

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1914.

VOL. XLIII, NO. 47.

Canadian Government Railways.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

Commencing on October 1st, 1914. Trains on this Railway will run as follows:

Trains Outward Read Down. Daily Except Sunday.				Trains Inward Read Up. Daily Except Sunday.			
A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
5.00	3.30	3.35	Dep. Charlottetown	Ar.	11.30	10.15	2.45
6.15	4.42	4.30	" Hunter River	"	10.30	9.15	1.15
7.10	5.21	5.02	" Emerald Jet	"	9.56	8.45	12.20
7.55	5.56	5.27	" Kensington	"	9.27	8.17	11.35
8.30	6.30	6.05	Ar. Summerside	Dep.	9.00	7.50	11.00
				P.M.			
8.00	12.10	11.50	Dep. Summerside	Ar.	8.45	5.15	
8.58	1.39	1.30	" Port Hill	"	7.48	3.46	
9.47	3.00	2.50	" O'Leary	"	7.04	2.30	
11.00	5.00	4.50	Ar. Tignish	Dep.	5.45	12.20	
				A.M.			
8.55	7.10	7.00	Dep. Emerald Jet	Ar.	7.00	8.45	
9.30	8.00	7.50	Ar. Cape Traverse	Dep.	6.00	8.10	
				P.M.			
3.00	6.50	6.40	Dep. Charlottetown	Ar.	9.30	5.40	
4.10	8.35	8.25	" Mt. Stewart	"	8.30	4.10	
4.36	9.12	9.02	" Morell	"	7.58	3.20	
4.57	9.41	9.31	" St. Peter's	"	7.36	2.51	
6.00	11.10	11.00	Ar. Souris	Dep.	6.35	1.25	
				A.M.			
7.10			Ar. Elmira	Dep.	5.25		
				P.M.			
4.15	8.40	8.30	Dep. Mt. Stewart	Ar.	8.20	3.50	
5.04	9.50	9.40	" Cardigan	"	7.26	2.43	
5.25	10.20	10.10	" Montague	"	7.40	2.15	
6.00	11.00	10.50	Ar. Georgetown	Dep.	6.30	1.25	
				P.M.			
8.15	3.10	3.00	Dep. Charlottetown	Ar.	5.35	9.45	
9.50	4.25	4.15	" Vernon River	"	4.01	8.31	
11.45	5.55	5.45	Ar. Murray Harbor	Dep.	2.00	7.00	

Wrapping Paper

Manilla, Kraft, Grey Brown, Fibre, White Drug, in Rolls and Reams all sizes and weights, Rolls 6 inches to 40 inches.

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One Million (1,000,000) in stock. We sell the celebrated self opening Bags, sizes 1-4 lbs. to 25 lbs. each.

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Numbers one and two white Cotton Twine, Hemp Twines all sizes, Sea Island Twine, (in boxes) Wholesale and Retail at lowest prices.

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AGENT.

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We are showing now a nice line of Invictus—the best boots for men.

These are shown in gum metal, patents, tan and black, laced and buttoned styles. Some of the new features are the new style tongue attached to uppers, wearproof lining and many other new ideas that dressy men should see.

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Letter Heads

The Treasury of The Church.

The treasury of the Church consists of the superabundant merits and satisfactions of Christ, of His Blessed Mother and of His Saints.

St. Peter says: "Ye were redeemed, not with corruptible things, gold and silver, but with the precious blood of Christ, as of a lamb without spot and undefiled."

I Peter 1.18. A single drop of the precious blood of Our Lord would have sufficed for the redemption of the whole world.

For Christ is God, and the ineffable union of His human nature with the Divine in One Person gave infinite value to every drop of His most precious Blood, and to every thought of His Sacred Heart.

"Christ paid our debt," says St. John Chrysostom. "He paid to God far more than we owed; as the wide ocean exceeds the tiny drop of water so the satisfaction of Christ exceeds our debt to the Divine Justice."

Of no small worth," says St. Cyril, "was He Who died for us: No dumb animal, no mere man, no angel was He, but God incarnate. The iniquity of sinners was outweighed by the justice of Him Who died for us. The evil of our sins is more than counterbalanced by the excellence of His justice."

And Christ offered up all His merits and satisfactions to His Father for us. God Who delivered up His Son for our salvation, remembers the work of Christ and the price He paid, and it is always precious and acceptable in His sight.

St. Paul says of himself: "I fill up those things that are lacking of the sufferings of Christ, in my flesh, for His body, which is the Church." Col. 1, 24. When St. Paul was as yet an unconverted persecutor of the Church, breathing out threatenings and slaughter against the disciples of the Lord, he heard a voice saying to him: "Saul, Saul, why persecutest thou Me?" And Saul, said: "Who art thou, Lord?" And Our Lord answered: "I am Jesus, Whom thou persecutest." Acts 9, 1-5. On the last day Our Lord will say to all men, good and bad: "What ye did to the least of My brethren that ye did to Me." For we are all united to form the mystical body of Christ and are members one of another. St. Leo says: "The Passion of Christ goes on till the end of the world; as Christ is honored and loved in His saints, as He is clad and fed in His poor, so He suffers in all who suffer for Him." We suffer with Christ, carrying our cross, so that we may be like our Master, and one day reign with Him in Heaven. All the value, all the meritorious and satisfactory efficacy of our works and prayers and sufferings, is derived from union with Christ, our Head, by grace and love.

The Blessed Virgin had no sins of her own, for which to satisfy the justice of God. Many of God's saints by their works of penance, by their life long service of fervent love, paid to God the debt they may have contracted by any sins of their own; but they did more than that, although their grace of humility would not allow them to say so: their love of God led them to offer their lives and all their thoughts, words and deeds in union with those of Christ, to make up with St. Paul, what was wanting, according to the decrees of Divine Justice and Wisdom and Love. They offered them, with St. Paul, for the whole mystical body of Christ, which is the Church. Thus those merits and satisfactions of the saints, gained together with the superabundant merits and satisfactions of Christ Himself and of His Blessed Mother, form the common treasure of the whole Church.

Who is to benefit by those treasures, to whom are they to be applied, is determined by Almighty God Himself. But He has entrusted the distribution of them to the stewards of His household to whom He said: "Whatsoever ye shall loose upon earth, shall be loosed also in Heaven. To His vicar upon earth He has committed supreme power of stewardship by giving

to him, as He had promised, the keys of the Kingdom of Heaven. And the Pope uses the keys of the Kingdom to unlock the treasures of the Church, when he grants an indulgence.

The Communion of Saints

The Church Triumphant in Heaven, the Church militant on earth, the Church suffering in Purgatory, are not to be regarded as three totally distinct societies. They are connected by the closest bond of union. "You are no more strangers and foreigners," says St. Paul to the Ephesians (2, 19), but you are fellow-citizens with the saints and of the household of God." The faithful on earth are brethren of the saints in Heaven, members of the family of God. "Ye are come to Mount Zion, to the city of the living God, the heavenly Jerusalem, and to the company of many thousands of angels, and to the Church of the first-born, who are written in the heavens, and to God the Judge of all and to the spirits of the just made perfect, and to Jesus the Mediator of the New Testament." Heb. 12, 27. If Christ is head and King, placed over all that are in heaven and upon earth, Christ is the One Head "from Whom the whole body, fitly framed and knit together, through that which every joint supplieth, according to the working in due measure of every part, maketh increase of the body, unto the building of itself in love." Eph. 4, 16. The faithful on earth and in Purgatory and the blessed in Heaven form the Mystical Body of Christ, and that Body lives in the unity of charity, which unites the children of God with their Heavenly Father and with one another. They are a holy kingdom, a state, a city, and in that sacred community peace and harmony reigns. Hence the angels rejoice when a sinner does penance. "The angel of the Lord encampeth round about them that fear Him, and delivereth them." Ps. 33, 8. "See that ye despise not one of these little ones: for I say to you, that their angels in heaven always see the face of My Father Who is in Heaven." Matt. 18, 10. "The angels are ministering spirits, sent to minister unto them who shall receive the inheritance of salvation." Heb. 1, 18. When the Israelites had provoked God the angel prayed for them and said: "O Lord of hosts, how long wilt Thou not have mercy upon Jerusalem and the cities of Juda which with Thou hast been angry?" Zach. 1, 12. God showed to Judas Macchabaeus a vision in which he saw Onias who had been a priest, a good and virtuous man, who, holding up his hands, prayed for all the people of the Jews; he saw also "another man venerable for age and wonderful in glory, in great beauty and majesty, of whom Onias said: This is a lover of his brethren, and of the people of Israel, this is he that prayeth much for the people and for all the holy city. Jeremias, the prophet of God." 2 Macc. 15, 12. Jeremias was long dead at this time.

The Fathers of the Church, who were saints on earth, loved to dilate upon the bonds of charity and of sympathy which unite the blessed in Heaven with the faithful on earth and with the poor souls in Purgatory. St. Bernard says: "He who is joined to the Lord is one spirit; (1 Cor. 6, 17) and is transformed by Love Divine into its own substance in a certain manner; he can no longer feel or relish anything but God, and what pleases God. God is love, and the nearer the closer one comes to God and is united with Him, the greater is the measure of love that takes possession of him. Now God cannot suffer, but He can sympathize and have pity, for it is His peculiar attribute to have mercy at all times and to spare. Hence the saints, united with God Who is merciful, can feel for our misery, though they are far above misery themselves; free from suffering, they can sympathize with us in our woes. Their ascent into Heaven did not diminish their love for us; rather memories and diabolical visions; power of stewardship by giving

the Divine care for our welfare. They have put away all that was weak in human affection, but they have kept all that is pure and kindly and godlike." Charity never fades away, and it will not allow the blessed to forget the wayfarers in this world, or the sufferers in prison.

Order, beauty, harmony, reign in the world of nature, and they point to the Author and Source of all order and beauty as their cause. It is but fitting that in the supernatural realm, among the world of souls and angelic spirits, there should reign also harmony and order and union. And this supernatural union among the children of God is effected by the love of God which is poured out into all hearts by the spirit of God, Who is given to us. It is the answer of the Eternal Father to the prayer which Christ said on the night before He died; "I pray for them Thou gavest Me out of the world, and not for them only do I pray, but for them also who through their world shall believe in Me, that they all may be one, as Thou, Father in Me, and I in Thee; that they also may be one in Us; that the world may believe that Thou hast sent Me." St. John 17, 20-21.

St. Paul points out the duty that devolves upon us as a result of the Communion of Saints. "I beseech you that you walk worthy of the vocation in which you are called, with all humility and mildness, with patience, supporting one another in charity. Careful to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. One body and one spirit, as you are called in one hope of your calling, one Lord, one Faith, one Baptism, one God and Father of all, Who is above all and through all and in us all." Eph. 4, 1-6. What this calling is St. Paul makes known by addressing his letters to those whom he calls "Saints by vocation" called to be Saints by virtue in this life and by its reward in Heaven. To the Athenians he said: "In God we live and move and have our being for as one of your own poets said: We are His offspring." Acts 17, 28.

"Whosoever is born of God, does not sin, but overcomes the world." 1 John 5, 4, 18. "You are a chosen generation, a royal priesthood, a holy nation, a purchased people." 1 Peter 2, 9. We are the sons of God, the brethren of Christ, the kindred of the world's true heroes. Noblesse oblige. We must respect our royal lineage. We must read the lives of Christ and His saints, and follow in their footsteps. We must honor them by keeping their feasts, by imitating their virtues, by asking their assistance. We must learn from them the lesson of unselfish, self-sacrificing kindness to our brethren in this world. The charity of Christ must urge us to remember the holy souls in prison. And the God of charity will crown us with the fullness of every good gift, will fill our hearts with that peace which the world cannot give, and which passes all human understanding.

St. Pelagia, Penitent

Pelagia, a pagan actress of Antioch, was so beautiful that whenever she went out, all jewelled and perfumed, as was her wont, men ran from afar to catch sight of her. She chanced once to hear a sermon by St. Nonnus, and she sent him the same day a letter addressed "To the holy disciple of Jesus Christ, from a sinner and disciple of the devil." Nonnus received her in presence of other bishops, and prostrating herself before them, she watered the ground with her tears, refusing to rise till they baptized her. She said to Nonnus: "If thou hearest not my prayer, I beg God thou mayest be no Saint, but a pagan and an infidel and have to answer for all the sins I shall commit." Seeing her earnestness, Nonnus baptized her, and gave her the Sacraments of Confirmation and Holy Communion. He then placed her in the house of a holy matron, where she endured much from evil

to him, as He had promised, the keys of the Kingdom of Heaven. And the Pope uses the keys of the Kingdom to unlock the treasures of the Church, when he grants an indulgence.

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There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

Caller—Is your daughter an equestrian?

Proud Mother—Either that or valedictorian. These class offices are so confusing don't you know.

The Cause of Dyspepsia.

The Cause.

Too rapid eating, eating too much, and too often, improperly chewing the food, eating too much stimulating food, and indulging in improper diet generally.

THE SYMPTOMS.

Variable appetite, rising and souring of food, heartburn, wind in the stomach, a feeling of weight in the stomach, flatulence, a feeling that your stomach has gone all wrong and that the food you eat does not seem to agree with you.

THE CURE.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Mrs. E. Williamson, Wheeler, Ont., writes: "I have been a sufferer for years from dyspepsia, and could scarcely eat anything. I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and I am entirely cured. I have not been troubled since I took it, and that is two years ago. I can now eat anything I wish."

B.B.B. is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Don't Allow Your Bowels To Become Constipated.

If the truth was only known you would find that over one half of the ill of life are caused by allowing the bowels to get into a constipated condition.

When the bowels become constipated the stomach gets out of order, the liver does not work properly, and then follows the violent sick headaches, the sourness of the stomach, belching of wind, heartburn, water brash, biliousness, and a general feeling that you do not care to do anything.

Keep your bowels regular by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. They will clear away all the effete matter which collects in the system and make you think "Life is worth living."

Mrs. H. H. McKelrick, Wakefield, Que., writes: "For several years I was troubled with sour stomach and biliousness and did not get relief until I used Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I had only taken them two weeks when my bowels were regular and I was able to do anything I wished."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25c per box, 50c for \$1.00, at all drug stores or dealers, or will be mailed on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

sign of the Cross and by unceasing prayer. She gave over to the poor all her vast treasures, and on the eighth night she left Antioch in disguise, and going to Jerusalem, shut herself up in a cavern on Mount Olivet under the name of Brother Pelagius. She died after four years of most austere penance, silence and prayer. None knew her history save Bishop Nonnus, but the solitaries, finding her to be a woman, praised God for her courage, and buried her with great honor.

St. Pelagia was not content with macerating her body; she was equally courageous in mortifying her mind and her curiosity. To admit air and light she had but a very small opening in the door of her cell, which she only left once a week to draw water and gather a few herbs. She never was known to speak to the solitaries whom she met; and when she was visited by James, deacon of Heliopolis, who said he had come from Bishop Nonnus, she merely replied, "Let him pray for me; he is truly a Saint of God." And shutting her little grate she immediately began to recite the Office of Tiers.

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TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
AT 81 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
JAMES MCISAAC,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

Please Send In Your Subscriptions.

Draughtsmen of the Department of Public Works Ottawa are at work on plans for new dry docks at Halifax. The plans, which will be completed next month, provide for a dock 1,150 feet long and 180 feet wide. It will be specially adapted for repair work on ships of the royal navy, and is estimated to cost \$3,000,000.

It is declared at Lima, Peru, on what appears to be good authority, that the Germans have been maintaining what is described as a naval station outside of Valparaiso, Chile. They brought together a number of vessels having on board coal and provisions. Chilean papers reaching Lima say the Government is determined to stop these breaches of neutrality even at the cost of war.

From Moncton N. B., to Lewis P. Q., the National Transcontinental Railway is now in operation. The Moncton to Edmundston line has been operating for some time and the first train from Edmundston to Lewis left Edmundston yesterday morning. It will be a tri-weekly service for the present. This makes 468 miles from Moncton, under Canadian Government Railway operation.

Up to the present as many of our subscribers have not remitted as we would wish. The end of the year is drawing near and we have a great many bills to pay. Everything in connection with our business has advanced, except the subscription price. Paper is higher than ever before, wages are higher, type is higher, fuel is higher, and everything else in proportion. Under these circumstances it can scarcely seem unreasonable if we ask our friends to delay as little as possible in the matter of remitting their subscriptions.

The British War Office is likely to place huge orders in Canada for leather goods equipment. A delegation of sixty of the leading tanners of Canada was called in consultation by Sir George Foster, minister of trade and commerce, in Ottawa, a few days ago and asked in the event of such orders being received if they would be able to supply the leather. Sir George was assured the capacity of the Canadian factories is fully equal to any demand that may be made on them. Although Sir George did not specify any particular order it is understood that the existing requirements of the British war office already placed in Canada are to be materially increased.

Hon. W. T. White, Minister of Finance, stated the other day that the government had paid off in London, treasury bills amounting to £1,700,000, or \$8,500,000 maturing on the 19th inst. The Dominion government has now no outstanding treasury bills and no loan maturities until 1919. This is a particularly fortunate position especially in view of present international money conditions. It means that no new loans will have to be floated to take care of maturing permanent loans which are usually of large amounts. During the past three years maturing loans of this character aggregating over thirty-five million dollars have been met.

A Washington despatch of the 20th says: The embargo on Australian raw wool has been made absolute, according to advice which reached Washington today, licenses for the exportation for any of the product to the United States having been revoked.

The Canadian government has by order-in-council decided to prohibit the entry into Canada of four German newspapers published in New York. The "States Zeitung," "Truth About Germany," "The Vital Issue" and "The Vaterland." More anti-British publications which are persistently publishing untrue statements reflecting upon Great Britain and her Allies will be added to the list of those already prohibited. It is now a criminal offence to publish the newspapers mentioned or to have them in one's possession.

The Chilean authorities have announced that no vessel of the Kosmos Line will be permitted to take on provisions or coal in a Chilean port, pending an investigation of the departure, without clearance papers, on the 20th from Chilean ports of the German steamers Luxor and Memphis, both belonging to this line. The Luxor left Coronel and the Memphis steamed away from Punta Arenas (Sandy Point). Neither vessel had permission to leave port, and the Chilean authorities have ordered their capture.

Progress of the War.

London, Nov. 17.—Undeterred by wintry weather and floods, the Germans are still making an effort to break down the allies' defence along the Franco-Belgian frontier. Although the Berlin official report refers to the day as having been a quiet one, there has been an almost continuous artillery duel, with occasional infantry attacks, but apparently without either side making any progress. The line from the coast to Nieuport, which has been receiving less attention since the Germans began their attempt to get the British out of Ypres, again has been subjected to a bombardment which is described as a very violent one, while to the south of Dixmude the Germans have been trying, under fire from the allies' cannon, to build works to check the flood which compelled them to evacuate part of their trenches. At other points the big guns again have been busy, and Rheims has been subjected to another rain of shells. From the allies' point of view, probably the most important operations are those to the south of Verdun, where the French troops for some time have been trying further to relieve the pressure which the Germans have been exerting on the fortress. They have at last succeeded in this, according to the French official communication, and besides making some progress on the heights of the Meuse, they have advanced on St. Mihiel, the only point on the left bank of the Meuse which the Germans have been successful in holding. Another battle is developing in Poland, between the Vistula and Warta rivers, where the Russian advance has met by large forces of Germans coming from Thorn. The German plan seems to be to attack the Russian centre in the hope of drawing their wings off from East Prussia and Cracow. In the former region the Russians report a further advance toward the Gumbinnen-Angersburg line in the north, but they have not yet been able to dislodge the Germans from the passages of the Mazurian lakes. In Galicia the troops of Emperor Nicholas are driving the Austrians southward and westward, and have engaged their rear guards at Dukia at the foot of the Carpathian Mountains.

London, Nov. 18.—The latest official communications recording the operations on the western battlefields are much the same as those of preceding days. There has been fighting virtually all along the front, but without any appreciable change in the situation. From the coast of Flanders to the River Lys, on the Franco-Belgian, much of which has been flooded by the Allies to hinder the German attacks, there has been a repetition, on a somewhat smaller scale, of the bombardment which the invaders invariably resort to in the hope of breaking down the Allies' resistance before infantry attacks, and in isolated spots, attacks in force, but, according to the French and British reports, all these have been repulsed. The Anglo-French forces, which have been holding the territory around Ypres, have again been subjected to determined attacks, fresh German troops having attempted what the Prussian Guards a few days previously had failed to do—force the Allies out of their trenches. As was the case with the Prussian Guard, the Germans who made the latest effort appear again to have taken the first line of trenches, but, like the guards, found themselves attacked on the flanks, and were compelled to give back the ground gained, after holding it for a short time. Both sides, as shown by the casualty lists of the officers, are losing heavily in the fighting, but the Germans, being on the offensive and being often enfiladed after success was so nearly in their hands, are said to have suffered enormously. The French Zouaves, who have frequently distinguished themselves by dashing charges, have again been utilized to dislodge the Germans from a position near Bixchoote, over which there has been much fighting, and, according to the French communication, have again been successful. These incidents are just a sample of what has been occurring in Northern France, along the Aisne Valley, around Rheims, in the Argonne Forest and on the banks of the River Meuse. First the one, and then the other, gains an advantage, but when all is told, the general situation remains about as it was. Reports come from France that the Germans are preparing to make another attempt to get through to the coast by way of La-Besee, but, like the rumors that they are preparing for a retreat, there is no confirmation of it.

London, Nov. 19, 1914.—Although only meagre reports are at hand from any of the scenes of hostilities, it seems probable that in the western strip of Poland with its northern and southern boundaries respectively the Vistula and Warta rivers, and its western front, the border of Posen, the most severe contest for supremacy is proceeding. "Particularly quiet," is the description of the operations in the western zone given by the French war office, although the usual artillery duels and attacks by infantry at various places were in progress. Traces of the short distance to the northeast of Paris and at the crook of the elbow of the western battlefield, was the principal scene in the infantry attacks. Here the French reported they held a German attempt to capture the town, inflicting heavy casualties. As for the east, Petrograd has admitted a big reverse in Poland—reverse in which the Russian armies have been pushed back at least fifty miles from the German border toward Warsaw—but Berlin remains reticent concerning the operations.

Paris, Nov. 20.—The allied lines around Ypres, where the greater part of the British forces are entrenched, are now bearing the brunt of the German attack, which only a few days ago broke forth violently from the Belgian sea coast to Arras, in France. The left wing of the British has won at Bixchoote, between Ypres and Dixmude, a brilliant success after a German infantry attack. The fighting in the Ypres region, however, is still mainly confined to artillery exchanges, although desultory offensive and counter offensive movements on a smaller scale than at the Bixchoote engagement, are made from time to time by infantry detachments. The Allies, here as elsewhere along the whole of the three hundred mile line in Belgium and France, according to all despatches from the front, are holding their positions, and the Germans apparently are no nearer their coveted dash to the ports of Northeastern France than they have been for weeks. Apparently the British won their

success at Bixchoote by strategy as well as by some hard fighting. The Allies pretended to be broken and the Germans came through only to find themselves enfiladed and almost surrounded. They retired precipitately with great loss. The British pushed their advantage further, and following up the fleeing Germans vigorously forced them back upon their supports, and involved those supports in disorder and won considerable ground. The success at this point was welcome to the Allies, for it makes their position distinctly better, and is an advantage gained at a point in the Ypres region where the Germans are seemingly concentrating their main effort just now. The Prussian Guards regiments, which were at Zoonbeke and Ghilwert seemed to have been moved up north for this Bixchoote attack.

Paris, Nov. 21.—Freezing weather has set in throughout the length of the battle zone in France and Belgium, the temperature yesterday varying between 25 and 28 degrees above zero Fahrenheit. Snow is falling in Northern France and in the Vosges Mountains, and also at Marsailles, London, Nov. 22.—The veil of secrecy has been drawn over the battles between the Russians and the Austro-German forces. The headquarters of both armies are now confining themselves to the briefest statements concerning the hostilities in progress. News coming from unofficial sources, however, shows that the German advance has penetrated farther into Poland than has been disclosed previously, and that Warsaw is threatened, for a second time. General Von Hindenburg's army has advanced as far as the Lowicz-Skierniewice line, which means that the Germans have covered two-thirds of the ground to the Polish capital, from which they are now only forty miles distant. Further south in Poland, however, the Teuton Allies are said to have been repulsed between Radom and Kielce. The battle in East Prussia seems to have died down, but the Russians continue to advance in Galicia, and are still fighting on the Czenstochow-Cracow front. The battle in Poland, in the direction of Lowicz, is the most critical one, and while the Germans have the greatest confidence in General Von Hindenburg since his defeat of the Russian General Von Rennenkampf in East Prussia, here and in Petrograd, military observers express the opinion that Russian overwhelming superiority in numbers of men again must tell, as was the case when the Germans made their first attack on Warsaw. In Flanders and in France the armies seem to be enjoying a long deserved rest, for the only remaining evidence that the belligerents are facing each other is an occasional bombardment with heavy guns. Infantry attacks have temporarily ceased, and while the generals are laying their plans for their next move, the men are getting a chance to rest, and to tidy themselves up after a month in the water-soaked trenches. An eye-witness with the British headquarters, in a long statement, made public today gives official confirmation of the reported heavy losses the Germans have suffered in their attacks on Ypres. He speaks of devastated battalions, of hundreds of dead left before the trenches and of batches of bodies found in farm houses. The casualty lists of British officers show that the British forces also have suffered severely in the fighting. The Servians are making a stand against the Austrians in a well fortified position on the Kôljubara River, but as the Austrians command superior forces, and Serbia is without Allies near enough to offer her assistance, it seems apparent that unless other Balkan States come into the war, Serbia is faced with defeat.

The most important news from the seat of war up to last night comes from the eastern battle fields. The conditions in Flanders seem to have undergone very little change. From the naval side comes the information that a German submarine and a torpedo boat destroyer had both been sunk. From Petrograd it is announced that the German army of 400,000 was broken up into several parts between Vistula and Warta Rivers, and had been sent towards the German frontier. This is described as "perhaps the most decisive phase of the war."

Men's Suits and Overcoats AT A BARGAIN

A recent purchase of a lot of Men's Suits and Overcoats as part of a Bankrupt Stock has enabled me to put these Goods on the market away below regular retail prices.

Men's Suits
Style single breasted Sague—in assorted Tweeds—Medium Brown—Dark Brown and Grey—sizes 34, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44 Sold regularly at 15 and 16 dollars—our price \$10.00 and \$10.50.

Men's Overcoats
In Brown and Grey Tweeds—sizes 37, 38, 39, 40. Regular 15 and 16 dollars—our price \$10.00.

Also
Men's Blk Beaver Coats with Persian Lamb Collars, \$15. for \$12.—and a lot of boys' and youths' overcoats and suits at reduced prices.

Men's Underwear
10 dozen Suits Men's all wool Underwear double back and front and unshrinkable, worth \$2.50 per suit. Price now \$1.75.

Men's Waterproof Coats
The good kind that will keep you dry in a regular downpour—Regular price \$9.85 and \$10.50, but selling now at \$7.00 and \$7.50.

Men's Duck Coats
Sheep lined and cloth lined at special prices.

Men's Oilskin Coats
Some good ones just received from England—double to the waist and buttons reinforced with leather \$3.50.

Sweaters
We are well stocked in Men's and Ladies' Sweaters. You will save money by buying from—"My Store."

L. J. REDDIN
117 Queen Street.

FLEICHMAN'S

Yeast Cakes!

If you have never used FLEICHMAN'S YEAST CAKES it will be to your advantage to do so.

SOLD by all GROCERS IN THE CITY.

The trade supplied by R. F. Maddigan & Co. Agents for P. E. Island.

LET US MAKE Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.

You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.

This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind is allowed to go into a suit.

We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish well tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.

If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros.
TAILORS AND FURNISHERS,
153 Queen Street.

By their work

On the merit of their performances alone we are willing to have them judged. Simplicity of construction, combined with a skill in manufacture, which is the inheritance of generations, make

REGINA WATCHES
good time keepers and consequently comfortable watches to carry. Their efficiency is assured by a guarantee which enables the owner to have any constructional defect remedied free of charge by the nearest agent in any part of the world. They are not made in grades which cannot be fully

MANY NEW
Watches,
Rings,
Chains,
Locketts,
Eyeglasses,
Clocks and
Timepieces
Just received.

Others to arrive.
E. W. TAYLOR
CAMERON BLOCK,
Charlottetown.

Crews of War Pr

New York, Nov. 24.—Captains and crews of the Canadian steamer *Lorenzo* and Norwegian steamer *Thor*, were captured by a British vessel in West Indian waters while alleged to have had on coal for the German cruiser *U-15*, which arrived here today, the steamer *Guiana* from Lucia.

The *Lorenzo* and the *Thor* together with the *Spreewald*, *Hamburg-American* Line, and as British prizes of war in Harbor of St. Lucia, whither were taken by prize crews their capture by the British.

Captain Griffiths of the *Lorenzo* and his American crew would talk of the capture of their vessel; but the crew of the Norwegian steamer were not so reticent. Second mate Joachim Glesen of the seizure of the *Thor*.

The *Thor* cleared from port Nov. 18, and was captured by the *Bantos* near Buenos Ayres mate said; but after leaving capes, the course was laid Crooked Island Passage in Bahamas. There the *Thor* joined by the *Lorenzo*, which appeared to be loaded with the Neckar, of the North German Lloyd Line, with a valuable cargo from Cuba; and the *Spreewald* These vessels cruised about Bahamas and the West Indies several weeks, according to mate of the *Thor*, who said belief was they were seeking pick up and provision German men of war.

On September 9, the *Bantos* came up from the south, Glesen said, and an officer with an anchor, went aboard the *Thor* looked over her papers and her under seizure. That night *Thor* was taken by a prize crew to St. Lucia. The day after reached St. Lucia harbor, Berwick brought in the *Lorenzo* and the *Spreewald*, according to Glesen. He said that the crew were well treated.

Captain Hunn of the *Thor* go before the Norwegian court here tomorrow and tell him of loss of his steamer, thus complying with the legal formalities required in such cases. Captain Griffiths will also confer with New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company, owners of *Lorenzo* from whom the *Lorenzo* was chartered by a business firm in this city.

War Loan Popular.

London, Nov. 20.—The government war loan, the largest made in history, is popularly stated Mr. G. C. Cassels, manager of the Bank of Montreal, London, because it meets the requirements of three important classes of investors—first, the hard street, representing the count market and the professional investor; second, the trustee who does not want to be required to invest quickly, and third, the general investor. In addition, government have the facility readily borrowing from the Bank of England on it. In all probability the loan will be oversubscribed. The Financial News presses the hope that the investor will receive full consideration in the allotment of the loan. "The wisdom of Lloyd George said one banker, "is that he consults every expert on the different phases of finance, with the result that in this case at least every is satisfied." The Bank of Montreal was busy yesterday with payment, on behalf of the Dominion government, of £1,700,000 of treasury bills placed a year ago, which leaves nothing outstanding.

Canada's Plans.

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—"In Great Britain as well as in Canada, all the Dominions," says Sir Robert Borden in an official statement issued today, "the greatest difficulty in organizing the immediate forces needed for the present has been the provision of arms and equipment on so tremendous a scale. These are being produced rapidly and the government is co-operating effectively with the government of Great Britain under well considered arrangements so that the resources of the British Islands and Canada and all other available resources shall be utilized for the common purpose. "The number of

Crews of War Prizes

New York, Nov. 20.—The captains and crews of the American steamer Lorenzo and the Norwegian steamer Thor, which was captured by a British war vessel in West Indian waters while alleged to have had on board coal for the German cruiser Karlsruhe, arrived here today, aboard the steamer Guiana from St. Lucia.

The Lorenzo and the Thor, together with the Spreewald of the Hamburg-American Line, are held as British prizes of war in the Harbor of St. Lucia, whither they were taken by prize crews after their capture by the British cruiser Berwick.

Captain Griffiths of the Lorenzo and his American crew would not talk of the capture of their steamer; but the crew of the Norwegian steamer were not so reticent, and second mate Joachim Glesen told of the seizure of the Thor.

The Thor cleared from Newport News on August 4th for Frey Bentos near Buenos Ayres, the mate said; but after leaving the capes, the course was laid for Crooked Island Passage in the Bahamas. There the Thor was joined by the Lorenzo, which appeared to be loaded with coal; the Neckar, of the North German Lloyd Line, with a valuable cargo from Cuba; and the Spreewald. These vessels cruised about the Bahamas and the West Indies for several weeks, according to the mate of the Thor, who said the belief was they were seeking to pick up and provision German men of war.

On September 9, the Berwick came up from the south, Glesen said, and an officer with an armed crew, went aboard the Thor, looked over her papers and put her under seizure. That night the Thor was taken by a prize crew to St. Lucia. The day after she reached St. Lucia harbor, the Berwick brought in the Lorenzo and the Spreewald, according to Glesen. He said that the crews were well treated.

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Local And Other Items

Quarantine against cattle shipment from Canada to the United States was lifted on the 20th.

The Hamburg-American Liner Ekbatana is reported sunk in the Persian Gulf. There are no particulars.

A mine washed ashore near West Capelle Holland, exploded while being examined, killing three naval officers, one civilian and three sailors.

It is semi-officially announced at Petrograd that the Police have discovered a revolutionary plot in which several members of the Duma are incriminated and a number of arrests have been made.

A Madrid cable to the Tribune reports on good authority that a secret agreement has been made by which the attitude of Spain will be more than friendly to the Allies.

Captain J. J. Murchison, late of the D. G. S. Earl Grey, has received instructions from the Marine Department at Ottawa to hold himself in readiness to proceed to Halifax to take command to the D. G. S. "Stanley."

A Montevideo despatch to the London Times says: A German steamer has landed the crews of the British steamer Lacorintina and the French bark Union. Both were sunk by the German converted cruiser Kron Prinz Wilhelm.

The Red Star steamer Zealand was pulled off the shoal near Sorel shortly before eleven o'clock last Wednesday morning and started on her way up to Montreal. The boat is said not to have been damaged by going ashore on the mud bank blow Sorel on the previous Saturday.

The steam schooner Hanall, with sixty-five people on board, struck on Dixbury Reef, near the entrance to San Francisco harbor a few days ago. She struck in a fog and pounded to pieces. With great difficulty 18 of those on board were rescued, and the remaining 47 are thought to have been drowned.

The house of Commons Ottawa has sustained its first loss of the war in the death of Louis De Noailles, one of the staff of official translators, killed in action at Ypres. M. De Noailles was a reservist of the French army and left to join the colors immediately upon the declaration of war. A brief message received by friends here stated that De Noailles had been shot in the head and killed instantly. De Noailles was a naturalized Canadian, born in France of an old French family.

The Navy Department Washington has been advised that a party of hunters recently stumbled across a wireless station twenty miles north of Biddeford, in the Maine Woods. Officials of the department believe this is the station that has been operating in the interest of the German Government. Two Secret Service men have been ordered to ascertain all the facts concerning its construction and operation. The British Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, recently laid before the State Department information tending to show that Germany was operating a station somewhere in Maine.

Eight persons are dead, two others were so badly burned that they may die, and seven more including two fire captains were injured, as the result of a fire of suspicious origin which early Sunday virtually destroyed a five-story brick tenement house on East 29th street New York. As a result of disclosures made to the police by a tenant who has been receiving Blackhand letters for the past year, and upon whom a demand for \$1,000 was made last Friday, under threat of bodily harm, detectives are seeking men known to them as Blackhand leaders, whom they suspect of responsibility for the fire. Panic, which seized the tenants when they were aroused by rescuers, caused the loss of life, the police say, as the building was amply equipped with fire escapes. All the dead were Italians.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES NEURALGIA.

Praser & McQuaid Barristers & Attorneys—Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc., Souris, P. E. Island.

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DIED.

HANCOCK—At Wood Islands South on Wednesday, Nov. 11th 1914, Cleveland Hancock, aged 21 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hancock.

McINTYRE—At Ottawa, Nov. 10th, Ronald Irving, infant son of James A. and Gertrude McIntyre aged four months.

CANNING—At Emerald, on the 15th November, inst., after a protracted illness, Mr. John Canning, in the 74th year of his age. Intermment took place on Tuesday in St. Ann's Cemetery, Hope River. The Deceased leaves a widow and four daughters to mourn. R. I. P.

McLAREN—At Cherry Valley, on the 15th of October, in the 80 year of her age, Mrs. Mary McLaren, relict of Daniel McLaren, Esq., of Birchfield Cottage, Georgetown Royalty.

WEBSTER—At Marie, on Nov. 9th, after a lingering illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, Edward Webster, aged 74 years, leaving a wife two sons and three daughters.

FENNELL—In this city on Friday 20th, inst., Robert Fennell in the 74th year of his age.

McKINNON—At Churchill, Nov. 20th, Mrs. Isabel McKinnon widow of Archd. McKinnon, aged 98.

LEITCH—Passed away in Charlottetown Saturday afternoon, Wallace Leitch. Deceased had been an officer of the Dominion Saving's Bank for forty years.

GARRETT—In Melrose, Mass. Nov. 18th, Josiah J. Garrett, 55 years.

CURLEY—At Village Green, Nov. 24th, Mrs. Thomas Curley aged 60. R. I. P.

ALLEY—At Saskatoon, on Nov. 17th, Mr. James A. Alley, formerly of Charlottetown.

DOIRON—In Charlottetown on Monday, the 23rd inst., Mrs. Doiron, in the 33 year of her age. R. I. P.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter, Eggs, Pork, Hay, etc.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES NEURALGIA.

D. C. McLEOD, K. C. — W. R. BENTLEY, McLEOD & BENTLEY Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 1st January, 1915, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week.

Over Royal Mail Route No. 1 from Conway Station, P. E. Island, from the Postmaster General's pleasure. Printed notices containing full information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Conway Station, Freehold and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector, Charlottetown, 20th, Nov. 1914.

Nov. 25, 1914—31

OYSTER CULTURE.

Applications on the regular printed form will be received by the undersigned for lease of barren bottoms for oyster culture in Hoxley River, Trout or Lot 10 River Conway Cove and The Narrows, all in Prince County, up to and on the first day of December next.

Each application will be required to be accompanied by cash or P.O. order for three dollars to pay cost of drawing duplicate lease and registering same.

Copies of plans, application forms, form of lease and leasing regulations are deposited and may be inspected at the following places:

- Office of the Provincial Secretary, Charlottetown. Office of the Prothonotary, Summerside. Store of J. E. Birch, Alberton. Store of Austin Ramsay, Conway. Office of G. M. Matthews, O'Leary. Store of Kahille Sharbell, Portage. Office of Hon. James A. McNeill, Summerside. ARTHUR NEWBERY, Asst. Provincial Secretary, Nov. 4 1914, 41.

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M.D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 148 PRINCE STREET CHARLOTTETOWN.

Tenders

Falconwood Hospital, Provincial Infirmary, King's Queen's and Prince County Prisons.

Department of Public Works, Charlottetown, Nov. 10, 1914. SEALED TENDERS will be received at this office until noon on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER, 23rd, 1914, from any person or persons willing to contract to supply the Hospital for the Insane and Provincial Infirmary, Falconwood, for the year ending December 31st, 1915 with supplies as per list to be seen at this office.

Also to supply King's, Queen's and Prince County prisons for the same period and under the same conditions with the following articles—Hard and Soft Bread, Malted, Oatmeal, Kerosene Oil and Fresh Beef.

All articles to be of the best quality. Tenders must express the price per barrel, pound and gallon, and to be accompanied by the name of two responsible persons willing to become bonded for the full faithful performance of the Contract.

The Trustees and the Department do not necessarily bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

The tender must express on the envelope "Jail Supply Tenders" and "Falconwood Hospital and Provincial Infirmary Supply Tenders."

L. B. McMILLAN, Secretary of Public Works, Nov. 11th, 1914—21

Dominion of Canada, PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

In the Surrogate Court, 5th George V. A. D. 1914.

In re Estate of John B. McLeod, late of Montague in King's County, in the said Province, Farmer, deceased intestate.

By the Honourable Richard Reddin Surrogate Judge of Probate, &c., &c. To the Sheriff of the County of King's County or any Constable of the said County, within said County.

Whereas upon reading the petition on file of Catherine McLeod of Montague aforesaid, Spinster, administratrix of the Estate, praying that a citation may be issued for the purpose hereinafter set forth; You are therefore hereby required to cite all persons interested in the said Estate to be and appear before me at a Surrogate's Court to be held in the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Province, on Wednesday the sixteenth day of December next, coming, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon of the same day, to show cause if any they can why the Accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and the Estate closed as prayed for in said petition, and on motion of W. E. Bentley, K. C. Proctor for said Petitioner. And I do hereby order that a true copy hereof be forthwith published in some newspaper in Charlottetown aforesaid once in each week for at least four consecutive weeks from the date hereof and that a true copy hereof be forthwith posted in the following public places respectively, namely, in the hall of the Court House in Georgetown in said King's County, in front of the School House at Montague aforesaid and at Cardigan in King's County aforesaid so that all persons interested in the said Estate as aforesaid may have due notice thereof.

Given under my Hand and the seal of the said Court this tenth day of November, A. D. 1914 and in the fifth year of his Majesty's reign. (Sgd.) R. REDDIN, Sur. J. &c. Nov. 18, 1914 41.



GREAT SALE OF OVERCOATS!

At the front of the Men's Store you will find a long rack jammed full of handsome Overcoats, offered you at a great reduction for spot cash. You will find every size and style, well tailored, handsome garments, and going at prices like the following:—

- \$7.50 Overcoats for 3.75 \$9.50 Overcoats for 6 11.50 Overcoats for 6.50 12.50 Overcoats for 7 18.50 Overcoats for 12.50 27.00 Overcoats for 20

MOORE & McLEOD

Invictus--- the Best Good Shoes for Men

We are showing now a nice line of Invictus—the best boots for men.

These are shown in gun metal, patent, tan and black, laced and buttoned styles. Some of the new features are the new style tongue attached to uppers, wearproof lining and many other new ideas that dressy men should see.

Prices range from \$5.00 to \$7.00.

Alley & Co.

135 Queen Street.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., & A. MacDonald

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. McDonald Bros. Building, Georgetown July 26, 1911—1f

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E. MONEY TO LOAN. Janels 1910—1f

McLean & McKinnon

Charlottetown, P. E. Island Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

ADVERTISEMENT OF THE Live Stock Breeder's Association

The following Stock are offered for Sale:

- Clydesdale Stallion, 8 Ayrshire Bulls and Bull Calves, 3 Ayrshire Cows and Heifers, 11 Shorthorn Bulls, and Bull Calves, 2 Shorthorn Heifers, 4 Holstein Bulls and Bull Calves, 17 Rams and Ram Lambs, 12 Registered Sheep, 13 Boars and Sows, Yorkshire and Berkshire, Litters six weeks old.

WANTED TO PURCHASE. 2 Ayrshire Bulls, Leicester, Hampshire, Oxford, and Shropshire Rams and Ewes.

For further information apply to the Department of Agriculture, Charlottetown, P. E. I. Sept. 9th, 1914.

Smoke and Chew Hickey's Twist Tobacco

Millions of Plugs sold yearly because it is the best.

Hickey & Nicholson Co. Ltd. Manufactures Phone 345.

The Sign of the Rosary.

An autumn eve in Ireland, an open cabin door.
And reverent figures kneeling upon the earthen floor;
Ave Gratia Plena, and then Benedicta Tu,
I heard the prayerful greeting, and so the vision grew
Of a cottage home in Juda, and she who was with child,
Bending in lowly homage before a Maiden Mild.
Methought I heard adown the years the Virgin's wondrous song,
"The nations all shall call me blest throughout the ages long."
As bright in midnight skies appears the lightning's sudden gleam,
So suddenly the vision showed why faithful hearts esteem
The beads—our Mother's blessed beads that infidels despise—
Their solace in this vale of tears, hope far beyond the skies.
The Aves heard in Irish homes the prophecy sublime.
Are linked by Faith's enduring chain across the leagues of time.
They little heed the cultured scoff, the critic's thoughtless sneer,
They hail the Rosary a Sign, to them the beads are dear,
"Tis writ the plain and simple shall confound the wisest sage;
A grey-haired mother and her beads rebukes a creedless age."
—REV. D. A. CASEY.

Morning Star.

Hail, crowned Maiden, we praise and honor thee!
Of womankind thou art the blessed one,
The pure the lustrous herald of the sun
Forever shining over land and sea
In glory of the Christ Whom thou hast borne.
Thou art as chaste and bright in thy array
As thou wert on that great Assumption day.
As brightly thou shalt shine on Judgment morn.
Ere Christ shall come to judge the human race,
Before the throne of God for sinners plead.
Thou art the Morning Star forever fair,
The beacon-light of hope, the Queen of Grace;
Ere He shall come, for mankind interested,
And Christ, thy Son, shall heed His Mother's prayer.
—AVE MARIA.

ANDY.

(Concluded.)
"Oh, that lies beyond our reach!" Dr. Amherst's laugh had a faint scoff in its tone. "We do not meddle with anything that defies microscope and scalpel. But I am willing to take the boy off your hands and experiment with him. I always have a few cases of his kind for study and observation. And I rather like his face; it is a promising one. So, if you choose, arrange the matter with the boy's, as you say, indifferent guardians, Denbigh." Amherst found it impossible to call his old friend by his priestly name.
"No," said Father Dave, his voice growing suddenly grave, almost stern. "You can make what offer of help you please to Andy's uncle. I have no right to interfere with that. But—if as I fear—if as you tell me, Amherst, your training ignores the boy's soul."
"His soul—soul,"—the echo was almost a jeer—"soul in a clod like that?"
"Confiteor Deo," Andy looked up from his flowers. "Is that the way it begins, Father Dave?"
"Aye," said the priest, his sunken eyes kindling, "a soul, Amherst, a soul made for a life beyond your training and your teaching; a soul whose mortal powers may be bound, hampered, for reasons beyond our feeble ken; a soul that dilled as it is by the clod it wears, can be turned to God and heaven. This is my life-work—to lead souls however darkened and enfeebled, to God and heaven; and all training however skilful, that ignores the soul of man is to me dangerous—deadly."
"You are more medieval than I believed possible in these enlightened days," and again there

Itching Skin

Distress by day and night—That's the complaint of those who are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with Eczema or Salt Rheum—and outward applications do not cure. They cease!

The source of the trouble is in the blood—make that pure and the itching, burning, itching skin disease will disappear.
"I was taken with an itching on my arms which proved very disagreeable. I concluded it was salt rheum and bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. In two days after I began taking it I felt better and it was not long before I was cured. Have never had any skin disease since." Mrs. Ida K. Ward, Core Point, Md.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

rids the blood of all impurities and cures all eruptions.

was subtle scoff in Amherst's eye and voice, but he turned the conversation courteously to other subjects, and in a few moments rose to go. As the two old friends faced each other, clasping hands in farewell, both realized that they stood for opposing forces that could never be reconciled. They had met only to clash arms—and would never meet again.
But the keen-eyed specialist was not to be beguiled in his experiment. Dr. Amherst had, as he said, seen promise in Andy; perhaps, indeed, he took a certain pleasure in defying Father David's medievalism. Within a week the leading physician of the little town was startled by a letter from his distinguished confrere, Dr. Amherst, stating that he had become interested in the boy, Andrew Robbins, and offering him a scholarship in the Amherst Institute.

"It's the chance of his life," said the old doctor, still in breathless amazement at Andy's luck, to old Peter Robbins. "And it will cost you nothing. If you're not an out-and-out idiot yourself, man—you'd jump at it!"

So, in dim, bewildered grief at the parting, Andy was hurried off from his flowers and Father Dave to Amherst Institute.

Seven years had passed. The flowers Andy had tended were a high hedge of bloom. Father Dave's hair was thickly sprinkled with gray. Time had brought him both cares and honors; his mountain church was the centre of a thriving parish that reached far into the mountains. But the murmured "mea culpa" of the acolyte at his morning Mass never reached his ear without bringing a thought of Andy, a prayer for the innocent of long ago.

Andy was "innocent" no longer, as his old uncle Peter proudly informed his mates. The doctors had made him as fine and bright a lad as could be found in all the town. Letters came from him, wonderfully written and spelled, that the old man showed about exultantly, feeling that the shame of the idiot had been lifted from his name and blood. Then old Peter Robbins had died, and the letters ceased. There was only Dr. Lawson to talk occasionally of the boy's wonderful luck, and tell of his visit one year to the great marble Institute where students thronged eagerly to learn something of the great doctor's marvelous skill in treating the diseased or undeveloped brain. And twice there had come the elegant year-book of Amherst Institute to Father Dave, once with an address and again with a valedictory by Andrew J. Robbins that would have been creditable to any young senior of unquestioned mind. The copies were marked and sent by Philip Amherst, Father Dave knew; for from Andy directly he had never heard since he had blest him before the altar on the day he left. Then came years of unbroken silence. Andy, with his brain quickened into "thought and purpose," had gone forth to meet the world with the weapons Amherst Institute had forged for his hand. There was only the hedge of flowers, the mea culpa echoing through the morning stillness, to tell of the idiot boy of the past, until one November day, when the golden haze of Indian Summer rested upon the mountains, and the air was like the vesper censor's breath, Father Dave's morning paper told in startling headlines a story of a terrible crime, a murderous

assault of friend on friend, the victim a promising young business man of a neighboring city, who had been attacked in fierce, unreasoning rage for some fancied wrong.

Details followed which Father David passed, until a name started out of the page that suddenly rustled. Andrew B. Robbins—the criminal known as Arthur B. Robbins—was in reality Andrew B. Robbins, a graduate of Dr. Amherst's Institute, who had changed his name lest the record of his past should be a handicap to his career. Andrew B. Robbins, who was still at large and, though the police were on his track, had it was supposed, fled into the mountain wilds where he was born, and where with the cunning of his kind, he might escape. For Dr. Amherst, when called upon to testify had acknowledged that, with the awakening of his pupil's mind, there had developed fierce, evil tendencies, often latent in the abnormal brain and which the most recent methods could not control.

Father David dropped the paper with a sickened heart. "Andy, poor Andy! Andy whose dull brain might never have been quickened among the flowers, but whose soul might have been led through twilight ways of peace to heaven and God, Andy, his lost Andy!"

The good priest went through his duties that day like one in a painful dream.

Andy was only a fading memory to a few of the older people in his widening, ever-charming parish so there was little notice taken of the city tragedy, but to him the autumn air was heavy with it, shadows from dying flowers and fading leaves; there came the plaint of poor, fallen humanity crying to its pitying God; "Mea culpa, mea culpa, mea maxima culpa." Where was the poor, hunted outcast who had breathed those words with unconscious portent? Where was the "innocent" Andy of long ago?

And when the busy day was over Father David turned into his church and knelt before the tabernacle, while the twilight deepened into darkness, praying, as such good shepherds pray, for his lost lamb.

Then he came out to stand for a moment beneath the stars, watching a November meteor shoot across the calmness of the sky and vanish in the darkness.

The echoes of the day seemed still murmuring about him. "Mea culpa, mea culpa." Was it only an echo that came sobbing through the starlit silence? Father Dave's heart gave a strange leap as he listened. From the hedge of flowers before his little dwelling there rose a piteous moan. The good priest started forward. Prone there on the grass crouched a writhing figure.

"Hide me!" it gasped. "Hide me, help me, Father Dave, Father Dave!"

"Andy" was the cry, as on the white, agonized face, the wild eyes looked up at him. Father Dave caught a disorted image of the boy of long ago.

Then he saw the blood on the pale brow, death in the livid features, he bent closer.

"My poor, poor Andy. Speak to me, if you can, in God's name. Tell Father Dave all, all the sins, the sorrow Andy—"

"I—I can't!" came the low murmur. Wound, shock, fright had undone all Dr. Amherst's training and it was "the innocent" of long ago who looked up in piteous bewilderment to the friendly face—"I've forgotten—"

"Confiteor Deo," it begins. Father Dave.

"My poor, poor boy, yes—that means you are sorry for all your sins, Andy; that you confess them, beg God's pardon for them—"

"Yes," and again the memory of the past seemed to waken in the dying brain. "Confiteor Deo," repeated Andy faintly. "There was more—more. I've forgotten. Mea culpa, mea culpa; tell me the rest Father Dave."

There was a clamor in the road below, as the posse from the neighboring town came shouting down the hill looking for the prisoner they had tracked hither and who had fallen, as they knew a while ago under his pursuer's shot.

As The Result Of a Neglected Cold He Contracted SEVERE BRONCHIAL TROUBLE.

Mr. W. T. Allen, Halifax, N.S., writes: "I feel that I would be doing you and your great remedy, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, a gross injustice if I did not write and let you know the wonderful results that I have obtained from its use."
"Last spring I happened to contract a cold. Of course, this is a common occurrence, and I did not take any particular notice of it at the time. However, it did not break up as quickly as colds generally did with me, so after two weeks, and no sign of improvement, I began to get alarmed, and went to my local physician who informed me that I had contracted severe bronchial trouble as a result of neglecting my cold. He prescribed some medicine for me, which I took for about two weeks without any sign of improvement. I was getting pretty much discouraged by then, but one day a friend happened to be in to whom I was relating my trouble, and he advised me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, saying that he had obtained very beneficial results from its use in a similar case. I took his advice and procured several bottles from my druggist. After taking it, according to directions, for about two days, I obtained a decided improvement, and from that day on I began to get better, and in ten days I was in my usual health. I consider this an excellent showing for your remedy, and can highly recommend it to anyone afflicted as I was. I shall always put in a good word for it whenever the opportunity offers itself."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup from any druggist or dealer. Price, 25c and 50c. The genuine is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

culpa, mea culpa, mea maxima culpa."—MARY T. WAGGAMAN, in Benziger's Magazine.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO. LIMITED
GENELEMEN—Last Winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of Lagrippe and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in case of Inflammation.

Yours,
W. A. HUTCHINSON.
Actor (playing Richard III).—A horse! A horse! My kingdom for a horse.
Rude Auditor—Wouldn't a Jackass do as well?
Actor—Certainly! Come around to the stage door at once.

Minards Liniment Cures Neuralgia.
Don't you think he is too cute for anything! asked the proud young mother, referring to her baby.
O, I don't know replied her 17-year-old brother. He's cute enough, I guess, but I never think much of people who haven't any teeth.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont. writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days Price 25 cents."

Hawkins—How's Henpeck getting along since his marriage? He used to vow that no woman could ever get ahead of him.
Hagg—Oh, he's still leading, I suppose; but she's behind—holding the reins.

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.
Examiner—Now, William, if a man can do one-fourth of a piece of work in two days, how long will he take to finish it?
William—Is it a contract job or is he working by the day!

Was Troubled With Nervous Prostration.
Many people although they know of the symptoms are. The principal ones are: a feeling of faintness in crowded places, a dread of being alone, fear of being in a confined place, a horror of society, a dread of things falling from above, fright at travelling on railroad trains, and disturbed and restless, unrefreshing sleep, often troubled with dreams.

Mrs. George Lee, Victoria Harbor, Ont., writes: "I am writing to tell you of the experience I have had with Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was so nervous I could not do my own work. I did not want to see any one, or would I go any place. My nerves were bad for three years, and my heart was so bad it made me tremble all over. I took three boxes of your pills, and I never was better than I am now. I weigh 20 pounds more than I ever did."
Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c per box, 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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Millions of Plugs sold yearly because it is the best.
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Co. Ltd. Manufactures
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FLEICHMAN'S Yeast Cakes!

If you have never used **FLEICHMAN'S YEAST CAKES** it will be to your advantage to do so.

SOLD by all GROCERS IN THE CITY.

The trade supplied by **R. F. Maddigan & Co.**
Agents for P. E. Island.

By their work



On the merit of their performances alone are we willing to have them judged. Simplicity of construction, combined with a skill in manufacture, which is the inheritance of generations, make

REGINA WATCHES

good time keepers and consequently comfortable watches to carry.
Their efficiency is assured by a guarantee which enables the owner to have any constructional defect remedied free of charge by the nearest agent in any part of the world. They are not made in grades which cannot be fully guaranteed.

MANY NEW Watches, Rings, Chains, Locketts, Eyeglasses, Clocks and Timepieces

Just received. Others to arrive.

E. W. TAYLOR

CAMERON BLOCK, Charlottetown.

LET US MAKE Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered.
You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price.
This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind allowed to go into a suit.
We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish well tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers.
If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros.
TAILORS AND FURNISHERS,
153 Queen Street.

ALCOHOL

is almost the worst thing for consumptives. Many of the "just-as-good" preparations contain as much as 20% of alcohol; **Scott's Emulsion** not a drop. Insist on having **Scott's Emulsion**

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS