

The St. Andrews Standard.

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Beati sumendum est optimum. - Cic.

ONE CL. PER ANN. IN ADVANCE

24

SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1857.

[Vol. 24]

IN THE BUILDER OF HIS OWN FORTUNE.

It is most assuredly one of the crowning oracles of our own fair land, that the fates, called, do not exercise now so much unrelenting sway over the destinies of men, and as in the days of Grecian Mythology and superstition. No star rising at one's birth is ever visible above his horizon, ominous of disaster and ill success. No murky atmosphere, laden with prophetic destruction envelops him within its chilling folds. No ominous libend in harsh discord with the delicious harmony of nature, bears to his startled ears the soul stirring message that he is doomed; doomed to meet with disappointment and calamity at every step of his toilsome pilgrimage; doomed to witness his hopes, however high and holy, blasted while yet in the embryo of their existence; to behold the buds of future promise, dimly shadowing forth perhaps glory, fame and honor, (triple guardian of a man's toils) withered by some scorching blast of adversity. No unwelcome voice, as from the dark regions of fell despair, brings the sad presentiment that he will lie down in the grave un-honored and unwept.

No dark image of superstition steals involuntarily into his soul, and pens some horrid inscription upon its walls, or hangs some tragic paintings within its inner chambers. No atom of spirit, brooding like midnight over his tiny vessel, leaving upon time's restless billows, forebodes the coming tempest. No, thanks to the light which Christianity has thrown around us, we are not left to the sport of ill winds, nor to be sacrificed upon the cruel altars of the fates, and our blood mingled with their inhuman offerings.

Ours, if so we choose, is a far higher, nobler destiny. To our keeping is committed the material from which our fortune is to be framed, (if framed at all), and as the potter may mould the clay into whatever shape he desires, so may we mould this material as we choose; for us it is left to decide whether this material in process of time, shall rise into a noble and magnificent edifice, or decay and sink into oblivion. To our care is entrusted the precious gold, dear, perhaps, as in its native mountain, and it is for us to determine whether it shall be analysed, refined and polished, to glitter amid the broad sunlight of a glorious day, or rather itself to be the run of some revolving system, or lie buried to all eternity beneath the unseemly rubbish which covers it. How truly has it been said, "If we are underlings the fault is in ourselves, and not in our stars."

The highway to eminence lies freely open to all, who refusing to be lured by the momentary beauty of wayside bower, keep their earnest eye fixed with eagle gaze upon the ample disc of their glorious aim, plod their way onward with firm and steady step, with a heart that never falters, and a soul that never tires.

Thus, of the noble edifice which we term honor, honor is its highest base, man alone must rear the superstructure, and decorate it with his own hands. How numerous and conclusive are the evidences that throng upon us, as witnesses of this truth. The past, replete with lessons of practical wisdom and instruction, opens to us her treasure of those who have inscribed their shining names far up on time's lofty mountains; and they invite us to scan their lives from the cradle to the grave, and to gather whatever of good may have been exhibited. As in reading the history of one who was illustrious for talent and virtue, we learn more than by the finest rules and precepts of morality; so by becoming conversant with the motives which stirred the bosoms of those who have become eminent in any capacity, will be of more avail than the simple assertion of truth, how ever palpable, embodied only in theory; for those truths are the most tangible which we have seen exemplified in the lives of characters that stand out in clear and bold relief on the past, as unmistakable evidence of the truth of our statement. - *Waverley Magazine.*

LIABILITY OF TELEGRAPH COMPANIES. - Yesterday before Judge Bolton, the case Randall, Cook & Co. vs. Lake Erie & Michigan Telegraph Co., was heard. Plaintiffs were extensive wool dealers in 1853 and on June 15th of that year telegraphed to their agent at Meadville, Pa., to buy certain lots of wool at forty cents per pound. The Telegraph Company delivered the dispatch with an alteration in the price to forty-five cents, on which instructions the agent acted; buying large quantities at that price, which was five cents over the market. Damages were estimated at \$2000. The jury was charged that the telegraph companies receive pay for transmitting messages correctly and are therefore liable for damages incurred by their negligence, or by delivering incorrect dispatches. Verdict for the plaintiffs, damages \$1681 25. - *Cleveland Herald.*

GIVE HIM A TRADE.

If education is the great buckler and shield of human liberty, well developed industry is equally the buckler and shield of individual independence. As an unflinching resource through life, give your son, equally with a good education, a good, honest trade. Better any trade than none, though there is ample field for the adaptation of every inclination, in this respect. Learned professions and speculative employments may fail a man, but an honest handicraft trade seldom or never—if its possessor choose to exercise it. Let him feel, too, that honest labour-crafts are honorable and noble. The men of trades, the real creators of whatever is most essential to the necessities and welfare of mankind, cannot be dispensed with; they, above all others, in whatever repute they may be held by their more fastidious fellows, must work at the ear of human progress, or all is lost. But a few brown-handled trade workers think of this, or appreciate the real position and power they possess.

Give your son a trade, no matter what fortune he may have or seem likely to inherit. Give him a trade and an education—at any rate a trade. With this he can always be independent; and better is independence with moderate education, than all the learning of the colleges and wretched temporal dependence. But in this free land there can be, ordinarily, no difficulty in securing both the education and the trade of every youth, thereby fitting each and all to enter the ranks of manhood, defeat of those obstacles which infatuated so many tradesless, professionless, young men. Such are the peculiarities of fortune, that no more outward possession can be counted as absolutely secure or protective to man. Hoarded thousands may be swept away in a day, and their once possessor left with neither the means of independence nor of livelihood.

He was a wise Scandinavian king who decreed that his sons must learn useful trades, or be cut off from their princely inheritances. They obeyed, but one obeyed the decree. In time he reigned in his father's stead. In time, also, revolution came upon and overthrew him, and he fled disguised, wandering and companionless, save his wife and children, his sole resource for livelihood—a needle and thread. He chose his humble, but honest and useful trade. The sons of the rich, as well as the poor should be strengthened by this possession. If never used beyond the learning, no harm is done—while possibly it may be of incalculable good.

A MAN AND A BROTHER.—The following little incident at the Exhibition is from an English paper:—"From every corner, opera glasses were pointed toward the dais in the transept, where the American and Belgian Embassadors had already taken their seats. Mr. Dallas, a tall, gray-headed man of determined American features, was dressed in an old blue top coat, with velvet neck. The Belgian Ambassador, M. Van de Weyer, was decorated with numerous orders and medals, and was walking about, chatting in the most fluent English. An amusing scene happened about this time (1 o'clock), which we expected we kept a sharp lookout to see in full. The Ambassador from Hayti, Baron Damier, is a black of the first water, with a greasy skin and as plump as merry a face as well-to-do blacks usually have. He had been promenading during the morning, and we anxiously waited to see how he and Mr. Dallas would treat each other when they met, as report says the Haytian noble delights to bother the Citizen Dallas by proving, on all public occasions that he is 'a man and a brother.' At length they met. Dallas (standing), and Van de Weyer (sitting), were on the dais conversing, in the presence of the vast assembly. The black Ambassador came up the steps, and his Belgian Excellency, with the politeness of a Frenchman, rose and shook him by the hand. The Haytian glanced at Citizen Dallas, as if he expected a similar greeting; but a wave of the hand directing him to pass by, was all that the representative of that republic which declares that all men are equal, could give to his black brother. The sight caused many smiles and droll remarks unfavorable to our American cousins."

The hard case of a young widow with \$20,000, compelled to give up her property if she married again, has been going the rounds of the papers. To offset it, the Sandy Hill Herald relates how a gentleman residing in the town of Granville, Washington county, died recently, and willed his wife a handsome sum—stipulating in his will that in case she again married the sum was to be doubled! "And," pathetically adds the Herald, "may the grass ever be green upon his grave!"

Plaintiff's suggestion in anticipation of the fact that he was bestowed upon the Queen's play, seems to be correct, that he is dubbed Lord Delamere.

BASHFUL MEN.

We never yet saw a genuinely bashful man who was not the soul of honor. Though they may blush and stammer, and shrug their shoulders awkwardly, unable to throw forth with ease, the thoughts that they would express, yet command them to us for friends.

There are fine touches in their characters that time will mellow and bring out, perceptions as delicate as the faintest tint in the unfolding rose; and their thoughts are none the less refined and beautiful, although they do not flow with the impetuosity of the shallow streamlet. We are astonished that such men are not appreciated; that ladies with really good hearts and cultivated intellects will reward the gallant Sir Mustachio Brains with smiles and attention, because he can fold a shawl gracefully, and bandy compliments with Parisian elegance, while they will not condescend to look upon the worthiest man who feels for them a reverence so great that every mute glance is worship.

The man who is bashful in the presence of ladies is their defender when the loose tongue of the slanderer would defame; it is not he who boasts of conquest, or dares to talk glibly of feelings that exist in imagination alone; his cheek will blush with resentment, his eye flash with anger, to hear the name of women coupled with a coarse oath; and yet he who would die to defend them is least honored by the majority of our sex.

Who ever heard of a bashful libertine?—The anomaly was never seen. Ease and elegance are his requisites; upon his lips sit flattery, ready to pay court alike to blue eyes and black; he is never nonplussed, he never blushes. For a glance he is in raptures; for a word he would profess to lay down his life. Yet it is he who fills our vile city dens with wrecks of female purity; it is he who profanes the holy name of mother; it is he who desolates the shrine where domestic happiness is thronged; it is he who trusts in him; pollutes the very air he breathes—all under the mask of a gentleman.

Ladies, a word in your ear; have you lovers, and would you possess a worthy husband? Choose him whose delicacy of deportment, whose sense of your worth, leads him to stand aloof, while others crowd around you. If he blushes, stammers at your approach, consider them so many signs of exalted opinion of your sex. If he is retiring and modest, let not a thousand fortunes weigh him down in the balance, for depend upon it, with him your life will be happier with poverty than with many another surrounded by the splendor of palaces. - *Mrs. Denton.*

A PICTURE OF SUNDAY LIFE IN CHICAGO.—Here is a specimen of Sunday life in Chicago, furnished us by the Times.

"Here in Chicago, on Sunday, we have 56 churches open during the forenoon and evening; but at the same time there are no less than 80 ball-rooms, in each of which the band plays from morning till midnight, and the waiting goes on without intermission. In addition to these 'festivities,' we have two theatres, each with its performers in tight and very short garments, rivaling Ellsler in their graceful evolutions. Saloons have their front doors close by proclamation, but do a thriving business through side entrances."

A little bad luck is beneficial now and then. If Patrick Henry had not failed in the grocery business, it is not at all probable that he would ever have been heard of as an orator. He might have become celebrated, but it would not have been from his eloquence, but the great wealth he acquired by a speculation in bar soap and axe handles. Roger Sherman became a signer of the Declaration of Independence, for no other reason than that he could not make a living at shoe-making. He cut his bristles and staked his "all" on the "right of man."

The consequence was that the same individual who found it bootless to make shoes, in a few years became a living power in our revolution.

A thing in the shape of a man was glorying in his atheism, avowing that the present life was all of a man—that he had no soul, and no hereafter.

And so you have no soul? asked a gentleman in the group, evidently desiring to reason with him on the subject.

No, replied the atheist, not a whit more than a pig.

The gentleman was about to enter into argument with him, when an elderly Scotch lady spoke as follows:

Sir, I hope you don't spend your breath in reasoning with the creature; by his confession he has one more soul than a pig, and we need not argue with pigs.

Certainly not. And the man has designated himself as such.

A Beautiful Incident.

A correspondent of the Preston (England) Chronicle gives the following anecdote:—A good white dog which was very fond of the water, and in hot weather he used to swim across the river near which the boy lived. One day the thought struck him that he would like to make the dog carry him across the river. So he tied a string to the dog's collar, and ran down with him to the water's edge, where he took off all his clothes; and then holding hard by the dog's neck and the bit of string, he went into the water, and the dog pulled him across. After playing about on the other side for some time, they returned in the way they went; but when Charlie looked for his clothes, he could find nothing but his shoes! The wind had blown all the rest into the water. The dog saw what had happened, and making his little master let go of the string, by making believe to bite him he dashed into the river, brought out first his coat, and then all the rest in succession.

Charlie dressed and went home in his wet clothes, and told his mother what had happened, and she told him that he should thank God he had done what he should, and that he should thank the dog for taking him over and back again safely; for if the dog had made him let go in the river, he would most likely have sunk and been drowned. Little Charlie said, "Shall I thank God now, mamma?" and he knelt down at his mother's knee, and thanked God; then getting up again, he threw his arms round his dog's neck, saying, "I thank you, too, dear doggie, for not letting go!" Little Charlie is now Admiral Sir Charles Napier.

A Miser's Trap.—A gentleman visited a rich but miserly old nobleman, and found him at the table endeavoring to catch a fly. Presently he succeeded in entrapping one which he immediately put into the sugar-bowl, and shut down the cover. The gentleman asked for an explanation of the singular sport.

"I'll tell you," replied the miser, a triumphant grin overspreading his countenance as he spoke. "I want to ascertain, if possible, if the servants steal the sugar."

HOW OUR BODIES ARE MADE UP.—The following is a forcible illustration of the way we supply the natural waste of the body:—Let it be remembered that to take food, is to make the man. Eating is the process by which the noblest of terrestrial fabrics is constantly repaired. All our limbs and organs have been picked up from our plates. We have been served up at table many times over. Every individual is literally a mass of vivified winds; he is an epitome of innumerable meals; he has dined upon himself, and in fact, paradoxical as it may appear, has again and again leaped down his own throat. Liebig states that an adult pig that weighs one hundred and twenty pounds will consume five thousand, one hundred and ten pounds of potatoes in the course of a year, and yet, at the expiration of that period, its weight may not have increased one single ounce.

ACCIDENT AT DORCHESTER.—On Tuesday last, C. Boultonhouse, Esq., on his way to Dorchester Island to meet the Steamer, was rapidly passing Mr. A. Weldon's when his horse suddenly started towards the stable, and as the carriage was apparently capsizing, Mr. B. sprang out, but unfortunately fell and dislocated his right shoulder. Dr. Wilson, near whose office the accident occurred, immediately set "all right;" and it affords us sincere pleasure to add that our active and enterprising townsman is not likely to suffer much, more than the inconvenience of being detained from business. - *Dorchester.*

INDUSTRY AND ITS BLESSINGS.—People may tell you of your being unfit for some peculiar occupation in life but heed them not. Whatever employment you follow with perseverance and assiduity will be found fit for you; it will be your support in youth and comfort in age. In learning the useful part of any profession very moderate abilities will suffice; great abilities are generally injurious to the possessors. Life has been compared to a race, but the athlete still improves by observing that the most swift are ever the most apt to stray from the course.

A FALLEN SENATOR.—The Hon. Parker Bunnell, formerly State Senator from Nantucket County, Mass., is now in chains, lying at Valparaiso, having been sentenced for robbing the mail. He may be seen daily in the streets of that city with a ball attached to his leg, working with his fellow convicts. He was indicted several years since for embezzling the funds of the Nantucket Bank, but escaped the punishment due to his crime by leaving his country.

A Boy Killed by Leeches.

At the village of Montigny la Mare, near Paris, M. Lemping, a druggist lately established a nursery of leeches for medical purposes, in a marsh or pond, where he was accustomed to feed them by driving an old worn-out horse, purchased at a knacker's yard, every morning into the muddy water, and allowing the leeches to fix and gorge themselves with blood at the expense of the horse's legs. His son, a boy of thirteen, used to ride the horse into the pond; but a few days ago, the boy having gone alone upon that errand, the family were terrified by the horse coming back without its rider; his legs were bleeding profusely, and covered with leeches that stuck to their prey. People went to the pond to look for the child, and found him immersed there struggling feebly to extricate himself from the mire, and to defend himself from the hundreds of voracious creatures which had crawled under his clothes (for he wore no shoes or stockings) and had fixed upon every part of his body. He had probably been thrown off the horse's back by the restlessness of the tormented animal. The poor boy was quite exhausted and speechless when he was got out, and died in a few hours.

If the following story is true, Walker and his officers are brutes as well as filibusters:—

"On the 30th day of May, while General Walker, without the knowledge of his men, was negotiating his capitulation, knowing that he was to surrender the next day, one of his soldiers, contrary to a general order, went outside of his lines. He shortly after returned, he only having gone out to get a bottle of aguardiente. Walker called him up, when he acknowledged his fault, and prayed forgiveness. 'If you have any message to send to your friends,' said Walker, in his mild but sarcastic way, 'you had better prepare it for at sun-down you die.' Punctually at sunset a platoon of soldiers was drawn up for execution, and just as the order was given to fire, the soldier appealed to his comrades: 'Boys you wouldn't shoot a fellow soldier for such a thing as that, would you?' They raised their rifles, and fired over his head. The poor fellow broke and ran, when he was brought to his knees by Lieut. Col. Rogers, who figures in the list I send you, by a pistol shot. Stepping up to the man while in this position, Rogers placed his revolver at his forehead and blew out his brains!"

A SMART WAY OF DOING IT.—A thriving trader in Wisconsin, claiming the paternity of eleven daughters, greatly to the astonishment of his neighbors, succeeded in marrying them all off in six months.

A neighbor of his, who had likewise several single daughters, called upon him. "I should like to know, my friend," said he, "your secret of ready husband making with such success."

"Pooh!" said the other, "no secret at all. Make it a rule, after a young man has paid attention to one of my girls a fortnight, to call upon him with a revolver, and civilly ask him to choose between death and matrimony!" "You may imagine," continued he, "which of the two he preferred!"

"Very civil question, indeed, and no mitigation at all in the case."

A man named Peters died a few days ago at Arrheim, (Netherlands) at the age of 112. He was born at Louvain in 1745, and served in the Swiss army for some time; subsequently he entered the French service, and made the campaign in Egypt under Napoleon. He possessed all his faculties up to his last hour.

A distinguished Georgia lawyer says that in his younger days he taught a boy's school and requiring the pupils to write compositions, he sometimes received some of a peculiar sort, of which the following is a sample:—

On the Sea.—There are four seasons, spring, summer, autumn, and winter. They are all pleasant. Some people may like spring best; but as for me, give me liberty, or give me death! The end.

God has written on the flowers that sweeten the air, on the breeze that rocks the flowers upon the stem, upon the rain-drop that refreshes the spring of moss that lifts its head in the desert,—has written upon its deep chambers, upon every pencilled sheet that sleeps in the caverns of the deep, no less than upon the mighty sun that warms and cheers millions of creatures which live in its light—upon all His works, he hath written His law, both for man and beast.

European Intelligence.

New York, June 11.

Steamship "Canada," from Liverpool, on 5th arrived to-day.

The rejection of the Dallas-Clarendon Treaty Lord Palmerston said the new conditions from Washington were under consideration.

The French Legislature voted to establish three lines of Trans-Atlantic steamers.

Overland mail Telegraph.—Chinese news presents no new feature.

Markets.—Cotton continued dull, without quotable change. Sale for the week 40,000 bales.

Breadstuffs firm, though Brokers' Circular quotes Flour advanced 1s. on the week. Wheat 3d.; Corn 2s.

Sugar declined 1s. Consoles 63 5/8 & 93 1/4.

Money Market unchanged.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the Honorable Edward B. Chandler, Robert L. Hazen, Robert D. Wilnot, John H. Gray, Francis M. Phelan, John C. Allen, John Montgomery, and Charles Macpherson, as Executive Councillors; and the resignation of the Honorable Robert D. Wilnot as Provincial Secretary; of the Honorable John H. Gray as Attorney General; of the Honorable Francis M. Phelan as Postmaster General; of the Honorable John C. Allen as Solicitor General; of the Honorable John Montgomery as Surveyor General; and of the Honorable Charles Macpherson, as Chief Commissioner of Works.

By His Excellency's Command.

S. L. TILLEY,
Secretary's Office, 8th June, 1857.

Railways in Great Britain.

Mr. Yeats, of Warrford Court, has published some elaborate statistics on the English railway system, which has expanded into colossal dimensions. The compilation contains the principal items of capital and revenue of ninety railways, arranged in a clear and concise manner, with a view to present a uniform statement of the accounts of all the railways in the United Kingdom which were open for traffic in 1855 and 1856. A statement of the capital and annual rentals of 46 leased lines is given. The total capital of the 136 railways amounted on the 31st December, 1856, to £295,708,787, thus distributed:—

| | £ | s. | d. |
|---------------|------|-----|-----|
| English Lines | 2248 | 773 | 671 |
| Scottish | 32 | 270 | 976 |
| Irish | 14 | 564 | 090 |

The traffic receipts in 1856 stood thus:—
English, £18,531,832, Working expenses £3,850,423, or 47.54 per cent.
Scottish, £2,299,229 do. 1,041,794, or 47.10 per cent.
Irish, £1,029,964 do. 429,737, or 41.72 per cent.

In Ireland there is no Government duty on passengers.
The dividends on the ordinary capital of English railways in 1855 averaged £3.17s.7d. per cent. against £3 4s. 10d. in 1855; on the ordinary capital of Scottish, £2 15s. 0d. per cent. against £2 4s. 0d. in 1855; and on Irish, £4 4s. 1d. per cent. against £3 18s. 11d. per cent. in 1855.

Great Railway Scheme.

McDonald Stephenson, in Herpath's Railway Journal proposes a great project namely the construction of a Railroad from London to Lahore in the East Indies, with only two breaks—one at the Straits of Dover, and the other at the Dardanelles. The entire length of the line is stated at about 3405 miles, and it is estimated that about one hundred and seventy millions of dollars. If carried out the distance between London and India will be reduced to a ten days' journey.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE IN MICHIGAN.

The State of Michigan has established a Free Agricultural College the first State Agricultural College established on the Continent. The tuition is free: the students will be required to work three hours a day, and will be paid for their labor. The original endowment was \$55,000, the proceeds of the sale of certain lands given by the Federal Government to the Territory of Michigan. The State Government has appropriated \$20,000 per annum for the next two years for its support. The institution will accommodate eighty students. There have been already that number of applicants for admission.

MELANCHOLY CASE OF POISONING FROM EATING WILD PLANTS.

On last Saturday evening, a boy and two girls, children of George Doherty, Howard Settlement, while out at play, ate of a wild plant. They took supper in their usual spirits, and went to bed, apparently as well as ever. In the morning, however, they were all attacked with vomiting, and in seventeen hours from the time when it is believed they partook of the poison, were dead,—about an hour intervening between the death of each. They were all buried in one coffin. The symptoms under which they died were similar to those of Cholera, and the Doctor has no doubt but that the plant referred to was the cause. We have a portion of it in our possession, but have not yet been able to ascertain its name, which, however, we hope soon to be able to give our readers, in order that it may be avoided.—[Woodstock Sentinel.

[We have already related several instances of this poisoning occurring in other countries. We regret to copy the above, occurring in our own Province. Children cannot be too often warned against the dan-

ger they run in chewing wild plants; of the properties of which they are necessarily ignorant.—[Ed. LEADER.

KENNETH BODDER.—This notorious goblin has made his appearance in this part of the Province. He passed some time, we are told, at or near the Grand Falls; and more recently he has been seen in the vicinity of Woodstock. He gives out that he is watching his opportunity to attack Carpenter, the person who arrested him at the Grand Falls some time since. Those in whom are invested the preservation of the peace and the protection from violence of Her Majesty's subjects should certainly exert themselves to re-capture this desperado, as much in justice to Mr. Carpenter as in furtherance of the general interests of justice. It will be an eternal disgrace to the Province if from the neglect of any precaution by the proper authorities Mr. Carpenter should suffer bodily harm from the vengeance of this ruffian.—[Woodstock & Juv.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.—Mr. H. F. Gardner has accepted the proposition made by the *Courier* to pay the sum of \$500 to any spiritualist who will in the words of that paper, "communicate a single word imparted to the spirits by us in an adjoining room; who will read a single word in English, written inside a book or sheet of paper folded in such a manner as we may choose; who will answer, with the aid of all the higher intelligences he or she can invoke from the other world, three questions: * * * who will tilt a piano, without touching it, or cause a chair to move a foot, placed as we will place it, and with a committee of scientific gentlemen to arrange the experiments. He accepts the challenge, on the condition that the party making the offer will agree to let all the conditions of the arrangements come within the scope of those natural laws within which spiritualists believe spirits are confined in producing the manifestations referred to above. The writer in the *Courier* does not object to this, and the trial will probably soon take place. The result will be looked for with interest.—[Boston Jour.

MECHANICAL GENIUS.—The Patrie contains the following: A youth, aged eighteen, belonging to a respectable family of Paris, was, about a year ago, condemned for theft to five years' imprisonment. His conduct in prison being quite exemplary, he gained the good opinion of the director, who soon remarked in him a peculiar aptness for mechanical contrivances. A few days ago he begged the director to tell him what a clock it was, that he might set his watch. "You have a watch, then?" asked the director. "Only since yesterday, sir," said the prisoner, and to the astonishment of the director, produced one made of straw! This little masterpiece is two inches and a half in diameter, about half an inch thick, and will go for three hours without winding up. The dial-plate is of paper, and a pretty straw chain is attached to the whole. The instruments and materials the prisoner had at his command were two needles, a pin, a little straw, and thread. Several persons of distinction, moved by this surprising genius for mechanics, are now endeavoring to obtain his liberation.

POTATO ROT.—We have seen a letter received by the U.S. Consul at this port from a gentleman in Boston, in which the writer states that he has consigned to the former four packages, as sample, of an article discovered, tried, and found effectual for preventing the rot in the potatoe. The writer also states that he has applied for the sum of \$10,000 offered by the state of Massachusetts for the discovery of such an article, also to the government of England for the sum of £36,000 offered by that country, and that he is taking measures to secure the 30,000 francs offered by the French government for the same discovery. The discovery in question has been tested and experimented with during the last three years, in a variety of ways, and in no instance, it is said, has it failed to prevent the disease. We are not aware of the nature of the article, its cost, or its adaptability for general use, the only fact we have learned respecting it being that it is a preparation to be applied to the potatoe before planting. The consul will no doubt be able to afford all the necessary information on these points when he receives the packages now daily expected. Should this discovery prove effectual for the prevention of the disease in the potatoe, it will be one of the greatest boons ever conferred upon the agricultural population of this Province.—[Picton Chronicle.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY IN THE BONDILL CASE.—In the trial of the question who are the heirs of Dr. Bondill, at New York, it is proved by several disinterested witnesses, that he was in Herkimer N. Y. on the Saturday Sunday and Monday (Oct. 25th, 26th and 27th) preceding the Tuesday (28th) when the alleged marriage with Mrs. Cunningham took place. This is in direct contradiction to Miss Augusta Cunningham's testimony who swore positively to conversations with Dr. Bondill, on both Sunday and Monday at their home in New York. This with some attending circumstances, presents a violently presumptive case of perjury against Miss Augusta, and will tend to bring the falsely back again into full suspicion.

It was also testified to in this case that Dr. Bondill, when he left Herkimer on Monday, said he was going to Saratoga rather than to New York. Furthermore, the daughter of Mrs. Cunningham's dressmaker, at whose house she stopped to meet the bridegroom on

the evening of the marriage, testified that she had since identified Beckel as the one who called.

New Brunswick & Canada Railway and Land Company.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.
Hon. Capt. J. J. ROBINSON, R. N. Commissioner.
JULIUS THOMPSON, Esq. Manager.
W. M. BUCK, Esq. Engineer.
GEO. D. STREET, Esq. Solicitor.

Charlotte County Bank.
GEO. D. STREET, Esq. President.
C. W. WARDLAW, Esq. Cashier.
Wellington Hotel, Esq. Solicitor.
Bills and Notes for discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they will not be cashed until next week.

Poor House Commissioners.

T. T. OUEL, R. Stevenson, C. E. O. Highway.

EXCURSION.

The Steamer QUEEN, Capt. Michener, will make an Excursion this day, Wednesday, to Eastport and back; returning among the Islands. Fare only 2s. 6d. Leaves Calais at 8 A. M. Eastport, at 4 P. M.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, JUNE 17, 1857.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.—From the Royal Gazette, we learn that the hon. Chas. Fisher has been appointed Attorney General, and the hon. S. L. Tilley, Provincial Secretary; these gentlemen together with Messrs. Smith, Watters, and Brown, were sworn in Executive Commissioners on the 8th inst. Mr. Fisher has been re-elected by a show of hands, there being no opposition. It is as yet unknown, who are to fill the offices of Solicitor General, Surveyor General, and Chief Commissioner of the Board of Works. These officers must soon be appointed, as the nature of the public business requires the heads of Departments to be at their posts. The appropriations for the public service have not yet been made, and no work has been done on the Roads; the Executive Council however know this, and as the House meets on the 24th inst., we trust no time will be lost, in bestowing that attention to the business of the Province which it imperatively demands.

Much is expected from the new Government, perhaps more than they will be able to accomplish at first; but, notwithstanding our opposition to the men, we are willing not only that they should have reasonable time to frame their measures for the general good, but also to give them a fair trial.

Business requiring our presence in Boston last week, we were somewhat surprised to notice such a large number of vessels lying to and three deep at the wharves dismantled. The universal cry of "hard times" is not without foundation even in the wealthy city of Boston; freights are down; vessels will not sell, and there was not even one ship on the stocks in the far-famed ship yards of East Boston. In fact we learned that trade in every department was dull, if we except the Provision business, and that the present high prices of flour, &c. must come down, owing to the scarcity of money and the depressed state of mercantile affairs generally. The steamers which ply between Boston and St. John, feel the "hard times," as we understood there was not more than half the number of travellers this season that there was in 1856. Very few emigrants have arrived up to the 1st June, and it is just as well, business of every description being flat, and laborers not only abundant but wages low: the crisis is more severely felt in the United States, than in these Provinces, where railroads and other public works are being carried on, and labor is remunerative.

We beg leave to express our thanks to the Commanders and Officers of the steamers Admiral and Adelaide, for the courtesy and attention shown us on our recent trip to and from Boston. The travelling public will find Mr. PORTER, of the Admiral, and Mr. TREAT, of the Adelaide, gentlemanly and attentive clerks, ever ready to give every information, and to whom belongs the important duty of giving advice as to routes, &c.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS.—St. Andrews was highly honored on Monday last—No less than three Bishops were in town, viz.: Bishop Medley, of Fredericton, Bishop Burgess, of the State of Maine, and Bishop Connolly, of St. John.

CHAMBERS' JOURNAL.—We have received from Mr. O'Brien, St. John, the April and May numbers of that popular reprint Chambers' Journal. Mr. O'Brien's arrangements are such, that he can supply any new work published in the United States, at short notice and at Publisher's prices. He has for sale at his establishment all the Standard works of the day.

The FAMILY MIRROR, a weekly newspaper, published in London, has been received. Among the illustrations is a Map of a part of New Brunswick, showing the line of the Shediac & St. John Railway, with a notice of the advantages offered to emigrants arriving in the Province. It is somewhat remarkable, to say the least, that the writer should mention the Line between Shediac & St. John, and also the contemplated Railway through the Province to connect St. John with Quebec,—and make no allusion whatever to the great trunk Line from St. Andrews to Quebec, the division of which to Woodstock is in active course of construction, and over which, the Locomotive will in a few weeks, run a distance of FORTY MILES! Nor even mention that a further distance of twenty miles, extending to the 60th mile would be let by contract early in the present month, June; thereby offering inducements and employment to a large number of emigrant laborers. As it does not require much acumen to know whence the article in question proceeds, so there is no difficulty in accounting for this marked silence with reference to the New Brunswick & Canada Railway and Land Company's Line, and which we unhesitatingly affirm proceeds from prejudice and a desire to withhold the very information the working classes require, for whom the "Merald" is published. The writer is well acquainted with the Province, and the Province is well acquainted with him, and he no doubt, intentionally avoided any reference to this Line—the first projected and most important in New Brunswick.

THE FREEMASON'S MONTHLY MONITOR. The first number of this Monthly periodical, published and edited by Mr. E. Wilnis, Carleton, St. John, has been received.—The typographical appearance is neat, and the contents interesting. Owing to absence from town, we have not been able to examine its contents as carefully as we could wish, but the few pages which we have read warrant us in recommending the work to the Brethren generally in this County. We will take pleasure in forwarding a list of names, accompanied by the subscription price, five shillings per annum. We present the "Monitor" with the right "E", and with a hearty welcome—believing that it will be a Provincial wreath to the Masonic pillars.

Several drafts of men have been brought from Boston to work on the Railroad; every thing on the Line denotes activity, and energy and perseverance. As we intend going over the works in a few days, the progress which has been made will be duly noticed.

T. B. WILSON, Esq. of Chamcook, has a vessel building in his yard of upwards of 700 tons.

MASONIC PROCESSION.—The Brethren of the Ancient and Honorable Fraternity of Freemasons are making great preparations for the due celebration of the Festival of St. John on the 24th inst. We believe that the proprietors of the ferry boats have kindly consented to convey the brethren to Carleton, where, it is probable, an oration will be delivered. We would suggest that the 24th be a public holiday, so that all parties may have an opportunity of witnessing or assisting in its celebration.—[St. John Recorder.

The Halifax Colonist is engaged in discussing the probable cost of the Railway undertakings in Nova Scotia and the calculations are somewhat startling. The writer estimates that the line from Halifax to Pictou and Windsor 138 miles including terminals and way stations (which he puts down at £19-000) will cost £1,261,245, or about £9,139 per mile.

Mr. Landry late member for Westmorland has been presented with a service of Silver Plate on political grounds. It is understood to come from the Government supporters.

CUCUMBER BUGS.—Dr. Heckerman writes: "Most gardeners are very much annoyed by those bugs, which prey alike upon the cucumber, melon, pumpkin, and squash, the latter being its favorite. Various plans have been devised for their protection, scot, &c. A method which I have practised with nearly entire success, is to form a mixture of equal parts of finely ground pepper and wheat flour, and dust the plants, while the dew is upon them, with this mixture, using an ordinary flour or pepper box. It is a fact generally known, that black pepper is so obnoxious to most insects, that few will approach or stay in its presence. The object of the flour is to combine with the pepper, and with the water or dew to form a paste, which will adhere to the leaves for many days, unless washed off by heavy rains, in which case the application should be renewed.

LEATHER CHEAPER.—While so many articles of necessary use are going up in price, it is refreshing to hear that one is coming down. A little while ago we were startled at the rapid rise in leather, which advanced 40 per cent in the space of nine months.—Now the boot is on the other leg. The raw material has fallen. It dropped down about

25 per cent. in the last few weeks, and the dealers are exceedingly anxious about prices. There is no telling how it will end.—Notwithstanding the late fluctuations in this branch of trade, however, we hear of very few who have succumbed. The dealers thus far stand firm.—[New York Times.

JOY TO THE INVALID.—Persons afflicted with any of the diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, nervous debility, dyspepsia or liver complaint, should try Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. It seldom fails to effect a cure in a very short time. Sold by all dealers in family medicines.

The Boston Traveller states that the tide of speculation at the West is fast ebbing. A large amount of property in Chicago is in the market, at rates from 20 to 40 per cent. lower than last year, and finds no purchasers. Buildings that rented last year for \$500 are now offered for \$300, and find no tenants at that.

Seven cargoes of Molasses, consisting of 2168 hogsheads, 228 hogsheads, and 89 barrels, arrived at Portland, on the 1st inst.

The Dignity of Prayer.

Consider the dignity of this, to be admitted into so near converse with the highest majesty. Were there nothing to follow, no answer at all, prayer pays itself in the excellence of its nature, and the sweetness that the soul finds in it. Poor fallen man, to be admitted into heaven while he is on earth, and there to come and speak his mind freely to the lord of heaven and earth, as his friend, his father!—to empty all his complaints into his bosom, to refresh his soul in his God, wearied with the follies and miseries of the world. Where there is anything of his love this is a privilege of the highest sweetness, for they that love find much delight to discourse together, and count all hours short and think the day runs too fast, that is so spent. And they that are much in this exercise, the Lord does impart his secrets much to them.—[Archbishop Lightfoot.

SACKVILLE ACADEMY.—The Rev. John Allison has been elected to the office of Principal, as well as Governor and Chaplain to the Female Institute at Sackville, vacant by the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Evans. Mrs. Allison has also been appointed chief Preceptor, in the room of Miss Adams, also resigned. Mr. and Mrs. Allison will enter on their duties immediately after the close of the Western Conference, which commences at Sackville 24th June.

On Monday morning last, by the Rev. John Ross, Mr. James Ross, of St. David, to Miss Charlotte, daughter of Mr. George Gully, of this town.

On the 4th inst. aged 61 years Mrs. Felix Cox, leaving a wife and family to lament the loss of an affectionate husband and kind parent.

At Boscawen on the 27th May, Mr. John Bradlock, aged 83 years and 4 months; a native of Derbyshire, England.

At Brighton, England, on Sunday the 10th May, sincerely and deservedly regretted by a numerous circle of friends, ROSANNA, widow of the late John Laproche Wright, Esq. of Waterford. She was truly favored with a peaceful departure, hurried by a single groan or struggle, and sustained to the last by a firm faith in the Atonement and Intercession of her Divine Redeemer. [Mrs. Wright was the Mother of Mrs. Geo. N. Smith.]

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

June 10th.—Packet Matilda, McMaster Eastport—general cargo.
11th.—Packet Sisters, Gaskill, Grand Manan, passengers, &c.

13th.—Stephen Glover, Malden, Liverpool, Deals, by T. B. Wilson.

Arrived at St. George.
June 9.—Ship Halicon, Cole, New York, to Geo. McKinnis, to load for Hull.

Cleared at St. George.
6th.—Schr. Julia, J. Waycott, Baltimore, to Geo. McKinnis, to load for Hull.

HIBERNIAN ENCAMPMENT,

NO. 818.

A Meeting of Hibernian Encampment, No. 318, will be held at Masonic Hall, Saint Andrews, on MONDAY Evening, 22d inst., at 8 o'clock. A full and punctual attendance is requested. By command of the M.E.C., St. Andrews, June 16, 1855.

WILLARD & MECUM,
Manufacturing Jewellers,
89 Washington Street,
BOSTON.

G. A. WILLARD. B. F. MECUM.
Orders for work or repairing left at the Standard Office will be attended to.

Notice to the Public.

RAILS FOR ENGLAND.
JUNE, 1857.
 Tuesday, 9th, via New York, per United States packet, 6 A. M.
 Sunday, 11th, via Halifax, 9 A. M.
 Tuesday, 16th, via New York, per United States packet, 6 A. M.
 Friday, 19th, via New York, per British packet, 6 A. M.
 Saturday, 27th, via New York, U. S. Packet, 6 A. M.
 Sunday, 28th, via Halifax, 9 A. M.
 Tuesday, 30th, via New York, per United States packet, 6 A. M.
 The Postage for the United Kingdom via Halifax is 2s single rate, via New York by British packet 10s, and by United States Packet 1s. 6d. Pre-payment optional.
 By Order,
 G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.
 Post Office, St. Andrews,
 June 1, 1857.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of Simon McCarrill, merchant late of St. George, (deceased) are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to
**JOHN MCCARRILL,
 JUSTUS WATMORE,
 HUGH LUDGATE.** Executors.
 St. George, June 6th, 1857. 3 23

Programme of the Fourth of July.

NATIVE REGATTA ON LEWY'S LAKE.

An Old Fashioned Celebration at Lewy's Island.

BAPTIST FAIR AT CALAIS.

AN Oration will be delivered at Lewy's Island at 12 o'clock, on the arrival of the Steamboat Train. In the afternoon there will be three Canoe Races, at which over \$50 will be distributed in prizes to the winners. The first race will be for Indian boys under 16 years of age. The second free for all, and the third race for squaws. An exciting time is anticipated as it is expected that the best paddlers of both branches of the tribe will be present. The race will be for a distance of about two miles and a good opportunity will be afforded for the thousands who will be present to witness the contest. Trains will run from Calais, Lewy's Island during the day, leaving each place every hour and a half. Fare 75cts both ways. Steamboats will run as follows:
 Queen will leave Calais at 6 and Eastport at 7 o'clock, touching at Robinson. Nequasset will leave Maguadavie at 8 o'clock, touching at St. Andrews. Returning, the boats will leave Calais at 6 o'clock.
 Passengers will have ample time either going or returning to visit the Baptist Fair at Calais.
 Calais, June 10, 1857. 3w23.

PERRY DAVIS'S

Vegetable Painkiller.

Internal and External Remedy.

We call attention to the great remedy of Perry Davis & Son, called the Pain Killer. We believe that the public generally have great confidence in the efficacy of this medicine, as it is in this State very generally used.—Biblical Recorder, (N. C.)
 "It has been said of old—'This is a word of wonder'—and to the observer is daily presented something new and wonderful, both in nature and art. Men of genius and skill are constantly engaged in seeking out that which may become valuable to the public, and a living emblem to scientists, and from all these wonders which have been brought before the world and particularly our Medical Faculty, there has been nothing as yet surpassed by Perry Davis's Pain Killer.
 which is the most valuable family medicine now in use, for many internal and external complaints that flesh is heir to. To convince you of the fact, you have but to call at the Drug Store, where you can get a bottle—on 25cents to \$1.—Tennessee Organ.
 As a means of removing pain from the body no medicine has ever acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis's Pain Killer.
 The sale of this article has exceeded all belief. But it has real merit and that is sufficient.—New York (Ky) News.
 Thomas S. Ramsey, writing from Rangoon, Burma, Dec. 19, 1856, says—'It is becoming more popular, and in several instances I am assured that the chiggers have been arrested and the cure effected by its use.' The late prevalence of cholera here has swept off about all the Pain Killer I had, and purchasers looking to me for a supply will be disappointed in my inability to supply. Please send me an invoice of \$100 worth by first opportunity."
 Rev J. Phillips, formerly of the Orissa Mission, India, writes—'My wife is using your celebrated Pain Killer for a rheumatic affection from which she has suffered for years, and with better effect than any other of the various remedies she has tried; and I am using it for dyspepsia and kidney complaints with good success.'
 SOLD BY
ODELL & TURNER.
 St. Andrews. 4w25

Farmers Look Here.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at his store, 100 Bushels of BLACK-SEA WHEAT, at 10s per bushel. Also 100 bushels of HOPETOWN OATS, at the best quality for seed.

St. Andrews, 31st March, 1857. HENRY O'NEILL

BRICK BRICK

FOR SALE, a quantity of large STOCK BRICK, hard and frost proof, delivered in St. Andrews, early in the spring. These bricks are of the best manufacture and quality.

Orders may be left at the "Standard Office," where price and quality will be made known. January 21, 1857. 4w

BANKS

For sale at this office.

GENEVA, LINSSEED OIL,

WHITE PAINT, PEPPER,

CRUSHED SUGAR, &c.

May 23, 1857. 6

By the "Arthur White," from London, and "Peter Maxwell," from Liverpool, via St. John.

10 HDS best pale Geneva "Anchor,"

2 Pans Irish Mal Whiskey.

13 Hds. bottled and Raw Linseed Oil.

2 Tons London and Liverpool White Paint.

5 Bags Black Pepper.

1 Bbl 8 doz real Japan Blacking.

4 Tons Refit Sugar.

1 1/2 Cans fine Congo Tea.

1 extra Chest do do

5 Bbls Vinegar.

3 do Fluid.

50 Bags Common round Iron assorted.

35 Bbls Sheet Iron.

2 1/2 Charcoal-briquets.

2 Sheets 3 and 1 1/2 the Sheet-lead.

50 Bags Iron, assorted, &c., &c.

5 Bbls. Tinners.

3 do Fluid.

J. W. STREET.

May 25th, 1857. 3w22

G. KIRKLAND

GENERAL BUILDING AND JOINER.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he will be happy to execute any orders connected with the BUILDING trade.

Mr. K. has had considerable experience in the above business in England, and also for the last five years in this Province, and has been largely connected with Public and Railway works. He trusts by strict attention to receive a share of patronage.

Plans, Specifications, and estimates furnished.

St. Andrews, May 27th, 1857. 4

1st JUNE, 1857.

FLOUR AND CORN MEAL, &c.

—JUST RECEIVED:—

150 Bbls Philadelphia S. F. Flour.

25 do do Corn Meal.

15 do Heavy Moss-Park.

White Beans, Cheese, Lard, Bbls Tar and Pitch, White Lead, and Paint Oil, &c., &c.

W. WHITLOCK.

St. Andrews.

J. F. ROGERS,

TAILOR and DRAPER.

RESPECTFULLY intimates to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, that he has commenced business in the above line, in the premises in Wm. Henry Street, adjoining Mr. J. Irwin's store.

From his long experience having worked in many of the principal cities in England and the United States, and by strict attention and a desire to please, he trusts to receive a share of public patronage.

Garments cut in the best style and warranted to fit.

Fashion plates from London and New York received monthly.

St. Andrews, May 27, 1857.

CROWN LAND OFFICE,

May 5, 1857.

THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday the second day of June next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulation of 11th May 1843, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber on other Lands under Licences applied for previous to the application for the purchase of the Land.)

(No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.)

CHARLOTTE.

By Deputy Jock, at Saint Andrews.

60 acres, lot R, Warrig, John Cumming.

200 acres, lots 1, 2, block 24, Pennfield, Hugh McKinney.

200 acres, lots 3, 4, block 24, Pennfield, D. Henderson.

180 acres, lot 5, block 24, and south of 5, Jacob Reed.

186 acres, lots 23, 24, block 24, Pennfield, Wm. Armstrong.

95 acres, lot 25, block 21, Pennfield, James Cundy.

200 acres, south of lots 1, 2, James Cox.

200 acres, south of lots 3, 4, Michael Reed.

100 acres, east of block 23, of block 24, Thos. Mack.

120 acres, east of Thomas Mack, Peter Davis.

157 acres, west of Thos. Mack, Dan. Cameron.

115 acres, north of 26, block 24, Wm. Bunden.

83 acres, outlet of McDougal's Lake, Jos. Had-dock.

(4w) JOHN MONTGOMERY, Sur. Gen.

MOLASSES.

35 HDS. Prime Retailing Molasses.

For sale by J. W. STREET.

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber intending to leave this part of the country, to locate elsewhere, will sell that valuable and convenient Cottage, with outbuildings and garden attached, now occupied by REV. MR. ROSS. Terms will be made easy to any wishing to purchase.

That VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY, now occupied by Mr. Geo. McCulloch. The stand is a desirable one—suitable for Dry Goods or Grocery business. This property is well known, and therefore requires no further description; it is subject to a yearly ground rent of twenty-six shillings. An undoubted title of the above named properties will be given.

TERMS—CASH.

For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber at Eastport, or Mr. John Bradford, St. Andrews—who is fully authorized to act as my agent.

SAMUEL AYLE.

April 14, 1857.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL

LINE OF PACKET SHIPS,

Appointed to sail from Liverpool as under:

1857.

Ships Captains Tonnage To sail

John Duncan, Kenney, 921, 5th April

Peter Maxwell, Marshall, 1038, 20th do

Middleton, H. Betts, 996, 5th May

Imperial, Moran, 1279, 20th do

John Harboure, Abell, 924, 5th June

Athenais, Crocker, 1916, 20th do

John Owens, Brown, 1236, 20th July

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail remarkably fast, are classed A 1 at Lloyds, and coppered, and will be dispatched punctually on the days appointed.

They are commanded by men of the greatest experience and nautical skill, and no expense or exertion will be spared to make this line efficient in every respect, for the safe and speedy conveyance of Goods.

Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are respectfully solicited.

For Freight or Passage, apply at Liverpool, to Messrs. FERNIE BROTHERS & Co, Warne Buildings, Water Street, or at St. John to

May 9, 1857. J. & R. REED

CROWN LAND OFFICE.

May 11, 1857.

THE Petitions of the undermentioned persons for the purchase of Crown Land payable by labour on the Public Roads are complied with, subject to the Regulations of 28th May, 1852; but no commissioner is to allow work to be done in payment for any Land at present in the occupation of any other person. And the Commissioners are required, in every instance, to satisfy themselves that the representation which the Applicant has made to Government, that he owns no Land already is correct.

Abner Harris, Thomas O'Brien.

Gideon Harris, J. MONTGOMERY, Sur. Gen.

Public, Private, & Circulating

LIBRARIES,

Supplied at reduced prices, with choice and best editions of Books in all departments of Literature, either English or Latin Editions, or the latest English and American.

Address, A. WILLIAMS & Co, 100 Washington St., Boston.

J. BERRINGTON,

Clock and Watchmaker,

(FR. ENGLAND.)

QUEEN-STREET

RESPECTFULLY intimates the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has opened a shop at the head of Queen Street, where he will be happy to attend to all orders in his line. Watches and Clocks neatly repaired and cleaned.

March 25, 1857. 3mth

Assessors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned, Assessors or Rates and Taxes for the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, will receive, at the Office of ODELL & TURNER, until the 4th day of June next, statements, in writing from all who are liable to be assessed for the current year, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, of the real and personal properties and incomes they possess as such statements to be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires.

THO. TURNER ODELL, WM WHITLOCK, JAMES RUSSELL, Assessors.

St. Andrews, May 5th, 1857.

BARLEY.

BARLEY in any quantity wanted immediately at the

Patent Steam Brewery,

St. Andrews.

A Liberal price given.

CHAS. A. THOMPSON.

St. Andrews, Sept. 3, 1856.

The Court of Probates.

FOR the County of Charlotte, will in future be held on the first Tuesday in each month, at the hour of noon, at the Registrar of Probate's Office, in St. Andrews, of which all persons will take notice.

By order of the Court.

GEO. D. STREET, Registrar of Probates.

St. Andrews, Sept. 17, 1856.—21.

Flour, and Corn Meal.

Just received from Philadelphia:

100 Bbls S. F. Flour, in round hoop Barrels, a prime article.

50 Bags Bulled Corn Meal.

Also a supply of fresh

GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS.

Also in store:

A good assortment of Cut Nails

W. WHITLOCK.

St. Andrews, April 12, 1857. 4w

NOTICE.

THE subscriber takes this opportunity to thank them for all past favours, and begs leave to inform them that he has

REMOVED to the Corner formerly occupied by Mr. S. GETTY,

where he has just received, in addition to his former STOCK,—

300 Barrels Philadelphia FLOUR, ground from new wheat,

45 Bbls CORN MEAL,

40 Bags WHEAT FLOUR, new.

CLARK.

BOSTON WHOLESALE HOUSES.

Is the annual of trade between St. Andrews and the city of Boston is almost direct and rapid, increasing in public notice, and is a guide for Merchants, Shippers, and others, whose business is connected with the trade.

Agricultural Goods, Seeds, Trees, &c.

PARKE, WHITE & SANBURN, Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, 27, 29 and 31 Blackfriars Street.

BLAKE, BARNARD & CO., Foreign and Domestic Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, 25, 27 and 29 Blackfriars Street.

Dry Goods, Gent's and Ladies' Wear, &c.

JAMES M. BEEBE & CO., Importers of Dry Goods, dealers in American, English and Foreign, 55 and 57 City Street.

HAUGHTON, SAWELL & CO., Importers, Wholesale and Retail, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

MAKINRE, LAWRENCE & CO., Importers of Cotton, Wool, and Linen, 141 Congress Street.

C. F. HATHAWAY & CO., Manufacturers of Shirts, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

SAULEMEYER & CO., Hair, Cane and Fur, Agents for the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

E. J. HOLMES, Importer of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

W. A. VIGOR, Importer of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

ADAMS, Bullock & Co., Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

GREEN, Texas, Soles, Flour, Cracker, &c.

ISRAEL NASH & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

DANA, PARKER & LYLE, Wholesale Grocers, Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

JAMES, Foreign Fruit & Groceries, of every description, 38 Broad Street.

GREEN, Foreign Fruit & Groceries, of every description, 38 Broad Street.

CHURCH & GLENNY, Tea Packers, Tea put up in 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

W. D. WATERS & CO., Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Spices, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

HELAN, CHARD & CO., Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

PRESTON & MERRILL, Manufacturers of Yeast Powder, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

T. D. HUNTER, Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

Carriages, Furniture, Carpets, Room Paper, SAIGENT, HARKLOW & CO., Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

SAIGENT, HARKLOW & CO., Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

BLAKE, WARE & CO., Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

JAMES H. HALL, Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

HOLMES & FLETCHER, Sofa and Chair Manufacturers, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

T. D. SOMES & SON, Furniture, Sofa, and Chair, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

A. G. MANNING, Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

JAMES W. LARSEN & CO., Dealers in CHAIRS and FURNITURE, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

DAVIS, WRIGHT & CO., Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

NEWCOMB & McPHAIL, Importers and Manufacturers, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

Bankers, Commission, and Forwarding Houses.

BLAKE, HOWE & CO., Bankers, Importers of the American Fur, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

COVER, ELLSWORTH, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Goods, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

BENNY JAMES & CO., Foreign and Domestic Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, 10, 12 and 14 City Street.

Chemical and Philosophical, Useful and Fine Arts.

C. T.

SHERIFF'S SALES

to take place at the Court House.

Real Estate of E. Lynott July 11
Do. do. of John McColl July 11
Do. do. of John McColl Sept. 10
Do. do. of John McColl Oct. 10

TO BE SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Saturday the 11th day of July next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the Court House in St. Andrews—

ALL the right, title and interest of EDWARD LYNOTT, of and to the following piece or Lot of Land situate in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, and bounded thus, to wit:

Northerly by the River Maguagadavie, Southerly by lands owned by one Anderson, and being the Easterly half of lot Numbered Fifty four, in the Mascareen Grant, which said half lot is estimated to contain Fifty-three Acres and was conveyed by William H. Lockett to the said Edward Lynott.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Samuel Gentry against said Edward Lynott, endorsed to levy £109 10, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte
29th Dec'r, 1856

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 11th day of July next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatever of Edward Lynott, to that certain LOT OF LAND, No. 53 in the Mascareen Grant, bounded on the North by the River Maguagadavie, and containing 59 ACRES more or less, formerly owned by William Lockett.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution in favor of Robert Ross against said Edward Lynott, endorsed to levy £43 12 10, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
31st Dec. 1856.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction on Saturday the 19th day of SEPTEMBER next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatever of JOHN MCCOLL & EDWIN R. RUSSELL, of and to the following piece or Lot of Land, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, viz:

Being Lot No. 40, Upper Mills Brook, Pichegan, situated in the Parish aforesaid, formerly granted to John McColl, and containing 100 acres more or less.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution at the suit of Daniel Gillmore, Esq. against the said McColl & Russell, endorsed to levy £2423 11s 3d, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte
Sheriff's Office, 10th March, 1857.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 10th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews—

All that certain Lot of Land situate at Milltown, in the Parish of St. Stephen, in said County, with the Dwelling House and buildings thereon, which said Lot was formerly conveyed by John Ross to John McGarrigle, excepting therefrom a portion thereof conveyed by the said John McGarrigle to John McColl in 1854.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an alias execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Samuel Neill against the said John McColl.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
25th March, 1857.

LAND of the late JOSHUA BRISLEY of the Parish of St. James, to be sold, for non payment of his Assessment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of a Warrant issued by two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for this County, dated the 5th inst., and delivered to me this day, by the Collector of arrears of Taxes for the Parish of St. James—

I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Saturday the 20th day of June, next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in St. Andrews—

So much of the Real Estate of the late Joshua Brisley, situated in the Parish of St. James, being the S. W. half of Lot No. 4, lying on the W. side of the Reserve Road, granted to Joshua Brisley and others, and bounded on the S. W. by land owned and occupied by David and John Mitchell, on the S. E. by the line of road running through Lynfield, and on the N. E. by land owned and occupied by David and John Trahan, as will be in my judgment sufficient to pay £200, besides Sheriff's fees and incidental expenses.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte
Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews,
11th May, 1857.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons liable for Taxes in St. James Parish, will save cost by paying the same into the hands of Mr. James McGarrigle, Collector of Rates.

St. James, Feb. 13, 1857.

L. SCOTT & CO.,

REPRINT OF THE
British Periodicals
AND THE
FARMER'S GUIDE.
GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE
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AYER'S Cathartic Pills

(SUGAR COATED.)
CLEANSE THE BLOOD AND CURE THE RICK,
Indigestion, Patches, Hæmorrhoids, Piles,
and all the Disorders of the Bowels.

Headache, Sick Headache, Prolapsed Stomach, &c. &c. &c. I have used your Pills in a great many cases, and they have done me more good than any other medicine I have ever used. I have used them in a great many cases, and they have done me more good than any other medicine I have ever used.

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AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for a cathartic, purgative pill which could be relied on as safe and perfectly free in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and it is now in the hands of the public. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all the purposes of a family physic. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all the purposes of a family physic. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all the purposes of a family physic.

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