

THE ADVOCATE

Vol. 1.—No. 16.

Toronto and Montreal, Canada, Thursday, May 24, 1894.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

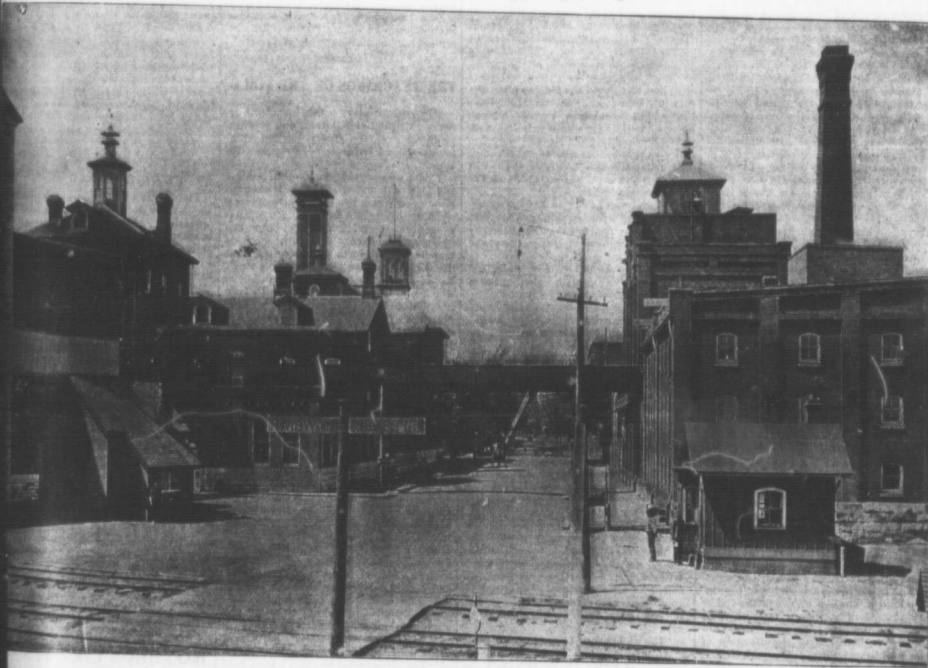
Gooderham & Worts

TORONTO - CAN.

Limited

DISTILLERS, MALTSTERS, ETC.

Established 1832...



VIEW FROM THE RAILWAY LOOKING NORTH.

Our Potable Whiskies are all fully Matured in Wood

STORING HOPS.

DR. M. A. ADAMS, of Maidstone, England, has made further improvements in his system of storing hops. His right plan is to pack hops in airtight vessels, and then to exhaust the air and substitute carbonic acid gas. These vessels were found to be costly and cumbersome, and so the inventor now proposes to use a vacuum vessel for only the temporary preparation of the hops, and then to permanently store the hops in a suitable chamber. These storage chambers may be divided into partitions or not, and are made practically airtight, or lined with zinc or other non-volatile material; they are provided with excluding or sectional covers made airtight at all joints. These chambers are charged with carbonic acid gas by displacement or other suitable means. The temporary or vacuum receptacle is also closed by a suitable cover, or the closure may be effected by a piston or plunger adapted to follow the diminished bulk as the vacuum is produced. A special feature of this present invention consists in the use of a collapsible or receptacle made of India rubber or other flexible and airtight material, adapted to receive the hops in pockets, and which, on exhaustion, will contract upon the same. These collapsible vacuum vessels are of only sufficient capacity to receive a single pocket of hops, but one vessel may be employed successively for any number of pockets of hops. Dr. Adams' process of storing hops is as follows:—First, the pocket of hops is enclosed within the vacuum vessel, the lid closed, and, by means of an exhaustor, the air is removed as far as practicable. Next, the exhausted vacuum vessel, containing hops, is transferred bodily to a strong chamber, and placed therein, mouth downward, the store chamber being charged either before or after with carbonic acid gas. Next, carbonic acid is admitted into the exhausted vacuum vessel, and permeates the hops in every direction, and restoring the gaseous equilibrium of pressure, so that the lid falls out. The pocket is thus set free, and the inclosing vessel can be withdrawn, leaving the pocket of hops in the store chamber in an atmosphere of carbonic acid. The chamber is then hermetically closed against external atmospheric influence, and the process is complete. The inventor suggests that this system of hop storage should be carried out in the brewery.

WASPS AND BEES GET DRUNK.

THE argument against all and every use of alcohol which we used to hear much of years ago was based on the statement that it was not a product of nature and not used in any natural condition, save a doctor writing to *Full Mall Budget*. The argument itself is a very unsafe one, even if the premises were correct, but they are not, and the plague of wasps has proved it. I have been watching the wasps with great interest and have noticed the avidity with which they attacked fruit when fully ripe, rotting, in fact, and I have also noticed some of the peculiar results of their doing so. The sugar in some fruits which are most attacked by wasps has a tendency to pass into a kind of or kinds of alcohol in the ordinary process of rotting, a fact which is easily ascertained by the use of a still not very excise authorities. On such fruits, particularly grapes and certain plums, you will see wasps pushing and fighting in numbers much larger than can be accommodated, and you will see them get very drunk, crawl away in a semi-conscious condition and repose in the grass for some time, till they get over the "bout," and then they will go at it again.

It is while they are thus affected that they do their worst stinging, and the virulent nature of the stroke and the utterly unprovoked assaults of which they are guilty. I was stung last year by a drunken wasp, and suffered severely from symptoms of nerve poison for several days. In such cases peculiarities which resemble their human contemporaries. It is evident, therefore, that those who use the argument about alcohol to which I have objected must give it up the more it is known that there are certain plants (such as the orchids) whose cross-fertilization is secured by a regular system of public houses in which bees are made drunk, for without inebriation the bees would not go through the antics by which alone the orchids can be fertilized. I am quite sure, however, that our teetotal friends will derive arguments enough and awful examples quite sufficient from drunken wasps without the use of the association at Kansas City recently, went considerably into the back history of beer. He said: "Its early manufacture can be authoritatively proven. Manahos, a High Priest of Heliopolis, an Egyptian, of Greek extraction, who lived 390 years B.C. and translated the old Egyptian history into Greek, say that the Egyptians brewed beer thousands of years before; he attributed its invention to Isis, a divinity representing beneficent principles, and celebrated breweries existed at El Kahireh, known to us as Cairo, and at Pilsen on the Nile.

ANTIQUITY OF BEER.

"The Greeks had their beer and barley wine as said Aeschylus 470 years B.C., and his assertions are confirmed by Sophocles, Diodorus of Sicily, Pliny, and other writers.

"The Romans had their cerevisia, and with them it was a luxury used more at banquets than as an every day diet. Plutarch and Suetonius tell us that Julius Cesar after crossing the Rubicon invited all his chieftains to a feast where beer was the principal beverage.

"Emperor Laetilius served it to his guests in golden cups, after superintending personally the brewing thereof.

"In Germany, when the Romans invaded it, they found the Teutons using beer as a daily beverage and the Roman General Varus attributed his defeat by the Teutons under the leadership of the brave Arminius to the courage they derived from the use of beer. The old Saxons in the 7th and 8th centuries when in council assembled only deliberated after drinking beer.

"The Emperor Charlemagne himself superintended the brewing of the beer for his court, and when he celebrated his victory over the Saxons and the triumph of Christianity over the heathens, he treated all his illustrious guests to beer brewed under his direction.

"The Danes made beer in the 9th century.

"The Bohemian breweries were built by royal edict. The one at Pilsen, endowed by Charles IV. in 181, and the brewery established at Budweis by another edict in 1266, are still flourishing, and the Pilsen and Budweis are celebrated to this day.

"In the 13th century Louis the IX. of France had a code of laws enacted to provide for the purity of beer and for

the protection of the brewers in their avocation.

"Look at the United Kingdom of England, Ireland and Scotland. They have to-day over 26,000 breweries in active operation. The majority of the Direct- holders in some of the largest breweries of the United Kingdom. The names of Bass, of Allopp, of Guinness, are known all the world over as representative brewers.

"The Guinness brewery in Dublin, Ireland, is said to be the largest brewery in the world. In the course of one and one-half generations they have brought it from an insignificant beginning to its present colossal proportions. Its stock is said to be worth \$50,000,000.

"And what shall we say of the brewers of the United States. The first one on this continent was established in 1644, on Manhattan Island by Meyer Jacobus, the first Burgomaster of New Amsterdam, the present New York. He even had a beer garden attached to the brewery, where the good burghers spent their evenings and their Sundays after attending church in the morning. William Penn, whom to name is enough, followed soon after. He brewed and sold beer in Pennsylvania, Bucks Co., Penn.

"Among other distinguished American brewers was the revolutionary hero Gen. Israel Putnam, of immortal fame. He was a farmer, a brewer and a tavern keeper and after returning from the army crowned with glory, this brave American patriot returned to his farming, his tavern keeping and his brewing of beer."

THE TEACHINGS OF THE BIBLE.

"If the Bible teaches total abstinence as an individual duty, and absolute prohibition as the true policy for communities and nations."—*Wesley's Tribune*.

This is one of the commonest, wildest and most unchristian of the many assumptions in which the Prohibitionists seek to boost themselves up into recognition as genuine moral reformers after the Christian standard. A month ago this same organ put forth the assertion that the Bible does not "ever associate God's blessing with the use of intoxicants," in which we made prompt response by simply quoting from the xxvi. chapter of St. Matthew's Gospel, the 27th verse, the recorded account of the institution of the Lord's Supper:

"And he took the cup, and gave thanks, and gave it to them, saying: Drink ye all of it."

To this passage the *Tribune* has not yet found time to make a reply either by denial, explanation or in any other form. Your Prohibitionist extremist never does attempt a reply when he is put in a hole.

(In the contrary, he prefers to keep quiet, as if suffering martyrdom for the "cause.") But we are not done with this biblical question by any manner of means. We did not learn our Bible at our mother's total abstinence as an individual duty," does it? Very well; will the *Tribune* kindly explain the following passages from its sacred pages? Book, chapter and verse are given in each instance so that our cold water contemporaries may have no trouble in looking them up and studying their contexts:

"And after that the Nazirite may drink wine."—Numbers vi., 20.

"The asses be for the king's household to ride on; and the breasted and summer fruit for the young men to eat; and the wine, that such as be faint in the wilderness may drink."—II Sam. xvi., 2.

"Come, eat of my bread, and drink of the wine which I have mingled."—Prov. ix., 5.

"Give strong drink unto him that is ready to perish, and wine unto those that be of heavy hearts."

"Let him drink and forget his poverty, and remember his misery no more."—Prov. xxx., 4, 7.

"Go thy way, eat thy bread with joy, and drink thy wine with a merry heart; for God now accepteth thy works."—Ecc. ix., 7.

"And I will bring again the captivity of my people of Israel, and they shall build the waste places, and inhabit them, and they shall plant vineyards, and drink the wine thereof."—Amos ix., 14.

"Drink no longer water, but use a little wine for thy stomach's sake, and thine often infirmities."—I Timothy, v., 23.

"For John the Baptist came eating bread nor drinking wine; and ye say, he hath a devil."

"The Son of Man is come eating and drinking; and ye say, Behold a gluttonous man and a wine bibber, a friend of publicans and sinners."—John vi., 33, 34.

Now go ahead, good Prohibitionists, justify your bold assertion that the Bible teaches total abstinence, or do confess yourselves falsifiers of Holy Writ. But don't hedge by merely showing a denunciations of the very brethren condemned in the Bible. So is Sabbath breaking, adultery, profanity and other sins, because Sabbath breaking abounds, as we to abolish the Sabbath! Because adultery is practiced, are we to do away with the marital relation? Because we swear, would you compel all mankind to remain dumb? Then by what logic do you propose the total suppression of the abominable liquor drinking it to excess? This is theirs individually, and not the fence of all the people, to whom God's law, has commended the use of the one of its own provisions for the benefit, and enjoyment of its creatures.

—*New York Wine and Spirit Gazette*.

AN UNSWERABLE QUESTION.

THE ability of children to ask questions which the wisest parent cannot answer is proverbial. I had a girl, entering butcher shop for the first time, and gazing around her in silent absorption. Presently she took her mother by the hand and, leading her to where hung a string of Bologna sausages, she put her finger on one big sausage and gravely inquired: "Mamma, what was this one it was alive?"

THE COUNTERFEITER NEVER TAKES MORE THAN A PASSING INTEREST IN HIS BUSINESS.

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business. GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

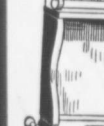
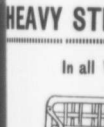
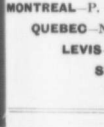
GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

GREAT SOAP

THE counterfeiter never takes more than a passing interest in his business.

GREAT SOAP



JOHN LABATT'S ALE AND STOUT

NINE GOLD, SILVER AND BRONZE MEDALS

.. AND ..

ELEVEN DIPLOMAS

ORIGINAL FLAVOR GUARANTEED PURITY

Recommended by Physicians for Table and Medicinal Use

MOST WHOLESOME OF BEVERAGES. ALWAYS THE SAME, SOUND AND PALATABLE. ASK FOR THEM

BREWERY AT—LONDON—CANADA

PRINCIPAL AGENCIES...

MONTREAL—P. L. N. Beaudry, Manager, 123 DeLorimier Ave.

TORONTO—James Good & Co., 230 Yonge Street.

QUEBEC—N. Y. Montreuil, 277 St. Paul Street.

KINGSTON—James McParland, 311 King Street.

LEVIS—P. J. Montreuil, 85 Cote du Passage.

HAMILTON—R. H. Labatt, 81 Hughson Street South.

ST. JOHN, N.B.—Frank Smith, 21 Water Street.

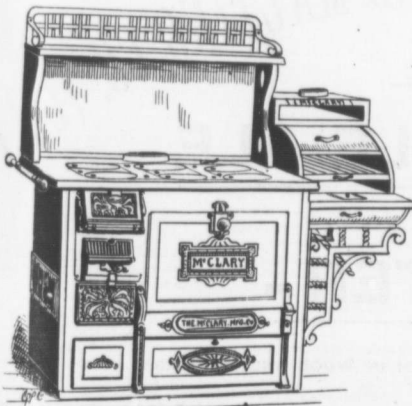
BRANTFORD—J. H. Adams, 135 Colborne Street.

WINNIPEG, MAN.—Strang & Co., 150 Portage Avenue.

REGINA, ASSA.—Charles Howson, Broad Street.

HEAVY STEEL PLATE RANGES FOR HOTEL AND DOMESTIC USE

In all Varieties and Sizes, from \$25 to \$2,500



THE McCLARY MFG. CO.

LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER

J. W. Lang & Co.

.. Importers of ..

Wines, Liquors
and Cigars

59, 61 and 63

FRONT STREET EAST, Cor. Church St.

TORONTO

Sole Agents for ..

"GLENASKIT"
SCOTCH WHISKEY

MURPHY GOLD CURE CO.'S INSTITUTE

.. For Treatment of ..

ALCOHOL AND MORPHINE DISEASES . AND .
TOBACCO HABIT

253 WELLESLEY ST., TORONTO

WILLIAM HAY, Manager.

JOHN TAYLOR, Managing Director.

Patients Treated at Their Residence When Required.

Correspondence
Strictly Confidential



FOR IRON FENCING,
Bank & Office Railings
And all kinds of Iron
Work, address
TORONTO FENCE AND
ORNAMENTAL IRON
WORKS
75 ADELAIDE ST. WEST, TORONTO

Grand & Toy

STATIONERS
PRINTERS

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS
OFFICE SUPPLIES

Cor. Wellington and Jordan Streets

.. TORONTO ..

IN COMPETITION WITH THE WORLD

HONORABLE MENTION
PARIS, 1876.

AWARDED THE HIGHEST
MARK OF MERIT.

Maltsters
Brewers
Bottlers

MEDAL AT THE
INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION,
PHILADELPHIA,
1876.

COSGRAVE & CO.

MEDAL AT
THE WORLD'S EXPOSITION,
ANTWERP, 1885.

PALE ALES . . .
EXTRA STOUT
HALF-AND-HALF

PURITY OF FLAVOR
AND
GENERAL EXCELLENCE OF
QUALITY.

Offices, Brewery and Malt Houses, - - - Niagara Street, Toronto.



THE ONTARIO BREWING AND MALTING CO. (Ltd.)
INDIA PALE ALE

AND

- PORTER -

WE GUARANTEE

That this ALE and PORTER is
brewed from pure Malt and
Hops only.

BOTH IN WOOD AND BOTTLES

ASK FOR IT

311 King Street East, - - - TORONTO

Com

M. H. EOSTER
"Your paper suits
is excellent. Sp
the price is reason

COLONEL SCOTT
that in less than
the United States
wine producing c
and in less time th
come from her vi
than her income f
silver mines.

"The liquor tra
larg London, "sh
the Government,
official branch of t
long will partisan
elections are in p
fortunate victims
weeks in order to
tritions out of t

Is his autolog
tell, the following
opinion of the me
business success:
have tried advertis
yet I have a good
'My friend, there
the general rule, b
time?' 'I put a ca
paper three times
and a half for it.
thing is like learn
on thing."

EVEN our worst
that gentlemen con
are ever to the fore
prise. One of the
is the active part
ber of the execu
Brewers' Associat
mining. Along w
Wood, W. A. Gilme
head and E. P. Sp
instrumental in the
valuable tale mine
west of Lovant Str
and about five mile
County of Clarence
The syndicate has
from parties anxio

"Save your old
ons in them," acc
newspaper. It may
by new bottles, bu
says two Chicagoan
quice in the second
and there is a man i
to have made half a
have much to learn
and this idea of sav
not appeal to their
few years hence. B
poor classes in Eur
in this kind of plent
and then how sorry
of those empty bott
put down to destruc
ing and bene man.

Comment.

Mr. H. EUSTIS, of Dutton, writes:—
"Your paper suits me fine. The reading is excellent. Sporting news is good, and the price is reasonable."

COLONEL SCHUSTER, of Missouri, says that in less than fifty years from now the United States will be the greatest wine producing country in the world, and in less time than that California's income from her vineyards will be greater than her income from all her gold and silver mines.

"The liquor traffic," says the *Aurora*, "should be independent of the Government, and, as long as it is an official branch of the political system, no long will partisan commissions, when elections are in prospect, keep their unfortunate victims walking the carpet for weeks in order to squeeze campaign contributions out of them."

In his autobiography, P. T. Barnum tells the following story, illustrating his opinion of the methods for arriving at a business success: "A man said to me, 'I have tried advertising and did not succeed yet I have a good article.' I said to him: 'My friend, there may be exceptions to the general rule, but how do you advertise?' 'I put a card in a weekly newspaper three times only, and paid a dollar and a half for it,' I replied, 'Sir, advertising is like learning, a little is a dangerous thing.'"

EVEN our worst enemies cannot deny that gentlemen connected with the trade are ever to the fore in matters of enterprise. One of the latest evidences of this is the active part Mr. R. Bowie, a member of the executive of the Ontario Brewers' Association, has taken in mining. Along with Messrs. J. F. Wood, W. A. Gilmour, Geo. H. Weatherhead and E. P. Sparham, he has been instrumental in the opening up of a very valuable tale mine situated a few miles west of Levant Station on the C.P.R., and about five miles from Omjah in the County of Clarendon, Addington County. The syndicate has already had inquiries from parties anxious to purchase.

"SAVE your old bottles—there's millions in them," according to a Chicago newspaper. It may be an incentive to buy new bottles, but this same authority says two Chicagoans have made \$100,000 apiece in the second hand bottle business, and there is a man in New York reported to have made half a million. Canadians have much to learn in the art of economy, and this idea of saving up bottles may not appeal to their pockets as it may a few years hence. But the thrift of the poorer classes in Europe must be adopted in this land of plenty sooner or later, and then how sorry we shall be thinking of those empty bottles the servant girl put down to destruction or gave to the rag and bone man.

We have several times referred to the fact that Messrs. Walker & Sons, the famous distillers of Walkerville, Ont., had offered a reward for a bottle that could not be refilled. The competition for the prize has been keen and the designs sent in have been numerous. Among the more satisfactory of the devices is one invented by Charles Sullivan, first engineer on a Detroit, Mich., ferryboat. Mr. Sullivan's invention makes it impossible to attempt to refill the bottle without destroying it. As there are a large number of applications, the applicants are eagerly waiting to know whose will be accepted, as it is presumed that each is similar in one or more regards to the other. The patent will be a very valuable one to the man to whom it is granted, and to manufacturers, the high quality of whose goods makes their bottles liable to be pirated.

A STATEMENT of the output of beer manufactured by the Chicago and Milwaukee breweries has been compiled for the month of April says Fair Play, and makes the following comparative showing:

	Barrels.
1903	36,079
1904	32,203

Decrease.....3,876
The decrease is a small one, remarks our contemporary, but prices have not been nearly as well maintained as they were at the corresponding time last year. In fact, it is probable that the beer sold in April netted the company \$1 a barrel less than the beer sold last year. The semi-annual statement showing the earnings of the English breweries has not been made up, it is stated, and will not be given out.

We are happy to chronicle the fact that Toronto's city fathers by consenting to Exhibition Park being kept open for promiscuous until 10 o'clock in the evening have shown a tendency toward more liberal views than are customary with men of their stripe. One thing their course has accomplished is to stall off any idea that a section of the public may have as to the introduction of that tyrannical and un-British enactment known as the Curfew Law. Collingwood, Barrie, Galt, Glencoe, Parkhill, Paisley, Kincardine, Leamington, Warton, Mitchell, Wallaceburg and Sault Ste. Marie have adopted the law, and it is possible Belleville will follow suit. Well may the *London Times*, which has recently shown practical and becoming interest in the Dominion, by engaging a correspondent to write a series of most entertaining and scholarly articles on our resources, prospects and system of government, speak of Canada as a country where social liberty is less valued than it is in Great Britain.

SOUTH CAROLINA's governor appears to be a most exemplary gentleman—in his own opinion. Here is what a leading *New York paper* says about him:

Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, is an open and aggressive candidate for a seat in the United States Senate to succeed Senator Butler. This is a reminder of the gubernatorial campaign of four years ago when he stumped the State thoroughly and attracted great assen-

blages by such forcible and original expressions as those:

"I deny that all men are created equal. The Governor would head a party to lynch a nigger that would assault a white woman. I would rather go to Hell with my followers than to Heaven with the others. I am one of God Almighty's gentlemen. I am rough and unsmooth, but before God Almighty I am honest."

Tillman was very popular then, and although much has been said and written to the contrary, he is very popular still. His strength is in the country districts, and in South Carolina those districts control the politics of the State. We should not be surprised to see him defeat the scholarly and polite Senator Butler.

INTERESTING legal complications have arisen over the ownership and tenancy of the Queen Hotel, Halifax, N.S. This hotel was formerly managed by A. B. Sheratin. When his liabilities aggregated \$60,000 he unloaded onto the Queen Hotel company, comprising a dozen of the leading citizens of Halifax. They ran it for awhile, and when their losses amounted to \$40,000 the company went into liquidation. Their creditors got nothing. Then the mortgagee foreclosed, and the property was bought in by members of the old company who were on the mortgage bond. For some time past the hotel has been run by Mr. Sheratin as a tenant. He refused to vacate, and on May 11th was ejected by an army of bailiffs. The creditors of the company discovered that, previous to the appointment of a receiver, the directors had given bills of sales of all the effects of the hotel to themselves, as individuals, at a time when, it is alleged, they knew the company was insolvent, and writs have been issued to have these bills of sales set aside as fraudulent.

MATTERS are not very brisk as regards the trade in Canada, payments being generally slow. This is true, however, more of the shop than the hotel trade, the latter being a natural ready money business. But we are not singular in the matter of dull times, for the same state of affairs is reported both in the United and in England. In the old land, however, things appear to be rather on the mend, judging from the following remarks in the last number of the *Wine and Spirit Gazette* of London to hand:—"No change falls to be reported this week in the state of the market, the leading characteristic of which is a quiet, steady business doing, with which merchants and others express themselves fairly content, and affording evidence of the continued improvement in trade which set in with the opening of the year. Of course, while saying this it has to be further remarked that there is ample scope for much more activity in the market than prevails just now, and as the season advances this may come in good time. Meanwhile, all are thankful that the position of affairs is as good as it has turned out to be."

REPLYING to a statement of an esteemed Christian Statesman that in intoxicating towns in New Hampshire no intoxicating beverages are sold, the *Wine and Spirit Gazette* made this comment:

Bosh and nonsense. There is not a town in New Hampshire, nor in any other state of the Union, where intoxicating

beverages are not sold more or less openly. But accepting the above statement, what does it show? There are 244 towns and cities in New Hampshire, in every one of which the liquor traffic is forbidden by the State prohibitory law. And now that the Prohibition paper remarks that comes this Prohibition paper remarking as deserving of special notice that in eighty-two towns embraced in the operation of that law, it is respected. By the established rules of law and logic that implies that in the other 162 towns the law is not respected, and is, in fact, inoperative. What a showing? A State law that has no binding force or effect in two-thirds of the State is worse than a farce.

The statement of the *Wine and Spirit Gazette* that there is not a town in New Hampshire or any other State of the Union where intoxicating beverages are not sold more or less openly can hardly be controverted, says the *New York Commercial Advertiser*. "Indeed," adds that paper, "it will not be attempted, as most persons have known for some time that it is a positive fact. This being true, are not our Prohibition friends about ready to admit that Prohibition is more or less a failure, or at least is not a shining success?"

AFTER upholding the contention of the Dominion Government in the matter of the liquor reference which the Supreme Court now has under consideration, the *Canadian American*, published at Chicago, says:

"Besides the Internal revenue and the Custom duty, there is the labor employed and the capital invested, and before these questions are dealt with the crute vote obtained in Ontario and Nova Scotia will be largely changed when public opinion is intelligently formed by the publication of the report of the Prohibition Commission. Wherever such a law has obtained the revenue has been largely benefited, as illicit traffic has been the result. Prohibition is a fact of the summary order, and of that character laws have been found impracticable and become obsolete, and the general application of such a principle will not be submitted to by any free and intelligent community. The recent experience in the United States, where riot and bloodshed have been the results of imposing restrictions upon the habits of the people in connection with this question, are a sufficient commentary upon odious legislation obtained by a catch vote, to act as a warning in other places, and we apprehend that while local opinion may be granted in very pronounced localities, legislation affecting the rights of a whole people to make, buy and consume what they desire will never be denied Canadians."

We commend the views as here expressed by our able and influential contemporary to the best consideration of restrictionists.

IT DOES ALL THIS.

A LITTLE whiskey now and then is relished by the best of men; It soothes the wrinkles out of care, And makes one high look like two pair. When everything looks blasted blue, And misery sticks like so much glue, A nip that reaches toes and hair, Will make a man a millionaire.

When it has wandered down her necks, It fills our eyes with magic specks, Which brings the bright and rollick to view, And makes one quarter look like two.

An ugly woman looks divine, Our burial bed becomes a mine, The trees all walk, the fences run, And silly tales sound full of fun.

—New York World.

The Markets.

Barley.

The market continues dull. There is nothing doing in malting barley. Holders are asking 42c. east. Feed is also dull. Cars are quoted at 38c and 28c. bid cast.

The stocks in store are 69,233 bush. against 55,029 bush. at the corresponding date last year, and 64,744 bush. in 1892.

The visible supply in the United States and Canada is 1,901,000 bush. against 367,000 bush. in 1892 and 385,000 in 1892.

MARKET PRICES.

Toronto, malting	42 to 80
Feed	38 to 40
Montreal, malting	42 to 44
Feed	42 to 44
New York State, six rowed, 48s.	68 to 64
Western	68 to 64

Hops.

Extreme dullness continues to prevail in the hop market. There has been nothing done during the past week working of. Frost is reported in some localities, but no serious damage has resulted.

UNITED STATES MARKET.

N.Y. State, crop 1891, choice	17 to 18
common to medium	9 to 11
1892 choice	11 to 12
old	10 to 11
Pacific Coast, crop 30, choice	16 to 18
medium	13 to 15
1892 common to prime	10 to 12
California old	10 to 12
Bavarian and Bohemian	60 to 65
Altmark, etc.	55 to 60

CANADIAN MARKET.

N.Y. choice 1891, duty paid	25 to 30
prime	25 to 27
Washington choice 1891, duty paid	21 to 26
prime	21 to 23
Oregon	27 to 28
Bavarian, prime, 1891, duty paid	47 to 55
Huhten choice	47 to 55
Wuerttemberg	47 to 55
Altmark, etc.	47 to 55
Canadian	15 to 18

Prices Current.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Oats	30 to 35
Hay	9 to 10
Clover	7 to 8
Straw	4 to 5
Corn	50 to 55
Beef, forequarters	14 to 15
hindquarters	10 to 11
Mutton	10 to 11
Yearling Lamb	6 to 7
Veal	8 to 9
Hops, dressed	6 to 8
Chickens	9 to 10
Geese	9 to 10
Chickens	9 to 10
Ducks	7 to 8

CANNED MEATS.

Comp. Corn Beef, 1 lb. cans	\$1.50
" "	1.80
" "	1.80
" "	1.80
" "	1.80
Mixed Colognes	2.00
Par. Ox Tongues	2.00
Ox Tongue	3.75
London Tongue	4.00
English Brown	2.75
Capit. Sausage	2.50
Sausage	2.50
Stoup-sausages	1.50
Stoup-sausages	2.25
Sausages & Ham	1.50
Potted Chicken, Turkey or Game, 6 oz. cans	1.00
Potted Ham, Tongue or Beef, 4 oz. cans	1.00
Devilled Tongue or Ham, 1 lb. cans	1.00
Devilled Chicken or Turkey, 1 lb. cans	2.25
Standwich Ham or Tongue, 1 lb. cans	1.00
Ham, Chicken and Tongue, 1 lb. cans	1.25

CANNED GOODS.

Apples, 7s	81 to 85
Gallons	1.50
Blackberries, 7s	1.75
Blueberries	1.50
Beans, 7s	1.50
Corn, 7s	0.85
Equipe	1.50
Special brands	1.40
Cherries, red pitted, 2s	0.85
Pears, 7s	1.50
Sifted, select	1.40
Pears, Bartlett, 7s	1.75
Sugar, 7s	1.25
Plumpe, 7s	2.25

Peaches, 7s	1.85
7s	2.00
Plums, Green Gages, 7s	1.85
Lambard	1.80
Banquet Blue	1.50
Gallons	1.50
Pumpkins, 7s	1.20
Haricots, 7s	1.75
Sauces, 7s	1.80
Strawberries, 7s	1.30
Sweetshaws, 7s	1.80
Tomatoes, 7s	1.40
French Finnan Haddies	1.40
Lochet, Clover Leaf, flat	2.75
Imperial Crown, flat	1.90
Other brands	1.80
Marketed	1.90
Salted, jalls	1.20
Salted, flats	1.50
Sardines, Altmark, 7s	0.25
Sardines, A. L., genuine French	0.15
High grade key openers	1.10
Key fine	1.11
Other brands	1.10
Pat. & Co.	1.11
Sardines A. L.	0.33
Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00

Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00
Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00
Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00
Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00
Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00
Mustard, 7s, case 50 lbs.	11.00

Mocha	80 to 82
Old Government Java	0.21
Plantation Ceylon	0.20
Plantation Java	0.21
Guatemala	0.21
Jamaica	0.21
Macalline	0.21
California, 1 and 2 lbs. fine-sorted	0.30

Currents, Provincial, bbls.	0.03
Fillarats, bbls.	0.04
Patras, bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04

Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04

Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04

Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04

Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04

Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04
Patras, 1 bbls.	0.04

Bacon, long clear, per lb.	16.00
Meas Park	16.00
Pork, suet, per lb.	16.00
Hams, pickled	0.03
Breakfast Bacon	0.03
Backs	0.03
Leaf extra	0.03
Compound Fat	0.07
Tallow, rough	0.02

Rice, Arcam	0.03
Patna	0.03
Imperial Siam	0.03
Java, extra	0.03
Genuine Carolina	0.03
Grand Duha	0.03
Sago	0.04
Gunhead, finest imported	1.35
Crystal, 25lb. sacks	2.90

Pepper, black, pure	0.10
White	0.10
Pepper, white, pure	0.20
Ginger, Jamaica, pure	0.25
Cochin, pure	0.18
Cassia, fine to pure	0.17
Black, choice, pure	0.19
Cardamom	0.20
Savanna	0.20
Mace	0.20
Mixed Spices, fine to pure	0.25

Granulated	0.15
Paris Lamp, bbls. and 40lb. boxes	0.05
Extra ground, bbls. and 40lb. boxes	0.05
Powdered, bbls. and 40lb. boxes	0.04
Extra light, refined	0.03
Bright yellow	0.03
Dark yellow	0.03
Raw, bbls.	0.03

Course	0.75
Quarter sacks	0.38
Gunpowder	0.30
Half chests, ordinary firsts	0.22
Young Hyson	0.42
Common	0.17
Half chests, seconds	0.17
Thirds	0.13
Common	0.13

Young Hyson	0.28
Half chests, firsts	0.16
Seconds	0.16
Half boxes, firsts	0.16
Seconds	0.16
Half chests, Japan	0.38
Finest May pickings	0.38
Finest	0.28
Good medium	0.22
Medium	0.16
Common	0.13
Nagasaki, choice Pekoe	0.11
Golong	0.11
Gunpowder	0.19
Sifting	0.73

Broken Pekoes	0.12
Packing	0.18
Cadies, Peking, Kaisow	0.35
Darjeeling	0.35
Pekoe	0.20
Pekoe Souchong	0.18
Broken Pekoes	0.2
Pekoes	0.20
Pekoe Souchong	0.17

Worcester Sauce, 1 pt.	\$3.00
" 1 qt.	6.25
" 1/2 qt.	3.25
Barley, all kinds	6.00
Parley, Siam, genuine, 1 pt.	2.25
Anchoy Sauce	3.25

Butter, creamy, tubs	20 to 21
creamy, 1/2 tubs	19 to 20
dry tubs, choice	15 to 16
low grade, common	12 to 13
ponnd rolls	16 to 17
large rolls	15 to 16
small crocks	15 to 16
Cheese	0.09
Eggs, fresh, new laid, per doz.	1.20
Beans	2.10
Onions, Egyptian, per bag	0.50
Potatoes, per bag	0.08
Honey, extracted	0.14

MR. MEREDITH'S POLICY.

The Leader of the Local Opposite Advocates Municipal Control of Licenses.

Mr. W. M. MEREDITH, Q.C., leader of the local opposition, opened the general election campaign at London with a speech of great length, in which he outlined his policy on the liquor question among other things. As the matter is of great importance to the trade Mr. Meredith's remarks on this branch of his subject are hereafter given exactly as uttered. He said:

"Now, Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, I want to say a word or two to you with regard to the liquor system as it prevails in Ontario. There is no question of great length, in which he outlined his policy on the liquor question among other things. As the matter is of great importance to the trade Mr. Meredith's remarks on this branch of his subject are hereafter given exactly as uttered. He said:

"The liquor trade is something that deserves the attention of everyone who aims to be a statesman, or to have any interest in managing the affairs of any country. Now, sir, what we charge against the Administration of Sir Oliver is that they have taken advantage of the honest sentiments of many in this community throughout the Province of Ontario, to the purpose of using the liquor traffic as the interests of their political party. I want to say that I believe it is the interest of every place in which it has been the interest of the Government of the day to manipulate the liquor traffic in its interests—whether they have had no objection that. Primarily, does it not seem to you that the liquor traffic ought not to be chained at the wheel of any Government? I do not care what Government it is, however good it is, or however pure it is, a temptation to use that liquor traffic for the purpose of making great for the political party which is grinding would be great, and the Government would be a great, and we have had this extraordinary spectacle—we have had on the one hand the Government of Sir Oliver Mostard appealing to the country for support because they were the friends of temperance; we have had them at the same time obtaining the sinews of war from liquor sellers. It is a well known fact, and I know that it cannot be controverted, in the city of Toronto many of the sinews of war have been provided by the hotel keepers.

"A voice—'Here, too.'"
 Mr. Meredith—"Yes, perhaps here, too." I do not pretend to speak with any degree of certainty, and I do not want to say anything here to which I cannot certify. (Cheers.) I cannot certify with any certainty on record, that in Toronto hotel keepers have been compelled to subscribe in the interest of the promoters of the Government. Ladies and gentlemen, that is not right, so long as they license the traffic. I will have something later to say on that subject. It is not right that any man should hold his bread and butter and that of his wife and children, even dollar in his business, at the disposal of the Government of the day. It is not right that laws should be made and exercised over him in this manner. It is intelligence and judgment as a freeman should be exercised as per page 255.

(Continued on page 255.)

BALMORAL
 THE PALACE
 THE RUSSELL
 F. X. ST. SAULS

THE PALACE
 F. X. ST. SAULS



Our Wines are the
 J. & W. Hamilton & Co. B.
 Smoke CONN BROS
 DON R
 FACTORY - 93 L

= Hotels =

Bowmanville.

BALMORAL HOTEL, Bowmanville, Ont., one of the finest equipped hotels in Western Canada. *Four Sample Rooms.*
JOHN DARCH, Proprietor

Hamilton.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, HARRY MAXEY, Prop. Best \$1.00 per day House in the City

Ottawa.

the Russell, . . . OTTAWA
THE PALACE HOTEL OF CANADA

Port Hope.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, Port Hope, Ont. Leading hotel in town. Centrally situated. Commodious Sample Rooms on ground floor.
A. A. ADAMS, Proprietor

Toronto

BROWN'S HOTEL, (formerly "Avalon"), 110 St. James and Wellington Sts. Newly furnished throughout. One minute's walk from Union Station.

BROWN BROS., Proprietors

EUROPEAN HOTEL, 30 King Street West, Toronto, Ed. CLANCY, Proprietor.

Under the new management this hotel, lately occupied by Mr. M. Koschis, has been entirely renovated and refitted. Every accommodation of hotel life. Restaurant provides every delicacy of the season. Private entrance for ladies. Special prices for parties.

GLADSTONE HOUSE, 1201-14 Queen Street West. Special Rates for Families and Boarders. Rates, \$1.00 Per Day. Mrs. S. ROBINSON, Proprietress. R. ROBINSON, Mgr. Telephone 5001.

LAKES VIEW HOTEL, Cor. Winchester and Parliament Sts. JOHN AYLE, Prop.

With magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, extensive accommodations for OVER 100 GUESTS, with Parlor and Billiard Rooms, and commands a splendid view of the City. Particular attention given and special rates for the night, having, in connection with the Government Hotel, a convenient to stop at the moment when they are in the city. In case of fire, there would not be any other place to stop. Every attention paid to guests.

F. X. St. JACQUES, Proprietor.

If you are interested in **ECONOMICAL AND EFFICIENT**

HEATING.

Will Send you Catalogue and Estimate

FREE

We are successfully Heating more Homes in Canada than any other firm.

WHY??

Ask any of our Customers, or Write to

CLARE BROS. & CO.
PRESTON, ONT.



THE PHOTO ENGRAVING BUREAU
166 KING ST. W. TORONTO
J. ALKANDER Prop.
COPPER, BRASS, & WOOD ENGRAVINGS
ADELAIDE ST. WEST
HALF-TIME SPECIALTY
ELECTROPLATING

PELEE ISLAND WINE
BRANDY & VINEYARDS CO.
J. S. Hamilton & Co. Brantford

Our WINES are the best produced in Canada. We have shipped until at least two years old. J.S. Hamilton & Co., Brantford, Sole Gen. Agts. at the hotel. It should be made and sold in this manner. Payment as a free gift as the decision fit, and on page 358.

Smoke **COHN BROS.' Great 5c. Cigar**
DON RAMIRO
FACTORY - 93 Lombard St., Toronto

CIGAR MACHINERY
- FOR SALE -

- 10 Hammerstein Rollers
- 2 Little Giant Bunching Machines
- 3 Scrap Cutting Machines
- 2 Platform Scales, Capacity 600 lbs.
- Several Hundred Monies, Nearly New.

For Particulars apply to
BOX 112 "ADVOCATE" OFFICE

FOR TWO WEEKS
BEFORE REMOVING
... TO ...
CHINA HALL

We will offer all...
HOTEL GOODS
Now open, at
A SPECIAL DISCOUNT
JUNOR & IRVING, 100 King St. West, Telephone 2177

Smoke...
"OTELLO," "Wm. PITT," "CIGARS"
AND "LA MARIE"
Sold in all First-class Houses.
L. HARRIS & SONS, Montreal

AUGUSTE - BOLTE

47 Colborne St., Toronto, Ont.

Brewers' Supply Merchant

DEALER IN CHOICE... **HOPS**

Wurtemberg, Bavarian, Bohemian, Pacific Coast, New York State, and Canadian

Sole Agent for Messrs. E. BEANES & CO'S. (Palmer Works, London, Eng.)

Brewing Materials

No. 1 and No. 2 and

Potassium Sulphite

The Best Known Preservative in Use.

AGENT FOR....

Euroka and Cape Ann Isinglass,
D. D. Williamson's Bi-sulphite of Lime and Porterine,

Hugh Baird & Sons, Glasgow, Imported Porter Malt,

Cleveland Faucet Company's Beer Pumps.

A Nice Home for Somebody FOR SALE

The Hotel National, Plattsville, Ont.
This house, one of the oldest established in Oxford County, formerly known as the Dodge House, always doing a paying business, surrounded by stores, grist mills, factories, and in the midst of the finest agricultural districts of Ontario. Doing a big farm and commercial trade. Good sample, reading, sitting and bed-rooms. Furnished first-class, stable and shooting unimpaired. Gardens and fine lawn on property. Forty minutes' drive from C.P.R., and twenty from G.T.R. Terms easy; personal application preferred. House lived in. Stage twice a day. **HENRY EHNST, Plattsville, Ont.**

TWO WORLD'S FAIR GOLD MEDALS SPOONER'S PHENYLE
THE FINEST DISINFECTANT KNOWN FOR BREWERIES AND HOTEL USE
Send for Circular

ALONZO W. SPOONER, Sole Mfr., Port Hope, Ont.

BAR SUPPLIES...

IS OUR SPECIALTY
A full range of the BEST American Flint Tumblers at less than wholesale prices. See our goods and prices, they can't be beat.

RUSSEL'S
IN THE MARKET
PHONE 2427

I CURE FITS!

Wholesale trade and bottle of medicine sent Free to any address. Give names and Post Office address. H. G. ROSE, M. C., 106 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ont.

JOB Printing

The Advocate

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT IS NEW AND COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT

Special Attention to the Trade

ESTIMATES FURNISHED FOR ALL CLASSES OF WORK

All Classes of....

Printing, Lithographing and Engraving

- FINE PRINTING -
A SPECIALTY

LOUIS P. KRIBS, Prop.
ABERDEEN CHAMBERS

Cor. Adelaide and Victoria Streets, . . . Toronto

TELEPHONE 1800

“CANADIAN CLUB”

Distilled and Bottled by

HIRAM WALKER & SONS,
LIMITED,
WALKERVILLE, CANADA.

TRADE MARK

W

WHISKY

LONDON: 69 & 70 Mark Lane, E.C.

NEW YORK: 1232 Broadway.

CHICAGO: 223-224 Monadnock Block.

The I

LOUIS P. KR

ISSUED

BERDEE

Former Adm

TORON

Tele

Sub

Per Year, in A

No

Card of Rate

Toronto and Montreal

POLITICAL

As it remains v
nately say aye or
do not know the
separated from pol
we are sure, and th
ism prevails. Prof
introduced into rel
as a question entir
eple. The subject
is one that concern
it is a matter int
fundamental princ

At the recent m
the Synod of Toron
port was presented
papers says "unco
of Prohibition,"
could expect noth
also if you cannot
do will recognize n
the committee's re
said: "That our
look out for men, a
ment, who will put
hibition above part
vote against their p
sary in order to s
the aforesaid prin

face of it this look
tle. On the strai
we are willing to fi
the pressure of rel
other words, to cle
trary to the princip
instructing their con
don't vote this way
to their particular
are doing wrong, an
deserving punishme
ing to let one of the
ters speak for us or

Reference is mad
Macdonell, of this
position quoted hein
these were times wh
whehuing magnitud
was this matter of
question? There w
before the public t
that of education, w
future of the Domi
tant, upon the right
might depend whet
country or not. P
ained, could not con
with either of those
acc. Besides, the re

The Advocate.

LOUIS P. KRIBS

Editor and Proprietor

ISSUED EVERY WEEK

HEAD OFFICES

ABERDEEN CHAMBERS

Corner Adelaide and Victoria Streets,

TORONTO, CANADA

Telephone 1866.

Subscription:

Per Year, in Advance, . . . \$2.00

Advertising:

Card of Rates on Application.

Toronto and Montreal, Thursday, May 24, 1894.

POLITICAL PROHIBITION.

As it remains with politicians to ultimately say *aye* or *no* to Prohibition, we do not know that the question can be separated from politics; but of one thing we are sure, and that is as long as partyism prevails Prohibition should not be introduced into religious and other bodies as a question entirely of political principle. The subject of license or no license is one that concerns every man; nay, more, it is a matter intimately related to the fundamental principle of personal liberty.

At the recent meeting in this city of the Synod of Toronto and Kingston a report was presented as one of the news-papers says "uncompromisingly in favor of Prohibition." So far so good; we could expect nothing else from people who if you cannot see eye to eye as they do will recognize no middle course. But the committee's report went further. It said: "That our people be advised to look out for men, as members of Parliament, who will put the principle of Prohibition above party, and accordingly will vote against their political party if necessary in order to secure the triumph of the aforesaid principle." Now on the face of it this looks like a defiance to battle. On the straight principle involved we are willing to fight, but we object to the pressure of religion. We object, in other words, to clergyman teaching contrary to the principles of the Bible, and instructing their congregations that if they don't vote this way or that way, according to their particular interpretation, they are doing wrong, and tacitly courting and deserving punishment. But we are willing to let one of the most eminent ministers speak for us on this point.

Reference is made to the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of this city, who on the proposition quoted being introduced said that these were times when questions of overwhelming magnitude might arise; but was this matter of Prohibition such a question? There were, indeed, just now before the public two great questions: that of education, which was vital to the future of the Dominion, and that of the tariff, upon the right solution of which might depend whether we were to have a country or not. Prohibition, he maintained, could not compare for a moment with either of those questions in importance. Besides, the recommendation of the

committee, even if adopted, would prove a dead letter. Were the people of this country to be told that the questions of the right education of their children and of the maintenance of British connection, which he had been told was threatened, were to be subordinated to certain views on the temperance question? Was all the future of the country to be jeopardized because some men held that the liquor traffic should be rooted out, and because they would look at no other question but this one?

We care not what Mr. Macdonnell's views on other matters may be, but in his attitude relative to the connection of religion, politics and Prohibition he is sound to the core. So long as the Bible exists this question of Prohibition must be controversial. If the extremists had their way to-morrow, they would remain millions who would differ from them. It must be so. What then? Simply, religion would lose adherents that it is now proud to possess. Religion, in other words, would suffer, and suffer disastrously. It has enough to do now to fight disaffection within its own ranks, to say nothing of the infidel on the outside. Let it then as far as possible keep itself aloof from questions in which even truly pious people must differ, and conscientiously differ, and it will benefit thereby.

But listen to the Rev. Dr. Mullan, of Fergus. This gentleman said that "the question of prohibition was more important than the tariff question or the question of education. When a country was cursed with a traffic like this, what was the use of it? or what was the use of considering British connection as more important than the suppression of such an evil?" Dr. Mullan belongs to the dark ages. He would have us, if we did not believe as he does at least do as he does. Fortunately for our liberties, Dr. Mullan is neither supreme nor infallible. He says the question of prohibition is more important than the tariff or education. Well, then, let us drop both the latter, and perhaps he will be kind enough to tell us how he is going, in the first place, to get money to enforce prohibition, and, in the second, how he is going to govern the world, how, in fact, without education he is qualified to fill the position he does, or to teach his congregation its duty. We were going to say to teach us, but we cannot see how a true Christian can accept Dr. Mullan's teachings as long as he holds such views as are here set forth. The reverend gentleman wants to know what is the use of this country when it is "cursed" with the liquor traffic. Our advice to Dr. Mullan is to take up his residence in some land that is not so "cursed," or, if he experiences any difficulty in finding such a place, to buy a nice tight little island somewhere where he can enforce his broad-minded doctrines without paying respect or heed to the practices or laws of any country, cursed or otherwise. The South Pacific might furnish him with some such abode.

Other ministers followed Dr. Mullan, none of whom were so extreme as he, and then the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell

speaking to an amendment to another amendment said: "I cannot vote for a resolution urging members of the church to work for prohibition, because I question very much whether the passing of a prohibitory law will promote temperance so efficiently as a plan which would have the essential feature of the Gotherberg system. I should like a law which would give to the mass of reasonable and temperate men freedom to decide for themselves what they will drink, and at the same time have the sale carried on under such conditions as will take away the temptation on the part of the seller that arises from greed of gain. The Synod is going, in my judgment, beyond its sphere in committing itself to specific legislation. I did not vote for prohibition at the plebiscite. I didn't vote against it. I was so thoroughly puzzled as to what my duty was that I simply refrained from doing either."

We cannot go even as far as Mr. Macdonnell because we do not believe in state competition in trade. The question with us is simply as to whether the trade in liquor is right or wrong. We hold that it is right, that it is sanctioned not only by man's law but by Divine law. We quote chapter and verse in support of our views. Let our opponent quote chapter and verse in support of theirs. They cannot.

THE ALLIANCE WELL SNUBBED.

Those who read the daily papers will have noticed that at the meeting in Toronto recently of the Presbyterian Synod of Toronto and Kingston a request was presented from the Dominion Alliance, which is, as everybody knows the central prohibition body, that delegates be sent from the Synod to the annual meeting of the Alliance to be held shortly in Montreal. Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of St. Andrew's church of this city objected to the proposal on the ground that the Alliance was composed of erratic and strange men. Mr. Macdonnell was warmly supported by the Rev. Dr. Parsons, also of Toronto, who held that the church should not place itself in affiliation with the Egyptians. He said that he had received a number of communications from the Dominion Alliance, and among them was one asking that his congregation should contribute to the expenses of the plebiscite vote. He thought the Alliance was an organization of political, rather than religious, significance, and therefore the Synod ought not to identify itself with it. Other members of the Synod having endorsed the views of Messrs. Macdonnell and Parsons, the upshot of the discussion was that the clerk was instructed to notify the Alliance that the Presbyterian Church was "not accustomed to send delegates to any deliberative body outside of its own court." Thus did the Alliance receive a well-merited and courteous rebuke for its ill-advised officiousness. As our esteemed contemporary the *Victoria Warbler*, of which Major Sam Hughes, M.P., is proprietor and editor, remarks: "These are hard words for the McLarens,

Spences, and others of their stripe in Ontario. The public are gradually becoming aroused to the necessity of each using his own brains rather than those of political prohibition fakirs. Temperance is one thing, and professional temperance ranting is another. The *Warbler* commends the course of the clergymen in refusing to listen to the sophistries of the men referred to."

NOTE THE LAW.

A PECULIAR liquor case was decided by Judge Senkler, at Perth, last week. Mr. Levi Davis, of Jasper, sued the estate of the late W. H. Arnold, for several bottles of liquor sold the deceased, sometime last fall. The learned Judge decided that a hotel keeper had no right to sell liquor by the bottle and therefore dismissed the case. A police magistrate decided a case up west in the same way a few weeks ago.—*Beaverford Journal*.

The case is only peculiar by reason of its prosecution. We do not know that it is a common thing for holders of tavern licenses to sell liquor in greater quantities than a quart at a time, but we do know that such practice is against the law, and that many of our friends are unaware of the fact. The Ontario License Act defines a tavern license as one for the selling of fermented, spirituous, or other liquors in quantities of less than one quart, which may be drunk on the premises in which the said liquor is sold, and no greater quantity than that mentioned can be sold under a tavern license, even when it is taken off the premises to be drunk. This is a thing that henceforth every license holder should remember. If Mr. Levi Davis, of Jasper, Ont., had been a subscriber to THE ADVOCATE he would have been aware of this fact, for on page 252 of our paper the law is there duly and properly set forth.

As we are on this subject, it might be as well to also explain what a shop license is and a wholesale license is. A shop license means a license for selling by retail, in quantities not less than three half-pints, at any one time, to any one person, to be totally removed and taken from the premises before being drunk.

A wholesale license means a license to sell liquors in places other than inns, ale or beer houses, or other houses of public entertainment, in quantities not less than five gallons in each cask or vessel, at any one time; or in bottles not less than one dozen, containing three half-pints each, or two dozen, containing three-fourths of a pint each.

AN INJUSTICE.

In every case excepting as regards the liquor law when people protest on certain grounds against a man carrying on his business the plaintiff is responsible for his own costs and those of the defendant if he loses. In the case of the trade it is open to any man to make a charge, or to enter a protest, and if he fails to substantiate his claim the cost does not fall on him, but on the people at large; while, on the other hand, the license holder has to bear all the costs of defence, notwithstanding that he has to pay a more or less large sum

for the right to carry on a trade in articles that in the ordinary course of events are muled in heavy duties. This on the face of it is manifestly unfair. If the protestors fail to prove what they charge they should bear the whole burden of the expense except in case of violation of the law, and even then, if it is proved that the charge is trumped up by an informer or other person, the informer or other person should be subject to a fine of some magnitude.

TWO LEADERS.

MR. MEREDITH. "Whatever differences of opinion there may be as to whether a prohibitory law could be enforced—and many good men hold that it cannot—I deem it my duty and the duty of everyone to bow to the will of the people."

SIR JOHN THOMSON.—"I must tell you frankly that I will not for a moment swerve from any sense of duty by any vote that can be taken. I will not, simply because of a majority of votes, introduce a measure that I cannot defend in the House and in the country, and defend for all time to come."

These are the utterances of two Conservative leaders.

THE TRADE IN POLITICS.

ON Monday Mr. Meredith opened the campaign and laid down the policy of the Ontario Opposition in an address delivered at London. Elsewhere we publish his remarks on the license and Prohibition questions in full. The statement made in these columns months ago, that the Opposition are pledged to Prohibition is amply borne out by Mr. Meredith's utterances. He stands by the Marter Bill, pledges himself if returned to power to bring in a prohibitory measure, if the courts decide favorably to the Province in the matter of jurisdiction, and inferentially, at least, promises to go as far in the direction of complete prohibition as the powers granted under the constitution will allow him.

There is nothing cloudy about the great Londoner's statement, no uncertainty in his tone. He binds himself and he binds his party. As the leader of the party he speaks for the whole body, and as *The Empire* says in large type, "enunciated its policy." The rank and file must now drop the banner of Conservatism to brandish aloft that of Prohibition, and march side by side with their Reform enemies to the polls to vote against each other for the same cause. It's an anomaly but it's there.

With both leaders bound, shackled and manacled to the same chariot; with both parties pledged to the same cause; with both hosts marching under the same banner, and shouting the same slogan, and with the decisive moment but a month distant, what is the duty of the trade. There are no two ways of looking at this question. Leaders may pledge the party but they cannot pledge the vote. The trade, united and severed from party

allegiance can elect members pledged against Prohibition in two-thirds of the Constituencies in Ontario.

Vote this go for your business and let politics go.

TROUBLE IN THE CAMP.

It is painful to us to observe that, with the leaders of both of the Ontario parties pledged to prohibition, our temperance friends will insist upon dividing within themselves. Painful, we say, because if unity is not to be found among the truly good, if they are not to be a beacon and an example to the world what is to be expected from us who are not good? Yet leveraging as the fact is, it still remains that dissensions are breaking out among our temperance friends like freckles on the small boy in fly time.

Now there is our good friend Buchanan of the *Templey* breaks all out into a perfect rash of protest against Sir Oliver Mowat from a prohibition point of view. He says Sir Oliver is not to be trusted, nor are his ministers, nor his chief agent the *Globe*, nor the party as a party. He even makes insinuations against that truly disinterested patriot and prohibitionist J. K. Stewart, Provincial license inspector and goes so far as to advocate the cutting away from the Liberal party and pledging candidates individually.

We derive from Bro. Buchanan's remarks that what he wants is to "make the question an issue." That suits us exactly, and between Sir Oliver, Mr. Meredith, the *Templey* and others we are likely to get it. But not this time.

MR. MEREDITH'S POLICY.

(Continued from page 366.)

should not be controlled by any Government. We all know that these commissioners are the most active political agents. (Cheers.) Men are compelled to conceal their feelings and are not allowed to vote according to the dictates of their conscience, and Mr. Chairman, a state of things, is rotten to the core, and should not be tolerated in any civilized country. (Cheers.) What the Opposition contends is that so long as the license system prevails, we should leave it to the power of the Government to say who shall hold these licenses. We say let the cities elect by the body of the people, the three commissioners, who shall have to determine what the number of the licenses shall be, and those who shall have the licenses; and in the rural districts we say, let these commissioners be appointed by the County Councils of the country. (Cheers.) I ask you whether or not boards so constituted would not be likely to be more free from political influences. No one who approaches the subject intelligently will say that I am not right, and that this is not the only fair way so long as the licensing system prevails, and that the traffic should not be removed entirely from the Government of the day. (Cheers.) It is all very well to talk about the responsibility of the Government, and no doubt it sounds very well to say that the traffic should be removed entirely from the Government, but what does it mean? It means that the defeated candidates, it may be, in the interest of the party, has the nominating of the three commissioners, and I ask you, Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, is it not insulting to the intelligence

of the community that the defeated candidate has to decide who are to carry on the business in the city of London, rather than three men chosen by the people of London. And, having a board chosen, you would have a reflex of public opinion and would have the law administered in accordance with the wisdom and judgment of the people of the locality. (Cheers.) Now, Mr. Chairman, I don't want to shrink from expressing my opinion upon any public question engaging the attention of the electors of the Province of Ontario, no matter what the result of expressing that opinion may be, I now have something to say with regard to what has recently transpired regarding what the good shall be made of the liquor traffic of this country. You recollect that in 1893 a bill was introduced by Mr. Marter, a member of the Opposition, which proposed to abolish the sale by retail of intoxicating liquors throughout the province. That proposition was made when it was doubtful whether the Government had the power, and the Government said that it would be unwise to do anything until the question of jurisdiction was determined, and they proposed a vote of the people as to whether Prohibition of the liquor traffic should be enacted. Pending action looking to the ultimate determination of the jurisdiction, the province a vote was taken, and the people of the province passed in favor of Prohibition by a considerable majority—(cheers)—and a case is now before the courts for the purpose of determining whether the jurisdiction rests with the province or whether it does not; and, as a public man, I deem it my duty to obey the mandate of the people of the Province of Ontario, and whatever differences of opinion there may be as to whether a prohibitory law could be enforced—and many good men hold that it cannot—I deem it my duty and the duty of everyone to bow to the will of the people, when the majority of the people are determined. Now, Mr. Chairman, I say it is the duty of the Legislature of the Province to do this; that when it shall have been determined where the jurisdiction rests to deal with this question, then it will be the duty of the Government in power in Ontario to bring in a bill looking to the carrying into effect of Prohibition. But, it having been said that no such law as that would be effective, and that the result would be disastrous to the interests of the temperance people of the country; that it would be in the interests of every temperance man and of the whole community that any measure should be again submitted to the people of this country, in order that they should have an opportunity of again pronouncing their will concerning it.

A Voice—"Will you tell us, Mr. Meredith, what you now about temperance?" Mr. Meredith—"I didn't catch what you say. If you will repeat it to me I will try and give you what information I can. I don't know whether that gentleman has lived as long as I have, I don't know whether he has been as long an abstainer of intoxicating liquors as I have. (Applause loud and long.) Perhaps when he has he may learn to be a little more respectful to the opinion of others. (Applause.) Perhaps some of the zeal of youth will pass away and a little more of the wisdom of age will come to him. (Laughter and applause.) It is common, Mr. Chairman, that such advocates of the cause of temperance retard the progress of temperance. It is the conduct of such men as this that puts politics before temperance, and puts politics in everything that is in the way of temperance, and it is such as these who look first to the advantage of what can I make for my party? If I drag the great, high temperance sentiment of this country out of the wheels of the party chariots, I will laugh in the faces of those who profess against what I

am doing. (Applause.) I venture to say the gentleman who interrogates me, who sneers at what I say, will probably be one of those men who, while he has the temperance man by one hand, he will have the liquor seller by the other. (Applause.) The time has come when the Government and these men have got to choose as to which shall be king. They can no longer hunt with the hare and run with the hounds. They will be compelled at this election to choose whether they will support the cause of temperance or go back to their wallowing and follow the course they have been pursuing."

IN PRAISE OF WINE.

"A CUP of generous wine to those whose minds are still and motionless is, in my opinion, excellent physic."—*Boston's "Anatomy of Mediocrity."*
"Wine is undoubtedly one of those real blessings with which a kind Providence has favored us."—*Dr. Sandford.*
"Pure wine upon a healthy stomach is grateful and precious as the light of truth upon the eyes of a man of a sound and well-regulated mind."—*Dr. Bebb.*
"From good wine, in moderate quantity, there is no reaction whatever."—*Dr. Britton.*

The most perfect health is compatible with the moderate enjoyment of wine, and many individuals who attain a good long age have for a length of time been in the habit of using wine daily, and are likely to suffer if deprived of their natural stimulus."—*Dr. Pereira.*

JUDGMENTS.

Life is too short to get angry. The king can do no wrong without everybody knowing it. A Peasantry is an evidence of a soft stomach or of inherited taint. All things come to the way of him who does not expect too much.

He who has schooled himself to silence has set his world wondering.

It can never be that everybody else is wrong and you alone are right.

It is pitiable to see a poor man "gauged" wrong for a small income. A pipe smells of domesticity; a cigar club; a cigarette of vice.

A house that is divided against itself cannot stand outside interference. A man who really loves horses and dogs loves women and children next.

The poet Tennyson could take a worthless sheet of paper and by writing a poem on it make it worth \$65,000—that's genius.

Samuel Butler can write a few words on a sheet of paper and make it worth \$5,000,000—that's capital.

The United States can take an ounce and a quarter of gold and stamp upon it an eagle head "and make it worth \$2—that's money.

The mechanic can take a material worth \$5 and make it into a watch worth \$10—that's skill.

The merchant can take an article worth 75 cents and sell it for a \$1—that's business.

A lady can purchase a very comfortable bonnet for \$3.75, but she prefers one that costs \$27—that's foolishness.

The ditch-digger works ten hours a day and shovels three or four tons of earth for \$2—that's labor.

The editor of this paper can write a check for \$80,000,000, but it wouldn't be worth a dime—that's rough.—*Young Itheron.*

"COUNTERTOP doesn't pay." "I'm thinking counterfeiters make money."

W

-- OFF

J. P. WISER,
HARLOW G. W.
ISAAC P. WISER
E. FRANK WISER
ALBERT WHITE

CANADA IS T

J. E.

Malt a
Proof
Old Ry

Guaranteed by the Government

WISER'S CANADA WHISKEY

Prescott Distillery

PURE SPIRITS, ALCOHOL, RYE AND PROOF WHISKIES

J. P. WISER & SONS, (Limited).

ONTARIO, PRESCOTT, CANADA.

Fully Ripened

and Matured

in Wood

OFFICERS

- J. P. WISER, - - - - - President.
- HARLOW G. WISER, 1st Vice-Pres.
- ISAAC P. WISER, 2nd Vice-Pres.
- E. FRANK WISER, - - - - - Treasurer.
- ALBERT WHITNEY, - - - - - Secretary.

CANADA IS THE ONLY COUNTRY IN THE WORLD WHERE WHISKEY IS BOTTLED **IN BOND**, AND THE ONLY COUNTRY THAT CERTIFIES TO BOTTLED WHISKEY. THE GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATE, WHICH IS ON EVERY BOTTLE, GUARANTEES THE AGE, STRENGTH AND QUANTITY.

J. E. SEAGRAM DISTILLER

SOLE MANUFACTURER OF

THESE RENOWNED BRANDS

"OLD TIMES"

"WHITE WHEAT"

Conceded by Connoisseurs to be the choicest flavored Whiskies in the Market

DIRECT IMPORTER OF

WINES...

AND

LIQUORS

Malt and Family Proof Whiskies Old Rye, Etc.

J. E. SEAGRAM, - WATERLOO, ONT.

Trade AND OTHER Notes.

A new hotel will go up at Pilot Mound, Man., this summer for Mr. S. Rowe.

S. P. TROST, of Quebec, who conducted the cigar stand in the new C.P.R. hotel, the Chateau Frontenac, has resigned.

PETERBORO' having cut off half a dozen licenses now proposes to hire whisky reformers to look after those that are left.

By fire, on the 19th inst., F. Gamble, proprietor of the Gamble House, Athens, Ga., suffered loss to the extent of \$1,500.

The temperance people of Winnipeg have lodged a complaint against the issue of liquor licenses to nineteen saloons in that city.

A MEASURE known as the Haskell local option bill was defeated in the lower house of the Ohio Legislature on April 28th, by a vote of 36 to 51.

BURLINGTON, ONT., people are fighting among themselves as to whether two or three licenses shall be issued. The matter is to come up at Osgoode Hall on the 22nd inst.

"The price of whisky has been raised again," said Col. Blundell, of Kentucky. "Well," answered his neighbor, "there is one good thing; it can't cost more than it is worth."

The Socialists in Berlin have ordered a boycott upon seven of the leading breweries of the German capital in consequence of the action of the proprietors in discharging Socialists working in their breweries.

The formal opening of the Rankin House, Chatham, Ont., took place on May 16th, under the new proprietorship of Mr. J. J. Gintard. The Chatham band furnished music for the occasion.

The Queen's one of Winnipeg's best known hotels, was recently closed down owing to financial difficulties. J. K. Grigg, formerly of London, was manager, and Mr. McKenzie the Toronto street capitalist, owns the building.

At a recent meeting of the creditors of the Queen's Hotel company, Montreal, it was decided to conduct the hotel as at present, the report of the business being satisfactory. The hotel went into the hands of a receiver some time ago.

FRED TABAL, the jockey who rode Dr. Rice to victory for the Brooklyn Handicap, has blossomed out as a boniface. He has purchased the well-known roadhouse the Swan Inn, near Westchester, N.Y., and has put his brother, N. Tard, in the position of manager.

The Banff Hotel was opened on the 15th inst. for the season under the management of Mr. W. L. Matthews, who has a staff of 35 assistants. Everybody should take a trip to Banff either for health or pleasure. It is one of the most salubrious and most picturesque spots on earth.

The family of Mr. Wesley Bullen, the widely known and much respected wholesale liquor merchant of Belleville, has been thrown into mourning by the death of his brother, Mr. William Bullen, which happened with terrible suddenness. Deceased went out to get a pail of water and on returning sat down and died. He was 66 years of age.

The Hotelkeepers' Association of the North Riding of Perth have elected the following officers:—President, Fred J. Corrie; Vice-President, Geo. M. Scott; of Selkirkville; Secretary, John J. Hagarty; Treasurer, J. M. Scott; Executive Committee, Jas. W. Wilson, Maurice Dillon, E. Hodgins.

In visiting Napanee call at the Paisley House, of which the talented Mr. A. E.

Douglas is proprietor. Mr. Douglas is one of the most genial and most enterprising hotel men in all the country. Attentiveness, cleanliness and wholesomeness are the three pre-eminent qualities of the Paisley at Napanee.

The appeal of the Windsor Hotel Company, Montreal, against their assessment for the present year, was heard before the Recorder last week. The assessors had fixed the value of the property at \$800,000. Last week the city's expert declared it to be worth \$825,000, while the Company's expert estimated it at \$666,240. The matter was taken *en delibere*.

WORKMEN clearing away the ruins of the burned St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, have found the famous "gold service," the loss of which was so deplored by the proprietor. The 150 pieces comprising it have been regained, but with the exception of some of the spoons and knives, it had melted out of shape. It is only fit for gold metal in its present condition.—Hotel World.

MESSES. ALLEN MOON and Wm. Brown are the proprietors of The Balmoral, Belleville. Last week the city's expert declared they know them to be provoking behind the times. They are noted all the country over as hoteliers of the very first class, and The Balmoral is of the same calibre, the prices being remarkably reasonable considering the excellent accommodation furnished.

The old-established Station Hotel, Stuart street, Hamilton, was re-opened last week by ex-conductor John Edmondstone. Mr. Edmondstone is well and known in Hamilton, as well as the travelling public generally, he having been in the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway over twenty-five years, the greater part of which as passenger conductor on the Toronto branch.

MR. CHAS. J. McHUGHY, who represents the United States agricultural department in Europe with a view to introduce and stimulate the use of corn goods in those parts, reports that he is making good progress in the United States. He has to one city recently to be used for brewing purposes, and the experiments which have been made in this direction in a number of breweries are said to have proved eminently successful.—Western Brewer.

JAMES DUGAS and Desnoyers and the Recorder, the Montigny license Commissioners, of Montreal, have refused the following applications for grocers' licenses: Patrick Brennan, 116 Murray Street; John McCarthy, 144 Ottawa Street; Matthew Rappello, 19 Jorua Street; Levi King, 47 Champlain Street; Arthur Beaufort, 211 St. George Street; Daniel Kelly, 46 St. George Street; Ward, 79 Murray Street; Rodina Collins, 72 D'Aray Street; Phillips Collins, 186 Nazareth Street.

ALLAN HUFFMAN, for several years proprietor of the late Dufou House, Belleville, is now running the Huffman House (late Kyle Hotel), Belleville. We would recommend the attention of all commercial travellers to this fine house, with its present excellent cuisine and accommodation of five good sample rooms. The management is in the hands of the well-known and popular A. B. Conley, and the general travelling public can feel assured they will find this one of the most comfortable hotels in Canada.

This senate recently passed a liquor license bill for the State of Columbia prohibiting the sale of liquors within 400 feet of any educational institution or house of public worship in the district; except that the bill shall not apply to the University of Columbia, March 1st, 1883, or to hotels established since that date having at least fifty rooms, and to wholesale groceries selling liquor in

quantities; but it restricts bar-rooms making a specialty of selling liquor at retail and coming within the 400-foot limit. The *Western Brewer* thinks that as the exceptions will make it unprofitable for a seller or representative to get "a drink" anywhere, the conference to which the bill has been referred will doubtless agree to it.

An extraordinary case of death from a venereal eruption is reported in the *W. Trade Recorder* of London. A youth employed as a clerk with a prominent manufacturing firm of bottlers' extracts started out on Saturday afternoon (Bank Holiday) with a good meal. He began at Blackheath by eating thirty oranges, a whole coconut, a mince pie, and drinking some cider and some mineral water champagne. Returning to London he had some lemonade and cake. Soon afterward he was found in a half unconscious condition by a policeman, and being placed in an ambulance he died on his way to the hospital. The post-mortem examination revealed that he had died of sanguineous cerebral apoplexy, supposed to have been brought on by the overloaded condition of his stomach.

The passenger elevator of the Beaulieu house stopped, and refused to budge, last Sunday, and a good deal of water power. A machinist yesterday morning took some of the machinery of 31 inches long and 3 inches thick out of one of the pipes. The elevator now runs. A few days since the water at the Moore bott works was choked off, and the water commissioner and his gang got six big three pounds, from the pipes. At another point where the street sprinkler has a stand, the water supply stopped. The stand pipe at the top, 12 feet in the air, contained an enormous coil, which was removed, as were two other large coils of the day previous from another pipe from which the street sprinkler takes water. Fishing is excellent in the watermain of Wasted, the most of which are those coils that they all have flims over their eyes and are stone blind.—Hartford Courant.

ROOT BEER.

An Article that a Well-Posted Physician Says Should be Avoided.

DR. W. R. D. BLACKWOOD, a physician of high standing in the United States, writing in *The Medical Examiner* says: "In hot weather all of us naturally take to liquid refrigerating agents, and some are in favor of one thing, while others prefer something else. For several years past the committee has seen hives of those who do not 'root' beer, but under various alluring promises, and after the originator of this deception got confidence established, numerous imitators jumped his claim (whenever the first fellow was). How true! How a wherry took him to the Port of Gravesend, how he waited the days for a ship and took 'a buchanian leave' of England, he faithfully describes, and then gives the recipe for 'root' beer as follows:—The city is not much more than half the bigness as London is within the walls yet there are in it almost 800 brew-houses, and in one of these 337 leavings of beer besides 13 or 14 leavings of beer have been raked or stayed in the town. He describes the hangerman of Hamilton as having 'a wind-pipe, or rather a hole as they call it, in the side of his barrel (cannon), or a wooden pump, through which conduit half the brewing of Hamilton beer be done under his unmerciful aural paunch.'"

beer man, because the stoppers are easily manipulated, and cork is done away with in this method, so when the mixture is corked up, fermentation has not been completed, as in good beers or ales, hence when the bottle is opened a vigorous effervescence ensues, which is taken by the man or woman who is "sating them so much" in the way of home-made beverages. It is just this, however, but something not quite so alluring or harmless: why? Well, in the first place, fermentation goes on in the bottle, and the gas which after the mass is swallowed, and if the carbonic acid gas don't all come up in a manner more useful than polite, then a going to be trouble, and many folks wonder what more they so much troubled with hyperbryony all night, and what was the cause of so much pyrosis. Next comes the secondary effect; the tannin in the bark and roots is apt to set up condensation in many persons, with a consequent act of diarrhoea after awhile, and he again the subject wonders what gives so much looseness when he had been taking hardly any ice water at all.

For another thing, the water had a large number of cases of indigestion, due to this sating of families with the wretched stuff, and I have stopped the trouble in all of them by simply telling them about the *font of origin* and (It also stopped a lot of professional visits for myself). As the editor wants me to give him some copy to fill a corner, I don't know that I can do better than warn my friends of the trouble and prevalent beverage is causing amongst all classes of the community, but more particularly those whose scruples forbid the drinking of good beer, and who, in lieu of something thicker than water take this medicinal humber. I don't suppose the peddlers of the extract will advise what I have to say about their ware, but after calling attention to the matter amongst a number of my friends, they have found by experience that the thing was more serious than it looked to be at first sight, and many a family that used to fill up the refrigerator with bottles of beer has stuck to lemonade, raspberry wine, or something of the kind when they did drink either water or a good article of beer from a reputable brewery. So here, my readers! I am not trying to puff lager—not at all! It is good as a place; my object is to call attention to something which has been doing very much harm under a plausible advertising dodge, and which is going to cause more misery than people get out of the notion (algebraic or prevalent) that their blood needs "purifying" in hot weather, and that such trash as this root beer is the remedy to be applied!—*Tr. R.*

HAMBURG BEER IN 1617.

JOHN TAYLOR, the water poet, gave an amusing account of a visit to Hamilton in an early year of the century, when he says:—How a wherry took him to the Port of Gravesend, how he waited the days for a ship and took "a buchanian leave" of England, he faithfully describes, and then gives the recipe for "root" beer as follows:—The city is not much more than half the bigness as London is within the walls yet there are in it almost 800 brew-houses, and in one of these 337 leavings of beer besides 13 or 14 leavings of beer have been raked or stayed in the town. He describes the hangerman of Hamilton as having "a wind-pipe, or rather a hole as they call it, in the side of his barrel (cannon), or a wooden pump, through which conduit half the brewing of Hamilton beer be done under his unmerciful aural paunch."

THE A
R
CRYST
M
Brew
he
WRITE U
DUPE
S
Steam
Power
NORTH
A.E.C. BE
WHEN TYPE
SHOULD
3 KING S

THE MOST ...
RELIABLE

ALES



IN CANADA

CRYSTAL ALE

CREAM ALE

NOURISHING PORTER

Milwaukee Lager Beer

Brewed and Bottled in Toronto by

The Davies Brewing Company

WRITE US FOR

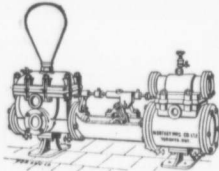
DUPLEX .

.. AND ..

. SINGLE

Steam and
Power . . .

PUMPS



NORTHEY MANUFACTURING CO., Ltd.

TORONTO, ONT.



3 KING ST. E., CHAS. J. E. BIRD & CO. —Toronto

T. S. L.

109 YORK ST. TELEPHONE . 1608 .

W. A. VERNER'S

Pure Apple CIDER

In Half Pint Bottles, 25 cts. per doz. Quart Bottles, 80 cts. per doz.
By Gallon, 25 cts. per Gallon.

100 and 102 — BERKELEY STREET — 100 and 102 TORONTO

HUTCHINSON & PETERSON

Manufacturers of all kinds of
Bottle Stoppers, Bottlers' Supplies, Syrups, Extracts, and Soda Water Supplies.

106 Front St., East - TORONTO

J. D. OLIVER & CO.

Wine and Spirit Merchants

Direct Importers . . . Wholesale and Retail.

Telephone No. 324. Cable Address "OLIVER," Toronto.
16 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO



Billiard Tables BOWLING ALLEYS AND Supplies

REID BROS. & CO. BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS
102 and 106 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

Job Printing ADVOCATE
TEL. OFFICE 1100. OFFICE ADELAIDE AND VICTORIA STS.

DAWES & CO.

.. Brewers ..

PALE ALES AND PORTER

Lachine, P.Q.

Montreal Office, 521 St. James St.

BELL TELEPHONE, 563

None but the following city bottlers are authorized to use our labels:

EUGENE BEAUDOIN, . . . 274 Visitation,
J. ELZEBORD CAISSE, . . . 174 Wolfe,
MOISE VIAU, . . . 29 Turgeon, St. Henri.

Sporting.

NOTES.

The Turf Association of Stratford has an excellent list of entries for its meeting to be held June 6th, 7th, 8th. The conditions for the purse races have been changed so as to make horses eligible for May 29th. Following are the stake entries:—

2.19 Trot and Pace—Sartel George T. Kennedy, Ottawa; Miss—Garrod, George B. Roe, Wingham; Belmont Chief, Thos. Brownridge, Brampton; Gertie B., Thos. Coakley, Hamilton; Astell, A. Thompson, Stratford; entry by James G. Johnson, Buffalo, N.Y.; entry by H. G. Green, Dundas, N.Y.; entry by H. H. Everett, Toledo, O.

2.50 Paces—Payneck, H. T. Westbrook, Brantford; Babette, Leaneur Carr, Stony Creek; Roy B. Stanton, Thos. Barnes, Hamilton; Frank M., Joseph Hall, Sarnia; Lord Ferguson, J. C. Boyd, Sarnia; Ruth H., J. M. Collier, Chatham, Ontario; Lady Lightfoot, J. M. Lundy, North Tonawanda, N.Y.; Keswick, John Slaver, Woodstock; Stephen R., P. H. Davey, Berlin; Lord Temnyson, L. Kennedy, Clinton; Katie L., D. P. Lowe, Brantford; Lady Lightfoot, J. M. Lundy; Stony Creek; Van S., W. Cowper Dundas; Sir Harry Wilkes, E. James, Hamilton; Dixie Van, B. S. Van Tuyl, Petrola; Black Jim, Geo. Wettslander, Stratford; Canile, J. McWilliam, Thornspford.

Three minute Trot—Allan Wilkes, Joseph Copp, Clinton; Callino, G. S. James, Chatham; Aggie F., P. Farrell, Toronto Junction; Dolce, W. T. Jenkins, Brantford; May F., George R. Hogaloom, Toronto; Miss Superior, Havelock James, Hamilton; Rumer Jr., Wilson & Bell, Sarnia; Billy R., M. McDonald, Walkersburg; Dan S., Jay & Co., Windsor; George Page, George Page, Welland; Alma K., J. E. Marsh, Markdale; Bella Cook, James Nesbitt, Toronto; Evergood, Evergood Stock Farm, Toronto; Bryson, H. Scott, Oshawa; Martie S., John Goodale, Milverton; Florence C., George Larkworthy, Stratford.

* * *

It would appear that the name Ladus has some attraction for Lord Rosbery, but it is difficult to say why. When the Prime Minister of Great Britain was leaving college and determined to go on the turf, he bought a horse of the same name from the late Mr. William Cowen, of Blyden. The animal had been very successful as a two-year-old, and a large price was paid for it. It was entered for the Derby in 1869, and was ridden in that race by Custance, but was easily and badly beaten. The horse was also run in the Cambridgeshire of the same year, and was beaten in both races. It never again won a race of any importance, although it won a match at Newmarket against a horse belonging to Prince Soltykoff. Why Rosbery should have given the winner of the Two Thousand Guineas and favorite for the Derby, the same name as the unfortunate animal from which twenty-five years ago he expected so much and got so little, is not easy to understand.

* * *

Billiards and pool have greatly increased in popular esteem recently and

the demand for tables is unwontedly brisk. As a consequence Messrs. Reid Bros., of 102 and 106 Adelaide street west, Toronto, are kept very busy making and shipping goods to all parts of the country. Although only five years in business this firm have made a reputation for themselves that is unexcelled by none outside the big establishments in the United States and England that have been in existence several generations. As a matter of fact such excellent workmen do the Reid Bros employ and such splendid material do they put into their table, it can hardly be long before they rank as the peers of the famous Brunswick Balke Company itself. Even now their workmanship is every bit as good as that of the company mentioned, while to us it has the additional advantage of being practically all Canadian. It is simply impossible to beat the ivory balls they produce or the cues and the tables they make. They have the very best machinery and as the Brothers themselves are practical workmen it can be understood there is no reason why their wares should not equal the best. They make a speciality of cushions of their own patent which experts say for accuracy of angles and quickness are unsurpassed. When THE ADVOCATE representative called they had just finished shipping five beautiful standard tables to that well-known judge of such things, Mr. Thos. Donnelly of the Grand Central Hotel, St. Thomas. These tables were of Spanish mahogany and hand polished. The firm last week shipped an English oak table to Portage la Prairie and another to the officers' mess of the Dufferin Rifles, Brantford, both of which are giving the most complete satisfaction. More courteous and at the same more business-like gentlemen than the Messrs. Reid Bros. cannot be found in all the country and whenever our friends want billiard or pool tables, or bowling alleys laid, if they take our advice they will order from them and we will undertake to say they will be thoroughly satisfied with their treatment. The firm, it might be mentioned, make a speciality of furnishing clubs, private houses and regimental messes with tables of attractive design and of the best quality.

* * *

A NOTEWORTHY book has just made its appearance in England. It is none other than the memoirs of the jolly baronet, Sir John Astley, father of six-day pedestrianism, and for nearly half a century a follower of all manly sport. So long ago as the Sayers-Heenan fight Sir John was a celebrity. In his book he gives a description of the great battle and a running chronicle of his career, in which the reader is led from throne rooms to dog fights, and rubs shoulders alternately with Princesses and barmecides. For all the world it is like a clever modernization of Falstaff, only in this case, instead of being admonished to fall by his prayers, the jovial old baronet is permitted to dedicate his book to the Prince of Wales. It ought to be read, if only for the English it affords of what papers like THE TIMES admit is the typical fine old English gentleman.

* * *

Purses for thoroughbreds are good nowhere. Last week a number of yearlings of the very choicest blood, including some of the great hundred thousand dollar horse imported St. Blaise, were sold in New York but fetched very ordinary prices. However, none of them sold so low as ten dollars or two guineas, which was all that was paid for a filly by Booka from Pleasure at the yearling sales at the recent Victorian Racing Club's Autumn Meeting in Australia, when nearly a couple of hundred youngsters, the property of various breeders, passed under the hammer. Another, a filly, sold for three guineas, while thirteen guineas was the aggregate which four made! Top price in the two days' sale was realized by a colt by Giang Forward from Haide, viz., 550 guineas, while a colt by Carlton from Queen of Nations made 600 guineas. Eirepsford, formerly the property of the Duchess of Montrose, and Trenton, who in England carried the famous blue and yellow of Mr. Leopold de Rothschild, are now two of the most popular sires at the Antipodes. Thus we see as in America so in Australia Britain still furnishes the best stock-getting stallions.

* * *

SEVEN imported thoroughbred stallions other sold at auction in New York the other day for the ridiculously low price of \$315 the lot. Rosford, the erstwhile monarch of the "cross country" field, the winner of the Grand National in England in 1885, was sold for \$40, and nine years ago he brought \$5,000.

MR. PIERRE LORELAND, the New York millionaire tobacco man, who won the Derby at Epsom and the St. Leger at Doncaster in 1881, and also captured several good races with Parole, contemplates making another campaign in England. No announcement has been made of the horses he intends to take over, but it is probable his name will appear among the nominators for the Two Thousand Guineas, Derby and St. Leger of 1896.

* * *

IT is the fortune of racing that the jockey shall be at the top of his profession to-day and be dead to-morrow. Frank Goodale had this year surpassed all jockeys riding in the South and West, and only last week had crowned his all too brief career by steering Chant to victory in the Kentucky Derby in a masterly manner. On the 18th inst., at Louisville, just before the saddling bell rang, he left his wife in the grand stand telling her, as he always did, to watch his mount, Judge Payne, in the second race. There were nine entries, and all got off bunched. They ran so until the turn for the stretch, when several horses pulled out. The caller had just reported "Judge Payne third by a head," when a big cloud of dust obscured horses and riders from view. Mrs. Goodale was standing at the grand stand railing, with her glasses levelled on Judge Payne, and when the cloud of dust went up she sank down on the nearest bench, evidently aware that the worst had happened. Judge Payne had stumbled and rolled over Goodale. Two other horses ran over him, planting their

hoofs in his chest and abdomen, while his face and head were horribly mangled. He died in a few minutes of concussion of the brain, never gaining consciousness.

* * *

IT is stated that religious people in Britain are beginning to rail against Let Rosbery because he occasionally buys stocks and runs racehorses. This statement appears side by side with an announcement that the National Anti-Gambling League has begun an active crusade against betting on racecourses. A case has been raised against the honor of the Northampton racecourse, which has been summoned to court on charges of violating the Betting Act and permitting gambling within their enclosure on race days. If the League should win their case it is confidently but absurdly said that an end would be put to racetrack betting everywhere in the kingdom, at a mortal blow dealt to racing. British will race and Britishers will have their sport in spite of all the Anti-Gambling Leagues that can be formed the world over.

* * *

A CORRESPONDENT writes that the officials of the Windsor, Ont., Jockey Club are highly pleased with the entries received for their five races, which are May 12 and 19, viz., the Vineyard handicap, Jean Baptiste handicap, Fens handicap, International steeplechase and Britannia hurdle handicap. In each the entries are large and the quality the will face the flag will be of the very best. As all the owners of horses now stable at Toronto have signified their intention of being at Windsor. The following stable of some of the larger stables (expected) is present: J. E. Seagram, stable of William Hendrie, 11; M. I. Del, Brookside stable, 8; D. Higgins, 5; J. P. Davis, 5; J. P. Strath, 4; John Dymott, 4; James Doggan, 3; Dr. Smith, 6; Capt. Bolles, 5; T. D. Hodgins, 4; Dr. Lang, 4. Numbers of eastern and Chicago stables have written for accommodations and entry lists. Special arrangements for passenger meals and transportation of horses have been made with the railways. The lieutenant-governor has wired that he and his party will be present for the opening of the meeting. The steeplechase course, hurdle banks and water jumps are completed and they present a very pretty appearance, the jumps being so placed as to give spectators the best possible view of the horses in taking the jumps.

* * *

ALTHOUGH the Ontario Jockey Club announced that they would race on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week they never anticipated at that time a continuing rain and wind storm of three or four days' duration. From Friday night to Monday night the rain pelted down torrents. That was not all, for the atmosphere was cold and chilly. Nevertheless enough the result to the track was disastrous. A corporation drain collected a couple of weeks ago and this gave way, making racing on Tuesday, although the sun shone brilliantly on the afternoon

of that day, impossible. The rain appeared in the track, was entirely in fact so severe it would not set off the Under the circumstances was nothing for the postpone the sport they very reluctantly will now take place Saturday. Monday brings the terminat commencement of the Club races, which end of next week and Friday and Saturday, although the side for good drying are to be heavy and a previous calculation making the meeting point of view all the Queen's Plate was the usual day, instead of on Tuesday as originally intended until the why and they say that our final Therncliffe and Joe the order named. The probably be Lochlin bar, Mayhewson, Wakefield, or nine cents that have elsewhere, but we can't see that either report is accurate. Dominion has never

HORSES FOR

LEASE. THE UNDERSTANDING

ROBINETTE MARE—Eminent driver; 9000 lb; racing, 925 lbs.; racing on heavy mile, brown in color. P. H. Homan, Toronto, P. E. I.

ROADSTER MARE—3 yrs. old, free from wind and stylish driver. Besides being good at anything. P. H. Homan, Toronto, P. E. I.

GREAT BATTLES

Racers of the following appeared in the Tom Sayers and J. Tom King and J. C. Tom Hyer and Yan Nat Lingham and John Morrissey and Bendigo and Count Tom Sayers and John Mace and Tom Mace and Tom Burke, Thompson (Be Tom Sayers and William Sisher), Wm. Perry (the Sla Freeman (the An Tom Sayers and Ha

These reports are disseminated on account of the wronging to the fa

of abdomen, with
horribly jagged
edges of remaining
concomitant.

religious people a
rail against Lou
occasionally by
press. This sta-
tional with an a
national Anti-
an active disc
occurs. A ba
against the horse
course, which
art on charges
and permit
enclosure on race
should win the
but almost sure
put to racoon
the kingdom, an
racing. British
will have the
the Anti-Gamb
formed the sal

rites that the
Ont., Jockey Cl
with the entire
races, which the
the Vineyard ba
handicaps. Fron
and steeplechase
cheap. In each
and the quality
be of the very
persons now stable
their interest
the following list
the (this excepti
ground, stable of
; M. I. (Jub.)
D. Higgins, 8;
P. Davis, 3;
L. Bennett, 4; J
B. & C. J. B
Dr. Lang, 4; N
to stables have
on and entry bla
for passenger me
of horses have
The licentiate
that he and his
of the opening
of the course.
renter jumps an

HORSES FOR SALE.

The insertion under this head one dollar, two insertions two dollars, five insertions three dollars.

ROBINSTER MARK—Stylish, kind, and pleasant driver; good stock; 7 years old; weight, 925 lbs.; record, without landing on heavy mile track, 2:50; dark brown in color. Price, \$100. J. A. Benson, Toronto, P. E. I.

ROBINSTER MARK—Color, dark brown; 6 yrs. old in May, 1894; 16 hands high; sound, free from vice and an excellent, good and stylish driver. She is a splendid mother, besides being good to haul, will do anything. A guarantee will be given as to anything of excellent stock; \$100 will buy her. J. A. Brennan, Tipton, P. E. I.

GREAT BATTLES OF THE WORLD.

Reviews of the following prize fights are appeared in THE ADVOCATE:

Tom Sayers and J. C. Heenan.
Tom King and J. C. Heenan.
Tom Hyer and Yankee Sullivan.
Sat Langham and Tom Sayers.
John Morrissey and J. C. Heenan.
Bendig and Cant.
Tom Sayers and Bob Brettle.
Jim Maco and Tom King (No. 1).
Jim Maco and Tom King (No. 2).
Wm. Thompson (Bendig) and "Don't" Burke.
Tom Sayers and Wm. Perry (the Tipton Slasher).
Wm. Perry (the Slasher) and Charles Freeman (the American Giant).
Tom Sayers and Harry Poulson.

These reports are discontinued for the moment on account of the pressure on our writing to the fact that the racing

and general sporting season is upon us. They will be renewed in the fall. In the meantime reports of all racing events, both running and trotting, will be welcomed, as well as any news of the breeding, selling or performing of horses.

As Nos. 1 and 2 of THE ADVOCATE have run out of print we shall be obliged if anybody having a copy of those papers, and who does not wish to bind, will return either one or the other or both to the office.

ALL-ROUND SPORT.

A MATCH for \$1,000 has been arranged between the chess experts, Lasker and Pillsbury.

A RACE is to be sailed next month between two yachts owned respectively by Yale and Harvard universities.

AUSTRALIANS think that Tom Sullivan, the champion cricketer of England, is not so hot as he is reputed to be by a man like Gaudsaur.

AN International Athletic Congress is to be held in Paris between June 16 and 20, under the auspices of the French societies for athletics.

THE last deposits have been made of the money required in the Corlett-Jackson fight, but the time for the contest to take place has not been definitely fixed.

SIMMONS, the colored bicycle rider whose entries for the Irvington-Milburn road race was rejected on account of his color, has decided to bring the matter in to the courts.

THE tallest cricketer in the world is said to be C. W. Reid, a Sydney medical student at Edinburgh. He stands six feet eight and a half inches in height, and plays with the Edinburgh Australians.

BARON ROBERT OPPENHEIM, the Paris financier, has ordered to be built in France a racing yacht to cost \$100,000. The boat is intended to compete with the Vigilant and other yachts of that craft.

THE fifteenth and sixteenth games of chess played between Lasker and Steinitz were won by the former. Lasker has almost insurmountable lead having won nine games, five more than his opponent. Three games have been drawn.

DETROIT now boasts of a horse club. In that respect she is not the only city in the States that has a club playing lacrosse. The game is being adopted by the big colleges, and an annual international match is a possibility of the future.

THE Terra Cotta kennels of Hamilton have lately been augmented by the owners, John G. Kent, of Toronto, and William J. Talk, who have purchased a Champion Gem and Champion Wild Rose, two of the best show canines in America.

THE beautiful grand stand of the Boston Baseball Club was destroyed by fire the other day, while a game was in progress. The fire originated in the Bleachers, but a careless spectator dropped a lighted match. The damage is estimated at \$100,000.

THE Earl of Jersey is the new president of the Marylebone Cricket Club which has now 3,941 members, and last year had an income of \$100,000. Lord Jersey, who was lately appointed Governor of New South Wales, was a first-class runner at a mile and two miles when he was at Oxford.

THE 100 pigeon contest under the novelty rule for the championship of America, in the Chicago shooting tournament, has been won by R. O. Heikes of Dayton, O., who killed 91 out of 100. It was in this contest on the first day of the shoot, that Van Dyke broke the world's record.

THE Montreal Lacrosse Club at the present time has many internal influences at work which threaten to result in its disintegration. They will place a team of indifferent merit in the senior league, and it is expected that there will be a bitter struggle for fan and honors between the Montrealers and the Torontonians.

PROFESSIONAL bicycle riding in Paris is not all it is cracked up to be, if you are not in the first rank of speedsters. Chas. W. Ashinger, an American rider not having won a single race in which he has engaged in Paris, and having no capital but his muscles, is in a condition bordering upon extreme poverty. A fund has been started for his benefit by his friends in Paris.

A GOLF club has been formed in Hamilton. This curious game which seems to be the craze in the Mother country is rapidly growing in favor in this country. The Toronto club which has been in existence for a number of years has purchased lately a large tract of land near the eastern limits of the city, and has erected thereon a well-appointed clubhouse.

TOMES, the well known trainer, who hails from Aurora, Ont., has unseparated a bicycling phenomenon whom he thinks will beat all the fast men. His name is Herman Klinsman and he comes from the west. He resembles Sanger in build and weighs nearly 205 pounds. Despite his great weight Klinsman was a remarkably fast sprinter before he took up bicycle riding, having covered 100 yards in an even 10 seconds.

DR. SPOLON and SON, of Penatung, with Mr. McCausland, one of the officials of the reformatory prison there, recently went out fishing for bullheads in Mud lake, between Penatung, and Milland. They used as bait chickens' wings and legs, which were attached to strings and placed in the water. When the fish surrounded the dainty bait, a landing net was dropped and the haul made. Dr. Spolon says that the largest catch at one time was thirty-seven fish. The party returned to Penatung with 3,636 fish, which is usually good fishing for one day. —Orillia News Letter. We should rather say so.

RACING IN ROME.

THE prizes for these races were called palli, and were usually pieces of brocade or some other rich stuff, which was thrown over the back of the horse that won and so displayed to the people. We also had a procession of the Palli, no doubt they often took the form of banners. The nobles used to deposit them in their chapels, and in the last days of the Papal government the French soldiers substituted for the Procession of the Palli that of the Rue Grasso, says an exchange.

The Pope's dragons used to gallop through the Corso to clear it before the race and to warn the people that it had actually started. Either mortars were fired or trumpets blown, but accidents were perpetually occurring, and when in 1866 two people were killed just below the balcony where stood the Queen-Margherita, the Barbary mace was forbidden in the Corso for the future, though renewed last year in a very much modified form around the Piazza del Popolo.

The horses had no riders, but carried two balls of lead covered with prickles, loosely attached to the back, so of course the harder they galloped the more these prickly balls danced up and down and gaided them on. Dashing furiously along the Corso they passed almost before people knew that they had started, and in such a narrow street, with such a

crush on either side, and somebody always trying to cross at the last moment or stepping out of the throng to see if it were coming, it was a wonder that it was a dangerous game, though of course the danger was in part also the attraction.

A street was stretched across the street to catch the horses at the back of Piazza Venezia, in the passage still called Via della Ripresa de Barberi, in front of which was a cord covered with wet wool (this was dropped before the rush of the foremost horse, leaving a stripe of paint on his chest, and thus all knew at once which was the winner.

WONDERFUL SAGACITY.

STORIES of the sagacity of the horse, marvelous or bordering on the marvelous, are often told. Some of them are so remarkable as to make considerable calls upon the credulity of the reader, and I will confess that, firm as my faith is in the horse's intelligence, I am not always willing to take these tales at face value. Once in a while, however, a well-authenticated story comes to hand, so unusual that in light of it I am tempted to believe the most imaginative. The latest to which my attention has been called is one of the sort that could be almost unbelievable, but that I have it from a friend, under whose personal notice the finale took place. It happened in Pittsburgh, Pa., and its hero was an ordinary street horse of that city. Some months ago this horse was taken with a very severe attack of colic—so severe that he was finally taken to the veterinary hospital of Arday Bros., at Thirty-first and Broadway streets, where he was successfully treated. Not long after he was again taken with colic, upon the street, with such violence that considerable difficulty was experienced in getting him loose from the wagon. When finally un hitched he broke away from those about him and off, supposedly at random, as fast as he could go. There was, however, "a method in his madness;" he was not simply "running amuck;" in his pain, but headed directly for the Messrs. Arday's establishment, where he soon arrived, and, his condition becoming apparent, he was again relieved. From this time on the horse became subject, at irregular intervals, to colic paroxysms. In every case he was instantly set at liberty and at once went directly to his "haven of refuge" in search of the relief which never failed him. This continued for some time, until one morning his owner, upon arising and seeking the barn, found no horse there. The stall in which he kept had been literally kicked to pieces, and the stable door, which had been securely locked, battered, kicked and blown open. Suspecting the cause, the owner immediately repaired to the Messrs. Arday's, where he found his horse lying dead in front of the door. The horse had been taken with colic in the night, and, being a large, strong animal, had demolished the barriers between himself and liberty and once more sought the friends who had previously dissipated his pain. This time, however, instead of finding the assistance that had previously never failed, he was confronted by a door closed and barred against him, and, presumably exhausted by his tremendous efforts in breaking loose from his own stable, and by his intense pain, he had given up the struggle and death had come to his relief.

This I can vouch for as a story true in every particular. It is not more true than it is wonderful in illustrating the intelligence with which such "noblist of animals" is oft-times endowed, or touching as it exemplifies the implicit trust he will place in man, who subjugated and, I regret to say, so often abuses him. —Volunteer, in Clark's Horse Review.

REINHARDT & CO.

Lager Beer Brewers . . . Toronto



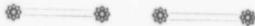
Only Brewers in Canada of those justly Celebrated Brands, viz :

Export "SALVADOR"

Select "HOFBRÄU"

Genuine "BOCK"

Original "BAVARIAN"



Liquor Merchants and Leading Hotels throughout the Dominion handle these Goods

J. E. Doyle & Co.

Manufacturers of

...Corks

Importers of

CAPSULES, CORKING MACHINES
TIN FOIL

BOTTLING WAX AND WIRE

21 St. James Street, - - Montreal
P.O. BOX 502

Corks of any Size Cut to Order

HARVIE & CO.

- Box Makers -

SHEPPARD STREET, - - TORONTO

Brewers' Cases a Specialty....

Best Workmanship - Best Materials
- Self Sealing Fasteners -
- No Address, etc., Printed on Cases to Order.
Low Prices - Prompt Delivery.

For particulars to
HARVIE & CO.

No Hotel can be run success-
fully without

Eddy Co's.

MATCHES and -

- TOILET PAPER

Mammoth Factories, - Hull, Can.

OWEN SOUND BREWERY

PALE ALES

EXTRA...
DOUBLE STOUT

EATON BROTHERS

BREWERS AND MALTSTERS

FRANCIS McMONAGLE,

244 YONGE STREET

Agent for Toronto.

WM. MARA

75 YONGE STREET

Agent for Family Trade

FIRSTBROOK BROS.

TORONTO, ONT.

Manufacturers of..

Dovetail

and ..

Packing Boxes

TELEGRAPH AND
TELEPHONE TOP PINS, SIDE BLOCKS
AND CROSS-ARMS

Wood Printers, Etc.

SHIPPING CASES

With Our Patent Hoop for Seal Fastener.

COPPER BOOTH

ESTABLISHED
..1854

FOR

BREWERS

..and..
DISTILLERS

Correspondence Solicited

The Booth Copper Co., Toronto, Ont.

M. McConnell

WHOLESALE IMPORTER

- OF -

Wines, Liquors

AND CIGARS

OFFICE AND BONDED WAREHOUSE:

46 Colborne Street, - - Toronto.

BOWIE & CO.

BREWERS

Brockville, - - Ontario

R. BOWIE A. G. BOWIE

STABLE GLEANINGS.

Here and there for this column will be welcomed from any part of the country.

FRED WALBURN has offered \$20,000 for the two-year-olds Gotham and Counter Tender.

DOBBS, the great three-year-old, was defeated by Hornpipe in the Gravesend trial the other day.

The Cincinnati millionaire breeders, Fleischman & Sons, have offered \$15,000 for Major B. G. Thomas's yearling brother to Domino.

THERE is a very fat filly at St. Catherine's by Prince Regent 2:16 1/2, dam by General Stanton. A 2:20 record is predicted for her this season.

Dr. HASKOCK kicked Correction so hard at the Brooklyn track recently that three ribs were broken. Correction will now be retired to the stud.

THERE is a Hackney mare in Alexander Morton's five-year-old stud, near Glasgow, Scotland, which last year produced a foal when twenty-seven years of age.

A horse in Goshen, Conn., met his death in a peculiar manner last Sunday. A dog jumped at his nose, when the horse plunged forward and fell, breaking his neck.

Of the 172 jockeys that applied to the American Turf congress for a license, seven were refused, viz., Freeman, Stoval, Mohr, Mattos, Rowe, Vincent, and G. Williams.

TARA, the jockey who piloted Dr. Rice to victory in the Handicap was the recipient from his delighted employer of a sum variously estimated anywhere between \$2,500 and \$5,000.

RILEY GLENNIN the youthful plunger of the west made a small sized fortune at the Gravesend Track lately. He came out ahead of the clocks at the end of the day with a sum closely approximating to \$20,000.

ALBANI by Hermit recently stepped a mile in 2:34 over the track at Hamilton, Ont. She should make a fast mare, as very little has been done with her since she was a three-year-old.—American Sportsman.

WILLIAM MILNE, foreman of Messrs. Boyle & Littlefield at Gravesend L.I., met his death the other night while getting off a trolley car. He hailed from Ingersoll where his father, a prominent veterinary surgeon, still resides.

The Saratoga Racing Association has removed the ban from Mr. J. D. Matheson, formerly part owner of Foam and Jockey Mason, which they passed after a judgment on Foam's running last summer. Mason is still in the bad books of Mammoth Park.

The Australian bookmaker Sam Allen, who is just back on his native home from India, says that at Calcutta a betting man is not allowed to lay odds until he has planked \$7000 with the club, which holds the amount until satisfied that he has paid all claims.

The Kentucky Derby was won by Chant the favorite, who is owned by Leigh & Rose, and who also exercise a prior claim for the services of Clifford, the horse which met with such an unfortunate mischance as to be left at the post for the great Brooklyn event.

The Board of Appeals of the American Trotting Association has settled the case of Alix and Pixley. Budd Doble, who drove Alix was exonerated from any civil intentions. There was no evidence to warrant the charge that there had been a conspiracy to throw the race.

The stewards of the Jockey Club have decided to employ counsel to head off the attack of Peter Delay, the pool-room

fiend, on racing in New York. They declined to accede to the request of the horse owners' committee for some changes in their recently adopted regulations.

The secretary of the Detroit Driving Club has received a letter from O. A. Hicks, of St. Francis, stating that owing to the jury Dictator received, and a busy season in the stud, he will be unable to start in the free-for-all class at the meeting there July 10 to 22.

CORF STINSON has a yearling in his stud he is anxious to sell, the fat string that he ever handled of that age. The youngster was bred by Charles H. Kerner, of New York City, and sired by his fast young stallion Lascamus, by Alcantara, 2:23. Chicago Horseman.

A FETTER horse show will be given among the auspices of the Century Club, of Buffalo, upon its grounds June 15 and 16. The club house will be reserved for members, and ample seating capacity and abundant stable room will be provided for non-members. Entrance will be free to exhibitors.

The Orths of Minneapolis who were half owners of Boundless, last year's Kentucky Derby winner, won over \$60,000 on Dr. Rice's victory in the Brooklyn Handicap. They got their money in at 100 and 80 to 1 in the Winter Book. Foster the owner of Dr. Rice, gathered in altogether \$102,000.

BOOKMAKER SNEEDER who up to the day on which the Brooklyn Handicap was run had held forth at the Gravesend track and had taken many bets at long odds against the horse which subsequently proved the winner, was not to be found then the race was over. He got away with many thousands of dollars.

CHARLOTTE, P.E.I., will hold a trotting meeting on Sept. 26th and 27th in connection with the Fair. Eleven hundred dollars will be distributed in prizes for the following classes: 3 min. class, \$150; 2-year-old Futurity \$150; stallion race, \$200; three-year-old, \$150; free for all, \$250; and 20 class, \$150.

SMARY seed, which grows almost everywhere, boiled with water into a strong decoction and applied to the animals each morning before starting out, by means of a sponge, over the entire body, will effectively keep flies off of horses. The effect lasts about twenty-four hours, and during that period no insects will trouble the animal.

COL. STRATHY, of Montreal, received a cheque for five hundred dollars (\$500) last week from J. E. Seagram on account of service fees for his horse, George Frederick, the English Derby winner, at present in Waterloo, Ontario. As George Frederick, only cost \$1500 laid down in Montreal he should soon pay for himself at that rate.

DON ALONZO and Henry of Navarre, two Brooklyn Handicap candidates, the latter it will be remembered running second in that famous race, while the other was practically nowhere, were the only entries in the race for the Standard Stakes in three-year-olds at Gravesend lately, distance 1 mile and a furlong. The Don won with apparent ease in slow time by a length and a half.

The latest announcement of Budd Doble's stable for 1894 is the following: Pixley, 2:08 1/2; Ellard, 2:12; Prince Hercules, 2:15; Lee Russell, 2:16 1/2; Belloni, 2:19; Buck-day, 2:19 1/2; Judge Fisher, 2:21; Nut Pan, pacer, 2:24; Native State, 2:32 1/2; Tacoma, pacer, 2:46 1/2; Queen Regent, Direction, Lee Patchen, Axell, Timberlake, and Miss Gity Arden, 2:47; and Manager, pacer, 2:66 1/2.

TRAVELER in Ireland engaged a chaise to take him into the country, and had not proceeded far when he pulled up at the foot of a hill, and the driver coming to the door opened it. "What are you at,

man! This isn't where I ordered you to stop," said the traveler. "Whisht! yer honor," ejaculated Paddy. "In only downin' the baste. 'Tis only being the door I'll think ye're near, and then I'll cut up the hill like the devil."

The horse was by the early Saxon settlers of Britain used as food, but, as civilization advanced, horse-flesh became unwholesome. The Pentateuch forbade, Edgerton mentions it being the door, though many families will not buy it; and its use was eventually discontinued by the council held in the year 785, before Alfwold, in Northumberland before Otho in Mercia, as a thing "not done by any Christians in the east," and to be avoided.

A SUNDAY story is told of a former clergyman who protested to a liverrag man against the strong language used by some of the latter's employees while services were in progress on Sunday, says the Buffalo Express. The liverrag man admitted that there was some reason for complaint, but he held that he had better cease to object than did the minister. "Why" said he, "my business on Sunday is ruined." This last one died during the night. The preacher in question says this is the first case of the kind that has ever come under his observation, and few, if any, have known of a similar case.

A REMARKABLE case of dual impregnation is reported from Kentucky. On the 10th of last May a breeder bred a mare, and eight days later she was again served by the same mare. Monday night last she dropped a healthy filly foal, and the mare appeared to be all right. Three nights later it was found that she had foaled another well formed filly. This last one died during the night. The breeder in question says this is the first case of the kind that has ever come under his observation, and few, if any, have known of a similar case.

D. M'INTOSH, head gamekeeper, Lochpooke Forest, Ross-shire, Scotland, has in his possession a Highland pony which he authenticated age is forty years. Two years ago the pony carried home a magnificent stag on his back to the lair of Lochpooke, and in his work of "up hill and down dale" he showed a good deal of his old agility. Now, however, his place is taken up by animals of fewer years, and Hamish, as he is called, is pensioned off duty, living on the hills and feeding with the red deer.

AFTER months of work New York detectives have succeeded in locating a gang of ruffians who have for the past two years made a business of burning horses and plundering insurance companies. The plan of action was to lease a stable, equip it with fine carriages and then effect ample insurance on the whole. This accomplished the carriages first disappeared, then the fine horses, and in their place came broken down plugs and worthless shandylays. The rest of the scheme was to establish a stable factory and then burn the structure and its contents.

A CORRESPONDENT who was recently in California expresses himself in rhyme thus:

We've been to California and seen the Golden Shore. We've come back fully satisfied and won't want any more. We've seen this far-famed country in its all sunshine and flowers. And in our minds, many things is not half as good as ours.

In isolated spots it's a paradise on earth. The flowers bloom, the orange groves and all the birds are singing and the air is sweet. But in the state are many spots where old earth holds the shanty stable factory aloft. And there are poor the hills so steep, you couldn't raise good stock.

A BATTLE, seasonal incident was associated with the Leighton steeplechase at the Warral hunt meeting in England lately. Kingfisher, who was weighed out by his owner, fell in the preliminary canter at the fence opposite the stand, and the rider had to be carried back to the

dressing room, where he was found to be suffering from slight concussion. C. J. Robinson, dressed in his ordinary attire, then mounted Kingfisher, and riding leaped in the race, made all the running with him and beat the favorite, Stirrup Cup, upon whom odds of 5 to 2 were given by three lengths.

GEORGE STARR while talking of the accident which happened to Dictator, said that several Directors showed a great anxiety for stubbing their toes and tripping. Once he was jogging Direct out at Pleasanton and while the little black pacer was in a walk he stubbed a patch on the hind end and landed on his head. George also landed over and pitched Dictator out of Direct. The harness, as it was six or eight pound racing set, was broken as the horse struggled to get loose and rose without a handle, and one true leg. One trace was fast to the sulky and he grabbed his tail and held on. With the trace and the tail hold Direct was held and driven in a circle till he came to stand still and that is how Starr hit Direct by his tail.—Toronto Herald.

The accident referred to above occurred to Dictator last week while Monte Salisbury's experience with the champion sire Director, soon after he purchased him in Kentucky. He was driving the son of Dictator, in Chicago, when he stumbled and fell, throwing his gray-haired Californian was so disgraced that he contemplated disposing of the trotter instead of taking him to the studs. Luckily for himself Mr. Salisbury reconsidered this, and the clumsy mule proved such a comical sight, that he regards a sire, that he landed a snug fortune for the man who gave him a chance in the face of his inclination to be rid of him. Director's fore legs have been twisted to pieces, and he was carrying his hind legs all last season, but came out of his brilliant triumph apparently none the worse.—American Sportsman.

ST. THOMAS STAKE ENTRIES.

FOLLOWING are the entries for the stakes that closed on May 15th for the St. Thomas meeting to take place May 30th to June 1st: 2:30 class pacing, \$500. Lord Ferguson, b.m., Ferguson—Ellen Allen, C. E. Eaid, Simcoe. Lord Tenynson, ch.g., Oswald King—Daniel Lambert, K. Kennedy, Clinton Scott, Dr. L. Kerr, Stoney Creek. Lady Lightfoot, b.m., Abmont White—Highland Boy, J. H. Lee, Stoney Creek. Ruth H., br.m., La Clede—Dumas—Grahamman Bros., Goshen, Ind. Sir Harry Wilkes, bk.s., Harry White—Sir Charles, John W. Gage, Hamilton (McKellar).

ROY R. Stanton, ch. Gen. Stanton—Queen, Thos. Barnes, Hamilton. Dixie Van, b.m., Paris—Minnie Van B. S. Van Yail, Petroska. Van N. S., g.g., Leonard—Punch—S. Cowper, Dundas. Evergood, St. Charles, J. G. Gould—Young Jim, John Sharn, Woodstock. Katie L. h.m., Golden Wilkes—Hamilton Last, M. T. Loves, Brampton. Three-minute Trotting Stake, \$500. Mary F., b.m., Gen. Stanton—Oscar Charles Ray, Toronto. Evergood, b.m., Everwood—Victor Evergood, St. Charles, J. G. Gould—Mellum, Almusdim—Orpheus, M. J. Odell, St. Thomas. Miss Superior, g.n., Superior—W. field Scott, H. James, Hamilton. Duke, g.g., Gen. W. Nelson—J. G. George, W. T. Jenkinson, Bradford.

FIXED DATES

In this column we give the dates of the principal races requested.

ONTARIO RACING ASSOCIATION
Ontario-Jockey Club
Belmont
Eaton
Ester
Gallimore
Kingsport
Bay
Hamilton
Hamilton Jockey Club
Bramford
Under J. G.
Woodstock
Hamilton James Tr
Bay
Glymer
Hamilton (J. C. track)
Hamilton
Sarnia
Sarnia
Sarnia

THE TORONTO BREWING & MALTING CO. (LTD)

SIMCOE ST. TORONTO.



We guarantee our productions to be brewed from pure malt & hops only.

Our SPECIAL BRAND **DIAMOND ALE** is brewed from the finest imported hops & the choicest malt & will compare favourably with any bottled ale, imported or domestic, on the market.

OUR BRANDS ARE
DIAMOND ALE,
INDIA PALE ALE,
AMBER ALE,
EXTRA STOUT,
HALF & HALF

RAKE ENTRIES.

Senator, b.g., George Stanton—J. W. Gage, Hamilton (Marsh).
Rumor, Junior, b.s., Rumor—Instinet, Wilson & Bull, Newforth.
King Forest, b.g., Forest Mambrino—Met Cameron, W. A. Collins, Toronto.
Lady Hope, ch.m., Gen. Stanton—Neil, George Page, Welland.
Beyon, br. s., Simmonds—Clark's Gif, H. Scott, Chelonia.
Lone Star, ch.m., Joe Gale, W. Lamb, S. Thomas.
Billy R., b.s., Rooker—Rustic, R. McDonald, Wallaceburg (Donley).
H. Lee, Stant

Amherstburg..... July 10-11
St. Catharines, Colt Stakes..... July 10-11
Ottawa..... Aug. 1-2
New Hamburg..... Aug. 1-2
Welland..... Aug. 15-16
Royal Park, Montreal..... Aug. 16-17
St. Catharines..... Aug. 22-23
St. Thomas, Fall..... Aug. 29-31
Windsor, Fall..... Sept. 4-7
Prescott..... Sept. 25-27

Fort McLeod, N.W.T..... June 7
Regina, Alb..... July 12-14

MASSACHUSETTS.

Saugus, Mass..... June 7-10
Boston, Mass..... June 18-22
Breeders' Meeting, Boston, Mass..... July 1-14
Fall River, Mass..... Oct. 1-8

NEW YORK.

Lyons, N.Y..... May 22-25
Rome, N.Y..... July 31-Aug. 3
Lowville, N.Y..... Aug. 14-16
Antwerp, N.Y..... Aug. 28-30
Governour, N.Y..... Sept. 4-7
Plattsburg..... Sept. 11-14
Canton..... Sept. 11-14

MICHIGAN.

Clio..... May 15-18
Fenton..... May 23-25
Lapeer..... May 29-31
Imlay City..... June 1-2
Vicksburg..... June 1-2
Port Huron..... June 6-7
Flint..... June 6-8
Flint..... June 7-9
Caro..... June 13-15
Vassar..... June 20-22
West Branch..... June 23-27
Flint..... June 26-28
Holly..... July 3-5
Grand Rapids..... July 3-5
Manistee..... July 3-5
Bay City..... July 2-6
Saginaw..... July 9-14
Melland..... July 17-19
Detroit..... July 16-20
Alma..... July 25-27
Plainwell..... July 26-27
Alpena..... Aug. 7-9
Springport..... Aug. 8-10
Sturgis..... Aug. 6-11
Grand Rapids..... Aug. 13-17

Laussing..... Aug. 20-24
Bay City..... Aug. 21-24
Lonia..... Aug. 21-24
Port Huron..... Aug. 28-1
Greenville..... Aug. 29-31
Cedar Springs..... Sept. 4-7
Howard City..... Sept. 12-14
Grand Rapids..... Sept. 17-20
Bangor..... Sept. 20-22
Bay City..... Sept. 25-28
Grand Rapids..... Sept. 26-28
Lonia..... Oct. 3-5

FIXED DATES FOR 1894.

La Clede—Dempster, Goshen, Ind.
Hulk, s., Harry White
W. Gage, Hamilton
H. Lee, Stant

Ontario Racing Dates.
London Jockey Club..... May 22-26
London..... May 23-24
Petersburg..... May 24
Eaton..... May 24
Sudbure..... May 24
Kingston..... May 24
Smy..... May 25
Smy..... May 24
St. Thomas..... May 31-June 2
Hamilton Jockey Club..... May 31-June 2
Stratford..... June 6-8
Windsor..... June 12-15
Hamilton, James Track..... June 19-21
Burlington..... June 26-27
Windsor..... June 26-28
Hamilton (J. C. track)..... June 30, July 3
Guelph..... July 2-3
Windsor..... July 2-3
Windsor..... July 2-3
Windsor..... July 2-3
Windsor..... July 2-3

MARITIME PROVINCES.

Hantsport..... May 24
Halifax (Trotting)..... May 24
Yarmouth, N.S..... May 24
Halifax Riding Ground, Halifax..... June 21
Amherst, N.S..... June 21
Hantsport..... June 21
Yarmouth, N.S..... July 25
Wellington, P.E.I..... June 28
Charlottetown, P.E.I..... July 1
St. John, N.B..... Aug. 15-16

MANITOBA AND N.W.T.

Brandon..... May 23-24
Virden..... May 27-28
Souris..... June 5-6
Delaoraine..... June 12-13
Morden..... June 16-20
Neepawa..... July 2-7
Carberry..... July 2
Greta..... July 29-27
Winnipeg, Prairie Park..... June 30-July 2
Portage la Prairie..... July 5-6

GRAND CIRCUIT.

Plattsburg, N.Y..... Sept. 11-14
Canton, N.Y..... Sept. 11-14
Saginaw, Mich..... July 9-14
Detroit, Mich..... July 16-20
Cleveland, Ohio..... July 24-27
Buffalo, N.Y..... July 31, Aug. 10
Rochester, N.Y..... Aug. 14-17
Springfield, Mass..... Aug. 21-24
Hartford, Conn..... Aug. 28-31
New York, N.Y..... Sept. 3-8
Philadelphia, Pa..... Sept. 11-14
Baltimore, Md..... Sept. 18-21

FALL FAIRS, 1894.

Stanstead..... Aug. 22-23
Sherbrooke, P.Q..... Sept. 1 to 8
Toronto, Ont..... Sept. 3 to 15
Quebec..... Sept. 10-15
Montreal..... Sept. 13-20
London, Ont..... Sept. 13 to 22
Kingston, Ont..... Sept. 17 to 21
Guelph..... Sept. 18 to 20
Belleville, Ont..... Sept. 18 to 21
Ottawa, Ont..... Sept. 21 to 29
Peterborough, Ont..... Sept. 24 to 26
Prescott..... Sept. 25 to 27
Charlottetown..... Sept. 25 to 28

Wit and Humor.

THE WAY TO GET IT.

Rev. Mr. Goodman—"Mr. Upton, I was extremely pained to learn that you had endorsed the opening of a saloon, a hot-bed of crime, in your neighborhood."
Hartley Upton—"Well, it was in self-defence; there had been too many robberies up there of late, and we had to have police protection."

Judging from Appearances.



"Confound it, there goes my hat!"

VERY NEAR.

Cholly—"Who is that beastly fat man that the dooid Germans have pictures of so much—the fellow astwidge of the beach keg, don't you know?"
Yalsley—"I thought everybody knew who that was. It is a representation of King Jamboreucus."

SHE COULDN'T.

"Open thy window, Oh, lady fair,
The troubadour softly sighs,
That my thief's, craving soul may drink
Of the light from thy lovely eyes."
And the lady fair wished then and there
To comply in the very worst way;
But her papa put in a burglar
Alarm that very day.

THE SAME THING.

Dick Hicks—"I overheard Mrs. Dix saying that I needed a spanking."
Mrs. Hicks—"She said you needed a stern hand."
Dick Hicks—"I suppose that was her polite way of putting it."



"It can't be very deep, since it doesn't cover that bird's legs."

THE REAL TRUTH.

Dr. Thirdly—"It has been reported to me that you make a practice of fishing on Sunday."
Johld—"No such thing; I set my lines Saturday night, and, as a humanitarian, I have to go around to see if any poor little fishes have been caught and are suffering."

LESSONS ON SHOOTING.

Young Freshie—"Ass, I think of going onto a ranch for a while, but I suppose, before I start, I ought to learn something about shooting, oughtn't I?"
One Boy—"That's so. Spend a few weeks learning not to shoot off your mouth; then you'll be all right."

A NEW LEAF.

Smith—"I'm going to give up poker. Can't afford it. I dropped fifty dollars last Saturday; and I tell you I've been short as a pie-crust since."
Robinson—"Is 'bat so?"
Smith—"Yes; and the worst of it is, I've had three sure tips on the race and couldn't play 'em."

AGITATED.

Algy—"I was nearly wun ovah by a cable-car this afternoon."
Cholly—"That was an exciting experience!"
Algy—"Exciting! I nashly dropped me English accent."

NOT SATISFACTORY.

Domestic—"How much do you pay, Mum?"
Mrs. Hiram Daly—"I'll pay you what you are worth."
Domestic—"I don't work for no starvation wages. Good day, Mum!"

ASSURED.

Old Lady (in crowded car)—"Don't let me deprive you of your seat, Mr. Brown."
Mr. Brown (politely)—"No depravity at all, madam; no depravity at all."



"—!—!—!"

HOW SHE EXPLAINED IT.

Mr. Soggy—"Yass, I can drink lots of whiskey and not feel it."
She—"It must go to your head."

A FREEZER.

Lover—"I would marry you if you had not a dollar!"
Heires—"Well, perhaps we had better postpone the marriage till that time."

A COLD BOTH MAKE US ALL AKIN.

Mrs. Motter—"Didn't Mrs. Smith say she'd never speak to you again, after you sodded her Johnny?"

THE PERFECT MAN.

Maudie—"No, Mamma, Mr. Placid may be all you say; but life with him would be too hum-drum, too smooth and uneventful. I cannot marry him."

Mrs. Lively—"Why, what could have given you such an idea of him?"
Maudie—"Well, I saw him transact some business over the telephone, with the usual results, and he never even lost his temper. He is too near a saint for me!"



"Well, by gum, who'd have thought it."

Effect of Absent-Mindedness.



Reading about the numerous cases of small-pox, Charles at once decided to purchase a vaccination-pistol, which he does, and places the same carefully in his vest-pocket.

THE DUDE'S PRESENCE OF MIND.

"How did Algy get so frightfully burned?"
"He was warming before the grate, just after a bath, when his clothes caught fire."
"Didn't he jump back into the bathtub?"
"No. He ran out on the fire escape."

SHOULD BOTH BE KNOCKED OUT.

Jasper—"I see by the papers that Corbett assures the public there will be nothing brutal in the approaching fight between himself and Jackson."
Jampuppe—"Isn't that too bad?"

ON THE ALERT.

Potter—"Why didn't you join us on our hunting trip?"
Blair—"Well, I'm not much of a hunter, and I was afraid you might make game of me."



But later, in a fit of absent-mindedness, used it as a tooth-pick.

CRITICAL.

"I pos't think Fleescy sang with much feeling last night."
"No; if he had any feeling he would not sing at all."

FINDING FAME AS ADVERTISED.

Tracy—"Windle's bicycle trip around the world has made him famous. The papers are full of it."
Stacey—"Yes; he wor 'Jiggin'a Underwear', Hedinn'a Hats', 'Brogann'a Shoes', rode only the 'Uncle Sam Bicycle', used 'Bear's Soap', and took 'Hundred Doses for a Dollar' in every clime."

HOLDING HER OWN.

Miss Ann Tenk—"Why don't you come to our Woman's Emancipation meetings any more? Come to-night. Miss Oldguri is going to read a lovely paper on 'The Tyranny of Man.'"
Mrs. Henry Peck—"Yes; and give my husband a chance to slip off to the smoking concert his club holds this evening! Not much!"

TOP OF THE LIST.

"There goes a man who leads in letters."
"Ah, indeed! What's his name?"
"A. A. Adams."

THE PATHOLOGICAL SCHOOL.

Mrs. Grammarcy—"Do you examine any supervision over your daughter's reading?"
Mrs. Park—"Certainly, my dear! It is quite necessary at the present day. I never let her read a book written by a woman until I've looked it over carefully."



It took.

Bride of a year (weeping)—"You used to say I was sweet enough to eat."
Groom of the same period—"Yes, and I wish to Heaven I had eaten you."

He—"Yes, I know two men I thought admirable."
She—"Indeed. Who's the other one?"

RUBBER HOSE

Brewers' Supplies

RUBBER

Manufactured and Kept in Stock

THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO.

OF TORONTO, LTD.

61-63 Front Street West

TORONTO

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

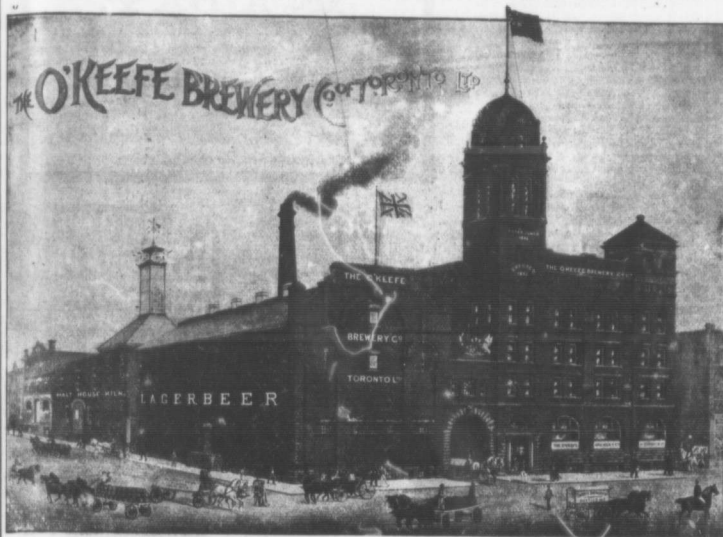
To the Editor.—Please inform your readers that we have a positive remedy for the most hopeless cases have been permanently cured. We shall be glad to send two bottles of our remedy free to any of your readers who wish consumption if they will send us their exact and complete address. Respectfully,
T. A. BLOOM & CO. 185 Adelaide St. W. Toronto, Ont.



THE. **Gr** **Brew**

SPECIAL attent
our Export I
town Seal bottles
best system in ext
adapted for table

Brewers of ALE, PORTER and LAGER BEER



Capacity, 165,000 Barrels per Annum

Brewery situate corner of Gould and Victoria Streets, opp. Normal School, where the public are cordially invited to inspect the premises and see our products in course of manufacture.

Nothing but Malt, Hops, and water are used by us.

EUGENE O'KEEFE, President.
WIDMER HAWKE, Vice-President

THE...

**Grant-Lottridge
Brewing Co'y. Ltd.**

Hamilton, Ont.

— BREWERS OF —

**India Pale Ale
Extra Ale
Dublin Brown Stout
Lager Beer
Export Lager**



IN CASKS AND BOTTLES

... ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THIS BRAND ...

OWN.
Why don't you
s Emanation
Come to-night
to read a lady
of Men."
Yes; and give my
off to the mail,
side this evening!

LIST
who leads in his
his name!"

SCHOOL
do you extend
your daughter's
ly, my dear! In
the present day
look written by a
need it over me



ing): "You used to
h to eat."
period. -- "Yes, and
I eaten you."

two men I the
Who's the other

R HOSE
Supplies

BER
d Kept in Stock

PERCHA &
R MFG. CO.
TORONTO, Ltd.
reet West
TORONTO

URELY CURED.
e inform your people
remedy for the skin
timely use (immediate
in permanently cured
nd two bottles of our
your reader's whole
send us their expressions
Respectfully,
186 Adelaide St. E.
Toronto, Ont.

AN EQUINE MONSTER.

A FREAK of nature and world wonder in the shape of a horse drew many of the curious to the livery stable on South Third street yesterday. This specimen of the equine kind is unquestionably the tallest in the world. It is, in fact, a colt, not yet three years old, measuring the enormous height of 22 hands—seven feet and four inches. In weight this horse wondrous tips the scales at 1,700 pounds.

Peter (that is his name) is a gelding, and was foaled in Minnesota on a June, 1891. He is of Norman stock and a beautiful dapple gray in color. What is almost as remarkable as his huge proportion is the fact that his dam and sire were not above the average size of that breed of horses. Another colt from the same dam and sire, a year younger than Peter, but proportionally as large, if not larger, died some months ago.

Peter, as evinced by his weight, is a well-proportioned animal. His limbs are clean cut, and the head, body and neck of good form. He is, as is the case with many colts, a little bit sway-backed, but this imperfection, however slight, will disappear with age. In comparison a little taller than the highest point of the shoulders, from which the height and measurement is usually taken.

Should the horse grow to maturity, it is not unreasonable to expect that he will attain fully six inches more in height and develop proportionately otherwise, carrying a weight, possibly, of 3,000 pounds. A gelding seldom attains its full weight until seven years old, while mares generally mature two years younger.

There is nothing of record, several horsemen said yesterday, which equals the height of the colt in question. Several years ago, however, there was a horse on exhibition in Toronto, Canada, which weighed 2,800 pounds.

Peter is physically sound and healthy. At such an age, growing with the rapidity that he is, he could not retain much flesh, though he might be said to be in a good way for work. His carriage is good and movement far less clumsy and awkward than might be expected of an animal of such proportions. —*Scottie Telegraph.*

A TWO-MILE MATCH.

Something Will Go When This Comes Off.

A MATCH has been made for a race at two miles, best two in three, between J. H. Odell's brown stallion Greendander and C. J. Hamlin's chestnut mare Nightingale. It will take place at the next meet meeting. Old Buffalo is jumping in this year with both feet. The race will be for \$5,000. The turf career of Nightingale is well known. She is nine years old, by Manbrino King, out of Manxman Maid, by Wood's Hambletonian. She first appeared on the turf as a three-year-old, when she won two races and earned a record of 2.32 $\frac{1}{2}$. At four she earned a record of 2.29 $\frac{1}{2}$, and at five she trotted in 2.25 $\frac{1}{2}$. She won many races in 1891, among them the Charta Oak purse, and besides proving herself to be one of the greatest mares in training, winning the \$10,000 event after nine heats had been fought out, she earned the honor of being the first mare to win the stakes. She retired that year with a record of 2.18 $\frac{1}{2}$. In 1892 Nightingale made her greatest campaign. She went through the Grand and Western-Southern Circuits, and was worse than second. She earned her record of 2.10 $\frac{1}{2}$ at Nashville, made in a fourth heat, and forcing Greendleaf out in the others in 2.10 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2.12 and 2.11 $\frac{1}{2}$. While at Nashville, Nightingale was sent to beat the two-mile record of 4.43, which Ferguson Witherspoon made in 1888. She trotted the heat in 4.33 $\frac{1}{2}$. Last year she won a good race at Detroit, and was third

in the great Columbian free-for-all at Chicago, which lasted three days. When she reached her favorite track as Nashville she was started to beat the three-mile record. The record was 7.21 $\frac{1}{2}$, made by Handress, in 1872, and Nightingale lowered it to 6.55 $\frac{1}{2}$. Her opponent next August will be the horse who wrested the two-mile championship from her—Greendander. Greendander is a dark brown stallion, twelve years old, son of Princess, son of Woodford Manbrino, 2.21 $\frac{1}{2}$; dam Juno, by Rysdyk's Hambletonian; 2d dam Lady Morrison, 2.35. He is almost a perfect horse in conformation, standing 16 hands and weighing 1,500 pounds. Greendander made his debut as a two-year-old, when he made a record of 2.31 $\frac{1}{2}$.

In 1885 he entered the list with a record of 2.30, made on a half mile track, and beating Baron Will. In 1886 he lowered his record to 2.24, and in 1889 entered the 2.20 list by earning a record of 2.19 $\frac{1}{2}$. This he cut to 2.15 $\frac{1}{2}$ in 1890. In 1891 he started in two races. At Evansville he defeated Nelly W., 1.14 $\frac{1}{2}$, in 2.24 $\frac{1}{2}$, and 2.22, and again at New Albany where he trotted the third heat in 2.16. Greendander was not campaigned in 1892, but last year his record was most brilliant. At Bedford, Ind., he started the half mile track record for stallions by going a mile in 2.13 $\frac{1}{2}$, and on the good track at Terre Haute took a harness record of 2.12. He was always considered a horse of stamina and on Nov. 2, he lowered the two-mile record for stallions from 4.46 to 4.34, and two days later he took the world's two-mile record from Nightingale, trotting the distance in 4.32. His last performance was a mile-to-beat the wagon record of 2.15, made by Allerton. He trotted in 2.14 $\frac{1}{2}$. Greendander is owned by I. H. Odell, of Evansville, Ind., and will be driven by Roly Patterson. In the correspondence which passed between Mr. Odell and Secretary Hamlin, the latter of Greendander said: "Mr. Geers will have to chew the stump of his cigar unusually hard or he won't be in it. I am most anxious to have Greendander meet Nightingale." "He will know he has been to a horse race before this over," said Mr. Geers, "and will have to go some to beat her." Nightingale is acting better this spring than ever before. Usually at this time of year she is nervous and erratic, but so far she has taken her work most kindly and has made but three breaks. Previous to this year she would make as many jumps in a day. She is being trained carefully, and her fastest trial so far has been a quarter at about a 2.18 gat.

A STORY OF THE EARL OF DEVON.

Wrecked with the Marquis of Hastings by Hermit—A Great Plunger.

The Earl of Devon was a very different man from his brother peers, upon whose death his so quickly succeeded. He at least, was not conspicuous. Scarcely, indeed, if he had not been heir apparent to an earldom, would he have been regarded as respectable. His late father, eleventh earl, was worthy of the best traditions of a line that goes straight back to the Crusades. He came into the peerage, he found it grievously impoverished, and with the instincts of an honest man, set himself to put matters straight and to leave an unencumbered heritage to his son. But for the son he would have succeeded.

But Lord Courtenay arranged things otherwise. As is usual with the heir apparent of the Devon peerage, as soon as he left the university a seat was found for him in the House of Commons. In his twenty-first year he had before him as far a prospect of a career as falls to the lot of the best endowed. He had, in

IN A DAY.

LAWRENCE, KANS., U. S. A., Aug. 9, 1888.

George Patterson fell from a second-story window, striking a fence. I found him using

ST. JACOBS OIL.

He used it freely all over his bruises. I saw him next morning at work. All the blue spots rapidly disappeared, leaving neither pain, scar nor swelling. C. K. NEUMANN, M. D.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT!"

fact, all the world before him where to choose, and he chose the path of the prodigite, with a special call as a plunger on the turf. He was to the fore some twenty two or three years ago, when the Marquis of Hastings was a peerage at Newmarket and Epsom. Lord Courtenay for a brief space out Herold Lord Hastings. While his father remained at home struggling to remove the incubus of debt from the heavy turrets of Powderham Castle, his son and heir gaily incurred turf debts exceeding £100,000. On the morning of the Derby Day, 1809, Lord Courtenay stood to win a sum that would clear off all his debts and set him up for at least another year's dissipation. When the darkness of evening stole over Epsom Downs he was a ruined man. The next day he fled the country and was absent many years, while his affairs made disastrous progress through the bankruptcy court. This was a knockout blow for the Earl, his father, who, aged before his time, broken hearted and hopeless, withdrew as far as possible from the ken of man; still, though with increased feelings, peering away at his sacred task of lightening the water logged ship that had fallen to his care. A little more than two years ago he died, and Lord Courtenay sinking home, became Earl of Devon and one of England's hereditary legislators. But, like his fortunes, he was himself a wreck and died at the age of 55.

HOW THE WAR BEGAN.

Eastern Times—"Hear those men whooping and yelling, and cursing the War! In the world is all that frightful row about."

Broncho Bill—"Oh, some of the boys would start discuss 'religion.'"

CLOSE.

Wiggins—"And do you think that Skinfint is miser."

Drump—"Miser! Why that man would propose to a woman by postal card!"

Drink the

COBOURG ALES AND STOUTS

BUY THEM. TRY THEM.

Macpherson, Gordon & Co., - Cobourg

SUPPLY THEM.

Pure and Therefore the Best.

ST. CHARLES & PRINGLE

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Manufacturers of

Electric and =

= Horse Cars

OMNIBUSES, HOSE WAGONS

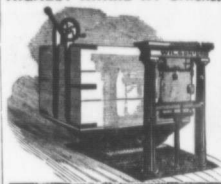
and..

Special Wagons

OF ALL KINDS.

TORONTO LITHOGRAPHING LITHOGRAPHERS & Co. & ENGRAVERS FOR ALL PURPOSES BY ALL PROCESSES

HIGHEST AWARD AT CHICAGO



Brewery and Hotel Scales

LAGER BEER REFRIGERATORS

C. WILSON & SON

57 Esplanade Street, Toronto

BREWERS' SUPPLIES

STEEL WIRE BROOMS

ASBESTOS BRAT "

BRASS, COPPER AND IRON "

VALVES PIPE

RICE LEWIS & SON (Limited)

.. TORONTO ..

Dominion Copper and Brass Works

COULTER & CAMPBELL

W. Coulter, S. R. Campbell,

Manufacturers of

Copper

CONFECTIONERY

VARNISH

MARINE

SUGAR REFINERS

Marine Brass Work and Propeller Wheels a Specialty

Cor. George and Britain Streets, Toronto

All Orders Promptly Attended to.



13 MI

Guelph

XXX and

T. H. GEORGE

CORKS

P. FREYS

Machine

Cor. Queen and

TOP

Every Description of

London, Also Cork

Wines, Bottling and Cap

Wm, Capoles, Tin

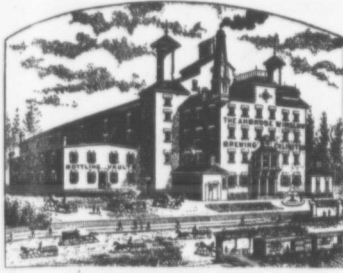
CAR

VON NEUBER

Manufact

No. 1 Havana and

BERLIN



Highland Spring Brewery

THE AMBROSE-WINSLOW
BREWING AND MALTING COMPANY, LTD.

Brewers of FINE ALES and PORTER Half-and-Half MANUFACTURERS OF CHOICE MALT

--- PORT HOPE, ONT.

Guelph Brewery...
GUELPH, ONT.

THOS. HOLLIDAY
Manufacturer of the Celebrated

Proprietor

EAST KENT ALE

Made from the Finest imported East Kent Hops

XXX and XX Pale and Amber Ales and Porters

Awarded a Medal and Diploma at the World's Columbian Exposition

T. H. GEORGE, Wholesale Agent, 689 Yonge Street, Toronto.

TELEPHONE 3100

DEALER IN MALT AND HOPS

CORKS
CORKS
P. FREYSENG & CO.
Manufacturers of
Machine Cut Corks
OFFICE AND FACTORY:
Cor. Queen and Sumach Sts.
TORONTO

Every Description of Corks on hand and cut
wonder. Also Cork Wood, Cork Life Preservers,
Bottling and Capping Machines, Bottling
Wine, Capulons, Tin Foil, Bottle Baskets, etc.

MOUNTAIN DEW

- WHISKEY -

Manufactured from the best Barley Malt.
Double distilled, fully ripened in wood, and
recommended by Physicians for Medicinal
purposes, being free from Fusel Oil and other
deteriorous substances.

SPALDING & STEWART, DISTILLERS
Perth, Ontario, Canada.



CARLING'S "PRIZE MEDAL"
Ale, Porter and Lager

KEPT BY ALL LEADING DEALERS IN CANADA AND UNITED STATES.

VON NEUBRONN & CO.
Manufacturers of
No. 1 Havana and Domestic Cigars
14 RYAN'S BAY, THE MASTER, VON NEUBRONN AND
VON NEUBRONN'S KNIGHT
BERLIN, - ONT.

ADAMS & BURNS
Wine and Spirit Merchants
41 Front Street West, Toronto.

- SMOKE -
Our Superior
AND 48th HIGHLANDER CIGARS
John Taylor, - - - Toronto.

RUPTURE CURED
This we guarantee to do, permanently, and
without any detention from business, free, and
payable only when cure is performed. Our sys-
tem, though new in this country, has been in
operation in the United States for some years,
where thousands can testify to the cures that
have been made. Head Office, Room 91, Canada
Life Building, Toronto.
THE IMPERIAL HERNIA TREATMENT CO.

ROBT. DAVIES, Manager.

- THE -

WM. ROSS, Sec'y. and Cashier.

DOMINION BREWERY COMPANY

LIMITED

BREWERS AND MALTSTERS

MANUFACTURERS OF
-- THE CELEBRATED --

WHITE LABEL ALE

**INDIA PALE
ALE . . .**

. . . AND . . .

AMBER ALE

. . . XXX PORTER

Which is now taking the place of the
best imported.



For the above brands we hold Diplomas and
Gold Medals when competing against
the most celebrated brewers
in the world.



**QUEEN STREET EAST
TORONTO**



OUR ALES AND PORTERS ARE KNOWN
AND USED FROM THE ATLANTIC
TO THE PACIFIC, AND ARE
IN GENERAL FAVOR



ASK FOR THEM

*And See that our Brand is
on Every Cork*



THERE ARE MANY IMITATIONS OF
OUR WHITE LABEL.

SEE THAT

ROBERT DAVIES'

NAME IS ON EVERY LABEL . . .

OUR ALES AND PORTER

Have been examined by the best Analysts, and they have declared them pure and
free from any deleterious ingredients.

Library of Parliament
OTTAWA, Ont.