ESTABLISHED 1873.

The Weekly Monitor

IS PUBLISHED

Every Wednesday at Bridgetown.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—$1.50 per annum, in advance; if not paid within six months, $2.00

Communications solicited on all matters of public interest, to be accompanied with the writers name, which will be held, if so desired, strictly confidential. Anonymous communications go to the waste basket.

H. S. PIPER,
Editor and Proprietor.

Weekly Monitor.

SALUS POPULI SUPREMA LEX EST.

VOL. 10. BRIDGETOWN, N. S., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1882. NO. 37.

Weekly Monitor

Advertising Rates.

ONE INCH.—First insertion, 50 cents; every after insertion, 12½ cents; one month, $1.00; two months, $1.50; three months, $2.00; six months, $3.50.'

ONE SQUARE, (two inches).—First insertion $1.00; each continuation, 25 cents; three months, $3.50; six months, $6.00; twelve months $10.00.

HALF COLUMN.—First insertion, $3.50; each continuation, $1.25; one month, $8.00; two months, $12.00; three months, 15.00; six months, $22.00; twelve months, $40.00.

A COLUMN—First insertion, $10.00; each continuation, $8.00; one month, $14.00 two months, $20.00; three months, $28.00; six months $40.00; twelve months, $80.00.

Yearly advertisements changed oftener than once a month, will be charged 25 cents extra per square for each additional alteration

Books, - - Stationery.

Buckley & Allen,

OFFER during the Autumn Season, at low prices a large stock of STAPLE STATIONERY, and School supplies. Fancy Stationery, and Stationers' Sundries. Novelties in Ink Stands and Paper Knives. Special inducements to purchasers of Photograph, Autograph and Scrap Albums. An immense variety of Bibles, Church Services and Prayer Books. All the Seaside, Franklin Square and Standard Libraries. Complete supply of the Poets, large assortment of Miscellaneous and Standard Books. Call and inspect for yourselves, Don't forget the address

BUCKLEY & ALLEN.
124 Granville St., Halifax.

THE UNION MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company of Portland, Maine, U. S.,
INCORPORATED IN 1844.
JOHN E. DeWITT, President.

Government deposits at Ottawa....$120,000.00
Assets, about.....$6,500,000.00
Surplus overall Liabilities.....$978,545.53
Dividends to Policy holders, to 31st December, 1881.....$4,032,915.54
Total payments to Policy-holders.....$18,579,286.07

This is the only Company that issues all Endorsement Policies, giving the benefits of the Maine non-forfeiture law, and specifying in definite terms by its Policy Contract, that there can be no forfeiture of the insurance by non-payment of premium after three annual premiums have been paid, until the value provided for is exhausted in extended Insurance.

Head office for Nova Scotia and P. E. Island: Queen Insurance Building, 177 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S.

F. B. K. MARTER, Manager.
ALBERT HORNE, Bridgetown, Special Agent.
aug24

DENTISTRY.

Dr. S. F. Whitman, Dentist,

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public in Annapolis County, that he is now at his office in

BRIDGETOWN,

for a few weeks. Persons requiring artificial teeth will find it to their interest to give him call.

DR. S. F. WHITMAN.
Jan 2nd., 1882.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on FRIDAY, 12th January, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, twice per week each way, between

Bridgewater and Lawrencetown

under a proposed contract for four years from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to proposed contract may be seen, and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Bridgewater and Lawrencetown, or at the office of the undersigned.

CHARLES J. MACDONALD,
Post Office Inspector.
POST OFFICE INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, Halifax, 1st Dec., 1882. 3i 3i

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Port Lorne Works," will be received at this office until FRIDAY, the 22nd day of December next, inclusively, for the construction of an addition to the

BREAKWATER
—AT—
Port Lorne, Annapolis County, N. S.,

according to a plan and specification to be seen on application to Mr. Wm. Starratt, Port Lorne, at office of the Collector of Customs, Port Lorne, and at the office of the Department of Public Works, Custom House Building, St. John, N. B., where printed forms of tender can be obtained.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called on to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. H. ENNIS, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 25th Nov, 1882. 3i37

THE "PERFECT" SPRING BED!

The only reliable bed in the market.

A new supply of the above just received and for sale by

THOS. KELLY, Sole agent.
Bridgetown, June 28th, 1882.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated KIDNEY-WORT as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. With diminished action the blood is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the whole alimentary tract, and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have failed. 13 Have you tried the celebrated Kidney-Wort?
PRICE $1.25. USE. Druggists Sell.
KIDNEY-WORT

Middleton Hotel,

MIDDLETON, ANNAPOLIS CO., N. S.
C. C. DODGE, Proprietor.

THE Subscriber wishes respectfully to say to the general public that the old well known Middleton Hotel still stands on the old site, and its proprietor is still on the acting side, "hale and hearty."

He thanks the public (travelling and local) for past patronage, and with confidence solicits a continuance of their favors.

No exertion shall be spared (in the future as in the past) by the Proprietor, to make his house a pleasant and agreeable home for all who may take up their abode at his house, permanently or temporally.

A COMFORTABLE CONVEYANCE

will attend all trains to convey passengers to and fro.

Good Stabling,

and a respectful, attentive hostler always at call.

Charges Very Moderate.

C. C. DODGE.
Middleton, March 27th, 1882. ly

THE

"BLUE" STORE.

I take great pleasure in announcing to my numerous customers and the public at large, that my Fall Stock is now complete, comprising

ENGLISH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN TWEEDS, ENGLISH WORSTED SUITINGS, and WEST OF ENGLAND BROADCLOTHS.

Persons wishing clothing made up at short notice can be accommodated at my establishment, as I can complete a suit in twenty-four hours after receipt of order. I am pleased to show my goods at all times and to all persons. Call and see them.

JOHN H. FISHER.

New Store,

New Goods.

MIDDLETON STATION.

THE subscriber having just completed the enlargement of his premises respectfully invites the inspection of his new and varied stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes.

Especial attention is invited to one of the LARGEST STOCKS of Boots and Shoes to be found outside of the Cities, and at prices that defy competition. Ladies' and Misses' Fine KID BOOTS and SLIPPERS a specialty.

Ladies' and Mens' Overshoes and Rubbers.

Also, Crockery, Tinware, and every thing found in a well stocked country store.

Always on hand, Flour, Meal, Lime, Salt, etc., at prices as Low as the Lowest.

It is not my intention to advertise impossible prices, but a comparison of prices is cordially invited. Close cash buyers will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

WANTED—100 doz. Good Home-knit Socks, at 25c. per pair; good double and twisted Yarn, at 60c. per lb; Cloth, butter, eggs, at the highest market rate — also, Lumber, Shingles, cordwood, etc.

J. H. CHUTE.
Jany. 16th, 1882. n40tf

W. B. Almon Ritchie

BARRISTER, &C.,

Annapolis, - - N. S.

n13 3m

Notice.

ALL persons having any claims against the estate of MAJOR MESSINGER, late of Granville in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to within six months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to

EDGAR BENT, Executor.
EMILY L. MESSENGER, Executrix.
Dated Nov. 8th, 1882.—3m

NOTICE.

ALL persons having legal claims against the estate of GRANT A. PARKER, late of Nictaux, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to said estate for amounts due are requested to make immediate payment to

ROBERT MORSE,
or GUILFORD MORSE, Executors.
Nictaux, Nov. 3rd, 1881.—3m

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of Edmund F. Bent, late of Lawrencetown, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

S. M. BENT, Administrator.
Lawrencetown, May 30th, 1882.

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having legal claims against the estate of

JAMES MESSENGER,

late of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to within six months from date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to

L. S. MORSE, Administrator.
Bridgetown, Oct. 25th, 1882.—3mos

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Harris Harding Morse, late of Paradise, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to within six months from date hereof; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

MARGARET E. MORSE,
J. L. MORSE,
L. S. MORSE, Executors.
Dated May 31st, 1882. 6m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims against the estate of the late John A. Morse of Annapolis, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to

MELBOURNE MORSE, Sole Executor.
Nov. 14th, 1882.—6m

ANNAPOLIS!

J. A. PERRY.

WOULD respectfully announce that he has opened at the store recently occupied by T. A. CAVAZA & SONS a complete assortment of

Household Staple and Fancy Goods

which are offered at extremely LOW PRICES. The stock consists in part of

Glassware, Vases, Toilet Articles, Tinware, Toys, Buttons, Stationery, Dolls, Silverware, Lamps, Purses, Fancy Soaps.

THE GREAT ATTRACTIONS ARE THE FIVE & TEN CENT COUNTERS.

LAMP CHIMNIES 5 CENTS.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO

Examine Our Specialties!

AND SEE OUR

BARGAINS!

INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

J. A. PERRY.
Annapolis, Nov. 25th, 1882. 5i88

THE ANNAPOLIS ORGAN COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Parlor and Church Organs.

For Power and Quality of Tone, Rapidity of Action, and Promptness to Response, they are Unsurpassed.

A careful examination of the insuruments will convince the public that both interior and exterior are honestly made.

In beauty and elegance of case they far exceed any Organ manufactured in the Maritime Provinces. They are AS LOW IN PRICE as is consistent with first-class workmanship, and are

FULLY WARRANTED,

Parties Desiring a

FIRST-CLASS INSTRUMENT.

Will find it their advantage to Correspond with

THE ANNAPOLIS ORGAN COMPANY,
Or visit their Warerooms, George St., Annapolis.

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (*For Internal and External Use*). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

An English Veterinary surgeon and chemist, now residing in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY

PUMPS, PUMPS!

A FULL STOCK ON HAND
ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY.
LAWRENCETOWN PUMP CO.
LAWRENCETOWN, A. C.

For Sale!

THE subscriber offers for sale his well-known Mare "BLACKBIRD," Sound and gentle. A good roadster. Selling for no fault.

THOS. KELLY.
Bridgetown, Nov. 1st, 1882.—n30tf

Flour and Meal.

THE Subscriber has a large consignment of FLOUR, CORN MEAL and OAT MEAL which he offers for sale at

LOW RATES,
EITHER
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE, SUCH AS WOOD, BUTTER, EGGS, RYE-STRW, BEANS, POTATOES, ETC.

P. NICHOLSON.
Bridgetown, January 5th, 1882.

Edmund Bent

LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

Sales attended to promptly in any part of the County. Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made.

Bridgetown, N. S., May, 1880. n5tf

MACHINERY RARE CHANCE!

SEALED tenders will be received up to

September the 10th,

for the entire Plant, Machinery, &c., of the

Truro Boot & Shoe Co pany!

Tenders may be for the whole or in parts. Apply for Catalogue to

GATES' ORGAN & PIANO CO.
Truro, N. S.
Sep., 8th 1882.—tf

Photograph Gallery

THE subscriber, who has been for some time established in this town, has lately procured a first class set of Photograph, View and Copying Lenses, and is now prepared to execute all orders for work in his line in first class style and at short notice.

VIEWS of dwellings, stores, streets, etc., a specialty, and orders from any part of the country attended to.

Enlarging.

Portraits copied, enlarged, framed and finished, either in oil or colors. The portrait to be copied must be either a good tintype or photograph.

Photographs and tintypes will receive best attention.

Pictures taken in any weather.

Charges reasonable.

Please call and inspect samples of his work at his rooms,

OVER "MONITOR" OFFICE.

J. N. RICE.
Bridgetown, August 7th, 1884.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?

We call your attention to the

Averill Paint

—FOR—

House Painting.

Remember it is a pure Linseed Oil and Lead Paint, combined with ingredients to render it glossy and hard.

See testimonial of a practical painter of 16 years' experience:—

I have used the Averill Paint and am fully satisfied that it is far superior to lead and oil mixed in the old way. It gives a heavy body and high gloss, and I am confident that it will prove far more durable. One gallon of it will cover as much surface on an exposed building as one and a half gallons of lead and oil. I consider it as cheap if not cheaper than the best lead. I cheerfully recommend it to the public as a first class article.

W. WHINARD,
Painter.
Clarence, Agent.

N. B.—The subscriber keeps constantly on hand a general stock of GOODS, low for cash or prompt barter.

may28

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTION EXECUTED AT THE OFFICE OF THIS PAPER.

DON'T FORGET

THAT THE

CHEAPEST PLACE

IN ANNAPOLIS COUNTY TO BUY

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES & PLATED WARE

IS AT

SANCTON'S

IN

BRIDGETOWN.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

Thirty Years Experience.

FARMERS, Attention!

FARMERS or others wishing

CELLAR ROOM

—FOR—

APPLE STORAGE,

Can be accommodated on application to the undersigned. Cellar built purposely for this object.

CAPACITY, 800 Bbls.

JOHN H. FISHER.
Bridgetown, Sept. 27th, '82 tfn24

Fall Goods!

Just opening, a splendid assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

DRESS GOODS and TRIMMINGS,

Fur Goods, Gloves, Caps, Muffets, Overcoats, Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Reefers and Suits, Yarmouth Honeynns.

Just arrived:

One Carload Strathroy Flour.

To arrive:

One Carload Shorts and Feeding Flour.

Selling Low.

N. F. MARSHALL.
Middleton, Oct. 10th, 1882.

The Independent

THE "Independent" needs only to be better known to add to its already large list of friends. It has been published for thirty-five years and has acquired a world-wide reputation as the best religious and literary newspaper.

The "Independent" is not denominational. Its creed and field are broader than any sect. As a Christian journal, its aim is to strengthen and extend Evangelical religion and to defend it against the attacks of Materialism, Atheism and unbelief. It is free to approve or criticize in any of the denominations what ever it believes is designed to advance or hinder the progress of the Gospel of Christ.

In civil and political affairs the "Independent" will contend for sound ideas and principles. It fought against slavery and the iniquitous system of the Oneida Community. It is now fighting against Mormonism. It believes in the reform of the civil service and tariff, in the purification of politics and in cheaper postage, and will maintain these principles which the highest ethics and best intelligence requires.

The "Independent" is designed to suit all tastes and wants. We provide weekly stories by the best magazine writers, poems by the leading poets of America and England (we first published in America Tennyson's last poem), and for others, who look especially for instruction, whether in religious, literary, educational, philosophical, or scientific articles, we furnish what no other periodical does or can. We pay large prices to obtain the most eminent writers. Besides the editorials there are twenty-two distinct departments, edited by twenty-two specialists, which include Biblical Research, Sanitary, Legal Fine Arts, Music, Science, Pebbles, Personalities, Ministerial Register, Hymn Notes, School and College, Literature, Religious Intelligence, Missions, Sunday School, News of the Week, Finance, Commerce, Insurance, Stories, Puzzles, Selections, and Agriculture. 32 Pages in all.

We will report in full Rev. Joseph Cook's celebrated Boston Monday Lectures, which will begin in January. Mr. Cook has just returned from a two years' trip around the world, and his lectures this winter will attract greater attention than ever.

OUR NEW TERMS FOR 1883.

One subscription one year.....$2.00
For 6 mos. $1.50; for 3 mos.....0.75
One subscription two years.....$5.00
One subscription five years.....10.00

These reduced prices ($2 per annum in clubs of five or more) are much lower than any of the standard religious weeklies.

"TRIAL TRIP."

In order that one may read a few consecutive numbers of the "Independent," and thus learn its value, we offer a month's subscription as a "Trial Trip," for 30 cents, which can be remitted by postage stamps. Payment of $2.70 in addition will secure the balance of a year's subscription.

Send postal card for free specimen copy and judge for yourself. Address

THE INDEPENDENT
251 Broadway, New York.

1882-Fall-1882

New Fall and Winter

GOODS

AT

S. L. FREEMAN & CO'S,

MIDDLETON CORNER.

New Opened:
New Straw Goods, New Felt Hats, New Fur Hats.

NEW! NEW! NEW!

Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Black and Colored Velveteens, Satin Ribbons, Plush Ribbons, Watered Ribbons, Black and Colored Plush.

NEW! NEW! NEW!

Dress Goods, large variety; Ulster Cloths, Mantle Cloths; Ulsters, Mantles, latest styles.

Millinery done at short notice.

Mens' Ulsters and Overcoats, low.
Boots and Shoes, cheapest.
Choice Tea, Finest Demerara Molasses.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods. Call and see for yourselves.

S. L. FREEMAN & CO.
Middleton, Oct. 14, 1882. 27

Select Literature.

Meta.—A Christmas Story.

BY S. ANNIE FROST.

It was Christmas Eve. The air was full of chill winter winds, and snow threatened, though it did not actually fall. I had come in from my day's business, and was dreaming before my bright open grate fire. Dreaming of my youth, long past, of my schemes long abandoned, of my lonely life, which I had hoped to fill with loving hearts and lips. Dreaming as only a bachelor can, on an idle Christmas Eve.

With my eyes fixed upon the vividly glowing grate, I saw far away in the past vista of years, two lads, cousins, who were brothers in love, sympathy, and pursuits; entering upon life's race, hand-in-hand, spurring rapidly through college, and leaving the Alma Mater, boys still in heart and hope, to spring into man's life and suffering by one agony of hope and terror. I saw them stand face to face, while with the discovery, each of the other's love. I saw her, Ellen Lee, with her fair, pure face, her soft, holy eyes, her gentle, womanly manner—saw her as plainly as when with one bitter wrench I tore my love from its sweet resting-place upon her heart, and turned my face away from my hope and rivalry to enter upon a new path alone. I knew of their marriage, I heard of their happiness, and sometimes even yet wrote and received answers from my cousin; but the loving brotherhood, the dream of a higher tie of love, these were smudered and shattered long before the Christmas Eve when I sat dreaming before my coal fire. I had amassed wealth by untiring industry and perseverance, I had taken into my home, and under my care, the orphan son of my only sister; but I was, at forty-nine, a bachelor still, with no blithe voices to open my purse or heart, no warm kisses to touch my faded cheek no loving caress to win me from memory's dream to the prescut reality of Christmas eve.

'A little girl, who wants to see yourself.'

Margaret's harsh voice to recall my thought, her broad Irish face in the parlor doorway; these were my reminders of the present after an hour of regretful musing.

'Let her come in.'

She came to my side with an earnest purpose in her full, dark eyes, that annihilated all timidity and bashfulness. It took her but a moment to cross the broad parlor, but I see her now as she came toward me, her eyes fixed on my face, her whole manner full of her errand. She was small, very small, thin and pale, with a face Nature had meant to be beautiful and childlike, trouble had altered to premature thoughtfulness and womanly purpose. With thin, pinched features, pale cheeks, even pale lips, her broad, white forehead, and large, dark eyes bore earnestness and resolve beyond her years, printed there by some pitiless hand of poverty or care. On that bitter night she wore a thin calico dress, a small faded shawl, a sun-bonnet of gingham, and old shoes but-ting out where the upper leather joined the sole. She came up close to my chair, and put her hand on the arm—such a woe hand, so scarred with scratches and bruises, so red and chapped with exposure, that my heart ached strangely as I looked at it.

'Well, my child?' I said, kindly, I hope, 'you want to see me?'

'Yes, sir; we live, mother, baby and I, at 27 Ruggles Avenue.'

Ruggles Avenue, be it known, is a small court filled with the poorest kind of tenement houses, and by a recent failure I had had assigned to me as part payment of a large debt the ownership of Ruggles Avenue. I had appointed an agent to look after the property while I owned it, and to sell it as speedily as possible, and so shifting the responsibility, I had actually forgotten the existence of such a spot as Ruggles Avenue.

'Well?' I said, looking down on that earnest little face raised to mine.

'We can't pay the rent, sir,' and the whole face was hidden, as the whole frame drooped under the weight of this confession. Long, black eyelashes swept down on the pale cheek, as the white lids veiled the earnest eyes.

'But, my child, Mr. Jones settles all this.'

'He can't wait any longer.'

'Oh, he can?'

'No, sir, but Mrs. Davis, who lives next door, said somebody told her *he* didn't own the place since old Mr. Paul sold out, and she advised me to come to you and see if you can't wait—it won't be very long, sir, only till mother gets about again, and baby gets to walking.'

Some magnetism there was in those soft, earnest eyes, in the thrill of that sweet, musical voice, that was moving my torpid old heart into a new and pleasant warmth and interest. So I drew up a large softly cushioned chair, and lifted the little girl into it before I spoke again, my eyes moistening as I saw how the pale cheeks burned, and the little frozen feet and fingers curled and stretched in the genial blaze.

'So, mother is sick?'

'Yes sir. She has been in bed for four months, but she can sew a little, and she thinks she is getting stronger now. Then I can help more again when baby can walk.'

'Baby is your brother?'

'No, sir, baby's a girl, sister Alice's little girl. Sister Alice died last summer, and that's why we can't pay the rent.'

'How? Tell me all about it!'

'Mother used to be a teacher in a public school, and after father died, when I was a baby, she went to teach again until Alice was old enough to go. Then mother stopped because talking made her cough, and gave her a pain in her side. Alice got married, two years ago, in the summer holidays, and went away to Buffalo to live because brother Will was on a railroad there. Last summer she came back (mother was teaching again then) and wanted to go into the school again. Brother Will was killed last spring on the railroad, and Alice only stayed a few weeks at home before she died of a fever. Mother said she fretted herself into it. So we took the baby, Allie, until mother was sick too, and then everything went wrong. We sold our clothes and other little things, Alice's breast-pin and mother's, but—' and here the brave, steady eyes fell again, and the lips quivered—'it took it all for medicine, and bread, and baby's milk, and we owe you four month's rent, sixteen dollars.'

If it had been sixteen thousand, she could not have named the sum with more reverence and terror.

'And how will you pay me if I wait?'

'Mother is getting able to sew now, and as soon as Allie can walk I can go to work again.'

'What work can you do?'

'Mrs. Davis works in a button factory, and she says she can get me the little girls' work, sewing the buttons on cards. I can earn a dollar and a half a week at that. Indeed we will pay you, sir.'

She left her seat as she spoke to come again and rest the little hand on the arm of my chair.

'Suppose I go talk it over with mother. You and I will have a cup of tea, and then go and see about the matter.'

She read faces quickly, this grave little child, for after one long, earnest gaze into mine, she bent her face to press her lips to my hand. I drew the frail form into my arms, and with the caressing touch, all her forced calmness, her overtasked quiet gave way. Large tears rolled down her poor, thin cheeks, and she sobbed till the little figure shook from head to foot with the hysterical throes. I did not check her. My smattering of medical knowledge, my instinct told me it was better to let the passionate burst have its way. But I bowed in spirit before the wonderful self-control that could keep such a disposition in grave subjection so long during such a trying interview. Had she come whining and crying, I might have released her from her debt and forgotten her by the next day. Now, I was inwardly vowing to shield her from some of the early trials that had matured her, and braced her young heart so early to meet life's rude storms.

By the time my teabell rang she had sobbed herself into quiet again, and was standing penitent and abashed before me. Edgar, my nephew, had not come in, so I put her in his chair, and ordered Margaret to pack a basket of dainty food, wine and jellies, in her heaving.

'For mother,' I said, answering the questioning eyes, and stimulating her appetite.

'How did you know?' she asked.

'I knew your own supper would taste nicer if she was to have something too.'

'But—' she hesitated with the instinctive delicacy of a sensitive nature, dreading to wound.

'But what?'

'Is it not begging? Mother would not like me to beg.

'No, it is a Christmas gift. I have no little folks to give Christmas presents, so you must let me give you one. You may eat it all yourself, if you wish.'

What a gleeful laugh greeted this preposterous speech. She was a child after all, with all her grave ways covering the child nature.

'Come, tea is cooling, and mother waiting, so put off your bonnet and shawl and sit here.'

Mrs. Rose, my housekeeper, rustled her black silk with an indignant gesture as she shook herself into her seat opposite to mine, but she did not say one word. I was master in my own house, and she knew it, so she swallowed her wrath at the insult of being forced to sit down with a beggar, and revenged herself by offering the child the weakest possible tea. I gravely emptied it into the slop basin and handed the cup back, thereby crushing out the hinted rebellion and asserting my authority. I was jubilant as a school-boy over my little *protegé*, and determined to have her comfortably provided at the well-spread table. Quiet now, and grave again, she was neither shy nor awkward. She had evidently been accustomed to sit well, eat with due attention to table proprieties, and bear herself like a lady. And as I watched her, I could trace this refinement in her small hands, her delicately cut features, the shining gloss of her short, curling hair, and the graceful attitudes of her frail little figure.

'Do you know,' I said to her, 'that in all our long talk you have not told me your name?'

'Meta Burgiss, sir. It is mother's name too. Alice's name is Smith.'

'What was your father's business?'

'He was an engraver, sir, and stooping killed him, mother said; he died in consumption nearly fifteen years ago.'

'Fifteen years!' I cried, for I had set down twelve as the very outside limit of my visitor's age.

'Yes, sir, when I was six months old.'

'Whew! Oh, here you are! Why, where did this manikin come from?'

And enter Edgar Hart, my nephew, aged eighteen. Margaret had a cup, saucer, and plate on the table before he could sit down, for my brave, beautiful boy, with his cheerful voice and sunny smile, is the darling of the house from the kitchen up. Even Mrs. Rose's frowns relaxed into smiles as she poured out his tea.

'Aint it cold? I've been treating six tambourine and singing girls to oysters and coffee for Christmas eve, uncle. You should have seen them eat, poor little tots not bigger than this little one, any of the lot.'

'This is Meta Burgiss, Edgar, the daughter of one of my tenants.'

She stood up to drop a grave courtesy; but Edgar reached his hand over the table.

'Shake hands, little one. We are good friends now,' he added, letting his strong hand close over her little one.

She studied him for a moment with her wonderful eyes, then said, gravely: 'Yes, sir.'

And I, in my unprophetic blindness, did not even shudder at question or answer.

After tea, I took her home, her little hand clasped in mine, while the big, well-filled basket hung on my arm. I had proposed to put her into it, hoping to call out the merry laugh again; but she evidently considered the basket a serious affair, and only assured me, gravely, that she could walk, as serious as if being carried in a market-basket was her usual method of locomotion.

My introduction to Ruggles Avenue did not prepossess me in its favor. At every door was collected a group of over-dressed women and half-drunken men, enjoying (?) the holiday evening. Children were visible through the open doors, sucking oranges, or fighting over papers of cheap confectionery, while their elders laughed, flirted, or swore, as the case might be, at the doorway. In contrast to all this light and merriment, was the closed door and shutters of No. 27, the last house in the row. In the upper room, a light burned; but the curtains, of some thick green stuff hid all inside.

Opening the door softly, my little guide asked me to wait, and went quickly up stairs. A moment later, she stood at the head of the staircase, holding a candle to light me.

'Please come up here, sir. Mother is not able to come down.'

So I passed through the little entry, and mounted the narrow staircase, and stood in the upper room of this little house. Two rooms above, two below, were all it boasted, but it was large enough for this family, had it been transplanted into purer air and broader space. Cramped up, as it was, in the heart of a great city, hemmed in by houses on all sides that overlooked and overshadowed it, shut out from all but the tiniest patch of blue sky above, Ruggles Avenue was a fair type of the narrow, foul streets where a city crowds her poor.

In the tidy but poor room, where my little friend led me, I found the mother and the baby, Allie. The first, pallid and weak, with the crimson spot that stamps consumption on her cheek, with her low eyes and shrunken lips, looked already fit for the grave to which she seemed hastening; the other, sleeping calmly, was puny, too, and feeble. Altogether a scene to make the heart weep.

'I have ventured to intrude,' I said, courteously, for my hostess was lady-like in attitude and appearance, 'to escort my little friend here home, and—' here I hesitated. Sitting there in her arm-chair, her grandchild in her arms, she looked, in spite of her poor dress and illness, so little an object of charity that I scarcely knew how to proceed.

'You are very kind,' she said, holding out one thin hand. Meta, set a chair for the gentleman, and then take Allie, dear.'

The child obeyed, lifting the sleeping babe with a womanly care and gentleness that would have made one smile, only it was touchingly sad, too.

'I have sent her away,' said the mother, as the door between the rooms closed after the children, 'because I want to ask your kindness for her, and for the baby. Only,' she added, hastily, as I was about to speak, 'that you will try to find them some asylum more tender than the almshouse' She paused for a moment, then spoke again: 'I have not a relative to whom I can apply, and their father was an Englishman; all his relations are on the other side of the ocean. We stand alone! Meta has been my scholar from a child, and I have been a teacher almost all my life; as soon as she is old enough, she is competent to teach; if, in the meantime—' Here a violent fit of coughing broke the sentence. The inner door opened, and Meta came in.

'Who is your mother's doctor?' I asked. She gave me name and address.

'I will call to-morrow, when you are stronger,' I said to the invalid, when she was quiet again, 'and tell you what I can do. In the meantime do not think of the rent, or let your thoughts dwell too despondently on the future. Good-night.'

She tried to speak, but I hurried away. At the door, I dropped a kiss on Meta's forehead, a piece of gold on her candle-stick, and started for the doctor.

His judgement only confirmed my own. For the mother there was no hope save in pure air, good food, gentle stimulus, and freedom from care; for the baby, the same; and my heart responded with a similar decree for Meta.

Christmas day was surely the day for deeds of gentle charity; so I drove out to the farm attached to my country house, and laid my plans for the trio. The little furnished house, where my gardener lived in summer, stood temptingly vacant, and I think no pleasure of my life lingers so pleasantly on my memory as the Christmas days when I arranged the homes for my new tenants. Mollie Barry, the farmer's buxom daughter, was all interest and excitement, and readily promised to keep house for the invalid, and nurse the baby. Three days later, cleaned, warmed, and habitable, the wee house opened its doors for the new inmates. I gave Mrs Burgiss a pile of muslin to cut and make for me, handkerchiefs to embroider with initial letters, linen for shirts, and silk for cravats; and so, having eased her delicate sense of unwilling dependence, I left her to Mollie and Meta.

We scarcely dared hope for her to live through the spring; but she did, and as the summer months brought roses to Meta's and Allie's cheeks, they came, too, laden with health-giving breezes for the mother. The thin cheeks filled, and the hollow eyes took a more healthy brightness, the stooping figure grew erect, and the trembling fingers steady, while my conscience fairly groaned over the work the busy hands turned out. It was all in vain I urged that there was no hurry; the dainty stitches would turn the muslin and linen into shape, and fill the handkerchief corners with pretty devices.

Meantime Meta was roving, free as a bird, over the bright country. I moved out in May, Edgar being at school, and found my little pale friend growing fast into a rosy cheeked country girl, while wee Allie tumbled and tottered on the grass, plump as a partridge.

(To be concluded in our next.)

The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27TH, 1882.

THE CLOSING YEAR.

We go to press this week amid the darkening shadows which mark the close of another year. The period of time which shall go down to the ages with the mark 1882, that mark which has become so familiar to our pens, draws near its close. It follows the returnless way whither the other years of the past have vanished. While we bid it farewell we confess to a feeling of regret as at the parting with a well-tried friend. It is quite possible that in part this regret may arise from selfishness. Some one has called the moments which mark the transition of the old years into the new "the mile-stones of human life;" and with whatever abulition of feeling the young may welcome this season, when one passes a certain point in his life he tells off the fleeting years with great deliberation, sometimes with increasing sadness. To grow old slowly is what every true worker desires. But when these waymarks seem to be passed almost with lightning speed, they become sharp reminders that we are growing old with alarming rapidity. As a rule the ordinary course of human life glides so quietly and smoothly that we are roused to a consciousness of the flight of time only when we thus shoot a rapid, or pass some land mark on the shore. But, strong as the temptation may be, we shall not pause to moralise just now.

As journalists, working with such ability as the Creator has been pleased to endow us, it is our function to summarize, briefly as we may, the events transpiring in the great world around us, and seek to interpret their meaning and drift in the light of those principles which neither come nor go, but always remain the same. This we do from week to week in our news columns as far as our limited space allows. Just here we halt a moment to look back upon some parts of the year which will survive in history. 1882 has been much like its predecessors, neither better nor worse. It has brought joy and sorrow, prosperity and adversity, success and failure in about the same proportions as the years generally do.

In glaring prominence beyond all other events which must mark the records of the year is the Egyptian war, one of the outcomes of which is that that old historic land bids fair to be brought under the protectorate of Great Britain. In the lurid light of that brief but brilliant campaign, other events, however important in themselves, sink very much out of sight. We are fully convinced that not only Egypt and Great Britain, but the world at large, will be gainers by the new relations which these two powers will in future sustain to each other. To the one will come national peace and confidence as the result of good government; to the other will come with increased responsibility an important factor in the solution of problems in relation to the Eastern question. One thing demonstrated by the late Egyptian war is that England shows no decadence in any branch of her services as a military power. The names of Seymour as a conductor of naval operations, of Wolseley as commander in chief of land forces, of Dufferin as a diplomatist, of Gladstone as a statesman superintending and directing the whole, will stand out in the ages to come in the front rank of the nation's great men. Another matter which has been satisfactorily settled is the availability of the forces of our Eastern Empire for purposes of national defence in any part of the world. The calling out of an an Indian contingent to fight our battles in Egypt was a matter involving considerable risk. The measure was fully justified by its events, and no more hardy, loyal and brave auxiliaries ever mingled their blood with the blood of British soldiers in defence of British honor. This struggle ended, 1882 leaves our nation as it found us,—at peace with all the world.

Unfortunately the success won by the nation's arms and diplomacy abroad has not been equalled by success in legislative matters nearer home. Ireland is still unsettled as when the year dawned upon her emerald shores, with, alas, deeper stains of blood, and encouraged discontent and disloyalty which have become chronic. The Phœnix Park butchery sent a thrill of horror through the nation, the chief actors in which are still at large and unknown. Later murderous attacks upon a judge, a detective, and a jurymen have intensified a feeling of insecurity not known, perhaps, since the outbreak of 1798. Whether it is wise to deal leniently with scoundrels whose speeches are fire-brands, whose words are dagger-thrusts and revolver-shots, who persist in meeting every conciliatory movement with blood can scarcely be regarded as an open question. Unhappy Ireland ends its year quite as disastrously as it began.

Other nations have manifested the usual amount of restlessness, occasionally breaking out into a nervous state of alarm and apprehension. But with the exception of an occasional skirmish in some obscure part of the planet, not worthy of a passing notice, they have dwelt in peace.

In our own land—than which no fairer lies beneath the sun—we have enjoyed unbroken peace, and the prosperity of every branch of commercial enterprise has been without interruption. The most notable event in our history during the year was the political campaign of June last, when elections for both Legislatures, the Dominion and Provincial, agitated the public mind. After a contest of more than usual earnestness, and, in some instances, unnecessary bitterness, the policy of the former was sustained; while as to the latter, the direction of affairs passed into other hands. Occupying the position of non-partisan in reference to these matters we are glad to profess our faith in true patriotism wherever it may be found, and are satisfied that all parties alike are interested in their county's highest welfare; nay more, that not even the unintended blunders of our statesmen can delay their country's progress. The promises of greatness which our Dominion makes to itself shall surely be fulfilled. The labors of our farmers have been liberally rewarded—nor have our fishermen followed their dangerous calling in vain, and from one end to the other of the land neither discontent nor actual want is to be found. In all that relates to true progress our country has advanced, not rapidly, perhaps, but with that deliberation and earnestness which contain the best promises of future success.

Individually we are bound by every consideration of gratitude to render heart-felt thanks to the Almighty Giver of all good gifts. The year has brought to our readers many blessings, filling their life with joy and gladness. To some, no doubt, there have come seasons of loss and sorrow. But even these experiences have been disciplinary and therefore benefits,—what someone has named "blessings in disguise." In the rough struggle for life one must make up his mind for many a fall, many a bruise. But with faith in the Good Father of all, and with the courage of an unbounded hope in the future of our country and of ourselves, we turn to a new page in the calendar of human history, sending to all our readers this fervent wish, A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

— The Yarmouth *Herald* reports a discovery of copper on the old Kempt road.

— Chatham experienced a ten thousand dollar fire on the 23rd inst. The Benson Block on Water St. was destroyed.

— It is understood that the Dominion Government will make a move towards reducing the rate of local postage from three to two cents at the next session of Parliament.

— Mr. W. H. Fielding, M. P. P., of Halifax, has been sworn in as a member of the Government without office.

— A militia general order has been passed requiring the men not British subjects by birth must become such by naturalization before joining the militia.

— The schooner "Adelia" was seized at Annapolis on Thursday last for violation of the Customs law. The schooner "Goldhunter" has been seized at Clementsport for the same offence.

— Our Bear River correspondent says Mr. Nicholl of that place, lately killed a spring pig which weighed 315 lbs., and Mr. Jacob Millner, one weighing 375 lbs.

— A sculling match, to take place next June, has been arranged between Hanlan and John A. Kennedy. Place of rowing to be agreed upon. Stakes $2,500 a side. Distance 3 miles with one turn.

— James H. Whitman, Esq., of Lawrencetown, has been appointed a commissioner for giving relief to insolvent debtors and for taking affidavits to hold to bail and recognizances of bail in the Supreme and County Court.

— We learn that the farmers belonging to the Agricultural Society at Nictax and Farmington, have added some valuable imported stock of sheep to their flocks last fall. We have not yet learned further particulars than that they sold for high prices.

INGLISVILLE.—The sociable held at Deacon Albert Dunn's on Thursday evening of last week, added the handsome sum of $30.25 to the funds for building the Baptist Meeting House at Inglisville.

— A correspondent has a few remarks to make anent the *Spectator*. We give it a place in our columns; but as far as we are concerned, we shall adhere to the promise made our readers last week—the *Spectator's* coarse personalities are beneath notice.

PERSONAL.—Mr. R. McLellan, railroad contractor, is stopping at the Intercolonial Hotel for a few days. When the W. & A. R. R. was in course of construction he made this town his residing place. His home is now in the far North West Territory on the line of the Canadian Pacific R. R.

— We were shown last week by Mr. Obadiah Poole, of Port Lorne, a sea trout weighing 4 lbs., and measuring 22 inches. It was caught through the ice on the Restigouche river at Campbellton, N. B., by Mr. James Sprowl. Great numbers of these trout are taken every winter.

— Christmas day passed off much as usual. Service was held in St. James' Church in the morning. The weather was fine and the sleighing good. The race-course presented a lively appearance in the afternoon, as apparently all the teams for miles around were on hand.

— By special request, the Concert by Prof. Norton and his classes held last Wednesday evening, will be repeated to-night. Those who were present speak highly of the concert. The Prof. is assisted by his daughter, who is an accomplished pianist and singer.

— Last Wednesday a runaway team collided with a sleigh standing in front of Mr. J. W. Beckwith's store, causing the very narrow escape of an old lady sitting in the latter sleigh. She was thrown to the ground by the jar, but was not hurt. When the two sleighs struck, the runaway horse broke loose and sheered off, otherwise his plunging might have caused sad results.

— Late Halifax daily papers contain lengthy notices, more or less favorable, of the scheme of Immigration, the prospectus of which appeared in the MONITOR some time ago. Mr. Pittman is to be congratulated on the encouragement which he has met with thus far. If the dailies can lay aside the party strife, which in simple truth interests and affects only themselves, long enough to combine on some joint action in this matter, definite progress may ere long be reported. We trust those gentlemen of the pen will exercise sufficient discretion to keep party matters out of the movement. It is a subject which affects the interests of the whole Province without regard to party or creed.

— The steamer Baron Selborne sailed for London on the 21st inst., with 7,500 barrels of apples.

BEAR RIVER.

— Schr. "E. Walsh" is lying at Clarke Brothers' wharf and will load with lumber about the middle of January for West Indies.

— The Boston vessels "Sandolphan," "Mincola," "Volant," "Lorne" and "Carrie" are hauled up and beached for the winter.

— An address of congratulation signed by the Brigade Staff at Halifax and the officers and men of the Provincial militia, was presented at the Field Battery, Halifax, on the evening of the 22nd inst., together with a sword and belts, to Major General Laurie, on his appointment to the rank of Major General in the Imperial service. A suitable and feeling reply was made. The Major General with his family left for England per mail steamer last Saturday.

— We have made an arrangement with Messrs. John S. Townsend & Co., of London, Eng., to furnish us regularly with a *special* report of the state of the London apple market. That our readers may rely on the statements made by this firm, we think it scarcely necessary to state, as Messrs. Townsend & Co., have a deserved reputation for square dealing among the farmers of this valley.

JAMES VICK.—From the appearance of Vick's Floral Guide, which is on our desk, we should judge that the young Vicks are "chips of the old block," as the Floral Guide with its lithographed cover is handsome enough for the parlor table. It is printed on the best paper, has three colored plates of Flowers and Vegetables, and full of useful information. Those who send 10 cents for it cannot be disappointed, as the plates alone are worth the money. Address, as in past years, James Vick, Rochester, N. Y.

ANNAPOLIS ITEMS.

— The pupils of each of the departments of Annapolis Academy, presented their respective teachers with valuable Christmas gifts on Friday last.

— On Thursday evening, 21st inst., the Methodist Church of Annapolis, held a Christmas Tree and Sociable in the Court House, the proceeds of which are to be used in connection with the parsonage. The amount realized was $80.

— Last Saturday was unusually lively in Annapolis—made so by the inward movement of timber, lumber and cord wood, and the outward movement of returns for same.

The stores were well supplied with nearly all the requirements of the seasons. Geese and turkeys were extremely scarce, the former selling readily at $1.00 each, until the supply was exhausted. Sad scenes were visible on the streets, being the result of the too liberal use of that which carries with it degredation and ruin.

Acadia College.

The first term of the college year closed on Thursday, Dec. 21st. On account of the mumps which have recently afflicted the institutions at Wolfville, a large number of the students had gone home. As a consequence the usual literary exercises of the academy were postponed until the 1st of next term. The Junior Exhibition of the college, however, was held in the evening, according to a carefully arranged programe as follows:—

PRAYER—MUSIC.

The State and Higher Education.
H. BERT ELLIS, Fredericton, N. B.

The Socratic Philosophy.
E. H. SWEET, Newport, N. S

MUSIC.

The Debt of Human Thought to Shakespeare.
F. R. HALEY, St. John, N. B.

The Newspaper as an Educator.
B. A. LOCKHART, Lockhartville, N. S.

MUSIC.

Modern English.
F. S. CLINCH, Clinch's Mills, N. B.

Imitation and Invention.
CLARA B. MARSHALL, Lawrencetown, N. S.

Historical Portraiture.
F. M. KELLY, Collins, N. B.

The programme closed with Music. Addresses and National Anthem.

The subjects were well chosen and the orations exhibited a depth of research and breadth of comprehensiveness rarely witnessed on such occasions.

Although no choir could be secured for the entertainment, yet the piano solos by Miss Hamilton and the vocal solos by Miss Robbins, furnished gratuitously, were highly appreciated and aided materially in rendering the Exhibition a grand success.—COM.

WANTED—Eggs and Socks in any quantity, for which the highest cash price will be paid.
[23tf R. SHIPLEY.

Special to Monitor.

Apple Report, 1882.

110 Cannon Street,
LONDON, E. C., Dec. 14, 1882.

Dear Sir,—The demand for apples in the London market continues very good. Since the sale of the fruit per sailing vessel William Burkitt, from Nova Scotia, the supply has been very limited, and the only sales we have to report are various small parcels of apples from the States, chiefly via Liverpool.

The largest prices obtained, were as follows—the highest quotations are those for sound fruit, well packed.

Northern Spy, 22s. and 23s., one lot 26s.; Golden and Rox. Russetts, 27s. and 28s.; Baldwins, 24s. and 25s. to 27s. 6d.; Greenings, 20s.; King of Tomkins, 25s.

The arrivals in London of apples from the Continent are almost entirely limited to shipments coming here from Gigon, North of Spain, a common class of apples in cases which sells freely at 10s. Although our market is well supplied with oranges, this has no effect on apples, which seem likely to maintain full values well into spring.

Now that prices are good, we recommend all shippers to take care in packing, and to classify their fruit properly, so that they may reap the full benefit of a good market.

Yours truly,
JOHN S. TOWNSEND & Co.

The Apple Trade.

From the N. Y. Sun]

"I've been in the apple business for thirty years," an old dealer in the vicinity of Washington Market said, "and I don't remember that I ever saw all sorts of apples so scarce and high, at this season of the year, as they are now. You see the general crop fell short. In Niagara and New Orleans counties, about Rochester, and all up that way, where New York can in most years calculate on getting a great many good apples, a hard frost killed every blossom in one night. In other places, fortunately, it wasn't quite so bad, but it was bad enough all over. And now New York is drawing her supply of apples from a wider range of territory than ever before to get what she requires, or as near to it as she can. They are coming in considerable quantities from Missouri, out about St. Jo, and that way, and from Illinois and Michigan, and Canada, and Vermont, and around Lake Champlain, and the St. Lawrence, and the middle of the State of New York. About the best come from the Lake Champlain region this year. They are generally Spitzenbergs, Baldwins, Greenings and Gillyflowers. The pretty little Snow apples come mostly from Canada, and some from northern New York. The best Kings, the most delightful apple for taste just now, we get from Tompkins County, but they are a general favorite, and are grown all over the country. Saratoga and Albany Counties and the Thousand Islands have thrown in a good many more apples this year of almost all sorts you can name.

As for prices, they are away up, and are going to be clear beyond the reach of a good many before next spring. They should not be worth more now than $2 to $2.50 a barrel, the latter the outside price—except for very prime fancy fruit. But they are. Baldwins, Greenings and Gillyflowers are worth $4 a barrel; Snows, $5; and Spitzenbergs and Kings, $5 to $7, according to size and quality. That, you understand, is in small lots of say ten or twenty barrels. The retailer expects to make from 50 to 75 cents a barrel on that, selling by the quart and peck, and so on, in stores, and when they are worked off, singly or by twos and threes, from street stands, that profit may be doubled at least.

But, talking about high prices, look at the Newton Pippins. Choice prime ones packed for export to Europe are worth $20 a barrel, and by spring they will be up to nobody knows where, for they are scarce. I have never seen them higher but once. That was during the war, in 1863 or 1864 I think, when they ran up to $25 a barrel. And Baldwins then were worth $13. And ther apple that is going to be high in the spring is the Northern Spy. You have got to keep them till spring to bring out their virtues, and then they stand away up, if not quite at the head. Last spring they sold for $9 a barrel, and this spring coming they will be worth much more. I have no doubt, unless people stop buying apples altogether, which I don't suppose they will, for there's always a sort of folks who will have what they want, no matter what it costs. And if there's anything a man should humor himself in it is in a good apple. It is not only delicious but a most healthful thing. If people would eat an apple or two before breakfast every day, they would prolong their lives more than they have any idea of, and a good many doctors would have to walk, who now ride in their carriages. It's funny how people in tropical climates love apples. I've seen them in South America and the West India Islands pay ten cents each, gladly, for apples not worth more than a cent apiece here, when right alongside of them fine oranges went a begging at about ten cents a dozen. But do you know that they have down there, in some parts, a banana that they call the manzana, or apple banana, the flavor and perfume of which is exactly that of a delicious ripe apple? I've never seen them here at all. The most of the bananas that come here are what they know in the tropics as burro, or jackass bananas, big, flavorless things."

New Advertisements.

Acadia Steamship Company!
(LIMITED.)

TO SHIPPERS OF APPLES,

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to call your attention to the advantages our Line offers for shipments of apples:

First,—The class of Steamers engaged on this Line are selected especially for carrying apples, with proper ventilation.

Second,—They do not carry cargoes that will damage apples by heating.

Third,—They land cargoes in London at Cotton's or Fresh Wharf, near London Bridge, saving extra charges, lighterage, cartage, and rough handling, so very damaging to apples.

Fourth,—Apples or other fruit can be sent to the Company's frost-proof warehouse at Annapolis one or two weeks before steamer's sailing. Loaded cars will be shunted into the warehouse immediately on arrival, and stored and delivered to steamer free of any extra charge for storage or shunting, so that shippers can select suitable days for forwarding by railroad at their own convenience, without the risk of apples being snow-blockaded, frozen on the road, or at port of shipment.

Sixth,—The Company give special attention to handling, and stowing apples on their steamers.

THOMAS S. WHITMAN, Secretary.
dec27n37tf

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale

SILICATE PAINTS,
AMERICAN RAW TAR,
AND COAL TAR,
OAKUM,
PITCH,
HOOP IRON,
RIVETS,
SPIKES,
IRON,
STEEL,
C. BOLTS,
C. BOARDS, AS BEFORE,

H. FRASER.

NEW STORE.
T
EXCHANGE!

G. L. COLBRAN.

THE subscriber desires to inform the inhabitants of PARADISE and vicinity that he has opened up his store with a well selected stock of

Groceries, Etc.

G. L. C.'s prices will compete with Bridgetown or any other town, as he buys for cash and takes discounts.

A trial solicited, which will prove his statements. Good prices given for farm products.

TERMS. — Oats, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Socks, Mits, or Cash.
dec27n37tf G. L. COLBRAN.

New Advertisements.

Apples!

John S. Townsend,
110 CANNON ST.,
LONDON.

CONSIGNMENTS of apples to their care receive the best attention, and proceeds are remitted immediately after sale.

Shippers are recommended to mail their Bills of Lading as promptly as possible to the above address.

dec 26—1y

Fertilizers for 1883.

BONE MEAL size about Cornmeal.
MEDIUM BONE " Oatmeal.
GROUND BONE " cracked Corn.

Manufactured at our Own Works.

"Ceres" Superphosphate,
THE COMPLETE FERTILIZER.

These goods are without doubt the finest ever offered to our farmers. Send for Samples.

Jack & Bell,
HALIFAX, N. S.

dec 26—6m

For Sale or to Let!

The subscriber offer for sale or to let the valuable property known as the

INTERCOLONIAL HOTEL,

situated at Bridgetown.
THE BEST HOTEL STAND IN THE TOWN.

Possession given the 1st of May.
For further particulars apply to
JANE BOYD.

dec27n37tf

Just Received:

A CHOICE VARIETY OF

CONFECTIONERY,
ORANGES,
LEMONS.
NUTS,
FIGS,

CANNED GOODS!

and everything that is required for the Holidays.

I make a Specialty of Canned Goods,

and the public may rely on getting the best Goods at the lowest possible prices.

R. Shipley.

Annapolis Royal Rink Company.
(LIMITED).

Incorporated March 10, 1882.

DIRECTORS:
John B. Mills, President,
Thos. S. Whitman, C. D. Pickles,
Geo. E. Corbitt, Alex. Shearer,
Fred Leavitt, Secretary.

A GRAND
Skating Carnival

will be held under the auspices of the above Company in their new Rink at Annapolis about the last of January, A. D., 1883, at which Carnival there will be disposed of by Ticket Holders

190 Separate Properties,

(including five valuable Real Estate Properties, valued from $1,200 to $5. Sixteen hundred tickets will be sold at five dollars each, giving to each ticket holder one chance in every 8 8-19 for a property. As this is one of the best chances of the kind yet offered to the public, parties wanting tickets should apply early.

Every information given by the Directors or the Secretary.

Tickets for sale by Messrs. Albert Morse, Barrister, and Harry Ruggles, Bridgetown.

Annapolis Royal Rink Co., (Limited),
n36] per FRED LEAVITT, Sec'y.

Fonthill Nurseries,
WELLAND, ONT.

WE beg to thank the farmers of the Annapolis Valley for the patronage extended to us during our summer canvass, and wish to inform them that our agents are again canvassing for spring sales, and will call on them for their orders. Please reserve your orders till our agents call, instead of giving them to unreliable Tree peddlars that may solicit them. We guarantee all stock

Absolutely True to Name!

Stone & Wellington.

4it40

Notice.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Farm formerly owned by James Ferguson, near the top of Mount Handley, on the east side of the road, containing

One Hundred and Fifty Acres.

If not sold by the First day of February, 1883, will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION, on that day at 10 o'clock, a. m.

ALSO:

A NICE SITUATION,

near the Bay Shore, consisting of House and Barn and five acres of Land, (Building lines new), will be offered at Auction if not sold before the first day of March, 1883.

GEORGE NEILY.

Brooklyn, Dec 19th, 1882.—4it40

Tell Your Friends

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY

Xmas Goods

IS AT

J. W. WHITMAN'S.

LAWRENCETOWN.

NEW,
NOVEL,
NICE AND
USEFUL ARTICLES.

Full Lines of STAPLE GOODS.

Dec. 18th, 1882.

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

OLD THEORIES TURNED TOPSY TURVY.

Pluck against Luck; Cash against Credit. My Business Principles Illustrated by five Cardinal Points.

FIRST.

My prices marked on each article guarantees low prices and equal treatment to all classes.

SECOND.

Quick sales are the life blood of a successful business. I prefer to wear out rather than rust out. Speedy sales insure advance styles.

THIRD.

Small profits are sufficient when the business is conducted on live business principles.

I Buy my Goods of Manufacturers and through Importers.

FOURTH.

Truthful representations, my word of honor, goes with every article I sell. No misrepresentations allowed. Goods are sold for just what they are.

FIFTH.

Polite attention shown towards all—lookers or buyers, rich or poor, one and all, receive the same unwearying attention.

Turn the above facts over in your mind. I mean every word of it. Examination carries conviction to the most skeptical mind. My expenses are comparatively small, and the magnitude of my business is such that a trivial profit suffices.

J. W. BECKWITH.

FLOUR,
MEAL!
RAISINS!!

Just Received

Per W. & A. R.:—

100 BBLS. FLOUR!

of the following Choice brands:

GOLDIES' STAR,
CROWN GOLD,
COOKS' FRIEND,
TRANQUILITY,
HOWLAND'S A,
T. ROSE.

10 bbls. Oatmeal,

60 BOXES
Valencia and London Layer's

RAISINS,

New and very superior.

Close buyers for Cash will do well to call before purchasing their winter supplies.

JOHN LOCKETT.

Bridgetown, Nov. 29th, 1885.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW DRESS GOODS.

Two Hundred and Fifty Pieces of New Dress Goods from

10 CTS. TO $1.50 PER YARD.

Send for samples if you cannot come, but come if you can, for it is impossible to sample my immense variety.

BLACK AND COLORED CASHMERES.

Having always made a specialty of CASHMERES, I am in a position to offer better bargains this season than ever before.

I also am making a leader of

BLACK AND COLORED VELVETEENS,

Laces, Gloves, Kid Mits, and all Wool Hosiery.

In these goods I have a very large line of medium priced goods in all the new styles.

J. W. BECKWITH.

Harness, Harness.

FOR SALE Very Cheap for Cash or Prompt Pay,

12 Nickel, Silver Mounted Harness.

ALSO:—All kinds of Harness made to order. Harness can be inspected and orders left at E. C. FOSTERS' Harness Shop.

N. H. PHINNEY.

Lawrencetown, Sep. 5th, 1882.—tf

THE Subscriber is still making up a superior quality of

UPHOLSTERED FURNITURE

—INCLUDING—

Parlor and Drawing-Room SUITS,

In Hair-Cloth and Fancy Coverings,

Sofas, Lounges, Mattresses &c.

All of the best material and workmanship, and at prices as low as is consistant with honest work.

He would call special attention to his

SPRING MATTRESSES,

the most comfortable and economical bed in use. Reference given to parties who are using them.

THOS. KELLY.

Bridgetown, Nov. 8th, 1882.

NOW ARRIVING:

Two Thousand Dollars Worth of Fall and

WINTER CLOTHING,

Perfect style and fit.

Please call and examine the quality of these goods before purchasing elsewhere.

Men's Fall and Winter Suits, from $8 and upwards.
Men's Fall and Winter Reefers, from $3.50 and upwards.
Men's Fall and Winter Overcoats, from $4.50 and upwards.
Men's Fall and Winter Ulsters, from $6 and upwards.

LADIES' ULSTERS AND SACQUES,

IN PLAIN AND FUR TRIMMED.

LADIES' HEAVY CLOTH ULSTERS,

From $1.75 and upwards.

LADIES' HEAVY CLOTH SACQUES,

From $1.75 and upwards.

Reasons for Selling at Low Prices.

I prefer selling $2,000 worth in three months at a profit of ten per cent., than $200 worth in the same time at a profit of fifty per cent.

J. W. BECKWITH.

John A. Brown & Co.

LAWRENCETOWN,

Are now ready to meet the wants of the County in their First-Class

Flour Mill!

Fitted with latest improved machinery capable of grinding choicest grades of Flour. Grist mill attended by a first-class miller.

They will also have on hand at all times Best Grades of

American & Canadian Flour
Cracked Corn and Feed,
Fresh Ground CORN MEAL,

From American K. D. Corn.

Always prepared to thrash grain and grind at once if desired.

Business conducted on Cash basis.

NOTE.—Our mill workes on wages. No grain toiled above quantity prescribed by law.

Nov. 1st, 1882.—n29ff

AT PRIMROSE'S
Drug Store
ANNAPOLIS,

Will be found the best assortment of

XMAS GOODS

PERFUMERY, SOAPS, and all TOILET ARTICLES, EVER OFFERED IN THE COUNTY.

tf36 F. PRIMROSE.

WANTED
BY THE
ACADIA ORGAN CO.

13 or 14 feet of Shafting,
Drums,
Loose and Tight Pulleys,
Circular Saws and Arbors,
Turning Lathes,
Belting, &c., &c.

Any person having any of the above Machinery (second hand and in good condition) at their disposal, will please address the

ACADIA ORGAN COMPANY,
35tf Bridgetown.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT!

Dr. J. R. McLean,
Corner Hollis & Salter streets,
HALIFAX.

Sept. 5th, 1882.—tf

Thomas J. Eagleson,
—Dealer in—
Fresh, Dried and Salt Meats,
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

TEAS,
TOBACCOS,
CONFECTIONERY,
CANNED GOODS, etc.

all of first quality, which will be sold low for cash.

Just received a fresh supply of that A. 1

AMERICAN OIL.

All kinds of Poultry bought at highest rates.

He also takes this opportunity to thank the public for their generous patronage extended him the last five years, and solicits a continuance of the same in the future.

Bridgetown, Nov. 14th, 1882.

A Proposal.

All those owning a horse should be thoroughly posted in the different diseases this noble animal is liable to be attacked with, and the different remedies for the same. A horse that is worth having at all is worth being taken care of. The better the care the better the horse. In order that all interested may become possessed of the above information, we will send to each and every present subscriber of the MONITOR who will pay up all arrearages and a year in advance a copy of DR. KENDALL'S TREATISE ON THE HORSE AND HIS DISEASES, post free. Every NEW SUBSCRIBER who will send in a subscription for the ensuing year shall receive this book of 96 pages free.

300,000

TULIPS,
LILIES,
HYACINTHS,
CROEUS, &c.

Catalogue to all applicants.

25 Tulips, assorted, $1.
8 Hyacinths, " $1.
4 Lilies, $1.
100 Crocus, mixed, $1.
20 Bulbs, assorted, $1.

By mail or express, prepaid, to any address in Canada.

Address

JAMES H. ANDREWS

WILLOW PARK NURSERIES,
Halifax, N. S.

General News.

—A new paper has appeared in New York. It is called the *Moon*, and is edited entirely by the Lunatics in the Ward's Island Asylum. The engraved heading is a view of the asylum, and is a fair work of art, though not equal to the production of the best artists.

—An old resident of Lunenburg County says that sixty years ago there were but three houses at Bridgewater, N. S., which was then called "LaHave Bridge." The town plot of Bridgewater—one hundred acres—was offered for sale at £15 ($60) but for a long time no purchaser could be found.

—Prof. Wiggins is about to write a letter to the Governor-General warning him of the storm which will sweep this continent in March next. He will advise, in case the Princess Louise makes a trip to Bermuda, that the voyage shall not take place in that month.

—The Rev. Dr. O'Brien, of Charlottetown, P. E. I, has received an official notification from Rome, of his appointment as Archbishop of this Diocese. The black drapery that has covered the Throne in St. Mary's Cathedral since the death of Archbishop Hannan was taken down on Friday.—*Herald.*

THE LAST OF THE MORAVIAN.—The steamer, which stood the gales and storms of the past twelve months, without much apparent injury, has finally succumbed to the force of the elements, and is now a hopeless wreck. During the gale of Friday, 15th inst., she broke in two, about amidships, the stern disappearing in deep water. The remainder of the ship is exposed to the sea, and it is expected will break up during the next gale. The foremast is still standing.

A MAGNIFICENT SIGHT.—A despatch from Bracton, Ontario, oil wells says:—

"Last night, while three men were working at a drill, the large sinker and drill, weighing over 12,000 pounds, were suddenly ejected from the hold, about 200 feet deep, and followed by a shower of stones and gravel; then a stream of water six inches in diameter rushed from the pipe, and this stream has been flowing steadily ever since. This morning, while a man was lighting his pipe in the derrick, the gas bubbling out with the water caught fire and continues to burn, the water and gas falling in a fiery cascade, and making one of the most magnificent sights ever seen in this country."

A Religious Newspaper.

We desire to call the attention of our readers to one of the largest, ablest, and most popular religious newspapers published—one that secures the best writers in this country and Europe, regardless of expense; has the best and fullest book reviews of any paper in the country; has able articles upon financial and commercial subjects; has departments edited by specialists and devoted to Fine Arts, Music, Science, Religious Intelligence, Missions, School and College, News of the week, Hymn Notes, the Sunday School, Legal and Sanitary questions, Biblical Research (something that cannot be found in any other newspaper in the United States), Farm and Garden, Insurance, Weekly Market Reports, etc.,—in fact, a newspaper which, with its twenty-two distinct departments, is suited to the requirements of every family, containing a fund of information which cannot be had in any other shape, and having a wide circulation all over the country and in Europe. We refer to THE INDEPENDENT, of New York, now called the largest, the ablest, the best. See advertisement, in another month, and send a postal card for free specimen copy.

—Some interesting notes concerning a Bow River ranch are given to the Winnipeg *Sun* by Mr. Chipman, formerly of Nova Scotia. He was one of the first to go into the cattle-raising business out there. Having selected a ranch in the Kootanie River, near Fort McLeod, he went down south and purchased 1,100 cattle and 120 horses, the former mostly Southern grades, and the latter native mares to be crossed with Percherons. He gives the cost per annum of raising a steer at $4, and as the value in Montana at three-years old is about $25 to $30, this will probably be about the value in Bow River country. He gives the opinion of several ranches as being at first unanimous to the effect that one acre of Bow River land would feed more stock than five acres of the best American districts, which opinion was afterwards changed to the effect that one acre of the former is equal to ten of the latter. He considers that three acres will carry one animal. The Government allows ten acres to each animal. Fifteen months ago there were only 1,500 animals in the district. Now there are fully 40,000 head of cattle and 1,500 horses, and the whole country from the boundary to beyond Fort Calgary on the north, and from the foot of the Rockies to 100 miles east, is taken up. Not one-twentieth of the ranches is yet stocked. Ten thousand head of cattle will be born there next year, and the men who brought in 40,000 this year will bring in 30,000 next year. At this rate there will be 250,000 head in three years and the export trade must soon commence. But there are 30,000 Indians up there to be fed, and every immigrant who comes in is a buyer of cattle. These facts will give some idea of the vastness of the business which is being built up in our Far West. It is to be trusted that the country will never have reason to regret putting so much land under license to the cattle ranchers.

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers,. 15c.

—Sixty tons of smelts were recently taken in one night, through the ice in the Miramichi river, within five miles of Chatham.

That Husband of mine

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

—Six three-masted schooners are to be constructed on the Basin of Minas next season. A company at Spencer's Island is building a ship of 2,000 tons.

—W. C. Anderson, a telegraph operator at Lachute, Que., has fallen heir to $750,000 by the death of his uncle in Scotland.

—No lady of refinement likes to resort to superficial devices to supply a becoming semblance of her former beauty. *It is health alone that kindles the fire that lights the countenance and brings back fresh tints of the apple blossoms to the faded cheek.* If anything on earth will do this it is Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which has already brought health to multitudes with whom all other means had failed.

Washington Letter.

(Regular Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18th, 1882.

Wonders will never cease. Another Saturday has been devoted by Congress to a diligent days work. Democrats as well as Rublicans seem to be possessed of the working mania, and so the two parties, acting together, have made a great stride with the regular business of the session.

A caucus of the Republicans was held Saturday for the purpose of taking counsel upon the civil service reform bill now under consideration in the Senate and it was decided to push the bill in that body. In pursuance of this decision, the Senate proceeded early on Saturday to take up this bill, and considerable discussion followed from senators of both parties. Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, exposed himself as not being a very ardent civil service apostle, and that he had no admiration for the bill. He further said it was an effort of each party to cheat the other, and the end would be that both would be cheated. Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, renewed his attack upon the bill. He said he believed that a change in the offices once in a while from top to bottom purified the public service; he would not keep any trained band of officials in office, but would muster them out by brigades. He felt confident that the Democratic party contained plenty of men and women competent to fill the offices. He quoted the examples of Presidents Jefferson and Jackson, and contended that they were perfectly right in turning out men from office who would use their positions against the policy of their administration. The remarks of this last gentleman voices the opinions of the majority of his Democratic colleagues; yet it seems strange to hear such opinions from gentlemen who were before the elections such ardent followers of George William Curtis, the Pioneer Civil Service Reformer. On the Republican side of the question, the subject was tersely stated by Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, when he said he wanted a law that would relieve persons in government service of the necessity of running around every time a change was made in the head of a department or bureau to seek influence in keeping them in office.

The House has had under consideration for several days the Post Office Appropriation Bill, in which the clause relating to the reduction of postage is developing some opposition. But discussion on the bill will be ended to-day, when probably the bill will be passed. Last session the Senate openly blamed the House for the long session for the reason, as it said, that the House purposely held back the appropriation bills, and the speeches made in the Senate on this subject were circulated as campaign documents by the Democrats. So, in view of this accusation, the House has left the subjects of civil service reform and reduction of taxation for the Senate to debate over, and applied *themselves* to the regular appropriation bills. When the Senate passes the civil service bill, (which will be the early part of this week) that subject will receive elaborate consideration in the House, and a great diversity of opinions and prejudices will be expressed.

There is considerable difference of opinion in the two Halls of Congress relative to the holiday recess question. It has been the custom to adjourn from the 23rd to the first week in January, but the Senate this year opposes such a long recess, and many senators say that Congress can adjourn over Christmas and New Year's day, and this will be "enough." But the members of the House and especially those who were "left" at the late elections, and who are consequently how "disinterested spectators," will not consider this "enough", as many of them have made preparations to visit their homes, and if both houses agree to the proposition of the Senate, they will be compelled to stay in Washington until they are released by the adjournment of Congress on the 4th of March.

This city without an investigation in progress is like the omission of Hamlet from the play. At present an investigation is being carried on by a citizen's vigilance committee relative to the too close and confidential business relations of thieves and government detectives. A number of citizens who had been robbed by thieves and burglars, and have since recovered their property by paying heavy rewards through the agency of detectives, have asked themselves why those thieves were never heard of or punished. Accordingly an investigation has been instituted to see if policemen and detectives are good for anything but petty go-betweens of the street banditti and the citizens who have been dispoiled of their goods. The investigation promises to be rank in developments, and, with the Star Route cases now on second trial, and the Dickson bribery case, to say nothing of Congress, will furnish something to write about.

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK

The Princess Louise will shortly go to Bermuda where she will sojourn during the winter. His Excellency will remain in the Southern States till the latter end of next week, when he will return to Ottawa on Saturday night to spend Christmas at home.

The Dominion Government has granted one million acres of land alongside Prince Albert settlement, Saskatchewan River, to the Land and Colonization Company of Canada, organized by Rev. A. J. Bray, of Montreal.

Moreland City, N. C., Dec. 20.—A woman, two children and three men landed yesterday from a large schooner off the Bar. The woman was fine looking and haughty and said she was a resident of St. Michel's Island, one of the Azores. She was accused of poisoning her husband and was condemned to death, but the sentence was commuted to perpetual banishment and separation from her children. She possessed vast estates, which through an agent she converted into money, and securing the co-operation of a schooner captain and crew, obtained her children, bringing the jailor and two of the guards, whom she was obliged to bring with her, as their lives would have been forfeited by her escape. The mate of the vessel said he received $600 for his share. The woman stated she intended to go to Boston.

Boston, Dec. 16.—Mrs. Langtry closed her engagement here to-night, and bade farewell to her Boston admirers in the *role of Miss Hardcastle* in "She Stoops to Conquer." She had a packed house and a very enthusiastic audience. Her engagement has been a financial success, the entire receipts for the two weeks amounting to $28,879.

Concord, N. H., Dec. 19.—Two shocks of earthquake were felt in various places in Southern New Hampshire to-night. Buildings were shaken, and in some instances crockery ware and pictures were jarred from shelves and mantles. With interruptions they lasted about ten seconds, and the people were considerable frightened.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 20.—The City Bank closed its doors this morning. There is said to be a deficiency of $500,000. The cause of suspension is said to be speculation in stocks and oil by the president, Charles E. Upton.

Ottawa, Dec. 21.—Mr. Ashworth, cashier of the Post Office Department, has won a seventy-five thousand dollar prize in a Louisiana State lottery.

Dublin, Dec. 21.—The secretary of Mr. Tuke's emigrant fund has issued an appeal for aid to enable distressed people in Ireland to emigrate to Canada and the United States. He says, so well are emigrants already sent out prospering that some have begun to send home money to assist their relations to emigrate.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—The Prussian Government intends to replace the Chambers of Commerce by Chambers of Economy, comprising artisans and representatives of manufactures, agriculture and commerce chosen by the constituencies. These Chambers will choose a council to act as the central association.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 43.—Lieutenant Harbor telegraphs from Yakoutsk that he has arrived there with the eleven bodies of Lieut. Delong and his companions. They will be sent to America.

*** Example is better than precept." It is well known that dyspepsia, bilious attacks, headache and many other ills can only be cured by removing their cause. Kidney-Wort has been proved to be the most effectual remedy for these, and for habitual costiveness, which so afflicts millions of the American people.

—Oliver Ditson & Co. send us as specimens of their week's work in publishing sheet music, the following. If as good a set as this is published every week, their counters must be very attractive.

"Bridal Rose Waltz" and "Bunch of Roses Galop," costing 35 cts. each, are two out of twenty easy pieces by E. Mack. The whole is called "Bouquet of Flowers." Teachers will be pleased to examine it.

"Valse de Concert," (40 cts.) and "Flower Song," (40 cts.) with lithograph titles, belong to another set of pretty and easy pieces, called "Chiming Bells," by C. Kinkel.

"Laughing and Crying," (25 cts.) and "A Story" (30 cts.) are brief, classical and a little difficult pieces, by Strelezki.

"Alas, how easily things go wrong," (35 cts.) by Cowen, "Twenty years ago," (34 cts.) by Boott, "Now was I wrong," (35 cts.) by Engel, and "Forsake Thee," or "Dich meiden," (30 cts.) by Franz, are four first rate songs by good composers.

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging irritation, inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchupaiba." $1.

For five cents, Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt., will send colored samples of all colors of Diamond Dyes, with directions.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

A Philological Study.

Having observed that you have wisely decided to discontinue a controversy with your Annapolis contemporary, unless driven thereto by strong provocation; and, supposing that the last issue of that curious sheet has not impelled you in that direction, I take the liberty of considering an absurd, but amusing paragraph, which you, doubtless, will pass over with silent contempt.

"The word "dabster" in common use "means one who is not proficient in his "art, one, in fact, who dabs what he "should paint. The real meaning, according to the dictionary, is exactly opposite—expert." Which being translated, means that the scholarly editor of the *Spectator*, having been caught by the sound of a word of which he did not known the use, was betrayed into paying a compliment to the *Monitor*. But the soul which rises above the rules of grammar and spelling is also above lexicography; so the brilliant genius coins a meaning and names it the common meaning. When we are told that a word which knows no other than a vulgar use, has one meaning in such a use, and an "exactly opposite" meaning in the dictionary, we profess to a start of surprise at the new discovery in philology. The word dauber, in common use—which is the only use—means a coarse painter. The word dabster is a corruption, not of the word daub, but of the word adept, and as a corruption, has a vulgar or common use only. And when the *Spectator* says this word has one meaning in common use and an opposite meaning in the dictionary, he states what is not the case—that, if he knows anything at all, he must have known is not the case. The truth is, the word is of low origin, and is used only by writers of an inferior class. Ignorance and presumption seem to be the capital on which the *Spectator* does business, and in this line, it must be confessed, its capital is something enormous. The above lucid study in philology would indicate that the profound editor allows considerable margin for the ignorance of his readers. In another place he tells his readers that mistakes in grammar or spelling "do not make a man much worse." That depends. Ignorance of navigation is not a very desirable quality in a ship-master; ignorance of law is not to be commended in a lawyer; ignorance of diseases and their treatment is not always a recommendation to a doctor. Perhaps in newspaper literature the whole order is reversed, and ignorance of the first principles of composition is the most important requisite to "journalistic experience." If this be so, the gentlemen who form the Annapolis Publishing Co. have a gem of an editor, who like all others of that stripe, the less he knows the more he writes.

PHILOLOGIST.

Annapolis County.

MR. EDITOR,—

I see you are making a "proposal" to your patrons to give them "Dr. Kendall's Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases" *free* under certain conditions. I verily believe, if all your old subscribers knew how great the boom you offer, your coffers would soon be filled by the payment of all arrearages, i. e. if you have been so unlucky as to have subscribers in arrears), and your list would soon be greatly swelled by the addition of the new names. I speak from experience.

I had a valuable horse that was taken lame about ten months ago. For a long time I could not tell what was the matter with him, but finally it developed into a spavin. I tried various remedies such as torturing by blister &c., but to no avail. A little over two months ago I sent and got a bottle of "Kendall's Spavin Cure," hoping it would prevent the lameness. I am happy to say it did do that and more, it entirely removed the spavin.

The keenest eye can discover nothing there. This statement has not been solicited from me by any person, but I give it freely for the benefit of all who may comply with your terms, and above all, for the benefit of that noblest of all man's servants—the horse. The book is valuable.

WM. E. HALL.

Bear River, Dec. 23rd, '82.

—We commend to the attention of our readers the advertisement of Mr. J. A. Perry's Novelties on the first page. 4i

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East Indiana Missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his fellows. The recipe, with full particulars, directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home, will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing with stamp or stamped, self addressed envelope to

DR. J. C. RAYMOND,
164 Washinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

Horse owners can not afford to overlook the wonderful success of Kendall's Spavin Cure.

For a long time there has been a need for just such a liniment as Kendall's Spavin Cure.

Republican City, Neb., March 31st, 1880. —I tried your Kendall's Spavin Cure, and it had the desired effect. It cured the spavin which other treatments failed to do. I did not use quite one bottle of your liniment. After the spavin was removed I drove the horse and his mate over 500 miles, from Linn County, Iowa, to Harlin County, Neb., with a load of 2,000 pounds, and made the trip in four weeks. Please send me your "Treatise on the Horse." Yours truly,

JAMES YELLENIC.

Valuable information—*Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* will positively prevent diphtheria that most to be dreaded of all dreadful diseases. Don't delay a moment, prevention is better than cure. No family should be without the Anodyne in the house.

To partially atone for our many sins during the year now closing we wish to expose a fraud. We refer to the *large* packs of horse and cattle powders now sold. Sheridan's are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. This statement is true.

—At a meeting of the stockholders of the New Brunswick Steamship Company held in St. John on Wednesday, it was unanimously decided to purchase or contract for a new steamer to take the place of the Cedar Grove.

—The manager of the W. & A. R. R. notified us last week that certain changes were to be made in advertising time-table on the 1st of January, consequently we will not alter the old time-table until we are made acquainted with the new arrangement.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

At Cutler, Me, Dec 18 schr Corbitt, from Annapolis for St Vincent (and sld).

At Boston—19, Elizabeth, Roy, Margaretville, Maria Catharina, Robinson, Annapolis.

At Annapolis—19, barque Cambria, Walters, Boston, schrs Oddfellow, Amberman, St. John, 20, Arctic, Bishop, Joggins.

At Salem, Mass—19, schr The Star, Robblee, Annapolis; 21, schr Atwood, Barteaux, Boston.

At St John—22, schr Bear River, Winchester, Bear River.

At Portland—13 schr Elizabeth, Roy, from Parrsboro, for Boston.

At New York—19, barque J W Oliver, Cogswell, from Dieppe.

At Philadelpeia—15, brgt Survivor, Slocomb, from Port Spain.

At Dunkirk—23, barque Mistletoe, Ferguson, from Philadelphia.

At Liverpool—12 barque J H McLaren, Delap, from St John.

At Calcutta—ship Lawrence Delap, Groves, from Liverpool.

CLEARED.

Frm Boston, 18 schr The Star, Robblee, Annapolis; 29, schr Atwood, Barteaux, Annapolis.

Frm New York, 18, brgt Annie Veale, Annapolis, [and sld].

Frm Annapolis, 15, schr Carribean, Mundas, Barbadoes; 15, schr Nettie, Como, Joggins; 18, Schr Willie Freeman, Griffin, Jordan River; 20, schr Oddfellow, Amberman, St John; R Leach, Shaw, Barbadoes.

Frm Newburyport, 19, schr Lord Mayo, Anthony, Bear River.

Sld frm New York, 15, brgt Baltic, Croscup, Buenos Ayres.

SPOKEN.

Nov 22, lat 48, long 30, barque Abram Young, Whitney, fm Newry for New York.

REPORTS, ETC.

Schr Xebec, Dunham frm Point-a-Pitre, was damaged by fire at Fernandina, Dec 18, while being fumigated. Fire was put out by tugboat, whose owners have libelled the vessel for services.

Brgt Belle Star, Morehouse, from Dunkirk, in ballast, put into St Nov 26, with loss of trassle-tree, sundry rigging and sails. She was repairing Dec 2, and had been chartered to load logwood at Hayti for New York.

Bark Annapolis, Woodworth, at Manilla, was ashoal near the shore on Oct. 21st, with 400 tons of sugar and 1000 bales hemp on board. Another report says she was ashore Nov. 3rd.

Schr Farland, McWhinnie, at Barbadoes, Nov. 28 from Annapolis, experienced a severe storm Nov. 16, and lost mate, one seaman and part of her deckload.

Marriages.

CONDON—VANBIARCOM.—On the 14th of Dec., by Rev. Isaiah Wallace, Mr. Thos. Bine Condon and Miss Mary Hayilah, youngest daughter of Mr. John Van Biarcom, all of Granville.

SPROWL—LONGMIRE.—On the 20th Dec., by the same, Mr. John W. Sprowl of Litchfield, and Miss Annie M., eldest daughter of Mr. John Longmire, of Hillsburn.

MACDONALD — WHELOCK. — At Nictaux, Dec. 25th, by Rev. John Clarke, Hedley V. MacDonald of St. Croix, Hants Co., to Alice M. Wheelock, of Nictaux.

BEALS—CALLAHAN.—At Inglesville, Wednesday, Dec. 20th, by the Rev. W. A. J. Bleakney, of Albany, Henry Beals to Freelove Callahan, both of Inglesville.

Deaths.

RUGGLES—At Springfield, Annapolis Co., of Diphtheria, on the 13th inst., Minnie, aged 2 years, 2 months and 13 days; Dec. 18th, Guilford, in the 11th year of his age; same day, Fremont, aged 12 years; and on the 22nd, Annie E. aged 7 years, children of Samuel M. and Olivia Ruggles.

RICKETSON.—At Bridgetown, on Christmas day, of consumption, Ella Elvira, relict of the late Walter Ricketson, in the 59th year of her age.

GRASSIE.—At Annapolis, on Sunday, 24th inst., of consumption, Addie, daughter of George R. Grassie, Esq.

GESNER.—At Annapolis, on the 21st inst., Phœbe B., beloved wife of G. P. Gesner, of Belleisle, aged 64, leaving eleven sons and daughters to mourn their loss.

WHITE.—At Lequille, Nov. 19, Mrs. George White, daughter of John and Agnes Spurr, aged 22 years.

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

CHRISTMAS AGAIN

FOR THIS SPECIAL OCCASION

WE ARE SHOWING A FULL LINE OF

Fancy & Useful Articles

Which cannot fail to please even the most fastidious. A call to examine our lines, shelves and tables will convince you.

XMAS PRESENTS,

To suit all ages, classes and denominations.

THE DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT

UNDER CHARGE OF **MRS. PONTON,** IS DOING FIRST-CLASS WORK

The Tailoring Department,

UNDER CHARGE OF **MR. CORDERE** IS TURNING OUT WORK SECOND TO NONE.

And now tendering our many thanks for the very liberal patronage that we have received in the past, and asking a continuance of the same for the future, we wish one and all a

A MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

Yours faithfully,

C. W. SHAFNER & CO.

BE IT KNOWN

That whereas a certain person or persons, either through malice or gross ignorance are circulating reports that this establishment has assigned, we beg to say that the report is a base falsehood and only worthy the source of its origination.

FIRST—We have not assigned;

SECOND—We do not intend doing so;

THIRD—We will make the person a Handsome Present who can show any just reason why we should do so.

CALL AND SEE US!

We are still at our stand at SOUTH FARMINGTON. Our stock is complete in every department. Where with a staff of obliging and efficient salesmen, and selling at our usual LOW PRICES for cash or prompt pay, we are prepared to supply the needs of the public in a manner second to none in the County. 5i439

HALIFAX MARKET REPORT.
CORRECTED EVERY WEEK BY
MUMFORD BROTHERS.
Mumford's Building, Argyle St. Halifax.

	c.	c.		c.	c.
Choice Butter,	21 @	23	Turkey, whole-		
Ordinary "	06 @	00	sale	13 @	15
Rolls, in boxes,	21 @	22	Ducks,	50 @	60
Eggs, in bbls.	30 @	32	Fowls & Chick-		
Hams & Bacon	11 @	13	ens,	35 @	45
Beef, ⅌ Qtr.,	4 @	6	Geese,	60 @	80
Hogs, dressed	8 @	8½	Partridges,	00 @	35
Mutton, carcass	4 @	6	Rabbits,	10 @	12
Lambs, "	5 @	6	Oats,	48 @	50
Veal "	6 @	0	Wool Skins,	75 @	90

Potatoes,	$ 1.10 @ $ 1.25
Hay,	11.00 @ 12.00
Apples,	2.00 @ 3.00
Carrots, per bus.,	$1.00
Parsnips, "	1.00
Turnips, "	1.00

SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church	7, p. m.
Methodist "	7, p. m.
Presbyterian "	None.
Baptist "	11, a. m.
Roman Catholic Church	None

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has opened a Blacksmith Shop in Bridgetown, on the street in rear of the Custom House. He is prepared to shoe horses and oxen and do general job work.

E. C. YOUNG.

Bridgetown, Dec. 19th, 1882.—1i

FUR CAPS, FUR CAPS. FUR MUFFS, FUR MUFFS.

Ladies' SACQUES & ULSTERS,

Ulster and Mantle Cloths,

—ALSO—

A good assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

MILLINERY &C,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Beaver and Plush Hats and Bonnets, Flowers and Feathers, Laces, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Wool Goods, Dress Goods, Plain and Brocaded Satins and Velvets, Plushes, Black Crapes, Satchels and Valises, &c, &c.

All at very moderate prices,

Socks, Eggs and Butter taken in exchange for Goods.

Mrs. L. C. Wheelock

Lawrencetown, 20th Nov., 1882.

Public Notice

HAVING purchased the Stock and rented the Store on Granville Street, lately occupied by the firm of Murdoch & Co, we take pleasure in informing the public that we will at once open up a large and well selected new Stock from the best houses in the Dominion, which we will offer at the lowest prices, in

Gen'rl Dry Goods,

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

Boots & Shoes,

HATS, CAPS, HARDWARE, &C. &C.

and everything that is usually kept in a Village Store.

To make room for New Stock continually arriving, we offer

Special Bargains

on our Whole Stock especially Boots and Shoes.

We will always keep in stock

FLOUR,
MEAL,
OATMEAL,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES AND
GENERAL GROCERIES.

all of which we place before the Public at the Lowest possible Rates, and ask them to examine our prices before closing elsewhere.

W. J. St. Clair & Co.

Bridgetown, Nov. 14th, 1882.

MOTTON & LONGLEY,

Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors,

AND NOTARIES PUBLIC.

137 Hollis Street,.....Halifax, N. S.

ROBERT MOTTON, Q. C. J. W. LONGLEY.

330 3m

J. M. OWEN,

BARRISTER - AT - LAW,

Notary Public, Real Estate Agent.

United States Consul Agent.

Annapolis, Oct. 4th, 1882—1y

1882. **Fall.** 1882

The subscribers have received

SEVERAL CASES

CONSISTING OF

NEW and FASHIONABLE

Dress Goods,

FANCY SKIRTS,
ULSTER AND MANTLE CLOTHS,
COL'D. CANTON FLANNELS,
SHAWLS,
WOOL SQUARES,

Promenade Scarfs, Fancy Hosiery, Kid and Cloth Gloves, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neckties, Braces, Shirts, Under Shirts, Drawers, Rubber Coats,

TWO CASES

Ready - Made Clothing,

Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers

in great variety.

A NICE ASSORTMENT LADIES' KID BOOTS.

The usual variety of

FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES.

These Goods are offered at Figures that MUST ensure a speedy sale.

PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

FREEMAN & MITCHELL.

Lawrencetown, Sept. 21st, 1882.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

THOS. R. JONES & Co.,

WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF

DRY GOODS, TEAS, &C.,

—AND—

Manufacturers of CLOTHING,

Announce the receipt of 713 Cases and Bales of British, Foreign and Canadian Goods, making our Spring Stock complete in the following departments:

STAPLES, DRESS GOODS, WOOLLENS, CARPETS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS, Velvets, Silks, Edgings, LACES, RIBBONS, and a large and well selected stock of Haberdashery.

FISHING LINES AND TWINES.

Owing to the large increase in our business we have added the adjoining building lately occupied by the post office, and are now in a better position than ever to attend to the wants of our customers and friends.

Our stock will be more than usually attractive this season, and terms and prices will be satisfactory to good parties.

Our aim is to secure Fashionable and Durable Goods, believing that they will, at right prices, command a ready sale. Inspection respectfully solicited.

ALSO—50 half chests Congo Tea, prime value.

New Goods received weekly throughout the season. Orders by letter or through our traveller receive prompt and careful attention.

THOS. R. JONES, & Co.,

Nos. 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, Canterbury St., St. John, N. B.

july 3

Acadia Organ Co'y.

BRIDGETOWN, : : : N. S.

The attention of the public is respectfully directed to the above establishment.

FIRST-CLASS CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS

are now being turned out, which are UNRIVALLED in WORKMANSHIP! ELEGANT IN STYLE, AND ARE UNEQUALLED IN TONE.

All Lovers of Music wishing to purchase a First Class Instrument will do well to call and examine those of our manufacture at our Warerooms. MR. J. P. RICE is now canvassing the County, and will take orders for instruments at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Tuning and Repairing

Promptly and Thoroughly Attended to.

N. B.—Strict attention paid to correspondence. Address, Acadia Organ Co., Bridgetown N. S. B. O. Box 18.

FACTORY:—At Bridgetown, in connection with Reed's Steam ure Manufactory. All instruments manufactured solely by the proprietors.

J. P. RICE. A. E. SULIS

The Attention

—OF—

WHOLESALE BUYERS

—AND—

COUNTRY TRADERS

IS DIRECTED TO OUR

Fall and Winter

IMPORTATIONS OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS

Embracing all the different classes of **British, American, Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,** With each department well assorted.

TERMS LIBERAL.

BEARD & VENNING,

18 King Street, St. John, N. B.

NEW GOODS!

BLACK broche Silks, Black Moire Watered Silks, Black guaranteed Gros Grains Silks, Colored Gros Grain Silks, for dresses and costumes, Black and Colored Trimming Satins, Wide Black Watered Sash Ribbons, Black Beaded Mantle and Dress Trimmings, White Hercules Braids, Phrygian Laces, French Woven Corsets, Ladies' long Lisle Jersey Gloves, Ladies' 4 Button Chamois Leather Gloves, Gentlemen's French Kid, Gold Cape and Cheverette Gloves, Gentlemen's London made Linen Collars (all linen), Black French Cashmeres, Applique Lace Curtains, Nottingham Lace Curtains, New Working Canvasses, Lace Braids, full assortment of all Lace Work. A full assortment of Black and Brown Silk Sun Shades, superior dye and finish—now on sale.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON, & ALLISON.

NOTICE!

I Hereby forbid anyone purchasing two Notes of Hand given by me to Charles Phinney; one, eight dollars, on demand, and one, twenty dollars, on five months. As no value for the same was received, payment will be resisted. ISAAC A. BENNET.

Wilmot, N. S., Oct. 20th, 1882.—n28 tf

New Advertisement

WITHOUT A DOUBT

W. H. Miller

has just opened and is showing one of the largest and finest lines of

MILLINERY

outside of the cities.

His **Ladies' Hats** consist of plain and fancy Straw, Felt, Satin, Plush, and Fur.

In trimmings, plain and brocade Silks and Satins, Velvets and Plush, Feathers and Flowers in great variety, Ladies' Sacques, Ulsters, Ulsterettes and Costume Cloths, Cashmere, Lustre, romenade Scarfs, Squares, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

Millinery done at shortest notice.

Also—A splendid Stock of BOOTS and SHOES, in French and American Kid, Womens' and Children's Pebble, Goat and Velvet, Carpet and Kid Slippers, Ready-made Clothing, Over Coats, Ulsters, Reefers, Suits, Coatings and Tweeds, daily expected.

Also—A choice selection of Tea, Sugar and Molasses on hand at prices as low as the lowest.

WANTED.—Socks, Yarn, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Apples, &c., in exchange for Goods.

Thankful for past favors and respectfully solicit a further share of public patronage

W. H. MILLER.

Middleton, Nov. 1st, 1882.—29tf

Grant's APPLE WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD GRANT, London, Liverpool and Glasgow.

All Bills of Lading to be sent to the head office, 30 Pudding Lane, London.

KNILL & GRANT, London.

F. C. WHITMAN, Annapolis, N. S.

Consignments of fruits solicited.

A frost-proof Brick Warehouse is now being erected at Annapolis, and will be ready to receive fruit about the 20th of October.

Apples received from the cars, (the train running through the building) warehoused and shipped via direct steamers or via Halifax or Boston as shippers may desire.

Fruit may be inspected or re-packed at any time.

Railway freights can be paid by the warehouse if not prepaid by the shipper.

Orders for dried fruits filled.

For further information apply to

F. C. WHITMAN.

Office—Head of Acadia Wharf.

Cable Address—"Cutler," Annapolis, Nova Scotia.

NEW YORK Enamel Paint Co.'s

Ready-Mixed

PAINTS!

WE have just received another large Consignment of the above, in different Shades and all size packages.

This article is fast superseding Lead and Oil, and is fully TWENTY PER CENT. CHEAPER and far more durable.

Many years practical test has demonstrated that the paints manufactured by this Company fully bear out what is claimed for them.

1st. They are the best and MOST DURABLE Paints made.

2nd. They are always ready for use and need no thinning.

3rd. They can be applied by the most inexperienced person with GOOD RESULT.

4th. They are not AFFECTED BY THE ATMOSPHERE.

5th. They will not "PEEL," "CRACK," "CHALK OFF," or "BLISTER."

6th. They have a more Even and Glossy Surface THAN ANY OTHER KNOWN PAINT.

Don't confound this with CHEMICAL MIXTURES called Paint. The "New York Enamel Paint Company" are one of the oldest established concerns in the United States, and their goods will do all they claim for them.

Please send for prices and samples

Address

Bessonett & Wilson

MIDDLETON, N. S.

Oct. 25th, 1882.

WISDOM & FISH,

Mill, Steamboat, and Railroad Supplies,

41 DOCK ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth, and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe, Steam, Gas, and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbitt Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus, Mich's Patent Saw Sharpener and Gummer, for Grinding Saws.

Estimates furnished; Lowest Quotations given on Special Supplies. [n8

The Subscriber

HAS REPLENISHED

HIS

HARDWARE

DEPARTMENT,

in which will be found:—

Nails, Spikes, Screws, White Lead, Glass Putty, Machine and Burning Oil, Cow and Ox Bells, Monkey Wrenches, Lanterns, Lamps, Burners and Chimneys, Iron and Steel, Shovels and Spades, round pointed and Square Sickles, Gong Bells for Sleigh Shafts, Hames, Horse Blankets, Halters and Sircingles, Curry Combs, Hair, Tooth, Nail, Shaving, White Wash, Paint, Scrub, Shoe, Horse, and Dandy BRUSHES, Brooms, Whisks, and Pails, Axle Grease, Rope, Mill Saw Files, Axes, Emery Cloth and Sand Paper, Carpenter's Bitts, Chalk & Lines, Shoemaker's Knife Sharpeners, Knives and Forks, and Spoons, Spectacles, Pocket and Butcher Knives, Razors, Straps, Apple Parers, Whips and Whip Lashes

Miscellaneous.

Men Boiled Down.

The average number of teeth is 31.

The number of bones in a man is 240.

The average weight of a skeleton is 14 pounds.

The weight of circulating blood is about 16 pounds.

The average weight of an adult man is 140 pounds 6 ounces.

The brain of man exceeds twice that of any other animal.

A man annually contributes to vegetation 120 pounds of carbon.

A man breathes 20 times a minute, or 1,200 times in an hour.

One thousand two and ounces of blood pass through the kidney every hour.

The skeleton measures about one inch less than the height of the living man.

A man breathes about 18 pints of air in a minute, or upwards of 7 hogsheads in a day.

The average weight of the brain of a living man is 5¼ pounds; of a woman, 2 pounds 11 ounces.

Twelve thousand pounds, or 24 hogsheads 4 gallons, or 10,781½ pints pass through the heart in 24 hours.

One hundred and seventy-four million holes and cells are in the lungs, which would cover a surface thirty times greater than the human body.

The average of the pulse in infancy is 120 per minute; in manhood, 80; of 60 years, 50. The pulse of females is more frequent than of males.

The average weight of an Englishman is 150 pounds; of a Frenchman, 130 pounds, and Belgian, 140 pounds.

The heart beats 75 times a minute; sends nearly ten pounds of blood through the veins and arteries each beat; makes four beats while we breathe once.

— A few years ago, says the Montreal *Star*, a scion of the *ancienne noblesse* of Canada married a clergyman's lovely daughter. The young man inherited a valuable seignoir, and his future seemed bright. Not long after his marriage, however, he relapsed into previously contracted fast habits, and plunged deeper than ever into the vortex of dissipation. The birth of a child did not check his downward career, and he treated both wife and child in a most brutal manner. In three years he had spent all his property, and also a small income of his wife, leaving her penniless. The expedients of borrowing and obtaining credit were next exhausted, and then to gratify his craving for drink, his household furniture, ornaments and wedding presents were pawned piece by piece, till all were gone except his wife's couch and the little infant's cot. Finally these two articles were sold for liquor. The devoted wife never breathed a word of complaint, but friends did all they could to relieve her. Three times the bed and cot were replaced, only to be renewedly pawned by the wretch of a husband. With no bed, no food, the wife was compelled a few days ago to seek support in the House of Refuge. Kind friends have since provided for her. This miserable husband, who three years ago indulged in a steam yacht and enjoyed the society of the *haut ton*, is now despised and shunned by everybody and a wanderer upon the streets.

EFFECTS OF LIQUORS.—Cheap brandy and absinthe are the causes of a large proportion of cause of insanity in parts of France. The United States Consul at La Rochelle, in his report on French brandies, points out the fact that no pure brandy is now made in Cognac and the district adjacent. He says that German alcohol, distilled from potatoes, is imported, doctored, and sold for brandy and that the French artisans and peasants, who formerly used light wines, have of late years used much of this so called brandy. He says: "Its characteristic effect is to produce an intoxication in which the patient is especially inclined to rage and physicial violence, while hopeless insanity is the inevitable consequence of presisting in its use, even for a relatively short period of time." It is at least worth the physician's while to know that there is no such thing as pure Cognac now.

The Stallion Record.

During the past few seasons several ineffectual attempts have been made to surpass the record of 2 23¾, made by Smuggler at Hartford, August 31st, 1875. In the fall of 1881, it was predicted that Santa Claus would triumph, but Smuggler still heads the stallion record. Jerome Eddy was one of those who were to cut down the record, as also was Black Cloud, but the former only got as far as 2 16¾, while the latter stopped at 2.17¾. The other stallions of great prominence on the turf since 1875 are Alexandria, Wedgewood, Von Arnim, Monroe Chief, Piedmont, Robert McGregor and Hannis, but only one of them has got within two seconds of 2 15¾. The triumph of Marvin with Smuggler was really greater than it seemed at Hartford. The horse which for six years has resisted the general overthrow of his record is stoutly bred. His sire, Blanco, was by Iron's Cadmus, by Beach's Cadmus, by American Eclipse, and his dam was a combination of pacing and running blood.

— Australia suffered from drouth last year no less than this country. In one district of New South Wales a "run" which carried 30,000 sheep last year had but 5,000 when mustered this season, and this was no isolated case. Meat rose from two cents to twelve cents a pound. A correspondent writes: "Owing to the tropical nature of the country, cattle breeders will never compete with the Americans of New Zealand."

— No man is more nobly born than another unless he is born with better abilities and a more amiable disposition.

— A Panama despatch of November 7th says: The Rev. Raymundo Gonzalez was publicly married in Guatemala in October. Knowing his conduct would be censured, he published a pamphlet in favor of the abolition of celibacy among Catholic priests.

For the Ladies.

Food for Children.

You will see, if careful to study the constitutions of different children, that the commonly accepted theory of "plenty of sweet milk as the best thing in the world for children" is a great mistake. If one of your little flock possesses a bilious temperament, that child should never drink clear milk, and but a moderate quality of diluted milk; and furthermore, such a child should be fed upon nutritious but plain food, avoiding sweet or rich condiments as much as possible. There are many productions which our gracious mother earth furnishes us, very healthful and strengthening yet but little known, or perhaps I should say comparatively little known. For instance, a preparation made from wheat, and called very euphoniously "grits!" This cooked quite soft by placing in cold water—three parts to one of the grits—and allowed to simmer (not boil) until the water is absorbed, will turn out a snowy mass very pretty to look upon, and if pressed in a mould really an ornamental dish for dissert. One thing is necessary, that is to put a little salt into the stew-pan when you put the grits on the stove. You can give the children all they wish of this dish with any sauce you like best. If you wish a nice pudding, add eggs, milk, raisins, etc., just as you do for a rice pudding. I know your little folks will like this dish.

Too much meat is injurious, I think, for your children. Twice or three times a week is quite often enough for such hearty food in warm weather; in winter once a day does very well, and even then it should take the form of a nourishing soup, if possible, twice during each week.

Ripe fruit is good for children, and a very good way to cheat doctors out of their fees is to lay in a stock of oranges and let each child eat one before breakfast every morning.

One fact I have fully established in my experience, and that is, whatever you give your children to eat or drink, you will miss your mark unless you are careful to have your little ones in bed early; by early I mean begin at seven o'clock, and have each curly head on its pillow by half past. A sickly child was brought up to a robust, rosy girlhood, merry and happy as could be desired, by pursuing this plan and allowing no deviation from it on any account whatsoever. So, you see, I know whereof I affirm.

About feeding between meals, I would say that I have made it a rule not to give cake for lunches between meals, but when the child was hungry for bread and butter have given that, or fruit when it lacked an hour or more of meal time, for it is not best to feed a child just before a meal.

Candy I wage an unmitigated warfare against, because it is so difficult to find any entirely free from one or both of those most hurtful substances, alum or terra-alba; the one put in to harden the candy, the other used in place of sugar. Rather than ruin a child's stomach, I would let it have plenty of sugar, white of course, and when candy is desired in place of sugar—for children will grow tired of one thing, we know—then have a candy making frolic. You can give the youngsters an unlimited amount of fun in this way.

I say a great deal upon this subject, because so many children are carried to the grave every year by reason of this 'adulterating generation,' to change a text to suit my need. Think of coating a child's stomach with such stuff as white earth! Horrible, is it not? Would you, Wilmot, when your child asked you for sugar, give it a lump of clay? Would you, when your child asked for cake, give it a bit of alum? Yet, when it asks for candy, you do the very same thing if you allow it to go to the confectioner's and purchase just what it pleases.

I have always put great faith in nature's cravings; so, if a child craves something tart, I think it altogether probable that his or her system needs an acid, and comply with such a demand, using my own judgment as to a kind and quality. I do not deem a great variety of garden vegetables necessary to the children's well-being, and should feel chary about giving more than one or two kinds, and those cooked plainly, for their dinner on a warm day in the summer or fall. In winter a heavier diet may be used. Of course, I would not give tea or coffee to children. 'White tea' is my favorite drink for my own young people: two parts milk to one of hot water, and sweetened slightly, though: I never knew this beverage to injure the most delicate constitution.

Another fact I have demonstrated to my entire satisfaction, and that is, to allow young children to sleep in the morning until they wake up of their own accord is to help them to keep pleasant and good all day. Nature knows how much rest each child or person needs, and will rouse them when she thinks they have had enough.—*Illustrated Christian Weekly.*

— A pretty penwiper that resembles a rose is made of twelve circular pieces of cloth of different colors, edged with crystal beads. Fold the pieces in four and fasten together in the centre with silk thread.

— An old and handsome mat for a small and handsome tete-a-tete set is made of felt. Make the centre of some dark colored felt, and then make a border of points of different colors and different widths. Button-hole stitch these with embroidery silk, fasten together at the center, and where the edges join catch with a few stitches. On the wider point fasten six brass curtain rings with gay colored embroidery silk and on the narrower points sew five rings. Fill in the enclosed circle with fancy stitches of the silk.

RICH SHORT CRUST.—To half a pound of flour, put not quite half a pound of butter, two ounces of finely sifted sugar, and the yolk of an egg; beat up with a tablespoonful of water. The butter, sugar and flour to be well mixed before the fire, then add the egg and water.

DYE WORKS,

GILBERT'S LANE, - - - SAINT JOHN, N. B.

MEN'S CLOTHES, of all kinds, CLEANSED or RE-DYED and Pressed, equal to new LACE CURTAINS, BLANKETS, CARPETS, &c. Cleaned by a NEW PROCESS, every week day. SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, DRESS MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS DYED. FEATHERS, KID GLOVES, TIES, &c., &c., CLEANED OR DYED.

☞ All Orders left at the following places will receive prompt attention. PRICES LOW Macaulay Bros. & Co, 61 Charlotte street; W. P. Mosse & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.; W. H. Killer, Truro, N. S.; P. H. Glendenning, New Glasgow, N. S.; Wm. Shannon, Annapolis, N. S.; Chipman & Etter, Amherst, N. S.; Miss Wright, Digby, N. S.; Robt. Young, Charlottetown, P. E. I., or at the DYE WORKS, GILBERT'S LANE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. L. LAW, Proprietor.

H. S. PIPER, AGENT, BRIDGETOWN.

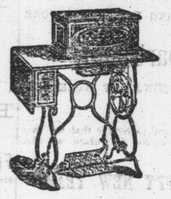
J. G. H. PARKER,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, CONVEYANCER, and REAL STATE AGENT.

Practise in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to.

OFFICE—Fitz Randolph's NEW BUILDING, Bridgetown. 7ly

DON'T READ ANYTHING BELOW THIS CUT!



WHY ARE MILLER BRO'S SELLING THE Improved Raymond Sewing Machines Faster Than Ever?

Because the people are finding out that it is *THE BEST* Family Machine.

All kinds of S. Machines kept in Stock, (having about 20 different kinds, American and Canadian) and if after trying the Improved Raymond it does not give perfect satisfaction, will exchange for any other kind.

☞ First Class REPAIR SHOP in connection with each office, where all kinds of Sewing Machines are repaired.

ALSO:

Agents for several first class makes of

PIANOS & ORGANS.

Address:

MILLER BRO'S.

Middleton, Annapolis Co. or, Charlottetown, P. E. I. or, Moncton, N. B.

DENTISTRY.

JAMES PRIMROSE, D. D. S.,

(Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College.)

OFFICE.—Lawrencetown.

LOST OR STOLEN.

EITHER at Middleton or Wilmot, or between these places, a Pocket BOOK containing five $5 bills, with a lot of valuable papers. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to the owner.

LEVI O. PHINNEY.

Middleton, Aug. 7th, 1882.—tf

Yours for Health Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND,

Is a Positive Cure

For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

A Medicine for Women. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

☞ It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

☞ Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely. ☜

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humor from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.

Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜ (1)

Factory at Stanstead P.Q.—Trade supplied by Wholesale Druggists.

Spring Stock for the Season of 1882 now Complete.

The Best Value in the Market Offered to Wholesale Buyers.

A MOST extensive stock of Writing Papers, Oblong, Square and Official Envelopes, Bill Papers, Foolscap, Letter and Note Papers, Blotting, Tissue and Oil Papers, Wrapping Papers, Paper Bags and Shop Twines, Ledgers, Cash Books, Journals, Day Books, Copying Letter Books, Invoice Books, Bill Books, Time Books, Index Books, Traveller's Order Books, Oblong, Note and Exercise Books, Mark Twain's Scrap Books, Puck Books, etc., Wallets, Purses, and Pocket Books, Stephens' Black, Blue Black and Copying Inks, an endless variety of Eagle and Common Penholders, Inkstands, Esterbrook's and all the leading Pens, Faber's Pencils, Slates Slate Pencils and School Chalk.

The stock of Birthday Cards, far surpassing any ever shown in Halifax, (order a 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 dollar lot.)

School Books, every book used in the Maritime Provinces for sale.

Second supply of Room Paper and Bordering just opened. Window Blind Paper, Plain and Satin, Green and Buff. Also—a large variety of American Figured Blinds at lowest prices.

THOS. P. CONOLLY,
Central Bookstore.
Cor. George and Granville Sts., Halifax, N. S.

CARD.

THE subscribers, having sold their entire stock, Groceries and Boots and Shoes to the firm of W. J. St. Clair & Co. would hereby tender to their many friends who have for the past six years bestowed upon them their liberal patronage their sincere thanks, and would solicit for the new firm, at the old stand, a continuance from their old customers.

Murdoch & Co.

We would also give notice to all having claims against us, to please present them at once; and those indebted to us by account or note, will make their payments at an early date.

They will find us at the old stand, (second door.)

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having any claims against the estate of the late Ward Neily of Salem, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested to within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment to

GEORGE NEILY,
or JOHN W. REAGH,
Executors.

Prince Albert, Wilmot, Dec. 20th, 1882. 3m pd

ANNAPOLIS, SS.,

County Court, '82

CAUSE:

WILLIAM H. FAIRALL and WILLIAM H. SMITH, Plaintiffs,
vs.
WILLIAM R. BEACH, Defendant.

TO BE SOLD AT

Public Auction.

By the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis or his Deputy, at the Court House in Annapolis,

ON SATURDAY,
6th January, A. D., 1883,

ALL the estate, right, title and interest of the above named defendants, of, in and to, all that certain lot of

LAND and PREMISES,

Situate, lying and being at or near Port George, in the County of Annapolis, and bounded as follows, that is to say: On the north by lands of James Wilson, on the east by the Handley Mountain road, on the south by lands of William Hayes, and on the west by lands of Charles Margeson, containing by estimation forty acres more or less, with the buildings thereon, the same having been levied on under execution issued on a judgment in the above cause, duly registered more than one year.

TERMS:—Ten per cent. at time of sale; remainder on delivery of deed.

AUGUSTUS ROBINSON,
Sheriff

A. MORSE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Annapolis Royal, Dec. 1-t, A. D., 1882 5t139

Notice of Assignment.

W. P. STRONACH,

OF Margaretville, Annapolis County, trader, has this day assigned to me all his real and personal property and effects for the benefit of such creditors as may sign the Deed of Composition within sixty days from the date thereof, certain preferential claims mentioned therein being first paid.

Said Deed has been duly filed and recorded at the office of Registrar of Deeds for Annapolis County. A duplicate thereof lies at the office of J. G. H. Parker, Esq Bridgetown, where it is open to inspection and signature by any person interested therein, or desiring to execute the same.

All parties failing to execute the same within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.

DAVID BENT, Assignee

Forest Glen, Wilmot, Nov. 23, 1882. tf

ENTERPRISE. STEAM TUG Eva Johnson.

HAVING purchased the above TUG BOAT, I intend putting her on the Annapolis River about the 25th of the present month, for the purpose of

Towing Ships, Rafts, Scows, &c.

Apply to

Geo. E. CORBITT
Annapolis, or to

Capt. James A. Hughes, Agent, Digby.
G. F. Miller, Agent, Bear River.
Samuel Potter, Agent, Clementsport.
R. FitzRandolph, Agent, Bridgetown.

Annapolis, July 11th, 1881.

PLOUGHS. PLOUGHS.

THOSE IN WANT OF

First-Class PLOUGHS

of different patterns, should call at once on

JOHN HALL,
LAWRENCETOWN.

TERMS, SIGHT. tfn40

Miss E. M. Bonnett

WILL be prepared by the middle of May to give instructions on the

PIANOFORTE AND ORGAN,

to those who may desire them.

Bridgetown, May 1st, 1882.

BILLHEADS EXECUTED IN THE BEST STYLES AT THIS OFFICE. GIVE US A TRIAL.

JOB WORK of every description executed at the office of this paper. NO SLOP WORK DONE.

PATENTS CANADIANS

can secure patents in the United States on the same terms as Citizens. It is best to patent first in the States, thus securing a 17 years patent; otherwise time will be limited two years. Total cost of United States Patent $60, only $20 on making application, the balance when patent is allowed. Total cost of Canadian 5 years patent, $34; for 15 years, $74. On receipt of model or drawing, with description of invention, we will send advice, references and circular free.

Address,

C. A. SNOW & Co.,
Solicitors of Patents,

OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Please mention where you saw this advertisement.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

Subscriptions will be taken at this office. Payments are made very easy and extend over a period of five or six years, enabling a person of very moderate means to secure this invaluable work.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IN order to meet the demands of our numerous customers, we beg to announce that, we have added to our extensive

Slipper and Larrigan Factory

the necessary Machinery for the Manufacture of

Men's, Women's, Misses', & Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES

in all the leading styles.

By continuing, as in the past, to use first quality of material, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage in our new branch of business, as well as a continuance of public favor in our old business.

Vincent & McFate,

240 Union Street, St. John, N. B

The most successful Remedy ever discovered as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

SAVED HIM 1,800 DOLLARS.

ADAMS, N. Y., Jan. 30, 1882.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gents:—Having used a good deal of your Kendall's Spavin Cure with great success, I thought I would let you know what it has done for me. Two years ago I had as speedy a colt as was ever raised in Jefferson County. When I was breaking him, he kicked over the cross bar and got fast and tore one of his hind legs all to pieces. I employed the best farriers, but they all said he was spoiled. He had a very large thoroughpin, and I used two bottles of Kendall's Spavin Cure, and it took the bunch entirely off, and he sold afterwards for $1800 (dollars). I have used it for bone spavins and wind galls, and it has always cured completely and left the leg smooth.

It is a splendid medicine for rheumatism. I have recommended it to a good many, and they all say it does the work. I was in Witherington & Kneeland's drug store, in Adams, the other day and saw a very fine picture you sent them. I tried to buy it, but could not; they said if I would write to you that you would send me one. I wish you would, and I will do you all the good I can.

Very respectfully, E. S. LYMAN.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

WINGHAM, ONT, Jan. 17th, 1882.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., *Gents*:—This is to certify that I have used Kendall's Spavin Cure bought from C. E. Williams, Druggist, Wingham, Ont., and do without hesitation pronounce it to be an invaluable remedy for the cure of Spavins, Ringbones or Curbs. I used it on a bone spavin of several years growth which is completely removed, and I can safely say it will remove any spavin, curb or ringbone if properly used. I have also recommended friends to use it, who have done so with perfect success. I gladly make this public, and will answer any questions or letters sent me. Yours, &c.,

GEORGE BRYCE.

From the Onconta Press, New York

Onconta, New York, Jan. 6th, 1882.

Early last summer Messrs. B. J. Kendall & Co., of Enosburgh Falls, Vt., made a contract with the publishers of the Press for a half column advertisement, setting forth the merits of Kendall's Spavin Cure, for one year. At same time we received from the firm a quantity of books entitled Dr. Kendall's Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases, which we are now giving to advance paying subscribers to the Press as a premium.

About the time the advertisement first appeared in this paper, Mr. P. G. Schermerhorn who resides near Colliers, had a spavined horse. He read the advertisement and concluded to test the efficacy of the remedy, although his friends laughed at his credulity. He bought a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and commenced using it on the horse in accordance with the directions, and he informed us this week that it effected such a complete cure that an expert horseman, who examined the animal recently, could find no trace of the spavin or the place where it had been located. Mr. Schermerhorn has since secured a copy of Kendall's Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases which he prizes very highly and would be loth to part with it at any price, provided he could not obtain another copy. So much for advertising reliable articles.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE ON HUMAN FLESH.

Vevay, Ind., Aug. 12th, 1882.

DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gents:—Sample of circulars received to-day. Please send me some with my imprint, printed on one side only. The Kendall Spavin Cure is in excellent demand with us, and not only for animals but for human ailments also. Mr. Jos. Yorle, one of the leading farmers in our county, sprained an ankle badly, and knowing the value of the remedy for horses, tried it on himself, and it did far better than he had expected. Cured the sprain in very short order.

Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vt. Send for Illustrated circular.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

nov 8

NEW YORK

ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS,

MANUFACTURED AT

ANNAPOLIS, N. S.

Plain and Ornamental Stone Work,

—SUCH AS—

WINDOW CAPS, SILLS, WATER TABLES, CHIMNEY TOPS, Round & Square, STONE EDGING, STONE STEPS of any design, COPING for Cemetery purposes, BURIAL CASES, CHIMNEY THIMBLES,

Monuments & Head Stones

of all descriptions; Ornamental Vases, Drain Pipe, Flower Pots, Flagging for Walks and Platforms, and all kinds of Stone work that can be manufactured.

We will warrant this Stone to stand any kind of weather, and the longer exposed the harder it gets.

We have now in the Woodland Cemetery, Annapolis, a lot of Coping, manufactured recently, which the public can inspect for themselves.

Orders solicited—satisfaction guaranteed.

Artificial Stone Works.

Annapolis, N. S., Feb. 16th, 1881.

JUST ARRIVED AT THE

Drug Store.

A Large supply of WALL PAPER. Also, all supplies required for schools—Books, Stationery, Pencils, Quill Pens, Inkpowders, Crayons, Seals, Wax, Wafers, Slates, Blotting and Tissue paper, Blank Books, Rubbers, Sponges, Rulers and Bells at Halifax prices. All kinds of SEEDS, at lowest figures. The balance of Paints and Oils at still further reduction.

L. R. MORSE, M. D.

Lawrencetown, May 1st, 1882. 1y

STRAYED

on the premises of the subscriber, about the 1st September, three yearling cattle. The owner of the same will oblige by calling and looking after them, and paying expenses.

W. R. TROOP.

Granville, Oct. 17th, '82. 27tf

BANKS & MERLIN,

Produce Commission Agents,

COLONIAL MARKET, ARGYLE ST., HALIFAX.

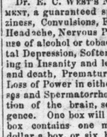
WE the undersigned have leased the above named Market where we carry on a Commission Business in the Produce Line. Ample room for Storage of Goods. Consignments carefully handled; Returns promptly remitted. Consigners will be kept well posted in Market Prices.

H. HAVELOCK BANKS.
WM. H. MERLIN.

n8 6m]

Health is Wealth.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six bottles for five dollars, sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by M. F. EAGAR, Druggist, Halifax, N. S. John C. West & Co., sole proprietors, Toronto, Ont. 25



BOSTON DIRECT!

Schr. Atwood,

WILL SAIL FROM

BRIDGETOWN TO BOSTON!

Twice a Month,

CARRYING

FREIGHT and PASSENGERS,

Parties wishing to secure FREIGHT ROOM will apply to

A. W. CORBITT & SON,

ANNAPOLIS, N. S.

PATENTS.

We continue to act as solicitors for patents, caveats, trade-marks, copyrights, etc., for the United States, and to obtain patents in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries. Thirty-six years' practice.

No charge for examination of models or drawings. Advice by mail free.

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the *Scientific American*, which has the largest circulation, and is the most influential newspaper of its kind published in the world. The advantages of such a notice every patentee understands.

This large and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published weekly at $3.20 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in any country. Single copies by mail, 10 cents. Sold by all news dealers.

Address, Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 261 Broadway, New York.

Handbook about patents mailed free.

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE for all diseases of the Kidneys and LIVER. It has specific action on this most important organ, restoring it to healthy action, stimulating the healthy secretion of the bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge. Malaria. Hundreds suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated. Kidney-Wort will surely relieve & quickly cure. In this season to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it. Get KIDNEY-WORT. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

BRIDGETOWN

Marble Works.

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURE.

THE subscribers are still importing and manufacturing

Monuments & Gravestones

Of ITALIAN and AMERICAN Marble.

ALSO:

Granite and Freestone Monuments.

Having erected Machinery in connection with J. B. Reed's Steam Factory, we are prepared to Polish Granite equal to that done abroad.

☞ Give us a call before closing with foreign agents and inspect our work.

DANIEL FALCONER. OLDHAM WHITMAN

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber is ready to receive orders for STONE CUTTING and PLASTERING, and also for GRAFTING. He has received a number of choice scions of the following standard sorts—Lady apple, Newton Pippin, Sack and Canada Red. All orders promptly attended to.

WM. M. MILLER.

Cleveland, March 1st, 1882.—tf

Schr. "IVICA,"

CAPT. J. H. LONGMIRE, will ply as a Packet between Bridgetown and St. John, N. B., this season. All freight consigned to him carried cheap, and handled with every care.

Also—Plenty of the best

LIME,

at vessel or out of store. Apply to

MRS. LONGMIRE,
Bridgetown.

ap19n1tf

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, owing to poor health, offers for sale or TO RENT his premises situate in Nictaux near Middleton, consisting of Three-fourths of an acre of Land, together with the buildings thereon, consisting of

Tannery, Shoe Shop & Dwelling,

Bark House with mill already set and good Stable.

Terms Easy.

For further particulars apply to ALBERT GATES.

C. W. ILLSLEY.

Middleton, Oct. 5th '82. 3mpd

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

Agricultural.

Experiments in Feeding.

The superintendent of the model farm at Guelph, Canada, gives us below the results of some experiments made there in cattle breeding:

1. A steady frosty winter is better than an open one in feeding cattle.

2. An average two or three-year old steer will eat its own weight of different materials in two weeks.

3. Two or three-year-old cattle will add one-third of a pound more per day to their weight upon prepared hay and roots than upon the same materials unprepared.

4. It is thirty per cent. more profitable to premature, and dispose of fattening cattle at two years old than to keep them up to three years.

5. There is no loss in feeding a cattle beast well upon a variety of materials for the sake of manure alone.

6. Farmyard manure from well-fed cattle three years old is worth an average of $2.30 per ton.

7. A three-year-old cattle beast, well fed, will make at least one ton of manure every month of winter.

8. No cattle beast whatever will pay for the direct increase to its weight from the consumption of any kind or quantity of food.

9. On the average it costs twelve cents for every additional pound of flesh added to the weight of a two or three-year-old fattening steer.

10. In Canada the market value of store cattle can be increased thirty six per cent, during six months of finishing by good feeding.

11. In order to secure a safe profit, no store cattle beast well done to, can be sold at less than four and a half cents per pound (live weight).

12. In the fattening of wethers, to finish as shearlings, the Cotswold and Leicester grades can be made up to 200 pounds, the Oxford. Down to 180 pounds, and the Southdown (grade) 160 pounds each, live weight.

13. A cow wintered upon two tons and a half of hay will produce not far from five tons of manure, provided that she be well littered and none of the excrements be wasted.

Take Care of the Stable.

1. Let your stable be well drained and sufficiently lighted. The vapors from a damp, putrid floor and the sudden change from darkness to light will almost certainly cause blindness.

2. Let the floor of the stall be quite flat and level. Standing on a sloping place is very painful, and causes lameness by straining the ligaments and membranes. It also produces grease and sore heels.

3. Every stall should be at least six feet wide, and nine feet long. This will enable the horse to turn around without bruising himself, and to lie down and stretch himself with comfort.

4. Let the stalls be separated by partitions, not by bars. They prevent the horses from fighting and kicking each other.

5. Let proper openings be made just under the ceiling to permit the hot foul air to escape, and proper openings at the bottom of the wall to admit fresh air. Impure and confined air will cause broken wind.

6. The fresh air should enter through a number of small holes, rather than a large hole, such as the open window. That prevents draughts, which cause chills and coughs.

7. The temperature of a stable should be that of a sitting room or a parlor: not over 70 degrees in summer, nor under 45 in winter. Hot, close or foul stable will bring on glanders or inflammation, while a very cold or damp one may cause an incurable cough or disease of the lungs.

8. Do not keep the hay over the manger. The steam and breath of the animal make it both unpleasant and unwholesome. If the hay must be kept over the horse, the ceiling should be of plaster. This will prevent the vapors from passing up to the food.

9. Have no opening into the manger from the hay-loft. Dust is very often thrown into the horse's eyes when fed in this way, and thus blindness is begun. The breath ascends directly to the food through the opening, which at the same time pours a continual draught down on the horse's head, thus causing chills as well as bad food. —*From Valentine & Co's 'Stable Hints.'*

CONTROLLING THE HORSE.—The reins may guide the horse, the bit may inspire him by its careful manipulation, and the whip may urge him forward to greater ambition; but the human voice is more potent than all these agencies. Its assuring tones will more quickly dispel his fright; its severe reproaches will more effectually check his insubordination; its sharp, clear electric commands will more thoroughly arouse his ambition, and its gentle, kindly praises will more completely encourage the intelligent road horse than the united forces of the bit and reins and the lash. No animal in domestic use more readily responds to the power of kindness than the road horse.

HAULING MANURE IN AUTUMN.—The *New England Farmer* recommends hauling manure in autumn, and says:—

It is a practice we have followed for many years, and thoroughly believe in it. We would spread it on the fields to be planted next year direct from the cart, and then cultivate it in lightly if time permitted, otherwise let it lie on the surface through the winter. On land that is fairly level there will be no waste that can ever be noticed, while the expense of carting will be scarcely felt compared to doing it in the hurry of spring, and on lands made soft by winter rains and frosts. If it were possible we would have every rod of ground that is to be planted next year manured this fall. Then there be no delay in the spring.

Joker's Corner.

A Modern Faust.

They sat 'neath a tree together,
In the sunlight gardens of Kew,
Mid the charm of the May-time weather,
And the English sky so blue.

From the daisies growing around them,
With their faces turned to the sun,
He gathered the largest and fairest,
Then pulled the leaves from one.

'What have you named your daisy?'
She asked with coquettish voice:
'Answer, sir; don't be lazy,
Who is the girl of your choice?'

His black eyes flashed upon her,
'Why, what a question from you!
Up pen; pas du tout; bescoup.
Ah! the daisy says beaucoup.

'What do you think I have named it?'
He said in tenderest tone;
Can't you guess the one of all others
I should care to call my own?

Her eyes looked deep and dreamy,
And her cheeks grew softly red;
'I think you had better tell me,'
She whispered with drooping head

'Well! if you will know,' he answered,
Scattering the petals white,
'It's that black-eyed girl from Boston,
I waltzed with twice last night!'

A CRUSHED DEACON.—'I hate to see a woman with rings in her ears,' exclaimed a good deacon; they ain't natural. If it was intended for a woman to wear them she would have been born with holes in her ears. The first woman didn't wear ear-rings, I'll be bound.'

'No,' remarked the quiet little man in the corner, 'nor anything else.'

The discussion was brought to an abrupt close, and the house adjourned without delay.

— Miss Faith Gray, of Burlington, Vt., about eight months ago married an old man of 60 and worth $2,000,000. He had the reputation of being the meanest man in the state. By some means she got the bulge on him, and he made a will leaving her his whole estate, and then died. This is another instance of Faith working wonders, although she had to wait until after she was gray to do it.

— 'John,' said the cashier's wife, dropping into the bank in the midst of a shopping trip, 'you forgot to leave me that money this morning.' 'What name?' asked the cashier, without looking up. 'Name! name!' exclaimed the lady. 'I am your wife.' 'No doubt, no doubt,' answered the cashier mechanically and going on with his writing; 'but you will have to bring some one to identify you.'—*Philadelphia News.*

— 'Papa, can I eat a little more currant tart,' said a little girl one day at dinner. 'No, my child,' he replied, 'I have already said you have had enough.' 'Well, then, papa, why do you have us sing that hymn so often which says, 'Feed me till I want no more'"?

HIS BOYS' NAMES.—Germans not long in this country invariably pronounce J as if it were Sh. A German, who only left the old country about a year ago, but who has become much Americanized, speaking nothing but bad English, recently remarked that all his boys' names commenced with S, hence that all their books and clothes were marked with that one letter.

'I suppose your boys' names are Sam, Simon, Solomon, or some such names?'

'No; my poys' names all pegin mit an S. Shon, Shim, Shake and Sherry.'

SORRY SHE SPOKE.—The Springfield *Republican* tells how a gentlemen took from his pocket after dinner a pair of solitaires and passed them to his wife. 'Humph,' she said, 'prize package, I suppose,' and she passed them on to her son. 'Dollar store, eh?' commented the youth. Papa smiled and replaced the card in his pocket. A few days later mamma said, 'Where did you get these earrings you showed us?' 'Well, a man submitted them to me at the store. They were only $9.50, but you are such a poor judge of gems that I thought it wasn't worth while to give them to you.'

HE DIDN'T CARE FOR ANY.—A story is told by the Nantucket Inquirer of a young married man in town, which will bear repeating. The young man, during his "courting" days, was very bashful. One day he was invited to attend a tea party at the house of a pious uncle of his sweetheart, and when seated at the table the good hostess requested him to ask a blessing, which so "broke up" the already bewildered young man that he unconsciously stammered out: "I don't care for any, thank you.',

— A traveller who had just read on the guide-post: '