POOR COPY

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A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLOW, — Our Country, with its United Interests. — EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

VOL. IX.—No. 13. — Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, January 26, 1876. — WHOLE No. 429.

CANADA HOUSE,
CHATHAM,.....NEW BRUNSWICK.
WM. JOHNSTON, - - Proprietor.
CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this ouse to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing. The proprietor returns hanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor by courtesy and attention to merit the same in the future.
☞ Good Stabling on the Premises.
May 13th. 1873. 14 1y

WAVERLY HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE,.....MIRAMICHI, N. B.
THIS House has lately been refurnished, and very possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travellers.
☞ LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT, ON THE PREMISES.
ALEX. STEWART,
(Late of Waverly House, St.John.) Proprietor.
Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1873. 3

ROYAL HOTEL,
(Formerly Stubbs')
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
T. F. RAYMOND, Proprietor.
Dec. 22nd, 1874. 24 1y

M. ADAMS,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW.
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE AGENT.
OFFICES,
Bathurst—two doors below store of K. F. Burns, Esq.
Newcastle—Over Mr. Richard Davidson's Store, Castle Street,
May 13, 1873.

L. J. TWEEDIE,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
CHATHAM, - - - - - N. B.
OFFICE—Snowball's Building.
May 12, 1874. 13

WM. A. PARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c., &c.
☞ Agent for "Royal Canadian" and "Provincial" Fire Insurance Companies.
OFFICE—Over the Store of William Park, Esq.
Castle Street, - NEWCASTLE, N. B.
May 4, 1875. 5

M. S. BENSON,
Attorney-at-Law Notary Public,
Conveyancer, &c.
Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated.
OFFICE—OVER J. V. BENSON'S DRUG STORE.
WATER STREET, - - - CHATHAM, N. B.
Chatham, July 12, 1875. 21

C. B. FRASER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Notary Public, Conveyancer &c.,
CHATHAM, N. B.
OFFICE—Over the Bank of Montreal.
September 1st, 1874.

CHARLES J. DAVIS,
DRUGGIST & APOTHECARY,
Fredericton, N. B.
—DIRECT IMPORTER—
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
—DEALER IN—
GENUINE DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Chemicals, Druggist's Sundries, &c.
April 20th, 1874. 21 1y

CARD.
DR. FREEMAN wishes to intimate his having engaged the Office of Dr. Benson upon its becoming vacant, and that he may at present be found at the "Waverly House" prepared to attend to professional calls.
Instruments, medicines, &c., attended to punctually. Office on the new Burnside into this main
Newcastle, April 18, 1875. 14

I. MATHESON & Co.,
ENGINEERS & BOILER MAKERS,
NEW GLASGOW, N. S.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED FOR ENGINES AND BOILERS,
ALL AND OTHER MACHINERY.
October 5, 1875. 6

J. J. CHRISTIE,
King Street - - - - - ST. JOHN.
Importer and Dealers in all kinds of Leather and Shoe Findings, Wholesale and Retail. Also all kinds of Mens Fitted Tops, to order.
July 1, 1874. J. J. C.
j12yrly

W. & R. BRODIE,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
DEALERS IN
Flour, Produce and Provisions,
No. 16, ARTHUR STREET,
Next the Bank of Montreal,
f27 1y QUEBEC.

J. & W. REID,
PAPER MAKERS & GENERAL STATIONERS,
No. 40, ST. PAUL STREET, No. 40,
QUEBEC.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Machine Made Paper Bags, Blank Books, &c.,
Dealers in all kinds of
Paper Stock and Paper Makers' Supplies, Room Papers, Roofing Materials, Scrap Iron & Metals, Naval Stores.
March 12th, 1874. 13 '72

HOSSACK, WOODS & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES,
Manufacturers of
STEAM CONFECTIONERY,
FANCY BISCUIT, AND OIL PASTE BLACKING.
PROPRIETORS OF
QUEBEC COFFEE & SPICE STEAM MILLS,
22 Notre Dame St., (lower town)
QUEBEC.
March 12th, 1872. mar13 '72

WHITEHEAD & TURNER,
[Awarded Four First Class Prizes at the Industrial Exhibition, 1871,]
Manufacturers of
CORN BROOMS, DUSTERS,
And all descriptions of
HAIR AND FANCY BRUSHES,
LOWER TOWN,
QUEBEC.
March 12th, 1872. mar13 '72

T. R. JONES & Co.,
Canterbury Street, - ST. JOHN, N. B.,
Importers of Every Description of
British & Foreign Dry Goods,
—AND—
MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING,
Homespuns, Horse Blankets, Larrakins
FURNISHING GOODS,
The best assorted stock in the lower Provinces for Country Stores, Lumberers, Mill Owners, Railway Contractors, &c.
Wholesale. - - - Terms Liberal.
July 1, 1874. 2 1y

S. F. SHUTE,
Direct Importer of
Fine Watches, Rich Jewelry, Electro-Plated Ware, Clocks, Fancy Goods, &c.
☞ Orders Solicited, and goods sent to responsible parties on approval.
WATCH REPAIRING, in all its branches promptly attended to.
AGENT for the "Florence" SEWING MACHINE, and "Lazarus & Morris & Co's PERFECTED SPECTACLES.
☞ *Remember the Place.*
S. F. SHUTE,
Queen St., Fredericton.
Dec, 22nd, 1873. 24 1y

JAMES S. NEILL,
Importer, Wholesale & Retail Dealer in
Hardware, Glass, Paint, Oil, Turpentine and Putty
BAR IRON & STEEL,
ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
OPPOSITE COUNTY COURT HOUSE,
QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON, N. B.
Dec. 22nd, 1874. 24 1y

LUMBERERS, ATTENTION!
I AM SOLE AGENT FOR THE
WOODBRIDGE SAW MILL,
which with the late improvements, stands unrivalled.
This Machine requires no expensive puffing, as it has by its own merits become the leading Saw Mill of Canada.
It is so geared that the Saw makes two revolutions to one stroke of the piston, thus avoiding the shaking caused by direct action.
CHAS. C. CARLYLE.
Jan. 29th, 1874.

TO MILL OWNERS!
THOMAS B. PEACE,
Of NEW YORK, a Practical Saw Manufacturer of 20 years experience, has just opened a
SAW MANUFACTORY
IN CHATHAM,
where all orders from Mill Owners in the Northern Counties will receive prompt attention.
Repairing made a Speciality.
A fine assortment of Saws of all kinds expected in a few days.
SHOP—WATER STREET,
May 10, '75. 1y12 CHATHAM, N.B

WATHWOMH'S TRUNK FACTORY.
1875. TRUNKS. 1875.
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TRUNKS, &c., FOR SPRING TRADE.
Ladies' Saratoga Trunks,
In Zinc and Leather; Gent's Extra Bound do., do.; Solid Leather Overland Trunks and Valises; Canvas, Enamelled & Comp. Packing Trunks, and Trunks of every description made to order; Ladies' Reticules and Shopping Satchels; Gen'ts Pell Bags; Boy's School Satchels.
Will be sold at exceedingly low prices, for Cash.
W. H. KNOWLES,
Trunk Factory, 49 Germain st., St. John.

Receipt Books,
Draft Books,
Notes of Hand.
Usually kept on hand or printed to order.

M. K. MORRISON,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, GLASSWARE, WOODENWARE, HARDWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES.
And a variety of other Goods suitable for general use.
AGENT for the Steamer *City of St. John.*
DALHOUSIE, N. B.
July 13, 1875. 1y

MITCHELL & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
—AND—
SHIPPING AGENTS,
22 & 23.....COMMON STREET,
MONTREAL.
August 29, 1874. sep 9

CARD.
W. H. NAPIER,
BATHURST VILLAGE,
Is prepared to attend to Auction Sales in town and country at shortest notice.
Bathurst, May 1st, 1875.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
R. BLAKE
Has now in full operation, his ROTARY STEAM SAW MILL for the manufacture of
DIMENSIONED LUMBER
OF ALL SIZES,
DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS &c.
LUMBER PLANED & MATCHED.
Arrangements will shortly be made for the manufacture of
Shingles & Clapboards.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited.
ALL WORK WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
Chatham, Oct. 19, 1874. 21

CARD.
☞ THE Subscriber respectfully announces that he has opened a new Shop near the Ferry Landing, CHATHAM, where he is prepared to execute, in the very best style of workmanship, all kinds of
MILL WORK AND GENERAL JOBBING,
having obtained improved machinery for that purpose.
Morticing Machines, & Hand Circular Sawing Machines,
for Joiners' use, made to order.
JOHN THORNTON.
Chatham, May 19, 1875. 1y 19

D. MACEE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
HATS, CAPS & FURS,
Wholesale,
51 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.
D. MACEE. M. F. MANKS.
April 21st, 1874. 23 1y

MAIL STAGE.
THE Subscriber has received the Contract for carrying the Mails between the
RAILWAY STATION & BATHURST POST OFFICE,
AND IS PREPARED TO CARRY
PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGE TO MEET ALL TRAINS.
☞ ORDERS left at his residence will be tended to.
THOS. A. HARRIS.
Bathurst, Nov. 15, 1875. 1y 17

NOTICE! NOTICE!
The Subscriber begs to intimate to the inhabitants of Newcastle and vicinity, that he has opened a
BAKERY
with every facility on CASTLE STREET, adjoining the Store of James White, and is now prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN, FANCY
—AND—
ORNAMENTAL BAKING
to all who may patronize him, and trusts by producing a
FIRST CLASS ARTICLE,
EQUAL IN EVERY RESPECT
to that obtained abroad,
To receive a liberal share of patronage in this community.
HENRY WYSE, JR.
Newcastle, 7th Sept., 1875. 8

GLASS! GLASS!
IN STOCK:
1000 BOXES GLASS,
Assorted Sizes.
JUST RECEIVED:
4 TONS W. LEAD, A 1;
40 barrels RAW and BOILED OIL; 6 bbls. TURPENTINE; 2 tons PUTTY.
☞ WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP. ☜
BLAKSLEE & WHITENECT,
oct.6 22 Germain St., St. John, N.B.

DENTISTRY.
D. A. BAXTER,
DENTIST!
Intends leaving BATHURST for DALHOUSIE the FIRST OF JANUARY, where he will remain FIVE WEEKS ONLY.
Will be in CAMPBELLTON the FIFTH of FEBRUARY, and CHATHAM the FIRST of MARCH, for a short time.
December21, 1875. 22

FIRE BRANCH.
ROBERT MARSHALL'S
FIRE AND MARINE AGENCY.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Applications may be made to the following Representatives.
NEWCASTLE:—A. A. Davidson, M. Adams.
CHATHAM:—T. F. Gillespie, W. Wilkinson.
BATHURST:—Anthony Rainey.
DALHOUSIE:—George Haddow.
RICHIBUCTO:—H. Livingston, J. D. Phinney
Imperial Fire Insurance Com'y
OF LONDON, ESTABLISHED 1803.
Capital and Cash Assets exceed £2,000,000 stg.
The Ætna Insurance Com'y,
INCORPORATED 1819.
Cash Capital and Assets over $6,000,000.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Com'y.
INCORPORATED 1801.
Cash Capital and Assets over $2,500,000.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1833.
Capital and Assets $600,000. Its funds are invested in undoubted securities.
PHŒNIX COMPANY OF BROOKLYN.
ESTABLISHED 1853.
Cash Capital & accumulated fund $2,000,000.
Dwelling Houses, whether built or in course of construction, as well as Furniture, contained therein, insured for terms of one or three years, at lowest rates. Steam Saw Mills, Vessels on the stocks—or in port, Warehouse, Merchandize and Insurable property of every description covered on the lowest possible terms.
ROBERT MARSHALL,
GENERAL AGENT, NOTARY PUBLIC AND BROKER.
March 23, 1875. 30

The Citizens' Insurance Comp'y.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE.
Capital, $2,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.
SIR HUGH ALLAN, President.
IRA CORNWALL, Gen'l Agent.
☞ Every description of Insurance effected at lowest rates on application to
A. E. ALEXANDER,
Agent for North Shore.
Bathurst, Nov. 3, 1875. n3 1y

B. WILKINSON,
MILLWRIGHT AND ENGINEER.
Mill Work of all kinds attended to.
ORDERS FOR
Iron and Wood Working Machinery
WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
☞ All necessary information given.
RESIDENCE:—Near the Court House, Newcastle.
December 7, 1875. 3mpd-8

TAILORING.
The Subscriber is prepared to MAKE UP
CENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING
In all the Latest Styles.
NEW FASHIONS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED.
SHOP.—In the building owned by Mr. Jos. Hays, fronting the Square, NEWCASTLE.
ROBERT WEIR.
December 7, 1875. 8

NOTICE.
W. J. WILLIAMS,
PHOTOGRAPHER!
HAS OPENED HIS NEW BUILDING, PUBLIC WHARF, NEWCASTLE,
—WITH A—
Choice Stock of SEWING MACHINES, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Steel ravings, &c., &c.
Which he will sell at his usual LOW PRICES.
PHOTOGRAPHS
of all sizes, in the latest Style of the Art.
OLD PICTURES COPIED AND ENLARGED, and nicely Framed, VERY CHEAP.
In connection with the above we are running an
Oyster and Dining Room,
Where Oysters and Meals can be obtained at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
W. J. WILLIAMS & CO.
November 23, 1875. 24

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY,
Water St., - Chatham, N. B.
GENERAL
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,
AND MILL MACHINERY.
Ship, Plough, Stove, Cemetery, and every description of Castings.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN ASSORTMENT OF
Cooking, Hall & Parlour Stoves.
ORDERS may be addressed to JAMES W. FRASER.
W. J. FRASER, Proprietor.
December 15, 1875. 15

PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISH, BRUSHES,
NAILS, SPIKES.
SHIP CHANDLERY GOODS
MILL SUPPLIES, STEAM PACKING, &c., &c., &c.
Constantly on hand.
FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH
ROBT. B. PATTISON.
Chatham, May 19, 1875. 16

JOHN U. CAMPBELL,
DALHOUSIE, N. B.,
AUCTIONEER
FOR COUNTIES OF
RESTIGOUCHE & BONAVENTURE
☞ All Business connected with Auction Sales in these Counties will receive prompt attention. Goods and produce sold on Commission.
Dalhousie, Oct. 30, 1875. 1y nov10

Selected Literature.

LOVE'S VICTORY.

BY E. L. FARJEON.

Published by Harper Brothers.

SCENE THE SECOND.

IN BELGRAVIA.

CHAPTER IV.

MRS. CHAPPELL'S PARTY.

When Richard Barton made his appearance in Mrs. Chappell's brilliant reception-rooms, the guests were arriving in quick succession, and the scene was very animated.—He looked about him for Mr. Armstrong and Laura, but neither had yet arrived. Mrs. Chappell was conversing with Lady Barebones, who, with her three marriageable daughters, had a remarkable regard for eligible single young men.

'Here is a young favorite of mine,' said Mrs. Chappell, 'a young Australian, enormously rich, only lately arrived home,'

'I have heard of him,' observed Lady Barebones, putting up her eyeglass at Richard, who was slowly making his way toward the lady of the house. 'Single?'

'Yes,' replied Mrs. Chappell, who, having no daughters of her own, could afford to be generous. 'Single and disengaged. I do not know how many thousands of miles of sheep and cattle stations he is the owner of. I am told there is no end to his money.'

The hearts of the three honorable Misses Barebones fluttered in their breasts, and when Richard was introduced to them, they made the most gracious of courtesies. Lady Barebones took him in at a glance, and settled his fate for him. He should marry Millicent. I should be afraid to say how many men Lady Barebones had settled should marry Millicent; yet Millicent was still a spinster. Lady Barebones was not a good general; she took possession of the men at once, and frightened them by her violent method. She would have married them to her girls by force if she had had the power.—Those who had experience of her took care to keep their distance. The young ladies were not remarkable for beauty, nor were they rich in the world's goods. Richard, however was unconscious of Lady Barebones's intentions, and presently found himself in conversation with Mr. Forman, with whom he had some slight acquaintance. Mr. Forman was a rising lawyer, with a brother in the colonies, and the conversation was therefore interesting to both the gentlemen. Richard was satisfied to be thus employed until the arrival of his friends, and he stationed himself near the door, so that he might see them enter.

'A strange case has come under my notice lately,' said Mr. Forman, 'in connection with New South Wales. A very wealthy gentleman there, whose name it is not necessary to mention, being anxious to visit England, for the purpose of settling here with his family, I believe, consulted my brother—knowing that I am a lawyer—as to the best means of accomplishing his wish. You will understand that when he was a young man he was transported for life. He is now old and very wealthy, and the desire to come home is like a disease in him. For the last three years letters have been passing between us on the subject, but of course nothing can be done. I believe the old man would give fifty thousand pounds if it could be managed. To satisfy him, I have made inquries and applications with no successful result. From a letter which reached me last week, I learn that the disappointment is likely to be the death of the man. 'Stone walls do not a prison make, nor iron bars a cage,' and yet a country as large as Europe may become a hateful prison when you are forbidden to move out of it. Is it not so?'

'It is so.'

Richard Barton moved away with a strange thoughtfulness upon him. The words the lawyer had spoken recalled him to the duty which lay before him. He had not forgotten the purpose which had brought him to England—it was impossible that he could ever lose sight of it; but during the five weeks he had been in the country he had not prosecuted his inquiries with energy. He reproached himself for it now. Certainly he had not been idle; something he had discovered, and it had brought a sweet pleasure to him in the promise it held forth. And there was an excuse for him in the temptations by which he had been surrounded. But he would waste no more time in idle pleasures. A great duty was before him, and he would set to work upon it at once.

In the midst of these reflections, a hand was placed upon his shoulder. He turned, and saw Mr. Armstrong.

'I have been looking for you,' said the American. 'Have you been here long?'

'About half an hour.'

'We have a grand company here to-night. But two-thirds of them will be gone in an hour or so. There are two great balls elsewhere to which most of those present are invited, I expect. See—a few are clearing away already.'

'Laura has not arrived yet?'

'No; she and her father will come in a few minutes. I thought it best that they should not be here too early. It is a trying ordeal for the old man to pass through, and Laura herself has been very nervous over the affair. Hark! the Hungarian band is playing in the garden. Mrs. Chappell's parties are always worth attending.—You may be sure of the best of everything—the best wines, the best company, the best music, the best singing. The Sweedish quartette are here; some of their glees are very suggestive. It was a good idea of Mrs. Chappell's to station the Hungarian musicians in the gardens. It is a lovely night; let us walk into the grounds. The music of these Hungarians is very distinctive. There is something wild and heroic in it, and if you look upon the musicians while they are playing, its character is not destroyed. See how the leader stamps his feet, and flourishes his bow. His body sways in unison with the strains. He feels what he is playing. Confess, my young barbarian. Is not this worth coming to London for? The lights, the music, the beauty, the murmur of soft voices, the thousand and one fascinations that conspire to lure one's senses, and steep them in a heaven of happiness. Presented to us in such a scene are all the brilliant facets of human nature, shining and sparkling like stars. Not to be seen, and not to be enjoyed anywhere but in a large city. You are silent. Do you not agree with me?'

'Yes,' replied Richard, abstractedly. 'You are right.'

He scarcely followed his friend's words; his mind was filled with but one subject. His thoughtfulness and abstraction were not lost upon Mr. Armstrong, who, however, made no open comment upon it.

'You see dark clouds in the picture, probably,' proceeded Mr. Armstrong, 'but why should they disturb us? Let us enjoy the outside of things. I confess that there are occasions when it pleases me to look no deeper. There are peris and worse than peris standing on the outskirts of this paradise, we know; but we are here—let us enjoy it. I like to see human nature dressed in its best, as it is to-night. I like to see it when it is on its good behaviour, nestling prettily in smiles and bright looks and pleasant speech.—These fascinating experiences must have brought a new sensation to you.'

'They have, and one so enthralling that I begin to fear I have been unwise in yielding to it.'

'You will singe your wings to a certainty, if you have not done so already. Be thankful if you do not burn them off. Listen—the Sweedish girls are singing.'

They stood in silence until the glee was finished.

'Neither of us understand a word of the language,' said the American, 'and yet I make a story out of the song. Standing here in the garden, I imagine that at a little distance from us—there, where the shadows are—stands a beleaguered city. The inhabitants have risen in its defense, and every man is a soldier, armed with rude weapons. The besieging army lies before it, and around it. The defenders watch through the night. It is dark, and they pass their signals from one to the other. The women within the city listen to the sounds of their men's voices; the children in their beds hold their breath. 'How goes it?' asks a citizen-soldier. 'All is still,' answers another; 'our foe sleeps; we hear no sound; our foe is sleeping,' travel onward, until they die away in the distance. The glad tidings breathe comfort into the hearts of the women and children; their protectors are on the alert, and all may yet be well.—The brief silence that follows the last dying strains of the sentinels is broken by the sweet night-song of the women, praying for their men and their land. The wives pray for their husbands; the girls for their lovers. The citizen-soldiers, in their turn, listen to their prayer: 'Sleep in peace,' they sing, when the prayer is ended; 'we watch over you and our children.' 'God protect you,' reply the women. 'Good-night.'—'Good-night.''

CHAPTER V.

SECRET FOR SECRET.

Richard listened to this description with wonder and delight. It was to him a new revelation in the character of his friend.

'You have charmed me out of myself,' he said. 'I am ashamed to confess that while those girls were singing I paid no heed to them. My thoughts were wandering to past times and distant lands, but your words brought every note of the song back to me.'

'I charmed you out of myself,' repeated Mr. Armstrong. 'Do you believe in mesmerism?'

'No.'

'At least, in animal magnetism—a more comprehensible term?'

'I believe in nothing of the kind. Do you?'

'Yes; to a certain extent, I have some faith in it.'

'Had any person but yourself told me so, I should have doubted him.'

'Why? Perhaps you have not given any serious thought to the subject. When I speak with more than usual earnestness, do you not listen with more than usual attention?'

'Undoubtedly.'

'That is animal magnetism. I impress you with my earnestness. I did so by my description of the Sweedish girls' glee, and I succeeded in my distinct intention to divert your thoughts from the current in which they were running. I don't go far; table-talking, spirit-rapping, and spiritualism—which are at present the property of Charletans and dupes—I have no belief in.'

'Nor I, in these or any other quackeries. My wonder is that sensible men are gulled.'

'All sensible men are not gulled; some few are. There never yet was a delusion without its followers. I have seen cleverer men than either you or I sent into a mesmeric sleep, about the genuineness of which there would be no question.'

'I stand by my opinion; it is a delusion from first to last.'

'You prick me. I should like the opportunity of convincing you.'

'I offer it to you,' said Richard; 'mesmerize *me.*'

'It there has been a time,' said Mr. Armstrong, with a smile, 'within our acquaintance when you would be a favorite subject for mesmerism, it is now, for I see plainly that you are excited. But I doubt if under any circumstances you could be affected according to the popular mode. You are too full of healthy blood; your mind is not sufficiently diseased; you are not morbid. I know of no especial weakness in you that could be worked upon.'

'Ah, you want something of that sort. Ignorance, credulity, imbecility—these are your mesmerists' foundations.'

Mr. Armstrong looked at Richard with closer attention.

'Has any thing gone wrong with you?'

'No.'

'You have heard no bad news?'

'No.'

'You said just now that you feared you were unwise in yielding to the attractions which society has held out to you. Have you not found them pleasant?'

'Very pleasant.'

'Yet you are disturbed and excited, apparently without cause. I am almost tempted to make a shrewd guess that you are in love. Are you?'

Richard stammered confusedly, 'Yes—no—that is—'

Mr. Armstrong laughed in a kindly manner. 'A sure sign,' he said, and added earnestly, 'whoever she is, may she be worthy of you!'

'She's more than my equal,' replied Richard, softly; 'wish rather that I may be worthy of her. And you, Armstrong? I have read somewhere that love comes to all men.—You have moved much in the world. How is it that you have escaped?'

'Perhaps,' said Mr. Armstrong, sententiously, 'it *is* because I have moved much in the world that I have escaped.'

'No, it is not because of that. I am beginning to know you, Armstrong. These words are not from your heart.'

Mr. Armstrong did not immediately reply, and when he spoke his voice was low and tender. 'I am corrected—the subject is to sacred for light speech. Secret for secret, Richard. I have not escaped. Love comes to all men, you say. After all these years, it has come to me, and, cynic and old worlding as I am, it has brought into my life its sweetest promise. I live in the hope of a happy future with the best and purest woman I have ever known.'

Richard held out his hand with cordial affection. 'I am rejoiced to hear it. But I must not allow my dream of love to cause me to forget the task, to perform which I came to this new world. A few words which were addressed to me to-night suddenly recalled me to a sense of my duty—a stern and sacred duty, Armstrong—and I was reproaching myself for neglecting it when you came upon me,'

'Can I assist you in any way?'

'You can, I think. With the exception of a few words which passed between me and Mr. Chappell, this is the only time that I have spoken openly since my arrival in England, and you must forgive me for my excitement. You shall know all, Armstrong; I can trust you and depend upon you, for you are a just man.—Before we part to-night I will tell you my story. It is a story of bitter, cruel injustice committed upon—upon my father, a man whom, if you had known, you would have loved and respected, as all did who knew him. It is to remove a stain from his memory—for he is dead—that I am in England. Singularly enough, the story of this bitter wrong is connected with the bank of which Mr. Chappell is the head. When I was making arrangements for leaving the colony, it seemed to me like a decree of fate that I should be advised by my best friend there to come straight to Mr. Chappell's bank.'

'You have had some conversation with Mr. Chappell upon the subject? He knows your story, then, and your purpose?'

'I simply told him that my principal reason for coming to England was to correct a mistake which Justice made. I told him, also, that in the performance of my task I might ask for his assistance, and he promised to give it to me.'

'That is all?'

'That is all. Now advise me in what way I shall commence. I thought of putting the matter into the hands of private detectives, but the idea seemed to me revolting. It is a degradation to have to do with hired spies. And I had another objection. I did not wish to tell my story to strangers. This is a task I am performing for a dear father, and it will be more truly a labor of love to perform it myself and in my own way. If I knew a man who had interest and influence in a newspaper—'

Mr. Armstrong interrupted him with a smile. 'You do know such a man. He stands before you.'

'You, Armstrong! What newspaper?'

'The *Moon!* The little *Moon!*—Price one half-penny, with the latest intelligence, and unknown correspondents in every part of the world. But this is a secret between us; it must not be known that I am a proprietor.'

'There is nothing that you are not, Armstrong. I have bought the little paper—'

'Of dirty little boys and girls, who deal in *Moons* and matches. Both the same price. A box of Vesuvians and a *Moon* for a penny. There is a belief among some of our small ragged merchants that the Vesuvians are manufactured in the editor's rooms; hence the connection. When *The Moon* was first started, people thought it a strange name for a newspaper; I consider it appropriate, by inference. They dedicate morning and evening sheets to the Sun; they also sacrifice to the Stars. Why should not the Moon have its literary altar? We publish a dozen editions a day, and *The Moon* shines by day as well as by night. Now, in what way can *The Moon* serve you?'

'I propose to insert an advertisement in the paper, without its being known that I am the advertiser, offering a reward of five hundred pounds for information concerning Charles Davidge, once a clerk in the banking house of Chappell, Chappell, and Chappell.'

'A shell,' thought Mr. Armstrong, 'straight into the enemy's camp.' And said, aloud, 'I will manage it for you, Richard, but you must leave it to me to choose the proper time for its insertion. I promise that it shall appear before many days have passed. In the mean while, the fact that I am a proprietor of the paper must not be divulged. It is time we made our appearance in the house. Mrs. Chappell will remark our absence, and I dare say by this time Laura and her father have arrived.'

They entered the house, and stood at the door of the reception-room, watching the company.

'As I told you,' said the American, 'the company is thinning, but there are many notable persons present. You see that old gentleman, with the star on his breast. That is Lord Beaumorris, an old gentleman whose society is eagerly courted. He was a great buck in his younger days, and the reputation attaching to him is that he is a man of honor, whose word is law upon doubtful points. To be 'cut' by him after being on speaking terms with him, is sufficient to hurt a man's standing in society. He is a pompous, conceited, high-spirited old lord, proud of his order and his nobility. Mrs. Chappell's [illegible] Mercer, who occupies the house to this, and whose [illegible] money anyhow, would not [illegible] finger if Lord [illegible] tend one of her assemblies. That is one of Mrs. Chappell is the head. When I was making [illegible] and consolations.

exquisite, who looks as though he had just stepped from the modeller's hands. That's Mr. Frederick De Vere Saint Fitzfaddle, a great young man, very rich, with thirty thousand a year, and about twenty words of conversation. Such young men as he, with their weak faces and their hair parted in the middle, inspire me with protound admiration for my species. There is Mr. Wakefield, the Parliamentary agent, and there is Mrs. Huntly, talking scandal; see how the heads cluster around her. Mrs. Chappell's looking toward us; let us go to her.'

(To be continued.)

The Union Advocate.

Established 1867.

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

WEDNESDAY, JAN'Y 26, 1876.

THE GLOUCESTER ELECTION.

The Writ having been issued for the election of a representative to fill the seat made vacant by the resignation of Théotime Blanchard, Esq., a Court will be held at Bathurst to-morrow, for the nomination of one or more candidates. Two gentlemen are positively announced as being in the field, P. J. Ryan, Esq., of Caraquet, and O. Turgeon, Esq., of Madisco. Both these gentlemen would make creditable representatives, and should no more candidates offer, the electors of Gloucester will have to choose from two nationalities. Mr. Ryan is of Irish descent, conducts an extensive tannery at Caraquet, and being possessed of considerable business tact and ability would, we believe, prove a useful and energetic representative. Mr. Turgeon, as his name indicates, is a Frenchman. He is a rising young man, not wanting in ability and energy, and whose aim is to raise his countrymen in the estimation of the people. The upper portion of the County being now represented by K. F. Burns, Esq., (a gentleman who created such a favorable impression in the House last winter) it is quite natural that the people in the lower portion of the County, who have for so many years had their representative in the Legislature, should now seek to retain the honor of sending one member from their own district. While we believe that Mr. Ryan would deal justly with the people representing the different nationalities in Gloucester, should he be successful on polling day, we are still of the opinion that the French element, which so largely predominates in the County, should have its representative. We say this in all fairness to a people who are too frequently looked down upon and regarded with supreme indifference by people of other nationalities. They have their rights, in common with others, and although it may be argued by many that their wants and interests can be fairly and fully represented by a gentleman of another nation, still this is no reply to the argument that when they are in the majority in any County, they have a right to at least one representative, when one of their own number can be found who may be in every way fitted, by nature and education, to fill so important a position. One thing is certain, that if the French are united, they can return any member they please, and if they are desirous of being represented by one of their own nation, they cannot do better than place Mr. Turgeon in the position he seeks to occupy. It may be, however, that to them nationality is of no importance in the matter of representation, and that Mr. Ryan, if elected, would be as acceptable as would Mr. Turgeon, if successful. In either case, the electors generally would have no cause for complaint, as both the gentlemen named are good men. Our plea for Mr. Turgeon is purely on the grounds of nationality.

County Council.

On Wednesday, after the reading of the minutes, a report was submitted by Councillors Fotheringham, Whitney and Sullivan, the committee appointed to examine and report on the state and condition of the Court House, and to provide better accommodation for the Council. The report recommended that the walls of the Court House be whitewashed and the woodwork repaired and re-painted.—Also, the converting of two of the rooms up stairs into one, which shall be fitted up with the necessary furniture for the meetings of Council,

The committee appointed to examine the Newcastle and Chatham Police Accounts, and to consider any changes deemed necessary in the department, reported through their chairman, Councillor Park, as follows:—

We have examined the accounts of the Chatham Police, and find them very unsatisfactory. It does not appear by the vouchers and receipts of the policemen, that they have been paid up to any definite time. It appears that the amounts of fines imposed and collected, have not been paid over to the Treasury every month, as required by law. No dates are given to show the exact times in which the fines have been collected.

The Justice has received $177.20 for costs and does not show the whole number of convictions made by him, but simply those who have paid their fines. It does not appear that any part of the costs have been placed to the credit of the police fund.

We recommend that the Secretary-Treasurer pay no order for the salaries of said policemen, unless it specifies for what purpose and to what date their salaries are and also that the Justice be particular in [illegible] monthly payments to the [illegible] That the return of [illegible] show a full and com[illegible] convictions, whether the [illegible] committed to guol, or paid the fine, and also the amount of costs imposed under each and every conviction.

We find there has been a large amount ($1,024.63) collected for fines, and there is a balance of $381.54 in the hands of the Secretary-Treasurer.

We recommend that the sum of $700 be assessed on the district for police purposes.

We have examined the accounts of the Newcastle Police Department, and find them correct and properly vouched. The total amount of fines received by the magistrate is small, being only $234.21. The salaries of the policemen are all paid up to the end of the year, with the exception of Policemen Cassidy and Dalton, to whom one month's pay is due. The amount of fines received and the assessment of last-year have been insufficient to meet the expenses, and in order to raise funds the Police Committee were compelled to borrow $300, giving a joint note therefor, which is still unpaid. There is a small balance in the Secretary-Treasurer's hands of $3.69. The liabilities of the Police fund are as follows:—

Amount of Note,	$300.00
2 Policemen's Salaries for Dec.,	62.50
Wood Account,	17.10
Gas Account,	14.70
	$394.30
Against this there is, in the Secretary-Treasurer's hands,	3.69
Showing a deficit of	$390.61

without including interest on the note, the addition of which will swell the deficiency to $490. The maximum amount that can be assessed on the District for Police purposes is $800. Taking this into consideration and also the probable amount that will be realized for fines during the ensuing year, your Committee are of opinion that it will be impossible to make up this deficiency without lessening the number of the Police force and greatly curtailing the expenses of the Police establishment.

Your Committee, therefore, recommend that the Council take steps in this matter that will ensure a competent Police force as may be deemed necessary for this District, and to place the financial part of this department on a sound and solvent basis.

There was some discussion concerning the appointment of Henry Burbridge, policeman for Chatham, in the room of policeman Blake, deceased. The appointment was made by Justices Goggin and Blair, who petitioned the Council to confirm their action.

Councillor Lawler objected to the Council doing any such thing. The appointment was made in the face of requisitions being got up for the appointment of a man who had more experience, and was in every way better fitted to perform the responsible duty. There had been undue haste in the matter, doubtless to prevent the wishes of the people being carried out, and to debar if possible, the Council from exercising its legitimate right in the appointment of a successor to fill the place of the late policeman. He moved that the appointment be not confirmed, which was seconded by Councillor Sullivan, of Hardwicke.

After considerable debate, in which most of the Councillors took part, an amendment was moved by Councillor Graham, and seconded by Councillor Williston, that the appointment be not disallowed. The amendment was put and lost, and the original motion sustained 11 to 4.

The recommendations embodied in the report of the Committee on Newcastle Police Accounts were then passed, and on motion of Councillor Park it was ordered that the entire force be dismissed at one month's notice, in order that the expenses of the Police District be reduced and the existing liabilities be paid off.—It is generally understood that one or two policemen will be appointed when the term of the present force expires. One, however, is all that is required during the winter season.

Councillor Park moved, that a bill authorizing the appointment of a Police Magistrate in Newcastle be prepared and forwarded to the Legislature at its next sitting, for enactment. Carried.

In the afternoon Councillor Fotheringham, chairman of the Committee on the County Alms House Accounts, read the following report:—

We find the Accounts all properly vouched for. The account of B. N T. Underhill, Blackville, for burying a pauper, is considerably higher than it ought to have been, amounting to $31.69.

We find an account from John A. Arbo, Town Clerk of Blissfield, amounting to $16, being rent of premises for holding two parish meetings, paid by the Commissioners of Alms House, which ought to have been a parish charge, and paid by the parish if found correct.

The Commissioners, in making out their estimate for the current year, have apparently taken the old scale, instead of that from the new Valuation list as the law requires, and we recommend the Council to take action in the matter.

The estimates for the different parishes are as follows:

Chatham, $300; Newcastle, $350; Nelson, $50; Northesk, $200; Glenelg, $75; Hardwicke, $175; Alnwick, $175; Derby, $75; Blackville, $350; Blissfield, $150; Ludlow, $150, making in all $2,050.

The provision statement shows the small amount of 58 lbs. of beef in store, and the accounts show that a comparatively small amount has been bought during the year, we, therefore, recommend that the keeper be allowed a larger quantity, as we consider it more economical and better for the inmates, they being for the most part elderly people; and we further recommend the purchase of another cow, as one is entirely insufficient for the wants of the inmates.

We notice that the Alms House has been nearly altogether supplied by the two Chatham Commissioners for the last year, and we consider this unjust towards the County, as all supplies should be given to the lowest tender, or imported direct, thus making a saving of the retailer's profit.—This is a matter that the Council should attend to.

In conclusion we recommend that all the members of the Board make it an object to visit the Alms House before leaving for their homes, and they will find it well worthy of their inspection.

It was moved by Councillor Lawler, and carried, that Justice Blair be requested to render a detailed account, with dates, of all police fines collected by him last year.

Councillors Park, Fotheringham and the Secretary-Treasurer were appointed a committee to report on the public wharves and lands of the County.

The Warden, Councillors Lawler and Whitney, and Messrs. W. Park and Thos. Mullans were appointed a Committee to prepare and submit a scale of assessment for the County.

The following recommendation was embodied in the report of the Committee appointed to prepare a scale, fixing the rates of pay for Valuators, Assessors and Collectors.

For Collectors—In Chatham and Newcastle Towns, 5 per cent. on all rates.

In other Districts in Chatham and Newcastle parishes (on all taxes excepting County School Tax), 7½ per cent.

Collecting County School tax in all parishes 5 per cent.

For Assessors—In Upper District, Newcastle, and Middle District, Chatham, 1½ per cent.

In Upper District, Newcastle, County School Rates, 2½ per cent.

Other districts in Chatham and Newcastle, and all the other parishes, (for all rates), 2½ per cent.

For Valuators—On amount of assessment, 2 per cent.

It was recommended that the following amounts be paid for the work performed in making the recent assessment and valuation under the new Act:—

Ludlow, $25; Blissfield, $50; Blackville, $50; Derby, $50; Northesk, $90; Nelson, $50; Glenelg, $70; Hardwicke, $40; Alnwick, $75; Chatham, $150; Newcastle, $150—Total, $800.

Last year's valuation—That the Valuators receive $450 for their work, instead of $750 as charged, and that $15 be deducted from their bill for horse hire.

The above makes the total bill for assessment and valuation of the County, including all expenses, $1,502. On motion the report was received.

On motion being made for the adoption of the above Report, Coun. Fotheringham moved that the Valuators receive $200 each. He thought that when the experience of the gentlemen chosen as Valuators, the amount of work done—which would have taken less experienced persons sixty instead of forty days to do—and the fact that the Valuators were taken from their homes and business where any of them could make at least, $5 a day, were taken into consideration, $200 each, for 40 days' work, would not seem excessive.

The motion was seconded by Coun. Lawler.

Coun. Sullivan strenuously opposed Coun. Lawler's motion, arguing that while the Council should deal justly by all persons rendering services to the County, it should pay no more than if such services were rendered for individuals.

Coun. Lawler's motion was lost.

The Secretary-Treasurer presented a request from Justice Blair for the appointment of Samuel Wilcox as Keeper of the Lock-up, Chatham, in place of R. Blake, deceased. No action was taken in the matter.

THURSDAY, Jan. 20.

Minutes read of preceding day's proceedings.

The Secretary-Treasurer was instructed by the Council to furnish to the Commissioners and Surveyors of roads a copy of the law in reference to their duties; also blank forms to the Surveyors and Commissioners of Highways to enable them to understand in what manner their accounts should be made out.

E. P. Williston and R. Carman, Esquires, were put in nomination for the office of County Auditor. The former gentleman received the appointment.

Councillor Lawlor, the Warden, and Councillor Whitney were appointed a committee to fix the salary of the Secy.-Treasurer, Clerk of the Peace and County Auditor.

Resolved, that an assessment be made on the police district of Chatham for the sum of $700, including the per centage for assessing and collecting, for Police purposes.

An assessment was ordered to be made on the Fire district of Chatham for the sum of 1,200 for fire purposes.

Ordered, that $40 be appropriated from the County funds for the purpose of renewing the insurance on the Gaol and Court House, and that the Sec'y-Treasurer have the same effected.

Secretary-Treasurer was directed to inform Parish Officers that they are required to make returns at the time named by law.

The Committee appointed to fix the salary of the Sec'y-Treasurer, Clerk of the Peace and County Auditor, reported as follows:—

"That considering the vast amount and importance of the work performed by our Secretary-Treasurer, and his general efficiency, as an officer, we would recommend the payment of a salary of $580 per annum, and for his services as Clerk of the Peace, the sum of $60.

The Auditor of Public Accounts, we would recommend receive a salary of $75 per annum, subject to the approval of the next January Council, their judgment to be given according to the efficiency of the work performed, accepting the sum named in our report as a basis."

The report was adopted.

The sum of $2050 was ordered to be assessed on the County for Alms House purposes, the amount to be levied on the different parishes in accordance with the scale passed by the Council at this sitting.

By resolution, the pay of the Chatham policemen was reduced from $400 to $375 per annum, and the pay of the Captain from $450 to $400, the reduction to date from the 1st Jan. 1876.

Councillors Lawler and Fotheringham, and R. Hocken, Esq., were appointed a Committee to appoint a policeman for the police district of Chatham, if necessary.

The County and Parish officers were then appointed. Those for Chatham and Newcastle Parishes are as follows:—

CHATHAM PARISH.

Overseers of Poor:—Donald M'Lauchlan, Moses Connors, Jno. Bannon.

Constables:—Jno. Dwyer, Isaac Jackson, John Ferguson, Jas. Carter, David Savoy, Peter Manderson, Sr., Daniel Baldwin, Angus Buckley.

Commissioners of Roads:—Alfred Peterson, Upper District; Stephen Jackson, Middle District; Alexander Murdock, Lower District.

Pound Keepers:—Robert Thompson, Upper District; Stephen Jackson, Middle District; Alexander Murdock, Lower District.

Collectors of Rates:—Thos. Gaynor, Upper district; Daniel Crimmen, Middle District; Alexander Murdock, Lower District.

Town Clerk:—Jas. V. Benson.

Fence Viewers:—Dennis Sullivan, John Foley, Robt. Murray, Robt. Blake.

Clerk of the Market:—A. A. Lockerby.

Hogreeves:—Geo. Burbridge, Joseph Steel, John Baldwin, Lestock Travers, W. Jackson, John B. Forest, Alex. Dixon, Jr., Wm. Loban.

Boom Masters:—Thos. Crumley, Patrick Keognan, Benj. Flood.

Surveyors of Dams:—Chas. Blakely, Robt. Jardine.

Inspectors of Butter:—Robt. Sinclair, Jas. Edgar.

Surveyors of Grindstones:—Joseph Forrest, John Crosby.

Assessors of Rates:—Jas. J. Pierce. Thos. Crimmen, John Sadler.

Surveyors of Roads:—Thos. Fernandes, Samuel Harper, Jas. Williams, Thos. Brehault, John Riley, Wm. Kerr, Pat'k Connell, Jas. Jardine, jr., John Fitzpatrick.

Revisors of Votes:—Wm. Lawler, John Fotheringham, A. D. Shirreff,

Timber Drivers:—Michael Fitzpatrick, Samuel Jardine.

Bye-Road Commissioners:—Wm. Kelly, Upper District: John Devereaux, Middle District; Robt. Murray, Lower District.

Weighers of Hay and Coal:—D. T. Johnstone, F. J. Letson.

Surveyors of Lumber:—A. M'Intosh, Wm. Wilson, Timothy Harrington, Jas. Carter, John Sinclair, W. J. Fenety, John Devereaux, John Connors, Patrick Connors, sr., John J. Gaynor, Peter Wallace, Arthur Sharp, Thos. Barden, John Blake, Robert Blake, Cornelius M'Kendy, Thos. M'Quinn, John Woods, John O'Keeffe, jr., William M'Graw, Daniel Crimmen, Arch. Woods, Arch. Shields, John Baldwin, John Newman, J. D. M'Kay, Ed. Rogers.

Inspectors of Fish:—Henry Kelly, Asa Perley, Wm. Hay, Dudley Perley, Peter Gray, Andrew Hay.

Collector of Dog Tax:—Luke Pike.

Firewards:—W. B. Howard, D. T. Johnstone, M. A. Tracy, Danl. Crimmen, J. W. Fraser, Wm. Muirhead jr., Joseph M. Ruddock, John Coleman.

Wharfingers:—James T. Griffin, John O'Keeffe, sr., Jas. V. Benson.

Ferryman:—Thos. Haviland.

Overseers of Fisheries:—Peter Gray, John Murdock, Dudley Perley, James Loggie,

NEWCASTLE PARISH.

Overseers of Poor.—W. Russell, Jr., Geo. Brown, Robert Wall.

Constables.—John Cassidy, F. Matthews, Angus Campbell, Wm. Dalton, James Copp, William Cottier, Alexander Campbell, John Mehan, David Johnston, Andrew Hay, Jas. Ahern, William Wood.

Commissioners of Roads.—James Brown, George Smith, James Coltart.

Town Clerk.—John Buckley.

Collectors of Rates.—Charles Marshall, James Henderson, David M'Hardy.

Pound Keepers.—Michael M'Lean, John Burr, Wm. Loggie, Sr.

Clerk of the Market.—Robert Gremley.

Hogreeves.—James Adams, Alavander Copp, John Murray, Henry Lawlor, Wm. Robinson, James Falconer, William Smith, Jeremiah Fox, Thomas Wallis, John Anderson, Wm. Millar, John Wood, William F. Smallwood.

Boom Masters.—Thomas Ramsay, Charles Reid, James Gullivar.

Surveyors of Dams.—Thomas Mullins, George M'Lean, James Henderson, George Grant.

Sealer of Leather.—John A. Murphy.

Surveyors of Grindstones.—David Giggie, Ephraim Sherard.

Assessors of Rates.—Wm. Masson, Jr., Wm. Gordon, Alex. Jessamine.

Field Drivers.—Wm. J. Miller, (butcher), Con. Sullivan, Robert Innis.

Surveyors of Roads.—Geo. Ingraham, Michael Graham, Thos. Hickey, Jas Currie, Sr., George Innis, Michael Lynch, John M'Mahon, Robert Wall.

Timber Drivers.—Allan Ritchie, William Porter.

Weighers of Hay and Straw,—Wm. Watt, Joseph M'Knight, John Anderson.

Revisors of Votes.—Wm. A. Park, Ernest Hutchison, John Grant.

Fence Viewers.—James Fish, Samuel Adams, Daniel Hogan, John Falconer, John Hay, John Scott, Sr., Alex. Innis.

Surveyors of Wood and Bark.—William Maltby, John Brander, John Sinclair, Sr., Wm. Innis.

Commissioners of Bye Roads.—Alexander Atchison, George Smith, Alex. Jessamine.

Wharfingers.—Frederick Matthews, John Anderson, Wm. Wood.

Surveyors of Lumber.—John O. Urquhart, Rowland Gitchell, Chas. Donavon, C. Craig, Thomas Maltby, Charles Call, John Maltby, Wm. R. Taylor, Benjamin Reid, J. Robinson, John Sinclair, Sr., P. Sullivan, Jr., Jeremiah Maloney, Wm. Innis, Sr., Alex. Russell, Sr., H. Creighton, Frank Carruthers, W. Sullivan.

Collectors of Dog Tax.—John Cassidy, Jas. Henderson.

Firewards.—Chas. F. Bourne, Allan M'Intyre, Robert Ritchie, Jas. M. Troy, James H. Phinney, James Brown.

Ferrymen.—Matthew Russell, Robert Wilson, Thos. Haviland.

Some discussion took place on the following resolution moved by Councillor Archibald:—

Resolved, that the Councillor Revisors for each Parish receive $20 for their services as such, and that the third Revisor appointed by the Council act as Secretary to the Revisors, and receive one fourth of that amount.

Councillor Crocker moved in amendment that no change should be made in the scale which had hitherto been in force.

Councillor Lawler was of the opinion that no change should be made, at the same time expressing his belief that the revisors had never been sufficiently paid for their services.

Councillor Park vigorously opposed the motion, denouncing it in strong terms.

The Warden, while thanking the Council for placing him in the honorable position he occupied, hoped that for the credit of the Council, no such motion as that proposed by Councillor Archibald would be sanctioned.—If it were passed, he should feel compelled to resign his position as Warden.

Both the amendment and original motion were lost, and the matter was finally referred to a Committee, who recommended that the pay of revisors remain as heretofore. The report was adopted.

FRIDAY, Jan. 21.

Minutes of previous day's proceedings read.

Resolved, that an assessment of $800 be made on the fire district of Newcastle for fire purposes.

Councillors Lawler, Campbell, Archibald, Esson and Cook, were appointed a Committee to fix the amount of Contingent assessment.

A committee, composed of the Warden, and Councillors Park and Lawler, was appointed to prepare a code of bye-laws for the Municipality.

Ordered, that the sum of $300 be assessed on the County for the purpose of repairing the Court House, and making a suitable Council Room for the accommodation of the Council, the amount to be paid into the contingent fund.

By resolution, the Police Committee of Newcastle was empowered to borrow $400 from the Public Wharf fund to meet liabilities, until this year's collection of police tax is made.

The Sec'y-Treasurer was instructed to pay the Assessors of the different parishes, and the Valuators, for their services for the County valuation, as soon as County funds are in his hands.

The Committee appointed to report on the state of the Public Lands of the County submitted their report, which passed. The Committee recommended that a Committee be appointed to look after the Public Square, and to enforce the regulations respecting the same.

The committee appointed to consider the petition of Matthew Russell, in regard to the Newcastle Ferry, for which a lease of ten years was asked, the term having expired, reported as follows:—

"We have considered this matter, and examined the lease under which the said Matthew Russell held the Ferry during the past year. The present boat owned by the petitioner, in your committee's opinion, is not an efficient one, there not being sufficient capacity in the boiler to drive a boat of her size or one which the requirements of the public demands. Under his lease of last year, he agreed to put on a good, substantial and efficient steam ferry boat, and this, in your committee's opinion, he has not done.

Your committee would recommend that a lease of the said ferry be granted to the petitioner for one year, and that he be required to put the said boat in an efficient state by the opening of navigation.

Your committee would suggest that if the said petitioner will not accept for the term of one year, or if he accepts and fails to carry out his agreement, that then the said ferry be put up to public competition."

Mr. Russell was heard respecting the matter, who stated that he had done all in his power to comply with the orders of session last January.

The matter was finally wound up by the following resolution moved by Councillor Whitney, seconded by Councillor Park, and passed by the Council, to the terms of which Mr. R. agreed to comply.

Resolved, That Matthew Russell receive a Lease of the Newcastle Ferry for a term of one year, which lease shall be renewable from year to year for a term of ten years, provided he places in his boat an engine and boiler of good quality, and of at least equal power to the one now in Thomas Haviland's steam ferry boat at Chatham, within 16 months from date, and shall keep the same in operation as required by the regulation of sessions made thereto, And that he give bonds in the sum of two thousand dollars for the faithful performance of the terms of the lease.

Councillors Campbell, Bamford, O'Donnell, Underhill and Archibald were granted leave of absence.

Mr. James Muirhead was refunded $7.70, less costs, assessed on him in the Parish of Chatham for the year 1875, as he was then out of the country.

James T. Griffin, James Carter and Wm. Muirhead, Esquires, were delegated the power to arrange and look after the Chatham Square.

Jeremiah O'Sullivan was, by resolution, allowed mileage in addition to his pay of $1.00 per day.

The Sec'y-Treasurer was instructed to prepare a bill to present to the Legislature, to so amend the Act relating to the election of Councillors, that ratepayers may vote on income as well as on property.

Also, to prepare a bill to be laid before the next session of the Legislature, to make all the roads and streets in the County of Northumberland, not now repairable by a money tax, repairable by a tax of thirty cents a day, payable in money instead of statute labor, and that the said bill be published in the local papers, as required by the rules of the Legislature.

Ordered, that Mrs. Blake, widow of the late policeman Blake, be allowed to keep the Chatham Lock-up House until 1st July next, when the half-yearly term will expire. This was done at the request of several magistrates.

The Contingent Assessment Committee reported the amount required to meet Contingent expenses of the County, including expenses of valuation for 1875, and repairing of Court House, $3,545.00. This is nearly double the usual amount assessed for Contingent expenses.

The Warden, Sec'y-Treasurer, and Councillor Park, were appointed a Committee to look after the public lands of the County.

The Council adjourned *sine die*.

We are indebted to the *Advance* for a portion of Wednesday's and Thursday's proceedings.

Northumberland Agricultural Society Exhibition.

The annual exhibition of Grains, Dairy Produce, and articles of Domestic Manufacture, was held in the Temperance Hall, Chatham, on Thursday last. We are pleased to have it to say that the exhibition was the best which has been held for some time past. The samples of grains, &c., were particularly fine.—Some samples of white wheat weighed 63¼ lbs. per bushel, white oats 53 lbs., black oats 42 lbs, and barley 53½ lbs. We question if better results can be shown in any part of the Province. Mr. John Scott of the N. West, had on exhibition some mammoth beets, which failed to secure a prize, the Judges mistaking them for mangle wortzel, and did not discover their mistake until after the close of the exhibition.

The Judges of Grain were Messrs. Alex. Jessamine, Wm. Johnstone, and William Martin. The prizes awarded in this department are as follows:—

(Price and Prize included.)

Best White Bald Wheat,	Geo. P. Searle, $6 00
Second best,	James Falconer, 5 50
Third best,	James Fish, 5 25
Best Red Bald Wheat,	James Searle, 6 00
Second best,	Geo. P. Searle, 5 50
Best Barley,	James Falconer, 2 50
Second best,	Wm. Falconer, Jr., 2 00
Third best,	Jonathan Dickson, 1 50
Best Peas,	Lewis Dick, 4 25
Best White Oats,	A. W. Manderson, 2 00
Second best,	Wm. Gray, 2 00
Best Black Oats,	A. W. Manderson, 1 70
Second best,	Wm. Searle, 1 70
Third best,	James Falconer, 1 60
Best Timothy Seed,	Wm. Searle, 5 50
Best White Beans,	Geo. P. Searle, 2 50
Second best,	John Scott, 2 00
Third best,	James Searle, 1 75
Best Buckwheat,	Wm. Searle, 1 50
Second best,	Geo. P. Searle, 1 20
Best Winter Potatoes,	Wm. Searle, 1 00
Second best,	James Fitzpatrick, 80
Best Early Potatoes,	Jas. Fitzpatrick, 1 00
Second best,	John M'Diarmid, 1 00
Third best,	John Scott, 80
Best Swedish Turnips,	Geo. P. Searle, 1 50
Second best,	W. H. Brown, 1 25
Best Beets,	Wm. Searle, 1 00
Second best,	John Johnstone, 80
Best Carrots,	John Scott, 1 25
Second best,	John Johnstone, 80

The Judges for Produce of the Dairy and Domestic Manufactures were Messrs. Moses Connors, Isaac Harris, A. A. Lockerbie.

PRODUCE OF THE DAIRY.

(Price and Prize included.)

Best Butter,	John Johnston, per lb. 31 cents
Second best,	W. H. Brown, 30 "
Third best,	George Dick, 29 "

There was only one cheese exhibited, the owner failing to secure a prize.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.

(Price and Prize included.)

Best Woollen Socks, 3 prs.	G. P. Searle, $2 50
Second best,	Wm. Searle, 2 25
Third best,	Lewis Dick, 2 00
Best Mittens, 3 pairs,	Lewis Dick, 3 00
Second best,	Wm. Searle, 2 75
Third best,	Geo. P. Searle, 2 00

(Prizes only.)

Best Flannel, all wool, not less than 10 yds.,	$1 50
Samuel Jardine,	
Best Flannel, cotton and wool, 10 yds.,	1 50
William Searle,	1 00
Second best,	Lewis Dick,
Best Homespun, cotton and wool,	John Scott, 2 00
Second best,	James Fitzpatrick, 1 50
Best Homespun, for women's wear,	John Scott, 1 50
Second Best,	Wm. Martin, 1 00
Best Blankets, cotton and wool,	George P. Searle, 1 00
Second best,	Wm. Searle, 75
Best Hearth Rug,	Jas. Fitzpatrick, 1 00
Second best,	James Falconer, 80

At the close of the exhibition, Mr. W. Masson, Treasurer, tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and Mr. John Galloway was appointed in his stead.

[BY OUR LEGAL REPORTER.]

Northumberland County Court.

HIS HONOR, JUDGE WILLISTON, PRESIDING.

Tuesday, 25th Jan.

There were no criminal cases on the docket, and no grand jury was summoned. Previous to the Attornies of the Court entering their causes, Mr. Davidson applied to have the case of David Connell *vs.* Richard Hutchison postponed until next term, on account of the sickness and inability of the Defendant, who is a material and necessary witness, on the usual terms of payment of the costs of the day. Mr. Adams, for the pl., said his client had come a long distance, and he would not consent to postponement without the customary affidavit.

The def's. Atty. then made the necessary affidavit, and the cause was ordered to stand over until next term, the def. paying costs of the day.

Patrick Purcell *vs.* James Brennan. In this case Mr. Adams read an affidavit showing that issue was joined in October, 1875, and pl. had not proceeded to trial; also an affidavit of the service of notice of this application on the 10th Jan. inst. He moved for judgment as in case of a nonsuit for not proceeding to trial according to the practice of the Court.

Mr. Thomson for pl. read an affidavit stating that the defendant had demanded security for costs which had not yet been given, and no proceedings had since been taken. He contended that this demand was a stay of proceedings, and pl's. hands being tied he could not proceed. The present motion could not be entertained until such security is given or the demand is waived. (Cites 2 Pugsley, page 4, O'Brien *vs.* Tate.

Mr. Adams, in reply, contended there should be a Judge's order before there could be a stay of proceedings.

Curiam adv. vult.

David T. Johnstone, Assignee of David Strang, *vs.* James Savoy. An affidavit stating that the writ was issued in Dec. 1874 and issue joined in January 1875, and that pl. had not proceeded to trial pursuant to notice, was read by Mr. Adams, who moved for Judgment for the def. as in case of a nonsuit.

Mr. Tweedie for the pl. read an affidavit shewing that the cause was entered for trial in April term 1875, but was postponed on application of def. on payment of costs. He contended that the present motion ought not to be granted, as the delay was due to the def. and not to the neglect of the pl. Cites Chitty's Arch. Practice 1502.—Mr. Adams cited Gilbert *vs.* Donovan, Stephens Digest page 246.

Curiam adv. vult.

Samuel D. Harper *vs.* William H. Craig. Mr. Davidson showed by affidavit that issue was found in this cause in August last, and def. had received notice of trial for last October term, but that the pl. had not proceeded to trial. On these grounds he moved for judgment for def. as in case of a nonsuit. The Court ordered that judgment be entered up accordingly.

Joseph Deroche *vs.* John B. Williston. Mr. Tweedie for def. made application for judgment as in case of a nonsuit in this cause. His Honor intimated that he could not adjudicate in this case on account of relationship to the def., but that he would give proper certificates so that Mr. Tweedie could apply to another Judge.

Hugh J. Montgomery *vs.* Francis Cassidy. Mr. Tweedie moved for judgment as in case of a nonsuit, for not proceeding to trial according to the practice of the Court. His Honor decided that the applicant must first obtain a Rule Nisi and give 14 days notice to the opposite party.

David Ritchie, *et al*, *vs.* John Shirreff.—This case was tried in October last. It was an action of trover to recover the value of certain property claimed by the plaintiff under a bill of sale from one Andrew Touhie, made on the 20th August, 1874. The property remained in possession of Touhie until the following spring, when it was seized and sold by the Sheriff, under an execution at the suit of John Stronach. At the trial the defendant's counsel contended that the bill of sale should have been filed according to the terms of the Bill of Sale Act of 1874. His honor reserved this point, and a verdict was given for the plaintiff for $50, with leave for the defendant's counsel to move to enter a non-suit on the points reserved. A rule nisi was obtained, returnable before Judge Williston, at chambers in December last, when the cause was argued by Messrs. Davidson and Wilkinson. The principal question was whether the Bill of Sale Act requiring all bills of sale to be filed with the Registrar of Deeds, applied to bills of sale made before the first of October, 1874. The first section of the act states that all bills of sale made after the passing thereof, &c., should be registered, while the last section enacted that the said act should come into force on the first day day of October, and not sooner.

The act was passed on the 8th April 1874. His Honor having taken time to consider, now delivered a very lengthy and able judgment. In his opinion the last section of the act controlled the former, and it therefore did not apply to any bill of sale made before the first October, 1874. The order to enter a nonsuit was discharged, and the verdict confirmed.

The following are the causes entered on the civil docket.

James Graham *vs.* Farquahar M'Rae. L. J. Tweedie, plaintiff's Attorney.

James Murphy *vs.* Carl O. Ericsson. L. J. Tweedie, plaintiff's Attorney.

George Bryenton *vs.* Daniel M'Laughlin. W. A. Park, plaintiff's Attorney.

In the latter cause the Defendant's Att'y intimated his intention to apply for a postponement, and was allowed time to prepare his affidavits.

After dinner the case of James Murphy *vs.* Carl O. Ericsson was tried. It was an action of Assumpsit for the value of a watch, ($32.) which the pl. had left with the def. to repair, and which he failed to deliver to the pl. Plea General Issue. L. J. Tweedie for pl., G. B. Fraser and Wm. Wilkinson for def. By consent of Counsel this cause was tried without a Jury. The following witnesses were examined for the pl., viz., Edw. Hughes and James Murphy.

Mr. Wilkinson opened for the defence, and called one witness, Carl O. Ericsson, the def. in the suit. Mr. Tweedie then called James Graham to rebut the def's. evidence, and the case closed. His Honor deferred giving his decision until to-morrow morning.

Court adjourned.

Local and General.

The North Renfrew election has resulted in the return of Mr. White, Conservative.

The Albert election is over, and Messrs. Rogers and Ryan have again been returned, the latter having a small majority. The returns are—Rogers, 923; Lewis, 903; Turner, 777. It is said this election is also to be protested on grounds of bribery and corruption.

Madame Cornelis, Superioress of the Convent of the Sacred Heart, St. John, died in that city on Sunday, the 16th, after a long illness. Deceased belonged to Belgium, and was 52 years of age. The *Freeman* says that a great part of her life was devoted to the service of her Master, in the education and training of the young.

The Local Government offer a reward of $200 for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously set fire to and burned the school house in District No. 21, McLaughlan Road, Moncton, on the 26th December last.

Mr. Langevin, Conservative, has been elected for Charlevoix, his majority being about 250.

Henry Varley,, the revivalist, died on the 19th.

The Manitoba Legislature opened on Tuesday of last week.

R. Connacher, Esq., J. P., of Restigouche, has resigned.

TEMPERANCE.—Mrs. Kent Mason, the well known temperance lecturer, delivered addresses in the Hall here on Wednesday and Thursday evenings last. The Hall was crowded on each occasion, the audiences apparently being well pleased with the entertaining manner in which the lady held up to their view the evils of intemperance. Mrs. Kent Mason has a good reputation as a public speaker, and deservedly so. Mrs. M. also delivered addresses in Douglastown and Derby, and on Sunday night at Chatham, in the Temperance Hall. She left by the train yesterday for Bathurst, carrying with her the good wishes of the people generally. We trust her efforts will be productive of much good.

SUPPER.—The Municipal Council completed its labours on Friday.—This, the first sitting, was duly honored by a supper at the "Waverley" on the evening of that day, which was generously arranged for by the Warden, E. Hutchison, Esq., and prepared in friend Stewart's usual good style. The Warden presided. After the repast had received ample attention the usual round of toasts and speeches was the order of the evening, the proceedings being enlivened by the excellent music of Colby's Quadrille Band. The kind invitation tendered by the Warden we were unable to accept, owing to a press of work in the office, which demanded our attention on the evening in question.

BIG FISHING.—On Monday night the bass fishers on the North West made the best fishing ever done on that stream in one night. It is said that between three and four tons of bass were netted. One man secured a *ton* of the fish, his earnings for the night being *one hundred and forty dollars*. Another fisherman captured half a ton, the value of the catch being seventy dollars. Many other fishermen also had fair "takes." It is a pleasant matter to record these lucky episodes in the lives of men who have frequently hard enough times to make all ends meet.

☞ Mr. C. C. Watt returned by train from Montreal on Monday evening, with the remains of his son who died recently at Montreal. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon, and was attended by a large concourse of people from the different towns.—The ceremony at the house was conducted by the Rev. James Anderson and the Rev. W. Wilson, and at the grave by the first named clergyman.

☞ The attention of our readers is called to the advertisement of Mr. W. Lawler, who is in the monument and tablet business. Mr. L. is an experienced and skillful workman, and those who patronize him may rely on having their orders filled in a satisfactory manner.

☞ Continuation of annual school meetings, partly in type, will appear next week. Other matters will receive early attention.

RUNAWAY.—On Saturday, a horse belonging to Mr. James M'Knight, was being driven by Miss M'Knight, was upset on coming out of the yard entering into T. Johnstone's Livery Stables, Chatham. Miss M'K. was slightly hurt. The horse took the pung slipped off, and the horse started with the remainder up Water street at railway speed. The runaway resulted in damage two sleighs belonging to Mr. Johnson and Mr. Fernands, between the Post Office and Harper's Watchmaker's shop. The horse was brought up at the Miramichi Hotel with a portion of one shaft only remaining in the harness.

☞ On Tuesday evening, Mr. Wm. Murray, of Newcastle, favored the people of Derby with a very interesting and instructive lecture on "Paint, and how to make home attractive." We are glad to learn that Mr. Murray intends lecturing in Newcastle on the same subject in the Hall of the Masonic Hall, at an early date.

☞ Mr. W. S. Brown advertises a handsome and well finished sleigh, double seated pung, which he has for sale. Parties in want of a really handsome and well finished article will do well to inspect this sample of

POOR COPY

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METEOROLOGICAL

for the Dominion
G. A. Blair, Esq.

JANUARY.

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5.20 p.m	29	19	25	2
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cry aroused Mrs. Thomas who came to her daughter's assistance. Betts, thereupon, left off beating his wife, and seizing his mother-in-law with one hand he attempted to put her out of doors, at the same time clinching his gun. Both women now cried loudly for assistance, and their outcry brought Mr. Thomas to their rescue.

The murderer on hearing Thomas' footsteps rushed out of the house and made off, but Thomas, seeing a man run from his mother's door, started in pursuit and overtook Betts about forty yards from the house. Some conversation then took place in which Thomas was heard by the women to reprove Betts for his wayward and unnatural conduct. It does not appear however that any quarrel took place. On the contrary Betts was heard to express regret for his conduct, and told Thomas "that he intended to do better after this."—Thomas then turned to go to his own house, but had only proceeded a few paces when Betts raised his gun and taking deliberate aim shot Thomas in the back.

The charge entered the body just below the left shoulder blade, and Thomas, uttering a loud scream, fell and expired almost immediately.

The report of the gun and the dying screams of the murdered man brought out the women to the place. A heartrending scene ensued. Mrs. Thomas, finding her son killed by her son-in-law, Mrs. Thomas, Jr., finding her husband murdered by her brother; and Mrs. Betts, her brother shot by her husband. No words can describe their mingled grief and shame. In horror and in fear they carried the dead body into Mrs. Thomas' house, to which the women shut themselves, being too frightened to go to the next neighbor's house—a distance about a mile.

To their utter dismay the murderer returned in about an hour and wanted to be let into the house, but the women refused him admittance, and after prowling about for a short time left. He then proceeded to his father's house, in Victoria Settlement, where he eat a hearty breakfast, and there he was observed putting some biscuits in his pocket. Nothing is known for certain about his whereabouts since.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MURDERER.

A correspondent of the *Telegraph* writes that the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of wilful murder, and gives the following description of the murderer.

Height, about 5 feet 7½ inches, and proportionately well built; hair short, thick and considerably tinged with grey; whiskers unshaven, quite heavy and dark; complexion dark; form slight, and motion quick; age from 40 to 45.

When he left home it is supposed he wore a dark coat, brownish pants, dark hat, and green hide glasses, although he had access to other clothes, including a rubber coat which makes the description of clothes quite uncertain. He is supposed to have proceeded in the direction of Amherst, and has not yet been arrested.

He seeks employment it will probably be in the lumber woods. He is formerly insane.

GULF PORTS S. S. Co.—This pen-terprising, economically managed, unfortunate concern has met with a series of accidents since its inception. The last is that of the steamer *Bermuda*, plying between Portland and Halifax, which on entering the latter port on the 10th instant, ran down the *Three Cheers*, damaging her to an extent that the brig had to be towed to prevent her from sinking. The *Bermuda*, while being moored, dragged the wharf, we learn, to the amount of $2,000.—*Quebec Mercury*.

The funeral service was being conducted in the parish church of Cherry Burton, an English village, the other morning, the clock weight came crashing through the belfry roof and alighted on a young girl, homesmaid at the vicarage, who was injured beyond hope of recovery. A young man sitting by her was also hurt severely.—The rope on which the weight was hung was renewed only the week before. The two injured persons were to have been married the next day.

A GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

PERIODICAL PILLS.

This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cures of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excesses and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

In cases of nervous and spinal affections, pains in the back and limbs, fatigue on slight exertion, palpitation of the heart, blotches and whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and without a powerful remedy, do not contain calomel, antimony or anything hurtful to the constitution.

For directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully perused.

Sold by JOB MOSES, New York,
Sole Proprietor.

Sent free by mail on receipt of 25 cents for postage, inclosed to Messrs. Lamp & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, who will ensure a cure in all cases containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

Chatham, Dec. 11, 1875. 13-1y

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.

Bathurst, Jan. 15th, '76.

EDITORS:—

A writ having been issued for the election of an M. P. P. for the County of Gloucester, and Nomination and Polling days being close at hand, with your usual liberality, I have no doubt but that you will allow me through your columns, the privilege of addressing a few electors a few words in relation to the present political situation. Of late newspaper rumors and otherwise, the electors in the County must be aware that there are at least likely to be two candidates for their suffrages. It seems to me that the duty of each voters is very plain. Let us look for one moment at the proceedings in which the various nationalities possess the Franchise. I don't think I am far from the mark when I say that of the voters in this County of Gloucester, two thirds are French, and one seventh Irish, and the remainder of other descent. That I believe to be indisputable, and if so, is there any reason why the Irish voters, who are generally considered a little "cheeky,"—not to put a stronger word on it—in the Irish parlance of the constituency to seek on this occasion to return one of themselves? Our present M. P. P., K. F. Burns, Esq., is an Irishman, and may be looked upon as the chosen of the Irish patriots—not that he is any the worse for that, far from saying anything against Mr. Burns. I hold and always held that he is most singularly fitted for the position he now occupies, nor would I for one moment be insinuating that Mr. B. is capable of favoring one portion of the constituency at the expense of the other. But what I would argue is this, that as the Irish voters have already a member of their own nationality, even while in a great minority, surely the French speaking section, with their great preponderance of voting power, ought to have the other, and that other a Frenchman like themselves. The French population of this County have long felt that they labored under a great grievance, and not a grievance of the sentimental sort. No man of candid mind can deny that hitherto nearly every office has been shut against Frenchmen where any other man could be got, as effectually as though over every portal were written—"No French need apply." Now why is this? Is it because the French New Brunswicker, when placed in equal circumstances, has proved himself the inferior? No man dare say so. Then what is the reason? May it not be found in the carelessness with which they have hitherto allowed themselves to be led by a small but noisy minority, and when can they expect it to be otherwise, till they arise and with "Un Francais," "Pour Francais" as their motto, return one of themselves their representative. Till they do so, their possession of the franchise will prove to be a farce.

There is one of the candidates, a Mr. Turgeon of Beresford, a Frenchman, and well deserving of the support of all French voters. It is his misfortune that he is personally so little known throughout the County, for wherever he is known he is universally liked, as his character of a sterling, upright and talented young man entitles him to be. The best test to try any man is—what do his neighbors think of him. In Mr. Turgeon's case the opinion of his neighbors was most significantly shown by the fact that at the late election of Councillors for his parish, he was returned almost unanimously, (six only of the votes polling against him.) He possesses every requisite that a candidate should possess. He is active, talented, and possessed of sufficient leasure to devote himself thoroughly to his Parliamentary duties. The inference then is plain. If the French wish to have a fit representative, which they ought to have, let them vote for M. Turgeon.

A. VOTER.

$1.00 per Working Hour.

GOOD PAY FOR THESE HARD TIMES.

"Who is it that gets so well paid?" the readers of the *Advocate* may ask; such earnings in these times must be the result of hard labor. Our Auditor of School Accounts informs us, (with a protest against its extravagance) that we, the ratepayers of Newcastle, have paid Principal Hutchison the sum of *eleven hundred and twenty five dollars* or one dollar per working hour for his services of the past year.

One would naturally expect good results from a teacher worthy of such a handsome salary, but what do we find? We find a general attendance of about twenty pupils, who while being remarkably intelligent and capable of study, have, in three years, made no further progress than they could easily have attained in any common school taught by an ordinary teacher. We also find conspicuous by their absence, those youths of our community who, while anxious to study, have found out that they were only wasting time in listening to a tedious "maundering" instead of being put to that steady hard work, which pupils in their "teens" stand in need of. Several of these I know, who refuse to attend. We find that no first class licenses are taken by those who have studied under Principal Hutchison with a view to teaching. Two of his best students, whom we all hoped to see take first class honors, came back from the Training School with but a second class license each, and I have heard it stated that they are indebted to a course of instruction from Mr. Wilson, late teacher in Douglastown, for even that.

Let me now refer, by way of comparison, to the results obtained by a teacher who, though not so liberally paid as our "Principal," has, at least something besides salary to boast of. Mr. Freeze, Principal of the High School in Bathurst, at the recent school meeting there, said, in answer to some charges brought against him,—"that he had come there in 1873, and had then demanded an increase of salary, as his school was making an average of about 45, and a great deal of his work—with the boys who were fitting for college—had to be done after hours. At present circumstances were changed, considerable material had gone out from the school, and there was only an average of 24 or 25; consequently the work was not so hard nor worth so much, so he proposed to take the school from the beginning of the summer for the original salary of $800 per annum, although the agreement for the present salary did not expire until Nov. 1st." Mr. Freeze stated, as results of his teaching, "that there had gone out from his school five pupils to the Provincial Normal School, all of whom had done well, one in particular being mentioned by Mr. Crocket, the Principal, as having given evidence of thorough training. He had fitted one young lady for the examinations himself, and she had passed at Chatham and gained a first class license. Besides these there were no fewer than six of the pupils scattered throughout the County teaching under local licenses. Another of his pupils had entered St. Joseph's College, Memramcook, and had already distinguished himself in his studies there. At present there were four young ladies in preparation for the Normal School, all intending to enter in the Spring term. Further, two lads would enter the University at Fredericton next September; and not to be omitted either was the fact that Mr. Sivewright has been present at one at his examinations, and after giving the Greek class a pretty thorough sifting had afterwards expressed very favorable opinions concerning the thoroughness of the boys then studying in it."

I have made this lengthy extract from a letter in the *Telegraph*, to show, that while our Principal demands an exorbitant salary for teaching a *small* school, with equally *small* results, the Principal of the Bathurst High School, who can show a splendid record, voluntarily reduces his own salary to $800, and has still a larger school than our Principal's has ever been.

Let the people of Newcastle remember that they are paying *eleven hundred and twenty five dollars* a year to the teacher of a "bogus" High School, who with his wonderful proficiency at pulling the wool over one's eyes, cannot convince us that he is worth A DOLLAR AN HOUR.

DERBY NOTES.

DEAR SIRS:—

While the monotony of town-life is frequently broken by various amusements, we have to remain in solitude, disturbed only by the harmony of sounds and the musical strains of the warbling winds.—But content in our humble situation, we move to and fro amid pleasures sweet and amusements gay; but as life is transitory, so are those amusements which appear for a season and then pass away.

The ice has been the centre of attraction for the past few days; seniors and juniors participating in the pleasures thereon, have become not only "graceful" in their movements, but "fantastic in their evolutions."

Lately, too, Derby has been the centre of excitement and attraction. The eloquence of Mrs. Mason and the instructions of Mr. Murray have attracted numbers to our Hall. The former lecturing on "Intemperance," displayed those true qualities so characteristic of a public speaker. Making no display of her "grandiloquence," she addressed the audience in language, which was not only appropriate for the occasion, but inevitably worthy of the consideration and meditation of all who would make this life enjoyable to themselves and pleasing to their friends. Showing the fearful effects of the inebriating bowl on mind and body, she had the thoughts of her hearers so absorbed in the subject that attention was the order of the evening. Each forgot his neighbor, and all seemed to say she was "the right person in the right place."

Had we such zealous women in our Province, no doubt the drunkard and the drunkard maker would soon turn from their paths of vice and sin to those of joy and peace. "The sinful man would forsake his ways, and the evil man his thoughts." Surely man must know it (intemperance) is destructive to mind and body and soul, then as the "child killed the gosling because the gander bit him, and for fear it too might become one," so let man and woman use their united efforts to suppress the wife's sorrow, the mother's grief, the child's shame, and many evils too numerous to mention.

Mrs. Mason is a thorough temperance speaker, and all who would further the noble cause, *go, hear*, and *remember* what woman has done and what she can do, and ye shall not return dissatisfied.

Yours truly,

Derby, Jan'y 22nd, 1876. X. Y. Z.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

READ THIS TWICE.—Five to thirty drops of THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL, will cure common Sore Throat. It never fails in Croup. It will cure a Cold or Cough in twenty-four to forty-eight hours. One bottle has cured Bronchitis of eight years standing; recent cases are cured in three to six days. It has restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in five years. As an outward application in all cases of pain or lameness, nothing like it has ever been known. One bottle will cure any case of Lame Back or Crick in the Back. For diseases of the Spine and Contraction of the Muscles it is unequalled. In Rheumatic or any other pain the first application does you good. It stops Ear Ache and the pain of a Burn in three minutes, and is altogether the best and cheapest medicine ever offered to the people—the cheapest, because it takes so little to do you good. It is composed of six of the best oils known, and nothing but oils. Is worth its weight in gold. Why not buy it to-day?—A. B. DES ROCHERS, assistant postmaster, Arthobaskaville, P. Q., writes:—'Thirteen years ago I was seized by a severe attack of rheumatism in the head, from which I have nearly constantly suffered. After having used "Thomas' Eclectric Oil" for nine days, bathing the forehead, I have been completely cured, and have only used half a bottle. This I can certify under oath if you wish.—"Rev. J. MALLORY, of Wyoming, N. Y., writes:—"Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in ONE WEEK.—Dealers all over the country say:—"We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."

Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cents.

S. N. THOMAS, PHELPS, N. Y.
And NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Toronto, Ontario.
Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected & Electrized.

☞ Sold in Newcastle by W. C. Anslow and James Fish; Chatham by Dr. Pallen and J. V. Benson. dec15 2m

FEAR NOT! Though troubled with what seems as an incurable cough, Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam will cut short all Lung Complaints which have their origin in affections of the chest. The superiority of this medicine over all others, for subduing a harassing cough, has been so fully and widely proved, that it is only necessary to ask those afflicted to give it a trial; and, if fairly tried, no disappointment will ever ensue. It will arrest the increasing cough, allay disquietude, and perfectly cure.

Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment has become so generally used that no stable is complete without it. The promptness and certainty with which it acts renders it invaluable to those who have the care of horses. It is better than any Liniment in use, no matter under what name it may be called.

Our Veterinary Surgeons throughout the Dominion are recommending Clark's Derby Condition Powders for several reasons; one, because they know that Professor Clark would not associate his name or introduce any article that was not the very best of its kind; and again, from experiencing the good results that follow their use.

A dose or two of Dr. Wilson's Family Anti-bilious Pills, administered as soon as the symptoms of disease are felt, will, in nine cases out of ten, prevent serious sickness. This fact is particularly worthy the attention of those who cannot conveniently procure medical aid.

New Advertisements.

TO LUMBERERS.

HAVING purchased the Steam Saw Mill of Kerr and Sutherland, we are prepared to

Saw any quantity of Lumber,

By the Thousand or on the Shares.

☞ CASH PAID for Lumber delivered at the Mill.

ALEXANDER, CARTER & CO.

Bathurst, Jan. 26, 1876. 26

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a Bill will be introduced at the next Session of the Provincial Legislature of New Brunswick, entitled

"An Act to authorize the appointment of a Stipendiary Magistrate for the Town of Newcastle."

Dated 25th January, 1876. 5w-26

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that a Bill will be introduced at the next Session of the Provincial Legislature of New Brunswick, entitled

"An Act to amend the Law relating to Municipality."

The object of the Bill is to enable ratepayers on income, to vote for the election of Municipal Councillors.

Dated 25th January, 1876. 26-5w

Sleigh for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale a SPLENDID DOUBLE SEATED SLEIGH, made by Messrs. Cruthers & Co., of St. John, well known and reliable makers. The sleigh is well cushioned and finished throughout in first class style. Said by judges to be the finest Sleigh ever offered for sale in this market. ☞ To be seen at Mr. William Witherell's, Newcastle, where full particulars can be obtained. A large discount on usual price made on account of the lateness of the season.

W. S. BROWN.

January 25, 1876. 3wpd-26

New Advertisements.

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS,

WATER ST., - CHATHAM.

WILLIAM LAWLER,

Importer of MARBLE & Manufacturer of MONUMENTS,
TABLETS,
HEADSTONES,
MANTELS,
TABLE TOPS, &c.

A GOOD STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ GRANITE MONUMENTS made to order; CAPS and SILLS for windows supplied at short notice. FREESTONE WORK in all its branches attended to, and satisfaction given.

January 24, 1876. 26

HORSE, WAGGON, PUNG, HARNESS, ETC. FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers by Private Sale, on easy terms, and at a bargain,

A Young and Handsome MARE,

eight years old, one of the best travellers in the County, kind and tractable, and adapted for any kind of work.

A JUMP-SEAT WAGGON,

substantially built and finished in good style, by Robert Colwell, Fredericton, new last July, and but little used, almost as good as when first purchased. ☞ This Waggon needs only to be seen to be admired; can be changed from single to double seat in a few seconds, and makes a handsome single carriage.

A DOUBLE SEATED PUNG,

new last winter, and but little used.

Also,—A Wood Sled, Sett of Silver Mounted Harness, Sett Working Harness, Buffalo Robes (in good order), &c., &c.

For particulars apply to

JAMES J. ANSLOW.

Newcastle, January 24, 1876. 26

Notice.

TENDERS will be received by either of the undersigned till the

Sixth day of February next, at noon,

—FOR—

ALTERATIONS IN THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE NECESSARY TO PREPARE A SUITABLE ROOM FOR THE MEETINGS OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

☞ Plans and specifications may be seen on application to W. A. PARK, Esq., or to

T. W. CROCKER,
J. FOTHERINGHAM,
E. HUTCHISON.

January 24, 1876. 26

FOR SALE CHEAP.

One of the celebrated

MARITIME

KNITTING MACHINES

in good order, perfectly new, being in the same condition as when received from the Manufactory. This Machine will do every variety of knitting—in Socks, Mitts, Scarfs, Mufflers, Fringes, &c., and is extensively used in many places.

☞ Apply at the *Advocate* Office for terms.

January 24, 1876. 26

LOST. On Saturday evening, the 15th January, between Chatham and Newcastle, a

RAILWAY WRAPPER.

Any person having found the same will be rewarded by leaving it with Mr. W. ROBINSON, Newcastle.

Newcastle, Jan. 18, 1875. 2w-19

BOOT & SHOE Manufacturers.

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND:

PRUNELLA SERGES, PATENT TOE CAPS, TWILLED COTTON SHOE LININGS, LINEN SHOE LININGS, SILK GALOONS, MACHINE SILKS, MACHINE THREADS, SOLE - SEWING MACHINE THREAD, WHITE AND YELLOW HARD ASH, Boot WEBBS, Boot BUTTONS.

At our usual Low Prices.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

55 and 57 King Street,

jan26 Saint John.

COTTONS.

THE GREAT

ANNUAL COTTON SALE

has commenced. The best value we have ever been able to offer.

GREY COTTONS,

Full Yard Wide, at 8c., 9c., 10c., 11c., & 12c.

BLEACHED COTTONS,

At 9c., 10c., 11c., 12c., 13c., 14c., 15c., 16c. and 17c.

☞ The 17c. Cotton is the same as we sold quite recently at 20 cents.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON,

jan 25 Saint John.

By his Honor the Honorable Samuel Leonard Tilley, C. B., Lieutenant Governor of the Province of New Brunswick.

S. L. TILLEY.

A Proclamation.

WHEREAS certain person or persons did on or about the twenty-sixth day of December last, maliciously set fire to and burn the SCHOOL HOUSE, in District No. 21, M'Laughlan Road, in the Parish of Moncton, County of Westmorland.

I do therefore publish this Proclamation, and do hereby offer a Reward of

Two Hundred Dollars

for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons guilty of such offence.

Given under my hand and seal at Fredericton, the 17th day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy six, and in the 39th year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By command of the Lieut. Governor.

jan26 JNO. JAS. FRASER.

This is a beautiful Quarterly Journal, finely illustrated, and containing an elegant colored Frontispiece with the first number.—Price only 25 cents for the year. The first No. for 1876 just issued.

☞ **Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden** 35 cents; with cloth covers 65 cts.

Address,

JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

December 28, 1875. 29

To the Electors of Gloucester.

GENTLEMEN:—

Although I have several times declared my intention not to solicit your suffrages at this coming Election for the Local Parliament, I thought I should no longer resist the urgent requests of my numerous friends in the different parts of the County.

My opinions on the different questions of the day, my principles, my devotedness to the French cause must be now sufficiently known to you all, in order that I may be allowed to come before you without fear, and ask you to declare by your votes if you judge me worthy of the place of honor and confidence just now abandoned by Mr. T. Blanchard.

When I apply to the Electors of French origin, the Electors of the other nationalities shall understand that it is not the voice of an inconsiderate enthusiasm which speaks to the exaltation of the youth. It is not even the voice of a sincere patriotism which wishes to rally in the way of progress brothers disseminated here and there in different paths more or less difficult. It is merely the cry of justice which can no longer permit a fraction of that noble and frank nation—which for many centuries has excited the admiration of the world—to remain in that sad state of lethargy, alarming to every generous soul that sees this fine nationality too often contemned. A people of heroes and martyrs, the French people of Acadia should not be lacking in courage to cause their rights to prevail, and their future to be foreseen.

My devotedness to the French cause shall not prevent me taking a firm stand for the interests of the Electors of the other nationalities, to acknowledge their civil and political rights, to defend them with all my power as when first purchased. ☞ This Waggon and ability when occasion shall require it, and altogether you will find in me a sincere friend, a just and grateful servent, and a loyal subject.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your most humble and ob't servant,
ONESIPHORE TURGEON.

Petit Rocher, 15th Jan'y, 1876. 19

$20.00 REWARD.

LOST, in Newcastle, on Wednesday last, ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in gold, (American coin.) The owner will pay the above reward to any person who will leave the same for him at the "Advocate" Office.

SAMUEL CRAIG.

Newcastle, Jan'y 17, 1876. 2w-pd19

SOUTH WEST BOOM COM'Y,

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Secretary of the Company at NEWCASTLE, on or before the 14th day of FEBRUARY next, for the

LETTING OF THEIR BOOMS

with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, for a term of from three to five years as to so much per thousand for rafting the Timber and Logs coming into the same. The party obtaining the Booms to put the same in a good and sufficient state of repair before the opening of navigation, the particulars of which will be seen at the Secretary's Office, and keep the same in the like repair during the term. The Company will dispose of all the moveable property belonging to them, which comprise a

Complete Outfit for Rafting,

with everything required for the workmen's accommodation during the rafting season at a fair valuation to be agreed upon by the parties, or by persons appointed for that purpose, and on favourable terms as to payment. The parties will accompany their tender with the names of two undoubted sureties, and the Company will not be bound to accept the lowest tender.

ALEXANDER MORRISON,
PRESIDENT.

Newcastle, 18th January, 1876. 19

C. E. M'KEEN, WATCHMAKER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the people of NEWCASTLE and vicinity, that he has commenced business in the Store on Castle Street, lately occupied by Mr. Watt as a saloon, and is in every way prepared to attend to orders for the

CLEANING OR REPAIRING
—OF—
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY

in the best possible manner, and at the shortest notice.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

to give satisfaction, by written guarantee, or money refunded.

ALL I ASK IS A FAIR TRIAL.

☞ Daily expected, a supply of Clocks of all kinds.

C. E. M'K.

Newcastle, Jan'y 11, 1876. 12

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the next Session of the Provincial Parliament of New Brunswick, to amend an Act passed in the twenty-third year of Her Majesty's reign, entitled "An Act in amendment of an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the South West Boom Company," and to alter the present Rates of Boomage for logs and other lumber to be hereafter rafted or secured in the South West Boom.

Dated the 17th day of January, A. D., 1876. 19

ECLECTRIC OIL.

Just Received:—

10 GROSS ECLECTRIC OIL;
5 cases Wilbor's Cod Liver Oil & Lime; 1 cask, 2 cases Masury's Painter's Colors;
9 cases Patent Medicines;
1 cask Pure Lime Juice;
1 case Oil Lemon Super.;
3 cases Liq. Ammonia Fort;
1 cask Carbonate Ammonia;
5 cases Drugs;
1 case Calvert's Carbolic Acid.

☞ Wholesale and Retail, by

T. B. BARKER & SONS,

jan 12 33 & 35 King Street, St. JOHN.

SODA FOUNT FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a SODA FOUNT complete, with generator, acid chamber, guage, &c. The cooler is of marble, with four bottles for syrup, and manufactured by John Matthews, of New York.

W. C. ANSLOW.

Newcastle, June 22, 1875. 23

NOTICE.

The Subscriber begs to intimate to the inhabitants of CHATHAM and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN AND FANCY BAKING,

—ALSO,—

Plain & Fancy Confectionery

AT RETAIL,

In Sugar Toys, Cocoa Nut Cream, Walnut Cream, Raisin Cream, Almond Rock. The celebrated Everton Toffee, French Caramels, &c., &c. There is an

Oyster and Refreshment Saloon

in connection with the Establishment.

WEDDING CAKES

MADE TO ORDER.

☞ Private and Public Parties supplied at short notice and on reasonable terms.

P. H. ANSLOW.

Chatham, Dec. 28, 1875. 29

JUST RECEIVED.

GRD. LOGWOOD, Commercial Acids—Nitric, Muriatic and Sulphuric. Gold Bronze, Muriate Ammonia,

J. CHALONER,
Cor. King and Germain Streets,
jan5 Saint John.

Farm & Stock by Private Sale.

The Subscriber offers for Sale the

BEAUTIFUL FARM

Owned and occupied by him, situated at Petit Rocher, about 14 miles from Bathurst, on the Restigouche Road, containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES of granted land, Fifty of which are under a good state of cultivation, and well fenced; together with the Buildings thereon, consisting of a fine new DWELLING HOUSE, well finished; a large new BARN and OUTBUILDINGS. Also,

ALL THE FARM STOCK,

Consisting of 3 Horses, 5 Cows, 15 Sheep, a lot of Young Cattle, Hogs, Poultry, &c.—Also, all the Farm Implements, Waggons, Carts, Wood Sleds, Sleigh, &c. Also, the balance of the

Harvested Stock,

Consisting of 400 bushels Oats, 50 bushels Wheat, 40 bushels Barley, 100 barrels Potatoes, 25 tons good seasoned Hay.

☞ As the Subscriber intends to remove to some of the Western States, he is desirous of selling the Farm, Stock, &c., at an early day, and will do so at very low figures, for Cash. ☞ Any person wishing to obtain a good Farm at a bargain, will do well to correspond with the undersigned, who will furnish all other particulars, price, &c., on application.

JOHN DRISCOLL.

Petit Rocher, Parish of Beresford, } 12
Gloucester Co., 1st Jan'y, 1876. }

LARRIGANS, SHOE PACKS, SOCKS, MITTS AND HOMESPUN.

We have on hand:—

500 Pairs No. 1 LARRIGANS;
200 " 2 LARRIGANS;
300 " SHOE PACKS;
500 doz. GOOD SOCKS;
300 " GOOD MITTS;
20 pieces Nova Scotia HOMESPUN;
100 MADE HORSE BLANKETS;
20 doz. CIRCINGLES.

☞ The above at Cost to clear.

EVERITT & BUTLER,
Wholesale Warehousemen,
Nos. 55 and 57 King Street,
jan13 Saint John.

GASPEREAUX NETS.

JUST RECEIVED:—

1 BALE TWINE FOR NETS.

W. H. THORNE & CO.,

jan12 Saint John, N. B.

PUNGS & SLEIGHS.

Just finished and ready for Sale,

A LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

PUNGS AND SLEIGHS

IN LATEST STYLES AND OF BEST WORKMANSHIP.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE.

W. ROBINSON.

Carriage Stock, Varnish, &c.,

FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH.

W. R.

January 11, 1876. 12

ARGYLE HOUSE.

NIDDRIE & WILSON.

THE TERM OF OUR REDUCED PRICE SALE HAVING EXPIRED, IN ORDER TO FULLY CLEAR OUT THE BALANCE OF STOCK ON HAND, WE WILL GIVE A DISCOUNT OF 12 PER CENT. ON ALL PURCHASES MADE.

WATER STREET, - - - CHATHAM.

January 18, 1876. 19

COMMERCIAL HOUSE, CHATHAM.

Call and examine the NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS in FURS, Ladies Sacques, SHAWLS, CLOTHS, CLOTHING, CAPS, HATS and WOOL GOODS in every variety.

All at Holiday Prices.

W. B. HOWARD.

CHATHAM, } 15
December 15, 1875. }

SQUIBB'S Fld. Extract of Ergot; Squibb's Nitrite Amyl; Salicylic Acid; Tamar Indien; Boudeault's Pepin; Cincho Quinine; Pure Norway Cod Liver Oil; Victoria Carbolic Acid; Perry's Hungarian Salve; Pine Tree Tar Cordial; Clark's Indelible Pencils; Manganese; Extract Colchicum; Acet; Extract Iron [illegible] Ammonia; Citrate [illegible] and Quinine Acetic Ether; White Wax; Buchu Leaves; Fld. Extract of Julap, Lig Bismuth; Licorice Root; Nitric Acid, &c.

☞ Marshall's Snuff; Thomson's Eye-water; R. R. Relief; Lime Juice and Glycerine.

☞ Wholesale and Retail, by

J. CHALONER,
jan12 Saint John.

MONEY SAVED!

SUTHERLAND, CREAGHAN & CO.

IN returning thanks to their many friends and the public generally for the kind patronage given them since they settled in

NEWCASTLE,

WISH RESPECTFULLY TO INFORM THEM THAT THEY WILL FROM THIS DAY UNTIL CHRISTMAS OFFER

DRY GOODS!

Viz:—DRESSES, SHAWLS, SACQUES, SILKS, FURS, TWEEDS, COTTONS DRAPERY, BLANKETS, MEN'S CLOTHING, &c., &c., at

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS,

which will be found on inspection to be from 20 to 25 per cent. under prices usually paid in MIRAMICHI. They also wish to assure their friends that the people SAVE MONEY by buying at their Establishment.

One price asked. - - - - - - Competition Defied.

Newcastle, 7th Dec., 1875. SUTHERLAND, CREAGHAN & CO. 8

J. R. GOGGIN, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER

—IN—

HEAVY AND FANCY

HARDWARE,

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Edge Tools, Chain, Spikes, Nails, Refined Irons, Tyre Steel, &c., &c.

Chatham, N. B., September 28, 1875. 29

1875. Spring Importations! 1875

I. & F. BURPEE & CO.,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.,

WHOLESALE IRON & HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

HAVE RECEIVED PER STEAMERS & SAILING SHIPS FROM LIVERPOOL & LONDON:

82 Packages Shelf Hardware;

450 bags Nails, in horse, clout, and boat;
18 casks PUTTY;
425 bundles OAKUM;
18 Rolls Sheet Lead;
95 bundles Annealed WIRE;
45 " Bright "
50 Anvils;
12 tons CABLE CHAIN, assorted sizes;
80 barrels Paint Oil;
18 dozen "Griffin" Shovels, Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 7;
136 Pieces Plow Metal;

300 Tons Refined Iron;

200 tons Common Iron;
80 bundles Sheet Iron;
40 " Galvanized Hoop Iron;
1500 kegs PAINT, (assorted colours);
75 bundles Axle Steel;
860 boxes Window GLASS;
1080 " " " to arrive.

Also from the United States, a large and varied assortment of Hardware, Tarred and Dry Sheathing, Tar and Pitch, Manure and Hay Forks, Hoes, Shovels, Scales, &c., &c.,

10 TONS AMERICAN TIRE STEEL,

CUT NAILS, WROUGHT SPIKES, ROPE, &

at Lowest Wholesale prices.

April 20th, 1875. I.

Useful Information

FOR THE FARM, THE WORKSHOP AND THE HOUSEHOLD.

Educating Horses.

Horses can be educated to the extent of their understandings as well as children, and can be as easily damaged or ruined by bad management. We believe that the great difference found in horses as to vicious habits or reliability comes more from the different management of men than from variance of natural disposition in the animals. Horses with high mettle are more easily educated than those of less or dull spirits, and are more susceptible to ill training, and consequently may be as good or bad, according to the education they receive.

Horses with dull spirits are not by any means proof against bad management, for in them may often be found the most provoking obstinacy—vicious habits of different characters that render them almost entirely worthless. Could the coming generations of horses in this country be kept from their days of colthood to the age of five years in the hand of good, careful managers, there would be seen a vast difference in the general characters of the noble animals.

If a colt is never allowed to get an advantage, it will never know that it possesses a power that man cannot control; and if made familiar with strange objects, it will not be skittish and nervous. If a horse is made accustomed from his early days to have objects hit him on the heel, back, and hips, he will pay no attention to the giving out of a harness or of a waggon running against him at an unexpected moment.

We once saw an aged lady drive a high-spirited horse, attached to a carriage, down a steep hill, with no hold-back straps upon the harness, and she assured us that there was no danger, for her son accustomed his horses to all kinds of usages and sights that commonly drive the animal into a frenzy of fear and excitement.

A gun can be fired from the back of a horse, an umbrella held over his head, a buffalo robe thrown over his neck, a railroad engine pass close by, his heels bumped with sticks, and the animal take it all as a natural condition of things. If only taught by careful management that he will not be injured thereby. There is great need of improvement in the management of this noble animal; less beating wanted and more of education.—*In Door and Out.*

A Word to Mothers.

Consider the barbarism shown in the winter clothing of little girls. Imagine yourself walking to school, with the thermometer in the neighborhood of zero, if not lower, and nothing covering your flesh between your shoe-tops and the bottom of your dress skirt—a space of several inches perhaps—*except one thickness of stocking.* Woollen stockings perhaps,—you may have thought your duty done when you substituted home-knit woollen stockings for sale ones of cotton. But just think how little protection that really is, and, as I said before, imagine yourself or your husband, dressed in that style in cold weather. Your skirts, at least, afford you some warmth, but look at the little girl's skirts. They seldom protect even her knees from the blast, and when she sits down hurriedly upon a cold bench or chair, there is often but one thickness of cotton between her flesh and the freezing board. It is not uncommon to see little girls, under four years of age, sitting upon the cold floor, with their skirts spreading out in such a way as to leave only their drawers for protection from cold beneath them. Very little dependence should be placed upon skirts except for ornament, while drawers and trousers should be well looked after as actual protection from exposures of all kinds. It will not answer to leave our little girls without long underdrawers because they wear leggins, when out of doors.—One thickness of stocking on the lower part of the leg is really not enough for indoor wear. Put yourself in the little girl's place, and how would you like it? Don't tell me that little girls have dressed in that way these many winters; and it hasn't hurt them. All that talk about this and that thing not having done hurt, because one has managed to live in spite of it, does not convince me. Why is it that more than half the children die under the age of five years? Why have we no healthy women? The clothing should be evenly distributed over the body. The average school girl under ten years of age, has perhaps four, possibly five, thicknesses of cloth upon her waist—supposing that she wears a high apron and a low-neck chemise and skirt waist. Probably she has not more than three thicknesses between her elbow and waist, the lined dress sleeve and apron above. Between her waist and knees we will suppose four or five thicknesses; lower than that, above the shoe, only one thickness. Is it reasonable? Dare you risk it another winter while diseases of all sorts are abroad? They usually make their victims of such persons as have prepared their bodies to take disease, by lowering the vitality in some way. Of course, then, all of us who have given thought to the subject, will straightway provide long, warm under-drawers for all our children.—*American Agriculturist.*

System in Farm Labor.

The amount in muscle that can be saved by a little brain labor is wonderful. And yet the science of doing everything in proper time and place, in fact, properly, is something that agricultural papers, or farming books, cannot teach. Experience, calculation and forethought, are the mentors. A month before a piece of machinery is to be used, a glance at it will show where it is defective. A rainy day, a spare hour, a chance [illegible] it to town to be repaired without [illegible] on purpose. These present [illegible] themselves to the intelligent [illegible] and when the harvest is ripe, [illegible] ready for the cultivator, [illegible] no delay for the mending of damaged machinery. There is no such weak laziness, or wicked waste of time and opportunity, as the man practices who never has time to do anything properly. He goes to town with three errands, and comes home with only one finished, he has no time for the others. He plows for fifty acres of corn, but has no time to get in but forty. He plows with a dull plough, and chops with a duller axe for lack of time to sharpen them. All these have the lack of forethought and system—a neglect to use the brain that God has given him to shape and direct his work, and save the muscle. An ox will do the work, but he cannot plan it. The horse is powerful, but he is controlled by his master, and his power utilized. Man's labor is but brute strength and the stronger the brain force that is brought to bear upon it, the more surely every stroke tells, and the more grand will be the result.—*New England Homestead.*

A Hint about Looking-Glasses.—It is a fact well worth knowing, but which does not seem to be generally understood, that the amalgam of tinfoil with mercury, which is spread on glass plates to make looking-glasses, is very readily crystalized by actinic solar rays. A mirror hung where the sun can shine on it, is usually spoiled; it takes a granulated appearance, familiar to housekeepers, though they may not be acquainted with the cause of the change. In such a state the article is worthless, the continuity of the surface is destroyed, and it will not reflect outlines with any approach to decision. Care must therefore be exercised in hanging.

Moths will work in carpets in rooms that are kept warm, in the winter as well as in the summer. A sure method of removing the pests is to pour strong alum water on the floor to the distance of half a yard around the edges, before laying the carpet. Then once or twice during the season sprinkle dry salt over the carpet before sweeping. Insects do not like salt, and sufficient adheres to the carpet to prevent their lighting upon it.

Chilblains.—A correspondent gives the following remedy for chilblains:—Take common red pepper or cayenne, put into spirits sufficient to make quite strong, and bathe the affected parts quite freely. This will surely cure. I am sixty-five years old, and have used and recommended it all my life, without knowing a failure.

Miscellaneous.

A Fatal Curiosity.

Hanging is a grim sort of punishment at best, in the understanding of mature minds, and to be hanged for the fun of the thing must therefore be placed in the category of anomalous amusements which only the young men can be expected to appreciate and enjoy. The case of a youth of 20 summers, named Guski, residing in New York, furnishes the latest example of this infirmity on youthful minds. He was exceedingly fond of practical jokes, we are told, and he had been merry all Thursday afternoon in anticipation of a pleasant New Year's day. Thursday evening he listened to a discussion about the execution of three negroes a fortnight since. Guski said he wondered how they felt when they were hanged, and went into the ice-house of the butcher's shop where he was employed and closed the door. He found a short piece of small rope, and making a running loop of this rope he slipped the noose over his head. The ice-box was about six feet high, and rows of hooks were placed near the top. Guski was about five feet six inches tall, and must have risen on his toes in order to slip the loop over one of the hooks. He finally succeeded, however, in letting his weight fall upon the noose. The floor of the ice-box was slippery with grease, and after he had rested his weight on his neck he could not recover himself.—His struggles only made the noose tighter, and in a very short time he became unconscious. The tightness of the noose prevented Guski from calling for help. When discovered his face was livid and his swollen tongue protruded from his mouth.—His eyes were wide open. The rope had tightened around the neck so hard that it had nearly cut through the flesh. All the attempts at resuscitation proved unavailing, however, and the boy was pronounced dead.

News from Paris is to the effect that Ministerial dissensions have subsided for the present at least. Ministers have consented to retain their portfolios, and MacMahon has issued a proclamation announcing the Government's policy, the main feature of which is to treat as enemies all those who demand a revision of the Constitution before 1880, or who attack the President's prerogative.

Death of Julius Thompson, Esq.—Many in this County will regret to learn that letters received last evening from England, conveyed intelligence of the death of Mr. Thompson, the first Manager of the N. B. & C. Railway. The late hour at which the news was received, prevents our giving particulars; it is supposed he died from heart disease, as he dropped dead at the door, returning from a walk with Mrs. Thompson.—*St. Andrews Standard.*

Losing Ground.—Within a year the Mackenzie Government has lost the following seats:—London, South Huron, South Norfolk, East Toronto, West Toronto, Berthier, Two Mountains, Bellechasse, Victoria North, Chambly. They will lose Charlevoix this week, and possibly North Renfrew. Which will make a difference of twenty-four votes in favor of the Opposition on a division.—*Watchman.*

The town of Abancay, Chili, was destroyed by an earthquake on the 4th and 5th December. There were 37 shocks, several of them very severe. No loss of life has yet been reported. The loss of property is very large at Valparaiso. A flood, caused by heavy rain, has damaged that city a million and a half of dollars.

A discovery of great practical importance has been made in the south of New Guinea. The Rev. S. McFarlane has ascended in the London Missionary Society's steamer Ellangowan a hitherto unknown river, easily navigable for a distance of sixty miles for vessels of 500 tons. Ninety miles from its mouth the stream was ten yards wide and four deep.

Not long ago Frederick Holmes was expelled from the Methodist church in Reading, Mass., after many years of undoubted piety, upon the evidence of his niece. The girl has confessed that her story was a lie, and that her motive in telling it was revenge, her uncle having said that she was too wicked to join the church.

Now is the time when a man will write "1875," then rub the "5" out with his forefinger, suck the finger clean, tear up the sheet of paper, kick the cat out of the office, and begin anew.—*Boston Globe.*

Mr. F. Clendinning, formerly of the Ledge, met his death in Nevada on the 14th of last month by falling on a circular saw while in motion and was almost instantly killed.—*Courier.*

The Commercial Bank of San Francisco has suspended. The nominal capital was $5,500,000. A reporter for the *Chronicle* learned, however, after considerable interviewing, that only about $10,000 was ever paid up. The assets are several chairs valued at $1.50 each, and some desks.

ELECTION.

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.

In pursuance of Her Majesty's Writ of Election to me directed, whereby I am commanded to return one of the most able and discreet of her Majesty's subjects to represent this County in the General Assembly of this Province, I do hereby Proclaim and give Public Notice, that a Court of Election for the

NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES

Will be held at the Court House, Bathurst, on THURSDAY, the twenty-seventh JAN'Y, inst., at 11 a. m., when and where, if a Poll be demanded, the said Court will, at 2 o'clock, p. m. of the same day, be adjourned to the Return Day, hereafter named.

POLLING DAY.

And a Poll will be accordingly held at the undermentioned places, on MONDAY, the thirty-first day of January inst., and kept open from 8 a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m. of the said day, for receiving the votes of Electors, viz:—

For the Parish of Bathurst at or near the Court House, Bathurst.

For the Parish of Beresford, at or near the Church, Petit Reche.

For the Parish of New Bandon, District No. 1, at or near the Church, Grand Anse; District 2, at or near the English Church.

For the Parish of Caraquet, at or near the Church, Caraquet.

For the Parish of Inkerman, at or near Thomas River's, Pokemouche.

For the Parish of Saumarez, at or near the Church, Tracadie.

For the Parish of Shippegan, District No. 1, at or near the Church, Shippegan.

For the Parish of Shippegan, District No. 2, at or near the Church, Cross Point.

RETURN DAY.

And the adjourned Court will be held at the Court House, Bathurst, on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of February next, at 11 o'clock, a. m., when I shall openly break the Seals of the Envelopes containing the Check Lists, &c., cast up the number of votes as they appear thereon, and forthwith make Proclamation of the Member chosen, agreeably to the Act of Assembly; of which all persons interested will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ROBERT B. VAIL,
Sheriff of Gloucester.

Sheriff's Office,
Bathurst, 10th Jan'y, 1876. } 12

NEW FOUNDRY.

The Subscriber intimates to the inhabitants of Newcastle and surrounding country, that he has

STARTED A FOUNDRY

In the Building on the Mitchell Property fronting on McCullam Street and near the deep water Terminus, where he is prepared to execute all orders for

CASTINGS IN BRASS & IRON,

AND ALL OTHER WORK

usually performed in Foundries, and from long practical experience in such work will guarantee satisfaction to all who may honor him with their patronage.

CHARGES MODERATE.

☞ All orders from a distance will receive punctual attention.

RICHARD FAIRMAN.
Newcastle, 22nd Dec., 1875. 22

CUT NAILS! CUT NAILS!

SHOE NAILS!

S. R. FOSTER & SON'S
STANDARD

Nail, Shoe Nail & Tack Works,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

(Formerly W. H. Adams' City Nail Works.)

Orders Solicited.

☞ Prompt attention and uniform satisfaction guaranteed.
Sept 9th, 1873. 10

G. A. BLAIR,

Merchant Tailor,

CHATHAM, N. B.

Always on hand a large and select assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, Doeskins,

Cassimeres, Beavers, Meltons, &c.

SCOTCH, ENGLISH, & CANADIAN TWEEDS,

Velvet and other Fancy Vestings.

Gentlemens' APPAREL,

Made up promptly, and in the best and most Fashionable Styles.

☞ Orders from a distance will receive Especial Attention.

LATEST FASHIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ **Remember the Stand.**

Stone Building, adjoining Dr. Fallen's Water Street, Chatham.
June 25th, 1873.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

CUSTOMS & OTHER BLANKS

FOR SALE AT

THE ADVOCATE OFFICE.

Newcastle, 28th July, 1875. 28

TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA

CURED BY USING

—THE—

"New Dominion Nervine,"

A POWERFUL REMEDY.

Price, 1 oz. Bottle, 25 cents; 2 oz. do., 40 cents

For Sale by

W. & W. C. ANSLOW,
Chatham & Newcastle.

May 26, 1874 27

SALE OF LAND.

The Subscriber will sell by private sale the LOT OF LAND situate in Indiantown, and presently occupied by John Wheeler.

For further particulars apply to

THOMAS WHEELER,
Or MICH'L ADAMS, Barrister.
Newcastle, September 14, 1875. 16

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1875-6. Winter Arrangement. 1875-6.

On and after MONDAY, 13th December, Trains will run as follows:—

Day Express Trains

Will leave Halifax for St. John, at 8.00 a. m., and Saint John for Halifax at 8.00 a. m.

Night Express Trains,

With Pullman Sleeping Cars attached, will leave Halifax for St. John at 4.30 p. m., and Saint John for Halifax at 7.40 p. m.

Local Express Trains

Will leave Pictou for Truro at 3.15 p.m., and Truro for Pictou at 10.50 a. m., St. John for Sussex at 4.30 p. m., Sussex for St. John at 7.35 a. m., Point du Chene for Painsec at 11.40 a. m., and 3.20 p. m., Painsec for Point du Chene at 12.30 p. m., and 4.05 p. m.

Mixed Trains

Will leave Halifax for Truro and Pictou at 11.45 a. m., and 1.00 p. m., Pictou for Truro and Halifax at 6.30 a. m., Truro for Painsec and Moncton at 7.00 a. m., and Moncton for Painsec and Truro at 7.20 a. m., Point du Chene for St. John at 6.45 a. m., and St. John for Point du Chene at 10.00 a. m.

Accommodation Trains

Will leave Moncton for Miramichi, Campbellton and Way Stations at 12.15 p. m., and Campbellton for Moncton at 6.20 a. m., connecting with trains to and from Halifax and St. John.

For particulars and connections see small Time Tables.

C. J. BRYDGES,
General Superintendent of Govt. Railways.

Railway Office,
Moncton, 10th Dec., 1875. } 22

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Northern Division.

On and after MONDAY, the 8th NOVEMBER,

ACCOMMODATION TRAINS

Connecting at Moncton with the Through Express Trains between Halifax and Saint John, will leave **Moncton** for **Campbellton** at 12.15 p. m. and **Campbellton** for **Moncton** at 6.20 a.m. daily, stopping at all stations.

The Train leaving Moncton will arrive at **Miramichi** at 4.13 p. m. and at **Campbellton** at 9.55 p. m., and the train from Campbellton will be due at **Miramichi** at 11.40 a. m. and at **Moncton** at 3.60 p. m.

C. J. BRYDGES,
Gen. Sup't Gov't Railways.

Railway Office,
Moncton, Dec. 10, 1875. } 3

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

On and after MONDAY, 27th inst., the Night Express Trains will cease running between St. John and Truro, until further notice.

C. J. BRYDGES,
General Supt. Govt. Railways.

Railway Office,
Moncton, Dec. 20th, 1875. } d29

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

FOR THE SEASON.

The Subscriber having completed his importations for the fall, is prepared to sell his Goods

VERY LOW FOR CASH.

THE STOCK OF

LADIES DRESS GOODS, &c.

ARE WELL ASSORTED.

Comprising Figured Lustres, Serges, French Twills, Sateens, Homespuns, Grey Suiting, Persian Cord, Paramata, French Merinoes, Tweeds, Winceys, &c., &c. Also on hand LADIES SACQUES, FELT SKIRTS, CLOUDS, CROSSOVERS and Breakfast Shawls; Ladies Fashionable Wool Shawls and Silk Neckties.

LADIES FELT HATS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, HAT AND BONNET SHAPES, RIBBONS, FLOWERS & FEATHERS, SILK VELVETS.

Terry Silks and Torquois Silks

In all the Fashionable Colours.

Latest Styles of Furs,

In Ladies South Sea Seal, Ermine, and Ladies and Misses Grebe Setts, including Caps. Gentlemen's Fur Caps, assorted Furs, Ladies and Gent's Kid Mitts and Gloves.

CLOTHING

In Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Reefers, Pants and Vests, &c., &c.

Pilot Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Doeskins & Winter Tweeds.

Flannels, Blankets and Horse Rugs.

BOOTS SHOES, MOCCASINS, SHOE PACKS AND LARRIGANS.

HARDWARE!

Including Skates, Sleigh Bells, Clocks and Watches, Coal Scuttles and Coal Shovels, &c., &c., &c.

Earthenware, ass'd kinds.

A good assortment of Glassware, including Hanging and Bracket Lamps, Tumblers, Goblets, Wine Glasses, &c., &c.

Floor Oil Cloth and Room Papering.

A Large Assortment of

Furniture, Provisions, Groceries,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

RICHARD DAVIDSON.

December 14th, 1875. 15

ORANGES, LEMONS, GRAPES,

Ornamental Confectionery, Cosaques, Bon-Bons, &c.

LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO. are receiving to-day, ex-"Caspian," via Halifax, etc:—63 cases Finest Valencia Raisins; 20 cases Finest Malaga Lemons, 20 ½ bbls. Malaga Grapes, 5 cases Fancy Confectionery, 3 cases Fry & Son's Fancy Chocolate Confectionery, 8 cases New Eleme Figs, 1 case Fancy Silk and Gelatine Figs, 1 case Cosaques and Bon-Bons; 300 boxes New Layer and London Layer Raisins, 3 bales and 30 bags Finest Mocha and Java Coffees, 20 bags Soft shell Almonds, 3 cases Cream of Tartar Crystals;

AND EXPECTED ON THE 24TH:

32 casks Nos. 4 and 2 Scotch Sugars; 300 chests and hf-chests Fine Congou Teas;

dec 22 62 King St., St. John.

OPENING DECEMBER 29TH.

Gentlemen's Real Shetland Scotch Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers, warranted not to shrink.

Gentlemen's Shetland Cashmere hf-Hose.

Ladies' Merino Vests, high neck and long sleeves.

Girls' and Ladies' Navy Blue Worsted Hose.

Ladies' and Misses' Clerical Merino Hose.

Ladies' and Misses' Fancy Striped Cashmere Hoisery, (new.)

A full stock of our Celebrated Corsets, at 75c., $1.00, and $1.60. Also, French Wove Corsets.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison,

Saint John, Dec. 29th, 1875. 5

WEAK EYES!

—AND—

HOW TO STRENGTHEN THEM.

—USE THE—

COMMON SENSE EYE WATER,

Which has no equal in Canada, and in favor of which hundreds of testimonials can be procured in the Northern Counties alone.

Those afflicted with weak or inflamed eyes, (the result in many cases of close application to study), will verify the above statement when they have tested the

WONDERFUL PROPERTIES

—OF THIS—

EXCELLENT EYE WATER.

☞ GIVE IT A TRIAL. ☜

Price twenty-five cents - - - per bottle.

FOR SALE BY

W. & W. C. ANSLOW,
Aug. 25, 1875. 25 Chatham & Newcastle

FARMERS ATTENTION!

The Subscriber having made arrangements which secures him the exclusive agency for some of the leading manufacturers of Canada is now prepared to take orders for the following articles on the most favorable terms:

Dodge's comb. Mowers & Reapers,	$160.00
Ohio " "	120.00
Eagle " "	160.00
Buckeye " "	160.00
Buckeye Mower,	80.00
Sprague "	85.00
Cayuga Chief Mower,	90.00
Moody Mower,	80.00
Johnston Reaper,	130.00
Woods' "	120.00
Kirby "	100.00
Clipper "	100.00

Threshing Machines.

Ahell's 4 Horse Power, capacity 400 to 700 bush. per day,	425.00
Harder 2 Horse Power, capacity 200 to 400 bush. per day,	300.00
Benj. Allen 2 Horse Power, capacity 140 to 225 bush. per day,	225.00

PLOUGHS.

Champion,	20.00
Prize No. 2 Plough,	17.00
Ridging, Moulding & Subsoil Plough,	25.00
Two Furrow Plough,	25.00

—ALSO—

Iron Harrows, Clod Crushing Machines, Ditching Machines, Grain Crushers, Two Horse Woodsawers, Stumping Machines.

—ALSO—

Portable Steam Saw Mills, and all kinds o Saw and Grist Mill Machinery.

ALSO:—Samson Turbine Water Wheel, Steam Engines from 2 to 30 Horse Power. Farming Implements of all kinds are sold on the installment principle, the payments extending over two years.

☞ Also:—Agents for the Clinton Fire Insurance Company. Rates, from 50c to 80c per $100.

CHAS. C. CARLYLE,
Canada House, Chatham.
April 22nd, 1873. 23 1y

1000 MEN & WOMEN

WANTED!

To Buy Goods at the Subscriber's store in Newcastle, where almost any article in general merchandize can be obtained, at prices in keeping with the times.

THE SUMMER STOCK

Is large and judiciously selected in the best markets, and comprises in part—

Japanese Silks, Satins, & Velvets,

Coburgs, Lustres, Grenadines, Crapes, Parathens, Merinos, and many other varieties of Dress Goods.

Also.—Shawls, trimmed Hats and Bonnets Sacques, Ruffling, Ruckling, Feathers and Flowers, Muslins, Sash and other Ribbons, Turquoise, (all colors); Bugle Lace, Fringes, Buttons, Trimmings in great profusion Braids, etc.

Ladies & Gents' Underclothing,

Kid Gloves, Hosiery, of all kinds, Boots and Shoes, (a large assortment); &c., and every description of goods needed by the number above mentioned, and as many more, who choose to visit the emporium of the best Goods and the most favourable prices.

The usual stock of Hardware, Groceries, Provisions, &c.

W. PARK.

Newcastle, June 28, 1875.

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

SALTER BRICK STORE,

IMITATION

DOG, SEAL & ASTRACAN CLOTHS.

THE BALANCE OF

LADIES' FELT HATS,

IN STOCK,

are offered AT COST to clear them out.

JOHN FERGUSON.

Newcastle, Dec. 27, 1875.

STORE AT NELSON.

The Subscriber has opened a Store in the house of Mr. Charles Vye, Nelson, about half a mile below the South West Railway Bridge, and has in stock and offers at low rates for cash:—

KEROSINE OIL,
MOLASSES, SUGAR,
BUTTER, TEA, AND
GENERAL GROCERIES.

All are invited to call and examine prices and quality for themselves.

MARY J. JELLISON.

Nelson, December 14, 1875. 3m 15

Sheriff's Sale.

To be sold at Public Auction, in front of the Registry Office, in NEWCASTLE, on THURSDAY, the 17th day of February next, between the hours of 12 noon, and 5 p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim and Demand of John Joudry, of, in or to all that PIECE OF LAND, situate in Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, being part of Lot number seven:—Commencing on the north side of the Queen's highway at the upper boundary line of Land owned by Charles Crammond; thence westerly fifteen rods; thence north to the rear of said Lot; thence east fifteen rods to Charles Crammond's upper line; thence south along Charles Crammond's upper line to the north side of the Queen's highway being the place of beginning: Being part of the Land conveyed to the said John Joudry by John Henderson, by Deed bearing date the sixth day of June, A. D., 1842.

The same having been seized under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court against the said John Joudry, at the suit of James Fish and James O. Fish.

JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, }
4th August, 1875. } 6maug11

STEAM PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

We have lately added to our large Stock of Machinery,

THE "UNIVERSAL,"

Steam Platen Press,

For Fine Work,

Acknowledged to be the Finest Press made on the Continent.

☞ The office is now furnished with the most modern machinery, the Presses being driven by a Baxter Steam Engine, and having a splendid stock of Fine Jobbing and Poster Types, and employing careful workmen we are prepared to turn out all orders

—FOR—

JOB PRINTING

—IN—

FIRST CLASS STYLE,

second to no other Establishment in the Province.

The work usually performed comprises

PAMPHLETS,
HANDBILLS,
CIRCULARS,
CATALOGUES,
MEMORANDUMS,
CARDS, LABELS,
RECEIPT BOOKS,
DRAFT BOOKS,
NOTES OF HAND,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
NOTE HEADS
STATEMENTS,
Etc., Etc., Etc

Usually on Hand, or Printed to Order,

Customs and Legal Blanks,

of every description.

Particular attention given to

PRINTING IN COLOURS,

as well as to every class of

COMMERCIAL PRINTING.

☞ Persons sending orders to this establishment can rely upon having their work done promptly and in a satisfactory manner

W. & J. ANSLOW,
Proprietors "Union Advocate."

Newcastle, Dec. 22, 1875. 22

PER STEAMER VIA ST. JOHN.

FALL 1875.

NEW GOODS!

—AT—

WILLIAM MURRAY'S.

A few Cases Containing

SHAWLS, TWEEDS, FLANNELS, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, FEATHERS,

HAT & BONNET SHAPES,

Ladies and Gents' Scarfs, &c., &c.

READY - MADE CLOTHING,

—AND—

LADIES & GENTS' FURS!

IN GREAT VARIETY.

WM. MURRAY.

Chatham, October 4, 1875. 6

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

Ex Emma J. Shanks:—

40 PUNS. very bright and heavy Demerara Molasses; 10 hhds. Scotch Refined Sugar; 21 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar; 100 boxes Layer Raisins, new fruit.

For sale from the vessel.

BERTON BROS.,
jan5 Saint John.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Co-Partnership heretofore existing between J. B. Williston & S. J. Loggie having been dissolved, I will not hold myself accountable for any debts contracted in the name of the late firm, from this date.

ORDERS FOR

JOINER WORK OF ALL KINDS,

can be left at the Subscriber's residence, and will receive prompt attention.

The well known CLOTHES HORSE, WITH FOUR FOLDS,

which sells for $2.00, will be furnished by the Subscriber for $2.00.

J. B. WILLISTON.
January 1, 187 . 4w-5

Choice Dairy Butter.

50 TUBS from Carleton County, and will be constantly in tock from the best Dairies.

For sale for Cash.

BERTON BROS.,
Oct20 Saint John.

NOTICE!

The Subscriber has now on hand a fine and well assorted Stock of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

WATCH CHAINS,

Gold, Silver and Gold plated, for Ladies' and Gentlemen;

Ladies' Setts of Jewelry,

Bracelets, Brooches, Necklaces, Lockets, Earrings, Plain and Set Finger Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Shirt Studs, Scarf Pins, etc., etc.

REAL JET

Brooches, Earrings, Lockets, Bracelets, etc.

IMITATION JET Jewelry, in great variety.

Thermometers, Barometers, Telescopes, Spectacles, etc.

Also, a large assortment of Clocks

The above with a quantity of other goods on hand have all been selected from first class European and American Manufacturers, and having had many years experience in the trade I can guarantee that my Goods, although sold cheaper than elsewhere, are equal, if not superior to anything in the line imported to this place.

☞ Parties wishing fair dealing and first class articles are respectfully invited to inspect my Stock, as I feel assured the articles will speak for themselves.

C. OSCAR ERICSSON,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Chatham, N. B., Nov. 30, '74. dc 2

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of the late James Mullins, of Bathurst, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same, *duly attested*, within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby required to make immediate payment

MICHAEL ADAMS,
Attorney for Administrator.

Bathurst, 13th December, 1875. 3m 15

SEASONABLE GOODS.

NEW FURS! NEW FURS!

Ladies, Misses and Gent's

CAPS, MUFFS, TIPPETS, GLOVES, MITTS.

The above a splendid lot and will be sold low, on account of the late arrival.

New Felt Skirts,

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

NEW

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

A large Stock Men's New

Elysian Ulster Wrap Coats,

AND THEY ARE SELLING FAST.

—ALSO,—

NEW OVERCOATS AND Reefing Jackets.

Daily Expected:—A heavy lot of Fancy Goods, for

X'MAS AND NEW YEAR.

"CHEAP CASH STORE."

JAMES BROWN.

Newcastle, Dec. 1, 1875. 1

Tea, Coffee, etc.

Landing ex Steamship, from London, etc.

100 chests Extra Fine Congou Tea;
25 hf-chests extra choice Congou Tea;
25 chests Finest Siouchong;
50 hf-chests Choice Oolong;
30 bags Java Coffee;
15 bbls., 25 cases Dried Currants;
10 kegs Black Pepper;
25 boxes Wax Candles;
3 cases Blacklead;
100 kegs Baking Soda.

BERTON BROS.,
ap28 Saint John.

NOW IN STOCK

AND FOR SALE

—AT A—

Small Advance on Cost!

PATENT MEDICINES

And Drugs—Holloway's Pills and Ointment, English; Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup; Roger's Alterative Syrup, for Cancer; Johnson's Anodyne Liniment; Spencer's Vesuvian Liniment; Radway's, Ayer's, Wilson's and Morse's

PILLS;

Brown's Vermifuge Comfits; Chaloner's Worm Lozengers; Nurse Wilson's Soothing Syrup, Howard's, Sheridan's and Clark's Derby Condition Powders; Syrup of Red Spruce Gum; Brown's Bronchial Troches; Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam; Curtis' and Brown's Household Panacea; Perkins' Pain Alleviator; Grahams' Pain Eradicator; Sturgeon Oil Liniment; Radway's Ready Relief; Dead shot for Bed Bugs; Dead Shot Worm Candy; Fellows' Dyspepsia Bitters;

Wright's Vermifuge, British Oil, Tincture Rhubarb, Wilson's Tonic Sarsaparillian Elixir; Baxter's Chalybeate; Ayer's Extract of Sarsaparilla and Cherry Pectoral, Radway's Renovating Resolvent, Cod Liver Oil, Ayer's Hair Vigor.

FANCY GROCERIES, ETC.

Orange Marmalade, Plum, Gooseberry, Red Currant and Greengage Jam; Apple and Red Currant Jelly; Lobster, mixed Spice; Cloves; Baking Powder; Yeast Cakes, Sapolio, Cocoa, Broma, Tamarinds, Extract of Annatto, French Capers, Tomato and Mushroom Catsup; Yorkshire Relish; Chocolate, West India Arrowroot, Sea Moss Farina; Corn Starch; bottles and bags Salt; Orange and Lemon Peel; Essence Lemon; Peppermint, Raspberry, Wintergreen, Bitter Almonds, Rose and Vanilla; Canned Tomatoes, Peaches, Pine Apples and Oysters; Gelatine; Pressed Hops, Crystalized Greengages; Pickles in Mixed, Black Walnut, West Indian Piccalilly, Chow Chow, &c., &c.

PERFUMES.

Florida Water; Eau de Cologne, Rondeletia; The Village; Nosegay; Jockey Club; Wild Rose and Sweet Brier; A L'Heliotrope; Verveine; Portugal; Feangipanni, Aux Mille Fleurs; Pachouly; Musk; Geranium; Mignonette; Verbina; Spring Flowers; Jasmine; New Mown Hay; Wood Violets.

HAIR OILS.

The Greatest Discovery of the Age, Alexandrovna Hair Preservative and Beautiful Limes and Glycerine; Palma Christi; Pomades, Savages Arsina, etc., etc.

Rack Combs; Fine Combs; Circular Combs, Back Combs.

SOAPS.

Magnum Toilet; Brown Windsor; White Glycerine; Carbolic Acid; California Pumice and Bar.

BRUSHES.

Hair; Paint; Varnish; Seam; Scrubbing; Black Lead; Shoe; Whitewash; Counter; Horse and Cloth Brushes; etc.; together with a lot of Fancy Goods,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS, DRY GOODS, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS, BLACK BOARD CRAYONS, &c.,

Which the Subscriber offers for sale at a very small advance on cost.

W. C. ANSLOW.

Newcastle, Dec. 22, 1875. 22

TO THE

LADIES OF MIRAMICHI.

W. S. LOGGIE

Begs respectfully to announce that he has received a choice selection of

Ladies Felt Hats,

in all the newest American and English Styles, in Black, Navy Blue, Brown, Drab,

IMITATION FELT HATS,

At 15 cents each;

NEW DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS,

Navy Blue Water Proof, all wool;

LADIES PROMENADE SCARFS,

in White, Grey, Black and Cardinae.

To which with a first class assortment of STAPLE GOODS, he would ask inspection. All of which will be sold at lowest possible prices.

W. S. LOGGIE,
Commercial Buildings,
CHATHAM.

P. S.—Harper's Domestic Paper Patterns of all the latest American Styles of Ladies Garments, Boys' Suits, &c. Catalogue can be seen at any time, worth inspecting.

November 16, 1875, 17

NEWCASTLE SKATING RINK.

This Rink is now in good order, and every effort will be made to keep the ice in good condition. The following low rates have been adopted:—

Season Ticket to admit one, - -	$2.00
Family Ticket, - - - - - - - -	5.00
Admission without Ticket, - -	10c.

☞ The public are respectfully invited to encourage this undertaking, it being calculated to provide for the youngsters, especially, innocent and pleasant recreation and exercise.

RICH'D & ROB'T REID.

Newcastle, Dec. 27, 1875. 29

POOR COPY