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GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Saturday, 30th May, 1868.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General In Council.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given by the Act passed in the late session of the Parliament of Canada, 31 Vic. Cap. 8, intitulled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," and by the "Act respecting Raw Tobacco," 31 Vic. Cap. 51, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Regulations respecting the granting of Licenses and Permits to Tobacco Dealers, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1. Licenses to deal in Raw Leaf Tobacco and to enter the same ex-warehouse for consumption on payment of duty, may be granted by any of the undermentioned Officers on application being made in the proper form, namely:

All Collectors and deputy Collectors of Inland Revenue.

Such Postmasters not exceeding one in each Parish, Township or Municipality wherein there is no other Officer of Inland Revenue, as may be from time to time appointed by the Minister of Inland Revenue.

3nd. Application for a License shall be made in such form, and shall contain such information as may be required by departmental regulations and shall also state the name, place of residence and occupation of the person applying.

3rd. A License shall only be valid when granted on a form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue, and signed by the Commissioner; and any License may be forfeited by the Minister of Inland Revenue whenever he has satisfactory evidence that the person to whom it is granted has evaded or assisted in evading the payment of any duty to which Tobacco is liable, or that he has failed to comply with these regulations or any part thereof.

4th. Permits to take Raw Leaf Tobacco out of Bond or from the farm or premises where it was grown, for consumption, may be granted by the officers and persons hereby authorized to issue licenses, on application being made in the form approved by the Department, and payment of the duty to which the Tobacco would be liable if manufactured, that is to say: on

31 Vic. Cap. 51, sec. 4. Raw Leaf Tobacco, the growth of Canada, five cents per pound, be-

31 Vic. Cap. 8, sec. 31. ing the duty to which it would be liable if manufactured into Common Canadian Twist, and on Raw Leaf Tobacco not the growth of Canada, ten cents per pound.

5th. Every permit shall be valid only when the form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue and signed by the person issuing it—And every such Permit shall be delivered to and retained by the importer or grower of the Tobacco as evidence that the Tobacco to which it relates was lawfully removed, and the said Permit shall be produced by him whenever demanded by any Officer of Inland Revenue for the purpose of taking an account thereof.

6. All persons issuing Licenses or Permits under these Regulations or who receive any duty on Raw Leaf Tobacco entered for consumption, shall transmit all money so received to the Receiver General at least once in each week or oftener should the amount collected in one week exceed fifty dollars, and they shall account to the Department of Inland Revenue in such manner, at such times and in such form as may be from time to time determined by Departmental Regulations in that behalf.

7. All persons licensed to deal in Raw Leaf Tobacco shall keep an account of all that they receive or sell or otherwise dispose of in such form as may be prescribed by Departmental Regulations.

Government House, Ottawa,

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General In Council.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the Act passed during the late session of the Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 50, intituled: "An Act to increase the Excise Duty on Spirits, to impose an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and to provide for the Inspection thereof," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the Inspection and Branding of Petroleum, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1st. Refined Petroleum shall be tested by Taglibues Pyrometer or by such other similar Instruments

Inland Revenue Act, 1868, Sec. 17. as may be approved by the Minister of Inland Revenue, and all such Instruments shall be distributed under the Supervision of the Department of Inland Revenue, and shall be used in accordance with instructions sanctioned by the said Department.

2nd. Refined Petroleum which was on the 22d of May, 1868, in possession of parties who were not Refiners, may be allowed to pass inspection provided it bears a fire test of one

Sec. 12. hundred degrees of Fahrenheit Thermometer, without giving off vapor that will explode or ignite on the application of fire.

3rd. All Barrels, Casks, or Packages containing Petroleum which has been inspected shall be branded with

The date of the Inspection.

Sec. 17. The name of the Inspecting Officer.

The degree of heat at which the vapor produced by it ignited.

The name of the refiner, or if imported the name of the importer.

4th. Refined Petroleum may be warehoused and removed in Bond under the Regulations made by an order in Council on the 27th day of April, 1868. june 17 3i

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

Thursday, 28th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries and under the authority of the 19th Section of "The Fisheries Act."

His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following Regulations:—

Herrings shall not be taken between the Fifteenth day of July and the Fifteenth day of October in any year, on the spawning ground, at the southern head of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick, within the following limits, that is to say:—Commencing at the eastern part of Seal Cove, including the two Inner Islands (so called) at a place known as Red Point, thence extending westerly along the coast to the southern head of Bradford's Cove, and extending one mile from the shore; and all nets or other fishing material, apparatus, tackle or gear used for catching Herrings on any part of the said ground during the period above described, shall be seized and confiscated; and every person so using the same shall be subject to fine or imprisonment.

Oysters shall not be fished for, caught or killed between the First day of June and the First day of September in any year.

WM. H. LEE.
june 17 3i Clerk Privy Council.

Miscellany.

Widow Wiggin's Wonderful Cat.

BY EDWAD EGGLESTON.

Widow Wiggins was a wee, wiry, weird woman, with a wonderful cat—a very wonderful cat, indeed! The neighbors all said it was bewitched. Perhaps it was; I don't know but a very wonderful cat it was. It had a strange way knowing, when people were talking, whether what they said was right or wrong if people said what they ought not to say, wee Widow Wiggings' wonderdful cat would mew. Perhaps the cat had lived so long with the wee, wiry, weird, widow woman, who was one of the best in the world, that he had gotten her dislike to things that were wrong.—But the wee widow's neighbors were afraid of that cat. When Mrs Vine, a very vile vinegar tongued vixenish virago, abused her neighbors to the wee, wiry, weird widow woman, the Widow Wiggins' wonderful cat would mew. And so the vile, vixenish wished the cat was dead.

And when slender slinder, slim, slippery, Sly Slick, Esq., tried to persuade the widow to swindle her neighbor, the cat mewed furiously. And so it came that Mr. Slick did not like the wee widow's wonderful cat. In fact he said it was a nuisance. And Tilda Tattle, the tiresome tongued, town tale bearer could not abide the cat, because it mewed all the time she was tattling.

And so it happened that good Deacon Pettibone, and his wife, who was even better than the deacon, were about the only visitors the wee, weird, widow Wiggins had. As the deacon never said any harm of any body, and as the deacon's wife never thought any harm, and as the wee, weird, widow woman never felt any harm, the cat would be stretched out on the hearth all day, while these three good people talked.

But though the deacon was good, and his wife was better, yet the deacon's oldest son was not the boy he ought to have been some how or other, as it will happen sometimes; he listened to every body but his father and mother. Bad company led him astray. At first the deacon did not suspect him, but when he showed signs of having been drinking the deacon was very severe. I am afraid there was not enough of kindness in the father's severity. At any rate after a while Tom was told that if he repeated the offense he must go from home. Tom had gotten to be a hard boy.—The deacon felt greatly provoked. But when a boy shows to be unable to overcome temptation while he is at home, I am not sure that he will be any better if he is sent by himself. I don't think that helps it. But Tom was bad and so he had no right to complain. He yielded to temptation, and was sent away, his father telling him that he should never come back again. Deacon Pettibone thought he was doing right, but I am afraid he was angry.

Well when Tom got away he did not get any better. He went down faster. At last his health broke down. He thought of home as he walked around hardly able to stand up. But the deacon would not ask him back, nor would he encourage him even by a kind look to ask to be taken back, again. The deacon's wife tried to persuade him. She cried. But the deacon said he must not break his word. His wife told him that a rash word ought to be broken, where it did others harm. The deacon's wife grew sick, and the vile, vinegar-tongued vixenish virago said that the deacon was an old brute.

The tattling, tiresome tongued, town tale-bearer talked about a good many things that she might say, if she wanted to, and she did say that the deacon and his wife did not get on like angels. But the wee, wiry, weird widow Wiggins watched wearily by the bedside of the sick Mrs. Pettibone. And still Deacon Pettibone refused to break his word, though he was breaking his wife's heart, and breaking God's command, and ruining his son.

At last the sick mother, longing for her son thought of a plan by which to bring her husband to reason.

"Fetch your cat over the next time you come," she said to the wee, wiry widow woman.

And so when the wee, weird Widow Wiggins came again, the wonderful cat followed her and lay down by the stove. Soon after the deacon came in, looking very sad but very stern.

"Did you see Tom?" asked his wife.

"No I didn't," said the deacon, "and I don't want to."

"Mew?" said the cat.

The deacon noticed the cat and got a little red in the face. But he went on talking.

"I'll tell you what, wife, Tom has made his bed and he must lie on it, that's all!"

"Mew! mew! mew!"

"I can't break my word any how; I said he shouldn't come back, and he shant; so now there's no use in pining yourself to death over a scapegrace."

"Mew! mew! mew! m e-e o-w!" shrieked the cat, with every bristle on end, and her claws scratching the floor.

"Mrs Wiggins, I wish you would keep that miserable cat at home," said the deacon, and so the wee, widow woman took the wonderful cat and carried it home.

But the poor deacon couldn't rest. That night he thought he could hear that cat mewing at him all the time. He remembered that he had not seen Tom for some days. What if he were dying. It was a long night. The deacon had got to thinking how God had journe with him, miserable sinner that he was, and should he refuse to forgive his son? Then he thought of the touching and wonderful Parable of the Prodigal. And then in the stillness he thought he could hear something in his heart mewing at him.

At last daylight came, and he hastened to find Tom in a wretched garret recked with disease. He brought him home tenderly, and through kindness and God's mercy Tom got well both in his body and in his soul.

Perhaps, after all, there was no wee, weird, wiry widow woman with a wonderful cat—perhaps not; but I do know that down in your heart there is something called conscience, that mews louder than Widow Wiggins' wonderful cat when you have mean or unforgiving tempers. Keep on good terms with it, for if conscience bristles up at you, you may be sure that God is not pleased with you.

Hints for Housekeepers.

Wood ashes and common salt wet with water will soak the cracks of a stove and prevent the smoke from escaping.

Alum or vinegar is good to set colors of red, green or yellow.

Sal soda will bleach very white; one spoonful is enough for a kettle of clothes.

Save your suds for garden plants, or for garden yards when sandy.

Wash your tea-trays with cold suds, polish with a little flour and rub with a dry cloth.

A hot shovel held over varnished furniture will take out white spots.

A bit of glue dissolved in skim-milk and water will restore crape.

Ribbons of all kinds should be washed in cold suds and not rinsed

If your flat-irons are rough, rub them with fine salt, and it will make them smooth.

Oat straw is best for filling beds. It should be changed once a year.

If you are buying carpets for durability, choose small figures.

Scotch snuff put into a hole where crickets come out will destroy them.

A gallon of strong lye put in a barrel of hard water will make it as soft as rain water.

A DARK CONUNDRUM.—"Sam, why am de hogs de most intelligent folks in de world?" "Because dey nose every ting."

When is a greyhound not a greyhound?—When it turns a hare.

What sort of a drum is that which is best when it cannot be beaten? Why, a conundrum, of course.

THE THREE SPINSTRES.

FROM THE GERMAN.

I.

In the good old times of yore, there once lived a maiden who was so lazy that her mother, though she might say what she pleased, could never make her spin. At last the good old woman was so overcome by anger and impatience, that she gave her daughter a sound beating, at which she began to cry out lustily. Now it happened that the queen was riding by in her carriage just at that time, and, when she heard the weeping, she ordered the driver to stop, entered the house, and asked the mother why she was beating her daughter so violently that everybody who was passing could not help hearing the noise. Now the woman was ashamed that her daughter's laziness should be found out; so she said, "I can not keep her from spinning; she will ever and eternally spin, and I am too poor to buy flax for her.

Then the queen replied: "There is nothing that I so much delight in as spinning, and I am never so happy as when I hear the wheel whirring. Give me your daughter to go home with me to my castle. I have flax enough, and she shall spin just as much as she pleases."

The mother consented with all her heart, and the queen took the maiden away in the carriage with her. When they had arrived at the castle, the queen carried her to three rooms, which were full, from top to bottom, of the finest flax.

"Now," said she, "spin this flax for me, and when you have finished it you shall marry my eldest son. True, you are poor, but I won't mind that, as your unwearied industry will be a sufficient dowry."

The maiden was badly frightened, you may be sure, for she could not have spun the flax even if she had lived three hundred years, and had worked at it every day from morn till night.

As soon as she was alone she began to weep, and sat so for three days without stirring a finger. On the third day the queen came, and when she saw that no flax had, as yet, been spun, she was very much astonished; but the maiden excused herself by saying that she had not been able to begin her work on account of her great sorrow occasioned by her separation from her mother. The queen was satisfied with this, but told her, upon going away, "In the morning you must certainly begin to work."

II.

Now when the maiden was again alone, she was at a perfect loss what to do. As, in her despair, she was sitting before the widow, she saw three old women coming toward her, of whom the first had a wide, flat foot; the second, a great big under-lip which hung down over her chin; and the third, a very broad thumb. When they had reached the window, they stopped, looked up, and asked the maiden what was the matter with her. When she had disclosed to them her trouble, they offered to assist her, and said: "If you will invite us to the wedding and not be ashamed of us, and will call us your aunts, and, moreover, give us seats at your table, then will we spin away all the flax for you, and that in a short time."

"With all my heart," she replied. "Come right in now, and begin to work immediately."

Then she let the three strange old women in, and made a gap in the flax in the first room, which they sat and began to spin. The first drew out the flag and trod the wheel, the second moistened the thread, and the third twisted it and beat with her thumb on the table; and as often as she did so a skein of yarn fell to the earth, spun as beautifully as it could be. The maiden kept the three old women concealed, and whenever the queen came, she showed to her the pile of skeins already spun, so that there was no end to her praises. When the first chamber was empty, they went to the second, then to the third, and soon they were all finished. As the three old women were about to leave, they said to the maiden, "Do not forget what you have promised us. It will be for your good."

When she showed the queen the empty rooms and the huge heap of yarn, the latter began at once to make preparations for the wedding; and the bridegroom congratulated himself that he was going to have such a skillful and industrious wife, and praised her very much.

"I have three aunts," said the maiden, "who have been very kind to me, and whom I would not like to forget in my good fortune. Pray give me permission to invite them to the wedding, and to give them seats at my table."—Of course the queen and the bridegroom very willingly gave their consent.

When now the feast had begun, the three old spinsters walked in, dressed in the strangest sort of costumes; and the bride said, "Welcome, dear aunts."

"Ach!" said the bridegroom, "how in the world did you come by such ugly relatives?"

Then he went to the first, who had the broad, flat foot, and asked, "How did you get such a broad foot?"

"From treading a wheel," said she.

Then went he to the second, and said, "Do tell me where you got such a hanging lip."

"From licking flax," was the reply.

Then asked he the third, "And how did you get your broad thumb?"

"From twisting thread," said she.

Then the king's son shuddered and said: "Then my fair bride shall never, never again touch a wheel."

And thus, by keeping her promise, she got rid of the disagreeable flax-spinning, and became the bride of a king's son.

HAYMAKING.—As the season for making hay is approaching, we publish the following discreet advice to farmers, from the Ohio Farmer:

"Don't dry your hay too much. Hay may be dried till it is worthless as straw. As a good coffee maker would say, "don't burn your coffee, but brown it;" so we say, "Don't dry your hay, but cure it." Our good old mothers, who relied upon herb tea instead of "pothecary medicine," gathered their herbs when in blossom, and cured them in the shade. This is the philosophy of making good hay. Cut in the blosom, and cure in the shade. The sugar of the plant, when it is in blosom, is in the stalk, ready to form the seeds. If the plant is cut earlier, the sugar is not there; if later, the sugar has become converted to woody matter. Hay should be well wilted in the sun but cured in the cock. Better be a little too green than too dry. If, on putting it into the barn, there is danger of "heating in the mow," put on some salt. Cattle will like it none the less."

Hasty Meal Taking. The lawyer who stuck upon his office door, 'Gone to dinner, back in ten minutes,' might as well have added, I am killing myself by bolting my food, and then trying to digest it over my papers; at forty five I shall probably be either a broken down invalid or a lunatic, but in the mean time I am very much at your service. There is also a ghastly humor about that other story of the host in New England city, who asked his guest at midday dinner if he would mind eating his pie on the street as they walked along. There is a moral in this which fast business men should heed.

Bolting down food, anaconda fashion, may give one a little present time for business, but it will take away from life about as many years as the number of days saved by the rushing policy of meal talking.

COFFEE.—In the June number of Dr. Cornell's Guardian of Health there is a long article on Coffee, in which the Doctor says, "it is the best deodorizer and purifier of foul air in the world, and that roasting coffee should take the place of all other purifiers. It aids in digesting a hearty dinner, to take a strong cup; but taken on an empty stomach, or with but little food, it causes trembling of the limbs and induces other nervous diseases."

GOOD ADVICE.—Stop grumbling, mind your own business, and with all your might let other people's alone. Live within your means. Sell your horses. Give away or sell your dog. Smoke your cigars through an air stove. Eat with moderation, and go to bed early. Talk less of your own peculiar gifts and virtues, and more of those of your friends and neighbors. Be cheerful. Fulfill your promises. Pay your debts. Be yourself all you wo'd see in others. Be a good man, and stop grumbling.

GOOD MANNERS TOWARD ALL.—It is a very common but mistaken notion, that politeness is only required toward superiors, and this idea coupled with that other, equally common or absurd, that superiority consists in wealth or social position or some other accidental circumstance of life, gives rise to that petty asistocratic snobbishness with which even American society is seriously tainted.—The truth is, every man, however humble his station, who has not disgraced his manhood by positive crime, is equal of the richest and most exalted in the land, and deserving an equal measure of respect at the hands of his fellow-men. The motto of the real gentleman is, "In honor preferring one another."

ANNIHILATING DISTANCE.—An English paper notices the fact, that the result of the division in the English Commons, on the Irish Church question, was known in Washington, New York and Boston, within about an hour after the result was declared in Parliament. This was long before London generally knew of it. This cable sending of European news across the ocean, by which Europe and America are practically brought within a few hours of each other, has now become so common as hardly to excite any notice; and yet it is a daily miracle, at which every reflecting mind must feel constant wonder and admiration. It only remains for a flying machine to be perfected—and many ingenious minds are hard at work on the problem—and time and space will be practically annihilated; and all nations will become one people in respect to the facilities of intercourse.

ENGLAND SETTLEMENT IN NEW JERSEY.

AMMONTON TRACT OF LAND IN NEW JERSEY

centrel point of an extensive emigration from the ...ited, and the British Provinces, with large accessions from Pennsylvania, and even Illinois, Ohio, and other West... the year 1868 over 100 farms were purchased, ...ed to the settlement.

...ed last division of this tract, consisting of about TWENTY THOUSAND ACRES, ...yed, and is now offered for sale, in ...S OF TWENTY ACRES, ...on terms favorable to all actual settlers. Title ...

...apply personally or by letter, ... Street, or to RICHARD ... who will promptly reply to all letters.

...the Boston Agriculturist, August, 1868.

WHERE AND WHAT IS HAMMONTON? ...railroad for a most desirable settlement. It comprises thousand acres, mostly level, and lies partly in ...Camden, and partly in Atlantic county; distance ...es, or one hour's ride, south-east from Philadelphia. ...came to Atlantic City at the sea shore. Little Egg ...the tributaries of which water Hammonton in various ...valuable for cranberries. Pleasant Mills, six miles ...Hammonton Lake. The products of the sea, in ...fish, oysters, &c., may be daily consumed; and the ...market is close by, the best of great market for ...lies. Lands now in cultivation everywhere within ...of Philadelphia, north, south, east or west, are ...at three hundred dollars per acre. It is their vicinity ...ity and its environs, with eight hundred thousand ...ly fed, that gives such high value to all farms and ...Hammonton is the "new" New Jersey, ...Hammonton at the comparatively insignificant ...from New York as much ...by railway from that ...

...able for ...fine very light ocean breezes, which, light as it ...the elements of vegetation, and certainly produces ...Wheat, Corn, Rye, Barley, Oats, Clover, Marle, Green ...Irish Potatoes, Ipsy Plant, Peaches, Pears, Apples, ...Apples, Water and Nick Melons, ...of all the fruits and vegetables common to the Philadelphia ...and which more than, as it is well known to be, ...of food, fruit, and vegetables in the United ...in the world.

...consists of Hickory, white oak, maple, yellow ...but a small portion of which has been cut off ...for the use of the neighboring glass works, and ...covered only with small wood, easily cleared. In ...has trees not yet large, the standing wood may be ...small price.

...settled thither with in the past year, ...now number about one thousand ...Engineer, ... enterprise, subscribing ...up with an ... and fairly dwelling ...houses and cots, have been ...cut in farm lots of 20 acres and upwards, and ...sold and forwarded, and avenues and streets ...by direction. There are inexhaustible supplies ...on the land, which are very cheap and valuable ...water, pure, clear, finely sweet and never ...and may be ...wells from 8 to 25 feet deep. Living springs also ...

...the best in the United States, the latitude being ...south for cold, not enough south for heat. It is near ...ocean, and the atmosphere is tempered in summer ...breezes that come in from the ...the course of the great stream which leaves the ...directly east of Hammonton. No such thing as ...was ever known there. A more healthy spot can ...

...one to leave Maine, Ours is a goodly State, rich ...in wealth and social happiness. Those who are ...but will enough alone, and stay where they ...River or the Aroostook. But if any of our people ...have resolved to leave us and seek a more ...where they can cultivate the soil with a fourth part ...hard, and where they will not encounter the cold ...North, the sickly heat of the South, nor the malarious ...of the vast West, we would advise them ...Hammonton first, and there see and judge for themselves ...but little to go. The distance is only 87 miles, ...direct route. Hostiles, whereas the Mississippi Valley is ...from home. Hammonton is in the centre of the ...on the continent, being within one hour of Philadelphia ...hours of New York, and four hours of Baltimore ...benefit of intercourse with, as well as the market of ...cities and their vicinities. Could a more desirable ...

...The Camden and Atlantic Railroad run from Vineland ...Philadelphia, twice a day to and from Hammonton, ...who purchase lands and commence building in H. ...over the road for three months, and are carried at ...free years afterwards.

...Hammonton before you resolve to remove West, ...at least.

...Philosophical, Musical & Fine Arts. ...Importer & dealer in Am. & For'n Drugs, ...Chemicals, Re-Agents, 138 Washington st.

...FLOTHMAN, Philosophical and Chemical ...of kinds—at Corphish.

...Stained and Cut Glass, for Church windows, ...etc. Lancaster & Flock Glass, 135 Congress st.

...FORD, Engraving and LITHOGRAPHY. ...street.

...EW, Book and Newspaper ILLUSTRATOR. ...Washington street.

...Engravings, and other Works of Art, ...Retail 19 Tremont street, opposite the Museum.

...L.L. Mem. R. Inst. British Architects. Architect ...Boston Music Hall, the Parades of the Merchants' ...Building, etc. 29 Tremont Row.

...BLACK, Daguerreotype, Ambrotype, and ...Artists. Steam Daguerrean Rooms, 90 Washington st.

...CARLETON, Silver and Electro-Plating, ...and harness ware; door plates, pew numbers, etc.

...TER & McCURDY'S Dental Depots, 116 Arch ...and 291 Broadway, N. York; 16 Tremont Row, Boston.

...TER, Chronometer Maker. Old Chronometers ...and made to perform as well as new. 7 Congress st.

...Paper,—Law, Music, Instruction.

...CLARK & BROWN, Publishers, Wholesale ...and Stationers, 119 Washington street, up stairs.

...REEN & CO. Manufacturers of Printing ...Importers of Rags, 133 and 135 Federal street.

...& HOUGHTON, Attorneys and Counsellors ...at Law. Particular attention given to Colonial business.

...HAMLIN, Manufacturers of Melodeons and ...harmoniums. Cambridge st. corner of Charles. Illustrated ...Pamphlets, (32 pp. 8vo.) sent free, to any address.

...COTTAGE PIANO Manufactory. 6 Doc. ...300. N. M. LOWE, & CO., 57 Haverhill street.

...COMMERCIAL COLLEGE. Young men ...Counting Room. 129 Washington street.

...rovisions,—Wines, Liquors, Cigars.

...RBUSH, Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruit ...Produce, 22 Merchants' Row.

...& KNIGHT, Dealers in Beef, Pork, Lard, ...7 Commercial street, corner of East Clinton street.

...SON & CO., Foreign Spirits, Wines, Ales, ...in and out of bond; Agents for Charles Heidsieck ...State street.

...I. Wholesale dealer in Foreign and Domestic ...ign Wines, Tobacco Cigars, Teas etc. 5 East Clinton st.

Popular Hotels.

...OUSE, Bowdoin square, and TREMONT HOUSE, ...st., the favorite first-class hotels in Boston. PARKER STEVENS, Proprietor.

...HOUSE, Hanover st., a new, first-class House, ...with all the modern improvements, $1.50 per day. SAWYER & MARTIN, Proprietors.

...OUSE, School street, Boston. Kept on the ...an. A first class Hotel. H. D. PARKER & Co., Prop'rs.

...HOUSE, the largest and best arranged Hotel ...England, possessing all the modern improvements ...for the accommodation of the traveling public. LEWIS RICE, Proprietor.

Dr. Parker.

...oved to the Cottage in Queen st ...the Agency of the Commercial B ...opposite to the Sheriffs. ...ews, Nov. 19, 1867.

...on White Lead & Oil.

...the "Eleanor" from London, ...Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil, ...est ground White Lead, ...est Putty, &c. &c. J. W. STREET

Anthracite Coal.

...RedAsh Egg Co

SALT

...ks Coarse Salt. J. W. STREET

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...e, Water Street Sain Andrews, N. B

TERMS

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...discontinued until all arrearages are ...

...VERTISEMENTS ...cording to written orders or continued ...orbid, if no written directions. ...ion of twelve lines and under, 80 cts ...ition of do. 20 cts ...ion of all over 12 lines 8 cts per line, ...tion of do 2 cts per line, ...by the year as may be agreed on. ...s addressed to this office must

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TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, June 24.

Sunday next has been appointed a day of thanksgiving throughout Great Britain for the success of the Abyssinian Expedition.

The United States squadron under Farragat has arrived off Cowes

It is reported in despatches recently received from the Continent that the Italian Government has issued a circular note to the various representatives of that power in other countries announcing that Italy will remain strictly neutral in the event of war between France and Russia.

New York, 25th.

Gold 140½.

London, June 27.

In the House of Lords the debate on the Suspensory Bill was continued.

An immense crowd were present on the floor and in the galleries, and great excitement was manifested.

Lord Carnarvon regretted that his question was made a party measure. Ireland had never gained anything on the battle fields of politics. He criticized the Irish policy of the late Derby Ministry and he distrusted the policy of the present Cabinet. He thought it was safer for the Church to make terms with its avowed opponents than to trust its professed friends. If the Church of England fell into the minority his affection for it would remain, but his conscience would not support it as an establishment. He was in favor of disestablishing the Irish Church, but he would not disendow it. He concluded with the declaration that he should vote for the Suspensory Bill, amid great cheering from the Whig benches.

Lord Redesdale said this bill was sacrilege and the Queen's sanction ought to be barred by her coronation oath.

The Duke of Marlborough said the bill was only an effort of the Liberals to gain office at any cost.

Lords Dufferin and Romilly spoke in support of the bill, and the arch-bishops of York and Armagh in opposition

The Marquis of Salisbury said the bill should have been made to exclude future holders of benefices from compensation; but as this was not done he thought the object of its framers was to commit the Lords to some ulterior designs. This was no plan for disendowment, but its framers threatened that if it was not passed, worse would follow. If a worse one could be found they would have done it. He conceived of nothing worse than abolition. Inquiry should be made as to the right of spoilation. If envy and dislike were the reasons for it, it would not stop at Corporate property. He thought the Fenians would regard it as a "Sop." To save Land!—Land!—and not the Church was their object and the real badge of conquest. If the Lords became an echo of the Commons they had better not be Lords at all. He wished to yield to the opinions of the people, but if they acted prudently, honorably and independently they would probably interpret the wish of the people better than the Commons have done.

The Debate was then adjourned.

The Reform Bill for Ireland was read for the first time in the House of Lords and the adjournment took place.

Prince Alfred has arrived in England and is now at Windsor.

New York, 27.

Gold 140 ⅛.

LARGE FIRE IN BANGOR.

BANGOR, ME., June 24.—A fire broke out at half past ten o'clock to-night in the clothing store of A. F. Chase in a wooden block occupied by A. F. Chase, Mrs. A. Bickford, Low & Exter, Smith & Hallett, Wm. Chase and T. Roach. The block was entirely destroyed. A. F. Chase had a stock worth about $20,000, which was partly saved; was insured for $13,000. The other parties had light stocks which were partly insured.

12:15 A. M.—The fire is still burning, and may possibly extend to other buildings, though it is not probable.

GREAT GOLD DISCOVERY IN PERU.—According to accounts lately made public but which, perhaps, partake of the exaggeration customary in such matters, there are gold deposits in Peru equal, if not superior, in richness to any yet discovered in California or Australia. About a year ago the Peruvian government sent an expedition to explore the northern part of that country, on the banks of the rivers Maranon and Morona, which are tributaries of the Amazon. A steamer called the Napo was employed, under the command of a Major Vargas, whose official report recently issued, is alledged to show that "immense quantities of gold exist in the region through which the explorers passed." Such is the abundance that an Indian using only a simple wooden tray for washing the gold dust, can gather several ounces of gold in two or three hours. The savages are fierce, and any isolated parties are exposed to great danger from their attacks, "but those who will venture to remain only a few days may gather with the greatest facility extraordinary quantities." At New York the intelligence had created an impression that many persons would be attracted thither.

We learn from the Ottawa Times that the Court of Assize and General Gaol delivery for the County of Carleton, for the autumn circuit will be held at Ottawa on the second of September next. During this sitting of the court, the prisoner Whelan, charged with the assassination of the Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee, and his accomplices, will be brought to trial. The time that is fixed is the earliest period at which the fall courts could be held.

A RICH COLORED MAN.—Mr. Alfred Lee, the richest colored man at Washington, died on Saturday, aged sixty three. He was an intelligent man a good citizen long in the flour and feed business, and worth about $300,000

The following paragraph appeared in the Ottawa Times of the 22nd inst.:—

"We have reason to believe that the consideration of the subject of the Intercolonial Railway route was postponed, by the Privy Council, on Saturday, until Tuesday, in consequence of the non arrival of the reports of the exploratory survey from Mr. Schreiber, who under Mr. Fleming, had charge of the explorations. The question will no doubt be disposed of to morrow, provided the reports anticipated arrive in due course."

The latest Canadian papers contain the following telegrams from Ottawa:—

Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. Messrs. MacDougall, Tilley, and Langevin, have been appointed as a committee to assist the Speaker under the internal economy of the House of Commons bill.

The further consideration of the Intercolonial railway route has been postponed till Tuesday, the reports of the exploring survey not having yet arrived.

Clothing for the army and navy is interpreted by circular from the Customs Department, as including plain clothing imported specially for officers. It is also decided that advalorem duty on sugar and molasses includes the value of packages.

Belgrade, 26.

The late Prince Michael left a will in which he appoints his sister and two nephews as his heirs. The evidence elicited at the preliminary examination of the assassins of Prince Michael implicates Prince Kara Georgewich in the conspiracy.

New York, 27th.

Gold firm with little fluctuation in price.—Money continues easy. Flour shows a slight decline.

London, June 28.

The British steamship "Urgent," with Major General Napier and staff on board, arrived at Malta yesterday on the way to England.

New York, June 29.

Gold 140¼.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JULY 1, 1868.

BY AUTHORITY.

By His Excellency Colonel Francis Pym Harding, C. B., Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c.

F. HARDING.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Excellency the Governor General has issued a Proclamation for the keeping of Wednesday next, the first of July, as a day for the celebration of the Anniversary of the establishment of the Dominion of Canada:—

I do hereby appoint WEDNESDAY, the said first day of July, a Public Holiday in this Province, and invite all Her Majesty's loving Subjects to celebrate the said day accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Fredericton, the twenty-fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty eight, and in the thirty second year of Her Majesty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command

JOHN A. BECKWITH.

The above explains itself, and we believe will be respected by all classes, whether Confederate or Anti; for be it known, that among the conscientious Anti-Confederates there are loyal men, who will not sacrifice their love of country to mere party politics. True the legislation at Ottawa, and the system at present adopted for carrying out Confederation, have not given universal satisfaction to Unionists; but "Rome was not built in a day," and new machines, however well made, do not work as smoothly and satisfactorily as could be desired, it takes time to prove, and perhaps to improve them—just so with Confederation. All the departments have not yet been set in working order, and notwithstanding a large reduction was made during the late Session of Parliament in legislative expenses, there is still room for further economy; the number of employees will admit of being reduced, and their salaries saved to the Dominion; but to decry the Union because it does not come up to the expectations of its supporters, and perhaps increase the price of the staples of the country—make business brisk—and every one rich, is as unwise as it is puerile.

When the policy of the General Government has been established, and time given for its being carried out then if it does not meet the wishes of the people, they can, if they so will, return to their isolated position. The old adage "nothing venture nothing gain" holds good in politics as in speculation. That the principle of union is good, is not denied, and were those opposed to confederation, to devote their abilities to perfecting it, they would confer a benefit upon themselves and upon their native or adopted country. It is surprising that officials who obtain their living from the Confederate purse, should receive their salaries from a Union Government, the formation of which they opposed and which they affect to despise. It will not surprise the friends of Confederation should these gentry receive "a notice to yield up their seals of office." The principle will apply, we learn, to both classes of the public service, and has already received some attention in high quarters.

Capt. Bolton's Battery, St. George, has been ordered out, and will fire a Salute at noon to-day, in honor of the Anniversary of the Dominion.

It is probable, from reports which have reached, that the General Goverement has not yet decided upon the route for the Intercolonial. This we believe will be found correct as the announcement we made a few weeks ago, with reference to the appointment of a Lieut. Governor for this Province. We entertain the opinion that the British Government will decide the question of route, and every one who has given the matter a thought, knows that the Imperial authorities will not consent to a line west of the St. John river.

THE NOVA SCOTIA REPEAL question is still argued in the journals of that Province. Our Pictou contemporary and namesake speaking of the Delegates to the Mother Country sent by their local legislature to place before Parliament "the objections entertained by a portion of the people" of that Province, among other things says,—"We very much fear that they have not done much to place the Province in a favorable light before the people of Great Britain." He points out that the failure of the delgates did not disappoint many—that every step in the movement was a gross and almost unpardonable blunder. The following brief extracts will convey some idea of the sentiments of those opposed to the course adopted by the anti-unionists:—

"The resolutions passed by the House of Assembly were in themselves a mingled tissue of nonsense, and insult to the British Government. The gravest rights of the people were based and made to rest upon the most astounding falacies and outrageous assumptions which it was possible for the mind of man to fabricate or imagine. The sovereignty of the Parent State was denied, and all power and authority to legislate, respecting the relations of these provinces to Imperial interests, repudiated.—The British Parliament was approached, not in a spirit asking for a fair and candid consideration of the objections to Confederation, but with a vehement assertion that the Imperial Parliament had transcended its powers, and did not possess even that jurisdiction upon which they professed to found their appeal for a dissolution of the union. They were therefore guilty of the folly of impugning the authority of the tribunal before which they sought relief, and thus shutting themselves out of court."

The next weak point in the position of the delegates is thus pointed out, and is one that could not fail to attract the attention of the British Parliament:—

"The resolutions under which the delegation was appointed, were not passed except in one branch of the Legislature. They were not even submitted to the Upper House. This was therefore an inchoate and incomplete act of legislation which demanded investigation.—There was no contest between the Upper and Lower Branches of the Legislature, and therefore no reason why the resolution should not have been submitted to the consideration of the former. But we are not aware that any serious objections were raised on either of the above points, and the question of repeal was duly submitted to the Imperial Parliament, on 16th June. The decision was what every one expected—that the British Government and Parliament did not deem it advisable to reverse and annul a policy deliberately adopted, after mature consideration, without first giving it a fair trial."

We intend shortly to copy from the "Woodstock Acadian"—"An account of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway from its first inception in 1835,"—compiled by our townsman W. M. Buck, C. E.

The Pic Nic and Bazaar held at St. George on Saturday last was a most pleasant affair.—The Steamer Belle Brown took a number of excursionists from Calais, St. Stephen and St. Andrews, who enjoyed the trip. The day was as fine as could be desired, and we are happy to learn that the proceeds of the Bazaar amounted to a respectable sum.

The "Carleton Sentinel" is a fast friend to Mr. J. R. Hartley, and has recently taken occasion to set him forth as something beyond the common as an Engineer. To whom was Mr. Hartley articled to acquire a knowledge of engineering, how long did he serve, and where are his certificates or testimonials?—How came he to dub himself C. E.? How was it that (according to the Sentinel) when he "was only five days days in the woods he had discoved a line perfectly practicable for 15 miles," while thoroughly educated and competent engineers such a Schreiber, McLennon, and Buck, the engineers on other sections, were "floundering in the midst of difficulties." Will our contemporary enlighten us why this very clever, self-styled engineer, Mr. Hartley was dismissed, or recalled if he pleases. Is it probable that men of known scientific attainments appointed for the avowed purpose of obtaining a line for the Intercolonial Railway, would disgrace their profession by trying "not to find a line," as the "Sentinel" would have us believe. We feel interested with the people on this side of the Province, that the line should run as near the frontier as possible, and we cannot suppose that those gentlemen would lend themselves to an act so unprofessional.

EXCURSION TRIP.—After the 1st of July the International S. S. Company will run their boats for the one fare to Boston and return six dollars; the tickets will be good for thirteen days.

AN EFFICIENT PASSENGER AGENT.—Mr. H. F. Magee, the passenger agent of Warren & Co., 136 State street, is evidently an efficient agent. He forwarded on Monday, from the steamer Delaware to their destination, 750 passengers in less than three hours. Not a few of this large number were unable to speak a word of English. This displays lively management, and is an indication that some things can be done as well as others; and not only this, but that difficult things can be done with facility if the right man takes hold, as in this case.—Boston Post.

ITEMS.

A NEW SOURCE OF PLEASURE.—A lady in a Western New York city publishes a card stating that it gives her pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of the amount of an accident policy on the life of her husband, who was killed in a late railroad disaster.

The deposits in the Dominion Post Office Savings Banks for the month of May, amounted to $65,000.—News.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The National Division of Australia, was organized on the 11th of March last, the charter being granted by the National Division of North America.

—A young girl—one of the Arab children under the protection of the archbishop of Algers—states that she is the only child left of five in her family, the other four having been successively killed and eaten by their parents On search being made, the bones were discovered in the cabin.

—At Kingston, Jamaica, great enthusiasm is manifested in favor of the new floating dry dock, and subscriptions, to the amount of $12,000 sterling, have been taken up among the merchants, shippers and capitalists.

—The New York Herald narrows the presidential contest down to the alternative of the nomination of Judge Chase or the election of General Grant.

—The Midland Railway is to have a station in London, whose roof is composed of arches spanning 240 feet, making it the widest span of a single arch in any building in the world. It will afford accommodation for eleven lines of rails.

—The burlesque by Punch on "Foul Play," entitled "Chikkin Hazard," has been dramatized for the London Queen's Theatre.

—New York has received a rhinoceros by the Bremen steamer. It is four years old and weighs a ton a half.

—Protestant places of worship are increasing in all parts of France. In 1825 there were but two in Paris, now there are 52.

Texas must be an undesirable State for permanent residence. If statistics are to be believed, not a day passes in that hapless community without at least one successful murder and numerous assaults with intent to kill.—For the year 1867, reports from seventeen counties show: murders, 172; assaults with intent to kill, 225.

Fifteen tunnels, in all 6262 feet long, have been cut at the California end of the Pacific railroad, 137 miles.

The prospects for cherries are very poor throughout New England.

—The Wesleyan Methodists of South Australia are going to build a College to cost $80,000.

It has been found, while firing at the "running man" target at Wimbledom, Eng., which is scarlet on one side and grey on the other, that the scarlet dazzles the eye, and is hence the most difficult to hit, from leaving a red streak behind it, which unsettles the aim.—The grey side was struck seventy four times and the red only forty two times. It is a curious fact, too, that those with grey eyes hit fairer than those with eyes of other colors.

—A merchant who recently failed in New Orleans said to owe a Massachusetts creditor one million nine hundred thousand dollars.

—The New York Tribune says that a bride of that city received from her father on Saturday last a wedding gift of $300,000.

—Mrs. Gaines, in a card published in the papers of New Orleans, expresses her desire to compromise on liberal terms with parties occupying her estate, and invites them to take advantage of this, her last offer.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal has addressed a pastoral to his diocese, remonstating against the prevailing extravagance of dress, which threatens the ruin of many families.

Sir Wm. Logan, left Liverpool in the "Java" accompanied by an efficient staff, for the purpose of prosecuting the new geological survey in this country.

On the 1st July a banquet will be given in London to Cyrus W. Field, under the presidency of the Duke of Argyll, "as an acknowledgement of the eminent services he has rendered to the New and Old World by his devotion to the interests of Atlantic telegraphy through circumstances of protracted difficulty and doubt."

The International Steamships will make three trips a week between St. John and Boston from this date.

A FRIEND IN NEED.—Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is a friend in deed. Who has not found it such in curing all diseases of the lungs and throat, coughs, colds, and pulmonary affections, and "last, not least," consumption?

—The celebrated collection of Cremona violins formed by the late Charles Plowden, Esq. and regarded by connoisseurs throughout Europe as the finest ever brought together, has just been purchased by Mr John Hart of Princes street, Leicester square, the well known dealer, for two thousand pounds. The collection consists of nine violins by Stradigarius and Guarnerius.

Married.

At St Patrick, on the 24th ult., by the Rev. B. Franklin Rattray, of St. Andrews, Mr. James McRae, to Miss Sarah Stevenson, both of the former place.

On the 20th inst. at St. Ann's Church, Fredericton, by the Rev. Mr. Lee, Mr. John Breen, of St. Andrews, to Allicia Victoria Essington, of Fredericton.

Ship News

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS

ARRIVED.

June 25, Schr. Esther, Maloney, Boston, bal. last, master

26, Emma Pemberton, Britt, Portland, bal. E. Lorimer.

27, Harrie, Hunt, Portland, bal. E. Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen; Daisy, Sheehan, Portland, bal. E.

19, Utica, Maloney, Boston, Sundries; Maloney.

CLEARED.

June 24, Schr. Harriett, Britt, Boston, 9 sleepers, 665 M. shingles, Hanson Bros. Dreadnought, Calais, 150 M. shingles, Goodnow & Co.

To Whom it may Concern.

PARTIES having unsettled accounts on my Books by the 10th July will have them handed over to a Magistrate for Collection.

JOHN BRADLEY.

St. Andrews, July 1st, 1868.

Administrators Sale of Real Estate.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 1st day of August next, at 11 o'clock A M, in front of the store of the undersigned, on the portage in St. George, in the County of Charlotte, for the payment of the debts of the late Mehetable McCoull, of St. George aforesaid, deceased, in consequence of a deficiency of the Personal Estate of the deceased for that purpose, pursuant to a Licence obtained from the Court of Probate for the said County, the following land and premises, viz:

A lot of Land situate in the Parish of Saint George, on the road leading from the Lower to the Upper Falls, in the said Parish, on the East side of the River, about a quarter of a mile from the Town of St. George, containing about a quarter of an acre, conveyed to the said Mehetable McCoull by Thomas Barry, Esq.

Terms at day of Sale.

Dated 29th June, A. D., 1868.

HUGH LUDGATE,
4i Administrator.

FISHERIES OFFICE,

ST. JOHN, N. B., 11th June, 1868.

THE undersigned is directed by the Hon. Minister of Marine and Fisheries to give notice that FISHING LICENSES, to Foreign Fishing Vessels, to prosecute deep sea fishing during the year 1868 in the waters of Canada and Prince Edward Island, on payment of tonnage fee of Two Dollars per ton, will be issued at this office, and at the following places in New Brunswick:—

The Customs Offices at West Isles and St. Andrews; at Grand Manan, through the Local Fishery Officer; also at Miramichi and Miscou.

WM. H. VENNING,
Inspector of Fisheries,
for N. B. and N. S.

june 23. 3i

LOTS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber is authorized to offer for sale, those beautifully situated Town Lots, Nos 1, 2, and 3, in Block letter G. Morris's Division, of the Town of St. Andrews, known as the McGill lots; they possess many advantages as building lots, for situation, surroundings &c and would be sold at a reasonable rate.

Further particulars made known on application to

June 17. ROBT. GLENN.

DOG FOUND.

CAME to the premises of the Subscriber, a WHITE HOUND, brown and black about the head and ears, with a brass collar about his neck, the owner's name and office engraved thereon.

Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

H. N. CARLOW.

June 12, 1868. Wawelg.

G. F. STICKNEY,

Watchmaker and Jeweller

Has received a further supply of

Watches,

Jewellery, and Electroplated Goods,
Britannia Metal, Papier Machie, Wo
Parian Ware, Tea Trays
CUTLERY and HARDWARE
General Fancy and House Furnishing
Shooting and Fishing Tackle
Stationery;
Brushes, Combs, PERFUMERY and Fancy Soap,
Edge and Joiners Tools, Saws, Files, &c.
Pickles and Sauces.

CLOCKS, Watches and Jewelry REPAIRED and cleaned. Old gold and silver bought. Agent for Messrs. Lazarus & Morris celebrated perfected Spectacles.

Albion House,

MILLINERY WAREROOMS.

SECOND SPRING OPENING.

Having received a second supply of Millinery Goods per late English Steamers, they will be opened and ready for examination

Friday and Saturday next,

when the Ladies of St. Andrews are invited to call; they may rely upon seeing the

Newest and most Fashionable styles,

and can have their requirements in the Millinery line promptly supplied by

MRS. JOHN S. MAGEE.

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

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Shooting and Fishing Tackle

Stationery;

shes, Combs, PERFUMERY and Fancy Soa
Edge and Joiners Tools, Saws, Files, &c.
Pickles and Sauces.
OCKS, Watches and Jewelry REPAIRED and cleaned. Old gold and silver bought, or for Messrs. Lazarus & Morris celebrated erfected Spectacles.

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GENEVA, WHISKEY, BRANDY, &C.

To arrive per the choice New Lampedo, &c., via St. John.

65 Hhds.	"DeKuyper & Son" and J. H.
40 qr. Casks	Hinks best pale Geneva.
20 Hhds	"Hennessy" &
25 qr. Casks	"Vine Growers Co."
300 Cases	best Cognac Brandy.
2 Hhds	"Dunville & Co's" old
6 qr. Casks	Irish
20 Cases	Whiskey.
6 qr Casks	Fine old
30 Cases (B)	Dublin Whiskey.
3 Hhds	"Murphy's" fine Irish
20 qr. Casks	Whiskey.
40 Cases Guinness's Scotch Whiskey, qts. & pts.	
20 qr. Casks	Sherry and Port
4 Hhds	Wines.
1 Hhd old Malaga.	
1 Hhd	Claret Wine.
6 Cases	
20 Bbls. Refid. Crushed Sugar.	
100 Casks best stout Porter and Pale Ale.	
3 Hhds Allsopp's Ale.	
10 Cases "Guinness's" XX Porter, qts. & pts.	
20 Boxes Woodstock & Miners Pipes, &c.	

J. W. STREET.

St. Andrews, June 3, 1868.
(Courier and Acadian 1 month.)

Sugar & Wine.

Ex "Juliet" from Halifax via St. John.

3 Hhds.	Bright Sugar.
2 do	
7 Qr. Casks Port Wine.	

June 17. J. W. STREET.

LAZARUS & MORRIS,

PRACTICAL OPTICIANS & OCULISTS,
LONDON & HARTFORD.

Have appointed

G. F. STICKNEY, of ST. ANDREWS, N. B.,

Sole Agent for the sale of their

CELEBRATED PERFECTED

SPECTACLES,

Which have been extensively used in the New England States, the past eight years, and for which they claim the undermentioned advantages over those in ordinary use, the proof of which may be seen in their constantly increasing business during a residence in Hartford of 8 years.

1st. That from the perfect construction of the lenses, they assist and preserve the sight, rendering frequent changes unnecessary.

2d. That they confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an amount of ease and comfort not hitherto enjoyed by spectacle wearers.

3d. That the material from which the Lenses are ground is manufactured specially for optic purposes, and is pure hard and brilliant and not liable to become scratched.

4th. That the frames in which they are set whether gold, silver or steel, are of the fine st quality and finish, and guaranteed perfect in every respect.

They are the only spectacles THAT *PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT.*

And are cheapest, because the best, always lasting many years without change being necessary.

☞ One of the Firm will visit St Andrews, at the Store of their Agent, every four months, for the purpose of fitting those having difficult sights when any spectacles sold by their Agent during the interval fail be exchanged free of charge if not properly fitted.

☞ WE EMPLOY NO PEDDLARS.

E. & N. A. Railway.

Summer Arrangement
1868 OF TRAINS. **1868**

ON and after MONDAY, 11th May, until further notice, Trains will run as follows:

DOWN TRAINS—going east.

Leave St. John for Shediac and Point Du Chene at 7 a. m. and 1 45 p. m.

Leave St. John for Sussex at 5 00 p m.

UP TRAINS—going west

Leave Sussex for St. John at 6.15 a. m.

" Shediac for St. John at 7 and 11 a. m.

The 6 15 a. m. Train from Sussex and the 11 a. m. Train from Shediac, as well as the 1 45 and 5 p m Trains from Saint John will carry Freight.

Freight from St. John for Sussex and stations West, will be sent by the 5 p. m. Train only, and must be delivered at that Station before four o'clock.

Freight for Stations East of Sussex, must be delivered at St. John Station before noon, daily.

Freight to be forwarded from Sussex must be delivered at that Station at least one hour, and from other Stations than St. John at least half-an-hour before the advertised departure of any Freight Train.

Goods for Prince Edward Island must be accompanied with invoice, or outward certificate of value, to prevent detention at Point Du Chene

Goods intended for exportation at St. John to the United States, must, in addition to the invoice, when the value shall exceed $50, be accompanied by a U. S. Consul's Certificate.

LEWIS CARVILL,
General Manager.

Railway Office, St. John, N. B.,
May 2, 1868. may 6

MAGAZINE.

DEMOREST'S Monthly Magazine, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America: devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions), Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc.; all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies, 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free.—Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies $5 50; three copies, $7 50; five copies, $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber. Address

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST
No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America, together, $4, with the premiums for each.

ASSESSORS NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Assessors of Rates and Taxes for the Parish of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, will receive, until the 1st day of June next, statements in writing, from all liable to be assessed for the current year in the Parish of St. Andrews, of the real and personal properties and income they possess.

S. H. WHITLOCK,
JOE H. MEARS,
A. D. STEVENSON,
} Assessors of Rates.

St. Andrews, April 29, 1868.

BEST FAMILY FLOUR.

Just received from New York.

20 Bbls "Dexters" best Family Flour.
50 do Superfiee & Extra State.
100 bags Corn.

J. W. STREET.

St. Andrews, May 12, 1868.

Sheriff's Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and five o'clock in the afternoon on Saturday the 10th day of October next.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand whatsoever John Quinn had on the 28th February last, of in an to the following pieces or parcels of land, that is to say:—

Lot No. 4 in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, fronting on Water Street 31 feet, and extending to the rear 80 feet, preserving the same breadth more or less.

Also Lot No. 5, situate on the corner of Water Street, having 31 feet on said street and running back on the North West Line of Douglas street, preserving the same breadth 80 feet, adjoining lot No 4. Said lot being laid out according to a plan of the Pagan estate, made by Colin Campbell, Esq.

The same having been seized under an Execution issued out of the County Court of the County of Charlotte at the suit of George Connel, against John Quinn and one Robert Alexander, endorsed to levy £15 15s 7d with interest from 15th February last, with Sheriff's fees and incidental expenses.

ALEX. T. PAUL.
Sheriff of Charlotte

Sheriff's Office
St. Andrews April 8, 1868.

MARCH 24, 1868.

The undersigned offers for sale the following Merchandize remaining —in Store.—

20 Hhds	Best Cognac Baandy
10 Qr. Casks	Vintage '62, '63 and 1866,
20 Qr. Casks	Scotch & Irish Malt
2 Hhds.	Whiskey,
29 Hhds.	Best pale Geneva,
20 Qr Casks	

200 Cases Hennessy & V. G. Co, Pale and coloured Brandy,
300 Red and Green cases Geneva,
20 Cases Scotch Whiskey, qts & pints,
30 do Old Tom " "

25 Chests	Best Congou Tea,
40 half "	
30 Half "	Oolong "

10 Bbls. Refined Crushed Sugar,
20 Hhs. & Tcs. new Cienfuegos Molasses,
40 Bbls. London Porter & Pale Ale.
14 " " " " " pts.
6 Bags Coffee.
1 Chest Cassia.

2 Hhds.	Sherry & Port Wines.
6 Qr Casks	

30 doz old Port, Sherry & Maderia Wines.
30 " " Cognac Brandy vintage 1860 & 1862
6 Cases Champagne and Sparkling Hock.

PAINTS & OILS.

"Brandram Bros." best London white, yellow, black and green paints,
4 Hhds & qr casks best boiled and raw Linseed Oil,

WINDOW GLASS.

120 Boxes best crown window glass, assorted sizes from 10x8 to 32x22.
4 Qr casks French white wine Vinegar,
3 do Cider do,

J. W. STREET.

ALBION HOUSE, ST. ANDREWS.

JOHN S. MAGEE, will sell the balance of his stock of Mens Rubbers, best quality for 75 cents per pair, sizes 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

Childrens Rubbers in all sizes 50 cents,
Ladies do do 60 cents.

A lot of Remnants in Dress Goods, Coburgs, Lustres, Cotton Flannels, Tweeds &c., offered at cost prices, for cash only.

Our stock of Ladies Congress Kid Boots, will be sold at and under cost.

All parties indebted to the subscriber whose accounts have been rendered, are requested to pay immediately without further notice.

mar 17 JOHN S. MAGEE.

Bankrupt Stock of Flowers.

MRS. MAGEE offers for sale, a lot of Flowers suitable for decoration, and evening parties, at about one fourth of the original cost. Come soon in order to secure a choice. mar 18

FISH. FISH. FISH.

THE Subscribers have on hand and offer for sale:

20,000 QTLS. Pollock and Cod Fish.
ALSO.
Pickled, Smoked, and Fresh Herrings.
Fresh Fish constantly for sale.

CLINCH, McLEAN & CO.

S. Andrews, Jan. 15. (Car. Sen 4i

C. E. O. HATHEWAY,

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

WATER STREET, ST. ANDREWS.

ON HAND AND OR SALE LOW:

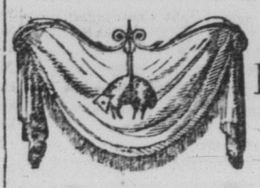
25 Barrels Kerosine OIL, Molasses, Sugar, TOBACCO, &c.

—Also at Retail—

A large and well assorted stock of Family Groceries, for sale at lowest CASH prices.

march 24. rm

GOLDEN FLEECE!



OCTOBER, 1867.

H. & P. CULLINEN

Have received per Royal Mail Steamships a general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Comprising French Merinos, all colors, French Poplins, French De Laines, Reps, Black Silks in great variety of extra makes, selected with special regard to durability, Alpacas, Baratheas, Coburgs, Lustres, Winceys, Poplinetts,

Irish Poplins from the house of Pim Bros.,

Black Silk Velvets, one case of Dress and Mantle Trimmings, Pilot, Beaver and Whitney Cloths, Under Clothing, Hosiery and Gloves, real French Kid Gloves, first quality; English and Scotch Blankets, Astragan and Lambskin Cloths for Mantles and Sacques, Linen Goods in white, brown and half bleached Table Cloths, Napkins, D'Oyles, Towelling, Turkish Rubbers, Hollands, Sheetings,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

In heavy blue and black Beaver and Pilot, Whitney and Melton Overcoats and Reefing Jackets, Sack and Shooting Coats, newest style, Black Cloth Dress Coats, Fancy Tweed and Doeskin Pants. Joseph Rodgers & Sons Table and Pocket Cutlery.

All the above goods are offered very cheap for cash either wholesale or retail.

St. Stephen, October, 1867.

TO LET.

The Cottage on the hill lately occupied by Capt. Bradford. It has a good cellar with a well in the same. There is also a Barn on the premises. For further particulars apply to

april 29. J. W. STREET.

1868 SPRING 1868

WANTED, WANTED 10,000 PERSONS TO PURCHASE MY GOODS.

JOHN S. MAGEE, calls special attention to the fact that he is now receiving his stock of New and Fashionable Dry Goods, consisting of the usual variety suited to the wants of the people in the Town and Country, which were selected with great care in the best markets, by himself and his agents. He is now in a position to sell many descriptions of Goods at lower prices than last season;

Unbleached Cottons commencing at	8	cents	pr yd
Bleached do "	9	"	
Print Cotton "	10	"	
White Cambric Hkfs, "	40		pr doz
Good Corsets "	50		pr pair
Ladies white cotton Hose "	7		
Skeleton Skirts new shapes	40	each	
Good delaine Dresses for	1 75		

Ladies and Childrens serge Boots at all prices.

Above are enumerated a few articles only of our varied stock, but we shall be pleased to have you call and examine, we invite everybody, and shall do our best to suit you, and sell you goods.

Remember the Albion House, directly opposite Mr. O'Neill's, corner of Water and King streets, St. Andrews.

P. S.—Cut this advertisement out and keep it for reference.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM fronting on the Maguadavic River, containing about 50 Acres of excellent land, about mile above where the ship's load. For a farmer or man engaged in coasting, it is a most desirable homestead.

H. N. McKENZIE.

St. Andrews, March 31, 1868. nm

NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid cutting or carrying away anything, or pasturing, or passing over the Property owned by the Subscriber from this date, any person doing so after the publication of this notice, will be prosecuted as the law directs.

ANN ARVIN.

Frye Road, St. Andrews, April 15. 1868.

BACON, SALT, &C.

The Subscriber has in store, and offers for sale —at reasonable prices:—

6,000 LBS. BACON,
2000 lbs. Leaf Lard,
500 Hams, smoked and dried;
100 Bbls. PORK,
500 Sacks Liverpool SALT,
2000 Bushels OATS,
100 do seed Barley,
50 do Harvey Grass Seed,
12 do Vetches,
500 do POTATOES,
600 lbs. Northern Clover Seed,
500 " Turnip seed,
6 Bbls. P. E. Island Oatmeal.

HENRY O'NEIL.

St. Andrews, 25, 1868.

KEROSINE. KEROSINE.

12 Barrels Kerosine Oil, also, Glass, Putty, Nails, Fine and Coarse Salt, Brooms, Pails, Snuff, Tobacco, Molasses, Tea, Sugar, Raisins, and a general assortment of Groceries, &c. For sale CHEAP at

Nov. 27. C. E. O. HATHEWAY'S.

New Brunswick & Canada Railway and St. Stephen Branch Railway.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT, 1868.

TRAINS leave St. Andrews for Richmond Station every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 a. m., and St. Stephens for Richmond Station every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 9.00 A. M.

Returning

will leave Richmond for St. Andrews every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 a. m., and for St. Stephens every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 30 a. m.

To and from Portland and Boston.

A Train will leave Richmond Station every Monday morning, at 2 o'clock, arriving at Saint Andrews in time for Boat to Eastport.

RETURNING—Will leave St. Andrews on Friday evening or Saturday morning, after arrival of Boat from Boston and Portland.

AGENTS.

D. J. SEELY, Water street, St. John; G. W. VANWORT, Woodstock.

HENRY OSBURN,
St. Andrews, April 29, 1868. MANAGER.

NOTICE.

CHARLES BRADLEY of Saint Andrews, Trader, having this day executed a Deed of Assignment of all his Estate and Effects to the undersigned for the benefit of his Creditors or such of them as will become parties to the said deed. Notice is hereby given, that the Trust Deed is lying at the Store of C. E. O. Hatheway, in St. Andrews, for inspection and signature by the Creditors.

Parties not signing within three months from the date of said Deed, will be excluded from participating therein.

JAMES BOYD,
C. E. O. HATHEWAY. } Trustees.

St. Andrews, May 27th, 1868.
Morning News please copy.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, June, 12 1868.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice: 28 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
june 22 Commissioner of Customs.

TODD, CLEWLEY, & CO.

WATER ST. ST. STEPHEN.

Offer the following Stock of Goods for sale on

Favorable Terms.

800 CHESTS superior Souchong TEA,
200 do choice Oolong,
25 do Japan, 10 do Young Hyson
250 Kegs Bi Carbonate Soda,
200 hhds. choice Muscovado Molasses,
50 " Grocers Sugar,
10 " White Clarified Centrifugal,
50 bbls Crushed and Granulated,
50 boxes 10s Tobacco,
50 cases Navy ½ lbs., 10 do Cavendish,
10 " Natural Leaf,
200 bbls. Canada Flour, per week;
1,000 " American do. Extra State,
2,000 bush. Corn, 1000 lbs. Nutmegs,
200 lbs. whole Cloves, 50 sacks Java Coffee,
25 sacks Rice, 10 bbls. Dried Currants,
100 boxes Layer Raisins, 1 case Citron,
100 bbls. heavy Mess Pork,
50 bbls. Kerosine, 110 Vapor Proof,
20 bbls. Kiln Dried Meal,

Together with a general assortment of **Groceries, Spices, &c.**

Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. oct 2y

Notice

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of Charles Gilliland late of the Town of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from this date, and all those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

W. WHITLOCK
D. CLARK; } Executors.

St. Andrews, April 29, 1868.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR

CONSUMPTION,

and acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be far the most Reliable Preparation ever introduced for the RELIEF and CURE of all

LUNG COMPLAINTS.

This well known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years; and when resorted to in season, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of

Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaint, &c.

The unequalled success that has attended the application of this medicine in all cases of

PULMONARY COMPLAINTS

has induced many physicians of high standing to employ it in their practice, some of whom advise us of the fact over their own signatures. We have space only for the names of a few of these:—

ALEX. HATCH, M.D.	A. A. GIBBS, M.D.
E. BOYDEN, M.D.	W. H. WEBB, M.D.
WM. A. RUST, M.D.	W. B. LYNCH, M.D.
R. FELLOWS, M.D.	A. SHILLMAN, M.D.
NATHAN PLUMMER, M.D.	H. D. MARTIN, M.D.
H. G. BARROWS, M.D.	WM. A. SHAW, M.D.
BRADFORD KNAPP, M.D.	A. H. MACANAIR, M.D.
SEYMOUR TRACHER, M.D.	S. H. FINLEY, M.D.

Such testimony

CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.

From the mass of evidence in our possession we select the following:—

From L. J. RACINE, Esq.,

of *La Minerve*, Montreal. "Having experienced the most gratifying results from the use of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, I am induced to express the great confidence which I have in its efficacy. For nine months I was most cruelly afflicted with a severe and obstinate cough, accompanied with acute pain in the side, which did not leave me, summer or winter. The symptoms increased alarmingly, and so reduced was I that I could walk but a few steps without resting to recover from the pain and fatigue which so slight an exertion occasioned. At this juncture I commenced taking the Balsam, from which I found *immediate relief*, and after having used four bottles I was completely restored to health. I have used the Balsam in my family, and administered it to my children, with the happiest results. I am sure that such Canadians as use the Balsam can but speak in its favor. It is a preparation which has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the remedy *par excellence*."

A CURE FOR WHOOPING COUGH.

ST. HYACINTHE, C.E., Aug. 21, 1863.

Messrs. SETH W. FOWLE & SON.

Gentlemen:—Several months since a little daughter of mine, ten years of age, was taken with *Whooping Cough* in a very aggravated form, and nothing we could do for her seemed in any way to relieve her suffering. We at length decided to try a bottle of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*. In three hours after she had commenced using it, she was greatly relieved, and in less than three days was entirely cured, and is now well. I have since recommended the Balsam to many of my neighbors, who have used it, and in no case have I known it fail of effecting a speedy cure.

You are at liberty to make any use of the above you think proper. If it shall induce anybody to use your Balsam I shall be glad, for I have great confidence in it.

Yours, P. GUITTE,
Proprietor of the *Courrier de St. Hyacinthe.*

Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,

and all those whose occupation requires an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the CELT REMEDY which will effectually and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is extremely

PLEASANT TO TASTE.

A small quantity allowed to pass over the inflamed part at once removes the difficulty.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS.

Remember, they imitate in name only, without possessing the virtues. Buy none unless signed "I. Butts" on the wrapper.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

IS PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & SON,

18 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.

And is for sale by all Druggists.

GRACE'S SALVE

This Salve is a vegetable preparation, discovered in the 17th century, by Dr. WM. GRACE, surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all as a public benefactor.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

Cures in a very short time

CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, RING-WORM, CHAPPED HANDS, BOILS, FROZEN LIMBS, FELONS, CHILBLAINS, PILES, CORNS, &c

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most angry-looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic, thus affording relief and a complete cure.

ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, BOSTON,
Wm. Proprietors.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

For sale by J. Inglis Street & J Ingram

Gin & Brandies

MAY 22, 1868.

Ex the "Waverly" from Charante and Cores" from Delftshaven, via SaintJohn

30 Hhds.	GENEVA.
24 Qr. Casks	
160 Cases	
7 Hhds.	Jas. Hennessy & Co.
25 Qr. Casks	best pale and col'd
50 Cases	Brandies.
15 Hhds	"Vine Growers Co's"
Qr. Casks	do. do.
Cases	

J. W. STREET

Original issues in Poor Condition
Best copy available

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.
THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL REMEDY,
STOPS THE MOST EXCRUCIATING PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES,
AND
RAPIDLY CURES THE PATIENT.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Proves its superiority to all other Medicines at once.
ITS FIRST INDICATION
Is to relieve the sufferer of PAIN, no matter from what cause it may originate, or where it may be seated.
If in the Head, Face, or Throat;
If in the Back, Spine, or Shoulder;
If in the Arms, Breast, or Side;
If in the Joints, Limbs, or Muscles;
If in the Nerves, Teeth, or Ears;
Or in any other part of the body, its application to the part or parts where the pain exists will afford immediate relief.

IF SEIZED WITH PAIN
In the Stomach, Bowels, or Kidneys;
In the Bladder, Spleen, or Liver;
In the Teeth, Ears, or Throat;
In the Brain or Nervous System;
One teaspoonful of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF to a wineglass of water will, in a few minutes, restore the patient to ease and comfort.
If Lame, Crippled, or Bed-ridden;
If Palsied, Scalded, or Burned;
If Bruised, Wounded, or Cut;
If Strained, Injured, or Disabled;
If Sun Stroke, or seized with Fits;
If Weak in the Spine or Back;

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

should be applied to the part or parts affected. It instantly relieves the patient from pain, and quickly heals, soothes, and strengthens the disabled parts. In all cases of bites of Rabid Dogs, Reptiles, Stings of Poisonous Insects, the application of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF to the wound will prevent inflammation and mortification.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Persons exposed to the Malaria of Ague, or if seized with Chills and Fever, will find a positive Antidote and Cure in Radway's Ready Relief. Take two teaspoonsful of the Ready Relief, in a wine glass of water, be taken on getting out of bed in the morning, and however exposed to malaria you will escape.

WHEN SEIZED WITH
CHOLERA, or Diarrhœa, or Flux;
Dysentery, Cramps, and Spasms;
Bilious Cholic, or Gastritis;
Scarlet, Typhoid, or other Fevers;
Influenza, Coughs, or Colds;
Inflammation of the Stomach or Bowels;

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

SHOULD BE TAKEN INTERNALLY.

One dose will stop the pain; its continued use will, in a few hours, cure the patient.

HOW IT CURES.

The secondary indication of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is to cure the patient of the disease or malady that occasions the pain; this it accomplishes rapidly and radically. *So swift* is the patient transformed from pain, misery, weakness, and decrepitude, to the delight, enjoyment of health and strength, that patients frequently ascribe its talismanic power to the supernatural influence of enchantment.

RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, GOUT, NEURALGIA, TOOTH ACHE, CROUP, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT, QUINSY, DIFFICULT BREATHING, LOCKJAW, BRONCHITIS, INFLAMMATIONS, ENLARGEMENT, TENDERNESS, HEADACHE, NERVOUSNESS, ASTHMA, or HARD BREATHING.

It is truly marvellous how quick RADWAY'S READY RELIEF cures the sufferers of these maladies. The poor crippled, and pain-racked Rheumatic has not to wait days before a change takes place, but in a few minutes derives ease and comfort.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM CURED.

Twenty Years of Sleepless Nights.

Wm. Sydney Myers, Esq., of Havana, Cuba, the correspondent of the London Times, suffered with Acute and Chronic Rheumatism for twenty-five years, and for twenty years he had not enjoyed one whole night's calm rest. He applied RADWAY'S READY RELIEF—it immediately gave him ease and secured him the first calm and undisturbed sleep during the twenty years. The continued use of the READY RELIEF cured him.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.
THERE IS NO OCCASION FOR SICKNESS.

When you first feel pain, then take a teaspoonful of the READY RELIEF in water; or apply it to the parts where you feel the discomfort.

ALL MALIGNANT DISEASES
first give warning of their presence, and if met promptly before they become securely intrenched within the system, will be readily expelled.

SIGNS OF SICKNESS.
Headache, Pains in the Limbs—in the Stomach, Bowels, and Kidneys—Cold Chills, and Hot Flushes, Coated Tongue, Burning Skin, Nausea, Shivering, Dullness, Loss of Appetite, Restlessness, Giddiness, &c., &c., are premonitory symptoms of Malignant Diseases. One dose of the READY RELIEF is sufficient to break up and expel diseased action, and restore the patient to health.

SOLDIERS.

Every soldier should carry with him a supply of Radway's Ready Relief. It supplies the place of all other medicines; and as a beverage, a teaspoonful of the Relief, to a wine-glass of water, is a nicer, pleasanter stimulant than brandy, whisky, or bitters.

SICKNESS PREVENTED IN THE 8TH MAINE REGT.

Eighth Maine regiment, Serg't C. P. Lord, writes that Radway's Ready Relief saved the regiment from death when quartered at Tybee Island, S. C., when working in the swamps, erecting fortifications. Every man seized with Typhoid and other Fevers, Fever and Ague, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Rheumatism, was cured by the use of the Ready Relief.

CAUTION.

In all cases ask for Radway's Ready Relief. Take no other. See that the signature of Radway & Co. is on the outside label of each bottle. Every agent is supplied with a new and fresh stock. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists, Merchants and country Storekeepers.

RADWAY & CO.,
87 Maiden Lane, New York.

Sold by Odell & Turner.

Dominion Tweeds.

JUST RECEIVED THIS DAY at the ALBION HOUSE direct from the manufacturers, Montreal:
A LOT of Canada TWEEDS for Gentlemen's Wear, better than anything imported, and very cheap. Call and examine the Dominion manufactured Tweeds.

JOHN S. MAGEE

St. Andrews, Aug. 27th 1867.

CROWN GLASS.

Per "Wright" from Liverpool:
165 best quality Crown Window Glass (assorted sizes.)

J. W. STREET.

St. Andrews, July 28th, 1867

Wanted

A boy from 14 to 16 years of age, who can write, to work at the Printing Office at the STANDARD OFFICE.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company,
OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

FIRE & LIFE

CAPITAL - - - 12,000,000 STERLING
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

The Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms.

NICHOLAS T. GREATHEAD Esq., Agent for St Andrews and vicinity.

HENRY JACK,
General Agent.

Aug 9.

NOTICE.

AN application will be made to the Legislature of this Province at its next Session, for the passage of an Act declaring that the rents received under the leases granted under chapter 43, 11th Victoria, shall be appropriated for the use and benefit of the Town of St. Andrews, the lands referred to in said Act being held in trust for the benefit of the Inhabitants of said Town.

By order of the Court of General Sessions.

GEO. S. GRIMMER,
Clerk of the Peace.

January 13, 1868.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

Offer for sale a large stock of

FLOUR, Pork, Tea, TOBACCO

Molasses, Sugar, Saleratus, Spice, and other Grocery goods and Provisions, at lowest rates.

Havana Cigars.

17 M Havana Cigars.
Imported and for sale by

TODD, CLEWEY & CO.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand whatsoever, which Catherine McKenzie had on the thirteenth day of May 1867, or which she now has of in and to the following piece of Land that is to say:

NOTICE.

John S. Magee,

Respectfully announces that he has new received the greater portion of his Fall and Winter stock of New Goods,
—upwards of—

50 Bales, Cases and Packages

consisting of all the most desirable Goods for the present season in

COTTON GOODS.

Prints, Grey sheetings, White shirtings, Striped Shirtings, Regattas, Reels, Denims, Cotton Flannels.

WOLLEN GOODS.

Cloths, tweeds, trouserings, Confederate Grey, Stonewalldrills, Blankets, Camp Quilts, Flannels in cotton and wool, and all wool Saxony, Welsh, Twilled, Plain, Red, White, Blue, Yellow, Grey, Fancy Crimean Flannels. HOMESPUNS good for Boys or Men's wears.

Pilot cloths, Beavers and Whitneys, Mantle cloths in black and coloured Sealskins, Doeskin, Tweeds, &c. &c.

DRESS GOODS.

In all the new styles, Thibets, French Merinos, British Lustres and Coburgs, Tweeds, Gala Plaids in all wool and cotton & wool, Challies, Poplinettes.

A few SUPERIOR BLACK SILK Dresses Trimming Goods in all the new style Bugle, Tinsel Velvet, Plain Velvets, &c,

MILLINERY goods of all descriptions, Skeleton Skirts, La Belle, Bon-ton, Promenade, Excelsior, and other styles.

Balmoral skiltings, all colours.

A nice assortment of Zephyr, Himalaya and Plaid Long and Square SHAWLS.

READY MADE CLOTHING, Braces, woollen socks, Neck ties, Scarfs, and Mufflers for gentlemen.

Ladies and Childrens

Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.

with a variety of other goods so numerous that the Standard would hardly contain their names.

To all of which public attention is invited. Give us a call and see what we have got.—All goods sold at a small advance on cost to ensure a speedy sale, and in no case can we make a SECOND PRICE.

JOHN S. MAGEE,
ALBION HOUSE
Water St.

New Fancy GOods.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B.,
ALBION HOUSE, Water St.,
Market Square.

JOHN S. MAGEE is now daily receiving his stock of

New Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

which were bought when markets were at lowest rates, and are offered at low prices. Inspection by intending purchasers is solicited.

French White Wine Vinegar.

5 QR. Casks White Wine Vinegar.
July 17. J. W. STREET

Refined Petroleum.

20 BBLS. Ex Steamer from Boston. No. 1. Kerosine Oil.

J. W. STREET.

Railroad Hotel.
Water Street, Market Square, St. Andrews.

The Subscriber having leased the above Hotel and thoroughly refitted it, is now prepared to accommodate Permanent and Transient Boarders. Every attention will be paid to secure their comfort.

The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords.

The rooms are spacious and airy.

N. B.—Livery Stable in connection.

MICHAEL CLARKE,
Proprietor.
Successor to Edward Pleasant.

Saint Andrews, May 15, 1867. ru

Offer for sale Ex "Emma" from Cardenas:

125 HHDS. very bright Centrifugal SUGAR,
74 Boxes Brown Havana do,
50 " White do do.

Also—Ex "Pollie Jones" from Remedios

58 Hhds. } Strictly Prime Remedios
125 Tierces } Molasses,
25 Hhds. Choice Sugar.

Western Insurance Co.,
Limited) of England.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid, without reference to England.

The Subscriber has been appointed Agent of the above Company, and is prepared to take Risks against Fire on liberal terms.

GEO. D. STREET.

Feb. 19.

Wm. H. Williamson.

Druggist

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has resumed his former business of a Druggist, in the shop formerly occupied by Mr. E Law, adjoining Mr. Edward Sanders store, Water Street, where he is prepared to make up Physicians prescriptions, and medicines for cattle &c.

He has also for sale Drugs, Chemicals, Family and Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet articles, paints, oils, Varnish, Glass, putty, &c.

Every shade of paint prepared for use.

The whole will be sold low for cash. American money taken at a discount. aug 24

Anthracite Coal

A few tons of Anthracite coal, for sale by

J. W. STREET

Oct. 25th, 1867.

Refined Crushed Sugar, Wines London Porter. Pale Ale, &c

Ex the "Choice" from London via St. John.

20 Bbls refined Crushed Sugar,
20 chests } Congou TEA. | 50 half do Oolong Tea
50 half do }
10 Kegs Bi Carbonate Soda,
5 bags Java Coffee.
140 casks "Bridges" London Porter & Pale Ale,
4 Hhds } Pale & golden Sherry,
12 Qr Casks }
12 Cases best Champagne, qts & pints,
2 Hhds 12 Qr Casks Port Wine,
2 Puncheons fine Old Jamaica Rum,
5 casks "Brandram Bros" best boiled and Raw Linseed Oil,
25 Cwt do best White Paint, &c &c.

J. W. STREET,

BRADFORD & CO,
Eastport, Maine.

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
CLOTHS & READY MADE CLOTHING
TAILORS TRIMMINGS.

SEAMEN'S OUTFITS,
BOYS CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES
&c., &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
AND DISPATCH

July 31, 1866—

Mehan's Fine Malt Whiskey.

To arrive per the "Dr. Kane" from Londondery

20 Quarter casks }
3 Hogsheads } Whiskey.

J. W. STREET.

House to Let.

FROM the 1st MAY next, the House in Queen Street, known as the "Connolly house."

Enquire of J. W. STREET.

April 2,

Molasses.

20 HHDS choice Retailing Molasses.

J. W. STREET

SUGAR and MOLASSS

Ex "B. Young" and "Emma" from Remedios.

86 HDS. choice Centrifugal Sugar,
50 " Bright Muscovado do
363 "
36 Tierces } Bright Muscovado Molasses.
35 Bbls. }

For sale in BOND or duty paid at lowest market rates.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO
St. Stephen, N. B.

Sugar & Molases

Ex "Loyalist" from Barbadoes via St. John.

17 Hhds. } Choice
5 do } Barbadoes Sugar.
18 Hhds do do Molasses.

June 27, 1867. J. W. STREET.

ALBION HOUSE,
St. Andrews.

JOHN S. MAGEE,

Is now receiving his new stock of FALL AND WINTER, STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

which were selected in the cheapest markets, with a view of suiting the requirements of this section of the Province. Many of them are the production and manufacture of the New Dominion—long may it live—and for cheapness, excellence, and durability excel anything that has hitherto been in this market; thus already do we feel the beneficial effects of Confederation. An enumeration of the various goods will be given in a succeeding issue of the Standard; but you reader had better call and see for yourself, as we are anxious to shew you what we can do to supply your wants.

P. S.—For sale 1 piece of Sheeps Grey Satinett Homespun, Mrs. Taggarts make A. I quality

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JOHN S. MAGEE,

Is desirous of calling the attention of the Public to a large and varied stock of Goods received per steamers "United Kingdom," "Nawn" and Napoeli" consisting in part of

FRENCH MERINOS,
COBURGS,
BLANKETS,

COTTONS, in white & unbleached, very cheap
Braces, Sontags, Clouds, Garibaldis,
Maria Stewart Hoods and Opera Mantles,

COTTON FLANNELS,
OSNBURGS

Prints. Red, white, blue & grey twilled Fanne.
Plain flannels in all colors,

We can confidently recommend our Flannels as good, and will sell cheap.

A large and varied stock of
BOOTS and SHOES,
in childrens, youths, Boys, Mens, Misses and Ladies—of warranted manufacture.

Would call special attention to his white Warps which are made from the very best Southern cotton and warranted sound, well made and good.

Also the St. John Warps, Parks' make, prepared for the Loom.

If you want good value for your money, come to the **ALBION HOUSE.**

JOHN S. MAGEE

T. McVAY & Co,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DEALERS IN

Dried Smoked and Pickled Fish, Flour, Meal, Provisions, Country Produce, General Groceries, &c.

SOUTH SIDE MARKET SQUARE,
ST. ANDREWS.

Lot for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale Five Lots in the Block formerly belonging to the Madras School fronting on Sophia and Parr streets. The lots are in excellent condition, and well located for building. For particulars apply at the Standard Office, or to

March 27. C. A. KENNEDY.

MORE NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED and now open for sale at the very LOWEST PRICES:

Hats, Bonnets, Feathers, and Ribbons.
SHAWLS MANTILLAS.
AND FANCY DRESS GOODS
Grey and White Cottons,
Shirting, Stripes, and Regettas
Pin and CORSET CLOTHS
Crashes; Towelling & Table Linens Shirt-fronts,
Collars and Fancy Neck Ties,
Glass, Rubbers,
Boots and Shoes.

Balance of Tweed Stock daily expected per Steamer "Europa" and when received will be sold at a very small advance on cost

---

Sewing Machines.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
One of the Original WEED Sewing Machines.

These celebrated Machines are now on sale at the Subscribers, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.

JAMES STOOP,
Jan 16. **Agent.**

Bourbon Whiskey.

Ex "Harriet" from Boston.

1 Hhd fine Old Bourbon proof Whiskey.
2 Puncheons do do 40 O. P.

JAMES W. STREET.

June 12th, 1867.

KEROSINE OIL.

Ex "Emma Pemberton" from Boston.
10 Casks Kerosine Oil.

J. W. STREET.

A NEW ENGLAND SETTLEMENT IN NEW JERSEY.

THE HAMMONTON TRACT OF
LAND IN NEW JERSEY

Has become the central point of an extensive emigration from the New England States, and the British Provinces, with large accessions from Pennsylvania, and even Illinois, Ohio, and other Western States. During the year 1866 over 200 farms were purchased, and 150 houses built and occupied in the settlement.

The recent and last division of this tract, consisting of about

FIFTEEN THOUSAND ACRES,

Has been surveyed, and is now offered for sale, in

FARMS OF TWENTY ACRES,

And upwards, on terms favorable to all actual settlers. Titles perpetual.

For price of farms, terms, &c., apply personally or by letter, enclosing stamp, to JOHN STEARNS, 18 State St., Boston, or to RICHARD L. BYRNES, at Hammonton, who will promptly reply to all letters.

From the Rural American, August, 1866.

WHERE AND WHAT IS HAMMONTON?

HAMMONTON is a tract of land in the interior of New Jersey, recently opened by railroad for a most desirable settlement. It consists of some thirty thousand acres, more or less, and lies partly in the county of Camden, and partly in Atlantic county; distance twenty-five miles, or one hour's ride, south-east from Philadelphia, and about the same to Atlantic city, at the sea shore. Little Egg Harbor River, the tributaries of which enter Hammonton in various directions, is navigable for vessels to Pleasant Mills, six miles from the foot of Hammonton Lake. The products of the sea, in the shape of fish, oysters, &c., may be daily commanded; and the vicinity to Philadelphia gives it the benefit of that great market for purchases or sales. Land now in cultivation anywhere within the same distance of Philadelphia, north, south, east, or west, are worth from one to three hundred dollars per acre. It is their vicinity to the great city and its environs, with eight hundred thousand souls to be daily fed, that gives such high value to all farms and garden s. There is no reason in the world, why the lands that may now be bought in Hammonton at the comparatively insignificant price of twenty dollars per acre, should not soon be worth as much as any other lands that are the same distance by railway from that city.

The soil of this territory is various—from a stiff clay, suitable for brick making, to a very light ocean sand—which, light as it appears, is rich in the elements of vegetation, and certainly produces good crops of Wheat, Corn, Rye, Barley, Oats, Clover, Herds Grass, Sweet Potatoes, Irish Potatoes, Fig Plant, Pear tree, Peach, Apples, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Quinces, Grapes, Water and Musk Melons, and indeed all the fruit and vegetables common to the Philadelphia market, and which make that, as it is well known to be, the best market for bread stuffs, fruit, and vegetables in the United States—perhaps in the world.

The forest growth consists of Hickory, white oak, maple, yellow pine, cedar, &c. But in most localities this growth has been cut off within a few years for the use of the neighboring glass works, and is therefore now covered only with small wood, easily cleared. In places where the trees are yet large, the standing wood may be purchased at a small price.

The population that has removed thither within the past year is merely from New England, and we number about one thousand. It is rapidly filling up with an industrious, temperate, enterprising people. Since last spring about one hundred and fifty dwelling houses, of various sizes and costs, have been erected.

The tract is laid out in farms lots of 20 acres and upwards, and town lots of five acres and upwards, and avenues and streets are open in every direction. There are inexhaustible supplies of Marl and lime on the land, which are very cheap and valuable as fertilizers. The water is peculiarly sweet and clear, and may be found by digging wells from 8 to 16 feet deep. Living springs abound.

The climate is the best in the United States, the latitude being neither too far north for cold, nor too south for heat. It is nearly that of Baltimore, and the atmosphere is tempered in summer and mitigated in winter by the sea breezes that come in from the ocean, sweeping the course of the gulf stream which leaves the New Jersey shore directly east of Hammonton. No such thing as Fever and Ague was ever known there. A more healthy spot cannot be found.

We advise no one to leave Maine. Ours is a goodly State, rich in all the elements of wealth and social happiness. Those who are well off had better "let well enough alone," and stay where they are, or go to Dead River or the Aroostook. But if any of our people, from any cause, have resolved to leave us and seek a more genial climate, where they can cultivate the soil with a fourth part the labor required here, and where they will not encounter the cold of the cities of the North, the sickly heats of the South, nor the malarious and the foreign society of the west West, we would advise them just to go to Hammonton, look and there see and judge for themselves. It will cost but little to go. The distance is only 375 miles, or 17 hours' ride from Boston, whereas the Mississippi Valley is a 1,600 miles' ride from home. Hammonton is in the centre of the largest population on the continent, being within one hour of Philadelphia, five hours of New York, and four hours of Baltimore, and has the Benefit of intercourse with, as well as the market of, all these great cities and their vicinities. Could a more desirable location be found?

The cars of the Camden and Atlantic Railroad run from Vine St. Wharf, Philadelphia, twice a day to and from Hammonton, and all persons who purchase lands and commence building in H. have free passes over the road for three months, and are entitled to half price one three years afterwards.

Just look at Hammonton before you resolve to remove West, it can do no harm, at least.

Chemical and Philosophical, Useful & Fine Articles.

S. CARNEY, Importer & dealer in Am. & Foreign Drugs, Medicines Levenes Chemicals, Re-Agents, 128 Washington st.

JOSEPH M WHITMAN, Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus of all kinds 84 Cornhill.

L M COOK, Stained and Cut Glass, for Church windows, Door & Side Lights, etc; Enamelled & Block Glass, 145 Congress st.

JOHN H. BUFFORD, Engraving and LITHOGRAPHY, 342 Washington street.

JOHN ANDREW, Book and Newspaper ILLUSTRATIONS on Wood, 128 Washington street.

J. K. WIGGIN, Engravings, and other Works of Art, Wholesale and Retail: 19 Tremont street, opposite the Museum.

GEORGE SNELL, Mem. R. Inst. British Architects, Architect of the Boston Music Hall, the Theodore of the Merchants' Bank, the Coolidge Building, etc. 23 Tremont Row.

WHIPPLE & BLACK, Daguerreotype, Ambrotype, and Photographic Artists. Street Daguerrean Rooms, 96 Washington st.

VIALLE & CARLETON, Silver and Electro-Plating, House, Coach and harness ware; door plates, pew numbers, etc., 14 Marshall st.

JONES, WHITE & McCURDY'S Hospital Depots, 136 Arch st., Philadelphia; 365 Broadway, N. York; 16 Tremont row, Boston.

GEO. E. PORTER, Chronometer Maker. Old Chronometers repaired, and made to perform as well as new. 7 Congress st.

Books, Paper,—Law, Music, Instruction.

SHEPARD, CLARK & BROWN, Publishers, Wholesale Booksellers and Stationers 79 Washington street, up stairs.

GRANT, WARREN & CO, Manufacturers of Printing Paper, and Importers of Rags. 125 and 135 Federal street.

HUBBARD & HOUGHTON, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 23 State st. Particular attention given to Colonial business.

MASON & HAMLIN, Manufacturers of Melodeons and Organ-Harmoniums, Cambridge st. corner of Charles, sign Elegant illustrated Pamphlets, (32 pp. 8vo.) sent free, to any address.

AMERICAN COTTAGE PIANO Manufactory, 64 pc. $175, 7 oc. $300. N. McLOWE, & CO., 5 Haven Mt street.

COFFIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE. Young men prepared for the Counting Room. 139 Washington street.

Fruits,—Provisions,—Wines, Liquors, Cigars.

REED & FORBUSH, Wholesale Dealers in Foreign Fruits and Domestic Produce, 2 Merchants' Row.

BURROUGH & KNIGHT, Dealers in Beef, Pork, Lard, and Hams, 49 Commercial street, corner of East Clinton street.

T. L. ROBINSON & CO., Foreign Spirits, Wines, Ales, and Segars, in and out of bond; Agents for Charles Heidsieck Champagne; 128 State street.

T. L. SMITH, Wholesale dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, High Wines, Tobacco Cigars, Teas etc. 5 East Clinton st.

Popular Hotels.

BEVERLY HOUSE, Bowdoin square, and TREMONT HOUSE, 158 Tremont st., the favorite first-class hotels in Boston. PARKER STEVENS, Proprietor.

WEBSTER HOUSE, Hanover st., a new, first-class business Hotel, with all the modern improvements. $1.50 per day. SARGENT & MARTIN, Proprietors.

PARKER HOUSE, School street, Boston. Kept on the European plan. A first class Hotel. HOLT PARKER & Co., Prop'rs.

AMERICAN HOUSE, the largest and best arranged Hotel in New England, possessing all the modern improvements and conveniences, for the accommodation of the travelling public. LEWIS RICE, Proprietor.

Dr. Parker.

Has removed to the Cottage in Queen st adjoining the Agency of the Commercial Bank and nearly opposite to the Sheriffs.

St. Andrews, Nov. 19, 1867.

London White Lead & Oil.

Ex the "Eleanor from London,
5 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil,
1½ Ton best ground White Lead,
4 Cwt. best Putty, &c. &c.

J. W. STREET

Anthracite Coal.

20 Tons RedAsh Egg Co

SALT

100 Sacks Coarse Salt.

Dec. 7. J. W. STREET

The Standard,
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY
A. W. Smith.
At his Office, Water Street St. Andrews, N. B.

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