the owner.

An item conveying the fact that they were at the depot awaiting an owner was printed in the paper, and was read that evening by Mayor Johnston, of Sarnia. He inquired about them, and found that they were his property.

He had been attending a bonspiel at Petrolea, and owing to some mistake they were forwarded to London, and not to Sarnia. The stones have been sent to him.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders for Steel Rails and Fastenings.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the envelope "Tender for Steel Rails," "Tender for Splice Bars," "Tender for Track Spikes," "Tender for Bolts and Nuts," "Tender for Nutlocks" and "Tender for Tieplates," as the case may be, will be received at the office of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway at Ottawa, Ont., until 12 o'clock noon of 23rd March, 1910, for 24,733 gross tons of 80-lb steel rails (open hearth or Bessemer, at the option of the commissioners), and the necessary rail fastenings, in strict accordance with the specifications of the commissioners.

Tenders must be made on the forms supplied by the commissioners, which, as well as the specifications, may be obtained on application to Gordon Grant, chief engineer, Ottawa, Ont.

Full information in regard to deliveries, etc., can be had on application to the chief engineer.

Each tender must be signed and sealed by all the parties to the tender, and witnessed, and be accompanied by an accepted check on a chartered bank of the Dominion of Canada, payable to the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway, for a sum equal to five per cent (5%) of the amount of the tender.

Checks deposited by parties whose tenders are rejected will be returned within ten days after the signing of the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders. By order,

P. E. RYAN, Secretary.
The Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway.
Dated at Ottawa, 8th March, 1910.
Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the commissioners will not be paid for it. 25c-txt

HAVE WIFE AND BABY PROTECTED WITH A BANK ACCOUNT



The one way to be without fear for your family is to save your money. Think of what might happen to them if you have no money saved.

We will pay you 3 per cent interest on the money you put in our bank and compound the interest every six months.

—THE—
Bank of Toronto
THREE OFFICES IN LONDON:
CORNER KING AND RICHMOND STREETS.
CORNER ADELAIDE AND DUNDAS STREETS.
CORNER RICHMOND AND JOHN STREETS.

KODAK-VELOX
Demonstrations at Public Library
MARCH 23 AND 24, AFTERNOONS AND EVENINGS.
A choice collection of Bromide Prints enlarged from Kodak Negatives will be shown.
Instructive and Interesting Demonstrations will be given. No charges will be made. ALL INTERESTED IN AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHY ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO BE PRESENT.
J. H. BACK & CO.
4 MASONIC TEMPLE, LONDON.

Society Costumes
Society people are our good friends, because they know we can clean their expensive costumes and wraps in a way to please them.
R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners,
400 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company's
Scranton Coal
Our Coal is the highest grade of hard coal and will give the best results—heat, lasting and purity. Try it.
JOHN M. DALY
KOALMAN.
Phone 348. 19 York Street.
Delivery to any part of city.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS FOR MACHINERY, BELTING, SHAFTING, CRANES, AIR COMPRESSORS, ETC.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the envelope "Tender for Machines and Tools," "Tender for Leather Belting," etc., etc., as the case may be, will be received at the office of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway, at Ottawa, Ontario, until 12 o'clock noon of the 12th day of April, 1910, for:

(1) Machines and tools.
(2) Leather belting.
(3) Shafting, hangers, steel frame work, etc.
(4) Miscellaneous equipment, industrial track and lockers.
(5) Motors.
(6) Furnaces and forges.
(7) Cranes.
(8) Air compressors.
(9) Grey iron foundry equipment and brass foundry equipment,

required for the equipment of the locomotive and other shops of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway at Springfield, east of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Tenders will be received and considered for any or all of the items indicated above and numbered from 1 to 9, both inclusive.

Plans and specifications may be seen in the office of the chief engineer of the commissioners at Ottawa. Mr. Gordon Grant, and in the office of the district engineer of the commissioners at St. Boniface, Man., Mr. S. R. Poulin.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied by the commissioners, which may be had on application to the chief engineer at Ottawa, or to the district engineer at St. Boniface, Man.

Each tender must be signed and sealed by all the parties to the tender, and witnessed, and be accompanied by an accepted check on a chartered bank of the Dominion of Canada, payable to the order of the Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway, for a sum equal to ten per cent (10%) of the amount of the tender.

Any person whose tender is accepted shall within ten days after the acceptance thereof sign the contract, specifications and other documents required to be signed, and in any case of refusal or failure on the part of the party whose tender is accepted to complete and execute the contract with the commissioners, the said check shall be forfeited to the commissioners as liquidated damages for such refusal or failure, and all contract rights acquired by the acceptance of the tender shall be forfeited.

The checks deposited by parties whose tenders are accepted will be deposited to the credit of the Received-General of Canada as security for the due and faithful performance of the contract according to its terms.

The checks deposited by parties whose tenders are rejected will be returned within ten days after the signing of the contract.

The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders. By order,

P. E. RYAN, Secretary.
The Commissioners of the Transcontinental Railway.
Ottawa, 2nd March, 1910.
Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the commissioners will not be paid for it. 23n-wty

AT LAST OUR
"THERMO" JACKKNIFE
IS HERE
100 dozen imported Hand-Forged Two-Bladed Knives, made for us specially by the celebrated firm of Henry Boker & Co.
25c Each
"Thermo" quality, each one guaranteed.
Every man and boy in London and vicinity should have one.
Cowan's Hardware
127 DUNDAS STREET.

ROSS BROS' LIVERY
Carriages for all occasions. Now removed to Hymers & Evans' Old Stand.
619 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 838

TO YOU WHO ARE ENGAGED
You want her picture to keep always, and you want to give her yours, too. Make your appointment now and avoid holiday rush. ARNOLD'S New Studio.

THE PROOF OF A CHOCOLATE like that of a pudding, is in the eating thereof. And that's where PATTERSON'S show their superiority. Smoothness, richness, fine flavor, all combine to give YOUR PALATE an unequalled treat.
Ten Cents—Twenty-five—Fifty—and higher.
OMOND.
THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,
468 Dundas Street. Phone 1429.

Aloyse Dusch, a barber-dentist, of Wunzenau, Germany, recently celebrated the 50th anniversary of his entry into the double profession. He has extracted no fewer than 52,000 teeth, all of which he has preserved.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EGGS AND SYRUP MARKET FEATURES

Eggs Sold All Way From 18 to 20 Cents a Dozen on Square This Morning.

SYRUP WAS IN DEMAND

At $1 15 to $1 25 a Gallon But Was Very Scarce—Pork Was Another Feature of the Market.

The local market this morning showed one of the best turnouts that has been seen for some months past. There was a fair supply of almost every variety of produce.

Eggs and Maple syrup probably held the centre of interest.

Eggs, as was expected, were plentiful indeed, and the price inclined to drop. The sale opened at 20 cents a dozen for wholesale lots, but it soon declined from that figure and sold for 19 and some sales were even reported for 18 cents. The retail price was largely about 20 to 21 cents, some early sales being made at 22 cents.

Demand for Syrup.

Maple syrup was everywhere, but despite the quantity offered there was apparently no superfluity, as the sellers everywhere were kept wielding the dipper and measure without intermission. The price remained at $1 15 to $1 25 a gallon.

Butter was as usual painfully scarce, and the demand was more than usually keen, and a great many purchasers were disappointed in getting their supply. The prices showed a decided advance, good quality crocks selling at 26 cents, and rolls at 25 cents, and even at these prices there was only a very small supply.

Another Feature.

Pork was another feature on the market, the prices again mounting to very unusual figures. Dressed hogs, of which there was only a very moderate supply, sold at $12.00 to $12.25, while the prices for live hogs for Monday's delivery was set at $9.50, the highest figure they reached in many years.

Vegetables were moderately plentiful. Potatoes were offered by the load at 45 to 50, and in single bags at 55 to 60c. There was only a moderate demand, however. Lettuce was somewhat scarcer than usual this morning, and sold for 40 to 50 cents a dozen bunches. Onions sold at the same figure, and retailed at 5c a bunch. Rhubarb sold at 10c a bunch or $1.00 a dozen. Water cress was offered at 5c a bunch.

Apple Supply.

There was a good supply of apples, but as usual there was only a comparatively moderate sale for them.

Hay remained at $13.00 to $15.00. Oats, at $1.25 to $1.32. Wheat at $1.08, and Barley $1.15.

Other prices are as follows:

Grain by Hundredweight.

Oats, per cwt	$1 25	to	$1 32
Buckwheat, per cwt	1 25	to	1 30
Barley, per cwt	1 15	to	1 18
Peas, per cwt	1 15	to	1 15
Beans, per bu	1 90	to	2 00
Rye, per cwt	1 05	to	1 10

Grain per Bushel.

Oats, new	42	to	44
Barley	62 2-5	to	64 2-5
Wheat	1 08	to	1 08
Peas	36	to	36
Bean	1 90	to	2 00

Hay and Straw.

Hay, per ton	13 00	to	15 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	8 00

Dairy Produce.

Butter, creamery, lb	26	to	28
Butter, rolls, per lb	24	to	25
Butter, crocks, lb	23	to	26
Eggs, crate, dozen	19	to	20
Eggs, fresh-laid, doz	20	to	22
Honey, strained, lb	10	to	12
Honey, in comb	12	to	15
Maple syrup, per gallon	1 15	to	1 25

Poultry, Dressed.

Turkeys, per lb	18	to	20
Ducks, spring, per lb	14	to	15
Old ducks, per lb	10	to	11
Old fowl, per lb	12	to	12
Chickens, per lb	14	to	16
Geese, per lb	12	to	14

Poultry, Alive.

Old fowl, per lb	8	to	9
Turkeys, per lb	15	to	15
Ducks, per lb	10	to	12
Young fowl, per lb	10	to	11

Butchers' Meats.

Beef, by the carcase	$ 00	to	9 50
Mutton, per cwt	$ 00	to	10 00
Veal, per cwt	10 00	to	11 00
Spring lamb, per lb	13	to	14
Dressed hogs, per cwt	12 00	to	12 25

Live Stock.

Small pigs, per pair	8 00	to	14 00
Select hogs, per cwt	9 50	to	9 50
Fat sows, per cwt	5 00	to	6 00
Export cattle, cwt	5 00	to	5 50
Milch cows, each	40 00	to	60 00

Hides and Wool.

Lambskins, each	75	to	1 10
Wool, washed, per lb	20	to	22
Wool, unwashed, per lb	12	to	12
Hides, No. 1, per lb	9	to	9
Hides, No. 2, per lb	8	to	8
Hides, No. 3, per lb	7	to	7
Calfskins, per lb	11½	to	13

Vegetables.

Potatoes, per bag	45	to	60
Turnips, per bu	25	to	30
Celery, per dozen	50	to	40
Lettuce, per doz	30	to	50
Sage, per dozen	20	to	20
Savory, per dozen	20	to	20
Cabbage, dozen (to size)	30	to	40
Red cabbage, dozen	40	to	40
Onions, per bu	1 10	to	1 25
Beets, per bu	50	to	50
Parsnips, per bu	50	to	50
Beans, per bu	1 20	to	1 50
Mangels, bu, by the load	20	to	20
Carrots, bu, by the load	30	to	40
Green onions, dozen	40	to	40
Rhubarb, doz	1 00	to	1 00

Fruits.

Apples, per bbls	1 50	to	2 00
Apples, per bu	30	to	50
Apples, per bag	50	to	90

PRODUCE.

CHICAGO, March 19.

Wheat May	112	112¾	111¼	112⅜
July	106¼	106⅝	105⅞	106⅛
Corn May	61¼	62	61½	61⅞
July	64¼	64⅜	63⅞	64⅛
Oats May	43¼	43¼	43¼	43⅛
July	41⅛	42	41½	41⅝
Pork May	25 85	25 90	25 75	25 75
July	25 77	25 85	25 72	25 72
Lard, May	14 12	14 12	14 07	14 10
July	13 95	13 95	13 90	13 92
Ribs, May	13 72	13 75	13 70	13 72
July	13 45	13 45	13 40	13 42

LIVERPOOL, March 19.—Close—Wheat spot dull; No. 2 red western winter, no stock; futures quiet; March, 8s 2¼d; May, 8s 1¼d; July, 7s 11¾d. Corn—Spot steady; new American mixed, 5s 5d; old American mixed, 5s 8¼ d; futures quiet, March nominal, July, 5s 5d. Peas—Canadian steady, 7s 6d. Flour—Winter patents dull, 32s. Hops in London—Pacific coast, dull, £5 to £6. Beef—Extra India mess, strong, 118s 9d. Pork—Prime mess, western, strong, 115s. Hams—Short cut, strong, 74s. Bacon—Strong, cumberland cut, 75s; short rib, 74s; clear bellies, 75s; long clear middles, light, 73s 4½d; do., heavy, 73s 6d; short clear backs, 71s; shoulders, square, strong, 64s 6d. Lard—Strong, prime western, 72s 6d; American refined, 72s 9d. Cheese—Strong, Canadian finest white, 63s; do., colored, 62s. Tallow—Prime city nominally 33s; Australian in London firm, 3s 10½d. Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 42s 3d. Rosin—Common, firm, 10s 9d. Petroleum—Refined steady, 7½d. Linseed Oil—Firm, 36s 3d.

TORONTO, March 19.—The wheat markets are dull today, but prices continue firm. Western grain is somewhat in demand. Ontario wheat, No. 2, mixed winter or white, $1 07 to $1 08 outside; Manitoba wheat, spot No. 1 northern, $1 13; No. 2 northern, $1 11 on track lake ports, for immediate delivery; No. 1 northern, $1 19; No. 2 northern, $1 17 all rail. Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 70½c; new No. 3 yellow, 67½c to 68c; Canadian corn, 62½c to 63c. Oats—Canada western No. 2, 42c; No. 3, 41c, on track, lake ports, No. 2 Canada white, 44c; No. 3 Canada white, 43c. March shipments, all rail: Ontario No. 2 white, 38c to 38½c outside. No. 3 white, 36c to 36½c outside, 41c to 42c on track, Toronto. Barley—No. 2, 55c to 56c; No. 3, extra, 53c to 54c; No. 3, 48c to 49c outside; Manitoba, No. 3, 57c; No. 4, 53c, on track lake ports. Peas—No. 2, 81c to 82c. Rye—No. 2, 68c to 69c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c to 51½c. Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are: First patents, $5 70; second patents, $5 20; strong bakers, $5 00 per cent Glasgow freights, 28s 6d; Ontario flour, winter wheat patents for export, $4 10 to $4 15 in buyers' sacks outside. Mill Feed—Manitoba bran, $22 50 to $23 per ton. Shorts—$23 50 to $24 per ton on track, Toronto. Ontario Bran—$23 per ton. Shorts—$24 per ton on track, Toronto.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Cotton—Futures opened firm; March, 15.08 to 15.10; April, 15.05 bid; May, 15.05; July, 14.79; August, 14.25; September, 13.33 bid; October, 12.94; December, 12.72. Closed steady. Closing bids: March, 15.07; April, 15.03; May, 15.01; June, 14.78; July, 14.76; August, 14.26; September, 13.34; October, 12.95; November, 12.78; December, 12.77. January, 12.72. Spot closed steady, five points higher; middling uplands, 15.20; middling gulf, 15.45; sales, 5,455 bales.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Cotton—Futures opened steady: March, 15.11; May, 15.05; July, 14.78; August, 14.25; Sept., 13.33; Oct., 12.93; Dec., 12.77. Jan., 12.74, bid.

SUGAR.

LONDON, March 18.—Cane closed firm with little doing; Java, 15s 1½d; beet steady, with upward tendency; March, 14s 6¾d; April, 14s 6¾d; May, 14s 6¾d.

TORONTO, March 18.—Wholesale quotations are: Sugar, Montreal, granulated, barrels, cwt., $5 20; do., in bags, $5 15; yellow, in barrels, $4 80; do., in bags, $4 75; Acadia, bags or barrels, $5 10; No. 2 granulated in bags, $4 90.

NEW YORK, March 18—Sugar—Raw steady, Muscovado, 3.86c; centrifugal, 4.36c; molasses sugar, 3.61c refined sugar steady; molasses, steady.

TORONTO, March 18.—Sugar—Montreal, granulated, barrels, cwt., $5 20; do., in bags, $5 15; yellow, in barrels, $4 80; do., in bags, $4 75; Acadia, bags or barrels, $5 10; No. 2 granulated, in bags, $4 90.

HAY.

TORONTO, March 18.—Baled Hay and Straw—Local quotations are: Hay—No. 1 timothy, $14 to $15; inferior, $11 50 to $12 50. Straw—Selling mostly at $7 50 per ton, and unchanged.

POTATOES.

TORONTO, March 18.—Potatoes—There is no change in the local situation. Potatoes are very plentiful, and the market is easy to 40c to 50c per bag in car lots, and at 55c to 60c per bag out of store.

OIL.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Rosin steady. Turpentine steady.

PITTSBURG, March 18.—Oil opened and closed at $1.40.

OIL CITY, March 18.—Credit balances, $1.40.

DETROIT, March 18. — Beans—Spot, $2.15; April, $2.17 per bu.

PITTSBURG, March 19.—Oil closed at $1 40.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 200; market steady; beeves, $5.60 to $8.70; Texas steers, $5.00 to $6.30; Western steers, $6.00 to $6.80; Stockers and feeders, $3.75 to $6.65; Cows and heifers, $2.75 to $7.10; Calves, $8.25 to $10.00. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 6,000; market strong; light, $10.50 to $10.90; mixed, $10.60 to $11.00; heavy, $10.65 to $11.05; rough, $10.65 to $10.80; good to choice, heavy, $10.65 to $11.05; pigs, $9.80 to $10.15; bulk of sales, $10.85 to $10.95. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 2,000; market steady; native, $5.25 to $8.50; Western, $5.50 to $8.50; yearlings, $8.00 to $9.10; lambs, native, $8.50 to $11.00; Western, $9.00 to $10.30.

EAST BUFFALO, March 19. — Cattle—Receipts, 75; firm. Veal—Receipts, 25 head active and steady, $6.00 to $11.00; Hogs—Receipts, 400 head; active and 10 to 15 cents higher; heavy and mixed, $11.25 to $11.35; yorkers, $11.00 to $11.25; pigs, $10.90 to $11.15; dairies, $10.90 to $11.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 800 head; active and higher; lambs, $7.25 to $10.65; a few $10.70; yearlings, $9.25 to $10.00; weathers, $8.50 to $9.00; ewes, $7.75 to $8.25. Sheep, mixed, $4.00 to $8.50.

STOCKS.

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

NEW YORK, Wall Street, March 19.—Noon.—As was natural after the irregular strength of the past few days, today's market was given over to an evening up process and as the shorts have largely covered and many of the room traders made committments on the long side, the pressure today was on the side of sales. After opening steady the market with intense dullness, sagged off. A reactionary tendency was aided somewhat by a sharp break in the L. V. on Philadelphia market. Rather exceptional weakness was shown in St. Paul. C. P. the metal stocks and steels. C. & O. was rather strong. Further but indefinite, the markets technical condition and apprehension of a Supreme Court decision Monday adverse to the Tobacco Co., was the incentive for selling.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

	New York, March 19. Open	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
Amal. Copper	79⅛	79½	77¾	78¼
Anaconda	49¼	—	—	—
Amer. Sugar	126⅛	—	—	—
Am. Bt. Sugar	38¼	—	—	—
Amer. Loco	52½	52½	51½	51½
Amer. Foundry	65¼	65½	65	65
Amer. Refining	86¾	86½	85¼	85½
Atchison, com	115⅜	115⅜	114⅜	114⅜
Balt. and Ohio	112⅛	112⅛	112⅛	112¼
Brooklyn Tran	76¼	76¼	75½	75½
Can. Pacific	179¼	—	—	—
Ches. and Ohio	88⅜	88⅞	87½	87½
Chicago G. W.	32⅜	—	—	—
Con. Gas	145¼	145½	145	145
Color. F. and I.	43¾	41	40½	40½
Chi. and N. W.	154½	—	—	—
Distillers	33⅞	—	—	—
Erie	30⅜	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜
Great Nor., pfd.	136	136¼	135¼	135¼
Inter. Met.	22	—	—	—
Inter. Met., pfd.	56¼	56¼	56	56
K. and T., com.	43¼	43¼	42¼	42¼
Louis. and Nash.	153½	153½	152	152
Mis. Pacific	70	—	—	—
N. Y. Central	125	125	124	124⅝
Nor. Pacific	134⅞	134⅞	133⅞	133⅞
Nor. and West.	106¼	106⅝	106	106⅛
National Lead	83	—	—	45⅜
Ont. and West.	46	46⅛	45⅜	136½
Pennsylvania	137⅜	137⅜	136½	110¼
People's Gas	110½	110¼	110¼	166½
Reading	168½	168⅝	166⅞	48½
Repub. I. and S.	39	—	—	91½
Rock Island	49¾	49¾	48½	
Rock Island, pfd.	97⅞	92	91½	
Southern Rail	29	—	—	66
Southern, pfd.	66¼	66¼	66	126¾
Southern Pac.	128¼	128¼	126⅞	143½
St. Paul	144¼	144¼	143	
Texas	30	—	—	186½
Union Pacific	188	188⅛	186¼	
U. S. Rubber	44	—	—	85¼
U. S. Steel	86	86⅝	85¼	121⅜
U. S. Steel, pfd.	121⅝	121⅜	121⅜	21½
Wabash, com.	21⅝	21⅝	21½	47½
Wabash, pfd.	48⅜	48½	47½	

MONTREAL, March 19	Asked	Bid
Bell Telephone		145
Packers B	73	
Canadian Converters	45	43
Canadian Pacific Ry	179⅜	179¼
New Pacific	178½	176
Detroit Electric	64	63½
Dominion Coal, com	82	81½
Dominion Steel com	70¼	70
Dominion Steel, pfd	107⅜	107⅛
Illinois Traction, pref	91½	90
Lake of the Woods, com	146½	146¼
Lake of the Woods, pref	127	124
Laurentide Paper com	132	130
Laurentide Paper pfd		129
Mckay Com	90¼	90
Mackay, pref		73
Mexican L. & P.	83	
Minn. & St. Paul	144	143
Mt. L., H. & Power	137⅞	137½
Montreal Street Railway	249¼	248⅛
Montreal Steel Works, pref		117⅝
Nor. Ohio T. & L.	87½	87¼
N. S. Steel & Coal	89½	88
R. & O. Navigation	86	85⅛
Rio de Janero	97	96¾
Toronto Railway	128½	123
Tri City pref		94
Twin City	114	113
Winnipeg	181½	175
Windsor Hotel	130	110
Bank British North America		150½
Bank of Commerce	212½	210⅝
Eastern Township Bank	162½	160
Hochelaga Bank	143	
Merchants Bank	177¼	177
Molsons Bank	211	207
Bank of Toronto	217	210
Union Bank	145½	142
Canadian Colored Cotton	64½	63½
Dominion Textile, pref		103
Montreal Cotton	135	131
Bell Telephone bonds		105
Canada Colored Cotton bonds		100½
Dominion Coal bonds	98¼	97½
Dominion Iron and Steel bonds		96½
Laurentide Paper bonds	110¼	108
Mexican Electric	83	
Mt. L., H. & Power	99½	98¼
Ogilvie Milling bonds		112
Price Bros. bonds	105½	
Textile bonds A	98¼	94¾
Textile bonds C	97	95½
Textile bonds D	96	

Morning Sales—Rio, 5, 10, 5 at 96½, 25 at 96⅜, 25 at 96½, 25 at 96⅜, 10, 20, 25, 50 at 96¾, 25, 25, 15, 25, 25, 10, 15, 25 at 96⅞, 10 at 96¾, 50, 25, 25, 25 at 97, 3 at 97⅛, 50 at 96⅞. Dom. Steel, 25, 25 at 70¾, 3 at 70, 50, 50 at 71¼; Canada Permanent, 180 at 169; Sao Paulo, 50, 15 at 149, 50 at 149⅛; Black Lake, 25 at 22¾, 2½ at 22¼, 25 at 22⅜, 25 at 22½; F. N. Burt, 25 at 93, 100 at 93¾, 25 at 93⅞, 50, 25, 25, 25 at 94; pfd., 2, 2 at 107, 50, 50, 25 at 106; Twin City, 50 at 114⅛, 10 at 114; Toronto Railway, 25, 25 at 123; MacKay, 25 at 90; pfd., 2 at 76¾, 5 at 77; Duluth-Superior, 4, 5, 10 at 72, 25 at 71⅞; Dominion Telegraph, 4 at 108; Northern Navigation, 5 at 110, 3 at 109, 10 at 110; Colonial Loan, 22 at 68; N. S. Steel, 25, 25, 30, 20 at 89¼; Rogers, 25 at 169; pfd., 10 at 110; Imperial, 15, 5, 50 at 240; Penman, 25, 25 at 62; Montreal Power, 25, 25 at 138½; City Dairy, pfd., 50 at 99; Soo, 25 at 144. Ex-Div—Central Canada Loan, 2 per cent; Toronto Electric, 2 per cent.

ALLEGED LIBEL CASE IN LOCAL COURT

Morley vs. Patrick Heard Today --Decision Reserved in Case.

Two cases were considered at the sitting of the weekly high court this morning, at which Mr. Justice Sutherland presided.

Mrs. Thomas Morley, wife of Mr. Thomas Morley, of McGillivary Township, brought action against Mr. J. H. Patrick, of London Township, in a case arising out of a libel suit at present pending consideration.

The libel arose out of a letter alleged to have been written by the defendant, Patrick, to the plaintiff's husband, accusing some "lady friend" of his of improper conduct.

Mrs. Morley claims that though no name was stated in the letter, she was the "lady friend" referred to.

In his examination for discovery, the defendant was asked to state who he meant by "lady friend," but refused to do so.

The motion today was to compel him to answer this question. His lordship reserved his decision in the case.

Mr. P. H. Bartlett for the motion, and Mr. Geo. S. Gibbons contra.

Re Anna K. Daniels—The plaintiff in person renewed her application made a week ago by way of an appeal from an order of his honor Judge Macbeth, and for other relief. The claim arose out of the winding-up proceedings of the Birkbeck Loan Company. Judgment was reserved.

HENRY REMANDED

Preliminary Hearing Will Take Place on Tuesday Next.

William Henry, the London Township man, who was arrested last Sunday by High Constable Hughes, charged with criminal assault, appeared before Squire Chittick this morning and was remanded till Tuesday, when his preliminary hearing will take place.

A RECEPTION FOR CHURCH MEMBERS

Rev. J. G. Inkster and Wife Meet the Congregation in School Room.

The first of a series of receptions which Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Inkster are tendering to the members of the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church was held in the school room of the church last evening. These receptions will be given by the pastor and his wife for the next six weeks on Friday evenings, about 100 members of the congregation being invited on each occasion.

A very pleasant evening was spent. Rev. Mr. Rollins, who was present, spoke a few words of welcome, and Miss Cullis and Mrs. Reach rendered solos, Mr. and Mrs. Reach a duet, and Miss Kathleen Brodrick a violin solo.

Frim 9 till 10 o'clock refreshments were served, and the evening was brought to a close by all gathering in family worship.

BAD BOYS WITH LOUD TORPEDOES

Frighten Ladies, and the Police Will Interfere.

Many complaints have been received by the police regarding the practice boys are making in all parts of the city of throwing torpedoes on the sidewalk behind ladies, to frighten them. The constables have beeen instructed to take the names of all offenders as several women have been very badly frightened, and it is pointed out that in the case of persons suffering with a weak heart the shock might result fatally. There is also danger of the skirts of women taking fire from the torpedoes. A complaint was received last night from the vicinity of Horton and Wellington streets, and it is understood, that the names of several lads who were throwing torpedoes have been taken that they will appear in court shortly.

Cobalts

We have some specially good stocks at right prices.

These stocks should advance rapidly in price, and are good purchases at the present time.

We buy, sell or exchange.

Thos. Raycraft

1 LONDON LOAN BLOCK.
Phones 2995 and 1736.

INVESTMENTS.

4%, 5%, 6%, 7%

H. C. BECHER

STOCKBROKER.

432 Richmond Street. 'Phone 213.

N. S. WILLIAMS

STOCK BROKER,

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAINS bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires. COBALTS—Direct wire connection with the Standard Stock and Mining Exchange, Toronto. Phone 1113.
113 Masonic Temple. szt

INVESTORS

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

We can make you 50 per cent per annum and more by our system of Syndicate Investment in New York Stocks. You have the protection of many times your money. You can always withdraw your balance by telegraph or draft on us. We allow 6 per cent on all credit balances if money is not in use. Profits paid to Syndicate members monthly. Open an account with us NOW.

PATRIARCHE & CO.

STOCK DEALERS,
Patriarche Block, Scott Street, Toronto, Canada.

OIL STOCKS

Bought and sold. Stocks that have sold at from 10, 15, 25 cents per share within the last year, are now selling at 10, 15, and 25 dollars per share, and are paying immense dividends.

Splendid investments on hand for quick returns.

J. J. TURNER & CO.

Bank of Toronto Chambers; London, Canada.

Long distance phones, 971 and 2000. Long distance phone service free to my clients.

INSURANCE

FIRE—ACCIDENT—LIFE

Phone 343.
380 Richmond Street.

J. A. Nelles & Son

Gormaly, Tilt & Co.

BROKERS

32-34 ADELAIDE STREET E., TORONTO.

Members Standard Mining and Stock Exchange. Write us for up-to-date information on listed and unlisted stocks.
29bh-wty

TORONTO March 19.	Asked.	Bid.
Black Lake	23¼	22⅝
Black Lake pfd	65	61
Packers B	75	71
Bell Telephone		147
Canadian General Electric		112¾
Canadian Salt		112
Canadian Pacific		179¼
City Dairy, Com	35	
City Dairy, pref	99¼	98½
Consumers Gas		203
Crow's Nest		82
Detroit United		63
Dominion Coal, com	81½	81
Dominion Steel, com		70¾
Dominion Steel, pref	108	
Dominion Telegraph		108
Electric Dev., pref		57
Laurentide Paper, com		130
Mackay, com	90	89¾
McKay, pfd	77	
Mexican L. & P.	80	79
Niagara Navigation	135	
Northern Navigation		109
N. S. Steel, com	88¼	88¼
Ogilvie Milling, com		139½
Peaman	62	61⅞
Penman, pref	88	87½
Porto Rico Railway	42½	
Rio de Janerio Tram	97	96⅞
R. & O. Navigation	86½	
Rogers, com	168	
Rogers, pref		169
Sao Paulo	149¼	149
Shredded Wheat	48½	46½
Shredded Wheat, pref	100¼	
St. L. & C. Navigation	118	115
Toronto Railway		122½
Tri City, pref	95	
Twin City	114⅝	113⅞
La Rose	450	
Nipissing		1025
North Star	10	
Dominion Bank	245	244½
Bank Hamilton		205
Imperial Bank	239¼	238
Metropolitan Bank		176¼
Bank Of Montreal		256
Bank of Ottawa		210
Standard Bank		231½
Bank Toronto	220	217⅛
Traders	145	144
Union Bank		144
Agricultural Loan	130	123½
Canada Landed		160
Canada Permanent		167
Colonial Investment		68
Dominion Savings	75	71⅝
Hamilton Provident		130
Huron & Erie	201	200
Huron & Erie 20 per cent		182
Landed Banking	130	
London & Canada		111
Ontario Loan	148	
Ontario Loan 20 per cent		130
Real Estate		103
Toronto General Trusts	170	167½
Electric Development		83¾
Keewatin Milling bonds	105	103
Mexican Electric bonds	83	
Mexican Light and Power bonds		87
Rio de Janiero		86
Sao Paulo		101

Morning Sales—Rio, 5, 10, 5 at 96½, 25 at 96⅜, 25 at 96½, 25 at 96⅜, 10, 20, 25, 50 at 96¾, 25, 25, 15, 25, 25, 10, 15, 25 at 96⅞, 10 at 96¾, 50, 25, 25, 25 at 97, 3 at 97⅛, 50 at 96⅞. Dom. Steel, 25, 25 at 70¾, 3 at 70, 50, 50 at 71¼; Canada Permanent, 180 at 169; Sao Paulo, 50, 15 at 149, 50 at 149⅛; Black Lake, 25 at 22¾, 2½ at 22¼, 25 at 22⅜, 25 at 22½; F. N. Burt, 25 at 93, 100 at 93¾, 25 at 93⅞, 50, 25, 25, 25 at 94; pfd., 2, 2 at 107, 50, 50, 25 at 106; Twin City, 50 at 114⅛, 10 at 114; Toronto Railway, 25, 25 at 123; MacKay, 25 at 90; pfd., 2 at 76¾, 5 at 77; Duluth-Superior, 4, 5, 10 at 72, 25 at 71⅞; Dominion Telegraph, 4 at 108; Northern Navigation, 5 at 110, 3 at 109, 10 at 110; Colonial Loan, 22 at 68; N. S. Steel, 25, 25, 30, 20 at 89¼; Rogers, 25 at 169; pfd., 10 at 110; Imperial, 15, 5, 50 at 240; Penman, 25, 25 at 62; Montreal Power, 25, 25 at 138½; City Dairy, pfd., 50 at 99; Soo, 25 at 144. Ex-Div—Central Canada Loan, 2 per cent; Toronto Electric, 2 per cent.

LONDON TEACHERS WILL NOT GO TO OTTAWA

Suggestion of Inspector Edwards Will Likely Bring Other Teachers to London.

There was a meeting of the London Teachers' Association this morning. The committee, which had been appointed to see what terms could be obtained from the railway company for the proposed trip to Ottawa, reported that the best arrangement they had been able to make was $11 25 for the round trip, and $2 50 each way for berths.

This was considered too high, and it was decided to abandon the idea.

This project being impossible, Mr. C. B. Edwards suggested that the association invite all the teachers in the western section to visit London. The council, he thought, could be asked to aid in the entertainment, and some good speakers could be arranged for. In this way the advantages of London as an educational centre might be brought before their attention.

The association considered the suggestion very favorably, and it will likely be acted upon in the near future.

LATE LOCAL NEWS

Synod of Huron.

The Synod of the Diocese of Huron will meet this year on June 7, a week or so earlier than the usual date.

G. T. R. Traffic Earnings.

Grand Trunk Railway System traffic earnings from March 8 to 14, 1910 $832,620; same period, 1909, $709,819; increase, $122,801.

Gathered Wild Flowers.

Mr. W. P. Charlton, of Ilderton, writes: Six years ago on the 19th of March, 1904, I gathered wild flowers in the bush on lot 27, concession 13, London Township.

Death of Rev. S. R. Asbury.

Rev. S. R. Asbury, B. D., superannuated clergyman of the Diocese of Huron, died on Thursday at Niagara-on-the-Lake. Mr. Asbury was rector of Delaware for a number of years and was well-known in this city.

Building Permits.

Building permits for the month of March will run well over $100,000. At the present time $93,080 worth have been issued during the month, and there remains still half the month. "It looks like a banner month," said City Architect Nutter.

A Surprise Party.

Master Roy Kingswood, of Princess avenue, was surprised by a large number of friends last evening at his home, yesterday being his birthday. A very pleasant time was spent, games of different kinds making up the programme.

Address by Mr. Whiting.

Rev. Mr. Whiting gave a splendid address to a large congregation at New St. James' Presbyterian Church preparatory services last night. Rev. Mr. Mitchell presided, and announced some forty names that were added to the membership roll. The communion service tomorrow morning will no doubt be attended by the largest number of communicants in the history of the church.

Talbot Street Baptist Church.

A very pleasant social hour was spent after the regular choir practice last evening, when a short programme, consisting of solos, was rendered by Miss Coates, Miss Thompson, Miss E. Ellis and Mr. F. Webster. At the conclusion of the programme, Miss Willdern, organist and leader, entertained the members of the choir to a very dainty lunch, which every one enjoyed, and all expressed their appreciation to their able and highly-respected leader.

Lot Purchased.

It is stated that a lot belonging to Mr. J. C. Halliday, at the corner of Wellington and Victoria streets, has been purchased by a number of prominent laymen of the Methodist Church. The property is to be used for church purposes, as it is expected that in the near future a new church will be built in that locality to take the place of the Richmond Street Mission.

Memorial Church.

After being closed for several Sundays, owing to redecoration work which has been going on, the Memorial Church will be opened on Sunday, when Rev. Arthur Carlyle, rector, of Lucan, formerly assistant to the rector of the Memorial, will be the preacher, and special services will be held. The chancel and nave of the church now present a very beautiful appearance.

Mr. Steele Injured.

Mr. G. G Steele, of 367 King street, met with a painful accident some days ago while on a fishing trip in Florida. Mr. Steele was on the deck of a schooner at Pasagrail, near St. Petersburg, Florida, when he stepped on a fish that was lying on the deck, and was thrown heavily against the rail of the schooner. A letter from Mr. Steele makes light of the accident, however, and it is not thought to be very serious.

Surprise Party.

A very enjoyable evening was spent on Thursday (St. Patrick's Day), at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Provan, sen., 501 Hill street, when about 25 of their friends gathered and took possession of their house. The company entertained Mr. and Mrs. Provan to a musical evening. Selections were given on the mandolin, guitar and violin, together with songs by different members of the company. Mr. Will Provan, jun., rendered several Scotch songs. As it was Mr. Provan, sen.'s, birthday he received several nice and useful presents. About midnight a dainty lunch was served.

Confirmation Services.

Rev. Professor Jeakins, D. D. of Huron College, will preach in St. James' Episcopal Church on Sunday morning. In the evening Bishop Williams will hold a confirmation service.

Rev. Mr. Perdue Resigns.

Rev. J. G. Perdue, who has been ill for a month or more, has been compelled on account of ill-health to resign the curacy of St. Paul's Cathedral, and will return to England about the first of May. The resignation has not yet been officially received by the church officials. The appointment of a successor rests with Rev. Canon Dann, the rector, and such an appointment will shortly be made.

A cod weighing 27½ pounds has been caught in the harbor at Folkestone, England.

In four years New York has built 98 theatres and 32 churches.

A coaling feat which is looked upon as a record for the navy was achieved at Portsmouth the other day, when the battleship Britannia took on board 1,520 tons of coal in four hours and ten minutes—an average of 368 tons an hour.

The Dominion Bank

(Incorporated 1869).

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—Savings accounts receive special attention, and interest is allowed on deposits of One Dollar and upwards.

FARMERS' SALE NOTES—Collected and advances made thereon at reasonable rates. Sterling exchange bought and sold. Banking may be transacted by mail.

MAIN OFFICE: CORNER DUNDAS AND RICHMOND STREETS.
BRANCH: CORNER DUNDAS AN RECTORY STREETS.

C. A. ROSS, Manager

MINISTER FIELDING LEAVES FOR ALBANY

Feeling at Ottawa Is That Tariff War Will Be Averted.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 19.—Hon. W. S. Fielding left this morning to meet President Taft at Albany, and discuss with him the tariff situation existing between Canada and the United States Mr. Fielding goes on the invitation of President

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

EGGS AND SYRUP MARKET FEATURES

Eggs Sold All Way From 18 to 20 Cents a Dozen on Square This Morning.

SYRUP WAS IN DEMAND

At $1 15 to $1 25 a Gallon But Was Very Scarce—Pork Was Another Feature of the Market.

The local market this morning showed one of the best turnouts that has been seen for some months past. There was a fair supply of almost every variety of produce.

Eggs and Maple syrup probably held the centre of interest.

Eggs, as was expected, were plentiful indeed, and the price inclined to drop. The sale opened at 20 cents a dozen for wholesale lots, but it soon declined from that figure and sold for 19 and some sales were even reported for 18 cents. The retail price was largely about 20 to 21 cents, some early sales being made at 22 cents.

Demand for Syrup.

Maple syrup was everywhere, but despite the quantity offered there was apparently no superfluity, as the sellers everywhere were kept wielding the dipper and measure without intermission. The price remained at $1 15 to $1 25 a gallon.

Butter was as usual painfully scarce, and the demand was more than usually keen, and a great many purchasers were disappointed in getting their supply. The prices showed a decided advance, good quality crocks selling at 26 cents, and rolls at 25 cents, and even at these prices there was only a very small supply.

Another Feature.

Pork was another feature on the market, the prices again mounting to very unusual figures. Dressed hogs, of which there was only a very moderate supply, sold at $12.00 to $12.25, while the prices for live hogs for Monday's delivery was set at $9.50, the highest figure they reached in many years.

Vegetables were moderately plentiful. Potatoes were offered by the load at 45 to 50, and in single bags at 55 to 60c. There was only a moderate demand, however. Lettuce was somewhat scarcer than usual this morning, and sold for 40 to 50 cents a dozen bunches. Onions sold at the same figure, and retailed at 5c. a bunch. Rhubarb sold at 10c a bunch or $1.00 a dozen. Water cress was offered at 10c a bunch.

Apple Supply.

There was a good supply of apples, but as usual there was only a comparatively moderate sale for them.

Hay remained at $12.00 to $15.00. Oats, at $1.25 to $1.32. Wheat at $1.08, and Barley $1.15.

Other prices are as follows:

Grain by Hundredweight.

Oats, per cwt	$1 25	to	$1 32
Buckwheat, per cwt	1 25	to	1 30
Barley, per cwt	1 15	to	1 18
Peas, per cwt	1 15	to	1 15
Beans, per bu	1 90	to	2 00
Rye, per cwt	1 05	to	1 10

Grain per Bushel.

Oats, new	42	to	44
Barley	62 2-5	to	64 2-5
Wheat	1 08	to	1 08
Peas	36	to	36
Beans	1 90	to	2 00

Hay and Straw.

Hay, per ton	13 00	to	15 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	8 00

Dairy Produce.

Butter, creamery, lb	26	to	28
Butter, rolls, per lb	24	to	25
Butter, crocks, lb	22	to	26
Eggs, crate, dozen	19	to	20
Eggs, fresh-laid, doz	20	to	22
Honey, strained, lb	10	to	12
Honey, in comb	12	to	15
Maple syrup, per gallon	1 15	to	1 25

Poultry, Dressed.

Turkeys, per lb	18	to	20
Ducks, spring, per lb	14	to	15
Old ducks, per lb	10	to	11
Old fowl, per lb	12	to	12
Chickens, per lb	14	to	16
Geese, per lb	12	to	14

Poultry, Alive.

Old fowl, per lb	8	to	9
Turkeys, per lb	15	to	15
Ducks, per lb	10	to	12
Young fowl, per lb	10	to	11

Butchers' Meats.

Beef, by the carcase	$ 00	to	9 50
Mutton, per cwt	8 00	to	10 00
Veal, per cwt	10 00	to	11 00
Spring lamb, per lb	13	to	14
Dressed hogs, per cwt	12 00	to	12 25

Live Stock.

Small pigs, per pair	8 00	to	14 00
Select hogs, per cwt	9 50	to	9 50
Fat sows, per cwt	5 00	to	6 00
Export cattle, cwt	5 00	to	5 50
Milch cows, each	40 00	to	60 00

Hides and Wool.

Lambskins, each	75	to	1 10
Wool, washed, per lb	20	to	22
Wool, unwashed, per lb	12	to	12
Hides, No. 1, per lb	9	to	9
Hides, No. 2, per lb	8	to	8
Hides, No. 3, per lb	7	to	7
Calfskins, per lb	11½	to	13

Vegetables.

Potatoes, per bag	45	to	60
Turnips, per bu	25	to	30
Celery, per dozen	50	to	40
Lettuce, per doz	30	to	50
Sage, per dozen	20	to	20
Savory, per dozen	20	to	20
Cabbage, dozen (to size)	30	to	40
Red cabbage, dozen	40	to	40
Onions, per bu	1 10	to	1 25
Beets, per bu	50	to	50
Parsnips, per bu	50	to	50
Beans, per bu	1 20	to	1 50
Mangels, bu, by the load	20	to	20
Carrots, bu, by the load	30	to	40
Green onions, dozen	40	to	40
Rhubarb, doz	1 00	to	1 00

Fruits.

Apples, per bbls	1 50	to	2 00
Apples, per bu	30	to	50
Apples, per bag	50	to	90

PRODUCE.

CHICAGO, March 19.

Wheat May	112	112¾	111¼	112⅜
July	106½	106⅝	105⅞	106⅜
Corn May	61¼	62	61½	61⅞
July	64⅛	64⅜	63⅞	64⅛
Oats May	43¼	43¾	43¼	43⅝
July	41⅝	42	41½	41⅝
Pork May	25 85	25 90	25 75	25 75
July	25 77	25 85	25 72	25 72
Lard, May	14 12	14 12	14 07	14 10
July	13 95	13 95	13 90	13 92
Ribs, May	13 72	13 75	13 70	13 72
July	13 45	13 45	13 40	13 42

LIVERPOOL, March 19.—Close—Wheat spot dull; No. 2 red western winter, no stock; futures quiet; March, 8s 2¼d; May, 8s 1¼d; July, 7s 11¾d. Corn—Spot steady; new American mixed, 5s 5d; old American mixed, 5s 8¼ d; futures quiet, March nominal, July, 5s 5d. Peas—Canadian steady, 7s 6d. Flour—Winter patents dull, 32s. Hops in London—Pacific coast, dull, £5 to £6. Beef—Extra India mess, strong, 118s 9d. Pork—Prime mess, western, strong, 115s. Hams—Short cut, strong, 74s. Bacon—Strong, cumberland cut, 75s; short rib, 74s; clear bellies, 75s; long clear middles, light, 73s 4½d; do., heavy, 72s 6d; short clear backs, 71s; shoulders, square, strong, 64s 6d. Lard—Strong, prime western, 72s 6d; American refined, 72s 9d. Cheese—Strong, Canadian finest white, 63s; do., colored, 62s. Tallow—Prime city nominally 33s; Australian in London firm, 3s 10½d. Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 42s 3d. Rosin—Common, firm, 10s 9d. Petroleum—Refined steady, 7½d. Linseed Oil—Firm, 36s 3d.

TORONTO, March 19.—The wheat markets are dull today, but prices continue firm. Western grain is somewhat in demand. Ontario wheat, No. 2, mixed winter or white, $1 07 to $1 08 outside; Manitoba wheat, spot No. 1 northern, $1 13; No. 2 northern, $1 11 on track lake ports, for immediate delivery; No. 1 northern, $1 19; No. 2 northern, $1 17 all rail. Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 70½c; new No. 3 yellow, 67½c to 68c; Canadian corn, 62½c to 63c. Oats—Canada western No. 2, 42c; No. 3, 41c, on track, lake ports, No. 2 Canada white, 44c; No. 3 Canada white, 43c. March shipments, all rail: Ontario No. 2 white, 38c to 38½c outside. No. 3 white, 36c to 36½c outside. Barley—41c to 42c on track, Toronto. Rye—No. 2, 55c to 56c; No. 3, extra, 53c to 54c; No. 3, 48c to 49c outside; Manitoba, No. 3, 57c; No. 4, 53c, on track lake ports. Peas—No. 2, 81c to 82c. Rye—No. 2, 68c to 69c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c to 51½c. Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are: First patents, $5 70; second patents, $5 20; strong bakers, $5 00 per cent Glasgow freights, 28s 6d; Ontario flour, winter wheat patents for export, $4 10 to $4 15 in buyers' sacks outside. Mill Feed—Manitoba bran, $22 50 to $23 per ton. Shorts—$23 50 to $24 per ton on track, Toronto. Ontario Bran—$23 per ton. Shorts—$24 per ton on track, Toronto.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Cotton—Futures opened firm; March, 15.08 to 15.10; April, 15.05 bid; May, 15.05; July, 14.79; August, 14.25; September, 13.33 bid; October, 12.94; December, 12.72. Closed steady. Closing bids: March, 15.07; April, 15.03; May, 15.01; June, 14.78; July, 14.76; August, 14.26; September, 13.34; October, 12.93; November, 12.78; December, 12.77. January, 12.72. Spot closed steady, five points higher; middling uplands, 15.20; middling gulf, 15.45; sales, 5,455 bales.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Cotton—Futures opened steady: March, 15.11; May, 15.05; July, 14.76; August, 14.25; Sept., 13.33; Oct., 12.93; Dec., 12.77; Jan., 12.74, bid.

SUGAR.

LONDON, March 18.—Cane closed firm with little doing; Java, 15s 1½d; beet steady, with upward tendency; March, 14s 6¾d; April, 14s 6¾d; May, 14s 6¾d.

TORONTO, March 18.—Wholesale quotations are: Sugar, Montreal, granulated, barrels, cwt., $5 20; do., in bags, $5 15; yellow in barrels, $4 80; do., in bags, $4 75; Acadia, bags or barrels, $5 10; No. 2 granulated in bags, $4 90.

NEW YORK, March 18—Sugar—Raw steady. Muscovado, 3.86c; centrifugal, 4.36c; molasses sugar, 3.61c; refined sugar steady; molasses, steady.

TORONTO, March 18.—Sugar—Montreal, granulated, barrels, cwt., $5 20; do., in bags, $5 15; yellow, in barrels, $4 80; do., in bags, $4 75; Acadia, bags or barrels, $5 10; No. 2 granulated, in bags, $4 90.

HAY.

TORONTO, March 18.—Baled Hay and Straw—Local quotations are: Hay—No. 1 timothy, $14 to $15; inferior, $11 50 to $12 50. Straw—Selling mostly at $7 50 per ton, and unchanged.

POTATOES.

TORONTO, March 18.—Potatoes—There is no change in the local situation. Potatoes are very plentiful, and the market is easy to 40c to 50c per bag in car lots, and at 55c to 60c per bag out of store.

OIL.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Rosin steady. Turpentine steady.

PITTSBURG, March 18.—Oil opened and closed at $1.40.

OIL CITY, March 18.—Credit balances, $1.40.

DETROIT, March 18. — Beans—Spot, $2.15; April, $2.17 per bu.

PITTSBURG, March 19.—Oil closed at $1 40.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 200; market steady; beeves, $5.60 to $8.70; Texas steers, $5.00 to $6.30; Western steers, $6.00 to $6.80; Stockers and feeders, $3.75 to $6.65; Cows and heifers, $2.75 to $7.10; Calves, $8.25 to $10.00. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 6,000; market strong; light, $10.50 to $10.90; mixed, $10.60 to $11.00; heavy, $10.65 to $11.05; rough, $10.65 to $10.80; good to choice, heavy, $10.65 to $11.05; pigs, $9.80 to $10.15; bulk of sales, $10.85 to $10.95. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 2,000; market steady; native, $3.25 to $3.50; Western, $3.50 to $3.80; yearlings, $3.00 to $9.10; lambs, native, $3.50 to $11.00; Western, $9.00 to $10.30.

EAST BUFFALO, March 19. — Cattle—Receipts, 75; firm. Veal—Receipts, 25 head active and steady, $6.00 to $11.00; Hogs—Receipts, 400 head; active and 10 to 15 cents higher; heavy and mixed, $11.25 to $11.35; yorkers, $11.00 to $11.25; pigs, $10.90 to $11.15; dairies, $10.90 to $11.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 800 head; active and higher; lambs, $7.25 to $10.65; a few $10.70; yearlings, $9.25 to $10.00; weathers, $8.50 to $9.00; ewes, $7.75 to $8.25. Sheep, mixed, $4.00 to $8.50.

STOCKS.

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

NEW YORK, Wall Street, March 19.—Noon.—As was natural after the irregular strength of the past few days, today's market was given over to an evening up process and as the shorts have largely covered and many of the room traders made committments on the long side, the pressure today was on the side of sales. After opening steady the market with intense dullness, sagged off. A reactionary tendency was aided somewhat by a sharp break in the L. V. on Philadelphia market. Rather exceptional weakness was shown in St. Paul. U. P. the metal stocks and steels. C. & O. was rather strong. Further but indefinite, the markets technical condition and apprehension of a Supreme Court decision Monday adverse to the Tobacco Co., was the incentive for selling.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

	New York, March 19. Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
Amal. Copper	79⅛	79½	77¾	78¼
Anaconda	49¼	—	—	—
Amer. Sugar	126⅛	—	—	—
Am. Bt. Sugar	38⅛	—	—	—
Amer. Loco	52½	52½	51½	51½
Amer. Foundry	65¼	65½	65	65
Amer. Refining	86⅜	86½	85⅛	85½
Atchison, com	115⅜	115⅜	114⅜	114¾
Balt. and Ohio	112⅛	112¼	112⅛	112¼
Brooklyn Tran	76¼	76¼	75½	75½
Can. Pacific	179¼	—	—	—
Ches. and Ohio	88⅜	88⅞	87½	87½
Chicago G. W.	32⅜	—	—	—
Con. Gas	145¼	145½	145	145
Color. F. and I.	40¾	41	40½	40½
Chi. and N. W.	154½	—	—	—
Distillers	33⅞	—	—	—
Erie	30¾	30¾	30⅜	30⅜
Great Nor. pfd.	136¼	136¼	135¼	135¼
Inter. Met.	22	—	—	—
Inter. Met. pfd.	56¼	56¼	56	56
K. and T., com.	43¼	43¼	42¼	42¼
Louis. and Nash.	153½	153½	152	152
Mis. Pacific	70	—	—	—
N. Y. Central	125	125	124	124⅝
Nor. Pacific	134⅞	134⅞	133¾	133⅞
Nor. and West.	106¼	106⅝	106	106⅛
National Lead	83	—	—	—
Ont. and West.	46	46⅛	45¾	45¾
Pennsylvania	137¾	137⅜	136½	136½
People's Gas	110½	110½	110¼	110¼
Reading	168½	168⅝	166⅝	166½
Repub. I. and S.	39	—	—	—
Rock Island	49¾	49¾	48½	48½
Rock Island, pfd.	97⅞	92	91½	91½
Southern Rail	29	—	—	—
Southern, pfd.	66¼	66¼	66	66
Southern Pac.	128¼	128¼	126⅜	126⅜
St. Paul	144¾	144¾	142	143½
Texas	30	—	—	—
Union Pacific	188⅛	188⅛	186¼	186½
U. S. Rubber	44	—	—	—
U. S. Steel	86⅜	86⅜	85¼	85¼
U. S. Steel, pfd.	121⅞	121⅜	121⅜	121⅜
Wabash, com	21⅝	21⅝	21½	21½
Wabash, pfd.	48⅜	48½	47½	47½

MONTREAL, March 19	Asked	Bid
Bell Telephone		145
Packers B	73	
Canadian Converters	45	43
Canadian Pacific Ry	179⅜	179¼
New Pacific	178½	176
Detroit Electric	64	63½
Dominion Coal, com	82	81½
Dominion Steel com	70¼	70
Dominion Steel, pfd	107¾	107⅜
Illinois Traction, pref	91	90
Lake of the Woods, com	146½	145¼
Lake of the Woods, pref	127	124
Laurentide Paper com	132	130
Laurentide Paper pfd		129
McKay Com	90¾	90
Mackay, pref		75
Mexican Elec	83	
Minn. & St. Paul	144	143
Mt. L., H. & Power	137¾	137½
Montreal Street Railway	249¼	248½
Montreal Steel Works, pref		117½
Nor. Ohio T. & L	37½	37¼
N. S. Steel & Coal	88½	88
R. & O. Navigation	86	85½
Rio de Janero	97	96¾
Toronto Railway	123¾	123
Tri City, pref		94
Twin City	114	113
Winnipeg	178½	175
Windsor Hotel	120	110
Bank British North America		150½
Bank of Commerce	212½	210½
Eastern Township Bank	162¼	160
Hochelaga Bank	145	
Merchants Bank	177¼	177
Molsons Bank	215	207
Bank of Toronto	217	210
Union Bank	145½	142
Canadian Colored Cotton	64½	63¼
Dominion Textile, pref		103
Montreal Cotton	135	131
Bell Telephone bonds		105
Canada Colored Cotton bonds		100½
Dominion Coal bonds	98⅝	97½
Dominion Iron and Steel bonds		96½
Laurentide Paper bonds	110½	108
Mexican Electric	83	
Mt. L., H. & Power	99½	98⅜
Ogilvie Milling bonds		112
Price Bros. bonds	105½	
Textile bonds A	96¼	95¼
Textile bonds C	97	95½
Textile bonds D	95	

Morning sales—Power, 215 at 138¼, 500 at 138½, 50 at 138½, 25 at 138⅜, 1000, 500 at 139, 500 at 138⅞, 50 at 138½, 25, 50 at 138¼, 325 at 138¾, 25 at 138⅝, 50, 50 at 138½, 75, 250 at 138¼, 25 at 138⅜, 200, 100 at 138, 125 at 138¼; Textile, com., 25 at 72¼, 50, 125 at 72¾; 100 at 72¼; Street Railway, 10 at 246, 25 at 247, 225, 25 at 246¾, 100 at 246½, 28 at 247, 75 at 247½, 25 at 248¼, 125, 50 at 249, 25, 250, 25 at 248½, 25 at 249¼, 500 at 249½, 400 at 248¾, 825 at 249½, 50 at 249, 25 at 248¾; 415 at 250, 250 at 250¼, 35 at 250, 100 at 249, 25 at 249⅝, 75 at 248½, 50, 85 at 249, 57 at 249¼, 25 at 248¾, 175, 115 at 248½, Detroit, 25 at 63½, 3 at 63¾, 25 at 63½; Rails, 25 at 102¾, 120 at 103½; Rio Bonds, 5,000 at 95⅝; Quebec, 1,000 at 35⅞, 325 at 36; Iron Bonds, 1,500 at 96¼, 500 at 96⅜; Ohio, 10 at 37½; Soo, com., 25 at 144, 10 at 142½; Rio, 25 at 96¾, 150 at 97; Street (26), 25 at 249; R. and O., 500 at 85, 7 at 86½, 75 at 85; Halifax, 16 at 124; Iron, pfd., 50 at 107¼, 25 at 107¾, 50 at 108½; Illinois, 2 at 90¾; Textile, pfd., 1 at 102; Lake, pfd., ½ at 62; Rubber, com., 50 at 99; Ogilvie, 25 at 150¾; Montreal Cotton, 18 at 132; Scotia, 10 at 89½, 25 at 89, 25 at 88½; Reserve, 50 at 380; Shawinigan, 50 at 102¾, 75 at 102½, 150, 110 at 103½, 25 at 104, 100 at 103⅝, 25 at 103¾; Nipissing, 350 at 10½; Iron, com., 5 at 71, 100 at 70½, 170, 125 at 70¼, 125 at 70½, 10 at 70⅜, 125, 100, 50 at 70¾, 295, 150 at 70, 75 at 70⅛, 378 at 71. Quebec Bonds, 1,000 at 83¼, 780 at 83¼, 7,000 at 83¼, 27,000, 2,000 at 83½, 3,000 at 84¼.

COBALT STOCK.

Special to The Advertiser from Edward Cronyn & Co., Toronto.

Toronto, March 19.—Following are the Exchange: Beaver, 35; Chambers, 40¾; Crown Reserve, 3.80; Cobalt Lake, 24½; Coniagas, 5.60; Foster, 25; Green Meehan, 8; Kerr Lake, 8.85; La Rose, 447; Little Nipissing, 27¼; Nipissing, 10.25; Otisse, 9; Rochester, 21; Nova Scotia, 39; Silver Leaf, 10½; Temiskaming, 64; Trethewey, 1.40.

TORONTO March 19.	Asked.	Bid.
Black Lake	22½	22⅛
Black Lake pfd	65	64
Packers B	75	71
Bell Telephone	..	147
Canadian General Electric	..	112¾
Canadian Salt	..	112
Canadian Pacific	..	179¼
City Dairy, Com	33	
City Dairy, pref	99½	98½
Consumers Gas	..	203
Crow's Nest	..	82
Detroit United	..	63
Dominion Coal, com	81½	81
Dominion Steel, com	..	70¼
Dominion Steel, pref	108	..
Dominion Telegraph	..	108
Electric Dev., pref	..	57
Laurentide Paper, com	..	130
Mackay, com	90	89¼
McKay, pfd	77	..
Mexican L. & P.	80	79
Niagara Navigation	135	..
Northern Navigation	..	109
N. S. Steel, com	88¼	88
Ogilvie Milling, com	..	139½
Pearman	62	61¾
Penman, pref	88	87½
Porto Rico Railway	42½	..
Rio de Janerio Tram	97	96⅞
R. & O. Navigation	86½	..
Rogers, com	168	..
Rogers, pref	..	109
Sao Paulo	149¼	149
Shredded Wheat	48½	46½
Shredded Wheat, pref	100¼	..
St. L. & C. Navigation	118	115
Toronto Railway	..	122¼
Tri City, pref	95	..
Twin City	114⅛	113⅞
La Rose	450	..
Nipissing	..	1025
North Star	10	..
Dominion Bank	245	244½
Bank Hamilton	..	205
Imperial Bank	239½	238
Metropolitan Bank	..	176⅛
Bank of Montreal	..	256
Bank of Ottawa	..	210
Standard Bank	..	231½
Bank Toronto	220	217⅛
Traders	145	144
Union Bank	..	144
Agricultural Loan	130	123½
Canada Landed	..	160
Canada Permanent	..	167
Colonial Investment	..	68
Dominion Savings	75	71⅝
Hamilton Provident	..	130
Huron & Erie	201	200
Huron & Erie 20 per cent	..	182
Landed Banking	130	..
London & Canada	..	111
Ontario Loan	148	..
Ontario Loan 20 per cent	..	130
Real Estate	..	103
Toronto General Trusts	170	167½
Electric Development	..	83¼
Keewatin Milling bonds	..	103
Mexican Electric bonds	85	..
Mexican Light and Power bonds	..	87
Rio de Janiero	..	86
Sao Paulo	..	101

Morning Sales—Rio, 5, 10, 5 at 96½, 25 at 96⅜, 25 at 96½, 25 at 96⅜, 10, 20, 25, 50 at 96¾, 25, 25, 15, 25, 25, 10, 15, 25 at 96⅞, 10 at 96¾, 50, 25, 25, 25 at 97, 3 at 97½, 50 at 96⅞; Dom. Steel, 25, 25 at 70¾, 3 at 70, 50, 50 at 71¼; Canada Permanent, 180 at 169; Sao Paulo, 50, 15 at 149, 50 at 149⅜; Black Lake, 25 at 22⅜, 2½ at 22¼, 25 at 22⅜, 25 at 22½; F. N. Burt, 25 at 93, 100 at 93¾, 25 at 93⅞, 50, 25, 25, 25 at 94; pfd., 2, 2 at 107, 50, 50, 25 at 106; Twin City, 50 at 114⅛, 10 at 114; Toronto Railway, 25, 25 at 123; MacKay, 25 at 90; pfd., 2 at 76¾, 5 at 77; Duluth-Superior, 4, 5, 10 at 72, 25, 25 at 71⅞; Dominion Telegraph, 4 at 108; Northern Navigation, 5 at 110, 3 at 109, 10 at 110; Colonial Loan, 22 at 68; N. S. Steel, 25, 25, 30, 20 at 89¼; Rogers, 25 at 169; pfd., 10 at 110; Imperial, 15, 5, 50 at 240; Penman, 25, 25 at 62; Montreal Power, 25, 25 at 138½; City Dairy, pfd., 50 at 99; Soo, 25 at 144. Ex-Div.—Central Canada Loan, 2 per cent; Toronto Electric, 2 per cent.

ALLEGED LIBEL CASE IN LOCAL COURT

Morley vs. Patrick Heard Today ---Decision Reserved in Case.

Two cases were considered at the sitting of the weekly high court this morning, at which Mr. Justice Sutherland presided.

Mrs. Thomas Morley, wife of Mr. Thomas Morley, of McGillivary Township, brought action against Mr. J. H. Patrick, of London Township, in a case arising out of a libel suit at present pending consideration.

The libel arose out of a letter alleged to have been written by the defendant, Patrick, to the plaintiff's husband, accusing some "lady friend" of his of improper conduct.

Mrs. Morley claims that though no name was stated in the letter, she was the "lady friend" referred to.

In his examination for discovery, the defendant was asked to state who he meant by "lady friend," but refused to do so.

The motion today was to compel him to answer this question. His lordship reserved his decision in the case.

Mr. P. H. Bartlett for the motion, and Mr. Geo. S. Gibbons contra.

Re Anna K. Daniels—The plaintiff in person renewed her application made a week ago by way of an appeal from an order of his honor Judge Macbeth, and for other relief. The claim arose out of the winding-up proceedings of the Birkbeck Loan Company. Judgment was reserved.

HENRY REMANDED

Preliminary Hearing Will Take Place on Tuesday Next.

William Henry, the London Township man, who was arrested last Sunday by High Constable Hughes, charged with criminal assault, appeared before Squire Chittick this morning and was remanded till Tuesday, when his preliminary hearing will take place.

A RECEPTION FOR CHURCH MEMBERS

Rev. J. G. Inkster and Wife Meet the Congregation in School Room.

The first of a series of receptions which Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Inkster are tendering to the members of the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church was held in the school room of the church last evening. These receptions will be given by the pastor and his wife for the next six weeks on Friday evenings, about 100 members of the congregation being invited on each occasion.

A very pleasant evening was spent. Rev. Mr. Rollins, who was present, spoke a few words of welcome, and Miss Cullis and Mrs. Reach rendered solos, Mr. and Mrs. Reach a duet, and Miss Kathleen Brodrick a violin solo.

Frim 9 till 10 o'clock refreshments were served, and the evening was brought to a close by all gathering in family worship.

BAD BOYS WITH LOUD TORPEDOES

Frighten Ladies, and the Police Will Interfere.

Many complaints have been received by the police regarding the practice boys are making in all parts of the city of throwing torpedoes on the sidewalk behind ladies, to frighten them. The constables have been instructed to take the names of all offenders as several women have been very badly frightened, and it is pointed out that in the case of persons suffering with a weak heart the shock might result fatally. There is also danger of the skirts of women taking fire from the torpedoes. A complaint was received last night from the vicinity of Horton and Wellington streets, and it is understood, that the names of several lads who were throwing torpedoes have been taken that they will appear in court shortly.

Cobalts

We have some specially good stocks at right prices.

These stocks should advance rapidly in price, and are good purchases at the present time.

We buy, sell or exchange.

Thos. Raycraft

1 LONDON LOAN BLOCK.
Phones 2995 and 1736.

INVESTMENTS.

4%, 5%, 6%, 7%

H. C. BECHER

STOCKBROKER.

432 Richmond Street. 'Phone 213.

N. S. WILLIAMS

STOCK BROKER,

STOCKS. BONDS, GRAINS bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires. COBALTS—Direct wire connection with the Standard Stock and Mining Exchange, Toronto. Phone 1113.
113 Masonic Temple. ext

INVESTORS

DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY?

We can make you 50 per cent per annum and more by our system of Syndicate Investment in New York Stocks. You have the protection of many times your money. You can always withdraw your balance by telegraph or draft on us. We allow 6 per cent on all credit balances if money is not in use. Profits paid to Syndicate members monthly. Open an account with us NOW.

PATRIARCHE & CO.

STOCK DEALERS,
Patriarche Block, Scott Street, Toronto, Canada.

OIL STOCKS

Bought and sold. Stocks that have sold at from 10, 15, 25 cents per share within the last year, are now selling at 10, 15, and 25 dollars per share, and are paying immense dividends.

Splendid investments on hand for quick returns.

J. J. TURNER & CO.

Bank of Toronto Chambers; London, Canada.

Long distance phones, 971 and 2000. Long distance phone service free to my clients.

INSURANCE

FIRE—ACCIDENT—LIFE

Phone 343.
380 Richmond Street.

J. A. Nelles & Son

Gormaly, Tilt & Co.

BROKERS

32-34 ADELAIDE STREET E., TORONTO.

Members Standard Mining and Stock Exchange. Write us for up-to-date information on listed and unlisted stocks.
29bh-wty

LONDON TEACHERS WILL NOT GO TO OTTAWA

Suggestion of Inspector Edwards Will Likely Bring Other Teachers to London.

There was a meeting of the London Teachers' Association this morning. The committee, which had been appointed to see what terms could be obtained from the railway company for the proposed trip to Ottawa, reported that the best arrangement they had been able to make was $11 25 for the round trip, and $2 50 each way for berths.

This was considered too high, and it was decided to abandon the idea.

This project being impossible, Mr. C. B. Edwards suggested that the association invite all the teachers in the western section to visit London. The council, he thought, could be asked to aid in the entertainment, and some good speakers could be arranged for. In this way the advantages of London as an educational centre might be brought before their attention.

The association considered the suggestion very favorably, and it will likely be acted upon in the near future.

LATE LOCAL NEWS

Synod of Huron.

The Synod of the Diocese of Huron will meet this year on June 7, a week or so earlier than the usual date.

G. T. R. Traffic Earnings.

Grand Trunk Railway System traffic earnings from March 8 to 14, 1910 $832,620; same period, 1909, $709,819; increase, $122,801.

Gathered Wild Flowers.

Mr. W. P. Charlton, of Ilderton, writes: Six years ago on the 19th of March, 1904, I gathered wild flowers in the bush on lot 27, concession 13, London Township.

Death of Rev. S. R. Asbury.

Rev. S. R. Asbury, B. D., superannuated clergyman of the Diocese of Huron, died on Thursday at Niagara-on-the-Lake. Mr. Asbury was rector of Delaware for a number of years and was well-known in this city.

Building Permits.

Building permits for the month of March will run well over $100,000. At the present time $93,080 worth have been issued during the month, and there remains still half the month. "It looks like a banner month," said City Architect Nutter.

A Surprise Party.

Master Roy Kingswood, of Princess avenue, was surprised by a large number of friends last evening at his home, yesterday being his birthday. A very pleasant time was spent, games of different kinds making up the programme.

Address by Mr. Whiting.

Rev. Mr. Whiting gave a splendid address to a large congregation at New St. James' Presbyterian Church preparatory services last night. Rev. Mr. Mitchell presided, and announced some forty names that were added to the membership roll. The communion service tomorrow morning will no doubt be attended by the largest number of communicants in the history of the church.

Talbot Street Baptist Church.

A very pleasant social hour was spent after the regular choir practice last evening, when a short programme, consisting of solos, was rendered by Miss Coates, Miss Thompson, Miss E. Ellis and Mr. F. Webster. At the conclusion of the programme, Miss Wildern, organist and leader, entertained the members of the choir to a very dainty lunch, which every one enjoyed, and all expressed their appreciation to their able and highly-respected leader.

Lot Purchased.

It is stated that a lot belonging to Mr. J. C. Halliday, at the corner of Wellington and Victoria streets, has been purchased by a number of prominent laymen of the Methodist Church. The property is to be used for church purposes, as it is expected that in the near future a new church will be built in that locality to take the place of the Richmond Street Mission.

Memorial Church.

After being closed for several Sundays, owing to redecoration work which has been going on, the Memorial Church will be opened on Sunday, when Rev. Arthur Carlyle, rector, of Lucan, formerly assistant to the rector of the Memorial, will be the preacher, and special services will be held. The chancel and nave of the church now present a very beautiful appearance.

Mr. Steele Injured.

Mr. G. G Steele, of 367 King street, met with a painful accident some days ago while on a fishing trip in Florida. Mr. Steele was on the deck of a schooner at Pasagrail, near St. Petersburg, Florida, when he stepped on a fish that was lying on the deck, and was thrown heavily against the rail of the schooner. A letter from Mr. Steele makes light of the accident, however, and it is not thought to be very serious.

Surprise Party.

A very enjoyable evening was spent on Thursday (St. Patrick's Day), at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Provan, sen., 501 Hill street, when about 25 of their friends gathered and took possession of their house. The company entertained Mr. and Mrs. Provan to a musical evening. Selections were given on the mandolin, guitar and violin, together with songs by different members of the company. Mr. Will Provan, jun., rendered several Scotch songs. As it was Mr. Provan, sen.'s, birthday he received several nice and useful presents. About midnight a dainty lunch was served.

Confirmation Services.

Rev. Professor Jeakins, D. D. of Huron College, will preach in St. James' Episcopal Church on

T. C. Wright

HIGH-GRADE PIANOS

231 Dundas Street

Bennett Theatre Building

SOLE AGENT FOR

Mason & Risch

"The Piano with a Soul."

London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Limited

Thorough instruction in piano, organ, violin, voice, reading and harmony, also Fletcher Music Method for beginners. Ask for curriculum. F. LINFORTH WILLGOOSE, Mus. Bac., A. R. C. O., principal. Phone 1101. Address 374 DUNDAS STREET. Lottie L. Armstrong, registrar.

Your Spring Overcoat on Credit

See our black silk-faced ones at $12.

WOLF BROS.

Corner of Dundas and Adelaide Streets. Over Bank of Toronto.

Quick Revolution Vertical Engines

Browett-Lindley & Co., Sandon, Works, Manchester, England, manufacturers for Traction, Street Railway and Electric Light Service.

E. Leonard & Sons

Sole Canadian Agents.
LONDON, ONT.

The Stylish Woman

has her corsets made to the special requirements of her figure. MISS I. QUINN will tell you all about the best of custom corsets. 274 Dundas street. Telephone 3151.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldgs., next Court House, London

Logan & Ball
Funeral Directors
418 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 1963.
Residence on Premises.

GRIFFITH BROS.
LEADING FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS
Private Ambulance in Connection.
104 DUNDAS ST. 'PHONE 459.
CARL MILLER, Asst. Manager.

SMITH, SON & CLARKE
UNDERTAKERS
115 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 586
629 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678
Residence on Premises.
Private Ambulance Service.

FERGUSON & SONS
Funeral Directors
180 KING STREET.
PHONES 543, 373, 2056.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

JUST ARRIVED

A large shipment of Murray Mine Anthracite Chestnut Coal, $6 50 a ton. All orders given prompt attention. tyw

GREEN & CO.
495 YORK STREET. Telephone 1391.

KINDLING WOOD $1

PER LOAD.

Delivered to All Parts of the City.

LONDON BOX CO
309 BATHURST ST. 'Phone 528

TO LET

Office No. 12 London Loan Block, Steam Heated. Only $7.00 a Month.

LONDON LOAN AND SAVINGS CO'Y
London, Ont.

Pianos to Rent.

Pianos to rent from $2 per month upwards, six months rent allowed in case of purchase. Williams' Piano Company, Limited, 261 Dundas street. tf

Order Hamilton's

Hamilton's Porter is fully aged. It is the best. Ask for Hamilton's when you are buying.

Order Hamilton's

THOS. WILSON
Merchant Tailor
212 DUNDAS STREET
HIGGINS' BLOCK. Telephone 898

SCRANTON COAL

Every ton of Coal from our yards is guaranteed, and it will pay you to try our HAND-PICKED COAL.

One ton will make you a regular customer.

HEAMAN & SON
Burwell and York Sts. 'Phone 312.

COAL OR WOOD
We have the very best
MAY BROS.
685 YORK ST. PHONE 1224.
Mail orders promptly attended to.
COAL OR WOOD



IF YOU WANT COAL IN A HURRY

Just tell us. We'll have a load or more of well-screened coal up to your place in double-quick time. Phone 1312.

D. H. GILLIES & SON.



JOHNNY—GOOD COAL is Coal which burns well.

JIMMY—GOOD COAL is Coal which is free from Slate.

JENNY—GOOD COAL is Coal which does not clinker.

JACK—GOOD COAL, says mother, is the coal she gets from

Webster & Kernohan
Phone 1383.

JOHNSTON BROS.
XXX BREAD
"Butter Bread"

Just try "BUTTER BREAD" with maple syrup — it's delicious, and rich in flavor, too.

At grocer's or delivered.

Johnston Bros., Phone 944

A Mantel Clock

Makes both a handsome decoration and an accurate family clock. You ought to have one. We have a large assortment of latest designs.

SUMNER'S
For Reliable Jewelry.
380 RICHMOND STREET.

X CREEK LEHIGH COAL IS HARDEST, HEAVIEST, HOTTEST COAL MINED. TRY IT—IT WILL PLEASE YOU.
John Mann & Sons

PARNELL'S FAMOUS BREADS

Why eat so much expensive and unwholesome foods, when you can get such a healthy and inexpensive food as

Parnell's Bread

Bread made at PARNELL'S SANITARY BAKERY is the best food for both young and old, rich and poor.

Try It!

'PHONES: 929 and 1390.

BUY
Neilson's
Chocolates for Easter

Every piece is a delicious surprise, and we are confident you and your friends will be pleased.

For sale only by

Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists.
216 DUNDAS ST. LONDON.

Married in California.

The wedding took place at Ocean Park, California, on March 9, of Miss May Burridge, formerly of South London, and Mr. Gilbert Jamieson, of Ocean Park. They will reside in that place.

Population of St. Thomas.

Assessment Commissioner Freek, of St. Thomas, has practically completed the work of assessment for 1910. The population is 14,872, an increase of 294, and the total assessment $7,383,831, an increase of $604,249.

Will Sue Township.

It is stated that Mr. James Elsey, of Mount Brydges, who was so badly injured recently, when his heavily-loaded wagon upset, will sue the township for damages on the ground that the accident was due to the very bad condition of the road.

Grand "At Home."

There was a meeting of the London Council of the Royal Arcanum, to conduct arrangements for the grand "At Home," which will be tendered to the grand council, in the council rooms in the Duffield Block on April 12. The London Council and the South London Council will unite to make this "At Home" a great success.

Queen's Alumni Banquet.

The annual banquet of the alumni of Queen's University residing in this district will be held on March 25. Rev. Professor Laird, professor of practical theology, and Professor Morrison, teacher of history, will be guests and will speak. On Saturday, March 26, Professor Morrison will address the Canadian Club on "Some Social Lessons From the Old Land."

Mothers' Club Meeting.

The Simcoe Street Mothers' Club held a St. Patrick's tea in the kindergarten Friday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. The bright, sunny room and daintily spread tables, decorated with pots of shamrock, gave a charming welcome to the many guests. After refreshments had been served, a violin number by Mrs. Geo. Grant, and readings by Mrs. Holman contributed to one of the most pleasant and sociable functions the club has ever held.

St. George's Concert.

At a meeting of St. George's Society held in the society's hall Thursday night, it was decided to hold a concert and dance on the evening of April 25. It was also decided that the society should attend church in a body on April 24. The collection on this occasion, and any surplus that may remain from the concert, will be turned into the funds of the London Health Association.

Late Miss Rowat.

The funeral of Miss Jessie Reed Rowat, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gavin Rowat, 149 Wortley road, was held from her parents' residence at half-past two yesterday afternoon to Woodland Cemetery. The funeral was conducted by Rev. J. G. Stuart, of Knox Presbyterian Church, of which the deceased was a member, assisted by Rev. Dean Davis. The pallbearers were six former associates of the young lady at the Western University: Revs. Arthur Carlisle, of Lucan; David Cornish, of Granton; H. P. Westgate, Atwood; T. B. Clarke, city; Dr. W. J. Tamblyn, and Fred Landon, of this city.

A Pittsburg Druggist.

Mr. Fred McCulloch, a nephew of Mr. J. B. P. Tanton, of this city, is apparently making a very rapid rise in his chosen profession of pharmacy. The Pittsburg Post prints a very glowing account of the new establishment that he has started in the Union Station of that city, where he employs twelve assistants, and is open day and night. Mr. McCulloch was formerly with Messrs. Cairncross & Lawrence till he left the city some five years ago.

Sunday Appointments.

The appointments at Huron College for Sunday are: St. Luke's, Broughdale, Rev. Principal Waller; St. James' in the morning, and St. John the Evangelist in the evening, Rev. Professor Jeakins; Lakeside, C. C. Brett; Port Burwell, W. G. Blackwell; St. James', in the evening, E. Hawkins; London Township, A. L. G. Clarke; St. Thomas, Neville Ward; Newbury and Wardsville, G. Tully; Innerkip and Eastwood, D. G. Heaven; Courtright, R. W. James; Durham, J. Cartlidge; St. Paul's Cathedral Bible Class, W. H. Robarts; Home for Incurables, C. Langford; Aged People's Home, R. Buchanan; Lambeth and Chelsea Green, S. McDonnell; St. David's Mission, A. G. Currie; Norwich, A. S. H. Cree; St. Mark's, Pottersburg, H. C. Light; Port Dover, S. V. Vair.

REAL ESTATERS WANT TO SELL THE RAILWAY

Resolution Regarding the L. & P. S. R. Introduced at the Meeting Last Night.

"Resolved, that, whereas, it has been frequently shown in the public press, and now made conspicuously true in the data furnished by that invulnerable financier, Ald. Richter, that under civic management the London and Port Stanley Railway is not a paying proposition as a civic asset;

"That the R. E. O. A. believe that no more money should be spent in that direction, to electrify or otherwise. But now that we have absolute competition to the Port, and, whereas, we now have a railway commission to govern and regulate all railway rates and other matters, as between the general public and all railway companies and corporations, in which we are protected from unjust measures or ratings, the best interests of the citizens will be served by securing a customer for said Port Stanley Railway, and applying the proceeds to the lessening of the general debenture debt of the city, and by so doing place London as a manufacturing and residential city on a plane of assessment and general tax rate, as the lowest, and consequently the most attractive city in the Dominion.

"The above resolution to be given to the press and left open for discussion for three consecutive meetings, that all members may have an opportunity to attend and take part in the debate."

The above resolution, introduced at last night's meeting of the Real Estate Owners' Association, was the subject of keen discussion and before passing it finally, it was decided to leave it open for three consecutive meetings.

The discussion was entirely along the line of disposing of the road, and it was pointed out that no firm would very long run a department in connection with its business, in which there was annually a deficit

Yet this, it was argued, was exactly what the city is doing in regard to the London and Port Stanley Railway. It was pointed out that from the present outlook there is little chance of there being anything else than a series of deficits, which will have to be made up by the citizens from year to year.

THREE GRAIN CARRIERS STEAM TO SARNIA

Open Navigation at Upper End of St. Clair River, Which Is Free of Ice.

Port Huron, Mich., March 19.—Navigation opened here yesterday when three grain vessels, which had wintered at Point Edward, steamed from Point Edward to Sarnia, where they will be fitted out. The steamers were compelled to remain at Point Edward all during the winter months, with their cargoes of grain aboard, owing to the fact that cars could not be secured with which to move the grain. Another steamer that wintered at the point is now at the elevator, unloading its cargo. It is probable that the majority of these boats will leave the first or latter part of next week for up-lake ports for their first cargoes.

At Port Huron the marine men have been busy the past few days and as a result practically all the steamers are in readiness for the opening of navigation. Both Lake Huron and the St. Clair River are free of ice at present.

Are You Going West?

If so, exceptional opportunities are now being offered by the Grand Trunk Railway System (via Chicago), in the way of "Colonist Excursions," "Settlers' Excursions," and "Homeseekers' Excursion." The former rates are one-way, second-class, applying to certain points in California, Mexico, British Columbia, Oregon, Washington, etc., daily, until April 15. The Settlers' rates are also one-way, second-class, and apply to principal points in Saskatchewan and Alberta (including certain points on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway), and in effect March 15, 22, 29, April 5 and 12. The Homeseekers' rates are round-trip, second-class, applying to principal points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (including certain points on Grand Trunk Pacific Railway), April 5, 19, etc., and range from Winnipeg and return, $32, to Edmonton and return, $42 50. Tickets good for 60 days. Secure tickets from Grand Trunk agents, or address J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

Vancouver, B. C., Victoria, Etc., $41 05.

Through one-way tickets to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Portland, etc., at rate of $41 05, will be on sale at all Canadian Pacific ticket offices daily, until April 15. Leave London at 5:45 p.m., daily, connecting at Toronto with Winnipeg express. Only 42 hours, London to Winnipeg. Rate for double berth in tourist sleeping-car, $4 to Winnipeg, $8 50 to Vancouver. As these cars are running full, passengers should reserve berths two weeks ahead. Call or write W. Fulton, City Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London. 29c

Closed, heated carriages for all occasions. Hueston's Livery.

For Edison and Columbia machines and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29tf-t

CASSELMAN BROS., 171 DUNDAS ST.
THE FAMILY SHOE STORE.

Spring Footwear For Men, Women and Children

The Smartest New Models, both High and Low.
Our Greatest Spring Showing.



FOR WOMEN

Our styles show distinctiveness, which will commend them to careful and exclusive dressers. Patent and dull velour calf leathers are popular and predominate. All sizes. Widths A to E.

$2 50, $3 00, $3 50, $4 00, $4 50.

FOR MEN

This season's styles include patents, dull velour calf and tans, made in the smartest shapes shown in town. We carry sizes from 4 to 11. Widths A to E E.

$3 50, $4 00, $4 50, $5 00 and $6 00.





FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

We have them in both high and low, in all the new ideas; made in dull velours, patents and kids; the styles mothers want for their little ones.

$1 00, $1 50, $2 00, $2 50 and $3 00.

We would rather show you than tell you about our shoes. May we do it?

CASSELMAN BROS. SLATER SHOE STORE

Ready for Business

What answer do your walls and ceilings give to the housecleaning question?

Do You Need New Paper?

Are they ready for business? If so, we will meet them and make your rooms bright and clean at very little cost.

A. E. Jolly & Co.
190 DUNDAS STREET.

INDIAN LIST IN LONDON OVER THE CENTURY MARK

In All There Are 123 Names On the List

There are 123 citizens on the Indian list at the present time. The listers, as will be seen, from the following table, include all sorts of occupations. One of the features of the list in London is the presence on the books of the names of a whole family, including a father, mother, two sons and a daughter.

The list is made up as follows:

Agents 4, accountants 2, barbers 2, blacksmiths 2, brassworker 1, bookkeeper 1, butcher 1, carpenters 6, cigarmakers 8, clerks 3, coopers 2, contractor 1, cheesemaker 1, drayman 1, farmers 2, gardeners 3, gentlemen 2, hatter 1, hack driver 1, horseman 1, liveryman 1, livery workers 5, laborers 42, machinists 4, molders 3, professor 1, plumbers 2, printer 1, painters 6, tailors 3, tinsmith 1, woodworker 1, no occupation 2, women 6.

FIRST AID FOR DOG BITES

"Is to wrap wound at once in 'KELPION' ointment, as it is a powerful antiseptic and germicide for man or beast. It can be secured from any druggist and we strongly recommend it being kept on hand for ready use." See English 'Lancet." 22n xtzxvt

It Isn't the High Cost of Living But the Cost of High Living

Did you ever stop to think that for the same price you are paying for poor coal you might obtain some of our absolutely guaranteed fuel? Try a ton just to finish the season.

HUNT BROS., LTD.
OFFICE: 363 RICHMOND ST.
Phone 123.
YARD: WATERLOO-M. C. R.
Phone 412.



The typebar and its connections compose the heart and soul of any writing machine. The typebar of the Monarch mechanically and practically is perfect, as perfection is counted. Moreover it is perfectly made. The two make the Monarch the world's best typewriter under all conditions and for all purposes.

Monarch Typewriter Company, Limited
98 King Street West, Toronto
LONDON BRANCH
112 Masonic Temple



glasses are the genuine "invisible" bifocals. The "near" and "far" lenses are one solid glass. No "lines;" no cement. Kryptoks are the "real thing" in bifocals.

Tait-Brown Optical Co.
EYESIGHT SPECIALISTS,
237 Dundas Street. Phone 1877

ROSS'
Store for Women

YOUR SPRING SUIT READY

Full Range Showing of New Garments

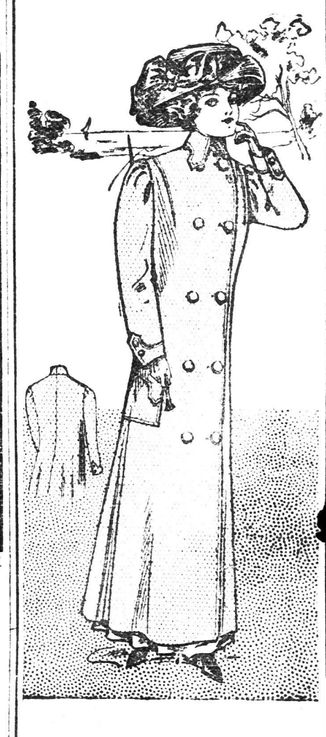


Suits that possess the attributes of smartness and good taste.

Every garment we offer is tailored with the utmost care and skill, and means

CORRECT STYLE PERFECT FIT

together with the highest quality of material and workmanship.



London's Fashion Centre
196 Dundas St.

NOTABLE MEN IN THE NEW BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS

Twenty-One Editors and Several Wearers of Titles—High-Salaried Sinecures in British Public Service—Monarch Has Little Voice in Selecting the Members of His Household

William E. Curtis writes to the Chicago Record-Herald:

The new British House of Commons contains 21 editors, and among them, Earl Winterton, an Irish peer, who edits the World. There are only 23 Irish peers in the House of Lords, and they are elected by their fellow-members of the nobility, but all of them, however, are eligible to membership in the Commons if they can get votes enough from the people. Earl Winterton will be one of the most conspicuous men in the House.

Another conspicuous man among the new members is Edward Collins, one of the most famous oculists in the kingdom, who was knighted several years ago as a recognition of his professional services. Sir Walter Foster, another famous physician, has been a member of the House from Derbyshire continuously since 1885. There are 62 barristers, and included in the number are more than half of the best known leaders of the bar. These legal luminaries are supported by 20 solicitors, of whom David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, or secretary of the treasury as we would call him, is the most famous.

Mr. George is really a remarkable man, and his career is more common to America than to England. He has forced himself from the very bottom to the very top of the ladder, notwithstanding his obscure birth, lack of family prestige and political influence.

Son of School-Teacher.

No man in the British Empire is more influential today, and yet he is the son of an obscure Welsh school-teacher. He was born in the city of Manchester, where his father was teaching. When he was two years old his father died, and his mother, the daughter of a Welsh Baptist minister, did washing and other household work to support herself and her children, who were brought up in the fear of God and great poverty. From the village school in Wales, where his mother removed to be near her relatives, David Lloyd George obtained a situation as a messenger boy and clerk in a solicitor's office, where he made good use of his spare time reading his employer's law books, so that when he became of age he was able to pass his examinations to the bar. But for two years he had to borrow the robes of a friend when he had a case in court, because he was too poor to buy them for himself. A somewhat sensational suit in which he was employed brought him into prominence and made his reputation. He went into politics as a mere boy and before he was thirty years old was a member of Parliament.

Mr. George is not of imposing appearance. He is short and slender and rather indifferent as to his dress, but is an able and attractive debater, and few men in public life have a higher degree of executive ability.

There are three architects, four brewers, three distillers, one sea pilot, sixty retired army officers, two retired naval officers, including Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has many friends in the United States, and four clergymen, two of the Church of England and the others dissenters.

Noblemen in House.

In addition to Earl Winterton and Lord Charles Beresford there are several other members of the nobility. The Marquis of Hamilton, eldest son of the Duke of Abercorn, and Lord Claude Hamilton, his youngest brother; Henry Bentinck, half-brother of the Duke of Portland; Lord Hugh Cecil, brother of the Marquis of Salisbury; Viscount Castlereagh, eldest son of Lord Londonderry; Neil Primrose, second son of Lord Rosebery; Viscount Dalrymple, only son of the Earl of Stair; Walter Guinness, third son of Lord Iveagh; Viscount Morpeth, eldest son of the Earl of Carlisle, and his brother, Jeffry Howard (Lord Morpeth is a Unionist and his brother is a Radical); the Hon. Albert Lyttleton, brother of Lord Cobham; the Hon. Harry Lawson, the eldest son of Lord Burnham; Lord Edmund Talbot, brother of the Duke of Norfolk; the Marquis of Tullibardine, son of the Duke of Atholl; Lord Ronaldshay, eldest son of the Marquis of Zetland; the Hon. William Ormsby-Gore, eldest son of Lord Harlech, and the Hon. William Orde-Powlett, eldest son of Lord Bolton.

The youngest man in the Government is Lord Lucas, under secretary for the war office, who is only 32. He lost a leg in the Boer war. His father, Auberon Herbert, was a brilliant politician, and succeeded in establishing his right to a dormant peerage, claimed through ancestors of his mother, who is a descendant of Earl Cowper.

The next youngest man is Winston Spencer Churchill, president of the board of trade, who is 34 years old.

The average age of the present ministry is much less than common. Old men usually hold positions of responsibility in the British Government, but in this cabinet the average age is only 49 years. In the previous administration, the average age was 64. Mr. Asquith, the prime minister, is 55; Mr. Lloyd George, 45; Lord Crewe, keeper of the privy seal, is 50; Sir Edward Grey, minister of foreign affairs, is 46; Mr. McKenna, first lord of the admiralty, is 44; John Burns, president of the local government board, is 49; Walter Runciman, president of the board of education, is 36; Mr. Lambert, civil lord of the treasury, is 42; Mr. Ackald, financial secretary of the war office, 34; Mr. Samuel, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, 38; Col. Sealy, head of the colonial office, 40; Mr. Masterman, under secretary of the home office, 35, and very few others in the cabinet are over 50. Mr. Morley is the oldest man in the list, being 69; Lord Loreburn and the Earl of Aberdeen are both 62.

Some British Sinecures.

The London papers do not think there will be many changes in the sinecures attached to the royal household, which, by the most sacred traditions, are awarded to the most exalted personages of the party in power. The King has less liberty of choice in selecting the members of his staff, with a few exceptions, than the President of the United States, and outside of the few hereditary positions in the royal household and about the court, the best positions are given to active politicians or the sons of politicians in the peerage.

The most distinguished honor that can be conferred, outside of a few of the cabinet positions, is the office of lord chamberlain, which is now held by the Viscount Althorp, better known as "Bobby Spencer." It is one of the newest peerages created. The lord chamberlain has a salary of $10,000 a year, and is supposed to be responsible for the smooth running of things "above stairs" in Buckingham Palace, except in the royal sleeping apartments, where the first gentleman of the bedchamber holds supreme sway. Of course, the actual work is done by humble but permanent employees, who draw much smaller salaries. When the lord chamberlain is on duty he carries a white staff and a gold key, attached to his person by a blue ribbon. That precious gold key, however, never locks or unlocks anything.

"Below stairs," among the kitchen pots and pans, the lord steward is the nominal chief. He gets the same pay as the lord chamberlain—$10,000 a year. The appointment is a political one, and when the last government came in the Earl of Liverpool had to make way for Earl Beauchamp. As in the lord chamberlain's department, the real work is done by the permanent staff.

Never in Royal Stables.

The Earl of Granard, who married the daughter of Whitelaw Reid, is master of the horse, at a salary of $12,500 a year, and is supposed to look after the stables, the carriages, and, I suppose, the automobiles of his majesty and the other members of the royal family. He is assisted, however, by a large number of equerries and veterinary surgeons, pages of honor and other officials, and it is asserted that he has never crossed the threshold of the royal mews in his life.

Lord Suffield, the husband of Daisy Leiter, is senior gentleman-in-waiting, which is an honorable but not arduous billet. The captain of his majesty's bodyguard of yeomen, the Lord Allandale; the captain of his majesty's bodyguard of the honorable corps of gentlemen-at-arms, who is the Lord Denman, and the governor of the Military Knights of Windsor, who is Major-General Henry Courtney, each receives a salary of $7,500 a year for appearing on state occasions in their quaint old medieval uniforms, which have not been changed for centuries.

The Knights of Windsor were organized in 1349 by Edward III. the Black Prince; the Yeomen of the Guard were organized in 1485 by Richard III. and the Gentlemen-at-Arms date back to the time of Henry VIII., who called around him the most valiant knights in the kingdom to safeguard his sacred person. Custom requires that the captains of these picturesque organizations shall be peers, in sympathy with the party in power, and when the present Liberal Administration first came in the Duke of Manchester, whose wife was Miss Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, was given the captainship of the yeomen. For some reason or another he did not keep it long and resigned without explanation, and Lord Allandale was appointed in his stead.

At the commencement of every session of Parliament the Yeomen of the Guard, in full uniform, appear at the Palace of Westminster and explore every room, in obedience to an ancient law, which makes them responsible for the safety of the Parliament House. This law dates back to the time of Guy Fawkes, who tried to blow up the House of Commons, and the noble yeomen have been looking for something of that sort annually since.

The lords-in-waiting, the grooms-in-waiting, the gentlemen ushers and other officials in the lord chamberlain's department are changed with every administration. They are paid from $2,500 to $3,500 each, without having any responsibility or duties to perform except on state occasions.

Buys the Royal Wine.

The gentleman-of-the-cellars receives a salary of $4,000 a year for buying the wine for the royal household. The present occupant of that office is a son of Sir Nigel Kingscote, son of the paymaster of the royal household, whose position is permanent.

The royal barge master, the keeper of the swans, the King's herald, the captain of the Royal Company of Archers and several other offices are hereditary, and are held by the descendants of favorites of the medieval kings, who bestowed the honor and office upon them for life.

There are a dozen or more such appointments which cannot be interfered with by the ministry.

The poet laureate, the keeper of the King's armory, the surveyor of the King's pictures, the librarian at Windsor Castle, the reader of plays, the keeper of the jewels, the keeper of the state apartments, the master of the King's music, the leader of the King's band and several other honorable positions are held for life, and when a vacancy occurs the sovereign is usually consulted about filling it.

The constable and governor of Windsor Castle, one of the most honorable of all the royal appointments, is held by the Duke of Argyll as a hereditary right. The deputy constable and lieutenant-governor of Windsor Castle is an appointed office and is now held by the Viscount Essher. The lord steward's department is seldom changed, as the business they have to conduct is very much like that of a hotel, and trained men are necessary, but the master of the household and the master of the board of green cloth at Buckingham Palace are personal appointments of the King.

The King also has the right to select his medical attendants, but naturally defers to the advice of friends in that matter. There are physicians in ordinary, honorary surgeons in ordinary, physicians extraordinary, surgeons and apothecaries in ordinary to the household, physicians of the household, apothecaries to the household, oculists, surgeon dentists, dentists to the household, an anaesthetist to his majesty and a chemist and druggist to his majesty.

The ecclesiastical staff is also very large, and is always headed by the Bishop of London as dean of the Chapel Royal, but the King has the selection of four domestic chaplains. At the head of the list is the Very Rev. Philip Elliot, dean of Windsor.

GAMBETTA'S LAST DAYS; TRAGEDY OF THE END

T. P. O'Connor, M. P., in T. P.'s Weekly.

I.

Tata, the aunt who came up to Paris from Cahors to keep house for Gambetta, was the first to die; then came the death of his mother. I give the description of the scene written by a friend of Gambetta. The mother's death took place, I should imagine, immediately after Gambetta had delivered a great speech, for which all Europe had been waiting, on the Egyptian question:

"The clearest and the saddest of all the many memories which fill my brain is the memory of Gambetta at his mother's death-bed (whither he had hurried after escaping from the chamber, where he had just delivered one of his most admirable speeches), in that little house at Saint-Mande where the poor, brave woman was dying. What more poignant tragedy can there be than this scene? It was just at the moment when the Egyptian question was being most hotly discussed—that unlucky question which he had so much at heart, and which certainly shortened his life. His mother had come up to Paris, and on her arrival had been struck down by a paralytic stroke. Gambetta, wild with sorrow, went twice a day, morning and evening, to sit by her side. By day his duty kept him at the chamber; he sat there on his bench, following, like a good patriot and Frenchman, the grave discussions, absorbed, nevertheless, by his private sorrow, fearing every moment some fatal news, and haunted by the vision of that dear, good, old lady who, at the other end of Paris—that Paris re-echoing with her son's name—was slowly dying, holding on to life with all her strength, as if she understood that he must go on speaking, and reproached herself—poor, excellent creature, the eternally devoted mother—for thus troubling him and causing him such cruel pain!

"Her death came late enough to enable Gambetta, mastering his agony, and quelling his bleeding heart, to mount to the rostrum and pronounce his admirable speech on Egypt—his last speech, which will always seem like an exquisite swan-song, brilliant and magnificent. When he had finished, while the applause was still continuing, I can see him jumping into the carriage and hurrying off to Saint-Mande. We accompanied him together, and I shall never cease to see the man who had just electrified the chamber, the marvellous orator whose ardent voice still re-echoed among the arches of the Palais Bourbon, the great politician whose name, even at that hour, was in everybody's mouth, whose speeches were telegraphed to the very ends of the earth—I shall always see him by that little iron bedstead, far away from all the clamors aroused by his speech, sobbing like a child, trying to warm in his own hot hands his mother's already cold, and with that same voice, so powerful only a few moments ago, now so gentle, so piteously calling, 'Mamma! mamma!' the poor, beloved old lady who could no longer hear him."

Five months later Gambetta himself died. He died not of the bullet wound which he had by an accident inflicted on himself, but of bad medical treatment. It was the solicitude of his doctors that killed him; they forgot one essential, or did not dare to look after it, in his treatment, and he died of blood-poisoning in consequence.

II.

To add to the tragedy, death came just as Gambetta and his friends thought him on the road to recovery This is the last scene:

Time was passing; it was nearly 7 o'clock, when Gambetta, feeling sleepy, expressed a wish to rest a little. Fieuzal, who seemed expecting this, hastily bade farewell to the sick man, and was just going to leave the room with Eugene Etienne, when the latter asked Gambetta:

"Don't you wish any dinner?"

"Not just yet. I want to doze a little. I am very comfortable." And as the two friends were going out on tiptoe, the invalid, already half-asleep, called Etienne back,

"Are you going away without kissing me?" said he, with a smile.

"I did not want to wake you up," replied the young deputy for Oran, pressing his hand and kissing him on the forehead. "Tomorrow morning I shall be the first to wish you a happy new year."

It had been arranged that he was to spend the evening in Paris with his family, as the "convalescent" was now supposed to be going on all right.

"Ah, my good friend!" cried Etienne after he had shut the door of the dressing-room behind Fieuzal, "how glad I am! He is going on all right now. He is safe!"

"Safe?" asked the doctor sadly. "What are you talking about?"

"But haven't you read Lannelogue's bulletin? . . . and you yourself, you have just seen him?"

"Yes, and I have noticed something . . . My poor friend, be brave. Gambetta is dying!"

The blow was so terrible, so unexpected, and the face of Dr. Fieuzal, who was at last able to give way to his grief, was so awe-struck, that Etienne fell senseless to the floor. Gambetta, suddenly awakened by the sound of someone falling, was heard crying out in alarm:

"What is the matter?"

"Nothing," answered Fieuzal, with a nervous laugh as he reopened the door; "it is only Etienne who has slipped on your damned parquet, which is always much too highly polished, and he had landed on his back."

"Good heavens! Has he hurt himself?"

"Oh, dear, no! He's up again already. So try and sleep a little. Goodbye until tomorrow."

He then fell into a sleep, and died at midnight. And he died just as Jan. 1 was coming — that day which he had kept so sacredly with his father and mother during all the many varied scenes of his life. The father, hard, narrow, dour, yet uttered one immortal and momentous phrase when Paris demanded the remains of the man who had spent the chief of his days within her walls, and had there found glory and power. "You had him," said the grim old man, "while he was alive; now that he is dead, worn out by your politics, I wisr to have him. He shall rest in the little cemetery of Nice, whither his mother preceded him. I do not wish his grave to be desecrated in the hereafter."

GREAT SYSTEM ON A DINING CAR

Every Inch of Space in Its Little Kitchen Is Economized.

The kitchen of a dining-car is a striking example of what can be done in economizing space. Every inch is used.

Water tanks are suspended from the ceiling. One wall is lined with the big range and heating ovens, while in the other are storage boxes, receptacles for pans, pots and other utensils, and a row of cupboards up under the ceiling.

At one end, between the pantry and the dining car proper, is a little pantry which serves as a sort of vestibule. That is where the waiters place their orders and receive dishes.

Every separate article of food and equipment has its place, says the Woman's Home Companion. Every corner and nook in the car has a particular function. The silver is in one place, the milk and cheese in another, the meat in another, and so on through the list. Everything perishable is kept in a refrigerator.

While the car is in action the conductor, from his position between dining-room and kitchen keeps his eyes upon the ten tables and endeavors to see that none of the diners is neglected. For all the supplies on the car he is held to strict account. On his trip sheet, as it is called, is put a list of everything taken on the car when it starts out. A record of all articles sold is entered upon the sheet, and when the car comes home again all that has not been sold must be on hand.

The equipment of a dining-car conforms to standards, just as do locomotives, trucks, rails and ties. Dishes are made to established patterns, each piece of china having the company's monogram upon it. The same is true of the linen, silver, menu-holders—everything. Thus a loss can be easily traced. The waiters are allowed $9 a month for breakage. All damage in excess of that, though, they have to pay for, and the cost is divided among them equally.

WONDERFUL WEALTH OF THE FRENCH

Sixteen Millions of Them Have Government Savings-Bank Accounts.

The gold stock of the Imperial Bank of Germany is $200,000,000. That of the Bank of England is $180,000,000. But the gold stock of the Bank of France is $700,000,000, and at one moment last year it touched $800,000,000.

Take the humble folks of France. Out of a total of 40,000,000 of inhabitants, 16,000,000 Frenchmen (and women) have government savings bank accounts aggregating $1,000,000,000! As no account may exceed $300 and the average is less than $100, you perceive these are part of the savings of the poor.

It is a world-phenomenon of the hour.

France has become the land of capital, the land of gold.

Automatic processes are making her the world's banker. Of the 18,000,000,000 francs of coined gold in existence, France already has six of them.

The process is simple. Three hundred and sixty-four days a year the average Frenchman (or woman) "puts aside" something; and that something is coined gold.

They have not enough industries to employ their savings. What they manufacture is high-priced and flimsy—like the 25-dollar Paris hat whose material cost $3, or the $8,000 telescope lens whose glass cost $7—art, decorations, styles, instruments of precision, chic, wines, liqueurs, perfumes and the delights of tourists' eyes and stomachs. It gives the French a balance to the good of $240,000,000 in gold yearly.

Their industries not employing their gold savings, they loan them to neighboring governments on one condition—that the interest be paid in gold. From this source, they draw, each year, $180,000,000 more gold.

Saving for a rainy day—I understand it in the poor, but the well-off youth of France, piling up investments from income when sure of a brilliant inheritance, seems to me monstrous!

They arrive at the theatre early, to save the expense of reserved seats. They eat "kitchen" instead of "fancy" bread, because it sells by legal weight. They have all provisions from Potin to enjoy catalogued competitive prices and avoid their servant's rake-off. On their summer vacations they avoid hotels above $1 80 full board and lodging.

PLOWING WITH DOGS IN CANADIAN WEST

Rev. Egerton R. Young Describes His Pioneer Experiences.

With the help of my little son, writes Egerton R. Young, who loved the dogs and was loved by them, I harnessed up eight of the biggest and strongest fellows, and, arranging them in four team, we attached them to the plow as a farmer would his horses.

Then the work, or rather, at first, the fun, began. The dogs had been trained to go on the jump, and so our greatest difficulty was to make them go slowly. When the word "Marche!"—"Go!"—was shouted, they sprang together in such unison and with such strength that the weight of the heavy steel plow in the stiff soil was as nothing to them.

I prided myself on being, for a missionary, a fairly good amateur plowman; but, in spite of all my skill and efforts, those eager dogs would sometimes get the point of the plow up, and before I could get it down into the soil again, they, with the pressure off, were away with a rush, and there was no stopping them until we were at the fence on the opposite side of the field.

Sometimes we did fairly well by having my little son walk ahead, or rather between the two dogs of the first team. It was hard work for the little fellow, as he frequently tumbled down, and then two or three pairs of dogs would run over him before they were stopped. But, not a whit discouraged, he would scramble up out of the furrow and from among the dogs and traces, and beg to be allowed to try again.

Thus we experimented until we got the intelligent dogs to understand what was required of them. Then the work, although, of course, laborious, was a great delight.

I plowed up my garden and the few little fields which I had, and, after sowing my grain, harrowed it in with the dogs. They liked dragging better than the plow because I could let them go faster with it.—From the author's book, "The Battle of the Bears."

COLOSSAL CARTOGRAPHY.

One result of the geographical conference recently called in London will be the construction of a map of the world, which will eclipse in minuteness of detail, and therefore in the aggregate of the product, all previous undertakings in that line. It will present the world in miniature, so far as its physical features and national boundaries are concerned. The contributors to the work will not be the geographers of one country, but of all the leading countries, and the scale is to be one inch for every sixteen miles of the earth's surface with all its land and water features distinctly outlined.

The plan of construction will be to split the maps into sheets, each comprising an area of four degrees in latitude and six in longitude. If the whole area of the earth is covered there will be 5,400 of these sheets. The backing of every nation of the earth will be solicited, that there may be the most faithful representation of the earth's surface ever constructed. In a way this will serve as a memorial of the men whose discoveries have contributed to our knowledge of the earth's surface from the earliest times up to Peary's recent exploit, even though that may not have been of the largest service as yet in the location of new geographical features. The men who figured in the various revelations of the new world will be the most numerous, though African explorers like Livingston and Stanley will not be forgotten.

Of course, to give this work any large value there must be many reproductions that it may serve as a standard for the guidance of modern map makers. It will necessarily be a very expensive work in the first draft, but having the whole world to draw upon for the original copy this should prove no discouragement.—Boston Transcript.

A NEW FRESH AIR SCHOOL CHILDREN STUDY IN THE COLD

But Do Not Mind It—Pupils Out in the Yard Well Wrapped Up and Do Not Feel the Cold—Each Child Tied in a Lined Canvas Bag.

Nothing more thoroughly "back to nature" can be imagined than is the new outdoor school for boys and girls now being conducted successfully in Mount Airy, Pa., by an enthusiastic fresh-air advocate of that locality.

Do not be mistaken. The school is not anything like fresh-air schools that have been started before. It is not a hospital tent, a place for sick children, not a new fangled method of treating incipient tuberculosis or a fad, born in a fanciful woman's brain that is apt to die out at any moment, but an up-to-date, well appointed place of instruction where live, able-bodied boys and girls are taught the traditional three Rs and the rest of a primary school's curriculum.

Catch cold? Not a bit of it. Every youngster is stuck feet first in a woolen-lined canvas bag fitted with a strong drawing string that fastens tight at the waist and keeps old winter's frozen breath from nipping the tender legs. Ear tabs, stout jackets, warm mufflers and soft mittens further protect the full-blooded little bodies and thoroughly discourage any premeditated attacks of la grippe and his active brother, pneumonia.

When Miss Ellen Stanney Mills first started the "outdoor school" she was met with a storm of opposition. Parents in the neighborhood said she was crazy, and would not permit their little ones to attend.

But Miss Mills felt reasonably sure of herself and went right ahead.

She figured that if God's fresh air and sunshine were good for poor anemic consumptives and had the power to snatch almost from the grave's brink so many of the unfortunate victims of the dread white plague, an extra draught or so drawn into the lungs of healthy, growing boys should be of inestimable value as well. "Why wait for the tuberculosis germ to enter the lungs and start work before becoming a disciple of the fresh-air theory?" she reasoned. "If oxygen is good after the disaster has taken hold it's better before. No one ever contracted consumption outdoors."

With arguments like these the woman pounded at the doubting ears of the few who would listen to her and finally a year or two ago started her first class. That class has grown so remarkably that five assistants are now needed to help her instruct the big gathering of "kiddies" she has in charge. Miss Mills' school is the only one in the entire world that has on its roll none but absolutely healthy, perfectly normal children.

At first the sight of four-score or more youngsters calmly seated, ensconsed in their clumsy Eskimo-like garments on benches before the little school house on Boyer street, created lots of excitement in the quiet neighborhood, particularly when the mercury in the thermometer took a rapid downward course and registered somewhere near the zero mark.

Several times passersby with over-susceptible nerves muttered threats to "inform the Society to Prevent Children from Cruelty and force that misguided teacher to bring those little dears in by the fire," but nothing ever came of them. Miss Mills went right ahead, turned up her collar when a flurry of snow fell and stuck to her theory.

Once a physician, moved by professional curiosity, looked in on the rosy-cheeked class as they pored over their books on the snow-covered lawn.

"Great," was his verdict after a look at the bright-eyed throng; "ought to be more such schools. We would have fewer bad colds to contend with."

And so the school has grown in popularity. Mothers who send their children to "Miss Mills" tell their neighbors that "Johnny hasn't had a cold all winter" or "Ruth doesn't know what a sore throat is this year" and

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

THE PORTLAND VASE

History of An Object Which Is a Feature of the British Museum — Smashed and Pieced Together.

The bequest to the British Museum by the late Mr. Isaac Falcke, of one of Wedgwood's wonderful copies of the Portland vase—the original of which is preserved in the gold room—recalls one of the most famous and startling incidents in the history of the museum. The Barberini or Portland vase is an antique glass cameo, and was discovered in the marble sarcophagus of the Emperor Alexander Severus, in 1630. Placed in the Barberini Palace, it had various adventures until its purchase by the Dowager Duchess of Portland, in 1784. In 1810 it was deposited in the British Museum. In 1845 came a catastrophe.

The Outrage.

It was on Feb. 7, 1845, about ten minutes before the museum closde, that the outrage occurred. A man named William Lloyd, a student of Trinity College, Dublin, was the perpetrator. Availing himself of the momentary absence of the attendant, this crazy young man seized a heavy stone (a Persepolitan monument of basalt), which could not be lifted with one hand, from an adjoining shelf, and cast it at the vase. The noise of the falling glass aroused the staff of the department, and they rushed in, giving orders to the attendants to close the doors. The visitors then in Rooms IX. and X. were made to walk into the Hamilton room, and the fragments were carefully picked and swept up. The keeper of the department of antiquities, on his arrival in room IX., questioned the visitors present, and the first four gave satisfactory accounts of themselves; the fifth a stout young man, in a kind of pilot coat, with both hands in his pockets before him, replied, when questioned, in a dogged and determined tone, "I did it." He was given in charge, and taken before the sitting magistrate at Bow street. The culprit proved to be a young Irishman, who refused to give his name, but it was ascertained that he had been living in Drury Lane under that of William Lloyd. He was remanded and again brought up on the 11th, when, on account of some doubt as to jurisdiction, he was only fined three pounds, the value of the glass shade, or, in default, committed for two months' imprisonment. Two days after the magistrate received an anonymous letter, inclosing three pounds, and Lloyd was in consequence released. His real name has remained concealed.

The Vase's Story.

The subjects, exquisitely cut in bas-relief on the sides of the vase, have been somewhat variously interpreted. On one side the vase is adorned with three figures, a male and two females, naked to the waist, each seated on a rock. The central figure is a young female holding an inverted torch. This subject has been considered by some to represent the marriage of Peleus and Thetis, and by other critics that of Jason and Medea. So widely apart are the explanations that it has been held that the entire series commemorates the medical skill of Galen, and that it represents the Eleusinian mysteries of ancient Greece. This was the interpretation put upon it by the poet Erasmus Darwin, who concludes his description with the following lines:

Beneath, in sacred robes the Priestess dressed,
The coif close-hooded, and flutt'ring vest,
With pointed finger guides the initiate youth,
Unwaves the many-colored veil of Truth,
Drives the profane from Mystery's bolted door,
And Silence guards the Eleusinian lore.

Whatever the subject, the art of it is exquisite.

Wedgwood's Triumph.

Long before the catastrophe, in 1790, Josiah Wedgwood had made a number of copies of the vase, lavishing all his skill on the reproduction. Of these copies only sixteen are known to exist today. No two copies are quite the same. For his best copies Wedgwood charged £50, but those which have come into the market in recent years have been sold for much higher sums. Wedgwood's achievement was acclaimed as a triumph for British art. Erasmus Darwin apostrophizes Wedgwood in his "Botanic Garden," where these lines occur:

Or bid Mortality rejoice or mourn
O'er the fine forms of Portland's mystic urn.

The original vase stands safe on its pedestal today, having been pieced together again with great skill by one of the experts of the museum. The vase, which stands only ten inches high, now shows hardly a blemish.

Krupps Employ 150,000 Men

The Great Steel and Gun Works at Essen, Germany—Started in 1810 by a Poor Mechanic — Wonderful Organization.

The great German firm that is known to everyone as "Krupp's," and which supplies half the civilized world with what it wants in the way of cannon, is buying a large tract of land in Holland with the object of erecting new works there. This gigantic business, which already gives employment to about 150,000 men, and owns a city and several towns and villages in Germany, will thus soon possess no fewer than nine different groups of works.

The rise of the firm has been remarkably swift. In 1810 a working mechanic called Frederick Krupp set up a forge in the village of Essen. Wretchedly poor, he yet contrived to keep four workmen in his pay. He had ideas which, he hoped, would revolutionize the manufacture of steel.

Handicapped by his poverty, however, and by a ten-years' lawsuit, he accomplished nothing, and died, worn out by failure, in 1826.

When his son Alfred, for whose schooling the widowed mother had scarcely been able to pay, entered the business in 1848, he found, to use his own words, "three workmen and considerably more debts than cash." Before his death, 50 years later, he was one of the most powerful factors in the wars of Europe.

Everything Krupp's do is on a gigantic scale. At Essen they keep a hotel solely for the use of the firm's guests. These are chiefly foreign military and naval officers inspecting the work Krupp's are carrying out for their respective countries. No bills, of course, are presented. This hotel costs Krupp's a clear $135,000 a year.

Alfred Krupp was succeeded by his son, the second Frederick Krupp. The new head of the firm was a peace-loving scientist with a passion for botany and zoology, and a positive distaste for cannon-making. Rumor has it, however, that on at least one occasion he bearded Bismarck in his den and told him flatly that a certain war must not break out. And it did not.

The firm is now managed by a board of twelve directors, the chairman of which is the second husband of Frau Krupp, the late Frederick's widow.

In Essen itself the Krupp institutions are innumerable. There are two "housekeeping schools" for Krupp girls. Besides the usual libraries and technical colleges there are Krupp cafes, Krupp churches, a Krupp hospital, a Krupp park—all solely for the use of the firm's employees. There is a Krupp restaurant, in which 2,000 Krupp workmen can dine at one time.

But how is it possible to tell a man who works for Krupp's from one who does not? Simple enough. Every one of the 150,000 Krupp employees wears the Krupp badge. This is a miniature artillery shell made of platinum. Those of 20 years' service wear the shell mounted on gold, those of shorter service on silver. This applies to engineers and workmen. Clerks, on the other hand, have to wear two pairs of small platinum shells, each pair being coupled by a chain, and are thus recognizable by their sleeve-links.

THE IRISH PARTY SPLIT

John Dillon, M. P., Scores the O'Brienites—The Strength of the Irish Party.

Mr. John Dillon, M.P., speaking at Manchester on March 4, said:

And now, what is the situation as regards our own party and in Ireland? We have a small faction now in Ireland led by Mr. William O'Brien and Mr. Timothy Healy. I rejoice that that faction is now outside the party instead of inside the party. For years, in the hope of peace, we kept them inside the party, and inside the party they systematically worked for the ruin of the party and divided our ranks. Now they are outside, and without power. In the House of Commons the other evening we had Mr. O'Brien warning the Government not to be deceived by the representatives of Ireland, and not to be misled by Mr. Redmond and his party into misgoverning and ruining Ireland! The only fault he had to find was that during the last three or four years the Government had listened to the voice of the majority of the Irish party, and had governed Ireland in some respects according to the will of the Irish party. He said also one of the most mischievous things I have heard, that he believed that Mr. Redmond was not in earnest in the speech he delivered in the House of Commons. No more mischievous words were ever uttered in the House of Commons. If the leaders of the Liberal party are in the position they are in today, it may be because they listened to those words, and believed that they were bluffing and did not mean what they said. They know now. Is it not a painful and humiliating thing that a man with the record of Mr. O'Brien should get up and declare in the House of Commons that the majority of his countrymen are frauds, and that no Englishmen should listen to what they say?

One other thing that he said was shockingly mischievous and unpatriotic. It was that we could not have fought the last election but for American dollars, and that Ireland did not subscribe anything for the support of the Irish party. That is a falsehood, in the first place, for Ireland subscribed in the last year more than in any year of the last ten years. He said we did not dare to appeal to Ireland for an election fund. In fact, last year Ireland subscribed £11,000, and owing to the splendid success of Mr. T. P. O'Connor's mission in America, we did not need an election fund, and we did not make an election appeal to Ireland. If we were inclined, as we are not inclined, to wash dirty Irish linen before the British public, we might ask Mr. O'Brien where the funds for the contests against the Irish party came from? They certainly did not come from the generous Irish people. There is this to be said for us, that we do not take private subventions. No man can ever say that during thirty years (and it is not because we have not been approached) he subscribed to the Irish party on conditions. But I think that some of the men who fought us in Ireland last year might not like to publish all the subscriptions and all the sources from which they got them.

The Irish party has many enemies and many unfaithful friends. For my part, I never dreamed I should live to see the day when it would be made a reproach to the Irish Nationalists in the House of Commons that we live by American dollars. American dollars have built up this movement. They enabled Michael Davitt to found the Land League and break the back of landlordism in Ireland. It was one of the most glorious, as it is one of the most romantic, events in the history of our race that American dollars—the dollars of the servant girls of New York, as used to be thrown in our teeth, not by men like Mr. O'Brien, but by our Tory enemies—have enabled us to emancipate our people; the money of our people who have been scattered by oppression has come across the Atlantic. (Cheers.) The Irish party have many enemies, but they have many friends. We have great forces behind us, and the greatest of all, in my judgment, outside Ireland, are the forces of you here in Great Britain and of our countrymen in America. At this hour the clouds may seem dark and the future uncertain. No man can predict what may occur within the next few weeks, or what the fortunes of party in England may be. But I say without fear of contradiction that in the whole history of this movement the Irish party never stood higher in power or in the respect of the public of this city than it stands now. (Cheers.)

IRISH HOME-COMING MOVEMENT

Irish the World Over Will Make Pilgrimage to the "Ould Sod" This Year Any Time Between May and October—A Shamrock Organization That Has Grown Into a Nation-Wide Movement Solely From Patriotic Motives—Francis J. Kilkenny, Who Conceived the Idea a Year Ago—Sixteen Years Ago He Landed in New York an Irish Lad With a Carpetbag.

Fifty thousand Irishmen from all over the world are going "back to the ould sod," this year, some time between May and October, unless the plans of the Irish Home-Going Association and its patriotic president, Francis J. Kilkenny, go sadly awry. From ocean to ocean for nearly a year the sons and daughters of St. Patrick have been roused by the battle-cry, "Back to Old Erin!" Wherever an Irish heart could be found that beat a bit faster at the sight of a shamrock or the strains of "The Wearin' of the Green," there the association has sent its clarion call of welcome "back to the ould counthry." And, its officers say, an army of lads and colleens, some 50,000 strong, has responded.

That Ireland will be invaded by such a patriotic array is due chiefly to the efforts of a Washington man, Francis J. Kilkenny, secretary to the controller of the currency in the treasury department.

He is the "broth of a boy" who will lead the way—and he has well earned his place in the van of this great cavalcade. Almost single-handed he has succeeded in arousing a nation-wide interest in his "Back to Ireland" project, without even a possibility of pecuniary benefit to himself.

In fact there will be no remuneration for a single member of the association, unless it be the satisfaction of once again treading the soil of the Emerald Isle and arousing its inmates to a realization of the vast industrial possibilities around them when properly developed. As an earnest of this fact, it may be stated, the movement is not a "personally conducted" tour, nor an excursion with a headquarters for the purchase of tickets and the mapping out of the route. The home-going Irishman will make the trip by any route he pleases, and any time between May and October. As in the successful "home-comings" in a number of cities of the United States, the past year or two, individuals must arrange all details for themselves. Once there, however, Ireland will welcome them with open arms.

The inception and development of this romantic movement fell into capable hands when Francis J. Kilkenny, a Raphael-faced young Irishman of but thirty summers, took it up. His very name suggests the beautiful old song, "Of All the Towns in Ireland, It's Kilkenny for Me!" And is he Irish? Faith, and he is! "All the success I have ever had," he says, says he, "I owe to the fact that I am Irish."

Born on "the ould sod," he spent the first fifteen or sixteen years of his life in the county of Leitrim, fully expecting to continue in the peaceful paths of his ancestors, marketing turf and pursuing the even, uneventful life of an Irish farmer. Fate, however, put in her little oar and ruled otherwise. As Mr. Kilkenny himself rather cleverly expressed it: "I was brought up to follow the plow. Instead I followed the American flag."

And all this came about through the illness of his eldest brother, for whom a trip to the States had been planned by some relatives in Chicago, who were enthusiastic over the wonders and opportunities of this country. Francis, though named for his father, was the second son of the house of Kilkenny. Accordingly he was to remain at home and shoulder the responsibilities that would naturally fall on him in his brother's absence. But when the passage money arrived the eldest brother's health prevented his using it. So, as in the case of Jacob of old, Francis, the second son, received his brother's birthright, for he was strong and hardy and filled with the spirit of adventure.

Therefore, on the morning of the 4th of July, about sixteen years ago, in Mr. Kilkenny's own words, "An Irish lad with a carpet-bag in his hand and as green as the shamrock of his own dear land, arrived in New York city." Now New York, be it known, was celebrating the birth of the nation's independence in approved, hilarious, noisy New York fashion, and the young "Irish lad," with but little knowledge of the significance of the day in the annals of our history, looked upon the demonstration as having been particularly planned for his benefit, and vaguely wondered if such a royal welcome was accorded all emigrants.

That night, much elated over the new land's hospitality, he proceeded to the home of his friends in Chicago. There, for a few days, he was content to "visit" and spend his time in sightseeing, and becoming familiar with the streets around his aunt's house. But soon the spirit of independence that he had imbued on reaching America began to fill his veins with a restless fever, and he longed for something to do to while away the days before school began.

One morning his uncle provided him with a bright new sickle and lawn mower and suggested that he cut the grass in the yard. He did this so well that his uncle was most lavish in his praise. Shortly afterward he saw a man pushing a lawn mower down the street. A great idea came to him—evidently grass-cutting was one of the professions of the Windy City! His uncle had testified to his ability—he had the necessary tools—why not adopt it? He did.

The next day he started out with plans carefully laid for a successful grass-cutting campaign. With a small notebook in hand, and leaving his bulky equipment at the gate, he would walk up to the front door of even the most imposing residence—back gates and doors never appealing to him—and put his question to the one answering his ring: "Mr. (or Madam, as the case might be), do you want your grass cut, please?" If the reply were in the affirmative, he would glance over the grass, and give an estimate of the cost, based on the scale of 10 cents for a small plot. Then, methodically writing down the name, address and price to be paid, and with a promise to return in the afternoon and complete the contract, he would go on to the next house. Thus the mornings were spent in getting orders, the afternoons in filling them.

On one occasion a prospective customer, instead of giving an affirmative or a negative answer to the usual question, said: "Go round the back way." But it proved easier said than done. For Francis, on going through the alley, could see no means of entrance, as the yard was surrounded by a high fence and the gate locked on the inside. Finally, undaunted, he started to scale the fence, and was half-way over, when the man, who had gone through the house to the yard, called to him: "How long have you been over?" Young Kilkenny, whose eyes twinkled, answered the inquiry literally, in blissful ignorance of the man's reference to the length of time he had been in America. "Begorra," he said, "I'm not over yet!" Whereupon, the man laughed heartily, and later, when the grass had been satisfactorily cut, paid him $2 more as a compensation for the unintentional wit rather than for the work done.

At night the accounts of the professional grass cutter were gone over by a competent auditing committee, composed of Francis and his aunt. At first it was found that the boy's ignorance of American currency had been imposed upon, as Canadian money and three-cent pieces were frequently discovered in his little bag. After a few such experiences, however, people so inclined learned to their mortification that it was difficult to hoodwink the shrewd young Irishman. Grass-cutting soon proved to be a healthful and lucrative pursuit, for some days as much as $5 was cleared. Besides, when Chicago lived up to its reputation, the high wind relieved the lad of the task of raking off the cut grass.

That September young Kilkenny entered the preparatory schol at Notre Dame, Indiana, where he remained for two years. This, with a previous two-year study in Ireland and a later three-law course at Georgetown University, is practically all the schooling, strictly speaking, he ever received. In the spring and summer, during his years at Notre Dame, he again succumbed to the lure of cutting grass. Yet, at its best, the grass-cutting season was short, so, after leaving school, it behooved him to find permanent employment. Though he did not discount the advantages of immediately rising to the top, he found it necessary to start at the very bottom. When a minor position was offered him in the Union League Club of Chicago—where he was to work from 6:30 in the morning until midnight, with but occasional shifts, and for which he was to receive the munificent sum of $5 a week and board, augmented by certain tips—he accepted it with alacrity.

For two years he remained there, first in the capacity of a bell boy and then as cloakroom boy, making it a point to live up to the text laid down for him by one of the first friends he had made in America. "Francis," his old friend had said to him, "remember that honesty and civility cost little, but they buy much." And honest and civil he was. Besides, with his Irish blue eyes, his heavy, wavy, blue-black hair, his rosy cheeks and rugged frame—not forgetting a decidedly pleasing brogue—he possessed an individuality entirely distinct from that of the other bell boys. And as the service he gave did not depend upon the size of the tip received, he soon outclassed the others in popularity, not only with the manager, but with the guests as well.

At the Union League Club, the social rendezvous of many of Chicago's most prominent men, he made friends whose influence and friendship have since meant everything to him. Many offers to leave the club for better employment in other establishments came to him, but, with considerable foresight, he stayed on until the time seemed ripe for a change. Finally, in 1896, when the country was astir over the memorable McKinley-Bryan campaign, opportunity in the guise of Charles G. Dawes, then chairman of the Republican headquarters located in Chicago, knocked at his door. For some time previous Mr. Dawes had been a frequenter of the Union League Club, and had taken a noticeable interest in the boy, who, by little courtesies, had shown Mr. Dawes that he thoroughly appreciated his friendliness.

As soon as the great campaign was on, young Kilkenny went with Mr. Dawes as confidential clerk. Unschooled and inexperienced though he was, he made an enviable record for himself. His wit, his courtesy, his honesty, and his ability to guard well the affairs of his employer, stood him in good stead. Naturally, in his position, doors through which he might never have entered were opened to him. When the decisive question of the presidency had been settled, the young clerk was one of the guests at the large dinner given by Mr. Dawes in honor of President-elect William McKinley. And later, in a private car, surrounded by every luxury, and with a party of distinguished guests of Mr. Dawes, he made that never-to-be-forgotten trip to Washington to see with his own eyes the great inaugural ceremony.

There, at the side of his friend and patron, the man who had been his fairy godfather, he spent a wonderful week, the biggest feature of which was his presence at the inaugural ball. And surely it was a big step in such a short time—that from a lad in Ireland, leading his donkey with its load of turf to market, to a young man in approved evening dress, standing in what seemed to be an enchanted fairy palace, laughing and shaking hands with governors, statesmen and diplomats.

In 1898 he came again to Washington as secretary to Mr. Dawes, who was then the newly-appointed controller of the currency in the treasury department. But the Spanish war was in progress and the call to arms thrilled the blood of this youth of the Shamrock Isle. America had treated him royally. She was now his adopted mother. In some way he wanted to reciprocate. So, as clerical assistant to a captain of militia, he went to Jacksonville, Fla., where he was stationed at Camp Cuba Libre. But his career with the army was destined to be short. The intense summer heat brought on a fever and he was obliged to return to Chicago to regain his health.

In 1900 he was again reinstated in the treasury department, where he is at the present time, having served under three different controllers — Messrs. Dawes, Ridgley and Murray. Former Secretary Shaw, before leaving the treasury, presented Mr. Kilkenny with his photograph, on which he had written: "The only thoroughbred Irishman in the treasury department."

In 1900 he was among those chosen to accompany the remains of the martyred William McKinley on their sad journey back to Columbus, Ohio, the performance of which duty made a profound impression on the emotional nature of the young man that will remain with him always.

Alert to the educational advantages of Washington, he entered the Georgetown University Law School, and successfully completed the course. He has since on several occasions been given the opportunity of using the legal knowledge there gained in behalf of friends across the waters, having interests in America. And always Mr. Kilkenny has made friends. A couple of years ago, when he was injured in an automobile accident, he was almost buried under an avalanche of letters, messages and inquiries from friends in all parts of the United States.

Through all the vicissitudes that beset him as a soldier of fortune in the States, Mr. Kilkenny's thoughts have ever reverted to the land of his birth, for no true Irishman ever forgets the "ould sod." True American though he is, he is still and always will be a true Irishman. "All the success I have ever had," he says, "I owe to the fact that I am Irish."

In 1904 he made his first visit back to see the old folks and to renew the ties of his youth. Again in 1907 he crossed the seas, and another vacation was spent in the familiar haunts of his childhood. The years that he had lived away from Ireland—those years filled with their great, broadening influence—opened his eyes to two things—first, to the compellingly attractive features of Ireland from the tourist's standpoint, to its rare, natural beauty, to the charm of its unexplored by-paths; secondly, to the fact that Ireland was thirsting for the infusion of new blood, new interests, new stimulation; that Ireland was ripe for the impregnation of the germ of American progress. Then the big idea that has since been sent throughout the United States, Canada, Alaska, Australia and the continent, came to him. Make Ireland realize her own beauties and opportunities. Give her the needed impetus to rise from the mire of her own bogs. Why not have one grand and glorious "home-coming" in the year of 1910!

So, in a charming little booklet, he sounded the clarion note that has encircled the globe! He said in part:

"What a grand spectacle would be presented if during the summer of 1910 the scattered wanderers from their native heath should return to the 'ould sod,' gather around the hearthstone; smoke with their kith and kin the pipe of contentment; tell stories of their happy childhood and promising manhood; and repeat again the fairy stories which, in their younger days, stirred their imagination! Who can measure the possible good resultant from such a reunion? Ireland, already awakened from her lethargy, would be stirred to new endeavor and inspired by words of encouragement. The work of achieving and pursuing would take on a new impetus. The success of the home-going rests with individuals. What wanderer in the farthest corner of the earth will be unmindful of the call? Will you be a soldier of the peaceful army of invasion of 1910, or will you be one of the children who, seeing the arms of the motherland stretched forth in mother love, will turn and run away?"

Sept. 10, 1908, Mr. Kilkenny addressed a communication to the district president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, in which he set forth reasons showing that the time was opportune for a general home-going of the Irish-Americans. This letter, after considerable discussion, was finally indorsed and referred to the national body of that order, which unanimously indorsed Mr. Kilkenny's idea during August last at their meeting at Quebec. Such an indorsement by an organization that numbers two million members was bound to give the movement a sudden, tangible impetus.

Inquiries came pouring in from all parts of the United States and Canada and the matter was growing too rapidly for one man to handle it satisfactorily. Accordingly, May 15, 1909, Mr. Kilkenny called a meeting in Washington, D. C., for the purpose of organizing a body later known as the Irish Home-Going Association, so that definite plans might be made for the great pilgrimage. At this meeting Mr Kilkenny mentioned that in July he expected to return to his native land to visit his parents. He was asked to act as the association's delegate, make arrangements for the home-going, and ascertain how the project would be viewed by those on the other side. During the summmer he made a tour of the principal cities of Ireland, interviewing and being interviewed, and each day becoming more and more enthusiastic over the possibilities of the movement. Just before he had sailed for Ireland he had been made president of the association, so he was endowed with authority to speak in an official capacity.

The heavy expenses of his trip—travelling from town to town, hotel bills and a hundred other incidental expenses—were paid out of his own pocket. The project covered Ireland like wildfire. The plan was welcomed as the greatest in a quarter of a century. Ireland was jubilant! Now she is already quivering with the thrill of expectation, already getting her house in order for her great army of guests. Wide-awake to the possibilities of such an invasion, she will see to it that her visitors have no cause to complain of her hospitality. To all she promises a royal good time, and she means to live up to that promise. She is keenly alive to what this home-coming will mean to her. America stands for progress, and Ireland has reached the stage when she comes boldly out and says: "We want to learn. Teach us your new methods. Let us share with you the ideas that have made for your success." American capital will be taken into the country and there invested. It has been said that "no one understands an Irishman like an Irishman." With up-to-date Irish-Americans at the head of the factories, the mills, the shops, who fully understand the various phases of the Irish temperament, Ireland hopes to get results.

Naturally the engineering of such a project is a stupendous task. Mr. Kilkenny has been greatly assisted in the work by the secretary-treasurer of the organization, Joseph D. Sullivan, who has been untiring in his efforts, not only in attending to the voluminous correspondence and answering numerous questions, but also in stimulating enthusiasm. Like Mr. Kilkenny, he has most willingly donated his services.

Among those actively interested in the home-going movement are Richard Croker, Thomas F. Walsh, John Mitchell, Dr. Maurice Francis Egan, Dr. John Cavanaugh, John D. Crimmins, Andrew Mackand Chauncey Olcott.

The Irish-American women are thoroughly aroused, too. One of them recently wrote to Mr. Kilkenny, as follows: "Bravo for you! Not since the days of St. Patrick has anything been started like this! Bravo for you!"

The Firm Behind

NA-DRU-CO

Medicinal and Toilet Preparations

When your doctor gives you a prescription and your druggist fills it, you have confidence in that medicine. You have good reason for that confidence, for behind the medicine is the professional skill as well as the honor of two men whom you know and respect.

When you buy what are ordinarily known as patent medicines at your druggist's, what guarantee have you of either the formulæ or the compounding? Your druggist can give you none, for the makers do not take him into their confidence.

Take for instance headache cures. Many people hesitate to buy them because they don't know what may be in them. Not so with **NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers.** Your druggist can get the list of ingredients from us for the asking.

NA-DRU-CO TRADE MARK — ONLY OUR PRODUCTS BEAR THIS TRADE MARK

Can you think of any article you buy with which it is more important that you should have **a definite guarantee, made by responsible men,** than medicinal and toilet preparations?

NA-DRU-CO TRADE MARK — ALWAYS LOOK FOR THIS TRADE MARK

When you buy preparations bearing the NA-DRU-CO Trade Mark you have this guarantee, made by the National Drug & Chemical Company.

A Guarantee that Carries Weight

The National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, is one of the largest wholesale drug firms in the world, having a Paid-up Capital of over Five Million Dollars. We have wholesale branches in **Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Nelson, Vancouver and Victoria,** and chemical works and laboratories in Montreal and Toronto.

We are the largest buyers of drugs and do the greater part of the wholesale drug business in Canada. We employ a staff of about nine hundred people and distribute in salaries, dividends and other expenses over One Million Dollars annually. We carry a stock distributed among our branches of about Two Million Dollars, and in addition to these and other large assets our real estate and buildings are today worth about Five Hundred Thousand Dollars.

All this backs up our positive guarantee that goes with each package bearing the NA-DRU-CO Trade Mark.

A Comprehensive Guarantee

Every **formula** used in compounding NA-DRU-CO articles has been given years of careful study and practical tests, proving beyond question its value and its safety.

All the **ingredients** in NA-DRU-CO preparations are the best and purest that money can buy.

Every NA-DRU-CO preparation is **compounded by expert chemists** in our employ—men who are thoroughly qualified both by training and experience.

Our confidence in NA-DRU-CO preparations is best expressed by the two following unconditional offers:

We are prepared to furnish, on request, to your physician or druggist or to any other physician or druggist in Canada, a full list of the ingredients in any NA-DRU-CO preparation.

If you are not entirely satisfied with any NA-DRU-CO Preparation you buy, return the unused portion to the druggist from whom you bought it and he has our authorization to **return you the full purchase price** and charge it to us.

If your druggist hasn't the particular NA-DRU-CO Preparation you want in stock he can get it for you within two days from our nearest wholesale branch.

The following is a partial list of the NA-DRU-CO preparations:

Aperient and Laxative:
Kidney and Liver Pills
Little Liver Pills
Cascara Laxatives (Tablets)
Cascara Aromatic Tasteless
Fig Syrup
Fruit Saline

Blood Purifiers, Stomach & Liver:
Herb Tablets
Herb Tea
Blood Purifier
Sarsaparilla

Bowel Complaints:
Blackberry Cordial
Wild Strawberry Extract
Essence of Ginger

For Children:
Baby's Cough Syrup
Baby's Soothing Powders
Baby's Tablets
Soothing Syrup
Worm Syrup
" Powders
" Lozenges, Chocolate
" Sticks
Hive Syrup
Sugar of Milk

Coughs and Colds:
Baby's Cough Syrup
Hive Syrup
Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne (2 sizes)
Throat Gargle
" Pastilles

Dyspepsia & Indigestion:
Charcoal Tablets
Dyspepsia Tablets

Eye Troubles:
Eye Water
" Salve

Foot Remedies:
Corn Cure Liquid
" " Salve
Foot Powder

Headache Wafers.

Kidneys:
Buchu Juniper Kidney Pills
Kidney Cure Liquid

Liniments and Plasters:
Healing Oil
Liniment, White

Liniments and Plasters: (Continued)
Mosquito Oil
Plasters
Witch Hazel, Distilled

Ointments and Salves:
Carbolic Salve
Eczema Ointment
Healing Salve
Menthol Salve
Resorcinol Ointment
Stainless Iodine Ointment

Pile Ointment (3 sizes)

Rheumatism:
Rheumatism Cure

Toilet:
Camphor Ice
Cold Cream, (2 sizes)
" " Theatrical, (3 sizes)
Complexion Cream
Cucumber and Witch Hazel Cream
Witch Hazel Cream
Talcum Powder, Violet
" " Rose
" " Flesh
Tooth Paste
" Powder
Hair Restorer

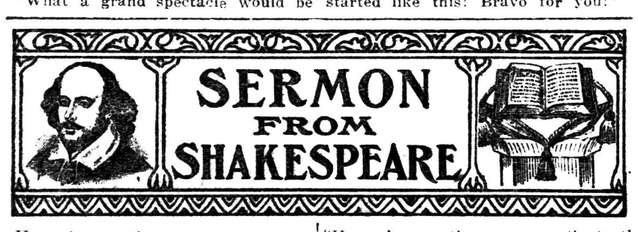
Tonics:
Beef Iron and Wine, (2 sizes)
Cod Liver Oil Compound, Tasteless, (2 sizes)
Cod Liver Oil Emulsion, (2 sizes)
Cod Liver Oil in flasks, (3 sizes)
Quinine Wine
Quinine Iron and Wine
Syrup Hypophos, (2 sizes)
Celery Nerve Tonic
Nervozone
Iron Pills
Bland's Pills

Toothache:
Toothache Drops
" Gum

Miscellaneous:
Antiseptic Fluid
Sanitary Tablets (Antiseptic)
Santal Perles
Marking Ink
Extract of Beef, (2 sizes)
Rennet Tablets
Sabadilla (Dredge Boxes)

National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited

Wholesale Branches at: Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria.



How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child.—King Lear, Act I., Sc. 4.

The family is at the base of human society. An ideal state is merely a larger family. In the state a traitor is detested, abominated; in the family a thankless child corresponds to a selfish, self-seeking, faithless citizen. At times tales are told of children neglecting aged parents, turning them out of doors, refusing them support. Nothing creates greater loathing in the minds of men. The act is not crime, but the criminal, the thief or incendiary, is more estimable.

If a man does never so slight a kindness to another, how pained he is when he learns he has been rewarded with abuse or worse. Think for a moment what parents are to children. Night and day through their children's infancy they have toiled and suffered for their little ones. With few exceptions children reach mature years without having to take thought for the morrow. The energy and self-sacrifice of their parents provide for them. They are protected from danger; they are enabled to go singing with childish glee through wood and meadow; they are prepared for their life's work by tender hands which seek no reward save the success and happiness of their offspring. This self-sacrifice is made so willingly and accepted in such a matter-of-course way that few children realize just what they owe their parents.

Shakespeare is severe on ingratitude under all conditions of life. Ingratitude is "monstrous"; it is a "marble-hearted fiend"; it is a "heinous sin." In his estimation it is worse than "lying, vainness, babbling." This is his attitude towards the ingratitude of man for man; the ingratitude of child towards parents is to him deadly sin. When Shakespeare made Lear utter the words

"How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is
To have a thankless child"

he no doubt had in mind the story of the Hindu peasant who, on finding a serpent numb with the cold, put it in his bosom and warmed it back to life. In return the serpent stung its benefactor to death. But how much more horrible is the thankless act of a child towards its parents. The serpent merely followed nature. It had no consciousness of having received benefits. With few exceptions men and women are the conscious products of self-sacrifice. Even the humblest and most illiterate owe a debt to their parents. The most boastful "self-made man" will find, if he reflects, that he is largely the results of his early training. There are exceptions. There are successful men who were cast on their own resources in infancy, who have not known the mother-love which glorifies existence, the fatherly care and self-sacrifice which ennobles life. But these cases are exceptional, so exceptional that they invariably cause comment.

Lear uttered the words quoted at the close of his cruise against Goneril, the curse of an enraged father against a thankless child. Shakespeare always writes with an eye to his audience. A certain tragic pleasure is derived from the passionate curse of foolish old King Lear against his more-than-ungrateful daughter. No evil that could befall her seems too severe. On the other hand the filial love, the gratitude of Cordelia for the father who has mistaken and cruelly treated her wins applause and admiration. She was a thankful child. Nothing that her father could do or say to her could make her forget that she was his child. She loved him according to her bond (duty). Disinherited by foolish old Lear—driven from him with wrathful words, she still loved him.

"Good my lord," she says,
"You have begot me, bred me, loved me; I
Return those duties back as are right fit,
Obey you, love you, and most honor you."

By her sweetness and sense of duty Cordelia brings out by contrast the truth that to have thankless children bites sharper than a serpent's tooth.

Shakespeare esteemed filial love highly. This is splendidly shown in Coriolanus. There we have a grateful son. He is stern, selfish, self-seeking. He despises his fellow-creatures. He is proud and vain—a giant taking pleasure in his mere strength of arm. But the spectator likes Coriolanus. Why He has underneath that rough exterior a heart of love. He loved his mother. Even his enemies confessed that he did famously "to please his mother." When his heart was stubbornly resolved to destroy his native city it weakens as his mother approaches. He vainly cries, "out affection!" It was his mother's words.

"There is no man in the world
More bound to's mother"

that had most to do with making him spare his country.

Ingratitude in anyone is base. Its tooth is keener than the winter wind; the sting of frost is not so sharp; but a thankless child is an unnatural monster. It is necessary to be on guard Carelessness of others is apt to become a habit and the thoughtless often become the thankless.

WHY SALVES FAIL TO CURE ECZEMA

THEY CLOG THE PORES—ONLY A LIQUID CAN REACH THE INNER SKIN.

Since the old-fashioned theory of curing eczema through the blood has been given up by scientists, many different salves have been tried for skin diseases. But it has been found that these salves only clog the pores and cannot penetrate to the inner skin below the epidermis where the eczema germs are lodged.

This—the quality of penetrating—probably explains the tremendous success of the only standard liquid eczema cure, oil of wintergreen, thymol, glycerine, etc., as compounded in D. D. D. Prescription.

After ten years of cure after cure, the world's leading skin specialists have accepted this as the true eczema cure. If you are a sufferer from skin disease, or have a friend who is, write at once for a free trial bottle to the D.D.D. Laboratory, Dept. L.A., 23 Jordan street, Toronto. This trial bottle will relieve the itching torture at once. Try it on our recommendation. Anderson & Nelles and W. T. Strong, druggists.

INDIGESTION, HEARTBURN, STOMACH GAS AND OTHER MISERY SIMPLY VANISHES

Your Out-of-Order Stomach Feels Fine Five Minutes After Taking a Little Diapepsin.

Every year regularly more than a million stomach sufferers in the United States, England, and Canada, take Pape's Diapepsin and realize not only immediate, but lasting relief.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, gassy or out-of-order stomach five minutes afterwards.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Get from your Pharmacist a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belchings of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach. Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or Intestinal griping. This will all go, and besides there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure almost any case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any other stomach disorder.

SHAKESPEARE CONTEST BEGINS ON SATURDAY, APRIL 2ND

It Costs Nothing to Try for the $600 Cash Competition—Just Fill in the Coupon—An Educative Feature.

Shakespeare is undoubtedly the greatest product of the Anglo-Saxon race. His words of wisdom are as much a part of every-day speech as are the words of the Bible. Thousands talk of his greatness; only tens knows him at first hand. By taking gems from the rich mine of Shakespeare's poetical works and showing their full significance to the public, the author of our weekly "Sermon from Shakespeare" is doing a task that is being widely appreciated.

Readers of The Advertiser are advised to enter the competition for the $600 to be distributed in the form of 326 cash prizes among those who return the best answers to ten questions. These questions will be based upon 52 Shakespeare sermons, beginning in The Advertiser on Saturday, April 2. The entries must be in on or before that day. It costs nothing to enter the competition. Merely read the sermon printed today and fill in the coupon below, asserting your intention to read the 52 sermons beginning April 2. The sermon in this issue will give you an idea of the quality of those to follow. We have been printing these introductory sermons for some weeks to arouse and sustain interest in the coming contest. Fill in the coupon and address to Editor Shakespeare Club, Advertiser, London, Ont.

Shakespeare Reading Scholarship

I have read the Sermon from Shakespeare published in The London Advertiser on .....

.....1910, and intend to read the
(Date)
series of 52, beginning April 2, 1910.

Name .....

Address .....

PLAYS and PLAYERS

ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

Today, Matinee and Night ..... Maher Stock Company
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.... "Ben-Hur."
Friday—"Time, Place and the Girl."
Monday, March 28....."Merry Widow"

"Ben-Hur" Next Week.

Every evidence points to houses with the "Standing Room Only" sign at the "Ben-Hur" performances at the Grand on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Wednesday matinee, next week. Preparations for the massive production have been going on all week on the stage, two carpenters arranging the double set of scenery and paraphernalia for the production. More visitors will be in London than customary, such towns as Strathroy, Ingersoll, Woodstock, Strathroy, Glencoe, Sarnia and Port Stanley ordering seats by the dozens. The Grand will seat about 1,850 people, and in the four performances about 7,500 people will witness "Ben-Hur." Much interest centres around the "Ben-Hur" engagement. Moving this attraction is certainly a big undertaking, with its eight cars of colossal stage effects, two hundred people, fifteen horses, two camels and other accessories. The advance sale of seats for "Ben-Hur" has practically been the largest in the history of the theatre, hundreds of orders having been booked from outside towns in addition to the heavy local demand.

"Time, Place and the Girl."

"The Time, the Place and the Girl," which again appears at the Grand on Friday next, is not a musical comedy, but a "comedy with music." That is to say, that its dramatic values would be sufficient to provide an evening's entertainment for a mental adult, even if there were no songs to enliven the proceedings. It is legitimate comedy, with a sane plot, and situations and legitimately enhanced by two or three delightful reproductions of unusual and amusing character types.

more than likely that "The Merry Widow" will be touring the country.

The days of the second or "special" company, or Company B, all of which are commonly heralded as "numebr twos," are over, in the opinion of the Shuberts. A case in point is the present successful tour of James T. Powers in "Havana," who has just signified his intention of appearing in the same play next season and playing to the coast.

Pursuing the same policy, the Shuberts during the past week have entered into a most unusual agreement with the members of the companies presenting "The City" and "The Lottery Man," the two most successful dramatic hits of the present year. In most instances contracts of three years' duration have been entered into with the various actors of these two companies, thus assuring their appearance in the plays when they are presented in cities other than New York. While there is no indication that "The City" will leave the Lyric for months to come, this precaution was looked upon as necessary.

Amy Leslie, who writes pieces for the Chicago News, believes she has diagnosed the peculiar crescendo giggle with which James T. Powers finishes each funny line. "He is the only comedian blessed with modesty enough to cry," says Miss Leslie. "Jimmie has an emotional nature."

John Mason declares that the part most to his liking is the hardest, and in "A Son of the People" he is said to have been well fitted.

"I'll explain what I mean by the 'hardest.'" said Mr. Mason recently at rehearsal. "I played a character part with Mrs. Fiske once—a dirty, ignorant, South Carolina cracker who has murdered his mistress, a negro woman. It was a rewarding role and I liked it. But it was likewise easy for me. The straight work is the hardest. There are a dozen character actors to one who can do

New York. One of the wedding gifts was a huge floral horseshoe from "The Dollar Princess" company, on which was inscribed in forget-me-nots the words "Love's a Race," the title of Mr. Brian's principal song, which he sings as Freddy Smythe in the piece. Mrs. Pope's brother, Joseph J. Gleason, recently married Marjorie Wood, of William Collier's "A Lucky Star" company. The Gleasons, though not connected with the Frohman organization by business ties, are rapidly marrying into it. Charles Frohman cabled his congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Brian from Paris.

Henry B. Harris anounces that rehearsals for "Bobby Burnit," a dramatization of George Randolph Chester's popular novel, "The Making of Bob Burnit," by Winchell Smith, will begin on Monday, March 14. Wallace Eddinger will play the title role and be featured. The opening date is Easter Monday. After playing a spring tour of a few weeks it will be brought into New York to open early in the coming season.

Sydney Rosenfeld announces that he has signed contracts for the translation of his play, "Children of Destiny," now running at the Savoy Theatre, New York, into German. It will be produced in New York this spring with a prominent German actress in the leading role.

Rehearsals for James Forbes' new comedy, "The Commuters," will begin on Monday, March 21.—It will be given a spring tour of a few weeks, and then come into New York to reopen early in September at a prominent Broadway Theatre.

Edgar Selwyn, who is to star under the management of Henry B. Harris this crous tragedy, "The Scarecrow," has just coming season in Percy Mackaye's ludicompleted a new play, "The Country Boy," which will have a production early in April.

William Collier, who is playing "A Lucky Star" at the Garrick Theatre, in New York, went to Atlantic City to witness the premier of Hattie Williams in "The Girl He Couldn't Leave Behind Him," at a matinee, and returned in a special train in time for his own evening performance.

"The Thief," with Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon, is in Texas. Do you suppose that Henri Bernstein, who has never been out of Europe, can realize what it means to have his play the talk of a little state which is larger than

a quaint old home of colonial date and style set among the arching elems of Hollis, Maine. Hollis is not a summer resort—hardly even a village, as it quietly dreams the years away on the banks of its beautiful river. The Saco winds into a placid lake as it flows past the Quillcote elms, and then, within a few rods from the house, makes a magnificent fall. This is the stream, by the way, that "runs through 'Rebecca,'" The present Quillcote barn, which is the barn in which Rebecca writes her poetry, and the scene of the barn dances in the play, would hardly be recognized by the old yeoman who built it. A year ago all the interior fittings were removed, a new floor laid, casement windows added and the building converted into a rustic hall. The century-old rafters, strong as when they were laid, remain in position. The walls were brushed down and left in their original tawny-brown hue. Other old barns generously gave it ancient fishhook hinges, unique latches and moosehorns. Quaint lanterns fitted with candles hang from a score of harness pegs, and the old grain chest, piled high with cushions, stands at one side of the room. Here Mrs. Wiggin does her writing. Here real people dance during the summer, just as the Wain children, some of whom are to be seen in "Rebecca" in dramatic guise, play about before finding their homes between the covers of books and behind the footlights.

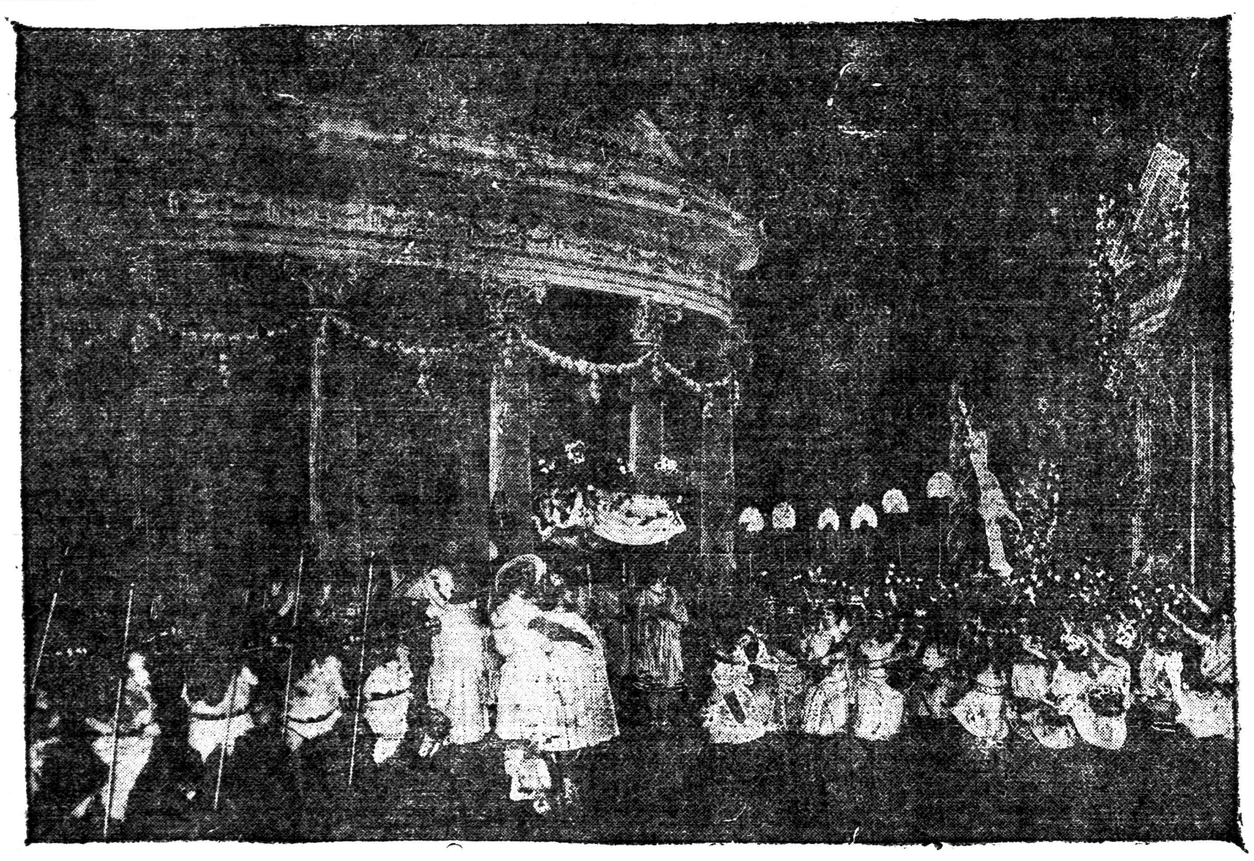
Owing to previous bookings, "Rebecca" has been forced to leave Boston for a few nights until she finds a permanent home in some other large city, either Philadelphia or Chicago.

Facts Not Generally Known

That Harry Davenport, who is appearing in "Children of Destiny," played Sir Joseph Porter in the juvenile "Pinafore" company at Wallack's Theatre, New York, on May 5, 1875.

That E. A. Eberle, who plays Dr. Bernstein in "The Third Degree," supported Mme. Janauschek in "Meg Merrilies" at the Academy of Music, in February, 1887.

That Wallace Eddinger, who will play the title role of Henry B. Harris' production of "Bobby Burnit," played Little Johnnie in the original American production of "Master and Man,"



"The Revels of the Nymphs in Front of the Temple of Apollo in the Grove of Daphe." A Scene in "Ben Hur."

There are a dozen musical numbers in the play, but they art lilting and descriptive, and never in the way of the plot development. The particular hits are "Thursday Is My Jonah Day," "It's Lonesome Tonight," and "Blow the Smoke Away," and "Dixie I Love You."

"Merry Widow" Coming.

The announcement for the Grand on Easter Monday, March 28, is a return of Henry W. Savage's New York production of the fascinating operetta, "The Merry Widow," with the same excellent organization seen here last year. "The Merry Widow" stands by itself—a present day light opera classic that will enjoy the long, healthy life of "Pinafore," "The Mikado," "The Gypsy Baron" and others of similar ilk. When present theatre patrons have passed into another generation it is

legitimate stuff. Now, George Arliss is a splendid character man, but there is his dominant personality back of it to hold your attention. The real character actor is usually recognized. Nazimova is the only genuine character actress I know. She absolutely differs in every part she plays. But, as old W. H. Thompson used to say, 'I get so sick of hearing that it's a regular Thompson part! Why don't they tell me that it's a good actor's part!' Nowadays, though, the actor has so little chance for experience. He may have the genius in him somewhere, but he gets no opportunity to develop the talent, which is essential. I mean by that, that genius is the raw metal and talent is the coin which we cast from it, with more or less alloy of training and skill."

Lee Shubert has issued a general order requesting all of the 10,000 people employed in the Shubert theatres throughout the country to donate one per cent of their salary between now and the date of the Actors' Fund Fair, May 9, to the building fund of the fair.

"Our weekly pay-roll, including the actors, managers, chorus and stagehands, varies between $275,000 and $300,000," said Mr. Shubert yesterday.

"The one per cent tax will, I hope, yield $3,000 a week, or $30,000 in the intervening ten weeks, to this charity bazaar.

"If every manager in the country will send out a similar request, we could raise $50,000 easily. With the great project of a $500,000 home for the theatre folk in America ahead of us, every manager should do his utmost to raise his share of the building fund. This building will put the actors' fund of America on a self-supporting basis and forever insure a pleasant livelihood to the aged and needy in the profession."

This novel scheme which Mr. Shubert originated is an indication of the friendly rivalry between the managers. Recently Charles Frohman ordered a tax of ten cents on all dead heads, and William Collier started a series of paid professional benefits to swell the building fund of the fair.

Donald Brian, who finally marries "The Dollar Princess," in the popular musical comedy, has been really married in real life to Mrs. Charles H. Pope, formerly Miss Florence Meagher Gleason. They will live at 40 South Washington Square,

France, Germany, England, Turkey, Italy, Spain and other countries too numerous to mention all combined?

Maude Adams has received the racing motor boat "Peter Pan," which the 1,000 employees of the Michigan Steel Boat Company voted to her, and has sent it to Indian Harbor, the famous summer home of Commodore E. C. Benedict (Grover Cleveland's friend), at Greenwich, Conn., where it will be laid up in the commodore's boathouse until spring.

John Drew, in "Inconstant George," is in Indianapolis this week. He is a great favorite with the Hoosiers, and he likes them.

"The Arcadians" is pronounced by G. P. Huntley "the most beautiful production ever seen in New York." Mr. Huntley ought to know.

Sir Charles Wyndham and Miss Mary Moore have closed their Boston engagement in "The Mollusc" and are playing this week in Philadelphia. "The Mollusc" is a good piece for the Quaker City.

Marie Doro's London success in "The Climax" raises the possibility that she will not return to America for a long time. Charles Frohman cabled to his New York office, 'Her success may be the means of making Doro permanent London star."

Although the scenes in Klaw & Erlanger's production of "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" are laid in Maine, and the characters are all Maine folk, there is a western outdoor flavor to the play which could not be explained until Kate Douglas Wiggin, the co-author of the play, and the creator of the "Rebecca" books, one day in course of conversation admitted that her earliest and strongest impressions of childhood were received as a teacher in kindergartens on the Barbary Coast and Tar Flat of San Francisco. After graduating from a New England boarding school, Miss Wiggin joined her parents in San Francisco to become director of the Silver street kindergarten. This experience focussed her attention at the most impressionable period of her life upon children, their charm and the quaint way they have of looking at things.

To the readers of the "Rebecca" books and those who have witnessed the charming play, it may be of interest to know that the good people of whom Mrs. Wiggin writes grow into being during the summer at Quillcote,

when it was produced at Palmer's Theatre, New York, Feb. 5, 1890.

That Lawrence Sheehan, who plays Bill Crabb in "The Travelling Salesman," was Roundsman Rush in "The Night Clerk," in which Peter Daly was the star, when it was produced at the Bijou Theatre, New York, Nov. 11, 1895.

That Robert Edeson, who is starring in "A man's a Man," played Harry Winters in "Incog." on its first New York presentation at the Bijou Theatre, New York, Feb. 22, 1892.

That Harry D. Blakemore, who plays Julius in "The Travelling Salesman," was Scroggins in "The Lion and the Lamb," when it was produced at the Bijou Theatre, New York, Aug. 5, 1890.

Earache! Toothache!

TO CURE THE PAIN IN TEN SECONDS AND GET INSTANT RELIEF, NOTHING EQUALS

NERVILINE

Fifty years ago Nerviline was used from coast to coast and in thousands of houses this trusty liniment served the entire family, cured all their minor ills and kept the doctor's bill small. Today Nerviline still holds first rank in Canada among pain-relieving remedies—scarcely a home you can find that does not use it.

TESTIMONIAL NO. 4398

From Port Hope, Ont, Mr. W. T. Greenaway, of the Guide newspaper staff, writes: "For 20 years we have used Nerviline in our home, and not for the world would we be without it. As a remedy for all pain, earache, toothache, cramps, headache, and disordered stomach, I know of no preparation so useful and quick to relieve as Nerviline."

Let every mother give Nerviline a trial; it's good for children, good for old folks—you can rub it on as a liniment or take it internally.

Wherever there is pain, Nerviline will cure it. Refuse anything but Nerviline. Large bottles 50 cents, trial size 25 cents, all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.



Keep your eye on your Kellogg's

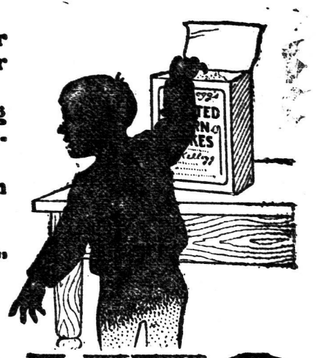
"THE SWEETHEART OF THE CORN"

You'll have to watch your Kellogg's mighty closely, for children simply love it.

It has such an enticing flavor; such a tender crispness.

10c. a package. Made in Canada.

"WON ITS FAVOR THROUGH ITS FLAVOR"



TOASTED CORN FLAKES

GUARDING AGAINST X-RAY DANGERS

Operators Protected at the London Hospital.

London Daily News: To protect medical operators from the harmful influence of X-rays an ingenious apparatus has been installed in the out-patient department of the London Hospital. There are at present in the United Kingdom about seventy X-ray martyrs, suffering more or less in the fingers and hands from the disease which is created by frequent contact with the rays. If the principle which has been adopted at the London Hospital were copied at other institutions the list of martyrs would no doubt rapidly diminish.

When a "Daily News" representative called at the London Hospital yesterday, a male patient, with a malignant growth on his neck, was lying on a leather couch in a cubicle with glass windows. The cubicle was in semi-darkness save for the greenish flashes of the rays which played just above the patient's head.

Dr. Blackwell, who is unhappily an X-ray martyr, two or three fingers on both his hands having been affected, told our representative how the apparatus worked. The operator stands outside the cubicle, and is absolutely free from the influence of the rays as he watches his patient through a glass window. The door of the cubicle also has a glass panel. Through the windows in the front may be seen the X-of bowl, made of lead glass, through tree' kti etaolshrdlu etaosh rldetaoshr which the rays cannot penetrate. Only the affected part of the patient is exposed to the rays. There are four of these cubicles in the hospital.

The X-rays are administered to the patient in doses, and the apparatus is so constructed that a dose cannot be given while the operator is inside the cubicle, and the moment he turns the door-handle the dose which is being given to the patient is automatically shut off.

A CHINESE SMUGGLER.

An ingenious instrument for smuggling was discovered at Rangoon, when a Chinaman named Abeng was arrested at about 7 o'clock in the morning as he stepped ashore from a sampan. The prisoner was carrying what appeared to be a tin of kerosene, but on examination of the tin a cunningly contrived smuggling outfit was discovered.

The corner of the tin, where the opening to admit the oil was situated, was in the shape of a cube four inches square and the other part of the tin was used as a receptacle for contraband, the bottom of the tin sliding out. In this hidden receptacle the excise inspector found 55 tolas of behnchi and 55 one-eighth-ounce bottles of cocaine.—Rangoon Gazette.

BURMINGHAM MAN TURNS TO MARBLE

Extraordinary Case of Morgan Field Watched By Physicians.

A remarkable case is puzzling the doctors at the Birmingham (Eng.) Hospital for Skin Diseases.

The patient is a man who has developed an appearance of white marble in the skin of his hands, feet, chest, and face. And in point of interest to the medical profession his case is as striking as that of the "Brittle Man" at the London Hospital, whose condition has, up to the present, also defied the resources of medical science.

For some years the man, whose name is Morgan Field, has followed the trade of a needle-pointer. Four years ago he had a severe attack of pneumonia, which incapacitated him for six months.

Shortly after that illness Field's skin became marble white, devoid of expression, the natural lines having been obliterated. To the touch the skin is as cold as stone. Moreover, it has become so tight that the man is unable to bend his joints, and, indeed, he can only partially open his mouth with difficulty.

The condition is thought to be due to an obstruction in the arteries, veins or lmyph vessels, dependent upon some disturbance in the vaso-motor nervous centre. At present Field is being treated with a view to improving his nutrition and increasing the blood circulation, and it is hoped that later on the treatment at the new Birmingham Hospital for Skin and Urinary Diseases will be the means of relieving the patient in his terrible affliction.

OUTDOORS FOR BAD BOYS.

Will a boy do better work and stand a better chance for improvement when he is living in the open on a big farm, and being made to feel that the success of the farm is his affair and that there are no fences to stop him, or will he do best when he is shut in a prison where he has no responsibility and never sees the sun?

The state board of charities compares the two methods as they have been tried in Monroe County. In the Rochester Industrial School the boys were always restless and sullen and often trying to escape. On the farm at Industry they are as a rule ambitious and improving. More than 75 per cent of the boys committed there are thoroughly reformed. It doesn't seem as though nineteen centuries were needed to teach us that good air, outdoor work, sunshine and responsibility are good for the moral development of a boy.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

FOR THE PUBLIC

New Formula Cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Hoarseness in Five Hours.

Much is being done in these days to stop the ravages of consumption, but probably nothing has been so effective as teaching the public how to break up a cold and cure coughs, bronchitis, tonsilitis, etc., with simple, home-mixed medicine. A laxative cough syrup, free from whiskey, is the prime need. A cough indicates inflammation and congestion, and these in turn are due to an excess of waste and poisons in the system. A tonic laxative cough syrup rids the system of congestion, while relieving the painful coughing. Get the following and mix at home: One-half ounce fluid wild cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardiol and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Shake the bottle and take twenty drops every half hour for four hours. Then one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times daily. Give children less, according to age. Cut this out and save it for some friend.

GRAND UNION HOTEL
Opp. GRAND CENTRAL STATION NEW YORK CITY
ROOMS $1.00 a day and upward
Baggage to and from Station Free
Send 2c stamp for N. Y. City Guide Book and Map

"The Prospective Patentee" —Full information to inventors— sent free on application
Fetherstonhaugh & Co. PATENTS
STAR BD'G. 18 King St. W. TORONTO.
Also Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg and Washington.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
25 PILLS 25 THE PILL

CARLING'S LIQUID MALT EXTRACT
A Strengthening and Stimulating Tonic for invalids and convalescents. Indispensable for nursing mothers.
NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.
SOLE AGENTS

Minard's Liniment Company, Limited.
Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Croup; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.
CHARLES E. SHARP.
Hawkshaw, N.B., Sept. 1, 1905.

"Caught Cold."

Had a Distressing, Tickling Sensation In The Throat.

Mr. Albert MacPhee, Chignecto Mines, N.S., writes: "In Oct., 1908, I caught cold by working in water, and had a very bad cough and that distressing, tickling sensation in my throat so that I could not sleep at night, and my lungs were so very sore I had to give up work. Our doctor gave me medicine but it did me no good so I got a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and by the time I had used two bottles I was entirely cured. I am always recommending it to my friends."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup combines the potent healing virtues of the Norway pine tree with other absorbent, expectorant and soothing medicines of recognized worth and is absolutely harmless, prompt and safe for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Sore Throat, Pain or Tightness in the Chest, and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

There are many imitations of "Dr. Wood's" so be sure and get the genuine when you ask for it.

Put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25 cents. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**
The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly. Ask your druggist for it.
If he cannot supply the MARVEL accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.
WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.



SHOW GIRLS IN 'THE TIME, THE PLACE AND THE GIRL," AT THE GRAND NEXT FRIDAY EVENING.

A Glance at Life in Great Britain---Happenings in England, Ireland and Scotland Briefly Chronicled

ENGLAND

EGGS 40 YEARS OLD.

Members of Zoological Society Partake of Unique Breakfast.

Members of the council of the Royal Zoological Society of Ireland, whose custom it is to have breakfast at the gardens each Saturday before proceeding on a tour of inspection, found a novelty on the menu on Saturday in the shape of Chinese preserved eggs 40 years old. The contents had become, it was said, a sort of jelly of a very delicate flavor.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lane, of 32 Waterloo street, Hammersmith, celebrated their diamond wedding, having been married at St. Pancras Church on Feb. 24, 1859. Mr. Lane is 84, and his wife two years younger.

A new Liberal club has been opened at Skegness on premises which first formed a Methodist Chapel, and afterwards a concert hall, restaurant, gymnasium, Salvation Army barracks, auction room, public hall, and school.

As the Jewish population of Great Britain is not more than 300,000, the return of 15 Jews to the new Parliament may be considered a handsome representation.

At the end of March, 1909, Great Britain had 50 battleships built and building, 118 cruisers, 8 scouts, 23 torpedo vessels, 171 torpedo boat destroyers, 89 torpedo boats, and 68 submarines.

There has died Mr. Mark Andrew Chivers, who served the Times subeditorially for over half a century until 1892, when he retired. It is recorded of him that he detested the "tape," which "vomited news at him."

It is proposed to present Rev. Dr. Hugh Jones, the well-known Welsh Calvinistic Methodist minister of Liverpool, with a testimonial, in recognition of his services as one of the most successful pastors of hs denomination.

The King recently referred to tailors as "a deserving class," and now the Tailor and Cutter returns the compliment by referring to his majesty as "not only the first gentleman in Europe, but also one who sets an example in his dress that is at all times worthy of imitation."

FIRE HEROINE.

Young Woman's Gallantry in Saving Two Girls Recognized.

Miss Beatrice Daisy Dunton, of Lambeth, has received from the Society for the Protection of Life from Fire, a certificate and a gift of money in recognition of her promptness and gallantry at a fire in South Lambeth road last year. At the time of the fire, which took place at a news agent's shop, Miss Dunton was upstairs, and by rushing through the flames she was able to reach two children, whom she carried to a place of safety. Another child was burned to death.

The death has occurred at Cheltenham, in his 90th year, of Lieut.-Col. Wm. Campbell Mollan, who retired from the army nearly 50 years ago. He commanded the Gordon Highlanders in the early stages of the Indian Mutiny when it formed a part of Sir James Outram's force. He fought at the siege and capture of Lucknow and in many other engagements.

A reward of £10 is offered by Messrs. Bull & Bull, solicitors, Lincoln's Inn, London, for the recovery of two first editions of poems by Gray and Blake, "lost or stolen" on or since Feb. 14 from the library of a well-known author who died recently. The combined value is stated to be not less than 250 guineas.

Deaths of two men from arsenical poisoning after eating pancakes in Shudehill market, Manchester, were the subject of a coroner's inquiry. Three other men, who also partook of the pancakes, became very ill, but have recovered. All the men were employed at the market, and on Shrove Tuesday made some batter for pancakes. Finding the batter too thin, they added to it a white powder which they thought was flour, but which on analysis proved to be a rat poison containing arsenic.

The Brighton board of guardians has decided that the issue of tobacco to all classes of inmates of the workhouse should be discontinued, except to the sick or those employed on disagreeable work.

In aid of the funds of the British Cotton Growing Association collections are to be made of a penny per month for fifteen months from April 1 from all operatives in the mills and workshops in the cotton districts of Lancashire.

Very few of the original volunteer officers of 1859-60 will be able to accept the King's invitation to attend a levee. One of the oldest officers of the vanished force is the Earl of Wemyss, who, as Lord Elcho, founded the London Scottish.

Flossie Wilding, a scholar at Bardwell Voluntary School, is to receive a watch from the West Suffolk educational committee for her record of ten years ten months of perfect attendance.

SLAVERY IN LONDON.

Woman Works Eleven Hous a Day for Less Than $3 a Week.

A woman told the Clerkenwell County court judge that she worked from 9 o'clock in the morning till 8 at night for 12s. a week.

About 840,000 persons are employed in or at coal mines in the United Kingdom.

Over 39,000,000 gallons of oils are annually produced from shale in the country.

About 24 out of every 100 tons of coal raised in the United Kingdom is exported.

A Scots quaich was sold in London the other day at £258, making about £20 per ounce.

Westminster Roman Catholic Cathedral is to be consecrated on June 28, this year.

The National Rifle Association do not regard the proposed figure target with any great favor.

It is against the law in the country to shoot any sort of game on a Sunday or Christmas Day.

A laundry process which does not ruin cuffs and collars was demonstrated at Wandsworth. The clothes are placed in a square wooden tank, and water is forced through them at a very high pressure.

Thanking the Armstrong College, Newcastle, for having named the new chair of English literature and languages after the late Mr. Joseph Cowen, two members of his family have sent a donation of $50,000 towards the endowment fund.

It takes about three seconds for a message to go from one end of the Atlantic Cable to the other.

During the past year, according to a return issued by the authorities, 3,360,221 people visited Kew Gardens, London.

Between Nov. 28 and Jan. 22, not a single boat flying the American flag entered the port of London.

The latest member to be elected to the House of Commons, Mr. Cathcart Wason, is one of the tallest men in Parliament.

The total annual output of coal in the United Kingdom is about 265,000,000 tons, and the value over 119½ millions sterling.

A London jury lately was composed of Englishmen, Irish, French, Germans, and Italians. "Scotty" wasn't in it!

The total population of the British over-seas empire was 343,000,000 at the last census, of which over 294,000,000 were in India.

EARL SINGS TO BLIND.

Earl of Shaftesbury Takes Prominent Part in an Entertainment.

The Earl of Shaftesbury sang three songs at an entertainment given in the Chelsea town hall to a thousand of the blind poor of London.

The first Cape grapes of the season have reached Covent Garden.

Yorkshire miners are protesting against coal getting on Sundays.

The Blackpool promenades are to be extended at a cost exceeding $90,000.

In Manchester, during the last five years over 500 public house licenses have been abolished.

The continued strike of miners in Northumberland and Durham is seriously affecting trade.

The King gave $50 to the Brighton police-aided scheme for clothing poor and destitute children.

In future blind persons will be allowed to travel free of charge on the Leicester corporation's tram cars.

Manchester's aqueduct, 100 miles long, which cost £5,500,000, carried 100,000,000 gallons of water daily.

A bag of 240 farthings has been received at the offices of the Anti-Socialist Union of Great Britain towards the million shilling fund to fight socialism.

The United Kingdom drank 24,459,556 gallons of whiskey last year — a pretty liberal refreshment, though 5,000,000 gallons less than the previous year.

While making visits at Dartmoor Prison, Dr. Murray, the medical officer, was attacked by a convict, named North, who was at once overpowered by warders.

The old Surrey Chapel in London, of which Rev. Rowland Hill was for 50 years pastor, is being converted into an electric theatre.

The Cunard liner Umbria, which left Liverpool for New York on her last voyage, brought £35,000 worth of ostrich feathers to America.

The Bishop of London says every husband and wife would be the better if they had a fortnight's holiday away from each other every year.

The death has occurred at Bridgend of Mr. Robert Leyson, a Welsh bard, and a member for thirty years of Bridgend Board of Guardians.

NELSON RELIC.

Interesting Ledgers From the Flagship Victory Have Been Secured.

The Trafalgar relic, consisting of ledgers from which prize money and the £300,000 voted by parliament were paid, has been secured for Nelson's flagship Victory, through the generosity of Mr. Thomas J. Barratt, of A. and F. Pears, Limited.

By the co-operation of the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital with the county council, a refraction department for school children will soon be opened, with accommodation for the eye treatment of 12,000 children annually.

The new silver coinage for the Australian Commonwealth is being produced at the Mint. One of the prettiest of the coins is the sixpenny piece. The reverse bears in the centre the arms of the Commonwealth, supported by the kangaroo and the emu, and bearing a star as a crest.

Sir John Cass died in 1718 while signing the will which brought St. Botolph School, Aldgate, into existence, and pen and parchment were stained with his blood. Five hundred children, each wearing a crimson-tipped goose quill, on Tuesday attended a bicentenary service.

The visiting committee has reported to the Chelmsford Guardians that a number of the children in the workhouse have received no education for three years owing to an epidemic of ringworm.

A strong branch of the National League of Young Liberals has been formed in the Romford Division. It is to be styled the Ilford Seven Kings, and Goodmay's branch.

Among the wreaths placed on Sir Henry Irving's tomb in Westminster Abbey, lately in commemoration of the anniversary of his birth, was a laurel chaplet, "From Six Old Lyceum Pittites."

Shadwell Market, which was purchased by the coporation of London for over $500,000, having proved a failure for market purposes, it is proposed to appropriate a portion of the site for a public recreation ground or gardens.

IRELAND

GOLDSMITH'S HOME.

Historic Residence of the Poet in His Earliest Days Restored.

The historic residence of Rev. Charles Goldsmith, at Lissoy, the home of the childhood and boyhood of Oliver Goldsmith is to be restored by the Westmeath County Council.

Fred W. Harvey, B.A., Middletown, has been promoted to the charge of Baltinglass National School, Wicklow.

A gift of $3,000 was presented to the technical school at Banbridge, County Down, for the erection of a one-story annex.

The Hamburg-Amerika Line have ordered three steamships, each of 12,000 tons, from the firm of Harland & Wolff, Belfast.

A cattle-drive took place recently at Cloondroon, Miltown, on the lands of Mr. J. D. Blake, who resides at Woodlawn, Castlegrove.

Miss Margaret McGurgan, Clonmany, was appointed midwife for the Gortin Dispensary District of Omagh Union, at a salary of $130 per annum.

One man was killed and three seriously injured by the fall of the scaffolding, while working on the Convent of St. Louis buildings, Monoghan.

Mr. Alexander Campbell, senior assistant-inspector-general, Royal Irish constabulary, at headquarters, Dublin Castle, is retiring after a service of 42 years.

At a conference of Irish postoffice clerks in Dublin it was alleged that the germs of consumption and other diseases were in mail bags by thousands, and a resolution was passed that all mail bags should be washed and disinfected fortnightly.

Several of the old thatched houses at Chapel Lane, Navan, collapsed recently, the occupants in each case having left the houses only an hour or two previously.

The number of emigrants (natives of Ireland) who left Irish ports during last month was (according to the registrar-general's return) 615 (376 males and 239 females).

Mr. Jeremiah Jordan, the veteran Protestant Nationalist, has retained his seat in South Fermanagh with a majority of 596 over his Unionist opponent, Mr. Battersby, K.C.

A WHALE ASHORE.

Finny Leviathan Lost Its Reckoning and Landed High ,Dry and Dead.

A large whale was washed ashore at Banna, near Ballyheigue, recently. The whale, about 55 feet long and 7 feet high, came ashore dead. The teeth and enormous jaws were taken possession of by the residents.

The recent death of Mr. Patrick McKeown, of Maghernahely, occasioned widespread regret in and around Bessbrook, County Armagh.

Negotiations are in progress between the congested districts board and Lord Venry for the purchase of his estate in Kerry.

The Carlingford Lough commission has under consideration the completion of a contract with the Dublin Dockyard Company for the building of a steam tug to cost $26,000.

The death is announced of a Tipperary nonogenarian, Patrick Tyne, who was "out" with Smith O'Brien, at the Ballingarry rising in 1848, and was also in the 1867 movement.

The death took place recently of a well-known Derry master mariner, Capt. Robt. Fletcher. Deceased for over 30 years was engaged in the service of the firm of Steel & Beanie, and was a popular figure in Derry shipping circles.

Two young men of the farming class, named Philip Garin, of Tonlagee, and Patrick Sheridan, of Straheens, were killed in a gravel pit at Aughagower, County Mayo, by the collapse of a high bank under which they were buried.

The Gortletteragh branch of the United Irish League passed a resolution congratulating the sturdy men of Aughavas on the great efforts they were making to banish the land-grabbers from their midst, and to restore the evicted tenants to their homes.

The residence of Capt. the Hon. John Campbell, of Oughterard, County Galway, was visited by a burglar, who donned a suit of livery, which he discovered in the servants' quarters. This conspicuous costume led to his arrest. He was committed for trial.

The body of Duncan Galbraith, mate of the Glasgow steamer Wairus, and a native of Ardrishaig, was found floating in the River Lakan at Belfast.

SCOTLAND

MELROSE ASTIR.

Memorial Window Erected to Gifted Hymn-Writer, Mrs. Cousins.

Both golfing and fishing have been at a standstill at North Berwick owing to the weather.

Dargavel Mansion House, an historic and beautiful building, about a mile from Bishopton Station, Renfrewshire, was destroyed by fire lately. The damage is about $50,000.

Culter House, the historic mansion of the Culter estate, about 7 miles from Aberdeen, was completely destroyed by fire lately. The loss is estimated at something like $50,000.

Col. Richard John Bailey, late commanding officer of the First Orkney Artillery Volunteers, and retired captain of the Royal Artillery, died at his residence in Kirkwall on the 21st of January. Col. Bailey rose from the ranks, and had the honor of giving the late prince imperial some instruction in military matters.

In Renton last year, there were 145 births, 76 deaths and 34 marriages.

A merchant in Glasgow was fined $50 for selling margarine for butter.

There were 1,395 criminal offences in Patrick last year, a decrease of over 500.

Mr. J. Paterson has been appointed manager of the Glasgow Labor Exchange.

Mr. James Goodall, one of the best-known banking officials in Glasgow, is dead.

There were 4,443 cases of infectious disease in Glasgow the third week in January.

In West Perthshire the electorate numbers 8,547, and 7,444 voted — over 87 per cent.

Mr. James R. Reid has been appointed president of the Celtic Society of Glasgow.

The historic little Border town of Melrose was astir the other day when Lord Ardwell unveiled a memorial window erected in St. Aidan's Church to the gifted hymn writer, Mrs. Cousin. Her best known work, the hymn, "Immanuel's Land," is a special favorite with all classes, and subscriptions towards the memorial were received from nearly all parts of the world. It is a very fine piece of work of antique English glass, and fully illustrates the popular hymn referred to.

A memorial service for the late Bishop Dowden was held recently in St. Mary's Episcopal Cathedral, and references of his death were made from a number of city pulpits.

The Rev. Charles Scott Burdon, Blackhill Parish Church, Longside, Aberdeen, was last week elected minister of Lundie and Fowlis, Forfarshire.

At a meeting of the Aberdeen Church Presbytery it was agreed to sustain the call from Trinity Parish Church, Aberdeen, to the Rev. David Alexander Miller, assistant, St. Mark's, Dundee.

The semi-jubilee of the Rev. George Steven, of St. Bernard's United Free Church, Henderson Row, Edinburgh, was celebrated a week ago, when several congratulatory addresses were presented.

The Earl and Countess of Dalhousie have returned to Brechin Castle, Forfarshire, from visiting the Earl and Countess of Ancaster at Grimsthorpe Castle, Lincolnshire.

Glasgow Labor Exchange (the central institution of Scotland) was formally opened on the 31st ult. by Lord Provost McInnes Shaw. About 1,400 registered on that day.

PLENTY OF SALMON.

Fishing in the Rivers Dee, Don and Spey Opened Auspiciously.

The new member for West Perthshire, the Marquis of Tullibardine, M. V. O., D. S. O., is the heir of the Duke of Atholl, and was born in 1871.

Of the many collections of manuscript writings of Robert Burns none is so intensely interesting as that in the possession of the Irvine Burns Club.

The Rev. George Alexander Stalker, M. A., B. D., Inverchaolin, has been elected minister of Kenmuir Parish Church, near Glasgow.

For the purpose of stimulating recruiting for the territorial force it is proposed to have a parade and route march in Edinburgh on March 12.

Mr. Alexander Turnbull, C. E., Greenock, died on Thursday. For many years he occupied the position of master of works and burgh surveyor for Greenock.

Salmon fishing in the Dee, Don and Spey has opened under favorable auspices. Fish is abundant, of excellent quality, and free from traces of disease.

An Alloa pony went up a stepladder the other day and had a good feed in the hayloft.

NEW FRESH AIR SCHOOL

(Continued From Page Eleven.)

more converts are made to the fresh-air theory on the spot.

Take a peep into the school yard any morning. You will find a most astonishingly apparelled coterie. Each child is tied in the lined canvas bag described before. The curious affair reaches to the waist.

It keeps the body, feet and legs as warm and cozy as if the tiny wearer were but a few feet away from a heated stove.

The teachers clothe themselves in similar garments while instructing and the class goes through its lessons in geography, spelling, etc., with a vigor never seen in ordinary schools.

Here is an example of the routine work of a pupil in the Fresh Air School 8:45—Report at teacher's desk. Take off wraps. Devotional exercises.

9 to 9:30—Devoted to dressing the children in the "cold-weather" garments. Each child's accoutrement is carefully inspected by Miss Mills or one of her assistants. Little hands are pushed into the warm fleece-lined mittens, the canvas bag adjusted and each youngster helped to his place at the bench in the schoolyard.

9:30 to 9:50—Reading and spelling and blackboard instruction in the schoolroom, with every window flung wide open.

9:50 to 10:05—Recess. Off with the "warmer" and a romp in the open bungalow in the rear of the yard.

10:05 to 11 and 11 to 11:30—More study periods and then home for dinner. The afternoon session is similarly divided.

If rosy cheeked, spirited children be regarded as proof that Miss Mills' "new thought" school is beneficial, then the idea is a great success. The youngsters are all remarkable examples of energy, quick-witted and bright-eyed. To punish them no rods are needed. The teacher has but to hint that "all lessons will be taught indoors today" and there is a howl of remonstrance and instant "order." To withhold from the pupils the romp in the cold bungalow is regarded the severest of discipline.

Experiments of this sort have been tried frequently for the sick and ailing, but never before for the strong and healthy, and if any skepticism as to the wisdom of Miss Mills' plan exists in the minds of the parents of the children who attend, a visit to the school soon dissipates it.

Miss Mills for a long time found it

Do You Realize?

That despondency in women is a mental condition often traceable to some distinctly female ill!

Women who are well do not have the blues, neither are they irritable and restless. Derangement of the female organism breeds all kinds of miserable feelings such as backache, headache, and bearing-down feelings. **Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** There is no doubt that it has made many remarkable cures of female ills after all other means had failed. There is hardly a day that some woman does not write us that this simple old medicine, made only of roots and herbs, has cured her of a severe illness after several doctors had done their best and failed.

Here are two such letters — read them — they are genuine and reliable.

Belleville, Ont. — "I was so weak and worn out from a female weakness that I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took several bottles of it, and I gained strength so rapidly that it seemed to make a new woman of me. I can do as good a day's work as I ever did. I sincerely bless the day that I made up my mind to take your medicine for female weakness, and I am exceedingly grateful to you for your kind letters, as I certainly profited by them. I give you permission to publish this any time you wish." — Mrs. Albert Wickett, Belleville, Ontario, Canada.

Rockland, Me. — "I was troubled for a long time with pains in my back and side and was miserable in every way. I had doctored until I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. I read a testimonial about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and thought I would try it.

"After taking three bottles I never was so well in my life. I am recommending Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all my friends." — Mrs. Will Young, 6 Columbia Avenue, Rockland, Me.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.



Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

More bread and Better bread
—And the Reason for it

A STRONG FLOUR can only be made from strong wheat. Manitoba hard wheat is acknowledged the strongest in the world—and that is the kind used for Purity Flour.

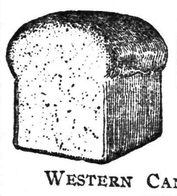
But that's not all. Every grain of this wheat contains both high-grade and low-grade properties. In separating the high-grade parts from the low-grade the Western Canada Flour Mills put the hard wheat through a process so exacting that not a single low-grade part has the remotest chance of getting in with the high-grade.

Of course this special process is more expensive to operate but it means a lot to Purity flour users—that's why we use it.

It means that Purity Flour is made entirely of the highest-grade flour parts of the strongest wheat in the world.

It means a high-class, strong flour and therefore yields "more bread and better bread."

Purity may cost a little more than some flours, but results prove it the cheapest and most economical after all.



PURITY FLOUR

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED
MILLS AT WINNIPEG, GODERICH, BRANDON

Shiloh's Cure makes short work of the most dangerous Cough—you can trust it

That's the secret of Shiloh success for forty years—trustworthiness.

When you contract a cold—like a wise man you want to cure it—Shiloh's Cure will do that quickly.

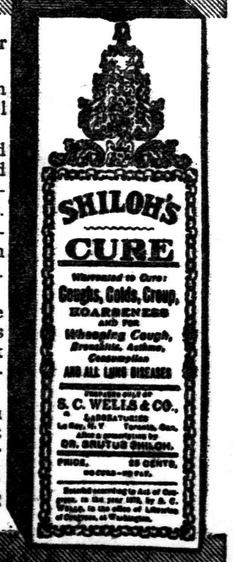
When there is a cough in the household you know as well as we do what it may lead to: Asthma, Chronic Bronchitis, Consumption, are its fruits—Shiloh's cures coughs.

All throat and bronchial soreness and inflammation are eased and healed, all phlegm secretions are safely removed, by Shiloh's Cure.

Incipient Consumption is checked by the soothing, building influence of Shiloh's Cure. You realize that from the quick way a long standing lung cough is alleviated and cured by it.

Whooping Cough and Croup—take them in time! Shiloh's Cure should never be out of the house where there are babies or children. 201

It's the Remedy you can Trust



Get Shiloh's today
ALL DRUGGISTS

POLAR WEATHER



Makes

CUTICURA SOAP

And Cuticura Ointment indispensable. For winter rashes, eczemas, frost-bites, chappings, red, rough faces and hands, and as winter emollients for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have no rivals worth mentioning.

Guaranteed absolutely pure and may be used from the hour of birth.

Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 10, Rue de la Chaussee d'Antin; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Maruya, Ltd., Tokio; So. Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U. S. A., Potter Drug & Chem Corp., Sole Props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston.

32-page Cuticura Booklet, post-free, tells all about Care and Treatment of Skin and Scalp.

IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HANDLE PURITY FLOUR SEE

H. RECHNITZER & Co., 422 Park Avenue

THE COMPLEXION PROBLEM

rather a difficult one in this extreme, changeable, windy weather, is solved by using Campana's Italian Balm. A soothing, cleansing, purifying and healing skin food, not greasy or oily. It prevents chaps or roughness, keeps the skin soft, white and beautiful, and leaves no visible trace after application. 25c a bottle at your druggist's or from E. G. West & Co., Toronto.

EVANS' ANTISEPTIC THROAT Pastilles

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVES Coughs Colds etc

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEM CO OF CANADA LIMITED

hard work to secure assistants. Applicant after applicant listened to the outline of the enthusiast's work but on learning that about 75 per cent of the school day must be spent in the "open" they decided not to "take the job."

Those who have taken hold of the work, however, are just as satisfied that it is a vast improvement over the old method as is the inventor of the system, and enter upon their duties with enjoyment. It is doubtful which are more exuberant advocates of outdoor education, the hearty, happy children or their interested teachers.

The pupils of Miss Mills' school are as different from the students at indoor schools can well be imagined.

Basking in the winter sunshine, breathing the bracing ozone, alternately studying and playing in the exhilarating winter atmosphere under proper supervision, has in this case been followed with unalloyed success.

Such a school as that conducted by Miss Mills is bound to create attention. Visitors, who find their way to Mount Airy from all points, declare after their tour of inspection that she has "hit the right track." She has solved a tough problem in giving children an education and at the same time preserving and bettering their health.

The progress of the little ones is far more rapid than that of children in our indoor schools. The youngsters like the system so well that their quickened minds greedily absorb all that is taught them.

It is a boast of the founder of the school that her children are at least a year in advance of pupils of the same age in other educational institutions.

The superintendents of various school systems are investigating the new idea, and, while the innovation is too radical to become general, it is believed that the educators who have seen the "cold-air children" work will adopt a modified plan of Miss Mills' idea.

If good results follow the modification it is probable that in the near future many of our public school children will have experiences similar to the Mills students.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

A WINDSOR LADY'S APPEAL

"To All Women: I will send free, with full instructions, my home treatment which positively cures Leucorrhœa, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular Periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or growths, also Hot Flashes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head, Back, Bowels, Kidney and Bladder troubles where caused by weakness peculiar to our sex. You can continue treatment at home at a cost of only about 12 cents a week. My book, "Woman's Own Medical Adviser," also sent free on request. Write to-day. Address Mrs. M. Summers, Box 801 Windsor, Ont.

TWO EMPRESSES: EUGENIE AND CARLOTTA

Both Old and Waiting for the End—Carlotta Lost Husband, Throne and Reason at One Stroke—Eugenie Says: "I Am the Past."

(By Sheppard Butler.)

From a modest villa at Cap Martin, on the sunny Riviera, the cables brought us a brief message the other day. A worn, tired-looking woman nearing her eighty-fourth birthday had talked to a newspaper correspondent for the first time in forty years.

"I am the past," she said. "The shadowy fabric of my dream fell apart."

So said Eugenie once Empress of the French.

Another empress lives in a castle on the outskirts of Brussels, a castle with barred windows and a mock court, to whom she gives mock presents every month—Carlotta, once Empress of Mexico, who lost her reason pleading for help for her husband, while he, the Emperor Maximillian, lay in an obscure Mexican grave, killed by his subjects under the tacitly approving eyes of our own nation. And it was Eugenie who bathed her brow and watched the coming of insanity when she emerged from that fearful interview with the French emperor. A curious fate that, which robbed Eugenie of the one girlhood friend who was to survive with her.

Both Are Waiting.

The stories of the two women are curiously alike. Both were involuntary Lady Macbeths, urging their husbands on with their own ambitions to the destruction of themselves and their empires. Both lost their most precious possessions—their families and their power—through blows that came so rapidly as to be almost single catastrophies. And both have been left to face the almost invariable lot of women—to wait patiently for death.

"I cannot die," wailed Eugenie prophetically when she heard of the death of her son, the prince imperial. "My life will be prolonged a hundred years."

Such contrast as there is in the two lives is furnished in their origins and early girlhood, Eugenie, the more illustrious, is of comparatively humble origin. More than one writer has even declared that her parentage is a matter of doubt. Carlotta, daughter of Leopold I. of Belgium and sister of Leopold II. of more recent and more unsavory memory, was born to the purple. Eugenie had many a love affair before her brilliant match with "the lesser Napoleon." Carlotta's marriage was arranged for her and proved one of the ideal romances of history.

That uncertainty with regard to Eugenie's origin was one of the strongest arguments used by Jerome Bonaparte when he, together with virtually the whole French nation, opposed the marriage of his cousin Napoleon to the beautiful Spanish countess. There seems to be little doubt, however, that she was the daughter of the Comte de Montijo, a Spanish noble, who had married the daughter of a Scotchman of the name of Kirkpatrick. This Comte de Montijo was a veteran of the Napoleonic wars and from the start he instilled in his daughters the romantic adoration for the name of Napoleon which later was to give one of his family one of the greatest names in French history.

There is many a fascinating tale of Eugenie's wilfulness in her girlhood. Her beauty is a matter of record, but there were other traits that have been less frequently set down. Says one recent chronicler:

Bareback in Madrid.

"People at least talked of her riding in the streets of Madrid on a fiery, barebacked horse, with a cigarette in her mouth; of her appearance in brilliant Andalusian costumes at bull fights, with not a fan, but a whip, in her hand, and a dagger in her belt, with red satin boots on her feet, and flowers and jewels in the broad golden plaits of her hair; of her presentation in the role of Queen of Beauty; of the prize for the most successful toreador; of her swimming feats and her fencing."

Fiery she was, too. The same chronicler tells us of the suit of the Duke of Berwick and Alba, a young Spanish noble, who, according to the tale, hesitated whether to propose for Eugenie's hand or that of her elder sister.

"Finally," writes the raconteur, "under pressure from the countess, he proposed for the hand of the elder and was at once accepted. Francisea, going to her sister's room to tell her, found her lying on her bed suffering from the effects of poison. She had overheard the duke's interview with her mother, and, undeceived now as to his feelings, had attempted to kill herself."

And a generation later she complained: "My life will be prolonged a hundred years!"

One more strange and probably apocryphal tale of Eugenie's girlhood should be set down. It has been told often, but it will bear repeating, for the chances are that it originated with the young woman herself. Eugenie and her mother rose to high positions in the Spanish court (both were relentlessly ambitious), but in the year 1842 both were suddenly dismissed from their posts because Eugenie had gone for an unpardonable evening walk with a young court official. Eugenie, it is said, in a fit of gloom announced her intention of entering a convent and actually reached the threshold of the nunnery, where she was met by an old, half-witted nun, who came up to her and said:

"My daughter, do not seek for rest within our walls; you are called to adorn a throne."

All of which so impressed the young woman and her mother that there was no more talk of taking the veil.

Knew Washington Irving.

Eugenie was born in May, 1826. As a young woman she had known Washington Irving, George Ticknor and Prosper Merimee, and for the author of "Carmen," then a young writer of no particular promise, she had shown a frank and somewhat passionate devotion. When, therefore, in Paris in 1852, the prince president began to make open love to the pretty Spanish countess, she was a woman of 26 years and a fairly wide range of experience.

It is a matter of common knowledge that Napoleon wanted Eugenie's favor without the formality of a marriage. If he must wed, his advisers urged, let it be a morganatic marriage. But Eugenie—and her mother—would have none of this. Once, it is said, the countess and her mother were invited to a review at the Tuileries. Napoleon drew up his horse in the courtyard under the ladies' window to salute them. He did not know his way about the palace.

"Mademoiselle," he called to Eugenie "which way shall I take to get you?"

"Sire," she replied, "you must come by way of the chapel!"

So a famous little mot was born. Incidentally, it had its effect. The engagement was announced at a great court ball, and on Jan. 29 and 30, 1853, the civil and religious marriages were performed.

The rest is history—sad history for the gray-haired woman at Cap Martin.

Eugenie the beauty, of whom Napoleon said, when one of the family urged him to curb her high spirits: "Monsieur, did I speak harshly to her, she would open a window and call a gendarme!" Once, at Fontainebleau, the empress gathered her skirts about her and gleefully slid down a sandbank, her entire suite promptly imitating her.

Eugenie, the brilliant ruler, representing France at the opening of the Suez Canal, built by her cousin, Ferdinand de Lesseps, Eugenie, the regent, ruling France while Napoleon and his son, the prince imperial, went to war, to be defeated and dethroned by the Prussians. Eugenie, the fugitive, leaving Paris by night with the help of Dr. Evans, an American dentist. And finally Eugenie the widow, mourning her husband, who died at Chiselhurst, England, in 1872, and her son, the prince imperial, who was killed in the Zulu war seven years later—found alone on the African plain with twenty-one assegai wounds in his body.

Broods for Husband.

Fickle and ambitious as she may have been as a girl, Eugenie has never ceased to brood over the death of her husband and son. For years she planned a great memorial. Finding no place for it at Chiselhurst, she moved to Farnborough, where she has erected a church as a mortuary of the two that are gone. Here and at the little villa at Cap Martin she has spent her time—until the other day—in silence.

Back in Paris, in 1866, Eugenie had her final meeting with that other woman of a case infinitely more sad than that of the French empress—"poor Carlotta," Maximilian's wife, who, at the time of that brief meeting, lost throne, husband, and reason at one stroke.

Carlotta's marriage to the Archduke Maximilian of Austria took place in 1857, when the Belgian princess was but 17 years old. Five years later, after brief experiments with quiet life, at the beautiful Castle Miramar and travel in Brazil, came Napoleon's expedition to Mexico and the subsequent offering of the Mexican crown to the archduke. Maximilian would have refused but Carlotta wanted a throne and prevailed on him to accept.

In Mexico there are people who will tell you still of the many charitable enterprises started by the young empress. Few of them were finished, for in 1866 came internal revolts, the sudden withdrawal of the vacillating Napoleon's support, and finally the execution of Maximilian.

A few weeks before the execution Carlotta had sailed from Vera Cruz—by a curious coincidence, on the steamer Imperatrice Eugenie—to plead with Napoleon to allow the French troops to remain in Mexico. Little is known of that interview with Napoleon at St. Cloud. One account, published lately "from the description of an eye-witness," says:

"She (Carlotta) was simply attired, and the black silk robe she wore was crumpled from having been unpacked only that morning. For two long hours no sound was heard from behind the closed doors, where the empress was pleading for her husband. But then those in the ante-room heard loud voices, then deep silence again, and presently the hoarse voice of the Empress Carlotta, 'How could I have forgotten who I am and who you are? I should have remembered that the blood of the Bourbons runs in my veins; I should not have humiliated my sex and my person before a Bonaparte and should not have attempted to negotiate with an adventurer.' Then there came the sound of a heavy fall and again silence.

* * *

"The Countess del Bario stepped hurriedly into the imperial chamber and saw Empress Carlotta stretched on a divan, as though dead. Eugenie had opened her stays and had taken from her feet her shoes and stockings. When the stricken woman again became conscious Eugenie, kneeling at her side, offered her a glass of flavored water, but this was thrust aside by Carlotta, who screamed frantically, 'Murderess! Leave me! Take away your poisoned drink!'

"Carlotta's reason left her while she was conversing with the emperor. It was a long time before the facts became known."

Calls for Maximilian.

It is said that to this day Carlotta does not know that her husband is dead. They cannot make her understand. Sometimes, even now, she calls for him as she gathers her pitiful mock court about her and gives an order, at once fondly and imperiously; for was it not her ambition that made him ruler of Mexico? Perhaps it is as well, for they say she seems happy sometimes with her strange retinue and her castle with the barred windows.

Maximilian died with the words: "Poor Carlotta" on his lips. And somewhere in the castle at Brussels this letter is folded away:

"By beloved Carlotta: If God grants that some day you may be cured and may read these lines you will know what cruelty of fate has pursued me since my departure from Europe. You took with you not only my heart, but my good fortune. Why did I not give heed to your voice? So many events and so many unexpected and undeserved catastrophes have been heaped upon me that I have no longer any hope in my heart and I await death as an angel of deliverance. I die without pain. I shall fall with glory like a soldier, and as a conquered king. If you have not strength enough to endure long such great suffering—if God shall soon reunite us—I shall bless His paternal and divine hand, which has dealt us this cruel blow. Adieu, adieu. Your poor MAX."

One is 84 now; the other 70. They have not seen each other for years. They are just waiting. Carlotta's last words were spoken at St. Cloud half a century ago. Eugenie's—and they may be her last—were these:

"I am the past. I am the distant horizon where exists a shadow. I am a phantom, a living sorrow. Between my past and my present there exists not half a century, but ten centuries.

"Men have changed; times have changed. Men no longer pursure heroic ideals. The empire is a dream that is dissipated. It is a dream that was killed by destiny. Vanishing, I wished to disappear with it. That has been my wish ever since the fabric of my dream fell apart.

"I am an old woman, poor in everything that makes a woman rich. My husband, my son—that brave boy—they are gone. My eyes no longer turn to the future. I live only in my youth. There is nothing for me but to wait. My dreary winter is nearly over."

HAD ONE ADMIRER.

Pasted on the cover of one library copy of a certain 1908 novel is a circulation record that causes profound wonderment. The book has been taken out of the library fourteen times in all; twelve times on the same card. That remarkable record is a matter for serious speculation. How could a book of that caliber convey to any soul a message so tremendous that a dozen readings were desired? By the average reader and by critics it would be considered a commonplace book. When published it created no discussion, made no impression.

There has been no skipping in reading that book. It has been read carefully from cover to cover; every page shows signs of usage. These very evidences of absorption bear eloquent testimony to the interest the story evoked in its one devoted reader. If it were another kind of book, a scientific treatise or a text book of some kind, it would be conceivable that a student might wish to take it home twelve different times to pore over it for a month at a stretch, but how can a trite, threadbare little novel so stir a human soul? Verily, here is another mystery past finding out.—New York Times.

Friend of Great Writers

Memories of Campbell and Wordsworth, Scott and Carlyle—An Old Gentleman in London, England, Still Living Who Knew Them All—A Link With Burns.

In the cloistered quiet of the Charterhouse there is living today a delightful little old gentleman who is taking a keen interest in the present endeavors to celebrate the memory of the great poets that are gone. This is Mr. Francis Espinasse, one of the brethren of the famous hostel, and in his younger days an author and journalist of no mean repute. Mr. Espinasse, in this his eighty-seventh year, can throw his memory back to days when he talked with Wordsworth and dined with Thomas Campbell and saw Sir Walter Scott driving out from Abbotsford.

Moreover, as the friend and helper of Carlyle in his earlier working years, Mr. Espinasse is probably the last survivor of the real intimates of the famous Chelsea circle.

As for Mr. Espinasse's earliest memories, it is hardly believable that one should find today in the heart of London almost a first hand link with Burns. Such, however, is Mr. Espinasse. When he was a boy in Edinburgh there was still living there an old lady of 82, Mrs. McLehose, once the famous "Clarinda"—to whom Burns made such desperate love. There was also a certain Mrs. Cumming of Logie, a "genial old Scotch dame" and friend of the family. This Mrs. Cumming had been in her young days none other than that "bonnie Lesley" who "gaed o'er the border" and took Burns' heart with her.

"It was when I was at school at Melrose," continued Mr. Espinasse, "that I saw Scott. He was driving in a carriage—a silver-haired old gentleman—with a little boy riding a pony at his side. This little boy was Hugh Littlejohn, for whom 'Tales of a Grandfather' were written. I remember how I envied him.

"Another of my boyhood's memories—at Edinburgh—was the poet Campbell. He was being feted in the town and a friend of my father's got permission for me to be allowed in with the dessert. He was a dapper, jolly little fellow—none too sober toward the end of the evening—and some of the Kirk ministers were very shocked at his stories. A friend of my father's, too, was Lord Jeffrey, of the Edinburgh Review. I was presented to him and invited to breakfast at his beautiful home at Craignook. I remember he had wonderfully brilliant, piercing eyes.

"But of those early years my most treasured memory is a visit I paid to Wordsworth at Rydal Mount. I was spending my holidays at Kendal. After a long postchaise journey and a walk of fifteen or sixteen miles, I arrived at the cottage about dusk, and found both the poet and his wife sitting half asleep in the little parlor. They had been forewarned of my coming by a relative, and were very kind to me. Wordsworth himself showed me round the house and the garden.

"He was nearly 70, but a fine figure of a man—tall, upright and stalwart still. He had a huge nose, and his face was not nearly so refined as I should have thought. Altogether he gave one the impression of a farmer rather than of a poet."

It was through his connection with the British Museum Library that Mr. Espinasse was able to be of especial help to Carlyle over the Cromwell letters, but his acquaintanceship with the Sage of Chelsea began long before and continued long after. Afterward Mr. Espinasse became a constant visitor at Cheyne Walk.

"Despite many faults and inconsistencies," said Mr. Espinasse, "you could never get away from Carlyle's greatness and overwhelming energy of mind. I can see him now in his old brown dressing gown sitting on a footstool on the hearth rug, blowing the smoke from his clay pipe up the chimney—so as to keep the room sweet—and delivering a monologue on Cromwell or some other all absorbing subject in that strong Scotch accent of his. Mrs. Carlyle would sit in silence—she had heard it all before. If he became very fierce she would say, 'Don't be angry with Mr. Espinasse. He is not to blame.'

"He had no amusements. He was always writing, talking or reading, with pencil in hand. As to the troubles between the pair, they were at least as happy as they—or anyone—could have expected. Of course, Mrs. Carlyle wanted and deserved to be something more than merely 'Carlyle's wife.' She was a brilliant conversationalist, but never had a chance except when he was away. It was perhaps a little significant that once when I asked Mrs. Carlyle, who had a pretty voice, to sing 'Auld Robin Gray' she delicately refused for an unspoken reason."

MISS MARY STOCKWELL

THE WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR LEADING LADY

Tells how she came to have a wealth of glossy, beautiful hair. Read her letter.

"I am a constant user of Newbro's Herpicide, and can most cordially recommend it as an unsurpassed hair remedy.

"I first came to use it in this way. My hair was originally very long, black and glossy, but after a severe sickness it began to fall out terribly, and lost all its gloss and loveliness. A friend of mine, to whom I was telling my trouble on a street-car, said, 'Why don't you try Herpicide? That will save it,' and pointed laughingly at the "ad" with the three funny heads. I thought that having tried nearly everything I might as well try one more remedy. I bought a bottle of Herpicide, without much faith in it, and have used it ever since with the result you see in the picture. My hair stopped falling out, began to grow, and has regained its old-time gloss and lustre. Much thanks to Herpicide."

MARY STOCKWELL.
402 Gold Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.



Insist upon having genuine Herpicide, not something "just as good." One dollar bottles are sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

Applications may be had at all first-class barber shops and hair dressers.

Send 10 cents in postage for sample and booklet to The Herpicide Company, Dept. 11B, Detroit, Mich.

Special Agents.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE, 216 Dundas St.
ANDERSON & NELLES, 268 Dundas Street.

Present Your Daughter With a Bank Account

Present your daughter with a bank account—and a monthly allowance. Have her pay her accounts by check. Tell her what she saves will be hers.

3½%

This will teach her to be thrifty, and give her an education in the value of money—knowledge every girl should have.

One dollar opens an account; 3½ per cent interest according to agreement. Obligng clerks.

AGRICULTURAL SAVINGS & LOAN CO., 109 Dundas St., London, Ont.

SPRING REMINDERS OF RHEUMATISM

RAW, DAMP WEATHER STARTS THE PAIN, BUT THE TROUBLE LIES IN THE BLOOD.

Changeable spring weather, often raw, cold and damp, is pretty sure to bring a time of misery to people who suffer from rheumatism. But it must be borne in mind that it is not the weather that causes rheumatism, the trouble is rooted in the blood — the damp, changeable weather merely starts the aches and often almost unbearable pains going. The trouble must be reached through the blood, and the poisonous rheumatic acids driven out. This is a medical truth every rheumatic sufferer should realize. Liniments, outward applications and so-called electric appliances, never did, and never can, cure rheumatism. The sufferer is only wasting valuable time and money with this sort of treatment, and all the time the trouble is becoming more firmly rooted—and harder to cure. There is just one sure way to cure rheumatism—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They act directly on the impure, weak, acid-tinted blood. They purify and strengthen it, and so root out the cause of rheumatism. Mr. John Finnamore, Marysville, N.B., says: "I was laid up with rheumatic fever for a year, and for eight months of that time I could not go about. My blood had seemed to turn to water, and the pain I endured was at times almost unendurable. Notwithstanding I was under the doctor's care, I was not regaining my strength, and I decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. I took altogether nine boxes, and they simply worked wonders in bringing back my lost strength. I still take the Pills occasionally, as I am working in a sawmill where the work is pretty heavy."

Not only rheumatic sufferers, but all who have any trouble due to weak, watery blood, will find a cure through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It is because of their direct action on the blood that these Pills cure such troubles as anaemia, indigestion, general weakness, neuralgia and the aches, pains and secret troubles women folk alone know. Give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial, and they will not disappoint you. Sold by all medicine dealers, or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Sore Throat Catarrh

With the many remedies you have tried you surely know that no liquid medicine can cure your throat or nose. Even a gargle only bathes the entrance of the throat—it can't really get inside, nor can it reach the inflamed bronchial tubes.

With Catarrhozone, it's so different from medicine-taking—you simply breathe its healing vapor, inhale its balsamic fumes, which carry cure and relief to the minutest air cells in the lungs, nose, throat and bronchial tubes.

In this scientific way the soreness and inflammation is rapidly allayed, relaxed cords are toned up, the entire mucous membrane invigorated. Every trace of Catarrhozone disappears, the disagreeable dropping of mucous in the throat, hawking, spitting and stopped-up nostrils—all these sure signs of Catarrh and bronchitis are permanently cured by Catarrhozone.

Catarrhozone

Is Guaranteed to Cure

Recommended by the medical profession for coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore or relaxed throat, laryngitis, clergyman's throat, smoker's throat, bronchial cold, weak chest, chest inflammation, huskiness, hoarseness, wheeziness, loss of voice, that tickling cough, old age cough, asthma, chest pains and chest tightness, croup, whooping cough and children's throat and chest weaknesses, and all adult throat and lung ailments.

Beware of the unscrupulous dealer who offers you some cheap substitute, insist on Catarrhozone only. Two months' treatment, $1; smaller, 50 cents; all reliable dealers, or by mail from the Catarhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

WIVES AND WIDOWS ON INSURANCE

Widows Never Object to It—Some Foolish Superstitions of Wives.

Wives sometimes object to insurance, widows never. When I heard an insurance authority sum up a certain current superstition in this meaty phrase, I thought, "How great are words when ably chosen!" Other authorities had labored to explain this superstition. He had named it and killed it in an instant.

It is true that this superstition exists, that many wives do not want their husbands to take out life insurance. Just why, they sometimes cannot explain. Some perhaps thing that it is inviting daeth; some, in the love of wifely devotion, think that it would be disloyal even to think of receiving money for such a dire calamity.

I remember one particular case where the husband was earning a large salary, but through his business connections themselves it was necessary for the family to spend in entertaining a large part of the money earned, or, at least, it seemed so. He had no other source of income. What should happen in case he should be taken away seemed a pressing question to one of his friends, and this man dared to speak to the husband and wife about it. His surprise was great when he was told flatly that Mrs. H—— did not care to talk about such matters. She did not believe in talking or thinking about insurance. In fact, she mentally "knocked on wood" when such a subject came up. It would be safe to say that she was not superstitious in other ways. The end of the story need not be told.

Another superstition which many wives have—although it might not be called superstition, perhaps, as much as reserve—is a strong reticence about talking over life insurance with their husbands. They have a variety of reasons which an insurance solicitor encounters. Some think that insurance, being a business matter, should be entirely handled by their husbands. Many believe, indeed, that their husbands are carrying some form of insurance for the protection of the family, until they are rudely awakened to the fact that the "matter of business" had been put off too long. Others do not dare to bring up the subject for fear that their husbands may think that they are mercenary, are not loyal, or that in some strange way the impression may be given that they are anticipating death. Not being accustomed to discussing business matters, they fear that they will not express themselves as they wish. At least, such discussion is put off for one reason or another. The result is the same.—From an article in the Housekeeper.

BLIND MAN'S BUFF.

"Blind man's buff," in which none is too venerable to join at Christmas, is one of many childish games which have been played time out of mind. Medieval missals depict the game which may be traced back to a rite of pagan worship, the hoodwinked pursuer representing an evil spirit on the prowl for a sacrificial victim. Such games of the "Follow my leader" order as musical chairs are variations of ancient choral dances. "Jackstones," which even the twentieth century has not superseded, has been played by man all over the world, alike by savages in the south seas and by Greek soldiers before the time of Xenophon. Originally "hopscotch" was a figurative representation of the ancient labyrinth, afterward adapted by the Christians to symbolize the difficulties of the soul's journey to paradise.—London Chronicle.

the wood-finish that endures—

M L Floorglaze renovates shabby furniture—makes worn woodwork look new—finishes floors with beautiful gloss that lasts—has a hundred uses right in your home. And it is so very easy to apply!

M L Floorglaze

Won't fade—won't crack—won't mar easily

Comes in little and big tins. Seventeen handsome solid enamel colors to choose from—also seven shades of Lacs that simulate hardwood finish—also a Transparent natural finish. Gallon coats 500 sq. feet. Good for use outdoors, as well as in. Ask your paint dealer or drop us a line for interesting news of M L Floorglaze.

IMPERIAL VARNISH AND COLOR CO., Ltd. TORONTO

Recommended and sold by all reliable dealers, including Parsons' Fair Syndicate of London, London, Ont., Westland Bros., 156 Wortley road, London, Ont.

Cake Knives



A cake knife makes a most acceptable gift, especially if marked

"1847 ROGERS BROS."

All the skill and exact workmanship born of 61 years' experience are combined in knives, forks, spoons, etc., so stamped.

Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped

MERIDEN BRITA CO.

SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

"Silver Plate that Wears"

SUCHARD'S



COCOA

Is a Perfect Breakfast Drink

Its flavor is simply delicious, and helps to make even a simple meal enjoyable.

It mildly stimulates nerves and brain—tunes them up for the day's activity.

Best of all it supplies an abundance of real strength and energy. One cup of Suchard's Cocoa is more nourishing than five cups of coffee, or a dozen cups of tea, and has none of their harmful effects.

Start the day right with a steaming, fragrant cup of Suchard's Cocoa, and finish with the same.

FRANK L. BENEDICT & CO., MONTREAL. 63

Redpath

Extra Granulated and other grades of Refined Sugar represent perfection in Sugar refining, and are the result of experience and modern machinery.

Manufactured By

THE CANADA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, Limited. MONTREAL.

xt

THE CHOICE: A SHORT STUDY

By John Galsworthy in the London Nation.

Some years ago in Chelsea there used to stand at the crossing of a street leading to the embankment an old man, whose living was derived from the cleanliness of boots. In the intervals of plying his broom, he could generally be seen seated on an upturned wooden box, talking to an Irish terrier, who belonged to a house nearby, and had taken a fancy to him. He was a Cornishman by birth, had been a plumber by trade, and was a cheerful, independent old fellow, with ruddy cheeks, grey hair and beard, and little, bright, rather watery, grey eyes. But he was a great sufferer from a variety of ailments. He had gout, and some trouble in his side, and feet that were like barometers in their susceptibility to weather. Of all these matters he would speak to us in a very impersonal and uncomplaining way, diagnosing himself, as it were, for the benefit of his listeners. He was, it seems, alone in the world, not having, of course, in those days, anything to look forward to in the way of a pension, nor, I fancy, very much to look back on, except the death of his near relatives and the decline of the plumbing trade. It had declined him for years; but, even before a long illness ousted him in favor of younger men, he had felt very severely the palpable difference in things. In old days plumbing had been a quiet, steady business, in which you were apparently "on your own, and knew where you were;" but latterly "you had just had to do what the builders told you, and, of course, they weren't going to make allowances. If you couldn't do the job as fast as a young man, out you went, and there you were." This long illness, and the death of his wife coming close together (and sweeping away the last of his savings), had determined him, therefore, to buy a broom and seek for other occupation. To sweep a crossing was not a profession that he himself would have chosen before all others: still, it was "better than the 'house (workhouse), and you were your own master." The climate in those days not being the most suitable for a business which necessitated constant exposure to all elements but that of fire, his ailments were proportionally active; but the one remarkable feature of his perpetual illness was that he was always "better" than he had been. We could not at times help thinking that this continual crescendo of good health should have gradually raised him to a condition of paramount robustness, and it was with a certain disappointment, in the face of his assurances, that we watched him getting, on the contrary, slowly stiffer and feebler, and noted the sure increase of the egg-like deposits, which he would proudly have us remark, about his wrists and fingers.

He was so entirely fixed and certain that he was "going in the river" before he went "in the 'house," that one hesitated to suggest that the time was at hand when he should cease to expose himself all day and every day. He had evidently pondered long, and with a certain deep philosophy, on this particular subject, and fortified himself by hearsay.

"The 'house ain't for a man that respects himself," he would say. And, since that was his conviction, such as respected themselves could not very well beg him to act against it. At the same time, it became increasingly difficult to pass him without wondering how much longer it would be before he finally sought shelter in the element of water which was so apt to pour down on him day by day.

It is uncertain whether he discussed this matter of the river versus the 'house with the dog, to whom he was always talking, but that there was a certain fellow-feeling between them on the subject of exposure and advancing age is more than probable; for, as he would point out: The poor old feller's teeth were going, and the stiffness across his loins was always worse when it was wet. In fact, he was afraid that the old dog was gettin' old! And the dog would sit patiently for an hour at a time looking up at him, trying to find out, perhaps, from his friend's face, what a dog should do when the enemy weighed on him till he could no longer tolerate himself, not knowing, of course, that kindly humans would see to it that he did not suffer more than a dog could bear. On his face, however, with its grizzled muzzle and rheumy eyes thus turned up, there was never a sign of debate: it was full of confidence that, whatever decision his friend came to in this momentous question between the river and the 'house would be all right, perfectly satisfactory in every way to dogs and men.

One very rainy summer our old friend, in a burst of confidence, disclosed the wish of his heart. It was that he might be suffered to go down once more to Fowey, in Cornwall, where he had been born, but had not seen for 50 years. By some means or other the money was procured for this enterprise, and he was enabled to set off by excursion train for a fortnight's holiday. He was observed, the day before his start, talking at great length to the dog, and feeding it out of a paper bag with carraway-seed biscuits. A letter was received from him during his absence, observing certain strange laws of caligraphy, and beginning "Honnured Sir and Lady." It was full of an almost passionate description of a regatta, of a certain "Joe Petherick," ly weather," and other sources of his great happiness, and ended "Yours truley obedient." On the fifteenth day he was back at his corner, seated on his box in the pouring rain, saying that he was "a different man, ten years younger, and ready to 'go' now any day;" nor could anything persuade him from the theory that heaven had made a special intervention on his behalf. But only four days later, the sun being for once in the heavens, he was so long in answering a salutation that we feared he had been visited by some kind of stroke; his old face had lost color, it seemed stiff, and his eyes had almost disappeared.

Inquiry elicited from him the information that he was better than he had been, but that the dog was dead. They had put it away while he had been gone, and he was afraid that he should miss the "faithful old feller."

"He was very good to me," he said; "always came for a bit of bread or biscuit. And he was company to me; I never knew such a sensible creature." He seemed to think that the dog must have pined during his absence, and that this had accelerated his end by making his owners think he was more decrepit than he really was.

The death of the dog, and the cold, damp autumn that year, told heavily on the old man; but it was not till mid-November that he was noted one morning absent from his post. As he did not reappear, his lodging was sought out. It was in a humble street, but the house was neat and clean, and the landlady seemed a good, rough woman. She informed us that our old friend was laid up with "pleurisy and the gouty rheumatics;" that by rights, of course, he ought to be in the infirmary; but she didn't like to turn him out, though where she would get her rent from she didn't know, to say nothing of his food, because she couldn't let him starve while there he was cryin' out with the pain, and no one but herself to turn a hand to him, with his door open at the top of the house, where he could holler for her if he wanted. An awful independent old feller, too, or else she wouldn't hesitate, for that was where he ought to be, and no mistake, not having a soul in the world to close his eyes; and that's what it would come to, though she would never be surprised if he got up and went out tomorrow, he was that stubborn!

Leaving her to the avocations which we had interrupted by coming in, we went on up the stairs.

The door of the back room at the top was, as indeed she had led us to suppose, open, and through it the sound of our old friend's voice could be heard, travelling forth:

"O Lord God, that took the dog from me, and gave me this here rheumatics, help me to keep a stiff and contrite heart. I am an old man, O Lord God, and I am not one to go into that place. So God give me a stiff heart, and I will remember you in my prayers, for that's about all I can do now, O God. I have been a good one in my time, O Lord, and cannot remember doing harm to any man for a long while now, and I have tried to keep upsides who had remembered him, of the "luv-with it; so, good Lord, remember and do not forget me, now that I am down, a-lying here all day, and the rent goin' on. For ever and ever, O Lord. Amen."

We allowed a little time to pass before we went in, unwilling that he should think we had overheard that prayer. He was lying in a small dingy bed, with a medicine bottle and glass beside him on an old tin trunk. There was no fire.

He was—it seemed—better than he had been; the doctor's stuff was doing him good.

Certain arrangements were made for his benefit, and in less than three weeks he was back again at his corner.

In the spring of the following year we went abroad, and were absent several months. He was no longer at his post when at last we came back, and a policeman informed us that he had not been there for some weeks. We made a second pilgrimage to his lodgings. The house had changed hands. The new landlady was a thin, anxious-looking young woman, who spoke in a thin, anxious voice. Yes, the old man had been taken very ill—double pneumonia and heart disease, she thought. Anyway, she couldn't have the worry and responsibility of him, let alone her rent. She had had the doctor, and had him taken off. Yes, it had upset him a bit; he would never have gone if he'd had his choice; but, of course, she had her living to get. She had his bits of things locked up all right; he owed her a little rent. In her opinion, he'd never come out again. She was very sorry for him, too; he'd given no trouble till he was took ill.

Following up her information, we repaired with heavy hearts to the 'house which he had so often declared he would never enter. Having ascertained the number of his ward, we mounted the beautifully clean stairs. In the fifth of a row of beds our old friend was lying, apparently asleep. But, watching him carefully, we saw that his lips, deep sunk between his frosty moustache and beard, were continually moving.

"He's not asleep," said the nurse; he'll lie like that all the time. He frets."

At the sound of his name he had opened his eyes, which, though paler and smaller and more rheumy, were still almost bright. He fixed them on us with a peculiar stare, as much as to say: "You've taken an advantage of me, finding me here." We could hardly bear that look, and hurriedly asked him how he was. He tried to raise himself, and answered huskily that he was better than he had been. We begged him not to exert himself, and told him how it was that we had been away, and so forth. He seemed to pay no attention, but suddenly said: "I'm in here; I don't mean to stay. I'll be goin' out in a day or two." We tried to confirm that theory, but the expression of his eyes took away one's power of comfort, and made one ashamed of looking at him. He beckoned us closer.

"If I'd a-had the use of my legs," he whispered, "they'd never have had me. I'd a gone in the river first. But I don't mean to stay. I'm goin' back home."

The nurse told us, however, that this was out of the question; he was still very ill.

Four days later we went again to see him. He was no longer there. He had gone home. They had buried him that morning.

JOHN GALSWORTHY.

A MID-DAY NAP IN BUSINESS

The New Gospel of Sleep Finding Converts.

Renewed Vigor Given to Brain-Workers by a Few Minutes' Sleep in the Busy Part of the Day—Strained Nerves Rested by the Traditional Forty Winks.

The new gospel of sleep which some doctors are preaching has found converts even in the busiest haunts of New Yorkers, says the New York Sun. It is not the hand laborer alone who finds the midday nap a refreshment. There are some busy brain workers who take a nap some time between 12 o'clock and 2 as regularly as they take luncheon, and there are others who strictly live up to the injunction, "If you are sleepy, sleep."

The preachers of the new gospel say that the ability to take a nap at will is the secret of some men's success. Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts, it is recalled, found great refreshment in sleeping on the short railway journey to and from his office. A highly successful lawyer in a small city of the Atlantic coast walked the better part of a mile home to his mid-day dinner and then took a nap that sometimes ran to half an hour. He was good then for a long afternoon, and if need be a long evening at his office.

The doctors do not expect New York to imitate the Southern custom of a long midday suspension of business for luncheon and the siesta, but they do expect that tired men will gradually learn the value of the brief nap in business hours. Men who sit long alone in their offices often fight sleep for an hour or more in mid-morning or after the noonday luncheon, and coming out victors, stick to their work.

In that hour of struggle with sleep the man is only half himself, and the doctors say that the thing that enables him to recover the full use of his powers and keep on working effectively for the rest of his day is the fact that nature has really had her way, that for a few seconds together he has partly or wholly lost consciousness and has spread a five or ten minute nap over an hour or perhaps an hour and a half.

It would have been money in his pocket to put his head down on the desk when sleep first began to creep upon him and take a solid nap of the necessary length, they declare. Such a nap, not necessarily more than five or eight minutes, possibly as little as three or four, is often followed by an astonishing refreshment that almost doubles the man's powers.

Many men say that they would gladly yield so much to sleep, but that the mere act of deliberately preparing for a nap drives sleep away. The answer of the doctors is, don't prepare, merely yield.

The first experiment may not be successful, but if it is repeated day after day the blessing of sleep will come. It is quite possible to fix the habit, so that the nap can be taken regularly almost to the minute, and its duration can be reduced to equal regularity. Some men owe their salvation from the danger of nervous breakdown to the habit of snatching from three to ten minutes sleep a day in the midst of business hours.

There are men whose business day is so subject to interruption that they cannot be sure of the nap at the desk. Some such men may be seen sound asleep on their way home by suburban trains. Others regularly take a five or ten minutes nap in their chairs before dressing for the late dinner now usual in New York.

Men who have many after dinner speeches to make are often accustomed to prepare themselves for such performances by a refreshing nap after they are fully dressed and ready to start for the scene of the dinner. For such men these precious naps are jealously guarded. Some of them can trust themselves to wake in good season; some must have a touch on the shoulder and the word that the carriage waits.

If robbed of the nap amid the quiet of home some orators manage to get it in the vehicle on the way to the dinner. It is the old forty winks that the grandfathers of the present generation used to talk about and that the strained nerves of today are demanding.

Some men carry into their adult naps the habits of early infancy. This man must have his feet disposed just so. Another half covers his face with the palm of one hand. Still another puts his face flat upon the upturned backs of his hands. Yet another jealously excludes the light with a handkerchief or a newspaper over his eyes.

Some men must roll a pencil or a marble between the fingers when courting the five minute nap. Others take curious and apparently uncomfortable positions, as tilted far back in the chair with the head at an angle which seems to threaten suffocation. Some twist themselves into tight little bundles. Some like a book for a pillow.

Not a few rock themselves to sleep by slowly oscillating the chair on its hind legs, or turning it upon its pivot. It is found by some men that a biscuit or a glass of milk at mid-morning insures three minutes of refreshment at the desk and a solid two hours' work before luncheon.

With some men who try the nap cure the tendency is to fall into a hard sleep that takes a big gap out of the day. Such men need attention, for they are apt to be nursing some internal poison that dulls the brain, the doctors say. The man whose naps tend to lengthen rather than to limit themselves automatically is apt to find that an early bed hour does not help his case, and the man who habitually takes a brief nap after luncheon seldom finds that the loss of an hour or two of sleep the night before lengthens his nap beyond its accustomed length.

You may often spot on holidays the man accustomed to the office nap. Wherever he is he is apt to show something like distress as the psychologic moment approaches and the only thing that can relieve him is exercise or some form of excitement.

Many clubs have cruel house rules forbidding members to sleep i those deep, tufted chairs which seem made exactly for the purpose. Those chairs are a snare to the unwary who on holidays miss their accustomed nap and drop in at the club for a bit of human news.

AN ARCTIC ROMANCE.

A tale of Esquimau love is told by Lieut. Shakleton, the leader of the recent Arctic expedition.

A young Esquimau loved an Esquimau lass, but as he had not the necessary number of sealskins to provide the marriage portion required by her father, he met with no encouragement from the stern parent. A yawning chasm separated the respective dwellings of the ardent lover and his beloved, which could be crossed only by a snow bridge. The youth conceived a plan. He would cross the snow bridge in the night, abduct the girl, and after recrossing, destroy the bridge and so prevent pursuit. He carried the plan into effect.

One night he crossed the bridge, invaded the hut of his idol, seized a sleeping bag and departed, destroying the bridge after he had crossed. Then he opened the sleeping bag and discovered that he had abducted — not the girl, but the old man!—Glasgow Herald.

THE BEGGING BUSINESS.

A society has recently been formed in New York known as the National Association for the Prevention of Mendicancy and Charitable Imposture, and it offers some interesting facts as indication that it has work to do. It gives some details showing that begging in New York and other large cities is more frequently a profitable business than the hardship of necessity. Many of the "blind men" can see after "working hours;" many of the deaf mutes are talkative enough when they gather in their favorite saloon; even the horrible sores which move the generous citizen to give alms are frequently manufactured, and are laid away at night; the paralytics regain their activity, and join in the celebration. But these are the coarse workers of beggardom; the really clever ones need no such subterfuge. They are counts, or journalists, mechanics or sailors, or followers of some other honorable calling. They usually need a small loan for a short time, and much of their begging is done by clever letters. Their business is much more profitable than that of the lame, the halt and the blind professionally, who are content with small donations.

If you hate to be humbugged it is well to remember these things when approached by strangers asking charity. Remember, there is organized charity, which is usually prepared to care for those who need it, but, if you still prefer to do your own giving, investigate, unless you are willing your money should buy beer instead of bread.—Atchison (Kansas) Globe.

GREAT WOMEN OF HISTORY

MADAME DE STAEL

[By Rev. Thomas B. Gregory.]

In the France of the year 1800 there were two extraordinarily great minds, one belonging to a man and the other to a woman. The man was Napoleon Bonaparte, the woman was Mme. de Stael.

Between the man, who would be master of Europe, and the woman, who did not believe in masters, either for herself or for anybody else, there was, of course, war to the knife—and the woman won. Napoleon, after one of the most romantic careers in history, went to St. Helena, to die of a broken heart, and Mme. de Stael went back to Paris, to be crowned the "greatest woman in literary history."

Born in Paris, in the year 1766, of illustrious parents, Anne Louise Necker early developed the mental brightness which characterized her to the very last.

In an age of intense mental activity, when thinking of every sort was at white heat, and ideas, and good ideas, too, were as thick as leaves in the forest, Mme. de Stael easily went to the front, and, winning her supremacy, held it for twenty years against the most severe competitions that man or woman ever encountered.

She wrote two of the greatest books of her time, "Corinne" and "De l'Allemagne," the first a "pathfinder" in its line, and the latter the "most remarkable account of one country by a native and inhabitant of another which exists in literature."

It was said of this astonishing woman that "she wrote ideas," while the brilliant Chateaubriands and others contemporary with her "wrote words, colors and images." It was because she wrote ideas—that is to say, thoughts that wake people up and set them to thinking about their condition—that her books were put under the ban by all the despotic authorities of her day—by the Russian Czar and Napoleon and all the big magistrates and bishops.

It was not with her pen, however, that Mme. de Stael achieved all of her fame. Great as she was as a writer, she was even greater as a conversationalist.

If the accounts are even half true, Necker's daughter must have been one of the most amazing talkers that has appeared in all the "tide of time."

Strong as a lioness in the caste of her mind, she was at the same time as agile as a cheetah, and no matter what the company was or what turn things took the great woman's mind, powerful as the storm and quick as the lightning, was always master of the situation.

Whether the contest was one of wit or logic, of solid argument or soaring fancy, Madame was ready with the word that seemed to have been waiting from the foundation of the world for just that particular case.

As a sample of her sarcasm witness her reply to the great historian, Gibbon, who, with reference to the fact that he had been one of her mother's old suitors, remarked to her one day, after she had informed him that she liked him," "Why shouldn't you like me, I came near being your papa." "I know—and would I have looked like you?" was the withering rejoinder.

Then the reply to the great D'Alembert, who, flanked on either side by Mme. Recamier and Mme. de Stael, exclaimed, "How fortunate! I sit between wit and beauty." "Yes, and without possessing either," said the author of "Corinne."

It is a pity that there could not have been some way of preserving for all time the personality of this wonderful woman.

There is something monstrous in the thought of the annihilation of a Presence so bewitchingly interesting.

Mme. de Stael died in Paris, July 14, 1817, in her 51st year, and the throne that she left behind her has never since been occupied.

There is but one Mme. de Stael.

HOW TO CARE FOR PARROTS

Proper Food and Cage—Teaching Bird to Talk.

A parrot from time immemorial has been the pet and plaything of men, women and children, and chiefly beloved—one knows not why—of royalty, prima donna and eminent men of science. It is well known that parrots attain a great age, and there is still one living that belonged to George IV., and he is far from being the oldest bird in England!

There is yet another illustrious parrot who has gained considerable fame in the consulting room of a famous London nerve specialist, and call upon the patients to "kiss him quick" and "have done with it," and has even been heard to murmur "fine girl" after the exit of a lady from the room.

Whether parrots do or do not know what they are talking about is a moot question, but the writer of these lines has at least had personal acquaintance with one parrot who had glimmerings of sense.

To leave parrots in particular for parrots in general the question arises: What is the best way to treat them?

As to their food, it should be seeds—canary, hemp (but not too much), millet, boiled maize, linseed, rape and the like. Bread soaked in hot water is good, given twice a day, and fruit in moderation and in variety is wholesome, such as grapes, apples and pears, an occasional raisin and lettuce.

Grey parrots are very fond of rice, and almost all parrots appreciate rice pudding and have a taste too for bread and butter. Meat is bad for them. Clean, fresh wood should be given them to gnaw, bits of elm, birch, larch and chestnut. Fresh dry gravel must be sprinkled at the bottom of the cage every day, and fresh water be put in the glass.

It is important that parrots should have the opportunity to stand flat-footed. So if the cage has wires at the bottom it is well to remove them. Always to have his claws clasping a round perch is injurious to any bird, and two perches of different size are advisable, so that he may change his posture at will.

When a parrot continues to scream he wants water or food, or feels ill and uncomfortable, or maybe is merely dull. Music, which he loves, will cheer him up at all times.

A parrot learns to talk only from one who speaks very slowly and distinctly to him, and preferably when he is about to fall asleep. Last, but not least, a parrot should be carefully covered at night. —London Daily Mail.

OLD STYLE BOOKKEEPING.

Not so many years ago our national system of bookkeeping was almost as clumsy as the primitive method of counting on fingers. This was the exchequer way of keeping accounts by means of notched sticks of elm wood called tallies, a plan that strongly resembled Robinson Crusoe's mode of keeping his calendar on the desert island. In the reign of George III., an inquiry was made by some revolutionary spirit as to whether pen, ink and paper could not be substituted, but the whole civil service rose against the innovation. It took many years to get the sticks abolished. And when they were privately and confidentially burned in a stove at the House of Lords in 1834 the panelling of the room caught fire and both houses were reduced — with the tally sticks — to ashes. Such is the dreadful thing that happens when the upper chamber touches finance!—London Chronicle.

PUFFINESS UNDER EYES—SWELLING FEET

THESE SYMPTOMS ARE AMONG THE SUREST INDICATIONS OF REAL KIDNEY DISEASE.

For nearly a year my kidneys failed to do their work, writes William F. Plankett, a well-known dairyman residing in Britannia. "I had swollen feet so badly that at times I could scarcely walk, my skin grew yellowish, and a general puffiness under the eyes gave my face a very unnatural appearance. My strength failed, and as I am a working man, loss of time and the prospect of serious illness caused me great anxiety. I read of several cures from Dr. Hamilton's Pills and decided to get five boxes. Now I feel it my duty to testify them the best kidney, liver and stomach medicine on earth. While my kidneys were so badly affected after all I think it was because the liver and bowels were clogged up. Anyway in less than a month the swelling in my feet ceased—my skin lost its yellowish cast—my eyes grew clear and natural, and, considering my age is nearly 60, I am as fit as most men. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are a wonderful medicine that every man can use to advantage."

Don't be misled into using any other pill but Dr. Hamilton's. Sold in yellow boxes at 25 cents per box, all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ontario.



25c. For A New Parlor Table

That's the economy of using "China-Lac". A couple of dollars, invested in this new varnish stain, will give you bright, beautiful furniture as good as new and the same as new.

"China-Lac" stains and varnishes at one operation—and covers up the scars and scratches.

"China-Lac" gives a china-like finish that is soap-and-water proof.

14 rich colors for Furniture, Floors, etc.

Remember to ask for "China-Lac"—the new varnish stain with the china-like finish. 49

BRANDRAM - HENDERSON, Limited.

Montreal, Halifax, St. John, Toronto, Winnipeg.

Health and Happiness

Largely Depend on Blood Purity

YOU *cannot know the joy* of living unless your blood is *absolutely pure*. Slow, sluggish and impure blood *will* produce an inactive, unhealthy body, *a body that will seriously handicap* the keenest mind or most active brain. Why gamble with *your happiness* and *your success* in life? You must know if your blood is impure. Dull eyes, sluggish brain and a pimply, blotchy skin are Nature's indications of blood impurity. Banish them—not by doctoring the effects, but by removing the cause—purifying the source.

NYAL'S BLOOD PURIFIER

purifies and *enriches* the blood—*removes the cause* of all sorts of skin diseases and *tones* up the entire system. *Nyal's Blood Purifier* banishes that feeling of langour—that run-down, listless condition and consequent loss of appetite. The liver is stimulated, the blood enriched and the whole system responds vigorously to the beneficial effect of this excellent remedy. We strongly recommend Nyal's Blood Purifier because *we know exactly what it contains*. It is the good, old-fashioned German Blood Purifier of our grandmothers—made more effective and palatable. Nyal's Blood Purifier was compounded for just one purpose—*to purify your blood*—and it does its work well.

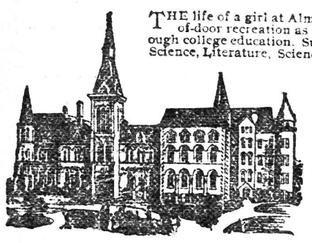
Price One Dollar Per Bottle

Sold and Guaranteed by

ALL LONDON DRUGGISTS

6176

Why Your Daughter Should Attend Alma College



THE life of a girl at Alma is ideal—out-of-door recreation as well as a thorough college education. Superior advantages in Music and Art, Domestic Science, Literature, Science, Commercial, Expression and Physical Culture, Social Training, etc. Located in St. Thomas, the healthiest city in Canada. Modern equipment, pleasant home-life and helpful relationship of students.

Alma College

St. Thomas, Ontario

Latest standard methods of instruction and well-trained tutors. Residence sanitary, roomy, full of sunshine and pure fresh air; board unexcelled by any other school. Residential Schools like Alma are rapidly growing in popularity—a proof of their value. Cost is incidental, varying with study selected. Be sure to have your daughter here opening day. Free Book tells complete story of Alma College

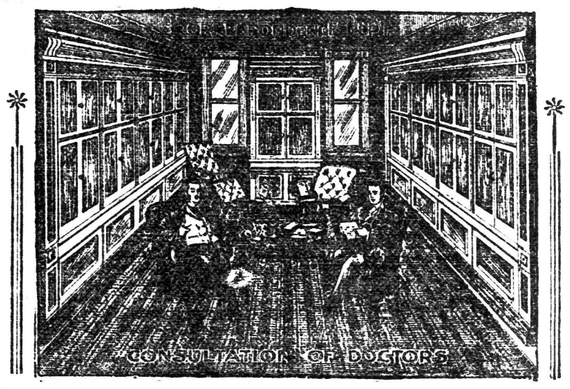
2 Alma College, St. Thomas, Ontario

Brass Castings, Bronze Castings Aluminum Castings.

THE CANADA METAL COMPANY, LTD.

Write For Prices Long Distance Phone Main 1729 Toronto, Ont.

WE REPAIR WEAK MEN



ONE SECRET OF OUR SUCCESS. Every case submitted to us receives the personal attention of our Medical Staff, who consider the symptoms, complications and chronicity, and then decide as to the disease and curability. Specific remedies are then prescribed for the case and are compounded by our own chemist in our own Laboratory. Such appropriate treatment cannot fail to cure, as specific medicines are selected to cure the symptoms that trouble you. We have no cure-all medicines like most specialists use who send the same medicines to all patients alike and cure none. We have treated patients throughout Canada for over twenty years and can refer to any bank as to our responsibility.

We Guarantee Cures or No Pay. We Treat all Diseases of Men and Women.

CONSULTATION FREE

If Unable to Call, Write for a Question List for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat **no patients** in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

SCROFULA

Scrofula disfigures and causes life-long misery.

Children become strong and lively when given small doses of

Scott's Emulsion

every day. The starved body is fed; the swollen glands healed, and the tainted blood vitalized. Good food, fresh air and *Scott's Emulsion* conquer scrofula and many other blood diseases. All Druggists

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE

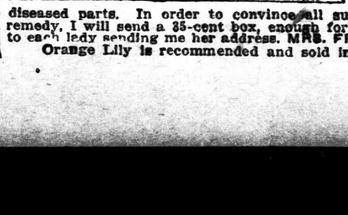
126 Wellington St., West, Toronto, Ont.

LINSEED COMPOUND

is a reliable old English Home remedy for—

COUGHS, COLDS,

Asthma, Bronchitis, & all Lung & Throat Troubles.



WOMEN CURED AT HOME

Women's disorders always yield from the very beginning of the treatment to the mild, but effective, action of Orange Lily. Within two or three days after commencing its use the improvement becomes noticeable, and this improvement continues until the patient is completely cured. Orange Lily is an applied or local treatment, and acts directly on the womanly organs, removing the congestion, toning and strengthening the nerves, and restoring perfect circulation in the diseased parts. In order to convince all suffering women of the value of this remedy, I will send a 35-cent box, enough for ten days' treatment, absolutely FREE to each lady sending me her address. MRS. FRANCES E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont. 6

Orange Lily is recommended and sold in London by Anderson & Nelles.

SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE

BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Although Sir John Bigham, president of the English divorce court, granted last month the decree demanded by Major Charles Spencer Hall, formerly of the Oxfordshire light infantry, for the dissolution of his marriage to his American wife, on the ground that after leaving him she had contracted in America another marriage, with Herbert M. Harriman, of New York, in August, 1908, yet he very sensibly threw out of court, and declined to entertain, the gallant major's citation of Herbert Harriman as co-respondent in the case. Sir John thereby emphasized the fact that although his tribunal could not recognize as legal the divorce obtained by the former Mrs. Hall from the courts of Rhode Island, which, from an English point of view were incompetent to deal with the case, and that consequently her subsequent marriage to Herbert Harriman was invalid in English law, yet that the matter was a technicality, and not sufficient in his eyes to warrant the citation of Herbert Harriman as co-respondent, or to admit of his being mulcted in damages as such. Sir John took into consideration that Herbert Harriman was living in America, was legally domiciled there, and had married Mrs. Hall in accordance with the laws of his country.

Of course, under ordinary circumstances, the fact of a co-respondent being domiciled abroad does not exempt him from the issue of a decree and damages against him by the English divorce court. But in the instance of Herbert Harriman, the president intimated that he could not be held as having been guilty of any offense, although Mrs. Hall had offended to such an extent against English law, in marrying him before securing her freedom from the English tribunals, that a decree was granted against her to Major Hall.

During the course of the proceedings the fact was brought to light that the former Mrs. Hall, who is now Mrs. Harriman, has an independent income of her own of $50,000 a year, out of which she will, of course, have to pay the costs of the divorce obtained by Hall. The latter, who has left the English army, was proved at the same time to have had a private income of $2,500 a year, plus his military pay, which, of course, has now ceased. He is living at a place called Evercreech, in Somersetshire. Mrs. Harriman, before marrying him, was the widow of C. Albert Stevens, of New York, and of Castle Stevens, Hoboken, and is a daughter of the late Judge John R. Brady, of New York.

Lord Acheson, heir to the earldom of Gosford, and whose wedding to Miss Mildred Carter, daughter of J. Ridgely Carter, American envoy to Roumania, and granddaughter of Mrs. David Pierce Morgan, of New York, and of Bernard Carter, of Baltimore, is about to take place in London, is a member of the London stock broking firm of Montagu, Oppenheim & Co., of which his uncle, Lord Charles Montagu, younger brother of the late Duke of Manchester, is the head. Lord Acheson, after distinguishing himself in the Boer war as an officer of the Coldstream Guards, and being wounded in the battle of the Modder River, went into business in the city, under the auspices of the Rothschilds, in whose house in St. Swithin's Lane he worked for a short time.

The founder of Lord Gosford's family was Sir Archibald Acheson, who obtained a large grant of land in Armagh, in the seventeenth century, dying as a baronet, and as secretary of state for Scotland. The sixth baronet of the line was transformed into Viscount Gosford about the time of the American war of independence. His son was advanced to the rank of earl, and the second earl was governor-general of Canada.

The present Lord Gosford is the fourth earl. He is vice-chamberlain of the queen, and his wife, a sister of the late Duke of Manchester and of Lord Charles Montagu, and one of the most charming and popular women in London society, is, like her daughter, the Countess of Derby, a lady in waiting to the queen.

Lord Acheson has two other sisters besides Lady Derby, one of whom, Lady Mary, is married to the Hon. Robert Ward, brother of the Earl of Dudley, and of John Ward, who married Ambassador Reid's daughter.

Gosford Castle, in County Armagh, is celebrated as the biggest dwelling in Ireland, and figures in many of the writings of Dean Swift, who was a frequent guest there. Formerly, Lord Gosford was not particularly well off, owing to the difficulty of obtaining any revenue to speak of from his Irish estates. But about six years ago he succeeded in selling the major part of his property for a sum of nearly two million dollars, at the same time retaining Gosford Castle and Park, as well as the sporting rights over the former property.

It is probable that nothing more will be heard of the extraordinary hoax practiced upon Sir William May, commanding the home fleet, and upon the rear admirals and officers of his staff, when they were called upon the other day to receive with royal honors, on board his flagship, the Dreadnought, lying off Portland, "Prince Makalin and suite of Abyssinia." For the ringleader of the hoax is the son of a dignitary high in the service of the crown, and it is from motives of consideration for this personage that the affair is being hushed up. Also, too, because Sir William May and his officers realize that any further publicity in the matter, such as would be inevitable in the event of legal proceedings, would merely tend to increase the ridicule to which they are now being subjected. The Government was at first inclined to bring the jokers to very serious account, and to proceed against them legally, which could readily have been done, since the leader of the band sent a telegram to Sir William May, and had affixed thereto the signature of one of the lords of the admiralty, announcing the arrival of Prince Makalin and suite at Weymouth, and directing him to accord full honors to the royal guest from Abyssinia.

The party were got up in the most wonderful style, by Clarkson, the well-known customer and wigmaker of Wardour street, in London, who is, of course, aware of their identity. They proceeded in a couple of closed automobiles to the Paddington Railroad terminus, where they had hired a private car on the Weymouth express. On arrival at the Weymouth station they were received by a guard of honor, and by several of the members of the admiral's staff, taken off on board his steam barge to his flagship, and there welcomed by him, with flags flying, guns booming, marines at "present arms!" and all the officers in their dress uniforms. The prince and his suite played their parts magnificently, had the wireless telegraph, big guns and torpedoes explained to them in detail, expressed their pleasure and appreciation with weird sounding Abyssinian exclamations, and after spending two hours on board were conveyed back to Weymouth with the same honors as on their arrival, without the slightest suspicion having been aroused on board that any joke had been played upon Sir William and his officers.

The party are the same humorists who played a similar hoax on the mayor of Cambridge a few years ago, when, pretending to be the Sultan of Zanzibar and his suite, they were received by the chief magistrate of Cambridge and the municipality at the railroad station, and also by the university authorities with the utmost distinction and spent a day there without anybody penetrating their disguise.

RADIUM IS SOLD IN CAPSULES

Austrian Government Puts It Up in Convenient Form.

The sale of radium by the Austrian state department, which controls its production, has now been placed on a more or less permanent footing. The chief difficulty encountered by the department has been to find a suitable way of packing the precious mineral, but the experts of the Vienna Physical Institute have at last devised a satisfactory way of handling it.

Pure radium, of course, cannot be obtained; but what is sold as radium is really a chemical compound known as radium barium chloride. Of this there are three different grades in the market. The preparation is inclosed in a so-called radium cell, a round capsule 1⅞ inches in diameter, and three-quarters inch long. This capsule is inclosed in a screw tube made of nickelled brass, with a lead bottom, in which there is a little sunken square which serves to hold the speck of radium.

The cell or capsule itself is sealed by a mica plate which obviates the necessity of opening it when in actual use. All tubes are carefully numbered and each bears an official stamp. Prospective buyers may note that it is not money alone that buys radium. It is only scientific institutes and savants of repute who are eligible as purchasers.

Postal guide books are searched in vain for rules governing the dispatch of radium. No postoffice has even been called upon to handle a single milligramme. In every case so far the sales have been made to buyers personally or their direct representatives, sent expressly to Vienna for the purpose. It is not surprising that in the case of a product worth $2,375,000 an ounce the strict rule is "shipment at buyer's risk."

LOOKS SPOILED BY DIETING

Women Going Too Far in the Desire to Be Thin.

Worn Faces as Well as Slim Bodies Produced by Semi-Starvation — Beauty-Making Boarding-House Fare — Special Wrinkles Due to Special Foods.

"This getting thin business is spoiling pretty women," said a beauty missionary, "and if it is kept up a season longer America will lose her name for producing beauties.

"Even last season in London there were fewer American beauties than the season before and next year it is safe to predict there will be fewer still. Starvation is killing off the pretty woman.

"Dieting with some women means going without food to the very limit of existence, and when a woman does this the effect shows not only in her figure, but in her face as well. She gets thinner, indeed her figure drops away from plumpness to slimness in a very short time, but her face suffers.

"It is not so much that the skin gets baggy and that the cheeks sag, for this condition can be prevented by massage and by skin treatment. The danger of severe dieting lies in the harm which it does the spirits. A woman's vivacity sinks with long fasting and she loses both her charm and her chic. How can a woman be vivacious if she has had nothing all day but a cup of hot water? How can she be chic on buttermilk?

"I had a case of this a few days ago. A woman came to me with bags under her eyes and a dark shadow across her temples. Looking over her hastily to observe the tell-tale signs of too much dieting, I said:

"'What are you eating, madam?'

"'Nothing,' she replied. 'I am dieting to reduce my weight.'

"'Then what are you drinking?' I inquired. I knew the answer before she told me.

"'I am drinking buttermilk,' she said, 'and it is doing me loads of good.'

"'Yes, I know,' said I, interrupting her, 'I've heard all about buttermilk before now; but the truth is, madam, that you will have to stop drinking buttermilk and go back to the family table. It doesn't agree with you.'

"I put her on the regular family diet for three days and her improvement was rapid.

"'Few women after a fast will go back to regular eating. The spectre of stoutness looms ever before them. Often, too, they have got out of the habit of eating and the idea of a regular meal has become repulsive to them.

"'I've lost my charm,' said a woman coming into my shop and throwing herself down on a couch. 'Once upon a time it was my chief reliance. Now I am without it entirely. I can tell that I've lost it by the way people look at me.'

"'What did you have for breakfast?' I asked.

"'I had half a cup of weak coffee without sugar taken through a straw so that I would have to sip it slowly.'

"'Well, you can't be charming on half a cup of coffee taken through a straw. Go out and get a good luncheon. Eat meat and potatoes and ice cream and then take a good walk in the air. Come back to me late this afternoon and I'll see what I can do for you.'

"When she returned four hours later there seemed little to be done for her. Her skin was slightly wrinkled from her having gone long on next to nothing to eat, but I plumped it with some good cold cream and she looked better immediately. She is almost her old self now.

"'I may be mistaken in the matter, but I've been in the beauty business long enough to know something about it. If I can't speak with medical authority, I can at least give the results of my observations, which go to show that nine out of ten of the ugly women you meet have been made ugly through too much dieting.

"At the opera one night I counted twenty women in the boxes who were once beauties. Now they look like hags; thin, well figured hags, but none the less hags. To my certain knowledge they have brought it all on themselves this winter.

"Going without breakfast makes the hair grey. One of my patients had lovely brunette hair until last fall. Then she began to go without breakfast. In the last six months her hair has turned from its deep lustruous brunette shade to a dusty grey. I'm working on it, but I can't bring it back; neither can I persuade her to resign from the no breakfast club.

"Living on buttermilk makes bags under the eyes, and it draws grey shadows across the temples. One of my patients took to living on buttermilk the first day of January. She has tasted almost nothing else since. Her eye sacks are alarming and the shadows around her temples make it impossible for her to wear any of the fashionable colors.

"Living on toast and hot water robs you of your expression and gives you stooping shoulders.

"The worst fate of all befalls those who live entirely on fruit, or such is the result of my observation, for I have a patient who got the fruit and cracker fad. She ate raw fruit of all kinds and nibbled crackers between meals. Her breakfast was oranges; her luncheon consisted of apples and she had figs for dinner. On Sundays she had figs and ice cream. On holidays by way of a special treat she ate peanuts and fish.

"When I took her her skin was spotted and she had yellow spots on her forehead and sadness in her heart. I put her on a diet, and she is recovering, but the pimples go slowly.

"I suppose you wonder what diet, I prescribe in such cases. I can answer promptly. I prescribe the boarding-house diet.

"'Take table board for two weeks in a good boarding-house,' I say to my patients, and if they follow my advice they come out well.

"As everybody knows the board in the average boarding-house is none too rich. It is good and nutritious, but there is no danger of overeating. The portions are small and you are trained not to ask for more. This gives the ideal diet for the person who wants to eat enough but not too much.

"There are various wrinkles for various kinds of diet. There are the side to side forehead wrinkles. These are caused by the hot water fad. The woman who tells you, 'I have had nothing at all today except a cup of hot water,' could show you a new wrinkle for each day of her hot water revelry. She knows the wrinkles are coming in her forehead, but she does not perceive that they are caused by the hot water fad. If she wants to take them out she must use the hot water externally and follow it up with copious libations of cold cream thinned to a softness with almond oil. Internally she must adopt food.

"I had a patient who lived on cranberries. Somebody told her they would clear the complexion. They cleared it, but there wasn't anything left. Her complexion was like paste. I had to massage it from the chin up to get tone into it, and I had to feed her on that great beauty maker, sweet potatoes.

"I took a woman who was eating nothing but peanuts and lettuce and put her on a diet of Irish potatoes and beef stew. She ate them once a day and some days twice. For breakfast she ate flapjacks and maple syrup. It would have done you good to see the color come back to her face and the curves return to her figure.

"Peanuts make deep wrinkles between the eyes and a diet of lettuce will bring parentheses around the mouth.

"You see it doesn't pay to starve if you want to be a good-looking woman. My advice to the starvation army is to feed up and to see a beauty doctor."

SERFDOM IN RURAL ENGLAND

The Lords Dominate Even the Schools—The Tyranny in the Villages.

One lesson learned from the recent general election is "the slavery" of the country people to their landlords, who dictate how they shall vote, declares Mr. A. St. John Adcock, writing in the Liberal Daily Chronicle (London). Mr. Adcock is a journalist and novelist well-known in London. He lives in the rural district of Hertfordshire, and writes from personal observation. He admits that the workingmen of London and other large cities are "healthfully independent fellows." They do not vote "out of fear of their landlords or employers." But it is different with "the farm hands and workers on the soil." These men are far "too dependent, too terribly under the influence of their lords and masters. Their souls are not their own." Even the schools are dominated by the influence of the noble lords, and we read:

"There are some church schools in a village not far away from me. Ever since electioneering started in this district of Hertfordshire the little children in that school have been instructed in the 'virtues' of tariff reform, and just before polling day the blue rosettes of the Tory candidate were served out to those helpless youngsters. The parents of one boy compained to me of this, as they, in common with others of the parents, are staunch Liberals; but they sensibly decided not to complain nor remove the ribbon, since that might bring the child into disfavor with his teacher."

Soon after the electioneering began in Hertfordshire, "a local great lady withdrew her custom from a tradesman," on learning that he was a Liberal. Two similar instances came directly under the writer's knowledge. A local duke, in Mr. Adcock's opinion, assumes almost divine honors to himself, and we read of "a charming village" owned by this "noble duke":

"Above the doors of the cottages in this village appears the duke's monogram; his monogram is also on the outer wall of the church, as if he were the local deity, and it were dedicated to his worship. The villagers are the duke's tenants, and since none of the poorer dwellers hereabouts believe in the secrecy of the ballot, it is easy to guess for which candidate they voted, and why."

The deplorable condition of the poor, forced, as this Liberal writer thinks, to vote against their own interests, is thus dwelt upon under the sub-title "Slums and Terro-ism":

"Another village hereabout has slums in it almost as deplorable as any you can find in the worst parts of London. The villagers are very poor, kindly, uninformed and unambitious. Their average earnings are 15 shillings a week, and their are several weeks when they are out of work through no fault of their own. How they and their families (large families, some of them) contrive to keep alive in those black weeks is more than I can say.

"Nearly within sight of this village lives a peer who has done nothing whatever to earn his title; he owns much property, including a park of many acres, beautiful gardens and preserves and a pleasant mansion. How this gentleman can go, or allow his wife or his agents to go, to those hard-beset cottagers and urge them not to vote in their own interests, but in his—not to vote against putting a tax on their insufficient food, but against a small tax being put on the increased value his superfluity of land has acquired, not from his labors, but from the labor of the community—this, too, is more than I can say. Humanly speaking, one would think that if he went to look at those small cottages, and reflected on the narrow, starved, slavish lives of their occupants, and reflected on the comfort and ease and luxury of his own lot, he would feel an unconquerable sense of shame against even asking men so incalculably poorer than himself to cast a single vote in his private interests, knowing how he already has everything and they nothing. . . .

"Several [cottagers and laboring men] had been requested by their landlords to display Tory bills and to vote for that candidate, and they were not going to risk being turned out of their cottages. When I spoke of the secrecy of the ballot, 'Don't you make any mistake,' they said; 'they've got ways of finding out.' They and their fathers have for so long been under the heels of the little great men of the locality that they are obsessed with a superstition of their omniscience. To some I said, 'You are not a landowner or an aristocrat. The landowners and aristocrats have possessed themselves of more than their due shares of land and money by looking after their own interests, of course, not by looking after yours. They are fighting to keep it all, and add more to it; and do you suppose they hope to do that by still looking after their own intests or by beginning to look after yours?' 'That's all very well,' said they, 'but if you put this extra tax on their land they'll raise our rents or take it off our wages, and so it's us that'll have to suffer.'"

A WORD TO MOTHERS

No matter whether baby is sick or well, Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in the home always. They not only cure the minor troubles to which babyhood and childhood is subject, but will prevent them coming on if the child is given an occasional dose of the medicine. Mrs. Geo. T. Walker, Mascouche Rapids, Que., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation and other disorders of childhood, and am so pleased with them that I always keep the Tablets in the house." Sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

EVERY WOMAN WHO SUFFERS

CAN FIND SURE RELIEF IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mrs. J. Oliver Tells How She Lost Her Pains and Weakness When She Used the Old Reliable Kidney Remedy.

Elgin, Ont., March 18.—(Special)—Women who suffer, and there are thousands of them in Canada, will hear with interest the experience of Mrs. J. Oliver, of this place. She has suffered and found a cure, and she has no hesitation in saying that cure is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I suffered for over a year from Backache and Fainting Spells," Mrs. Oliver states. "I was tired and nervous all the time, and the least exertion would make me perspire freely. My feet and ankles would swell, and I had a dragging sensation across the loins. I saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised, and bought some. Twelve boxes cured me."

All women who suffer should use Dodd's Kidney Pills. They make healthy Kidneys and healthy Kidneys are the first rule of health for woman. The female organs depend almost entirely on the kidneys for their health. No woman can hope to be healthy and happy unless the Kidneys are right. The Kidneys need occasional help or they must become tired or sick. And almost any woman can tell you out of her own experience that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the help they need.

"A MIRACULOUS REMEDY"

Lady in Hull wasted away until she weighed only 80 pounds

TOOK "FRUIT-A-TIVES" JUST IN TIME

This Wonderful Fruit Medicine Completely Cured Her After 12 Years Suffering.

184 Chaudiere Street, Hull, Que., Dec. 24, 1909.

"For the past twelve years I had painful attacks of Dyspepsia. Finally in March, 1908, I suffered such tortures that I was compelled to stay in bed. I could not digest my food and everything I ate caused the most agonizing pain in my stomach. I also had a fearful attack of Constipation, and at times I had no movement of the bowels for two weeks. My feet were constantly cold. Three doctors attended me for two years and gave me all kinds of medicines, but did me no good. My weight came down to only 80 pounds, and everyone thought I was going to die. Finally I had the good fortune to buy 'Fruit-a-tives,' and as soon as I began to take them I felt better. I persisted in the treatment, and to my great joy and to the astonishment of my friends, I improved. Now I feel very well, weigh 115 pounds, and this is more than I ever weighed, even before my illness. I attribute my cure solely and entirely to 'Fruit-a-tives,' and can never praise them too much, for they saved my life. To all who suffer from Dyspepsia and Constipation, I recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' as being a miraculous remedy."

MADAME ANDREW STAFFORD.



MADAME ANDREW STAFFORD.

When you read such a letter, you think that "Fruit-a-tives" is indeed a wonderful remedy, yet the action of "Fruit-a-tives" is so simple that a child can understand it. "Fruit-a-tives" is made from concentrated and intensified fruit juice and the finest nerve tonics, and acts directly on the liver, causing sufficient bile to flow, which regulates the bowels and cures Constipation. "Fruit-a-tives" also acts on the stomach, producing an abundance of gastric juice, and so strengthens the stomach muscles that complete digestion is assured. "Fruit-a-tives" also regulates kidneys and skin, thus purifying the blood and building up the whole system. Without exaggeration, it may be stated that "Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest remedy in the world for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Constipation. 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for $2.50, or trial size, 25 cents. At all dealers, or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

USE THIN AIR AS MEDICINE

Cabinet Administers Artificial Dose of Mountain Atmosphere.

The doctors are supplying people with so many imitations that it isn't so very surprising to have them offer us a substitute for mountain air. They have a pneumatic cabinet in which they can supply the air pressure of any given altitude. Some physicians use this cabinet with—so they say—good results.

The patient gets inhalations of rarefied air to suit his case and capacity. A reduction in the atmospheric pressure of about half a pound to the square inch is said to be sufficient for most purposes. The seances are given every day, and gradually increased in length from two minutes to six or eight minutes.

Rarefield air as found at great heights induces a condition known as mountain sickness or balloon sickness, and consists of increased heart action, more rapid respiration, headache, followed by graver symptoms as the rarefaction increases, and ending in death.

There are frequently minute hemorrhages into the spinal cord as the result of inspiring rarefied air, says the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette. The insufficient supply of oxygen in the rarefied air is perhaps the principal causes of the symptoms manifested. More or less prolonged residence in a rarefied atmosphere may be associated with an increase in the number of red blood cells.

Manslaughter in Second Degree.

Cutting corns with a razor is dangerous and useless. The only remedy is Putnam's Corn Extractor, which removes corns and warts in one day. Because painless and safe, use only "Putnam's."

RESTORING CHURCH USED BY PEPYS

St. Olave's, London, in Which the Great Diarist Worshiped.

Pepys was a confirmed churchgoer. it is therefore quite right that a fund should be raised as proposed for the purpose of repairing the parish church St. Olave's, Hart street, attended for many years by the great diarist. St. Olave's is one of those quaint city churches, tucked away in a corner, that even its nearest neighbors know nothing about.

Close to Mark Lane, its little graveyard has a row of cheerful skulls over its gateway, reminding the passerby that it was one of the places where they buried the plague dead. Pepys, who lived around the corner, was dreadfully frightened by seeing the fresh high mounds. In the church it is Pepys that one thinks of first and last. A modern monument, mainly wig and inscription, has been erected to his memory and is not either beautiful or interesting; but high under the roof of the choir is the memorial of that young wife he so dreadfully plagued in life.

She looks down like a Lely head translated to dusty marble, down toward the place where her husband used to sit in the gallery. The church escaped the great fire and is crowded with queer memorials, notably the famous one with inscription that Watts adapted to one of his pictures: "That I gave I have; that I spent I had; that I left I lost."



A pail, with water—a brush—and a pkg. of Alabastine

are all you need to transform an ordinary-looking wall into a beautiful and artistic wall which will appeal to the most refined taste. Any one can apply Alabastine. Alabastine colors are permanent—they do not rub off. They give that artistic soft, velvety effect which can be produced only by Alabastine. It hardens with age, becoming a part of the wall. Alabastine can be re-coated without removing the old coats.



CHURCH'S COLD WATER Alabastine

None Genuine without little Church on Label

Alabastined walls are now the most popular. There is nothing so charming, so sanitary, so cheap. In the modern home, Wall Paper, held on by flour paste, is now tabooed. The sales of Alabastine in Canada have *doubled* in the last two years.

FREE STENCILS

To still further popularize Alabastine and *again double* its sales, we have organized a Decorative Department, and are prepared to offer FREE COLOR SCHEMES and FREE STENCILS to all users of Alabastine. Write today for particulars—our advice is FREE. Let us help you to beautify your home at moderate cost.

The Alabastine Co., Ltd., Paris, Ont.
53 Willow St. 8

EASY TO CURE THROAT TROUBLES AND CATARRH

Mrs. Pannell Writes from the Heart—Heed Her Advice.

"While a resident of Washington, D. C., I suffered continually and intensely with a bronchial trouble that was simply terrible to endure. I would have spells that I could hardly breathe, I would choke up, fill up in my throat and bronchial tubes, and the doctoring that I did and the remedies used were of no benefit to me whatever. The doctors said that I would soon have consumption, and the outlook was anything but encouraging. I heard about Booth's Hyomei being so beneficial in catarrhal and bronchial affections and procured an outfit, and am pleased to say that I received relief from the first by its use, and I continued with it and received a cure. It is about two years since I have suffered at all from my former trouble. There is nothing too good or strong enough for me to say regarding Hyomei."—Mrs. R. L. Pannell, 404 N. Augusta street, Staunton, Va., March 26, 1909.

Breathe Hyomei. It will cure catarrh or any nose or throat troubles if you follow directions. Don't lay it aside when the snuffling, hawking and spitting have ceased. Stick to it daily until you are sure that the catarrh germ is dead, and that your air passages are free from their poisonous influence. Hyomei is the only treatment for nose, throat and lung troubles that has ever been sold with the understanding that if it did not cure, it was to cost absolutely nothing.

Hyomei can be obtained at druggists everywhere, and at W. T. Strong's, who guarantees it. A complete outfit $1.00, which is mighty cheap for a remedy that has cured more cases of catarrh than all the catarrh specialists on earth.

An outfit consists of an inhaler, a bottle of Hyomei, a supply of antiseptic gauze, a medicine dropper, and full instructions for use. The inhaler is made pocket size, of hard rubber, and will last a lifetime. Extra bottles of Hyomei, if needed, cost 50 cents. Do not accept a substitute; if your druggist doesn't sell Hyomei send us one dollar for complete outfit prepaid. Send for our free book Booth's Famous People. The R. T. Booth Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont.

A CIGARETTE STATE.

Massachusetts makes a startling showing in connection with the statistics of the internal revenue commissioner regarding the production of cigarettes weighing less than three pounds per thousand. The little "smokes" turned out in this state during the last year numbered 47,398,650, which is a number exceeded by the production of only New York, Virginia, Louisiana, California and Pennsylvania in order among the states of the Union. There will be noted that of the total of 92,943,892 gallons of spirits rectified in the United States during the year, according to the internal revenue tabulations, 5,033,746 gallons were rectified in the old Bay State, but the figures about the production of cigarettes are certain to run the spirit statistics a close race as a cause for comment in certain circles.—Worcester Gazette.

For Edison and Columbia machines and records, call at Williams' Piano Company, 261 Dundas street. 29tf-t.

MORE ABOUT INFANT PRODIGIES IS WILLIAM SIDIS DECLINING?

The Boy Wonder at Harvard in Ill Health—Is Your Child's Brain Too Ripe—Why Prodigies Blossom Forth Too Often to an Early Decline.

William James Sidis, of Harvard, isn't quite so well. He fell sick late in January, with what seemed to be symptons of overwork, and the robust health which students of his age, if not his attainments, ought to possess has seemed to be impaired.

Who is William James Sidis?

You needn't ask anybody in Cambridge, or even in Boston, that question. In fact, you needn't ask anyone who is directly or indirectly concerned with education who William James Sidis is. They all know him, or know of him, for he is the latest—many say, the greatest—child prodigy the human species has produced.

And there are two classes of people who, when they learn of William's illness, manifest not the least surprise. One class is composed of physicians, especially those who have to do with children. The other class is that numerous section of the female sex who are mothers.

Both, whenever they heard of the astounding learning already acquired by young Master Sidis, of Brooklyn, aged 11 years, wondered what under the sun could be the inducement that led his parents—especially his father, Boris Sidis, who is professor of psychology in the university—to give him the spur instead of the check, if they wanted to safeguard his sanity or his life.

Yet the multifarous biographies of youthful prodigies leave plenty to be said on the parents' side, for not all of them have died young or gone crazy. Some of them have simply abated the extraordinary activity of their brains and matured as quite commonplace mortals, while others have emerged from the risks of debilitated bodies and nerves strong enough, mentally and physically, to live acclaimed as geniuses.

The maternal anxiety, which can feel so sharply, albeit vicariously, for the Sidis child is felt by every mother whenever her fond and proud eyes or ears perceive some fresh stage in the mental growth of her offspring. There are few women, indeed, who are entirely free from the intuitive apprehension that if they have mothered a prodigy, they have produced a creature too brilliant to survive. And where is the mother who doesn't prefer her child's destiny to be one of normal if inglorious life to that of world-wide fame and untimely destruction?

The physicians, gifted perhaps with none of the intuition which is the mother's distinctive attribute, nevertheless are inclined to regard with a just suspicion every exceptional development of abnormal faculties, for too many examples have occurred to parallel the immurement in an insane asylum, recently, of young Sidis' most famous predecessor in the prodigy role and the son of another Harvard professor at that.

In their eyes, these preternaturally brilliant young intelligencies are prone to be like exhausting flames, burning out of the body the very essence of life's powers—a too early ripening that means a too early decay.

In the present generation the race of prodigies has proved most numerous, as though there were something in the climate of America which, of a sudden is stimulating the older stock to an amazing brilliancy in its progeny.

There are no fewer than four such prodigies at Harvard alone. Besides the childish Sidis, there is a boy of 14, Norbert Weiner, who is already bachelor of arts. He is the youngest student known to have achieved that degree in academic learning.

Then there are a brother and sister, Adolph and Lina Berle, he 14 and she 15 years old, who are members, respectively, of the freshman classes at Harvard and Radcliffe. Where young Weiner graduated from Tufts College, the Berle children were taught almost entirely by their father, languages first and later mathematics.

Sidis, whose specialty has always been mathematics, is at once the youngest of the modern, astonishing quartette and the first to break down.

Could Write at Three.

Up to this time the Sidis boy has presented no trace whatever of deterioration in health. Utterly abnormal in the instinctive seizure of principles underlying any branch of study and in his unparalleled quickness of perception, he was abnormal only by comparison with the average of humanity at his age. His overwhelming abnormality has always seemed normal to him as though the acquisition of knowledge were as much his natural and healthy pleasure in life as the acquisition of a watermelon by moonlight would be normal and natural to the average boy living near a farm.

He could write at the age of three years, knew elemetary mathematics at seven, spoke five languages at eight, and entered Tufts College at ten.

Rosy cheeked, the picture of the ordinary, well fed, healthy boy, he appeared before the Harvard Mathematical Club three weeks before his breakdown and delivered to gray-haired professors a lecture of his own composition on the fourth dimension, a subject so abstruse that only the most profoundly learned among those very learned mathematicians were able to comprehend him at all.

He explained, in the course of his lecture, sevral theories of his own which, when demonstrated, proved to be so many revelations in the laws of mathematics previously undreamed of by the greatest mathematicians who have ever lived.

While the centuries past have produced not a few all-round prodigies of the caliber of the Admirable Crichton, treacherously assasssinated by Italy's most evil duke during a causeless jealously, the only approach in mathematical genius to the living Sidis was Karl Friedrich Gauss, born in Brunswick, Germany, of humble parents in 1777.

No such precise record of his juvenile attainments have been preserved as are available regarding those of the Sidis boy, but his talents so appealed to the reigning duke of Brunswick that he was given the liberal education of his time. He lived to become one of the world's most famous mathematicians. In 1833, years before the telegraph became the practical medium it is for the transmission of language he demonstrated its practicability.

It would be too long a story to review the countless contributions, all of the highest importance, which Gauss made to magnetism, mathematics and astronomy. He lived to be 78 years old, and died with such a record of scientific advancement that the centenary of his birth was formally celebrated in 1877.

The most frequent, as well as the most conspicuous, instances of youthful genius make their appearance on the stage, and notably in music, although all the young musical prodigies who ever lived couldn't quite equal in number the one, sudden crop of child actors of a generation ago, who popped up the minute Elsie Leslie made her epochal hit as Little Lord Fauntleroy.

The Gerry Society, in New York, managed to quash whole coteries of them, where it could be proved that the greed of parents was working the child at an age when health required moderate study and plenty of play. Elsie Leslie has developed into an actress of sterling worth, and some of the others of that hothouse system period hold more or less excellent positions on the American stage; but no Bernhardt or Siddons has as yet made good, as a Gauss made good in science.

In music, however, both vocal and instrumental, the prodigies are more frequently likely to read their titles clear to fame. The unsurpassed Adelina Patti still lives, although age has sternly barred her from her former triumphs. She was so little when she first sang with that divine voice of hers that stories are still told of how she had to be stood on a table to let her auditors see her.

Her voice might, indeed, have been the purely physical endowment so often apparent in the work of famous singers. But it is of record that she brought to the technical side of singing, at her earliest age, qualities of discernment and facility of learning little short of genius.

The Amazing Mozart.

That was the characteristic of the amazing Mozart, who labored in the highest field of the musician, the creative. Strangely reminiscent of the theory that mathematics underlie all human achievement, it is known that the baby Mozart at first appeared inclined toward the study of figures. But the whole atmosphere of his home flung about him the sublime fascinations of music, and the bent of his genius was formed while he was so young that few, if any, ever suspected the existence of an inclination to the colder science.

Portraits are extant showing him, at the age of 6 years, attired in the court suit which the Empress Maria Theresa gave to her little sorcerer of melody.

In this generation, with Josef Hofmann too old to pass longer as the "boy pianist," and with no record of surpassing original composition to differentiate the newer musical prodigies, the most remarkable example of musical precocity is probably Marie Hall, who, at 16, was the favorite pupil of the distinguished Hungarian violinist, Sevcik.

France is rather pluming itself on the early maturing of the literary skill of Maurice Rostand, son of the poet, Edmond Rostand. But Maurice is already 18, and his productions are rather of promise than performance.

No abstruse range of science has yet sufficed to trace certainly the origins of such precocious talent as many children manifest, or of the apparently omniscient genius possessed by William James Sidis, although all medicine bids parents go slowly lest their offspring grow ripe with learning at too tender an age.

Anatomical skill, concerning itself after death had left the useless body to its hands, has studied the brain of a Gauss, for example, and has found astonishing departures from the normal in the structure of the brain.

In that marvellous mathematician's brain structure richness of fissuration was particularly notable in the frontal region, while the sub-parietal regions exhibited a relatively enormous expansion.

Professor Spitzka's Theory.

Professor Edward Anthony Spitzka, of Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, whose pre-eminent study of brains has fixed upon him the attention of the world of medical science, has confessed himself after all his observations, unable to tell precisely what makes these children so precocious in their accomplishment.

"Why some brains develop slowly and others rapidly," he says, "is another question to be relegated to the consideration of the inequality of man."

"In the precocious genius it must for the present be assumed that the ripening of the nerve fibers is perhaps stimulated by some obscure bio-chemical conditions which are less marked or less effectual in the ordinary child.

"It is fair to assume such chemical factor, for the absence or impairment of function of the thyroid gland, which is invariably associated with mental failure and retention of the infantile state so characteristic of sporadic cretinism, cannot be regarded in this connection.

"We need not assume that the secretions of the thyroid gland alone are essential; many other substances, as yet undiscovered, may be necessary. Who knows whether there may not be some substance which stimulates brain development just as the adrenal secretion stimulates the unstriped muscle cells of the arterial system to contract?

"Indeed, the early ripening of the brain sometimes seems to be an expression of over-stimulation by some substance either in itself toxic or produced in abnormal quantity or strength."

Far more than the distinguished expert's surmises as to the causes of infant prodigies, an appeal is made to the heart of every mother and the cautious judgment of every physician by the brief words of warning with which he concludes his comment:

"It is suggestive that some infant prodigies fail to uphold themselves beyond the age of puberty and usually fall prey to the ravages of tuberculosis or other constitutional diseases."

NEW LIGHT ON SHAKESPEARE; AN AMERICAN'S DISCOVERY

From the New York Sun.

A young American, Charles William Wallace, has brought to light from the millions of documents filed in the public record office in London a series of official papers, mainly depositions in a suit at law, by means of which the world now possesses for the first time a vivid picture of Shakespeare as he moved and worked among men.

Mr. Wallace, who is associate professor of English literature in the University of Nebraska, learned that the public record office of London is stored from top to bottom with countless documents on skins, parchments, and papers of various size, which constitute the chief records of all England from Anglo-Saxon times down to the present. He reasoned that there if anywhere he might find some tangible material affecting the great poet. Undaunted by the seemingly endless proportions of the task ahead of him, he went to work, aided by his wife. Together they searched and searched until they were finally rewarded by discovering 26 documents in a case at court where Shakespeare was interested. The lawsuit involved as principals a family named Mountjoy, with which Shakespeare lived for years while in London. The Mountjoys were French, possibly Huguenot refugees; the head of the house, "Christopher Monioy," was a maker of fashionable headdresses and wigs. He had as apprentice the stepson of an old friend in France, a lad named Stephen Belliott, and house and shop being under one roof young Stephen lived with his employer's family.

Side by side with him worked Mary, "the modest maiden of the household," only child of Mountjoy; and at the end of his six years apprenticeship Stephen had proved himself so good a workman and so lovable a youth that Madam Mountjoy at any rate seemed well pleased with the idea that the two young people should be falling in love. Toward the close of 1604, however, Stephen longed for foreign travel, and made a short sojourn in Spain, but soon returned to the house and shop. Not long after that Madam Mountjoy, informing Shakespeare that Mary and young Bellott evidently cared much for each other, asked his good offices in making two hearts happy. She told the poet that if he could bring the young man to a formal proposal of marriage a dower fitting to their station should be settled upon them at their wedding. One may imagine the willingness with which the creator of "Romea and Juliet" listened to Madam Mountjoy's request that he assist in the unfolding of a love story in real life.

It is unnecessary here to relate the details of the delicate situation. Suffice to say that Shakespeare undertook the good offices indicated; that he was so far successful that the marriage settlement was made and the wedding solemnized. A few years later Mountjoy and his son-in-law found they could no longer agree. They had continued in business under a partnership arrangement, and a dispute over money matters followed which perhaps might have been avoided had not Madam Mountjoy died some time previous. In 1612 Stephen, considering himself ill used, went into the court of requests to secure fulfillment of promises that he asserted had been made to him. All this seems trivial enough, and it is, but for the fact that Shakespeare was involved. Those 26 old records brought to light by Mr. and Mrs. Wallace are mainly written on skins and parchments and are of all sizes, from little strips an inch wide to great skins three feet wide and six long, or large rolls composed of parchments sewed end to end, a hundred to three hundred feet in length. They give us the first clear picture of Shakespeare as he lived in London, with his homely surroundings, his place in the Mountjoy household, his neighbors, his associates. Because of them we now know far more about Shakespeare in London, while he was in the full radiance of his creative work, than we know about his life even at Stratford.

Depositions in the lawsuit referred to have enabled Mr. Wallace to locate the exact house where Shakespeare lived during his great days in London. Maps and other documents satisfy Mr. Wallace that Mountjoy's home was at the corner of Muggell and Silver streets, and dates mentioned in the various records make it almost certain that there Shakespeare wrote some of his greatest plays, among them "Henry V.," "Much Ado," "As You Like It," "Twelfth Night," "Hamlet," "Julius Caesar," "Macbeth," "Othello." Not far away lived Ben Jonson, Nathaniel Field, Thomas Dekker, Anthony Munday, William Johnson, the actor; in another direction lived John Hemings and Henry Condell—Shakespeare's friends, his associates in the Globe and Blackfriars, and the first editors of his plays.

At the time of Shakespeare's death, in 1616, John Milton was a child of eight years. It has long been a pleasing fancy of lovers of these two great poets to think that perhaps the elder may some time have seen, even caressed in passing, the precocious lad who later was to call him "My Shakespeare." Milton was born and grew to full youth in Bread street, Cheapside. By referring to Aggas' map, made about 1560, Mr. Wallace deduces the probability that in going along Bread street, between the Mountjoy home and the Globe, Shakespeare must have passed many a time, perhaps, the house wherein Milton was spending his childhood; and that more than once he saw and noticed the unusual face of the boy is by no means impossible.

Because of the many interesting associations thus woven into the story of that old lawsuit Mr. Wallace has been able to prepare a paper which is not unlikely to command worldwide attention in the course of the next few months. The mystery which heretofore has surrounded the personality of Shakespeare is largely dissipated. For three centuries the records of the Mountjoy-Bellott lawsuit have lain in the public record office, unknown, unsuspected by the thousands of students of Shakespeare's works and times. It would not be surprising to hear before long that a battalion of critics and historians was at work on those millions of skins and parchments hoping to come upon other material of equal importance. That a literary "find" of larger appeal will be found therein is not likely.

At a single stroke Mr. and Mrs. Charles William Wallace, of Nebraska, have securely linked their names with the very few whose success in Shakespearian research is of real and lasting value. Their brilliant thought of going through the public records of the Elizabethan era and their remarkable patience and perseverance in searching for a possible tiny needle hidden in the monumental haystack compel admiration. To them the world of literature will accord full recognition for the important service. Their account of their achievement is published at length in the March number of Harper's Monthly Magazine.

THE CYANIDE PROCESS APPLIED TO CHILDREN

The Bishop of Glasgow and Galloway.

[By the Lord Bishop of Glasgow.]

The great work connected with Dr. Barnardo's name is a warning to us of a very big fault in our civilization. In having to do with iron and steel, or coal or anything of that sort, the one principle is the utilization of what are called waste products. I was once told that waste products are sometimes even more valuable that the primary products. In human nature there is no such thing as a waste product that cannot be utlized. I remember once reading a book called "Civilization: Its Cause and Cure." The author dealt with civilization as a great disease, and pointed out that no nation that had been affected by it had ever recovered, except China, and he instanced China as the exception which proved the rule. To most people the moral of Sinclair's book, "The Jungle," seemed to be a warning not to eat tinned meat if it came from America, whereas to me the moral appears to be that in all scientific operations there is no waste material except humanity. Everything, according to that book, is utilized, except the man who stands behind the machine, and who as soon as he becomes old and worn out is cast aside. But in dealing with humanity we never arrive at a time when it does not pay to utilize what men regard as the waste products of life.

While in Johannesburg some years ago I was struck by seeing huge piles of "tailings" in the goldfields. On inquiry I found that for many years these "tailings were regarded as waste products; they contained gold, but it was not worth the trouble to obtain it. But a new process—called the cyanide process—was discovered, and those "tailings" are now all passed through the filter and the residual gold obtained. This, I think, was the case with Dr. Barnardo. He utilized the "tailings" of the streets—those poor destitute children, about whom no one troubled or cared. By applying what, perhaps, I may term the "Christian cyanide" process, he regained for the world the residual gold.

A FINE TRIBUTE TO SIR WILFRID LAURIER

By the Montreal Witness—What He Has Done For the Country.

The recent illness of Sir Wilfrid Laurier from which he has happily recovered has prompted the Montreal Witness, a candid friends of the Premier's to pay one of the finest tributes which has ever been evoked by his worth as a public man. During the fourteen years of his premiership, the Witness points out, Sir Wilfrid has been almost continually in harness, making a record as a ruler that has won for him the respect of all and the honor of most Canadians.

"Under him Canada has made amazing strides in material prosperity and political importance. The population has increased from under 5,000,000 to 7,500,000, or 50 per cent; the total overseas trade has increased from about $240,000,000 to $650,000,000, or more than 2½ times; the bank notes in circulation have increased from about $30,000,000 to $70,000,000 odd, or more than double; the total deposits of the people in the banks have increased from $193,000,000 odd to $711,000,000 odd, or between three and four times; two new flourishing provinces have been added to the older ones; industries have sprung up on all sides, and some of them are now of international importance; river channels and canals have been deepened and widened and harbors fitted for the exigencies of modern commerce; public utilities have reached a high state of efficiency in the cities, and thousands of miles of railway have been built or are projected all over the country. All this has happened during the Laurier regime. Sir Wilfrid's continuous reign as Prime Minister has only twice before been equalled in British annals—in the case of Walpole and the younger Pitt, though the thirteen years of Sir John Macdonald's last reign follows close upon it. Gladstone was Prime Minister of England four times, but his longest term of office was but six years, and altogether he was Prime Minister only about twelve years, as compared with Sir Wilfrid's fourteen years, which we hope may extend indefinitely into future years. No one can deny that Sir Wilfrid's regime has been wonderful and glorious, and it will surely be remembered with goodwill and thankfulness so long as the history of Canada and the British Empire endures. It has not been all sunshine—there have been clouds; it has not been all success—there have been failures; it has not been all applause—that has been disapprobation from the patriotic as well as from the paid clacqueurs. But, taking it for all in all, the period has been 'an age of gold.' Canada has had the good fortune to have her destinies presided over by a great man."

Presumably the Witness did not intend to include the provinces in its references to records of Prime Ministers, as Sir Oliver Mowat was Prime Minister of Ontario from October, 1872, till July, 1896, a period of almost twenty-four years. But Sir Wilfrid's record is remarkable notwithstanding and it has been as beneficent as it has been long.

THE COUNTRY CLUB

There is a steadily growing feeling in our Ontario towns and rural districts that the home, the school and the community should work more together to preserve the standard of physical, intellectual and moral excellence which Canadians have made for themselves.

"Where there is no vision the people perish." As the individual must measure himself by what he has done, so the people of a community must measure themselves by their past life and deeds. Fifty years ago the work of the farm centred around the three great needs of life—the gathering in and preparing of food, the gathering in and preparing of materials for clothing, the provision of shelter. The boy was a valuable "member of the firm." The farmer and his boys were the sowers and the reapers, the blacksmiths, the cabinet-makers and the cobblers. The girls were "members of the firm." The mother and the girls did the housework, the spinning, the weaving, the dyeing, the sewing, the knitting, the baking, the brewing. The boys and the girls made their own playthings as well as many things for the family and the education thus given in the home lacked in but one particular—that of books. The school must always supplement the home, consequently the short time at school was devoted to books, and one of our leading educationalists says of this type of education: "It is unfortunate that so wise, so well-balanced and so practical a system of education is no longer possible."

Today we look for the work centering around the preparing of the three great needs (food, clothing, shelter) which provided so liberal an education to the children, and find little, either in the home or school. The raw material is now handled in factories, and reading, writing and arithmetic are no longer the most precious things that can be given in the school in order to supply the education that the home fails to give.

The fresh, happy kindergarten with its spontaneous play, its growing plants, its stories and music and hand work for busy fingers, in all of which the kindergartners give the inspiration of a leader, best meets the need of the kindergarten child. Playgrounds manual training, domestic science, technical schools, are an attempt to give the older children that balanced education which was once given by the farm—that education which is not only reading and writing, but also the physical, mental and moral power which makes a knowledge of books a means to a great end.

Men and women will need to give much time and thought before the work of our home, our school and our community is as satisfactorily balanced as was the old farm life.

LA GRIPPE

Arrested, and Consumption Cured

Mr. G. D. Colwell, of Walkerville, Ontario, was stricken down with La Grippe in 1906 and it left him in very bad condition. He says: I was all run down and bordering on Consumption. I could not sleep at nights, had awful sweats, and coughed nearly the whole time. This is how I was when I began to take Psychine, in a low nervous state; but from the first bottle I began to improve. It did marvels for me and brought me back to health in no time, making a new man of me. It fortifies the body against the attacks of La Grippe and is a sure preventative. I always take Psychine if I feel a cold coming on and it puts me right in no time."

NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT PSYCHINE

PSYCHINE is the Greatest Strength Restorer and System Builder known to medical science, and should be used for COUGHS, COLDS, WEAK LUNGS, LOSS OF APPETITE, WEARINESS

For Sale by all Druggists and Dealers, 50 cents and $1 per bottle.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited
TORONTO

PSYCHINE
GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

All who use

OXO

before going to bed say how nourishing and refreshing it is and how soundly they sleep after it, getting up in the morning fresh and vigorous, ready for a good day's work.

Try OXO CUBES—new and most convenient. 33

Pure food insures good health

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

INSURES PURE FOOD.

MADE IN CANADA.
E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT.

Money to Loan

We will lend you money on your farm or city property. The interest will be at the lowest current rates. No charge for application forms, land inspection or renewals. If you cannot call, your letter will receive prompt and courteous attention. All business transactions strictly confidential.

HURON AND ERIE
LOAN AND SAVINGS CO.
442 Richmond St., London.
366 Talbot St., St. Thomas.
Incorporated 1864 - Assets over $11,500,000

Have Your Hat Match Your Gown

Make your last year's straw hat as fresh and dainty as any you can buy, by coloring it with

Anchor Straw Hat Enamel

It makes soiled Straw Hats as good as new—and you may have your hat the same shade as your summer dress.

Made in 21 fashionable and popular colors.

Ask your dealer for Anchor Straw Hat Enamel or send 15 cents for sample tin, stating color wanted, to

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON, LIMITED.
MONTREAL, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, TORONTO, WINNIPEG. 51

A Friend in Need

to the Poor, Sick Stomach, Tired Nerves and Torpid Liver, is

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

SOLD EVERYWHERE. 35

Do You Have Headache



TAKE ONE OF THESE LITTLE TABLETS AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

"My first experience with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills was a sample package handed me. They relieved the pain so promptly that I have never been without them since. I have given them to many friends when they had headache and they never failed to relieve them. I have suffered with neuralgia in my head, and the first one I took relieved me. They have cured me of neuralgia. I would not be without them."
MISS LILLIE B. COLLINS
R. F. D. No. 1, Salem, Va.

Price 25c at your druggist. He should supply you. If he does not, send price to us, we forward prepaid.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto.

ANALYSIS OF

St. Lawrence Sugar

THE STANDARD OF PURITY

Laboratory of Provincial Government Analyst.

MONTREAL, 22nd February, 1909.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have drawn by my own hand ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's EXTRA STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR, indiscriminately taken from four lots of about 150 barrels each and six lots of about 450 bags each. I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain 99-99/100 to 100 per cent of pure cane sugar, with no impurities whatever.

(Signed) MILTON L. HERSEY, M.Sc. LL.D.
Provincial Government Analyst.

The St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Company Limited, Montreal. 20