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## Judd In Field for Mayor; Matthews May Also Run

While There Is a Possibility  
of Cooper Also Getting in  
the Race.

Though the municipal election is still a long way off, interest in the contest was created in city hall circles today by the announcement of ex-Ald. Judd that it is his intention to run for mayor for 1906, while Ald. Matthews has announced that he is in the hands of his friends. And added to these statements is that of Ald. Cooper, that if Matthews runs he'll run, too.

Thus at this distance the game looks interesting. All this is only surface talk, however, and the wise ones say that there will be but one candidate on the Conservative ticket next January, and that candidate's name will be Judd.

Today an advertiser reporter asked Ald. Matthews if it is true that he is considering running for the mayoralty.

"Well, yes," he replied. "I may tell you that every day I am being urged by my friends to run, and I really don't know what to do about the matter."

"How do you stand now?" "I am simply in the hands of my friends."

"It has been said that you expect Mayor Campbell to drop out, and that you are figuring on having for your opponent Ald. Stevens."

"Well, if Mayor Campbell runs he will have opposition, anyway."

"Does that mean that you will run against Mayor Campbell if he should offer himself for a second term?"

"I do not care to say. I am, as I said before, in the hands of my friends."

"How about ex-Ald. Judd?" "I didn't know he wanted to run."

"Will you run if he runs? Which of you could carry the Conservative coalition?"

"I'm not looking for any convention. I would like to have both parties support me."

"That's quite natural, but it is hardly probable. How about the convention?"

"Well, I believe I could carry the convention if I wanted to go after it."

Ald. Matthews then went on to say that this year there has been but very little politics in the council. He referred to the big fuss raised over the assessment given by the city engineer.

Mr. Matthews then said that he was not actuated by any political motive when he brought the matter up. Ald. Matthews confers with his friends, however, and one of the Conservative aids.

ermen is authority for the statement that it was a "damned small piece of business."

Judd Will Run.

The reporter then saw Mr. Judd, and he, without hesitation, gave his answer.

"You may say that it is my intention at present to run for mayor," he said.

"Ald. Matthews thinks he can secure the nomination of your party," the reporter told him.

"I don't care to say anything on the subject."

Mr. Judd appeared much interested when told that Ald. Matthews had practically announced himself for the mayoralty, and he had a "Well, we'll see about it" look on his face.

As the field for stands, there are three Conservatives in the field, but Ald. Cooper's announcement is not taken seriously. Ald. Cooper is too closely wedded to his permanent seat to jeopardize it by taking a chance at the mayoralty. This fact is well known.

This year Ald. Cooper was rather badly treated by his political confederates, and he does not hold a place of honor in the city bodies. He is, of course, anxious to get even, but he knows where he is at, and he will be again on the Conservative ticket for alderman.

There is not one chance in a hundred that Ald. Matthews will run for mayor, as this would mean that the Conservative Club would have to turn Mr. Judd down, in which case the latter might threaten to run also, and divide the ticket. Then the party managers would be knocked into a three-cocked hat. Mr. Judd says it is his intention to run at present, and those who have talked with him know that this means that he will run.

It is barely possible that he might drop out for the sake of satisfying someone whom the party pushes look upon as a "big gun," and sure of election, but drop out for Ald. Matthews if anything he will not do.

One time he did drop out to make way for Hon. Adam Beck for a third term, and this great loss has been made up with a section of the party, which may be relied upon to see that he gets another chance at the mayoralty.

Mr. Beck, and now it looks as though he is in the hands of his friends. From present indications, it looks as though there will be half a dozen new faces on next year's council, as the Conservative Club have announced their intention of dropping out, while Ald. Carson says he will run for water commissioner.

From Mr. Matthews' friends are already using their influence to have him run again, and it may be that he will be allowed to leave his council seat for a while yet.

## ASSAULTED AND ROBBED HIMSELF

Insurance Agent Told Thrilling  
Story of Being Held Up  
by Thugs.

Galt, Nov. 12. — Guy M. Graham, a sub-insurance agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, who claimed to have been the victim of a brutal hold-up and robbery Wednesday night last, on Saturday confessed that the story was a fabrication and that he had wounded himself.

"I don't care to say anything on the subject," he said.

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## NO ASSISTANCE FOR SPECULATION

U. S. Treasury Will Relieve  
Money Market in Cases of  
Legitimate Business Only.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 12.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw has not yet decided to come to the relief of the money market. He authorizes the statement that he will not interfere unless convinced that business interests are likely to suffer. Thus far no productive business interest, manufacturer, transporter, merchant or banker has asked it. He will not come to the relief of speculation. Should any business concern deserve credit at reasonable rates, the secretary wants to know the facts. He believes the majority of New York loans are still made at or below 1 per cent. Call money and speculation long time money, in other words market money, is distinguished from customers money, is higher.

A HEAVY FREIGHT TRAFFIC

Grand Trunk Handles Many Trains  
on Sunday—New Engines.

The quantity of freight handled by the Grand Trunk on the last two Sundays has been unusually heavy.

Under the new engines, it has been found almost impossible on week days (when so many locomotives are required) to handle the traffic as desired, and on Sundays everything is done to clean up at the various points.

To accomplish this, numerous double-enders were run both east and west on the Grand Trunk, and under ordinary circumstances, are idle on Sundays—being brought into use wherever possible. By this means anything resembling a congestion has been avoided.

A TRIPLE LYNCHING

Three Texas Negroes Hanged for  
Murder of White Man.

Fort Worth, Texas, Nov. 12.—A mob at 2 o'clock this morning broke into the jail at Henderson, Texas, overpowered the jail officers, and took from the cells five negroes being held on charges of murder. Three of the negroes, John Reese, Robt. Assey, and Henry Schor, were hanged, and the fourth, a white, last Thursday, ten miles from Henderson. Three of the negroes—John Reese, Robt. Assey, and Henry Schor, were hanged, and the fourth, a white, last Thursday, ten miles from Henderson.

THE PILOT TO BLAME

Minister of Marine Inspects Steamship  
Bavarian on the Rocks.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, returned from Gros Ile, where he inspected the Allan Line Bavarian, now on the rocks. The Minister left Quebec on Friday night at 8 o'clock, and arrived at the wreck at 10 o'clock, returning to Quebec after making a minute inspection. Mr. Prefontaine declared that the Bavarian would be got off this week. As soon as float-ways were taken to the wreck, the vessel will be taken to Levis drydock for repairs. Mr. Prefontaine says the responsibility for the accident lies on the pilot, Mr. Cowie, who visited the wreck in company with the minister, expressed the opinion that the Bavarian is in no worse position than the Victorian was.

LESS SCOTCH WHISKY

Output Has Fallen Off Ten Million  
Gallons Since 1899.

Glasgow, Nov. 12. — The production of whisky in Scotland has now fallen back to what it was about nine years ago, and since 1898-9, the year of the record output, it has been reduced by 10,000,000 gallons.

The figures to date show a reduction this year of close on 2,000,000 gallons, and at the same time 350,000 gallons have been added to stocks, bringing these up to the enormous total of 12,775,000 gallons.

This addition to stocks is due not to overproduction but to a falling in consumption. Had the removals from bond remained the same as in 1904-5, the bonded warehouses would have been reduced by 870,700 gallons, which would have been the first reduction recorded in many years.

The opinion is general that unless the consumption takes an upward turn before long the production of both malt and whisky will have to be greatly restricted.

WANT TO JOIN US

People of St. Vincent Denounce the  
Union With Grenada.

Kingston, Island of St. Vincent, Nov. 12. — The stores were closed, and at a public meeting, attended by thousands of the inhabitants, resolutions were passed denouncing the proposed union of St. Vincent and the Island of Grenada under one government, and demanding a separate government. The people afterwards marched through the city with banners and flags. The police were concentrated and prepared for any emergency, but the demonstration, although entirely peaceful, was confined to singing the National Anthem. The people here prefer a general federation of the West Indies and Canada, or increased intercourse and closer relations with the United States.

Disaster in Transvaal.

Johannesburg, Transvaal, Nov. 12.—A vertical shaft in the Brie-Fontein mine collapsed today. One white man and 67 natives were killed.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Fair and Cold.

FORECASTS.

Monday, Nov. 13.—3 a.m. Today—Strong winds and moderate gales, westerly to northerly, turning much colder, with light local snowfalls and drizzle.

Tuesday—Fair and cold, with decreasing winds.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.

## NAVAL MILITIA FOR THE DOMINION; AND SCHOOLS OF NAVIGATION

Hon. Mr. Prefontaine Goes to  
England to Discuss It With  
Imperial Authorities.

[Special to The Advertiser.]  
Ottawa, Nov. 12.—The Hon. Raymond Prefontaine leaves for England a week from tomorrow to discuss with the imperial authorities a naval militia for Canada. The minister intends getting all the information he can to assist him in carrying out his proposition to establish schools of navigation in Canada.

Mr. Prefontaine expects that the inquiry before Judge Routhier into the Bavarian accident will open on Thursday next, Commander Spain and the sailing master of the North Atlantic squadron will be the assessors. The Government will be represented by the Deputy Minister of Justice and Mr. Cook of Quebec. Andrew Allen, of the Allen line, denies that he ever authorized the statement appearing in the newspaper that the accident was caused by the light being dark at Grosse Ile quarantine. It appears that the vessel lost her course after passing the buoy at the eastern end of the Island of Orleans.

HATER OF ENGLAND

MORLEY TALKS OF  
IRISH HOME RULE

French Editor Now Believes  
John Bull Is Not So Bad—  
Finds Him Broad-Minded.

Paris, Nov. 12.—M. Massard, the editor of the violently Anglophobe Patrie, one of the members of the Paris Municipal Council, who visited London last week, has made a public recantation of his former views. To his amazement, he says, he found that the dwellers on the English side of the channel had none of the offensive insularity with which he had credited them, that they were broad-minded, and that they bore the most friendly sentiments toward the French.

The profoundest impression of this friendliness profoundly moved him, he says. He declared now that the council's visit to London has helped to clear away many misunderstandings, and has shown that not only can Frenchmen trust their English neighbors, but that they can work harmoniously together for their mutual benefit.

M. Massard concludes by saying in the fact that he has groined the hand so cordially stretched out to him, and that he is not ashamed to own it publicly.

ALEXANDRA TO TAKE HAND

British Queen Will Play Part in International Politics.

London, November 12.—Queen Alexandra will play a very important part in international politics in the near future. Thus far her majesty has taken little part in the grouping of the European powers apart from the very natural desire which she entertains to see her relatives in power, and above all, happily married. In fact, her interests in politics have hitherto been entirely domestic.

Queen Alexandra, however, the home in Copenhagen, however, the Queen has been more influenced than ever by her sister, the Empress Dowager of Russia, and her majesty has told her intimate friends that she intends to do all she can to influence King Edward in securing an Anglo-Russian rapprochement.

Not that the Empress Dowager loves England, but she dislikes Germany cordially, and she knows that Russia's interests would best be served by an understanding with England.

THE BOMBAY SLAVES

Terrible Sweatshops Amongst the  
Textile Mills of India.

Calcutta, Nov. 12.—The native hand have found the textile mills of Bombay terrible sweatshops. The workers are obliged to labor fifteen hours a day, and these hours not only apply to adults, but to the children of the workers. On account of their cheapness the children form a large portion of the work force. Curiously enough the worst factories are those which are due to the introduction of electric light in the mills. Before this introduction the hands stopped work at dusk, which comes early in India. Now, with the electric light, work is started at 5 in the morning and continued until after 8 at night.

An agitation for legislation to ameliorate the conditions of these "Bombay slaves," as they are called, has been started, but the ease of governmental machinery move very slowly here.

LABOR IN CONVENTION

American Federation Gather for Big  
Meeting at Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 12.—All the plans for the opening of the 25th annual convention of the American Federation of Labor have been completed, and this morning the delegates will march to city hall, where the formal ceremonies will take place. The list of delegates was completed last night by the arrival of Wm. Mosses, from Leeds, England, general secretary of the Patternmakers' Association of England, and David Gilmore, general secretary of the Miners' Union of Scotland, and Wm. V. Todd, of Toronto, Ontario, representing the building trades up to the Dominion.

It was stated last night that John Mangin, national president of the Steamfitters' Association, will arrive from Chicago this morning, and will seek admission to the convention. Plumbers' Union have declared that the steamfitters will not be represented and that Mr. Mangin will be ejected by force, if necessary.

For Relief of Jews.

New York, Nov. 12.—The American fund for the relief of the pillaged Jews in Russia based on acknowledgments made by the national relief committee up to this morning, is estimated at \$200,000. It is hoped to raise \$1,000,000.

Three Passengers Overboard.

London, Nov. 11.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph from Bucharest, Roumania, says that the sailors of the Russian steamer Ismail, bound out from Odessa, on Nov. 8, with refugees, passengers with death unless they gave them money and jewelry, and that those unable to do so were thrown overboard.

Alfonso at Vienna.

Vienna, Nov. 12.—King Alfonso arrived here today from Potsdam. Emperor Francis Joseph, several archdukes and high officials welcomed the Spanish monarch at the railroad station. Their majesties then drove to the palace, the route being lined by troops and decorated with flags.

## KAISER WILHELM HAS BUTTED IN

Sends a Message Offering  
His Aid to the Czar.

THE ARMY AS SCAPEGOAT

Regiments Are Openly Contemptuous  
in Their Attitude Toward  
Sovereign.

Saint Petersburg, Nov. 12.—The dreaded intervention of Germany in the Russian crisis has come. The Kaiser, when he learned of the Cronstadt riots, sent a wireless message to the Czar offering to place the German northern squadron at his disposal. The Czar sent back a message of thanks. It is not known whether the offer goes beyond safeguarding the sovereign's person, but inasmuch as a German warship has been stationed off Peterhoff for several days, it is inferred that Emperor William's proposal has a wider significance.

In the chaos now existing there are beginning to develop certain features which leave little hope of averting a general political cataclysm in Russia. The contending forces are divided into four camps.

First—The reactionaries, including the court party, some military leaders and some bureaucrats who for the last ten days have been inciting the drag of the population to murder and outrage, to frighten the Czar into a withdrawal of the recent concessions.

Second—Count Witte and his followers, including many bureaucrats and some upper-class liberals, who created the present situation by a general strike.

The peasantry do not figure in the problem as yet and the rank and file of the army is still an uncertain quantity. The reactionaries are the smallest in numbers and their strength depends solely on how far they can command military support. They are desperately opposed to Count Witte and, in the present situation, to the Czar himself. This last is one of the most crucial facts of the moment.

Little has been said publicly of the contemptuous illwill of the fashionable regiments toward the sovereign since the outbreak of the revolution. It was soon evident that the army would seek a scapegoat and it is now becoming manifest that it will be the Czar himself. This found the loudest expression over the explosion of the Grand Duke Cyril from the navy. The decrees ordering his expulsion evoked such outbursts of indignation that the army and navy would have to leave the malcontents being court-martialed and shot if they had been servants of the Kaiser.

The Grand Duke Vladimir took the side of the Czar energetically, and promptly resigned. Now Vladimir's military character, has the support of the Imperial Guards Brigade, which is especially devoted to the protection of the Emperor's person.

The high world here began to ridicule the sovereign and spread the drift of his character. From that began to say that there was no possible future for him as the Russian sovereign. The next stage has now been reached, and the question of his successor is being discussed with amazing boldness.

The names constantly heard in military circles for a regency or the head of a dynasty are Nicholas II, the Emperor, and Constantine Constantinovich, both grandsons of Nicholas I. The former is the oldest of the council of imperial defense, and a supporter of Count Witte, who finds his character stronger than that of Constantine, the cultured Romanov, who was a military man.

Count Witte and his supporters are still almost helpless, but their collapse is by no means certain. His attempt to secure the cooperation of the Zemstvo party has completely failed. Every member of his party has been expelled from the bureaucracy. The only union link is that they remained adherents of Count Witte's policy in recent years when they were the main independent provincial statesmen have refused office, and continue their campaign independently of the bureaucracy.

The Zemstvo leaders have now decided to defy Count Witte's policy. They will openly proclaim that the Zemstvo congress, which meets on Nov. 12, to which certain members of the professional and industrial classes have been chosen by the Zemstvo assembly, is itself a constituent assembly. They will claim for it the right to supervise national elections and that the central government should abstain from interference. It is certain that the Zemstvo will not submit to that, even though the reactionaries are attacking him from the other side.

Count Witte's position in this way, between two fires, is to a certain degree adding to his strength among the moderates, who are beginning to realize that he is Continued on page 3.

STATUE OF SATAN MUST GO

Authorities Will Compel German to  
Remove Monument of Devil.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 12.—It is probable that Herman Menz, who has erected a statue to Satan on his own premises, will be compelled to remove the offending monument by the city authorities. Ald. Wing, in whose ward Menz lives, today called on the corporation counsel for an opinion regarding the case.

A statute was dug up providing for a prison sentence or fine for blasphemous acts. It is held that the statue, under that head, Ald. Wing will demand of Menz that he remove the statue, and if he refuses will proceed through the police court to compel its removal.

Detroit turns today visited Menz to express their admiration for the statue. They drank toasts to the statue and its sculptor.

QUEEN HELPS UNEMPLOYED

With Contribution of \$10,000 Heads  
a Relief Movement.

London, Nov. 12.—Queen Alexandra has contributed \$10,000, and has initiated a movement for the relief of the unemployed in England by issuing an appeal, through Earl de Grey, treasurer of the Queen's household.

Her majesty says: "I appeal to the people of the empire, men and women, to assist me in alleviating the sufferings of the poor, starving and unemployed during the winter. For this purpose I head the list with £20,000. All contributions should be sent to Earl de Grey." (Signed), Alexandra.

CHECK ON GAMBLING

Exclusive London Clubs to Put a  
Stop to High Play.

London, November 12.—The loss of \$50,000 in an afternoon at carte caused the members of the ultra-exclusive Whites Club, in St. James street, to determine that gambling must be abridged there.

A general meeting of the club has just been held, and it was unanimously determined that hereafter all but four or five ordinary card games, such as bridge, whist, bezique and piquet, are prohibited to be played on the club premises. It was brought to the attention of the managers that the loss of \$50,000 was not of isolated case. It was said that instances of tremendously high play were so numerous that rumors of resignation from high quarters, and perhaps the interference of the police, were afloat. There is little doubt that similar restrictions will be imposed in many of the other leading clubs in London before long and the male gambling world of London will soon be restricted in certain clubs which notoriously live by encouraging high play. It is very likely that the attention of Scotland Yard will shortly be invited to these clubs and then raids of a sensational character are likely to expose some of the biggest names in London society.

Alfonso at Vienna.

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## JEROME AND HOW HE MADE GOOD

His Election a Just Reward for Fine Services.

FOUGHT VICE ON EAST SIDE

Broke Up the Cadet System and Purified the Red Light District Despite Heavy Opposition.

New York, Nov. 11.—The re-election of William Travers Jerome as district attorney of New York City, although by a far smaller majority than had been expected, is nevertheless a triumph not alone for himself, in recognition of his fine services, but what is good in civic government but for the reform element in city politics. In the fall of 1901 Crokerism, Deveryism and Van Dykenism held the city fast in its clutches. Craft, after a four years' debauch, has gripped every artery of municipal government. Vice in every form paid tribute to somebody who had power to protect it, gamblers laughed at the law, they did as they pleased. The east side, the home of tenement dwellers, was infested with cadets. An honest policeman was hounded off the beat, he dared not enforce the law against a "red light" house.

Jerome promised to extinguish the red light, crush the cadet system, make the gamblers feel the weight of the law, and, if possible, find "John Doe," the man who exacted vast tribute from the law-breakers of every sort.

The identity of John Doe has never been legally established, but of the great powers named by Jerome in 1901 not even one has a remnant of favor today. Jerome's incessant hunt for John Doe the first year he was in office eliminated every one of the six as a factor in the affairs of the city. Jerome promised to make his home in the heart of the east side. He kept his word. First he lived at No. 3, and more than thirty east side residents have visited him since Jan. 1, 1902, on business. His mere presence as a resident of that section lifted innumerable burdens from the oppressed people's neighbors. The cadet system has vanished. The red lights have gone.

In the conduct of the routine affairs of his office Jerome has done many things. Under the old rule the time between the indictment of a prisoner and his trial averaged a month. Under Jerome the average has been reduced to six days. As a result of the saving this means to the county in the maintenance of prisoners, fewer miscarriages of justice result. Valuable witnesses have not the time to disappear. They are not so often tampered with by friends or agents of the accused.

The bail bond department of his office was reorganized by Jerome, and straw bondsmen eliminated. Formerly when the sheriff tried to collect on a forfeited bond, he was met by a prisoner collectible. In the last three years not a single fake bond has been taken, and collections on forfeitures have averaged \$50,000. Jerome's office has a retainer fund allowed the district attorney's office.

The regular gambling house has practically disappeared. Resorts which ran without interruption many years, being practically fixtures of one phase of city life, have been completely uprooted. The fight was a long one, and only ended last summer, when Jerome sent word for gamblers to come and see him and confess. They came one after another.

Jerome's great club against the gamblers is the Dawkins law, which had put through the legislature, and which enables him to question any patron of a gambling house about what he did or saw in the resort. It was this law which caused Canfield to plead guilty to save his aristocratic patrons from the humiliation of a public confession.

Notable convictions by Jerome are many. The conviction of Sam Parks, a millionaire pawnbroker, for receiving stolen goods, has been regarded as an immense boon by merchants in the wholesale dry goods district. Harlan was fined the sum of \$10,000 for "fence" in the city. But for the aid he gave crooked employees of the dry goods merchants many thefts of valuable goods would have been impossible. Unlimited money was spent and powerful influences exerted to save Harlan from state prison, but he was sentenced to two and a half years.

Jerome has given special attention to a class of offenders in previous administrations of the district attorney's office that was seldom interfered with. These offenders are the "business men" who secure goods on credit on false pretenses and then fail. Thousands of such cases have been called to his attention since he won office, and he is laboring for an amendment to the penal code which will compel debtors to produce books to prove their solvency.

It was with difficulty he could get the police to make arrests of excise offenders on any scale commensurate with the number of violations. At one time he tried the expedient of using city detectives as policemen and got evidence against many in certain precincts. Arrests were made as long as the county detectives were in a precinct, but as soon as they were withdrawn the former indifference to excise violations returned. Even the grand juries showed a strong disinclination to indict for excise violations.

Though Jerome failed to realize his prime purpose, the elimination of the Rialto law, he succeeded in mitigating one of its most vicious attendant evils—the systematic blackmailing of saloonkeepers by the police. Blackmail has not been wholly obliterated by any means, but, compared with the organized system of collecting protection money during the days of Van Wyck and Devery, the extent of the evil today is admitted to be inconsequential.

The elimination of the gambling houses has been another important factor in reducing opportunities for police blackmail. The same can be said of the wiping out of the cadet system and the red lights of the east side, all of which contributed to the personal wealth of corrupt police officials and the politicians who kept them in power.

Jerome has made the office of district attorney absolutely non-partisan. Not a single one of his assistants or deputy assistants owes his position to any political party. The men were

appointed simply on the recommendations of reputable lawyers and citizens of standing.

A non-political staff has wiped out many of the evils which characterized the administrations of several of Mr. Jerome's predecessors. Not being under obligations to politicians, members of the staff have been independent of the bidding of politicians. The pigeonholing of indictments against men with powerful political backing ceased under Jerome.

Jerome made it an inviolable rule that every person proceeded against by his office should be treated exactly alike; that the machinery of the law should be set in motion and kept operating regardless of every consideration except the crime involved and the statutes bearing upon the case. His purpose was to get even justice for all.

There is little of the orator about Mr. Jerome. In his speeches there are no roundabout flights, no graceful periods, no rhetorical working up to a point. One peculiarity has been remarked by those familiar with his methods, and that is, when he speaks, he speaks on one topic, he often says not more than a dozen words, when he suggests to him something else. Off at a tangent he will go with a parenthetical clause, which not infrequently gives him an idea for a further digression. Generally he comes back to his first thought. Sometimes he lets it drift away entirely, never to be complete.

To his staff, Mr. Jerome is "the chief," or "Judge." There is no standing at attention or formality. At the same time there is discipline. He probably gets more work out of his assistants than if he were harder to approach.

**STEAD ON RUSS REVOLT**

Says Intervention at Present Would Completely Wreck the Empire.

London, Nov. 11.—Wm. T. Stead, who arrived in London Thursday night said he wished to supplement the statement regarding the situation in Russia made to the Associated Press yesterday. Mr. Stead said: "The birth throes of the nation are bloody, and the old order will not pass the American people for genuine sympathy for the Emperor especially and for Count Witte and the Russian nation in this time of peril. Impatience without or within might precipitate a catastrophe such as the world has not seen in a century and any attempt to force foreign intervention would be fatal."

"One hope of the reactionaries is to excite the national spirit against liberal reforms by representing them as threatening the national independence. But as the Jewish sufferings, the massacres and outrages which are inevitable if, as the result of outside interference, Count Witte's ministry should be upset."

"Since General Gordon, I have never met any one so imbued with absolute religious faith as the Emperor of Russia. Call it fatalism, mysticism, what you will, it is the sole secret of his marvelous composure, which is the amazement, envy and inspiration of all persons admitted to his intimacy. He is absolutely devoid of personal fear and is ready to make any sacrifice for the welfare of his people. His only dread is lest he should misinterpret the will of God. This, combined with some kind of imperious energy and resolute will, has been chiefly responsible for the ruinous delay in the carrying out of reforms. He himself is ready for these reforms, but he needs a Peter the Great to overcome the inertia of the bureaucratic machine."

Turning to the actual situation, Mr. Stead said: "At present all the armed forces obey one head, but there is disunion in the army estimated by sanguinary revolutionaries at 50 per cent. Even put at half that figure, it would mean a sanguinary civil war, once the army is gone. While he is on top, though some of the troops will not fire on the people, none of the soldiers will fire on each other, and hence the national address of the extremists who want the millennium supplied by telephone and whose opposition to Count Witte is purely a matter of convenience. The Emperor went down, even the most fierce of the revolutionaries admit, the only result would be the return of despotism in the shape of military dictatorship; but as long as he lives there is reason to share his faith in the unshakable faith that, with God's help all will come right."

**WANT MADE RUBIES CHEAPER**

Importers of Reconstructed Gems to Protest for Low Duty.

New York, Nov. 12.—Maiden Lane houses importing from Paris the reconstructed rubies which caused a stir in the previous year, are now preparing to make a contest before the board of United States customs, to obtain a lower duty.

It is understood that importers who deal in high grade rubies and emeralds will oppose the article on the grounds of the retail jewelers, fearing an unfavorable effect on the value of natural rubies will join in the opposition. The jewelers say that rubies are of importance only to diamonds, and fine specimens of pigeon blood rubies are the most valuable stones in the world.

More than forty protests against the duty have been filed by the firms importing the reconstructed rubies, which are made of ruby dust or sand or cuttings from other rubies. The duty is 50 per cent, the product being described as a manufactured article. The duty is enumerated in the tariff schedules. The importers desire to get a 10 per cent duty, which can be done if the authorities classify the product by similitude as precious stones. This proposed classification is distasteful to the importers, declaring that their character had the government's indorsement, as shown by the customs records.

**SLEEPLESSNESS**—When the nerves are unstrung and the whole body given over to worry, the mind is filled with gloom and dismal forebodings, the result of derangement of the digestive organs, sleeplessness often adds to the distress. If only the subject could sleep, there would be oblivion for a while, and temporary relief. Importers of Vegetable Pills will not only induce sleep, but will act so beneficially that the subject will wake refreshed and restored to happiness.

A new glass described by Emile Touchet is very transparent to invisible chemical rays. In simultaneous photographs of part of the comet, Mr. Syra, a lens of this glass showed 619 stars, while one of ordinary Jena glass showed about 351.

The man who practices what he preaches is a wonder because of his rarity.

## GORKY DREAMS OF RUSS UTOPIA

Heads Socialists in Plan to Oust Government.

THE INTELLECTUALS IN REVOLT

Count Lamsdorff Not Likely To Be Given a Seat in Witte's Ministry—Gapon Returns.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 13.—With each day's developments it becomes more apparent that Russian reformers have learned little of the lessons of history and that Russia is destined like other countries before her to travel a thorny path to freedom. She seems determined to pay the heaviest price for her political education.

This, perhaps, is not strange, considering that all the intelligent classes are engaged in a revolt against the old order of things; the ministers of the moment clasp hands with the ultra-revolutionists to accomplish the downfall of the autocracy.

The result is that the reform elements are distrustful of the Government, and take pride in holding aloof as if everybody connected with the Government was a conspirator. There is no solid conservative element to act as a brake upon those who shrink from no political experiments, no matter how radical.

The various groups into which the Liberals are splitting, and even those who advocate the very constitutionalism into which Count Witte is seeking to conduct the Government, seemingly would rather let the country drift into anarchy than lift a finger to aid him.

The spread of agrarian disorders in Saratov is a new and threatening phase of the situation, emphasizing the necessity of quieting the country. It is significant in connection with the fear of mutiny among the troops that the council for national defense has taken occasion to issue a public statement to the effect that army reforms for the betterment of the conditions of the men, including the improvement of food and clothing and an increase of pay, are under consideration.

The retirement of Count Lamsdorff, minister of foreign affairs, when the Douma meets, is certain, but he may continue in office until then. He is fitted neither by temperament nor training to hold office in a ministry responsible to Parliament, where he would have to reply to interpellations. Gapon Coming Back.

M. D'Zwolsky, Russian minister at Copenhagen, enjoys great favor at court and in the Douma, and would be a successor to Count Lamsdorff, but the exigencies of the situation later might compel the selection of another. The new policy of national education, which is one of the principal planks of Count Witte's platform, has been inaugurated by the ministry of education of all the imperial educational institutions which are now mostly under the protection of the emperor.

The endowment of \$4,000,000, or thus he added to the national education fund. Father Gapon has taken advantage of the amnesty and is now on his way to St. Petersburg.

Perhaps the most interesting phase of the confused situation in Russia, caused by the sudden loosening of political forces, is an attitude of Social Democracy, who claim all the credit for the overthrow of absolutism, and who are determined that they shall not be cheated of the fruit of victory by bogus Liberals, who took no part in the real contest.

Not only a democratic republic, but a universal socialist Utopia is their dream. Their far-reaching programme is announced in Russian papers which have just been launched.

The Novaya Zhizn (New Life), and Nashaia (The Beginning), in which their aims and views are set forth, will repay careful consideration on the part of foreign students of the present political struggle in Russia.

**Gorky On Utopia.** The staffs of the papers are composed of 40 of the most brilliant writers in Russia, including Maxim Gorky and Kipling, author of "The Red Rover." Political visionaries are everywhere, but they have embraced the doctrine of international socialism, with their whole attention, and are exercising great influence on Russian thought in the present chaotic conditions.

They openly scorn the teachings of history, claiming that the world is entering on a new stage of social and political evolution.

The next step will be the leveling of all social ranks. They already speak with contempt of their present allies, the Bourgeoisie, for whom the overthrow of absolutism was the final goal.

Gorky says: "For the proletariat political revolution is only one stage on the road to social revolution. The Bourgeoisie are content with half measures and are not ready to completely anything, a right way and a wrong way. Take, for instance, a man with a bad back, there are lots of them, and of various kinds, some with stitches and twinges, others with cricks and twinges; then there's the dull, heavy continuous kind that lasts all day and doesn't sleep at night. They're all bad enough, they're all hard enough to get rid of. Some people rub the back with liniment, others cover it with plasters, either or both means often bring relief, but the pain comes back—it's the wrong way to cure the trouble."

**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**

have a way to cure backache, a way that's all their own—the right way. They're all wrong for the kidneys only. When the kidneys fail in their work, the blood the back aches because they are situated in the small of the back; backache is the kidney's warning of trouble, and every day you let the warning go it brings you nearer to urinary disorders, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, etc.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure every form of kidney ills and that's why they bring such quick relief from backache. Mr. Fred Gray, Good Corner, N.B., writes: "I was greatly troubled with pain across my back. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, and received so much benefit from them that I consider them the best remedy for kidney trouble there is. I would not be without them in my house."

Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25, all dealers or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

destroying the outer bulwarks of the autocracy they were at the head singing songs of triumph."

Continuing, Gorky draws a contemptuous picture of the self-satisfied tradesmen in the cities, "with their eyes blinded by the great tragedy of life, everlastingly content if they only can get their daily gain from labor, soothing their minds with the delusion that they are cultivating their souls with promises of religion made up of century-old lies."

**FOUR HUSBANDS' GREEN SOD**

Buried in Separate Churchyards Their Tombs Well Watched.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 11.—One of the oddest wills in the history of Berks county was filed this afternoon. It was that of Polly Fisher, who died in Leesport, October 27.

Mrs. Fisher was married four times, and all of her husbands are dead. She bequeaths the bulk of her estate to the churches in the graveyard of which her husbands are buried. Her estate, real and personal, is valued at \$5,200; all but \$200 of this is real estate, consisting of three houses in Leesport, one in Vigginville, and a farm in Bern township.

One of the houses in Leesport is given to John Reitz, and it is directed that the residue of the estate be converted into money. The funds thus derived are to be divided into five equal parts, to be distributed to the following churches:

First Church, Perry township, where her second husband, George Huffman, is buried; Leesport Church, the resting place of her first husband, Daniel Narsing; Episcopalian church, where lies the body of her fourth husband, William Fisher; Moslem church, the grave of the third husband, William Hartman; and St. Peter's German Reformed Church, in Richmond township. The bequests are made for the use of the churches and the keeping in repair of the graves of the deceased's husbands.

With some people life appears to be a continuous sleep.

**Cure For The Blues**

ONE MEDICINE THAT HAS NEVER FAILED

Health Fully Restored and the Joy of Life Regained

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is being plagued with the perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture. It is usually this way: "She has been feeling 'out of sorts' for some time; head has ached and back also; has slept poorly, been quite nervous, and nearly fainting once or twice; head dizzy, and heart-beats very fast; then, during her menstrual period, she has been exceedingly despondent. Nothing pleases her. Her doctor says: 'Cheer up; you have dyspepsia; you will be all right soon.'"

But she doesn't get "all right," and hope vanishes, even the cheering, brooding, morbid, melancholy, overlasting BLUES.

Don't wait until your sufferings have driven you to despair, with your nerves all shattered and your courage gone, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. See what it did for Madame Josephine Rivville, Mastai, Que. She writes:

"I suffered for four years with female troubles—indigestion, stomach and fallopian tubes which caused me violent pain and often torture, so much so that I could not walk at times and attend to my daily duties. Life was misery to me. I was so blue and despondent I did not know which way to turn for relief. I had tried the doctors but they would not help me. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, so I bought a bottle. I am glad that I did so, for I am well and strong to-day and the whole misery is over. I am in perfect health, thanks to your medicine."

If you have some derangement of the female organism write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

**A RIGHT WAY and A WRONG WAY**

Many people have many ways to bring about the same result. Most of them are mistaken ways, but this is not known until the test of time points plainly to the error. Encephaly, or the brain, is a very complicated, anything, a right way and a wrong way. Take, for instance, a man with a bad back, there are lots of them, and of various kinds, some with stitches and twinges, others with cricks and twinges; then there's the dull, heavy continuous kind that lasts all day and doesn't sleep at night. They're all bad enough, they're all hard enough to get rid of. Some people rub the back with liniment, others cover it with plasters, either or both means often bring relief, but the pain comes back—it's the wrong way to cure the trouble."

**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**

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Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25, all dealers or The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

## SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY

—Mild and showery.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

### New Walking Skirts

Just received a day or so ago: A charming collection of Walking Skirts, now on view in our Mantle Section. If you are at all interested in Walking Skirts—contemplate adding one or two to your wardrobe in the near future—you will want to see these stylish garments. They define the latest New York modes—counterparts of the smart, dressy skirts the fashionable ladies of the large metropolitan cities are at present wearing. Come. Welcome! Just a few hints:

A \$6.50 Skirt is made of fashionable Black Broadcloth, with stitched strappings of cloth in panel effect, front and sides.

For one dollar less—\$5.50—You can have a very neat style in Black Panama, 7 gore. Extra pleat on each seam. Buttons for trimmings.

Another \$6.50 Skirt is a 13 gore style in Black Canvas Cloth. Panel seams reversed. Arrow pointed straps between panels.

A Smart Panama Cloth Skirt shows a panel effect and pleated gores. Price.....\$7.00

Black, Blue, Brown and Green Venetian Cloth Skirts, 7 gore, pleated on each seam, smartly finished with strappings of cloth and buttons. Price.....\$8.00

A Handsome Box Pleated Style in Black or Brown Panama. Costs.....\$8.50

9 Gore Black, Blue and Green Venetian Skirts. Cluster of inverted tucks on each seam. 3 folds of cloth around bottom. Very attractive modes. Price.....\$9.50

The New Pleated Skirt of beautiful silky finished sedan will be admired by many. Costs but.....\$13.50

**An Advance Style Black Cashmere Velour Finish**

From recent indications Black Cashmeres appear certain to be in the vanguard of next spring's dress goods styles—possibly in first place. Realizing that many women would appreciate the chance of being able to select the newest vogue in BLACK GOODS in advance of the season we imported a large shipment of these elegant fabrics. They have just arrived from Germany and expect you to call and make their acquaintance shortly. Why not tomorrow?

These Cashmeres have a beautiful, soft texture, with an elegant satin velour finish. The moderate prices are sure to please.

Black German Velour Cashmere, 42 inches wide, at per yard.....65c

A little finer quality, same width.....75c

Still better quality, same width.....85c

An elegant fabric, same width.....\$1.00

Out-of-town customers send for samples.

**IF YOU LIVED IN THE CITY** you would buy your goods here, wouldn't you? But no matter where you are located you can buy at this store whatever you desire—buy satisfactorily, too. How? By taking advantage of our MAIL ORDER DEPT.—as many, very many others are doing. Why not?

**SMALLMAN & INGRAM,** 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street.

The vicar of an English health resort has issued the following notice: "To meet the convenience of visitors arrangements have been made with the vicar of this parish for the burial of guests at greatly reduced fees. The privilege may be withdrawn if it is abused."

A bee, unladen, will fly forty miles an hour; but one returning to the hive

### BIG Linen Event

Clearing up the odd lines, resulting from a busy season's selling, so as to have everything in "apple pie" order for the tremendous Christmas Linen Trade. That's the reason for the surprising prices advertised today. No better way to speed the parting Linen guests than to reduce the prices marked on their tickets. Then there's sure to be throngs of people eager to welcome them to their homes and tables. The following list will show you just how enticingly interesting the values are. Read carefully. Come early. The sale is now on.

This event comprises odd pieces of TABLING by the yard, bleached and unbleached. Odd dozens and half dozens of Napkins. Odd lines of TOWELS and TOWELING. A number of TABLE CLOTHS, which we have no napkins to match, some slightly soiled and otherwise imperfect. Among these are some of the finest Irish Hand Loom Linens.

1 Piece 75c Unbleached Tabling, 68 inches wide, to clear at, per yard.....59c

3 Pieces 35c Unbleached Tabling, 56 inches wide, priced to clear at, per yard.....25c

3 More Pieces of that Special Half Bleached Pure Linen Tabling, that sold so rapidly a short time ago. Marked to clear at.....39c

1 Piece 90 Inch Bleached Tabling, for wide tables, good design, our \$1.25 quality. Clearing at, yd. 97c

A Few Dozen Odd TRAY CLOTHS, pure linen, hemstitched, 18x27, to clear at, each.....25c

Tea Cloth Bargain: Several dozen hemstitched damask Tea Cloths, all linen, 36x36, suitable for Christmas gifts, etc. To clear at, special, each.....79c

Many other lines of Tea Cloths, Tray Cloths, Scarfs, etc., will be on sale at special prices. Quantities too small, and prices too numerous to enumerate in detail. Come and examine them for yourself. You're sure to find something—likely many articles—that you will want to buy.

**See Display in East Window.**

**Specials in Ladies' Coats**

We won't say much about these coats. Prior to let the prices do their own talking. Certainly you'll be surprised at these values—more so when you see the coats face-to-face.

Ladies' Coat of Dark Brown Tweed, ¾ length, full box coat, fly front, inverted pleat in back with strap at waist. Special for.....\$5.50

Ladies' Coat of Dark Tweed, ¾ length, double-breasted box coat, yoke in back, inverted pleat from yoke, velvet collar. Special for.....\$5.50

Ladies' Coat of Mixed Tweed, 44 inches long, Empire style, pleats from yoke, finished with strappings of cloth, collar and cuffs trimmed with broad cloth. Special.....\$8.75

Ladies' Coat of Dark Tweed, 40 inches long, double-breasted box coat, pleated back, front trimmed with straps of cloth forming pockets. Special for.....\$7.00

**3 Quilt ???**

Do your beds need new over-dresses—Quilts?

Do you know our stock of Quilts is at present complete with an extensive variety of the newest designs?

Do you know anything about our present splendid values?

**Investigate! Investigate! Investigate!**

90c Honeycomb Quilts, good size, special price.....78c

Just received: Colored Honeycomb Quilts, in pink and blue, fringed all around, price.....75c

White English Honeycomb Quilts, fringed or hemmed, special value at.....\$1.00

Fine American Crochet Quilts, 76x86, new Marseilles designs, regular.....\$1.48

\$1.75 value for.....\$2.00

Heavy American Crochet Quilts, pretty Marseilles designs, size 80 x 90, extra value at.....\$2.00

Fine Marseilles Quilts, 73 x 94, all new designs, just arrived into stock, price.....\$2.00

Very Fine Marseilles Quilts, splendid quality, latest designs, beautiful satin finish, large sizes, at.....\$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50

Very Large Marseilles Quilts, in effective designs, fine quality, size 80 x 96.....\$2.50

Other Marseilles Quilts at.....\$1.50, \$2.25, \$2.75

## Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, gone—e-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, and restores color to gray hair. A splendid dressing also. Sold for over sixty years. E. C. Ayer & Co.

Gorky makes a scathing characterization of the attitude of the Bourgeoisie, in which he classes the Zemstvoists and other constitutionalists who now, he says, would like to play the role of "The progenitors of Mark Twain," adding, "while the workmen's army marched to battle they hung in the rear, but the army returned after

bears the following inscription: "The Pictet, dealer in firewood, polishes of floors, undertaker and embalmer. Festal and wedding dinners and suppers provided. Debtors evicted."

Two thousand vessels of all sorts disappear in the sea every year, never to be heard from, taking 12,000 human beings and involving a money loss of \$100,000,000.



TRANSIENT CONDENSED AD-  
VERTISEMENTS - NO AD-  
 VERBEMENTS LESS  
 THAN 10 CENTS

MISCELLANEOUS - When an admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. ARTICLES FOR SALE, TO LET, HELP WANTED, SITUATIONS WANTED, BOARD AND LODGINGS, LOST AND FOUND, ROOMS TO LET, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, ETC. - First insertion, one cent per word, each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisements less than ten words.

## BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

**BIRTHS.**  
MACKAY - On Friday, Nov. 19, 1935, the Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mackay, of Byron, a son.

**MARRIAGES.**  
NEEDHAM - TALBOT - On Wednesday, Nov. 8, 1935, at the residence of the bride's father, 140 Horton street, by Rev. R. S. Howard, Annie H., second daughter of E. R. Talbot, Esq., to William Needham, of this city.

**MORGAN - SMALLMAN** - In St. Paul's Cathedral, London, Canada, on Nov. 8, 1935, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Huron, assisted by the Ven. Archdeacon Richardson and the Rev. Canon Dann, Rector of the cathedral, Capt. Claude K. Morgan, R.A.M.C., Cairo, Egypt, to Eleanor, only daughter of T. H. Smallman, Esq., Waverley, London, Canada.

**DEATHS.**  
ROBB - In this city, on Nov. 9, 1935, Elizabeth Smith, relict of the late John Robb, of London Township, in her 84th year.

Funeral from her late residence, 223 Hyman street, on Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 2 p.m.; service, 1:30. Interment in Decker's Cemetery, third concession, London Township.

**MACKAY** - On Friday, Nov. 19, 1935, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mackay, of Byron.

**ROBB** - In this city, on Nov. 9, 1935, Elizabeth Smith, relict of the late John Robb, of London Township, in her 84th year.

Funeral from the residence of her son, Mr. Frank R. Shore, White Oak, on Tuesday, at 2:30; service at 2 o'clock. Interment at Glanworth Cemetery.

**MCCARTNEY** - In Chelsea Green, Westminster Township, on Nov. 12, 1935, George, relict of the late Teresa McCartney, aged 59 years, 10 months and 20 days.

Funeral from the residence of his son, Mr. James McCartney, Chelsea Green, east of Wellington road, on Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 9 a.m.; service at 10 a.m. Interment in the cemetery at Chelsea Green.

**MILLS** - On Nov. 11, 1935, at Victoria Hospital, James Mills, aged 65 years.

Funeral from the undertaking parlors of Elliott & Olmsted on Tuesday, at 2 p.m., to Woodland Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

**MANBRIDGE** - In this city, on Nov. 12, 1935, Maggie, beloved wife of George Manbridge, aged 32 years.

Funeral from the family residence, 105 Bruce street, on Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1935, at 3 p.m.; services at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

**AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.**  
**GRAND THURS. 16**  
**Nov. 16**

**The YANKEE CONSUL**  
ENSEMBLE OF 75  
Reuben  
Fax  
MOSTLY GIRLS  
SEATS: 25c to \$1.50. Now on sale.  
AUDITORIUM, THURSDAY, NOV. 16.  
**Second Number**  
**Y. M. C. A. Course.**  
LULU TYLER GATES AND COMPANY OF ARTISTS.  
Reserved seats, Tuesday, 3 a.m. Phone 50.  
A FINE ATTRACTION.

**BENNETT'S**  
London's Popular Family Theater.  
Splendid Vaudeville, 2 acts, prices Musical, Acrobatic, Dancing, Singing and Comedy.  
Every night, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.  
Roller skating at JUBILEE  
Rink. Ladies admitted free tonight.  
Also instruction free.

**ALLAN LINE**  
Tunisian ships Friday, Nov. 17, last trip from Montreal to Liverpool. Get your tickets at once. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, old stand.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY AT-  
LANTIC** Steamship Lines - Last ship from Montreal to Liverpool, Lake Manitoba, Thursday, Nov. 21, by B. Clarke, Richmond street, old stand.

**FRANK GRUBER'S ORCHESTRA**, OR-  
pianist for all engagements. 245 Talbot street. Phone 1350.

**DANCING - BEGINNERS' CLASSES**,  
next week: Gentlemen, Monday; Ladies, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Terms moderate. Call or phone 1774. Dayton & McCormick.

**PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING** by  
R. B. Millard. Waits, 2 steps. Lessons every hour. Residence and academy, 545 Princess avenue.

**65 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CON-  
SERVATORY** Music last year. Mr. Murray hears all pupils play, and gives records.

**CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR**  
private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 1355. Tony Villa's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

**LONDON MINERAL BATHS** - NEW  
baths now open. Everything new.

**TONY CORTESE - THE ORIGINAL**  
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have by calling at this office, proving  
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60c

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Owner can have same by proving prop-  
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any milk in quantities under ten quarts  
in the City of London, from the 15th day  
of November, 1935, to the 30th of Decem-  
ber, 1935, inclusive, at less than 6 cents per quart, or 15 quarts  
or over, for not less than 5 cents per quart.  
Also cream not less than 25 cents per  
quart and whipping cream not less than  
40 cents per quart.

As security that we will stand by each  
other's names are set out in the published  
alphabetically in the two daily papers for  
three consecutive days, and once a month  
thereafter, until the time expires for  
charging 6 cents per quart for milk:

1. Aylesworth, H. W.; 2. Berry, R. M.;  
3. Brownlie, H.; 4. Brunner, A.; 5. Clare, S.;  
6. Curtis, J.; 7. Collier, J.; 8. Cox, F. J.;  
9. Dale, G. A.; 10. Dobbe, F.; 11. Foster, T.;  
12. Forman, J.; 13. Foster, T.; 14. Foster,  
E.; 15. Hammond, J.; 16. Hord, A. E.; 17.  
Higgs, A.; 18. Hill, T.; 19. Hazlewood, E.;  
20. Leck, J. J.; 21. Leck, J. J.; 22. McElroy,  
P. P.; 23. McKelvie, W.; 24. Montague, P.  
A.; 25. Morden, W. M.; 26. Nicholas, J. J.;  
27. McAlpine, N. J.; 28. Nicholls, J. J.;  
29. Phoenix, W. M.; 30. Polle, E.; 31. Player,  
C. S.; 32. Patterson, W.; 33. Ross, J. D.; 34.  
Saul, G. F.; 35. Scott, J. J.; 36. Sutherland,  
J. S.; 37. Saul, G. F.; 38. Summers, L.;  
39. Sloan, W. S.; 40. Scott, J. J.; 41. Summers,  
G. H.; 42. Topham, G. H.; 43. Thompson, A.;  
44. Topping, G. S.; 45. Topping, J. W.; 46. Wyatt,  
A. G.; 47. Worrall, R. J.; 48. Weir, G. M.;  
49. The following milkmen, J. W. 50. Wyatt,  
A. G.; 51. Davis, G. H.; 52. Hord, A. E.;  
53. Higgs, A.; 54. Hill, T.; 55. Hazlewood, E.;  
56. Leck, J. J.; 57. Leck, J. J.; 58. McKelvie,  
W.; 59. Montague, P. A.; 60. Morden, W. M.;  
61. Nicholls, J. J.; 62. Phoenix, W. M.; 63.  
Polle, E.; 64. Player, C. S.; 65. Patterson,  
W.; 66. Ross, J. D.; 67. Saul, G. F.; 68. Scott,  
J. J.; 69. Sutherland, J. S.; 70. Sloan, W. S.;  
71. Scott, J. J.; 72. Summers, G. H.; 73. Topham,  
G. H.; 74. Thompson, A.; 75. Topping, G. S.;  
76. Topping, J. W.; 77. Wyatt, A. G.; 78. Worrall,  
R. J.; 79. Weir, G. M.; 80. The following milkmen,  
J. W. 81. Davis, G. H.; 82. Hord, A. E.; 83. Higgs,  
A.; 84. Hill, T.; 85. Hazlewood, E.; 86. Leck,  
J. J.; 87. Leck, J. J.; 88. McKelvie, W.; 89. Montague,  
P. A.; 90. Morden, W. M.; 91. Nicholls, J. J.;  
92. Phoenix, W. M.; 93. Polle, E.; 94. Player,  
C. S.; 95. Patterson, W.; 96. Ross, J. D.; 97. Saul,  
G. F.; 98. Scott, J. J.; 99. Sutherland, J. S.;  
100. Sloan, W. S.; 101. Scott, J. J.; 102. Summers,  
G. H.; 103. Topham, G. H.; 104. Thompson, A.;  
105. Topping, G. S.; 106. Topping, J. W.; 107. Wyatt,  
A. G.; 108. Worrall, R. J.; 109. Weir, G. M.;  
110. The following milkmen, J. W. 111. Davis,  
G. H.; 112. Hord, A. E.; 113. Higgs, A.; 114. Hill,  
T.; 115. Hazlewood, E.; 116. Leck, J. J.; 117. Leck,  
J. J.; 118. McKelvie, W.; 119. Montague, P. A.;  
120. Morden, W. M.; 121. Nicholls, J. J.; 122. Phoenix,  
W. M.; 123. Polle, E.; 124. Player, C. S.; 125. Pat-  
terson, W.; 126. Ross, J. D



## London Advertiser.

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Business Office .....107  
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Job Department .....175

LONDON, MONDAY, NOV. 13.

## Reverend ad Absurdum.

When young Mr. Bennett, of Calgary, has crawled from beneath the wreck of his political fortunes, and has time for reflection, he will see that he has himself to blame for an anti-climax which has made him an object of ridicule and reproach from one end of the country to the other. His speeches in London and North Oxford must return to plague him. No doubt many of his hearers took him at his word, and believed that he honestly interpreted western sentiment. They were deceived as to the real situation, but it is questionable whether Mr. Bennett himself was deceived for a single moment. Here is a passage from his speech in this city on May 30, which no public man with a sense of responsibility would have uttered:

"If you turn down Mr. Hyman on the 13th of June, I think they will withdraw that clause. Never in the history of Canada has such a great responsibility as is thrust upon you, electors of London. Once this act goes upon the statute book, it cannot be withdrawn. They say they will go to London and get an act indorsing it before we may do so. I tell you, the west will never stand that. THERE WILL BE A REVOLUTION BEFORE THE WEST WILL SUBMIT. We had a premier of this country once who said he would have shouldered his musket on the banks of the Saskatchewan had he been there. Then if with all this sunny ways he would have done this thing for grievances such as had these people, what may we not have the right to do when confronted by the grievances that are being thrust upon us today? May we not have the right to take all the cannon, all the gatling guns we can get?"

In the light of recent events in Alberta, these words are mer- y ridiculous, but they were eagerly seized upon at the time by the inflammatory press, and had some effect upon public opinion in this Province. "We do that in our zeal our calmer moments are afraid to answer," Mr. Bennett may have been zealous, but he was not honest with his audience. He would not have presumed to use such language in his own Province. It is plain that he was trying to seduce the electors of London and North Oxford, and to reduce an effect at any cost. There was an exaggeration that verged on the burlesque in all of Mr. Bennett's speeches in this part of the country, and the wonder is that any intelligent persons failed to detect the note of insincerity. Here are a few more extracts from his addresses in this city (vide Free Press report), which showed him to be inebriated with the exuberance of his own verbosity:

"The Government said the west should not try to seduce the electors. They were afraid to let go the staff they had created. But who bought and paid for these lands? Who bought the land of these great plains in the east? It was the British soldiers, and they paid for it with their blood." (Great cheering.)

"By the memory of the men who died on the Plains of Abraham, the west asked for the control of the lands that were their own. The same right to them as the people of Ontario had to these lands bought and paid for by British blood.

"Suns might rise and suns might set. Civilization might broaden and widen. But forever and forever our hands are tied, and our feet are bound by this restriction Sir Wilfrid and Mr. Hyman would place upon us.

"They tell you the west don't care. Well, I am here to say the west cares, so far as I am concerned. Do you think I have come so long a journey as I have that I might speak to you, if I did not care? And so long as I have a voice within me to speak, so long shall my voice be heard in that western country; so will I never cease to agitate until we get the rights of free men and not slaves and vassals.

"Men of London, I ask you in the name of a free and aspiring west, one day the home of your children and your children's children, I ask you, not because of any resentment against Mr. Hyman, but only because for a bad and vicious principle—but because you are unalterably opposed to coercion in its worst form. I ask you to go to the polls, and as free men strike a blow for freedom and freedom's cause in this great land by marking your ballot for my friend, William Gray."

All of which was the veriest balderdash. Mr. Bennett knew it then; the electors of London and North Oxford know it now, if some of them were misled for the moment by his rhetorical fervor. The spouts of Mr. Bennett's eloquence have been rather mercilessly closed, but the discipline may do him good.

## Hearst, the Demagogue.

The Toronto Telegram takes exception to some strictures upon yellow journalism by Prof. Adam Shortt, of Queen's University. Prof. Shortt was thankful that in Canada there were no such journals as William Randolph Hearst's paper, the New York American, to which the Telegram replies that "it will be many a day before Queen's University or any other Canadian college sends out a public man who will do as much to purge grafter and corporation politics out of the public life of this country as W. R. Hearst has done in the last week to drive these evils out of the public life of the United States." With its usual philosophical the Telegram describes the majority of Canadian papers as speaking trumpets for corporations and party bosses, and says that few of them approach the New York American in power and usefulness.

The Telegram has added Hearst to its collection of unsavory heroes—a man who has been for years the most degrading influence in American journalism. His papers thrive by serving swill and offal to the public. A

leading publicist once stigmatized them as "pustular and pornographic." They have no respect for the sanctities of life, they pander to prurience, and appeal to the lowest prejudices. The contemptible character of Hearst was revealed just before the recent majority election by the references in his paper to the approaching visit of the British fleet to New York. He attacked Mayor McClellan because the latter, as in duty bound, had arranged to tender Prince Louis of Battenburg a civic welcome. Under glaring headlines the American printed this shameful stuff:

"If you are an ordinary sort of a worker, entertaining the idea that it is rather foolish for a republic to spend taxpayers' money in entertaining the little hangers-on of an English court, this is the time for you to say so.

"The gentlemen who have agreed to spend the money to entertain the English prince are now in office—and they are listening to you most respectfully. But if you come around and try to talk to them after election, can't you imagine the reception you will get?"

"You won't even get near anybody. You will be told to get out of the way; stand far back on the sidewalk—the prince is coming.

"The only question you can settle is this:

"When the English fleet and the English prince arrive and eat the food paid for out of your pockets and out of the pockets of sailors, they will be received by the mayor, George B. Smith, in fancy, I can plainly wear the bell ring out its call.

"The mayor, George B. McClellan, will either be re-elected for four years by you—which will mean that you like to have your money spent for English princes—

"Or else, the mayor will be defeated, and the people of England will know that the man who is spending your money on them has been put out of office by the voters of New York."

If Hearst had been elected he would have refused to receive the prince and every decent American citizen would have hung his head in shame. The presence of the British squadron in the harbor of New York is a courtesy in return for the recent visit of an American squadron at Portsmouth, where the Yankee tars received a whole-souled welcome. McClellan, whatever his associations may be, proved himself a gentleman. Hearst is a blatant demagogue, and now that he has become a national figure, a dangerous one. He is the yellow peril of the United States.

Laval students have been disgracing themselves by disturbing a religious service and mobbing a French-Canadian paper that had the courage to rebuke them. McGill students, a body of them also misconducted themselves at the time of the Boer war. There is no particular lesson to be drawn in either case except that the students of a large university are a law unto themselves, and need not be taken too seriously.

The tariff commissioners must have been startled by the testimony of Mr. Wright, the Montreal representative

A. & S. Northheimer, the piano makers. The commissioners expected every manufacturer to ask for an increase in the tariff on his own wares, but Mr. Wright told them the Canadian piano manufacturers were at their wits' end to keep up with orders, and that the entrance of some higher class American pianos would afford temporary relief. "Had it not been for some of the higher class American pianos finding a way into Canadian homes, Canadian manufacturers would not be turning out the excellent instruments that are now on the market," said Mr. Wright. It is refreshing to hear such evidence. A certain amount of foreign competition is an excellent thing for any industry. It not only prevents monopoly, but it tends to keep the quality of the domestic product on a par with the best that foreigners can make. And show, Canadian pianos and organs are the equal of any that are made, and are able to hold their own in the markets of the world.

## The Russian Freeman.

(Washington Star.)

Out of a darkness far blacker than night, Hurled unexpectedly into the light, Viewing the sun with too careless a gaze, Writling in pain at the touch of its rays,

Hating the horrors that gathered so fast, Struggling and snarling, suspicious and sore, Killers of cursing and worse than before.

## Up-to-Date Literature.

(Brooklyn Life.)

Farmer Soxide—What's the book you read about Maudy?

Aunt Maudy—'Bout the war, Joshua, it's one of these here hysterical novels.

## The Old Excuse.

(New York Sun.)

The Sparrow had just shot Cock Robin.

"Mistook him for a deer while out hunting," he explained.

This was really the origin of the time-honored custom.

## Explained.

(New York Sun.)

Johnny—Pa, what is intuition?

Pa—The mother of I told you so.

## A Savore Blow.

(Cleveland Plaindealer.)

"The disappearance of the lobster is going to be a severe blow to the members of at least two professions."

"What are they?"

"Physicians and humorists."

## The Line of Demarcation.

(Smart Set.)

Holt—The worst thing about a fool is that he doesn't keep his mouth shut.

Benson—Well, if he did he wouldn't be a fool, would he?

## Trouble Anyway.

(Cleveland Leader.)

Les make almost as much trouble in this world as telling the truth.

## Distressing.

(Philadelphia Press.)

"It's really distressing to think," said

the wealthy Mr. Farrasy, "that many very common and ignorant people will be admitted to heaven."

"Well," replied Mr. Cutting, "that needn't worry you."

## Happy School Days.

(Sam Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.)

Back upon the little schoolhouse, and live o'er those happy days.

I can see the sweet-faced teacher, as I stood beside her knee,

Droning on my little lesson—"My, my, my,"

I can hear her gentle accents, as she spoke when I was through,

Saying, "You may now be sented," always adding, "That will do."

And I still am thrilled as fancy leads me past the meadows home,

Where dear, anxious mother waited with her fine-toothed comb.

What a privilege I deemed it when the teacher let me stand alone!

To the distant spring for water! What cared I for wind or snow?

For a fortnight, I remember, I adored Cornelia Gray.

When her older sister Clara basely threw my love away,

But my heart, though somewhat fickle, always had a tender place

For the gentle, slender teacher, with her sweet, sad-looking face,

And a place still far more tender for the anxious one at home,

Who, when school was out, stood waiting with her fine-toothed comb.

III.

Ah, the little old white schoolhouse! I can see it standing there

At the foot of the hill, where the guidepost leaned with signs of wear

Still in fancy, I can plainly wear the bell ring out its call.

And I know just where I whittled my initials on the wall.

And the scratched and dusty blackboard!

"I can never more, alas!"

Earn such pride or feel such triumph as were mine when from the class

I was first called up to figure, and forgot to think of home

Even ceased to think of mother and her fine-toothed comb!

IV.

Someone else today is sitting at the desk

Someone else today is learning that two, three and four are nine;

The sweet-faced teacher whom I loved has long been dead;

Where she sat there sits another looking longingly ahead.

And the curls that wittily tumbled over my forehead, where are they?

Oh, to stand there, struggling bravely with my A, B, C's today,

Oh, to wrangle through long hours and at last go romping home

To find mother waiting for me with her fine-toothed comb!

## A Sample Tariff.

(Hamilton Times.)

The manager of the Montreal woollen mills asked the tariff commission for higher duties, and belittled those who sought lower duties because they did not represent so much capital as he did. He would not deny that some of the woollen mills had more orders than they could fill, and that the stock was \$200,000. Where did the other \$100,000 come from? Was it borrowed? No. Then the national inference is that the mills had piled up \$100,000, or 50 per cent of the capital, in surplus profits. Ought such a company to wish to tax the farmers and other consumers more in duties?

## A Natural Inference.

(Harper's Weekly.)

Six-year-old Fanny, just returned from Sunday school, seemed to have something on her mind. "Mother," she said, after a while, "they must have had very large beds in Bible times."

"Well, our teacher told us today that Abraham slept with his four fathers."

## Pity Of It.

(Chicago News.)

Naomi—Young Goodwin tried to kiss me last night and I told him to behave.

Eloise—And did he kiss you?

Naomi—No, the idiot actually behaved.

## Unavoidable.

(Life.)

Owner of automobile (to chauffeur)—Have you any recommendation from your last employer?

Chauffeur—No, sir, but I guess I can get in the course of a month or so.

"Why the delay?"

"He's in the hospital."

## Without Her Make-up.

(Exchange.)

At luncheon she is like a queen;

At dinner like an empress fair;

At night so smiling and serene

She seems an angel seated there—

A creature whom some bard of old

Would choose to praise in choicest rhyme.

Alas! Oh, youth; could you behold

This self-same girl at breakfasttime!

For smiles can not endure for aye,

And e'en complexions sometimes fade.

And wavy tresses will not stay

In place without some proper aid.

The dancing lights a wondrous spell

May weave at midnight's mystic charm.

Illusions vanish, truth to tell,

Most ruthlessly at breakfast time.

## Bad for the Civil Service.

(Windsor Record.)

Mr. Whitney is zealously putting in practice what he denounced in opposition. Partisanship is a capital offense in a Reform office-holder, but these parties are being replaced with another brand of partisanship. This is the spoils system. The Whitney policy will tend to the demoralization of the civil service. Every Conservative will become an active partisan devoted to the business of keeping his own party in power.

How About the "Frost" of Nov. 9.

(Winnipeg Tribune, Nov. 8.)

Heavy frosts prevail in Saskatchewan these days—which may account for the fact that Walter Scott's ear is said to be "frozen to the ground."

## Full Measure.

(Success.)

James Whitcomb Riley was looking over a fence on his farm at a field of rye when a neighbor who was driving a horse and said:

"Hello, Mr. Riley, how's your rye doing?"

"Fine, fine," replied the poet.

"How much do you expect to clear to the acre?"

"'Tis about four gallons," answered Mr. Riley, soberly.

## His New Sister.

(Cleveland Leader.)

The Woman—"No! But I can be a sister to you."

The Man—"All right. Call your sister Cowan, and I'll propose to her at once."

## The Desolation of Ireland

[Translated from "Sous la Couronne d'Angleterre," by Firman Roz.]

Where are the houses, where are the workmen, where is the life of men? The sense of existence stirs so little the tranquil surface of nature, and makes so little hubbub, that one forgets it. The peasants' cottages add no gaiety to the dreary moorlands in which they are lost, for nothing moves about them. Dismal as the bogs themselves, silent as the green earth, they are the eternal apathy of the land, they are totally without the genial activity that ordinarily issues about the homes of county villages, like the humming of bees in a garden of flowers. Nearly always isolated, or set in groups of two, or three, or four, the Irish huts are seldom brought together so as to form a noisy and pleasant little republic, or, in other words, to constitute a village. With their thatched roofs, their low windows cut in little panels stretched across the hatch panel to let in the light, they leave a curiously melancholy impression upon the mind. None of them have even the fragment of a garden. They are set in the fields, or in the moorland, the richer ones flanked by a slate-roofed shed, a luxury of recent years. On the side where the wind is sharpest the roofs are kept firm, sometimes by ropes, and sometimes by wooden supports. As one penetrates into the bogs, the dreariness of the landscape, Mayo and Donegal—the general aspect is more miserable still. Damp coats the walls with a humid moss. The air is cold and heavy, and to keep it in place are simply weighted with heavy stones. In the Isle of Achill the ancient villages of Keel and Dooagh stretch across the landscape of primitive huts, most of them without gables or chimneys. These guide books never fail to compare to the dreariness of the landscape. Everywhere there are dilapidated walls, roofless hovels, and a general picture of inaction and death, which completes the dreariness of the landscape. There is too little cultivation in this rain-sodden Ireland, and too much pasture land, where the cattle graze, the sheep, the horses, and the peasant, who, in consequence, does no work. What the scenery wants is life, the noise of labor, the fullness of harvest, the cracking of the loaded wagons the bustle of farmyards the silhouette of a field-laborer standing out against the horizon the ringing of the anvil in the forge.

Love.

(By Sidney M. Lanier.)

Look off, dear love, across the shallow sands,

And mark your meeting of the sun and moon,

How long they kiss in sight of all the lands.

Ah! longer, longer, we.

Now in the sea's red vintage melts the

As Egypt's pearl dissolved in rosy wine,

And Cleopatra night drinks all. 'Tis done,

Love, lay thine hand in mine.

Come forth, sweet stars, and comfort

Glimmer, ye waver, round else unlighted

O night! divorce our sun and sky apart,

Never our lips, our hands.

NORWAY KING IN U. S. ?

Michigan Man Claims To Be Lineal

Descendant of Last Native King.

Bessemer, Mich., Nov. 13.—Bessemer may furnish a ruler for the new vacant throne of Norway. Invitations have been received by Louis Munthe from one wing in the Norwegian Storting to visit Christiania and establish his claim as a direct descendant of Hakon V., the last independent king, who died in 1319.

Mr. Munthe has been a resident of Bessemer for more than a decade. He represented the Gogebic district in the State Legislature in 1891, being the only Democrat elected to the Legislature.

While student at Lund University, Mr. Munthe took a prominent part in the Danish-German war, and also on the subsequent attempt to overthrow the Danish dynasty. The failure of this attempt caused him to make a hasty departure for America.

The legitimate party in the Storting insists that the Norwegian throne shall be filled by a descendant of the native royal line.

The Celebrated English Cocoa.

EPSS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

Armour's Extract of Beef

USE IT RIGHT

1-4 teaspoonful of Armour's Extract of Beef will season as much soup, etc., as a whole teaspoonful of any other Extract.

A 2 oz. jar of Armour's costs more than a 2 oz. bottle of Fluid Beef, but ARMOUR'S goes 4 times as far—thus, it is really 50% cheaper.

Be sure you get ARMOUR'S—follow the directions exactly—and you will see the economy of it.

ARMOUR'S

Refuse substitutes.

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**Crash Toweling Special**

Special quality at a special price. The housekeeper likes a good Toweling. Toweling that will wash well, dry well, wear well and look well—that's the sort we are calling special. 18 inches wide, good weight, easy washing the best wearing toweling made, worth 12½¢, now on sale at.....10¢

**BAYLEY'S, 172, 174 Dundas Street.**

## FARMERS!

The prices for live hogs, for next Thursday and Friday mornings, delivered at the packing house:

Stags, 130 to 210 lbs. per cwt.....\$5.50  
Fat, light and heavy, per cwt.....\$5.25

**The Canadian Packing Co.**  
LONDON JUNCTION.

## MARKET PRICES

**LOCAL MARKET.**  
Monday, Nov. 13.  
The supply of hay was the feature of the market today. There were 22 loads marketed. Sales were brisk at \$4 and \$5 per ton, mostly at the higher figure. One load of straw sold at \$6 per ton. Three loads of oats were offered, selling at \$1 and \$1.01 per cwt.

A deckload of live hogs were purchased by J. McIntyre, who paid \$5.50 per cwt. for select, extra.

**LIVE STOCK MARKETS.**  
**CATTLE.**  
London, Nov. 13.—Cattle are quoted at \$12 to \$13 per lb; refrigerator beef, \$12 to \$13 per lb; sheep, \$10 to \$11 per lb.

**DAIRY MARKETS.**  
**COWANVILLE.**  
Cowanville, Que., Nov. 12.—At the weekly meeting of the Eastern Townships Dairy Farmers' Exchange, today, 55 creameries offered 133 boxes of cheese. Sales: Butter, 283 boxes at 25¢; 28¢, 29¢, 30¢, 31¢, 32¢, 33¢, 34¢, 35¢, 36¢, 37¢, 38¢, 39¢, 40¢, 41¢, 42¢, 43¢, 44¢, 45¢, 46¢, 47¢, 48¢, 49¢, 50¢, 51¢, 52¢, 53¢, 54¢, 55¢, 56¢, 57¢, 58¢, 59¢, 60¢, 61¢, 62¢, 63¢, 64¢, 65¢, 66¢, 67¢, 68¢, 69¢, 70¢, 71¢, 72¢, 73¢, 74¢, 75¢, 76¢, 77¢, 78¢, 79¢, 80¢, 81¢, 82¢, 83¢, 84¢, 85¢, 86¢, 87¢, 88¢, 89¢, 90¢, 91¢, 92¢, 93¢, 94¢, 95¢, 96¢, 97¢, 98¢, 99¢, 100¢.

**NEW YORK.**  
New York, Nov. 12.—Butter steady; receipts 2,200 packages; exports 2,200 packages; state dairy, common to extra, 12¢ to 12½¢. Cheese firm and unchanged; receipts, 2,200 boxes; exports, 2,200 boxes.

**CHICAGO.**  
Chicago, Ill., Nov. 12.—Butter steady; creameries, 12¢ to 12½¢; dairies, 12¢ to 12½¢. Cheese steady, 12¢ to 12½¢.

**BELLEVILLE.**  
Belleville, Ont., Nov. 12.—At today's cheese board 1,500 boxes were sold and 50 colored were boarded; sales were \$4.50 at 11¢, 50 colored at 12¢; balance sold on curb for 11¢.

**BROOKVILLE.**  
Brookville, Ont., Nov. 12.—Cheese offerings today were 3,700, mostly colored; a few sold at 12¢, but ruling price was 11¢.

**CORNWALL.**  
Cornwall, Ont., Nov. 12.—Five hundred and six boxes of cheese were offered and 500 colored were sold for 12 to 12½¢.

**RUSSELL.**  
Russell, Ont., Nov. 12.—At the cheese board tonight 900 boxes were boarded; everything cleared at 12¢; buyers, Ault, Weir, Hutchinson, Carson, Brown.

**CANTON.**  
Canton, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Twelve hundred tons of butter offered; sold for 22¢; 2,000 LIVERPOOL DAIRY REPORT, WEEK ENDING NOV. 12.

[Hodgson Bros. Letter.]  
Cheese—The demand has improved, and values have hardened in sympathy with the higher cables, and the market closes strong at an advance of 1¢ to 1½¢ on the week. Medium grades continue scarce, and are in good request. We quote today: Flag Canadian, late, 12¢; colored, 5¢ to 5½¢ per cwt.; do, white, 5¢ to 5½¢; medium, 4¢ to 4½¢; extra, 4¢ to 4½¢; best, 5¢ to 5½¢; lower grades, according to quality, 3¢ to 4¢.

**BUTTER.**—Strictly prime grades are scarce and in demand, at an advance in price. Other grades are a slow sale, and butters are a slow sale. The Copenhagen quotation is quoted unchanged for next week. We quote today: Choice Canadian creamery, in 56-lb boxes, 10¢ to 12¢ per cwt.; choice Danish, in 10-lb casks, 10¢; choice Australian and New Zealand, 10¢; choice Irish, 10¢; choice States and Canadian, medium grades, 8¢ to 9¢.

**T. A. FAULDS**  
PROVISION MERCHANT.  
Choice large roll and crack butter, 23¢ lb.; second quality butter, 20¢ lb. Kewwood cheese, best in the market, 14¢ lb. PHONE 131. 13 MARKET HOUSE.

**PRODUCE MARKETS.**  
**TORONTO.**  
Toronto, Nov. 13.—Wheat—Market for Ontario wheat about steady, at 90¢ asked for No. 2 red and white, bid, 1¢ less; No. 2, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 3, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 4, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 5, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 6, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 7, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 8, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 9, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 10, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 11, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 12, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 13, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 14, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 15, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 16, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 17, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 18, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 19, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 20, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 21, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 22, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 23, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 24, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 25, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 26, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 27, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 28, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 29, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 30, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 31, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 32, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 33, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 34, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 35, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 36, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 37, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 38, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 39, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 40, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 41, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 42, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 43, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 44, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 45, 10¢ to 11¢; No. 46, 10¢ to 11¢; 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