

Look Here.
If you will take that last summer's Straw Hat of yours and give it a coat of our
Anchor Brand Enamel Straw Hat
you will have a hat as good as new, and for only 10 cts.
We have just opened a large lot of fresh stock, and can supply it in almost any shade.
Dries hard very quickly, and will not wash off.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED.
Market Square
Agents for A. G. SPALDING & BROS.' Sporting and Athletic Goods.

Why Drink Impure Water?
A "Seed" Water Filter removes all impurities and sediment from the water. Easily attached to either a plain or threaded faucet.
Price, - - 50c.
Emerson & Fisher
75 Prince Wm. St.

Something Real Nice and Good!
This season's Patent Leather is the correct material for Boots and Shoes. We have a splendid line of Ladies' Patent Laced Boots, with dull-kid tops, good walking soles, Cuban heels. Looks like a much higher priced one and gives good satisfaction.
Waterbury & Rising.
King Street. Union Street.

PARLOR FURNITURE.
We have a complete stock of Parlor Suits in walnut and mahogany frames. FIVE-PIECE PARLOR SUITE, solid walnut frames, upholstered in velour, silk plush bands, for \$27.00; upholstered in figured plush, \$29.00. Nothing like them has ever been offered for the money.

F. A. JONES' CO., Ltd., 10 and 12 King Street.
HUTCHINGS & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
First Class Bedding, Wire Mattresses, Iron Bedsteads and Cribbs, Invalid Wheel Chairs, Etc.
101 to 107 GERMAIN STREET.

Pure Maple Honey
IN BOTTLES.
JAMES PATTERSON,
10 and 20 South Market Wharf, 8 City Market.

Men and Boys Meet at Harvey's Tonight.
FOR NEW SUITS, TOP COATS, UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, TIES, COLLARS, CUFFS, HATS, CAPS, HANDKERCHIEFS, BRACES, SOCKS, OVERALLS, SWEATERS, etc., etc. Never before was our stock so large and well assorted, never was our price lower.
Men's Suits, \$2.00, \$4.00, \$6.00, \$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$14.00, \$16.00, \$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.00, \$24.00, \$26.00, \$28.00, \$30.00, \$32.00, \$34.00, \$36.00, \$38.00, \$40.00, \$42.00, \$44.00, \$46.00, \$48.00, \$50.00, \$52.00, \$54.00, \$56.00, \$58.00, \$60.00, \$62.00, \$64.00, \$66.00, \$68.00, \$70.00, \$72.00, \$74.00, \$76.00, \$78.00, \$80.00, \$82.00, \$84.00, \$86.00, \$88.00, \$90.00, \$92.00, \$94.00, \$96.00, \$98.00, \$100.00.
Boys' 2-Piece Suits, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$10.50, \$11.00, \$11.50, \$12.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, \$13.50, \$14.00, \$14.50, \$15.00, \$15.50, \$16.00, \$16.50, \$17.00, \$17.50, \$18.00, \$18.50, \$19.00, \$19.50, \$20.00, \$20.50, \$21.00, \$21.50, \$22.00, \$22.50, \$23.00, \$23.50, \$24.00, \$24.50, \$25.00, \$25.50, \$26.00, \$26.50, \$27.00, \$27.50, \$28.00, \$28.50, \$29.00, \$29.50, \$30.00, \$30.50, \$31.00, \$31.50, \$32.00, \$32.50, \$33.00, \$33.50, \$34.00, \$34.50, \$35.00, \$35.50, \$36.00, \$36.50, \$37.00, \$37.50, \$38.00, \$38.50, \$39.00, \$39.50, \$40.00, \$40.50, \$41.00, \$41.50, \$42.00, \$42.50, \$43.00, \$43.50, \$44.00, \$44.50, \$45.00, \$45.50, \$46.00, \$46.50, \$47.00, \$47.50, \$48.00, \$48.50, \$49.00, \$49.50, \$50.00, \$50.50, \$51.00, \$51.50, \$52.00, \$52.50, \$53.00, \$53.50, \$54.00, \$54.50, \$55.00, \$55.50, \$56.00, \$56.50, \$57.00, \$57.50, \$58.00, \$58.50, \$59.00, \$59.50, \$60.00, \$60.50, \$61.00, \$61.50, \$62.00, \$62.50, \$63.00, \$63.50, \$64.00, \$64.50, \$65.00, \$65.50, \$66.00, \$66.50, \$67.00, \$67.50, \$68.00, \$68.50, \$69.00, \$69.50, \$70.00, \$70.50, \$71.00, \$71.50, \$72.00, \$72.50, \$73.00, \$73.50, \$74.00, \$74.50, \$75.00, \$75.50, \$76.00, \$76.50, \$77.00, \$77.50, \$78.00, \$78.50, \$79.00, \$79.50, \$80.00, \$80.50, \$81.00, \$81.50, \$82.00, \$82.50, \$83.00, \$83.50, \$84.00, \$84.50, \$85.00, \$85.50, \$86.00, \$86.50, \$87.00, \$87.50, \$88.00, \$88.50, \$89.00, \$89.50, \$90.00, \$90.50, \$91.00, \$91.50, \$92.00, \$92.50, \$93.00, \$93.50, \$94.00, \$94.50, \$95.00, \$95.50, \$96.00, \$96.50, \$97.00, \$97.50, \$98.00, \$98.50, \$99.00, \$99.50, \$100.00.
Store open tonight till 11 o'clock.

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing,
100 Union Street, Opera House Block

HARMSWORTH'S
Are the Real Purchasers of Newfoundland Timber.
Will Expend \$10,000,000 in the Erection of Pulp and Paper Mills There.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 30. The announcement a few days ago that the Newfoundland Timber Estate Limited, in which H. M. Whitney, of Boston, and B. F. Pearson, of Halifax, are interested, had taken over the lumber areas of Louis Miller of Scotland, created considerable interest among lumbermen throughout Canada. It now transpires that the most of this property has been taken over temporarily by the Whitney syndicate, and that they will operate there only for the remainder of this season. The property, which is the largest in Newfoundland, will then be taken over by the Harmsworths, the big London publishers.

Mr. Beeten, the Harmsworths' hydraulic engineer, has spent considerable time looking over possible positions for the establishment of what is said will be the largest pulp and paper concern in the world. The Harmsworths will make in all an investment of about \$10,000,000 in the purchase and equipment of their Newfoundland enterprises. Mr. Beeten, in his search for suitable pulp lands, has visited Russia, Finland, Norway, Sweden, New Brunswick and this province, as well as Ontario. The property he has now decided on consists of over one million acres, and the lands are on the Exploits River, Indian Lake, Lloyd's River, Lloyd's Lake, King George's Lake, Victoria River and Victoria Lake. It is estimated that these lands contain hundreds of millions of feet of spruce pulp wood. The water shed is over two thousand square miles, and with the supply of water from such an area the Harmsworths will never be troubled by scarcity of water supply.

RECENT DEATHS.
Alex. Logan, father of Mrs. Thos. A. Black, North End, died at St. Stephen's Thursday. He was a respected resident of the border town.
A. F. Worden, aged thirty-eight years, died Thursday evening at Baywater. He was a member of the Odd-fellows' Society and Peerless lodge, of this city, will conduct the funeral.
Edward C. Earle died Thursday evening at the home of his sister, Mrs. Robt. Curry, Guilford street, Carleton. The death occurred yesterday morning after a week's illness of Selwyn G. Morton, a well known Halifax merchant, leaving a widow and two young children.

THE AUCTION.
The auction sale at F. L. Potts' rooms, 41 Germain street, advertised on another page of the Star to take place this morning, will take place next Wednesday, beginning at 10 a. m.

LATE LOCAL NEWS.
The Mohawks defeated the Mayflowers by a score of 10 to 0.
The schooner Annie Lord, now discharging a cargo of molasses at Walker's slip is being painted.
The sum of money found in the market the other day is still waiting for its owner. The small boy who picked it up looks like a winner.

The last four games in which Tip O'Neil played, credit him with eight hits for fourteen times at bat and not an error.
The Battle Line S. S. Pandoras arrived at St. John's, Nfld., yesterday on her way to Miramichi to load lumber for the west coast of England.

There will be a meeting of the common council on Monday at 3 o'clock when several very important matters will come up.
Piscataway fishermen report a big falling off in the catch of shad. Harbor fishermen are making only fair catches with a result that few were delivered to the dealers today.

Thomas Foley, of Halifax and Critch, of Boston, have been matched to box ten rounds at the Armours in Halifax, on June 1st, the evening of the Doran-Snell match. There will also be a wrestling match.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester M. Singer have the sympathy of their many friends in the death of their little daughter, Florence Haseltine, which occurred yesterday afternoon at their home, 10 White street.

While two gentlemen were transacting some business on Prince Wm. street this morning a \$5 bill dropped to the sidewalk and was hustled along by the wind a short distance, when it was stopped by a prominent lawyer—quite natural.

The funeral of the late William Warren will be held at half past two o'clock this afternoon from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Henry Hopkins, Crouchville. Rev. Dr. Raymond will officiate and the body will be interred in Fern Hill.

The death is reported of Miss Lillian Stevens, daughter of Andrew Stevens, which took place last night at her father's residence on Ludlow street, Carleton. Miss Stevens had been suffering from consumption for upwards of two years. She was twenty-one years of age. Her funeral will be held at half past two tomorrow.

Gillis Keator has returned from Pettitcodiac, where he adjusted the insurance claim on the damage done to Humphrey & Trites' building by Thursday's fire. The damage to the stock was estimated at \$1,000, and that to the building at \$120. The Western Sun, British American and Queen Insurance companies were interested.

PERSONAL.
Rev. E. B. Hooper, of Moncton, expected to be home from California by June 7th.
Miss Mary B. Macfarlane, of Fairville, left by last night's train for Boston, where she will spend a month visiting her mother and other relatives.
Miss Beattie Telfer, of Rebecca street, passed examination at the Boothby surgical hospital in Boston recently.
Harry McLoughlin, of New York, one of the gentlemen interested in the Electro-Manganese Company which is to establish works in this province, left for New York last evening.
Recorder Skinner went to Woodstock last evening.

Miss Roberta Christie, who for the past year has been principal of the school of domestic science in this city, will leave for her home at River Hebert on Monday for the summer vacation.
His Lordship Bishop Casey returned from Boston last night.
Rev. J. C. Berrie is in the city today, with a hearty handshake for all his old friends.

TODAY'S NEWS
Flash Over the Wires to the Star This Morning
Dreadful Floods in Kansas and Nebraska — A Summary of General Despatches.

Bruce Price, a famous American architect, died in Paris yesterday. All the old grand officers of the brotherhood of railway trainmen were re-elected yesterday.
In a quarrel in Kansas City last night a woman was shot and a non-union man fatally stabbed.
The yacht Reliance, Constitution and Columbia are out today with a fine breeze for their last contest at Glen Cove.

The S. S. Philadelphia arrived at New York today from Southampton.
Mrs. Taylor was today found guilty at Monticello, N. Y., of murder in the first degree.
Gans easily defeated Fitzgerald in ten rounds at San Francisco last night.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk, last night in an interview, relative to the report that the Grand Trunk will acquire the Canadian Northern, said: "It is possible. Matters, however, are not settled sufficiently to know what will be done."
Frank Emmett, formerly of Emmett & Puch, one of the biggest cotton men in New Orleans, who was bankrupted by the bull campaign in cotton, committed suicide last night by cutting his throat.

Flood in eastern and southern Nebraska have cost the farmers at least a million dollars. The situation is critical. Kansas has the worst floods in the history of the state. The damage done is enormous. Miles upon miles of railway in both states are under water. Many towns have been flooded and buildings washed away.

VITAL STATISTICS.
There have been more than the usual number of deaths during the past week and sixteen burial permits were issued by the board of health. The causes of death were as follows:
Old age 8
Menigitis 1
Epilepsy 1
Uraemia 1
Consumption 1
Diphtheria 1
Malnutrition 1
Heart failure 1
Cancer of breast 1
Broncho pneumonia 1
Congestion of lungs 1
Chronic lead poisoning 1

THE DEATH FROM DIPHTHERIA.
The death from diphtheria occurred in the hospital and the case was not reported to the board of health until after the death.
NEW PLAYER FOR THE ROSES.
The Roses and Alerts will play at the Shamrock grounds this afternoon at seven o'clock. The Alerts will have their regular team in the field with McDermott in the box. Cunningham will probably play with the Roses. Manager Haney this morning received a telegram from New York to the effect that an outfielder named Plavin, would be here on Monday to join the team. Plavin has a good reputation as a hard hitter and as being a fast man in the field.

It is just possible that the double umpire system will be used this afternoon. Miss Colahan assisting Daniel Connolly.
HOW REUBEN CAME TO TOWN.
Reuben Seely is an energetic and enterprising youth from the west end and earns his daily bread and tea in Wm. Thomson & Co.'s office. This morning he was hurrying to work and rode down Rodney wharf on his bicycle. But when he tried to make a sharp turn the wheel bucked and Reuben went over the wharf into unfathomable mud. He got out, put on his Sunday clothes and showed up at the office on time, with his ears full of mud. He has no intention of applying for the job of dredging Rodney slip.

DIED IN MONCTON.
The death of John Smith occurred yesterday in Moncton, after only a few days illness. Deceased was 61 years of age. He is survived by a wife and six children. The children are Mrs. John Sullivan, Mrs. Smith, of Moncton, Robert Smith, of St. John, and John Percy and Frank at home.
Mrs. John Carro died at Moncton yesterday morning at the home of her father, Wm. Hopper, Weldon street, after an illness of about four months. The deceased maiden name was Lulu Hopper, and she was 22 years old. She leaves a husband and one child.

DR. LORIMER WILL STAY.
Says His Work is in New York and He Will Not Accept Call to Boston's Tremont Temple.
(New York Herald.)
Boston cannot win back the Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer, now pastor of the Madison Avenue Baptist church in this city.

The Tremont Temple Baptist church of Boston, on Friday night, by a practically unanimous vote, decided to recall Dr. Lorimer to its vacant pulpit.
When seen at his residence in this city yesterday Dr. Lorimer said he had not yet received the call, but that he would not accept it when he did.
"I'm not going back," he said. "People there have been generous, but my work is here. I have a fine parish, I am perfectly happy, and I'm going to stay. All this talk of change only unsettles me."

Dr. Lorimer has twice been pastor of Tremont Temple. In 1879 he went from there to Chicago. He returned to the Temple later and remained with the congregation ten years. He came to the Madison Avenue church, this city, a year and a half ago, and since then the Boston church has had no permanent pastor.

CAUSED BY FISHERMEN.
Through carelessness on the part of fishermen, a fire started last Sunday on the shore of Kepple Lake, to the west of Nerepis, fanned by a strong wind destroyed large lumber areas, including about 800 acres owned by A. Z. McKensie, Henry Naze and Geo. Crawford. At first the wind was northwest and the Knight and other properties at Muskeg were in danger, but the fire back on Nerepis and the surrounding district.

The buildings threatened were the residence and water power saw-mill of A. Z. McKensie and "Camp Nature on the Nerepis," the collecting resort of Wm. McIntosh and A. Gordon Leavitt.

Battle line steamship Platan, Captain Leary, sailed from Glasgow at 2 p. m. today for Swansea, Wales.
The charge against Merritt Lord was being heard in the police court this forenoon in the nature of a preliminary examination. J. B. M. Baxter is acting as the prosecutor.

CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH.
TORONTO, May 29.—The New London cable says: Yesterday's proceedings in the house of commons were the most eventful since the day when Gladstone made his pronouncement on home rule. The speech of Chamberlain was received without a demonstration of any kind, but the close attention of the members showed that they realized that the history of England may be drawing to its close, and that the history of an empire is beginning.

The main points of Chamberlain's speech were as follows:
Firstly, Food must be taxed, but increase in wages which would follow would be more than equivalent therefor.
Second, extra revenue would pay old age pensions.
Thirdly, tax on food would revive the decaying agricultural industry.
Fourthly, fiscal rearrangement would revive Irish industries and agriculture.
Fifthly, it would enable the empire to strike against foreign nations like Germany, and

Sixth, it would protect home manufacturers from being swamped by trust productions of America.
Germany's attitude towards Canada, he declared, had forced to the front the question of fiscal imperialism. England must show Germany that she cannot wreak vengeance on Canada without suffering payment in kind.
Chamberlain's concluding words were, "I raise this fiscal issue before all the constituencies."

THE PREMIER.
who spoke after Mr. Chamberlain, declared his hearty agreement with what the latter had said. Continuing he asserted that England must have a fiscal weapon with which to meet those who might attempt to disintegrate the empire by fiscal means. England wanted to secure open market in the colonies for manufactured goods.
William Redmond remarked that it seemed to be Mr. Chamberlain's intention to wreck the government.

The lord mayor of London advocates the sovereignty of the colonies and all foreign nations willing to trade on the same terms.
The comments of the ministerial press on Chamberlain's address are marked with becoming seriousness. The force of Lord Rosebery's words, that the new policy will split the parties diagonally, seems to be realized. The opposition press vigorously condemns Mr. Chamberlain's policy. The Daily News calls it a policy of famine.

FOREST FIRES.
MONCTON, May 29.—Forest fires are still raging in different parts of Westmorland and Albert. The Salisbury and Harvey train had a rather trying experience on the down trip yesterday, being surrounded on all sides by fire. At one point the engineer was fearful to proceed and stopped the train, but the wind suddenly shifted and allowed him to get out of danger.
A report from Hillsboro says the oil wells are out of danger as the fire in that vicinity has apparently spent itself.

I. C. R. SUBURBAN.
Pocket folders giving the I. C. R. suburban service have been issued today. Trains will leave St. John at 6.45 a. m., 7.40 a. m., 12.15 p. m., 1.15 p. m., 6 p. m. and 11.25 p. m., going to or beyond Sussex and there will be two additional trains as far as Hampton, leaving St. John at 6.15 p. m. and 10.40 p. m. Trains are due to arrive via the I. C. R. at 6.20 a. m., 7.45 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 1.50 p. m., 3.20 p. m., 4.50 p. m., 6.40 p. m., 8.40 p. m. and 10 p. m., and on Saturday night at 12.25. The trains arriving at 7.45 a. m. and 10 p. m. come from Hampton only. The service goes into effect on Monday.

'VIRTUE HATH ITS OWN REWARD.'
A good old maxim clearly established by our increasing laundry business. We know how to do good laundering and we do it, as you will find out if you make a try out. To tell the truth we're looking for laundry work.

50 flat (white) pieces washed and ironed for 50c.
GLOBE LAUNDRY,
25-27 Water-loo St.

Funeral Notice
The members of Peerless Lodge, No. 19, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at Adelaide corner on Sunday afternoon, May 31, at a quarter to one o'clock sharp, for the purpose of proceeding to Bagawat to attend the funeral of their brother

ARCHIE WORDEN.
of Leominster Lodge, Leominster, Mass. Members of sister lodges are invited to attend. Business will be in attendance. Best lawn mowers at \$1.25 a. m. Dress suit, silk hat, black tie, white gloves.
By order of the N. G.
GEO. A. CHASE,
Rec. Secretary.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.
WANTED.—A capable girl for general housework at 153 Sydney street. Apply to Mrs. L. H. HARRISON, 153 Mecklenburg street.

BIRTHS.
REID.—At St. John, May 24, 55 Military Road, Mrs. Reid, of 102, St. John, a daughter.

New Hats
We have just received a shipment of the new Brown Hat that will be so popular this summer—a neat, dressy style for young men.
Furs stored, insured against moths and fire. Charges small.

Anderson's,
Manufacturers, - 17 Charlotte St.
Boot and Shoe REPAIRING.
Remember, we are practical shoemakers, and any work entrusted to our care will be done in first-class manner.
We don't cobble—we repair.
Velvet or O'Sullivan Rubber Heels put on while you wait.

W. A. SINCLAIR,
65 BRUSSELS ST.
THE LATEST STYLES IN Summer Millinery!
A large and choice stock to select from, including the latest novelties in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Toques and Bonnets.
Also, a nice display of Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed; Outing Hats in the latest style. Corsets a specialty.

CHAS. K. CAMERON & CO.
77 KING STREET.
Call up Phone 1074
FOR
Paints, Oils, Glass.

Whiting, Alabastine, Kalsomine, Varnish, Paint, Brushes, Etc., or anything in the line of HOUSEHOLD or BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
J. W. ADDISON,
44 GERMAIN STREET.

TO LET
Stone House at Torryburn, nice situation, handy to station. Apply to
G. H. PETERS' SONS,
WARD STREET.

BAD DIGESTION
often leads the way to Consumption; in fact is frequently one of the first symptoms.
PARK'S
US PERFECT
EMULSION

It will tone up the digestive system if you have Consumption it will kill the active principle of the disease.
Price 50c. a bottle. Large bottle \$1.00
FOR SALE TO PRINTERS

3 Chases . . . 27x19,
1 Chase . . . 26x19,
1 " . . . 42x26,
1 " . . . 44x31,
Apply to **SUN PRINTING CO.,**
ST. JOHN, N. B.

SACRED CONCERT,
Portland Methodist Church.
Madame Clary,
Contra-
MRS. F. C. SPENCER, - Soprano
J. A. KELLY, - Tenor
TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

E. Riley & Co. Ltd. Millers
Clyde Street, off City Road. - - Telephone No. 582

WOOD. . .
 DRY HARD WOOD OUT.
 DRY HARD WOOD SPLIT.
 DRY ROCK MAPLE.
 SOFT WOOD AND KINDLING.
 MINUDIE COAL.

LAW & CO., [Phone 1346]
 OFFICE - 2nd FLOOR - East St. -
 WASHINGTON, D. C.

We have just received a new lot of Tapestry Papers, Varnished Tiles, Plain Moire, Cellings, etc, which owing to late arrival we have marked very low. We still continue the sale of last season's patterns at prices still further reduced, in order to dispose of the entire quantity before the season closes.

In Window Shades we are showing all the latest things in Laces, Fringes and New Colors in Plain Shades. All work in this line we will GUARANTEE to be perfectly satisfactory. Wall Mouldings to match all colors paper. Plain Rail, Photo Rail for Cosy Corners, etc., etc.

Have you seen our new Duplex Ingrain Paper? Will not spot or stain. Looks like a wall of velvet.

F. E. HOLMAN & CO., - - - 52 KING STREET.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—At 111 Elliott Row. Cheap rent. Apply on premises.

TO LET—From 1st May next that very comfortable, self-contained dwelling house, now occupied by George H. Horton, 200, No. 150 Gorman street, corner Horsfield, containing 8 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, etc. Can be seen on Wednesday and Saturday afternoon. Apply to W. TREMAYNE GARD, 4 King street.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

BOYS WANTED—To sell National Monthly of Canada. Good commission. Apply to H. W. HUNT, 101 Prince William street.

WANTED—Young man to canvass and collect for York County Loan and Savings Co. Commission and salary. Apply to GEORGE McKINNEY, 101 Prince William street.

WANTED—A young compositor, a boy, who has had three years experience. Apply at SUN OFFICE.

WANTED—A First Class Barber. Apply at once to C. M. GIBBS, Victoria Hotel Barber Shop.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED in each town for special agents, sickness, death, accident policies and general insurance business. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write Box 25, Montreal.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

WANTED—A housemaid. Apply to MRS. McMillan, 206 Gorman street.

WANTED—A few good machine sewers on shirt waists. Good pay. METROPOLITAN SEWING MACHINE CO., 101 Prince William street.

WANTED—Past Makers. Steady work at A. R. CAMPBELL & SON, 61 Gorman street.

WANTED—A good capable girl to whom good wages will be paid. Apply to G. H. WATERBURY, 120 King street.

WANTED.

WANTED—Three young men with 3 to 5 years experience in the retail dry goods business. Apply at once to ROBERTSON, TRITES & CO.

WANTED—A Blacksmiths Helper, steady employment. Apply to JAMES LLOYD, 21 and 23 Nelson street.

WANTED—By a young lady, a position as stenographer. Has had several years' experience and can furnish first-class references. Address A. B. C. care STAR Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

The subscriber wishes to inform Sunday schools, officials of societies, tourists and the public generally that his grounds at Crystal Beach, better known as "The Landing," are ready for engagement for picnic and private parties. A new wharf has been built, at which automobiles can land. It is provided with all modern conveniences, and is one of the best equipped landing places on the John river. Terms reasonable. Address JAS. H. DAY, Land's End, Kings Co., N. B.

LOST.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

LOST—Lady's Belt, set with Stones, Thursday afternoon. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at 25 Hanover street.

LOST—Between A. M. Rowan's store, Main street and corner of Adelaide street, a purse containing a small sum of money. Reward on leaving at SLIPP & FLEMING, 240 Main street.

NOTICE.

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ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 30, 1903.

THE PROPOSED BRIDGE.

The citizens of the west side are very much in earnest in their efforts to secure, if possible a bridge across the harbor at Navy Island. The kind of bridge they want is one that will accommodate foot passengers, teams and cars and the cost would probably be in the neighborhood of \$400,000. It is pointed out that the street railway company would pay one cent for each passenger carried across, and of course the summer traffic by such a route would be very large. So far as the ferry is concerned, there would still be work for a small steamer, which ought to pay its way, making frequent trips back and forth with passengers. The gentlemen who are promoting the bridge scheme report that they are receiving much encouragement from east side citizens, and it is therefore probable that the city council will have to deal with the question at an early day. The sooner the whole question of the bridge and ferry is settled the better. The present service is notoriously inadequate, and some action must be taken. The question of a new ferry steamer has been discussed, but in view of the present agitation it is evident that the bridge must also be taken into consideration.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

The ninth annual conference of the International Arbitration Society met at Lake Mohonk, N. Y. on Wednesday for a three days' session. In opening the conference Mr. John W. Foster said they had under most encouraging auspices because of events of the past year which "have tended in the direction of universal peace and have greatly strengthened the cause of arbitration."

Discussing these events another speaker mentioned the following controversies which had been referred to special arbitrators or arbitral commissions: The controversy between Italy and Guatemala in its to the treatment of Italian immigrants; the question of claims of citizens of France against Venezuela; the boundary dispute between Bolivia and Peru; the controversy between the United States and San Domingo over the claims of the San Domingo Improvement Company; the question of the line between Portugal and its difficulties that may arise in locating their colonial boundaries in South Africa; the question of claims of La C. & Co. of New York against San Domingo; the Alaskan boundary dispute between the United States and Great Britain, which has been referred to a mixed commission.

Mr. Foster observed that the Alaskan boundary affair was not exactly an arbitration, and added:

"From the state of the question and of public sentiment in the United States it is not probable that there is any illustration of the fact that even so excellent a principle as arbitration has its limitation in practice."

Having made this frank admission he went on:

"Let us concentrate our efforts in favor of a general arbitration treaty between the American and British governments on the lines of the Olney ratified convention of 1897. To this end public sentiment should be brought to bear upon the senate. That distinguished body is a fair representation of the American people, and when the latter shall express themselves as favorably to such a treaty, the senate will ratify their verdict."

Reference was made to the Venezuela affair, and to a number of important arbitration cases which though they arose some time ago, were not settled till within the last year. These included: The long pending boundary dispute between Chile and the Argentine Republic, involving an area of 80,000 square miles; the controversy between the United States and Russia over the seizure of American sailing vessels in the Behring Sea; the Samoan claims question between the United States, Great Britain and Germany and claims of those countries; two controversies between Great Britain and France—the Walima affair and the Sergeant Malamine dispute; and the El Trunfo case between the United States and Salvador.

Of the one of these which was most notable Mr. Foster said:

"Probably the most edifying and auspicious event has occurred in a quarrel of the world to which the Anglo-Saxon has not been inclined to look for helpful examples in good government and salutary public law. In the extreme of the South American continent there have arisen into prominence in the last century two prosperous and aspiring republics. As a rule they have sustained good administration, maintained excellent foreign credit, and have greatly advanced in wealth and resources. For a time they arrayed themselves in a rivalry for supremacy on that continent, and following the example of the greater nations they largely increased their armies and navies. A controversy over a boundary line threatened to light the torch of war and thrust these two peaceful, prosperous and industrious peoples into a sanguinary and exhausting conflict. But better counsels prevailed, and Chile and Argentina agreed to submit the boundary question to the arbitration of the king of England. His award has been rendered and accepted by both nations. But that is only the beginning of the narrative. The two nations have entered into a treaty whereby they agree to submit all questions which cannot be settled by diplomacy to arbitration, the only exception being those involving principles of their constitutions. As a result of disarmament, the minister of marine of Argentina has tendered to the minister of agriculture two of the unemployed men-of-war, to transport grain and meat goods to South Africa."

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Sch. Hunter, Capt. Kelson, from New York for this port with mail wire for the Maritime Mail Works, is at Machias today to bring her here.

A man named Lavers, an employee at the Misco pulp mill, had his left hand badly injured in the bark machine Thursday. He was sent into town, and is now at the hospital, where the authorities reported last night he was resting comfortably.

Emergency bridge was in town yesterday, and says he has done a lot of work during the past few months on the Central railway. No less than 400,000 feet of hard pine have been put in on various works of the line between Norton and Chipman. Now he is going to put in a lot of piling for the Barnes Co. in connection with bridges in the extension of the line from Chipman and Newcastle.

The Methodist conference of British Columbia was in session last week. Rev. John F. Betts, formerly of this province, is chairman of the West Kootenay district stationed at Grand Forks. Rev. A. S. Ford, B. A., of Mt. Allison, is appointed to Wallace street church, Nanaimo. Rev. Hedley Balderson, also of Mt. Allison, is stationed at the West End church, New Westminster. Rev. A. E. Hetherington is at Kamloops.

Fredericton News.

FREDERICTON, May 29.—The death of a small colored lad named Bruce Wheary occurred late last night at the home of his grandmother on Westmorland street, under grave conditions. After spending the day as usual, his grandmother put him to bed early in the afternoon, as he was complaining of feeling unwell. Shortly afterward she became alarmed at his appearance and sent for Dr. McNally, who pronounced the symptoms to be those of opium poisoning. Everything was done by the attending physician to preserve life, but the child died at midnight. Coroner George J. McNally, M. D., was immediately notified. He viewed the body and summoned a jury, after viewing the premises, are holding an inquest this evening. Some of the lad's progenitors, who come from Keswick, have an unsavory reputation, one member of the family having been murdered several years ago by a brother of the same name, who chopped off her head and who died in the penitentiary while serving a life sentence. His grandfather disappeared from home a year and a half ago, and what were supposed to be his remains were found back of Sheffield. Everything in the present case points to foul play.

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The Rev. L. H. Caswell on Rights of Young People.

A sermon to young people was preached on a recent Sunday morning in the Tabernacle M. E. church, Green Point, Long Island, by the Rev. Lincoln Hollister Caswell, pastor. The sermon was in keeping with the fourteenth anniversary of the Epworth League. His text was first Timothy IV:12. Mr. Caswell said:

Facing two millions of Methodist youth, organized under the banner of the Epworth League, on this fourteenth anniversary of the founding of that society, we have a certain inherent right to utter with emphasis the words of Paul, "Alas, no man despise thy youth." The value and rights of young people are too plain to admit of discussion. We are living in a young people's age, but in a very true sense every age is a young people's age, for history is ever reiterating the importance of youth and writing down the deeds of heedless leaders.

Washington at 21 was colonel and two years later saved Braddock's army from annihilation, led its retreat and reorganized its courage. At 33 Jefferson gave us the Declaration of Independence, eight of the signers of which were less than 35 years of age. At 17 Hamilton electrified a Boston street by his maiden speech, on the "Port Bill." At 25 he was elected to the nation's congress and at 34 made secretary of the treasury in Washington's cabinet. Seward practiced law at 21, was in the senate at 25, and governor of the state of New York at 37. Clay began his senatorial career at the early age of 20. John Quincy Adams at 22 went with his father on a diplomatic mission to Europe, and at 24 was made private secretary to Francis Dana in the Russian embassy, and at 27 he is sent as minister to The Hague. Fox is in parliament at 19. Pitt is prime minister at 24. Cicero is eloquent at 25. Napoleon at that age becomes the deliverer of France, and before he is 35 he has rewritten the map of Europe and proclaimed himself Emperor of the French. Hannibal begins his career at 22. Alexander, his well known weeping spell at 33 because he has no more worlds to conquer. Byron, the dissolute, gave the world his best before he was 30 and died at 36. Poe, the misanthrope, was distinguished at 23, wrote his "Raven" at 34 and died at 40. The greatest revival since Pentecost was started by college students with John Wesley at 27 as the leader. That apostle of American Methodism, Francis A. Johnson, was converted at 14, preached at 16, and licensed at 18. Bishop Foster, who has only just been translated from a half century of eloquent preaching and inspiring thinking into the eternal service, was converted before ten years of age, conducted an effective revival at 14, and at 17 was well known for fervid and persuasive preaching.

This is a wonderful register, and it is by no means complete. "Alas, no man despise thy youth" is written on every page of history. Exceptions, you say, to the rule? Yes; there is Moses, at 80 entering upon his life work in the youth of old age. But Moses was a genius from the cradle. It was in his youth he became learned in all the lore of the Egyptians when Egypt was in the splendor of her civilization. He was a young man when his great decision was registered as negative on the royal records of the Pharaohs, when he refused to be called the son of the royal princess, and chose to suffer afflictions with the people of God rather than pre-eminence in the palace of a great king. Gladstone was only great in old age, because he was great in his every age. From his youth up he was more than equal to the opportunities.

The text is not an arbitrary injunction, but rests on well known and definite laws of life. The physical man must in youth form habits of thinking, breathing, eating and sleeping which shall guarantee a healthy body for the operation of a wholesome mind. The second law is that of hopefulness. Youth is naturally the period of good cheer and trust and confidence. Youth sees the silver lining in the cloud. Youth knows instinctively that the sun is not long faced and that, therefore, it will dissipate any thunder bolt cloud that dares to darken the soul. Oh, young folks, shun pessimism like smallpox. Talk optimism in the darkest hour. If there is a great work to be done, before you begin to lift, talk it up, and when you come to do the actual lifting it will be several tons lighter.

Common sense is the next law. Hope and faith are powerful allies, but we are still on the earth, and amid conditions that call for practical solutions. If you expatiate to me upon the importance of Metaphysics as a business center and then ask me to leap across the East River in order to enjoy some of the commercial benefits of Wall Street, I am at once reminded of the Dutchman who ran down to wharf just as the last harbor was thrown off and the steamer swept into the river. It was in that crisis that his friend shouted to him: "Yump, Jacob, yump; you can make it in two jumps." So I may believe all you say and may share your hope with regard to the importance of New York as a financial center, but I shall wait for the bridge or the ferry, for I am still in human conditions and must have practical common sense solutions for the problems of faith.

The fourth law is naturalism. That is to say, a natural religion. Paul spoke of the "natural man" not understanding the law of the spirit. Were he here today he would phrase it in our modern speech "the unnatural man," because he would know that God is the author of every "natural" thing, and that sin is that which the devil is the author of everything unnatural and abnormal and illegitimate. So, then, if you do not want your youth despoiled, be natural in your religion. Make it a common religion, a religion that abhors canting phrases and that echoes the "holy tone" of the natural, long-drawn bray of a fanatical affectation. Be as natural in your religious service as in your business conversation. Thoughtfulness is the next law which governs the honoring of youth. Even the recreation must be surcharged with intellectual stimulus. The Epworth League social affair must not degenerate into an insipid giggling circle. The flavor of brains put into our play will make the social hour one of profit as well as of rest.

Another law may be stated—purpose. The secret of defeat is often in the purposeless life, and purposeless life is always defeat. It is the weak, vain, listless, tasteless, flat, flabby kind of religion that gets nowhere, but must be cuddled and rocked and fed on milk. "Oh to be Nothing," is the favorite song of these mollusks. Now there is a sense in which the spirit of this song is commendable. We are bound to be humble. Humility is the finest grace of the Spirit, but as soon as we sing about having it, or say that we have it, it has resolved itself into a spiritual pride so that the last state is worse than the first. Oh, for a purpose to be something for God—to count for Him in this present world! A young woman anxiously for beautiful white hands sent a quarter in answer to an advertisement, and received this recipe: "Soak your hands well three times a day in dish water, while your mother rests." This contains the germ of the highest purpose. And the youth that does not gain the mastery of an overmastering purpose ought to be despised. In order to let no man despise thy youth there must be the indomitable purpose linked to the enthusiasm of sacrifice. Our ardor is too often cooled. I believe it was Oliver Wendell Holmes, walking down a Boston street, a 7-year-old boy sprinkled with the garden hose. In consternation the mother seized the boy and demanded to know the reason when the little fellow replied "I wanted to see a great man under water." There are some people who enjoy seeing the Christian under criticism. It is certain that the kind of Christianity that our youth need is the heroic kind, that is not quenched at the first dash of trial or offense. (Consecration must somehow be brought to such a concentration that the rays of the sun, even on a cold day, shall be brought to a focus of enthusiasm and service.

TO SEEK THE POLE.

Ziegler Expedition Will Get Away From Archangel by About June 25. (Brooklyn Eagle, Wednesday.) The scientific staff of the Fiala-Ziegler expedition left New York on the steamship Helig Olaf of the Scandinavian Line at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Fiala, the leader of the expedition, is now in Trondheim, Norway, with the Ziegler Arctic expedition America, awaiting the arrival of the men who sailed today.

The party which sailed today consisted of William J. Peters, the representative of the National Geographical Society, who will have charge of the scientific work and will be second in command to Fiala; Dr. George Shockley, chief surgeon, and Mrs. Shockley; Dr. Charles L. Seltz, assistant surgeon; Dr. J. C. Vaughn, assistant surgeon; Dr. H. H. Newcomb, veterinarian; Francis Long, meteorologist; Charles E. Rilliet, quartermaster; R. R. Tafel, John Vedoe, J. E. Moulton and Spencer W. Stewart of the quartermaster's department.

The party will leave the Helig Olaf at Christiansand and proceed from there by rail to Trondheim, where the America now lies ready to sail. Upon the arrival of the scientific staff, the America will proceed to Archangel, where she will take on supplies which were placed in storage there after the return of E. B. Baldwin and his party from the previous expedition. The America will then proceed to Archangel, where she will take on about thirty Russian ponies and two hundred dogs. It is expected that the America will be ready to sail from Archangel on or about June 25. She will sail as directly as the ice will permit to Camp Ziegler, Alger Island, Franz Josef Land, and from there will pick her way northward through the islands of the archipelago to the purpose of reaching, if possible, Prinz Rudolf Land, the northernmost island of Franz Josef Land.

The cache, which is said to contain 30,000 pounds of pemican buried in the ice in the southern part of this island, marks the "farthest north" of Baldwin and his men. Fiala hopes to reach this point early in August, and his plan is to push onward over the ice to the northern part of the island and establish his winter quarters within about 500 miles of the pole.

Word has been received from Fiala in Trondheim that the ice conditions promise to be exceptionally favorable this spring and summer. The whalers who have returned to Norwegian ports have reported that the winter pack ice has begun to break up several weeks earlier than usual and that the passage to Franz Josef Land is already practically clear.

Mrs. Shockley, who left with the scientific party today, will remain with them until the America sails from Trondheim. William S. Champ, Mr. Ziegler's personal representative, who is now en route to Trondheim, will attend to the final fitting and provisioning of the vessel, and will then proceed by rail to Archangel. He will leave the America only when she bids good-bye to the whalers. It is expected that Mr. Champ will take the Frithjof to Franz Josef Land early next spring with extra provisions.

On this expedition of Fiala's there will be none of the frills which were so prominent a feature of the Baldwin cruise, such as balloons, kites, news buoys and the like. It is possible that Fiala may release a few kites or balloons with messages in them, but the large number of buoys and balloons released by Baldwin convinced Fiala that there was little or nothing to be gained by this system.

Only one of Baldwin's buoys was ever heard from. This one was picked up by a "Wellfleet" fishing smack and contained the famous Baldwin epigram, "Baffled but not beaten."

Fiala will carry about the same number of men as went with Baldwin, forty-five all told. He will have about twice as many ponies and half as many dogs.

FLORIDA ORANGE CROP.

Information received here from A. L. Reed, the general passenger agent of the Atlantic Coast Line, states that the Florida orange crop for this season will break the records of the last ten years.

"The crop this year," said Mr. Reed, "will be worth \$2,700,000, an increase of one million boxes over last year. The indications are that the crop next year will be two million boxes more than this year. The results of the big freeze a few years ago, in which nearly all of the trees in the state were killed, are rapidly passing away, and Florida will soon again be able to furnish as many fine oranges as she did before the trouble."

AT THE LONDON HOUSE SATURDAY, MAY 30TH.

Light-Weight Summer Dress Materials.

Remarkably good lines of the new canvas weaves in Dress Materials, both in colors and blacks.

Wool Etamines,

4 inches wide, in Fawn, Grey, 75c yd.
Green, New Blue,

Knicker Etamine,

A specially pretty line at the price, 42 inches wide, in Blue, Grey, Fawn, Biscuit, and Black and White. Special, 65c yd.

Marine Blue Canvas.

The most popular shade in Coarse Twine Cloth Canvas. A very stylish thing over a drop skirt. Special, 85c yd.

Black wool Etamine, 85c yd.
Black canvas cloth, 85c, \$1.25.
Black knot etamines, \$1.25, 1.35.

Black silk grenadine, \$2.25 yd.
Black silk voile, 1.25 yd.
Black mercerized grenadine, 45c yd.

**Ladies' Summer
Gloves—new makes
in Lisle, Suede and
Silk—popular modes
and greys.**
25c. to 65c. pr.

**Ladies' Lace Mitts,
Silk.**
Lisle Lace Gloves,
30c., 50c.
Elbow Silk Gloves,
special.
50c. pr.

150 YARDS SHEER GRASS LINEN, A GREAT BARGAIN, AT SALE PRICE 15 CENTS YD.
We will put on sale Monday the above limited quantity sheer grass linen for whole dresses or waists—makes a very pretty summer costume, trimmed with white or linen insertion. Linens worth 20c., 25c. Monday sale price, 15c. yd.

**VERY STYLISH HATS JUST IN—
Champagne and Burnt Straw.**
\$2.25 to \$4.50 each.

Ladies' Summer Knit Underwear.

Fancy yoke vests, in white with lace openwork, 25c., 35c., 45c.
Cream "Silkool" vests, lace top, 25c. pair.
Lace yoke lisle vests, white, 45c. pair.
Fine spun silk vests, lace front, 50c. each.
Fine summer gauze wool vests, 40c.
Women's unshrinkable combinations, \$1.25, 1.50, 1.85.

**Infants' Vests,
18c. to 25c.
Fine Wool,
35c. to 48c.**

**New shapes in Ladies'
Bustles and Hair
Dress shapes.**
25c. to 50c.

At Smallware Counters.

500 yards fancy washing ribbons, special
Drop stitch black cotton hose, 30c. yard.
Silk embroidered black cotton hose, new designs, 25c. pair.
Infant's openwork socks, pretty, 25c. pair.
New taffeta silk belts, 45c. pair.
Drop stitch black cashmere hose, 45c., 50c. each.
Old ladies' black silk ruffs, \$1.25, 1.50 each.
White muslin washing ties, 85c. to 40c.

**New Broad Shape
Lace Collars that
droop over shoulders,
\$1.00 to \$4.50**

**New Jettied Collars,
58c., 85c., 95c.
Wrist Bags with chain
45c. to 75c.**

Sale of Chatelain Bags, Half Price.

A lot of fine chatelain bags—samples—really fine leather goods—to be sold at one half value.
\$1.25 chatelain bags for 63c.
\$1.50 chatelain bags for 75c.
\$1.85 chatelain bags for 85c.

**F. W. DANIEL & CO.,
London House, Charlotte St.**

THE CITY OF FEZ.

Progressive Ideas of Sultan
Regarded as Evidence of
Infidelity.

Is Now Opposed By a Fakir Who
Depends For Success on
Superstition.

A queer contrast is that between Sultan Abdul Aziz and Fez, the ancient capital of his dominion of rebellion. The sultan's crime is that of being too progressive, and it is on account of his insistence on introducing innovations into the old city that the Alides dynasty may end after an existence of about 800 years.

To the untamed Berbers and others who make up the population of Morocco, the introduction of a bicycle upon the streets of Fez by the sultan was the first evidence of his having yielded to the infidel, but when he started building a railway the evidence of his heresy was complete.

Had it not been for the fact that the person of the Prince of the Believers is sacred this caprice would have cost the sultan his life long ago. Others who aided him in his innovation, however, were less fortunate, and many paid the penalty with a short shrift.

To shield the sultan his holy men proclaimed that he was bewitched by the infidel, and spread the story afar through the mosques in order that some maddened Moslem might not forget himself and slay the offender.

Careless of the perturbation of his subjects, the young man continued in his infamies. He completed this railroad and in spite of the warning hand of fate he set out automobiles, motor cars, breech loaders, runas, telegraphs and telephones.

These innovations, as they were one by one introduced successively, roused the ire of his fanatical subjects, bringing matters to the point of rebellion. The climax was yet to come, however. Either a developing humanness of disposition or the fear that a large indemnity would be asked of him for a crime committed upon a foreign resident, led him to break the most sacred of all Moslem rules.

PUNISHES A MURDERER.
A Mr. Cooper, a resident of Fez, was shot and killed in the main street of the city of Morocco. The murderer, closely pursued, sought refuge in the tomb of Mude Idris, the patron saint of Fez, thinking that he must be safe from arrest. He had not counted upon the cruelties that he perpetrated. Tales of the novel surprises he gave his subjects in the way of executions show that he was a post-graduate in the art of cruelty.

As a proof of this at the age of 14, or thereabout, when he succeeded his father as sultan, he was not troubled with qualms about a small thing like a trio of murderers. A few hours after the execution of the three, the grand vizier was poisoned, the minister of war stabbed to death and Muley Mohammed, his brother, cast into a prison, which meant death by torture in a few days.

He escaped by some mysterious means and has been a thorn in the sultan's side ever since.

Then things kept quiet for a few minutes, the other culprits thinking it wise to stifle their aspirations for a time at least.

Since then there have been two or three unsuccessful attempts to oust the young sultan, but none have appeared to be so formidable as the present, which commenced about two years ago.

BICYCLE CAUSES TROUBLE.
But the country has been seething with a rebellion ever since the bicycle arrived, and it only needed a leader to arise who had the courage and audacity to tackle the situation. He appeared in the person of Bu Hamara, the present pretender, who is a typical pretender of Moorish blood.

This gentleman has advertised himself into popularity by assuming the most humble of the most fanatical tribes a holy war against the Christians and their satanic accessories, such as the telephone. He is a mountebank of the craftiest order, assumes the most humble men and rides about on a donkey. He claims to have a divine mission.

One may imagine how dangerous an opponent this fellow is when it is remembered that an old tradition exists in Morocco to the effect that the Mahdi's forerunner will appear in the east of the country, and with a devoted band of followers march on Fez, guarded by supernatural powers to assure his safety. He has reached Fez, he will proceed to the great mosque and call upon the Mahdi to appear. Somewhere inside the mosque is concealed the Mahdi's sword, armed with which the Mahdi will set out to conquer the world and bring all infidels to the true faith. Ridiculous as this dream must be, it appeals to every true Moroccan.

Fez, the city where the sultan has been beleaguered in his palace, is one of the quaintest of oriental cities. "Nature and art," wrote Purchas two centuries ago, "have played the wanton and have brought forth this city, the fruit of their dalliance." Much has been written in praise of Fez and its river, whereof the waters, "drunk fasting," are reported to "render the senses sharper." "The history of the town," says Budgett Meakin, "has been checked, as no less than eight times during the first 500 years of its existence it was besieged successfully; yet once only has it known foreign masters, when, during the struggle between Beni Marin and the Saracens, it was taken in 1554 the Turks took possession of the old city without a siege."

ALMOST A PARADISE.
On arriving at Fez, Dr. Leard rested in a garden, of which he gave these impressions: "As far as concerned the luxuriant verdure, irrigation, the gift of the adjoining river, made the place a paradise. The orange groves were magnificent, but what struck us in particular was a row of myrtles in full bloom, having trunks like forest trees, fully forty feet in height. The jasmynes were also gigantic. The town," he continued, "was divided by the river into Old and New Fez, the former being by far the most extensive, and the seat of the great industries of the place. We rode through a very long street, but only about twenty feet wide, running east and west through the whole of Old Fez—the Oxford of the place. It was paved in some parts with stones the size and shape of coconuts, and actually polished by constant traffic. The shops were the usual square cells, raised some feet from the ground, open entirely in front, but larger than in other towns. They were well stocked with all kinds of merchandise. The Moorish shopkeeper, who sits precisely in the same way as the Turkish, with all his wares within easy reach, is a less dignified personage, being more astute and eager to make sales. The Fez trader is, however, polite enough, and will ask you to take coffee, always obtained from a neighboring stall, to induce you to stay and bargain for his goods."

"Many of the streets," we read further on, "were covered with an open roof of interlaced reeds, over which vines spread in great luxuriance. These roofs, and any projections from the houses, were festooned with cobwebs, while the pathway below was covered with dust and dirt. Its chief industries consist in weaving, tanning and pottery. The red cap, for the production of which it is famous, is universally known by the name of the place itself. The stifling heat, increased by the crowd that always followed us, made shopping in Fez irksome work. But we were treated always with courtesy and respect."

SCENE OF DESOLATION.
Edmond de Amics has given us a description of the centre of the city as he first saw it. "How shall I express the wonder," he writes, "which I experienced when I saw the city of Fez, the place of the grand and dismal spectacle? The first impression is that of an immense city fallen into decay and slowly decaying."

"Tall houses, which seemed formed of houses piled one upon the other, all falling to pieces, cracked from roof to base, propped up on every side, with no opening, save some loophole in the shape of a cross; long stretches of street flanked by two high bare walls, the walls of a fortress; streets running up hill and down, encumbered with stones and the ruins of fallen buildings, twisting and turning at every third pace; every now and then a long covered passage, dark as a cellar, where you had to feel your way; blind alleys, recesses, dens full of bones, dead animals and heaps of putrid matter; the whole steeped in a dim and melancholy twilight, some places the ground is so broken, the dust so thick, the smell so horrible, the flies so numerous, that we have to stop to take breath. In half an hour we have made so many turns that if our road could be drawn it would form an arabesque as intricate as any in the Alhambra. Here and there we hear the noise of a mill, a murmur of water, the click of a weaver's loom, a chant of nasal voices, which, we are told, comes from a school of children, but we see nothing and no one anywhere. We approach the centre of the city; people become more numerous; the men stop to let us pass, and stare astonished; the women turn back or hide themselves; the children scream and run; the larger boys growl and shake their fists at a distance, mindful of the soldiers and their sticks. We see fountains richly ornamented with mosaic, arabesque doors, arched courts, some few remains of Arab architecture in decay. Every moment we find ourselves in darkness entering one of many covered passages."—St. Paul Globe.

BELONGS TO THE UPPER TEN.
(New York Times.)

Two society buds at the Waldorf-Astoria were commenting upon the marriage of Mrs. Lewis Rutherford to William K. Vanderbilt.

"It's a fine match," said one, "the bride certainly belongs to the upper ten."

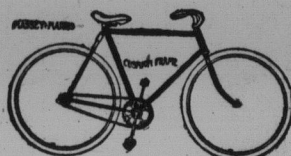
"She ought to," was the tart answer, "she's married three of them."

People Realize

It's a fact that the bicycle is a real good thing for health's sake. Didn't you feel better two years ago when the "craze" was on? The "craze" is over, but the "merit" of bicycling is still with us.

The Hygienic Cushion Frame

has added merit. It has made all roads smooth roads.



Massey-Harris Wheels

have this new frame. Write for catalogue. See them.

R. D. COLES, St. John, N.B.

A full line of C. C. M. parts always in stock.

**CANADA CYCLE AND MOTOR CO., LTD.,
TORONTO.**

WILL WEAR TIGHTS.

Convert Bred Society Girls From St. Louis.

(New York Herald.)

Miss Clara Valentine Marx, the only daughter of Harry N. Marx, a wealthy St. Louis manufacturer, whose wife obtained a divorce a year ago after a sensational trial, is soon to make her debut on the stage. She is to appear in the leading singing part in "Punch, Judy & Co.," the spectacular extravaganza written by Oscar Hammerstein, which he will produce at the Paradise Gardens on the roof of the Victoria Theatre on June 1.

The fact that she will make her debut in a Mephisto part—and red tights—did not deter Miss Marx from accepting the place. She has adopted Clara Valentine as her stage name.

Born and raised in St. Louis, Miss Marx was educated in a convent school there, after which she made her debut in society. With her mother, who was Miss Levy, of St. Louis, she became interested in charitable work, and for several years they taught in the slums. Then Miss Marx was sent abroad for her musical education, and for four years she studied in Berlin. She developed an excellent soprano voice and became an accomplished pianist. It was after she returned from abroad that her mother began suit for divorce. "I had to choose between my father's money and my mother's love," she said yesterday, "and I chose my mother's love. While she was provided for under the terms of the divorce decree, I was not. Whatever talent I have I decided must make use of, and the stage seemed to me to offer the best opportunities. My mother is greatly opposed to me appearing in tights, but as the part calls for that style of dress I shall wear them."

In St. Louis the Marx residence was one of the finest on Lindell Boulevard, but since the divorce Mr. Marx has built a new house in Westminster place that is one of the show places of the city.

HORRORS OF THE CLASS ROOM.
Some of the Mistakes That Pupils Sometimes Make.

The physiology examination papers in the public schools, especially in the lower grades, seldom fail to contain the most startling facts. From a set of those papers one teacher gleaned this information:

"The eustachian tube passes from the voice box; it is a pipe from the outer to the middle ear."

Other information offered was: "Bronchial tubes carry the food after it is absorbed into the blood vessels above the heart." Again: "The object of respiration is to free blood vessels from unnecessary waste. It takes place through all pores of the skin, by the kidneys and by the liver."

Another teacher who had carefully examined the meaning of several words asked the pupils to write definitions for a list of words properly. The following were handed in to her:

"The conspirators entered into a plot to kill Queen Elizabeth. The consequence was that it put violence into their characters and also caused their death."

"The plot of the conspirators was found out and their violence plan destroyed."

"The mother of the prisoner was rested, and after the trial was acquiescent."

"The chairman was acquiescent with the act."

"They know by her acquiescent way that she would allow them to go."

Still another teacher who required her pupils to write definitions for a list of words received the following answers:

"Accumulation means to stupefy."

"Accumulation is one of the process of nutrition."

"Hypothesis is something that is consumed."—Detroit Free Press.

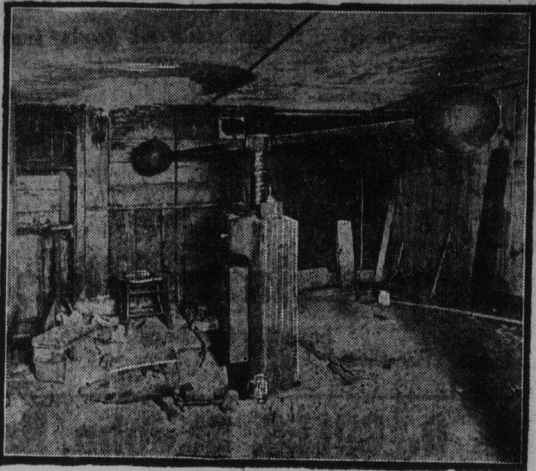
EXPOSING TEACHER'S IGNORANCE.

Eliza—Miss Timmins told me today in the geography lesson that St. George's was over 2,000 years old.

Jack—What nonsense! Why 1903 now!—Punch.

New Things Strange & Curious

GIANT PRESS IN COUNTERFEITERS' DEN.



This is the inside of a room in which counterfeiters practiced their trade in Philadelphia. The huge machine in the middle was used for minting silver 25-cent pieces. The coins were good imitations, and it was some time before the government detectives ran down the gang engaged in manufacturing them. So ponderous was the apparatus employed that it required the muscular effort of two strong men to revolve the great horizontal bar which screwed down the massive iron block that served as a press.

The Bank of France can compel customers to accept one-fifth of withdrawal in gold coin.

FINE OLD DUTCH COUNTRY CHAISE.



Nothing recently brought to this country from the Old World treasures an antique in unique style the elegant "old Dutch country two-wheeled chaise" pictured here, and owned by a well-known society woman of New York. It was built about 1740-1750 by the celebrated carriage builder Mulder, of Holland, and is the only sample of his splendid work in existence.

It is as strong in every part as on the day the builder turned it out. The body of the vehicle, a rich golden brown, has profuse hand carving. The Holland seasons are represented on the panels in softened tints; the wheels are green, with carved and gilded spokes; the curving springs at the back are curiously ornamental, and it is used for two horses, tandem.

CHARACTER TOLD BY SHOES.

Scapology is the name of a novel method of divination which is now attracting some attention in Europe. It was invented by the scientist of Basel, and it is based on the assumption that the character of any person can be told from his shoes.

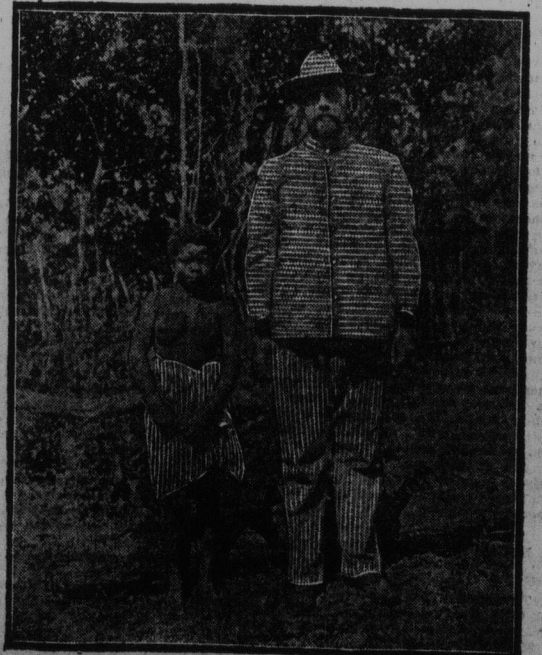
Here are a few of the principal rules:

"When a heel and sole are worn equally, meaning thereby when neither is in a worse condition than the other, one may be confident, if a man wears the shoe, that he is energetic and is endowed with excellent business ability, and if a woman, that she is loyal to her husband and a good housekeeper."

"The outer edge of a sole, if much worn, is a sure token of a fantastic, wayward spirit, but, on the other hand, if the inner edge is worn, the wearer is timid and irresolute."

"When the shoes are much worn along the outer edge and the leather around the toes begins to look shabby, the other parts of the shoes meanwhile being almost as good as new, one may be confident that the wearer is a rogue."

WOMAN IN MINIATURE.



Much curiosity has been felt regarding the woolly-headed black dwarfs of our newly acquired archipelago in the Southern Pacific. The photo presented herewith shows what very little people they are, the woman being full grown and about 15 years of age.

Does not reach much above the elbow of the white man standing by her side. That she is of full Negro blood is shown by her hair. The 210,000 acres of British orchards yield nearly 10,000 tons of fruit.

Ingenious New Hatpin.

Very different from the ordinary hatpin, which, it must be acknowledged, is decidedly primitive, is the new hatpin shown in the accompanying picture.

It is composed of a needle, a head, a spring tongue and an open sleeve or slide. The spring tongue is attached to the needle, and is designed to keep the latter in proper position, and on the sleeve are a stop-and-finger grip, which are intended to prevent the needle from being inserted into the hat further than is necessary. Owing to this simple but effective mechanism, a pin of this kind, when put into a hat, cannot change its position.

As a weapon the ordinary hatpin has been



come rather notorious, but it is unlikely that much serious warfare will be waged with the new device, for, in the first place, the needle is encumbered with a spring, a tongue and a slide, and, consequently, cannot prove very harmful, and, in the second place, because when it is once in position it evidently requires a minute or two to remove it, and hence it is not so available as the old primitive hatpin.

The duty on paper imported into Germany is about \$22 a ton.

Test For Children.

Hand a person two objects which are of exactly the same weight, but of different dimensions, and the chances are ninety to one that he will pronounce the smaller to be the heavier of the two. The reason evidently is because it is natural, though erroneous, to suppose that the more compact a body is the more heavy it is bound to be.

Dr. Demoor, a well-known Belgian physician, recently tested several children on this point. He gave them two black bottles, each containing a similar quantity of heavy powder and one of which was much larger than the other, and of the 380 children whom he examined 370 said promptly that the smaller bottle was the heavier. Only 10 answered correctly, and Dr. Demoor soon found out that they were idiots.

Prof. E. Maranda applied the same test to a class of backward children in Geneva and discovered that it was an admirable method for discovering the exact amount of intelligence possessed by each child. Four of his pupils invariably picked out the bottle which was really the heavier, and these four were the dullest and in all other respects the most unpromising in his entire class.

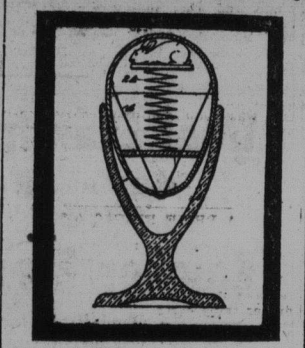
The Smallest Watch.

There lives in Cincinnati the proud possessor of the smallest watch in the world. It measures less than one-quarter of an inch in diameter, and the face is about the size of the head of a large tack or nail. The case is made throughout of gold. The face is covered, the case being opened by pressing the stem as is ordinarily done. The length of both hands, if placed end to end, would not be more than five-twenty-fourths of an inch.

The second hand is one-sixteenth of an inch in length. The numerals are in Arabic and are engraved in red, to be more easily discernible. The works and hands are made of the finest tempered steel, and the works are set throughout in diamond chips.

An Amusing Toy.

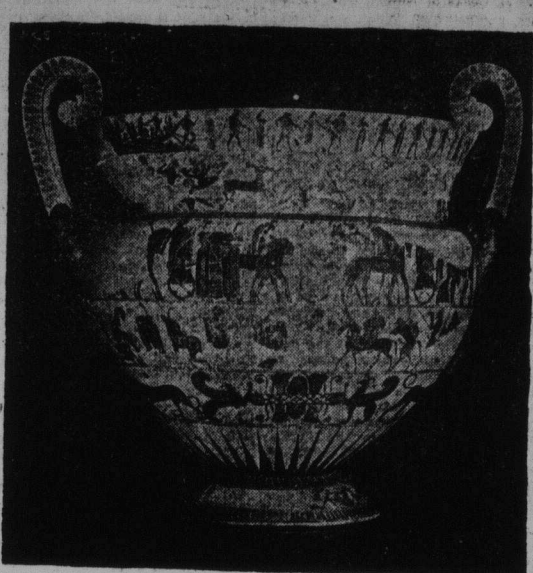
One of the most difficult things to invent is a toy which will amuse children, not for a day or two, but as long as they remain children, and those persons who are competent to speak with authority on the matter maintain that those toys which represent animals in motion, or of which animals are the principal parts, are more likely to become popular than any others.



If this be true, the toy shown in the accompanying picture ought to be hailed with delight by children, since an animal plays the most important role in it; indeed, with out the animal it would be an uninteresting and lifeless affair.

The toy is egg-shaped, and in the upper part is an animal, which can be covered if desired. The animal is held in position by a spring, and another spring comes into play when the cover is to be removed. It is evident, therefore, that the toy in its normal condition looks like an ordinary egg, and that the child who receives it as a gift does not realize what a treasure it has obtained until the cover slowly disappears and the cunning little animal shows itself.

VASE RESTORED FROM 638 FRAGMENTS.



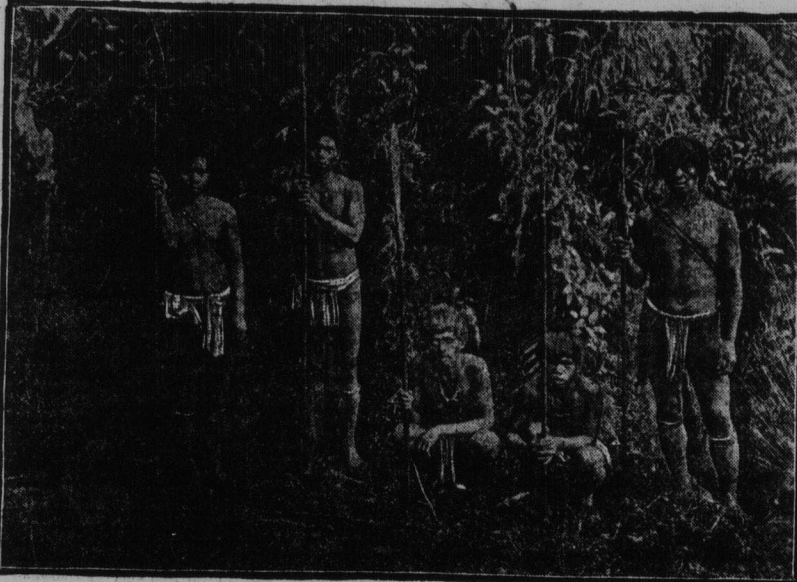
To the great delight of the art world, the famous Francois vase, the most important monument of the temples of Solon and Plato, and the most precious example of Greek art in the sixth century before Christ, has after years of toil been restored and again placed on exhibition in the Florence Archaeological Museum.

Connoisseurs are of the opinion that this most valuable and noted antique vase, which is more to be admired than ever before, since the 638 pieces into which it was broken have been so ingeniously put together.

Student, artist and traveler, when visiting the museum, are always sure to enter the Palace of the Crocetta, carrying long in the center of the gallery, where since 1858 until the time of the great catastrophe which be- fell it in 1900, and which it was feared was irremediable, stood the celebrated Francois vase.

This rare old specimen of art has a most remarkable history. Signor Alessandro Francois found the vase in October, 1844. It was inside a vault located within a quarter most belonging to the Grand Duke of Tuscany, at Ponte Rotella, near Chiusi, or, to be strictly accurate, he found only two-thirds of the body of the vase, with only one of the handles, in the first place. A year later he came across some other remarkable pieces, among which was the second handle. Years afterward another fragment came to light, and was handed over as a gift to the museum in 1888 by Marquis Charles Strozzi, when the parts previously found were put together and so firmly fixed that the vase remained undisturbed until smashed into fragments by the blow received three years ago.

TYPES OF PHILIPPINE HEAD HUNTERS.



A private letter to a gentleman in New York who recently returned from the Philippines gives an account of a curious discovery just made a few miles from the Town of Baguio, in the Province of Benguet, in the northern part of Luzon, the principal island of the archipelago. Native miners, working with pick and shovel, found in a gravel hill, a stone-built coffin about four feet and a half long, two feet and a half wide and two feet and a half deep. It had no other bottom than gravel, the sides being built of several stones and the cover being one entire stone.

The body was not lying at full length, as by the size of the bones, it appeared to have been about six feet long. There were found among the bones three flat stones, the largest of which is about nine inches long, resembling the point of a halberd, the edges and point sharp like a spear, and the other end round, as if fitted for a handle; another of a circular form and sharp in the edges, about three inches in diameter.

There was likewise found a kind of a ring, neatly carved, about three-fourths of an inch thick, in which were two small holes, by which it seemed to be hung by a string. It admitted a man's finger, being two inches and a half in diameter.

Eyesight And Electricity.

Hitherto it has been supposed that electric light is more injurious to the eyesight than any other artificial light, but Russian oculists who have been closely studying the subject now maintain that, on the contrary, it is less injurious than the light either of gas or candles or any other material. As a reason for this statement they point out that diseases of the eyes are in proportion to the number of times the eyes blink or wink when subjected to artificial light, and that after numerous tests had been made it was found that the eyes blink about seven times a minute when exposed to candle light, about three times when exposed to gas, twice when exposed to the sun and only once when exposed to electric light.

Mechanical Novelty.

A new form of Noah's ark is one of the latest mechanical toys. The animals are attached to arms on a rotating shaft; a turn of the crank sets the shaft spinning, and the child looks through the doorway to catch a glimpse of the animals, which it cannot see properly till the shaft stops. Only one animal can be seen at a time at each stoppage, and the chances against the same animal stopping opposite the doorway twice in any given time are very small. Thus the child is always wondering how many animals are in the box.

His Remedy.

Recently a hotelkeeper of Nyitra, in Hungary, was informed by his guests that it was impossible for them to sleep on account of the concert which went on in the lower part of the building until a very late hour, and that they would be much obliged to him if he would provide them with some remedy. A few days later every guest found in his bedroom a small package containing a night cap, some cotton wadding and a printed notice which read as follows: "If the musicians make too much noise all you have to do is to stuff your ears with the cotton and draw the night cap down over your face, for then you will fall asleep very quickly."

KNIVES OF THE CHINESE HEADSMAN.

For centuries the murderous-looking weapons shown in the accompanying pictures have been used in China for the purpose of putting criminals to death, and as no country is more conservative than China the outlook is that for a long time they will continue to be used for this purpose.

Every headman or executioner is provided with a full supply of such weapons, and he takes pride in keeping them bright and sharp. Each weapon is designed for a particular purpose, and at least two or three weapons come into play whenever an execution takes place. Many harrowing stories have been told about the manner in which criminals are put to death in China, and, viewed from a Western standpoint, such executions are not a very pleasant sight. It is generally admitted, however, that in almost every case the executioner does his work skilfully, and that it is not his fault if the sufferings of the victims are unduly prolonged. He knows how to deal blows which will kill swiftly or slowly; and if he does not always kill swiftly and mercifully it is because he has received instructions to the contrary.



Modern Sun Worshippers.

In Europe several persons now solemnly pay homage to the sun, and in a learned journal, entitled "L'Ecole Nouvelle," one of them maintains that the sun should be especially honored at Christmas.

"Christmas should be regarded as a festival for the benefit of humanity," he says. "In this way we can once more become united with the Aryans, our ancestors, who worshiped fire and who celebrated the birth of the divine constellation, who is the father of light, of heat and of life."

He then suggests that the following prayer be said daily:

"O thou, who causest life to vanish, who drivest away the evil influence of prodigies, of malignant predictions, of dreams and of wicked apparitions; O thou, who bringest to naught the plots of the wicked to thee we pray, Lord Sun, since thou art the light of the world."

Man-Like Root.

The remarkable resemblance to the human figure which this root bears has caused the Chinese to regard growing with a superstitious reverence. They believe it is a panacea for all the ills to which human flesh is heir.



The root was photographed just as it was dug from the ground in a ginseng garden near Cuba, N. Y. As will be noted, its resemblance to the human form is wonderful, for it has a waist, head and neck, arms and legs. It is one of the most valuable products which grow from the soil, and a large quantity of it is used in America for medicinal purposes.

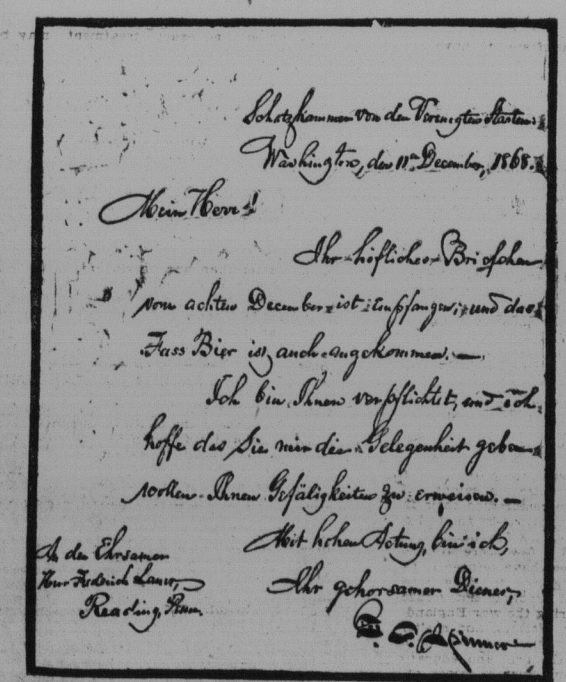
His Own Grandfather.

Beppo Bruzoni, a Neapolitan sailor, is a living proof of the fact that a man can be his own grandfather.

"I married," he said, "a widow, and she had by her first husband a handsome girl named Silvestra, with whom my father fell in love and who became his second wife. Thus my father became my son-in-law and my stepmother became my mother, since she had married my father. Soon afterward my wife gave birth to a son, who became my father's stepbrother and at the same time my uncle, since he was my stepmother's brother."

"But that was not all, for in due time my father's wife also gave birth to a boy, who was my brother and also my stepson, since he was the son of my daughter. My wife was also my grandmother, for she was my mother's mother, and thus I was my wife's husband and at the same time her grandson. Finally, as the husband of a person's grandmother is naturally that person's grandfather, I am my own grandfather."

MR. SPINNER APPRECIATED BEER.



The name of Spinner has appeared upon millions of dollars United States Bank notes, and the signature is one of the most curious among the collections of chirographical enthusiasts. This Treasury official, it is said, could write his signature with amazing speed, and encompass so great a number of lines that a life amount of work would cripple the fingers of an ordinary man or make him fruitful in corn. The letters given herewith show that Mr. Spinner wrote a fine German text, and was keenly appreciative of good beer, which never at any time caused his hand to defect a hair's breadth in the certainty of his curious signature.

At Table Head

The Marconi Station is Now in Perfect Order.

Wireless Service

Due to Change of Policy.

(Halifax Chronicle).
The Marconi station at Table Head is in perfect order for the reception and transmission of trans-oceanic messages. The delay in the establishment of a wireless service between England and America has been entirely due to the station at Table Head, which is being re-equipped with machinery similar to that at Table Head and within a few days messages will probably again flash across the Atlantic, and the first long distance wireless service on a commercial basis established.

This was the statement made to a reporter of the Chronicle yesterday by Dr. W. D. Deeks of New York, who is directly interested in both the Canadian and American companies and who is in the city on his way from Table Head to New York.

(Continuing, Mr. Deeks said: "One must always expect a certain amount of reasonable delay in the establishment of these stations, as the instruments and equipment are of a special design and must be manufactured especially for the purpose. The present delay in the establishment of our trans-Atlantic service is only a repetition of what took place in connection with the inauguration of the telegraph, cable, telephone and other systems of public utility. The present difficulty with us is of a purely mechanical character but R. U. Vyvyan who is in charge of the Table Head station, expects to receive word any day that Poldhu is ready to receive and transmit messages.

The other side-regular communication has been established between England and Italy and at the present time a very large station for a long distance station in being established in the former country and the service has been adopted by all the important light-houses along the coast.

"The company is at present endeavoring to procure a site for a station at Poldhu, which is a small town in Cornwall, England, and it is accomplished they will be able to transmit messages direct from this side to London and vice versa. In fact, it is hoped to do away with relay stations such as Table Head and Poldhu and establish direct communication between all the big cities of the world.

"You ask me if we will establish a station in Halifax, which is under consideration. No doubt there will be one here in time. The board of trade here has already pointed out one or two available sites. Our stock has all been underwritten and our object is to place a limited amount on the market in order to provide money to build additional stations and do not only a trans-Atlantic business but also an overland one.

"Yes, I expect very rapid progress in the future and the success of the undertaking from a financial point of view is assured, for all wireless services now in operation are earning substantial profits. There can be no doubt that the principles of wireless telegraphy are scientific, and from what has already been accomplished I should say that very great developments will still take place."

Asked regarding the recent utterances of the Hon. W. S. Fielding in the house of commons, Dr. Deeks replied: "I think Mr. Fielding was a little bit disatisfied because we had been expected to have been able to accept trans-oceanic commercial business although we have been able to attend to it. We wish to make our system perfect first and we do not intend that it will be carried out according to the directions of stock jobbers. We will protect the interests of the public. Mr. Fielding, I believe, is not dissatisfied, and is taking a great interest in our work. We are now employed in installing our system all along the St. Lawrence in order to make that river more navigable."

Dr. Deeks said in conclusion that Mr. Marconi was now convalescent and the Cape Cod station is also being renovated it, along with other stations, is engaged in a marine business. On

TRIBUTE TO EMERSON.

(Senator Hoar at Concord.)
He has made the best statement in all secular literature of the doctrine of immortality. He shows us that the world and the human soul are not only unreasonable, but inexplicable, without it. Yet he makes no absolute affirmation, except that he shall be immortal if that be best. Whether we shall know each other again is a Sunday school question. He will not spend his time about it. Perhaps, as he says of Carlyle, this nimble and active spirit does not care to beat itself against walls. But he is not like Carlyle, a destroyer or a scorner. He worships no demon of mere force. If he does not know what we long to know of another world, he pays due homage to the loving and wise spirit that sits at the Sovereign on the throne of this. Rather, he believes that the world is but one world, and that the Sovereign who reigns over it never to be dethroned—knows very well that every road leads to the gates of His kingdom. He sees no God of force or of disdain looking down on mankind as on a race of grovelling swine or chattering apes.

THE EMPIRE'S DESTINIES.

(Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.)
The feeling of imperial patriotism was checked for a generation by the apathy and the indifference which were the characteristics of our former relations with our colonies, but it was never extinguished. The embers are still alight and when in the late war this old country of ours showed that it was still possessed by the spirit of our ancestors—showed that it was still prepared to count the cost of its empire necessary in order to maintain the honor and the interests of the empire that was committed to its charge—then it found a response from your brethren, your children, your kindred, such as has not been known before, that astonished the world by an undeniable proof of affection and regard."

A PRIZE FRICASSEE.

(English Exchange).
Lord Alvastry, a noted wit and high liver in England a hundred years ago, insisted on having an apple tart on his dinner table every day throughout the year. On one occasion he paid a caterer \$1,000 for a luncheon put up in a basket that according to the directions of the hostess, being one of the dozen men dining together at a London club where each was required to present his own dish, Alvastry's, as the most expensive, won him the advantage of being entertained free of cost. This benefit was gained at an expense of \$540, that being the price of a simple fricassee composed entirely of "noix," or small pieces at each side of the had taken from thirteen pairs of birds, among them being a hundred snipe, forty woodcocks and twenty pheasants—in all about 300 birds.

ATTACK THE CZAR.

CHRISTIANA, May 28.—The Afterblaze, in a sensational article, accuses the Czar of responsibility for the Russian attacks on Finland. It asserts that the motive for the destruction of the Finnish nationality is control of the ports of Northern Norway and the necessity of securing a route through Norway. The general opinion in Norway, says the paper, is that Russia will become a dangerous neighbor when the Russification of Finland is completed.

GOVERNMENT SUSTAINED.

TOKIO, May 28.—An opposition address to the throne impeaching the ministry has been rejected in the lower house. The leader of the opposition presented a series of resolutions to the government, calling attention to the dangerous situation in Manchuria and complaining that the government has failed to utilize the Japanese alliance with Great Britain to secure the integrity of China and Korea. mffa, 7hr SHAMARE, WRS p.j.n.ohd

BLACK ADONIS IN BOSTON.

The Finest Living Example of Physical Culture.
(Boston Advertiser).
Employed in the rope-walk at Charlestown navy yard is a young mulatto, T. E. White, who is just turning into manhood, and who has been pronounced by Dr. Sargent of Harvard university to be the finest living example of physical culture known.

The young man has been training for the past five years under the direction of Prof. Hoffman of the Boston Young Men's Christian Union. He has been through a systematic course of physical training while a boy of good form and proportions, and with the usual course, which consists of using pulleys, weights, light dumb-bells, Indian clubs, parallel bars, tumbling, balancing and jumping, he has developed into a phenomenon. Dr. Sargent considers White more perfectly developed in some respects than the Apollo Belvidere.

His measurements are: Height, 5 feet 3 inches; weight, 151 pounds; chest (normal), 36.6 inches; chest (expanded), 39.8 inches; waist, 31.6 inches; hips, 35.3 inches; thigh, 21.6 inches; calf, 15.2 inches; upper arm, 14.6 inches; forearm, 12.8 inches.

It was only about one and a half years ago that Prof. Hoffman began to pay special attention to his student. His rapid development could not be passed unnoticed, and equally prominent became the fact of the tremendous strength he had acquired.

Special paraphernalia was procured for White's benefit, increasing from 50-pound, 100-pound and finally 210-pound dumb-bells, and now he can handle the heaviest of these with one hand and hold it over his head. During Dr. Sargent's examination White lifted 1,775 pounds by the leg lift and performed other herculean feats.

His duties at the rope-walk have had something to do toward developing this great amount of strength. His regular diet is hard work, and not the least of this is a 1,500 pound truck, which he pushes over 1,700 feet of track eight times a day. H. K. Kilton the sculptor, is making a study of White, with a view of modelling a great statue from him.

EXPLAINED.

"Why is the camel called the ship of the desert?"
"If you had ever observed the stride of a camel," said the man who always knows the answer, "you would realize how hard it is to ride on one without getting seasick."—Washington Evening Star.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMFORD Powders will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

FOR CANADA.

Hundreds of Thousands May Come From France,

And a Hundred Thousand May Come from Great Britain Next Year.

(Winnipeg Telegram.)
Count de Saint Phalle of Paris, a representative of the old French nobility, is staying at the Lelais, hotel. The count, who has the "grand air" of the old aristocrats of France, and whose family patents of nobility are said to reach back some 1,100 years, is founder of having lived in 188, is going to settle in western Canada.

To a reporter for The Telegram, who interviewed him yesterday, Count de Saint Phalle apologized for his little knowledge of English, "I expect I hope soon to remedy," he courteously remarked.

This is my first visit to your beautiful western country. I am delighted with all I have seen. Yes, I have come direct from Paris—the gay and beautiful. They talk there much of the Dreyfus, and of the expulsion of the Catholics, but also of Canada, have written home glowing accounts of the prosperity and the fair future of the Dominion.

"Are you only a visitor, count, or do you intend to settle?"
"Oh, I intend to settle. I have purchased 220 acres of land twelve miles out at St. Norbert, and I intend to try a small experiment there in dairy farming after the most approved French methods."

"Do you think the religious expulsions in France will drive emigres to Canada?"

"Certainly. Fifteen or twenty came out in the same boat with me. It is to Canada the land of the free that hundreds and thousands of these persecuted men will come. Many of the expelled orders have branches already in the eastern provinces and others will come west to found new homes under your hospitable government. As the victims of French religious persecution have always done, they will bring much knowledge and skill with them, which cannot fail to benefit the land at their adoption."

FROM GREAT BRITAIN.

"The steamers from Great Britain to Canada and the United States were so crowded that I had to wait for several days to the last day of the month to secure passage to the continent, was the remark that John Templeton of Shoal Lake made to a reporter for The Telegram on his return from Europe yesterday.

Mr. Templeton was one of the farmer delegates sent out by the Canadian government to speak to the British farmers, and he was due to return over a fortnight ago, but found it impossible to do so, as he first visited the country of Hampshire, in which is included the Isle of Wight, where he addressed several meetings.

"I however found the most and effective work could be done by meeting and conversing with the farmers individually," he said.

"I would meet fifteen or twenty farmers together in rooms at the market town hotels and there explain to them the features and advantages of the Northwest. On every occasion the best men of the community, or a good proportion of them, would be present, and if they did not want to come out themselves, it was probable that they had sons who did. I spent a month in this part of England and everywhere I went the interest in the country was very great. Many have already come out as a result of my visit, and many more are waiting to hear the result of their experiences."

"In every case I advised intending immigrants to spend one year with an experienced farmer in Manitoba or the Territories before starting in on their own account, no matter whether they had £50 or £5,000, as I believe, if this practice was followed, there would be success in practically every case. The discontent which is heard of is generally because of the great change in the conditions here from those of the older countries."

"If you are looking for a continuation of the present large immigration," he said, "Yes, and it should increase and remain steady. If things go on as present indications point, we should not have less than 100,000 from Great Britain next year."

Mr. Templeton is a Canadian, and he was making his initial visit to Great Britain. He was most favorably impressed with the British farmer, who rose considerably in his estimation during his sojourn.

The civic or town authorities of many of the places he visited showed him the greatest of courtesy, and many of them arranged trips in the country for him so that he would be enabled the better to explain the difference between Canadian and English farming methods. The press also gave him great privileges, and at almost every town or city he visited he was interviewed, and his mission was in this way brought prominently before the parties he wanted to see.

He also spent a month in Yorkshire, and there his experiences were but a repetition of those he had met with in the south. During his trip Mr. Templeton induced about 20 farmers with means to settle in his own locality in addition to the numerous others he expects to come out as a result of his labors.

FAITH'S WARRIOR.

Be not dismayed at doubts. 'Tis such things make men's ventures grand. What happiness is good That is not earned? Where no doubts are without, Some powers, for lack of challenge, never

His heart who knows them not escapes some ache, But scarce has lived. Though won with sweat of blood, Richer than conquests than on field or flood, Fine souls with loss within the soul take.

"To him that overcomes" was said for all Who bravely do; and Heaven will write large

Richer than conquests than on field or flood, Fine souls with loss within the soul take. "To him that overcomes" was said for all Who bravely do; and Heaven will write large

Misgivings, then, are fools. Faith, sound the charge! And, soul of mine, press through and get thy crown!

—Frederick W. Palmer.

CLEANING TIME.

Gird yourselves with gingham aprons, O ye women of the land: Pin your skirts to clear your shoe tops take the scrubbing brush in hand. Boil up alkaline infusions, turn the whole house upside down, Slop the floors with soap and water, headless of your husband's frown, Yank up carpets, rugs, and matting, jerk the pictures from the walls, Have your palisades of ivy vines can stumble o'er them in the halls, Pile the stairs till they are worse than any Alpine steeps to climb, Have the regular old picnic incident to cleaning time.

Fill the bath tub with umbrellas, books, and shoes and bric-a-brac, Heap upon the grand piano kitchen dishes in a stack, Set the dinner on the mantel, though there's little time to eat; See that every one who enters wipes with care his muddy feet; Keep the windows all wide open as you ply the mop and broom, Have the hot and steamy vapor permeating every room, Swab and scrub and splash and spatter in your fight with Winter's grime, Revel in the moist discomfort incident to cleaning time.

Have the men with whitewash brushes spread the tinted calcimine, Take all the necessary bedding out to air it don't you know, Have the furniture revarnished till the odor makes one faint, See that all the woodwork glistens with a coat of shining paint; Don't have anything to sit on, sleep on, eat on; also frown

When you hear meek suggestion as to "some hotel down town," Let the masculine complainer know it's nothing short of crime Not to make one's life a burden in the glad Spring cleaning time.

THE BUILDING OF THE NEST.

They'll come again to the apple tree, Robin and the rest. When the orchard branches are fair to see

In the snow of the blossoms drest, And the prettiest thing in the world will be The building of the nest.

Weaving it well, so round and trim, Hollowing it with care and skill, Nothing to far away for him, Nothing for her too far— Hang it safe on the topmost limb, Their castle in the air.

Ah, mother bird, you'll have weary days When the eggs are under your breast, And shadow may darken the dancing rays

When the fledglings leave the nest, But they'll find their wings in a glad amaze, And God will see to the rest.

So come to the trees with all your train When the apple blossoms blow, Through the April shimmer of sun and rain

Go flying to and fro; And sing to our hearts as we watch again Your fairy building grow.

—Margaret E. Sangster.

CLEON AND I.

Cleon had a million acres— Ne'er a one have I; Cleon dwelleth in a palace, In a cottage I; Cleon hath a dozen fortunes— Not a penny I; Yet the power of the twin is Cleon, not I.

Cleon, true, possesses acres— But the landscape I; With Great Britain's me to yieldeth Money cannot buy; Cleon harbors sloth and dullness, Freshening vigor, I; In he velvet, I in fustian— Richer man am I.

Cleon is a slave to grandeur— Free as thought am I; Cleon fees a score of doctors— Need of none have I; Wealth-surrounded, care-environed, Cleon fears to die; Death may come; he'll find me ready; Happier man am I.

Cleon sees no charm in nature— In a delay, I; Cleon hears no anthems ringing In the sea and sky; Nature sings to me forever— Earnest listener, I; State for state, with all attendants, Who would change?—not I.

HOMES OF CHILDHOOD.

I love to think that in some other land The homes so dearly loved in childhood stand Untouched, and changeless with the passing years, Undimmed, unclouded by the world's sad tears.

All of this earth, of weariness and sin, A guardian angel stays from entering in Through those loved portals, where our memory clings To all the joys of youth and other things.

Only in dreams our feet may once more stand Within the borders of the shadow-land; May we again, as children gay and bright, Find those lost pathways, hidden by the years

And all too often blotted out by tears. But in the end when we have walked our way And a deep sleeps rounds off our "little day," We may return at last to that lost shore, And the dear vanished homes be ours once more.

NOVA SCOTIA ITS HEAD.

Dr. Wilfrid Harris, a House Surgeon of Osteopathic and Surgical Sanatorium at Cambridge.

BOSTON, May 28.—Cambridge is to be the home of the first Osteopathic and Surgical Sanatorium in the New England states. A company has been formed, with a capitalization of \$400,000. It has acquired the John Brown property of 15 Grand Street, Cambridge, which includes a magnificent house and 46,000 feet of land, and it is expected that the institution will be in full running order by the middle of June. Wilfrid Harris, D.O., of Cambridge will be the house physician.

NEW SILKS.

Mervelleaux Silk—a nice soft Silk suitable for Shirt Waists, in all the leading shades and Blacks, at 55c. yard.

Black Taffeta Silk for Coats at 75, 95c, \$1.10 yd.

Special Sale English Cambric.

Crum's best quality English Cambric. Colors all guaranteed fast, good value at 15c.

Sale Price, 12 1-2c.

We are after more business and we're getting it. We want you to visit this Store and make yourself at home. You are just as welcome whether you look or buy. The purchasing power of your dollar will be a happy surprise to you as you shop through the different departments for great values at dwarf prices are greatly in evidence.

Special Value

In Girl's and Boy's School Boot s. Girl's Box Calf, Lace or Button Boot, Spring Heel. at \$1.25, 1.35, 1.50 pair. Boy's School Boots in Box Calf, Dongola and Buff, at 90c, \$1.00, 1.10, 1.35, 1.50, 1.75 pair. Little Girl's Boots, just like Papa's, at 80c, \$1.00, 1.25 pair.

Bargain.

Little Boys' Galatea Suits in Blue and White with sailor collars, and Brown and White, same style, for little men of 3 to 8 years. This is an order line we are clearing. Regular price \$1.45

Now 59c.

Look at our Bargain Counter, rear store, for Bargains in Whitewear, Ladies' Vests, etc.

E.O. Parsons

93 and 95 Ludlow Street,

West End

Dr. Harris, who is president of the Massachusetts College of Osteopathy, is one of the prime movers in establishing the sanatorium. With him are associated a number of physicians who are interested in the study of osteopathy. While all diseases will be treated at the sanatorium, the especial attention of the doctors will be paid to nervous and digestive troubles. Dr. Harris will be assisted by a corps of trained nurses and assistants. Deformities will be treated osteopathically and surgically. One of the features of the institution will be the provision for the open air treatment. In the garden there will be swings and tents for the comfort of those desiring to be in the open air. Those who desire it may live in these entirely, there being accommodations even for sleeping. Dr. Harris is a son of the late T. R. Harris, M. P. F., and nephew of the late Mr. Harris, general manager of the Nova Scotia Telephone company.

FOREIGN NOTES OF INTEREST.
Permanent salvage corps to render aid in cases of accident are about to be organized by the Swiss Alpine clubs. For filling pratines, a kind of sweetmeat, with sawdust, a Vienna sweet manufacturer has been summoned and fined. American competitors for the Palma trophy at Bletley will be permitted to use the United States army rifle and ammunition. Gambling among American workmen is almost unknown as compared with the same evil in Great Britain, say the Mosley commissioners. For the purpose of testing whether coal will retain its qualities better under water than when stored on a wharf, ten tons of Welsh coal are to be submerged in one of the basins in Portsmouth Dockyard.

CLOCKS.

Another lot of Clocks just received, and we can give you a Good Clock for House, Office or Factory, in French or American, and from the best Manufacturers.

COME AND SEE THE GREAT VARIETY.

41 King St.

FERGUSON & PAGE,

Royal Teplitz,
Rich Cut Glass
and Fine China.

A complete stock now
on hand at lowest prices.

O. H. WARWICK CO.

Limited.

78 and 80 KING STREET.

Henery Eggs!

Dairy Butter!

CREAM—Fresh every day.
RHUBARB—Wholesale.

S. Z. DICKON
COUNTRY MARKET.

Perforated Seats

Shaped Square. Light, Dark.
Chairs Recaned, (L. S. Cane only).
Glass, Putty, Paints,
Oils, Turpentine, Varnish, Shellac,
Whiting Brushes.

DUVAL'S

Chair Caning and Umbrella Shop.
17 WATERLOO STREET.

BIG BARGAINS
IN CHOICE TEA SETS.

42 Pieces, fancy decorated, with flow-
ers and gilt. Special price, \$3.25.
Window Screens, 20c. to 30c. each.
Wire Screen Cloth, 14c. to 20c. yd.
Art Muslin, 6c. to 12c. yd.
Cotton Stockings, 5c. pair up.
Men's Cotton Socks, 6c. pair up.
GLOVES—Just received a sample lot
of Ladies Gloves, 10c. pair up.

Arnold's Department Store,
11 and 15 Charlotte St.

Buy
HARD COAL

Now from
GIBBON & CO'S.,
(Near N. Wharf), 6 1-2 Charlotte St.
Watch for our Hard Coal opening.

Broad Cove Coal,
LANDING
Saturday and Monday.

Prices low if cash with order.

HARDWOOD, - \$2.00 per load.
KINDLING, - \$1.25 per load.

J. S. FROST, 11 Union
Street.
Telephone 250

Chas. S. Holder has moved from his
old stand to his new store, 213 King
street, West End. The Star and Sun
will be on sale at the new store.

Housecleaning Time!

We wish to call attention to our large stock of



It will pay you to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere

A. McARTHUR, Bookseller and Stationer,
548 Main Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Among your Saturday purchases do
not forget a package of Red Rose tea.

Registrar Jones reports ten mar-
riages for the week. There were thir-
teen births, eight being females.

In the rush for ice cream and soda
water, don't forget that Lemon's Pea-
nut Butter can always be had in the
same old reliable form.

Jacob Grass, of Waasla, died at his
residence there Thursday. He was 85
years old. A family of six sons and
five daughters survive.

The Unitarian Church—Rev. W. L.
Beers, minister. Sunday school at 2.30
p. m. Service of worship at 7 p. m.
only. Sermon topic, The Religious In-
fluence of Emerson. Visitors cordially
invited.

Private Morash, of the R. C. R., Fred-
erickton, who shot himself in the head
a few days ago, died yesterday. He
belonged in Halifax, was 27 years old,
and leaves a wife and two children.

If you are interested in social, func-
tions, picnics or parties of any kind,
at any time that requires ice cream and
feel a little timid about Lemon's at
thirty cents a quart, just drop in, ex-
plain your business and you will be
cheerfully furnished with a free sam-
ple.

A special sale of dress materials,
white shirt waists and white petti-
coats will take place at F. A. Dyke-
man & Co.'s store on Monday. The
prices prevailing on these goods are
most extraordinary, and every econo-
mical buyer in St. John should take
advantage of this sale.

The monthly meeting of the Salvage
Corps will be held Monday evening.
Miss Maude Scott, who has just re-
turned from the Boston school of voice
culture, will sing in Main street Baptist
church Sunday evening.

Alex. Jardine has sold "Craig Lea,"
the fine old residence on Westmorland
Road, to W. J. Frazer, who will shortly
occupy it. The sum paid was in the
vicinity of \$4,000. Craig Lea was built
in 1850 and is one of the most picture-
que and comfortable houses in the sub-
urbs.

John Flood, of Messrs. Flood & Bates,
contractors, will not construct the new
library building. Mr. Flood says his
chief reason is that he could not see his
way clear to include plumbing and
heating in the terms of tender. The
library plan will be revised by Archi-
tect Fairweather.

CLARY NEXT THURSDAY.
The committee in charge of the con-
cert in the Portland Methodist church
next Thursday evening are delighted
with the success which is attending
their enterprise in securing Madame



Clary, Mrs. Spencer and Mr. Kelly for
a sacred concert in the church next
Thursday evening. Tickets are selling
fast and a large audience is already as-
sured. This will be Clary's farewell ap-
pearance in this city, where her voice
has on many occasions delighted large
numbers.

BASE BALL.
At Orono, Maine, Thursday, the Uni-
versity of Maine ball team, defeated
the second Harvard nine by a score of
6 to 3 in a fast and interesting game.
Stackpole held Concord down to one
hit and that in the last innings, on
Thursday, when Haverhill won, 4 to 0.

CHARLOTTETOWN, May 29.—Forest
fires are raging throughout Prince
Edward Island. The large store and
warehouse of John Hughes and the
store of John Perry near Tignish have
been burned.

Bread made of Golden
Eagle Flour keeps moist
5-1-x d-a-y-s.

COUNTY COURT.

Devine Goes Free—Sentence Passed
on Six Prisoners—Lashes
for Little.

In the county court yesterday the
Devine case was finished. No evi-
dence was brought out by the pro-
secution.

The witnesses called by the defence
were Chas. Rogers, John A. Clark, Geo.
D. Thompson, Hon. A. T. Dunn, Theo.
Gorman, Andrew Malcolm, Wilfrid
Barlow, Wm. McCavour, Jas. Patterson,
Wm. Leonard, Jas. Cascard, Michael
Murray, Frank Campbell, David
Anderson, John McNulty, Wm. Thompson,
Egbert Thompson and Allen F. Emery. These gentlemen
testified as to their knowledge of the
habits and character of the accused,
and their evidence in every respect was
most favorable.

D. Mullin, K. C., then closed to the
jury on behalf of Mr. Devine, followed
by Hon. H. A. McKewen for the crown.
The judge charged the jury, summing
up the evidence for and against. After
being out half an hour the jury re-
turned a verdict of "not guilty."

The being the conclusion of the
criminal docket, the judge passed sen-
tences upon those convicted. Following
is the list of those sentenced, showing
their crimes and terms of imprison-
ment:
Geo. Paulin, stabbing, 18 months in
common jail with hard labor.
Wm. Little, two years in Dorchester
penitentiary, with 10 lashes going in
and 10 lashes coming out.
Wm. Dugan, theft, 6 months in com-
mon jail with hard labor.
David Hennessey, assault, 6 months
in common jail with hard labor.
Joseph Verrey, theft, 6 years in Dor-
chester penitentiary.

Joseph Sullivan, breaking and enter-
ing, 4 years in Dorchester penitentiary.
Court adjourned sine die.

JAMES BARRY HONORED.

Presentations to the Retiring Principal
of St. Malachi's School.

James Barry, for twenty-three years
principal of St. Malachi's school, se-
cured his connection there at close of
school yesterday afternoon and at 9.30
o'clock this morning took up his new
work in the customs house as inspec-
tor of weights and measures, to which
he was recently appointed.

Mr. Barry did not retire from his ac-
tivities as a scholar, principal without
handsome tokens of esteem and good
will on the part of teachers and schol-
ars. During yesterday he received no-
tification to assume his duties in the
customs house, learning this, the
teachers after the schools had re-as-
sembled in the afternoon, asked the
principal to have the scholars gather
in the large exhibition hall.

On behalf of the scholars, Frank
O'Regan, presented Mr. Barry a mag-
nificent large easy chair, and read an address.
On behalf of the teachers of the
school, James R. Sugrue, the senior of
the teaching corps, then presented Mr.
Barry with a very handsome gold ring
with amethyst setting.

Mr. Barry very feelingly expressed
his thanks, and at his suggestion the
schools were dismissed for the rest of
the day.

THE PUSH-CARTS.

Somewhere about a year ago when
Ald. Bullock was on his street clean-
ing campaign the common council or-
dered that a number of push-carts be
procured by the street department for
use in removing rubbish from the
streets. These carts, now familiarly
known among the employees of the de-
partment as "Cushion's automobiles,"
were received here last fall and since
then have been standing in silent splen-
dor in the city yard on Lester Street,
where they are doing just as much
good as before they were purchased.

The carts consist of a framework
which sits up on two wheels, and from
this framework canvas bags are hung
and these bags when filled are sup-
posed to be tied up and left for the street
tenders to haul away. The carts will be
pushed along by the men employed in
cleaning the streets if they are ever
used at all. There are four of these
carts waiting for someone to take them
out for a run.

POLICE COURT.

Three drunks formed the bill of fare
in the Clifford hotel kitchen this morn-
ing. Actor Connolly had been full on
Vard Street and was fined four dol-
lars; Patrick Walsh on Brunswick
Street, two months; and George Brown
on Union Street, twenty days.

A BOY HURT.

The young son of Engineer Alling-
ham, of the Carleton electric light sta-
tion, was severely injured while at
play with other boys at the Old Port
last evening. He was accidentally kick-
ed in the side by a companion and was
rendered unconscious for about an
hour. Dr. Kenny attended him and he
will soon be all right again.

THIS EVENING.

W. S. Harkins at the Opera House.
Base ball—Portland v. Franklins on
Shamrock grounds at 7 o'clock.

YORK CO. DRIED UP.

FREDERICKTON, May 30.—Every-
thing is suffering for rain and unless
it comes in abundance and at once the
results will be serious.

When Lemont tells you he sells ice
cream soda for five cents, you can feel
confident that you'll get a good deal
more than the name for your money.

F. R. PATTERSON & CO.,
THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Men's Collars!
The Best Make.
The Latest Shapes.
2 for 25 Cts.

Store Open Every Evening. Cor. Duke and Charlotte Sts.

PERSONALS.

Miss Ella Payne is visiting Frederic-
ton, the guest of her friend, Miss Pruden-
ce Babbitt.

Rev. Mr. Hamilton, the pastor of
Carmarthen street Methodist church,
will be absent from Saturday morning
until Wednesday evening, in attend-
ance at the Mount Allison convocation
exercises.

Rev. S. McCully Black, editor of the
Messenger and Visitor, will return from
the United States on Monday, and with
his family will move to one of the
suburbs for the summer. The reverend
gentleman is somewhat improved in
health.

Miss Jennie McLaughlin, accompa-
nied by her sister, Mrs. D. Lee Babbitt,
came down from Fredericton on Thurs-
day.

Mrs. W. S. Carter has arrived home
from Boston.

James V. Russell returned from
Montreal yesterday.

Mrs. Snowball, wife of Lieutenant
Governor Snowball, is in the city.

Premier Tassie passed through the
city last night to Moncton.

Justice Wells returned to Moncton
last night.

SAMUEL MCCREADY DEAD.

For Many Years I. C. R. Station Master
at Norton.

SUSSEX, May 29.—Samuel McCready,
of Norton, died here at the residence of
his son-in-law, R. G. Innis, at the age
of seventy-two years. The funeral will
be held Sunday afternoon at Penob-
scus.

The deceased was well known in the
county and was much respected by all
classes for his kind demeanor in deal-
ing with the public. He was station
master at Norton for a great number of
years and resigned only a short time
ago.

Samuel McCready was a son of the late
Charles McCready, of Penobscus, who
was one of the pioneers in that section
of the province, of Loyalist descent and
a man who was immensely respected in
the community.

Samuel McCready is survived by his
widow and several grown up children,
among them being Mrs. Innis, of Sus-
sex; Mrs. Price, of Norton, and James
McCready, now occupying a lucrative
position in British Columbia. J. E. B.
McCready, editor of the Charlottetown
Guardian, and George McCready, form-
erly city engineer of Moncton, are
brothers of the deceased.

LITTLE BOY DROWNED.

FREDERICKTON, May 29.—Little
Thomas Belyea, son of Harry Belyea,
was found this afternoon lying crush-
ed and dead beneath the hemlock logs
in the rear of Palmer's leather factory.
The discovery was made by Robert Bel-
veya. One log had rested across the
boy's chest, and another over his head.
It seems the boy had been playing on
the bank and the logs had become
loosened. Marks in the sand, of his
bare feet, showed the unfortunate lad
had made a desperate struggle for life.
His grandfather had passed the spot
about five minutes before he made his
discovery, but he heard no sound. On
returning, though, he saw the boy's
bare feet protruding between the logs.

ACADIA CLOSING EXERCISES.

Tonight the closing exercises of
Acadia College will commence with the
students' concert in College Hall, under
the auspices of the college orchestra.
Tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock Rev.
Professor E. M. Kierstead, D. D., will
preach the baccalaureate sermon in
College Hall, and in the evening at 7
o'clock Rev. C. H. Watson, D. D., of
Arlington (Mass.) will deliver an ad-
dress under the auspices of the college
Y. M. C. A.

On Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock
the annual sports of the college will be
held on the college campus. At 2.30
o'clock there will be a business meeting
of the Alumni Association of Acadia.
Seminary in Alumnæ hall.

In the evening at 7.30 o'clock there is
to be a reunion of the Alumnæ Asso-
ciation of the seminary in Alumnæ
hall, and the closing exercises of Hor-
ton Collegiate Academy will be held in
College Hall, at which Rev. C. H. Day,
M. A., of Kentville, will deliver an ad-
dress. At 9.30 o'clock the senate of the
university will hold a business meeting
in the college chapel, which will con-
clude the programme of the day.

Are you using Red Rose tea? It's
good tea.

JUNIOR BALL NOTES.

The Souvenirs defeated the Citizens
Thursday night in King's field, 12 to 10.
The Maritimes last night defeated the
Silver Stars, 9 to 3.

The Primroses were defeated by the
Young Clippers, 2 to 0.

The Young Jubilees defeated the
Triblins, 5 to 2.

The Royals defeated the Curlews, 3
to 1. The Royals would like to play the
Thistles on the Government grounds.

THE AMHERST FATALITY.

AMHERST, N. S., May 29.—The pre-
liminary examination of W. George
Benner was held before Judge G. Mc-
Kenzie today, the evidence being prac-
tically the same as that given at the
inquest. The justice considered it suf-
ficient to warrant him in committing
the accused for trial on the charge of
unlawfully killing.

The body of the unfortunate man,
Wood, was interred today. Rev. A.
Bates conducting the service.

Robt. J. Cunningham's, 579 Main
street, North End, is the place to buy
your hats, caps, straw goods and gen-
eral household furnishings. Everything new
and up-to-date.

WILL BRING SETTLERS HERE.

Families From the States to Locate in
Sunbury County.

E. L. Parsons and H. L. Forbes, of
Boston, purpose bringing a large num-
ber of families here to settle in Sun-
bury county, where the coal fields are.
They looked over the proposed location
Thursday with Hon. A. T. Dunn and
Hon. L. P. Farris, of the local govern-
ment.

The Boston gentlemen intend bring-
ing settlers and miners to locate each
side of the Richibucto road, in the
county of Sunbury, and ask the govern-
ment for a grant of land. The New
Brunswick Coal and Railway co. line
runs through the property selected
and a station is to be placed thereon;
the railroad is rapidly approaching
completion and will make this part of
the county very popular, as land in
this vicinity is also suitable for farm-
ing. This district is reached by rail-
way or steamboat up the St. John riv-
er to Newcastle and thence by team
about four miles from steamboat land-
ing.

Messrs. Parsons & Forbes represent
the Canadian Mining and Land Con-
struction Co., a Maine company, and
those whom they will bring here will
at first find work on the railway con-
struction and in the coal fields. They
say that they will bring about 100 fa-
milies very soon.

Messrs. Parsons & Forbes also
have in view the project of erecting a
cold storage plant in St. John, to give
opportunity for an outlet for all pro-
ducts of the province. In this they re-
present the Hackett Cold Storage Co.,
of Boston, who build their own cars for
transportation of any marketable pro-
ducts that they may handle.

Messrs. Parsons & Forbes will
leave for Boston this evening.

BORDER NEWS.

The Calais correspondent of the Bangor
Commercial writes:
Forest fires, which started Wednesday
are doing considerable damage on the New
Brunswick side of the river, a few miles
from Calais. The brush is very dry and
fanned by high winds, the fire is spreading
rapidly in spite of the efforts of the men to
stay its progress.

The scholars and teachers of the St. Ste-
phen and Milltown public schools are ex-
pected to unite with those of Washington
county in the big picnic to be held at Mar-
ton, June 13, on the grounds of the Wash-
ington county railroad.

The festival Aurora will enter upon her
summer time table June 1, coming to St.
Stephen on Wednesday and returning to
Grand Manan on Thursday. The Aurora
has been repaired and repainted, and is in
fine shape for the summer service. She has
been chartered by St. Stephen Knights of
Pythias for an excursion to Grand Manan
at a date which will be announced later.

Sawelle's circus, under the management
of Frank A. Robbins, is booked for ap-
pearance in Calais July 4. It is reported that
Mayor Johnson will refuse the showmen a
permit to exhibit here on that day, but as
the mayor is out of town the rumor cannot
be confirmed.

SACKVILLE SCORCHED.

SACKVILLE, N. B., May 29.—Forest
fires raged to the west of the town
yesterday afternoon and last night and
numerous houses were in great dan-
ger. Hundreds of men were at work
fighting the flames. A large double
barn belonging to Robert Lawson, was
burned, but the house was saved with
difficulty. The fires are now somewhat
abated.

St. John's
Busiest
Store.

St. John does not need reminding there is a big difference between
stores. Shoppers are saying every day how attractive things seem here and
how thoroughly we make them feel at home. The inspiration of this business
comes out of having everything first-class. Our way in trade is to get the
best goods of every sort, and surround their selling with every courtesy. If
we were to put in a few words what constitutes our claim on your atten-
tion, we should say that the store appeals in goods and service to the best
wishes of shoppers. We try to have nothing here that you would call
"common" and that we can make such little prices on first-class goods comes
about in the most natural way. Values such as these have seldom been known
in your experience.

Prices:

ONE THOUSAND YARDS HAND- \$1.59 FOR BLACK SATEN WAISTS
SOME "ALL SILK" PEAU-DE- WORTH \$2.50.

SOIE AT 55c. YARD.

The colors are White, Cream, Pink,
Sky, Royal Navy, Old Rose, Cardinal
and Garnet.

These silks are worth 55c. a yard, but
a special purchase enables us to offer
them at about one-third below their
value.

On sale today 55c. yard.

NECKWEAR.

A lot of 50c. and 75c. Ties and Fancy
Stocks that have been sold down to
one or two of a style have been put
out for quick selling today at 35c.

Belts.

Silk, Velvet and Leather Belts—new
styles—worth up to 40c. Special price
25c.

Evidence of prosperity is all around, and nowhere more marked than
right here. We watch every opportunity which pertains to right buying
and quick selling. Business is brisk—never before have we had such an en-
couraging trade—and we're naturally very wide awake.

Cor. Duke and Charlotte Sts.

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