The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

VOL. L. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1911 NO. 91

CHARLOTTE IS SOLID FOR TODD AND RECIPROCITY

FOREST FIRES BURN 25 N. S. BUILDINGS

Port Clyde Suffers Severely

Flames Are Sweeping the South Shore District

Has Been Raging for Two or Three Days and Has Swept Miles of Territory—One Man Missing—Heavy Rains Only Can Save the Situation.

Special to The Telegraph.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 14.—Tremendous forest fires are raging on the southwestern shore of Nova Scotia, from Port Clyde, Shelburne, to within eight miles of the town of Liverpool. The fire has been burning for two or three days, but yesterday and today burst out in greater strength.

At Port Clyde, twenty-five buildings were destroyed. The territory between the two points mentioned is not all in flames, but there is a continuous chain of fires which is doing vast damage.

The weather has been so dry during the summer that the fire has penetrated two feet into the ground. It will take an enormous amount of rain to quench this fire and until the rain does come the conflagration must continue.

The Halifax & Southwestern train could not get through to Liverpool today and had to return to Shelburne.

Nathaniel Sears, of Port Clyde, who lost a house and barn, is missing and grave apprehension is felt for his life.

FOREST FIRES CAUSING GREAT DAMAGE IN KINGS

Are Raging Between Sussex and Penobsquis and Spreading Fast

Much Valuable Timber Destroyed, and Unless Rain Comes Quickly a Great Conflagration is Feared—Many Suits for Damages Likely the Result.

Special to The Telegraph.

Penobsquis, N. B., Aug. 14—The forest fire which has been raging between this village and Sussex since last Wednesday, assumed dangerous proportions again yesterday afternoon, and burned fiercely all day today. Tonight the people fear that unless rain follows the shifting of the wind Penobsquis and Piccadilly may be swept by the flames tomorrow.

From forty to sixty men have been fighting the fire off and on for practically a week, and very vigorously for three days, and tonight all are exhausted and somewhat discouraged.

S. H. White, of Sussex, sent a large number of men to assist in the work, and some came from Salmon River also. The men from far and near made a stubborn fight, and did everything possible to check the fire, but it was really beyond their strength.

Among those whose timber land has been partially swept are Harry Morton, Herb. Lisson, Byron McLeod, Edgar Wallace and Alfred Freeze. A great tract of timber belonging to the Hendricks estate is also threatened; and unless rain comes it is feared that nothing can save a great belt of green timber lying on both sides of the main road between Sussex, Penobsquis, Piccadilly.

The fire, which will be the subject of a rigid investigation if farmers hereabouts have their way, seems to have started on Wednesday last in the vicinity of MacIntyre Bros.' farm above Sussex and to have skipped from there in an easterly direction. The wind was westerly and southwesterly yesterday; but this afternoon it shifted into the northeast, but unless rain falls the fire will be entirely out of hand. In fact, the fire line today represented a space nearly four miles long and the flames were moving along the edge of a tract of woods four or five miles square.

Should the wind continue brisk, and should no rain come, there is a tremendous expanse of woodland lying to the south of the Intercolonial, between Sussex and Mechanic Settlement, and southward toward the Bay of Fundy, that might be entirely burned over. Some of this includes valuable standing timber and much of this is young growth that the fire would prevent from ever arriving at commercial value. Besides this, fire renders the forest land utterly worthless for a generation or even for two.

There is talk tonight of suits for damages against some who are said to be responsible for the fire through their action in burning brush, and some of those who have suffered say that proper precautions were not taken in the first place, and that evidence to support this view is obtainable, and plenty of it. It is the opinion here that action under the fire law will have to be taken by the local government, and that there will be civil suits for damages as well.

The greatest anxiety prevails in all this region tonight and only a heavy rain can relieve this situation, which is one of the worst for many years.

LOGGIE HOLDING ROUSING MEETINGS IN NORTHUMBERLAND

Everything Points to a Sweeping Victory for the Liberal Candidate.

Special to The Telegraph.

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 14—W. S. Loggie held a fine meeting in Lower Nappan this evening. The farmers are busy harvesting one of the best crops on record, but as soon after dusk as they could get away from their work they walked and drove to the hall. They all seemed intensely interested in reciprocity, and more than one farmer after he heard Mr. Loggie's speech declared that under reciprocity he would feel justified in largely extending his production of crops. Mr. Loggie has found this meeting better attended than in any previous campaign and reciprocity is the one thing discussed.

The itinerary that Northumberland's member has mapped out for the next week is as follows: Tuesday, Whitneyville; Wednesday, Trout Brook; Thursday, Protectionville; Friday, Newcastle; Saturday, Big Bartibogue; August 21, Boiestown; August 22, Doaktown; August 23, Blackville; August 24, Renous. Other places and dates will be announced later.

The meeting at Newcastle on Friday of this week is expected to be a very big one as Hon. H. R. Emmerson, of Moncton, will speak in Mr. Loggie's behalf.

W. S. MONTGOMERY TORY VICTIM IN RESTIGOUCHE

Special to The Telegraph.

Dalhousie, N. B., Aug. 14.—The Conservatives held their convention today in Marquis hall, Campbellton. Every parish was represented by four delegates. James Jardine presided. On motion of Arthur Culligan, seconded by Frank Blackall, W. S. Montgomery, mayor of Dalhousie, was unanimously chosen as the standard bearer of the Conservative party in Resigouche. A resolution expressing confidence in R. L. Borden, was passed.

Brief speeches were made by the candidates, Councillor D. A. Arseneau of Balmoral, Daniel McAllister, Arthur Culligan, Rene Richard, George Dawson, Frank Blackhall and Duncan Cook.

Great interest is being taken in the Liberal convention to be held here on Thursday, which promises to be one of the largest ever held in Restigouche.

SPLENDID LIBERAL MEETING IN ST. STEPHEN

Enormous Crowd Present

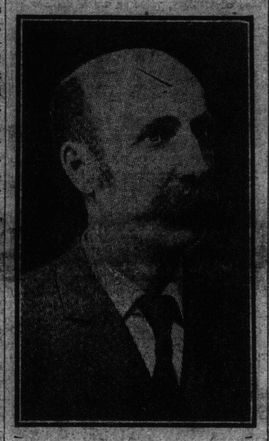
Candidate and Dr. Pugsley, in Masterly Addresses, Show How Reciprocity Will Benefit the People of Charlotte, as Well as the Rest of Canada.

Special to The Telegraph.

St. Stephen, N. B., Aug. 14—Prosperous Charlotte county progressed another step today by coming out strongly in favor of Laurier and large markets in the greatest political demonstration ever held in the county.

In open convention in the St. Stephen curling rink this afternoon 300 Liberal delegates, from every parish in the county, unanimously nominated William F. Todd, member for Charlotte since 1908, to again contest the county in the government's interest.

The candidate was given a hearty reception both at the convention and at the public meeting held in the rink in the evening, and his election by a greatly increased majority is conceded on all sides.



William F Todd.

The presence of Hon. Wm. Pugsley, minister of public works, at both meetings today was much appreciated by those in attendance, and the minister cannot help but feel gratified with the flattering reception accorded him. Met at the station this morning by a brass band, he was escorted to the residence of W. F. Todd in an automobile and carriage parade. Mr. and Mrs. Todd entertained the reception committee, Henry E. Hill, W. W. Clarke, Peter F. McKenna, J. W. Scovil, Hugh Love and N. Marks Mills, and the convention committee at luncheon, and tonight invited to dinner with Dr. Pugsley the officers of the county association, and the presidents of the Liberal clubs through the county.

Tomorrow the minister will speak at a picnic and field day at Campobello. The Liberal campaign is going with a swing and victory on the reciprocity issue is assured.

A Crowded Convention.

The convention in the afternoon was held in the St. Stephen Curling Ring and every seat was taken in the large hall. When the band arrived, on motion of John W. Scovil, who called the meeting to order, Senator Gillmor was chosen chairman and he ascended the platform amid the cheers of the gathering.

The senator made a fighting speech, in which he said the large attendance in the busiest season of the year could only be accounted for by the fact that there was something more at stake than the mere division of parties. The people of Charlotte were rising up in their independence against the domination of a rich and aristocratic clique who, fattened with the best of the land, had now set themselves against the people bestowing the product of their labor in the most profitable market.

He knew that the ranks of the party which won such a notable victory in the last election would be swelled by hundreds of natives who had rebelled against dictation from this clique. He predicted a greater majority than in 1908, for whoever would be chosen a candidate.

The name of R. E. Armstrong, editor of the St. Andrews Beacon, was enthusiastically received when a secretary was proposed and Mr. Armstrong took his place on the platform.

N. Marks Mills then moved a resolution for the formation of a Liberal Asociation for the county which was carried and a nominating committee of five was chosen to name officers of the association. W. W. Clarke, E. Gleason, L. McGowan, George Dalzell and G. D. Grimmer formed the nominating committee and the officers chosen and endorsed were as follows:

President, R. E. Armstrong, St. Andrews; vice-presidents, Peter F. McKenna, St. Stephen; Dr. C. C. Alexander, St. George; secretary, Lewis F. Mills. The executive to be composed of the presidents of the Liberal clubs throughout the county.

R. E. Armstrong.

The new president was called upon for a speech and responded in a vigorous address. His personal inclination, he said, was for staying at home, after thirty years of labor for the Liberal party, but he felt that a national obligation called him to take part in the coming fight. The great issue before the electors was reciprocity, and for forty years he had heard free trade in natural products with the United States put forward as a a panacea for all trade ills. He remembered that in 1879 Sir John A. Macdonald placed a reciprocity plank in the national policy and it remained there until 1896. What a helter skelter there would be if Sir John could appear once more in the flesh.

When the Liberals did not get reciprocity they did not sit down in despair, but went ahead and found a market for the Canadian people, bringing wonderful prosperity. Now the opportunity had come for better trade relations with the United States and the dream of years was about to realized.

The Conservatives by using the slogan "Let well enough alone" were paying the highest compliment possible to the Liberal administration, who had made a success of the revised tariff under which the Conservatives had run the country behind. He predicted a majority for reciprocity all over Canada.

W. F. Todd Nominated.

On motion of George M. Byron, of Welchpool, the chairman was asked to name a nominating committee to choose a candidate. The following were named: Henry E. Hill, W. A. Armstrong, Wm. Hamilton, John Goss, H. Bilmour, Alphonse O'Neill, Lewis Connors, Percy Anderson, Leonard Simpson, E. L. Connolly, John Russell, Wm. Babock, Herbert McLean, Calvin Ingalls and Harrison McAllister.

The committee retired and returned in a few minutes with the report that they were agreed on the name of William F. Todd. This announcement was received with great cheers and the committee were dispatched to notify Mr. Todd at his residence.

Byron's Ringing Speech.

While the audience were waiting, George M. Byron, of Welchpool, Campobello, gave a most practical and convincing talk on the advantage of reciprocity. He began by stating that he was so full of enthusiasm about reciprocity that he hardly felt capable of utterance, but he could speak for the islands and the strong feeling there in favor of the trade agreement.

He read a set of resolutions adopted at a Welchpool meeting condemning the opposition for obstructive tactics and approving the stand taken by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, also endorsing Hon. Wm. Pugsley, and the last member, William F. Todd. While the resolutions were strong, he said, they did not represent half of what the people of both parties on the islands felt.

He could not talk about the annexation cry. It was so foolish it made him angry. There was as much loyalty right on the border as there was anywhere in the broad dominion. Conservatives had howled for the British preference, but voted against it. They demanded a quid pro quo from Britain for any concession in the way of trade. "Really, I think sometimes," said Mr. Byron, "that the fool killer with his club is negligent in his duty when some of these gentlemen get abroad." (Laughter).

Mr. Byron said that while the representation from the islands might appear small in comparison with the hundreds from the mainland, but everyone would be glad to hear as the reason that the pollock and herring had struck in very heavy since Saturday, and the fishermen must get them when they could.

Object Lesson on Reciprocity's Benefits.

"Anyway," said Mr. Byron, "they told me they did not want to hear anything about the advantages of reciprocity, that they knew it only too well. When we take our oil over to Eastport in boats," he said, "and pay out of our pocket eight cents per gallon or $4 per hogshead duty, don't you suppose we know what reciprocity means. We pay ninety cents per quintal on our dried codfish and have to wait for the American boats to come over to buy our herring instead of going over ourselves to the market. You people up here at St. Stephen may want to know something about reciprocity but we do not need any information on the islands.

"I am an optimist," continued Mr. Byron. I came back to this country as other young men are doing, since Laurier has come in, for I believe it has a future and I cannot see how any man would want to spoil chances by reviving Toryism.

"In the mother country the old Toryism is dead, buried beyond resurrection and shall this new and progressive country lag behind the parent nation? When Laurier goes back I sincerely hope that a rule will be applied which will end forever Tory obstruction."

Mr. Byron pledged his word that the Liberal majority in Campobello would be greater than ever before. One man a Conservative had to sell his potatoes this spring for less than $1 a bushel in Campobello, while at Eastport he could have secured $1.50 a bushel if it had not been for the tariff. That was enough for him.

Mr. Byron caused much merriment by referring to the Conservative candidate as a lamb led to the slaughter and expressed indignation because the local government forces were scheming to bring out a man from Milltown to take Mr. Hartt's place in the legislature, thus leaving the whole southern end of the county unrepresented except for Dr. Taylor at St. George.

Mr. Byron was heartily cheered at the close of his excellent speech.

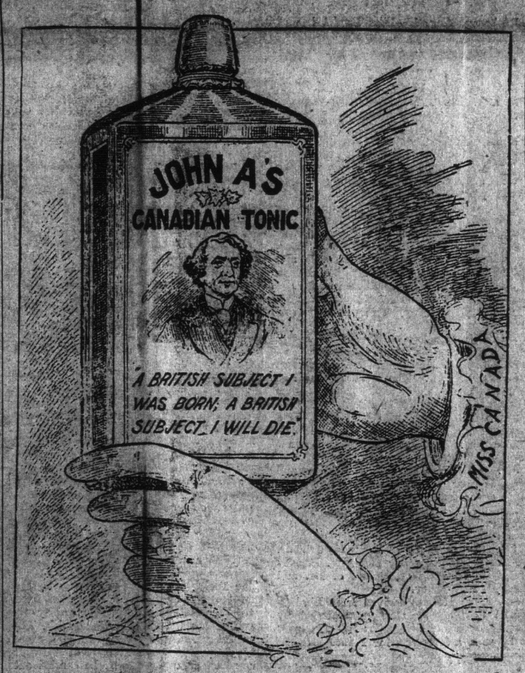
While Mr. Todd, accompanied by Hon. Dr. Pugsley, was approaching the hall, escorted by the band, Senator Gillmor contrasted the situation with the Conservative convention held a week before.

"Three Conservative gentlemen, three stalwarts," he said, heard deep rumblings and Messrs. Ganong, Clarke and Grimmer all found excuses and they knew the signals, said the chairman, and the same rumblings are heard all over Canada. They said in Ottawa very recently that there will be no Tory party after election. We will have Liberals only divided into two parties, free traders and the tariff for revenue party."

This statement added to the outburst of applause, with which the candidate entered the hall and when the party proceeded to the platform three cheers for Todd and for Dr. Pugsley were given with a will and the chairman tendered the nomination to Mr. Todd, who accepted while the

(Continued on page 10, fourth column.)

WHAT IS WRONG WITH THIS PICTURE?



This is a Conservative cartoon. What is wrong with it is the omission of the fact that when Sir John made that famous exclamation he was campaigning in favor of reciprocity in natural products. When Sir John passed his National Policy in 1879, it contained the following proviso, which was kept standing for years:

"Any or all of the following articles, that is to say: animals of all kinds, green fruit, hay, straw, bran, seeds of all kinds, vegetables, including potatoes and other roots, plants, trees, and shrubs, coal and coke, salt, hops, wheat, peas and beans, barley, rye, oats, Indian corn, buckwheat, and all other grains, flour of wheat, and flour of rye, Indian meal, and oatmeal, and flour meal of any other grain, butter, tallow, meats, fresh, salt, or smoked, and lumber, may be imported into Canada free of duty or at a less rate of duty than is provided by this Act upon proclamation of the governor-in-council, which may be issued whenever it appears to his satisfaction that similar articles from Canada may be imported into the United States free of duty or at a rate of duty not exceeding that payable on the same under such proclamation when imported into Canada."

This was if anything a wider measure of proffered reciprocity than that which the Laurier government has negotiated.—Montreal Herald.

BRITAIN'S STRIKE SITUATION GRAVE

LAURIER OPENS CAMPAIGN TODAY

Will Speak at Simcoe and Enormous Crowd is Expected

Borden Also Takes the Stump Today, Speaking at London—Tory Leader Issues Another Dose of Buncombe to the People.

Special to The Telegraph.

Simcoe, Ont., Aug. 14—Simcoe is all ready for tomorrow, the biggest day in its history. Sir Wilfrid Laurier opens his Ontario campaign here in Lynwood Park. A platform and canopy has been erected for the speakers and seating capacity for 8,000 has been provided. In addition there will be standing room for fully another 8,000.

The park is an ideal place for a political meeting. It is a natural amphitheatre with the river Lynn running at the back. The vast audience which the premier will address will be all around and above him on the rising ground. The station and main streets of the town are gaily decorated with streamers, flags and bunting. Here are a few of the inscriptions of the banners:

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Nation Builder; Prosperity for Farmers Means Prosperity for All; Well Enough is Not Good Enough When We Can Get Better; Reciprocity Will Put Norfolk Orchards Within Twenty-four Hours of 45,000,000 Buyers.

Leaders Leave the Capital.

Ottawa, Aug. 1—(Special)—Both generals of the opposing party forces in Canada left the capital tonight for western Ontario, where tomorrow they will fire the opening guns of their respective platform campaigns.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier left four hours ahead of Opposition Leader Borden, traveling via Brockville so as to insure train connections for Simcoe tomorrow morning.

Mr. Borden left at 11 tonight for London, where, with the support of Attorney-General Foy, he will speak tomorrow night in behalf of Major Beattie, the Conservative candidate and ex-member.

Fifty miles away to the southeast, the premier will speak in the afternoon in a riding carried by the Conservatives in 1908 by a majority, of over 400, but which the Liberals have strong hopes of winning.

Sir Wilfrid will have with him at Simcoe Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, minister of marine and naval affairs; Hon. George P. Graham, minister of railways, and Hon. W. L. MacKenzie King, minister of labor.

Both leaders left in the best of health, each with apparent enthusiasm for the fight and each evidently in the sincere belief of a coming triumph at the polls.

Sir Wilfrid will devote his argument for re-election almost entirely to the reciprocity issue and his address will be in the main an amplification of his manifesto to the people of Canada issued after the dissolution of parliament.

Mr. Borden, while dealing mainly with reciprocity, will also traverse the ground of general criticism of the Laurier administration.

Before leaving tonight Mr. Borden gave out for publication a 3,000 word manifesto to the Canadian people summarizing his arguments against reciprocity, replying to the premier's manifesto and laying down the platform upon which the Conservative party asks the support of the electors.

The onus for compelling an election he frankly accepts on the ground that the government had no mandate "to surrender to the United States the complete fiscal autonomy of Canada," and "that the people and not a temporary parliamentary majority shall give the answer which must determine the future destiny of this dominion and of this empire."

Mr. Borden traverses, in the main, the anti-reciprocity arguments he has already advanced in parliament and on his western tour.

$16,000,000 NEW YORK BANK MERGER

New York, Aug. 14—The first step in a bank merger which will combine resources of about $16,000,000 was announced today in the changing of the name of the Fourteenth Street Bank to the Security Bank of New York. A week later the Nineteenth and Twelfth Ward banks will be merged into the Security Bank of New York. R. Ross Appleton will be president of the merged institution.

Presentation to St. Stephen Man.

St. Stephen, N. B., Aug. 14—(Special)—In recognition of his valuable services as manager of the St. Stephen baseball team during the season, Earl Hyslop, local manager of the Western Union, was presented tonight with a handsome calabash pipe. Owing to pressure of other duties Mr. Hyslop was obliged to send in his resignation. The relations between the manager and the members of the team were always of a most pleasant nature.

Railways Likely to Be Tied Up

Managers Declare They Will Not Yield to Men's Demands

General Strike of Transport Workers Called at Liverpool and Lockout of 30,000 Employes Adds to the Trouble—The Police Have Their Hands Full—Glasgow Strike Over.

Canadian Press.

London, Aug. 14—Tonight there appears little hope of averting a great railroad strike which probably will be accompanied by a general labor revolt that will have a tremendous effect on the trade of the United Kingdom.

At a meeting held in London today by the managers of all the railroads having terminals here it was resolved that the time had arrived to resist the men's encroachments.

The managers contend that the men by striking will violate the agreement arrived at after the railway troubles of 1907, under which all disputes were to be referred to a conciliation board or an arbitration board. This agreement, they say, was to run until 1914 unless either side gave notice of its termination, which has not been done.

Today's meeting was unanimous that the only way to terminate the constant dislocation of business would be to take a firm stand and refuse all concession to the men.

One manager in an interview after the meeting, expressed the fear that there will be grave troubles on all the railway systems of the country before the present week is ended. He said the railroads were preparing to run the best services they could under the circumstances with the aid of police protection for their employes who are still willing to work.

Sectional strikes of railway men were declared tonight at Manchester, Liverpool, Sheffield and other places. Some of the railway lines already have given notice of their inability adequately to handle freight traffic.

Desperate Conditions in Liverpool.

Liverpool, Aug. 14—The strike committee at 12 o'clock tonight declared a general strike of all transport workers, including the railway men, who, up to the last, had refused to go out. The strike will be effective on all the local steamboats and the Mersey ferries. Seven thousand dockers struck tonight at Birkenhead.

During the day the lockout threatened by the owners became effective and 30,000 men were refused employment until they decided to abide by the terms of a recent agreement.

There has been much disorder in both Liverpool and Birkenhead throughout the day and the police were constantly in conflict with disorderly crowds. Tonight in front of St. George Hall where the rioting started Sunday, became impassable because of the great crush of workmen. There were frequent stampedes following the efforts of the police to disperse the crowds. Several fires, believed to have been of incendiary origin were started during the afternoon. The most serious was at the offices of the Shipping Federation, which were gutted by the flames.

Although no rioting has taken place the tension is so great that the smallest incident might serve to start trouble. A watch committee has been formed and is enrolling volunteers to act as special constables.

Glasgow Strike Over.

Glasgow, Aug. 14—The tramway strike situation has improved perceptibly tonight and is likely to collapse altogether a majority of the men have agreed to return to work and submit their dispute with the municipality to the arbitration of the board of trade.

LUMBER AND HAY DUTIES

Under the proposed trade agreement Canadian rough sawn lumber will be admitted into the United States free of duty and the duty on planed lumber will be greatly reduced.

Hay will go in free as compared with the present duty of $4 a ton against the Canadian farmer.

These items in the reciprocity agreement make a strong appeal to the people of St. John and New Brunswick in support of the agreement and of themselves supply an all sufficient reason for supporting the Liberal candidates in the election of September 21.

In the report of the speech delivered by Hon. Mr. Pugsley in the Queen's rink on Thursday night his reference to these features of the reciprocity pact was not clearly reported and the items are here set out as they appear in the agreement.

AMERICAN PAPER MILLS IN CANADA

Big Interests Expected to Close Many New England Plants and Move Across the Border.

Boston, Aug. 14.—As a result of Canadian reciprocity the pulpwood and news print schedules are now in force. The International Paper Company, which has many mills in New England and extensive tracts of wood in Canada, will be expected to make large physical expansion across the border.

Canadian reciprocity means inevitably the extinction of many small news print producers in the United States. Probably another five years will see twenty-five per cent of International Paper Company's business done in Canada. The company sold $23,095,745 worth of paper in year ended June 30.

APPOINTED
INTERNATIONAL
WAYS COMMISSION

tatives of Canada at Salary of
Fitted for Duties of Important

A. P. Barnhill, K. C.

FOR
RS IN FIRE GRIP

ported Destroyed in Conflagra-
arleton County Town from 7
il Midnight.

Among the buildings burned are the Turner building, Garrison building, the residence of Rev. Father Bradley and Dr. Hagaman's drug store. Dr. Hagaman's residence was not burned.

In all about fifteen buildings were destroyed but on account of the late hour at which the fire was still burning last night it was not possible to obtain an accurate estimate of the loss or of the extent to which this is covered by insurance.

LLIPS IS DEAD

ndah of His Home in Jackson-
Hutchinson—Was 40 Years in

he had only recently been granted a year's rest, which he was taking at his home in Jacksonville. Arrangements for the funeral had not been completed last night.

FOREST FIRE IS RAGING NEAR PENOBSQUIS

Friday, Aug 11.

A telephone message from Penobsquis was received at a late hour last night stating that a serious forest fire was raging in the neighborhood and was threatening the village. It broke out on the McIntyre property and had spread over the Hannah farm, McMonagle's and Chittick's and at 11 o'clock was near the lower portion of the Harry Morton property. Much damage has already been done and if the wind held northwest as it was then blowing there was great apprehension that the flames would spread to the village of Penobsquis.

The lumber properties of Al Freeze, Herbert Lisson, Ed. Wallace and Byron McLeod were in danger at the time that the telephone message was sent. A crew of men under David McNutt, fire warden, were fighting the fire and it was the intention of others to go out early this morning to help check the flames. In the meantime they are hoping for a change in the direction of the wind to the northeast.

C. G. Armstrong, formerly of the Sussex Mineral Springs Company, and now successfully carrying on the same business in Chelmsford (Mass.), was a welcome visitor to the city yesterday. He was on his way to Kings county to enjoy a few days away from business with his family, who have been spending some time in this province.

ICAN VIEW

aper, the Signal, published in

rocity treaty will beneft some
ill be a great help to those
ave emigrated to Canada and
e the Fifth. But it will be a
farmers who have remained

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

Saturday, Aug. 12

The New Brunswick tennis tournament which was held this week, has been the centre of attraction, both for the players and for a number of the visitors who are in town. The play went on each day, not having to be postponed once on account of unfavorable weather. Tea was served each afternoon by a committee of members of the club. On Monday those in charge were Mrs. W. H. Harrison, Miss Ena MacLaren, Miss Brown and Miss Jean Leavitt. Tuesday, Mrs. Sherwood Skinner, Miss Doris Sayre and Miss Eileen Taylor. Wednesday, Mrs. Pollard Lewin, Miss Kittie Schofield and Miss Katie Hazen. Thursday, Mrs. McKenzie, Miss McAvenney and Miss Alice Green. The results in the finals were: Ladies' singles, Mrs. H. R. Babbitt, of Fredericton; ladies' doubles, Mrs. J. Royden Thomson and Miss Mabel Thomson; mixed doubles, Miss Babbitt and Mr. W. R. Turnbull; men's doubles, Messrs. Bigelow and Wood, of the Sackville Club. There were a good number of spectators each afternoon. Among them were Mrs. Robert Thomson, Mrs. Aslie (Montreal), Miss W. H. Barnaby, Mrs. S. G. Sancton, Mrs. John R. Thomson, Mrs. L. E. Barker, Mrs. Walter Harrison, Mrs. P. W. Thomson, Mrs. Geo. McAvity, Mrs. A. L. Fowler, Mrs. J. Pope Barnes, Mrs. J. D. Seely, Miss Girvan, Miss Marjorie Lee, the Misses Hazen, Miss Ena MacLaren, Miss Barnaby, Mrs. P. R. Inches, Mrs. H. C. Schofield, Miss Jack, Miss Walker, Mrs. W. H. Harrison, Mrs. Kelley (Boston), Miss Crosby, Miss Lillie Raymond, Miss Ethel McAvity, the Misses Hegan, Miss Kimball, the Misses Trueman, Miss Perley, the Misses Robinson, Miss Langstroth (Sussex), Mrs. Winslow, Miss Kathleen Holden, Miss Anglin (Kingston), Miss P. Young, Miss Peacock, Miss Edith Young, Miss V. Barnes, Miss Mary MacLaren, Messrs. Noel Lee, George Wood, Leigh Loggie, Cy. Inches, H. Harrison, Walter Emerson, Ken. Arthur, Jack Belyea, John Sayre, Ronald McAvity, Hugh MacKay, Gordon Sancton, Colin MacKay, George Blizzard, Don. Fisher, Arthur Anglin, Norman Rogers, Jack Carritte, Mr. Lewis, Mr. Darcy, Reg. Schofield, F. Fairweather, Mr. Turnbull, Mr. Wood and H. W. Puddington.

Miss Anglin, of Kingston (Ont.), is visiting here, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. V. Anglin, Lancaster.

Mrs. E. S. Fiske has returned from Model Farm, where she has been spending the last month.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Newton and Miss Newton, of Brooklyn, are the guests of Mrs. J. L. Thorne, Carmarthen street.

Mrs. Turner Wilson, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Lawrence MacLaren, Charlotte street.

A very enjoyable concert was given in Rothesay on Monday evening by the Meister singers, of Charleston (S. C.), under the management of Mr. J. D. Matthew. Miss Alice Davidson and D. Arnold Fox accompanied the singers. Among those who attended from St. John were Rev. W. O. and Mrs. Raymond, Mrs. W. Frank Hatheway, Miss Hatheway, Mrs. W. E. Foster, Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley and Mrs. Drury.

Miss Jean Nixon has returned after a holiday trip to Sheffield.

The golf club tea was held at the club house on Thursday afternoon and was in charge of Mrs. Stetson and Mrs. George McAvity. Mrs. McAvity presided at the tea table. Among those present were Mrs. Thomson, Miss Mabel Thomson, Mrs. Barker, Mrs. deMille, Mrs. J. Seely, Miss Stetson, Mrs. Porter, Miss Stewart, Miss Rosamond McAvity, Mrs. J. S. MacLaren, Mrs. S. Alward, Mrs. H. C. Schofield, Miss Barker, Miss Mollie Robinson, Miss Hazen, Mrs. E. A. Smith, Miss Christie, Mrs. O. L. Fowler and Mrs. George Wetmore.

Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Merrill are entertaining a party of friends to a cruise on the river on board the yacht Vagabond.

Mrs. H. R. Babbitt, the champion tennis player, returned to Fredericton on Thursday evening, taking with her three cups won at the tournament.

Hon. Charles J. Bonaparte, ex-Attorney General, of the United States, was in town this week and spoke before the Canadian Club on Tuesday evening. In the afternoon Mr. Bonaparte was entertained at a drive around the city by G. A. Henderson, Dr. R. F. Tingley and Dr. T. D. Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. George McDonald have gone on a trip to England and the continent.

Mrs. George R. Ellis and daughter, Miss Freede, of Toronto, and Mr. H. A. Harvey and daughter, of Ottawa, are at Mrs. Wm. Fleming's, Hazen street.

Mrs. C. E. Leachler, of Boston, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. E. Huey, Leinster street.

Miss Lily Price has returned after her trip to the coronation and a visit to relatives in England and Scotland.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Lawton, of Fitchburg (Mass.), spent the week-end here the guests of Miss Merritt, Union street.

Messrs. W. Gerow, E. C. Fairweather and J. M. Gerow, of Lynchburg (Va.), the Misses Gerow, Miss Trites and Miss Edna Logan spent the week-end in Fredericton. They made the trip on a motor boat.

Rev. J. W. Stewart and Mrs. Stewart, of Philadelphia, were in the city for a short visit this week. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart have gone to Lakeside, where they will camp for a few weeks.

Several yachts entered for the race to Digby, the Gracie M., Santor, Fie Yuen and Louvinia crossed on Thursday. The motor boats will start this morning. Commodore Thomson with a party of friends will also cross on the Corinthia.

Mr. Royden Harding is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Harding, Germain street.

Mr. E. F. Jones, of Vancouver, is in town for a few days and is being warmly welcomed by many friends.

Rev. T. J. Deinstadt, Miss Hazel Deinstadt, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wellington, of New York; Mrs. G. O. Hannah and Miss Helen Hannah were in St. Stephen this week, guests at the marriage of Miss Grace Deinstadt to Dr. C. E. Bates, of Houlton (Me.)

Mrs. J. S. Flaglor was called to Moncton this week on account of the illness of Dr. O. J. McCully.

The many friends of Mr. S. S. deForest are congratulating him on his appointment as sheriff of the city and county of St. John.

Miss Edith Hegan went to Montreal this week for a few days' visit. She will be joined there next week by Miss McMillan, Miss Alice Hegan and Miss Clara Schofield. They will sail on S. S. Canada for England, and will spend two or three months traveling in Great Britain and on the continent.

Mrs. H. P. Timmerman and Master Everett Timmerman were at the Royal this week.

Mr. James Ross, of Montreal, and party of friends, were in town this week. They are touring on board Mr. Ross' yacht Sheelah. They left on Monday for Digby.

Miss Doris Murray is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. B. Hatheway, at Kingsclear (N. B.)

Mr. H. M. Davy, of Ottawa, and Mrs. Davy are spending some weeks at the Royal. Mr. Davy is in charge of the boring operations in Courtenay Bay.

Mrs. Mrs. Shumway, of Philadelphia, is visiting here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Cowan.

Among those who recently registered at the Canadian office, London, were Ald. and Mrs. C. H. Green, the Misses T. L. and H. M. Green and R. E. Powell, of St. John.

Mrs. Murray and Miss Murray, of Norfolk (Va.), are visiting Mrs. R. S. Courtenay, Douglas avenue.

Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Wellington, of New York, are visiting here, the guests of Mrs. Wellington's father, Rev. T. J. Deinstadt, Duke street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. McClaskey, of New York, are the guests of Mrs. A. A. McClaskey, Douglas avenue, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Smith have returned from St. Andrews, where they were staying at The Algonquin.

Mrs. J. D. Seely entertained at bridge at the Golf Club house on Wednesday afternoon in honor of Hrs. Douglas Seely, of Montreal, who is visiting her. The other guests were: Mrs. S. A. Jones, Mrs. L. E. Barker, Mrs. W. Vassie, Mrs. H. C. Schofield, Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley, Mrs. J. M. Robinson, jr., Mrs Easson, Mrs. Fred. C. Jones, Mrs. Hugh Bruce, Mrs. A. L. Fowler, Mrs. J. B. Cudlip, Mrs. Walter H. Trueman (Winnipeg), Mrs. F. E. Sayre, Mrs. William Allison, Mrs. H. C. Schofield, Mrs. T. E. Ryder, Mrs. S. Gordon Sancton, Miss Helen Seely, Mrs. J. U. Thomas, Miss Bessie Seely and Miss Mollie Robinson. The prize winners were Mrs. L. E. Barker, Mrs. Wm. Allison and Mrs. T. E. Ryder. Tea was served after the game. Mrs. Thomas presided at the tea table. Mrs. Murray MacLarren, Mrs. Turner Wilson (Toronto), and Mrs. S. Alward were guests at the tea hour.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fraser Gregory entertained at a picnic and dance at their summer residence, Milldgeville, on Tuesday evening. Among the guests were Miss Murray, Mrs. Winters, Miss Olivia Murray, Miss Mary Tapley, Miss Margaret Knight, Mrs. A. D. Smith, Miss Ada Tapley, Miss Ethel Smith, Mrs. Munroe (Houlton), Miss May Brown, Miss Dorothy Tapley, Dr. and Mrs. F. J. Hogan, Dr. and Mrs. Frank Smith, Mrs. Rutherford, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Williams, the Misses Williams, Dr. S. B. Smith, Messrs. W. B. Bishop (Montreal), C.D. Spier (Montreal), Mr. McMartin and Mr. Wilbur Gerow.

Mrs. R. H. Morris has returned to her home in Everett (Mass.), after a pleasant visit with friends in Fairville.

Mrs. Morris and the Misses Adelaide and Ruth Haley, of St. Stephen, are visiting friends at Southwood, Fairville.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm, son and daughter, who have been touring along the south shore of Nova Scotia were in town this week on their way to their home in Campbellton.

Dr. W. H. Steeves and son, Darrell, of Fredericton, spent Thursday here, the guests of Mrs. W. Edward Raymond, Germain street.

Mrs. J. V. Anglin is to entertain today at a luncheon at her residence, Lancaster, in honor of her son Arthur, who is to leave for Montreal to resume his studies at McGill.

Mrs. D. P. Chisholm has returned from New York.

G. W. Massey, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. Edward Raymond for the last two weeks, has returned to his home in Fredericton.

Mrs. C. A. Robertson is home again after spending some months with her daughter in Sydney and will leave soon for New York where she expects to spend the winter.

Mr. M. N. Cockburn, K. C., of St. Andrews, was in town this week at the Royal.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, Mrs. Hazen and the Misses Hazen have returned from abroad and are being warmly welcomed by their friends.

A. C. L. Tapley and Mrs. Tapley are on a trip to New Hampshire where they will remain for two weeks. Dr. and Mrs. Wilkins will return with them for a visit with friends here.

Rev. David Lang has returned after his vacation trip to Vancouver and has resumed charge of St. Andrew's church.

Mrs. W. T. White entertained a number of visitors in town this week on a trip on his motor boat and at a picnic at Ingleside.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Frank Hatheway, Miss Hatheway and Mrs. W. S. Marven spent the week end in Hampton.

Mrs. W. A. Henderson and children are spending a few week at The Cedars.

Miss Mitchell, of Boston, and Miss Littlefield, of Portland (Me.), were the guests of Mrs. A. H. Merrill over the week end. Miss Littlefield returned to her home on Wednesday. Miss Mitchell will remain for some time.

Mr. C. W. Hallamore, manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; Mrs. Hallamore and daughters, left on Saturday for a vacation trip through P. E. Island and Nova Scotia.

Miss Beatrice Frink and Miss Ethel Robertson are spending a few weeks in Digby where they are at The Colonial

Dr. Oscar Watson, of the Associated Press, New York, and Miss Clara Watson, are visiting their mother, Mrs. A. A. Watson, Peters street. They are accompanied by their nephews, F. Godfrey Melick and William A. MacDonald.

Dr. T. Ives Byrne, mayor of Chatham, and Mrs. Byrne and children, were in town this week on their way home from Yarmouth where they have been on a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wells, King street east, have returned from Yarmouth where they have been visiting at Mrs. Wells' former home.

Senator and Mrs. Wood, of Sackville, were in town this week on their way to England, where they are going to visit their daughter, Mrs. Harvey.

Mrs. R. C. Skinner has returned from Sussex.

Rev. Dr. Grey, who has been in charge of Trinity church for the last six weeks, left on Thursday for his home in Pekin (Ill.)

Mr. J. M. Gerow, who has been visiting friends here has returned to his home in Lynchburg (Va.)

Mrs. A. L. Fowler was hostess at a delightful bridge of five tables at the Golf Club house on Tuesday afternoon in honor of her mother, Mrs. Stratton and Mrs. Douglas Seely, of Montreal. The afternoon proved so fine that the game was enjoyed on the veranda and tea served there after the play. The prize winners were Mrs. H. C. Schofield, Mrs. L. E. Barker and Mrs. J. D. Seely. The guests included Mrs. Stratton, Mrs. Douglas Seely, Mrs. George K. McLeod, Mrs. Busby, Mrs. J. Gillis Keator, Mrs. J. D. Hazen, Mrs. H. C. Schofield, Mrs. L. E. Barker. Mrs. Burpee, Bangor; Mrs. S. A. Jones, Mrs. T. E. Ryder, Mrs. Walter Foster, Mrs. F. E. Sayre, Mrs. J. D. Seely, Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley, Mrs. Drury, Winnipeg; Miss Helen Smith, Miss Mabel Smith, Miss Mary Trueman and Miss Mollie Robinson.

Mr. W. M. Reeve, who is moving to the city to take up the practice of law, has taken the house in Wentworth street formerly occupied by Mrs. Finlay.

Rev. Geo. Wood, of Chatham, was in town this week for the tennis tournament, the guest of Mrs. A. I. Trueman, Hazen street.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas McDiarmid announce the engagement of their daughter, Enid, to Mr. Harold W. Rising, of this city. The wedding will take place on Aug. 31.

ROTHESAY

Rothesay, Aug. 10—Miss Daniel left at the week-end for New River, where her father and mother are spending a few weeks.

Miss Ayer and Master John Bogart returned home on Friday from Port Elgin.

Mrs. Walter Trueman and son, Master Kenneth, are spending this week in St. John with Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Trueman.

Master Jack Thomson's birthday was celebrated on Thursday with a lawn party at "The Grove," the little people in their pretty summer dresses making a very pretty picture on the grass with a background of beautiful trees. Some of the guests were: Ruth Robinson, Alice and Margaret Tilley, Ranleigh, Frances and Elise Gilbert, Dick, Pat and Jack Starr, Ruth Harrison, Fenwick, Elizabeth and Rachael Armstrong, Helen Holmes, David, Donald and Hugh Turnbull and others.

Mrs. H. A. Calhoun came home from St. Martins on Tuesday, after a few days' visit to Mrs. Dimock.

The Corinthia left on Friday for a trip up river, having on board Commodore and Mrs. Thomson, Mrs. John H. Thomson and Miss Puddington. The weather was fine and the cruise delightful. Return home was made on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Jack O'Day, who has been here guest of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James Page, left for his home in New York on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Robertson and Miss Hooper are back from Upsalquitch after a successful month's salmon fishing.

Mrs. W. Tyng Peters spent last Friday with her parents at Apohaqui. She was also able to attend the concert on Monday to the great joy of her many friends.

Hon. William Pugsley and Mrs. Pugsley are again in Rothsay, guests of Dr. and Mrs. D. A. Pugsley.

Mr. Hugh Holmes arrived from Lindsay (Ont.) on Tuesday and, accompanied by Mrs. Holmes and little Miss Helen, expect to leave in a few days for Prince Edward Island.

Mr. and Mrs. James McMurray entertained a party of twenty-one relatives from the city on Saturday.

Miss Florence Ellison went home to Apohaqui last week after a visit of several weeks here.

Among recent arrivals at the Kennedy House is Mr. Raymond Daley, of Chicago, who is here for a month.

Mrs. Bogart and children and Miss Fraser came home from Cape Tormentine on Monday.

Over Sunday guests at the Kennedy House were Mr. Allan R. Crookshank and Mr. Harold Peters, both of St. John.

A very delightful tea was given on Tuesday afternoon by Mrs. Hibbard, some of the guests being Mrs. Robert Thomson, Mrs. John H. Thomson, Mrs. Burnbull, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Blanchet, Mrs. and Miss Davidson, Mrs. F. C. Jones, Mrs. W. O. Raymond, Miss Maymond, Mrs. Brock, Mrs. James F. Robertson, Miss Hooper, Mrs. T. E. G. Armstrong, Mrs. B. C. B. Boyd, Mrs. R. E. Puddington, Misses Armstrong, Mrs. Hendricks, Mrs. Holmes, Miss Taylor, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Page, Miss Fraser and others. Tea was served on the lawn at small tables. Mrs. Starr and Miss Brock poured and Miss Purdy, Miss A. Brock and Miss Alice Davidson waited.

Mrs. I. C. Stewart left on Friday for her home in Halifax.

Mr. and Mrs. Deane and family have moved here from Galt (Ont.), and are warmly welcomed as permanent residents.

Mrs. Hodgins and daughter, of Ottawa, arrived at the Kennedy House today.

CHATHAM

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 10.—Mrs. John Russell, of Newcastle; Mrs. H. B. McDonald, Mrs. G. H. Lounsbury and Miss Mary Balmain, of Woodstock, spent Tuesday in Loggieville, the guests of Brs. F. P. Loggie.

Mr. R. A. Snowball, accompanied by his sisters, Mrs. Harry Rowlings, Montreal; Miss Snowball and by Miss Eileen O'Brien, returned home on Monday night after a pleasant auto trip, which included Fredericton, St. John and Shediac.

Mrs. E. W. B. Scovil and Miss Pierce were the week-end guests of Mrs. Ernest Hutchison, Douglastown.

Mr. J. Allan Loggie, of South River, (Ont.), is the guest of his mother, Mrs. M. R. Loggie.

Mrs. F. E. Neale is confined to her room by an attack of tonsilitis.

Mrs. R. M. Keary and her daughter, Miss Helen Keary, of Newcastle, spent Tuesday in Chatham, guests at the Hotel Dieu. Miss Keary leaves on Saturday for Washington, where she enters a convent

Mr. and Mrs. John McDonald and Mr. Chester Hayward had a very pleasant auto trip to Tracadie and return. Miss Murray accompanied them.

Mr. and Mrs. Lamkie, of Dalhousie, were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. G. H. Lounsbury, on Monday.

Mrs. J. G. Miller entertained a few friends on the yacht Kate on Saturday.

Music lovers are looking forward with pleasant anticipations to the great treat in store on Wednesday evening, August 28, when Miss Hessie Gunn, assisted by Miss Sara K. Dobson and G. Blair Neale, will give a musical and literary recital in the Royal theatre.

Miss Daisy McKindy and Miss Addy McKnight, who have been spending their vacation at their homes in Douglastown, have returned to the Rhode Island hospital.

Mrs. L. L. Laurie, of Cambridge, is the guest of Mrs. R. A. Lawlor. Mrs. Laurie is a former Chatham lady and has many warm friends in town.

Miss Agnes Ross, of Ottawa, is the guest of Miss Helen Loggie.

Miss Barbara Matthews has returned after a pleasant visit with friends in Charlottetown.

Mrs. John Hawkes returned on Monday after a pleasant visit with friends north.

Miss Kate Purcell and Johanna Shanahan are visiting friends in Richibucto.

Miss Lizzie Tait left on Monday to visit friends in Truro and Glace Bay.

Mr. Jack McKendy spent a pleasant holiday at his home in Douglastown and returned last Wednesday to Edmunston to resume his duties as manager of the Royal Bank there.

Word was received here Monday afternoon of the death of Frank Powers at his home in Lunenburg (N. S.) Mr. Powers is the father of Frank Powers of the local Bank of Montreal branch. Frank, who was was called home a week ago on account of his father's serious illness, will have the sympathy of his many friends here as elsewhere.

Mrs. Margaret Crosby and her nephew, Walter Scott, returned Sunday from a pleasant visit in Boston.

Mr. A. Forsythe, manager o fthe Bank of Nova Scotia, leaves tomorrow on his vacation. Mr. J. W. McDonald, of Stellarton (N. S.), will relieve Mr. Forsythe.

Miss Alice Thompson, of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. Geoffrey Stead.

Miss Anna Hilderbrand and Miss Laura Borden are enjoying their vacation at Burnt Church.

Dr. Howard Moore and wife, of Newton (Mass.), are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Hunter.

Miss Eileen O'Brien and Mrs. Lister are guests at Wellington villa.

I. R. Bruce, of Shediac Cape; James Bruce, of Sydney, and J. R. Bruce, of Porto Rico, passed through town on their way to Millerton. They returned to Shediac Cape on Monday.

Mr. J. A. Loggie, who is now a resident of South River, Ontario, is in town spending a couple of weeks at his home.

Mr. and Mrs. John McDonald left on Monday afternoon by auto for a trip to Tracadie. They will probably return today.

Mrs. Robert Murray is visiting in Sussex, the guest of Mrs. Golding.

Mrs. H. B. McDonald returned from Fredericton on Saturday, after a very pleasant automobile trip of several weeks' duration. Mrs. McDonald drove her car practically the entire run of the trip, which was nearly 7,000 miles, and included a visit to Grand Falls.

Friends of ex-Mayor and Mrs. McMurdo, formerly of Newcastle, but now residing in Calgary, will be interested to learn that their home was further brightened by the arrival of a baby girl on July 24 last.

The Misses Amanda and Regina Babineau, Miss Dorcas Blaine and L. G. Babineau have returned from St. Louis, where they attended the recent institute. They also visited friends in Buctouche.

Arthur Brown has been spending a week or two with friends camping on the St. John river.

James McLearn, of Fredericton, is the guest of Blair Neale.

The gasoline yacht Milicete, of Amherst (N. S.), belonging to Mr. N. Curry, of Rhodes Curry Co., arrived in port this afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Curry and party on board.

A very enjoyable time was spent on Sinclair's Island, near Whitneyville, by a party of young people, chaperoned by Mrs. F. E. Neale. The party left town Thursday morning and returned again Monday. Among those present were Miss Travers, Miss Heloise Neale, Miss Williamson, the Misses Beveridge, Miss Crombie, Miss Lillian Fisher and Miss Abbott, Jas. McLearn, Norman Don and Jack Veveridge, and G. Blair Neale.

The social event of the week was the lawn tea given yesterday afternoon from 4 to 7 o'clock at Blink Bonnie by its charming hostess, Mrs. William Dick. The beautiful grounds never presented a more lovely appearance and the ideal weather allowed all arrangements to be carried out as planned.

Seats had been arranged beneath the shady trees on the lawn and charming nooks cushioned for the large number of guests. A bevy of young ladies formed the staff of waitresses, tea being served on the lawn. The affair was a most delightful one and thoroughly enjoyed by all present, many coming from Newcastle, Millerton and Nelson, as well as from Chatham.

The list of guests was as follows: Mrs. Tweedie, Mrs. Snowball, Mrs. Huechson (Douglastown), Mrs. Park, Mrs. Nicholson, Mrs. Riopel, Mrs. H. Sinclair, Mrs. Bishop, Mrs. W. Sinclair, the Misses Davidson, the Misses Hickson, Miss Bishop, Miss Ritchie, Miss Nicholson, Miss McElray (Newcastle), Mrs. Robinson (Millerton), the Misses Robinson, Mrs. Volekman, Miss Roscoela (Millerton), Miss Marshall (St. John), Mrs. Burchill, the Misses Burchill, Mrs. O'Brien, Mrs. Sergeant (Nelson), Miss Cutler (Bushville), Mrs. Robert Loggie, (Loggieville), Mrs. Frank P. Loggie, Mrs. Rawlings, Montreal Mrs. F. E. Treale, Mrs. F. M. Tweedie, Mrs. Watt, Mrs. Lister (Ottawa), Mrs. F. Miller, Mrs. Eaton, Mrs. Marven, Mrs. H. B. McDonald, Mrs. Jas. Miller, Mrs. Fraser, Mrs. Goggin, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. M. Loggie, Mrs. Mackenzie, Mrs. W. B. Snowball, Mrs. Stead (New York), Mrs. G. Stead, Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. Bidlake, Mrs. W. S. Loggie, Mrs. Danville, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Murray (Sussex), Mrs. Kerr, Mrs. Kerr, (China), Mrs. Hickey, Mrs. Lawlor, Mrs. London, Mrs. Marquis, Mrs. MacLaughlan, Mrs. Lounsbury, Miss Snowball, Miss O'Brien, the Misses Benson, Miss Travers (St. John), Miss H. Neale, Miss Ferguson, the Misses Goggin, the Misses Fraser, the Misses Beveridge, Miss Williamson (Montreal), the Misses Fisher, Miss Abbott, Miss Mary Burchill, Miss Crombie (Toronto), Miss Isabel Cassels (Toronto), (Miss Gillespie, Miss Griffinn, Miss McLoon, Miss Lucey, Miss Helen Loggie, Miss Grace Morrison, Miss Helen Mackenzie, Miss Thompson (Toronto.)

CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, N. B., Aug. 10.—Miss Frances Fraser left last week to spend her holidays with friends in Moncton.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Napier are receiving the congratulations of their many friends on the arrival of a baby girl at their home.

Mr. Frank Lockhart, of Moncton, is spending a few days in town.

Mrs. P. Troy, of Dalhousie, visited friends here this week.

The Misses Etta and Alice Mooat, whw have been visiting at their home here, returned to Montreal last week.

Mrs. Hilyard, Mrs. Potts, Mrs. Craig and Miss Hutchinson, of Dalhousie, were in town last Saturday.

Miss Lena Graham, of Toronto, is spending her holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Graham.

The Misses Crocket have returned to their home in Fredericton after a pleasant visit with friends here.

Mrs. Chas. Smith left last week to spend his holidays in Winnipeg.

Mrs. Harry Anslow returned last week from a visit with friends in Newcastle.

Miss Bessie Stewart, of Dalhousie, visited friends in town this week.

Miss Hilda Wallace, of Sussex, is the guest of Mrs. W. H. Wallace.

Mrs. Richard Parker has returned from a visit with friends in New Mills.

Mr. A. R. MacGowan, of Moncton, spent a couple of days in town this week.

Mrs. Murray chaperoned a very enjoyable driving party to Morrisey Rock last evening.

Miss Clara McDougall returned to her home in Chipman last week after a visit with relatives here.

Mrs. Gorham and daughter, of Rivere du Loup, are the guests of Mrs. Edward Alexander.

The many friends of Mr. George Fawcett will regret to hear he is confined to his home through illness.

Miss Jessie Moore very pleasantly entertained a number of her girl friends last Thursday evening in honor of her guest, Miss Harper, of Sackville. Among the guests were the Misses Crocket (Fredericton), Miss Isa Cameron, Miss Ruth Cameron, Miss Eva Wilson, Miss Emma Mowat, Miss Hazel Mowat, Miss Greta Adams, Miss Annie Anderson, Miss Nan Corbett, Miss Ethel Malcolm, Miss Jean McLennan, Misses Fraser (Chatham), Miss Jean McLatchey, Miss Lilian Mowat, Miss Muriel Mowat, Miss Hazel Lingley and Miss Tessie Lingley.

Miss Gertrude McLellan, of Moncton, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. Taylor, of Salisbury, has accepted a position in the Bank of New Brunswick here.

Mr. T. G. Burpee, Moncton, spent Thursday in town.

ANDOVER

Andover, N. B., Aug. 10—Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McDonald, of Cranbrook (B. C.), are visiting Mrs. McDonalds parents, Senator and Mrs. Baird. Dr. and Mrs. J. H. King, of the same place, are also their guests.

Miss Blanche Craft, who has spent several weeks with friends at Aroostook Junction, left on Saturday for Boton.

On Friday afternoon the Misses Curray gave an afternoon tea from four to six. The refreshments were served on the lawn, Mrs. Nelson Hanson pouring.

Mr. Harold North, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Frank Howard, returned on Tuesday to his home in Nova Scotia. Mrs. Archie Dickison and her mother, Mrs. Henry Baird, left today for St. John, where Mrs. Dickison will in future reside.

On Friday evening Miss Pearl Waite entertained a few friends in honor of Miss May Black.

Mr. and Mrs. Jennings and daughters and Miss Annie Armstrong are spending a few days at Lickford Mills, Tobique River.

On Saturday evening Miss Gertrude Tibbitts entertained at a veranda party in honor of her guest, Miss Edna Powers, of St. John.

Miss Myrtle Waite is visiting friends at Fort Fairfield.

Miss Edith Edgecombe, of Fredericton, is the guest of Senator and Mrs. Baird.

Miss Margaret Currey is spending a few weeks at Fort Fairfield (Me.)

Senator and Mrs. Baird have issued invitations for a large lawn party in honor of their guests.

Mr. Wm. Baird has gone to St. John to spend a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy G. Porter returned home on Tuesday from a fishing trip with friends at Ellsworth (Me.)

MONCTON

Moncton, Aug. 10—Mrs. Fred H. Moore is spending a few weeks in Newcastle with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Leighton.

Miss Margaret McKinnon is spending her vacation in Hillsboro, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip McKinnon.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred S. James and children, of Ottawa, were in town on Saturday en route to Sackville, where they will be the guests of relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seaman spent the week-end with friends in Hillsboro.

Miss Margaret Reilly has returned from a trip to P. E. Island.

Miss Grace Harris has gone to Wolfville, where she expects to remain for several weeks with friends.

Miss Beatrice Chambers left on Saturday for Charlottetown, where she is the guest of Miss Mamie Stewart.

Dr. J. A. McNaughton and family have gone to Albert to spend a few days with relatives.

Senator Wood, of Sackville, accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. F. B. Black, spent Friday in the city.

Miss Adelaide Kent, of Bathurst, and Miss Jennie Shields, of Campbellton, are the guests of Miss Fleming.

The Misses Hazel and Mildred Houghton, of Dorchester (Mass.), are spending a few weeks in town with Mrs. H. B. Teed.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Colton, of Charlottetown, spent part of the week in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hicks and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Barnes are visiting relatives in Amherst.

Mr. Jack McSweeney has arrived home from New York to spend his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George McSweeney.

A pretty wedding took place on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Stackhouse, when their daughter, Miss Florence May, was married to Mr. Frederick Barker Robinson, of this city. The Rev. D. MacOdrum, pastor of St. John's church, performed the ceremony in the presence of the relatives and a few friends of the contracting parties. The bride, who was unattended, was gowned in tan broadcloth with tan hat, and carried a shower bouquet. Miss Mildred Stackhouse, sister of the bride, acted as flower girl. Capt. W. A. McKee rendered appropriate music. After luncheon had been served Mr. and Mrs. Robinson left by the Maritime express on a wedding trip to upper Canadian cities. Among the many handsome gifts received was a beautiful clock from the members of the 19th Field Battery, of which the groom is a member, and a gold mounted fountain pen from the members of the Presbyterian church choir, of which the groom is also a member.

An automobile party consisting of Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Bourque, Mrs. W. H. McLeod and Miss Edith McLeod, of Richibucto, spent Thursday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hagarity spent Sunday with friends in Point de Bute.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Donald announce the engagement of their daughter, Jessie Margaret, to Mr. Frank Allison Armstrong. The marriage will take place the latter part of this month.

Miss Nina Smith, who has been spending several months in Cripple Creek (Col.), has returned to the city very much improved in health.

Miss Lena McCoy, of Worcester (Mass.), is spending a few weeks with friends in the city.

Miss Evelyn Noonan has returned to her home in St. John, after a pleasant stay with friends in town.

Mr. H. P. Dole, of Sussex, is spending a few days in town. Mr. Dole was formerly on the Aberdeen High school staff but resigned to go to Vancouver, where he now holds a good position.

Mrs. S. Rice is the guest of her son, Rev. H. C. Rice, at the Methodist parsonage at Hampton.

Miss Eva Chapman spent the week-end in Salisbury, the guest of Capt. J. W. and Mrs. Carter.

Miss Kate Carpenter has returned from Rexton, where she was the guest of Dr. R. G. and Mrs. Girvan.

Mrs. Reginald Ritchie, of Regina, spent Saturday in the city. Mrs. Ritchie is spending the summer at her former home in Shediac.

Rev. Charles Kinney and family, of Maine, are the guests of relatives in the city.

The Misses McCoy are in Newcastle for a few days, guests of Mrs. W. A. Touchee.

Mrs. John Morton and Miss Jean Morton are spending a few weeks in Campbellton with Mrs. Allan Miller.

Mrs. G. J. Dobson has returned from Cape Tormentine, where she was enjoying a two weeks' holiday.

Miss Muriel Sutherland, of Yarmouth, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. J. C. Keating.

Miss Minnie Spencer, of Dorchester (Mass.), is the guest of friends in the city.

The Misses Laura and Blanche Myles, of St. John, are visiting at the home of Mr. Sanford Ryan.

Mrs. J. S. Benedict, of St. John's (Nfld.), is spending a few days in the city with Mr. and Mrs. George McSweeney.

Miss Beulah Green has returned to her home in Boston, after spending some time in town with friends. Miss Ina Steeves accompanied Miss Green to Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ross are spending the week with friends in New Glasgow.

Miss Jennie Bourque is visiting friends in Weymouth.

Miss Laura Henderson and Mrs. B. A. Stamers, of St. John, the the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Killam.

Dr. and Mrs. L. N. Bourque left on Saturday afternoon on a holiday trip to Boston, where Mrs. Bourque will remain for a month.

Mrs. James L. Stanley has returned to her home in Worcester (Mass), after spending a month with relatives in town.

Mrs. J. S. Covert is visiting friends at Shediac Cape.

Miss Emily McLeod left on Saturday for Nappan, where she will spend sometime with friends.

Dr. and Mrs. M. H. Keith spent the week-end with friends at Havelock.

Mr. J. H. Wetmore, of New York, is spending a few days in town. Mr. Wetmore was formerly a resident of the town and is being warmly welcomed by many friends.

Mrs. George M. Taylor, of Vancouver, is spending a few weeks in town, the guest of Capt. and Mrs. J. E. Masters.

Mrs. Arthur Peters left on Monday for her home in Boston, after spending a month in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Holstead, Mrs. Holstead accompanied Mrs. Peters as far as St. John.

A large number spent the week-end at Shediac and Point du Chene. Among those going over were Miss Mary Rawlins, Miss Nellie Stevenson, Miss Winnie Davis, Miss Myrtle Allanach, Miss Rita Weir, Miss Annie Burns, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Williams and children, Dr. Thomson, and Messrs. W. D. Allanach, George McCoy, W. D. Atkinson, Robert Steeves, A. S. Donald, Frank Moore, Charles McDonald, Charles Rand, Charles Wright, Gerald McLellan, Tilman LeBlanc, Joshua Peters, G. W. Maddison, James McShane, Geo. Legere and H. H. Hamilton.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Scott left on Monday for Buctouche, where they will enjoy a two weeks' holiday.

Miss Hazel Murray has returned from a trip to Sussex.

Mrs. Harvey and Miss Harvey, of Fredericton, spent Wednesday in the city, the guests of Judge and Mrs. Emmerson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Potter, of Eli Paso, Texas, are spending some time in town with Mr. and Mrs. F. Sears.

Mrs. Thomas Jones has gone to Richibucto to spend a few weeks with friends.

Miss Josie Joyce has returned from a visit with friends at St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Ayer and Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Ball left on Wednesday for Charlottetown, where they will enjoy a brief holiday.

Mrs. B. Forsythe and Mr. G. H. Bunn have returned to Boston, after a pleasant visit with Mr. O. J. Peters.

Mr. Geo. P. Kirk left on Wednesday for St. John, where he will spend a two weeks' vacation.

Mrs. L.

David Lindsay, of Riviere du Lou, passed away at the home of his daughter, Mrs. E. W. Givan. Mr. Lindsay was for many years a resident of Moncton and had many friends among the older inhabitants. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon, when a large number of friends gathered at the residence of Mr. C. N. Givan to show their respect. Several favorite hymns were rendered by a quartette composed of Mrs. H. S. Armstrong, Miss Jean Crandall, Dr. H. S. Thomson and Mr. J. D. McBeath.

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 11—(Special)—The hospital ambulance was called to North Crossing last evening to convey Alphonso Lutes, of Steves Settlement to the hospital. The man was unconscious after being taken to the hospital and died about 12 o'clock, without regaining consciousness, the cause of death being Bright's disease.

Deceased was 51 years of age and was well known. He had been in ill health over a year, but a week ago was ordered by the doctors to his bed and though his condition was very critical, his death came as a great shock to his many friends.

The deceased leaves a wife, two sons, one daughter. He also leaves four brothers, Alvin, I. C. R. yardmaster, Chipman of River Glade, A. Lutes, of Steeves Mountain, and H. Lutes, of Ontario. The body will be taken to Boundary Creek for burial.

Two ladies who were passengers by the steamer Empress from Summerside yesterday had an experience the memory of which will take some time to efface. About one and a half miles from Pt. du Chene the ladies were leaning over the railing taking in the scenery, one of them having in her hand a leather chatelains bag in which was tickets for the two to Calgary, some other valuables and $300 in cash, in some unaccountable way the bag slipped from the lady's hand. With the forlorn hope that it might be recovered on reaching the point they engaged a native with a motor boat and returned in the wake of the steamer. After cruising about some time the lost purse was seen floating in the water and speedily recovered much to the joy of the two ladies. The boatman was duly rewarded and the ladies proceeded to this city where they took No. 33 train last night for the far west.

Moncton, Aug. 11—The city council tonight opened and accepted tenders for the construction of the dam for the new water reservoir. There were three tenders as follows: John W. McManus & Co., per Reid McManus, $128,542.17; F. C. Jones, W. K. Gross, S. O. Humphrey, F. R. Kinnear, $146,326.26; Sumner Co., $156,361.16.

The council considered the figures higher than the estimate of Willis Chipman, who figured the cost of the dam at $85,000, but the city engineer said that the plans called for a much larger dam than intended in Chipman's estimate. It was thought a slight change might be made effecting a saving, and with this proviso the council accepted the tender of the McManus Co. Steps were taken to expropriate land owned by Bessie Wilkins and needed for reservoir purposes. L. W. McAnn was appointed city arbitrator.

The funeral of the late Dr. O. J. McCully took place this afternoon from his late residence, Main street, and was largely attended by leading citizens including professional, business men, I. C. R. official and others. Services at the house were conducted by Rev. J. L. Batty, assisted by Rev. Dr. Campbell, of St. John, and Rev. S. T. Teed.

Dr. Campbell, who was a great personal friend of Dr. McCully, paid a high tribute to the memory of the deceased. Many floral tributes from societies with which deceased was identified, as well as personal friends, bore impressive testimony to the high esteem in which he was held. The pall bearers were the four brothers, Rev. A. D. McCully, Albert (N. B.); Silas McCully, Sussex; F. A. McCully, Moncton, and Clement, of New York, Judge Wells, a brother-in-law, and Sheriff Willett. Interment took place in Elmwood cemetery, services at the grave being conducted by Rev. J. L. Batty.

The horse races were postponed today on account of the rain. The track will be in good condition for tomorrow.

Moncton, Aug. 13—Dr. C. A. Murray and John A. Lea have been awarded a contract by the Grand Trunk Pacific commissioners to erect stations and other buildings on the G. T. P. between Moncton and Beaver Brook. Buildings are to be erected at the following places:

Lutesville, Segawa, North Branch, Alward, Pangburn, Bronson, Chipman, Vanton, Sunbury, Bantaglor, North Cains, McGivney's Junction, Maple Grove, Napadogan, Riverside, Juniper, Summit, Beaver Brook.

The contract, it is rumored, will mean an expenditure of well on to $150,000. The work to be started at once.

Olaf Larsen, the alleged desperado and horse thief, captured by Chief Rideout Friday afternoon, was arraigned before Police Magistrate Kay on Saturday. After hearing a number of witness the examination was adjourned till Monday morning. Witnesses told of horses and goods stolen from them during the past two weeks, and further evidence went to show that Larsen was the guilty party, as some of the goods were found on him. Chief Rideout gave interesting evidence regarding the capture of Larsen. The chief has doubled the guard on Larsen at the lockup and no chance will be given him to break out of the local jail.

The local Orangemen marched to Elmwood cemetery today and decorated the graves of departed brethren. Rev. W. G. Lane, was orator for the occasion.

The Moncton Rifle Association held its final shoot Saturday afternoon for the Reed Co. cup. A. R. Jardine won the cup for the season.

Princess Belle, the speedy trotting mare, owned by Chas. Bezanson, has been sold to Henry Cormier, of Campbellton. The price it is stated is about $500.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, Aug. 10—Dr. and Mrs. J. H. McDonald are spending their vacation in St. John.

Miss Minard, of Cambridge (Mass.), who has been spending several weeks here the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Porter, has gone to Nova Scotia to visit friends.

Mrs. H. G. C. Ketchum entertained at the tea hour at Elmcroft on Wednesday afternoon in honor of the Misses Bridges, who are visiting their brother, Dr. H. V. B. Bridges. The Misses Bridges leave for St. John on Saturday where they will stay for a couple of days with their brother, Dr. H. S. Bridges, before leaving for Montreal, whence they sail on Thursday of next week for England en route to their home in South Africa.

Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Nase, with their three sons and little daughter, came up from St. John on Saturday in their motor boat. During their stay in the city they were the guests of their aunts, the Misses Beverly, at Grape Cottage.

The engagement is announced of Miss Edith Knowles Edgecombe to Mr. Frederick Baird, son of Senator Baird, of Andover. Miss Edgecombe is at present visiting Senator and Mrs. Baird at Andover.

Mrs. A. W. Edgecombe and family have returned from their outing at Pine Bluff Camp.

Mrs. Richard Waycott and daughters, the Misses Florence and Edith, of New York, are here visiting Mrs. Waycott's sister, Mrs. W. Byron Coulthard.

Mrs. C. Fred Chestnut and daughters have returned from their vacation trip. Mrs. Chestnut's mother and sister, Mrs. Hogg, and Mrs. Smith and children of Westmount, Montreal, are here visiting Mrs. Chestnut.

Miss Sadie Waycott returned home on Saturday after enjoying the sea breezes at Parrsboro (N. S.)

Mrs. Anderson, wife of Major Anderson, of St. John, has been spending a few days here visiting her father, Mr. Malcolm Ross.

Miss Kathleen Hatt has returned from a visit of several weeks at St. Andrews.

Mrs. George Ferguson and niece, Miss Margaret Hall, spent a few days in St. John last week.

Miss Florence is visiting friends at Hartland.

Mrs. James Tibbits and daughter, Miss Frankie Tibbits will go to St. John on Monday, where they will visit Premier and Mrs. Hazen.

Miss Jean Wilson is spending a few weeks at St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. McLellan are spending a few days at Magaguadavic Lake.

Miss Bessie McIntosh, of Kingsclear, is visiting St. John friends.

Mrs. R. B. Vandine is this week receiving her bridal callers, on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons, and is being assisted in receiving by Mr. Vandine's mother, Mrs. Dow Vandine. In the tea room on Wednesday afternoon Mrs. C. A. McVay and Mrs. Ashburnham poured; Miss Bessie McNalley and Miss Kitchen served the guests; Miss Albright served the ices. This afternoon Mrs. Good and Mrs. Fred Blackmer poured; Mrs. Settle, of Montreal, served the ices, and Miss Palmer and Miss Williamson assisted.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Chestnut and a party of guests are spending a month at Pine Bluff Camp.

Mrs. McKenzie and daughter, Miss McKenzie, of Rumford Falls, are spending a few weeks here the guests of Mrs. Maxwell.

Mrs. W. J. Johnson, of New Glasgow, who has been here visiting her sister, Mrs. H. E. Harrison, left for home today accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Stanger.

Mrs. Wm. Cartmel and child are visiting friends at St. Andrews.

Miss Clyde Murray is the guest of Mrs. John Robinson.

Miss Dobson, of St. John, is visiting Miss Mayme Gibson at Marysville.

Mrs. David Wark Brown spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. Abbott at St. Stephen.

Miss Jean Ballock is enjoying a vacation at her home here.

Mrs. James Neil is spending a few weeks at her camp.

Mrs. Harold Babbitt and Miss Helen Babbitt are in St. John for the tennis tournament.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Mack paid a week end visit to Oromocto.

Miss Fanny Burnside is in St. John visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ferguson leave tomorrow for their home in Vancouver.

Mrs. Harold Babbitt returned this evening from St. John where she won again today the tennis championship of New Brunswick, which she has held for the past year, beating Miss Mabel Thomson, 6-3, 6-1. Mr. Turnbull and Mrs. Babbitt also won the mixed doubles championship for New Brunswick.

Mrs. Sterling Johnston, of Montreal, and son, Martin, are visiting Mrs. Johnston's bother, Mr. James Lemont.

Fredericton, Aug. 11—(Special)—M. Ryan & Sons, of this city, have been notified that their contract for the new Intercolonial Railway station here has been accepted. The new building will be erected near the present site and the work will begin at once.

Mrs. P. S. Watson of St. Mary's is seriously ill from ptomaine poisoning caused by eating canned lobsters.

Mrs. McCutchem, of this city, was poisoned yesterday by swallowing a dose of medicine intended for external use. Her condition is serious.

The funeral of Albry Grass took place yesterday afternoon at Rusiagornish and was one of the largest ever seen in Sunbury.

At the annual meeting of the York County Rifle Association yesterday the McLeod Cup shot for at King's Range was won by F. M. Merritt with a score of 97, F. A. Good won the Elder Cup with 49 out of a possible 50 at eight hundred yards

Fredericton won the team match for the Stanley Pitcher and A. D. Carter won the tyro aggregate.

The heavy rain here this morning has gladdened the hearts of farmers. It was badly needed.

The mill at French Lake, Sunbury county, owned by Frank Carr, was completely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon, also a quantity of manufactured lumber. The origin of the fire is unknown, as the mill was not running yesterday. The loss will total several thousand dollars, and there was no insurance.

BORDER TOWNS

St. Stephen, N. B., Aug. 10—A very dainty 5 o'clock tea was given last Friday afternoon at "Westwolde" by Miss Louise Purves in honor of Miss Grace Deinstadt before her approaching marriage. Miss Deinstadt received with Miss Purves. The latter was attired in a dainty lingerie gown, while Miss Deinstadt looked very charming in a lovely costume of blue and white foulard silk trimmed richly with blue and white silk brail. She wore a girdle of the braid which hung in long streamers to the bottom of the skirt, each end ornamented with a silk tassel. Her large picture hat was dark blue, trimmed with velvet roses in a rich coral shade. The house was most tastefully adorned with flowers. There were twenty-five guests. Among the guests from out of town was Mrs. Edward J. Murphy, of Halifax (N. S.)

Miss Helen Ryder left on Friday for New Glasgow (N. S.) to visit relatives. She also plans to spend several days with Moncton friends before she returns.

Mrs. John D. Chipman has concluded a pleasant visit with Mrs. Gilbert Ganong and is now in St. Andrews for a short visit with Lady Tilley before going to her new home in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert King, of Providence (R. I.), are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George McLellan.

Mrs. William A. Mills gave a delightful picnic at Oak Haven, the country seat of her uncle, Mr. Frederick W. Andrews, last Tuesday. Oak Haven is an ideal place for a day's outing and Mrs. Mills' guests enjoyed it exceedingly.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Ganong with Archdeacon and Mrs. Newnham and Mrs. John D. Chipman as guests, motored to St. Andrews on Friday afternoon.

On Thursday Mrs. Caroline Abbot, one of St. Stephen's well known and esteemed elderly ladies, celebrated her eighty-fifth birthday. During the afternoon and evening she received a number of visitors and many pretty gifts and bouquets of beautiful flowers as souvenirs of the day. Although having reached eighty-five years, Mrs. Abbot takes the keenest interest in her home and surroundings and all current issues of the day. At the tea hour she entertained a party of lady friends. In the evening bridge was enjoyed and the hostess entered into the game with as much zest and enjoyment as the youngest guest present. One very pleasant event of the day's pleasure to Mrs. Abbot was the unexpected arrival from Fredericton of her daughter, Mrs. David W. Brown, who came to spend this special day at her girlhood home with her mother. Mrs. Brown returned to Fredericton on Saturday.

On Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock at the home of the bride's father, Mr. A. M. Munce, his only daughter, Miss Bernice Munce, was united in marriage by Rev. O. G. McCully to Mr. Harold DeLaight, of Easton (Me.) The house was beautifully adorned with flowers and during the ceremony the bridal party stood under a floral arch from which suspended a wedding bell of white flowers. The bride, who is very fair, looked very lovely in a gown of cream satin. She wore a veil of tulle and wreath of orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. She was attended by Miss Bessie Fenn, of Boston, who wore a pretty gown of pale blue crepe de chene and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The manly young groom was supported by his friend, Mr. Herbert McBride. After the ceremony and congratulations a tempting repast was served and the happy young couple, amid the good wishes of the guests and showers of rice, left in their automobile for a wedding trip through the state of Maine, the objective point being Easton, their future home. The wedding gifts were particularly beautiful. Miss Munce has been most popular among her circle of friends, who wish her every happiness, but regret greatly her departure from among them.

Mr. W. F. Todd has been visiting St. John this week.

Mrs. Edwin Lacatour, of Woodland (Me.), made a brief visit in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick M. Murchie have returned from their trip to Europe, and are most cordially welcomed by hosts of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Murchie were in London at the time of the coronation of King George V., and had the pleasure of witnessing the royal procession to the Abbey and the many festivities in London at that time.

Miss Ruth Clark is home again after spending a month in Pictou (N. S.), with her aunt, Mrs. John Mowatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Irvine, of St. John, are at Oak Bay, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert McAdam.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick O. Sullivan announce the engagement of their daughter, Elsie Elliott Sullivan, to Mr. Hartley Torrance, of the Royal Bank of Canada, Montreal. Mr. Torrance is at present in town, the guest of his aunt, Miss Grace B. H. Stevens, at Hawthorne Hall.

Mrs. C. W. Young has been spending a few days in Boston and vicinity.

Miss Hazel Grimmer, of St. Andrews, has been the guest during the past week, of Miss Edith Stevens.

Mr. N. Marks Mills has been in St. John this week for a brief visit.

Mrs. T. Holmes Maxwell, who was one of the early summer brides, holds two receptions this week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McKenzie.

Mrs. Frederick Jordan and her son, Robert, who have been visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Franklin M. Eaton, in Calis, have returned to their home in Bangor.

Miss Julia McGlinchey has returned from a pleasant visit at Hancock Point (Me.)

Mrs. J. Skiffington Murchie, of Calais, most pleasantly entertained the Ladies' Society of the Union church, of which she is a member at Harmony Cottage, one afternoon last week.

Mr. Louis A. Abbot arrived from Cuba on Friday to remain during the rest of the summer.

Mrs. Wellington Belyea, who has been Mrs. John W. Scovil's guest at Birchglen, at the Ledge, returned to Woodstock on Friday evening.

Mrs. Thatchman, of New York City, is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. John Black.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Douglas Campbell, of Weymouth (N. S.), were in town for a few days visiting Mrs. Campbell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Black.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. Blair, of Ottawa, are in town the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Frank I. Blair.

Mr. and Mrs. John McKay (nee Miss Marion McLeod), who were here for a few days after their wedding journey, have gone to their future home in Halifax.

Miss Myrtle Ganong, who has been visiting in St. George, has arrived home.

Misses Annie and Bessie Porter, who have been visiting Mrs. Thos. Redmound at Grand Manan, have arrived home.

Mrs. Rogers, who was visiting her invalid brother, Mr. Almon I. Teed, left on Saturday for her home in Springfield, Kings county.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Bates, who have been at their cottage on the riverbank at the Ledge on the American side of the St. Croix, are again at home, and opened their town house.

Miss Rhoda Young gave a delightful party at her home, Dover Hill, last Wednesday evening, which was greatly enjoyed by a large number of her friends. During the rest of the week, Miss Young entertained a house party at the Young Cottage at Oak Bay.

Ven. Archdeacon Newnham is in New Glasgow (N. S.), this week, returning on Saturday.

This afternoon at half-past four o'clock, the residence of Dr. and Mrs. William McKay Deinstadt was the scene of a very happy event, when their second daughter, Miss Grace Campbell, was united in marriage to Dr. Edwin C. Bates, of Houlton (Me.), eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. David Hume Bates of this town. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. J. Deinstadt, of St. John, uncle of the bride, assisted by Rev. George Dawson, of the Methodist church. As the clock chimed the half hour the manly young groom, accompanied by his groomsman, Dr. Frank Tarbell, his friend and class mate during college days at Columbia College (N. Y.), came into the drawing room and took a position in the deep bay window to await the coming of his bride. As the soft strains of the wedding march sounded, the bride, leaning on the arm of her father, entered the room. She was attired in a beautiful gown of ivory colored satin trimmed very richly with duchesse lace. She wore a veil of tulle and wreath of oange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of brides roses and lilies of the valley and looked very fair and attractive. She was preceded by her matron of honor, Mrs. Marshall McKusick, who wore a stylish princess gown of blue ninon over blue silk and carried a bouquet of pale pink carnations. The house was beautifully adorned with flowers. Pink and white was the color scheme in the reception rooms and in the dining room white roses and asters with feathery asparagus fern were used for decoration. After the ceremony and congratulations luncheon was served. The bride then changed her bridal gown for a handsome traveling costume of dark blue serge with hat to match and with thousands of good and loving wishes from their relatives and guests, drove to the Washington County train and left for Portland (Me.), where they will spend several days in that charming sea side city and vicinity before going to Houlton, their future home. The wedding gifts, with which the bride was literally showered, were extremely handsome and valuable, and consisted of cabinets of silver, cut glass and bric-a-brac, with substantial checques from the parents of both bride and groom. The groom's gift to his bride was a valuable ring of diamonds and sapphires. The out of town guests were: Dr. and Mrs. Walker Wellington, New York city; Mrs. G. Osborne Hannah, Miss Helen Hannah, Miss Hazel Deinstadt, St. John, and Miss Rebecca Morrison, St. Andrews.

SUSSEX

Sussex, Aug. 10—Mrs. J. D. McKenna and children have returned from a visit to St. John.

Miss Mary Cleveland, of Alma, is a guest at Mrs. A. Cripps.

Miss Nan Clark, of Minot, spent the first of the week here, the guest of Mrs. Leonard Allison. Rumor has it that Miss Clark will be the principal in an interesting event, at an early date. She was at one time attached to the High school staff here.

Mr. and Mrs. Kerr and children and Miss Watt, of Chons, who have been spending the winter and spring in Scotland and England, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Guy S. Kinnear. Mr. and Mrs. Kerr are on their way back to China, where Mr. Kerr is attached to the British council.

Mrs. Elizabeth Murray and Mrs. Andrew Forsythe, of Chatham, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. R. Murray.

Miss Eleanor Roach and Miss Mary Roach are spending the week in Hampton, guests of Miss Bell Brittain.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Fowler and Master Cedric, Miss Blanche Fownes, and J. Everett Keith went to Havelock Wednesday in Mr. Fowler's auto.

Mrs. Ora P. King, Miss Blanche Fownes, Miss Hazel DeBoo, Herbert McArthur, Hedley Murray (Halifax) and Ed. Conely spent the week-end at Walton Lake.

Mrs. R. D. Robinson, St. John, who has been the guest of Miss Bessie Suffren, left Saturday for Elgin, where she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Robinson.

Master Harold Conley, St. John, spent the week here.

Arthur Steeves, New York, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. B. Jonah.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mills are rejoicing over the arrival of a son.

Mrs. Robert McFee left last week for Prince Edward Island, where she will spend a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. B. Gough.

Mrs. W. B. Jonah entertained very pleasantly at a bridge of four tables on Tuesday evening. Mrs. J. J. Daly and Mrs. W. S. Thomas won the prizes.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Sharpe and family are enjoying an outing at Crawford Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kinnear are spending the week in Shediac at the Weldon House.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Fowler and Miss McLatchy, St. John, spent Sunday at Mr. Fowler's summer cottage at Hammond.

Mr. and Mrs. John Humphries spent the first of the week at Crawford Lake, guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Sharpe.

J. H. McFadzen spent Sunday in Shediac with his mother and sister, Mrs. McFadzen and Mrs. Hanley White.

Miss Nettie Campbell has returned from Rothesay. While there she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. McQuade.

Mrs. Walter Murray and children, of Saskatoon, who have been spending the summer in Fredericton at Mrs. Murray's home, are guests at Mrs. A. Cripps.

Mrs. W. K. Graham and Miss Hazel Graham, of Spokane (Wash.), are guests of Mrs. Clarence Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Davies leave the last of the month for St. John, where they will reside.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Goold and son, George, left Thursday for Portland (Me.), where they will spend a few weeks with relatives.

Mrs. J. E. Keith, Master Keith, and Miss Mrytle Browne left Thursday to join a party fishing on the Miramichi.

HAMPTON

Hampton, N. B., Aug. 9—The Rev. Milledge Walker and family are at their summer home at Lakeside, after spending the past winter and spring in the south.

The Rev. J. W. B. Stewart and family, of Philadelphia, are spending a part of the vacation in camp at Lakeside.

Master Jack Ryan, who has been at school in England since last fall, arrived home today to spend the vacation with his family.

Miss Mabel Beith, a graduate of Newport Hospital, is spending her holidays at her home at Hampton Village.

Miss Ethel J. Smith, daughter of Dr. A. D. Smith, St. John, is visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. John Frost, Lower Norton.

Mr. and Mrs. Keith Ryan, of St. Louis, Missouri, are spending the summer with Mrs. J. J. Ryan, Lakeside.

Mrs. Myrtle Carvell, Woodstock, is the guest of Mrs. Myles Fowler, Hampton Station.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brown, St. John, were guests with Mr. and Mrs. George Brown last week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lawton, St. John, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Donald.

Two baseball games were played on the agricultural grounds, Hampton Village, last evening between the M. R. A. team, St. John, and Hampton. That in the afternoon was won by Hampton, 12 to 1, and that in the evening by the M. R. A., 3 to 1.

Mr. Porteous and his son, of Amherst, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Conway last Thursday, and on Monday their son, the Rev. Edward Conway, of St. Bernard's church, Moncton, arrived at his old home to spend a few days.

Dr. S. S. and Mrs. King gave a motor boat party on the Kennebeccasis last Friday evening.

There were several motor boat parties on the river on Sunday. One, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Freeze, Mr. and Mrs. Swett, Mr. and Mrs. Sawtell, with other guests at the Riverview Hotel, and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Hicks, of Hampton, spent the whole day in the river, going as far as Westfield and return.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Fowler and daughter, Mrs. Douglas Hooper, of Grand Falls, Mrs. H. J. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. March and daughter and Miss Kathleen March have had two motor boat excursions this week.

Mrs. Bart Duffy, St. John, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Chesley.

Mr. Richard McAvity, St. John, was a week-end guest with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McAvity.

Miss Marjorie Barnes, Linden Heights, is visiting friends at the Bay Shore, St. John county.

Mr. Walter Boyaird, Moncton, is spending his vacation at his old home at Hampton Village.

Mrs. John E. Irvine and her daughter, Miss Nellie Irvine, have returned from their visit eastward and are at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Angevine.

The members of the two patrols of boy scouts and the two patrols of girl guides gave an entertainment in Agricultural hall on Monday evening before a large audience. Mr. E. Allan Schofield, their scout leader, put the boys through an interesting drill in which the objects and principles of the organization were clearly shown and illustrated, and the girl guides and boys united in a musical and dramatic representation of scenes in the life of Captain John Smith and Pocahontas. In the intermission ice cream and cake were served and the whole affair was voted a real success.

The funeral of the Rev. George Howard took place this afternoon and was very largely attended. Services at the house at 2.30 were conducted by the Rev. I. B. Colwell, pastor of the Village Baptist church, assisted by resident ministers. Among the mourners were two sons—William and Fred—who arrived home yesterday afternoon from Fort Fairfield in expectation of finding their father yet alive. The telegram announcing his death had not reached them before leaving home.

ST. ANDREWS

St. Andrews, Aug. 10—Mrs. William B. Cartmel and son, George, of Fredericton, are visiting Mrs. J. Roger Gastler, Ministers Island.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gardiner are enjoying a visit from their daughters, of Montreal.

Mrs. Will. Nesbitt and daughters, the Misses Dorothy and Ruth, Miss Carrie Gardiner, who has been visiting Mrs. Nesbitt for several months, Misses Minnie and Nellie Gardiner, and friend, Miss Coburn.

Miss Laura Shaw gave a very pleasant dancing party on Friday evening of last week, her cousin, Miss Helen Maloney, of New York, being the guest of honor. A programme of fifteen dances was enjoyed, after which a most delicious supper was served. The guests were Mrs. Vernon Lamb, Miss Florence Hibbard, Mrs. O. Kenneth Mowatt, Miss Bessie Hibbard, Mrs. Arthur Gove, Mrs. E. Cecil De-Wolfe, Miss Hazel Grummer, Miss Minerva Hibbard, Miss Laura Wilson, Miss Madge Rigby, Miss Eva Burton, Miss Mae Murphy, Miss Emily Andrews, Miss Kaye Cockburn, Miss Freda Wren, Miss Bessie Church, Miss Carrie Digby, Miss Cecil Hewitt, Miss Ethel Clinch, Miss Maud Crisp, Miss Anna Dalton, Miss Norinne Cunningham, Miss Helen Goodill, Miss Geven Jack, Miss Helen Maloney, Miss Muriel Davis, Miss Florence Brooks, the Messrs. George Boutilier, William Morrow, Elmer Rigby, Will. Rollins, Hazen Burtonton, Sydney Aming, Franklyn Calder, George Andrews, George Cockburn, Royden Smith, Fraser Armstrong, Colin Spear, Daniel Hawson, Percy Hartt, Percy Odell, Harold Haley.

Miss Nellie Hickey, of Boston, is here enjoying a stay with her mother and friends.

Mrs. Lucas and son Kenneth, of Boston, are here visiting for a time.

Mrs. George F. Smith, of St. John, and daughters, Mrs. G. D. Robinson, of Toronto, and Mrs. Allen Magee, of Montreal, are spending the month of August, guests at the Algonquin.

Miss Fraser, of Montreal, is registered at the Algonquin.

Miss Katie Sheehan, professional nurse, of Boston, is spending a vacation with relatives here.

Miss Katie O'Halloran is enjoying a vacation at her home here. Miss O'Halloran has been teaching at Deer Island.

Mr. F. G. Murchie and Mr. W. L. Algar, of St. Stephen, registered at the Algonquin on Sunday last.

Rev. and Mrs. Crisp are enjoying a visit from Mr. and Mrs. F. Williams, of Moncton.

Dr. Bert Armstrong, of Providence (R. I.), came on Saturday and will be the guest of his father, Mr. Thomas Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Harold Stickney were guests at the Inn on Sunday last.

Mrs. Arthur Slipp and family are among the summer visitors.

Dr. and Mrs. David J. Evens, of Montreal, are at the Algonquin.

A jolly party sailed to St. George in the Rambler on Saturday last, returning in the moonlight. The party were Mrs. Karl Cole, of Castleton (Vt.), Mrs. Vernon Lamb (Cambridge), Mrs. O. Kenneth Mowatt, Mrs. E. W. Parker, Mrs. Younge (Portland), Miss Halliday (Rutland, Ver.) Misses Hibbard, Kaye Cockburn, Carrie Gillmor, Freda Wren, Bessie Hackins, Anna Dalton, Norinne Cunningham, Laura Wilson, Mrs. Will. Nesbitt, Carolyn and Madge Digby, Phyllis Cockburn, Helen Maloney (New York), Bessie Burton, Helen Goodill, Judge Cockburn, Messrs. Franklin Calder, Royden Smith, Elmer Rigby, Percy Odell, Percy Maxwell, Donald Stuart, Jarvis Wren, William Morrow.

Miss M. A. Thompson, of St. John, is at the Algonquin.

The guests at Elm Corner are Professor and Mrs. Clement R. Gale, of New York, Miss Louie Pack, of St. John; Mrs. Henry Todd and Mrs. McNichol, St. Stephen (N. B.)

The Misses Hunt, of Boston, has returned and are occupying their summer home.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Jones, of Youngstown (O.), are staying at the Algonquin.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Stinson and children, of Vanceboro (Me.), are guests of Mr. and Mrs. William McQuoid.

Miss May Hulihan, of Rutland (Vt.), is a guest of the Misses Hibbard.

Mrs. Karl Cole, of Castleton (Vt.), is enjoying a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Hibbard.

Miss Carolyn Rigby is visiting her friend, Miss Lank, at Campobello.

Mr. Warren A. Reed, of Boston, is among the guests at the Algonquin.

Rev. Father Frank O'Neill, of Elizabeth (N. J.), is with relatives here.

A motor party from Champlain, spent a few hours here on Thursday. Among the party were Mrs. F. Waterson, Mrs. Nicolson, Mrs. Goucher and Miss Berryman.

Mr. Will Quinn, of Montreal, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Quinn.

Miss Mary C. Green, of Providence (R. I.), is at the Algonquin.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Grant, Master P. Grant and Master A. Grant, of Ottawa, are at the Algonquin.

Miss Jean McFarlane, of Fredericton, is the guest of the Misses Stoop for a time.

Miss Eva Johnson came from Caribou (Me.) this week and is spending a few weeks with her mother and young friends.

Miss Jennie Horsnell, of St. John, is on a vacation here, and is with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Horsnell.

Miss M. Sutherland and Miss W. Sutherland, of Ottawa, are guests at the Algonquin this week.

Miss Carrie Gillmor, of St. George (N. B.), and Miss Alice Hannah, of St. Stephen (N. B.), are having a very delightful visit with Miss Kaye Cockburn.

Miss Margaret Burton, of Boston, is on a vacation and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Albert Denley.

Miss Mildred Anderson, of Providence (R. I.), is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Harry Russell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Robinson, of Toronto, are at the Algonquin.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Richardson and family, of Milo Junction (Me.), are spending a holiday with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Richardson.

Miss A. B. Wade is visiting Mrs. John Cougle in St. John (west).

Mrs. George R. Hooper, of Montreal, has been a guest of Mrs. C. M. Gove.

The Misses Gilsborough, of Pawtucket (R. I.), are the guests of Mrs. Edwin L. Andrews, Highland Hill, Ministers Island.

Miss J. Carr, of St. Louis (Mo.), is enjoying a stay at the Algonquin.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Lormier and son, of Montreal, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edwin A. Cockburn.

Miss Rebecca Morrison is visiting Mrs. Sedge Webber in St. Stephen this week.

The concert in Andralee Hall on Thursday evening of last week was well patronized. The orchestra from the Algonquin, consisting of Miss Ames, pianist, Mr. Luke, cello; Mr. Percy Levesn, violinist, rendered many selections, which were most heartily encored, as were the vocal solos contributed by Mr. Sydney Anning. The Highland fling, danced so well by the Misses Dryer, of Montreal, deserves special mention, and the bathing song, Spash, Splash, as sung by little Miss Dryer, called forth repeated encores, to which she responded.

A number of St. John people registered at the Algonquin on Saturday and Sunday coming in autos. Among them were Dr. H. G. Hogan, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Peters, Master Peters, J. McMillan, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Gregory, Mrs. A. Winters, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Williams, the Misses Williams, Miss M. A. Thompson, J. H. Doody, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron E. Simpson and daughter, Miss Edith, of St. John, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kilpatrick.

Mrs. Robert Gill, of Ottawa, gave a tea at the golf links on Thursday last.

Dr. and Mrs. C. J. Steele, of Boston, are guests of Mrs. Fannie Wilson.

Miss Edwina Cline, of Deer Island, is visiting Miss Nina Field.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Storr and family, of Calais, are among friends in town.

Miss Maggie Madden, of Boston, delighted a number of friends on Thursday by giving them a motor ride.

Dr. and Mrs. Stevens came by auto from Skowhegan (Me.), on Sunday, and are guests of Mrs. Lucien Carr.

Miss Ethel and Lilian Leavitt, of Calais, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. William McQuoid.

Mrs. George Mitchell, Mrs. Arthur Agarden, with the Misses Bessie and Ethel Clinch have gone to Woodstock.

Mrs. Gerald Brophy, of the Algonquin, entertained at dinner on Saturday evening, in honor of Mrs. Paul Brophy.

Mr. and Mrs. Caughay and children, of McAdam, are again enjoying life in their prettily situated cottage near the Block House.

Miss Mary Ross and Mrs. John Simpson are visiting in Houlton (Me.)

Miss Ella Smith, of Boston, and Miss Minnie Smith, of Fredericton, have been guests of Miss Lizzie and Fannie Billings.

SHEDIAC

Shediac, Aug. 10—Mrs. R. Parsons, of Regina (Sask.), nee Miss Minnie Weldon, of this town, arrived in Shediac on Tuesday to be the guest for a few weeks of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Weldon.

Mrs. Judge Garon, of Rimouski, was in town this week upon her return home after a short visit with relatives in Memramcook.

Miss Jessie McDougall has returned from Fredericton, where she was spending a fortnight attending the Summer School of Science.

Mrs. C. A. Murray has returned to Moncton from a visit to Mrs. F. A. Burt, the rectory, Shediac cape.

On Sunday last Dr. and Mrs. Murray were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Murray, Main street.

Mr. Reginald Ritchie, of Regina, is spending some time at the Weldon, where Mrs. Ritchie and children have been enjoying the summer with Mrs. Ritchie's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Weldon.

Miss Laura Dickie, of Middleton (N. S.), is visiting her cousin, Miss Lena Bray, The Hedge.

Rev. Thos. Hicks returned on Wednesday from spending a few days on Prince Edward Island, and in company with Mrs. Hicks leaves on Friday for Pt. de Bute after a fortnight spent in Shediac at the home of Mrs. Hicks' sister, Mrs. D. S. Harper.

Miss Frances Burt, who has been studying nursing at Norton (Maas.), for the past two years, is spending a few weeks' vacation with her parents, Rev. A. F. and Mrs. Burt, Shediac Cape.

Miss Minnie Lawton, of Boston, accompanied by her friend, Miss Mamilton, arrived in Shediac recently to remain for a few months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Lawton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson, of Moncton, are occupying a summer cottage at Brule for a few weeks.

Mrs. J. Conert, of New York, and daughter, Miss Jessie, are at Shediac Cape, guests of Mrs. Conert's sister, Miss G. Hanington.

Mrs. Fred Inglis and little child, who have been visiting Mrs. Inglis' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bowness, of Summerside, have returned to their home, Shediac west. Mr. Inglis was in Summerside last week on a short holiday and accompanied Mrs. Inglis on her return home.

Mr. E. McNeil, of St. John, spent Sunday in town, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Webster, at whose home Mrs. McNeil has been a guest for the past few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Black, of Sackville, spent the week-end at Pt. du Chene, guests of Mrs. Black's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Charters.

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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH
THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
THE EVENING TIMES

New Brunswick's independent newspapers.

These newspapers advocate:

British connection
Honesty in public life
Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion
No graft!
No deals!

"The Thistle, Shamrock, Rose entwine, The Maple Leaf forever."

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., AUGUST 16, 1911

DO NOT BE DECEIVED

Attempts are still being made in some parts of New Brunswick to deceive the electors in regard to the nature of the proposed trade agreement.

It should be thoroughly understood that it is not a treaty, but an agreement which can be terminated by either country at any time. It should be kept in mind, also, that manufactured goods are not affected by the agreement in any way, with the one exception that the duty on farming implements and farm wagons has been reduced.

It should be remembered, too, that the Americans have reduced their tariff by this agreement a great deal more than Canada has reduced its tariff. As a matter of fact, the duties remitted by the United States will amount to more than twice as much as the duties remitted by Canada.

Do not let anyone deceive you as to the nature of the agreement. Get a list of the articles actually included in the Fielding-Paterson pact and examine it for yourself. The arrangement is unquestionably a great fiscal triumph for Canada.

Conservatives are afraid of reciprocity because they know that it will beat them at the polls, and some of the more unscrupulous of their orators and newspapers have attempted to deceive the electors as to what the agreement atcually does contain. The truth means a Liberal triumph in September.

THE FIELDING TESTIMONIAL

The Conservatives have had much to say both in the last few weeks of discussion at Ottawa and since before the country, regarding the testimonial presented by friends to Mr. Fielding in April of last year. The list of donors to this testimonial is anonymous, and Mr. Fielding was made aware only of the fact that the future of himself and his family is provided for. It is a remarkable fact that after a life of over thirty years in the highest offices within the gift of his country, Mr. Fielding should be a comparatively poor man. The opportunities which would be within his reach of acquiring during those years of enormously developing material resources opportunities which men of ordinary integrity and honesty would feel justified in embracing—must have been pressing on every hand. The necessity for this testimonial should be a matter of congratulation to the country, and it indicates the high standard to which the minister conformed during those years of public service. Many ungenerous things were said regarding it in the house, and comments still more ungenerous in the Conservative press have followed, seeking to cast reflections on the honor of the Minister of Finance. The reputation of the minister is one of the most precious possessions of the Canadian people, and the present attempt to blacken his fair fame will raise him still higher in the eyes of well-thinking men of all parties.

As to the fact that the contributors were not made public, Mr. Fielding himself explains the reason. The gentlemen who were chiefly instrumental in promoting the matter guaranteed that not one penny would be accepted from any government contractor, from any person who was then seeking, or who was at any time likely to be seeking, any fees, favors or patronage of any kind from the government. The list of contributors was not made known, so that the minister might not at any time feel under personal obligation to any of them. Contributions came from all classes of men, men of all professions and belonging to both political parties; many were voluntary and all given with the heartiest expression of appreciation of the value of Mr. Fielding's services to the country.

The transaction throughout was honorable to givers and receiver, and Sir Wilfid summed up the matter when he said: "Say what you will, do what you may, the man is not living who can breathe suspicion upon the character of W. S. Fielding. . . . In this country public men are liable to find charges made against them—I do not complain of that, it is a part of the game. We are liable to be accused, to be traduced; every man who takes his seat in this house must be prepared for that. But there are, after all, certain things, however we may differ, which, in our heart of hearts, we know to be true. And there is not a man on that side of the house, as there is not a man on this side, but knows that my honorable friend, the Minister of Finance, is absolutely incapable of a dishonest, a low, a mean action, word or thought."

It is impossible to see how Conservatives can hope to obtain any political advantage out of the charges they are at present making against Mr. Fielding. If it is a part of the game, it is a great thing to know how to play the game—even the political game—fairly—and sensibly.

PRODUCER AND CONSUMER

Economists in the United States, and to a lesser degree in all other protectionist countries, are realizing that the high cost of production is becoming one of the most serious of economic and social problems. Prices are too high for purchasing power. All along the line of production and distribution charges have been rising, until the final consumer, who in every case pays the bill, is fairly staggering under his load. The chasm between consumer and producer is widening rather than narrowing. The industrial plant is too large and too expensive in its operation for the purchasing power of the nation. Producers in many cases during the last year have been producing more than they could sell, their raw material and labor costing them more than the price they could expect to get when the finished product was offered for consumption. Their hope was that prices would eventually work up to their level, but they have been disappointed. The consumer has decided to do without until the cost of real estate, labor and raw material is adjusted to his pocketbook. The simple fact is that there is not sufficient prosperity in the world today to admit of anything like the full product of American industry at maximum prices.

It is an extraordinary situation; an organized industry accompanied by two evils—wrong production and mal-distribution. There are millions who are anxious to consume, anxious to increase—and properly to increase—consumption, if they get the chance, while the producer is in despair through over-production. But the cry of the poor is a demand for commodities, and their physical deprivation is due to an insufficient supply of necessities. If the manufacturer could only reach these on the border line of poverty he could keep his plant running night and day and find sufficient demand to satisfy him however great his desire for production. Those who are doomed to penury and the myriads who are on the border line of starvation in every country would form a better "outlet" for the surplus products of factories than all foreign countries put together. We are increasing production at a cost which is direful, making our cities more congested, massing our people midst brick and mortar and often in sties where we would refuse to stable our horses, blocking out the genial sunshine and making of life a weary monotony. This is not wealth however long we may have been so regarding it.

Ruskin says that "the final outcome and consummation of all wealth is in the producing as many as possible full-breathed, bright-eyed, and happy-hearted human creatures." This is a philosophy which can never be successfully impugned. We want more Bournevilles, more Port Sunlights, more "Garden Cities" planted in our land. Under these conditions the toilers become consumers in a real sense. But, more than this, we need to revolutionize our conceptions of the objects of trade. When great factories pay for their output at a cost in physique, intelligence and character on the part of the operatives, they are drawing on the capital stock of the nation. And factories of this nature are becoming today the greatest competitors for the world's custom. The root idea of the difficulty is the thought of the product of industry being for profit and not for use. Commerce thinks not of the gain to the community from producing and distributing useful things, but of the gain to the trader from the sale of anything whether it be useful, useless or disuseful, at more than its cost to him. Industry is organized not by the community with a single eye to the benefit of the community, but by the owners of the instruments of production with a single eye to their own benefit. If first things were put first, the others would ultimately fall into their true relation and perspective.

THE FLAG IN KINGS-ALBERT

Speeches delivered at the Conservative convention in Sussex indicate that the Tory machine of Kings-Albert has wrapped Mr. George W. Fowler in the sheltering and purifying folds of the Union Jack, and has so presented him to the electors of that constituency. This close association of the British flag and the nominee of the Kings-Albert Conservative convention may fairly demand somewhat close examination at the hands of an enquiring public. Are the Conservative managers going to use the British flag as a shield for Mr. Fowler? Do they wave the common flag of our country before the electors for the purpose of causing them to forget the incidents attending the retirement of Mr. Fowler from Federal politics at the time of the last Dominion elections?

There never was a time when patriotism was warmer or more disinterested in Canda than it is today. No man in Kings-Albert, even though he be an excited Conservative partizan, would dare to say that one political party in Kings or Albert is more truly patriotic than another. No one knows better than Mr. Fowler and his lieutenants, who are familiar with the beautiful provincial drill ground in the Sussex valley, that for a generation past the citizen-soldiers who have yearly assembled there to go through their training have been drawn from the whole youth of the country, wholly irrespective of political faith. No one knows better than the average elector of Kings-Albert that, should the country be in danger, the ranks of those who would go to defend the flag would be filled alike by Liberals and Conservatives. It is insulting to the yeoman of Kings-Albert, insulting both to their intelligence and their patriotism, to have the Tory machine managers in the Sussex convention appeal to them to support Mr. Fowler instead of Dr. McAlister because of high patriotic motives.

This enwrapping of Mr. Fowler in the folds of the flag will shut nobody's eyes to the facts—either to the well remembered facts of the last campaign in the double constituency, or to the facts of the trade agreement which is now the principal issue before the people of this country. Kings-Albert, being largely a trading constituency, being interested so extensively in agriculture and in lumber, stands to benefit largely and directly by the larger market which the agreement will open to all of its principal products. There is no branch of industry in those two counties—and this applies particularly to the farmer—that will not feel a strong and steady benefit from the moment the trade agreement is ratified at Ottawa—as it will be ratified by the triumphant Liberal government when parliament reassembles in October.

The Conservatives in Kings-Albert are afraid of the reciprocity issue, and they desire to distract attention from it. The Telegraph is publishing today on its first page a summary of the pact, giving a list of articles which will come in free under the new tariff or upon which the duties will be greatly reduced. This list is worthy of the closest examination by every elector; and it should be worth while to cut it out and preserve it for reference, in order that false and misleading arguments made by Conservatives may be refuted instantly by the production of the truth.

The trade agreement will give the farmer his turn. It does no injustice to the manufacturer, for the duties on manufactures are not touched, with the single exception that the tariff on agricultural implements and farm wagons is somewhat lowered.

This is not a treaty, but an agreement, passed by the parliament of Canada and by the congress of the United States respectively. Either country may terminate the agreement at any time; and, if the Conservatives had faith in the claims they are putting forward, they would have allowed the country to make trial of the new tariff, knowing that if the results were unsatisfactory, the Conservative party would be returned to power and could then wipe this legislation off the statute books.

These are a few of the salient facts of the situation to be kept continually in mind, for these features of the issue are constantly concealed or distorted by opposition canvassers.

If the flag is to be an issue in Kings-Albert, the Liberal party at least can afford to discuss it. When the Conservative party is asked why it has been found necessary to drape the British colors so conspicuously about the shoulders of its candidate, it will evade the answer. Dr. McAlister had a majority of almost 400 in 1908. There is every prospect that, because of his popularity, because of the good service he has rendered his constituency, and because of the great issue which the Liberal party have presented to the electors, that majority will be doubled on September 21.

WHAT DO AMERICANS FEAR?

Iowa is one of the farming states of the American Union. While Conservative orators and newspapers are trying to scare the Canadian farmer let us see what the American protectionists are telling the farmers of Iowa. Here is an extract from a recent number of the News, published at Shell Rock, Iowa, and entitled "Reciprocity Prospects":

> "The farmers of America are to have their markets opened to the influx of untold millions of bushels of grain grown in the Canadian northwest. Prospects in the three prairie provinces of Canada could not be better. The oats yield promises to be enormous, while wheat and barley never looked better. Here in the United States indications are that the yields of both wheat and oats will not be as great as they were last year. Oats, especially, is reported backward on account of the drouth. Under the old conditions the deficiency in the yield would have been made up by the increase in price. If the trade agreement with Canada is ratified, the northwestern provinces will pour millions and millions of bushels of the best oats ever grown in North America into our markets at a price commensurate with the value of the land on which produced."

Here is another expression of American opinion, found in the protectionist Pittsburgh Gazette-Times, under the caption "It is a Bad Bargain":

> "As fully expected, the Canadian reciprocity bill passed the Senate yesterday and there is no doubt it will receive the President's signature, since it is unincumbered with tariff amendments. The Gazette Times has not been in favor of this measure believing it to embody the reverse of sound Republican doctrine. It is a bad bargain, INASMUCH AS IT GIVES EVERYTHING TO OUR NEIGHBORS ON THE NORTH AND RESERVES NO PROFIT FOR OURSELVES. This one-sided arrangement cannot be termed real reciprocity. It is wrong because it virtually nullifies, so far as Canada is concerned, the cardinal principle of Protection to American interests. The passage of the bill fulfils no Republican party promise. The platform of 1908 contained no mention of reciprocity."

If the Conservative newspapers and orators are really anxious that the people of this country shall have all the facts, why do they not publish some extracts like those reproduced here.

"BIGGEST LICKING THEY EVER GOT"

It is going to take a lot of trouble to prove to the farmer who knows his business that reciprocity would be an injury to him, says the Montreal Herald. When it comes to an argument on that score the farmer knows a lot more about it than the man who is trying to scare him.

A case in point is that of Mr. Henry Arkell, of Arkell, near Guelph, Ontario, famous in his district as a breeder of sheep, who has been a life long Conservative, and who holds up both hands for the Fielding agreement.

"It's the capitalists who are against reciprocity," said Mr. Arkell, "they are afraid they won't have everything their own way. I'm a Conservative myself, and have been all my life, but the Conservatives are going to get the biggest licking this election they ever got. The Conservative farmers around Guelph are all in favor of reciprocity, the stock men are all in favor of it."

Mr. Arkell explains that of about 400 sheep he sells every year about 300 go to the States even now, on which the duty is about $300 which he will save when the agreement goes into effect. "When we get the American market opened to us we will breed sheep enough, all right," says Mr. Arkell.

No doubt he would be better content if the American market could be opened without the necessity of his party getting "the biggest licking they ever got," but he doesn't see why they should keep him out of a larger return and a larger market.

And will somebody kindly explain what harm is going to be done to the commerce and industry of Montreal by Mr. Arkell and his neighbors having each a few hundred dollars more to spend each year?

IN CHARLOTTE

Charlotte county is enthusiastically in favor of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. William F. Todd, and reciprocity. The convention at St. Stephen yesterday at which Mr. Todd was unanimously re-nominated, and the public meeting in the evening addressed by the candidate, the Minister of Public Works, and others, revealed the fighting vigor of the Liberals of Charlotte and showed how thoroughly they are prepared to carry forward their standard to another smashing victory.

There is no county in the province, perhaps, which will benefit more largely or more directly from the Fielding-Paterson agreement than Charlotte and that this is clearly recognized is shown by the speeches made yesterday afternoon and last evening at St. Stephen, when in the plainest possible fashion the direct effect of the reciprocity pact upon Charlote county interests was brought out.

It was an old time Liberal field day in Charlotte, and the situation following the convention will be hailed with the utmost satisfaction by Liberals in Charlotte and in other counties as well. Mr. Todd, who was successful over Mr. Ganong in 1908, and who had a comfortable majority then, has proved an admirable representative in the House of Commons, and has grown steadily in strength in every parish in the constituency. Considering the solid services he has rendered since he became Charlotte's representative, and remembering how directly the Liberal trade policy affects Charlotte county interests, notably those of the fishermen, the farmers, and the lumbermen, there can be no doubt about the result of the forthcoming election. Everyone who knows political conditions in Charlotte will realize that the only thing in doubt is the size of Mr. Todd's majority which, beyond question, will be a large one.

The Conservatives of Charlotte, having failed to secure several candidates to whom the nomination was offered, some days ago selected Mr. Hartt to fill the breach. Premier Hazen, in the last Federal election, put up two members of his party, one in Carleton and one in Northumberland, and the appearance of Mr. Hartt in Charlotte on this occasion suggests that he is certain to encounter the melancholy fate which befell the Hazen candidates in October, 1908. Charlotte is going Liberal by a majority that will not soon be forgotten.

GREATER ST. JOHN

The agreement between the city and the C. P. R. for the transfer of the West Side lots has been signed at last, and the Minister of Public Works has given instructions to advertise for tenders for the extensive wharf work below Sand Point, which work had been awaiting the completion of the transfer in question.

For almost two years the bargain between the city and the C. P. R., which was necessary to the further development of harbor facilities on the West Side, was delayed upon one pretext or another, and, while that time was being wasted, it was impossible to proceed farther with the great plan of harbor development, which the Federal government will now push forward.

In order that it may be clearly understood what is to be done on the West Side now, we may refer to an interview with the Minister of Public Works, printed some days ago.

> "The first work," he said, "will consist of the building of a wharf from the harbor line to the southward of Sand Point inshore to and upon the 400-foot strip, so-called, a distance of about 800 feet, then extending southward on the 400-foot strip a distance of about 800 feet.
>
> "This will form a part of the system of wharves to be constructed, and will, as soon as completed, form a protection for the filling in to be done by the C. P. R. on its property and by the government on the inner portion of the 400-foot strip which is to be transferred to the Crown.
>
> "The dredging for this work will be done to a depth of forty feet in order that accommodation may be afforded in future for the largest sized vessels which may come to the port, when further dredging may be done without interfering with the wharves. At present the dredging for the ship berths is being done to a depth of thirty-two feet at low tide.
>
> "An immense deal of work has been done in dredging for the wharves and ship berths, and the requisite depth has now practically been obtained for the first series of new wharves."

With the calling of tenders for this work on the West Side, the development of that portion of the harbor, together with the deepening of the entrance channel, already almost finished, may be regarded as disposed of. In the meantime tenders have been received from three great British construction firms for the carrying out of the plans for Courtenay Bay, and these tenders are now being examined by the government engineers at Ottawa, with the result that a decision may be expected in a few days.

Further, it was announced yesterday that a representative of the British firm which has been reported to be the lowest tenderer for the construction of the Canadian naval vessels will come to the city tomorrow, and that a conference will then be held with representatives of the city and the Federal and provincial governments, with a view to ascertaining what financial aid is available from the port and the province, to assist in bringing the shipbuilding plant to St. John. It has not been officially announced, of course, to whom the contract for the warships is to be awarded, but there is still hope that the work may go to a firm which is believed to be favorable to St. John as the place to locate its shipyard.

These are all very important developments, and in each and all of them is seen the hand of the Minister of Public Works, constantly endeavoring to do everything possible for the Winter Port of Canada. Whether St. John shall secure the shipbuilding plant or not, it is known that the other great works in Courtenay Bay will go on, that the eastern harbor will be the terminus of the Grand Trunk Pacific, and that the continuation of wharf building by the Federal government below Sand Point is assured. These things mean that St. John is soon to become one of the best equipped harbors on the Atlantic coast, and that it will be ready to handle the immense traffic that will be carried over the two additional transcontinental railways which are coming here.

MESSRS. POWELL AND DANIEL

The Conservative body Monday solemnly nominated as its candidate for the city of St. John, Mr. Harrison A. Powell, and as its candidate for the city and county Dr. J. W. Daniel. It had been reported for some days that if the Minister of Public Works were to run for the city, Dr. Daniel, the pessimistic prophet, would retire to the county, and that programme was carried out last evening.

The Conservative meeting, which ratified this choice of a nominating committee, listened patiently to the speeches by the candidates, but it appeared that neither of them had devoted much thought to the issues of the campaign, for Mr. Powell contented himself with a semi-humorous criticism of Hon. Mr. Pugsley, and Dr. Daniel delivered his customary prosy review of the political situation, on which, by the way, he entertains some fearful and wonderful views. Neither candidate made any serious attempt to discuss on its merits the great issue before the country. Dr. Daniel did tell about a man he was acquainted with, who has a brother who is a farmer somewhere in the West, which farmer—the brother told Dr. Daniel—is opposed to reciprocity. This is not exactly world-shaking testimony, but apparently it was the most convincing Dr. Daniel had to offer at the moment.

Mr. Powell appeared to be of the opinion—and it is characteristic enough—that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is coming to the Maritime Provinces for the special purpose of opposing him—Mr. Powell—as Mr. Powell appears to think Sir Wilfrid did on a former occasion when he was a candidate in Westmorland county. This view will be somewhat amusing to Liberals, who, while they look forward with great pleasure and interest to the visit of the Prime Minister, will scarcely take Mr. Powell as seriously as he appears to take himself. In the city of St. John Mr. Powell will be soundly beaten, by the Minister of Public Works, just as, in the city and county, Dr. Daniel will be soundly beaten by Mr. Lowell. "Both seats this time!" is the word in Liberal circles, and there is the utmost faith among Liberals that both seats will be carried for the Laurier administration by thumping big majorities.

Mr. Powell, like his associate, Dr. Daniel, represents a mere negation. The Conservative party, here or elsewhere, has no constructive policy, and stands for nothing beyond obstruction—obstruction in the interest of the "interests." On the other hand is the Liberal party, with its great progressive policy, making solidly for the prosperity not only of this constituency but of every constituency throughout this broad and prosperous country. Even Conservatives who ask us to "let well enough alone" have everywhere confessed that the country is prosperous, though they strive in vain successfully to deny that this prosperity is in a great measure due to the Laurier administration.

The city and the county of St. John will give them their answer on September 21.

THINK IT OVER

Conservatives are fond of trying to scare Canadians by quoting from American politicians and American newspapers. Very good; let them publish the following, from the Pittsburg Gazette-Times:

"In course of the debate on Canadian reciprocity on Tuesday, Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, declared that annexation of the Dominion at this time was an 'iridescent dream.' He explained that 'Canada has grown to be a big, strong, self-asserting nation' and he prophesied that 'by this treaty we will further strengthen it.' That such will be the effect of the trade agreement now pending, once it becomes operative, is not to be doubted. To open a free market of 92,000,000 of consumers for the products of 8,000,000 people across the boundary is certain to work more largely to the direct benefit of the smaller country. The purchasing and consuming capacity of Canada necessarily will be limited, whereas, at the immediate expense of the American farmer, it is proposed that the United States shall provide our neighbors with convenient territory and unlimited outlet for all their surplus food supplies. Thus in the border cities alone there will be more than half as many customers as the Dominion's entire population who will have Canadian truck gardens and farms to draw from. Lower cost of production and lower farm values will mean lower first charge for commodities, and the effect will be to depress American prices and depreciate the property of the farmer in our own country.

"This is carrying international altruism a little too far and paying too dearly for it. THE RESULT MUST BE TO STRENGTHEN CANADA IMMEASURABLY, TO CONTRIBUTE ENORMOUSLY TO DEVELOPMENT OF HER NATURAL RESOURCES AND TO INDUCE THAT BETTER CLASS OF IMMIGRATION FOR WHICH HER AUTHORITIES HAVE STRIVEN SO LONG."

IT IS GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

Day after day the swing of the pendulum of public sentiment towards tariff relief gathers momentum. Day after day the wires tell their story of acquisitions to the ranks of progressive Canadians who support reciprocity.

Take past two days, for instance.

At Halifax, Mr. Howard Smith, head of N. & M. Smith, Limited, the largest exporters of dried fish in the world, declared that reciprocity meant a new era of prosperity for Canada. Nova Scotia would come into her own, and her fishing fleet be doubled in from three to five years. Although hitherto a Conservative, Mr. Smith is supporting Laurier and larger markets.

At Guelph, Mr. Henry Arkell, one of the largest breeders of sheep in Canada, said: "Remove the tariff against Canadian sheep and watch the Canadian sheep industry grow. I have voted Conservative for years, but I am for the reciprocity trade agreement."

At Napanee, Mr. Charles Anderson, a prominent Conservative farmer, stated that reciprocity was of far more importance to Canadian farmers than abject party allegiance. He declared he was not a traitor to his party, but that the party was traitor to the old policy for which Sir John Macdonald and all other Conservative leaders had stood up to the time it became possible through the Fielding-Taft agreement.

At Brockville, Mr. John Gill, President and General Manager of one of the large hardware and edge-tool manufactories in eastern Ontario, said that the reciprocity agreement "is purely a sound business one, and Canadians will do well to avail themselves of its advantages altogether apart from politics. I am glad, as a manufacturer, to have this opportunity of heartily approving of the sound business-like agreement secured by Mr. Fielding."

At Brockville, also, Mr. Wm. C. MacLaren, General Manager of Halls, Limited, manufacturers of gloves, suspenders, etc., said: "I have given the matter of this agreement a great deal of thought, and I have found nothing in it except benefit to the people of Canada. I cannot understand how manufacturers can take any other position. This agreement in no sense injures any of us, and cannot fail to be a big thing to the farmers and artisans. I desire to put myself on record as a manufacturer in complete accord with the reciprocity agreement, and am glad indeed that the farmers are to have this opportunity to secure better returns for their labors."—

—Toronto Globe.

Mr. Fowler will try again in Kings-Albert. It is too soon. The electors have short memories, but not so short as the Tory machine of Kings seems to imagine.

NOTE AND COMMENT

"Both St. John seats this time. Twelve in New Brunswick."

* * *

Sir Wilfrid is going to have the biggest majority of his career.

* * *

Vote for Greater St. John and a more prosperous province. There is but one party of progress.

* * *

Betting men are non-partizan and unsentimental. Therefore it is easy to read the meaning of the fact that the betting is five to one on Laurier. The Conservative cause is simply hopeless.

* * *

While the Conservative party sneers and obstructs, the Liberal government is equipping the Winter Port for the great traffic it is to handle—the trade of three transcontinental railways.

* * *

Forty or fifty years was Dr. Daniel's estimate of the time required to make a harbor of Courtenay Bay. Yet already the tenders of three great British firms are being examined at Ottawa and a decision is expected any day.

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Mr. Powell and Dr. Daniel made some political predictions last evening. Their gloomy followers, however, know how the betting is. The local Conservatives start with the conviction that they are going to lose. There is no doubt about it.

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After all, it is time the farmer had his turn. The shortage in the American potato and grain crops this year emphasizes the importance of letting our farmers sell in that market duty-free. The lesson is so clear that it fairly makes the protectionists angry to mention it.

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The Peers "drank the hemlock." One of the amusing things in politics is the wild wail of the minority. And one of the oddities of politics is the man who swears by popular government, but who sees a revolution coming whenever his party is beaten at the polls or on division in Parliament. The reactionary Tories are a stubborn lot—but they will have to learn to take their medicine. Better still, they are learning.

* * *

The official estimate of New Brunswick's hay crop this year is 885,000 tons. Reciprocity will remove the duty of four dollars a ton, and our hay will enter the United States market free. Suppose we export only one-third of the crop, think of the money that reciprocity will put into the farmer's pocket. Last year much hay in this province was left uncut. This year it will all be valuable, because there will be a good market for every ton that is for sale.

The things we want most in this world are always those beyond our reach. If we had them we wouldn't be a bit happier. We only think we would. No matter how little we have we always have plenty to be thankful for.

It is computed that there is 800,000,000 worth of gold and jewels at the bottom of the sea on the route between England and India.

One has heard less of "bridge parties" this summer (says the Pall Mall Gazette) than at any time during the last ten years.

Uncle Walt
The Poet Philosopher

THE TWO PARENTS

I have heard Cap Jimpson say to his son: "Come hither, Jay; I'd be greatly pleased if you sundry little chores would do. You might paint the cistern, pump, take those tin cans to the dump, cut in stove lengths yonder log, put a flynet on the dog. I am pleased to see you, lad, always prompt to help your dad, and a bone I'll hand you down when the circus comes to town." Then the blithe lad does his stunt with a gay and smiling front. I have heard Pap Bilkins cry to his son: "Get busy, Guy! Paint the kitchen roof with tar, worthless loafer that you are! You don't earn your room and keep, all you do is eat and sleep! Stir your stumps, now, pretty quick, or I'll lam you with this stick!" To his task goes youthful Guy, with rebellion in his eye. Who will reach success some day, gloomy Guy or joyous Jay? If they win or lose the game, whose the credit, whose the blame?

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WALT MASON

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ms. WALT MASON

INTERESTING AGRICULTURAL FEATURES FOR OUR COUNTRY READERS

DAIRY

MAKING DAIRY BUTTER

Essentials in Production for Those Who Want Best Prices.

Whatever the reasons may be for making butter upon the farm, I am firmly convinced that if dairy butter is properly made and marketed it will command a good price. The following suggestions it is hoped will prove of value to those who are looking for big prices for dairy butter.

In the first place, only good butter can command good prices. To get such butter requires the strictest attention to cleanliness in milking, handling the milk and cream and in making the butter. Churn often. No fewer than three churnings a week should be made where high quality is sought. Sour the cream at a temperature as near 70 degrees as possible. The last stages of ripening may be finished at close to the churning temperature. The use of a fine flavored "starter" will improve the flavor of the butter. "Starters" are pure cultures of lactic acid bacteria (souring germs) which give butter its desirable aroma. Commercial starter is best and this will cost only about 75 cents per month. Full directions for use are furnished free by the manufacturer if requested.

Care must be taken not to get the cream too sour for churning. The bulk of dairy butter during the summer is damaged by oversouring the cream. Where the best butter is to be made a test is necessary to determine when cream is sour enough to churn. Very simple and cheap tests are available for this purpose. Five to six-tenths of one per cent is the best acidity for churning.

Always strain the cream into the churn to remove any particles of curd or dried cream. One thickness of cheese cloth is best for this purpose. Color the butter to suit your market. A cream testing between 25 to 30 per cent fat churns best. Remember that the best and quickest churning is obtained when the churn is about one-third full.

With all the foregoing conditions right, the next thing is to get the right churning temperature. This varies considerably, ranging from 45 to 65 degrees F., with an average temperature of abotu 55 degrees F. The best rule to follow is to have the temperature such that the cream will churn in from 30 to 45 minutes.

Be careful not to churn the butter into a lump. Stop the churning when the granules are about half the size of a pea. When larger than this it is more difficult to remove the buttermilk and distribute the salt. When smaller, some of the fine grains are liable to pass out with the buttermilk.

Do not wash the butter too much; it will remove some of the fine, delicate flavor. One washing in which as much water is used as there was cream is usually sufficient.

Salt at the rate of about one ounce per pound of butter. The butter-maker, however, must cater to market demands with regard to the amount of salt as he does with regard to color. It is needless to say nothing but the best grades of salt should be used in butter.

When only a small amount of butter is made, the butter may be worked with a ladle in the churn. For larger amounts it is best to use a small table worker which can be purchased for a few dollars.

It is safer for the average butter-maker to work the butter twice. It is then allowed to stand six to eight hours after which white streaks are usually noticeable on cutting the butter with a string. The second working should cease as soon as the butter assumes a uniform color. By following this rule butter will never be overworked nor will it ever show mottles (uneven color).

For fancy trade, one-pound prints wrapped in parchment paper are the most popular. The prints are made with a small hand printer which should have the dairyman's monogram cut into it. The imprint of the monogram in the butter serves as a guarantee of its genuineness. It is also desirable to have some neat lettering on the parchment paper, such, for example, as "Dairy Butter," etc. Prints must be kept cold to preserve their attractive appearance.

With the small butter producer, the greatest trouble is finding a suitable market for his product. It is customary with most of these producers to sell their butter to their country grocer, who, as a rule, makes little discrimination in the quality of the butter, the good and the poor selling for practically the same price. No producer of good butter can afford to market it in the country stores. Those who have made farm butter-making a success have invariably catered to private trade. Seek private customers who are willing to pay well for a good product. By selling direct to the customer you save not only the middleman's profit, but the consumer is likely to pay you a premium for your butter which he would not pay to the middleman. He knows the butter is fresher when it comes from you direct.

There is a constantly increasing tendency for city consumers to prefer getting their perishable products like butter and eggs direct from the producer.—John Michels.

PRODUCTION OF SANITARY MILK

The great problem in the production of sanitary milk is to exclude bacteria. It is commonly understood that to prevent contamination of the milk the cow stables, milk utensils, and the milker should be kept as clean as possible, and that the stable should be so constructed that it may be easily and thoroughly cleaned. The air of the stable should be as free as possible from dust when milking. Some of these factors which enter into the production of sanitary milk have been discussed in a previous bulletin of this series.

Recently the Virginia Station has determined the number of bacteria and the relative importance of observing these and other precautions taken to avoid contamination. By actual count it was found that sprinkling the straw bedding, so as to prevent the dust and bacteria from arising, the percentage of bacteria in the milk was reduced 53 per cent. A reduction of 23 per cent was secured when a closed pail was used in milking as compared with an open pail. About 23 per cent of the bacteria were eliminated when the flanks of the well-cleaned cows were moistened before milking. Discarding the first four strippings from each teat was also of some importance in reducing the bacteria count. These four precautions—sprinkling the bedding, moistening the flanks of the cow, using a closed pail, and discarding the first strippings—can be observed without any appreciable expense, and no dairyman can afford to neglect them.

An experiment was also conducted by the same station to test the relative value of straw and sawdust as bedding. The stable was bedded half with straw and half with stwdust. By actual count there was an average of more than twice as many bacteria when straw was used as when sawdust was used. On the other hand, sawdust is of little value as a manure and to some extent detracts from the value of the droppings of the cow, while straw is a good absorbent and has a value of its own as a fertilizer.

When a milking machine is used some precaution for preventing the development of bacteria in the rubber parts must be observed. Soaking these parts in lime-water is effective, and when this is done the milk from a milking machine should contain no more bacteria than when the cows are hand-milked.

GENERAL

ABOUT CLOVER

A Soil Enricher That Should Be Grown More Extensively.

Its beneficial action on the soil, its period of usefulness, the wide range of nurse crops with which it can be grown, and its excellence as a hay and pasture crop, all serve to commend clover to a place in our cropping systems and prove it worthy of more general growth by our farmers.

There is much complaint of worn-out soils, weeds and unprofitable crops, frequently coming from farmers who secured on the virgin soil bountiful yields and satisfactory profits. This complaint, however, does not come from farmers who have made clover an important factor in the cropping system.

Clover should not be looked upon as a cure for all the ills of the soil, but as an important factor in soil-renovation and in maintaining or increasing the supply of vegetable matter in the soil. Clover belongs to a class of plants that, with the aid of a bacterial growth on their roots, have the power of absorbing the nitrogen of the air and leaving it in the soil for the use of succeeding crops. Practically all of the grain and cultivated crops grown in this state are nitrogen-using and not nitrogen-gathering crops, and, to supply the demand for this plant-food element, there should be frequently grown some nitrogen-gathering crop.

The clover plant has a large root system, that leaves a considerable amount of vegetable matter in the soil when it dies. This decaying vegetable matter proves beneficial, in times of drought, in holding soil moisture. It also assists in keeping light soils from "washing" and "blowing," and heavy soils from "baking."

The clover roots grow quite deeply, penetrating the subsoil and breaking it up; so that, when they are decayed, the soil suitable for crop growth is made deeper and the drainage is much improved. This is one of the reasons why a farmer who raises clover can often begin his spring's work earlier than his neighbors who do not grow clover, and why he can usually depend upon getting better crops.

Results at the Minnesota Experimental Station show that, in continuous wheat farming, the sowing of six pounds of clover seed every spring with the wheat, and plowing under the clover in the fall, has given an average annual increase, during a period of fifteen years, of nearly 2.6 bushels per acre. Still better results have been obtained where clover is used in four and five year rotations in combination with grain, cultivated crops and the use of farm manures. On heavy soils, clover should be grown in four and five year rotations, while on lighter soils and soils badly in need of vegetable matter, it may be more beneficially grown in a three year rotation.

MIXED FARMING PROFITABLE

A large majority of the practical farmers of Canada have come to the conclusion that more regular and larger profits result from the cultivation of a variety of crops coupled with the keeping of as much live stock as the farm can consistently carry, than where all the labor and capital are expended in the production of some special crops, as wheat, corn, hay or beef. While many have a correct theory on this subject, they still cling to their old methods, and go on cropping with wheat and grains year after year. Such farmers often succeed and make money, but the time will come when their lands will, from poverty, refuse a fair return for labor expended on it.

Two of the more important advantages of mixed farming are to preserve and even increase largely, the fertility of our lands and develop a better, more systematic and thorough farming. It requires more thought and study to raise several crops successfully and to breed and care for stock than to pay all our attention to one specialty.

The farmer who has a number of crops to market will find his average profits larger and surer than where he has only one. In the latter case, his profits may be large when prices are high, but when they are low he may sell at a price hardly equal to the cost of production. With a variety of products he will be very likely to find a desirable market for some of them. And so mixed farming helps to make the farmer more independent. It removes him from the grinding jaws of a capricious market, and gives him the power to offer of his products such only as are in demand at paying prices.

Mixed farming has the advantage of a more equal distribution of labor through the year. To the man who specializes it is often very difficult to get sufficient help for the busy seasons, and after that, difficult to find paying employment for regular laborers. Mixed farming adjusts the work throughout the year.—A Hector Cutten, Truro (N. S.).

REPAIRS ON THE BARN

Every business man, in making out the annual balance sheet, which is to show the profit or loss on business for the year, allows a certain amount for depreciation in the value of his equipment and buildings and for the cost of repairs. He also finds a slack period at some time during the year, when the buildings, machinery and other equipments are overhauled. Unless he does this, he will find that the efficiency and producing power of his plant will not be kept up to the standard.

Every farmer who is in the live stock business is confronted with this same problem. He has his barn and other table equipment, which remains idle a part of the year, but plays an important part in the returns from the herd during the winter. It should receive a thorough overhauling during the summer, so as to have everything in readiness when fall comes. The floors, unless they are cement, will probably need repairing in various places. In dirt floors, all holes that have been made during the winter should be filled with clay and packed. The inside of the barn should receive a thorough cleaning, and then be given a good coat of whitewash, which will make it lighter as well as more beautiful. The mangers, stanchions, doors or windows may need some repairs; these can be taken care of during a rainy day. To increase the life of the barn, it should receive an occasional coat of paint. There may be places in the barn that last winter let in too much cold air, to the discomfort of the cows. These should be taken care of before the rush of the season is on. There may also be something wrong with the ventilation in the barn, which can be remedied by a little work and a few boards.

These points may seem like small matters, but unless looked after they will do much toward keeping down the milk-flow of the cows, as well as reducing the size of the cream-check. Further than this, there is much pleasure and satisfaction in working in a place that can be kept clean, and where everything is convenient and handy. With these things taken care of, and good handling and feeding, the dairy herd—where such is kept—should be a profitable adjunct of the farm during the winter.

POULTRY

LEG WEAKNESS OF YOUNG CHICKS

Leg weakness is a common complaint with young chicks and if allowed to continue unchecked will cause great onslaught with the chicks. This can be avoided and overcome by simple methods.

One cause for leg weakness is the brooding of chicks, in brooders which are heated by bottom heat exclusively. However, it is gratifying to know that few brooders are thus constructed at the present time.

Another cause is the feeding of a too one-sided ration. That is, feeding foods that make rapid growth of muscles and the bones become weak. If leg weakness is noticed but the chicks are growing rapidly, feed chick size ground bone. Feed it in vessels where they can get access to it at times. The ground bone will entirely eliminate leg weakness if it is caused by other reasons than that of the brooder afore spoken of.

BEGIN TO SELECT BREEDERS

It may seem early to begin to select breeding stock a year in advance of the breeding season. The idea is this: every successful turkey raiser wants to improve his stock every year. If he produces turkeys for market he wants to get fast growing poults, so vigorous that they will make the best use of all food fed them and so healthy that the loss will be reduced to a minimum. A turkey may appear to be especially strong and hardy after it is matured when in fact it may have a weak point in it somewhere which would have been discovered if its growth had been watched from the time of its poulthood.

If the poultryman keep a watchful eye on the growing brood, he will note that certain members of each flock grow faster than the others and never show any signs of ill-health. These are the ones that he should mark to keep over for stock purposes.

If one poult will attain a weight of twenty pounds in a month less time than another, it is more valuable for market because it will sell for as much money and the owner will have to pay a month less feed bill.

LATE HATCHES OF CHICKENS

The longer I am in the chicken business the better I am convinced that hatches made later than June first don't pay. Some perhaps, would not call this a late hatch, but I would. I have hatched hundreds of them as late as the forepart of August, but I never was successful in making them pay very well.

Whn there is a good demand for broilers and one has the facilities for handling them, it is different, but for farmers in general who are raising only for common market purposes, April is the month to get them out in. Most every one has better success with April hatches. Hens sit better then than later on when the weather becomes hot and mites begin to multiply by the thousand. Then in the fall there is comparatively little green stuff for the chicks, and not near as many bugs and worms for them to eat.

If I am not able, however, to secure the desired number of chicks earlier in the season, I make one or two hatches later, say in June or the forepart of July. In raising of birds from these hatches, there is one thing that should be kept in mind, and that is, that this stock as a rule makes very unreliable breeders for next season's service. They lack vigor and development, and under no conditions will they produce as satisfactory chicks as they will if hatched earlier.

HORTICULTURE

THE CABBAGE WORM

There are many remedies more or less effective; but sometimes it seems that in spite of all efforts against them they keep right on as though nothing had happened. One of the best of the simple remedies and very easy of application is good wood ashes and salt; two parts of the former to one of the latter. I prefer the best quality of table salt to the coarser kinds, and if applied in the early morning while the plants are still damp it will generally terminate their engagement. However, rains will wash off the application and reinforcements may be expected at any time, so constant watching is necessary. Both the salt and ashes are excellent fertilizers and the former is especially helpful in heading and hardening up of the heads. The salt will often discolor the leaves, even to turning them black where too much of it adhere, but it will do very little, if any, harm, and so frequent applications are recommended. Tobacco dust is also a good remedy, both as a fertilizer and insecticide, but is not easily obtained except of the seedsmen or at the tobacco factories. Some writers of very considerable reputation have strongly advocated the employing of boys with nets to capture and destroy the millers. Our judgment of this plan, however, is, that an active boy chasing through the patch with his net, intent upon capturing the miller, would knock more plants than the worms would destroy.

Many have objections to using the arsenical poisons, but we believe when judiciously used no possible harm can come, either from Paris green or arsenate of lead. The former may be used either as a dry or spray mixture. In using the dust application, a convenient plan is to use a rounding teaspoonful of the Paris green to a quart of rye or wheat flour. Mix thoroughly and put it into a tarleton bag. It should be applied in the early, still morning while the dew is on, by shaking lightly over the plants. If used as a spray mixture, a weak solution, say, one pound to the hundred gallons of water, will be strong enough. Arsenate of lead will only require about half the strength for potatoes. The smooth, glassy surface of the cabbage leaf does not readily hold spray mixures of any kind, but this can be remedied by using soapy water. Even quite strong suds will do no harm. —J. E. M.

THE APPLE OUTLOOK

The prospect for apples has diminished slightly since the June report of the dominion fruit division, except in British Columbia where prospects have rather improved, and it is now estimated that shipments from that province will be 85 per cent of last year's crop, which was very heavy. The hot dry weather does not appear to have materially affected the apple crop prospects in eastern Canada, although correspondents, especially in Ontario, have expressed apprehension that if sufficient rain does not come soon the crop will be very much shortened. Apples are beginning to drop heavily in some districts. Nova Scotia still expects the greatest crop on record, due partly to the increased acreage but also to the heavy yield. Baldwins are short. A very marked feature of the situation so far is the freedom from fungous diseases. Early varieties in eastern Ontario promise to be ten days earlier than usual.

In New Brunswick and northeastern Quebec early apples promise a full crop; fall and winter apples medium to full.

The Annapolis valley still promises to have the largest crop of apples on record. Gravensteins, Ribstons, Blenheims, Ben Davis, Greenings, Kings and Golden Russets are heavily loaded. The latest telegraphic reports respecting weather conditions are, on the whole, favorable.

In Nova Scotia outside the Annapolis and Cornwallis valleys the crop is reported medium to full for all varieties of apples.

The good prospects for Prince Edward Island have diminished somewhat since our last report. There has been a serious "drop" owing to adverse weather conditions. Early and fall apples promise a medium to full crop, with winter apples rather less.

STOCK

DRAFT HORSES

In Great Demand in Cities—Raise More on Farms.

A good draft horse that presents an attractive appearance is valued nowadays above his worth as a worker alone. In the large cities of the country a good drafter is considered a money maker as an advertisement, as well as a worker. Not long ago a horse dealer who supplies large city users of drafters priced a good one at $295.

"That's a little more than I want to pay for a drafter just now," said the prospective buyer. "Business is getting quiet and I will not have so much use for the horse."

"But," replied the horseman who was making the sale, "remember that that attractive drafter will make you money by the work he will do and also earn $300 for you by advertising your business in the next six months."

This idea of a horse earning that much money in half a year by advertising may be news to some, says the Stallion and Jack News, but it is an argument which the horseman said he had been using for a good while. To investigate this further a team owned who works 65 teams for different mercantile establishments was questioned about his charges for good horses and for common animals.

"I have several large firms—among them a dry goods company and another, a big mail order house—which pay me special rates, their stipulation being that I furnish attractive drafters. These firms pay better prices because they consider the extra cost a good investment as an advertisement. To supply those establishments I purchase an extra good class of animals in the market."

It is a well known fact that many large packing companies and other large users of draft horses who maintain their own barns and own the horses they work make a practice of using animals of a particular color and grade. Their purpose is to advertise their business by this means. Some firms have found it necessary to stop this plan because of inability to secure a sufficient supply of the kind of equines they aimed to use.

In addition to the extra value that is placed upon a good, attractive horse in the city because of the animal's ability to advertise, what is equal to the satisfaction it gives the producer to know that that which he has helped to create is admired and even coveted by many? Is it not also a means of advertising in the country and in the country town to have a good and attractive horse or team? Stallioners, especially, can testify to this. It is not unusual for them to hear compliment after compliment passed upon mare owners, who have good animals, by their neighbors and by those around the breeding barn.

Silos should be located where they will be convenient to feed from. This is of great importance. When stock is kept in basement barns the silo should be on a level with the stable floor or lower. Caution should be observed in locating the silo away from the milking room, as the milk will become tainted if exposed to a strong odor of ensilage at milking time.

Milk fever can be prevented very easily by milking the cow regularly before she drops her calf. If she is usually a heavy milker she should be as regularly milked for a few weeks before calving as she is after. Begin the milking at least two weeks before the time for arrival of the calf. During the first week once each day is sufficient, but the last week she should be milked both night and morning.

If you want your cows fed right, do it yourself; if not, send somebody else to do it.

WESTMORLAND DESPERADO HAS BEEN ARRESTED

Olaf Larsen, Wanted for Many Crimes, Caught Near Anagance by Moncton Chief of Police.

Moncton, Aug. 11—Olaf Larsen, the Norwegian ex-convict, who has been terrorizing the countryside the past two or three weeks, has at last been captured. Chief Rideout took Larsen into custody near Petitcodiac this afternoon and brought the desperado to Moncton, placing him in jail.

Early this morning Sheriff Willett had a message from Councillor I. N. Killam, of Killam's Mills, parish of Salisbury, stating a man answering the description of Larsen had been seen in that vicinity. The sheriff gave orders to have the woods in which the bandit had concealed himself surrounded and procure men to apprehend him.

Chief Rideout was notified and in company with Ken Steeves left on the Boston train for Petitcodiac. In Petitcodiac the chief secured a team and drove in the direction of Anagance, locating his man about six miles out.

When first seen Larsen was on the road but took to the woods. The chief made a search and found him hiding in the underbrush. He surrendered without a struggle, stating he was tired and hungry. Chief Rideout arrived back in Moncton at 9.30.

Larsen will be arraigned tomorrow morning before Magistrate Kay. Since starting on his crusade Larsen, it is alleged, has stolen or burned property to the extent of $1,675. It is also said he stole four horses, two sets of harness, two wagons, burned a barn containing a horse, farm machinery at a loss of $1,000. The last horse and rig was stolen from Harry Douglas in the vicinity of Killam's Mills and also two bags of feed from I. N. Killam's mill. This rig was recovered, as well as the others.

Besides this it is alleged he visited Moncton and burglarized a house, stealing a gold watch and other things. He laid around Moncton for two days, he states, trying to catch the man who gave evidence against him at the time he was last sent to the penitentiary for stealing.

Larsen told the chief he made up his mind when he got out of jail this time he would steal something worth while. The capture of so desperate a character is one of the most important in years and the people in the country districts will feel great relief.

STRAWBERRIES FROM NEW BRUNSWICK VINES IN KLONDIKE

They Bring Up to $2 a Box, and They Beat the Oregon Product Easily in Flavor.

Dawson correspondence of July 22 in the Seattle Post Intelligencer is of interest here. The writer says:

Strawberries grown in the Klondike are something rare, but something which the epicure can find if he makes the effort. Richard McCluskey has a quarter of an acre of the most delicious strawberries now ripening on his farm, several miles below the city. They are grown from native Yukon vines, from the banks of the Polly river, 175 miles south of Dawson. Some of Mr. McCluskey's vines also are wild vines from New Brunswick. Mr. McCluskey says the New Brunswick berries are the most delicious. They are the same size as the wild strawberries, so common in the Willamette valley and elsewhere on the Pacific coast. McCluskey says the berries he produces have the Oregon product distanced by a mile when it comes to flavor. The vines are yielding a good return.

"Several others have grown strawberries here with success. Some have brought the original vines from southern parts of this territory and some from the outside. The point farthest north in the Yukon valley, at which strawberries have been reported growing wild every year, is Ogilvie, about fifty miles south of Dawson.

"While strawberries thrive in local gardens there are not enough produced to form any commercial quantity and no market quotations at any time are given, although the price obtained now and then, when growers have cared to spare a few, has run from $1 to $2 a box."

HARVESTERS BUSY IN THE MANITOBA WHEAT FIELDS

Winnipeg, Aug. 11—It is hot and warm all over the west today and many binders are in the field. The cry of black rust is not being heard any more and a feeling of optimism prevails generally.

Coffee jelly, made with milk, is delicious.

F. W. DANIEL & CO. SUSPEND PAYMENT

St. John Dry Goods Firm in Financial Difficulties, is the Regretted Announcement Made Yesterday.

Friday, Aug. 11

It was announced yesterday afternoon that F. W. Daniel & Co., Ltd., 61 Charlotte street, had suspended payment. A meeting of the creditors will be held on August 22. Attempts were made yesterday to ascertain the extent of the firm's liabilities and it was said that the liabilities were about $25,000 and that the assets were of value well in excess. Those most closely concerned, however, would only say that a complete statement would be made in a day or two.

Very general regret will be felt because of the failure of this important concern. Mr. Daniel, who recently moved to the store at the head of King street, and who improved it immensely and conducted a very large and apparently progressive and enterprising business, is a man held in high esteem and though rumors concerning the company have been prevalent for some time past, it was hoped that a suspension could be avoided. It was found during the last day or two, however, that it was impossible to continue without suspension. No one connected with the firm would discuss the matter further last evening.

The city directory gives the officers of the company as F. W. Daniel president, and G. E. Fenety secretary. The creditors are said to be chiefly firms in England and Montreal, one bank and there are also several creditors in the city, though not for heavy amounts.

COL. McLEAN SURE OF BEING RE-ELECTED

(Fredericton Mail)

A prominent lawyer of this city, who has spent several days in Sunbury county, stated this morning that the feeling among people of all classes in that county was that Col. H. H. McLean was sure of re-election in the constituency of Queens-Sunbury. The tory party there is looking for a Moses to lead it out of the wilderness but so far without success. The names of R. D. Wilmot and Luther Smith are mentioned in connection with the Conservative nomination and it also said that H. W. Woods, M. P. P., of Welsford might be persuaded to accept it.

PROBABLY THE OLDEST MASON IN ALL CANADA

Andrew Skillen Dead in St. Martins in 90th Year--Joined the Fraternity in 1842--Formerly in Business Here.

Friday, Aug. 11

A telephone message from St. Martins last night brought news of the death of Andrew Skillen, which occurred at his home there yesterday morning in the 90th year of his age. He was probably the oldest active member of the Masonic fraternity in Canada, having become a member in 1842, sixty-nine years ago. At the time of his death, he was past master and treasurer of St. Martins Lodge.

Mr. Skillen came to St. John in 1848 from Ireland, and for several years was in the tailoring business here with Mr. Garret, under the firm name of Garret & Skillen. They had places of business at the corner of Prince William and Princess streets, and at the corner of King and Canterbury streets, where Vassie & Co. now conduct their business.

In 1855 Mr. Skillen removed to St. Martins and there carried on a tailoring and general business until some twenty-five years ago. He was also active in other ways and built the steamer Earl Dufferin which plied between St. John and St. Martins for several years. He represented St. Martins in the municipal council several times, was a staunch Liberal, an adherent of the Presbyterian church, and in every way a good citizen.

Mrs. Skillen passed away some ten years ago, and there are surviving five sons and two daughters. The sons are W. E., R. W., and S. V., of St. Martins, Joseph V., of Brooklyn, and Leonard V., of Hot Springs; and the daughters are Mrs. David Brown, of St. Martins, and Mrs. McGregor S. Bentley, of Five Islands (N. S.) The funeral of Mr. Skillen will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon, interment in St. Martins cemetery.

ETHICS OF VISITING.

(Indianapolis News.)

The two children were playing in the yard at the home of Constance. She remembered the teaching of her parents, but she wished to play a certain game, and Taylor desired to play another game.

"You ought to play my game," said Taylor, "because I'm your visitor, and you ought to do what I want to do."

Constance realized the truth of this, yet she did not wish to give in to her little friend.

"Let's go over to your house, Taylor," she said.

HIGH HONORS TO ST. JOHN MAN

Arthur E. Anderson Is Elected to Royal Institute of British Architects--Second Distinction Won.

Saturday, Aug. 12

Arthur E. Anderson, formerly of St. John, has again won high honors in the field of architecture. Information received by his brother, J. H. Anderson, of the Opera House, yesterday, is that he has just received notice of his election to the Royal Institute of British Architects, the most famed society of its kind under the British flag, and on a par with the Beaux Arts of Paris.

Mr. Anderson is the first New Brunswicker to win this honor and he has given to his native city and province the full benefit of the distinction, for in his diploma his name appears "Arthur E. Anderson, R. I. B. A., St. John (N. B.)"

This is the second time that Mr. Anderson has gained marked prominence in his profession, public honors having come to him a few years ago on his return to the United States from the Philippines, where he was architect for the American government. He is now located in Montreal. St. John friends will read with pleasure of his continued success.

Clean old glass by pouring strong ammonia on it; scrub well with a brush and rinse in cold water.

THOMAS SHAW IS DEAD HERE AT AGE OF 106

Born in England But Spent Many Years in St. John—Had Lived in Reign of Six Sovereigns.

Monday, Aug. 14

The oldest citizen of St. John passed away on Saturday when Thomas Shaw, a native of England, died in this city in his 106th year. Mr. Shaw was born in Hornecastle, Lincolnshire, England, in 1806, and lived under six different sovereigns. He first came to this country when the present I. C. R. was being built, and in connection with which he had taken up a contract. The journey was undertaken in a sailing vessel and it took them six weeks to travel from Liverpool to Boston.

After working for several years on the I. C. R., Mr. Shaw went back to England in 1874 and remained there until 1885, when he once more returned to this country. At that time the construction of the Cantilever bridge was in progress, and in the work he took an active part. During the latter part of his life he worked on steamboats.

Mr. Shaw's wife died on February 7, 1892, at the age of eighty-two. He leaves two sons and one daughter, Thomas, at Grand Bay; William, at West Farmington, and Mrs. Woodlands, of this city.

The funeral will be held on Tuesday from the residence of his son-in-law, John Woodlands, 217 Charlotte street.

FINDS MANY TORY CONVERTS TO RECIPROCITY

Hon. George P. Graham Declares the Campaign is Going Fine.

Toronto, Aug. 13.—Hon. George P. Graham, minister of railways and canals, came up from Montreal Saturday. Your correspondent was fortunate enough to have a word with him.

"Have you anything of serious import or entertaining interest to tell us?" he was asked.

"Everything is going remarkably well, that's all," replied Mr. Graham. "I am surprised at the number of Conservatives we are winning over. I'm not joking. I run across them wherever I go."

"Reciprocity is hard to resist?" was suggested.

"They can't resist it," declared Mr. Graham. "The Conservative campaign is on the loyalty cry—on the quiet. They warn the farmers quietly that though reciprocity may look all right it has a horrible effect internally."

To remove an ink stain from a colored waist, put the stained portion in sweet milk and let it stand until the milk sours. Hang up the waist and let the milk dry.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
Chlorodyne
The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
Acts like a charm in DIARRHŒA, and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY.
Checks and arrests FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.
The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
The only Palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.
Convincing Medical Testimony accompanies each Bottle.
Sold in Bottles by all Chemists. Prices in England, 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6
Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., London, S.E.
Wholesale Agents - - Lyman Bros. & Co., Limited, Toronto.

RECIPROCITY WAVE HITS YORK COUNTY

Many Conservatives Converted

Crocket Party Alarmed Over Prominence of Deserters

Liberal Convention to Be Held Next Saturday Afternoon, When a Candidate Will Be Selected That Will Give the Standpatters a Further Scare.

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 13—If an election were held in York county tomorrow, with reciprocity the sole issue, there would be no doubt of the result.

Scores of life-long Conservatives have stated that they are in favor of the trade agreement with the United States. Some of them are ardent enough supporters to forsake their politics and vote for the reciprocity condidate, and there are others who, certain that it will be carried in Canada at large, will stick to their politics and at the same time rejoice at reciprocity's victory.

The Tory leaders here are uneasy, they do not know how far this reciprocity wave will go. They see their local leaders hesitating; they hear, with dismay, of the opinions in favor of reciprocity of such powerful supporters, as Ex-Warden John McKeen, of Keswick Ridge; of ex-Alderman Walter Boyce, a large exporter of farm produce, who, by the way, is one of the "British born."

Then there are Frank Clements, of Kingsclear, one of the well known firm of Clement Bros., potato exporters, who is an ardent reciprocity man; Robert Scott, the lumberman, and formerly a large farmer; ex-Councillor Stanley Douglas, of Stanley parish, lumberman and merchant, who has thirty acres planted with potatoes; Coun. Tabor C. Everett, of Kingsclear, who is perhaps one of the biggest and most successful farmers in York county; Howard Rogers, the present warden of York county; Frank McGoldrick, an old merchant of this city, who prospered when the old reciprocity arrangement was in force, is also among those who are strongly in favor of the new agreement.

Crocket Crowd Uneasy.

These are but a few, but they are strong influential men whom the Conservative party has depended upon in the past for its victories. Therefore the Crocket party is uneasy, for the Tory leaders cannot guage the strength of the reciprocity movement.

The party heelers and the Gleaner peepers are watching every movement of the Liberals.

Organizer Carter arrived in town Saturday evening and had a conference in regard to arrangements and date of the Liberal convention. President Edward Moore, of York County Liberal Association will call the Liberals together in convention next Saturday, August 19, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in the Pitts building, when a candidate will be named in opposition to Mr. Crocket and in favor of reciprocity.

Premier Hazen arrived here last night and left this morning by auto for Sunbury on a political mission. Prior to his departure he was closeted with D. F. Maxwell, engineer in charge of the St. John Valley survey.

TWO NOVA SCOTIA GIRLS IN WRECK

Were Aboard Schr. Theresa Wolf, Ashore on Chatham Bar

Were Making the Trip for Pleasure from New York to Windsor, N. S., and Incidentally acting as Cooks—Young Women Made Heroines Of by Chatham Residents.

Boston, Aug. 11—The three-masted schooner Theresa Wolf went ashore at Chatham Bar about 3 o'clock this morning and has become a total wreck, being full of water.

Shortly after the vessel went ashore the crew and men leaving her, began to strip her, tearing away her rigging and other equipments. She has a cargo of coal, bound from Perth Amboy to Windsor, in command of Captain Melbourne Cook, of Waterville (N. S.), who is accompanied by Miss Pansey Dickie and Miss Luella Fraser, and by the captain's ten-year-old son, Henry Cook, all of Waterville.

The young women and boy were accompanying the captain on a trip from New York down home for the pleasure of a summer sea voyage. Miss Dickie said that the vessel's cook had deserted just as they were about to sail from New York, so she and Miss Fraser volunteered to do the cooking for all hands rather than have the vessel delayed, and it proved a very novel and somewhat pleasant experience for them.

They had enjoyed the whole voyage until it came time for them to have the life preservers put on by the life-saving crew this morning, which caused them some trepidation, as it made them fear they might be in more danger than was apparent. All hands landed safely and the girls were made heroines by the Chatham people and summer residents.

Give the farmers, the lumbermen and fishermen their turn. Their prosperity means prosperity for the province.

EMMERSON WILL HAVE A CINCH IN WESTMORLAND

Nominated by Great Convention as Liberal Standard Bearer

MANY CONSERVATIVES WILL VOTE FOR HIM

Declare Openly That Tory Policy Against Reciprocity Has Caused Them to Cut Loose from Party That is Against the Interests of Canadians.

Moncton, N. B., Aug. 10—Hon. H. R. Emmerson was unanimously chosen standard bearer by a large and enthusiastic convention of Westmorland Liberals held here this afternoon.

Every section of the county was well represented and time and time again the convention hall resounded with the enthusiastic applause. The meeting opened at 2.30 o'clock with Dr. E. A. Smith in the chair and Jos. Bourque as secretary. In opening the meeting the chairman spoke in most optimistic terms of the outlook for the party in the approaching election. He paid a high tribute to Hon. H. R. Emmerson, the county's representative for the past three terms, and he was positive that a grateful convention would again tender Mr. Emmerson the nomination and a grateful constituency would again return him as their representative at Ottawa with a larger majority than ever given him before.

Tremendous cheers greeted every reference to Mr. Emmerson. The chairman then called for the election of officers for the coming term. The result was as follows: President, Dr. E. A. Smith; first vice-president, Dr. Alf Gaudet; second vice-president, W. M. Spence; third vice-president, Capt. Carter; secretary, Jos. Bourque; treasurer, W. A. Gass; executive, W. O. Schwartz, Dr. Courtenay Allen and I. N. Killam. A committee composed of Geo. McCord, James McQueen and S. C. Goggin was then appointed to draft out resolutions.

Mr. Emmerson Nominated.

After accepting the position of president for another term, the chairman called for nominations for standard bearer for the coming elections. Dr. C. T. Purdy in a few well chosen remarks nominated Hon. H. R. Emmerson. This was seconded by C. M. Legere. Round after round of applause greeted this nomination, which was made unanimous.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson arose to accept and expressed his gratitude for the high honor shown him. Again the cheering was tremendous. Mr. Emmerson said he had always considered it the highest honor to be a standard bearer for the Liberal party in this county, and he assured the audience that he would ask for no higher position than to be firmly entrenched in the hearts of the people of this county. He had thought that the election of 1908 would have been his last, that he would retire after the present term into private life, but circumstances changed and opinions changed and he had changed, and he had come to this convention with the intention that, if nominated, and particularly if unanimously nominated, that he would accept. These words were greeted with cheers.

"In accepting your nomination," he said, "I do so upon one condition, I accept the government's policy as regards trade relations with the United States unequivocally and without reserve, but you must leave it to me as to the course I shall pursue in my attitude towards transportation questions and question of branch lines by the I. C. R."

He accepted the policy of Sir Wilfrid with regard to reciprocity but the policy of branch lines was the one question alone which made him change his plans and offer again as a candidate.

Mr. Emmerson said ninety per cent of the people of this county would find the reciprocity agreement in their interests. Mr. Emmerson addressed the audience at some length, referring to the chief issues of the campaign.

He was followed by Dr. McAlister, the Liberal nominee for Kings-Albert. Dr. McAlister congratulated the county of Westmorland in having such an able representative as the Hon. Mr. Emmerson. Not only should he be elected but his election should be by acclamation. The Conservative party in Westmorland has found a victim after considerable difficulty but they have no hope of electing him, and if one can imagine him being elected he will be no good, because Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be returned to power with a greater majority than he ever had before.

Senator McSweeney followed, and spoke strongly in favor of enlarged markets and reciprocity agreement with the United States.

Hon. C. W. Robinson was the next speaker and said they needed Hon. H. R. Emmerson at Ottawa to further the reciprocity policy. The common people of both countries, he declared, were for reciprocity, and he hoped every man in the maritime provinces would do his utmost to get this agreement ratified.

Reciprocity Resolution.

Resolutions were then introduced. William B. Fawcett moved a lengthy resolution approving of reciprocity. After the preamble the resolution said:

Resolved, that the Liberal party of Westmorland county pledges its active and uncompromising support to the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier upon this issue.

First—Because we believe that this new market of 90,000,000 will prove an incalculable stimulus to the development of our great natural resources which is the problem confronting Canadian people.

Second—Because it will result in increased production, which demands increased labor, thereby insuring an increased population which is the great essential need of the dominion today.

Third—Because the proposed agreement discriminates against no province of the dominion, while each will share directly in its benefits.

Fourth—Because it interferes with no manufacturing industry of the dominion. Neither will it enrich one class of the country at the expense of the other.

Fifth—Because the ensuing increase of prosperity and wealth will find its way directly to the pockets of the common people, who will earn it by their own industry without favor or special privilege.

Sixth—Because by restoring the New England markets to the maritime provinces our agriculture, fishing, lumbering and coastwise shipping of New Brunswick will reacquire shortly their old time and honorable supremacy, whereby this proud province shall have restored to her a representation in parliament consistent alike with her dignity and the eminence of her public men.

Seventh—Because from east to west the farmers of Canada have made a united demand for the passage of this agreement.

Eighth—Because since confederation the great statesmen and leaders of both parties have endeavored many times to obtain from the United States an agreement similar to the offer now made to us by the United States.

Ninth—Because we believe that the duty of Canada as a loyal member of the great British empire is the promotion of international peace and good will between the peoples of the earth.

Tenth—Because in this measure for the removal of the unnatural restrictions upon the industry and enterprise of our masses we recognize the underlying principles of liberalism, the freedom and true liberty of the subject.

This was seconded by A. B. Copp and carried unanimously.

Hon. C. W. Robinson moved the following resolution:

"That this convention desires to express its entire confidence in the leadership of the Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and its admiration of his brilliant eloquence, his endearing personal qualities and his broad statesmanlike utterances upon all public questions of the day regardless of creed or race."

In moving and seconding the resolution Messrs. Robinson and Leger spoke briefly on its subject. They lauded Sir Wilfrid Laurier for all the qualities expressed in the resolution and felt confident that he would be returned to parliament on September 21 with that increased majority of which he is justly deserving.

Hon. F. J. Sweeney moved a resolution expressing satisfaction with the vigorous policy of the Liberal government for the acquisition of branch railway lines along the system of the I. C. R. This was seconded by W. M. Spence, of Port Elgin, an unanimously adopted.

Geo. R. McCord, Sackville, also spoke in endorsation of the branch line policy.

After this C. E. King, of Port Elgin, a large smoked herring producer, said he had forsaken the ranks of the Conservative party and allied himself with the Liberal party on the reciprocity question. He couldn't support the party that was adverse to this great boon.

Anthony G. Fillmore, farmer and lumberman, of Sackville, also stated he too had forsaken the Conservative ranks and would support the Liberal party in the matter of the reciprocity agreement.

After Mr. Emmerson had again thanked the convention for the confidence reposed in him the meeting adjourned with cheers for the king, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. H. R. Emmerson.

FOWLER TO TRY AGAIN IN KINGS

Was Nominated at Convention of Conservatives in Double Riding in Sussex Opera House Yesterday Afternoon.

Sussex, N. B., Aug. 11—The Conservatives of Kings-Albert held their convention here this afternoon and nominated Geo. W. Fowler, ex-M. P., to be their standard bearer in the coming election. The convention, which was largely attended, was held in the Opera House, and Col. M. Montgomery Campbell presided.

Mr. Fowler's nomination was moved by Thomas A. Kelley, of Hammond, and seconded by Dr. C. A. Murray, of Albert. Speeches were made by the candidate, Geo. D. Prescott, M. P. P., W. B. Dickson, M. P. P., J. D. O'Connell, M. W. Doherty, of St. John; J. A. Murray, M. P. P., and F. M. Sproul, M. P. P.

To make lemon butter use the grated rind and juice of one lemon, one cupful of sugar, a teaspoonful of butter and two eggs beaten together. Boil and stir until it thickens.

A mixture of wood ashes and raw potato is excellent for cleaning knives. A piece of the potato dipped in the ashes and used as a buffer will answer the purpose.

THE SCHEME OF THE "INTERESTS"

PUTTING THEIR HEADS TOGETHER.

Canadian "Interests"—You see, we're spending big money for anti-reciprocity dope in the papers, and——

Yankee "Interests"—Bosh! You can't fool 'em that way! Buy 'em up! Boodle's our only hope. We're licked in the states, and we've got to win here no matter what it costs, and don't you forget it!—Toronto Globe.

RETURNING OFFICERS FOR NEW BRUNSWICK

A. O. Skinner for St. John City and County---Sheriff Freeze for Kings-Albert--A. A. Sterling for York---Nova Scotia and P. E. I. Officials.

Ottawa, Aug. 10—The returning officers have been named as follows:

Carleton—Wm. A. Hayward, Woodstock.

Charlotte—Sheriff R. A. Stuart, St. Andrews.

Gloucester—Jerome Boudreau, Elm street.

Kent—John B. Gogain, Cocagne.

Kings and Albert—Sheriff Fred W. Freeze, Sussex.

Northumberland—Sheriff J. E. O'Brien, Nelson.

Restigouche—J. C. McLean, Charlo.

St. John city, St. John city and county—Alfred O. Skinner, St. John.

Victoria—Levite A. Gagnon, Edmundston.

Westmorland—Joseph A. McQueen, Dorchester.

York—Alexander A. Sterling, Fredericton.

Sunbury and Queens—Not named.

In Nova Scotia H. F. A. Smith is returning officer for Digby, Edwin Gates for Annapolis, Charles A. McLennan for Colchester and R. B. H. Davidson for Cumberland.

Prince Edward Island—Kings, Sheriff Daniel F. MacDonald, Montague; Prince, Dougald Wright, Summerside; Queens, Sheriff George Coombs, Charlottetown.

TO RUSH WORK ON THE MONCTON G.T.P. TERMINALS

Moncton, Aug. 10—By this time next week the site for the new Grand Trunk Pacific terminals at the west end of the city will, if nothing unforseen happens, present a busy appearance. It is the intention to proceed immediately with the work, and messrs. Corbett and Fleesch, the contractors, are expected to have the most of their plant here the latter part of next week, and begin the excavation work with a rush.

Speaking with your correspondent last evening L. H. Wheaton, divisonal engineer of No. 1 division of the Transcontinental Railway, talked very interestingly of the proposed work. Mr. Corbett, a member of the firm of contractors, would be here tomorrow, he said, and it was expected that the greater portion of the Corbett and Fleesch plant would be on the scene before the end of next week. Four steam shovels, he said, would be employed in the excavating.

Speaking of the yard, Mr. Wheaton stated that it would be about a mile in length on the main line side, and would contain about thirty sidings. Over ten miles of track would be laid in the yard proper.

The buildings, he continued, would include a round house, machine shops, coal sheds, a rest house for the trainmen, divisional offices and all other necessary buildings for a first-class terminal. The total expenditure was estimated at close to $525,000.

Messrs. Corbett and Floesch, Mr. Wheaton went on, would put on a good force of men early next week and have instructions to push the work to completion as speedily as possible. The ties and rails were all being delivered yesterday for the temporary track to be used in connection with the construction, so that when the contractors' plant arrives, they would be able to proceed immediately with the work.

"Is it not true that the yard and buildings proposed are to be considered a part of the railway, government owned and leased to the company in the same manner as the main line?" Mr. Wheaton was asked.

"That is correct," was the reply. "Everything but the rolling stock will revert back to the government at the expiration of the lease term of fifty years. We of the Transcontinental have to do with all construction such as this and the only negotiations which the company will have to carry on prior to the completion of the proposed work will be in the line of arrangements for tax and water concessions with the city. The Transcontinental commissioners have themselves acquired the land and all construction on work comes under the supervision of the Transcontinental Railway."

Asked how much of the work they expected to have completed before the winter months, Mr. Wheaton stated that they expected to have the grading done, the tracks laid and the round house finished on the outside so that they would be able to proceed with the work on the interior during the cold weather. All the outside of the buildings would be completed, if possible, and in that case there would be no halt in the work.

Speaking again of the yards and houses, Mr. Wheaton said the former would be exactly 650 feet wide at its largest part. He touched especially on the rest house for the men, and stated that it would be one of the most modern possible to be constructed. Shower baths and the like that make for convenience and comfort would be installed.

All the land necessary, Mr. Wheaton stated, had been acquired, with the exception of one holding, and that would be expropriated. The land question had been occupying their attention for some months past. They had been endeavoring to acquire it by private negotiations, and had experienced difficulty in the matter of only one holding.

"We have been actively engaged on this matter ever since last spring. It began with the visit here of the general manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific, E. J. Chamberlain," said Mr. Wheaton in conclusion.

ANDOVER GARDEN PARTY

Andover, N. B., Aug. 11—On Thursday afternoon Senator and Mrs. Baird gave a garden party in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McDonald and Dr. J. H. and Mrs. King of Cranbrook (B. C.); Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Duncan, of Toronto, and Miss Edith Edgecombe, of Fredericton.

Mrs. Baird was gowned in white bordered chiffon over heliotrope satin, and was assisted in receiving by her daughter Mrs. Malcolm McDonald, who wore white chiffon embroidered with blue, over white, and Mrs. J. H. King, who wore white lace over rose silk.

The Andover Brass Band was in attendance, and refreshments were served during the afternoon. Miss Frances Vanwart, of Fredericton, Miss Edith Baird, Miss Muriel Baird and Miss Kathleen Beveridge looked very dainty in their white dresses, serving the iced drinks.

About eighty ladies and gentlemen were present, and the many pretty costumes of the ladies made a very animated scene.

Miss Edith Edgecombe wore a pretty costume of cream chiffon with oriental embroidery; Mrs. D. B. Puddington, of Grand Falls, silk and white lace; Miss May Armstrong of Boston, bordered white chiffon over pink; Miss Annie Armstrong, of Boston, white lace with rose trimmings; Miss May Black, of Boston, white embroidered costume; Miss Edna Powers, St. John, champagne voile; Miss Costigan, Grand Falls, white costume; Mrs. Graham, of Ottawa, green silk; Miss Mary Stewart, of Boston, costume of heliotrope chiffon and satin; Mrs. Thomas Allen, of Bangor, grey silk; Mrs. Wesley Vanwart, Fredericton fawn silk costume with blue trimmings; Mrs. Edward Shay, of Baltimore, white silk mull; Mrs. Wiley, of Montreal, blue silk; Mrs. Gillman, of Woodstock, white embroidered net; Miss Prince, of St. John, white costume.

Mr. Downing, of the G. T. P., was also a guest, having come from Grand Falls by automobile with Dr. and Mrs. Puddington and Mrs. Costigan.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Duncan, of Toronto, are the guests of Senator and Mrs. Baird.

Malcolm McDonald and Dr. J. H. King returned to Cranbrook (B. C.), today, while Mrs. McDonald and Mrs. King remain for a longer visit.

Mrs. Bates, of Halifax is visiting her daughter, Mrs. N. J. Wootten.

Mrs. Samson and daughter, Marion, of Caribou (Me.), are visiting Mrs. Thomas Cameron.

Bicarbonate of soda, if taken before meals, a small portion in a glass of water, will reduce the flesh.

BIG COURTENAY BAY WORKS START SOON

NEW LIGHTING PLANT FOR I.C.R. ABOUT READY

Will Supply Illumination Now Secured from Three Sources

THE OLD AND THE NEW

Power from Station at Rear of Elevator Will Be Capable of Lighting Whole Property from Long Wharf to Island Yard—Money Saver, Too.

In accordance with the policy for efficiency and advancement which obtains upon the Intercolonial Railway will be the new electric lighting plant designed to serve the termina buildings at this city. The plan has been brought near completion and in a few days the lights from the new power will be flashed on.

Since May 1 the work at the government elevator has been quietly and rapidly rushed and on Saturday morning a staff of electricians arrived from headquarters at Moncton to cut the wires and establish the new connections and put the final touches upon the elaborate system.

Heretofore the government railway at St. John furnished only a part of their lighting, using a small plant situated at the rear of the elevator building. A small dynamo had a capacity sufficient to furnish electricity for 250 sixteen candle power lamps. In addition a plant at the new roundhouse had sufficient power for lighting the arc lights of 100 candle power throughout the yard. The latter plant installed some years ago, was antequated and as great strides have been made in the way of cheapening electricity it was found that the cost of production was greater than was commensurate with the service rendered.

The St. John Railway Company also has had a contract to supply power for lighting the train sheds and freight sheds Nos. 3, 4, 5, 9 and 13.

All Now from New Plant.

The power secured at present from the three sources will be obtained after the present week from the new plant installed at the rear of the Intercolonial elevator. Owing to the introduction of the latest appliances and the greater economy of a single plant, the board of management expect to save from $3,000 to $5,000 yearly by the installation.

Last week a horizontal tubular boiler was placed in position and a crew of masons are at present completing the foundation and the fencing in work. The boiler is sixteen feet long and is seventy-two inches in diameter and has a capacity of 130 horse power.

Near the brick smokestack an enlargement of the boiler house to accommodate the new boiler has been almost completed. The addition is thirty feet by forty and is one story. The new electric dynamo, manufactured by the General Electris Company, Ltd., of Toronto and Peterboro, was placed in position some time ago and is now ready for operation.. It is described as a Robb side crank engine and is directly connected alternating current generator. By a current of 2,300 volts it has a capacity of 105 kilowats.

In connection, a large switchbord with four panels in position. All the necessary instruments for measuring, recording and handling the current have been furnished. With a capacity of 105 kilowtes the new plant will furnish sufficient power for any contingency. As one kilowat is equivalent to 1 1-3 horse power, and one horse power furnishes ten sixteen candle power amps the new dynamo would, if necessary, supply power for 1,400 lamps of that type. After the present week the plant will furnish power to illuminate the various I. C. R. terminal buildings and yards, including the Union depot and yards, the elevator, freight and train sheds, the roundhouse, the island yards and Long wharf.

FUNERAL OF MRS. F. R. DYKEMAN

Jemseg, Aug. 10—The funeral of the late Mrs. F. R. Dykeman, widow of Gilbert C. Dykeman, and one of the oldest and most respected residents of Jemseg, took place August 8, in the Dykeman cemetery. The deceased was in her usual good health up to Wednesday last, when she was seized with paralysis and, never rallying, passed peacefully away on Monday morning. Four sons survive her—Chas. D., and Tilley, of Jemseg; Milburn, of Boston, and Rev. A. T., of Halifax. All the members of the family, except the latter, were present at the funeral, which was one of the largest seen here for many years. Mrs. Dykeman had been a member of the Baptist church here since 1849, and had actively engaged in Christian work. She was a great reader, had a wonderful memory and felicity of expression. Her genial laugh and bright conversation was always cheering and helpful, and won for her a host of friends, by whom she was affectionately called Aunt Fanny. She was a charter member of the Jemseg Branch of the United Baptist Women's Missionary Aid Society, which was formed here forty-one years ago, and took the fullest interest in the foreign missionary enterprise. At the last annual missionary meeting she recited a beautiful poem of considerable length, without a falter, which was a remarkable feat for a woman over eighty-eight years of age. The services were conducted by the Rev. C. G. Pincombe, who passed an eulogy upon the character of his departed friend, and he also sang a solo, The Christian's Good Night. The deceased's favorite hymns, Jesus Lover of My Soul; Shall We Gather at the River, and Forever With the Lord, were sung. The flowers and weaths were beautiful. The one from her four sons, with the word "mother" worked in choice flowers and moss, being very beautiful.

The best way to build up the Empire is to build up Canada. Larger free markets for Canadian products will bring that result.

Engineers Figuring on the Tenders

Three Prominent British Concerns Submit Offers

Each Deposits $500,000 as a Forfeit, and Government is Anxious That Work Should Start This Fall, So as to Be Ready to Handle Grand Trunk Pacific Freight.

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—Hon. Dr. Pugsley returned from St. John today for the purpose of giving his immediate attention to the tenders, which have been received for the great Courtenay Bay harbor and dry dock work.

The department of public works, during the summer, prepared comprehensive plans for turning Courtenay Bay into a great modern harbor by dredging out an entrance and basin and wharf sites and providing for the construction of wharves as well as a breakwater to give shelter and a dry dock with shipbuilding yards.

The plans were approved by the government, on the recommendation of Dr. Pugsley, and the conviction that the completion of the National Transcontinental Railway will so increase the growing business of the port of St. John, that no time should be lost in providing facilities for the trade.

Will Cost Millions.

The work will cost millions.

The construction firms of the world were invited to tender and offers have been received from three of the largest concerns in Great Britain. The companies which have made bids for this work are: Sir John Jackson, Ltd.; Sir Weatman Pearson, Ltd., and Norton Griffiths, Ltd.

Each has carried out great works in many parts of the world and each in this case has deposited with the department $500,000 as a pledge of good faith.

Tenders have been opened but until the engineers of the public works department have figured them out it is impossible to say which is the lowest and therefore the one to be accepted.

The tenders are now in the hands of the engineers, and they are busy upon them. Their report will be made at the earliest possible moment. As soon as this is done the government will be advised which is the lowest tender, a contract will be signed between the government and the successful firm and the work will then be commenced at once. It will likely be under way this fall.

LIBERALS WILL MAKE SWEEP OF PRAIRIE LANDS

Regina Barrister, on a Visit Here, Says Laurier Men Will Surely Win

Tories Strengthened Liberals by Supporting Reciprocity; Some Now Weaken Themselves by Trying to Back Down—Gains for Government Predicted in the Three Provinces.

Friday, Aug. 11

That the prospects look bright for a Liberal sweep in the west was the word brought to the city yesterday by J. A. Allan, of the law firm of Allan, Gordon & Bryant, of Regina (Sask.), who arrived here yesterday accompanied by his wife and two daughters. They are at the Royal. In Saskatchewan, he said, indications point towards the Conservatives losing the one seat they hold at present. The action of the Conservatives in the local house there endorsing a resolution in favor of reciprocity had added greatly to the hands of the Liberals. Some of the Conservatives who supported the resolution were now trying to back down but in doing this they were only injuring themselves.

"We did not understand the terms of the agreement when we voted for it," they say.

A fatal admission for public men to make, remarked Mr. Allan, to say that 'they did not understand what they were voting for."

Another hard nut for the Conservatives to crack was the fact that Mr. Haultain, the opposition leader in Saskatchewan, was a hearty advocate of the reciprocity agreement. In both Alberta and Manitoba the Liberals were sure of making gains. In Alberta they counted on taking at least five out of the seven seats. The farmers were united for reciprocity and no one realized this more than Mr. Borden himself after his recent western tour.

WHAT IS THE ANSWER?

Merrill Tracey, of Lakeville, was here on Saturday. He said he hauled to Monticello Me., one load of oats and five loads of potatoes and paid on them $92—duty out of his own pocket. Do we want reciprocity?—Hartland Observer.

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THREE HUNDRED BAPTIST WOMEN TO BE IN CONVENTION IN CITY OF ST. JOHN THIS WEEK

Baptist Missionary Union Meetings—The List of Delegates and Where They Are to Be Found—Reception to Visitors on Tuesday Evening.

With the convening of the executive at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning in the Germain street Baptist church, the convention of the United Baptist Women's Missionary Union of the Maritime Provinces will start with a large attendance, a good programme and many auguries of success. The members of the executive, which numbers about seventy, with the exception of the members resident in the city, will commence to arrive this evening. The general delegates will arrive tomorrow in time for the opening of the convention proper on Wednesday morning.

The president of the union for the year 1910-11 is Mrs. David Hutchinson, wife of Rev. Dr. Hutchinson of this city. The other officers of the executive belonging to this city are Mrs. A. C. Smith, vice-president; Mrs. C. R. Fullerton, recording secretary; Mrs. W. E. McIntyre, superintendent of mission bands, and Mrs. C. H. Horsman, secretary of the bureau of literature, and Mrs. E. M. Sipprell, editor of Maritime Baptist column.

On the regular executive staff the following members are of the city: Mrs. N. C. Scott, Mrs. J. S. Smith, Miss Phoebe Vanwart, Miss L. J. Fullerton, Mrs. T. S. Simms, Mrs. J. J. Gillis, Mrs. E. B. Jones, Mrs. H. H. Roach, Mrs. J. R. Richards, Mrs. E. L. Strange, Mrs. J. N. Golding, Mrs. Longmaid, Mrs. H. L. Everett and Mrs. Thomas Robinson.

The Delegates.

A reception will be tendered to the visiting delegates on Tuesday evening in Germain street church rooms by the central committee. The 300 delegates will be entertained in the various Baptist homes of the city. The list of the delegates and their entertainers is as follows:

Mrs. John Firstbrook, with Mrs. T. H. Estabrooks, Miss Nora Shand, Windsor (N. S.); Mrs. A. E. Slipp, Hampstead, with Mrs. T. H. Estabrook, 102 Mount Pleasant.

Mrs. A. C. Martell, Wolfville; Mrs. Morse Balcom, Lawrencetown, with Mrs. J. A. Clarke, 83 Queen street.

Mrs. L. F. Wallace, Paradise (N. S.), Mrs. C. S. McLaren, Springfield (N. S.); Mrs. F. D. Swim, Doaktown (N. B.), with Mrs. C. E. Harding, 58 Queen street.

Miss Flora Clarke, India; Mrs. W. C. Goucher, St. Stephen; Mrs. H. G. Mellick, Lawrencetown (N. S.); Mrs. W. H. Robinson, Point de Bute; Mrs. A. Kennedy, Hartland, with Mrs. E. M. Sipprell, 164 Queen street.

Mrs. J. W. Manning, Wolfville; Mrs. J. Kempton, Wolfville; Mrs. George A. Lawson, with Mrs. A. Vaughan, 73 Mecklenburg street.

Mrs. George A. Lawson, Moncton, with Mrs. W. C. Cross, 218 Germain street.

Mrs. E. A. Branscombe, Chipman; Mrs. R. Demmings, Chipman, with Mrs. W. E. McIntyre, 340 Main street.

Rev. W. F. Paterson, Edmonton (Alta.), guest of Mrs. David McLellan at Clifton House.

Mrs. Mary Smith, Amherst, with Mrs F. Vaughan, 269 Charlote street.

Miss Margaret West, Moncton; Miss Irene West, Moncton, with Mrs. C. A. Rutherford, 116 Carmarthen street.

Rev. J. A. Glendenning, India; Mrs. Glendenning, and Miss Jean Glendenning, with Mrs. T. S. Simms, 256 Germain tareet.

Mrs. E. A. Titus, St. Martins, with Mrs. H. H. Mott, 13 Germain street.

Mrs. J. B. Robinson, St. Stephen, guest of Mrs. E. L. Rising at Mrs. Seeds, 145 Duke street.

Mrs. Margaret Jones, St. Stephen, guest of Mrs. E. L. Rising at Mrs. Seeds'.

Miss Alfretta Estabrooks, Florenceville, guest of Mrs. Garfield White, at Mrs. Seeds'.

Mrs. Jane E. Bridges, Coldstream, guest of Mrs. Garfield White at Mrs. Seeds'.

Mrs. P. R. Foster, Berwick (N. S.), guest of Mrs. J. A. Steeves, 171 Charlotte street.

Miss Addie Cogswell, Port William (N. S.), guest of Mrs. R. G. Haley, at Miss Cassidy's, 73 Mecklenburg street.

Mrs. J. C. Spurr, Great Village, guest of Mrs. R. G. Haley, at Miss Casidy's.

Mrs. Henry Colpitts, Intervale, guest of Mrs. S. H. Davis, at Mrs. R. H. Clarke's, 17 Horsfield street.

Miss Elizabeth Gillespie, Amherst, guest of Mrs. W. H. Barnaby, at Mrs. Seeds'.

Mrs. J. N. Seaman, Walton (N. S.), guest of Mrs. W. H. Barnaby, at Mrs. Seeds'.

Miss Ada A. Barker, Berwick (N. S.), guest of Mrs. J. R. Calhoun, at Mrs. Seymour's.

Mrs. Wesley Phinney, Bear River (N. S.), guest of Mrs. D. Hunt, at Mrs. C. Estey's, 141 Orange street.

Miss Hazel Purdy, Bear River (N. S.), guest of Mrs. D. Hunt, at Mrs. C. Estey's.

Mrs. J. N. Hines, Port George (N. S.), guest of Mrs. W. Waring, at Mrs. Stevens', 49 Sydney street.

Mrs. Robie Millard, Liverpool (N. S.); Mrs. John Millard, Liverpool (N. S.); Miss Clara Porter, Truro; Mrs. J. W. Spurden, Fredericton, guests of Rev. F. S. Porter, 51 Queen street.

Mrs. Campbell Creelman, Truro (N. S.), guest of Mrs. T. Robinson at Mrs. Seeds'.

Mrs. W. Cahill, Halifax, guest of Mrs. Waring, at Miss Roach's, 178 Wentworth street.

Mrs. James McLuckie, Hampton; Mrs. D. B. Shaffner, Halifax; Mrs. J. F. Burditt, Middleton (N. S.), with Mrs. W. F. Burditt, Crouchville.

Mrs. G. M. Russel, Hopewell, guest of Mrs. James Estey, at Mrs. C. Estey's.

Mrs. W. MacKinnon, Fredericton, guest of Mrs. James Estey, at Mrs. C. Estey's.

Mrs. W. O. Slipp, Hampton, guest of Mrs. H. L. Everett, at Miss Coleman's, 242 Germain street.

Mrs. A. E. McLeod, Parrsboro, guest of Mrs. H. L. Everett, at Miss Coleman's.

Miss Laura Silliker, Sackville, guest of H. L. Everett, at Miss Coleman'.

Mrs. W. H. White, Sussex, with Mrs. F. E. Holman, 262 St. James street; Mrs. W. F. Alton, Sussex, with Mrs. F. E. Holman, 262 St. James street.

Mrs. Cyrus Burtt, Fredericton, guest of Mrs. A. B. Gilmour, at R. H. Clarke's, 17 Horsefield street.

Mrs. Ashley Nason, Fredericton; Miss Louisa Wortman, Salisbury, with Mrs. Holman, 16 Queen street.

Mrs. F. W. Derge, New Germany, guest of Mrs. W. H. Colwell, at King's Daughters' Guild, 13 Prince William street.

Mrs. J. O. Miller, Newcastle (N. B.), guest at Mrs. W.C. Cross, at Miss Roach's, 178 Wentworth street.

Mrs. A. A. Rutledge, Temperance Vale, at Miss Roach's, 178 Wentworth street.

Mrs. C. E. Brander, Narrows, with Mrs. Thorne, 178 Brittain street.

Mrs. M. E. Bailey, Mrs. E. Yeamans, Mrs. Stanley Bailey, Newcastle, with Mrs. N. C. Scott, 99 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. W. J. Crossman, Dorchester, guest of Miss B. McLeod, at Mrs. R. H. Clark's, 17 Horsefield street.

Mrs. W. W. Black and Mrs. Alexander Christie, Amherst, with Mrs. E. B. Jones, 144 Duke street.

Mrs. McQuarrie, Canning (N. S.), guest of Miss Alice Estey, at Mrs. Seeds'.

Mrs. R. Plint, Chipman, with Mrs Plint, Main street.

Mrs. J. H. Jenner, North Sydney (C. B.), with Mrs. J. Hamblet Wood, Prince William street.

Miss Rebecca Bennett, and Mrs. Ada J. Bennett, Hopewell, with Mrs. Bedford Bishop, 34 Adelaide street.

Mrs. J. M. Love, Hopewell, Clifton House.

Miss Daisy Murdoch, Fredericton, guest of Mrs. E. Archibald, at Mrs. W. H. Todd's, 340 Main street.

Miss Muriel Steepel, Hampton, guest of Mrs. E. Archibald, at Mrs. W. H. Todd's.

Mrs. John McLelland, Lindsay (N. B.), guest of Mrs. B. Robertson, at Mrs. W. H. Todd's.

Mrs. W. C. Snow, Moncton, Mrs. J. L. Peck, Hillsboro; Mrs. J. Lewis, Hillsboro; Mrs. W. W. Pineo, Waterville (N. S.), with Mrs. W. H. Marr, 243 Germain street.

Mrs. S. R. Lantz, Melvern Square, (N. S.), guest of Miss Berryman, at Mrs. R. H. Clark's, 17 Horsefield street.

Mrs. Rose Clarke, Centreville (N. B.), guest of Miss Berryman, at Mrs. R. H. Clarke's.

Miss Ora B. Elliott, Port George, at Mrs. Steevens, 49 Sydney street.

Mrs. Nelson G. Smith, Halifax (N. S.), guest of Mrs. Clinton Brown, at Mrs. T. Gard's 148 Germain street.

Mrs. Charles N. Butcher, Halifax (N. S.), guest of Mrs. A. Burns, at Miss Roach's, 178 Wentworth street.

Mrs. S. A. McDougal and Mrs. H. H. Hennigar, Chester Basin (N. S.), and Mrs. M. B. Whitman, Sable River, with Mrs. Corkum, 141 Wright street.

Mrs. A. B. Cohoe, Halifax, with Mrs. R. T. Worden, 272 King street, east.

Mrs. Henry Dimmock, Windsor (N. S.), and Mrs. A. O. Sharpe, Windsor, (N. S.), with Mrs. L. A. Belyea, 272 King street, east.

Mrs. Angelina Bailey and Mrs. J. W. Payson, Westport, with Miss Kierstead, 201 Duke street.

Mrs. F. B. Seeley, Norton (N. B.), with Mrs. C. I. Keith, 55 Wright street.

Mrs. Ernest Bishop, Summerset (N. S.), Mrs. J. W. Reid, Mrs. J. H. McDonald, Miss Daisy McKenzie, Fredericton (N. B.), and Miss B. Woodworth, Sackville (N. B.), with Mrs. J. Golding, sr., 106 Waterloo street.

Mrs. W. L. McCain, Fredericton (N.B.), with Mrs. T. M. Belyea, 20 Paddock street.

Mrs. Jackson Steeves, Moncton (N. B.), with Mrs. Hoyt, St. Patrick street.

Mrs. Trueman Colpitts, Moncton (N. B.), and Mrs. Sherman Colpitts, Forest Glen, with Mrs. L. C. Prime, 127 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. J. N. Barnes, Oak Point, guest of Mrs. B. N. Nobles, at Ferris' Hotel, Main street.

Mrs. C. W. Sables, Bay View (P. E. I.), with Mrs. Kierstead, Rockland Road.

Mrs. S. F. Stevens, Harvey (N. B.); Mrs. Alfred Bishop, Harvey (N. B.) with Mrs. Jas. Taylor, 29 Victoria street.

Mrs. Milton McLean, Chipman, with Miss Julia Pine, Metcalf street.

Mrs. F. S. Stevens, Harvey (N. B.), guest of Mrs. Cameron, at Mrs. Alley's, 233 Main street.

Mrs. J. O'Neil, Barton (N. S.); Mrs. Charles Van Blarcom, with Mrs. R. E. Akerlty, 157 Adelaide street.

Mrs. S. J. Perry, North Perry (N. B.); Miss Julia Bailey, Gibson, with Mrs. Arthur Vanwart, Victoria street.

Mrs. Freeman Beadsley, Port Lorne (N. S.) with Mrs. J. Appleby, Victoria street.

Miss Lucy McAuley, Millstream (N. B.); Mrs. L. W. Kierstead, Millstream (N. B.), at A. H. Patterson's, 17 Brindley street.

Miss Nellie Sulis, Smith's Cove (N. S.); Mrs. G. D. Milbury, Parrsboro N. S.), with Mrs. E. N. Stockford, Westmorland road.

Mrs. B. H. Simpson, New Germany (N. S.); Mrs. Robinson, Fredericton (N. B.), with Mrs. F. R. Boyer, Fairville.

Miss A. A. Wadman, Charlottetown (P. E. I.); Mrs. T. W. McAdam, Hartland (N. B.), with Mrs. E. L. Strange, 156 Guilford street.

Mrs. G. W. Schurman, Bear River (N. S.), with Mrs. J. R. Richards, 254 Charlotte street, West End.

Mrs. Havelock Corey, Fredericton (N. B.), guest of Miss Clara Fullerton, at Mrs. McAfee's, 160 Princess street.

Mrs. J. E. Wilson, Fredericton (N. B.), guest of Mrs. J. S. Clarke, at Mrs. McAfee's, 160 Princess street.

Mrs. D. G. Harlow Bridgetown (N. S.); Mrs. J. W. Peters, with Mrs. Alfred Hartt, City Line, West End.

Mrs. H. H. Saunders, Sussex (N. B.); Miss Winifred Bunker, Resiagornish (N. B.), with Mrs. Otis Hoyt, 93 Duke street, West End.

Mrs. F. Boyer, Victoria (N. B.); Mrs. Wallace Taylor, Salisbury (N. B.), with Mrs. A. C. Smith, 300 Watson street.

Mrs. James H. Brown, Corn Hill (N. B.); Mrs. Hollie Bailey, Newcastle Bridge (N. B.) with Mrs. J. P. Coes, 195 Prince street, West End.

Mrs. W. A. Bishop, Lawrencetown (N. S.), with Mrs. A. V. DeWolf, 102 Mecklenburg street.

Mrs. George Burden, Lower Southampton (N. B.), with Mrs. J. I. Davis, 170 Duke street.

Mrs. Chute, Clementsvale (N. S.), with Mrs. W. S. Black, 102 Adelaide street.

Mrs. M. S. Cox, Intervale (N. B.), with Mrs. C. H. Horseman, 242 City Road.

Miss Maud Craft, Belyea's Cove (N. B.), with Mrs. J. J. Gillies 218 Duke street.

Mrs. J. Cornill, Weymouth (N. S.), with Mrs. C. Farnham, 76 Queen street.

Mrs. J. L. Cornwall, Smith's Cove (N. S.), with Mrs. R. A. E. Mitchell, 17 Exmouth street.

Mrs. A. S. Dykeman, Halifax (N. S.), with Mrs. W. Camp, 8 Wentworth street.

Mrs. S. C. Freeman, Parlakimedi, India, with Mrs. I. B. Kierstead, 133 Paradise Row.

Miss Jennie Fowler, The Narrows (N. B.); with Mrs. Dr. Davis, Wentworth Hall, corner Wentworth street and Elliott Row.

Mrs. Charles Fraser, Dartmouth (N. S.), with Mrs. E. Clark, 414 Union street.

Mrs. J. B. Ganong, Havelock (N. B.), with Mrs. W. Camp, 8 Wentworth street.

Mrs. John Gamble, Tryon (P. E. I.), guest of Miss Waterbury, at Mrs. Chas. Dixon's, 12 Pitt street.

Miss Millie Gamble, Tryon (P. E. I.), guest of Miss Waterbury, at Mrs. Chas. Dixon's, 12 Pitt street.

Mrs. Claude Gilman, Lower Southampton (N. B.), with Mrs. J. L. Davis, 176 Duke street.

Miss S. E. Hall, Grand Ligne, Quebec, with Mrs. J. J. Gillies, 218 Duke street.

Mrs. W. G. Holland, Torbrook (N. S.), with Mrs. Wm. Farnham, 43 Carmarthen street.

Mrs. C. D. Hicks, McLoughlin Road (N. B.); Mrs. Alonzo Jones, McLaughlin Road N. B.), with Mrs. R. Colter, 180 Union street.

Mrs. E. J. Lewis, Westbrook Mills (N. S.), with Mrs. Wm. Farnham, 43 Carmarthen street.

Mrs. Alberta McGorman, Hopewell (N. B.), with Mrs. Uriah Hatfield, 10 Sydney street.

Mrs. G. B. Mailing, Halifax (N. S.), with Miss B. Brundige, 306 Princess street.

Miss Lily Parker, Torbrook Mines (N. S.), with Miss A. M. Steadman, 161 Germain street.

Mrs. J. L. Newton, Grand Harbor (N. B.), with Mrs. M. Watt, 151 City Road.

Mrs. F. E. Roop, Wellington (N. S.), with Mrs. A. D. Wilson, 378 Princess street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Redding, Kemptville (N. S.), with Mrs. Chas. Dixon, Pitt street.

Miss Ethel Randall, Kemptville (N. S.), with Mrs. Chas. Marshall, 253 Brittain street.

Mrs. James Robinson, Narrows (N. B.), with Mrs. F. K. McArthur, 122 Adelaide street.

Mrs. H. C. Read, Sackville (N. B.), with Mrs. I. B. Kjerstead, 133 Paradise Row.

Miss Ada Smith, Halifax (N. S.), with Mrs. Uriah Hatfield, 10 Sydney street.

Mrs. Edgar Shaffner, Lawrencetown (N. S.), with Mrs. A. V. DeWolf, 102 Mecklenburg street.

Mrs. Carl Rockwell, Amherst (N. S.), with Miss Sinclair, 301 Union street.

Mrs. A. G. Hume and Mrs. E. M. Charlton, Dalhousie East (N. S.), with Mrs. A. Noddin, Bridge street.

Mrs. Baker and Mrs. N. W. Foster, Halifax, with Mrs. Fred Miller, Victoria street.

Mrs. H. G. Mellick, Lawrencetown (N. S.); Mrs. W. C. Goucher, St. Stephen; Mrs. W. H. Robinson, Point de Bute (N. B.), Miss Flora Clarke, with Mrs. E. M. Sipprell, 164 Queen street.

Mrs. F. C. Scultz, Hampstead (N. B.), Mrs. W. A. Snalling, St. Martins (N. B.), with Mrs. H. Prime.

Mrs. Lavina Willet, Nictaux Falls (N. S.); Mrs. John Graham, Woodstock (N. B.), with Mrs. J. A. Gallop, 135 Victoria street.

Miss Anna Stockford, Hibernia (N. B.), with Estabrooks Hotel.

Mrs. Henry Kelly, North Sydney (C. B.), Mrs. A. J. Freeze, Mrs. H. H. Saunders, Sussex, Mrs. James D. Hunter, Fredericton, with Mrs. R. C. Elkin, 141 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. J. G. A. Belyea, Doaktown, with Mrs. F. Flewwelling, Douglas avenue.

Mrs. O. Patriquin, Norton (N. B.); Mrs. D. L. Gray, Lindsay, Carleton Co. (N. B.), with Mrs. Z. O. Wilson, Kennedy street.

Mrs. J. B. Hogan, Elgin (N. B.), Mrs. J. Herrett Colpitts, Elgin (N. B.), with Mrs. Fred Gallop, 135 Victoria street.

Miss Morse, Middleton (N. S.), Miss H. Spurr, Melvern Square (N. S.), with Mrs. W. H. White, 180 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. A. Kennedy, Hartland (N. B.), with Mrs. E. M. Sipprell, 164 Queen street.

Mrs. Latchy, Moncton, with Mrs. Robert Buck, 59 Victoria street.

Mrs. T. T. Mersereau with Mrs. J. R. Vanwart, 83 Albert street.

Mrs. I. A. Corbett and Mrs. F. J. Steeves, Hillsboro (N. B.), with Mrs. F. E. Benjamin, 247 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. J. D. Spicer, Kentville (N. S.); Mrs. N. A. Whitman, Kingston (N. S.), with Mrs. R. A. Christie, 135 Victoria street.

Mrs. W. D. Smith and Mrs. Andrew Hoyt, Hoyt (N. B.), and Mrs. Barton, Cumberland Bay (N. B.), with Mrs. W. A. L. Thorne, 37 Somerset street.

Mrs. John Flemming, Woodstock (N. B.), Mrs. Phineas Banks, Port Lorne (N. S.), with Mrs. Charles Thorne, 214 Rockland Road.

Mrs. George Morrison, Moncton, Miss Marian Hopkins, Yarmouth, with Mrs. D. Hutchinson, 41 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. Robert Flewwelling, Mrs. Judson Slipp, Hampton Village, with Mrs. Fred Flewwelling, 187 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. George Logan, Gibson, Mrs. Loran Perry, Freeport (N. S.), Miss Helen Price, Midland (N. B.), with Mrs. J. A. McIntyre, 41 Douglas avenue.

Mrs. A. A. Henry, Miss Carrie Henry, River Glade (N. B.), with Mrs. G. Dykeman, 90 Main street.

Mrs. G. Prescott, Walton, Hants Co. (N. S.), Mrs. C. Pentz, Halifax, with Mrs. M. Chapman, 7 Elgin street.

Mrs. J. H. Lloyd, McDonald's Corner (N. B.), Miss Minnie Miller, Fredericton, with Mrs. W. H. Todd, 340 Main street.

Mrs. Arthur Bezanson, Port Williams (N. S.), Miss Lois Kennedy, Mahone Bay (N. S.), with Mrs. E. A. Allaby, Victoria street.

E. P. Gilliatt, Mrs. Minard D. Bent, Granville Centre (N. S.), with Mrs. N. S. Springer, 61 High street.

Mrs. John C. Lloyd, Kentville (N. S.), Mrs. Aubrey Bowles, Waterville (N. S.), with Mrs. Eisnor, 176 Douglas avenue.

Miss Henrietta McLean, Sydney (N. S.), with Mrs. Jarvis Purdy, Main street.

Mrs. E. H. Flewwelling, Oak Point, Mrs. F. F. Mason, Falkland Ridge (N. S.), with Mrs. W. F. Ferris, 70 Main street.

Mrs. C. E. Heustis, St. Stephen, Mrs. Walter Burden, Fredericton, with Mrs. Fred Ferris, 100 Main street.

Mrs. Bliss Bickerton, Amherst, at Miss Roach's, 198 Wentworth street.

Mrs. O. E. Steeves, Clementsvale (N. S.), with Mrs. W. T. Black, 102 Adelaide street.

Mrs. Amos G. Travis, Kemptville (N. S.), with Mrs. Chas. Marshall, 253 Brittain street.

Mrs. A. W. Patton, Wellington (N. S.), with Mrs. A. D. Wilson, 378 Princess street.

Mrs. Spurgeon Weir, Smith's Cove (N. S.), with Mrs. R. A. E. Mitchell, 17 Exmouth street.

Miss Josie Wheelock, Torbrook West (N. S.), with Miss A. M. Steadman, 161 Germain street.

Mrs. Katie Whiting, Grand Harbor (N. B.), with Mrs. M. Watt, 151 City Road.

Mr. Harry W. Mollins, Salem (N. B.), with Mrs. H. D. Everett, 37 Brussels street.

Dr. and Mrs. H. S. Cousins, Newcastle (N. B.), with Mrs. F. H. Wentworth, 109 Hazen street.

Mrs. Wilmot Harold, Mrs. Z. Saunders, Mrs. Fred Alward, Centreville (N. B.), with Mrs. Thos. Robinson, 39 Garden street.

Miss Augusta Slipp, Hampstead; Mrs. B. K. Johnston, Woodstock; Mrs. L. E. McFarland, Hartland (N. B.), with Mrs. J. S. Smith, 126 Waterloo street.

Mrs. Martin Freeze, Miss Mabel Freeze, Bellisle, with Mrs. S. Hoyt, 128 Waterloo street.

Mrs. Z. L. Fash, Miss Irma Fash, with Mrs. M. Hoyt, 73 Spring street.

Mrs. Wm. Tingley and Miss Janie Tingley, Point de Bute, with Mrs. H. Parles, 217 City Road.

Mrs. A. S. Lewis and Miss Lewis, Yarmouth (N. S.), with Mrs. W. Galley, 159 Leinster street.

Mrs. Fred Marshall, Salem (N. S.), with Miss Ada Coates, 57 Summer street.

Mrs. I. J. Dunn, Bear River, guest of Mrs. Hazen Dick, at Miss Lugrin's.

Mrs. George W. Keith, Corn Hill (N. B.), guest of Miss Ada Coates, at Mrs. Gilliland's, 23 Peter street.

Mrs. D. Robertson, Moncton, guest of Mrs. F. A. Wright, at Mrs. Tilley Sinclair's, 301 Union street.

Mrs. Chas. Dixon, Moncton, guest of Mrs. Pooley, at Mrs. Tilley Sinclair's, 301 Union street.

Mrs. J. A. Tingley, Hopewell Cape, guest of Mrs. C. Stewart, at Mrs. Tilley Sinclair's.

Mrs. C. T. Phillips, Jacksonville, with Miss M. Roach, 198 Wentworth street.

Miss Lily Lynds, Hopewell Cape, guest of Mrs. L. A. Stevenson, at Mrs. Tilley Sinclair's.

Mrs. W. C. Newcomb, Hopewell Cape, guest of Mrs. Wm. Peters, at Mrs. Gilliland's, 23 Peters street.

Mrs. Starrett Marshall, Spay Springs, with Mrs. C. Ritchie, 346 Union street.

Mrs. Gideon Swim, Petitcodiac, at Miss Roach's, 178 Wentworth street.

Mrs. Edgar Card, Dorchester, guest of Mrs. T. D. Denham, at Mrs. Clark's, Horsfield street.

Mrs. F. N. Russel, Hopewell, guest of Mrs. G. U. Hay, at Mrs. Estey's, Orange street.

MOUNT ALLISON INSTITUTIONS

Attendance at the University, Ladies' College, and Male Academy is Increasing Rapidly Each Year.

Sackville, N. B., Aug. 11.—Here, almost at the very centre of the Maritime Provinces, are Mount Allison Institutions whose students make up one of the largest educational communities in Canada—save, of course, those communities in some of the bigger cities. The institutions include the University, the Ladies' College and the Academy. In today's paper will be found the advertisements which tell something of the splendid work these schools are doing.

At the University courses are given in arts, engineering and theology. Various special and honor courses are also given as well as an advanced course in finance and commerce. In the engineering faculty a two years' course is given and on completing it students are admitted without further examination to the third year at McGill and other great engineering schools. Students securing their engineering courses in this way do so at one of the larger technical colleges.

The university has one of the finest stone residences in Canada and in this building nearly all of the male students make their home and thus secure the great benefit which comes from being members of one large "home" community. The university offers students a number of prizes. This year, among other prizes, are five entrance bursaries to the value of $75 each. Full information regarding all prizes is found in the university calendar which will be sent free on application to Rev. Dr. Borden, Sackville.

The Ladies' College, which is the largest residential ladies' college in the dominion, includes not only the literary department but the conservatory of music, the Massey Treble School of Household Science and the school of fine arts. It provides literary and household science courses; instruction in painting, drawing, designing, modelling, leather and metal work, etc.; courses in oratory and in piano, pipe organ, violin and voice. The art school, with the Owens art gallery and a magnificent collection of valuable paintings, is under the direction of a member of the Royal Canadian Academy, who is also an exhibitor in salons across the water. He is assisted by talented and trained teachers.

The conservatory of music is under the directorship of an English professor who has associated with him as teachers ladies and gentlemen, nearly all of whom have been trained abroad. The staff of the college includes over twenty teachers and four occasional lecturers. At this institution, too, a number of prizes are offered. A calendar will be sent free on application to Rev. Dr. Campbell.

The academy is a pleasant residential school where boys are prepared for matriculation in arts, engineering, medicine, etc. Special courses are also given. Connected with the institution is the commercial college in which excellent instruction is given in business courses, shorthand and typewriting. The staff of teachers is strong both in the academy and in the commercial college and the constant aim is to make the institution one which will not only give the best of instruction but will also be instrumental in moulding character along desirable lines. The principal, J. M. Palmer, M. A., will send full information on request.

The Mount Allison authorities are fortunate in that their schools are located in one of the most healthful towns in eastern Canada. This, of itself, leads many parents to send their children to these steadily growing institutions.

EDUCATIONAL.

ACADIA UNIVERSITY
Acadia College
Founded 1828. Wolfville, N. S.
A time-honored institution for the education of practical young men, whose graduates achieve real success. Courses in Arts, Engineering and Theology, leading to degrees of B. A., B.Sc and B. Th.
Where thorough scholarship and high character are co-equally developed. Wholesome moral influences. Unsurpassed location. Fine athletic equipment. Low cost for tuition and board. Faculty of 25 specialists. Last year's enrollment, 236. Fall term begins Oct. 4. Write for catalogue.
GEO. B. CUTTEN, Ph. D., President
Wolfville, N. S.

ACADIA UNIVERSITY
Acadia Seminary
Founded 1879. Wolfville, N. S.
The Preparatory School for Girls and Young Women—in the "Land of Evangeline."
Every modern facility for physical, intellectual and moral culture. Comfortable buildings, with modern equipment. Careful social training. Strong faculty of 22 teachers. Last year's enrollment 208.
Eleven Complete Courses—Collegiate, Junior and Senior University Matriculation, Piano, Voice, Violin, Art, Oratory, Domestic Science, Business and Special Courses. Low cost. Fall term begins September 6. Write for catalogue.
REV. H. T. DeWOLFE, D. D., Principal
Wolfville, N. S.

ACADIA UNIVERSITY
Horton Collegiate Academy
Founded 1828 Wolfville, N. S.
Select boarding school for boys, preparing for University Matriculation in the Arts, Sciences and Engineering. Also a thorough Business Course, including Stenography and Typewriting, and a complete Manual Training Course.
The unsurpassed location, high standards of scholarship and conduct, wholesome moral influences, superior athletic equipment, long career and low cost, make this school fundamental. Enrollment last year 207. Fall term begins Sept. 6. Write for catalogue.
W. L. ARCHIBALD, Ph.D., Principal
Wolfville, N. S.

GREAT LIST OF MARKSMEN FOR SUSSEX

More Than Eighty Names In and More Will Be Received

P. R. A. RIFLE SHOOT

Opening Next Tuesday and Will Continue Until Following Friday—St. John Well Represented — Expect More Than Hundred in All in the Competitions.

Saturday, Aug. 12

The annual prize meet of the Provincial Rifle Association, starting on Tuesday next at Sussex, promises to be the largest ever held on the range. The regular entries closed yesterday morning with more than eighty names listed. The contingent from Campbellton, including six civilians, is the first to come from the northern town for many years.

Although the time for entry has formally closed a large number are still expected to forward their names, bringing the list up to above 100. The weather will determine whether or not the county marksmen will be able to leave the hay harvest to try their skill on the range. On the payment of a special fee of half a dollar entries will still be received.

Members intending to shoot at the dominion matches will proceed directly from Sussex to Ottawa to participate in the opening.

The shooting at Sussex may cause a larger number of the participants to enter for the Ottawa meet, but it is already thought that there will be twelve or fifteen members going from this province. The number last year was nine and the year before only eight participated.

Instead of the regular money payments of $50 and $25 in connection with the Robertson prize a gold and a silver medal will be up for competition. In addition to the medals the smaller amounts of $40 and $20 are available. Following is the list of entries received to date:

Captain E. A. Smith, R. O.; Major W. C. Magee, R. O.; Captain James Manning, R. O.; Major F. H. Hartt, R. O.; L. Corp. A. Bentley, C. D. C.; Sergt. J. G. Sullivan, C. O. C.; Major J. M. Kinnear, R. L.; Major J. H. McRobbie, R. L.; Major O. W. Wetmore, R. L.; Gr. A. L. McIntosh, 3rd R. C. A.; Sergt. I. F. Archibald, 3rd R. C. A.; Captain F. C. Magee, 3rd R. C. A.; N. J. Morrison, St. John, R. A.; E. S. R. Murray, St. John, R. A.; D. Conley, G. F. Fletcher, J. Donnelly, G. W. Hazen, R. A. C. Brown, A. G. Staples, Cadet Sgt. A. E. Stephenson, Cadet Corp. T. H. Dobson and H. Sullivan, all of St. John; Capt. W. E. Forbes, 73rd; Capt. H. E. D. Golding, 74th; Sergt. D. L. Campbell, 74th; Lieut. A. B. Mogga, 74th; Lieut. O. I. Dunfield, 62nd; Major H. Perley, 62nd; Private F. G. Jones, 62nd; Maj. J. S. Frost, 62nd; Lieut. A. B. Maggs, 74th; Lieut. S. W. Smith, 67th; Lieut. C. G. McLaughlin, 69th; Lieut. L. O. Bentley, 93rd; Maj. G. S. Kinnear, 8th Huss.; C. A. Estey, J. B. Powers and Thos. Hollins, Grand Falls; J. T. Mowatt, H. Prichard, Thos. Carter, H. A. Chandler, John White and A. H. English, Campbellton; Pte. F. D. Sutherland, Newcastle Field Battery; Wm. Balmain, Woodstock; A. N. Vince, Woodstock; J. S. Knox, Sussex; Sgt. H. H. Bartlett, 28th Dragoons, St. Andrews; Dr. J. McNicholl, Bathurst, F. M. Merritt, Marysville; J. W. Warden, Vancouver; A. B. McDonald, John N. Murray, Dumfries; R. L. Ellis, Jacquet River; A. V. Burns, T. B. Humphrey, H. B. Snider, O. A. Wilcox, F. W. Colpits, A. Carter, E. E. Brown A. R. Jardine, A. R. Ross, E. B. Hagarty, Lieut. D. R. Chandler, H. M. Smith, W. R. Campbell, W. A. Metzler, H. C. Studd, A. Netturcoat and H. G. Rolfe, all of Moncton.

Then there are the following cadet entries: Cadet Capt. C. P. Inches, Cadet Sgt. A. E. Stephenson, Cadet Sgt. J. W. Gibson, Cadet Corp. W. A. Welsford, Cadet Corp. T. H. Dobson and Pte. G. F. Ellis.

The meeting will continue until the 18th. The men will shoot under almost entirely novel conditions as the new target will be used and it is a matter of conjecture as to how some of the old time money winners will score under the existing regulations. The men will go into camp on the range.

FISHERMEN OF CHARLOTTE WILL NOT BE HOODWINKED

They Have Had Practical Experience of the Value of the American Market, and Todd Will Sweep the County.

BRITISH-BORN ARE FOR RECIPROCITY

English Farmers Are Chief Agitators

Hon. Mr. Graham Exposes Hollowness of Tory Appeal

Minister of Railways Says Prospects Were Never so Good For a Sweeping Liberal Victory in Canada as Now—Expects to Make Gains in Ontario.

Montreal, Aug. 11—That Sir Wilfrid Laurier, far from having finished his work, and having lived out his alloted span of activity, as stated at a Conservative meeting last night, is the liveliest man in the government, is the opinion of the Hon. George P. Graham, who is at the Windsor Hotel.

"Laurier finished?" exclaimed Mr. Graham, "Why, he's the greatest live wire amongst us."

"I have never had as encouraging reports from any other campaign in which I have taken part, and I have been in many," said the minister of railways and canals.

He went on, pointing out that if the elections were left to a straight question of trade, without reference to party politics, he felt confident that 75 per cent of the Ontario votes in the coming elections would be for reciprocity. "Because," he explained, "both parties have been educated along that line."

British-Born Strongest for Reciprocity.

Speaking of the situation, as it is seen in Ontario, Mr. Graham said that the Conservatives have kept away from debates on the real issue of the campaign on its merits. "They have endeavored to trade on the loyalty of Ontario," he said, "and to make people believe that to sell goods to the United States will interfere with our cordial relations with the mother land. This is the chief point on which they dwell; and it is a fact that they hope to gain their point by making appeals to the British born."

And Mr. Graham proceeded to explain that the men in western Canada, who were English radicals who insist that Canadians ought to be able to sell wheat in the best market they can get. "Their whole education and instinct," he added, "is against taxation on food."

Mr. Graham was out west with Sir Wilfrid, and stated that it was quite safe to say that, with one or two exceptions, the men who presented this trade policy, were men who declared themselves Gladstonian Liberals.

"The bulk of the Americans in the west are accustomed to high tariff and don't care so much," he said, "but the man from the old land feels hampered by trade restrictions. It is safe to say that the British-born are the ones who are the more responsible for wanting to let down the bars."

Will Do Better in Ontario.

With regard to the results of the elections, Mr. Graham prophesied that Ontairo would come out of the elections with more Liberals than the province has now. "In my own riding," he said, "I can think of at least a dozen Conservatives whom I have met in the streets and who have told me that they intend to vote, not for the Liberal government, but for reciprocity."

Commenting upon the situation in Winnipeg, he mentioned the fact that he had just received a private despatch from a man there who is not of an optimistic nature, but who stated that the Liberal prospects were brighter in Manitoba than they had been for years, and the Liberals were all in the best possible spirits.

Reciprocity will bring the wanderers home to share in the new prosperity that will come to the maritime provinces.

Patent Leather Cloth Top Button Boots

Are Exceedingly Popular

Ours Give Every Satisfaction

Ladies' sizes, 2 to 7, C, D and E widths, Cuban heels	$4.00
Ladies' sizes, 2 to 7, D and E widths, medium heels	3.00
Ladies' sizes, 2½ to 7, low heels for growing girls	3.00
Misses' sizes, 11 to 2	2.30
Childs' sizes, 8 to 10½	1.90
Infants' sizes, 5 to 7½	1.60

Francis & Vaughan

19 KING STREET.

FIERCE RIOT IN LIVERPOOL

Strikers and Police Clash, a Constable Killed and Officer Seriously Hurt

RIOT ACT READ

Soldiers Come to the Aid of Police and Many Are Wounded, a Public Hall Being Turned Into a Hospital—Glasgow Street Car Employes Strike and Fierce Riot Ensues.

Liverpool, Aug. 13—Serious rioting growing out of the strike which is in progress here occurred this afternoon. One policeman was killed by being struck on the head with a brick and many persons were injured.

An altercation between a policeman and strikers during a transport workers' demonstration at St. George's hall started the trouble which culminated in a general melee. When, after this disorder had been put down and the strikers scattered they gathered again in the Islington and resumed their attacks upon the minions of the law and with serious results.

One hundred thousand men were gathered in groups about St. George's hall listening to speeches by labor agitators and the scenes of violence following the attack upon a policeman necessitated the calling out of the police reserves. When they arrived one party of fifteen policemen was surrounded and disarmed, the rioters attacking them with their own batons. In the fight the commanding officer of the police was dangerously wounded.

Riot Act Read.

So great was the disorder that the riot act was read and troops were called out to assist the police. The mob fought desperately with sticks and stones and in fact with any handy missiles, gradually, however, by the combined efforts of the troops and police, the crowds which were surrounding seven speakers' platforms erected on the plateau fronting the hall were cleared away.

Many policemen and rioters were injured in the hand to hand fighting. The rioters have threatened to attack the newspaper offices which are closely guarded. After the fight St. George's hall was converted into a temporary hospital and the wounds of many persons were attended to by physicians.

Driven from the centre of the city the crowd sullenly repaired to the Islington quarter, one of the lowest and roughest in Liverpool. Here the police were baffled in the narrow streets for the desperate rioters barricaded themselves in the houses and volleyed down bricks, slates and chimney poles from the roofs upon their heads.

While the details as to casualties still are incomplete Constable Cook was killed by a blow on the head and Superintendent of Police Bolton was taken to a hospital in a precarious condition. It is rumored that some of the houses were set on fire during the disturbance.

The outbreak, it is alleged, was largely due to the strikers' resentment of indiscreet conduct on the part of members of the police force brought here from Birmingham to assist in maintaining order. Tom Mann, who was one of the leaders of the demonstration, has lodged a formal protest with the chief constable against what he describes as a brutal attack by a Birmingham constable on one of the strikers.

Military in Charge.

Fierce fighting continued in the Islington quarters until nearly midnight. In Christian street the rioters erected barricades and started fires to impede the mounted police. The riot act was read for a second time and troops were called to deal with the situation. A military officer was wounded and much property was wrecked.

During the course of the day twenty policemen and sixty civilians were injured, many of them seriously. The temper of the rioters is shown by the fact that they even attacked the ambulance surgeons and the firemen who were called out to extinguish incendiary fires.

All accounts agree as to the nature of the rioting. Some of the correspondents blame the strikers and others the police. Tom Mann addressed the gathering in quiet, orderly and peaceful fashion for fully half an hour. He had explained that on his representations to the authorities that the leaders of the demonstration could guarantee orderly proceedings, it had been decided not to employ mounted police or soldiers. Hence there was only a small force of police present.

When the trouble began a small squad of Birmingham police, it is generally admitted, at once used their batons with merciless indiscrimination. According to the most of the narrators they had no alternative and one of their number was thrown to the ground and nearly kicked to death. The firemen tried to quell the disturbance by playing the hose on the mob but all to no purpose.

DIED WHERE HUSBAND DID TEN YEARS AGO

Mrs. L. H. Cohoon, of Aylmer, Ont., Dropped Dead While Visiting Middleton, N. S.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 13.—About ten years ago L. H. Cohoon, of Aylmer (Ont.), while in Middleton (N. S.), died of pneumonia. This week Mrs. Cohoon and daughter, Adrah, were there to attend the wedding of Miss Hazel Chute. Yesterday morning, while at the house of J. H. Potter, Middleton, Mrs. Cohoon without the least warning dropped dead. A son, Gordon Cohoon, is a commercial traveler of Montreal.

A cloth moistened with alcohol will clean piano keys.

THEY FEAR THE ELECTIONS

MR. BORDEN—"LET'S RUN! HERE THEY ARE!"—LE CANADA.

RECIPROCITY MEANS BIG MONEY FOR THE FISHERMEN

Hard-Working Fishers Will Not Have to Sell Herring for $5 a Hogshead Then

No One Knows Better Than the Charlotte County Tory Candidate That the People Want Free Access to the United States Market.

Back Bay, Charlotte Co., Aug. 9—Mr. Hart told the electors in St. Stephen some peculiar facts, and in his speech accepting the four times refused nomination of the forlorn hope in Charlotte. For years he was a merchant in St. Andrews and came in contact every day with Bayside farmers and fishermen. He has known for years what drove the young men from the farms and enticed the fishermen's sons across the border, and yet he would throttle the greatest relief measure ever offered our people, and casting aside his convictions of a life time, would ask the farmers and fishermen of Charlotte to vote for him and defeat reciprocity.

Mr. Hart is interested in weirs, and knows that a limited market is bad, and it may interest the public to know one or two facts about reciprocity and its effects on the weir owners.

Last summer for instance, a run of herring too large for sardines struck in the Passamaquody, and a number of weirs made great catches. The herring were sold for smokers at $6 a hogshead.

It is an absolute fact, proven by experts employed by the Fishermen's Union, that the buyers could have paid $40 a hogshead and still had a good profit for themselves. The fish were taken to Eastport and Lubec and smoked.

Reciprocity makes smoked fish free. Every fisherman on the coast can go into this business. The outlay is practically nil. A roughly contructed building that any fisherman can easily put up, with stringers to hold the fish, and the drift wood cast on the shores for fuel, and the very best of smokers can be produced.

With a very small outlay the expensive and more dainty looking article can be put on the market. All that is wanted to line the shores of Charlotte county with smoke houses, is reciprocity, and Mr. Hart, when he says: "Things are good enough as they are," would have us believe that $5 is better for us than $50 or even $100 for a hogshead of herring.

Reciprocity opens an unlimited market for fish of all kinds, and every fisherman along the coast knows what closed the hundreds of smoke houses and knows what will open them again, and, knowing, do not hesitate to say that Tory votes along the shore will be as scarce election day as smoke houses are now.

MANY AT FUNERAL OF REV. DR. PHILLIPS

Woodstock, N. B., Aug. 13.—The funeral of Rev. Dr. C. T. Phillips this afternoon was one of the largest seen in town for years. Woodstock Lodge, F. & A. M., gathered at their lodge room at 2.30 and marched to the United Baptist church. The funeral cortege came from Jacksonville, the home of the late minister, and met the Masons at the church. The services consisted of hymns by the choir, prayer by Rev. H. G. Kennedy, of Houlton, and addresses by Rev. Dr. McLeod and Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, of St. John, and Rev. J. C. Bleakney, of Woodstock.

The principal address was made by Dr. McLeod, who had known the deceased for forty years. Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, who was at the home of deceased when he died, told incidents of the last hour deceased spent on earth and Rev. Mr. Bleakney, who was a pastor of a Woodstock church fifty years ago, when Dr. Phillips consulted him about entering the ministry, gave reminiscences of his life work. At the conclusion of the service the clergymen present, Revs. Messrs. Hutchinson, Kennedy, Copeland and Sharp, acting as pall-bearers, entered coaches, the Masons entered buckboards and a large procession of teams drove to the cemetery at Upper Woodstock, where, after the usual Masonic service, interment was made.

Don't put soap on the window panes; rub with either alcohol or ammonia to make them shine.

CANADA WILL HAVE BUMPER HARVEST

Government Crop Report Shows Splendid Conditions for Grain of All Kinds—Potatoes Better Than Last Year—Western Conditions Especially Fine.

Ottawa, Aug. 11—The condition of field crops in Canada is presented in a bulletin of the census and statistics office issued today for July 31, and shows good averages for all provinces as well as for all crops.

Fall wheat was hurt by the bard winter in Ontario, but fared better in Alberta.

The condition of spring wheat at the end of July was 90 for the whole, being 85 to 95 in the maritime provinces; 80 to 89 in Ontario and Quebec; 90 to 96 in the northwest provinces, and 85 in British Columbia.

Oats and barley have an average condition of 88 for Canada; 85 to 96 in the maritime provinces; 80 to 90 in Ontario and Quebec; 88 to 100 in the northwest provinces, and 87 to 89 in British Columbia.

The average of corn for husking is 86, and of potatoes 85.64, being in each case a little higher than last year.

Potatoes, turnips and mangolds range from 81 to 85, or about the same as a year ago.

Hay and clover and alfalfa are 80 to 83, which is a little lower in each case than last year.

Corn for fodder has an average condition of 87; sugar beets, of 79, and pasture of 79.

The eastern provinces are lower than the figures quoted for the whole of Canada, and the western provinces are higher.

The yield of hay and clover is estimated at 12,189,000 tons for Canada, being 1.43 tons per acre, and the largest yields for the provinces are: Ontario, 4,736,000 tons; Quebec, 5,028,000 tons; Prince Edward Island, 254,000 tons; Nova Scotia, 941,000, and New Brunswick, 885,000 tons.

RECIPROCITY WILL DOUBLE MARITIME FISHING FLEET

Former Conservative Fish Merchant Declares Strongly for Reciprocity at Halifax Liberal Convention—Formerly Supported Borden and Crosby But Cannot Agree With Their Tariff Policy

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 12—The feature of the Liberal convention of Halifax, which nominated Hon. A. K. McLean and Dr. Edward Blackadar as government candidates, was the strong speech in favor of reciprocity by Howard Smith, head of N. & M. Smith, Limited, the largest exporters of dried fish in the world.

In the last campaign Mr. Smith was one of the most active and most influential supporters of Messrs. Borden and Crosby. This time he is throwing his whole support on the side of the Liberals. Under the new order, he declared, Nova Scotia will come into her own, and her fishing fleet will be doubled in from three to five years.

Mr. Smith's outspoken stand in favor of reciprocity, and his moving of the resolution in favor of it at a Liberal convention, indicate how strongly the policy of free trade in natural products appeals to the business men of the Maritime Provinces.

The resolution was seconded by A. W. Bell, another leading business man, who, although an adherent of the Liberal cause, never before had been present at a party convention.

GREAT BRITISH FIRMS TENDER FOR COURTENAY BAY WORK

Hon. Mr. Pugsley, in his speech at the Queens Rink convention last evening, in accepting the Liberal nomination for the city, announced that tenders for the great works in Courtenay Bay had closed at Ottawa yesterday, and that he had just received a telegram from the deputy-minister of public works saying that three tenders had been received. Dr. Pugsley said these tenders were from three of the greatest contracting firms in the British Empire, each of which had made a deposit of $500,000, in accordance with the terms laid down by his department. The minister added that he would go to Ottawa almost immediately, and that then the tenders would be opened and passed upon by himself and other members of the government. This statement, which was a feature of Dr. Pugsley's eloquent references to Greater St. John was received with the heartiest of cheering.

A SENSIBLE VIEW

(Hartland Observer.)

Mr. Editor:

I would like very much to be put on record through the columns of your paper as being in favor of reciprocity agreement now being negotiated between Canada and the United States.

I acknowledge that it is with regret that I learn that the opposition party at Ottawa, which I have always supported have been led to force the issue to be decided by a general election for, after exceedingly careful consideration of all the available arguments that have been put forth by the learned men both for and against reciprocity, together with a common sense view of the agreement and its outcome, I say that anyone after reading and listening to such arguments, who has at heart the welfare of the general people, cannot do otherwise than lend his support by voting for the party who will ratify the agreement.

It is no small matter to break with ones party, but with the issue at stake one cannot honorably do otherwise than support the present government.

A. R. RIGBY.

Hartland, N. B.

RECIPROCITY WILL BENEFIT EVERY ONE

HON. MR. LEMIEUX FLAYS BOURASSA

Exposes Nationalist Leader and Borden's Ally Before 20,000

A LIVELY TIME

Minister of Marine Scores the Unholy Alliance Between the Castors and Conservatives and Denounces Bourassa as a Vilifier of Laurier Because He Failed to Get an Office.

St. Hyacinthe, Que., Aug. 13—A political meeting probably unprecedented as regards the amount of invective and vituperation injected into the speeches and the amount of bad temper displayed, occurred here this afternoon when Henri Bourassa and Hon. Mr. Lemieux, together with lesser lights, met in joint debate.

From the very outset it was seen that the occasion would be an unusual one, the speakers spending scanty time in the usual words of appreciation but coming down to pointed personalities at once.

The crowd seemed to take to this style of debate and cheered wildly, surging around the improvised platform so that it was in imminent danger of collapse. Never had such a huge crowd been gathered together in this district. Both parties had made great preparations and thousands came to this city on the dozen special trains which were run by the organizers from Sherbrooke, Farnham, Montreal and Quebec. Nationalists and Liberals were there by thousands and every speaker found his supporters, who rapturously applauded his every utterance.

Mayor Payan presided over the gathering and had a difficult time preserving order, the 20,000 people who listened to the speeches proving a somewhat turbulent crowd.

Hon. Mr. Lemieux.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux made the most notable speech of the day and attacked Bourassa with intense vigor. Mr. Bourassa responded in kind, while Armand Lavergne also spoke in caustic vein and several times interrupted Mr. Lemieux, so that gentleman finally informed him and his supporters that he could use his hands as well as his voice to retort to insults.

Fortunately the threat was not carried out and the only mishap of the afternoon was the falling away of a portion of the stage under pressure of the crowd, precipitating a number of newspaper men into the audience.

Hundreds of the audience wore the red Liberal badge but an equal number were crowned with hats around which white bands inscribed "Bourassa" had been printed, while nowhere was the old Conservative blue to be seen.

Mr. Lemieux was the first speaker and after congratulating Mr. Beauparlante, Liberal nominee for the district, turned his attention to the Nationalist leader, Bourassa, he denounced as a fool, leading a following of sheep, whom he was quite incapable of caring for.

Passes the "Ugly Word."

Bourassa had lied and continued to lie through the Devoir. He was a disappointed office seeker who had turned against Laurier on this account and had slandered and vilified him. Mr. Bourassa had said again and again that he (Mr. Lemieux) would be afraid to meet him in joint debate. Afraid of what? He had borne the Liberal standard in the province of Quebec for fifteen years and had no reason to fear Mr. Bourassa.

He proceeded to denounce the hybrid alliance of Castors and Imperialists, and stated that Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Lavergne with all their elaborate claims were no true friends of the French-Canadian. As for himself, he (Mr. Lemieux) had his record to stand behind him and this would show that he had always supported and defended French-Canadians and French institutions with zeal and common sense. Laurier and Brodeur, he eulogized and answered the attacks of Mr. Bourassa directed against his leaders.

He then proceeded to discuss the reciprocity pact, declaring that it was the vital point at issue but was interrupted by cries of "No, no, the navy." He continued, however, to bring up arguments in favor of reciprocity and was finally given a fair hearing, and a great deal of applause.

Mr. Bourassa, as in previous speeches, passed lightly over reciprocity declaring that the navy bill, which would be a surrender of autonomy was the great question and denouncing Laurier for this most iniquitous measure. He answered Mr. Lemieux's personalities by giving him the lie again and again. The meeting concluded by speeches by a number of local orators.

SOMETHING EXPECTED IN WEST INDIES SERVICE WITHIN FEW DAYS

Board of Trade Delegation Off to Ottawa and Say They May Bring Back Announcement of Interest.

Monday, Aug. 14

An announcement of interest with reference to the West India service to St. John may be expected on the return of T. H. Estabrooks and H. B. Schofield of the board of trade, from Montreal, where they went last evening. Mr. Schofield said that the objective point of the delegation was not Ottawa, but Montreal, and that they might have something of moment to announce on their return as to the improvement of the service. Whether the object of the negotiations is to secure a rival service to the Pickford & Black Company, who have refused St. John anything better than a twenty-two day service, Mr. Schofield would not say. W. H. Thorne left the city on the same train, but Mr. Schofield said he was not a member of the delegation.

Good For Consumer and Buyer

Labor Bureau Issues List of Prices in Both Countries

Extends Over a Period of Five Years and Shows That Canadian Farmer Gets Less For His Products Than American, While the Canadian Consumer Pays More Than the One Across the Border—Middlemen to Blame.

Ottawa, Aug. 11—One of the most illuminative contributions to the literature dealing with the economic aspect of the reciprocity agreement has just been issued by the labor department, and has been mailed today to every newspaper office in Canada.

It is the compendium of comparative prices in Canada and the United States for agricultural, fisheries, lumber and mines products covered by the schedules of the agreement, and to which reference was made some days ago by Hon. Mackenzie King.

It covers 316 pages and is a veritable mine of wealth for political candidates, campaign speakers, editorial writers and all students of the vital point at issue in the discussion of the agreement, namely, as the economic effect reciprocity in natural products will have on both producers and consumers in Canada.

Prices Compared.

The comparative statistics of market prices at representative points on each side of the border, gathered from reliable daily market reports cover the past five and a half years, thus giving a true index as to the average prices.

Halifax, St. John and Montreal prices are compared with those of Boston and New York. Toronto with Buffalo and Detroit, and Winnipeg with Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth.

In general, it may be stated that the most significant conclusions to be drawn from the voluminous and comprehensive statistics of the report are that prices received by the producers in Canada, affected by the agreement, are on the whole considerably below those received by producers in the United States, while in many instances the prices paid by the consumer in Canada are above those paid in the States.

The first conclusion bears out the argument that the farmer and the fishermen will greatly benefit from reciprocity. The second conclusion bears out the argument that the Canadian consumer is in many cases suffering from undue enhancement of prices by the middleman, a condition of affairs which reciprocity would tend to obviate and which explains the opposition of certain interests to the pact.

Comparative prices for fish indicate the immense benefit which free entry for fish into the American market will confer on the Maritime Provinces.

Halibut at Halifax averaged during the five and a half years 9.12 cents per lb., as compared with 14.375 cents per lb. at Boston; cod at Halifax averaged 3.62 cents per lb. as compared with 7 cents at Boston; mackerel at Halifax averaged 14.8 cents per lb. as compared with 33 cents at Boston.

DREDGES AT WORK

Saturday, Aug. 12

Dredging operations, which were temporarily suspended on the west side on Wednesday, were, as a result of instructions given by Hon. Mr. Pugsley to the resident engineer, resumed yesterday afternoon. The dredge Iroquois resumed work, and the Scinthia and Beacon Ba will resume operations this morning.

NATURE WILL CURE YOU

Of Kidney Disease, Aided by Father Morriscy's No. 7.

Kidney trouble is one of the most distressing ailments of mankind, and leads to backache and rheumatism. This is because of the importance of the work done by the kidneys,—work which must proceed normally to insure good health.

A very large proportion of civilized people have some form of kidney trouble, sometimes without knowing that their malady is of that nature. Many obscure pains can often be traced to diseased kidneys.

These organs are the filters of the body. Their function is to strain out of the blood and eliminate through the bladder the worn out tissue and other impurities gathered by the blood in its course.

When the kidneys become congested and sluggish, these impurities, including the irritating and poisonous uric acid, are not entirely removed from the blood. The result is that the uric acid is deposited in the joints and tissues, causing the agonies of rheumatism and frequently affecting the liver and other organs.

Father Morriscy, the famous priest-physician of Bartibogue, N.B., after much research compounded a remedy which worked hand in hand with Nature. His doctrine, justified by thousands of cures, was that the need is not a patchwork relief, but a treatment that will enable the forces of Nature, working through the kidneys, to accomplish their intended work.

His famous prescription, No. 7, assists the kidneys to work vigorously and eliminate the harmful uric acid from the whole system. In the form of tablets, No. 7 is easy to take, and will effect cures where other remedies have failed. Do not trifle with kidney disease, but take No. 7 Tablets, the treatment that has proved so successful with other sufferers.

50c. a box, at your druggist's or from Father Morriscy Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que. 98

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50c. a box, at your druggist's or from Father Morrisey Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que. 98

WANTED

WANTED—A third class female teacher for School District No. 9 to commence the first of term. Apply, stating salary, to Geo. Henderson, Centreton, Kings Co., N. B. 6751-8-19

TEACHER WANTED for District No. 18, Upper L'Etang; district rated poor. Apply, stating salary, to Tobias G. Spinney, St. George, Charlotte Co., N. B. 6714-8-26

WANTED—A second class female teacher for District No. 4, parish St. Martins, for coming term. Music teacher preferred. Apply, stating salary, to Henry Black, secretary, Fair View, St. Martins, St. John county, N. B. 6638-8-9-12sw.

WANTED—A second class female teacher for school district No. 10, Campbell Settlement, parish of Sussex, Kings county. Apply, stating salary and experience, to James Forestell, secretary to trustees, Southfield, Kings county. 6634-8-16—sw

TEACHER WANTED—For to take charge of Sisson Ridge School, District No. 7, Gordon, N. B., to commence after holidays. Apply to Percy Elliott. 6455-8-24

WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework. Reference required. Apply to Mrs. Brock, Rothesay. 1147-tf-sw

WANTED—Second or third class teacher for School District No. 5, Parish of Lepreaux. School to begin Sept. 1. Apply, stating salary, to Hugh Kilcup, New River Mills, Charlotte Co., N. B. 6393-8-19-sw

WANTED—A second class female teacher for District No. 1, Parish of Carleton. Apply, stating salary, to Daniel Sullivan, Sr., Secretary, Kouchibouguac, Kent County. 1131-tf-sw

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for Hastings District, No. 3, Albert County. Apply, stating salary, W. W. Kinnie, Alma, N. B. 6278-8-16-sw

WANTED—A second or third class teacher to commence school March 1. District rated poor. Apply, stating salary, to N. H. Johnstone, secretary, Clarendon Settlement, N. B. 1418-tf-sw

WANTED—A second or third class female teacher for North Clones school, parish of Petersville (district rated poor). Apply, stating salary, to W. L. Polley, secretary, Clones, Queens county, N. B. 238-tf-sw.

Woolen Weavers Wanted

Experienced weavers can be given steady employment the year round. Good wages. Apply at once to

HEWSON WOOLEN MILLS, LTD.
Amherst, N. S. 9-23

AGENTS WANTED

RELIABLE representative wanted, to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick at present. We wish to secure three or four good men to represent us as local and general agents. The special interest taken in the fruit-growing business in New Brunswick offers exceptional opportunities for men of enterprise. We offer a permanent position and liberal pay to the right men. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. sw

TO LET

TO LET—A residence, suitable for a physician, situate at Lepreaux, Charlotte county, N. B. A fine country surrounding and a good practice for a doctor. Inquire of Mrs. H. P. Reynolds, Lepreaux, Charlotte county, N. B. 6100-8-16-s.w

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—In Campbellton, N.B., three story brick building, situated on Water street, central location, suitable for business or hotel or restaurant. Terms easy; also a fine private residence lately erected in a most desirable location in town of Campbellton, will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to O. Smith, Campbellton, N. B. 6502-8-21-sw

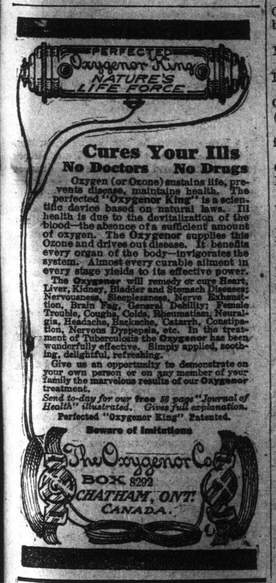
No Need of Waiting For Cool Weather

Our rooms are so airy and well ventilated we do not know the weather is hot till we get outside.

Enter at once and get a good start before the rush comes.

THE ST. JOHN Business COLLEGE

S. KERR
Principal



Rub white soap on the cloth first. When making eyelet embroidery, hold a piece of soap under the material and let the stiletto pass into it. The soap gives a slight stiffness to the cloth and a much better eye can be made.

If windows stick and are hard to open pour a teaspoonful of melted lard between window frame and casing, putting a little on the rope. This works like magic.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.

Thursday, Aug. 10.

Stmr Governor Dingley, 2856, Mitchell, Boston via Maine ports.

Stmr Rappahannock, 2490, Hanks, London via Halifax.

Stmr Amelia, 103, Banks, Halifax and call ports.

Schr Clayola, 123, Palmer, Boston.

Coastwise—Stmrs Connors Bros, 49, Warnock, Chance Harbor; Margaretville, 37, Baker, Margaretville; Bear River, 70, Woodworth, Bear River; Westport III, 49, Coggins, Westport (NS); schrs Annie Pearl, 39, Shannon, Digby; sloop Bertie C, Cousins, Digby.

Friday, Aug 11.

Str Norton, 1,135, Frankland, Savannah via Newport News, J T Knight & Co, 50 bbls pitch, 15 bbls turpentine, 95 bbls rosin, order.

Str Calvin Austin, 2,853, Pike, Boston, W G Lee, 228, pass and mdse.

Coastwise—Strs Grand Manan, 182, Ingersoll, North Head; Mikado, 49, Lewis, Moncton; schs Hustler, 44, Hill, Walton; Mary McLeod, 21, Poland, Beaver Harbor; Ethel, 22, Hatfield, Advocate Harbor; Effie May, 67, Carter, Riverside; Centreville, 32, Graham, Sandy Cove.

Sunday, Aug 13.

Schs Caroline Grey, from New York; Henry H Chamberlain, from New York; Adriatic, from West Indies; Annie M Parker, from Barbados.

Saturday, Aug 12.

Str Manchester Miller, 2,766, Robertson, Manchester, Wm Thomson & Co, general.

Sch Georgie Pearl, Berryman, Boston, A W Adams.

American yacht Admiral, from Bar Harbor, with a pleasure party.

Coastwise—Schs Wanita, 42, McCumber, Economy; Flora, 34, Brown, St Andrews.

Cleared.

Thursday, Aug. 10.

Stmr Amelia, 103, Banks, Yarmouth; Westport III, 49, Coggins, Westport; schr Arkona, 143, Smith, Lunenburg; stmr Bear River, 70, Woodworth, Digby; schrs Maple Leaf, Baird, Digby; Viola Pearl, Wadlin, Beaver Harbor; Ethel McLeod, Brewster, Riverside; Loraine, Copp, Apple River; M & E Hains, Hains, Freeport; sloop Bertie C, Cousins, Digby.

Friday, Aug 11.

Str Manchester Miller, Regg, Manchester direct, Wm Thomson & Co.

Sch Lord of Avon, Verner, Philadelphia, R C Elkin Ltd.

Coastwise—Str Mikado, 49, Lewis, Apple River; schs Centreville, 32, Graham, Sandy Cove; Connors Bros, 49, Warnock, Chance Harbor; Lena Maud, 90, Ells, Apple River; Mary McLeod, 21, Poland, Beaver Harbor; Ethel, 22, Hatfield, Advocate Harbor; str Mikado, 48, Lewis, Apple River.

Saturday, Aug 12.

Sch Sir Louis Hare, Halifax for New York, 50,000 ft hemlock boards, having repaired.

Coastwise—Sch Flora, Brown, Grand Harbor.

Sailed.

Friday, Aug 11.

Str Governor Dingley, 2,856, Mitchell, Eastport.

Saturday, Aug 12.

Str Manchester Engineer, Beggs, Manchester, Wm Thomson & Co.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Quebec, Aug 10—Ard, stmr Manchester Exchange, Manchester.

Halifax, Aug 8—Ard, schr General Laurie, Barbados.

Parrsboro, Aug 9—Ard, schr Klondyke, Calais (Me)

Liverpool, Aug 9—Cld, bgt Marconi, McLeod, Port Spain.

Mulgrave, Aug 8—Ard, stmr Richmond, St Peters and sld to return; schr Gladys Whidden, Bayfield and cld for St Johns (NF), with full load of cattle.

Passed north Aug 8, stmr Trinidad.

Flat Point—Signalled Aug 8—inward, stmr Batiscan.

Outward—Stmr Sandefjord, Chr, Knudsen, Batiscan.

Wedgeport, Aug 7—Ard, bqt Marpesia, Nielson, Halifax (in tow of tug Hugh D).

Flat Point, NS,—Signalled Aug 10, stmr Blackheath, Peters, Tyne for Sydney.

Newcastle, Aug 9—Cld, schr Freedom, Ritcey, New York.

Quebec, Aug 11—Ard, strs Laurentic, Victorian, Liverpool; Monarch, Shields.

Hawkesbury, Aug 9—Sld, sch Success Barbados.

Quebec, Aug 10—Ard, str Manchester Exchange, Manchester.

Shelburne, Aug 9—Cld, sch Archie Crowell, Nickerson, Elizabethport.

Bridgewater, Aug 7—Cld, bark Stranger, Slauenwhite, New York.

Mulgrave, Aug 9—Sld, sch Gladys E Whedden, St John's (Nfld.)

Parrsboro, Aug 10—Ard, sch Effort, Ogilvie, St Stephen.

Cld Aug 10—Schs Emily, George, St John with coal; Rolf White, Windsor, with coal; Dora Canning, St John, with coal; Adelia, Ogilvie, Windsor, with coal.

Halifax, Aug 9—Ard, str Mongolian, Glasgow; sch Bravo, Griffin, Perth Amboy.

Newcastle, N B, Aug 10—Ard, bktn Narma, Jorgensen, Foynes.

Cld Aug 10—Str Helmer March, Thorsie, Belfast.

Halifax, Aug 9—Ard, str Mongolian, Glasgow and Liverpool via St John's (Nfld) for Philadelphia.

Montreal, Aug 9—Sld, str Royal Edward, for Bristol.

Quebec, Aug 12—Ard, strs Hesperian, Glasgow; Lake Manitoba, Liverpool; Montreal, London.

Quebec, Aug 11—Ard, str Laurentic, Victorian, Liverpool; Monarch, Shields.

Montreal, Aug 10—Ard, strs Hurona, Middlesborough; Bray Head, Huelva; 11th, Victorian, Liverpool.

Halifax, Aug 10—Sld, sch Moama, for New Mills (N B); str Mongolian, for Philadelphia.

Parrsboro, Aug 11—Ard, str Astarte, Young, from St John and cleared for Portland with 1,700 tons coal.

Sydney, C B, Aug 9—Ard, strs Bonavista, Charlottetown; Louisburg, St John.

BRITISH PORTS.

Southampton, Aug 10—Ard, stmr Majestic, New York.

London, Aug 10—Ard, stmr Lake Michigan, Montreal.

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Barrow, Aug 7—Ard, str Alpha, Brinch, Parrsboro.

Grenock, Aug 8—Sld, ferry str Halifax, Halifax.

Swansea, Aug 7—Sld, str Carrigan Head, Ayres, Montreal.

London, Aug 9—Ard, str Kanawha, Kellman, St John and Halifax.

Preston, Aug 8—Ard, str Dagfred (Nor), Jamvold, Cape Tormentine.

Southampton, Aug 9—Steamed, str Ansonia, Diggle, from London for Montreal.

Inishtrahull, Aug 10—Passed, str Melson, St John for Londonderry.

Liverpool, Aug 11—Ard, strs Cymric, Boston; Virginian, Montreal.

Sld—Str Empress of Britain, Quebec.

Liverpool, Aug 11—Ard, strs Cymric, Boston; Virginian, Montreal.

Sld—Str Empress of Britain, Quebec.

Inishtrahull, Aug 10—Passed, str (supposed) Romadel (Nor), Melsa, St John for Londonderry.

Queenstown, Aug 13—Ard, str Celtic, New York.

Liverpool, Aug 13—Ard, strs Lake Champlain, Megantic, Montreal.

Southampton, Aug 12—Ard, str Philadelphia, New York.

Glasgow, Aug 12—Ard, str Newlands, Bathurst (N B.)

FOREIGN PORTS.

New York, Aug 10—Ard, stmr Edes, Amherst (NS)

Philadelphia, Aug 10—Ard, schrs Helen Montague, Calais (Me); Emily Anderson, Maitland (NS)

New York, Aug 10—Ard, Brig Harry, New Richmond (Que).

New York, Aug 10—Sld, schr Carrie Strong, Charlottetown (PEI)

New Haven, Aug 10—Sld, stmr Vitalia, Windsor (NS)

Vineyard Haven, Aug 10—Sld, schrs Rescue, Mineola, Nettie Chipman, St. John (NB); barkentine Hector, Halifax; schr Exilda, Eatonville, for New York; schr L A Plummer, Hantsport for New York; schrs Brookline, St John, for Elizabethport; St Bernard, Digby (NS); J Trainor, Charlottetown; E B Marvin, Sydney (CB).

Newport News Aug 9—In port, str Leuctra, Hilton, for Havana.

New Haven, Aug 9—Sld, sch Sallie E Ludlam, St John.

Portland, Aug 9—Sld, sch J Arthur Lord, St John for New York.

Vineyard Haven, Aug 9—Ard, schs Mineola, New York for St John; American Team, St John for New York.

Vineyard Haven, Aug 10—Ard and sld, strs Rescue, Perth Amboy for St John; Brookline, St John for Elizabethport.

Sld Aug 10—Schs Mineola, from New York for St John; Nettie Shipman, New York for St John; American Team, St John for New York.

Passed Aug 10—Schs Emily F Northam, New York for Moncton; Sallie E Ludlam, Perth Amboy for St John.

New York, Aug 11—Ard, str Cedric, Liverpool.

Sld—Str Dronning Maud, Amherst (N S); schs Waegwoltic, Chatham (N B); Thomas W H White, Sackville; Harry W Lewis, Walton (N S.)

New York, Aug 13—Ard, sch Calabria, St John.

Vineyard Haven, Aug 13—Ard, sch Abbie C Stubbs, St John.

New York, Aug 13—Ard, str Diana, Windsor.

New York, Aug 13—Sld, sch Roger Drury, Calais (Me.)

Fall River, Aug 10—Ard, sch J Arthur Parker, St John.

Southwest Harbor, Aug 9—In port, sch Peter C Schultz, St John for Bridgeport.

New York, Aug 11—Sld, str Dronning Maud, Amherst (N S); schs Waegwoltic, Chatham (N B); Thomas W H White, Sackville; Harry W Lewis, Walton.

Antwerp, Aug 9—Sld, str Montrose, Montreal.

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

(Continued from page 3.)

visiting relatives in Rosebank, their former home.

Mrs. B. Dunn, of New York, is visiting her uncle, Wm. O'Brien, of Upper Derby.

Wilbur Bateman, of Montreal, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry McLean.

Mrs. Dickson, of Chatham, is visiting her son, Ald. Chas. Dickson.

Patrick Keating is visiting St. Andrews friends.

Mrs. John G. Kethro and Miss Lottie Loggie, of Loggieville, are visiting friends in St. Marys, York county.

Mrs. Thomas Foley, lately returned from Jacket River, is visiting Mrs. J. D. Buckley, Rogersville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jardine have a baby boy, born on the 9th inant.

A son was born in Melita (Man.), last week, to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hambly. Mrs. Hambly is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. M. Troy, of Newcastle.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan lost their infant son, Arthur Francis, Saturday, aged six months.

William Price, of Hillsboro, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Price.

Mrs. D. L. McQuarrie, of Moncton, is visiting Mrs. H. G. Vye.

Miss Kate Quigley returned Tuesday evening from a three weeks' visit to Tracadie.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock, Aug. 9—Mrs. C. D. Jordan left on Wednesday for Butte, Montana, to spend three months with her daughters, Mrs. Paul J. Shaw and Mrs. F. Alvin Sailer.

Mrs. B. Harry Smith and children spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. Percy Graham, at Hartland.

Rev. Alfred Trafton, of Port Maitland (N. S.), is visiting relatives in town.

Tea was served on the golf club house veranda on Saturday afternoon, under the supervision of Mrs. George A. White, Mrs. R. E. Holyoke, Mrs. George E. Balmain, Mrs. George Gibson, Miss Waddall, Miss Helen Foster.

Dr. Harry C. Todd, of Oklahoma, arrived in town on Saturday to visit his father, Mr. Frederick S. Todd.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Larsen (nee Miss Elsie Phelan, of Boston), are spending a few days at Upper Woodstock.

Miss S. A. Corbett, of Waterville (Me.), is the guest of Mrs. Augherton for a few weeks.

Mrs. T. F. Sprague recently gave a buckboard ride to McPherson's Lake, in honor of her guest, Mrs. Sipprell, of St. John.

Mrs. Linus Crawford and son, of Sussex, and Miss Margaret Hanney, of Bayside, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. John S. Leighton.

Mrs. Arthur Garden and Mrs. George Mitchell have returned from an outing at St. Andrews.

Mrs. T. F. Sprague and Mrs. G. M. Sipprell, of St. John, were guests in Hartland last week.

Mrs. George E. Tracey and Miss Alice Tracey, of Richmond, with Dr. Steven Tracey and Mrs. Tracey, of Philadelphia, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Spiller last week.

Miss Ethel Hanson and Miss Pervis Sherwood left on Wednesday for Calgary.

Dr. Damon, of Canterbury, was a recent visitor in town.

Miss Frances Brown, of Poughkeepsie (N. Y.), was the guest of Miss Katherine Brown and Miss Janet Brown recently, leaving last week for her home.

Warden H. D. Stevens is visiting relatives in Boston.

The Misses Sherrard are spending a few weeks in St. Andrews.

Mrs. W. B. Wiggins, of Moncton, is the guest of Dr. E. B. Jewett and Mrs. Jewett.

Miss Julia Neales and Miss Nellie Bull are spending a vacation in St. John, guests of Mrs. William Neales.

Mr. Archie Fraser, children and governess, left on Saturday for Cabano, Quebec, after an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Dunbar. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Richard Murphy, of Boston.

Miss Helen Bailey left on Monday for an outing at Skiff Lake.

Mrs. Frederick Rutter, of Toronto, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William M. Connell.

Mrs. Charles Titus has returned to her home in Bangor, after a visit with friends in town and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. John Foulds, of Lynn (Mass.), left last week for their home, having spent a few weeks with Mr. and Mrs. James Hamilton.

Mrs. Annett Hill and Master Lawrence Hill, of Boston, are visitors in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. McLean and Master Ronald McLean left on Saturday to spend a few weeks in St. Martins.

Miss Lena Bearisto, of Fort Fairfield (Me.), is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Wellington B. Belyea returned on Friday, after a visit in St. Stephen.

Mrs. H. Dayton, of Boston, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. George Shea, of Houlton, were in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. George Raymond, of Middle Simmonds, spent a few days of last week in town, with Mr. and Mrs. John Farley.

Miss Hazel Loane, of Fort Fairfield is visiting her aunt, Mrs. William Loane.

Miss Caroline Munro and Miss May Marley are spending the week at Skiff Lake.

Mrs. Jessie Manzer and children are spending two weeks in the country.

Mr. E. W. Mair spent Sunday at Skiff Lake.

BATHURST

Bathurst, N. B., Aug. 10—Mr. and Mrs. James Keay and their two children, of Boston, are guests of Mrs. P. J. Burns.

Miss Marie White is making a visit to friends in Dalhousie.

Mrs. John Hawkes, of Chatham, left for her home on Monday after spending a week with Bathurst friends.

Miss Annie Burns, professional nurse, of Boston, is spending a vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Burns.

Mr. James H. Dunn, of the banking house of Dunn & Fisher, London (Eng.), is here this week. Mr. Dunn, who is a Bathurst boy, is renewing old acquaintances and receiving a warm welcome, and many congratulations on his rapid financial success. Mr. Dunn has contributed most generously to good works in his native town. Through his kindness a hospital is soon to be opened here.

Mrs. Robert Dunn is in Bathurst and intends to take up her residence here soon in her handsome new home.

Mrs. Thompson and her two children are here from Boston to visit her mother, Mrs. W. J. Kent.

Mrs. Ritchie, of Winnipeg, is a guest of Mrs. P. J. Burns this week.

Mrs. Pearson and her two children, of Danville (Ont.), are among the summer visitors at Alston Point.

Miss Bessie Bishop has gone to Dalhousie to visit her sister, Mrs. Stover.

Miss Crocket, of Monoton, is a guest of Mrs. F. Goodwin.

The most sincere sympathy is extended to Rev. Mr. Francis and Mrs. Francis in the death of their baby boy which occurred on Sunday last, after a short illness.

Mrs. E. P. McKay has gone on a visit to the Annapolis Valley with a party of friends.

Miss McCombs, of Nelson, is visiting her friend, Miss Kathleen Power.

Bishop Barry, Rev. Father Smith, of St. Duntstan's College, P. E. Island, and Rev. B. Murdock, of Chatham, were visitors at the presbytery this week.

Mrs. Sutton, of Chatham, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Richard Sutton.

Miss Annie Kenny has gone to Moose Jaw to visit Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kenny.

Mr. Harry Power, of Amherst, has been spending a holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Power.

Mr. Joseph Elhaton has completed a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Elhaton.

Mrs. Rand, of Moncton, was a visitor here last week.

Mr. Clytus Elhaton is spending part of his vacation with Mr. and Mrs. E. Fitzpatrick in Caraquet.

Mr. George Allison entertained a number of friends at a clam-boil on Monday evening at Caron Point. Those who were fortunate enough to be present had a most enjoyable time, and were loud in praises of the the host.

ST. GEORGE

St. George, Aug. 10—Those attending the very enjoyable evening given recently by Mrs. A. C. Gillmor for the pleasure of her niece, Miss Isobel Hawkey, of P. E. Island, were Miss Alice Stevens (St. Stephen), Mrs. Dawes Gillmor, Miss Nellie Douglas, Miss Grace Johnston, Miss Edna Johnston, Miss Dever, Miss Alice Dever (St. John), Miss Ella MacVicar (Chicago), Miss Geraldine Lee, Misses Sturdee (St. John), Miss Carson, Miss Daisy Spencer, Miss Beatrice Quinn, Miss Blanch Brine, Miss Margaret Brine (Boston), Miss Helen Clark, Miss Carolyn Gillmor, Dr. Taylor, Messrs. Klopsch, Conkin, Standinger, Morely, Chapman, McManus, De la Vega, Veazie, Phillips, Brine, Lee, Hibbard and Watt.

Miss Nellie Douglas, who is located in the West, is spending her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Wellington Douglas.

Miss Linton, Ottawa, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. John Dewar.

One of the most pleasant lawn teas of the season was given by Mrs. A. C. Toy on Wednesday afternoon. Among those attending were Mrs. J. Sutton Clark, Mrs. A. C. Gillmor, Mrs. Henry Goss, Mrs. T. O'Brien, Mrs. James Chase, Mrs. Edward Millikun (Vancouver), Miss Alice Stevens, St. Stephens, Miss Marsh, Miss Ella MacVicar (Chicago), Miss Jean Kalman, Miss Bessie McGrattan, Misses Johnstons, Miss Nellie Douglas, Miss Jessie Wilson, Mrs. E. R. O'Brien, Donald Fraser (Ontario), Miss Irene O'Brien, Miss Edna O'Brien, Miss Agnes Crickards, Miss Maude Dick, Dr. Taylor, Messrs. MacCollum, Watt, Plude, F. Murphy, C. Murphy, Hibbard and others.

A very pleasant party returning from a ten days' outing to Lake Utopia this week are Mrs. Chas. Fuller, Mrs. Mersereau, Misses O'Neil, Miss Sara Moore (St. Stephen), Miss Laura Hibbard, Miss Edith Wallace, Miss Era Meating, Miss Maud Dick, Miss Nellie Gray, Messrs. Smith, Woodcock, Gale, Harold Goss, Geo. Meating, Gab. Craig, Hazen Magowan and A. Stuart.

Miss Ella MacVicar, who has enjoyed a three weeks' visit with her father, Mr. Peter MacVicar, left on Thursday for Chicago.

Miss Vida Maxwell left on Thursday to spend the winter with her aunt in Boston.

Mrs. A. C. Gillmor and her niece, Miss Hawley, Miss Carson, Misses Sturdee, Miss Quinn Boston), Miss Lee, Misses Dever and Mr. R. Lee (St. John), were entertained by Mrs. J. B. Brine and her daughters on Tuesday evening at Lake Utopia. A high bon-fire was started and the pleasant party indulged in a corn roast and campfire singing.

Miss Murray left on Thursday for Iowa, after a pleasant visit with her mother.

Miss Carolyn Gillmor is the guest of Miss K. Cockburn, St. Andrews.

PARRSBORO

Parreboro, Aug 10—The many friends of Dr. F. A. Corbett are pleased to learn that he has recently received at the university of Edinburgh the degree of Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons. This is the highest degree conferred by that institition. Dr. and Mrs. Corbett, who are now traveling on the continent, will return to Parreboro in the autumn.

Mrs. Bigney, of Hantsport; Miss Ella Bigney, of Halifax, and Prof. Arthur Bigney, of Kansas City, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. Coffers.

Mrs. W. J. Mahoney, of Melrose (N. B.), and Miss Sutherland, of Fall River (Mass.), are the guests of Capt. and Mrs. A. W. Copp.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Upham, of St. John, were in town for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ratchford and Br. and Mrs. Dupuy, of Amherst, are guests at the Hotel Evangeline this week.

Mr. J. A. Geary, of Moncton, spent Sunday with his family at the beach. Mrs. Geary accompanied him to Moncton on Tuesday.

Misses Grace Dillon and Esther Patterson, of Cambridge (Mas.), are guests of the Misses Cook at the beach.

Mrs. H. M. Wylie atended the fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. John Hunter at Springhill on Monday.

Mr. George McDougall, of Sydney, and Mr. Wm. McDougall, of St. John, spent a few days in town last week with their parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. McDougall.

Mr. Gerald Aikman, of the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Springhill, is spending his vacation with his parents at their cottage, Riverside beach.

Miss Della Hurley, of Boston, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Ryan.

Miss Florence Smith, of the nursing staff of McLean Hospital, is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. John McAloney, of Halifax, are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Wm. McAloney.

Miss Celeste Pierce left on Saturday for Point Tupper, where she will spend the remainder of the summer with hr sister, Mrs. A. V. Forbes.

Mrs. Richard Dulhanty, of Springhill, sepnt Thursday in town with her sister, Mrs. George Hurst.

Miss Ada Day arrived home from Hartford (Conn.), last week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Day.

Misses Ethel and Lydia Bulmer, formerly of Amherst, now of the teaching staff of Spokane, were in town last week on their way to visit friends at Port Greville.

Miss Agnes Kanty, of Springhill, is visiting the Misses McNamara.

Miss Muggah, who has been the guest of Mrs. Sweatman, returned to Glace Bay last week.

Mrs. Eli Knowlton and Miss Lila Knowlton spent last week in Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. David Stewart, of Springhill, have been the guests of Mrs. H. Chambers for the past few days.

Mrs. Y. Longhead and Mr. and Mrs. F. W. O. Longhead arrived from Winnipeg on Monday to visit Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Tucker.

Miss Roache, of Nappan, is the guest of Mrs. H. T. Smith.

Miss Sadie McKay, matron of Cottage Hospital, has returned after having spent her vacation in town with Mrs. A. W. Copp.

Mr. and Mrs John R. McLeod, of Halifax, spent last week at Partridge Island, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cowans.

Miss Margaret McNamara is spending her vacation with friends at Block House, Lunenburg county.

Capt. and Mrs. Johnson Spicer were guests of Mrs. T. M. Young at Wolfville last week.

Mr. H. W. McKenna is spending a few weeks in Boston.

Mrs. D. B. Starratt and little daughter, Doris, and Mrs. C. Huggins, with her children, who have been visiting their father, Mr. E. Spencer, returned to their respective homes in Truro and Halifax on Saturday.

Mr. A. E. Elderkin returned on Monday from a visit to friends in Amherst.

Mrs. F. E. Sulis, who has been visiting Mrs. A. V. Forbes at Point Tupper (C. B.), returned on Friday.

Miss Winnie Fullerton, of Amherst, is a guest at Hotel Evangeline.

Miss Kathleen Reardon, of Halifax, is visiting her friend, Miss Vera Gavin.

Mrs. McKay, of Sydney, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. G. Holmes.

Miss Oliver, of Amherst, is visiting Miss Mary White.

Mrs. James Gavin and children, of Revere (Mass.), are visiting Mrs. W. B. Gavin at Riverside beach.

Misses Ward, Gallagher, Mullin, Ada and Miriam Smith, who have been attending the Summer School of Science at Fredericton, returned on Thursday. Misses Wotton and Leitch, who also attended the school, are spending the remaining weeks of their vacation in Summerside (P. E. I.), and Halifax respectively.

Mr. Le Mont Morris, of Advocate, returned from Ottawa last week.

Mrs. Charles Palmer, who has been visiting in town, was called to Presque Isle (Me.), on Friday, her husband having been seriously injured on Thursday of last week.

Mr and Mrs. Richard Groggart, of Springhill, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. W. McKay, Riverside.

Mr. V. O. McNamara and Miss May Hilgrove, Parrsboro, were married at Wolfville by Rev. Father Brown on 2nd inst. Mr. and Mrs. McNamara will reside in Wolfville.

The many friends of Mr. W. H. Belding, manager of the local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, will regret to learn he is quite ill in Boston.

Capt. McLean, of St. Martins, is in town this weke.

REXTON

Rexton, N. B., Aug. 11—The weather continues hot and dry. Haying is about completed, and the crop is reported good. The grain crops are expected to be light, owing to so much drought. Some farmers have already begun to cut their wheat. A good rain is wished for.

Mr. and Mrs. Synnott, of Charlottetown (P. E. I.), are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John McInerney.

W. O. McInerney, of New York, is spending part of his vacation in town.

Mrs. Mary Anne Hannay, of Boston, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Kent Whelen have returned to their home in New York, after a visit to friends here.

Miss Elizabeth Sullivan, of Kouchibouguac, has gone on a visit to Buctouche and Moncton.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dudevoir, of Boston, died at Kouchibouguac, after a short illness. Mrs. Dudevoir and baby came to Kouchibouguac about two weeks ago to visit Mrs. Dudevoir's former home. Mr. Dudevoir came in from Boston Saturday, having been called on account of the child's serious illness.

Miss Annie Orr, of this town, and a pupil of the Superior school here, made the highest mark in the province of those working the Normal school entrance examinations for class second. Last year Miss Bertha Whelen of this school, led the province in the same examination. This year Miss Whalen was successful in passing the examination for first class.

RICHIBUCTO

Richibucto, Aug. 10.—J. D. Phinney, K. C., Fredericton, is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Harvey Phinney, of Summerland, (B. C.), is visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. Phinney.

A large steamship, the Sar Kad, with Capt. Olaf Sherving, passed up the river on Tuesday to load lumber for the Swedish Canadian Lumber Co.

Mrs. Havelock H. Warman, of Moncton, was a guest this week of her cousin, Mrs. Fred S. Sayre.

Robert Irving left last week for the west.

Miss Hazel Hudson returned on Saturday from a visit to friends in Bass River.

Miss Janie Hames returned on Saturday from a visit

SOLEMN REFLECTIONS SUGGESTED BY THE ST. JOHN STANDARD--ON ROADS

The following letter has been received from a resident of Queens county, who informs The Telegraph that the Standard is being sent to him free of charge, apparently for campaign purposes:

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir,—Having noticed in the Standard of August 2 an article advising the voters of Canada to go into solitude to consider the methods of the two parties now before the country for election and act on the thoughts so born, I straightway took the Standard's advice and began to reflect. The first thought that suggested itself to me concerns the roads which have been under the care of the Conservative party in this province for four seasons, and which the present M. P. P. when canvassing the country promised to improve. Of course he made other promises for the betterment of this part of the country, and as we in rural districts regard actions as of more importance than words I will tell you something about the manner in which their promises have been fulfilled.

We have here a road of two and a half miles to the post office, and four miles to the school, and these roads where I have not built them myself free of cost are almost impassable for a foot passenger excepting for a bridge or sidewalk of poles laid on blocks and placed there by the only Conservative we have in the settlement.

Now a thought which has been born in solitude is: Are the Conservatives trustworthy? Then, I, being four miles from school and having brought the matter to the notice of the Conservative body they have refused to give me any aid in the matter whatever. So another thought born is: Are the Conservatives not trying to depopulate this portion of the county—and if it is so in this place is it not so in all Canada?—by withholding from the people that which they are in a position to give.

Another thought is begotten by their charges of corruption and the old cry of misrule which they have raised for years. Just give them a chance at Ottawa and see if they cannot squander the people's money again as they did in the past and as they are doing now in their own province and particularly in the parish of Chipman by making the bridges cost anywhere from $100 to $5,000 more than they should.

With these few thoughts, I am satisfied that the Standard's advice is good and that the wisest thoughts are born in solitude, but I cannot see why they would recommend a medicine which would be so prejudicial to their own cause.

Yours, etc.,
A THINKING ELECTOR.
Harley Road (N. B.), Aug. 5.

MORE "STANDARD" MISREPRESENTATION

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir: Having attended a picnic held by the Foresters at this place yesterday, and having read an article by the Chipman correspondent, published in the Standard of this date, I feel compelled to ask you to publish a few facts regarding the same.

In the first place, Col. McLean, instead of trying to take the picnic by storm, was invited to attend it, not only by a member of the picnic committee, but by the chief ranger as well, but on his arrival at the grounds he was waited upon by the committee who stated that owing to the fact that speech-making would have a tendency to draw the crowd away from the several amusements, consisting of a dance floor, ball throwing conests, etc., from the patronage of which they hoped to realize some money, they thought it advisable to ask him to postpone his meeting until some future date, to which he readily assented, although very much against the wishes of his friends, who numbered fully 80 per cent of the voters present. He was also strongly urged by a large number of his friends to hold a meeting on grounds adjoining, which he absolutely refused to do, stating that in no way would he interfere with the picnic, and it was only by his most persistent efforts that a large number were prevented from leaving the grounds.

Secondly, it was stated that the Foresters told him that he could have addressed the gathering had he brought his opponent along.

Now, Mr. Editor, the Standard correspondent must surely have been joking, for he must certainly know that it would be a difficult task for the colonel to find him, as the Conservative party have been searching high and low for that gentleman for over three weeks and have so far been unable to locate him.

I might further add in this connection that H. W. Woods, M. P. P., who arrived on the St. John boat, was offered the privilege of a joint debate, with the choice of speaking first or last, but declined. He was then informed by the committee that this was the only arrangement whereby he could address a meeting on the grounds.

Now, Mr. Editor, such tactics and misrepresentation on the part of the Conservative press and its correspondents, will only have the effect of putting the colonel's friends (who are many in this parish), in better fighting trim and thereby increase his majority on the 21st of September.

I might add in conclusion that any fair-minded Conservative who was present at the picnic, will verify every statement made in this letter. I would also suggest that in future if the Chipman Standard correspondent stick more closely to facts it would be much better for the Conservative cause.

Yours,
ONE WHO WAS THERE.
Range, Aug. 10, 1911.

LOGGIE WILL SWAMP MORRISON IN NORTHUMBERLAND

Liberal Candidate, on Speaking Tour Finds Sentiment Overwhelmingly for Reciprocity.

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 11.—W. S. Loggie, M. P., returned yesterday after a trip up river to important parts of his constituency, lying above Newcastle. He found the people all eager to hear about reciprocity. It was the one outstanding feature that thoroughly interested all.

At Redbank he had a meeting Tuesday evening, which was declared by those present to have been the best meeting he ever held in that section. Many Conservatives were at the meeting as well as Liberals and when the main portion of his address was finished they asked many questions as to the scope and provisions of the reciprocity agreement. These Mr. Loggie answered, and the full personal explanation of the act was so satisfactory to them that more than one Conservative voiced his conviction that reciprocity would undoubtedly benefit the maritime provinces and Northumberland in particular.

From the present indications Mr. Loggie will poll even a greater vote up river than in the last election. Wednesday evening Mr. Loggie spoke at an open air meeting at North Renous, where he again found the sentiment favorable to reciprocity. On Monday evening he will speak in Centre Napan.

WEDDINGS

Bates-Deinstadt.

St. Stephen, Aug. 10.—A very pretty home wedding tok place this afternoon at 4.30 at the residence of Dr. W. McKay Deinstadt, when their youngest daughter, Grace Campbell Deinsteadt, was united in marriage to Edwin Cassius Bates, M. D., of Houlton, Maine. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. J. Deinstadt, uncle of the bride, assisted by Rev. G. F. Dawson, pastor of the Methodist church here, in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties.

The matron of honor was Mrs. Marshall McKusick, sister of the groom, and Dr. Frank Tarbell, of Smyrna Falls, assisted the groom.

The bride looked very pretty in white satin gown trimmed with duchess, lace, tulle veil caught with orange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

After the ceremony and congratulations the bride donned a navy blue traveling suit and the happy couple left by Washington County Railway on a tour which will include several of the principal New England cities. Upon their return they will reside at Houlton, Maine. The out of town guests were Rev. T. J. Deinstadt and daughter, Miss Hazel Deinstadt, Mrs. G. O. Hannam and Miss Henlen Hannah, St. John; Dr. and Mrs. Wellington, New York. Gifts were unusually beautiful and costly, including silver, cut glass, china, etc.

FIFTY-TWO YEARS IN MASONIC FRATERNITY

Thomas Reid, of Westmorland Road, Died on Saturday at the Age of 87—Native of Scotland.

Monday, Aug. 14

The death of Thomas Reid, at his residence, 131 Westmorland road, on Saturday afternoon, after an illness of two weeks, removes one of the oldest and most respected Scotch residents of St. John. Mr. Reid was born in Dunfermline, Fifeshire, Scotland, eighty-seven years ago, and came to this country with his wife while still a young man. He was a member of the Union Lodge of Portland, A. F. & A. M., and had been a member of the Masonic fraternity here and in the United States for fifty-two years. He was also a member of Johnston Lodge No. 24, L. O. A., and was a Presbyterian in religion.

He is survived by his wife, one son, William, and two daughters, Mrs. J. J. Scott, of East Boston, and Miss Isabella, at home. The funeral will be held on Tuesday afternoon from his late residence.

DREDGING WILL CONTINUE ON THE WEST SIDE

Friday, Aug. 11

Dredging operations on the west side, which were suspended yesterday afternoon, will be resumed today as a result of instructions given to the resident engineer by Hon. Mr. Pugsley.

The cessation yesterday was due to the fact that five-twelfths of the appropriation for the west side had been exhausted and the engineer stopped work because—technically—no more money was immediately available.

But that is only technically the case. The minister of public works has authority to order the continuance of the work pending the provision voting of additional sums required, which will be done as soon as parliament reassembles.

This has nothing whatever to do with the $500,000 voted last session for St. John work which is to be reserved exclusively for Courtenay Bay.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley instructed Mr. Shewan yesterday to continue the work on the west side today, and it will be pushed forward until it is completed.

This statement will be read with interest in view of the misleading account published in an evening newspaper yesterday. The work on the west side will go on promptly and continuously.

DEATH OF MRS. PRESCOTT

Monday, Aug. 14

After a lingering illness, Mrs. G. K. Prescott, daughter of the late John Berryman, of this city, and sister of Dr. D. E. Berryman, passed away at her residence, 19 Coburg street, last evening. Mrs. Prescott is survived by two sisters, Mrs. Reed, wife of Dr. Reed, of Boston, and Miss Berryman, of this city; and three brothers, Frederick, of San Francisco; Campbell G., of Honduras, and Dr. D. E. Berryman, of St. John.

LOCAL NEWS

Correspondents who send letters to The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and who wish to have them returned if they are not printed, must send stamps for return postage.

Harry H. Hatch, chief clerk in the I. C. R. freight offices had his right arm broken at Hillandale on Thursday while cranking his motor.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. deMille, of Sussex, announce the engagement of their daughter, Hattie Bernice, to James Logan Cameron, of Aberdeen, Scotland, the marriage to take place early in September.

Ten burial permits were issued last week by the board of health as follows: Senility, cholera infantum, two each; laryngitis, convulsions, drowning, cancer, cancer of uterus, ophthalmia neonatorum, accidental rupture of liver, one each.

The school trustees have taken possession of their new quarters on the ground floor of the Bell building, corner of Union street and Hazen avenue, and although the interior work is not yet quite completed the officials are now settled in their new offices.

Hon. W. J. Bowser, attorney general of British Columbia; Mrs. Bowser, Miss Bowser and Miss Gladys Irving, of Buctouche, returned from England on the S.S. Victorian. Mr. Bowser and family have gone to Rexton to spend a few days before returning west.

W. G. Haslam has purchased from Mrs. Grace J. Watt, the dwelling house 219 Charlotte street, Carleton, occupied by Mrs. S. Pitman. The dwelling house, 17 Main street, occupied by Frank Gorham, has been purchased from David Bostwick by Mrs. Willmina S. Gorham for $1,000.

At the annual meeting of the N. B. and P. E. I. Railway, held in Sackville recently, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Directors: C. W. Fawcett, C. Pickard, M. G. Siddall, F. B. Black, H. E. Fawcett, H. M. Wood and F. C. Harris; president, C. W. Fawcett; secretary, C. Pickard.

Sussex Record: Councillor Fred E. Sharp, of Springfield, who was in town yesterday, is recovering from the effects of a painful but not serious accident in which he sustained a fracture of his left wrist. Mr. Sharp fell from a fence a few days ago and struck on the injured member. It will be some days before he fully recovers the use of it.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Shafer, of Melrose (Mass.), who have been spending some weeks at Mrs. Johnstone's, Upper Loch Lomond, arrived in the city on Saturday and left on the S. S. Governor Cobb for home. Mr. Shafer, who is well remembered here in theatrical circles, is now managing editor of the Boston Financial News. Joseph Boyle and Perry Lamphrey, of Melrose, who also spent their vacation at Loch Lomond, returned home on the Governor Cobb.

OBITUARY

John L. Brittain.

Annapolis Royal, N. S., Aug. 11—An old and highly respected citizens passed away here last night in the person of John L. Brittain, after a protracted illness, at the advanced age of seventy-eight years. Three daughters and two sons survive him—Mary, of Bridgewater (N. S.); and Josephine and Janet, at home; Frank, of Tacoma (Wash.), Edwin, of Somerville (Mass.), and two sisters, Mrs. W. H. Colwell, and Miss Kate, of St. John; and three brothers, George and Brunswick, of St. John, and James, of Easlin (Mass.)

Peter Chisholm.

The death of Peter Chisholm, of Johnston, Queens county, on August 8, removes from the community a highly esteemed citizen, who passed his whole life of sixty-eight years in the county, and who won the respect of a large circle of relatives and acquaintances. The funeral was conducted by Rev. Mr. Read, student, assisted by Rev. F. W. Murray.

Mrs. Thomas Lee.

Saturday, Aug. 12

The death of Mrs. Elizabeth Fowler Lee, wife of Thomas Lee, occurred yesterday at her home in Sheriff street. She was in the 49th year of her age, and had been ill for more than a year. She is survived by three sons, Harry William, Frederick and Elmer, of this city. One daughter, Miss Edith, also resides here. The body will be taken to Brown's Falls on Monday morning for burial.

Mrs. Mary J. McDonald.

Monday, Aug. 14

The death of Mrs. Mary Jane McDonald occurred yesterday afternoon at her residence, 83 Simonds street, after a lingering illness. Mrs. McDonald was 69 years of age and bore uncomplainingly months of pain and suffering. She is survived by four daughters and two sons. The daughters are Mrs. George Nevers, Mrs. Charles Field, Mrs. Solomon Logan and Mrs. William Gormley and the sons George and Fred Martin.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NEWS OF THE CONTEST

On Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock the Queens-Sunbury Liberals will meet in convention in Gagetown and will choose their standard bearer in the contest. There will be a series of addresses. On that day and at the same place a picnic will be held under direction of Col. H. H. McLean and will be followed by a series of others as follows:

Friday, August 18, at Shannon.
Saturday, August 19, at Cody's.
Monday, August 21, at Newcastle.
Tuesday, August 22, at Young's Cove.
Wednesday, August 23, at Jemseg.
Thursday, August 24, at Sheffield.
Friday, August 25, at Oromocto.
Saturday, August 26, at Waasis.

From all parts of the constituency come reports of the popularity of the reciprocity agreement and assurances of a decisive Liberal victory.

The Liberals of the parish of Greenwich met on Saturday night in the Foresters' hall to organize for the campaign. Captain Beatman occupied the chair. Addresses were made by Harry Gilbert, of Rothesay, and E. H. McAlpine, of St. John, after which committees were appointed.

SPLENDID LIBERAL MEETING IN ST. STEPHEN

(Continued from page 1.)

rafters rang with the cheers of those present.

"In this contest," said Senator Gillmor to the candidate, "you are holding forth the banner of British Liberalism, upholding the principle that free men shall not be dictated to by protected interests."

Mr. Todd Accepts.

In accepting in a dignified and telling speech, Mr. Todd said that in view of the demonstration and the fact that the nomination had been made unanimous, with so much excellent material to draw from, he could truthfully say that it was the proudest moment of his life. When he was nominated three years ago he felt that he was needed, and he had always responded to the call of party service. They had won the victory, bringing Charlotte county into line with the government after thirty years of opposition.

He came before the people again and they would not deny that the county had been greatly helped and improved by many public works during the last three years. As a candidate he had but one thought and one idea and that was to give the county the service it desired at Ottawa.

Any mistakes which I have made, have been of the mind, not of the heart, and I can assure you that if I am returned to power the years of progress and gratification of the country will continue with the greatly increased revenue. He felt sure that more could be done than ever before, and with the heart of their noble and gifted guest, firmly set on the county getting its just dues, he could promise Charlotte the strongest support which the county had ever received in parliament. (Cheers.)

Mr. Todd passed on to speak on the prospects of the Liberal party, which, he said, were the brightest with which a party ever faced an election. From the time Sir Wilfrid Laurier came into power there had been a decided change for the better in the affairs of Canada. With a tariff for revenue only and a progressive policy the trade had jumped from about $166,000,000 to nearly $800,000,000 in 1910.

Mr. Todd then proceeded to speak of reciprocity which he clearly showed would be of immense benefit to the farmer, the fisherman, the lumberman and the miner. The right of selling the product of the farm and the sea was a divine privilege conferred upon the toiler by nature herself, and should not be interfered with by the fiscal policy of man. Farmers and fishermen had been trading for years with the United States and traffic would continue to follow the natural channel.

The United States found that the cost of living had gone up 60 per cent while wages had advanced but 20 per cent. They looked northward to the land full of energy; to Canada with her wheat fields filling up with settlers from the old land; with her farmers crying out for larger markets. Give the farmer the encouragement of farming sixty acres of ground instead of twenty or thirty acres of ground. Farmers along the border raised little more than was needed in the home market, for there was no chance to increase his output.

Only the farmer and fisherman and lumberman were affected by the agreement as the manufacturer was not injured.

The factory owner must realize that on the happiness and welfare of his employes depends the success of his plant, and that reciprocity will make his workmen more prosperous and contented.

The American percentage of agricultural population has decreased from 66 per cent to 33 per cent. They are satisfied to buy their wheat and other farm products as did England, which under free trade had became the greatest producing nation in the world. Her dealing with other nations had not weakened the allegiance to the national ideals. (Cheers.)

"Is it a reasonable argument that because we are sending out some of our products that some of our loyalty is slipping out of the ends of our fingers? We are a nation, born of the British constitution, proud members of the Anglo-Saxon race which has fought out the greatest problems of civilization and solved the deepest intercourses of trade." (Cheers.)

The Benefits of Reciprocity.

Mr. Todd went on to speak in detail of the benefits which would accrue to the farmer and fishermen under reciprocity. The acres growing up in bushes all over the country would be reclaimed and planted in productive crops.

As for the fishermen, the smoke houses, long in ruins, would be raised up again and every man become his own manufacturer. Boston regulated the prices and the removal of the duty added just that much to the current price, and if the London or Paris market was better the fishermen would have a perfect right to send their fish there. Porto Rico market, one of the best in the world, would be open under reciprocity.

No person was harmed by the agreement, but it brought a market which helped the country to be where she truly belonged, among the greatest of the earth. Canada could learn from the experience of the United States, hampered by the high tariff. By giving free paper to the States the result, he could safely predict, would be the establishment of a dozen or more big paper mills in Canada.

Charlotte county was just beginning to receive its just dues. The eastern farmer was waking up to his opportunity and a good farm in the east was worth as much as a rich ranch in the west.

In closing, Mr. Todd reiterated his pledge to work in the interests of the county, and said that he was going to give the constituency the heartiest support that it has ever received in parliament. The noblest vote that the electors could cast was that recorded in favor of reciprocity. (Cheers.)

Hon. Mr. Pugsley.

Hon. William Pugsley was received with cheers. He spoke briefly at the afternoon meeting, first expressing great pleasure that Mr. Todd had been nominated as the candidate, and stating that he had not a shadow of doubt that Mr. Todd would carry the Liberal standard to victory.

From what he had heard since he came to Charlotte he had no doubt that the constituency would range itself in line with the majority of the constituencies of the dominion in support of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who had so ably conducted the affairs of Canada since 1896.

The government was proud of the foreign trade which had been more than trebled in the sixteen years but the people wanted still greater expansion. They said: "Go on." Everybody with the exception of the Conservative party and the gentlemen who had undertaken to guide the Conservative party. These gentlemen said: "Make all the arrangements you can for a larger trade with all countries of the world except one. Look out for the great republic to the south." (Laughter and cheers.)

Some of the great bankers who met at Toronto to protest against reciprocity had branches in New York, Chicago and San Francisco, and they think they can safely trade in the United States, but they say if the farmers or fishermen increase his export to that country he is likely to become disloyal.

"Did you ever hear such nonsense?" asked the minister, and he was greeted with cries of "No, no."

The government came before the people with a policy which had been the policy of both parties since confederation, and the only reason the Conservative bodies objected to it now was because the Liberals had succeeded in making an agreement where the Conservatives had failed.

"I have confidence enough in the people, members of both parties," said the minister, "to know that this offer, which may never again be made, will not be rejected and that the opportunity will be grasped." (Cheers.)

N. Marks Mills urged the Liberals present not to forget the need of organization and work and the meeting closed with cheers for the king and Laurier.

Evening Meeting.

The evening meeting was also largely attended with a number of ladies gracing the occasion by their presence. The band again furnished music, and with the hall prettily decorated a brilliant scene was presented. "Laurier and Reciprocity," "Pugsley and Todd" were the banners which set off the tasteful draping of Union Jacks, Canadian flags and bunting about the platform, while potted flowers added to the effect.

Dr. J. Walker Moore acted as chairman, and on the platform were Hon. Dr. Pugsley, W. F. Todd, R. E. Armstrong, Frank Todd, Henry E. Hill, James Stevens, A. Mungall, George M. Byron, H. McAlister.

From the first, the audience was enthusiastic and when the candidate was announced he was received with an outburst of applause. Having taken up so much time at the afternoon meeting, he said he would show reciprocity by allowing the honored guest an opportunity to speak.

Mr. Todd referred to reciprocity as the paramount issue of the campaign and spoke at some length on the subject, bringing out many new points not touched upon in his afternoon address. He concluded amid hearty applause.

The Minister of Public Works.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley was cordially received. After a graceful introduction he referred to the good record of Mr. Todd in the house, the earnestness and attention which he devoted to the affairs of the noble county of Charlotte. If Mr. Todd were not very diligent in answering his letters, he was probably engaged in writing letters to the minister asking for public works in the county. A look over the county would show that the interests of Charlotte had not been neglected.

The speaker was inclined to think that Mr. Todd had more work done for the county than had been accomplished in all the years since confederation up to the time he was elected. There had been dredging at St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Lords Cove, Welchpool, St. George and many other places besides the wharves and breakwaters that had been constructed. The department of public works paid particular attention to the development of navigable waters and the providing of facilities for the men who went down to the sea in ships.

A Wonderful Increase in Trade.

The Conservatives might have provided these works, if they had the money, but under their tariff system the foreign trade was small and this meant a small revenue. The increase of the foreign trade from less than $200,000,000 to more than $700,000,000, gave some idea of the wonderful expansion. It was almost incredible, but it was a fact that the surplus revenue during the present year is within $5,000,000 as large as the total revenue in 1896. This explained why the Transcontinental is being built largely without the issue of bonds; why the Hudson Bay railway is being built to open a vast section of country; why the St. Lawrence is being deepened and improved; the ports on Lake Superior and Georgian Bay developed, as well as the large expenditure to make St. John the national winter port.

Speaking of the fisheries, Hon. Dr. Pugsley spoke of the importance of the industry, and anything done for the encouragement of the fisheries aided greatly the prosperity of the country.

This led him to speak of reciprocity, and his first statement was that if anyone in either party had foreseen that arrangements would be completed with the United States for reciprocity without sacrificing the tariff on manufactured products, that they would not have believed there would have been any opposition to it.

The United States was ready to offer unrestricted reciprocity but the government leaders did not believe that Canadian industries were yet able to compete with the specialized manufactures of the United States.

It was not true that Messrs. Fielding and Paterson went to Washington without any information as to the needs of Canada as regards changes in tariff relations with the United States. On the contrary they were in possession of much data and communication from all the provinces in the matter.

Foolish views on both sides of the line were that Messrs. Fielding and Paterson were hoodwinked at Washington and that they pulled the wool over the eyes of the American plenipotentiaries. It was a case of two neighbors getting down together to see what exchanges could be made for mutual benefits.

Not a Treaty.

Reading from the agreement, Hon. Dr. Pugsley showed that the agreement could be terminated at any time by either party. To show the agreement was a fair one for Canada, Dr. Pugsley pointed out that Canada remitted in duties during the last fiscal year $2,360,000, while the United States remitted $4,100,000, or almost twice as much. Considering further that the United States imported only $100,000,000 worth from Canada, while this country bought $230,000,00, making a reduction of 400 per cent made by the United States more than that by Canada.

Last year, the United States imported from Canada $23,000,000 worth of lumber, while the importation into this country was very small. The duty on rough sawn lumber amounting to $1.25 had been removed and the duty on planed lumber greatly reduced.

A Boon to Farmers.

The main fact with regard to farm products was that the farmers were getting the markets of the large cities easily reached from the different sections of Canada. Under the Payne-Aldrich law the duty of five cents per gallon on cream instead of five cents per quart, as was intended, and the result was that American buyers paid as much for butter fat in the cream as they would per pound for butter, and the total value of this new export was $1,000,000.

Again, the removal of the duty on hay was a great benefit to the farmer, particularly on the intervales. The man with 100 tons of hay was $400 better off, taken from the pockets of Uncle Sam.

In speaking of the advantages of reciprocity to the west, the speaker said he knew enough of the feeling in the country from Lake Superior to the Rockies to be able to say that with one voice they will proclaim for reciprocity.

It was not right that the monied interests of the east, the millers, should seek to deny the farmers the right to market their wheat crop any place in the world. The delegation of grain growers, who came to Ottawa to demand a market, promised a yield of 200,000,000 bushels and it was all very well to say: "Send it across the water," but last year Great Britain took only 163,000,000 bushels as her whole supply. Today the west was prosperous with wheat selling at 90 cents a bushel instead of 75 cents, as was the case a few years ago, but it was only a short time until the yield would be 300,000,000 bushels and a market must be found.

"Deny the market to the south if you will," said the minister, "but the day will come when after redistribution with the large population in the wst, they will demand and exact not only free trade in natural products but free entrance to machinery, their household goods, their clothing, and in fact everything they use." (Applause.)

Dr. Pugsley then apealed to the Conservatives to join with the Liberals in supporting the cause of reciprocity, in order to bring about the dawn of a great prosperity in Canada. He did this, he said, on the grounds that the great Conservative leaders had endorsed the policy as theirs. He then quoted from Sir John A. Macdonald's speech in the commons in 1887, as follows:

Sir John Macdonald's Views.

In Hansard of 1884, pages 1186-87, Sir John A. Macdonald, referring to the subject of reciprocity, speaking to a motion that had been introduced by Sir Louis Davies, said:

"I do not know any reason why the hon. gentleman who moved this, or the seconder, laid before the house these elaborate statements to show the value of reciprocal trade, or trade of any kind with the United States This is admitted. That goes without saying. We all admit that it would be well that we had a large trade with the United States, rather than a small one; and I think Canada, as compared in her action with the action of the United States, has done everything that she could do in order to secure that desirable object. In the first place, there was the original reciprocity treaty which was finally consummated in 1854. The merit of that, as far as Canada was concerned, rested altogether with the administration of Sir Francis Hincks, the Liberal government of that day. Although the government of which I was a member in 1854 had accidentally from the retirement of Sir Francis Hincks, the duty of carrying out the treaty to its consummation, by introducing and carrying into law the act which ratified that treaty, still it was the merit of the reform party; and it was a great merit; it did a great service to Canada. That, as we all know, was a treaty for reciprocal free trade in the natural productions of the two countries. We regretted, when the Americans, from, I must say, a rather natural feeling of irritation against England, gave notice for the cancellation and the termination of that treaty. It was no fault of Canada that that treaty was terminated."

Seeking a Reciprocity Law.

Then we have this despatch from the Governor-General of Canada to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, dated December 13, 1890:

"My Lord: I have the honor to send to your lordship today a telegraphic message in cipher of which the following is the substance:

"With reference to my telegram of the 10th instant, this government is desirous of proposing a joint commission such as that of 1871, with authority to deal without limitation, and to prepare a treaty respecting the following subjects:

"1. Renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty of 1854, with the modifications required by the altered circumstances of both countries and with the extensions deemed by the commission to be in the interests of Canada and the United States."

Sir John Thompson's Position.

When Sir John Thompson was minister of justice and was a candidate in Antigonish in 1891, he issued an address to the electors of that constituency in which he made it clear that he and the Conservative government of which he was a member were thoroughly in favor of reciprocity. His address to the electors was as follows:

"To the Electors of the County of Antigonish:

"Gentlemen: At the election which will take place on the 5th day of March, I will be a candidate for re-election as a member of the House of Commons for the County of Antigonish.

"The government of which I am a member is appealing to the country with a policy which we believe will be heartily endorsed by a great majority of the electors. We have made to the government of the United States, through the government of Great Britain, proposals for reciprocity in trade, which we have good reason to believe will result in an arrangement by which the markets of the United States will be reopened to the products which our people desire most to send there.

"A fair measure of reciprocity is what we desire, and we have no doubt that that can be obtained without undue sacrifices.

"I respectfully ask your support and votes, and I pledge myself to serve the best interests of the country, if I should be honored by a renewal of the confidence which was reposed in me at the last elections and for which I shall be forever grateful. I remain, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,
"JOHN S. D. THOMPSON."

"Antigonish, Feb. 24, 1891."

Sir John Thompson (who was Minister of Justice) was re-elected on that platform and subsequently became Prime Minister and so far as is known he never departed from the views he held at the time he issued the address. The political situation in Canada or the United States has not changed to make absorption more likely or reciprocity less desirable.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley also quoted from the reciprocity speeches of Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Hazen and Mr. Foster.

The Conservatives had failed to get reciprocity because, as President Harrison said, the feeling in the United States was that free trade in natural products would be wholly for the benefit of Canada. Yet the Liberals had now succeeded in making the agreement for which the Conservatives had so long been striving.

It was interesting to see where Mr. Hazen stood on the reciprocity question. In 1891 he moved the address, in reply to the speech from the throne which contained a reference to procuring reciprocity and read as follows:

Hazen's Views in 1901.

"'That we are pleased to be informed that his excellency's advisers availing themselves of opportunities which were presented in the closing months of last year, caused the administration of the United States to be reminded of the willingness of the government of Canada to join in making efforts for the extension and development of the trade between the republic and the dominion, as well as for the friendly adjustment of those matters of an international character which remain unsettled; that we learn with great satisfaction that these representations have resulted in an assurance that, in October next, the government of the United States will be prepared to enter on a conference to consider the best means of arriving at a practical solution of these important questions.'

"In Hansard of May 1, 1891, there is recorded a speech of Mr. Hazen's in which he said:

"'It was, I think, most expedient and very proper that the advisers of his excellency, late last year, should have reminded the government of the great republic to the south, of our willingness to join with them, in developing the trade between the two countries. In doing this the government of the day were simply following out the policy which we have pursued in this country ever since the year 1897, when they caused that policy to be embodied in an act which was then placed upon our statute book. Now, Sir, it must also be very gratifying to this house to know that, our government having reminded the government of the United States of their willingness to treat with them, a time has been fixed in the month of October next, for holding a conference for the purpose, not only of considering trade matters, but, for the purpose, also, if possible, of arriving at an amicable settlement of all matters in dispute between the two countries, including the fishing question and the Behring Sea dispute. That conference, I believe, will be watched with very great interest by the people of this whole North American continent. The relations and the interest of the people of the two countries which compose the northern part of this continent, are, in a commercial way, in a social way, and in a friendly way, closely interwoven in many respects, and I believe, that if a fair reciprocity treaty can be effected along the lines of the old treaty of 1854, it will be of considerable benefit to both countries, and that it will meet with favor from all parties in the Dominion of Canada.'

Opposition to the agreement was first organized in Toronto. Mr. *Borden*, leader of the opposition, had made use of arguments that reciprocity would ruin Canada. Was there any greater nonsense? Was Sir John A. MacDonald disloyal? Did he not say "A British subject I was born, a British subject I will die." Sir Leonard Tilley, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir John Thompson had never been accused of disloyalty, and yet these great Conservative leaders had always stood for reciprocity.

People who lived on the border and the residents of St. John had traded freely with the United States, but in all these years of intercourse it could not be said that any community would send men to fight for the flag and more readily than would the residents of St. John and Charlotte. Mr. Hazen's remark that the battle was to be fought for the flag, was an insult to the flag itself. (Cheers.)

Hon. Dr. Pugsley spoke of the representations made to Messrs. Fielding and Paterson by the varied interests but the farmers were particularly delighted with the wiping out of the $4 duty on hay, also the reduction of the duty on shingles from fifty cents to thirty cents per thousand.

Mr. Crocket, late representative for York, was one of the petitioners for the reduction of the shingles.

Ganong Asks for Duty Free Materials.

Mr. Pugsley roused much enthusiasm by reading a letter from the St. Croix Soap Company, in which the Ganongs are interested, asking for the placing of crude glycerine on the United States free list, which was done.

"If Mr. Crocket thought that reciprocity was going to sap the loyalty of those interested, should he not have called attention to it. If Mr. Ganong had thought there was danger of his loyalty, had he not better have paid one cent a pound on his crude glycerine."

The letter follows:

C. W. Young, President, Treasurer.
J. E. Ganong, Secretary, Manager.
Factory and head office St. Stephen.
Branches—Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Victoria, St. Johns (Nfld.) Oct. 14, 1910.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, Ottawa:

Dear Sir,—We would respectfully ask that in the negotiations with the United States for reciprocity, your government request that crude glycerine be placed on the free list of the United States tariff, as it is now free on the Canadian tariff by decision of June 10, 1910, item (C). It will give the manufacturers of Canada fair trade and is only justice to them.

Trusting you will give this matter your favorable consideration, we remain,

Yours truly,
THE ST. CROIX SOAP MFG. CO.

(Laughter and cheers.)

Another argument used was that trade would be drawn from Canadian points to the United States cities. This was not likely to occur in view of the fact that Canadian goods could always be shipped through the United States in bond, but Canada had the great commanding route in the St. Lawrence, and could hold her own with the American ports and cities.

As for the argument that trade would run north and south, that means that we could sell goods to the United States and that appears to me the very thing we want. We bought $285,000,000 worth from them last year and sold only $180,000,000, paying for the difference in cash, and we must sell them our wheat, fish and lumber in order to get our own.

In closing, Hon. Dr. Pugsley appealed to the audience, men and women alike, to do what they could against the rejection of the reciprocity measure.

The meeting closed with three cheers for the king.

C. B. Lockhart, of the West Side, and his wife and daughters have returned from Digby, where they were spending some time at The Pines.