

THE CHIGNECTO POST

EVERY THURSDAY.

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E. WOODWORTH, Manager.

From Au Lac to St. John.

Your correspondent was early at the station, and while enjoying the genial society of the agent, Mr. C., a Westmorland farmer, walked in. It is election times, and very naturally the remark was made to Mr. C.: "Well, I hope you are on the right side this time." Said Mr. C.: "That seems to imply that I have been on the wrong side in the past, some time." The answer came: "I understand you voted for the Grits last time, and if you were on the wrong side, Mr. C.'s reply was: "I am for the party of progress. When Mr. Smith, the late Sir Albert, opposed Confederation I thought he was wrong, and I did not support him. When he told me in his office that he was opposed to railroads, and that if the Intercolonial were built the farmers would not have a dollar left in their pockets, I believed he was wrong. And now, if we can manufacture in our own country and keep our own men at home, I am for it, and with the policy." By this time the train had arrived, the conductor's "All aboard" was sounded, and we were on the train for St. John. The conductor's face was not familiar, but the duties of the office were performed in a genial and modest way that was pleasing to the passengers, and, judging from appearances, the responsibility of the office was not a weariness to the flesh. Our passenger list included clergyman of the Catholic Church and clergymen of the Episcopal Church, politicians prominent in their respective parties, candidates for the suffrages of electors of the "noble counties" of Westmorland and Kings, delegates to the Women's Christian Temperance Union at Moncton, delegates to the Farmers' Association at St. John, besides the usual number of persons travelling on their own business no doubt.

A talk with the gentleman who was expected would have been the candidate to oppose Mr. Wood in the present contest, brought out the statement from him that the Grits were safe to win, and that they were going to run a pure election. They deserved no credit for this, as they were compelled to give up the use of money, not having any one in the party with money to invest in that way. They proposed, therefore, not to spend any, but to let the perfect organization to win the election without. They were so perfectly organized in Moncton that they knew already almost to a vote just what they could do there. And as Moncton goes, so is the election decided. The Grit speaking contingent from Moncton were on their way to Petesville to enlighten the Grit mind there as to the sins of the Government. Just after the statement made above, the pure way in which it was proposed to run the election, another gentleman volunteered this statement: That he knew two parties on the Liberal side who had subscribed three thousand five hundred dollars between them to enable the Grits to run the election pure. Your correspondent stopped over at Hampton, and Mr. Editor, if you have ever been in a strange place in bad roads and worse weather, and had to walk half a mile, as I had to do, to get a vote, you will understand the great feeling of relief, not unmixed with gratitude, when harbor was reached. The next morning the train whirled us into the city without anything special to note, except a short conversation with an editor from St. John, who is also a candidate, and who was returning from making a speech at a political meeting the night before. The assurance was also given that the Liberals of Kings were going to run a pure election, and that there were great reasons why a war with Great Britain would be unprofitable, even though popular, in this country at this time. —*Detroit Evening Journal.*

The issue presented to the electors is clear and distinct. Union and progress is the watchword of the conservative party; disunion and retrogression that of the liberal party. The retention of the present ministry in office means the perpetuation of the policy of commercial development of business prosperity, of manufacturing activity, of Northwest settlement, of railway extension, of the promotion of interprovincial trade; in a word, of Canada for the Canadians, and Canada first, last and all the time. The advent to power of the liberal party would be a paralysis of trade, a halt of material advancement, and an encouragement to the smashing of Confederation into its original fragments. Between the alternatives the electors have to choose.

—Messrs. Weldon, Skinner and Ellis, from the "red ticket" in St. John. Mr. Weldon voted against the hanging of the rebel Riel. Mr. Skinner is a supporter of Mr. Blake because the liberal conservatives had not sufficient confidence in him to give him a nomination he desired, and Mr. Ellis is a pronounced annexationist. —*Courier.*

—Whittier is said to have lately finished a rather long poem of historical interest, which will be given to the public with a new edition of his works revised by himself.

The Fishery Question.

American Press Opinions of the Re-taliatory Bill.

—The effort to find war feeling in this country over the fishing question is distinctly a failure. Very few Englishmen and very few Americans desire or expect that the United States and Great Britain will go to war over this difficulty, which is entirely susceptible of settlement by arbitration. —*Boston Transcript.*

A Boomerang Measure.

We have no desire to underestimate the importance of the American fishing business, but it is probable, so far as losses are concerned, that the loss to Americans by the proposed countermeasure measure would be many times greater than that which has thus far resulted to them from Canadian interference with our fishing interests. The weak point in the measure is, as Senator Ingalls pointed out, that it provides no means of settlement. There is no means provided either for fighting or negotiating, and, apparently, the drafter of the bill decided neither. Senator Ingalls contended, as we have, that the trouble is one that must be settled either by diplomacy or by blood, and we are of the opinion that the former is a preferable method. The Canadians construe the treaty of 1818 in one way and we construe it in another. As we certainly will yield its views, and as we certainly will not consent to an arbitration in the matter, we have begun upon a trade war, the results of which—necessarily severe—no one can foresee. —*Boston Herald.*

A Challenge.

By a unanimous vote—for Mr. Riddleberger does not count—the Senators of the United States have passed a measure which, in intention and effect, is a challenge to one of the greatest Powers of the earth. The Senators who took part in the discussion of Monday distinctly recognized the fact that the Retaliatory Bill is a notification and a menace, which, under certain conditions of public feeling, would lead to war with Great Britain.

In defence of American rights we are about to take a position from which we shall not recede; the alternative of peace or war lies with Great Britain—such was the drift of the debate in the Senate, if debate is the word for an expression of opinion unanimous as to essentials, and differing only in the externals of form and phrase.

The Cost of War.

The conduct of the Canadian Government is hostile and warlike, and the Edmunds bill of retaliation is a necessary and warlike. Both imply a warlike state of feeling. And yet so long as we have not a fortification or a naval vessel capable of coping with the weakest and worst of the European or Asiatic fleets, we are in a state of weakness. Both imply a warlike state of feeling. And yet so long as we have not a fortification or a naval vessel capable of coping with the weakest and worst of the European or Asiatic fleets, we are in a state of weakness. Both imply a warlike state of feeling. And yet so long as we have not a fortification or a naval vessel capable of coping with the weakest and worst of the European or Asiatic fleets, we are in a state of weakness.

The Reform Platform (?)

[From the Hamilton Spectator.]

The Reform platform, so far as we have been able to collect its scattered and battered planks, seems to be about this:

1. Nova Scotia must secede from the Dominion.
2. Riel was a hero, a patriot and a martyr.
3. The National Policy must be destroyed.
4. The Pacific Railway is a bad thing.
5. Sir John Macdonald is growing old.
6. The French Canadians are not half so bad as the Grits said they were.
7. We keep mum about free trade in the cities.

These are the unalterable opinions of the party, but if they do suit they can be changed for Mr. Blake's alternative policy.

—It is asserted that John D. Rockefeller, of the Standard Oil Company, the richest man in America, has a net worth computed at \$114,000,000. Not many years ago he was a poor workingman at New Bedford, Mass.

—Paper toboggans are a novelty and are said to be faster than those made of wood.

Butter.

Mr. Editor:—Your remarks on good and bad butter in a recent issue of your journal were much to the purpose; it would almost seem as if indeed good butter making had become one of the lost arts. Westmorland, in N. B., and Cumberland, in N. S., were years ago celebrated for their good butter, and although the stock of dairy cattle has been very much improved, yet to-day there is more poor and inferior butter placed upon the market than in ten years ago. There are, no doubt, many superior butter makers in both counties, and as a more recent writer observes, if you were to see the fine display at the Autumn S. & W. A. Exhibition of good butter, it would convince an observer that there were still makers of prime butter; but let any one take a walk through our city markets or among the commission stores, and note of the very large quantities handled how very little is really a good article, clean, bright, well packed, and fine flavored. In fact much of it is not really fit for use. The problem is whose fault is this? Is it because there is not so much personal attention given to it by our farmers' wives and daughters as in former years? Or what is it? We have noticed that one frequently hears the remarks, oh, yes, we have a dairy but we take an, or a boy, or a woman who takes entire charge and relieves us of all care. That there are many points of bad butter to every pound of good is evident, and who is to blame? Sometimes we have thought there might be a better system of grading butter—to have first second and third grades, so the highest would command a much better market price, and so on. This plan we think is not in Boston. To have it inspected and graded, would no doubt be a step in the right direction as it would encourage the production of a better quality. There is a great waste of good milk and cream in the bad smelling, bad salted, bad packed bad butter sold in our city yearly. We have a great market. The display of beef and mutton of all kinds, poultry and vegetables at Christmas was very fine, showing a great improvement over previous years both in quantity and quality, but for butter alas, very little can be said. Is there no remedy for this? I think we will have to have a woman's convention and discuss the subject fully, as there are all kinds of conventions on hand. The city at present is considerable excited over the coming election but there are no burning questions at issue, only the questions of progress and reform.

As we go on or shall we go back to the principal issue. The great railway schemes accomplished and undertaken, the development of our agricultural resources, the protection thrown around our home manufactures, the opening up of the north, for our productions will in time make Canada a great nation, and if the present Government is sustained Canada is safe. The Government ticket in the city and county is a strong one, men who will look to it that the old city by the sea gets her rights. Kings is safe in the hands of the popular minister of M. & F. who has shown during the past year that he is not afraid to do his duty and maintain our laws and privileges, daring to do what has been too long neglected. But dear Sir, I have wandered from butter to politics yet they have a bearing on each other, for the man who is compelled to eat bad butter can never be expected to vote the right ticket. Hoping we will have better times and much better butter, I remain yours respectfully,

M. F. DUNN.

St. John, Jan. 20th.

—Sir Charles Tupper is a man of action. When the time for work comes he wastes no time in useless deliberation. He is needed in Nova Scotia in the present crisis and in the shortest time possible, he will be in the field fighting manfully for the integrity of the Confederation. All who desire that the union of the British American provinces should be maintained should be rejoiced to see so able and so courageous a leader as Sir Charles Tupper coming to their aid. His presence will give heart to the Nova Scotia Confederationists and will convince by his logic and his eloquence all the waverers in that province that the course which the secessionists would have them pursue is opposed to the best interests of both the Dominion as a whole and of their own province when considered by itself. If Sir Charles Tupper had remained in Canada it is safe to say that secession could not have progressed as it has done, and that he is here to oppose it, there is good reason to hope that he will be able to undo much of the mischief already done by the unpatriotic and narrow-minded sectional agitators. —*Moncton Star.*

Our Public Debt.

[From the London Free Press.]

We owe, as a matter of fact, a greater sum of money than in 1878, but it costs the people not a farthing more to carry it, and in return for what has been expended we have the inestimable public works that are making Canada a great nation.

—The United States Senate has rejected the constitutional amendment affirming the right of women to the suffrage.

—Ireland sent 300 tons of dead poultry, rabbits and pork every day to London for sale.

The Sawdust Game.

The following letter was received last week by a Sackville man:

DEAR SIR:—Your name and address was given to me by my confidential agent, who thought you to be the right man to handle my goods in safety, so I conclude to write you. If I have made a mistake do me no harm and let the matter drop. My motto is: "never harm a man who is willing to prove himself a friend." My business is not exactly legitimate, but the Green Arrow I deal in is a safe and profitable to handle. The sizes are 1 1/2, 2 1/2, 3 1/2, 4 1/2, 5 1/2, 6 1/2, 7 1/2, 8 1/2, 9 1/2, 10 1/2, 11 1/2, 12 1/2, 13 1/2, 14 1/2, 15 1/2, 16 1/2, 17 1/2, 18 1/2, 19 1/2, 20 1/2, 21 1/2, 22 1/2, 23 1/2, 24 1/2, 25 1/2, 26 1/2, 27 1/2, 28 1/2, 29 1/2, 30 1/2, 31 1/2, 32 1/2, 33 1/2, 34 1/2, 35 1/2, 36 1/2, 37 1/2, 38 1/2, 39 1/2, 40 1/2, 41 1/2, 42 1/2, 43 1/2, 44 1/2, 45 1/2, 46 1/2, 47 1/2, 48 1/2, 49 1/2, 50 1/2, 51 1/2, 52 1/2, 53 1/2, 54 1/2, 55 1/2, 56 1/2, 57 1/2, 58 1/2, 59 1/2, 60 1/2, 61 1/2, 62 1/2, 63 1/2, 64 1/2, 65 1/2, 66 1/2, 67 1/2, 68 1/2, 69 1/2, 70 1/2, 71 1/2, 72 1/2, 73 1/2, 74 1/2, 75 1/2, 76 1/2, 77 1/2, 78 1/2, 79 1/2, 80 1/2, 81 1/2, 82 1/2, 83 1/2, 84 1/2, 85 1/2, 86 1/2, 87 1/2, 88 1/2, 89 1/2, 90 1/2, 91 1/2, 92 1/2, 93 1/2, 94 1/2, 95 1/2, 96 1/2, 97 1/2, 98 1/2, 99 1/2, 100 1/2, 101 1/2, 102 1/2, 103 1/2, 104 1/2, 105 1/2, 106 1/2, 107 1/2, 108 1/2, 109 1/2, 110 1/2, 111 1/2, 112 1/2, 113 1/2, 114 1/2, 115 1/2, 116 1/2, 117 1/2, 118 1/2, 119 1/2, 120 1/2, 121 1/2, 122 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PICKARD'S BARGAINS

Remnants, Berlin Shawls, Clouds,
and all kinds of Winter Goods.

Feb. 1st, 1887.

REDUCED PRICES!

During the month of February I will give a discount of 10 per cent. on
Women's Felt Boots and Slippers, Women's Chamois-Lined
Face and Button Boots, Misses' Lace Skating Boots.
Overshoes of all kinds lower than usual. Women's Oil Goat Button Boots at reduced prices.

Snow Shoes and Fancy Moose Moccasins.

A. G. SMITH.
Next Door to Merchants' Bank of Halifax.

New and Fashionable Furs

ETTER & PUGSLEY'S

The low prices of Furs this season have induced us to lay in an immense stock,
comprising

Ladies' Black Astrachan Jackets, Fur Lined Circulars and Tippets.
Men's Coon and Lamb Coats.
Ladies' Gents' and Boys' Fur Caps, in South Sea Seal, Baltic Seal, Persian Lamb, Astrachan Lamb, Coney, Otter and Beaver.
Ladies' and Gents' Fur Gloves.

Japan Wolf Robes. Buffalo Robes.

Call and See the Low Prices.

RAW FURS WANTED.

ETTER & PUGSLEY.

Amherst, Dec. 9, 1886.

Receiving this Week:

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

25 SUITS.

SUGAR IS LOWER.

J. A. McQUEEN.

Point de Bute, Feb. 3rd, 1887.

SPECIALS.

MUFFS. In Seal, Martin, Mink, and other kinds, which we are bound to clear irrespective of cost.

HALL LAMPS. We have received another lot, same as last, considered the cheapest ever offered in Amherst.

SKATES. A full line of Acme Skates, and separate parts of the same.

FURNITURE. Our stock of Furniture is very large, including a lot of Rattan Chairs intended for the Christmas trade, but came too late. Be sure and see it.

DUNLAP BROTHERS & COMPANY.

Amherst, Jan. 12, 1887.

MORE LIGHT.

50 bbls. American Kerosene,
Water White, Prime White and Standard.

—ALSO—
CANADIAN OIL, 19c. per imp. gallon.
NO CHARGE FOR CASK.

CHAPMAN BROTHERS.

Amherst, Jan. 12th, 1887.

Trustee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that John Read and William Read, surviving members of the firm of John Read & Sons, doing business as Woolen Manufacturers under the name and firm of John Read & Sons, at Port Elgin, in the County of Westmorland, have this day assigned all their real and personal estate and effects to me, the undersigned Trustee, for the benefit of their creditors.

The Trust Deed now lies at the office of W. W. Wells, Solicitor to the Trustee, Dorchester, N. B., for inspection and execution. All persons desirous of participating in the benefits thereof are requested to call and execute the same within three months from this date.

Dated the 1st day of January, A. D. 1887.

WILLIAM F. GEORGE, Trustee.

White Chester Boar.

THE subscriber has a superior thoroughbred White Chester Boar for service.

W. E. LAWRENCE.
Dorchester, Dec. 15, 1886.

250 BOXES PRIME VALENCIA RAISINS.

25 bags Fresh Nuts, assorted;
12 cases Lunch and Oat Tongue;
50 barrels Beans;
10 puns P. R. Molasses;
50 boxes Electric Soap;
500 " Scaled Herring.

ST. JOHN, N. B.
J. R. AYER.

LOST.

BETWEEN SAVILLE Station and Music Hall Block, one BUFFALO ROBE. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at subscriber's store.

J. R. AYER.
Jan. 19, 1887.

Advertisements this Day.

For "Property for Sale or Let," &c., see fourth page. "Business Cards" on first page.

Bargains.—C. Pickard Reduced Prices.—A. G. Smith Ready-Made Clothing.—J. A. McQueen To Advertisers.—Geo. P. Rowell & Co. Lectures, &c.—C. Harper & Co. Notice.—Advertisements are requested to be sent to this Office before Wednesday noon if wanted to appear the same week they are sent.

Special Locals.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cts. Sold only by C. G. Hart.

Found—A number of Trunk Keys, which the owner can have by applying to Wm. J. Hart, Druggist.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough, and Bronchitis. Sold only by Charles G. Hart, Druggist.

Sleigh Robes—A few choice Dark Grey Robes, \$7.75 and \$8.75 to clear, large sizes. C. Pickard.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS in the Remnant line at C. Pickard's. Call early before the assortment is broken.

A NARVAL INSECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 10 cts. Sold only by Charles G. Hart, Druggist.

Buy the best Harness in the Province for the smallest amount of money, at Johnson's Harness Shop.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Bile, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Sold only by Charles G. Hart, Druggist.

Don't Forget—The Tailoring Department at J. L. Black's has over 100 pieces of cloth of latest fashion to select from, and Mr. Peterson makes the choice of Suits and Overcoats.—Nov 25.

LOCAL MATTERS.

DENTAL NOTICE.—Dr. W. C. Hewson will be in Port Elgin to-day to practice dentistry for one week.

PERSONAL.—Mr. S. J. King, Post Office Inspector, made his first official visit to Sackville yesterday.—Dr. B. A. Marvin, of Albert, is in town.

A New England Tea will be held in the basement of the Methodist Church, on Wednesday evening, 9th inst. Proceeds in aid of the Sunday School.

BRANCH HARNES SHOP.—Mr. Joseph W. Dobson, has opened a branch harness shop at Dorchester in charge of Mr. John N. Maxwell, harness shop at that place.

GRAND RALLY.—A general meeting of the Liberal-Conservatives of this parish will be held in the commodious Rooms, Music Hall Block, this evening at 7 o'clock. A large attendance is requested.

EVANGELISTIC SERVICES.—Under the control of Mr. Allison Y. M. C. A. an evangelistic service is held every Sabbath afternoon at 4 o'clock in Chignecto Hall. As this work is undenominational every person is earnestly invited to attend.

PIE SOCIAL.—A pie social will be held at the residence of Mr. W. W. Fawcett, Upper Sackville, next Monday evening at 7 o'clock. Mr. F. de Anguera will favor those present with choice musical selections. Proceeds will be used to defray expenses of the Methodist church, Upper Sackville.

THE ICE-BOT SERVICE.—The first trip of the ice-boats for this season was made on Tuesday when fifteen passengers crossed from Island to the mainland by this route was forwarded by the N. B. & P. E. Railway on Monday and consisted of eighty-one bags. Six passengers crossed from Cape Tormentine to the Island yesterday. There are two lines of ice-boats besides the Government line and the competition for passengers is very sharp. The time of crossing averages from four to five hours.

A PARLOR CONCERT under the direction of Prof. Mack, assisted by Miss Mack, Mr. Chisholm and other talented musicians, will be given at the residence of Senator Boudreau, last Saturday evening. An excellent programme has been selected and the reputation of the leading performers ensures a first-class rendition of the parts. In addition to the musical features, arrangements have been made for a series of Tableaux Vivants which will undoubtedly be worth seeing. The price of admission is only 25 cents, and the proceeds are for Church purposes.

More Light.

The lecture by Rev. H. Boal, which is causing so much interest wherever it has been given, was conceived by Rev. C. H. Spurgeon. He first gave it before his congregation and three thousand people in the large tabernacle in London, and afterwards in several places in England. Mr. Boal heard the lecture twice, and has taken pains to bring it before the notice of the public in the Province. It is not a discourse on candles, but an excellent piece of objective teaching. About twenty luminous objects are used to enforce truths. Covering a candle in a dark hall with a bushel renders the Saviour's words in a manner that cannot be forgotten. Quite an excitement arises when the bushel takes fire showing that after all truth cannot be suppressed. The nature and consequences of prejudice, the cause of scandal, and the quarrels that arise from truths and dogma of the main features of the lecture. The spluttering candle is the cause of much laughter in connection with the highly amusing incidents related. The lecture closes with a beautiful object illustrating the unity in diversity seen among Christians. A large number of candles of various sizes and colors, in the form of a pyramid, are lighted with the same flame. Persons of various opinions in religion or other matters are urged to unite in the one purpose of seeking the glory of God in promoting the welfare of their fellow men. The lecture was delivered with much interest at Dorchester on Monday. See adv.

ROUND TOWN.

—Good skating on the marshes.

—The new locomotive built by George Fleming & Sons, St. John, for the N. B. & P. E. Railway, arrived last night.

—The Pie Social at the residence of Mr. Harvey Phinney last Monday evening resulted \$11, in aid of the funds of Salem Baptist Church.

—Mr. F. de Anguera, will only be in Sackville a few days longer. Persons wishing bargains in fine pianos, would do well to call at once.

—Sackville Lodge, No. 134, I. O. G. T., will meet on Friday evening, 4th inst., instead of Monday, 7th inst., the regular night of meeting. A full attendance is requested.

—Geo. B. Faulkner, tuner of the piano and organ, will make his regular visit to Sackville early this month. Orders can be left at the Music store of G. C. Fawcett, or at his residence.

—Rev. J. S. Coffin, of Amherst, will deliver the second lecture of the Mt. Allison Course to-morrow (Friday) evening, in Memorial Hall.

—A very interesting lecture is expected. Lecture to commence at 7:30, Standard time.

—Sackville people desiring or wishing to exchange their old piano or organ, or to buy a new Piano, should observe that Mr. de Anguera's stay here is very short and should improve the opportunity by seeing Mr. de Anguera immediately. Never were there brought to this town such superior stock of high grade American Pianos as these, which Mr. de Anguera will offer at great bargains for the next few days only.

—We are in receipt of Prof. Hild's pamphlet showing how Fraudulent Table Reads are made up. It is a miracle of painstaking labour—and the result is what the classic poet calls "ridiculous muck." On pages 29 and 39 this Sisyphus tells us in effect that to obtain his desired results "some quantities are introduced in duplicate for special reasons." This is a ready resource for young bookkeepers, and their elders call it "fudge."

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