

If You Want a Safe Investment

Let us send you particulars of an investment that never depreciates and never defaults in dividends, the new Compound Investment Policy in the Crown Life.

With a Crown Life "Limited Payment Life Policy" you do not have to die to win. Your insurance is fully paid for during the years of your best earning power.

Let us send you some new insurance facts.

Crown Life Assurance Co.

TORONTO.

Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts.

THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

CAPTER IX.—(Cont'd.)
"Well, here I am. You're not drunk, are you? Here—let's look at you." With a cruel smile, the soft-voiced Mr. Vermont seized the ear of the dwarfed jockey and dragged him to the light. "No, not drunk—for a wonder. Well, you know what to do to-morrow?"

The man nodded sulkily.

"Tighten and choke off at the last hurdle. Mind you do it neatly, too. You can do it, I know; and it won't be the first little affair you've sold, eh? You sold one too many, though, when you crossed my path, and you know what will happen if you fail me."

"All right," the jockey muttered hoarsely.

"I hope it will be all right," said his persecutor, shaking him gently to and fro by the ear. "If not, you'll find yourself in the care of a paternal government—I tell you—picking up."

The man gave a sudden jerk and released himself from the cruel grasp; then he looked up almost piteously.

"Must we do it, guv'nor?" he said hoarsely. "I've seen 'im—"

"Him! whom, you idiot?"

"Him—Mr. Leroy—as we're to sell."

"You're to sell, you mean, you gallows-bird," returned Jasper.

The man eyed him viciously.

"Yes," he growled, "you think you're going to git off, scot-free, don't yer? What if I don't do it? He giv' me a tanner, he did. 'E's a real gent. What if I don't do it?" he repeated.

Mr. Vermont's eyes narrowed till he looked like a snake about to strike. Raising the riding-whip which he had in his hand, he seized the wretched creature once more, and brought the whip down again and again on his almost skeleton body.

"Play me false, you hound, and I'll kill you," he almost hissed; and, half beside himself with pain and rage, the jockey gasped brokenly:

"Stop! stop! I'll do it."

It was just five o'clock when Lady Constance and Leroy returned from their ride. During the course of it Adrien had realised something of his cousin's beauty of character, as well as of face. Until that day he had only regarded her as a younger sister, pretty, perhaps, in a quiet, retiring

way, but nothing more. Now, as he lifted her down from the saddle, he could have bent and reverently kissed the little foot that lodged so lightly in the stirrup.

Woman-like, she was quick to notice the change in him, and her heart beat high with hope.

"He will love me yet," she whispered to herself triumphantly, as with outward calmness, she bade him au revoir till they should meet at dinner, Adrien went straight to his own rooms. An unusual restlessness was upon him, and his pulses throbbed wildly, but as yet he did not understand what these things meant. He, who had played the lover so lightly of his life, did not realise that it was now his turn to feel Cupid's dart, and that he was becoming as deeply enamoured of his pretty cousin as any raw boy straight from college.

As he paced up and down his luxurious study, thoughtfully smoking a cigar, his past life rose before him, with all its idleness and wasted years. He knew that with most women he had only to throw down the glove for it to be snatched up eagerly; women had loved him, petted and spoilt him ever since he could remember. But here was one who thought of him as nothing but a means to save her people—or rather, his people—from distress.

It said much for Lady Constance's powers of reserve that she had impressed him thus, and had shown him, nothing could have helped her cause sell."

Throwing himself into a chair, the young man reviewed again the incidents of their ride. How beautiful she had looked; how pointedly and yet gently she had reproved him for his long absences from his estates and the people who loved him. Well, it should come to an end now, and then and there he formed a resolve to return to town directly after the race, and go through his affairs with Jasper. His friend would help him to lead a worthier and more useful life, he thought—if anyone could do so.

When he went down to dinner that night few would have noticed any difference in his calm face and demeanour; none, indeed save Lady Constance herself, who, with the subtlety which seems inbred in even the best of her sex, devoted her attention almost exclusively to Mr. Jasper Vermont. It was he who was allowed to sit next her at dinner; it was to him she turned when the race, with which all present were concerned, was the subject under discussion.

Adrien noted all this, and his heart grew heavy within him. But he did not grudge Jasper her favor—as yet; he blamed himself too deeply for the neglect of his past opportunities.

Jasper skilfully turned the conversation to Lady Merivale's ball, which he described in detail to Lady Constance; adding many little realistic touches concerning the fair hostess and Adrien, till he had convinced her—as he thought—that there was a great deal more between them than was really the case. For Vermont, as had been said before, was "no fool"; and he realised only too well in what direction events were tending with Lady Constance and her cousin.

But she showed no signs either of understanding or misunderstanding his allusions to Adrien, and began to discuss a ball which Miss Penelope was trying to arrange.

"Mr. Shelton, I am counting on you to help us," she said, turning to the gentleman on her other side. "Auntie has been besieging uncle for the last two months; anh has, I think, carried the citadel."

"What is the motive of the attack?" enquired Mortimer Shelton.

"Aunt Penelope wants a fancy dress dance in the ballroom in the east wing," she returned gaily, adding, as she looked across at her cousin, who was listening attentively: "Adrien, if you would add your word, we should get it. Won't you do so?"

"A fancy dress ball here?" he replied. "But it my father has refused you, it is scarcely likely that I shall have any more influence." He turned to his aunt. "Why not have Barminster House, Aunt Penelope?" This was the town house, supposed to be given up almost exclusively to the young man's use, though he generally inhabited his own chambers in Jermyn Street.

"I will hand it over to you from cellar to attic, and will bind myself to be your faithful slave from early morn to dewy eve."

Lantic Sugar

Because of its purity and FINE granulation, is best for all preserving.

2 and 5-lb Cartons
10 and 20-lb Bags

"The All-Purpose Sugar"

PRESERVING LABELS FREE
54 printed and printed labels for a red seal trademark. Send to

Atlantic Sugar Refineries, Ltd.
Power Bldg., Montreal 69

His aunt laughed.

"No, thank you, Adrien, I know your idea of slavery," she said. "You would hand it over to Mr. Vermont, and he does quite enough of your work already." Vermont was a favorite with Miss Penelope, owing chiefly to his frequent gifts of maroon glaces—a great weakness of hers. "Besides," she continued, "Barminster House is too modern. I want to revive a ball just as it happened two or three centuries ago. It must be Barminster Castle, or nothing."

Adrien smiled across at her.

"Your word is law, my dear aunt; but if I were you, and it comes off at all, I'd leave the arranging of it to Jasper."

Mr. Vermont beamed. Nothing seemed to please him so much as the idea of work, especially when it involved the spending of money other than his own.

"I am at your service, dear lady," said Adrien, smiling.

Miss Penelope rose, and gave the signal for the ladies to retire.

"I shall take you at your word, Mr. Vermont," she said graciously, as she passed out.

After the ladies had gone, the wine circulated freely, and in the merry badinage that followed it must be admitted that Jasper Vermont was the life and soul of the party. He had the newest scandal at his finger-tips, the latest theatrical news; and all was related in a witty manner that kept his listeners in a perpetual roar of laughter.

Adrien, though compelled by politeness to take his share in the conversation, was yet glad when they adjourned to the silver drawing-room. This was one of the smallest of the half-dozen drawing-rooms in Barminster Castle, and was decorated entirely in blue and silver. The furniture was upholstered in pale blue satin and silver embroideries. Curtains, hangings, and even carpet, were all of the same color, while the mirrors and ornaments were entirely of silver.

To-night, Lady Constance's dress matched the room, for it was of palest azure silk, veiled with chiffon, on which were Etruscan silver ornaments and silver-thread embroidery. It was a color which suited her shell-like complexion; and she looked her best in it.

She was at the piano when the men entered; and Leroy, who was passionately fond of music, and a musician of no mean order himself, came straight over to her. At his request, Constance sang song after song; while Vermont sat a little apart, listening, and occasionally glancing thoughtfully at the beautiful profile of the singer. Then his cold, malignant eyes would wander with an almost sinister expression over the face of his friend and benefactor, as he leaned over the piano. But at any movement of the other guests his countenance would assume its usual amiability of expression, as though a mask were re-adjusted, while his fat, white hand softly beat time to the music.

At last Lady Constance declared she was tired, and turned to Adrien, begging him to sing instead. He hesitated for a moment; then, as if throwing off the unusual moodiness that oppressed him, he seated himself at the piano; and, after a few moments of restless improvisation, he sang song after song from Schumann's "Dichter-Liebe," with an intensity of passion in the clear tenor notes that thrilled the soul of every listener.

In the silence which fell on the little company when the last chords died away, Jasper Vermont, half-hidden by the curtain, opened the window, and slipped out on the terrace. The moon shone full on his white face, distorted with an unaccountable fury, as he muttered through his clenched teeth; "Curse the fellow! How I hate him!"

Adrien noted all this, and his heart grew heavy within him. But he did not grudge Jasper her favor—as yet; he blamed himself too deeply for the neglect of his past opportunities.

Jasper skilfully turned the conversation to Lady Merivale's ball, which he described in detail to Lady Constance; adding many little realistic touches concerning the fair hostess and Adrien, till he had convinced her—as he thought—that there was a great deal more between them than was really the case. For Vermont, as had been said before, was "no fool"; and he realised only too well in what direction events were tending with Lady Constance and her cousin.

But she showed no signs either of understanding or misunderstanding his allusions to Adrien, and began to discuss a ball which Miss Penelope was trying to arrange.

"Mr. Shelton, I am counting on you to help us," she said, turning to the gentleman on her other side. "Auntie has been besieging uncle for the last two months; anh has, I think, carried the citadel."

"What is the motive of the attack?" enquired Mortimer Shelton.

"Aunt Penelope wants a fancy dress dance in the ballroom in the east wing," she returned gaily, adding, as she looked across at her cousin, who was listening attentively: "Adrien, if you would add your word, we should get it. Won't you do so?"

"A fancy dress ball here?" he replied. "But it my father has refused you, it is scarcely likely that I shall have any more influence." He turned to his aunt. "Why not have Barminster House, Aunt Penelope?" This was the town house, supposed to be given up almost exclusively to the young man's use, though he generally inhabited his own chambers in Jermyn Street.

"I will hand it over to you from cellar to attic, and will bind myself to be your faithful slave from early morn to dewy eve."

Give the "Kiddies"
All They Want of

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

It is one of the delicious "good things" that has a real food value. A slice of your good homemade bread, spread with "Crown Brand", forms a perfectly balanced food, that is practically all nourishment.

So let them have it on biscuits and pancakes, and on their porridge if they want it.

You'll like it, too, on Griddle Cakes—on Blanc Mange and Baked Apples. And you'll find it the most economical sweetener you can use, for Cakes, Cookies, Gingerbread and Pies.

Have your husband get a tin, the next time he is in town—a 10 or 20 pound tin—or a 3 pound glass jar.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED
MONTREAL, CARDINAL, BRANTFORD, FORT WILLIAM.

Makers of "Lily White" Corn Syrup—Brown's Corn Starch—and "Silver Glos" Laundry Starch.

Our new recipe book, "Desserts and Candies", will show you how to make a lot of really delicious dishes with "Crown Brand". Write for a copy to our Montreal Office.

CHAPTER X.

The morning of the race dawned clear and bright, and the Leroy course shone like a strip of emerald velvet in the crisp, sparkling air.

Since sunrise, throngs of people, men, women, and children, had been streaming in from the outlying districts, some many miles away; while at the side of the course, stretched a long line of vehicles of all kinds, which had already dislodged their load.

In twos and threes the late horses arrived, swaddled in cloths, and surrounded by the usual crowd of bow-legged grooms and diminutive jockeys; while the air reeked with the smell of the stable and the oats and slangs of the men.

Later still came the bookmakers with their brisk, business-like method of entering the bets, big or small; the "swell's" thousand, or the countryman's shilling were all one to them. And lastly, amid all the din and tumult of the most crowded meeting Barminster had ever witnessed, came the army of the Castle servants to put the finishing touches to the boxes in the grand stand, over which floated the Leroy colors.

Towards noon, the hour at which the first race was to be run, the crowd grew denser, the excitement keener.

"Two to one on 'Ging Cole'—three to one 'Miracour'—and five to one 'Bay Star'—six to one, bar three."

all these cries rose in a lour, turbulent roar. It was known to all that the "swells"—as they termed the Castle people—had backed their champion "King Cole" for sums, which, as Jasper Vermont had rightly said the preceding night, would almost equal his weight in gold; and such was their faith in him that no other horse had been entered from the same county.

(To be continued.)

Maintenance of Soil Fertility.

A soil has to be very lacking in phosphoric acid before any sign of the want of this food appears in the plant; what does appear, however, is a shortage of bone and flesh in the animals that try to live on the crops produced on such a soil. The feeding value of pastures manured with phosphates is materially increased, and it will be noticed that stock will forsake an undressed piece of ground for one that has been dressed with phosphates.

"The choice of a phosphatic manure," says Frank T. Shatt, M.A.D.S., Dominion Chemist, depends largely on the character of the soil to which it is to be applied. Superphosphate (and phosphate) at the rate of about 300 pounds per acre is recommended for soils rich in lime, especially when the crop needs the stimulus afforded by immediately available phosphoric acid, for example, the turnip crop. Superphosphate is also an excellent form of fertilizer for the cereals. For sour soils, many clay loams deficient in lime, and for peats, and muck soils, basic slag has been found the most desirable form.

It is an alkaline phosphate containing a certain amount of free lime.

It contains no water-soluble phosphoric acid, but yields this element fairly readily for crop use. The dressing may be for 300 to 500 pounds per acre. Bone meal has been found a valuable manure in the lighter loams that do not dry out too readily. The application is usually about 500 pounds per acre.

The best returns from fertilizers are not obtained from very large applications, and the conclusion reached by the experimenters of the Division of Chemistry is that the function of fertilizers is to raise the small proportion of available plant food in the soil, rather than to increase materially the amount of total plant food contained therein.

Bulletin No. 27, issued by the Dominion Experimental Farms with the view of encouraging the obtaining of a large yield from the acreage at present in crops, says: "We have taken the ground that it will never be economically, even if scientifically, possible to maintain soil fertility by the use of fertilizers."

This bulletin speaks strongly of the value of farmyard manure, and recommends the use of fresh manure in pre-

ference to the rotted kind, as experience in farm practice has shown that, even weight for weight, the former gives yields almost equal to the latter, and when the losses entailed in rotting the manure are considered the use of the fresh or green variety is a decided economy.

Dr. Shatt, in the above-mentioned bulletin, supplies a table giving the approximate average composition of fresh manure, and gives a minute description of its properties, necessary treatment and proper application. The importance of potash in the soil is pointed out, and possible domestic sources of supply of this fertilizer are discussed.

Farm Implements May Be Scarce and High.

Farmers are vitally interested in the difficulties which now are confronting the manufacturers of farm equipment lines. The most serious of these is a shortage of raw materials. Every steel mill in the country is congested with orders, due to the heavy and unprecedented foreign demand for steel products, making deliveries in the domestic market a very much delayed and uncertain matter.

Uncertainty as to the course of future prices also is complicating the situation, since the implement manufacturers find it impossible to deal with the steel men on contract as always they have been enabled to do in the past. So serious is the actual shortage in materials and so delayed and uncertain are deliveries of what can be procured that it is feared some of the larger factories may be compelled to shut down in the near future. It is now practically certain there will be a marked shortage of finished machines to take care of a demand which this year had returned to normal proportions after the depression which had characterized it for the last two years.

Inability to command needed transportation facilities is another factor of troublesome proportions. The congestion of freight in the east, due also to the foreign demand for goods of all descriptions, tying up the rolling stock of the railroads in eastern terminal yards is appalling, and in some sections of the country it is almost impossible to get cars. This applies alike and affects alike shipments of raw materials to the factories and shipments of the finished products from the factories to the retail dealers.

The latter ought to have, at this season of the year, complete stocks of tillage tools in their warehouses and on their sample floors,

For a Quick Pick-Up
Luncheon try that most delicious, nourishing, whole wheat food, Triscuit, the shredded wheat wafer-toast. It contains all the body-building material in the whole wheat grain, including the bran coat which promotes healthful and natural bowel movement. It is real whole wheat bread without baking powder or chemicals of any kind—an yeast food for children because it compels thorough digestion and ensures per-cessation. A crisp, tasty mastic for picnics or excursions. Toast in the oven and serve with butter, soft cheese or marmalades.

Made in Canada

ROUMANIANS USE THEIR BAYONETS

Attack the Austro-Germans, Taking 12 Guns and 600 Prisoners.

A despatch from London says:—The news from the Roumanian front is again excellent. In the one region on the long front where the gravest danger menaced the Roumanians, the Predeal Pass sector, the Teutons have been driven across the Transylvanian frontier. Ground has also been gained in the Bran defile. In the Trotus valley the Roumanians forced the Austro-Germans to retire and took 600 prisoners and 12 cannon. Another detachment attacking from Goicasa, in the Trotus area, surprised the Teuton troops and took 300 prisoners and some machine guns.

WAR SAVINGS ACCOUNTS IN BANKS AND P. O.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Finance Department reports that the arrangements for the issue of war savings certificates will be completed early next month. The Minister of Finance has been taking up with the committee appointed by the Bankers' Association the matter of the method of co-operation by the chartered banks and the settlement of details. In the absence of the Minister in England these negotiations will be concluded by the Deputy Minister of Finance. In outline the plan will provide for affording facilities for opening war savings accounts in the banks and postoffice savings branches. When a certain amount has been thus saved the depositor may purchase a war savings certificate, issued at an attractive rate of discount. These certificates may be issued in two or three denominations.

GERMANS DEPORTING BELGIANS FROM HOMES

A despatch from Amsterdam says:—The *Telegraaf* says it has received information from the frontier that the Germans, in addition to deporting 2,000 civilians from Ghent, are taking similar action in other parts of Belgium. Quartermaster-General von Sauderwelt has announced, the newspaper says, that persons able to work may be forced to do so, even outside the villages in which they reside, in the event of being compelled to accept relief from others owing to gambling, drunkenness, laziness or lack of employment. Furthermore, and inhabitant may be compelled to give assistance in case of accident, danger, emergency, or public disaster, even outside the community in which he resides. Anyone who refuses to work, the newspaper says, is liable to imprisonment for three years or a fine of 10,000 marks.

VON KLUK RETIRED AT HIS OWN REQUEST.

Leader of German Right Wing in Paris Drive Seventy Years of Age.

A despatch from Berlin says: Field Marshal Alexander von Kluk, who commanded the right wing of the German army in its sweep toward Paris in the fall of 1914, has been placed on the retired list at his own request. He had never returned to the front since he was wounded by shrapnel fire in March, 1915, while inspecting advanced positions. The Field Marshal was seventy years of age last May.

THE PRINCIPAL LESSON OF THE PRESENT WAR.

A despatch from Paris says: Asked what was the principal lesson learned in this war, General Marchand replied: "Formerly an army which occupied the heights was supposed to have the advantage. We have learned from the experience of trench warfare that the force down below has the advantage, and since it can shell the enemy out of his trenches above, while our artillery can, with difficulty, bombard the trenches below it."

ROUNDING UP THE FEW GERMANS LEFT IN EAST AFRICAN COLONY

Remnant That Escaped Capture Are Penned in Malarial Swamp and Must Soon Surrender.

A despatch from London says: In a review of recent operations in German East Africa the War Office announces that the Belgians operating near Tabora, in the northern central part of the colony, have inflicted a further defeat on the Germans. In the fighting from Sept. 18 to 22 the surviving portion of the German forces which had been defeated at Tabora were routed.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

The bulk of the remaining German forces, says the announcement, are now confined in a limited area in the south-eastern portion of the colony, of which all the ports on the coast and the main lines of approach are held by the Entente forces. The entire Rufiji valley and the Delta are unhealthy and malarial to the highest degree, and are declared likely to become untenable after the advent of the "less rains" during October.

Along the coast the British forces under General Smuts are engaged in clearing the country. A number of small columns are carrying on this work south-east of Dar-Es-Salaam and north-west and west of Kilwa. Gen. Smuts says his troops have been attempting to drive into the Rufiji

vally German posts established north and south of that region.

The remnant of the force defeated by the Belgians was driven eastward and southward; the Germans making an attempt to effect a junction with the main German body concentrated in the Rufiji valley.

title &
shop.

Young Student of 1910, now, old, by
at Ontario Junior Champion, Female,
at Ontario Canadian Fair, 1915.

In Ontario.
Sheep Lamb by Imported sire.

J. G. THOMSON

Shorthorn Cattle

Winners of the Silver Medal at Great
Northern Exhibition for the past two
years.

Choice young stock of both sexes on
hand for sale.

Herbert H. Pletsch
R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

R. E. GLAPP, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE Toronto University and member
of Royal Canadian and Surgeons of On-
tario. Office and Residence, Elora St., south.
MILDIMAY.

J. A. WILSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Medical College. Member of College of
Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office
and Residence, Elora Street North.
MILDIMAY.

DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST MILDIMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University
Graduate of Dental School and College of
Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.
has opened his office next to C. Schuster's,
MILDIMAY. Entrance on Main Street. All the
most modern methods practiced in dentistry. Visits
After every day except Saturday. Open
every second and fourth Saturday, and Thurs-
days every second and fourth Tuesday of each
month.

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and
fitting them with glasses, is mod-
ern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us
examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from head-
aches, pain in back of eyes, or
vision is blurred, or you get dizzy
easily. Something is the
matter with your eyes. We fit
glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN
Walkerton

SPRING TERM

at the

NORTHERN
Business College

OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

Opens on Monday, April 3rd

Students are admitted any time.
Young women should begin making
preparation at once to fill the
places of the office men who have
enlisted.

Write for particulars and circular.

G. A. FLEMING, F.C.A.
PRINCIPAL
For 35 yrs
G. D. FLEMING,
SECRETARY

M. FINGER
Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry
Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay
the highest prices. Call up Bell
Phone 38, and I will call on you.

Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

Bradstretts have compiled statistics
that prove that 84 per cent of the fail-
ures are among the non-advertisers.
The merchant who does not believe in
the use of printer's ink has never ad-
vertised right. The failure to produce
results is not chargeable against ad-
vertising, but against the manner in which
it is done. Advertising is the modern
creative force, positive and potent—a
force that has produced two blades of
shears one had grown before.

GET THE BEST. IT PAYS
More than ever before "thorough-
ness" in business training is de-
manded.

ELLIOTT
Business College

TORONTO, ONT.

Is strictly first-class in all de-
partments. We had more
than 240 positions to fill in
two months this year. NOW
is an excellent time to enter.
Write For Catalogue.

Vonge and
Charles Sts. W. J. Elliott,
Principal.

Items Of Interest.

A woman may not always be a close
observer, but on the other hand she is
always a clothes observer.

The gasoline engine is the only hired
man the farmer can get that does not
frighten the hired girl, yet is the steady
sparkler on record.

A New York doctor's name was left
out of the telephone directory and he is
suing for \$10,000. Any wide awake
newspaper could make him famous for
much less than that.

Measles have broken out in the 110th
Battalion at Camp Borden. It is not
known at present what effect this will
have on the movements of the battalion.
It may prevent them going eastward for
some weeks.

With prohibition in effect, an empty-
ing of the poorhouses was anticipated;
but with butter forty cents a pound,
milk eight cents a quart, and bread eight
cents a loaf, all hopes have been shattered.
The institutions will have to be
continued.—Listowel Banner

Three Toronto men got sent to jail
without the option of a fine, for being
drunk while driving cars. Being drunk
is a crime in itself nowadays, but being
drunk while driving a motor car is cer-
tainly a greater offence, for these dizzy
drivers never get a chance to run over
themselves.

Thos. B. Blair of town, fireman on
the Durham-Palmerston train, was
mysteriously shot in the leg while at-
tending his regular duties on the cab
part of his engine. The shooting occurred
two miles north of Mt. Forest, the bullet passing between the cab and the fender. None of the train crew saw
the shot fired nor can anyone throw any light on the affair.—Durham Review.

Mr. W. H. Wright, barrister of Owen
Sound, a native of the riding, was chosen
as Dominion Liberal candidate for
Southeast Grey, succeeding the late H.
H. Miller, and Dr. Mearns of Hanover
was selected as Provincial Liberal
candidate for the riding of Southeast Grey at
the Liberal convention at Durham on
Monday.

A Toronto paper points out that there
is need of redoubled efforts on the part
of the women of this country who have
been sewing and knitting for the
soldiers, and high time for those who have
not started to begin. In some cases
enthusiasm has died down in the face of
hard work. If the soldiers followed that
example the war would soon be over—
and not in our favor. Here in Bruce,
with our county battalion just off for
the front, the requirement for knitted
goods will be very much greater than
ever this winter.

The resourceful French perfumer recently
started in to make a toilet preparation
that had been monopolized by
Germany. It was cologne water. They
changed the name a bit in order to rob
it of its enemy sting, and then offered it
to the public. But they do tell that even
in France there was no response to the
marketing, as people continued to ask
for cologne, and to look askance at the
druggist when he explained that he had
something just a little better under a
new name. So the old name was re-
stored to the French article, and the
sale proceeded. It may be that the
makers of other lines will experience
the same trouble. It all goes to prove
that the real answering to the old word
"What's in a name?" would make
quite a volume.

A Murderous Race.

A Frenchman was waiting at a rail-
way station in Ireland when a couple
of natives sat down beside him. Said
one:

"Sure, Pat, it's down to Kilmay I've
been and I'm on my way back now to
Kilpatrick."

"Ye don't say," said the other. "It's
meself that's just after being down to
Kilkeeny and I stop here a bit before I
go to Kilmay."

"What assassins!" exclaimed the
shocked Frenchman. "Would that I
were safely back in France!"



Our Stock is like a River—

Always moving, ever changing, always
fresh.

For October Only

The "Designer" for one year
12 copies at 10 cts.

1.20

One Standard Quarterly
Fashion Book

25

One Pattern 15 or 20 cts

20

\$1.65

One year of latest styles and interest-
ing reading—ALL FOR 55 cts.

Plain and Corded Velvets.

You want something warm and serviceable for the Winter
Costume Corded Velvet and Royal Sandringham Velvets and
Velveteens at \$60 to 75 cts per yd.



For Smart Styles
SEE
The Standard
Fashion Sheet
FOR
NOVEMBER
Take "One" Free at Our Pattern Counter

Night Gowns-Undershirts

Ladies dainty flannelette night dresses
best quality material and workmanship at
1.20 each.

Underskirts made of fine quality black
satin with neat accordian pleated frill at
\$1.25 each.

Steel Clad Galatea

Some extra choice patterns at 20
cts. per yd.

Blue Shambray worth 18 cts. at
15 cts. per yd.

Charming Models in Fall
Corsets.

Fashionable Miss Mildmay buys her
new corset here before she has her fall
attire fitted.

That's why her clothes always look
so nice.

Terms—Cash or Produce

Highest market values paid for Produce

HUNSTEIN & KNECHTEL
GENERAL MERCHANTS

P. O. BOX 335

PHONE 20.

During its 50 years of ex-
perience this Bank was
never in a stronger position
and more able to safely
guard your savings than it
is today.

Capital \$7,000,000.
Reserve \$7,000,000.

Accounts invited—large or
small—\$1 will start.

Merchants Bank of Canada

MILDIMAY BRANCH H. G. WRIGHT, MANAGER.

The autumn session of Waterloo
County Council was held at Kitchener
last week but nothing was done in the
matter of taking official notice of the
name Kitchener. Reeve Reist, of Pre-
ston, stated that as there was a possibil-
ity of the name being changed back by
the city it would be advisable to leave
the matter in abeyance until after the
next municipal elections.

Pauper had Wealthy Father

Born on the Hamilton Mountain and
son of the man that owned a large
part of the land on which the city of
Hamilton is now built, Mr. J. Wedge,
descendant of a wealthy family, passed
away in the House of Refuge here on
Sunday night at the advanced age of 91
years. The deceased who had been bed-
ridden for the past two years, succumbed
to the general ravages of old age.
He was amongst the first to be admitted
to the Bruce Shelter, he entering fifteen
years ago from the township of Brant,
where for many years he worked as a
farm laborer. He is survived by a
grown-up daughter. The remains were
interred in the Walkerton cemetery on
Tuesday afternoon.—Times

Bland Wins Suit.

Mr. W. L. Bland of Kincardine Tp.,
a former Captain in the 180th Battal-
ion, and who while absent on recruiting
duties in Mildmay, had a farm which he
rented, entered onto by a neighbor
named Brown, who turned Bland's^s
cattle out and took possession of the
place himself, and which resulted in a
law suit at Walkerton to discover who
had the right of possession, both claim-
ing a lease to the place, and which re-
sulted in Bland winning out here. It
was again up for an argument in Tor-
onto the other day, Bland having ap-
pealed from the Walkerton decision.
This latter bout was also won by Bland,
who now gets undisputed possession of
the place and over a hundred dollars
damages. D. Robertson, K. C., of
Walkerton appeared for Bland at the
trial and Lawyer Proudfit of Goderich
for Brown.—Times

CREAM..
WANTED

We are in the market to buy CREAM, sweet or
sour, at the highest market price.

We Supply Two Free Cans

Pay twice each month, test each can received,
send our patrons a statement of the weight, test and
butter fat in each can, with the empty can returned.

We refer you to any bank as to our standing.

Write for cans to-day.

PALM CREAMERY

TRELEAVEN & RANTON

PALMERSTON, ONT.

NOTICE—We want an Agent here for Palm Dairy Ice
Cream. Write for prices and terms.

Clean, smokeless and odorless oven means perfect
cooking and baking. This is assured by ventilation and
the nickel-coated non-rust steel lining in
**McClary's
Pandora
Range**

It won't be hard to decide what range you want in your
kitchen after I show you the Pandora's special features.

Slod by Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

To Investors

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT, MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa,

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA.

OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

MILLINERY

We are now showing a beautiful Assortment of the Most Desirable Novelties for the Fall and Winter Seasons. If you are looking for Hats that are carefully designed, good material and workmanship, do not fail to see our display. Every courtesy to all.

Miss Schurter.

Clubbing Rates



The following is a list of the Clubbing Rates with the Mildmay Gazette.

Daily Globe	\$4.40
Family Herald and Weekly Star....	1.90
Toronto Weekly Sun	1.90
Toronto Daily Star	2.90
Toronto Daily News.....	2.90
Daily Mail & Empire	3.90
Farmers' Advocate	2.40
Daily World	3.50

These prices are for addresses in Canada and Great Britain.

Send or bring in your order to the Gazette.

Put New Life into Fall Fairs

(Farmers' Advocate)

Most of the fall fairs in Ontario have been held for another season, and the big day in many a county town is again over for the year. There are upwards of three hundred local fairs held annually in this province, and the attendance this year has been reported as fairly good. If it averaged a little over 8,000 people it would mean that more than 1,000,000 persons, largely from the farms of Ontario, attended these shows. We believe that the estimate is not too high, for we know many fairs that have a great deal larger attendance than 8,000 some running as high as eight and ten thousand people. We have heard the question, and in fact it has been discussed in the columns of farm papers, as to whether or not the county fair as at present constituted was worth while. When we come to think of the fact that in Ontario alone 1,000,000 people get a day off to see the show, and that the majority of these are farmers with their wives and children, we would not care to see the county fair go out, for the farmer and his family certainly do not enjoy holidays at present.

The county fair should be a great deal more than a holiday. It should

have an effect on the agriculture of the district round about year after year otherwise it is not doing the good which it might do. Too many of these fairs have become stereotyped, and nothing new, interesting, and more educational is planned year after year. The same old grain comes out in some cases; the same exhibitors show fruit, vegetables and field roots; the same breeders bring a few of their best stock; or, to make a show, some are encouraged to bring a few animals out of the field. The same old fakirs play the same old trade, and four or five rather questionable sideshows very often get the hard-earned dimes which are none too plentiful with the farmers' boys and girls. We believe that an improvement could be made if a little new blood was injected into some of the Fair Boards. It is all very well to brag about the directors being men of experience, having had twenty-five or thirty years on the Board, but in some cases, no doubt, it would be an improvement to put on a bright young farmer who had ideas and was ready to do a little more work than wearing a nice smile and a pretty piece of ribbon on Fair Day.

The Gazette to new subscribers till the end of the year for 30 cts.

Premises Like Hog Pen

Wearing layer upon layer of filthy rags which included nine pairs of pants, several shirts and coats, and carrying a bag containing \$1,300, Amos Davis of Chatham Township appeared in the county police court at Chatham charged with neglecting to clean up his premises after receiving due notice from the medical officer of health. He was fined \$10 and costs. Dr. Charteris, M.O.H. of the township, stated that he had found the premises "like a hog pen." The prosecution was a result of an investigation made by the M.O.H. and High Constable Peters, who recently forced an entrance, and found the defendant's daughter hopelessly insane in a room in which she was alleged to have been kept in close confinement for six years. The unfortunate girl has since been removed to Orillia Asylum.



Of all overworked women probably the housewife is the hardest worked. She has so much to attend to, with very little help. Her work can be lightened if she knows the value of system and she should try and take a short rest in the daytime. A physician who became famous almost around the world, Doctor Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., the specialist in woman's diseases, for many years practiced medicine in a farming district. He there observed the lack of system in the planning of the work.

If it is a headache, a backache, a sensation of irritability or twitching and uncontrollable nervousness, something must be wrong with the head or back, a woman naturally says, but all the time the real trouble very often centers in the organs. In nine cases out of ten the seat of the difficulty is here, and a woman should take rational treatment for its cure. The disorder should be treated steadily and systematically with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

For diseases from which women suffer "Favorite Prescription" is a powerful restorative. During the last fifty years it has banished from the lives of tens of thousands of women the pain, worry, misery and distress caused by these diseases.

If you are a sufferer, get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in liquid or tablet form to-day. Then address Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N.Y., and get confidential medical advice entirely free.

Some of the letters now coming through to anxious friends from the front are written in a peculiar green ink. The explanation is that in the elaborate dugouts which the Canadian boys have taken are found many things which the Germans left behind in their flight and among these are bottles of ink. Some of the letters are begun in black ink and suddenly changed to green, showing at what stage in the letter the German writing fluid was introduced into the fountain pen.

A Squeeze For Uncle Sam.

The appearance of a German submarine on the Atlantic coast of the United States has raised a new issue between that country and the allied powers of Europe.

Following the visit of the submarine, Britain, France and Russia joined in a note to the United States, requesting that submarines be not harbored, in neutral ports, the same privileges as are extended to war vessels belonging to a country engaged in war—that is, that such a vessel may put into a neutral port remain 24 hours and receive such supply of food for the crew and fuel as may be necessary to bring the ship to its nearest home port.

To this request the United States Government replied that it would treat submarines the same as other war vessels, making no distinction between under-water and above-water craft.

Evidently the United States diplomats little thought that in making this reply they were hitting their own country much harder than the European powers. But so it turned out.

Immediately on the refusal of the United States Government to comply with their request, the allied powers issued an order that all ships owned by their citizens and now in United States ports were to remain there until further orders were issued. This practically tied up all United States transatlantic commerce, as there are comparatively few vessels other than British or French, engaged in this traffic. Imagine the consternation this would bring to United States shippers. Hundred of thousands of tons of good of all sorts sold at great profit in the European, African or Asiatic markets is tied up infinitely. The whole foreign trade of the country is simply paralyzed.

The implication of the Allies' order was that, because of the stand taken by the United States regarding submarines the safety of ships upon the Atlantic could not be guaranteed. Ship owners of course, might sail if they chose, but in the event of their ship or ships being sunk by a submarine, there would be no composition or insurance paid.

The governments of Holland, Denmark and Norway have taken a different stand from that of the United States. They have issued a warning that submarines entering their ports or coming within waters controlled by them must leave at once or they will be attacked or interned.

It is safe to say that the attitude of the Washington Government was determined, at least in large measure, by fear of the effect upon the pro-German vote at the coming election.

The pro-Germans, however, cannot help out in the shipping difficulty, and it is hard to see how Wilson and Lansing can maintain their present stand. Certainly great pressure will be brought upon them by the great business interests engaged in overseas commerce.

Haines' Celebrated Wiltshire Oils

Killer of all Pains, Healer of all Sores
Good for Man or Beast

These oils have been on the market for three generations in the old land. They are guaranteed to do the work or money refunded. For sale at GEO. LAMBERT'S FLOUR AND FEED-STORE where you can also buy the best brands of Flours for Bread and Pastry, such as Ideal, Five Jewels, Banner Cream of the West, Encore, Pie Crust, also all kinds of feed.

GEO. LAMBERT.

Mildmay

Ontario

Neat and Reliable Bracelets, Watches, Black Martel and Kitchen Clocks all guaranteed. G. F. Bracelets, Neck Chains, and Pendants, Cuff Links, Brooches, Tie Pins, etc. Fine assortment of Silverware, China and Glassware.

Hair Barrettes, Tie Pins and Brooches at half the regular price.

12k Gold Seamless Wedding Rings in stock and made to order.

Please call and see the goods and prices.

C. Wendt

Jeweler

"MADE IN CANADA"
The 1917 Ford Touring Car \$495.00

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Streamline effect, tapered hood, crown fenders, new radiator with larger cooling surface—these are the principal new features of the 1917 model.

The demand for this new model has been so great that we are having difficulty in obtaining sufficient cars to satisfy our customers.

To insure delivery of your car, we suggest placing an order to-day.

Call and see us.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

MILD MAY

ONTARIO

Order your daily papers from us and save money.

"There's no place like home" when

PURITY FLOUR

makes the pies, cakes and bread.
More Bread and Better Bread



About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

Delectable Dishes.

Carrot Jam.—Wash the carrots and scrape them clean, then boil until quite tender. Mash them very smoothly and to each pound of pulp add three-quarters of a pound of sugar, a generous pinch of ginger and a half teaspoonful of grated lemon rind. Boil all together until it sets when a little is dropped on a plate and then put up in sterilized jars as usual.

Green Tomato Pudding.—Line a pudding mold with suet pastry and fill with green tomatoes, sliced and peeled. The tomatoes should be put in between layers of sugar and seasoned with lemon juice. Cover the top with a lid of the pastry, strewed up as usual and boil hard for two hours. When cooked turn out of the mold and serve with a simple syrup sauce flavored with ground ginger.

Vienna Steaks.—Chop together one-half pound each of raw, veal and raw beef. Season with three-fourths teaspoon salt, paprika and a little celery salt, one-eighth teaspoon nutmeg, one teaspoon lemon juice and a few drops of onion juice. Add one beaten egg. Mix thoroughly and let stand three hours. Make into small steaks and pan broil. While hot spread with butter and sprinkle with salt and pepper.

Plum Sago.—Soak three and one-half ounces of fine sago in a pint of water for at least an hour, and then put both into a saucepan and bring to a boil. Continue boiling very gently, stirring frequently, until the sago is quite clear. Stone and skin one pound of plums and add them, together with six ounces of sugar, and keep the whole simmering until the plums are soft. Then pour into a well-rinsed mold and when cold turn out on a glass dish and serve with whipped cream.

Tomato Cream Soup.—Heat one quart of strained stewed tomatoes to boiling; add two tablespoonfuls of flour rubbed smooth in a little cold water. Let the tomatoes boil until thickened, stirring constantly that no lumps form, add salt, also one-half a teaspoonful of celery salt. Have ready one cup of hot rich milk or cream, add the cream or milk to the tomatoes, and let all boil together for a minute, serve with bread cut in inch squares and browned in a hot oven.

Vinegar Cabbage.—One cabbage, seasoning, one ounce of butter, one cupful of best malt vinegar. Shred the cabbage finely and boil rapidly in salted water until it is quite tender. Stand on one side of the stove to keep hot and make a sauce by blending the butter and the seasoning with a cupful of vinegar. Pour the sauce over the cabbage, cover the saucepan and let it stand on one side of the stove for five minutes, as before. It is then ready to serve.

Apple Pie.—Sift together one heaping teaspoonful baking powder and one pint of flour, add a piece of butter as large as a walnut, one pinch salt, one beaten egg, sweet milk enough to make a soft dough. Roll it out one-half inch thick, butter a square biscuit tin and cover the bottom and sides with dough; fill the pan with quartered juicy apples, sprinkle with a little cinnamon and molasses. Bake in rather quick oven until the crust and apples are cooked a light brown. Sprinkle a little sugar over the top five minutes before removing from oven.

Sweet Pickled Damsons.—Put two

pounds of damsons in a large jar with one pound of cube sugar. Cover with thick paper and stand in the oven till the fruit is tender, but not at all browned. Drain off the syrup and add to it one-half pint of vinegar, six cloves, the same of allspice berries, ten peppercorns and a bit of ginger and mace. Boil all these ingredients together, and when cold pour them over the damsons, which should have been placed in jars or bottles. If bottles are used they should be corked and the corks waxed over. The pickle is fit for use at once, but improves by keeping. It is excellent with fried steaks and chops, as well as with cold meat.

Carrot Chowder.—One cupful of diced raw carrot, one cupful of diced raw potatoes, one cupful of sliced raw onions, one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, one cupful of milk, half a tablespoonful of butter, half a tablespoonful of flour; seasoning. Boil the carrots and onions in a quart of boiling water for fifteen minutes with the lid off the saucepan; add the potatoes, cover and boil for twenty minutes; stir in the milk and seasoning and boil for five minutes. Melt the butter in a cup and stir the flour into it smoothly. Add to the contents of saucepan, boil all together for another five minutes, sprinkle in the parsley and serve.

Useful Hints.
Mend knitted underwear with a crochet needle.

Sweet oil will remove finger marks from furniture.

If you wish fish to be crisp, do not cover while cooking.

A sharp instrument should never be used to remove dirt from beneath the fingernails.

15. Face the wind—She would have had to run northward and then somewhat eastward to make Phineha; and in such a gale it was impossible to run so near the wind.

16. Under the lee—So as to get shelter enough for these necessary precautions. Cauda—Still called Goudo. We were able—The we implies that Luke lent a hand in a job which any willing 'landlubber' could tackle. In the next verse we have operations that demanded the skill of sailors. Presumably all of them joined in pulling the rope by which she was trailing,

and as she was, of course, water-logged, it took some pulling! The word with difficulty is Luke's reminiscence of the effort.

17. Undergirding—Passing thick cables under the keel and fastening them tightly on deck amidships, to prevent the timbers' starting with the tremendous strain of the mast. This operation, technically known as frapping, is naturally unfamiliar in our time, when shipbuilders have learned to forestall such dangers. Syrtis—The dangerous sandbank to the southwest. The gear—Almost certainly the mainsail, leaving one or two small sails set to keep the ship steady. It seems that the ship was turned as near the wind as possible; and while pointing nearly north, she thus drifted a little north of west. This is exactly the direction of Malta.

Furniture (margin)—The word is general; they collected all the equipment that could possibly be spared and pitched it over. The addition of their own hands is intended to suggest what a desperate sacrifice it was.

Milk strainers can be cleaned by rubbing a cake of soap over the wire and then pouring boiling water through the strainer.

To prevent cakes, pies and other pastry from burning on the bottom sprinkle the bottom of the oven with fine, dry salt, and your cake or pies will bake perfectly.

21. Without food—Not absolutely; the word describes "loss of appetite" in the medical literature with which Luke has so much in common. Paul stood forth—Commentators well compare the splendid ode in which Horace describes the "just man, unshakable," who remains unmoved amid the storms of "restless Hadrea." It does not seem that the despairing men accepted Paul's comfort yet. The turning point apparently comes after verse 29, where, having exhausted all possible action, the men take to prayer; see margin, and note on Acts 26:29 (October 22). It is at least suggestive that at that point Paul virtually takes command. They "prayed for the day," which no prayer would hasten, and God instead sent them a man with his wits about him. Have gotten—Literally, gained. The word has irony in it—it was the "gain" of a minus quantity. Injury—A word often denoting a criminal assault on the person, a combination of insult and injury.

22. And now—Emphatic: he recalls his previous neglected counsel, which

A good flavor can be added to the scalloped potatoes by adding a sweet green pepper, boiled and chopped fine. Eggbeaters should be rinsed as soon as used, and any dish that has had eggs in it should be filled with cold water until it is used.

If garbage is burned it should be first dried; otherwise steam is created and the moisture is injurious to the firebox.

Milk strainers can be cleaned by rubbing a cake of soap over the wire and then pouring boiling water through the strainer.

20. In the absence of sun and stars they could, of course, have no knowledge where they were drifting. Taken away—More exactly, "was being stripped off"; one hope after another vanishes.

21. Without food—Not absolutely;

the word describes "loss of appetite"

in the medical literature with which

Luke has so much in common.

Paul stood forth—Commentators well

compare the splendid ode in which Horace

describes the "just man, unshakable,"

who remains unmoved amid the

storms of "restless Hadrea."

It does not seem that the despairing men

accepted Paul's comfort yet.

The turning point apparently comes after verse

29, where, having exhausted all pos-

sible action, the men take to prayer;

see margin, and note on Acts 26:29

(October 22). It is at least sug-

gestive that at that point Paul virtu-

ally takes command. They "prayed for

the day," which no prayer would hast-

en, and God instead sent them a man

with his wits about him. Have got-

ten—Literally, gained. The word has

irony in it—it was the "gain" of a

minus quantity. Injury—A word

often denoting a criminal assault on

the person, a combination of insult

and injury.

23. An angel—To the pagans whom

Paul was addressing the word would

simply mean a messenger. The God

—Note Paul's delicate consideration

for the men's religious susceptibilities.

Another day he would plead for his

God as the one God, now it is enough

to identify him as the God to whom

his own life and service were given.

The order of the Greek is "of the God

whose I am . . . a messenger."

The whole stress is laid on the God;

the messenger is nothing.

24. Fear not—The form of the

Greek implies that even Paul's stout

spirit was not untouched by the fear-

ful peril. He had "spent a night and

a day in the deep," and he was not a

phlegmatic fool who can despise danger.

Must—The little word that de-

termined all Paul's action is to de-

termine his human destiny. Granted

thee—God did not alter his will as to

the life or death of these two hundred

and seventy-six men because Paul ask-

ed him for their life as a "favor" to

himself. His prayer was an "in-

wrought supplication" (so read James

5:16), the unconscious reaction of the

divine upon the human spirit, which

is the very essence of the truest pray-

er. What, then, did Paul's prayer do?

Why, it was God's instrument in

achieving his purpose to save them.

Had not the centurion and the soldiers

cut away that hardly recovered boat

(verse 31) at Paul's instance, they

THE SUNDAY LESSON A LUMBER OR METAL CLAD BARN—WHICH?

INTERNATIONAL LESSON

OCTOBER 29.

Lesson V.—The Voyage—Acts 27.

1-38. Golden Text.—
Psa. 37. 5.

Verse 13. Their purpose—To reach Phoenix (verse 12). There is a harbor still called Phineha, which does "look southwest and northwest"—for this, it must be admitted, is the only possible rendering there. It is just at the back of Lutro, which has usually been identified with Phenix, and has produced the strained interpretation in the Revised Version (see margin).

14. Down from it—from Mount Ida in Crete. Tempestuous—The original is the word from which we get our typhoon. The wind that sweeps down from Ida is described as coming "in heavy squalls and eddies." Called Euraquo—A combination of Eurus—east, and aquilo—northeast; it came, accordingly, from east-northeast. The called suggests that Luke repeats the seaman's term; compare King's ode, "Welcome, wild northeast!"

15. Face the wind—She would have had to run northward and then somewhat eastward to make Phineha; and in such a gale it was impossible to run so near the wind.

16. Under the lee—So as to get shelter enough for these necessary precautions. Cauda—Still called Goudo. We were able—The we implies that Luke lent a hand in a job which any willing 'landlubber' could tackle. In the next verse we have operations that demanded the skill of sailors. Presumably all of them joined in pulling the rope by which she was trailing,

and as she was, of course, water-logged, it took some pulling! The word with difficulty is Luke's reminiscence of the effort.

17. Undergirding—Passing thick cables under the keel and fastening them tightly on deck amidships, to prevent the timbers' starting with the tremendous strain of the mast. This operation, technically known as frapping, is naturally unfamiliar in our time, when shipbuilders have learned to forestall such dangers. Syrtis—The dangerous sandbank to the southwest. The gear—Almost certainly the mainsail, leaving one or two small sails set to keep the ship steady. It seems that the ship was turned as near the wind as possible; and while pointing nearly north, she thus drifted a little north of west. This is exactly the direction of Malta.

Furniture (margin)—The word is general; they collected all the equipment that could possibly be spared and pitched it over. The addition of their own hands is intended to suggest what a desperate sacrifice it was.

Milk strainers can be cleaned by rubbing a cake of soap over the wire and then pouring boiling water through the strainer.

To prevent cakes, pies and other pastry from burning on the bottom sprinkle the bottom of the oven with fine, dry salt, and your cake or pies will bake perfectly.

When coal is red-hot it has parted with most of its heat; therefore, dampers should be closed before it reaches that stage to prevent the heat from going out the chimney.

When preparing asparagus for the table, it is well to strip off the heads

all the way up to the head, because it is these little pockets that catch the sand, and washing does not remove it.

If you wish to keep a very low fire

going in the furnace, do not clean the ashes from the fire for several days, but just enough draught to light it.

A simple and splendid filling for pin cushions can be made of dried coffee grounds which do not pack down and never rust the needles. Be sure all the coloring is out of the grounds before filling the pin cushions.

To get rid of ants in the house paint

the edges and cracks of the floor with oil of pennyroyal. The ants will dis-

appear very quickly. Care must be

used in the use of the drug, as it is a

poison. Cayenne pepper is also very

effective in ridding the house of ants.

Sprinkle it about freely wherever ants are seen.

20. In the absence of sun and stars

they could, of course, have no knowl-

edge where they were drifting. Taken

away—More exactly, "was being

stripped off"; one hope after another

vanishes.

21. Without food—Not absolutely;

the word describes "loss of appetite"

There are dozens of pictures on your farm well worth having and we have a booklet for you.

The Kodak On The Farm

That will show how to make them easily, surely and at little expense. The booklet is free.

Photographs of stock you want to sell will certainly interest the buyer more quickly than will mere written descriptions. Photographs will also serve to record the condition of your feeders from month to month, as well as afford accurate comparison on your crops under different methods of cultivation.

Then there's the pleasure of making pictures of your farm—that's worth while.

Get your booklet next time you're in town.

The Star Grocery.

The Store of Quality.

J. N. Scheffter

Terms—Cash or Produce.

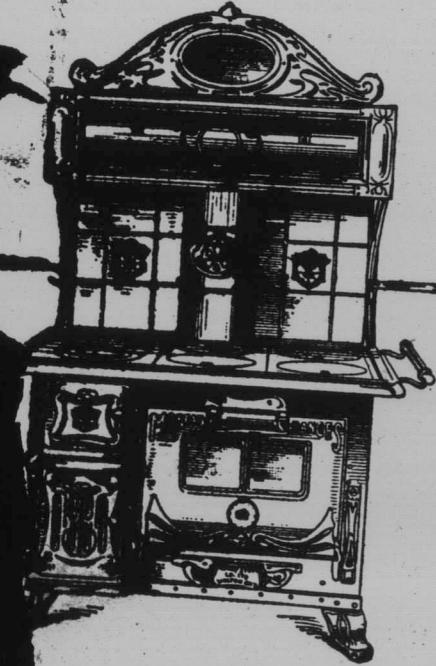
JAP-A-LAC

Made in 18 colors and natural (clear)—renews everything from cellar to garret

Dead Black JAP-A-LAC is the greatest protector ever discovered for preventing rust on furnace pipes—or you can use the Brilliant Black JAP-A-LAC if you prefer a glossy finish.

Besides these colors there are 16 others, and there are a hundred uses for each color.

Ranges and Heaters



We are showing a big variety of Ranges comprising the best makes on the market.

The Lighter Day Range
High Oven
Happy Thought
Pandora
Treasure
Gurney Oxford
etc.

All fully guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Cesmer & Kalbfleish
THE CORNER HARDWARE.

Miss J. J. Allan
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST
—WILL BE AT THE—
Commercial Hotel
MILD MAY
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 1st
HOURS: 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards yesterday consisted of 843 cars, 5707, 239 calves, 1296 hogs, 3074 sheep and 897 horses.

The run of cattle was the largest for many months past. Good cattle of all grades were steady to firm. Spring lambs were steady to strong. Sheep were firm.

Good to choice calves were slow and about 50c lower, while common calves were 75c to \$1 lower and hard to sell.

There were very few hogs on sale, the majority being consigned.

Choice heavy steers, \$8.25 to \$8.50; good heavy steers, \$7.50 to \$8.00.

Butcher Steers and Heifers—Choice \$7.25 to \$7.75; good \$6.75 to \$7; medium, \$6.50 to \$6.50; common, \$6.50 to \$6.75.

Cows—Choice, \$6.25 to \$6.50; good, \$5.75 to \$6; medium, \$5.25 to \$5.50; common, \$4.25 to \$5. Canners and cutters, \$3.75 to \$4.50.

Bulls—Choice, \$6.75 to \$7; good, \$6 to \$6.50; medium, \$5.50 to \$6; common, \$5 to \$5.50.

Feeders—Best, \$6.50 to \$6.75; medium \$6 to \$6.25; common, \$5 to \$5.75.

Stockers—Light, good to choice, \$6 to \$6.50; common to medium, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Milkers and Springers—\$5 to \$11.50.

Spring Lambs—Choice, \$11 to \$12.50; cull lambs, 8c to 9c lb.

Light butcher sheep, 7c to 8c lb.; heavy fat sheep and bucks, 5c to 6c lb.; culls, 2 to 5c lb.

Veal Calves—Choice, 10 to 10½ lb.; heavy fat and grassers, 4½ to 7½.

Hogs—Fed and watered, \$11.50; weighed off cars, \$11.50. Less 92 off light hogs \$2.50 to \$3.50 for sows; 98 off stags and one half of one per cent. government condemnation loss.

Additional Locals.

Mr. and Mrs. Oetzel of Toronto were visitors at John Hamel's yesterday.

Miss E. Parsill is spending a few days with relatives at Linwood.

Mrs. J. Stewart is having a new residence erected on her farm north of Mildmay.

Some men who talk of the days when they used to buy butter for 16 cents a pound forget they used to work for about a dollar a day then.

All the teachers of the public schools of Carrick attended the convention in Chesly last week. It will be held at Wiartou next year.

Advertising, it is claimed, contributed to the success of the Canadian million dollar loan. There is no doubt of it. Judicious advertising is a factor in the success of every enterprise.

Mrs. M. Murray, Mrs. Ed. Ryan and Mrs. Wm. Norrie of Normanby and Miss M. Foley and Mr. Wm. Keenan of Ayton motored here last Sunday and visited friends.

Miss Estelle Scheffter received a card of thanks from Gnr. H. Wilton for a pair of socks which she knitted and received by him. He states that this is the third pair he received from the U.S. Club.

Shareholders in the Canadian Ford Motor Company received a rude jolt today when they learned that the directors at their annual meeting had decided to take no dividend action at this time, and that for the time being at least, "Ford of Canada" was a non-dividend paper.

The Mildmay Red Cross Society is putting on an entertainment in the town hall on Thursday, Nov. 9th. Miss Lottie Tillotson of Hawaii, assisted by local talent, will furnish the program. Watch for lithographs and further announcements.

A Ford Runabout met with an accident on the Elora road north of Mildmay on Sunday afternoon. The machine skidded on the slippery road, and upset into the ditch. The occupants succeeded in getting the machine on the road again and reached home under its own power, where repairs were made.

A girl was bitten by a rattle snake while berry picking near Huntsville and her little brother sucked the poison from the wound, thus saving her life, and afterwards killing the snake, which was five feet long. It would be well to remember this simple cure or preventive.

...Helwigs' Weekly Store News



WE ALSO MAKE THE "PRICE" LOW. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO WAIT UNTIL OUR READY TO-WEAR GARMENTS "GO OUT" OF STYLE BEFORE YOU CAN "GET IN" ON THE LOW PRICES.

WE PRICE OUR SUITS AND COATS LOW WHEN WE FIRST MARK THEM. THIS MOVES THEM OUT FAST SO THAT WE CAN ALWAYS KEEP FRESH, NEW STYLES COMING IN.

YOU COME IN.

New Styles New Ideas In Head- ware in our Millinery Department

Let us have your
order for your
Winter Hat.

Children's Coats

Ladies Heavy Black Kersey Cloth Coats, with full fur collars, good lining quilted throughout sizes 36 to 44, very special at \$25.00

Misses Winter Coats

Our range of Misses Styles in Winter Coats is very complete, Black Plush, Fancy Tweed Checks, Corded and Plain Velvets sizes 14 to 20 years. Prices

\$8.50 up to \$25.00.

Girls Winter Coats

Fancy Tweeds, Heavy Navy Blue Cloths in good girlish styles sizes 6 to 13 yrs, prices \$4.50 up to \$7.50.



Northway
Garm-
ents
None
Better

Northway
GARMENTS

Bring us your butter, eggs, dried apples, beans

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Alfred Weiler The People's Grocers Ed. Weiler

Men's Wear Specials One Week

Men's Odd Pants regular \$4 to \$4.50 Now \$3 a pair.
Mens Odd Pants regular \$2 to \$3 Now \$1.50 a pair.
SUITINGS Regular Price made to order \$22 to \$24
SHIRTINGS—Regular 25 cts. now 20 cts. 2 yds. Black with white stripe.
Wool Underwear Regular \$1.50 a garment Now \$1.25.
Socks regular 35c to 50c, Now 25c to 40c.
Flanellite, light and Dark striped, regular 20c yd., Now 18c yd.
Towelling, regular 18c yd., Now 15c.
Towelling, regular 15c yd., Now 12½c yd.

Specials

Coffee reg 30c lb., This week 4 lbs. for \$1.

Highest Cash Prices Paid for Eggs, Butter, White Beans, Potatoes, Dried Apples, Large Onions, Cabbage, Live and Dressed Poultry, etc.

We handle Dumart's Meats, Bologna, Sausages, etc.

Groceries

One Week

Japan Tea reg 35c lb., This week 4 lbs. for \$1

Onions, Cabbage, Live and Dressed Poultry, etc.

Weiler Bros., Prop.

—Terms—
Cash or Produce