

# The Weekly Monitor

VOL. 43

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, FEBRUARY 2, 1916

NO 43

## AN IDEAL TONIC

When your head is dull and heavy, your tongue furred, and you feel done-up and good for nothing, without knowing what is really the matter with you, probably all that is needed to restore you to health and vigour is a few doses of a reliable digestive tonic and stomachic remedy such as Mother Seigel's Syrup. Take it after each meal for a few days and note how beneficial is its action upon the stomach, liver and bowels—how it restores tone and healthy activity to these important organs, and by so doing enables you to gain new stores of vigour, vitality and health.

## MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

The new 1.00 size contains three times as much as the trial size sold at 50c per bottle.

### LETTER FROM GUY ADAMS OF THE 40th BATTALION

Brantford Camp, 40th Battalion, Dec. 19, 1915.

Dear Folks:—Just a few lines to let you know everything is fine and dandy, except the weather, and that is wet and rainy. But it does not bother us much as we drill inside in damp weather. I have had and passed all my musketry tests O. K. and have been picked out as one of the first bunch to go to the ranges. I am going to take a special course in musketry and then I will be an instructor and can take a stripe if I want to. We have very nice times in the huts evenings, singing, playing cards, dancing, telling yarns, etc. Had some fellows in a few evenings ago from the 9th Mounted Rifles, who were from Yarmouth, N. S. They had enlisted out West. We meet lots from N. S. in the Western Battalions. We see Avard Donald quite often, he is in the 47th, a B. C. Regiment. I saw a fellow over at Hazelmore the other day who had been across, and got wounded in the arm. He told me the Germans are no good at close quarters as they will surrender quickly, but take them in the trenches or under cover and they are good men and well equipped. Honestly, I am looking forward to the day we leave for France with pleasure. That's the way we feel. I look at this soldiering business the same as any other job, only it's better than lots. In fact it's got the others skun. Of course there are a few luxuries we have to do without, but we don't mind that as what we are seeing and learning make up for it. We are being fed well, and I am getting fat again, so don't worry about me, as I never was happier in my life. Herb received his box from his mother yesterday, so you see I should have had mine too, but will probably get it in a day or so, as I

hear there are lots of parcels at the Company's Orderly House not yet sorted. I got a letter from Aunt Edith Winchester yesterday, also a roll of papers from you. We go to the ranges tomorrow morning for a little target practice, that will be good sport. Then we are to go to London on pass again for Christmas, but don't believe we will get off before January 1st, as there are 21 practices to go through, so it will take a few days. Besides only 800 men can leave each day, that is from the whole company. But it makes no difference, we will enjoy it just as well when we do go. When I was there before I saw, and was inside, St. Paul's Cathedral, Buckingham Palace, Westminster Abbey, etc., certainly grand sights, and this time I will try and visit other places of importance and interest, and write you of those. I saw lots of soldiers from other nations, such as Australians, Indians, etc., and lots of fellows who have been in the war ever since it began. They say it's a tough war, but are anxious to get back at it. One of those fellows had quite a number of souvenirs: A German sword, respirator, ammunition, etc. I'll have a few I hope when I come home. There has been an aeroplane flying over our hut all day but a few minutes ago it made a bad landing on our parade ground and smashed the old thing up, but no one got hurt. Now to answer your questions, don't send me anything except socks. Some nice home knit ones like Pa used to wear and I only wear a No. 6 coarse boot, don't knit the foot too long. Try and send them along so as to keep me supplied, as the ones we buy here are not much good and not heavy enough. Don't send mitts as we are issued with a pair of warm leather ones, and can buy woollen gloves at our canteen. I can get any thing I need here except socks. Hope Mildred and Nina got the brooches I sent them from London before Christmas, the first time I was there.

Was out to Hazelmore yesterday. Must quit now and go to the cook house as it's 4.30 supper time. So again wishing you all a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year, I am,  
Your loving son,  
GUY K. ADAMS.

### LETTER FROM THE TRENCHES.

Received by Mr. and Mrs. Eber Brinton, St. Croix, From their Son Ira.

December 31, 1915.  
Dear Father and Mother:—Received your very welcome letters about a week ago, but had no chance to get letters censored then so could not answer. Your letter dated Dec. 2nd got mislaid and I just received it. I also received the Christmas box and was very pleased to get it. The tobacco and everything came in fine. I tell you it was good to taste the old home cooking again.

Well I have been in the army a year and two months, and nearly four months in action and thankful to say that since I left St. John have not had a day's sickness. It seems as though a person can stand more at this duty than any other, for I never could and half as much before. Of course one is liable to break down any time and never knows who is to go next. But I trust in God who we know has all power and believe that He has been with me many times when death stared me in the face and know that whatever He His will is right.

Christmas Day was very quiet along our front. The enemy had out white flags so we all kept the holiday. I know the old home must have been lonesome with so many of us away, but trust that we may all meet to spend a Merry Christmas together yet.

Well this is the last of the old year and we are at our rest billet and glad to spend the New Year out of the trenches. The boys' spirits are all keeping up me for we know that we are fighting for the right and believe that God will grant us victory in the end.

Well, dear parents, I will have to close for this time. Thank Mrs. Hall and Capt. Beardsley for me for their remembrances.

Will close, hoping the New Year will be a prosperous one for you all.  
From your loving son  
IRA.

A small house belonging to Capt. Benjamin Taylor, situated at Joggins Bridge, Digby, was totally destroyed by fire at noon on Wednesday. The contents were saved. The fire was caused by an overturned lamp in the attic. The loss is estimated at about \$750.

## THE EUROPEAN WAR

### German Airmen Active Again

Paris, Jan. 30.—A Zeppelin dirigible passed swiftly over a section of Paris last night, dropping about a dozen great bombs, which killed 24 persons and injured 27. The raid lasted about one minute and a half, while in the first visit of Zeppelins to Paris, on March 21, 1915, four of these aircraft were over or in the neighborhood of the Capital for nearly two hours. They came at that time under entirely different atmospheric conditions, being plainly visible in a clear sky. Last night the fog seriously interfered with the work of the Paris aerial guard. The fact that only one German machine appeared leads to the belief that the Zeppelin was making a reconnoitering trip, and the supposition is that the Germans have in view a similar operation on a larger scale.

Warnings of the presence of a Zeppelin were hastily given, and the lights of Paris were dimmed. At the hour of the raid the theatres and cafes were open, and householders had hardly yet retired. Almost immediately all the aeroplanes guarding Paris were made ready, and about thirty of them took the air. One of these machines fired 25 shots from a quick-firer at the invading craft, which, pursued by several of the little machines, sped at top speed westward. Apparently the bombs carried by the Zeppelin were let loose indiscriminately, and without thought of where they should strike. One of the pursuing aviators said that the searchlights were useless in the fog, he himself being hardly able to see more than twenty-four feet above with the aid of his light. The Paris newspapers demand that measures of retaliation be taken immediately.

London, Feb. 1.—A raid by six or seven Zeppelin airships took place last night over the eastern, northeastern and Midland Counties of England according to an announcement of the War Office. A number of bombs were dropped, but up to the present no considerable damage has been reported.

A resumption of the Zeppelin raids on London and the east coast of England was expected by the British authorities, and on January 26 a special warning was sent out by the police, which, after referring to the increase in the offensive protection against hostile aircraft recently provided in the Metropolitan district, advised the public on the occasion of air raids to take cover.

The last raids on England by German aircraft occurred on January 23 and 24 when hostile aeroplanes dropped bombs along the east coast of Kent, killing or wounding a few persons, and an aeroplane attacked the station, barracks and docks at Dover.

Only recently the defence of London from air attacks has been placed in the hands of the War Office; previously the Admiralty had charge of this matter. Both of these departments, however, have been co-operating harmoniously.

### French Recaptured Trenches Taken by Germans

Paris, Jan. 29.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office tonight: In Artois, to the east of Hill 140, we continued to re-occupy important positions of trenches captured yesterday by the enemy. In the course of these operations released about fifty French soldiers, who had been made prisoners by the Germans. To the south of the road from La Folie the enemy attempted to recover two craters re-conquered by us, but his attack was repulsed. Between the Somme and the Oise there has been great activity of the artillery on both sides. In the region of Arrancourt, south of Lassigny, we dispersed a revictualing convoy and destroyed an enemy observatory. To the north of the Aisne our artillery demolished observatories at Hill 108, south of Bery-auc-Bac, and disorganized the enemy positions on the plateau of Vauclerc.

### WAR BRIEFS

Capt. A V Seferovitch, Montenegrin Consul to the United States, depicted in an impressive address in Halifax, the great sufferings of the people in his homeland.

A single projectile from a 15 inch gun weighs 1950 lbs. Every bank in Manchester, England, but one, is now employing female clerks.

The record for bullet holes in a flying machine is much prized by aviators. It is now held by a pilot who returned from one flight with over three hundred holes. The highest heretofore was 240 odd.

36,033,523 pairs of worsted socks, 44,692,723 yards of flannel for shirts (enough to make 12,500,000) and 4,592,733 yards of white flannel for hospital shirts. This is the record of the British Government since the war began.

It is said that three armored cruisers of Japan have been ordered to Suez Canal, in order to protect it.

The Cossack soldiers are said to make bridges out of their lances and cooking kettles, fastening them together by ropes. A bridge of the kind will bear a weight of about half a ton.

The German Home Secretary has called attention to the great increase of suicide among boys since the war began. The average age being about 16 yrs. Such suicides, have more than doubled.

One effect of the war in England and Scotland is a revival of family prayer. At a meeting in London to advance the movement, a Free Church hymn was the chairman, and the Archbishop of Canterbury the principal speaker.

Major A E Hawkins of 14th Battalion in his evidence, in Montreal, concerning the death of Capt. Brotherhood, on April 24th 1915, at Langemark, said: "Nearly all of our wounded who were left in the trenches were bayoneted by the Germans."

The Belgian Spy who betrayed Edith Cavell to the Germans was assassinated recently. His body was found in the street near Brussels, with two bullet wounds in it.

Ontario women at a Conference in the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, formed a "Women's Emergency Corps", for the purpose of aiding recruiting.

Riots between strikers, their sympathisers and armed guards, at Youngstown, Ohio, beginning at the Sheet and Tube Company's works, resulted in three deaths, 18 wounded, and destruction by fire of six city blocks. Two Austrians were arrested who said they had been sent from New York to stop the making of munitions.

The German armed Steamer, Kingano, on Lake Tanganyika, Central Africa, surrendered to the British.

Militia Department, Ottawa, reports that the Lee-Enfield Rifles, of the British Army, are being bored out to the size of the Canadian Ross rifle.

The Japanese Premier is credited with saying that Germany has made overtures for peace with Japan and Russia.

The buildings for models and wheel-works, at the Essen Krupp works were destroyed by fire on January the 8th.

The penalties prescribed by the British Conscription Act for attempts at its invasion include imprisonment without hard labor, for six months, for false statements, and a fine not exceeding \$250 for failing to notify authorities of a change in circumstances.

The male population of Berlin has decreased 232,547, due to the calling of men to the war.

Sir Percy Lake now commands the British forces in Mesopotamia, in place of Sir John Eccles Nixon, who retires because of ill health.

The reports that the Montenegrs were suing for peace with Austria are false.

The Russians are keeping up an effective blockade of the Bosphorus, making the cruising of Turkish warships almost impossible, for fear of being torpedoed.

## INTERESTING LETTER FROM SYDNEY FAY

Received by his Father, F. R. Fay, Esq.—Tells of his Injuries  
15th January, 1916.  
Ward H2, Cot. No. 26,  
Duchess of Connaught Canadian Red Cross Hospital, Taplaw, Bucks, England.

Dear Father,—Will try to write you with my left hand. I was wounded on the 7th of January, just as I was eating my breakfast, by an aerial torpedo. I watched it go up in the air two hundred feet, then come down in a zig-zag course making it impossible to avoid it. It was all a matter of a few seconds and it struck in front of the parapet near where I was standing. The explosion knocked a whole in our front line 30 feet wide and 20 feet deep and four of us were buried. Sergts. Stevenson and Roberts, who dug me out, were fully exposed to the German lines, which were only 30 yards away. Never did men take such risks as they did and I owe my life to their bravery.

I lost all my equipment, boots, cap and coat, etc., and on examination my collar bone was found to be fractured and I was sent to our base hospital and three days later here, so I am in England six days after I was injured. I was under the X-Rays yesterday. The doctor said I will be in bed ten days yet and would not be able to go back to France for three months. This is a Canadian Hospital, doctors, nurses and chiefly Canadian patients. Will write again soon.  
Your affectionate son,  
SYDNEY.

## MEMORIAL SERVICE

A very impressive service was held in the Methodist Church on Sabbath evening last, in memory of Sergeant-Major William R. McLeod, who lost his life in action at the front on the 14th ult., in the twenty-first year of his age. The service was held at the close of the usual services and took the place of the united meeting for prayer, which has been held since the war began. The audience filled the church to its utmost capacity, and ministers representing each of the congregations, participated in the exercises. Lieut. Emory Howe, of the 112th Battalion, being called upon spoke very feelingly of the motives which led him to enlist, and also sang very impressively a song, entitled, "My Name in Mother's Prayer," accompanying it upon a guitar. Mr. F. R. Beckwith also sang a very appropriate selection.

The parents of the deceased Sergeant-Major, Mr. and Mrs. Murdoch McLeod, with their remaining son and two daughters, were present, and the manifest sympathy, expressed in the remarks made, the prayers offered, and the quiet attention of the large audience, which often speaks as loudly as words, were well calculated to bring some comfort to them in their bereavement. Sergeant-Major McLeod is the first of the Bridgetown recruits to make the supreme sacrifice of his life upon the battle field. But two others of our young men who offered their services to their King and Nation, with the same high purpose, have lately been brought home to be laid to rest in God's acre. They who devote their lives to the upholding of the cause of national truth and honor, though they die early, have not lived in vain.

## LETTER CONCERNING DEATH OF SERGT.-MAJOR WILLIAM R. McLEOD

6th Field Ambulance, 2nd Canadian Division, B.E.F. January 16th, 1916.  
Mr. Murdoch McLeod, Bridgetown, N. S.  
Dear Mr. McLeod,—You have already received the sad intelligence of your son's death. I write to say that he was tenderly laid away on the 15th inst by his sorrowing companions. There is but one testimony among officers and men alike, namely, that he was one of the finest of men. Major Bauld told me yesterday morning that he was one of the first among the non-commissioned officers to be recommended for a commission. Others have written or will write giving particulars of his death which I am told was instantaneous. I wish to offer you and your sorrowing household my sincerest sympathy and to tell you how your boy was honored and beloved. I conducted the funeral on Saturday morning and you and yours have been in my thoughts and prayers ever since. With kindest regards, I am,  
Yours very truly,  
J. H. MacDONALD,  
Chaplain 5th Brigade.

At the annual meeting of the Minard's Liniment Co., Ltd., W. L. Rogers was chosen director in place of William Burrell, deceased. Dividends of 7 per cent. on preferred stock and 4 per cent. on common stock was declared.

All stores in Lawrencetown will be open every evening during Demonstration week.

The Dominion Atlantic Company are preparing information for the use of Tourists who may visit Nova Scotia next summer, and this will include a complete list of Hotels and Private houses in Town and Country Board. No charge is made to advertise in the railway publications, all hotel and boarding-house proprietors should write at once to the General Passenger Agent at Kentville for the necessary forms on which to furnish such information.

Lieut.-Col. A. H. Borden retires from the command of the 85th Battalion and will at once recruit and command a brigade of Nova Scotia Highlanders, which will consist of four battalions.

The Tremont Theatre, Boston, was the scene of a fire on the 23rd, which swept through the front of the house and stage. Everything up to the first balcony was destroyed. The loss is estimated at about \$75,000.

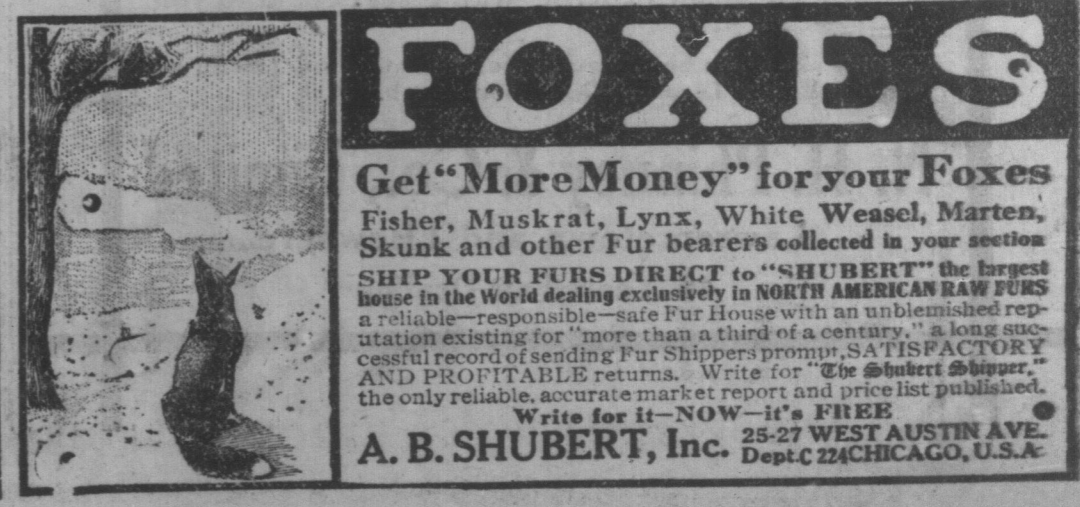
## New Spring Goods

- Silk Spot Chiffons
- Colored and Black Voiles
- Princess Crepes
- Batistes, Ginghams, Prints and Cambrics
- Checked and Striped Muslins
- 9½ cents upwards
- White and Unbleached Cottons
- Pillow Cottons and Sheetings
- Turkish Towels
- Corsets and Corset Waists

Lest you get "Stung" examine these before parting with your cash

## WALTER SCOTT "The Keen Kutter"

Granville Street Next Door Public Telephone Office Bridgetown N. S.



Get "More Money" for your Foxes  
Fisher, Muskrat, Lynx, White Weasel, Marten, Skunk and other Fur bearers collected in your section  
SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT'S" the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS  
A reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Blueprint," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published.  
Write for it—NOW—it's FREE  
A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. Dept. C CHICAGO, U.S.A.

We Cordially Invite

# A CALL

from the big attendance at the

## SHORT COURSE

It Will Surprise You

to see what we can offer you for

**A Quarter of a Dollar**

We will be demonstrating Morse's Selected Orange Pekoe. Come in and have a social cup of hot tea.

### H. H. WHITMAN

LAWRENCETOWN, N. S.

## For One Week

Commencing Monday, February 7th until and including Saturday, February 12th, we are going to offer the following

### BARGAINS

A Nice line of Horse Blankets, 15 p.c. discount Raincoats, extra good quality, 15 p.c. off

We also have 2 very nice Parlor Lamps left over which we are going to offer at a bargain

Our 10c counter will please You

We also have a full line of Flour and Feed, Groceries, Dry Goods, Crockeryware, Boots and Lumberman's Rubbers

### BISHOP & DURLING

Lawrencetown, N. S.

## Lawrencetown Invites You to Hear the Edison Diamond Disc!



February 8th you have the chance not only to see the new Agricultural building in Lawrencetown, but to hear the famous Edison Diamond Disc Phonograph.

Just a few months ago 300 scientists gathered to hear it and could not tell, as they listened, whether a living singer was before them or merely a marvelous machine.

You can make the same test without cost or obligation and have the pleasure of listening to the exact voices that thousands journey to the great opera houses to hear.

Bring these voices, the martial music of the world's great bands, the sweetest of the old time songs, the gayest dance music, the latest popular hits into your home with small expense with great delight to your family.

By all means be our guests for an hour's enjoyment with the new Edison Diamond Disc Phonograph.

### N. H. Phinney & Co., Limited

Lawrencetown and Elsewhere  
45 Years' Fair Dealing

All stores in Lawrencetown will be open every evening during Demonstration week.

## AT THE SHORT COURSE

Would it Pay the Farmer to Visit the Short Course to Hear Experts in the Various Subjects? To Teach the Farmer to Take Pride in Farming. To Lift Farming out of Mere Drudgery.

- 1.—Horse judging.
- 2.—Cattle farming.
- 3.—Sheep farming.
- 4.—Poultry farming.
- 5.—Spraying and insects.
- 6.—Garden work.
- 7.—Learning to know a good animal when you see him.
- 8.—Come and have your problems on the farm solved. Ask questions.
- 9.—The meeting at Lawrencetown will afford opportunity to all for a few days' recreation and social life.
- 10.—Many grown school children would be benefitted by a few lessons on farm and home life.
- 11.—The farmer has a special claim for larger educational opportunities to learn more concerning the many difficult problems to be solved on the farm.
- 12.—Come and solve these problems at the Short Course.

### Middleton

January 31

Pl. Feener of the 112th spent Sunday at his home in New Germany.

Quite a number of the 112th boys here in town are ill with la grippe. Miss Elizabeth and Nellie Hiltz arrived home from the West on Saturday.

Sergt. Percy McNayr of the 112th Battalion went to Halifax to take a military course.

Capt. Scott Corkum and wife were the guests of their cousin, Mrs. Arthur Young last week.

Miss Annie Spurr is home for an indefinite time. We are sorry to report Mr. Spurr no better.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Hatt of Annapolis Royal, were in town on Saturday calling on old friends.

Rev. E. Spurr is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Spurr, of Wilmot.

Miss Annie Hiltz leaves this week for Truro, where she will take up some studies in Colchester Academy.

The Methodist young people entertained the boys of the 112th on Friday evening last in the basement of their church.

Lt. Fred Tanner of Pictou who has been for some time in a hospital suffering from wounds is on board the S. S. Metagona returning to Canada.

Four more have joined the 112th at Middleton from Springfield. Their names are: Gordon Grimm, G. Smith, Winston Hayden, and Harmon Demone.

### MELVERN SQUARE

January 31

Mrs. Amanda Jacques was calling on friends in Kingston one day last week.

Rev. Mr. Webb will occupy the pulpit in the Baptist Church on Sabbath evening next.

The Red Cross Society will meet at the home of Mrs. J. P. Morse on Friday afternoon.

Mr. Percy D. V. Baker returned home on Saturday of last week from Boston, where he had been visiting friends for a few months.

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Morse and little daughter, of Kingston, spent last Sabbath at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Martin.

The death of the eighteen months old child of Mr. and Mrs. W. Moore occurred at their home near Melvern on Friday, 21st, of the fatal pneumonia. Interment in Melvern Square.

La grip, the fashionable malady, is still quite prevalent in this locality, those on the sick list last week being Mrs. D. M. Outhit, Mrs. H. L. Bustin, Miss Myrtle Palmer, and others, all of whom are recovering.

We are glad to welcome Mr. Sumner Brown at home again, having arrived on Saturday last from Boston, where he has spent the past few months. Mr. Brown has been quite ill of la grip lately, and knows how to appreciate a good Nova Scotia home in time of sickness.

A number of friends from Kingston and vicinity gave the Rev. and Mrs. Wheeler a very pleasant surprise at the Parsonage here, on Monday evening last, when a very enjoyable evening was spent in music, and social intercourse. The friends left a neat sum of money and other good things, with their pastor, thereby showing the esteem in which he and Mrs. Wheeler are held by the members of the Kingston church.

### ALBANY

January 28

Miss Lena Sawler is spending the winter in Lawrencetown.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Mailman are now occupying their new home.

Mr. McInnis, who has been laid up a long time as the result of a fall is now getting better.

Rev. and Mrs. Boyce of Lawrencetown were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harris Oakes last week.

Mr. A. B. Fair is much improved in health, so that he can do some work, and last week made a business trip to Lawrencetown.

Among those on the sick list are: Mrs. Harry Kniffin, Mrs. Enoch Kniffin, Mr. Edwin Merry, Mr. John Merry, and Mrs. Wm. Wood, who is dangerously ill at time of writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scieavour and two children Cedric and Muriel, of Springfield and Miss Annie Saunders of East Dalhousie were the recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Oakes.

A building 150 feet by 60 feet is being erected at Windsor by the Dominion Government for a hay press. The work is progressing rapidly and in three days 25,000 feet of lumber have been made up, by an average of twenty men, which is considered quite a record. We understand power for the presses is to be furnished by Dominion Atlantic locomotives. The demand is for upland hay only. Marsh hay will not be taken. The output of the press will be used by the British Army.

Canada has only one beef animal per square mile of territory. What are you doing to increase the number of good cattle kept in your district?

While attending the

## Agricultural Short Course

which opens on

### Tuesday, February 8th

We would be pleased to have you visit our store to look over our various lines and get prices.

After Stock-taking:

We usually find ourselves overstocked on certain lines, and in order to clear we purpose making very tempting prices.

It will surprise you what

## A Dollar Will Buy

Whilst this SPECIAL SALE is on

### Shaffners Limited

Lawrencetown, N. S.

While attending the Short Course get your

## Writing Material and Stationery

AT THE

### Lawrencetown Drug Store

ALSO

### Magazines, Books, Picture Post Cards, etc.

A full line of

### Pure Drugs Always in Stock

## VISITORS TO LAWRENCETOWN

Make my office your headquarters.

Come in and write your mail, use the phone or leave parcels.

### J. B. JEFFERSON

### RHEUMATISM ARRESTED

Many people suffer the tortures of lame muscles and stiffened joints because of impurities in the blood, and each succeeding attack seems more acute until rheumatism has invaded the whole system.

To arrest rheumatism it is quite as important to improve your general health as to purify your blood, and the cod liver oil in Scott's Emulsion is nature's great blood-maker, while its medicinal nourishment strengthens the organs to expel the impurities and rebuild your strength.

Scott's Emulsion is helping thousands every day who could not find other relief. Refuse the alcoholic substitutes.

### NOTES OF COW TESTING

To assist dairy farmers who desire to test their herds for milk production the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner at Ottawa has issued for public distribution a pamphlet entitled "Cow Testing Notes" and designated Circular No. 16 D. & S. Series. The pamphlet shows the necessary equipment as spring scales, box of sample bottles, dipper, etc., and tells the cost of each and where the outfit may be procured as well as the purpose and method of use of each.

The Department of Agriculture through the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch helps the farmers to test their cows. In July, 1915, the branch received records of 22,669 cows. Evidences of the value of cow testing are given:

"Cow testing not only produces better cows, but more interested and better dairymen.

With each cow's record before him, the dairyman is able to feed with each cow's record before more intelligently. 'Meal in proportion to milk' is a good motto.

"The figures of a creamery statement at Way's Mills, Que., show that from a herd of twelve cows in 1912 the cash received by the owner was \$297.85. In 1914, from twelve cows he received \$804.48. He discovered the poor cows and got rid of them.

"At Mallorytown, Ont., a herd of twelve cows has increased from 3,726 pounds of milk per cow in 1909 to 7,388 pounds per cow in 1914; this is an increase of 3,662 pounds of milk per cow, or 98 per cent.

"In Hastings County, Ontario, a farmer commenced cow testing in 1912, and found his herd of ten cows averaged 5,780 pounds of milk and 187 pounds of fat. In 1914 his ten cows averaged 7,436 pounds of milk and 254 pounds of fat, an increase of 1,656 pounds of milk and 67 pounds of fat in two years.

This pamphlet is available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

County and Polling District Officers for 1916

COUNTY OFFICERS

WARDEN—W. G. Clarke.
CLERK—Freeman Fitch.
TREASURER—D. M. Outhit.
AUDITORS—Fred L. Shaffner, H. M. Harris.

List of Officers for Polling District No. 1 and 26

Presiding Officer—A. P. Bowly.
Deputy Presiding Officer—J. A. Balcom.
Sanitary Officers—Charles Wiswell, Otto Nixon.

Officers for Polling District No. 2

Presiding Officer—J. H. Nelly.
Deputy Presiding Officer—R. C. Parks.
Overseers of the Poor—C. H. Wright, Milledge Slocumb, F. A. Fales.

Road Surveyors No. 17

- 9—James Woodbury
23—Harry Bruce
10—Albert Mosher
11—M. J. Craig
12—Jos. Brown

Officers for Polling District No. 3

Presiding Officer—Ralph J. Shaffner.
Deputy Presiding Officer—Young Anthony.
District Clerk—Lawrencetown—Clarence Bishop.

Officers for Polling District No. 4

Presiding Officer—A. P. Nelly.
Assessors—W. E. Bent, Alexander Fraser.
Sanitary Officers—Andrew Walker, Stephen Wade.

Officers for Polling District No. 5

Presiding Officer—A. P. Nelly.
Assessors—W. E. Bent, Alexander Fraser.
Sanitary Officers—Andrew Walker, Stephen Wade.

HAD RASH 7 YEARS!
YET ZAM-BUK CURED IT.

"Never again shall I use cheap, common ointments, since I have proved how wonderful Zam-Buk is." So writes Mrs. Joe Valliere, of 903 Hale St., Escanaba, Mich.

If you are troubled with eczema, ulcers, or eruptions, you will find Zam-Buk equally effective; also for ringworm, running sores, blood-poison, abscesses, pimples, cold sores, chapped hands, piles, burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, etc.

Cattle Reeves—Lamont Saunders, Daniel Messenger, Chas. Feindell, M. Kelly, Herbert Foster.

Constables—J. R. Dewitt, C. H. Poole, C. Young, E. A. Craig, J. Myers, George Snow, Joseph Marshall.

Road Surveyors No. 4
1—LeRoy Elsnor
2—J. Gilliat
3—Eugene Saunders

Road Surveyors No. 19
9—Chas. Milbury
11—Leverett Taylor
12—Frank Poole

Officers for Polling District No. 5

Presiding Officer—A. P. Nelly.
Assessors—W. E. Bent, Alexander Fraser.
Sanitary Officers—Andrew Walker, Stephen Wade.

Road Surveyors
1—Walter Milbury
2—Harry Goodwin
3—John H Bent
4—Clifford Bent

Officers for Polling District No. 6

Presiding Officer—E. Wade.
Deputy Presiding Officer—Sub-Div. No. 20, David Milner.
Assessors—Edgar Fitch, Jacob Calnek.

Pound Keepers—John McCormick, Chas. Parker, T. B. Condon, Geo. Halliday, Leander Hudson.

Constables—Blair Reed, Charles Eaton, A. D. Parker, W. A. Gilliat, Charles Burney, Bernard Longmire, Austin Halliday, Orbin Oliver, Ernest Reed.

Commissioners of Streets—Gilbert Calnek, Walter Reed.
Fire Wardens—Capt. Walter Troop, 1st Lieutenant: Noble Berry, 2nd Lieutenant: Lorne Buckler, Sec-Treas.: Harry Amberman, Arthur Eaton, Horace Mills, Harry Mills, Reginald Mills, Ralph Chisholm, Gilbert Wagstaff, Alite Hayes, John Armstrong, Stewards.

Road Surveyors

- 1—Samuel Longmire
2—William Hardy
3—George Bent
4—Clarence Eaton
5—Sidney Oliver

Officers for Polling District No. 7

Presiding Officer—Joseph Anthony.
Deputy Presiding Officer—Chas. Haynes.
District Clerk—Daniel Cronin.

Road Surveyors
1—Frank L. Hayden
2—Spencer Merry
3—Fred R. Parker

Road Surveyors, District No. 27
5—W. H. Henshaw
6—John Adams
7—C. V. Henshaw

Officers for Polling District No. 8

Presiding Officers—C. F. Tupper, (District No. 27) Edward Bartheaux.
Town Clerk—W. C. Jones.
District Clerk—Judson Ruggles.

Officers for Polling District No. 9

Presiding Officer—(Bear River Division) Wallace Crouse.
Presiding Officer—(Clementsvalle Division) J. H. Robinson.
District Clerk—Polling Division No. 9, J. Arthur Rice.

Road Surveyors, District No. 8

- 1—Judson Ruggles
2—James E. Bent
3—Major Dukeshire
4—H. W. Lowe

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Try Us for Your BUILDING MATERIAL

If you are planning on doing any building it will be to your advantage to make enquiries regarding the sort of material we manufacture and our prices.

A. W. ALLEN & SON

MANUFACTURERS OF
Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Building Material, &c.
MIDDLETON, N. S.

14—R. W. Hersey
16—R. W. Caffrey
17—Arch Berry
20—Amos Frair
Road Surveyors, District No. 27
5—W. H. Henshaw
6—John Adams
7—C. V. Henshaw

Officers for Polling District No. 9
Presiding Officer—(Bear River Division) Wallace Crouse.
Presiding Officer—(Clementsvalle Division) J. H. Robinson.
District Clerk—Polling Division No. 9, J. Arthur Rice.

ALARM CLOCKS

Now that the mornings are dark, later you will need a sleep-metre. I have just opened a case of fine American Alarms. With a long experience and an exact knowledge of the essential parts of these clocks, I am able to select from the market the one best suited to your needs.

Professional Carus

OWEN & OWEN
J.M. Owen K.C. Daniel Owen L.L.B.
BARRISTERS AT LAW

Annapolis Royal
Office Over Bank of Nova Scotia
Office in Middleton open Thursdays.
Office in Bear River open Saturdays.

CHAS. R. CHIPMAN, L.L.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
COMMISSIONER ETC.

AGENT FOR CALEDONIAN INSURANCE CO.
AGENTS FOR THE LARGEST AND STRONGEST COMPANY.
MONEY TO LOAN
Telephone No. 52.

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B.A., LL.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
and NOTARY PUBLIC
Money to loan on first-class Real Estate
INSURANCE AGENT

BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
Offices in Royal Bank Building

DR. C. B. SIMS

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
Graduate of—
Nova Scotia Agricultural College
Ontario Veterinary College
University of Toronto.
PARADISE, N. S.
Sept 30, 1914—L.F. Phone 18

Dr. F. S. Anderson

DENTAL SURGEON
Graduate of the University of Michigan
Office: Queen Street, Bridgetown.
Hours: 8 to 5.

W. E. REED

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Latest styles in Caskets, etc. All orders will receive prompt attention. Office sent to all parts of the country. Office and showrooms in two-storey building in rear of furniture warehouses. Phone 76-4

Arthur M. Foster

LAND SURVEYOR
BRIDGETOWN, NOVA SCOTIA

Leslie R. Fairn

ARCHITECT
Aylesford N. S.

UNDERTAKING

We do undertaking in all its branches
Hearse sent to any part of the County.
J. H. HICKS & SONS
Queen St., Bridgetown, Telephone 44.
H. B. HICKS, Manager.

G. E. BANKS

PLUMBING
Furnace and Stove Repairs
Bridgetown, N. S.
TELEPHONE, NO 3-2

Advertisement for alarm clocks featuring an image of a clock and the text 'Quick Results' and 'May be depended upon from the use of our Want Ads'.

The Weekly Monitor
ESTABLISHED 1873
AND—
WESTERN ANNAPOLIS SENTINEL
Published Every Wednesday
BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS CO.

Address all matters of business and
make all money orders payable to
The Monitor Publishing Co., Ltd
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1916.

The Society of Friends and Belgium

The British Quakers, or as they
prefer to be called, Friends, have
been prevented by their religious be-
liefs from direct participation in the
work of the battlefield. They have,
however, been doing a noble part in
the endeavor to aid the million or
more of Belgians, who, driven from
their homes, took refuge in Holland,
in the early days of the war. The
Dutch Government willingly received
these refugees, but, six millions
of Hollanders, many of whom are by
no means wealthy, could not be ex-
pected to do for this sudden influx of
a million destitute Belgians all they
would like to do. Others, however,
soon came to their assistance. The
Rockefeller Commission made a dona-
tion of sewing machines, which pro-
vided employment for the women.
Then the British Friends saw and em-
braced their opportunity. At the sug-
gestion of Mr. Percy Allen, M. P., a
deputation was sent over to see what
could best be done in the way of
relieving these homeless ones. They
found that the Belgians were good
gardeners, and the deputation ap-
proved of the plan of providing small
wooden houses, each with its own
patch of land. The building of the
houses, as well as the cultivation of
the land, would be the work of the
refugees. The material for the build-
ings and the renting of the land
would be the work of the Relief Com-
mittee.

The plan worked admirably. It be-
gan in a small and tentative way at
one of the concentration camps. It
has now extended to the other two.
The huts are built of different sizes,
of two, three or five rooms. The
doors, windows, tables, chairs, cup-
boards, brooms and tinware are made
on the spot. Stoves are made in a
foundry under the same management.
The men are paid the standard camp
wages. This they can use for home
comforts, or it can be left as a nest
egg for the good time coming, when
they will return to their own land.
Any Belgian who works for twelve
consecutive weeks in the preparation
of the huts, can request one for the
use of his own family. The huts are
so constructed that they can easily
be taken apart and removed to Bel-
gium, to be occupied temporarily, until
more permanent houses are erect-
ed. They remain at present the property
of the Society of Friends, which may
remove any family neglecting
proper cleanliness, or otherwise
proving an undesirable tenant.
This benevolence in Belgium is only
part of the work which the Friends
are doing in the districts directly
affected by the war. In Northern
France they have employed as many
as one hundred and forty workmen
to assist the French who have lost
their buildings, but cling with great
tenacity to their little plots of land,
and have been living in cellars and
huts of sod and mud, to erect tem-
porary homes. The value of this
work is inestimable.

Prince Leopold of Belgium
Probably the youngest soldier in
the army of any of the Allies is
Prince Leopold of Belgium, the eld-
est son of King Albert of Belgium.
When the effort was made by the
German Zeppelins to destroy the
Royal Palace in Antwerp, the Queen
with her two sons, and her daughter,
took refuge in England. But the
Queen soon felt that her place was in
her own country, doing what she
could for her husband and otherwise.
She therefore returned, and Prince
Leopold, then scarcely thirteen years
of age, after his earnest entreaties,
was allowed to accompany her. But,
the Prince was not satisfied with be-
ing with his parents. He wanted to
help in the war, and was at last per-
mitted to enlist as a private in an
infantry regiment. No special favors
were to be granted to him. He
submitted to the same discipline, and
wore the same uniform as other pri-
vates. The guns of the regiments
had two kinds of bayonets, one longer
and, therefore heavier than the
other. He chose the heavier. With
haversack on his back, he has been
regularly drilled and has also done
duty in the trenches. He is known
among the soldiers and the people
generally as "The little Prince." Yet
he can hardly be said now to be
little. King Albert is a tall man, and
the Prince bids fair to rival him in
this particular. It goes without say-
ing, that this regiment feels it to be
an honor to have him as one of their
number, and this feeling is shared by
the whole Belgian army.
The sessions of the Belgian Par-

liament have heretofore been attend-
ed with much formality and display.
The King, surrounded by richly dress-
ed legislators, with caparisoned horse-
men, made his way to the Assembly
Hall, among the huzzas of the people.
But, on the first meeting after the
opening of the war, all this pagean-
try was abandoned. The King
entered, dressed in a soldier's uni-
form, saluted the assembly and at
once proceeded to business. He has
won the title, by his bravery and de-
votion, of the "Hero King," and Prince
Leopold is proving himself the worthy
son of a worthy sire.

An Armenian Incident

In the vicinity of Antioch, familiar
to us as the place where the name
"Christian" originated, and between
this city and the sea, is a mountain,
the name of which translated is
"Mount Moses." On the slopes of
this mountain were six Armenian vil-
lages whose inhabitants numbered
nearly 5,000 people, old and young.
Last July, these people received or-
ders from the Turkish Governor of
Antioch to prepare for banishment,
within seven days. They knew full
well that banishment meant plunder,
outrage, starvation and death in the
wilderness, and resolved to take re-
fuge with their sheep and goats on
the heights of Mount Moses, and en-
deavor to defend themselves with the
few weapons they were able to com-
mand.

For nearly six weeks they held the
soldiers and mobs of Antioch at bay.
Then French warships came in sight,
to which they made signals, one of
which was a black cross on a white
background. About 1000 men and
3000 women and children were soon
taken on board the ships, on rone
rafts, made strong to overcome the
heavy surf of the sea. They were
taken to Port Said, reaching there
safely on the 14th of September. They
are at present wards of the British
Government, living in tents and fur-
nished with food in the vicinity of the
Suez Canal. A member of the staff
of the B. & F. Bible Society's agency
in Egypt was appointed their inter-
preter and store-keeper.

Speaking of some of their compatri-
ots, an Armenian Missionary says,
"They have been robbed as clean as
a dog picks a bone."
Some investigators entertain the
opinion that these Armenians are de-
scendants of the ten lost tribes of Is-
rael. But, whatever their ancestry,
the story of their past and present
persecutions and martyrdoms by Mos-
lems, is one of the very blackest
pages in human history. And, to
think that their recent butcheries
might have been prevented by a man
who calls himself a Christian, and a
special Agent of Heaven, but, pre-
fers to endeavor "to hack" his way to
world dominion, by linking himself
with Turkish assassins!

A Freak of the Busy Bees

Some two years since, a number of
bees busied themselves around the
house of Mrs. I. B. Freeman, of this
town, apparently desirous of finding
a home for themselves. They finally
discovered a small opening in the
finishing boards of the attic, and
worked their way into a comfortable
home which they have since occupied.
As they appeared very quiet and sat-
isfied, they were left to act accord-
ing to their own sweet will. But, quite
recently, as they seemed to make
claim to the entire attic, Mr. Percy
Burns, who is familiar with the ways
of the bees, was called in to make
an examination of the situation, and
on removal of a board, he found a
deposit of honey, estimated, after
leaving a quantity sufficient to supply
the bees for the winter, to amount to
about one hundred and fifty pounds.
Mrs. Freeman has kindly distributed
a considerable quantity among those
who assisted in gathering this har-
vest, and also among other friends.
A well-filled glass was placed upon
our table. The honey is bright and
transparent, and justifies all that has
been said of its excellent quality.

TO ALL POULTRY FANCIERS

A Short Course in Agriculture will
be held in the New Agricultural Build-
ing at Lawrencetown, on Feb. 8th to
12th, 1916.
On the evening of Friday, Feb. 11,
at 8.30, a meeting will be held for
the purpose of organizing a Poultry
Club for the County. J. P. Landry,
expects to be in Lawrencetown on
arrival of the western train Thurs-
day, Feb. 10th, and will remain until
Saturday noon and will be pleased to
consult with all interested in this
work.
If you are interested in the pro-
duction of better poultry, please keep
in mind the date and attend this
meeting.

Next Sunday evening in the Meth-
odist Church, Lawrencetown, the Rev.
S. J. Boyce will continue the special
series of monthly sermons on "Every
day Problems." On this occasion the
theme will be, "Does God answer
prayer? Or the Problem of Petition-
ers."

RECRUITING CAMPAIGN

A recruiting campaign is being
conducted throughout Nova Scotia by
Lieut.-Col. Guthrie, M. P., of Fred-
ericton who commanded the 10th
Battalion, C. E. F. at the front and
was three times wounded. He was
invalided home and the ship on which
he was returning was torpedoed. He
is well qualified by his experiences to
speak on the subject.

A patriotic recruiting meeting will
be held in Bridgetown tomorrow
(Thursday), evening, at 8 o'clock, in
the Primrose Theatre. Col. Guthrie
will be one of the speakers. Arch-
deacon Martell of Windsor, one of the
ablest platform speakers in the Pro-
vince, will also address the meeting.
Lieut. Emery Howe will sing. The
young men are especially invited to
be present at this meeting. So far
the young men of Bridgetown and
surrounding county have responded
well, but more men are needed to
assure victory to the cause of the
Allies.

Are there not more men in Bridge-
town who desire to stand equal to
their khaki-clad fellows in this time
of the Empire's peril. Surely there is
no higher call to service than the one
which enables a man to enlist in the
service of King and Country.

CIVIC ELECTIONS

Yesterday was election day in the
incorporated towns of Nova Scotia.
In Bridgetown, Mayor Longmire was
re-elected by acclamation for another
term. In the vote for Councilors
which took place, the citizens' ticket
was elected by a good majority, the
vote being as follows:
A. B. MacKenzie 117, E. A. Hicks 109,
J. E. Lloyd 106, Chas. R. Chipman 83.
The above result shows clearly that
the citizens of the town will not tol-
erate party interference in our town
affairs, and we predict the beginning
of better things for the town.
In Middleton Mayor F. E. Bentley
was also elected by acclamation for a
second term, and the following
Councilors elected by ballot: Chas.
Shaffner, L. S. Shaffner, Robie Mor-
ton.

In Kentville, A. L. Pelton was el-
ected Mayor by acclamation, and the
following Councilors by ballot: R. T.
Caldwell, Capt. McBride, R. H. La-
Mont.
In Wolfville C. S. Fitch was re-
elected Mayor by ballot, and the fol-
lowing Councilors: W. C. B. Harris,
Wm. Regan, Capt. S. M. Barsley.

Methodist Church Circuit Notes

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening
at 7.30. Epworth League, Friday eve-
ning at 7.30. The Rev. S. J. Boyce
of Lawrencetown will give an ad-
dress.
Services next Sunday, Feb. 6:
Bridgetown—Sunday School and
Bible study 10 a. m. Public worship
11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The Sacrament
of the Lord's Supper will be admin-
istered at the evening service.
Other services: Granville 11 a. m.
Bentville 3 p. m. Belleisle 7.30 p. m.

St. James Parish Church Notes

The service next Sunday (5th Sun-
day after Epiphany), will be:
Bridgetown—8 a. m. (Holy Com-
munion) 7 p. m.
St. Mary's, Belleisle—10.30 a. m.,
Holy Communion and sermon.
St. Peter's-by-the-Sea, Young's Cove
—2.30 p. m. Evening prayer and
sermon.
Bridgetown—Friday, Service of in-
tercession on behalf of the War, 4.30
p. m. Bible class 7.30.

Bridgetown United Baptist Church

Conference meeting on Wednesday
at 7.30 p. m. Consecration meeting
in B.Y.P.U. on Friday at 7.30 p. m.
Sunday services: Bible School at
10 a. m. Public worship at 11 a. m.
and at 7 p. m.
The Ladies' Aid Society will meet
at the home of Mrs. E. C. Hall on
Tuesday, Feb. 8th, at 7.30 p. m.

CENTRELEA

Prayer meeting on Tuesday at 7.30
p. m. Preaching service on Sunday
at 3 p. m.

EXTRA

Flour Milling, Special Process

Our mill will make a flour from your
home grown wheat that will in most
cases bake nice and white, and retain
that rich flavor so much desired.
Special freight rate on wheat or other
grain shipped to us.
Remit in cash or if you prefer we will
toll for pay, 25c per hundred weight for
wheat, rye and barley. 20c for buckwheat.
If you remit too much we will return
balance.

No risk, nor red tape for our custom-
ers. Satisfaction guaranteed, just ship us
the grain and rest easy, we do the worry-
ing and will do your work in a satisfac-
tory manner.
We are at your service
The Woodworth Mills
Berwick, N. S.

Hides and Tallow Wanted

Market price paid for Hides and
Tallow.
MacKenzie Crowe & Co., Ltd
38-2 mos
Bridgetown, N. S.

For Sale

A dark roan Dominion Registered
Pure Bred Shorthorn Durham Bull, 20
months old.
Upper Granville Agricultural Society
42 t. f.
Per R. F. Parker, Sec'y

Notice

After January 31st the undermentioned
stores at Port Lorne will close at six p.
m. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays
of each week until further notice.
Y. Anthony
F. A. Beardsley
C. W. Cropley

Stock for Sale

On Saturday, February 5th at
One O'clock
On the Bailey farm, formerly owned by
James M. Gilliant, Granville Ferry, the
following stock:
1 Durham Cows, two to freshen in May,
the others later
1 Voke of heavy Oxen
1 Steer Calf
5 Heifer Calf, Durham
TERMS—Cash
A. D. PARKER

Before taking over the General

Store of E. E. Burke, the entire
stock is to be disposed of at

Wholesale Prices

The stock consists of
A full line of Staple Groceries and
Shelf Hardware
We offer a varied line of
Dry Goods in Prints, Flannelettes,
Ginghams, etc
Gent's Furnishings, Ladies' Wear
Sale begins Saturday Jan. 29th. Re-
member the date.

EDSON BURKE

Paradise Nova Scotia
That I am now prepared to take in
sewing at my dressmaking rooms. Lat-
est fashions and New York fashions. Prices
moderate.
MRS. E. E. BURKE
Paradise, N. S., Dec. 6th, 1915.

You Never Made A Dollar Easier

Two Dollar (\$2.00) Skates for 99 cents

SKATE SPECIALS
1 pair of Seel Spring Skates, regular price \$5c For one week 59c
1 pair Nickel Plated Skates, regular price \$1.25 For one week 89c
1 pair Steel Hockey Skates, regular price 75c For one week 59c
1 pair Nickel Plated Hockey Skates, regular price, \$1.00 For one week 71c
1 pair Ladies Hockey Skates, regular price \$2.00 For one week 99c
At the store or sent by mail, prepaid. Return this ad.

CROWE & MUNDEE, - Bridgetown, N. S.

Feb. 3rd, Feb. 4th and Feb. 5th

SPECIALS FOR THESE DAYS

Table with 3 columns of items and prices: 3 tins Squash 22c, 5 pkgs. Jelly Pow. 19c, 2 tins Strawberries 30c, 3 pkgs. Jell-O 22c, 2 tins Raspberries 30c, 3 pkgs. Dates 25c, 2 tins Liby's Cherries 35c, 2 pkgs Por. Wheat 25c, 2 tins Pineapple 40c, 7 lbs. Onions 25c, 2 tins Oysters 35c, 1 lb Walnuts 13c, 2 tins Lima Beans 35c, 1 lb Filberts 13c, 2 tins prep. Chicken 35c, 6 bars Gilt Edge Soap 25c, 3 tins Tomatoes 33c, Maple Syrup, bot. 28c, 3 tins Corn 25c, Fruit Syrup, bot. 18c, 3 tins Peas 25c, Marmalade 19c

WOOD & PARKS

\$6.00

Will buy enough Oil to light the
average home for one year

It does not pay to use but the best. Let us
fit you out with New Burners and
Wicks and a gallon can of

National Light Kerosene Oil

Will not smoke or clog the wicks

KARL FREEMAN
Hardware and Oil

Big Discounts
ON LINES OF
WINTER GOODS
25 per cent. off all Ladies' Neck Furs
Mink Marmot Muffs. Sable Coon Muffs.
Were \$8.50, 9.35, 9.98, 10.85, 13.50, 15.75
Now 5.98, 6.50, 6.98, 7.75, 8.98, 10.75
Japan Bear Muff. Two Men's Fur Collars.
1 only \$6.90
Now 4.75
Were \$8.75 and 6.90
Now 2.50 and 4.75
LADIES' COATS. All this Seasons Good Styles.
Blk. and White Check.
1 only, size, 12.25 for 7.98
Blk. Curl Cloth.
1 only, size 34, \$12.25 for 7.98
1 " " 36, 12.98 for 8.98
2 " " 38 and 40, 13.50 for 8.98
Saxe Blue Curl Cloth,
2 only, size 34 and 36, \$12.98 for 8.98
White Wool Blankets. A few prs. only
Regular \$3.75 and 4.50 pair
Now 2.98 and 3.25 "

At Work or at Play
Your feet should be properly clad. You are
not at your best in ill-fitting Shoes
We guarantee—
Comfort,
Satisfaction,
Style,
Service
Now offering Special Discounts in several
Lines.
Granville Street J. E. LLOYD
Boot and Shoe Store

January Discount Sale
For the month of January we are giving Special
Discount of 25 per cent in all
Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats
50 per cent off the balance of our
Fur Collars for Men's Overcoats
Top Shirts, Fleece-Lined Underwear 20 p. c. off
and Big Discount on many other articles in our
store
It will pay you to call and get our prices and to
look over our stock.
J. HARRY HICKS

See What You Can Get at Ken's for
19 cents
3 Grape Fruit 19c 2 pkgs. Puffed Wheat 19c
2 pkgs. Corn Starch 19c 1 lb. good Tea 19c
4 oz Bottle Lemon Extract 19c 4 pkgs. Soda Biscuit 19c
2 cans of Cora 19c 5 lbs Onions 19c
2 cans of Cocoa 19c 3 lb Choice Lard 19c
1 Jar Pressed Beef 19c 7 goods Cigars 19c
2 pkgs Graham Wafers 19c 2 lbs Pilot Bread 19c
3 lbs Mixed Pickles 19c 2 pkgs. Senator Tobacco 19c
Bring in this ad. with the cash. No goods without.
Send a Club Order of \$5.00, and we will prepay freight to any point
in Annapolis County by train or Rural Mail Route.
What's the use of waiting?
G. K. DODGE, Bridgetown, N. S.

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

Mr. and Mrs. Hermann C. Morse will be at home on Tuesday and Wednesday the 8th and 9th inst., from 3 p. m. to 5.30 p. m.

A Toronto paper kindly suggests that one of its exchanges instead of putting a new generator in its office should have procured a regenerator.

A squad of men from the 112th in charge of Capt. Gates, will visit Victoria Beach next Friday, Feb. 4, on a recruiting trip, says the Digby Courier.

The Patriotic Recruiting meeting to be held here tomorrow (Thursday) evening, will be in the Primrose Theatre and not in the Court House, as announced by posters.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Leonard announce the engagement of their daughter, Mabel Lillian, to Clarence Augustus Bishop. The marriage will take place in February, 1916.

Lieut. Emery Howe, whose singing at the memorial service on Sunday evening was greatly enjoyed, will sing at the patriotic meeting tomorrow evening in the Primrose Theatre and will accompany himself on his guitar.

On Tuesday next, the day of the opening of the Agricultural Building at Lawrence town, a Bean Supper will be served in the Methodist Church from half past five o'clock. This should be a great convenience to visitors to the town.

Veterinary Surgeon C. B. Sims of Paradise, reports tuberculosis among cattle increasing in this province. He has found several cases in this county. Those interested in this terrible contagious disease would do well to consult your veterinary re-treating of your stock, and to prevent where possible the spread of such disease.

Mr. Louis G. Young, accountant in the Dominion Lands Office, Medicine Hat, writes home that the thermometer dropped to 48 degrees below zero one day in January at Medicine Hat. Only once this winter has the mercury gone below the zero mark in Nova Scotia and that was on the night of January 14th, when it was two degrees below.

What might have been a very serious drowning accident occurred at West Paradise on Jan. 29th, at 8 p. m. While three young men, Messrs Gordon Hirtle, Ernest Hirtle, and Carl Saunders, were on the river skating, they had the misfortune to skate in a hole in the ice. But they were fortunate enough to be able to swim to safety, and glad to say are none the worse for their trying experience.

Letters received last Saturday from Capt. Jas. L. Tupper by his friends, state that he is enjoying good health, that the weather at the front is mild, but they have had considerable wet weather. He also states in a letter dated January 8th, that Ernest Marshall, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Marshall of this town, who was wounded some time ago, had been released from the hospital and was at the front again.

During the last week we have sent out our bills. While a great many of these are small, they aggregate many dollars, and as on Feb. 10th, our year closes, we would ask you to kindly favor us with a remittance covering the amount of your bill, on or before that date. We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for the generous patronage bestowed upon us during the past year. The Monitor Publishing Co., Ltd.

The death of Miss L. S. Browne occurred at Cambridge, Mass., on Thursday, Dec. 23, 1915, at the age of 67 years. The deceased was born in Bridgetown, a daughter of the late Ansley Browne. For the last twenty years she has been a resident of Cambridge, Mass. She is survived by two sisters and a brother—Mrs. Rupert Chesley of Paradise, Mrs. Robinson of Boston, and Arthur of Clements- port. The interment was at Kingston, N. S., on Christmas day.

The next sporting event of the season will be the Fancy Dress Carnival in the big new Arena at Kentville on Tuesday, February 8th. Special prizes will be given for the best and most original costumes. A special train will leave Bridgetown at 5.55 p. m., and arrangements have been made with the Railway to sell Rink tickets along with the Railway tickets. The fare from Bridgetown including the Rink ticket will be \$1.60. The management have made special arrangements to overcome the congestion that occurred when the 85th band played there. The large ball room will be open to those who prefer dancing to skating. Admission to all parts of the Rink including dancing and skating will be 25 cents.

All stores in Lawrence town will be open every evening during Demonstration week.

The Annapolis Rural Deanery convenes at Annapolis Royal on February 21st and 22nd.

Watch for further particulars concerning a drama to be given by local talent in aid of the Patriotic and Riverside Cemetery Funds.

The Monitor extends congratulations to Capt. S. M. Beardsley on his election to the Council Board of Wolfville at yesterday's civic election.

Rev. M. C. Higgins, son-in-law of Mrs. J. H. Healy, of this town, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Milton (Queens County), Baptist Church.

Mr. R. J. Messenger of Lawrence town was elected president of the Nova Scotia Farmers' Association at their annual meeting held in Windsor last week.

Mr. Rice Daniels, the oldest citizen of Lawrence town died at his home on Monday evening. Funeral services this afternoon at two o'clock from his late residence.

Owing to the Patriotic meeting in the Primrose Theatre on Thursday evening, the meeting of the young ladies' society of the Baptist Church will not be held this week.

On Monday the young people of the Epworth League of Providence Methodist Church were entertained at the home of Mrs. S. C. Turner. A large number were present and a social evening was most delightfully spent.

The public day schools of Paradise, Central Clarence, North Williamston, South Williamston, and Brickton, will unite with Lawrence town in the holding of the school exhibition at Lawrence town in September, 1916.

In the report published in our columns last week of relief work from Deep Brook, the credit should have been given to the Deep Brook Dorcas Society for the contributions, and not the Red Cross Society.

Mr. J. W. Peters is spending a few days in St. John.

Miss Vera Ruffee is spending a month in Kentville at the home of Mr. W. E. Roscoe.

Miss Mary Phelan left for Boston last Wednesday and will remain until after the military openings there.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. McAvity and little daughter, returned on Saturday from a trip of several weeks in St. John and Sackville.

Mr. Owen Graves, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Graves, at present a student at Harvard University, has enlisted for overseas service.

Miss Agnes M. Hall is teaching this week in the primary department of the Carleton Corner school in the place of the regular teacher who is ill with la grippe.

Pte. A. V. Moore has returned to Wellington Barracks, Halifax, after spending two weeks at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Moore, West Paradise.

Mr. Murdoch McLeod came home from Halifax last Saturday to visit his family and to be present at the memorial service to his son, Sergt.-Major W. R. McLeod, on Sunday evening.

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HELP WANTED

10 first-class dyemen wanted to learn the cyan making business. Apply to M. KENZIE, CROWE & CO., Bridgetown, N. S.

PORK WANTED

Highest market price paid for pork during the next thirty days. PERCY T. BATH, 45 3i

SHERIFF'S SALE

1915 B. No. 1657 In the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia BETWEEN: THE MORTGAGE CORPORATION OF NOVA SCOTIA, Plaintiff, AND DAVID JODRIE, Defendant

To be sold at Public Auction by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, at the Court House in Annapolis Royal, in the County of Annapolis, on Saturday, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1916, at 12 o'clock, noon, Pursuant to an Order of Foreclosure and Sale made herein, and dated Friday the 21st day of January, A. D. 1916, unless before the day of said sale, the amount due to the Plaintiff on the Mortgage sought to be foreclosed herein, together with interest to the day of sale, and its costs to be taxed, be paid to it, or its Solicitor, or to the Sheriff, or into Court; ALL the estate, right, interest and equity of redemption of the above named Defendant, and of all persons claiming or entitled by, from or under the said Defendant, of, in and to all the following lots of

LAND

bounded and described as follows: A certain tract or parcel of land situated in Paradise in the Township and County of Annapolis bounded as follows: Being on the south side of the Annapolis Road, beginning at the north east angle of land owned by Joseph Worthylylake running south twelve degrees west along land owned by the said Joseph Worthylylake twenty-five rods and twenty links, thence at right angles easterly fourteen rods, fourteen links, thence north twelve degrees east eighteen rods and ten links to the Annapolis Road; thence westerly the course of the said road to the place of beginning, containing two acres.

Also all that certain piece or parcel of land situated and being in Clarence on the east side of the Leonard Road, so called, at a stake and stones at the south west corner of lands owned by Edwin K. Leonard, thence running eastwardly along the south lines of Edwin K. Leonard's land ninety-eight rods or until it comes to lands owned by John Elliott; thence southwardly along the said John Elliott's west line and also the west line of Harry Longley thirty-three rods and three links to a stake and stones, thence westwardly parallel with Edwin K. Leonard's south line ninety-eight rods or until it comes to the Leonard Road; thence northwardly along said Leonard Road to the place of beginning, containing twenty acres more or less.

The two lots of land will be sold separately. The lot hereinabove secondly described will be sold first. TERMS:—Ten per cent. deposit at time of sale; remainder on delivery of deed. Dated at Annapolis Royal, in the County of Annapolis, this 22nd day of January, A. D. 1916.

SPECIAL! LUMBERMEN'S RUBBERS

Men's Heavy Snagproof Rubbers in Three Styles or Two Buckle. Waterproof to tops. Very best red rubber soles and solid red rubber heels. These rubbers will give absolute satisfaction. Without doubt the best Lumbermen's Rubber made, sizes 6 to 11. The regular price of this rubber is \$2.85.

Rexall Cold Tablets

Absolutely break up Colds. We have nothing equal to them to offer. Easy to take, not unpleasant in action, certain in results.

25c a box ROYAL PHARMACY W. A. Warren, Phm, B. The Rexall Store

Business Notices

For Service.—A pure bred Yorkshire Boar, at Phelan's Stables, Bridgetown.

My Prices 6 Days Each Week

- 7 lbs Onions..... 25c
5 lbs Oatmeal..... 25c
6 bars Surprise Soap..... 25c
6 bars Sunny Monday..... 25c
3 pkgs. Dutch Cleanser..... 25c
3 pkgs. Gusto..... 25c
6 five-cent pkgs. Soda Biscuit..... 25c
1 tin Lobster..... 25c
2 tins Strawberries..... 25c
2 tins Campbell's Soup..... 25c
1 tin Peas..... 10c
1 tin Corn..... 10c
1 tin Fry's Cocos..... 10c
1 pkg. Shredded Coconut..... 10c
1 pkg. Shredded Codfish..... 10c
1 pkg. Cornstarch..... 10c
1 pkg. Popping Corn..... 10c
1 lb. Iceing Sugar..... 10c
1 pkg. Pink Iceing Sugar..... 10c
1 lb. Mixed Peel..... 10c

MRS. S. C. TURNER VARIETY STORE

J. H. Longmire & Sons, Bridgetown, N. S. SHOES BY MAIL. Cash to accompany order. At our store, or sent by parcel post, delivered prepaid to your door. Return this ad for our Boot & Shoe Catalogue Free. Price 2.49

HAY WANTED. We the undersigned have been appointed to act as organizers for the Dominion Department of Agriculture in connection with the hay to be purchased in Annapolis County for account of the Imperial War Office. No middlemen will be employed and farmers or others possessing ten or more tons of hay of suitable quality can sell direct to the Department. The price will be \$15.50 per ton for good horse feed that is in good condition, of fair to good colour, sound and well cured. Inspection will take place at the Railway Stations and payment will be made within two weeks to the owner of the hay direct from the Department. For further particulars apply to W. D. Lockett, Bridgetown or L. B. Dodge, Middleton, N. S.

The Bridgetown Importing House Congoleum Rugs. Housewives everywhere say that Congoleum Rugs are the ideal floor covering for kitchens, for they can be freely mopped or washed. Congoleum Rugs are made by a new and wonderful process. They do not fade in the sun, lie flat without fastening and never 'kink up.' The pleasing harmonious colors make as strong an appeal as do the extremely low prices. Just Opened a Full Stock in All Sizes. FURS FURS. Exceptional values in Muffs and Stoles for Ladies, Misses and Children, the quality and make of which cannot be excelled. COATS. Do not fail to secure one of the bargains in Ladies, Misses' and Children's Coats, of which we have only a few left. J. W. BECKWITH.

We thank you For Your Patronage and wish you A Bright Happy and Prosperous 1916. J. H. HICKS & SONS. QUEEN STREET, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

NOTICE Big Grade January Sale. High-class Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, Towels, Raincoats, Skirts, Waists, etc. There is no need for you to purchase your Footwear outside, when you can get a nice styled boot at CHARLIE FRANK'S STORE. I will guarantee the Boots you purchase from me. 75 Ladies' Skirts going for \$1.39, 8 doz. Waists, all colors, going for 69c, 2 doz. \$9 Raincoats going for \$6, and \$12.00 Coats going for \$9.00, Men's Sweaters going for 84c, 75 pairs of Men's Rubbers going for 84c, 75 pairs of Ladies' Rubbers going for 69c, 50 pairs Children's Rubbers 42c, 75 pairs of Men's Boots, in tan, \$5, going for \$3.50 and \$3.00, Ladies' Boots, \$4.50, going for \$3.29, and Cushion-Soled Boots, \$2.98. Other lines of Boots will be sold regardless of cost. Don't you forget the Store. CHARLIE FRANK - T. A. Foster Building Queen Street. Per J. H. HARRIS- Atty.

CASH MARKET. Prime Beef, Fresh Pork, Lamb, Chicken, Hams and Bacon, Sausages, Headcheese, Pressed Beef, Mince Meat, Corned Beef and Pork, Salt Mackerel, Boneless Cod. Fresh Fish every Thursday. Thomas Mack

For Sale. The property of the late Capt. Jacob Bent situated at Graville Ferry consisting of house, outbuildings, and good sized plot of ground. House and outbuildings in excellent repair. Water tap in kitchen. For price and other particulars apply to JOHN A. BENT, Belisle or MINARD D. BENT, Graville Centre Executors.

Notice. All persons having any legal demands against the estate of the late Christopher Borden, of Carleton's Corner, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, are requested to render the same duly attested within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to MARY L. BORDEN, Administratrix. Dec. 22nd 37-3mo

For a business stimulator try an adv. in the Monitor

S. A. F. E. T. Y. L. M. +

# FEBRUARY SALE of WHITEWEAR at CLARKE BROS.

Of course the wideawake woman doesn't make her muslin underwear now. That would be sheer loss of time and waste of money. This Underwear Sale is filled with these needs of women. It is doubtful indeed now, unless a woman is an artist with her needle, whether she could equal the beautiful needle work seen in the city garments. They are the results of not one expert's skill but of many.

Take any garment you see, run it over with an expert's eye, note the fine materials, the beautiful laces and embroideries and such splendid workmanship. What woman could take such pains in making these at home?  
Just these few points to remind you that our stock is complete, which will enable you to fill your every need in Muslin Underwear better than we have ever done before.

**Mail Orders** All mail orders promptly filled by an experienced store shopper. You will get the same prompt, efficient service as though you were at our counters.

**Free Delivery** All orders amounting to \$5.00 or upwards will be sent Parcel Post, FREE.

## NIGHT ROBES

- No. 100. Made of fine English Cambrie. Pull over style. Ribbon and lace trimmed. Sale Price 50c
- No. 104. Made of English Long Cloth, high neck, ribbon and lace trimmed. Sale Price 90c
- No. 107. Made of fine English Long Cloth, pull over style, lace and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 69c
- No. 136. Made of Nainsook, pull over style, embroidery and lace trimmed. Sale Price 98c
- No. 111. Y Neck, 5 rows tucks on yoke, hamburg and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 98c
- No. 150. Made of fine Nainsook, pull over style, empire style, lace, insertion and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$1.00
- No. 148. Pull over style, embroidery and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$1.00
- No. 188. Made of fine English Long Cloth, empire style, embroidery and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$1.25
- No. 191. Made of fine Nainsook, pull over style, embroidery and insertion trimmed. Sale Price \$1.25
- No. 209. Made of fine English Cambrie, pull over empire style, embroidery, insertion and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$1.50
- No. 228. Made of fine English Cambrie, pull over style, lace and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$1.75
- No. 257. Made of fine English Long Cloth, pull over style, embroidery and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$2.00
- No. 271. Made of fine English Cambrie, real linen insertion and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$2.25
- No. 404. Made of fine English Long Cloth, extra large sizes, high neck, embroidery trimmed. Sale Price \$1.25
- No. 409. Same as above, pull over style, embroidery and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price \$1.40

## Corset Covers

- No. 919. Made of English Long Cloth, lace and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 20c each
- No. 929. Made of fine English Cambrie, lace, insertion and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 25c each
- No. 933. Made of fine Nainsook, lace insertion and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 29c each
- No. 943. Made of fine English Long Cloth, wide lace, insertion and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 37c each
- No. 962. Made of fine Nainsook, embroidery, lace and ribbon trimmed. Sale Price 49c each
- No. 888 & 889. Same as above. Sale Price 49c each

## FINAL WORD

No occasion to send away for a single garment. First, because we guarantee the materials our garments are made of; secondly, because we meet competition; thirdly, because you can examine the garments before you purchase.

Close buying connections with the leading manufacturers enable us to meet every possible need and give prompt service.

Soliciting your Whitewear Orders,  
We remain, yours very truly

**CLARKE BROS.**

Bear River, N. S. January 26th, 1916

## Bear River

January 31  
Mr. Ira W. Clark of Wolfville spent a few days at his home.

Miss Emma Morine is visiting friends in Clementsvalle.

Mr. A. H. Farnell arrived Tuesday to resume his position in the Royal Bank.

Messrs Binny and Dodge, commercial travellers, were in town this week.

Miss Eva E. Woodworth spent the week at Lake Jolly the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Miller.

Lieut. Roy Henshaw of the 112th Battalion, Digby, made a short visit to his home last week.

Messrs Leslie F. Anthony and Fred Kennedy left Tuesday for Digby to join a squad of the 112th Battalion stationed at that place.

Miss Ada Woodbury has been confined to the house with a grippie. Her position in Oakenes School was filled by Miss J. D. Phinney.

The following resolution was passed by the congregation of the Baptist Church on Sunday evening: "Resolved that this meeting place itself on record as being in perfect accord with the bill to be brought before the Parliament of Canada to have placed on the Statutes of Canada a law prohibiting the importation, manufacture and sale of all intoxicating beverages for the duration of the war and the period of reconstruction. Further resolved: That copies of this resolution be sent to the representatives for Digby and Annapolis Counties, respectively, urging them to support the measure."

## PRINCE DALE

January 28  
Miss Violet Wright is spending the week at Clementsvalle.

Mr. Albert Fraser and son, Giland, spent Monday in Annapolis.

Miss Samantha Milbury and Miss May Fraser are on the sick list.

Miss Mildred Robar of Virginia East is visiting at Mrs. A. E. Dunn's.

Mr. Edward Ring of Massachusetts was a recent guest of Mr. Wesley Berry.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mr. Alex. Millett at Clementsvalle, Sunday.

The Red Cross met Friday evening at the home of the President, Mrs. Forman Wright.

Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Hardwick of Upper Clements were at Mr. Edgar Fraser's on Saturday.

Miss Hattie Cook and Miss Edith Robar of Virginia East, were at Mrs. Albert Dunn's, Sunday.

## MORGANVILLE

January 31  
Preaching service at Morganville on Sunday, Feb. 6th, at 3 p. m.

Miss Gladys Porter has been home from Lake Jolly with a bad cold.

Miss Amy Morgan has been at home on account of illness in the family.

Mrs. William Smith is spending the winter months with her children in Boston.

Miss Hazel Morgan returned home from Bear River where she has been at work with Mrs. Reginald Benson.

Mr. Inglis Phinney and sister, Mrs. Eaton, drove through from Middleton to Morganville on Tuesday. Mrs. Phinney and little daughter have been ill. We are still in hopes the little one will recover.

## PORT WADE

January 31  
We are sorry to report Mr. and Mrs. Howard Burke on the sick list.

Mr. James Ellis of Boston was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Litch this week.

The Red Cross will meet in the Temperance Hall on Thursday night of this week.

We are glad to report Mrs. Roy McGrath is able to be out again. Also Mr. M. Brown.

Mrs. Ernest Ellis of Digby is the guest of her mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. James Morrison.

Mrs. Charles Parks has returned home from Bay View, where she has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Fred Adams.

## CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Chas. T. Parker and family wish through the columns of the Monitor to thank all those who so generously administered to them during their recent bereavement and great loss.

**MRS. CHAS. PARKER AND FAMILY.**  
Clementsport, N. S., Jan. 31, 1916.

## SOMETHING ABOUT GUSTAV HARTWIG

The Ring Leader of the Twelve Germans Who Recently Escaped From Amherst

The St. John Standard speaking of the recent escape from the Internment Camp in Amherst of twelve Germans, says:

Gustav Hartwig, the ring leader, is very well known in St. John, especially at police headquarters, as he has on two occasions been taken into custody by the local police and each time handed over to the military authorities who sent him under guard to an Internment Camp.

When the war broke out in August, 1914, Hartwig was a deckhand on board the dredge General Dias, working in Courtney Bay. Fellow workmen were aware that he was a reser- vist. He talked much, with the result that a police officer took him into custody.

Pictures in his possession at the time of his arrest did not show him as a deckhand on a vessel, but showed a very well dressed young man, clothes neatly pressed, pure linen, a costly scarf pin in his tie, and a fountain pen protruding from his coat pocket. Clean shave, and remarkably good looking, Hartwig presented the appearance of a clerk or college student. He was detained in St. John only for a few days when he was taken to the detention prison in Halifax. Gustav was too clever to remain on the island and his escape from that place soon followed.

### One Sensational Escape

One night in October, 1914, the opportunity time arrived for him to make his escape from his Halifax prison. There were military guards stationed around the camp, but the young German was intent on getting away. Stripping himself of his clothing, he tied it into a ball, fastened it on the top of his head, managed to creep past the guard and silently slipped into the cold waters of Halifax harbor. He proved a strong swimmer, and after battling with the waves, managed to place his feet on the mainland.

As soon as it was learned that he had made his escape the alarm was given, but he did not experience great difficulty in getting away. In fact he was bold enough to correspond with brother Germans who were interned, and his cards passed through the mails, but there was nothing on his cards or letters which would give the authorities any clue who they were from, although his signature was "Gus."

### Captured in St. John

Nothing more was heard of him by the police authorities until Saturday afternoon, October 16th last, when Chief of Police Simpson obtained information that a man supposed to be a German had signed as a sailor on board the schooner L. A. Paimer, loaded with lumber and cleared for a port in the United States. An officer was instructed to bring the man to the police headquarters for examination. This was done and the police chief was surprised to see that the suspect was none other than Hartwig. The police located Hartwig's trunk, and in it found valuable information, including his name. When he found out that he had been discovered he owned up to the fact that he was Gustav Hartwig, although previously he claimed to be a native of the United States, with his home in Eastport, Maine.

From charts and sheets of foolscap found in his possession, it was seen that Hartwig had been making a close study of the soundings along the coasts of the Bay of Fundy, as of Maine, and in fact every point along the coast as far as Nantucket Shoals, and the Vineyard. He also had charts and soundings with tides, etc., from Sandy Hook to Cape Henry. On Monday morning, October 18th last, Hartwig, under a military guard, was taken to Amherst Internment camp.

From the time that he escaped from Halifax in October, 1914, up till October, 1915, he had been working along the coast. A resident of Campbellton reading a description of the man in the Standard, said it tallied with a young man supposed to be a German who had been about that island for some days. He was making a house to house canvass selling rollers for kitchen tables. He stopped at a good hotel but was not making much money with his sales. He spoke with a German accent, and when asked by a woman if he was a German, replied that he was not, and then asked "What would the people do to me if they thought I was a German." The resident replied that if they thought he was a German he would be tied up to a tree and shot. The young man immediately left the island.

Since the beginning of the war, the paymaster's branch of the Canadian forces in England has paid out \$80,000,000 with only \$5,000,000 of irregularity or loss.

**Mindard's Liniment Cures Distemper.**

## At the Top

The  
**PURITY FLOUR**  
standard of quality is so high  
that you get  
**More Bread and Better Bread  
—Better Pastry Too.**  
Buy it and see for yourself.

## THE TREATMENT OF PRISONERS IN GERMANY

(From "Everyman")

Writing recently in the "Echo de Paris", M. Rene Bazin makes known some interesting facts regarding the treatment of prisoners in Germany. These facts are gathered from a French soldier taken prisoner in 1914 and who succeeded in returning to France in July, 1915.

"I have been," said the young soldier, "in many different camps. Since April, especially, prisoners have been frequently moved from one town to another. A thousand men would be taken from some camp and put in a train separated from those with whom they had begun to form a sort of friendship from having been fellow-prisoners so long—French, English and Russian soldiers and civilians mixed indiscriminately—and put under the authority of new officers and guards. Perhaps this is done on purpose to make escape more difficult, for any attempt to escape must be prepared for a long time before. But I honestly think that the Germans believe that these, for us, very unpleasant journeys are another means of impressing the most impressionable nation in the world, and of giving an air of truth to the official telegrams published every day in the papers: 'We have taken 50,000, 50,000, 100,000 prisoners!' They always count among their prisoners of war the poor workmen and civilians seized against all those laws of international warfare that they themselves discussed, approved and signed. I saw in one of the camps where I was interned a child of thirteen and an old man of eighty-two.

We were subjected to a most severe discipline, but there was not actual bad treatment. During the intense cold of winter—and there is a great difference between the climate of France and that of Prussia—I witnessed a cruel sight. A lieutenant had condemned some prisoners to walk round the courtyard for a certain time holding a brick in each hand because they had not carried out an order sufficiently quickly. Their hands became purple and swollen with carrying these stones in the cold air, and so powerless that from time to time the bricks fell from their nerveless grasp, and they could hardly pick them up again. I could tell you of other instances of needless cruelty. We had many sufferings, but I only wish to speak of those that could have been spared us.

In the first place, our letters were not only read and censored with a severity that the most elementary knowledge of French would have made unnecessary, but they were delayed so many days and so needlessly that one could only come to the conclusion it was deliberately done to demoralize us. The letters that we sent to our families or our friends were by express orders from Berlin kept at least ten days and often a month before being sent off and those that came to us were never less than a fortnight or three weeks old. The parcels from home came to us pretty regularly. Until March, tobacco, jam and chocolate were confiscated. But now these delicacies are allowed to pass, and, with the exception of iodine, which the Germans lack, most of the parcels of medicaments or wine the prisoners receive, as well as the provisions, clothes and other things that the mother or wife or sisters have carefully wrapped up and sent in a big square of white linen and sent to Germany. There is great need of these provisions from home for the food in the camps is insufficient and disgusting. If you wish details, I shall be glad to give you them. For instance, in the camp where I spent the longest part of my exile, at seven in the morning a pint and a half of coffee mixed with chicory and without sugar was served; at nine o'clock came the distribution of bread for the day—one loaf of 3 kilos (about 6½ lbs.) between ten men, or, in other words, 10 oz. per man, when international law has definitely stated that each man's rations should never be less than 14 oz. And wheat bread!

A black mixture of coarse flour and 30 per cent. potatoes, which in June and July were rotting and seeding, so sticky that the very knife used to stick when we were cutting it, horrible to see, to touch, and to eat, and very different from the soldiers' bread. At eleven o'clock we had about two pints of soup, or, rather, of a liquid that our gaolers called soup; in the evening rather less of the same liquid. As for the meat, we were only allowed a very small quantity composed of viscera, lungs, esophagi and other choice morsels, chopped up in the soup. It really took some courage to put it in your mouth. Twice a week instead of the ration of meat we had raw salt herring. In winter we could sometimes manage on the sly to cook our herring at the stove, but in spring and summer it had to be eaten raw.

I really wish I could describe the soup. There is no word in the dictionary to define the sickening liquid that we had to swallow if we did not wish to die of hunger. No 'bread', of course! But some linned loaf soaked in the boiling water, or some heap of floating about in the grease, or the pulp of crushed beet-root or old tough peapods.

That is how the superior German race feeds the prisoners of war between twenty and forty years of age. The consequences that they possibly anticipate are certain to be produced! I need not say more, but would it not be possible, this winter, to arrange that the prisoners in Germany should be treated as humanely as the German prisoners in the Allies' countries.

Let me just mention two other serious abuses. The first is insufficient heating. It is cold, and men in those German camps, weak from under-feeding, feel the cold more acutely. No doubt visitors from neutral countries inspecting the camps have made inquiries on this subject, and have been assured that there are two stoves in each large building. That is quite true. But there is little or no coal in them.

The other abuse consists in sending prisoners down in the mines to work who have never been accustomed to such work, and who protest in vain. I am certain that this happens in more than one camp. The men with whom I was living had fortunately escaped from the mines, so far, but this should be looked into.

M. Bazin goes on to quote, with reservations, from letters that he has received from prisoners still interned in Germany, and who naturally do not wish their names divulged. "I send you just a line to give you my news. I must tell you that I am working in the mines. It is dangerous work, and every day men are injured at it. Finally, to-day I refused to go down. The sub-lieutenant came to try and force me; he dragged me along the ground and kicked me, but he was only wasting his time. From these facts one can surely draw a moral lesson. Long ago, in the time of the terrible pirate ships, a great wave of compassion roused the whole Christian world to agitate for the deliverance and the relief of these captives, and they frequently found caliphs, emirs, captains and chiefs ready to listen to reason. Those with whom our French comrades are prisoners are more relentless than pachas, and are proud of the fact. Still, we have an argument, a very powerful argument, which we can use against them. It is not a question of ill-treating their subjects whom we have made prisoners, but of remembering that there are different degrees of comfort as there are different degrees of discomfort.

Exactly 18,756,148 persons clicked the turnstiles at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, and of these just 83 were arrested or ejected for intemperate use of the profusion of drinkables. Practically perfect order prevailed during the ten months of the Exposition. The daily transient population of the Exposition was about 60,000.

Sixty persons in the United States have annual incomes of \$1,000,000 or more, according to the Internal Revenue Commissioner's report.

## TAX REDUCTION AND LICENSES

The following from the Ottawa Citizen should set people thinking: "One of the arguments used by the liquor interests against license reduction is that it will increase the taxes. In a campaign for a reduction of twelve bars and six shops in the City of Hamilton a year ago the liquor interests published a paper in which the statement was made that license reduction would increase the tax rate in Hamilton by two mills on the dollar. Here are the facts: The City received in license fees from twelve bars, \$7,200, and \$3,000 in fees from six shops, or a total of \$10,200.

Two mills on the dollar would produce \$156,184.00 on Hamilton's assessment, which shows that the loss of fees by license reduction would

have been equal to a tax increase of but one-eighth of a mill instead of a two-mill increase as claimed. That is but a sample of the misleading statements made in defence of the liquor traffic."

Instead of taxes being decreased by license reduction they are frequently reduced. In Indiana statistics gathered by Ex-Governor Hanley showed that in six license cities with an average assessment of one hundred million dollars the average tax rate was one dollar and eighty-five cents on the hundred dollars worth of property. In the six prohibition cities with about the same assessment the tax rate was ninety and one-third cents on the hundred dollars worth of property. This shows that the rate in these wet cities was double that of the dry ones.

Many other places report that the

liquor traffic is a heavy burden on the tax payers. Members of the Dolphin County, Pennsylvania Board of Poor Directors have announced that caring for the victims of the liquor traffic cost Dolphin County, including the City of Harrisburg, more than five times the revenue derived from the liquor business.

The liquor interests have asserted so long and so persistently that blue ruin would follow closing a few useless bars that some innocent people think it might be true. Kansas City saved twenty-five thousand dollars in police expenses and a similar amount in criminal justice the very first year after closing the bars. Enlist for the fight. Every one can and should distribute literature. Do your bit to "lift the heavy burden" and set your country free.

H. ARNOTT, M.B., M.C.P.S.

WILL WE EVER WALK ON AIR?

Train of Thought Inspired by a Letter About "Fruit-a-tives"



MR. D. McLEAN

Orillia, Ont., Nov. 28th, 1914. For over two years, I was troubled with Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches. I tried several medicines, but got no results and my headaches became more severe...

MADAM LA GRIPPE

Has hovered around our country fair the land of Tea was first her home Of far-off steppes in the Clime of Bear.

It matters not, o'er all the land Conqueting visits she has paid Bacteriologists say of her form; Her head is red, and gauzy wings Her filmy, boneless sides bedeck...

Widows with wailing, speaking eyes, And widowers sate and glum, Have trembled, groaned, and coughed and sneezed.

In Madam's ice cold embrace, Though not invited she will come, And without warning seize us firm, Like North Pole ice her hands are off.

The back unwelcome rested on, And shivers send from head to foot. The pulse is quick, the head is full, Neuralgic, aching pains severe...

Hot lemonade she cares not for, Nor that which makes the body glow, Cinchona Cort may "break her up," And rid us of this horrid pest.

The Frost King Lord throughout the land, She sallies forth mankind to plague, In Flora's days when clouds are high...

Madam La Grippe is seldom here But somewhere where 'tis wished she'd stay.

Nosilla.

It is pointed out, as one of the curious anomalies of the war, that while the Lord Lieut. of Ireland receives £20,000 a year, Admiral Jellicoe, on whom the existence of the Empire may be said to depend, receives £2,467, and of which half is to be spent in entertaining.

Boston has a new vaudeville theatre, the Orpheum, costing \$2,000,000, said to be the finest in America. The marble in the building alone cost \$78,000. The theatre seats 3,200 people. The prices will be 10 to 25 cents.

Army surgeons at the front have found that the best emergency dressing for neglected wounds is brown sugar, and are said to be using it in preference to many proprietary dressings.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

County and Ward Officers

(Continued from page 3)

- Officers for Polling District No. 10
Presiding Officer—Round Hill, Geo. LeCain
Presiding Officer—Le Quille, Geo. Hoyt
Ward Clerk—Round Hill, Rufus Whitman

- Ward Clerk—Le Quille, Geo. Hoyt
Overseers of Poor—John Easson, Andrew LeCain.
Pound Keepers—Charles Barteaux, Osmund Dunn, Albert Copeland, Augustus Rice, Jerry Feener, F. A. Chipman, C. L. G. Hery, Lewis Chipman, Charles Saunders, Eustace Orde, Greywood

- Police Constable—Augustus Spurr
Lumber and Log Surveyors—Fred Harnish, Reginald Harnish, Harry Harnish, Chalmers Woodbury, Avarad Milner, Arthur Spurr, James Ramsay, Wallace Goldsmith, Charles Harnish, Alfred Fancy, Archibald Buckley, Frank Buckley, A. S. Willis, (Allen River)

- Assessors—Chalmers Woodbury, Elisha Balcom
Constables—John MacKay, W. C. L. Dargie, Rufus Whitman, Augustus LeCain, Arthur Spurr, Frank Miller, Miles McMillan

- Road Surveyors
1—F. A. Chipman
2—Alfred Woodbury
3—Henry Williams
4—Avarad Milner
5—William C. LeCain

- Officers for Polling District No. 11
Presiding Officer—A. FitzRandolph
Assessors—L. S. Morton, Harry Bent
District Clerk—Edward Rice

- Road Surveyors
1—A. B. Messinger
2—George Piggott
3—Marsden Messenger
4—Owen Currell
5—B. W. Spurr
6—Roy Sabean

- 7—Frank Poole
8—Aubrey Boehner
9—Fred Foster
10—Jas. McGowan
11—Joseph Durling
12—David Taylor

- Officers for Polling District No. 12
Presiding Officer—H. H. Forster, Nictaux Falls
Deputy Presiding Officer—Norman J. Franks, Lawrencetown Lane

- Overseers of Poor—Z. Durling, Rufus Elliott, Byron Morse, Fred Morse, Heber Boland
Pound Keepers—Edward Baker, Carman Stoddart, Harry Barteaux, Seymour Ritchey, Isaac O. Durling

- Overseers of Poor—Read Orde, Enos Germain
Pound Keepers—James Orde, Walter Hubley, Ernest Lightfoot, Judson Lewis, Allison Wentzell, George Oickle, David Delong

- Road Surveyors No. 24
1—Clarence Longley
2—Wakelield Daniels
3—David Layte
4—Arthur Bishop
5—Z. Semon

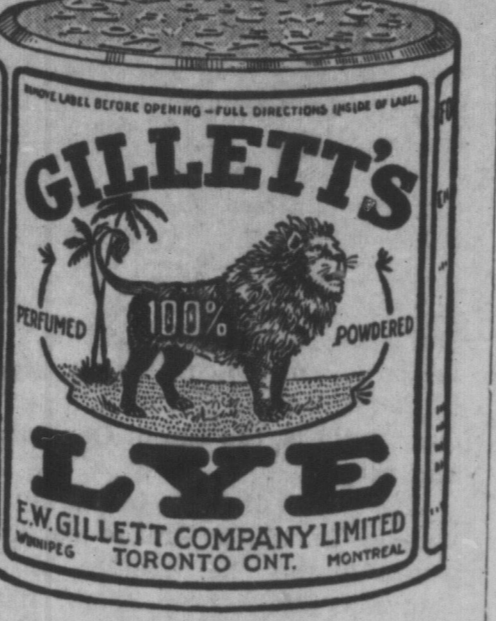
- Officers for Polling District No. 13
Presiding Officers—John Merry, John G. Morrison
Assessors—John G. Morrison, Joseph Mailman

- Road Surveyors
1—John Weazel
2—Frank Whitman
3—Wallace Prentice
4—Wm. Wood
5—Chas. Connell

- Road Surveyors
1—James Devaney
2—Robert Gibson
3—William Forcy
4—Thomas Todd
5—Wilfred Durling

- List of Officers Polling District No. 16
Presiding Officer—W. J. Spinney
District Clerk—S. E. Payson

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



- 21—Fred Gates
22—W. L. Sproule
23—Geo. Baker
24—Melbourne Goucher
25—Lemuel Allen
26—Wallace Whynot

List of Officers for Polling Districts No. 14 and 28

- Presiding Officer—Maitland, Robert Fader
Deputy Presiding Officer—Milford, Horace C. Munro, 28
District Clerks—14, E. N. Rowter, 28, Rufus Wentzell

- Road Surveyors No. 25
1—Austin Nass
2—Allison Wentzell
3—Milledge Floyd
4—George Oicle

- Road Surveyors No. 14
1—Andrew Merry
2—William Freeman
3—Archie Lewis

- Officers for Polling District No. 15
Presiding Officer—Grey Gillis
District Clerk—James Hannam

- Road Surveyors
1—James Devaney
2—Robert Gibson
3—William Forcy
4—Thomas Todd

- List of Officers Polling District No. 16
Presiding Officer—W. J. Spinney
District Clerk—S. E. Payson

Goucher, D. B. Armstrong, Micheal Robar, E. D. Cooney.
Cattle Reeves—Crawley Welton, James Myers, Blake Armstrong, Winslow Banks, Alonzie Corkum, C. E. Robar, Emery Vidito, William Copeland, Jay Weigher—C. H. Shaffer

Wood Surveyors—Fred Randall, C. R. Banks, Fisher Vidito, James L. Brown, James L. Crocker.
Fence Viewers—Milledge Marshall, Arthur Jefferson, Aenem Ramey, Percy Robar, Henry McMaster.
Log and Lumber Surveyors—E. H. Banks, Robie Armstrong, Judson Armstrong, C. H. R. Crocker.
Barrel Inspectors—James Hiltz, J. L. Hatt, Emerson Wheelock

Inspectors of Staves and Heading—Nelson Hatt, Emery Vidito, George Downey.
Fruit Inspectors—Adolph Pelton, J. D. Banks, Edward S. Gordon, J. R. Brown.
Inspector of Fruit Trees—Oakley Banks, Leander Swallow, William E. Crocker

Inspectors of Erics—I. H. Brown, H. P. Wheelock.
Board of Health—T. H. Spinney, W. H. Marshall, Elwood Crocker, Leander Burns, J. H. Parker.
Inspectors of Licenses—John D. Crocker, W. G. Holland, W. V. Spurr, Inspectors of Hides and Leather—Arthur Banks, W. A. Shaw.
Sanitary Inspector—C. R. Banks.
Constables—Weddell Marshall, Percy McMaster, T. E. Banks, I. H. Brown, Maynard F. Wheelock.

LIFE FOLLOWING THE GREAT WAR

(By Twells Brex, in the 'Daily Mail,' London)
The great war has altered the social face of Europe just as much as the glacial period once altered its physical surface.

The Hohenzollern glacial period has set back the growth of civilization by a hundred years; it has crumbled Europe's social structure, stunted its arts and sciences, and withered away its web of travel and intercourse. A hundred years hence the people of every warring nation will still be taxed by the debts of the great war, dreadful memories will still keep a spiritual and social gulf between civilized Europe and the Teuton.

Twenty-five million men have taken up arms. It is estimated that nine million have already been slain or disabled, and that the total destruction of life in Europe in two years of war will be twenty millions.

This is the combatant waste alone. Civilian populations everywhere in Europe, even of neutral nations, are effected by the physical and nerve stress of Armageddon. Nearly everywhere the birth-rate is falling, the death rate is rising. British births are already 40,000 a year less and deaths 50,000 more than in 1912 and a net deficit of 90,000 lives a year—the total population of whole towns like Coventry and Northampton, Paris is losing similarly, and Berlin and Vienna much more heavily.

When the great war is over a shrunken Europe will realize that no plague of the middle ages ever ravaged it like the black death that came from Potsdam.
The direct monetary cost of the war to the belligerents can be put at nearly ten thousand million pounds a year, figures that, like the astronomer's distances, outpass the human conception. Titanic as they are the figures of the indirect cost of the war exceed them; lost trade, lost production, and creation of science, art, humanitarianism and discovery that have perished in embryo.

Europe after the war will be a little Europe, with a population not much greater than the population of Europe before the Napoleonic wars, a Europe with these stupendous social problems:
Three women to two men of marriageable age
More old men than young men.
More boys than workers in their prime.
More physically unfit than physically fit.
Millions of men to be fitted again into civil employment, millions of women who have learned man's work and earned wages.
Millions of manual workers who will have become accustomed to wages twice or three times as high as they earned in pre-war days and who will still expect those wages.
Greatly diminished food supplies

DOMINION ATLANTIC RY. 'LAND OF EVANGELINE ROUTE'

On and after Oct. 9th, 1915, train service on the railway is as follows:
Service Daily Except Sunday.
Express for Yarmouth... 12 noon
Express for Halifax and Truro... 2.01 p. m.
Accom. for Halifax... 7.40 a. m.
Accom. for Annapolis... 6.35 p. m.

St. John - Digby DAILY SERVICE (Sunday excepted)

Canadian Pacific Steamship "Yarmouth" leaves St. John 7.00 a. m., arrives Digby 10.15 a. m., leaves Digby 1.50 p. m., arrives at St. John about 5.00, connecting at St. John with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

Boston Service

Steamers of the Boston and Yarmouth S.S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of Express train from Halifax, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
R. U. PARKER, Gen. Passenger Agent. GEORGE E. GRAHAM, General Manager.

FURNESS SAILINGS

Table with columns: From London, From Halifax, From Liverpool, From Halifax, and dates.

Furness Withy & Co., Limited Halifax, N. S.

H. & S. W. RAILWAY

Table with columns: Accom. Mon. & Fri., Time Table in effect, Jan. 4, 1915, Accom. Mon. & Fri.

CONNECTION AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL POINTS ON H. & S. W. RAILWAY AND D. A. RAILWAY. P. MOONEY General Freight and Passenger Agent

Yarmouth Line

Steamship Prince George. Leaves Yarmouth Wednesday and Saturday at 5 p. m. Return leave Central Wharf, Boston, Tuesday and Friday at 1 p. m. Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf Office. A. E. WILLIAMS, Agent Yarmouth, N. S. Boston and Yarmouth S. S. Co., Ltd

TWENTY-SEVEN CALLS

for Maritime-trained in two weeks is very significant. The salaries range from \$300 to \$1250 per annum. The demands increase in ratio to the enlistment. There are excellent openings for Maritime-trained—both male and female. Enter any time at the MARITIME BUSINESS COLLEGE HALIFAX, N. S. E. KAULBACH C. A.

Vacancies in Offices

caused by enlistment of those who have answered, and those who will answer their king and Country's call must be filled. Who will qualify themselves to take advantage of those great opportunities? Catalogue free to any address.

Advertisement for 'GOOD HEALTH' featuring a portrait of a man and text about Dr. Wilson's 'HERBINE BITTERS'.

GRANVILLE CENTRE

February 1

Miss Mabel Troop is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. H. Balcom, Paradise.

Mr. Robie C. Gilliat of Acadia University, spent a few days home last week.

Mrs. Claire Bent, Tapperville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Withers.

Mrs. Henry F. Troop recently spent a week with relatives in Paradise and Bridgetown.

Mrs. Ernest Gesner of Granville Ferry, was a recent guest of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Gesner.

Mr. Robert Peckover has the sympathy of his many friends in the sad news that has reached him of his brother being killed in action at the Dardanelles.

Mrs. W. B. Mills, who has spent several months in Boston and New York, has returned home. She is accompanied by her daughter, Miss Sarah, who will visit her family here.

Mr. C. W. Cook, student-pastor of the United Baptist Church, has enlisted in the ambulance attachment of the 112th Battalion, which will train for a time at Windsor.

The W. M. A. S. for February will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Goodwin, Thursday afternoon, Feb. 10th. If Thursday is stormy, meeting will be Friday afternoon.

GRANVILLE FERRY

February 1

Mrs. A. D. Messenger spent a few days at Clementsport, recently.

Mr. A. D. Parker was called to Clementsport on Friday by the sudden death of his son-in-law, Chas. T. Parker.

Mrs. Fred W. Thorne, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Armstrong, returned to Lower Granville on Friday.

Miss G. Reid and sister, little Miss Betty, returned to Windsor on Friday after a pleasant visit at the home of Mrs. E. R. Reid.

J. Wilfred Davis of Port Hood, is spending a few days with his friend, H. E. Dunn. Wilfred is another one of our boys who has enlisted.

The ladies of Holy Trinity Church are rehearsing for a concert to be given the latter part of the month. The Kitchen Orchestra, a unique and delightful entertainment, and a two act-play, will comprise the program.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Reed opened their home Tuesday evening to the members of Holy Trinity Sewing Circle for the purpose of holding a Pie Night. About seventy were present and found no end of enjoyment at games, music, etc., and the refreshment which followed.

OUTRAM

February 1

Preaching service Sunday, Feb. 13, at 3 p. m.

Mrs. Vaner G. Smith is spending a few weeks with friends at Port Lorne.

Mr. Everett Sproule from Clarence, is busy pressing hay for the farmers.

We are sorry to report Mr. James Slocumb being housed with a severe cold.

Miss Lillian Banks spent a few days of last week with friends at Mt. Hanley.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph O'Neal were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bent one day last week.

Mr. Wilbur Beardsley was summoned home on Saturday on account of the illness of his grandmother, Mrs. John O'Neal.

Mr. and Mrs. John Slocumb from Mt. Hanley, were the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Marshall, on Wednesday last.

We are sorry to report Mrs. John O'Neal in a very critical condition. She suffered a shock of paralysis last Friday morning. Dr. L. R. Morse in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Risteen and little son, Vernon, Mr. and Mrs. Web Milbury, and little son, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ben and family, were the guests of Mrs. M. Bent one day quite recently.

DOUGLASSVILLE

January 31

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Woodworth spent Sunday at Kingston with friends.

Mr. Hallett Daniels is able to be about after being housed ten days with la grippe.

Mr. Byron Fritz sold a fine yoke of oxen to Mr. Oscar Neily of Brooklyn last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Daniels and son of Spa Springs, spent the 30th at H. R. Daniels'.

Prof. Watson and the Rev. Mr. Boyce were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Fritz one day last week.

We are sorry to report Mr. Byron Fritz is confined to his house with la grippe. Dr. Messenger is in attendance.

PARKER'S COVE

February 1

Mr. Thomas Milner was a passenger to Digby on Monday.

Sorry to report Capt. R. E. Hudson on the sick list at time of writing.

Miss Bessie Campbell is visiting her aunt in Digby for several weeks.

Service in the Methodist Church, Sunday, Feb. 6th, by the Rev. H. J. Indoe.

Miss Della Longmire of Hillsburn was a recent guest of her aunt, Mrs. Benjamin Robinson.

Mrs. Benjamin Robinson visited her sister, Mrs. Bernard Longmire of Hillsburn, Jan. 30th.

Mrs. W. H. Anderson is visiting at the home of her brother, Mr. William Clark of Victoria Vale.

Mrs. Harry Longmire and little son Garnold, and Mrs. Primrose Halliday called on Mrs. David Milner quite recently.

Mr. Joseph Rice, steward of the Schr. Dorothy M. Smart, was home over the week-end with his family and returned to Digby on the 31st.

Miss Cora and Abbie Longmire of Hillsburn, were guests over the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. David Milner. They also visited their cousin, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Weir.

The ladies of the Baptist Sewing Circle held a ten cent lunch and sale on Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David Milner, and the sum of eleven dollars and sixty cents was realized. It will be used for Church purposes. The evening was very enjoyably spent by those present.

INGLISVILLE

February 1

A pie social gotten up by the Red Cross here, last week, realized \$10.00.

Mr. Arch Beals has been quite sick during the week, bordering on pneumonia.

Mrs. O. Nogar has spent a week in Albany, visiting her daughter, Mrs. Harry Mailman.

Rev. S. J. Boyce preached Sunday an interesting and instructive sermon from Rom. 5:20.

Mrs. Wm. Gill and niece, visited the former's daughter, Mrs. Stanley Cross, at Nictaux, lately.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Beals are still in a critical state and are tenderly cared for at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Miles.

Mr. Arch Medcraft has enlisted and goes to-day for overseas service. This makes seven of our boys from this place.

Quite a number will take advantage of the Short Course in Agriculture and Domestic Science at Lawrence-town next week.

HILLSBURN

January 31

Mr. H. A. Milbury of Litchfield spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Wallace Longmire.

Miss Alice Amanda Coates returned home on Monday after spending the past week with friends at Karsdale.

Mrs. Primrose Halliday and daughter Vera, and Miss Bessie Longmire, spent a few days last week with relatives at Litchfield.

The Misses Maggie Clayton and Nellie Rafuse of Lake Brook, spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Harold Rafuse.

Quite a number of the young people attended the ten-cent tea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Milner of Parker's Cove, on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. H. Sproule returned to her home at Digby on Saturday after spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Longmire.

LOWER GRANVILLE RED CROSS SOCIETY

Report of work done during November and December, 1915, and the first part of January, 1916, by the Lower Granville Red Cross Society.

Since its reorganization for winter's work on Oct. 27th, 1915, the Lower Granville Red Cross Society has forwarded two boxes to Red Cross Depot in Halifax. They contained:

- 12 grey flannel shirts.
- 36 hospital shirts.
- 25 pairs socks.
- 4 pairs wristlets.
- 3 rolls old linen and cotton.
- 1450 mouth wipes.
- 1 1/2 dozen lead pencils.
- 25 face cloths.
- 42 cheese cloth handkerchiefs.
- 2 dozen dressing covers.

S. E. PRIMROSE ELLIOTT,  
Secty. Lower Granville  
Red Cross.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Tutcher*

INFLUENZA, OR GRIP

(Issued by the Department of the Public Health, Nova Scotia)

This disease has been more or less prevalent throughout our Province for several years past. Nearly every winter it has assumed epidemic proportions. As a matter of fact, however, many cases of illness which have been termed grip have really been other forms of respiratory disease.

Just now many cases are being reported, and it is claimed that the type is becoming more severe. While there has been little mortality, it is causing much suffering and considerable interference with business and industry.

The condition is due to a very small bacterium, which does not multiply readily outside the body, and which has little resisting power. Infection practically always results from coming into close relationship with some one suffering from the disease. The germ is given off especially with the secretions from the nose and throat, so that the measures to be taken to prevent its spread are similar to those which have been advocated in recent bulletins referring to whooping cough, diphtheria, etc.

During the epidemic, crowded and ill ventilated places should be avoided, and the effort should be made to avoid contact with those who are suffering from this disease or from what appears to be an ordinary "cold." Those who suffer from the disease, or from a "cold" should be careful to cover the mouth and nose while coughing or sneezing, using for the purpose pieces of gauze or old linen which may be at once destroyed by burning. Care should be taken not to use the same towel, cup, spoon and such articles, which may have been used by anyone who has the disease.

Grip is one of the diseases which is doubtless spread to a considerable extent by careless expectoration. Enforcement of spitting ordinances would therefore assist in limiting the spread of the disease. The control of dust is also to be strongly advocated in this connection.

NEW DIVISION AT HILLSBURN

The latest response to the King's appeal for strengthening the Empire by the conservation of its physical, mental, moral and material resources was called forth at Hillsburn in this County. Thirty four of the best residents have taken the pledge, and Watchman Division, Sons of Temperance, has entered the campaign against alcohol and inefficiency. Mr. W. S. Sanders installed the following staff of officers on Monday, the 24th.

W. P.—Charles Longmire.  
W. A.—Mrs. Percy Halliday.  
R. S.—Miss Mary Guest.  
A. R. S.—Mrs. Cora Longmire.  
F. S.—Miss Ethel Fox.  
Treas.—Mrs. Arthur Longmire.  
Chap.—Thomas R. Russell.  
Cond.—Lloyd Longmire.  
A. C.—Charles Wade.  
I. S.—Vernon Kay.  
O. S.—Andrew Clark.

Appointed P. W. P.—Mrs. George Kay.  
Recommended for D. G. W. P.—Mrs. T. R. Russell.

LAME BACK Spells Kidney Trouble

There's no use putting on liniments and plasters to cure that ache in your hips or back—the trouble is inside. Your kidneys are out of order. GIN PILLS go right to the cause of the backache and heal and regulate the kidney and bladder action. Then you get relief, permanent relief!

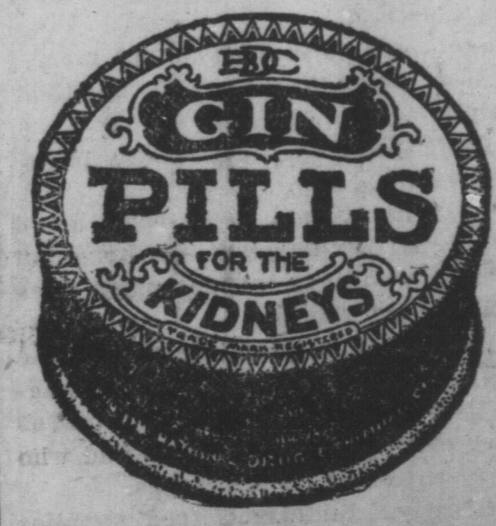
Many a man and woman who has been doubled up with shooting pains in the back having to stop work and lie down to get a little relief, has found new health and comfort in

GinPills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Two boxes completely cured Arnold McAskill, of Lower Selma, N.S. "I have never had any trouble with my back since," he says.

If you have a lame back—or any sign of kidney trouble—get GIN PILLS to-day and start the cure working. 50c. a box, six boxes for \$2.50—and every box guaranteed to give satisfaction or your money back. Trial treatment free if you write

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited Toronto Ont. 15



DOMINION WIDE APPEAL FOR FEDERAL PROHIBITION

To the Editor of the Chronicle:

Sir:—On the 4th of Dec. last a very instructive address was delivered at the Canadian Club, Ottawa, by Hon. R. H. Brand, C.M.G., London, on "How England is paying for the War and how Canada can help." The speaker explained the enormous financial burden which Britain is carrying, and that only rigid economy and by increasing the wealth-producing powers of the country would Canada be able to help. How to attain this end should be the aim of Government and people.

While not directly indicating the manner in which Canada could accomplish this, he referred to the enormous waste from drink, stating that in 1913 the British expenditure on drink, amounted to \$830,000,000, besides the loss of thousands of tons of barley and the productive employment of tens of thousands of men, "and the final result is that all this drink goes down the peoples' throats and nothing is left." Mr. Brand was too courteous to apply this to Canada, but left the application for us.

The expenditure on liquor in Canada runs into many millions. It is not only absolutely wasted, but as Mr. Brand states, it also takes away from productive employment thousands of men. What then, is the remedy? Pass a prohibitory law to remain in force during the war and for a reconstructing period of three years thereafter, at which time let the question of repeal be submitted to the people.

Russia, France and, to a limited extent, England have acted on these lines with beneficial results. Prior to the war, in these countries public sentiment was overwhelmingly opposed to any such legislation, but under the stress of war conditions their leaders did not hesitate to act. Are our leaders in Canada less courageous, less patriotic than the Czar of Russia, the President of France, or the Premier and Lloyd George in England. In these countries they braved an antagonistic sentiment.

In Canada even before the war, public sentiment expressed in the plebiscite years ago decided in favor of prohibition. Since then, public opinion has been manifestly growing stronger in its favor.

British Columbia is now demanding the right to restrict the liquor traffic. Alberta has decided in favor of prohibition. So has Saskatchewan.

Manitoba is ripe for it, and there both political parties are outbidding each other in this direction.

Ontario has now liquor sold in only about 300 municipalities out of 850. In Quebec out of 1,143 municipalities over 900 are without a license, and the number is still increasing as witness the voting in the last few weeks in Lachine, Three Rivers and Argenteuil.

New Brunswick, excepting four or five counties, is under prohibition. In Nova Scotia no liquor is allowed to be sold in the entire Province, except in the City of Halifax, and none whatever in Prince Edward Island.

What stronger evidence is required?

By one simple Act of legislation following the overwhelming sentiment of the country, Parliament can save millions of dollars of waste, can by one stroke enormously add to the productive wealth of the country and do more to increase the power of Canada to help the Empire than by any other legislation it may enact; in helping the Empire it will benefit our own people.

Two hundred thousand young Canadians have left their homes, friends and all their business interests, to endure the hardships of war, to fight and if need be, to die for the Empire. Shall those left at home not do their hands and help them to win? The little self-denial imposed by such an Act will enable Canada to vastly increase her power to help.

With our leaders, forgetting party, and remembering only Canada and the Empire, support such a measure. Canada awaits with confidence their answer.

- (Signed on behalf of the Committee)
- J. R. BOOTH, Ottawa.
  - WM. C. EDWARDS, Ottawa.
  - E. LAFONTAINE, Montreal.
  - President de la Ligue Anti-alcoolique de Montreal.
  - FRED H. DEACON, Toronto.
  - GEO. H. MILLEN, Hull.
  - STUART J. CARTER, Montreal.
  - HIRAM ROBINSON, Ottawa.
  - Honorary Chairman.
  - A. W. FRASER, Ottawa.
  - Chairman.
  - J. W. HENNESSY, Fort Coulogne, P. Q.
  - Vice-Chairman.
  - EDWARD SE. BOLD, Ottawa.
  - Secretary.

A London cable states that Earl Grey, who has been confined to his home for some time at his northern seat at Howick, is reported to be decidedly ill.

CORRESPONDENCE

(We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents)

THE REPEAL OF THE SCOTT ACT

To the Electors of Annapolis County:

Gentlemen.—On the 8th of July, last, you, to the number of 1564, voted for the repeal of the Scott Act, 697 voting against repeal, giving a majority of 867. This emphatic expression of your will should have resulted in the immediate repeal of the old law and the automatic coming into operation of the Nova Scotia Act; but six months have passed and the Scott Act is still the law of the land. Wm. H. Edwards of Annapolis, acting as the agent of the liquor trade of Halifax, entered a protest against the election, and they, taking advantage of the law's delays, the case will not now be tried until the June term of the Supreme Court, and possibly they may be able to defer it still further, as time is evidently what they hope to gain. They can scarcely hope to void the election.

The late Wilnot tragedy—a young life sacrificed and the resultant cost to the County—shows what the Halifax Liquor trade will do for us if we allow them to dictate to us what our liquor laws shall be.

Now what are we going to do about it? Mr. A. M. King is the nominal defendant and Mr. King has repeatedly advanced money to uphold the honor of the Temperance Alliance and the Temperance people have been very slow repaying him. The cost of the defence of this case will be considerable. We will need the best legal advice obtainable as our opponents have unlimited resources. A fund of \$400.00 should be available before June.

Rev. G. C. Warren of Bridgetown is Secy.-Treas., and all cash and pledges should be sent to him. If we fail to raise the money and the case is lost by default, Annapolis County will become a laughing stock and a bye word in the barrooms from Halifax to Vancouver. We will need to hang our heads in shame and will blot the fair record of those who fought the temperance battles of our County in bye gone years.

C. F. ARMSTRONG,  
A former Secretary of the Annapolis County Temperance Alliance.

War conditions may result in the revival of an industry which once was a profitable one in this province, the preparation of ship's knees. Owing to the great demand for tonnage, wooden ship building has showed new signs of life and is being undertaken on a scale far greater than has been yards at Bath, (Me.), have been reopened after a lapse of about ten years and several wooden vessels are being laid down in Nova Scotia. In former years the farmers in the vicinity of St. John found the preparation of "knees" a profitable side line and it has been suggested that a market might be found for a considerable number now if they were available.

All stores in Lawrencetown will be open every evening during Demonstration week.



This Book helped me improve my Farm.

It is the most valuable book I own and it cost me nothing.

It has saved me time, labor and money and I've got better looking, more durable and more serviceable buildings than I ever had before.

The first cost of concrete farm improvements is also the last cost. There's no after expense for paint or repairs—no danger from fire, rot or rust—no trouble of any kind. Besides they lower the insurance rate. If you haven't a copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete", send for one today. There's more than 150 pages of valuable building information, 52 practical plans, illustrated by diagrams and photographs, and dozens of other interesting farm facts.

A copy will be sent to you free of charge, immediately upon receipt of coupon below.

CANADA CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED, Herald Bldg., Montreal.

CUT OUT AND MAIL



CANADA CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED, Herald Building, MONTREAL.  
475 Gentlemen: Please send me a free copy of "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete".  
Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Street and No. \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

THE COST OF PRODUCING MILK

The cost of producing milk obviously depends a great deal on the milking capacity of the cows used. Comparison between eight of the best and eight of the poorer cows in an Ontario dairy record centre shows that there was a difference in profit per cow of \$24.56, the eight high yielding cows giving an average profit of \$37.21 while the poorer cows returned a profit of only \$12.65 per head. The milk in each case was valued at \$1.15 per hundred pounds. The difference would no doubt have been very much reduced had the feeding been the same for all the animals. Those that yielded the higher profit were much better fed than the others. The average cost of their feed for the milking period being \$43.96 per head, while the food received by the less profitable animals was valued at \$23.33 per head. Calculating from the standpoint of cost of the milk the eight cows with the low yields made only 37 cents profit on a hundred pounds of milk while the higher yielding cows made 54 cents profit from an equal amount of milk.

This information and a great deal more of equal value is contained in

the recently issued annual Report of the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, the extension of markets, dairy and cold storage divisions, etc. An appendix of unusual interest gives statistics of the export and import trade in dairy produce, which show that the exports of butter increased from 1,951,585 lbs. in 1899 to 2,724,913 in 1915, while during the same period the exports of these increased from 94,264,187 lbs. to 137,691,661 lbs.

This Report is available at the Office of the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

The publishers of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unerring remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

Halifax has launched a campaign to raise \$250,000 for the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Slaughter Sale CASH ONLY

\$1,000 worth of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Furs to be sold at HALF PRICE

Flannelettes

|                                |            |                            |            |
|--------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|------------|
| White Flannelette, 27 in. wide | \$ .08 1/2 | Stripe Flannelette, 23 in. | 6 cts. yd. |
| " " " " " 30 " " "             | .10        | " " " " " 32 "             | 9 " " "    |
| " " " " " 34 " " "             | .11        | " " " " " 36 "             | 11 " " "   |

Hosiery

|   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| Ladies' Fleece Lined Cotton Hose, splendid value, 3 pair for 50 cts.    | Ladies' Plain Cashmere Hose, 23 cts. pair                             | Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, good value, 19 cts.                               |
| Ladies' All Wool Cashmere Hose, Ribbed. Reg. Price 45 cts., now 32 cts. | Ladies' Plain All Wool Cashmere Hose, Reg. Price 40 cts., now 29 cts. | Children's White Coats, Reg. Price \$3.15, \$3.25, \$3.40 Sale 2.25, 2.40, 2.50 |

Bed Puffs.

|         |                               |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| 2 only. | Reg. Price \$4.50, now \$2.95 |
| 2 " " " | 6.50, " 4.25                  |

Remnants

Hundreds of yards of Remnants of Dress Goods, Prints, Flannelettes, Ginghams, etc. SPECIAL IN MEN'S SOX. 100 Pair Men's Heavy ALL WOOL SOX manufactured from Oxford Yarn and knitted here. These Sox are properly made, with good length legs and will wear better than anything made. Price 35 cts. pair, or 3 pair for \$1.00

Men's Overcoats and Ulsters

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| Reg. Price | \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$10.50, \$12.00, \$13.00 |
| Sale       | 3.50, 3.95, 4.75, 5.50, 5.80, 6.00, 7.50, 8.00, 9.50                      |

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