VOL. 23.

Thinks the Boer Movement Into Cape Colony Has Been Checked.

SOUTH AFRICA

and Clements Defeat the Boers-Fighting Near Oliphants Nek-A Much Exaggerated Horse and Mule Yarn.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., Dec. 21.—The overnment of New Zealand has decidto despatch another contingent to

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 20.—Martial law has been proclaimed in the following districts: Victoria west, Richmond, Hanover, Murraysburg, Graafreinet, Aberdeen, Middlebi teinsburg, Cradock Tarka and Mol-

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 21.—A government meromandum, issued fast evening, makes the following announce-

"The principal seat of action has been transferred to the northern part of Cape Colony. Early December 16 a large body of Boers crossed the Orange River towards Burghersdorp. A BrA ish force followed to avoid which the Boers turned westward and occupied Venterstad Dec. 18. But they evacuated the town the same day on the approach of the British, and marched in the direction of Steynsburg.

"The Boers, however, have been intercepted and find difficulty in moving in any direction, as Steynburg, Burghersdorp, Stormsberg, Rosemad and Naauwpoort are all strongly held by the British and the Orange River has risen considerably in their rear."

BLOEMFONTEIN, Thursday, Dec. 20.—
The details of General DeWet's secape from
the British columns describe one of the
bodest incidents of the war. When Haasbreek's command joined DeWet Dec. 12,
some fifteen miles east of Thaba N'chu,
Geberal Knox was only about an hour distant and the Book situation appeared des-General know was only about an hour distant, and the Boer situation appeared desperate. But DeWet was equal to the occasion. Despatching Haasbroek westward to make a feint at Victoria Nek, DeWet prepared to break through the British columns at Springhaau Nek Pass, about four miles of broad, flat unbroken ground. At the entrance were two fortified posts. Artilley was posted on a hill eastward watching the Boers.

was posted on a hill eastward watching the Boers.
Suddenty a magnificent spectacle was presented. The whole Boer army of 2,500 men, started at a gallop in open order through the nek. President Steyne and Peit Fourie ied the charge, and DeWet brought up the rear. The British guns and rifles boomed and rattled incessantly. The Boers first tried the eastward route, but encountering artilery, they diverged and galloped to the front of the hill to the westward, where the fire of only a single post was effective. The whole manoeuvre was a piece of magnificent daring, and its success was complete in spite of the loss of a fifteen-pounder and twenty-five prisoners.

five prisoners.

The British force detached after Haasbroek The British force detached after Haasbroek came in contact with his commando at night-fall. The burghers were scattered and the Welch Yeomany galloped among the restreating Boers, using their revolvers and the butt ends of their rifles with great effect. An incident of the fight was the gallop of a British ammunition wagon right through the greatering Hoses, the grunner using their their

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The secretary of state for war, William St. John Brodrick, announces that in view of the prolongation of the war in South Africa, members of the Imperial Yeomanry will be paid five shillings instead of one shilling and two pence per day. Militiamen are promised priority of return over regulars.

per day. Militiamen are promised priority of return over regulars.

The war office made the following annuncement last evening:

"In view of the general position in South Africa the following reinforcements of mounted troops have been arranged. Eight hundred will start next week. Two cavalry regiments have been ordered to leave as soon as the transports are ready.

"The colonial police will be increased to ten thousand. Detachments will leave as fast as they are formed. Further drafts of cavalry will be despatched at once. Australia and New Zealand have been invited to send further contingents.

to send further contingents.
"A despatch from Benar, Cape Colony, says that the Yeomanry have driven the Boers out of Houtkraal, the enemy retiring

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 21.—The Boers attacked Zunfontein Dec. 18, but were beaten off.

off.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 21.—Martial law will be proclaimed in Worcester, Wellington and Stellenbosch. Rains are general, and several railway washouts delay the movements of the troops.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 21.—General Brabant, commander of the newly raised colonial division, has been ordered to the front and will

start tomorrow.
At Thorndale General French has routed At Thorndale General French has routed 2,500 Boers with four guns and a pompom. The fight toook place Dec. 19. The British had fourteen wounded, and the Boers fied in disorder with about 50 killed.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—From its Cape Town correspondent the Daily Mail has received the followirg:

"The second invading force was designed to occupy Britstown, but being checked by the De Aar troops it has disappeared into the Ceaderberg mountains.

"An enormous concentration of troops is being made upon the Bell country occupied by the invaders, but it is not likely that the Boers will offer battle in large numbers. There is a renewed demand for the whole-sale proclamation of martial law."

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 21.—Gen. Baden Powell will start for the Transvaal tomorrew.

The Boers derailed a train at Barberton, killing an inspector and others.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—As the outcome of statements made during the recent session of parliament, and since reiterated, to the effect that some of the colonial troops nave refused to fight again, the war office late liast evening issued the following explanation from Lord Kitchener:

"A number of men belonging to two of the South African corps refused to march on one occasion, owing to some mistake to carry out their discharge at the expiration of their term of service.

"Lord Roberts, on the ground that they had a grievance, overlooked the matter, simply reprimanding them.

"The men of both corps have since done good work in the field, and it is absolutely urfounded to say that there was a mutiny or that force was used against them."

LONDON, Dec. 24.-Lord Kitchener's despatches breathing a confidence hardly justified by their contents, are almost the only available news from the seat of hostilities in South Africa; but telegrams from Cape Town depict the situation in anything but roseate

Without believing the assertion of the Transvaal agency in Brussels, that 6,000 Boers have invaded Cape Colony, it is quite evident that the invasion was a serious and well planned affair. In connection with this a correspondent sends an extremely interesting letter, dated Bethulie, Dec. 1st. describing General De Wet and his

"De Wet has never been taken seriously enough," says the correspondent. "It is of little use to pursue him as he fights a rear-guard action and gains twenty miles while he is be-ing fought. He is a born military genius, whose wonderful powers have kept up this phenomenal resistance.

"Once he fails, the whole thing could be crushed in a fortnight. He has every single comman lo under his supervision. All his patrols and columns march and counter-march on his order. The forces under his command have been reduced by his strength of will to a properly organized army, moving at his word. The sooner the British rid themselves of the idea that De Wet's forces are a mere rabble, wandering aimlessly, he sooner they will grasp the need of the determined effort which is necessary to capture

The Cape Colony cabinet had an important sitting resterday (Sunday.) It appears that the Boers have destroyed a railway bridge 90 feet long about 12 miles south of DeAar, and that no Cape mails have arrived at Bloemfon-

tein for three days. Further anxiety has been caused in Cape Town by the discovery that during the last two months public bodies and Haasbroek. Besides the commands tioned supplies of dynamite. The col- at Zoutspan to relaforce the Boers ocarris and ammunition from suspected depots.

Other advices from Cape Town represent the Dutch element in Cape Colony as greatly elated over the southward progress of the Boers and as boasting that the whole district of Victoria West will joint the raiders. It is suspected in Cape Town that the force travelling from Zoutspans Drift is not a body of Boers but one of colonials, hastening to join the invad--

The Pietermaritzburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The Boers are active between Johannesburg and Pretoria, exchanging shots with the British outposts; and it is represented that part'es of b ers are hovering around Johannesburg."

LONDON, Dec. 22.—General DeWet would be by far the most acceptable Christmas box to the average Englishman, though there seems little likelihood of the wish being granted. The desire for the suppression of this wonderful Boer leader, however, is accompanied by generous admiration of

his latest feat. "It would be unworthy of the British name," says the Times, "to refuse the credit that is due a feat of arms so brilliant as the unexpected dash backward of De Wet and his men through the British lines."

Other papers take the same view, comparing the ride to Springhaan's Nek with the charge at Balaclava. In fact, admiration for the extraordinary daring displayed by the Boers on this occasion almost predominates

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ST. JOHN, N. B.

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sh officers to cope with their op-nts. There is springing up a sophic indifference to the incapaility of the generals in South Africa And Men Landed at Halifax

bility of the generals in South Africa. Reverses have become the expected. Last Christmas society almost went crazy over plum puddings and chocolate hampers sent to the soldies on the veldt. This year that are not mentioned. In fact the public is unutterably weary of the line drawn out struggle, whose only interesting year ture has been the sens though successes of De Wet. This in no way affects the government, whose determination to fight it out to the bitter end is evident from its decision to reinforce the already huge army in South Africa. Several members of the cabinet, however, would be heartly grateful were the Boer leaders to sue for pesses.

Boer leaders to sue for peace.

LONDON, Dec. 23.— The war office has received the following despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoric Dec. 22:

"As far as it is possible for me to form a manufacture of the control form an opinion from the reports of officers on the spot, I think the Boer

movement into Cape Colony has been checked. Of the two forces that entered the colony the eastern is still north of the Zoutspansberg range, while the one that entered west ap-pears to have been turned in the direction of Britstown and Prietska. Our troops are getting around both parties and a special column is also being or-ganized, which will be despatched immediately when I know where its services are most wanted.

"The Boers have not received much assistance in Cape Colony so far as my information goes. We have armed some of the colonists, who are as sisting our forces. Railway and telegraph communication has been much

interrupted by the very bad weather.
"De Wet is in the neighborhood of Senekel. General French, in conjunction with Gen. Clements, attacked a force under Beyers, south of the Magaliesberg. The Boers broke away in a southwesterly direction toward Potchefstroom and were followed by Gen. Gordon with a column

"Yesterday evening about 5 o'cleck Clements' force was engaged south of Oliphant's Nek, but I do not yet know the result."

LONDON, Dec. 23.-A cable from Cape Town says: A column of 500 of all arms, under command of Major Shute, left Colesberg Dec. 21, by the Phillipstown road to relieve a post of twenty Yeomen. Two wounded Boers were captured. They stated that their party had lost two killed and twelve wounded.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 22.- The Boer invaders of Cape Colony are commended by Generals Hertzog, Phillip Botha in out of the way places have requisi- already reported a force has crossed deavoring cupying Philipstown.

> Dec. 22, says: "The western column of Boers occupied Britstown and cut the railway south of DeAar Junction. The enemy

> is being followed up. "Gen. French has been in contact for two days with the commandoes of Beyrs and Delarey, south of the Magallesberg. He is pursuing them. The enemy have lost considerably, and Commandant Kreuse and others have

"Gen. Colville engaged two separate commandoes Dec. 21st, near Vlakfontein, with slight losses, the enemy re- a good passage.

purchasing 50,000 cavalry horses and guished services. mules for the British army in South Africa. He came here more than a year ago to buy horses and mules, but was ordered home a short time ago. But the unexpected renewal of hostilities has made the purchase of more horses and mules necessary. As fast as the animals are inspected and bought they will be sent to New Orleans and shipped to Cape Town, Durban and New London on British transports, some of which are on their way to the United States. One ship load of the animals will be taken to South Africa by Lieut. David Moberly, leaving New Orleans soon after January. Lieut. Moberly said: "By the time the horses and mules are landed in South Africa they cost the British govern-ment \$360 a head. That is a large price for an animal which will be fit for service only six weeks. Most of the animals die because of the change in climate. They must cross the equator going to South Africa, and the torrid heat of the tropics kill them rapidly. The average death rate on shipboard is 32 to the 1,000. Forty days after a horse is purchased in Kansas City it is landed in South Africa. So great is the demand for the horses at the front that it is imposssible to give them the needed rest after landing before putting them into service. Consequently they go to the front in a weakened condition, and not getting a sufficient amount of food they die. Since the beginning of the Boer war England has purchased over 10,000 head of horses and mules in the United States. It required sixty-five ships to carry them from New Orleans to South Insist on having your Acme or Africa. Government transports will be kept very busy from now on carrying the horses which England will need in South Africa and which have been ordered purchased in the United States. Baden Powell now has 25,000 mounted police, and it is proposed to mount 30,000 of the Imperial infantry.

MONTREAL, Que., Dec. 23 .- The Star's London cable says: Lord Kitchener has evidently made earnest appears to the British government to demounted infantry to hasten the end of the guerilla w rfare. Some say he has asked for 40,000 men. New Zealand is sending another contingent and Anglo-Canadians are wondering whether, as Canada has no national force in South Africa now, the Strathcona's being the result of private munificence, Canadians may not wish to send a second corps of five hundred mounted men from the Northwest to be raised and sight of the two Halifax officers, and equipped by the Canadian government. there was the evidence of heartfelt

in Interesting Interview With the

and Other New Brunswick Mer sached Here About One This

ing when the citadel signalled the Elder-Dempster liner Lake amplain was entering the harbor. Quickly the news was sounded over the city. And quickly it was flashed over Canada. But there was nothingquick after that, because for five weary nours the steamer lay at quarantine Her majesty's mails were on board, post office officials were on the wharf, where the mail train was blowing off steam, but idly the Lake Champlain lay out there at quarantine. There was a good deal of "reasoning why." It turned out later that the militia au-thorities had boarded the steamer and

that the men were being paid off. It was half-past eight when the Lake Champlain lurched against the railway wharf, crisp with the night's frost, snow and water, resplendent in the the men was still in progress, though her brain are clear, and her manner the paymaster was getting very near gracious, lovely and kindly." the end of the line.

every inch a soldier. He showed no the journey to Toronto. He is proud sign of fatigue. All his men were like of his chestnut "Paddy," one of the board looked well, physique splendid, Colonel Otter in reply to a question rarized the men on board under nmand as follows: Officers, 14; non-commissioned and men, 250; in-valided from different Canadian corps, 30: total, 294.

Thirty-four members of the first Canadian contingent, he said, are still in Africa. There are four officers employed principally on the imperial military railway, twenty men employed on the same work and ten sick in the hospital. One man on the Lake Champlain was not able to move around with the sprightliness of most of the others. He was Sergt. Shreeves of St. Johns, Que., who was badly wounded in the shoulder and who is still ill to recover possession of these explo-sives, and is removing all stores of from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, mended. Colonel Otter's wound in the raid and the Northwest rebellion. He chin and neck received at Paardeberg said: "We would not have missed the has quite healed, leaving hardly a mark behind. At Paardeberg the Colonel also had his shoulder strap shot

> To Col. Otter, as soon as the ship was moored, was handed a budget of telegrams; some of them were private, all were congratulatory. A sample lot of the despatches the colonel received is the following:

LONDON, Dec. 22.—Hearty congratula-tions to you, your gallant officers and men, and your return home. Hope you have had

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 23.—Captain Heygate of the British army is congratulations to you all on your distinguishes 50,000 cavalry horses and

TORONTO, Dec. 19.—Welcome home. All Ontario welcomes back so many of her sons, who by their loyalty, bravery and many successes have added additional lustre to the

(Sgd.)

(Sgd.) OLIVER MOWAT.

ST. JOHN, Dec. 22.—St. John regrets that the original arrangement for your landing here was changed, as we had a hearty reception prepared for you and the officers and men under your command, and wish to greet you hand to hand and face to face, and tell you all that we appreciate your endurance and bravery, and the splendid manner in which you upheld the fair name of our country; but as we cannot meet you, we send expression of our feerings, welcoming you back to Canada.

Wishing you a speedy reunion with your families, a merry Christmas, and prosperity and happiness in the new century.

On behalf of citizens.

On behalf of citizens. (Sgd.) J. W. DANIEL, Mayor. HAMILTON, Dec. 22.—Welcome back. You and your brave men have earned the nation's undying gratitude for duty nobly done defence of British liberty.

(Sgd.) ADAM BROWN. Colonel Biscoe, acting general commanding, after Col. Irving, D. O. C., was the first to call on Col. Otter only a few minutes after the gang way from the wharf over the steamer's side had been raised. As he shook hands the first gun of the salute fired by the Royal Artillery boomed out from the citadel, and when the reverbration of the shot died away over the still sleeping city the church and fire bells rang out a merry peal. Then Governor Jones came on board. The governor took occasion to explain the absence of an elaborate reception by Halifax. His honor pointed out how limited the time had been since it was known that the troops would land here, how anxious the men must be to get home for Christmas, and yet how glad Halifax would have been to have honored itself by honoring our heroes.

Mayor Hamilton and the civil re ception committee were there and his worship's greeting, and the response by the colonel were exceedingly cordial. Whether Halifax gave the men the pint of beer or not, they did one thing, and that was to place on the train fifteen hundred cigars of a good spatch immediately large drafts of brand, for the use of the men on the homeward run, and lovers of nicotene will long have fragrant memories of the ride from Halifax to the west.

Rev. W. J. Armitage, who was in the Queen's Own, Toronto, under Col. Otter, was one of the early callers. So was Mr. Blanchard, father of Lieut. Blanchard who met a soldier's death.

"Hello, Stairs, and Oland," was the ejaculation of Col. Otter as he caught

cordiality and comradeship as the commanding officer and the captain and lieutenant grasped hands. As these men and scores of others followed in catch lowed in quick succession. The Sun representative was doing his best to interview Col. Otter:

"Have you a message for the people of Canada," was a question the Sun asked Col. Otter after the Lake Champlain had been safely moored.

The Colonel is modesty itself, and all he said in reply was: "We all feel the kindness of everyone in sending so many comforts. We can never forget the people's goodness and their sympathy. We did not get all that was sent us; it was impossible that we should. What we did receive gave us the greatest possible atisfaction. We thank the people of Canada." "England gave you a good wel-

"Indeed it did. We were in England from November 29th to December 12th, and nothing could exceed the enthusiasm and deep feeling shown by all classes in Britain, from the royal family to the costermonger. We were nearly killed with kindness in London. Portsmouth, Brighton, Woolwich and

Liverpool." "Give us your impression of the Queen as you saw her at Windsor." "When we saw Her Majesty on November 29th and she spoke to the battalion, her voice was pitched in about the same tone as mine is now," replied the colonel, who was speaking in an ordinary conversational tone. "As far as I could judge having spoken to her for some little time, both in the afternoon and evening, Her Majesty, not only appeared in most perfect health but was keen and quick in her interest and appreciation of the services of the colonials, while she displayed intense regret for the loss of morning sun. The work of paying off so many brave men. Her eyes and

Col. Otter stopped to give a man in-Col. Otter was in the saloon. He structions about his noble lorse, how was looking the pink of condition and it was to be placed on the cars for him in this respect. Every man on two horses which he took with him to South Africa, the one he used most, uniform natty, bearing soldierly, and which saw must of the fighting, his other horse dying on the trek.

The Sun ventured to ask about the departure of that portion of the contingent which arrived three months

Col. Otter said that he could find no fault with those who went home. He wanted as many men to stay as possible. Lord Roberts was desirous of this. But under the circumstances, he could not blame any one. He did not endeavor to coerce anyone. The men were left to judge for themselves. Their time was up, situations were at stake, and while he was sorry they could not stay, it was quite proper that they should go.
This was Col. Otter's third cam-

service for anything. The experience of all ranks was extensive. Our losses were thirty-nine killed in action, twenty-eight died of disease, and one was killed accidentally. We had 120 wounded, 350 were invalided, and there were 400 cases of fever. The conduct of the regiment was excellent in every way. It held its own well with the best infantry battalions in the army, and I think it established a first class reputation. There was plenty of competition with other regiments in this, and we always held our own and a little more. The regiment's fighting powers, it is not for me to say these were better than those of others, but that we could clearly hold our own was demonstrated at Paardeberg, where Lord Roberts acknowledged that we had put the finishing stroke to Cronie's forces.'

"What about the Canadians' comradeship with the Gordons?" "Nothing could have been better by one another. This is a great compliment on the part of a regiment whose fame is so well known and who are so exclusive. The Gordon Highlanders—those of Dargai, is the most exclusive regiment in the service. We did not seek this special friendship; it came spontaneous. Lord Roberts was always most congratulatory in speaking of us. After Paardeberg he ordered an inspection that he might particularly compliment us, a special honor. He brought us into Pretoria to take part in the annexation ceremonies as representing Canada. Throughout the whole campaign he evinced the strongest campaign he evinced the strongest possible appreciation of the assistance given by the colonials, and equally his desire to bind them closer to the em-Lord Roberts showed this disposition particularly. He was always fully alive to the importance of drawing the colonies and the empire closer

together. I do not say that others did

termination of the war, Col. Otter said: "When the flat went out that said: "When the flat went out that there must be unconditional surrender, it was a picturesque and impressive sight, when the main portion of the larger, numbering nearly 4,000 men, came out of the trenches and bomb proof pits, they rose suddenly as if out of the earth, threw down their arms and broke into a weird and impressive hymn. I had often heard of their hymns at a distance, but never before so close under such grave conditions."

hymns at a distance, but never before so close under such grave conditions."

Of the Boers as fighters and as men. Co. Otter said physically they were good. The Free Staters he thought were more intelligent and better fighters than the Transvaaler.

At 2.30 o'clock this afternoon, just twelve hours after the Lake Chamtwelve hours after the Lake Champlain's arrival, the military special pulled out from the railway station

Col. Otter said physically they were expressions of satisfaction with the treatment accorded him and his men by the Elder-Dempster line. They had spared no trouble to make the voyage on the Lake Champlain comfortable

OUR BOYS HOME. A special train arrived from Moncton early on Monday incrning, having on board Sergt. Sheldon and Privates Wm. Eite and John McCallum of the R. C. R. I., Fredericton, Private James Howes of Sussex of the 74th regiment, Private Harry Phillips of St. John, of the 62nd Fusiliers, Privates lames Robinson, John Wandlass, Tenant and P. S. Stevenson of Fredericton, of the 71st regiment, Gunner Chas. Wollard of Winnipeg of the Royal Canadian Field Artillery and Private J. M. Burnside of this city, of

the 62nd Fusiliers. Mayor Daniel, ex-Mayor Sears and Ald. Armstrong, along with a number of citizens, chiefly friends of some of the St. John boys, met the train, and the boys were loudly cheered. Coaches were in attendance, and the majority of the returned soldiers were driven to the Dufferin hotel, where the mayor saw that their wants were properly looked after.

Private Phillips' friends took charge of him, and he was taken home, the members of the Harmony club being the leaders in the demonstration in his

Private McCollum of the R. C. R. L. is a St. John boy and resided on Brindley street. Private Percy Fairweather left the train at Rothesay, where his parents

Gunner Wollard of Winnipeg was invalided to England some time, since. He will remain here some days as the guest of his friend, Rev. J. A. Rich-

Private Geo. Stanton of St. John is at Halifax.

Private Chas. Petersen of this city has gone to Quebec. Private Stenvenson of Fredericton enlisted here. He was a clerk in the Bank of Montreal agency at Frederic-

Sergt. Sheldon says he and the other Fredericton men will leave for the cap-

ita' this morning. Mayor Daniel received the following telegram from Truro last evening: "Ever so many thanks for your good wishes and congratulations. We are proud of having earned your good opinion and greatly regret not being able to accept the kind invitation of

citizens of St. John. "COL. OTTER."

NEWSPAPER BURNED OUT...

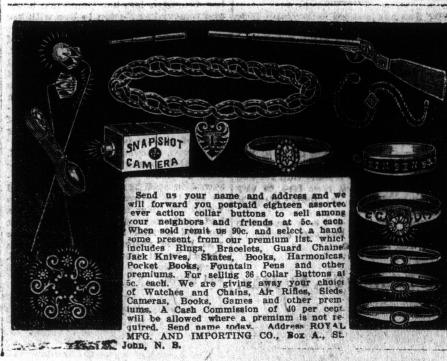
Fire Badly Damages The Halifax Chronicle Building and Plant.

HALIFAX, Dec. 23 .- The Morning Chronicle building was burned this morning, the whole interior of the building being scorchthan the feeling between ourselves and ed and the establishment drenched with the Gordons. We lay next to one an- water. It is a brick building, and the walls other for seven days, and the greatest possible cordiality was established between the two regiments, who swear by one another. This is a great com-

STUCK TO HIS ROLE.

"No," said the actor, who enlisted in the army, when asked to lead a night attack. "No, I cannot do it. I anı a matinee hero."

The traditions of the stage must be observed with rigorous exactitude. not evince the same disposition, but Baltimore American.



ia, Grady, ctor, from

da, Gard-Persia. stol, Lawlle, Green, Parker, for

va. Smith. r Eva, for trs Turcosch Nimsch Fred-

k. ktn Dixon Pearline. sch C J rk Laun-

asted sch

Story Told by a Southern Man of an Importation Before the War.

In Which a Nova Scotian Shipping Man was a Prominent Figure.

The importation of African slaves to the United States was abolished by law early in the nineteenth century, as far back as 1808, but it was not uncommon for cargoes of claves to be smuggled in for many years. The territory of the Southwest, fertile an undeveloped, with an extended unprotecte egast, and rapidly being peopled with piones planters, eager to obtain laborers, was temptation which induced many a bosailor to dare the death penalty for pirace and almost up to the opening of the war between the states an occasional shipload will landed on the southern shores. Capt. Will G. Toomer, president of the Wison & Toomer Pertilizer Company of Hangor, told reporter recently the story of what he believes to have been the last ship the brought negro slaves to North America. Toollowing is Capt. Toomer's narrative:

"I am a native of Meblic, Ale., and w reared in that city, and I was familiar withe history of a schooner that brought slave to Mobile in 1858 or 1853. At the head of centerprise was a Nova Soutan shipmas The territory of the Southwest, fertile and to Mobile in 1858 or 1858. At the head of the enterprise was a Nova Scotian shipmaster and shipbuilder, whose name I do not care to disclose, because he is, I think, still alive. He was well known in Mobile, and people there had confidence in his courage and agacity. He interested with him a firm, the members of which had come from long years before, and who had succeeded in business in Mobile. They owned sawmills and a shipyard some distance down the coast of Mobile Bay. At their yard and under the supervision of the Nova Scotian, the schooner—I don't remember positively her name, but it was, to the best of my recollection, Florinda or Clothilde—was built in the winter of 1868. I was a boy of 16 or 17; the Nova Scotian was a friend of my father, who was interested in shipping, and I know of the ship's construction. My recollection is that she had a tonnage of about 125; she was a trim and strong crant, though unpretentious in appearance, and she was built for speed. The Nova Scotian thoroughly knew his business I was present and saw her launched. "Completed, the schooner was loaded with commodities suitable for trading on the Congo, and I remember that whiskey, calleges, beads, and trinkets of various kinds were included in the cargs.

"The schooner left Mobile, and only those

were included in the carge.

"The schooner left Mobile, and only those who had a financial interest and a few intimate friends (I the shipmaster, among whom was included my father, knew her destination and object. She went to the mouth of the Congo river, in Africa, How long she was gone it is impossible for me long she was gone it is impossible for me to say at this late day, but in due time she

"One morning, before daylight, the Nova Scotian came to my father's house and awoke him. He said that the schooner was watting down the coast, in Mississippi Sound, and that he had landed and walked 30 miles and that he had landed and walked 30 miles to bring the information. My father immediately informed the parties in Mobile who were rathers in the project, among whom were the owners of the shipyard where she was built. They were on the lookout and had made arrangements for her reception. The steamer Czar, used in the cotton freight business, dropped down the bay, and at or mear the point where the schooner had been the 10 mear the 2 sleves worth at least \$1.000. mear the point where the schooner had been built, the \$3 slaves, worth at least \$1,000 each at that time, were transferred to her. The Czar sailed back up the bay, passed Mobile without stopping, and up the Alabama river to a plantation 30 or 40 miles finland, where the slaves were landed. Subsequently they were divided among the ship-owners and sold to the neighboring plant-

"Nearly all of the negroes were young males. There were a few women. I remem-ber them as robust, splendid looking young fellows, if anything superior to the average of our American negroes. I particularly re-member that some, or all of them, bore on their faces marks, tribal marks, I suppose, hattooed or cut in some way.
"I was informed at the time of the landing that the schooner had had a pleasant and

altogether satisfactory voyage from the Congo, without noteworthy incident of any kind. The negress were, without exception, in fine health when they arrived, and not one died on the trip over. They had not been bound and they had comfortable accommendations on the children are decided. modations on the ship—at least they were not subjected to any sort of cruelty or hard-ship. I was told that they were allowed to come on deck and take exercise at times. come on deck and take exercise at times. So far as I could see, they showed no evidences of distress, mental or physical.

"Not long after the landing the war broke out; Alabama seceded, and, of course, I became a confederate soldier. I forgot to say that the schooner, as soon as the slaves had been transferred to the Czar, was fired and burned to the water's edge by her owners. This was to conceal, as far as practicable, every evidence of her history. She had

every evidence of her history. She had syrved her purpose, and it was better to sacrifice her than to run the hazard of getting into trouble on account of her piracy—so her owners probably thought.

"I resume the thread of the story. I saw resume the thread of the story. I saw little of the Africans during the war, though once, when I was at home on furlough, I did see some of them, and they had learned to speak English brokenly. In 1866, the war being ended, I entered the sawmilt business at Mobile, and I had some of these Africans in my employ. I knew them well. They were good wor men, steady and reliable. in my employ. I knew them well. They were good workmen, steady and reliable, better than most negro laborers. Last year I visited Mobile and again saw some of them. Several own their own homes in Mo-bile, and I believe, as a rule, these negroes

are doing well, as compared with the native so-called Afro-Americans.

"Members of the families of the two Maine men at whose place the little Clothilde or Florinda was built are still living in Mobile, and are prosperous citizens of the community.

THE WORST OF ALL. There are bores by scores and by hun-dreds,
And many, no doubt, you recall,
But the fellow who tells how it happened Is the very worst bore of them all.

-Exchange.

PICTURES OF F. M. LORD ROBERTS, GEN'L LORD KITCHENER. MAJOR-GENERAL BADEN-POWELL

A Great Offer to New Subscribers

The Sun has secured magnificent portraits, 18x24 inches, of F. M. Lord Roberts and General Lord Kitchener printed in fifteen colors, and Major-General Baden-Powell in khaki, on coated calendered paper suitable for framing. The pictures are art gems. fit to grace any Canadian home, and are pronounced by military men to be the most life-like portraits of British leaders of the South African cam paign ever placed on the market.

For Seventy-Five Cents Cash in advance, one of these pictures, a war map, and the Semi-Weekly Sun for one year will be mailed post free to any address in Canada. A picture alone is worth one dollar.

Sample portraits are now on public view to the Sun's business offices. Call and see them.

Sun Printing Co., St. John.

THE LEAVES.

have done their duty the summe

But by and by, when the May winds blow And the spring new vesture weaves, in field and garden will bloom again The souls of the autumn leaves.

EX-GOV. WALCOTT

-Youth's Companion.

Yesterd y Afternoon After Several Weeks Illness.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—Former Governor Roger Wolcott died at his home here at 3.40 p. m. today. He had been sick for several weeks with typhoid fever.

Roger Wolcott was born in Boston July 13, 1847, the son of J. Huntington and Cornelia Frothingham-Wolcott. He was a descendant of the Roger Wolcott who was second in command in the expedition of Sir William Pepperell against Cape Breton in 1745, which resulted in the capture of Louis-

Another ancestor was Oliver Wolcott, one of the signers of the declaration of independence. Both of these Wolcotes were governors of Connecticut. One of his ancestors, on his mother's side, was active and prominent during the revolutionary period as a member of the Charlestown committee of safety, and another took part in the Boston tea panty.

Roger Wolcott was educated in Boston private schools and at Harvard university, from which he graduated in the class of '70. In college he ranked high, and wat the choice of his classmates for orator. He was graduated from Harvard law school in 1874 anad was admitted to the Suffolk bar in the same year. He practiced but little, however, his time having been largely occupied by his duties as trustee of various estates and in the management of financial affairs.

Governor Wolcott's public career began in 1877 as a member of the Boston common council, in which he served three years. Then he was elected to the lower house of the legislature, where he served from 1882 to 1884, taking a position amonog the leaders and winning distinction as a hard and trustworthy worker.

He was elected lieutenant-governor in 1893, '94 and '95, and upon the death of Governor Greenhalge became acting governor in 1896. In 1897 he was elected governor, anad in 1898 he was re-elected.

Shortly after the resignation of Gen. William P. Draper as ambassador to Italy in 1899, President' McKinley tendered the post to Mr. Wolcott. The offer was declined on account of the pressure of private business affairs. On Sept. 2, 1874, Mr. Wolcott was married to Miss Edith Prescott, granddaughter of William H. Prescott, the historian, and great-granddaughter of Col. William Prescott, who commanded the provincials at the battle of Bucker H.H. They have four sons and one daughter now living.

SUNBURY CO.

Will Banquet its Returning South Africa Heroes-Recent Deaths.

MAUGERVILLE, Dec. 20 .- An adjourned meeting of those interested in giving a public reception and testimonial to Sergt. Major W. J. Cox met at the spacious residence of Patrick McCloskey on Wednesday night, when substantial progress was made. It had been decided at a previous meeting that the reception be deferred until the arrival home of Walter Venning, who is now en voyage per str. Rosslyn Castle, due to arrive at Halifax on Jan. 5th, when both our heroes will be given a hearty welcome. Representatives of the four river parishes attended last night's meeting. Warden Geo. A. Percy was chosen chairman and C. F. McLean of Burton secretary. Warden Perley, Milnay Gilbert, C. F. Mc-Lean, H. B. Mitchell and Geo. A. Treadwell were appointed an executive and Rev. R. W. Colston treasurer. The collecting committees for the several parishes are: A. R. Miles, H. R. McCloskey, T. E. Bridges, Abram Bridges, C. W. Barker, Ernest Burpee H. S. Miles, C. F. McLean, James Babbitt, Henry Wilmot, Howard True, Murray Glasier. The date will be fixed upon the arrival of Pte. Venning at Halifax.

W. M. Thurrott, who has been travelling in Nova Scotia for the past three months, is home for a few days. Archie Harrison has returned. George Johnson has resigned his charge of the school in district No. 2. • Miss Bertha Hoar of Albert Co. has been engaged by the school board for the next term. Rev. R. W. Colston went to Newcastle, Grand Lake, to officiate at the funeral of Mr. Cox. A. R. Miles

went to St. John yesterday. The friends of T. A. Cox will b pleased to learn that he is now in Victor, Colo., with health much improved. SHEFFIELD, Dec. 19.-Mrs Samuel Courier of Upper Gagotown, whose husband died in Boston a few days ago, and whose mortal remains were brought home and buried, has, with her daughter, left her Gagetown home

and removed to Boston to live with her

son there. Robert Cox, a descendant of an old and respected family on Cox Point, Grand Lake, died very suddenly and unexpectedly yesterday at the home of John McDonald, Newcastle, Queens Co. He just rose up from turning grindstone and died almost immediately. Heart trouble was the cause of his death. Mr. Cox, who was never married, was respectably connencted. Adorcas, beloved daughter of Asa M. Burpee of Lower Burton, died at her father's home last Saturday of consumption aged 22 years. She requested to see her beloved sisters before she would die. Her sisters, some of whom had not been home for years, were sent for and arrived before she died. She was buried yesterday in Pine Grove chapel burial ground. The Rev. I, N. Parker officiated at the house, church

and grave.

half a century the best known agen for the been Shiloh's Cough and Cough and It is a never failing remedy. It has remain strengthened more enfeebled constitutions any other medicine during that long materials. any other medicine during that long period. It is guaranteed to bring these great results—if it fails to do so, the purchase money will be refund-ed in full. Read the opinion of Betsey Forbes, an old lady, whose grand-children owe their When taken in time Cures Croup in a night S. C. Wells Co., Toronto, as follows: Never shall I forget the agony I experienced that night, when little Tommy was taken with the Croup. It was midnight and snewing.

Our house was a mile from the nearest village;

I had no one to send for the doctor. I had given Tom nearly a bottleful of syrup of ipecac, without effect. He was suffocating. Frantic with fear I mulled him cert of hed and as a with fear I pulled him out of bed, and, as ast resource, made him turn round and round

STORY OF "THE HOLY CITY"

is life was saved! With dear old SHILUIT scenes to contend with, for it prevents them," Sold in Canada and United States, 25c., 50e, and \$1. a bottle; in England, 1s 2d, 2s 3d

How it Was Composed by "Stephen Adam" and Sung by Mrs. Florence Maybrick

Few songs of a semi-religious char- succeeded in hitting the popular taste, acter have ever achieved such world- and although his productions could swarms with priests and ecclesiasticwide popularity as "The Holy City." Since Sir Arthur Sullivan's "Lost Chord" captivated the musical world with its simple melody and its sublime orchestration no similar song had sunk so deep in the hearts of the people until the soul-stirring strains of Stephen Adams' masterpiece put it completely in the shade.

in fact, I whirled him until he grew na

and suddenly threw up a quantity of phlegm; his life was saved! With dear old SHILOH

But of the million admirers of "The Holy City" perhaps not one per cent knows that its composer is a brotherin-law of Mrs. Maybrick, an American woman, who was condemned as a murdress and doomed to spend the rest of her life in an English prison. Few who sing or listen to the magnificent melody know that it is the conception of the man who was mainly instrumental in convicting Mrs. Florence Maybrick of the murder of her husband. Few recognize "Stephen Adams' as the man who set the machinery of the law in motion and pushed it forward until the daughter of the Baroness de Roque stood in the shadow of the gallows.

which go to make the most popular elder brother's residence. song of to-day; that she it was who It was aboard this yacht that Michfirst read them from the manuscript copy of the composer, while he him-self accompanied her upon the plane "Stephen Adams," the name which appears on the title page as composer of perhaps two or three hundred songs many of which have attained extra ordinarly popularity, is the nom de plume of Michael Maybrick, a wellknown English baritone singer, who was brother to the Liverpool merchant for whose murder Florence, his American wife, was sentenced to death more than ten years ago, reprieved, and con-

demned to a life of prison labor. Born in Liverpool between fifty and sixty years ago, the brothers Maybrick, while remaining the closest friends, chose entirely different walks in life. The oldest became a merchant, while Michael, the younger, who was a man of magnificent physique and strikingly handsome, studied music in Italy and became, next to Charles Santley, England's most popular baritone singer.

But it was as a composer that Michael Maybrick, under the nom de plume of "Stephen Adams," made most of his income. With his earliest efforts he script copy.

BY THE WATERS OF GALILEE. The wind is low in the oleanders, Softly stiring the rosy sea; Out from a hill a rill meanders Down to the waters of Galilee.

a burning blazon of bine enamels The rainless heaven that arches o'er;
And Druses drowse by their crouching
camels Where meadows dip to the shingly shore Crumbling walls that the hyssop clings to,

Such is Magdala's glory now; And the only ear that the cuckoo sings to Is that of his mate on the carob bough. The columned city that Herod fashioned

That glistened white in the noonday blaze, Naught is left of its past impassioned Save ghosts that wander its squalid ways.

Never a sail nor a galley oaring. The shimmering reaches of liquid calm; Only a watchful vultare soaring. Over the crest of a lonely palm. But still the mountains, violet, vernal,

And the brooding vales where the shep-herds be, And the sun, in its equipoise eternal, Looking down upon Galilee.

And ever, to halo the desert places,
By the spell of the girding silence bound,
The haunting thought of the face of faces,
Of Him through whom this is holy ground ! -Clinton Scollard, in The Century.

WHY KRUGER WENT TO WAR. Ex-President and Dr. Leyds Declare European Powers Gave Them Encouragement.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—A despatch to the Daily News from The Hague says that ex-President Kruger and Dr. Leyds intend to show the world that the invasion of Natal by the Boers was not a foolbardy venture, and the declare appropriate they received from Boers was not a foothardy venture, and will declare encouragement they received from European governments.

The despatch quotes Mr. Kruger as saying: "The truth must be known. It will then be seen that I did not go rashly to

THE PASSION FOR INVESTIGATION. Mamma (in Boston)—We had a great deal f trouble with little Emerson last night. lis nurse told him something about a

Friend-Was he frightened? Mamma—Not at all; but he cried bitterly secause she couldn't show him the buga-

in the second class of musical compositions, the royalties produced by some of them represented little fortunes. "A Warrior Bold" netted Maybrick something like \$15,000, and it is said that he received altogether more than a tenth of a million as royalties for "Nancy Lee," which he composed while riding on the top of a 'bus between the Criterion and Oxford Circus a distance of less than half a mile. Other songs which proved veritable gold mines to "Stephen Adams" were "The Midshipmite" and "The Blue Alsatian Mountains." A private income in addition to the royalites from his songs and the pro-

ceeds of his profitable concert engagements made Michael Maybrick a very wealthy man, and his tastes ran to the possession of a magnificent-appointed yacht. He maintained a fine residence in London, had an establishment at Rhyde, Isle of Wright, the English yachting centre, and was a member of the Royal Victoria Yacht club. For many weeks during the And still fewer know it was the year his yacht used to be anchored in voice of Florence Maybrick that first the Mersey only a short distance from uttered the sweet sequence of sounds his native city of Liverpool and his

City," and it was there that Florence Maybrick first gave voice to its melodious strains.

The popularity of the song was slow to strike the United States and Canada, for it has been a favorite in England since the concert season of 1890 when it was first sung in public by Edward Lloyd, the English tenor, who stood in the same relation to Sims Reeves, recently dead, as did Maybrick to Charles Stanley.

During the two days' trial of Mrs. Maybrick before Justice Stephen, Michael Maybrick was on the stand nearly half the time. Mr. Charles Russell, afterwards Lord Chief Justice Russell, of Killowen, counsel for the defence, sought vainly to shake the damaging testimony of the popular singer.

Could Mrs. Maybrick return to her native land the strains of "The Holy City," heard on every side, might well and to this particular city from all awaken strange recollections of the night when she, as one of a gay party aboard the composer's yacht, first sang it, reading from the original manu-

LITTLE REBECCAH. Frederick Lawrence Knowles.

Here is the sampler—faint and pale
The crewels that were brilliant then,
lut still we read the simple tale:
"Wrought bye Rebeccah aged ten."

Beneath a crown of nature's gold I catch a glimpse of artless grace, The years draw back, and I behold A small, sweet, pensive, flower-like face.

wonder what she dreamt about The while she stitched with patient care, As though the window-pane without The sun slept on the village square.

keep them now-the wool she spun, Her slippers and the bonnet small, ler copy-book, left half undone, The funny harpsichord and all.

And this is something that the folk Of godly heart had thought a sin.

Ah! did it seem a fairy's stroke

When she caressed you, violin?

Well, here's the end. But if you care, We'll wander to the quaint old lot, So small and overgrown and square, Where friends receive, but know us not.

Beneath the mosses hides the date Of seventeen-fifty—yes, 'twas then Just read upon the fallen slate:

FORGET ME NOT. Let me forget that you e'er said One word to me that was unkind.

But let me try to think instead 'Twas but a fancy of my mind. Let me forget you ever cast
On me one cold and chilling frown,
But let me seek while life shall last
To try and live its mem'ry down.

Let me forget you e'er withdrew Your hand in anger from my own, But try to think it was not you Who was to blame, but I alone.

Let me forget that in your breast One thought of ill 'gainst me you And well you know as I 'twere best Could we all live much to forget. TREASON

Anti-Imperialist League had a bad fainting spell the other day.

Egbert-Indeed?

"Yes; he heard his wife was about to appear in an Empire gown."—Yonkers Statesman. Bacon—I understand a member of the inti-Imperialist League had a bad fainting

Bethlehem, Queen Bethlehem, allowed lap and diadem, Kohinoor, it is a star; hands are white as lilles are; Enery Stuart, in Harper's Maga

BETHLEHEM

IN THE HOLY LAND.

Christmas Day As it Now Is In Bethiehem

The Moderenity of Jerusalem-The Seenes of the Nawviry-Incongruous Visi ors in the Sacred Grotto Christmas Night Ricuais.

"All aboard for Jerusalem, Ramleh, Artouf and the tomb of Sampson." The poet Lamartine, writing of the Holy Land in his "Meditations," sixty odd years ago, tells of buying an arsenal of pistols, sabers and other weapons to arm his company against the Greek pirates who infested the archipelago sea and of divers other dangers which made the journey to Jerusalem full of danger and excitement.

Nowadays an uneventful sail on one of the Messageric steamers brings one to Alexandria. Another stop occurs at Port Said, just long enough to take a cocktail served solemnly by a barkeeper in a white cravat, his establishment being in a six story building of iron framework, with nothing in the least oriental about it. Then the next morning your boat is bobbing up and down in sight of Jaffa. The deck not be called scholarly or even placed al travellers, representing all the countries and religions in the civilized world, and some that are not civilized, which puts the sailors in a bad humor, as they believe that priests on board bring bad luck.

Close by the sea at a short distance from the city a railway station stands, a little one, it is true, but genuine. It is a strange experience indeed, riding to Jerusalem behind a puffing and whistling locomotive.

After having passed through fragrant gardens the line opens into a plain famous in Bible history as the garden of Palestine. This was the land of Canaan, the country of the Philistines spreading away under our eyes in the clear oriental atmosphere, bounded in the distance by the vague blue lines of the mountains of Judea. The train rushes onward, and now

the distant points of the mountains of

Judea grow plainer. On the right in the distance a white point marks the tomb of Sampson, and a little further on a second white point, to the left this time, is said to show the place where he was born. Finally one reaches Jerusalem, and in spite of call to mind the memory of Christ's dreams and spiritual exaltation it is sufferings. impossible to deny that the first effect is disappointing. One passes into transept of the basilica and descended Maybrick composed "The Holy the Holy City through streets and avenues which resemble nothing so much as the unattractive thoroughfares which run out of Paris from the St. Ouen quarter. There is nothing in the least oriental about them. Instead of Zion and Golgotha, one sees only red by St. Luke. Then the prelate takes roofs and long new buildings with monotonous lines of windows which silver star, continues the service with look like hospitals and orphan asy-

> Passing outside the wall of Jerusalem one traverses the valley of Gehenna, sees Job's well with its white cupola and then finds himself advancing up the slopes of Mount Zion, which stands to the left. Continuing along the road one passes a Jewish city which was commenced by Sir Moses Montefiore with the idea that it would be inhabited by poor people of the Hebrew faith, and of late years crowds of this persecuted race have been coming to the land of their ancestors parts of the world.

Arrived at Bethlehem one naturally hastens to see the scenes of the Nativity, full of expectation and yet ready to be disappointed. The Mount of Olives, Golgotha, the sacred sepulchre, all were in my eyes spoiled for the want of that exquisite simplicity which had filled my childish visions. Everywere the ardor of the faithful has shown itself in upsetting and improving things in a deplorable man-

Passing through the narrow and crooked street which cuts Bethlehem into two parts one finally reaches the extremity of the burg and finds himself in an oblong square, which in its turn opens into an esplanade paved with stone, here and there showing openings into cisterns which served for hantisms and for ablutions among former generations of Christians. In those days it was the usage to wash before entering the sanctuary.

A curious scene is here on the very border of the place of the Nativity. On one side a burial ground with white tombs, on two other sides rows of bare high walls, like a fortress or a prison. Here and there windows pierce the walls, but no doors. One looks about him mystified, but finally discovers a black hole in and out of which people are passing almost on all fours, so low is it. This is the chief entry to the sanctuary of the Nativity. Having passed through this hole, one finds himself in a large hall divided by four cannonades and surmounted by a roof flanked by heavy beams. People stand about talking and smoking, children play, Turkish soldiers sew up their uniforms, women nurse their infants, fakirs offer oranges, beads and candles for sale, while Greek and Franciscan monks hurry about as if on busines of pressing importance. Formerly, I am told, the Arabs used to stable their sheep here.

But this is not the stable where Jesus was born, and one is some time in discovering it. On the left two Turkish soldiers with rifles are stretched lazily on a bench. One is asleep, the other yawns. In front of them s circular stairway goes down to a door which seems to indicate a crypt. The door passed, one continues the descent by a narrow staircase until he



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comes to two other Turkish soldiers. this time standing up, with guns on the floor, and on the left, lighted by hanging lamps, is the following inscription: "Hic de Virgine Maria, Jesus Christus, Natus Est" (here Jesus Christ was born of the Virgin Mary). We are in the stable.

This discovery is much of a surprise, and one's first movement is for protestation, for the simple reason that nothing at all like a stable is apparent. We are in a grotto for stables.

At night the Christmas service at Bethlehem begins at 10 o'clock with a pentificial mass celebrated at the Franciscan church near the basilica. The richest vestments are worn for the office, these having been presented in the name of the Frencia republic by Marechal MacMahon. This first ceremony is concluded about midnight, and then a long procession with candles in hand moves toward the grotto of the Nativity. First comes the cross bearer, followed by Franciscan monks and members of other religious bodies. The patriarch comes last, and directly behind him, at the head of the laymen, walks the French consul with his attendants.

Only those who precede the patriarch carry candles, but that dignity bears in his hard with infinite precaution a beautiful little child of way which with sweet smile, seems almost on the point of crying out. The divine child rests in a manger on silken cushions rose colored and embroidered with gold. At his feet are cloths of fine lace, and under the cushion stands a straw bed, whose projecting thorns

The cortege, having traversed the in front of the spot where the child Jesus was born. The patriarch places the manger and child in the hands of one of his followers and hegins to chant the story of the Nativity as told the child again and, placing it upon a modifications of the sacred text appropriate to the occasion and the spec ial surroundings. As the prelate says the words which tell how the Holy Mother brought into the world her firstborn Son he takes the child again. wraps it in fine laces and chants:

"And here they wrapped it in clothes." Then he walks to the marble manger and places in it the image of the newborn child, at the same time chanting the words:

"And here they laid it in a mange: because there was no place for them at the inn.'

This service often lasts until two o'clock in the morning and is finished by a "Te Deum" and "God Save the republic." All Bethlehem watches this night, and the people-men, women and children-remain until day breaks with lighted candles in their hands in the neighborhood of the basilica Everywhere one hears cries of joy and breathes the fragrance of incense. The festivities become more and more animated as the hours wear away, and it would be difficult to estimate the quantity of candles and hard boiled eggs which are devoured by the participants during the night.

LONGING.

(From Chambers' Journal.) The green road the clean road; it is so broad and high:

broad and high;
It stretches from the happy sea to touch the happy sky.
Oh! I laughed once to forsake it, but I'm longing now to take it—
The green road, the clean road, that is so hand and high broad and high. The gray street, the gay street; how solemly it shines

The sun imprints his pleasures, but there's pain between the lines.
Oh, I smiled at first to see it, but I'm eager to fee it. The gray street, the gay street, how solomnly it shines! The pure love, the sure love, comes over

me like rain: The tinsel of my heartless love is turning It's my life I have been given, just to make a decent living. It's my all I have been losing just to get a little gain

The nest song, the best song, is crying swift and sweet:
The tune's within my bosom, but the time's not in my feet. Ah! they only sing for pity, do the voices in the city. Did you ever hear a homely song sound happy in the street?

The gray street, the gay street; for me it holds no reest.

Not even when the summer sun is sailing down the west:

And I cannot find my pleasure in a road my sight can measure

From the little room I dwell in with a memory for my guest.

The green road, the clean road; it is so broad and high,
It stretches from the happy sea to touch the happy sky.

Oh, to rise and part with sadness! oh, to move and meet with gladness,
On the green road, the clean road, that is so broad and high! I SHALL DE DETAILS

Following a Caused by Telling Hin truthful, P Maps Con

Says City of To With Corruption Which He Give pared to Prov Court.

(Toronto

The anticipated street, materialize large congregation usual spectacle Methodist church seat and flinging of the pastor, an back the insult he had told only would not retract he counted the not by the churc through the court The episode wa tion, but it was while it lasted. Rev. J. T. Morris W. H. Banfield, a ropolitan church lery called to Mr. and for a mome The remarks of quently applaude of the congrega preacher, who no charges he made stanced another fesance of office one in the city's A SECON

The incident wa the sensation whi E. C. Davenport church, rose in last night and ch made by Rev. Mr. that corruption ex even in such a contract for a dog was at last night no part in the sce spectator. The i field, is the man tags for the city. It was generally Morris would refe before the sermo surprise by bringi reading of the Sci of Matthew. "For what is a ma gain the whole we soul." Mr. Morn "life" instead of what life was. H

acter. In a few remar defend his chara which had occurr day, he declared, between preacher tween a truth and to say that what is not necessary sentence of it." "YOU ARE NO

Here Mr. Banfie straight at the are not stating went on to say was inaudible or tion which follo More than half th up and strained line on all that behind the clock for the interrupto "I am a memb church. I have a

There was mo Mr. Banfield sat o Rev. Mr. Morris ering to keep of Banfield to make platform, and to clear denial. (Apr Mr. Banfeld, himself by saying false statement, Mr. Morris-I as

I have said my sa

Seld.

an investigation; gregation, but before sons. (Applause.) Mr. Banfield ma and Mr. Morris want to say somet city of Toronto is ruption, it is wellpreacher should be quently I want t you could have heard, or seen wh during the past have been contrad tell you some thin told me-a man in cit confidence." "Don't think

am endeavoring t but a man, an city, when the C supplied with linel necessary for its provided, went to interested and said to get you that o pay me for it.' Mr. Morris said informed another Hall, an inspector of business one di his duty, and too a piece of poetry,

place without insi MAKES A D Continuing, th "When the brothe for whom I have says, 'What right refer to these thin

preach the Gospel

himself, and asked

was given, and th

give him 50 cents

eth country as it inscription in



ch has remark d quick wash makes Child's ry it yourself

urkish soldiers. with guns on eft, lighted by following inine Maria, Je-" (here Jesus Virgin Mary).

h of a surprise. it is for proteseason that noole is apparent.

o'clock with a ed at the Franbasilica. The orn for the ofpresented in ca republic by This first cererard the grotto mes the cross nciscan monks eligious bodies st. and directad of the lavh consul with

e the patriarch dignity bears precaution a wax, which, almost on the e divine child ilken cushions oidered with cloths of fine hion stands a ecting thorns ry of Christ's

and descended triarch, stops here the child atriarch places n the hands of nd begins to Nativity as told prelate takes eing it upon a e service with and the spec e prelate says w the Holy he world her the child again. nd chants:

marble man image of the me time chant-

apped it in

t in a manger ace for them at

asts until two and is finished "God Save the m watches this -men, women atil day breaks their hands in the basilica. ries of joy and of incense. The and more anir away, and it ate the quanrd boiled eggs the partici-

ournal.) py sea to touch sake it, but I'm road, that is so

street; how solsures, but there's it, but I'm eager street, how sol-

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song, is crying m, but the time's y, do the voices

osing just to get

mely song sound street; for me it er sun is sailing

dwell in with

in road: it is so

sadness! oh, to lean road, that is

I SHALL DEAL IN DETAILS, EVEN IF TO MY SORROW.

Following a Church Uproar Caused by a Pew-Holder Telling Him He was Untruthful, Pastor Morris Maps Out a Big Contract.

Says City [of Toronto is Inundated With Corruption. Instances of Which He Gives, But Helis Prepared to Prove His Charges in

(Toronto World, 17th.)

The anticipated sensation in New Richmond Methodist church, McCaul street, materialized last night, and a large congregation witnessed the unusual spectacle of a member of the Methodist church rising from a front seat and flinging the lie into the teeth of the pastor, and the pastor hurling back the insult with a statement that he had told only the truth, that he would not retract one word and that he courted the fullest investigation, not by the church management, but through the courts.

The episode was not of long duration, but it was decidedly sensational while it lasted. The preacher was Rev. J. T. Morris, and the interrupter W. H. Banfield, a member of the Metropolitan church. Two men in the gallery called to Mr. Banfield to sit down, and for a moment there was uproar. The remarks of Mr. Morris were frequently applauded and the sympathy of the congregation was with the preacher, who not only reiterated the charges he made last week, but instanced another case of alleged malfesance of office on the part of some one in the city's employ.

A SECOND CHAPTER.

The incident was another chapter of the sensation which was caused when E. C. Davenport, a member of the church, rose in his pew a week ago last night and challenged a statement made by Rev. Mr. Morris to the effect that corruption existed in civic affairs, even in such a small matter as the contract for a dog tag. Mr. Davenport was at last night's service, but took no part in the scene beyond that of a spectator. The interrupter, Mr. Banfield, is the man who makes the dog tags for the city.

It was generally expected that Mr. Morris would refer to the matter just before the sermon, but he sprang a surprise by bringing it on during the reading of the Scripture lesson, which was the latter half of the 16th chapter The 26th verse reads: of Matthew. "For what is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world and lose his own Mr. Morrison used the word instead of "soul," and asked what life was. He said it was char-

acter. defend his character. The trouble which had occurred the previous Sunday, he declared, was not a question between preacher and man, but between a truth and a lie. "And I want to say that what I said is true and it is not necessary for me to retract one sentence of it." (Applause.)

"YOU ARE NOT TELLING THE

TRUTH." Here Mr. Banfield rose and, looking straight at the preacher, said, "You are not stating the truth, sir." He went on to say something else, which was inaudible owing to the commotion which followed his challenge. More than half the congregation stood up and strained forward to get a good line on all that was going on. A man behind the clock in the gallery shouted for the interrupter to take his seat. "I am a member of the Methodist church. I have a right to speak and I have said my say," replied Mr. Ban-

There was more commotion, and Mr. Banfield sat down. Rev. Mr. Morris besought the gathering to keep order and allow Mr. Banfield to make a statement from the platform, and to give the charges a

clear denial. (Applause.) Mr. Banfeld, however, contented himself by saying: "You have made a false statement, and it is contradict-

Mr. Morris-I ask the gentleman for an investigation; not before the congregation, but before the rightful per-

sons. (Applause.) Mr. Banfield made no further reply, and Mr. Morris then continued: "I want to say something else. When the city of Toronto is inundated with corruption, it is well-nigh time that the preacher should be heard, and consequently I want to say this, that, if you could have heard what I have heard, or seen what I have witnessed during the past week, I would not have been contradicted. I want to tell you some things that a gentleman told me-a man in whom I have impli-

cit confidence. "Don't think for a moment that I am endeavoring to get up a sensation, but a man, an ex-alderman of this city, when the City Hall was being supplied with linoleum, and the money necessary for its purchase had been provided, went to one of the parties interested and said, 'I will do my best to get you that contract, if you will

pay me for it." Mr. Morris said further that he was informed another official at the City Hall, an inspector, went into a place of business one day, in the course of his duty, and took out of his pocket a piece of poetry, manufactured by himself, and asked the storekeeper to give him 50 cents for it. This amount was given, and the inspector left the

place without inspecting it.

Continuing, the preacher said: done better to stick to its original pos"When the brother who has risen, and for whom I have the deepest respect, says, 'What right has a preacher to refer to these things? Why don't he preach the Gospel?" I say I feel that, John is worse than none at all.

tion. The government would nave and by rolling over and over, he managed to cover thirteen miles separating him from Gen. Smith Dorien's column, and was cared for by the surgeons. When Metcalf was taken prisoner the Boers took away his 'ine ed acknowledgment now made to St. John is worse than none at all. MAKES A DECLARATION.

in the past, I have been dealing in generalities. In future, and from this moment, I shall deal in details, even

If it is to my sorrow. "I want to refer more particularly to the young men. If character is not ooked up to in connection with our civic affairs, how can we expect young men, surrounded by their influences, to be true and noble? What doth it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his character? Or, what shall a man give in exchange for his character?" (Applause.) Mr. Morris reiterated his desire to

have his charges investigated, and then concluded the reading of the les-

'AM I MY PROTHER'S KEEPER ?" For his sermon Mr. Morris chose as his text: "Am I my brother's keeper ?" He announced that it had been his intention to preach ci "Business integrity," but, under the circumstances he had changed his mind. He would preach on "Integrity in Trade" next Sunday.

While his sermon may not have been intended to bear particularly on the episode during the reading of the Scripture lesson, it at times seemed to apply very well. He claimed that inquisitiveness was a God-given right. provided it was applied in a good cause, and that any citizen had a right to interfere with a fellow-citizen if he was doing wrong, and that, in this sense, every man was his brother's

After the service the World had a chat with Mr. Morris in the vestry. The minister produced a statutory declaration in support of his allegations, but declined for the present to name the deponent. He said he was in possession of considerable further information as to wrong-doing, but would not give details for publication.

EXIT KHAKI. Tommy Will be Dressed in Invisible Tweeds.

LONDON, Dec. 18.-Although the present light-colored khaki will do duty during the continuance of the Cape war, it is not intended that the present texture or color shall serve in the field again.

The present color had been found to tone into the landscape as seen by our eyes trained to limited vision, but to the sight of the veldt-born Boer yellow khaki is detectable coming over the plains at great distances.

The cloth is a close-webbed woollen fabric, grayish-fawn in color, and resembles nothing so much as an ordinary tweed suiting.

It is about the same thickness as khaki, and combines the advantages of the summer drill cloth and winter serge now in use. For the mounted men Bedford cord

breeches of the ordinary pattern, but conforming to the new color, will be A new field cap is also recommended The new headgear serves as an undress cap, but his flaps pull out with

complete sun-protecting sombrero. The Canadians are about to adopt this cap, which has the support of many generals, including "B.-P."

HORSES MAY THANK PRINCE. In a few remarks he said he must Results Which May Follow His Edict Against Docking.

> The Prince of Wales has promised his royal mother that in future the tails of his hacks and coachers shall remain as long as God intended them. For years the cruel custom of docking horses' tails has been inveighed against in this country by the humane, without effect. Societies for the prevention of cruelty to animals have endeavored in vain to stop the practice by moral suasion and by legal pro-

> cedure. What these have failed to do the Prince of Wales may accomplish by a word-for "society" must follow its recognized leader. It seems that his royal highness has not taken the step from any humanitarian motives of his own, but merely at the solicitation of Queen Victoria. However this may be, the result is the same, and the barbarous custom will probably soon fall

> into disuse. It was one of those fads without rhyme or reasca, decreed by fashion. The practice was painful to one of the best servants of man, and it produced permanent discomfort in depriving an animal of its natural protection against tormenting insects. Its only merit was that it was considered "stylish." Could the new generation of horses speak, what a resolution of thanks would be drafted in honor of England's sovereign!-Baltimore News.

BIG FIRE AT TORONTO.

TORONTO, Dec. 21.-The factory of Matthews Bros. & Co., mouldings, picture frames, etc., of this city, was completely destroyed by fire this morning. The blaze was caused by an attempt of some employe to discover the cause of a dripping of varnish from a barrel in the basement with a lighted candle. Seventy men were working in the building at the time, a number of them being on the second floor. The escape of the latter being cut off by flames from below, they jimped from a window into the street, and seventeen men were more or less seriously injured, none, however, it is thought fatally. The property loss is estimated at forty thousand, with insurance twenty thousand. The factory was running at high pressure for the Christmas trade. and the fire at such a tine is an unusually severe blow to the company. Tonight it was stated at the hospital that all the injured are doing well.

SCABBY TREATMENT OF ST.

JOHN.

(Montreal Gazette.) St. John has not been handsomely treated in the matter of the landing of returned troops. Those now coming will be few in number, and the short notice given makes it impossible to arrange adequately for their recep-The government would have

Former After a Conference With Oom Paul Makes an Interesting Statement.

Has Not Given up All-Hope of Securing the Support of the Governments of the Civilized World.

LONDON, Dec. 21.-Wm. T. Stead has just returned from The Hague, where he has had a long conference with Mr. Kruger, and has ascertained at first hand the views of Mr. Kruger and his comsellors as to the present situation and future prospects. Stead has written the following for the Associated Press: "First of all, nothing is decided

about his visit to America at present. President Kruger has not abandoned all hope of securing the support of the governments of the civilized world in his demand for arbitration. Until the last government refuses absolutely to say a word in support of the principles which they solemnly laid down at The Hague conference. Mr. Kruger will not partake in popular demonstrations. It is recognized that if he cared to do so he could shake the continent. The popular enthusiasm for him is unparalleled since Garibaldi's visit to London, but until his diplomatic mission is exhausted an appeal to the people cannot even be taken into consideration. Mr. Kruger is emphatic in disclaiming any desire to involve other nations in war in behalf of the Boers. What he asks is that the governments which at The Hague declared their determination to use their efforts to secure amicable settlement of disputes by means of mediation and arbitration should make a united effort to bring the verdict of the civilized world to

bear on Great Britain. "L'he English," Mr. Kruger said, "are waging this war in South Africa like savages. They are burning homes, destroying dams, cutting trees, devastating fields and creating famine. They are unable to capture De Wet, and they are making prisoners of women and children, who are not treated with ordinary decency. Hundreds of women have been confined in a prisonkraal, near Port Elizabeth, with only one chair, and several of them are ex-

pecting to be mothers." "Mr. Kruger avers that the provisions of The Hague convention and the laws and usages of war are trampled under foot, and he wants to know whether the signatories of this convention have anything to say on the

subject." "The man on horseback at this moment is not Mr. Kruger but President Steyn. He, Delarey and De Wet are masters of the situation. They have plenty of ammunition and replenish their stores continually from the British convoys. They have taken enough Lee-Metford rifles to arm all the burghers now in the field. I cannot put their position better than in the words of one of Mr. Kruger's counsellors:

"'England is our accuser. England is the sole witness against us. England is the judge. England is the executioner, and England hopes to profit by our death. We appealed for arbitration before the war. We are fighting for arbitration today."

"It may interest Americans know that Mr. Kruger's appeal to the civilized world would be received everywhere with unanimous enthusiasm were it not for the deep-noted distrust and jealousy of the dynasties of Hapsburg and Hohenzollern against the president of a republic. If he were a king the courts would have been open everywhere, but the central European monarchies dread the popular enthusiasm excited by the heroic figure of the republican president pleading for justice. This feeling, it is well to note, is not shared by Russia.

"The Boers will not listen to any proposal for a compromise. They are unanimous. Failing independence or arbitration they will prefer to die fighting."

THE CROWELL FORTUNE.

Has Suddenly Dissolved in Thin Air- Return of the Man on Whom the Truro Fam y Relied.

The Sun's Boston correspondent writes as follows concerning a matter that particularly interests those people in the maritime provinces credulous enough to believe that they were heirs to a great estate in the British isles: E. W. Crowell of Somerville, the emssary sent to England to look after the fabulous wealth supposed to be waiting nume ous claimants in New England and the maritime provinces, returned home this week. He did not bring the \$150,000,000 supposed to have been left in the care of the Bank of England by one Elisha Crowell, nor did he bring any part of it. Many are disappointed, as messages were sent to Truro, Nova Scotia, and Somerville, Massachusetts, six weeks ago, indicating that the "fortune" was a

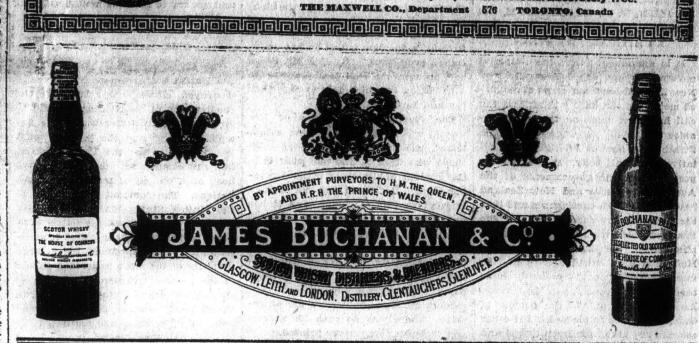
"sure thing." Many of the Crowelis in this state now realize what the Sun's correspondent maintained for two years—that the only "sure thing" about it is that there is no Crowell fortune, and

never was. In fact, one of the members of a prominent family of Crowells on Cape Cod says that as far as he can learn through family history, few, if any persons of that name in New England and the provinces descended from an Englishman named Elisha Crowell.

CRAWLED THIRTEEN MILES.

KINGSTON, Dec. 19.—A letter has been received by J. H. Metcaife, ex-M.P., from his son, Sergt. Fred Metcaife, C.M.R., who was wounded at the battle of Belfast on Nov. 6. He was wounded in the hip, and is ye, quite lame. The bullet has not been extracted. The wound was X-rayed, and it was decided not to have an operation until he arrives home. He is a passenger on the Rosiyn Castle. After Metcaife was wounded he maneged to escape, and by crawling on his hands and knees, for he was unable to walk, and by rolling over and over, he managed to cover thirteen miles separating him from





PASSENGERS HELD UP

In the City of St. John by Intercolonial Railway Incompetency.

(From Saturday's Daily Sun.) There were several very angry men in St. John yesterday from early morning until the night express left the I. C. R. station for United States points. When the facts of the case were explained, they did not blame St. John city, its mayor, its aldermen, or even its policemen. But they carried away the thought that St. John was the place where they were held up when en route to their Christmas home circle. These men were on their way from Nova Scotla and New Brunswick points to the United States. They bought their tickets via the Intercolonial, as the only route to their respective destinations. They reached St. John some hours before the Canadian Pacific express was due to start for Boston, and as occupants of the Pullman sleeping car they were told by the Pullman staff they could remain where they were until the time came for continuing their journey. The passengers accepted this advice, and went to sleep again. They were duly awakened by the Pullman car porter, but to their amazement the car was a long distance from the station-so far away, indeed, that they, being strangers, did not know their whereabouts. The fact was that when the Boston express went out they were sidetracked fully a quarter of a mile to the eastward. The result of the non-connection was a delay from early morning till nightfall

in the city. Last night's Globe offers the following explanation, which, however, does not relieve either the station master or the yard master of responsibility for an interrruption of through passsenger traffic that, taken in connection with recent Intercolonial railway history, points to the most gross incompetency:

It is the custom to leave in the St. John station over night the parlor car that reaches here on the train from the east some time after midnight. Passengers who are going further west are thus enabled to enjoy a good night's sleep and are called in the morning in time to board the west-bound train. morning in time to board the west-bound train. When the train arrived last night it was found there was something wrong with the heating apparatus. As it would not be wise under these circumstances to leave the car in the cold station, it was taken out of the yard to one of the warmer buildings, where the occupants, 9 or 10 passengers, could be made comfortable. The understanding was that it would be taken back to the station this morning in time for the passenstation this morning in time for the passengers to transfer to the Flying Yankee. This was a good arrangement, and if it had been carried out no complaints could have been made, but unfortunately somebody, just who remains to be decided, failed in his duty, the remains to be decided, failed in his duty, the car was not taken back to the station, and the passengers all missed their connections and were compelled to spend the day here. They will go out this evening on the Boston train. The most serious feature of the case is that some were going to visit friends and relatives for Christmas, and will not have below to make their competions. now be able to make their connections. The now be able to make their connections. The parlor car porter aroused the passengers early this morning, and all were dressed and ready to continue their journey, and could easily have walked down the track to the station had it not been that they were told the car would be shunted.

It is understood that some of the passengers will hold the I. C. R. responsible for financial damages. An Intercolonial train official, with an eye to the future, secured from one of the victims yesterday a written statement that he had nothing to do with the delay. Other government employes may have met with equal success, but the bald fact remains that it is possible for a passenger car from Moncton to come into the St. John depot, osten sibly to connect with a train for the United States, and be hauled back towards Rothesay and there sidetracked in the stillness of the night until the American train is miles on its way towards the border.

BETTER THAN PLACER MINING.

(Chatham World.) A Bay du Vin man who was in town Tuesday, paying bills and buying supplies, said he and two others, fishing melts with four nets, had earned and divided among themselves just \$825 this season. They fish at the mouth of Black River, and the other fishermen there have done equally as well in proportion to the number of their nets. Didn't comebody report our smelt fishery a complete failure 'n the St. John

READ THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Workman's Opportunity

THE ELECTRICAL CITY OF CANADA.

Mammoth Premium Catalogue, Containing 36 Valuable Premiums

Sell the Pins, remit us the money, and the prize you select will be sent absolutely free.

Mechanics, laborers, etc., have a splendid opportunity to better their condition by coming to Shawinigan Falls. The enormous amount of cheap water power has induced large manufacturing concerns to locate here, and a number of mills are now being erected. Skilled and unskilled workmen of all kinds are required now. Good wages will be paid and work will be regular and steady. The erection of a large pulp and paper mill, on which work has just commenced, will provide employment for several hundred artisans and laborers for many months to come. On completion many hundred hards will be required to take permanent positions at high wages.

Shawinigan Falis, the Electrical City of Canada, is on the St. Maurice River, twenty-one miles above Three Rivers. It is in the centre of a beautiful country, the climate is exceedingly healthy, and as the town has been laid out on model lines, with all modern city conveniences, it is an

ideal spot in vilich to make your home.

Men who desire to reside here can secure Building Lots at low prices, and on an easy system of payments, Any workman can have home of his own in this growing town where property is constantly increasing it value and where there will always be an abundance of work both for blandlelf and his family. Shawinigan Falls is reached by the Canadian Pacific and Great Northern Railroads.

For particulars and map, apply SHAWINIGAN WATER & POWER COMPANY - Shawinigan Falls, Que.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The provincial government met here | Honey, don't you dah to reckin, Friday afternoon and heard George McAvity and A. Geo. Blair, jr., of the New Brunswick Cold Storage Company, with reference to the establishment of a cold storage warehouse here. The government grant is 4 per cent on 75 per cent of the expenditure made, and these gentlemen asked that the vote be reduced to 3 per cent, and that the guarantee be on the principal and interest, the amount not to exceed \$60,000, the grant not to be more than

75 per cent of the actual cost. No action was taken. In the evening the executive received a delegation from Sussex consisting of S. H. White, John A. Humphreys and Mr. Robinson, who asked for assistance for next year's exhibition. These gentlemen stated that the Sussex exhibition association proposed to acquire more land and to make better provision for the accommodation of cattle, so as to make the show a thoroughly agricultural fair. The mat-

ter will be dealt with later on. A sub-committee, consisting of Hon. Messrs. Dunn, Hill and Farris was appointed to make a thorough invesigation of the coal deposits in Queen county, where the land is largely the property of the province, with a view to the development of the same.

It was decided not to make an exhibit at the Pan-American exhibition at Buffalo on account of the fact that the results are not likely to be commensurate with the expenditure. The space available would not permit of the province making a creditable exhibit in any one place.

The application of the University of New Brunswick for aid to complete the science building, was fully discussed, but no action was taken. A determina.ion will be arrived at when the estimates for the year are under consideration.

CLOSING THE HOLY DOOR.

The Pope, who, despite the persistent wet, keeps wonderfully well, is preparing for the function of closing the Holy Door on Christmas Eve, with the same pomp and ceremony as when he opened it a year ago. The special bricks are white, twice the ordinary size, and have the papal coat-of-arms in bas-relief on one side, and Latin inscriptions on the other, recording the fact that Leo XIII. opened and shut the Holy Door in St. Péter's during the jubilee year 1900.

HOW RUSSIA LOVES US.

Germany has made a mistake, and will rue it, as every one must rue it who enters into negotiations with Great Britain. We fear Germany must make good the mistake for her own sake. It is better to be at war with England than to be her ally.-Rossya, St. Petersburg.

WORTHY CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Kase yo' cash am low.—
Yo' kaints sen' no Chris'mus gifses
Dat am fit to go.
Fo' dah's heaps ob things wuth gibin',
Dough yo' ship done sink,
Dat w'u'd 'pear too awnry triflin',
'Your yo' stream to think',

'Less yo' step to think

Stretch a han' to aid de w'ary Trablin' up Life's slipp'ry mountain, Wid a monst ous load.
S'posin' dat yo' load's too heavy. Den jes' gib a smile. omehow it will ease his bu'den.

Red de house up fo' a neighbor, Bake her pone o' breid,
When her foots lags wid deir achin',
An' a tawmint's in her haid.
Shake de pillow fo' a sick one,
Smoove his spirit, too;
Wid sweet wu'ds oh hope an' comfort;
Dat's whut yo' kin do!

Don't yi' b'lieve whut some will 'sure you:—
"Talkin' ain't no good;"
Why, a dog w'u'd tell yo' betteh,
Et you understood. Dat's de way our Mahster make us,— Souls kin love an' trus',— Show dey's saved by Chris'like fren'ship, When deir shells am dus'!

CHRISTMAS IN OTHER LANDS.

According to the legend, Saint Nicholas the Dutch Santa Claus (or Klaus) and the Holland "Knecht Clobes" are one. In Holland the children set their shoes outside the door Christmas Eve for "Knecht Clobes" to fill. The German, English and American children hang up their stockings, firm in the belief that Kriss Kringle (a corrustion of Christ-kindlein, or Christ-child) or Santa Claus, will fill them with toys and sweets if they are good; otherwise Pelsnichol (literally Nicholas with fur) meaning St Nicholas, will fill them with small switches. The dread of getting the rod from old Peisnichel keeps many a German child in order throughout the year. Just when St. Nicholas became the one to punish children in Germany is not known. The name comes from St. Nicholas, the patron saint of boys, said to have been bishop of Myna, who died in 326. As his birthday occurred just before Christmas he was thus made purveyor of the gifts of the season to all children in Flanders and Holland who put their shoes or stockings outside in the hope that he will fill them. German children, on Christmas eve, look forward to the visit of the Christ-child and Knave Ruprecht, who, closely muffled, come knocking at each door. On entering, they question the parents as to the children's behavior since the last visit, and if the answers are satisfactory, Knave Ruprecht scatters apples and nuts with a lavish hand from a bag he carries on his shoulder. He also leaves a bundle of rods behind in case they should be needed before he calls again; and then, while the children are scrambling for the nuts, he and the

Christ-child disappear.-Chautauquan. The world owes much to its writers, but a great deal more to its cooks.

cents is sent IN ADVANCE Canada or United States for one

SUN PRINTING COMPANY.

ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., DECEMBER 26, 1900

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

It is announced that the imperial government has asked Australia and New Zealand for fresh corps of mounted men. We can hardly think that the call has been made on the other colonies and not on Canada, for the Strathconas now in Africa are but redatively a small body. It is of course possible that the governments of the Australian colonies and New Zealand have offered fresh contingents and that the Canadian government has not. The mounted rifles were ordered from Africa before the latest development. Had they been asked to remain the most of them would probably have been willing to continue in the service. As the matter stands the people of Canada will not be pleased if the other colonies are asked for fresh troops and no call is sent to this country. Our contingents have had more than their share of the fighting and of the losses. but there are thousands of young men in Canada ready if necessary to take the place of those who have come home or are on their way. A year of war has taught Canada as well as England what pain it brings, but time and experience have not diminished the loyalty or devotion of our people. Canadians will not willingly allow themselves to be placed in an inferior position to the Australian colonies in the defence of the empire.

The news of the last two days indicates a critical condition in Cape Colony. The Boer population of that colony is larger than the English population and larger than the Boer population of the two late republics. Recent developments show that the large number of the Cape Colonoy Boers are in hearty sympathy with their compatriots in the Transvaal. They have been holding seditious meetings and their press is openly defiant. The British military authorities are grappling with the situation. Martial law has been proclaimed in Dutch districts, including villages within twenty miles of Cape Town. It remains to be seen whether it is too late. Meanwhile the battle grounds in Cape Colony are the same as those about this time last year. A few more engagements such as that of two days ago in which 2.000 Boers were defeated and 50 are said to have been killed may bring to an end the war in Cape Colony. But if the whole Boer population should break out into rebellion Canadians may expect to take a further share in the defence of the empire.

MR. STEAD AND MR. KRUGER.

Sixteen years ago Mr. Stead was one of the leading journalists in England, and perhaps the most influential of all the writers for the metropolitan press. He had come suddenly into prominence, for in 1880 he was editor of the Echo, a paper published in Darlington. Mr. Morley seems to have discerned the talent of the young man, who was invited to go to London as assistant editor of the Pall Mall Gazette. Three years later Mr. Morley retired and Mr. Stead succeeded to the control of the paper. Under Mr. Stead's management the Pall Mall Cazette lost many of its old friends, but gained much fame. Mr. Stead introduced the modern interview into English journalism. He introduced illustrations. He made a sensation of everything, for even in these days he was nothing if not hysterical. The Pall Mall Gazette was an enthusiastic advocate of imperial federation when that policy was regarded as a fad. It was full of strenuousness and of panic in its demand for a new navy, and made all England afraid to go to bed lest the enemy would be in the country in the morning. An interview of Mr. Stead with the ill-fated Chinese Gordon, and a frequied appeal afterward to Mr. Gladstone and the public is said to have been the moving cause the despatch of General Gordon to his death at Khartoum. One number of the Pall Mall Gazette in 1885 led to the passage of the criminal law amendment act. Mr. Stead insured the sale of this number of the paper by giving notice beforehand that it would deal with certain offences against women and children, and advising purchasers to keep it out of the reach of their young

interest the crowd he began to lose nfluence. He pursued his exposure of the traffic in young girls to the extent of hiring an agent to go to a procuress and obtain a victim, in order to prove that the law was regularly is now one of his prevailing characteristics, Mr. Stead accepted the stateshown in a subsequent criminal prosecution, obtained the girl from her nother's home, and deceived Mr. Stead about it. As a result of this ffair the agent went to the penitentiary with a female accomplice also in Mr. Stead's employ, and Mr. Stead himself served a term of imprison-

rome ruler and an advocate of the Plan of Campaign." Later he went to Russia and had an interview with the Czar, returning to inform the British people that Russia was on the right side in all her controversies with Britain, a doctrine which he has maintained ever since. By 1889 Mr. Stead had brought the Pall Mall Gazette to a condition in which it was expedient

for him to resign. The scheme of the Review of Re views, which Mr. Stead next established, has much to commend it to those who wish to find out what is in the current publications without reading them. Mr. Stead has not written largely for this magazine, and it has not gone so extensively into hysterics as might otherwise have been expected. Less success attended another plan devised by Mr. Stead, who proposed to establish a popular daily naner with several hundred thousand readers all stock holders in the enterprise. There was no rush for shares and the paper was never printed.

Some eight or ten years ago Mr. Stead developed a new eccentricity. He became a spiritualist according to a school of his own. His familian spirit he called Julia, and she kindly informed Mr. Stead of many things not otherwise ascertainable. She gave him opportunity to converse with the absent and the dead and was not less instructive and coherent than the spirits to which the fifty cent professional mediums introduce their dupes. Perhaps Julia is anti-British. Through some influence or aptitude Mr. Stead has during the last ten years found his country wrong in all her disagreements with foreign powers. The sure passport to the favor of Mr. Stead is to be an enemy of the British empire. Russia at the gates of India was his favorite, except during the period vhen the United States the Venezuela boundary.

But these friendships and admira

tions of Mr. Stead have given way before his enthusiasm for Mr. Kruger, whom Mr. Stead has just visited and comforted with his approbation. Many Boer children are now fatherless and many homes have been wrecked beheld out to Mr. Kruger the hope of ultimate success, the assurance of international assistance. the encouragement that the people of Great Britain were in sympathy with England's foes. It is not surprising that Mr. Stead comes back from The Hague fully accepting and ready to endorse the statements of that Pharisaical old apostle of mendacity and corruption. The charges of brutality to children. of criminality toward captured women, of disregard for the rules of civilized warfare, are made by an enemy of England, and the accused are British soldiers. That is enough to commend the accusations to Mr. Stead, chief who issued a declaration of war against Britain, and invaded British territory at the same time; who raided, occupied and annexed district after district in two British colonies; who stirred up the residents of Cape Colony to rebellion, and armed the rebels against their sovereign; who besieged and assaulted every British town within reach; who has sought by intrigue with every European capital to organize an alliance to crush the British empire, now talks about arbitration and The Hague convention. The Hague convention did not propose arbitration as a method of ending a war, but only as a substitute fon war. Mr. Stead of course agrees with Kruger, that the latter is privileged to try war first and ask for arbitration afterward.

HOW NOT TO DO IT.

Ten days ago the people of St. John were informed that Mr. Blair was bringing the Lake Champlain with the troops to St. John, and the minister was highly commended by his own organs for the performance. Yesterday the citizens were informed that the troops were to be landed at Halifax. Meanwhile two meetings of citizens have been held at a rather busy time. The city council has held a special meeting. A large committee of busy men has been meeting every day for a week. A contract has been made for the soldier's dinner, and one for the printing of the cards for the menu that will never happen. The mayor has been urged to try to have the

by one government agent that the A Reception to Actors, Actresse men would be delighted to come St. John, and has been inform tunately the mayor and citizens have kept their heads in spite of the conflicting advice and suggestions from acents-general, ministers, deputy ministers and their friends. They have neither begged that the troops should be brought here nor suggested that they be sent some where else. Who ever is to blame for the comedy of er rors the mayor and citizens of St. John have kept out of the gap. If the troops had come to St. John they would have had a rousing@reception but no one in this town desired to keep them away from their families or Christmas day. Now let us hope that the department of militia will sober up and not try to land the next contingent in two ports at once,

THE LATE TREATY.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty white the United States senate has virtually destroyed, offered a fair basis for the construction of the Nicaragua canal as an international water-way. The financial interest and the profits would have belonged to the United States. but the commercial use would have been open on equal terms to all the nations. The compact was so fair to the United States that the secretary of state, and no doubt his fellow ministers and the president, found it satisfactory. It is approved by a large majority of the more important papers in the greater commercial centres of the United States. But the senate, in which small states have the same voice as large ones, has mutilated the treaty, and there is no prospect of its acceptance in the present form by Great Britain. The action of the United States senate will not be likely to make much impression in Great Britain. Britain did not open negotiations, and is not troubled about their failure The canal promoters are United States subjects whom the Clayton-Bulwer treaty does not satisfy. The Hay-Pauncefote treaty was negotiated in the interest of the canal enterprise and now that both countries are likely to be thrown back, on the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, the old obstacle stands once more in the way.

THE LIBERAL ORGANIZER AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS. 2

Mention was made in the despatches some days ago of a circular letter sent out by George W. Dawson, ex-M. P. now organizer of the Eastern Ontario Liberal Association. In November a conservative contributor to the Mail and Empire, writing over a nom de plume, advised his conservative readers to vote for conservative municipal representatives. It was an open and public letter, which could be taken for what it was worth. That is the "tory scheme to defeat Premier Ross," which is mentioned in the first paragraph of Organizer Dawson's "private and confidential" circular. Following is the text of Mr. Dawson's appeal:

Eastern Ontario Liberal Association. OTTAWA, Ont., December 4, 1900. Dear Sir-I am sending you for distribution in your riding 100 circulars describing tory schemes to defeat Premier

our efforts in the eastern district are badly handicapped by the fact that the municipal councils are now and long have peen largely in the hands of the tories. In have reports from 161 municipalities. In

Of the reeves, 111 are tories and 50 are lib-Of the councillors 426 are tories and 265 Of the clerks, 104 are tories and 57 are Of the assessors, 100 are tories and 65 are beral.

This should not be allowed. Every effort should be made to prevent tories from con-trolling the councils. There is only one way to do it: Elect liberal reeves and coun-

llors not tory! Hoping this will be done in January next, I am, ever, yours faithfully, (Signed) GEORGE W. DAWSON: ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY.

The opportunity afforded for Canadians to volunteer for service in Baden-Powell's corps will, no doubt, be found attractive to many. The war is no longer a novelty, and those who now volunteer do so with the knowledge of all that such service means. We need not expect the same expressions of enthusiasm as were heard last year at this time, but it will be a surprise to the Sun if the 1,000 men mentioned in the despatch as forming a corps are not soon found

QUITE SO.

(Chicago Times-Herald.) A Chicago preacher says if he were a girl he would swing Indian clubs and dumb-bells and play golf and tennis This is all very well, but he adds that he would be willing to wash dishes, which, of course, shows that he doesn't fully understand the subject,

Xmas Vacation Will Begin Dec. 29

Classes will re open Jan. 2nd with increased accommodation, the largest attendance, the best facilities and brighest prospects we have ever had in our 33 years ex perience in college work. Come early to secure accomodation. Business and Shorthand Circulars sent to any address.



30/23/01/1

and Ministers.

Conferences on Ritualism—Claims Fortune-Personal and Other Items.

(From our own Correspondent.) BOSTON, D.c. 20 .- The holiday seaon is monopolizing the attention of everybody this week; the retail trade continues to flourish and the Christnas shopper is everywhere. On account of the rush, the theatres have not been as well attended as usual, but, nevertheless, a new play house was opened to the public this week. The new theatre will be known as the Colonial, and is under the management of the well known firm of Harris, Rich and Churles Frohman. The Colonial theatre was erected on the site of the old public library on Belyea street, lear Tremont, at an expense of a million or more. It is one of the most elegant and comfortable amusemen houses in the country. It is expected to draw its patronage largely from the smart set and from persons who are able to pay good, stiff prices. The first play put on was the dramatization of Gen. Lew Wallace's Ben-Hur. There are now ten theatres in the city, not including a number of third rate

vaudeville houses. In view of the controversy over the theatre in St. John, it might be of interest to mention a reception given at the Castle Square theatre here or Tuesday by the Boston chapter of the Actors' Church Alliance to a large number of actors, actresses and minsters. Mrs. Henry M. Whitney, wife of the Cape Breton coal and iron magnate; Mrs. Margaret Deland, Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton and a number of others not connected with the stage were present. Among those who spoke were Rev. H. M. Torbert, rector of St. Stephen's church of Boston; and Rev. Walter E. Bentley, secretary of the Actors' Church Alliance of America. of which Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, Episcopal bishop of New York city is president. Rev. Mr. Bentley is assistant rector of All Souls' church, New York. Among the objects of the al-The prevention of performances on Sunday and the improvement of the moral tone of the stage. One of the questions which will be brough, before the triennial convention of the Protestant Episcopal church at San Francisco next year is a change of name. There is a strong belief that the word "Protestant" will be dropped as quite a percentage of the church leaders thing the word is useless and meaningless in the title, and that it is one sometimes difficult to reconcile with the term "Holy Catholic" of the creed. Furthermore, it is pointed out that the church is generally known as the Episcopal church, and that it would be well to follow the example of the organization known as the Episcopal Church of Scotland, and call the Anglican body in this country the Epis-

the United States The Duke of Newcastle, the leader of the ritualistic wing of the Church of England, arrived in the country this week. He will have occasional conferences with the bishop of Fond du Lac and other leaders of this faction in both countries, the publication of church periodicals and other matters. The ritualists have had no clash of consequence with the broad church dignitaries until recently, when a dispute arose over the ritual and vestments used by the bishop of Fond du Lac in the consecration of a coadjutor bishop. The bishop, who formerly was a Boston rector, was charged with introducing certain rites not sanctioned by the prayer book rubrics but he declared he followed the book of Common Prayer : hroughout. There is little question but that the high churchmen are gaining influence steadily in the affairs of the Episcopal

church in the United States. The Maine State Grange, Patrons of Industry, now in session at Lewiston. is devoting much of its time to a discussion of over-taxation in round terms, and a complete revision of the tax law was advocated. In the matter of fire insurance, another vigorous protest was raised, it being claimed that the rates on farm buildings were much higher than those on any other class of property. As there are many patrons in the state legislature, the taxation and insurance issues will be threshed out in that body this winter. Another grievance the farmers of Maine have is against the fee system by which some of the county officers are said to be able to make two or three times as much as their services are worth, in attending to public matters. In same sections of the state the farmers have organized in an effort to systematically bring about a curtailment of a steadily increasing drain

upon their resources. The provincial counterfeiting case the participants in which are serving time in the penitentiary at Dorchester and in the Massachusetts state prison, were recalled yesterday when the United States circuit court of appeals affirmed the judgment of the district court, sent encing Porter N. Bliss to the East Cambridge jail for 18 months. Bliss was mixed up with the Davises and Angus Chisholm, Nova Scotans, in the plot to circulate counterfeit Dominion of Canada \$2 notes in

the provinces

Alick G. Lepage of Leominster claims he is heir to a large portion of \$5,000,-000, which, he says, has been in a bank in Canada nearly a century. A lawyer is looking into the matter. The case is no less than a revival of the old Three Rivers, Quebec cluim. Certain people have long maintained that their ancestors were granted 3000 acres by the government, and that this land is the site of Three Rivers, a Quebec town of 20,000 people. It is further said that the property was selzed by squatters, and that damage suits resulted in a large sum of money being awarded to the original holders or their heirs, years ago. It is part of this alleged fund that Lepage lays claim to. Josephine Hardwick, a native of Port Hawkesbury, N. S., died here recently and the body was sent to her former home for interment. The womant at one time was handsome and wealthy, and maintained a luxurious

FOOD MEDICINE

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil is equally food and medi-

A little of it sets the stomach at work on some easy foodthat is medicine.

How does it "set the stomach at work?" By making strength: by creating strength: by turning the oil into body and life

-that is food. We'll send you a little to try, if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,

establishment here, but when health and beauty departed, practically all or her influential friends deserted her When she died they did not even take the trouble to accompany the body to the Halifax boat. This Christmas, instead of the usual package of gifts, her folks in Port Hawkesbury will re-

John B. Fitzpatrick, formerly of P E. I., died in Cambridgeport Dec. 17. A. L. Waring, of St. John; S. C. Baker, Yarmouth; G. A. Masters, Kentville; W. C. Tennant, Amherst. and E. Duman, of Halifax, were in the city recently.

The big schooner Carlotta, of St. John, which was sunk on Wednesday off Gloucester, was as familiar in this vicinity as in the Petitcodiac River. The scene of the wreck is not far from Norman's Woe, made famous by Longfellow in "The Wreck of the Hesperus. The Carlotta, for several years, was commanded by Capt. Joseph Reed, of Hopewell Cape, and at one time was owned by the late Geo. F. Baird, of St. John. It is said there is a chance

of saving the vessel, providing no rough weather damages her further. The dem and for spruce lumber has diminished. There is some call for frames at \$16 @ 17, with 10 and 12 inch dimensions offering at \$18. Merchantable boards are held at \$17 @ 17.50; out boards, \$12.50; Eastern hemlock stock boards at \$14.50 @ 15.50, and random nemlock at \$13.50 @ 14.50. In New York laths are firmer and prices there are much better than they are in Boston. Here 1 5-8 in. laths are worth \$2.80 @ 2.85; and 11-2 \$2.60 @ 2.70. Cedar shingles are firmer at \$2.85 @ 2.90, for extra, and \$2.50 @ 2.60 for clear. The fish market is stagnant just now and until the New Year, Live lobsters are very scarce and firm, and have gone up to 20 cents. New Brunswick smelts are in fair demand at 10c @ 14c.

HOPEWELL HILL.

Movements of People More or Less

HOPEWELL HILL, Dec. 21.-Mr. and Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson and family left by this morning's train for Salisbury, where they will reside, Mr. Lawson having been appointed to the principalship of the superior school there. Mrs. Elizabeth Cleveland has gone to Petitcodiac to spend the winter with her niece, Mrs. Dr. McDonald. Miss Janie Peck has returned from Annapolis, N. S., where she has been visiting

Job Stiles, who recently secured a lumber site at Chemical Road, expects to cut a million feet. The Hicks steam mill is sawing for him.

Miss Edna M. West visited St. John this week. A. B. Bray of the Albert House has returned from St. John, where he has been attending the Currie Business college. Luke McAllister. sr., who has been visiting here, leaves in the morning for Minneapolis to reside with his daughter. Mr. McAllister who, though somewhat feeble, is hearty and well, will celebrate his 90th birthday while en route to his western home, as he will have reached the four score and ten on the coming Christmas eve.

Geo. W. Newcomb, merchant, has bought the farm of Michael Keiver at Chester, A. Co. Mr. Keiver will continue to occupy the property for the present.

Chester Graham of Curryville, while working in the woods a day or two ago, accidentally struck the blade of his axe completely through one of his feet, making a very severe wound. Miss Mary E. Bacon is confined to her bed with chronic bronchitis. Dr. Carnwath is in attendance.

COUNTESS SECURES A DIVORCE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22 .- A decree of absolute divorce has been granted to Countess Marie Pieri by Justice Lawrence of the supreme court from Count Pompea Luciano Marie Pieri by Justice Lawrence of the supreme court from Count Pompea Luciano Pieri. The Countess is an American girl. She was Miss Marie Schroeder, a daughter of the late H. C. J. Schroeder, a wealthy resident of this city. Miss Schroeder and the Count were married in Rome in 1894. The separated in Paris last April, and the Countess returned to this country immediately and began the proceedings which reliately and began the proceedings which resulted in a decree of divorce.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Dec. 22.-On the last day of December the Anglo-French modus vivendi respecting the Newfoundland treaty coast expires, and this, it is expected, will create serious complications between these two powers. It is highly unlikely that the Newfoundland legislature will consent to renew the present arrangements, in which case grave friction will probably ensue unless England makes another arrangement with France. The colony's position, however is so strong with the British public that such arrangement must be decidedly

SERIOUS STRIKE AT GENOA.

ROME, Dec. 22.-The strike at Genoa begins to look grave. The strikers have declined the propositions made to them and have decided to continue the strike. Troops have been sent to Genoa. Vessels are unable to leave that port, and it is feared the electridians and gas men will join in the movement, leaving the city in total

READ THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

OTTAWA.

Imperial Government Will Take Any Number of Canadians for B. P.'s Mounted Police

f One Thousand Can be Enrolled Twenty five Commissions Will be Given

to Canadian Officers.

(Special to the Sun.) OTTAWA, Dec. 23.—A despatch from the colonial secretary states that the imperial government will accept un-der conditions laid down, any number of Canadians who offer for service in the South African Mounted Police. commanded by Col. Badel-Powell. If 1,000 Canadians can be enrolled in the force, ten commissions as captains, and fifteen commissions as fleutenants, will be given to officers of the Canada militia to serve under Baden-Powell. The British government will furnish transportation and rations to South Africa, and the men will be remunerated at the rate of five shillings per day from the day they land at the Cape: Officers will receive the pay of their respective rank.

Canadians anxious to join the S. A police must be single men in sound bodily health, and able to shoot and The feriod of service is five ride. years. Full particulars of the offer of the imperial government will be announced in a day or two, as soon as points at which enlisting will take place have been decided upon.

Canadians of adventurous disposition and who are anxious to see something of life in South Africa will shortly have the opportunity offered to them. The British government has formed the very highest opinion of the fighting qualities of the men of the dominion. The Royal Canadians fought and worked side by side with the picked regiments of the British army, while the Dragoons, Mounted Rifles and Artillery have shown their qualities in many parts of the field. More especially has the war demonstrated to the home government that Canada can furnish irregular cavalry better adapted for such work under the peculiar conditions existing in South Africa than those procurable elsewhere in the empire. This is the principal reason for the offer just received by the dominion government

A rumor was current here today that the government had decided to follow the lead of New Zealand and offer the services of another mounted contingent, but the report turns out to be foundationless

TWO HOMELESS WANDERERS.

At the police station Saturday there were two homeless wanderers, both of whom had to be looked after by the police. One of them applied in person for protection and he was in a sorry plight, Laving tramped from St. Stephen, according to his own statements. and having his right foot terribly frost bitten. The other was a regular mystery, and was certainly a most unique specimen of the weary raggles. He was found in the woods near Bayswater and was unable to give an account of himself, or tell where he belonged or where he was going. He looked healthy and evidently was not suffering for want of food, but his clothing was a mass of tatters and terribly dirty. In fact, the poor fellow looked like a bunch of old rags. He looks like a Russian Slav, or a Finn, and is certainly a foreigner, for he cannot speak English, and only grunts and shrugs his shoulders when questioned. Some residents of Bayswater brought him to the city Friday and delivered him to the police, who are somewhat puzzled to know what to do with such a curicus specimen of humanity. The tramp with the frozen foot is a Swiss, who, however, can speak English. He says his name is Albert Smith. He was sent to the alms house

WHY HE WANTED TO KNOW.

Little Boy-The ink that papa writes with isn't very black, is it? Mother-No, it's been watered a good deal.

"I'm glad of that." "Why?"

"I've spilt it all over the carpet."

IN THE HARNESS.

"I suppose you will be glad to get in the harness again?" said the friend. "I wish you wouldn't use that phrase," answered the sensitive member of Congress. "It sounds too much as if I were depending on a pull."-Washington Star.

THE FRUITS Of Coffee Drinking.

"The fruits or results, in my case of coffee drinking, were sallow complexion, almost total loss of appetite, as well as sleeplessness and sluggish circulation.

"I was also very bilious and constipated most of the time for eight years, and became so nervous that I was unable to do any mental labor and was fast approaching a condition where there would have been no help for me. "I am convinced that if I had continued using coffee much longer the

result would have been a total mental and physical wreck. "I sometimes think the all-wise pro-

vidence looks after us in trouble, at any rate, when I was in despair a firiend urged me to give up coffee entirely and use Postum, giving the reasons why. It was hard for me to believe that so common a beverage as coffee was the cause of my trouble, but I made the change, and from the first trial experienced a benefit and improvement. My complexion was improved, the nervousness gone, as well as the bilious trouble and sleeplessness, and I am completely cured of sluggish circulation. In fact, I am well, and the return to health has been directly traced to leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee. I recommend Postum to all coffee wrecks without a single reservation."-James D. Kimball, Isabella street, Northampton, Mass

Recent Around

Together Wi from Corr

When ordering WEEKLY SUN the NAME of which the paper it sent. Remember! Office must be ensura prompt request THE SUN F

WEEKLY SUN, ation of all par Maritime Prov please make a Bentley's Lin strains, bruises.

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Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

When ordering the address of your VEEKLY SUN to be changed, send he NAME of the POST OFFICE to which the paper is going as well as hat of the office to which you wish ient.
iemember! The NAME of the Post les must be sent in all cases to sure prompt compliance with your THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, Issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces. Advertisers. please make a note of this.

Bentley's Linkment is excellent for strains, bruises, chafes, etc. on horses. Richard B. Bennott of Calgary, a New Brunswick boy, who is doing well in the west, is at the Royal.

T. A. Wakeling left on Friday afternoon last for Salt Lake City, Utah, on receipt of a telegram announcing the serious illness of his wife.

Sch. Southern Cross, now at this port

with a cargo of coal, gets \$1.50 on coal from Parrsboro to Westport. This is good business The live lobster export business

from Yarmouth to Boston is assuming large proportions. On one trip last week the steamer Boston took 754 cases.

Friday of Robert Roberts, one of the best known and highly respected citizens of the north end. Deceased who was 67 years of age, has for some years been prominently connected with wharf building, owning and operating a number of spile drivers.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Carpenter, of Johnston, Queens Co., will celebrate their golden wedding on January 9th. They were married at Clifton, Kings County in 1851. Of their children only one son survives. Mr. Carpenter is 77 years old, and Mrs. Carpenter 72. They are enjoying fairly good health.

George Wilson, son of Francis Wilson of Narrows, Queens county, has been appointed to a position on the postal staff at Ottawa. Mr. Wilson was active in government interests last election, and his appointment satisfies a host of relatives. For some years he had been driving the mails in that section of country.

D. P. Kent of Sussex was heard before the government at Fredericton Thursday morning regarding a longstanding claim of his for \$600 for extra work in sinking the artesian well at the Provincial Lunatic Asylum. A compromise was effected, the government agreeing to give Mr. Kent about \$500 in full for the amount claimed.

Aitken was a daughter of Caroline and the late Alexander Hunter of Kincardine, N. B. Mrs. Aitken left two young children. The deceased lady was a sister of Wm. Hunter of Queen street, with whom Mrs. Alex. Hunter now re-

The remains of Mrs. Eleanor Mc-Lean, whose death occurred at her home. Forest street, on Thursday evening, were taken to Pisarinco Saturday morning for interment, a funeral service having been held at the house on Friday. Mrs. McLean was in the seventieth year of her age. She leaves two children-Wm. McLean, of the I. C. R., and Mrs. A. B. Smith of Hamp-

To cure a headache in ten minutes use Kumfort Headache Powders.

GRADUATED.

Miss Nellie Roderick of this city and Miss Belle Hodsmyth of St. Martins passed the examinations in shorthand at the Currie Business University this week and secured diplomas.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Young of Lunenburg, N. S., celebrated their wedding day on December 12, having been married 68 years. They are both in the enjeyment of good health. Mr. Young is 91 years of age, and Mrs. Young 86. They brought up a family of eighteen

WINTER

wonderfully Low Prices.

WELSFORD NEWS.

Court Welsford, I. O. F., intend having their annual supper and dance in Victoria hall on New Year's night. The usual good time may be expected.

The following officers were elected by Court Weloford, I. O. F., on Tuesday, 18th inst.: C. R., C. W. Woods; P. C. R., T. A. Stevenson; V. C. R., P. E. McKenzie; Rec. Sec., W.S. Harding; F. S., Wm. Howe; Treas., M. O. Mc-Kenzie; Chap., Joseph A. Fowler; S. W., M. R. McKenzie; J. W., William McKee; S. B., Frank Howe; J. B., Alex. McDonald; trustees, R N. Johnston and J. W. Woods; Fin. and Audit Com., M. R. McKenzie and H. W. Woods.

AT GOLDEN GROVE. The Sabbath school of Golden Grove held a very interesting entertainment in the school house at that place on Thursday evening, Dec. 20. The room had been decorated with evergreens and flags by the pupils of the school; the teachers had provided a Christmas tree with presents, oranges and candy, and the whole presented a very pleasing appearance. A number of the parents and friends of the children vere present. The chair was occupied by John McFate. After a program consisting of recitations and Christ-mus carols by the scholars, refresh-ments were served by the ladies. The presents were then taken off the tree by John McFate and Charlie Madill and distributed among the pupils. Prizes were awarded for perfect attendance to Walter McFate, Stella Boyle and Edith McFate, and for good attendance to Mabel G. Wright, Ira T. Boyle and Georgie McBrine. The entertainment was brought to a close by

singing God Save the Queen.

A ST. JOHN BOY'S TRAVELS. William Connell, son of David Connell, the Waterloo street livery stable man, is at present in Dawson City, Alaska. He left Cape Nome, the new gold fields, on Sept. 10th, and while steaming up the Yukon river the boat The death occurred quite suddenly, was frozen in solid, so that her passengers had to walk 270 miles. The tramp was an arduous one. "Billy' writes that he will spend the winter in Los Angeles, California, owing to illhealth. This means a walk of four hundred miles until White Horse Rapids are reached, where the railway is taken for Skagway, then proceeding by steamer to Seattle. He has met several St. John boys, who appear to be doing well.—Star.

SUING FOR \$7,200 DAMAGES.

An interesting case is being argued before the full bench in the Nova Scotia supreme court. The plaintiff is Jessie C. Smith of Truro, and she is suing for \$7,200 damages for injury received while on a C. P. R. train. She was in an upper berth in the sleeping car, and she claims she was thrown out by a sudden jobt of the car. The case was tried by the chief justice, who withdrew it from a jury and gave judgment for the defendant, the C P. R. Company. The plaintiff appealed from that decision.

REV. DR. WILSON.

Rev. Dr. Wilson has been kindly remembered in financial form by his Millidgeville friends, the presentation being made on their behalf, together with their good wishes, by Miss Mc-Clusk zy.

Dr. Wilson has received and accept-The death is announced in this ed a unanimous invitation from the ofmorning's paper of Mrs. John Aitken, ficial board of Zion church to remain at Gilman, Eagle City, Colorado. Mrs. in charge for the conference year 1901-1902.

> It is definitely announced that the Rev. H. Irvine Lynds has accepted the call to the rectorship of St. George, Charlotte county, and that he will enter upon his new charge with the New Year. Mr. Lynds has won nothing but good will and esteem from all classes in this community during his year's labors, and he will be greatly missed in many circles of influence. His new field is a most inviting one. forming one of the most important and desirable Anglican centres outside our large cities, and as he is said to be the unanimous choice of the corporation where there were twenty-five applications, of whom he was not one, his lot appears to be a most happy one. His many friends in Hampton and its neighborhood will always hear of his welfare with pleasure.-Sussex Record.

> > A RUSSIAN OPINION

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 22 .- The Novosti, discussing the Nicaragua canal, says: "England is evidently incapable of opposing the United States, the fact being that America is rising proportionately as England is losing prestige."

His Honor Judge Forbes will go to Hillsboro on the 27th to install the officers of the Masonic lodges of Albert.

WINTER

MONCTON.

Concessions Asked for a Big Industry-The Water Supply-School Closing.

MONCTON, Dec. 23.—At yesterday's meeting of the city council a letter was read from D. I. Welch asking what concessions the city would grant to a new industry of over \$100,000 capital and employing one hundred and twenty-five persons. The communication was referred to committee of the whole, and will doubtless come up for consideration at the public meeting of electors to consider exemption matters generally on Fri-

day evening next. The water and light departme finds that it is unable to continue the arrangement made at the time the works were taken over by the city to supply all lights and hydrants for a fixed sum of \$7,000 a year. The numconsiderably increased, and it is now proposed to charge a straight price of \$65 a year for 1,200 c. p. lights and \$95

for 2,000 c. p. lights. At the high school closing on Friday Mr. Mills, who goes to Fredericton at the first of the year, was presented with a set of gold cuff links by his pupils, a set of Shakespeare by the faculty, and a handsomely bound volume of Goethe's Faust by the Greek class. Mr. Mills was also the recipient of very flattering addresses from the faculty and pupils. Miss Smith teacher of one of the primary grades, was presented with a handsome set of writing materials.

JOHN B. QUILTY DEAD.

The death is announced, at his residence, St. George street, Carleton, Sunday morning, of John B. Quilty, & well known resident, who has for over twenty years carried on a provision business on the west side. Mr. Quilty leaves a wife and seven children surviving him. The children are John J., of Chicago; William E., of Lancaster; Richard A., of Boston; Bernard, of this city; Margaret, the wife of John A. Gillies of Halifax; Susan, the wife of Frank L. Ewan of Carleton, and Elizabeth, who resided at home. Two children predeceased him. Frank, who died many years ago, and Charles, who was killed while railroading in Chicago, about two years ago.

The deceased gentleman was born at. the Golden Ball corner, 72 years ago and for fifty years has resided in Carleton. He was originally a ship carpenter and later on took charge of machines in some of the west side mills, running them by contract. This occupation he followed until he gave it up to go into a general meat and provision business, which he conducted very successfully. He was widely known and respected, and his large and affectionate family circle will have deep and widespread sympathy in their loss.

DEATH AT MELROSE.

A well known resident of the parish of Botsford passed away last evening in the person of Mr. Sweeney, father of Frank J. Sweeny, the well known barrister of this city. Mr. Sweeney lived at Melrose and was among the oldest residents of that place. A widow and a grown up family survive him. Mrs. Mahoney, wife of Warden Mahoney, Melrose, is a daughter of deceased, and one of the sons is practicing law in St. John.-Moneton Times.

DIED AT WALTHAM.

The death took place at Waltham, Mass., on December 19th of Catharine Jane, the relict of the late Winifred Moffatt of Kingston, Kings Co., N. B., aged 78 years, leaving four sons and two daughters. The sons are: S. 🕰 P. Moffatt, of New Jersey; Henry Moffatt, of Lubec, Maine; DeV. Moffatt, of Perry's Point, N. B.; and Austin P. Moffatt, of Dorchester, N. B. The daughters are Mrs. George R. Hughes of Waltham, Mass., and Mrs. Smith Pickett of Kingston, N. B.

CALAIS TO EASTPORT.

Contract for Steamer for This Line is Made.

At Portland on Wednesday afternoon an agreément was entered into between George H. Eaton, J. G. Murchie and James L. Thompson, representing the Frontier Steamship company of Calais and representatives of the Portland Machine company and the Portland Shipbuilding company, which insures the building of a modern and commodious steamer to replace the Rose Standish on the Calais-East port route. The new vessel will be 120 feet long, 26 feet beam, depth of hold

She will have three decks and will accommodate comfortably 600 people. The pilot house and three staterooms will be located on the hurricane deck, while on the saloon deck will be conveniently situated the dining and mess rooms. The ladies' cabin, office, cloak room and smoking room will be found on the main deck, together with the ergineer's section. Toilet rooms will be located on the main and saloon decks. The engines will be of the comround service condenser type, and a Scotch boiler will furnish the steam required to insure 350 horse power, which is expected to drive the boat at to Eastport occupying little more than two hours

The contract calls for the completion of the steamer so that she will be ready for service June 1st, 1901, and she will be in readiness by that date, barring unforseen circumstances.

The death occurred at his residence Black River road, parish of Simonds, on Saturday of Cornelius Callaghan. The deceased, who was 70 years of age, was well and favorably known in the city as well as in the eastern part of the county. A widow, two sons and one daughter survive.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets remedy that enges a cold in one day | Oreek, Mich.

BORDEN'S ORDERLY.

Fought in the Transvaal Under the / Late Nova Scotia Lieutenant.

John M. Lobbin, by birth a Canadian, who went to South Africa with the second contingent, 1st Battalion Mounted Rifles, and served as orderly to the late Lieut. Harold Borden of Camping, N. S., is now in Boston reuperating after his trying experiences in the Boer war. Lobbin was injured by a fall from his horse, which was shot from under him, and when in the hospital at Bloemfontein he contracted enteric fever. While in the war Lobbin says he was under fire fortytour times. He was captured at Koenigspruit, along with twelve other Canadians. He says the Boers treat ed him well, although he did not form a very high opinion of them. Soon after his release, Lobbin left for the United States.

RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

At a special meeting of St. John pres bytery, held yesterday, the resignation of Rev. Dr. McKenzie if St. Ste phen's church, St. Stephen, was accepted, and Rev. T. F. Fotheringham, Dr. Morrison and John Willet were appointed a committee to draw up a suitable testimonial to the presbytery's appreciation of his work. Rev. F. W. Murray was appointed moder ator of the Kirk session, with power to declare the pulpit vacant at the first of the year.

In reference to the call from Lower Musquodoboit to Rev. D. H. Campbell of Waterford, the presbytery urged him to remain in his present field, and he asked time to consider. He will report his decision to the next meeting of the presbytery in January. Rev. Jas. Ross presented a report on home missions, which was received and adopted.

A NOTABLE NEW BRUNSWICKER.

George H. Ray, who will be next speaker of the Wisconsin house of reresentatives, is a politician of the high grade order, and one of the most wideawake of the business men in the state. He was first elected to the legislature in 1894, and has been twice re-elected. Mr. Ray was born in St Stephen, N. B. He worked his way west to Wisconsin from Maine, whither he had removed at eighteen. In 1873 he settled in La Crosse, Wis., where he has been very prosperous in business. He is president of the state bank of La Crosse, and is interested in the sawmill industry. Mr. Ray was made speaker of the house in 1896, and is now regarded as the choice of the republicans for the chair. All other candidates have withdrawn in his fevor.—Courier

THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING.

Writing to the Sun from Skowhegan, Maine, under date Dec. 19, a subscriber says: Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Carpenter of Johnston, Queens Co., N. B., will celebrate the 50th anniversary of their wedding day, January 9th, 1901, when many friends will gather to tender congratulations. But one son remains participate in the lovous event their other children, two sons and three daughters, having died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter were married at Clifton, Kings county, in 1851, and Mr. Carpenter, who was then a master ship-carpenter, is well known to many old St. John men formerly engaged in that industry. Mr. Carnenter is 77 years of age, and his estimable wife is two years his junior.

NEW MINING COMPANY.

Hon. A. T. Dunn and Andrew Malcolm, Fred A. Jones, Jas. V. Russell, of St. John, and Morris Marks, of Circle City, Alaska, are applying for incorporation as the "Golden Nugget Mining Co., Ltd.," with a capital of \$300,000 in \$1 shares. It is stated that \$=50,000 have been actually subscribed. The operations of the company are to be carried on in the province of New Brunswick, or in the Yukon district, or in the territory of Alaska, and the office or chief place of business is to be established at Fairville. St. John. -Clobe.

ACCIDENT AT BANGOR.

BANGOR, Me., Dec. 22.—Kathleen, the 13 months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Collins of Bangor, was fearfully burned this morning by her clothing taking fire from a spark from the kitchen stove. The child was playing near the stove with her young brothers and sisters, who tried to extinguish the flames by rolling her in a rug. When the mother, who had been upstairs, returned, the child had been so badly burned that the doctors have no hope of recovery.

WALKED OUT.

On Food, After Being Given Up

Lack of knowledge regarding the kind of food to give to people, particularly invalids, frequently causes much distress, whereas when one knows exactly the kind of food to give to quick-13 rebuild the brain and nerve centres, that knowledge can be made use of. A young Chicago woman says: "Other instances of the wonderful qualities possessed by Grape-Nuts food are shown in my grandmother's and mether's cases. Grandmother's entire left side became totally paralyzed, from a ruptured capillary of the brain. The dector said it would be impossible for her to live a week. She could not take ordinary food and we put her on the rate of 15 miles per hour, the trip Grape-Nuts, in an effort to do all for her we could. 'To the astonishment of the doctor

and the delight of all of us, she slowly radied and recovered. It was pronounced the first case of the kind on record. The doctor said nothing could have produced this result but food.
"We had been led to use Grape Nuts because of the effect on mother She has been troubled with a weak stomach all her life, and the last few years been gradually losing weight and strength. She has tried everything almost, that has been recommended by good authority, and until she used Grape-Nuts food, nothing seemed to do her any good. Since taking up Grape-Nuts she has been constantly improving until now she is free from any of the stomach troubles, and i strong and well. Please do not publish my name." Name can be given by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Wash-Day-Work

away. 2 cakes, 5c., wash 4 boiler-

MURDER AT WASHINGTON

Auditor of the War Department Shot While in His Office Saturday.

Died Instantly-Murderer Shot Himself and Slashed His Throat Before Being Arrested - Will Probably Recover.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Frank H. Morris of Ohio, auditor of the war department, was shot and instantly killed about 2.10 o'clock this afternoor by Samuel Macdonald, also of Ohio recently a disbursing clerk of the treasury, in the former's office at the

Winder building. Maclonald before he was arrested shot himself in the stomach and slashed his throat with a penknife. Auditor Morris was closeted alon

with MacDonald when the shooting cccurred. In trying to make his escape MacDonald also assaulted the watchman, Thomas Cus. k, with the but of his revolver. He was arcested while leaving the building.

An eye witness says that he heard the first shot, and upon entering the room he saw the two men struggling in each other's arms. MacDonald holding his revolver close to Morris breast. MacDonald after firing again attempted to get out of the room, but encountered a number of employes, attracted by the shots. He then turned and fired again. This is believed to have been the fatal shot.

Employes who knew MacDonald said he had a grievance against Morris. who, he claimed, was responsible for having his pay reduced. Others who knew him said that they could not attribute his deed to anything but the result of over-indulgence in liquor. Frank H. Morris was a native of Cleveland, Ohio. He was 49 years of age, and leaves a widow and two sons. He entered the government service at the beginning of the present administration as auditor for the navy department. A year and more ago Morris was made auditor for the war department. He was well regarded by the treasury officials, but was not porular with some of the subordinates

in his office. MacDonald is a brother of William Et. MacDonald, the well known tone inger of the Bostonians, who is said to have educated him for the operatic stage. He is unmarried, 58 years of age, and is tall and fine looking. He is also from Ohio, and has been in the government service since soon after the civil war. In 1897 he was made disbursing officer in the office of the auditor of the war department, receiving \$2,000 a year.

In Feb. 1900 his accounts were found short \$1,000, and upon being required to make an explanation he claimed that on one occasion he had forgotten to close his safe on leaving his office and that it had been robbed of \$1,000. He produced evidence which tended to exonerate him from the charge of taking the money, and as he immediately made good the amount nothing further was done except to reduce his salary to \$1,400 and transfer him to the office of the auditor for the post office department, where he was employed at the time of the tragedy. It is stated that MacDonald has been a hard drinker at times.

MacDonald was removed to the hospital. The wound in his throat is not likely to endanger his life. The bullet entered the left breast below the heart and lodged in the back. The ball was removed and the doctors hope for his recovery.

WILL NOT LEAVE MAINE.

AUGUSTA, Me., Dec. 23.—The story to the effect that large numbers of French-Canadians will leave New England for Quebec in dians will leave New England for Quenec in the spring obtains not the slightest cred-ence here. Rene Dupont, colonization agent for the Quebec and Lake St. John region, is alleged to have said that "of the 200,000 French-Canadians in the state of Maine, 1 pelieve 150,000 of them will come back in the spring."
The fact that the ecclesiastical records

The fact that the ecclesiastical records show that there are but 65,000 French-Canadians in the state, proves how little Mr. Dupont knows about the matter.

These facts are obtained on the best authority, and it is not believed that the scheme will survive the winter. There is no truth whatever in the statement that there is a bitter feeling between the French and Irish people of Maine. The general belief is that the French population will increase instead of diminish in large numbers, as was reported.

WESTERN FLOODS.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—Following the break of the Lulu Island dike three days ago, floods have caused further damage to the sea wells protecting the farmers of Fraser River valley. Owing to high tides, strong wirds and heavy rains, the lands have been badly flooded and the village of Stevetson is under three feet of water. The wooden sidewalks are floating away and the only means of locomotion is by boat. Westham Island is badly flooded, and ranch owners are removing their live stock from submerged fields in freight boats.

ISLAND PHYSICIAN DEAD.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Dec. 22.— Dr. James McLeod, one of the best known physicians of the maritime provinces, died last evening after a lingering illness. Dr. McLeod was about fifty-five years of age, and three years ago was president of the and three years ago was president of the Maritime Medical Association. He took a leading part in the movements for the in-troduction of water works and sewerage in Charlottetown, and was in many respects a

LAURIER AT ATLANTIC CITY.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 23.-Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Canadian premier, accompanied by his wife and private secretary, are visit-ors at Hadder Hall, coming here from New York. Sir Wilfrid states that he is here for his health and recreation. WOLFVELLE, N. S. NOTES

The late storm did considerable damage to the government wharf at Kingsport and to the lighthouse. It is estimated that the repairs will cost about \$10,000.

The Wolfville cora mill is running again, after a few weeks rest for lack of corn. The schooner M. J. Soley is in port with a cargo of 7.500 bushels of

Mrs. Andrews of Berwick has received a letter from her sone W. H. Snyder, who has arrived in England from Cape Town. He hopes to spend Christmas at his home in Berwick. Rev. M. P. Freeman has resigned his-pastorate at Billtown and moved to Wolfville. Till they get another pastor he will go back once a month.

Rev. Mr. Donkin, pastor of the Methodist church in Wolfville for the past three years, has been invited to Bear River, where he had a former pas-torate. He will go if conference ap-

Mrs. J. O. Redden, who has had a private school here for a few weeks. has decided to remove to California for the benefit of her little girl. Her patrons made up for her a purse of over \$10). Joseph Reid, aged 76, a well known

resident of Kings Co., died at his home in Wolfville on the 14th.
WOLFVILLE, N. S., Dec. 22.—The death of Capt. Geo. C. Johnson oc-curred on Tuesday at his residence on Main street. The deceased was a son. of the late William Johnson, who was at one time postmaster of Wolfville and a member of parliament for some time. The surviving sisters are Mrs. Newcombe, Mrs. Charles Armstrong and his brothers, Charles and Andrew.

Johnson Mrs. C. R. Burgess and her daughter Abbie have returned from New York, where they have been for some

The three year old son of J. M. Shaw. died on Wednesday after only four hours' illness, caused from eating bologna sausage for his dinner.

The schooner Greville, running between St. John and Wolfville, is laid up for the season, and Capt. Baird is now at his home for the winter. Verkon Griffin of Greenwich recently killed a hog which dressed 780 pounds.

Mr. Griffin claims to be the champion hog raiser of Nova Scotia, Harold Kempton of the forestry department, Washington, is spending the Christmas vacation at his home in

town. The Kentville Quadrille club has sent out invitations to a large number of friends in and out of town to be present at a series of dances to be given fortnightly beginning the first of January. Miss Pauline Eaton and Leander

Eaton returned on Wednesday from Sackville to their home in Canard. CORNWALLIS

Transactions in Real Estate-A Very Successful Nurse.

CORNWALLIS, N. S., Dec. 22 - On Thursday the marriage took place at Brooklyn street of Clifford Rand and Emma, daughter of the late Thomas Weldon.

Matthew Cane of the North Mountain died on Friday of paralysis, aged sixty years. Cordwood is scarce in Cornwallis at

\$3 and \$3.50 per cord. Albert Harris of Randville has sold Lewis Messenger of Wolfville a \$3,000 lot on the Wellington dyke at Canard. Nathan Eaton of Canning has purchased a piece of land from John Cogswell at Baxter's Harbor.

Miss Laura Eaton of Canning who left for a New York infirmary some time ago, has met with great success as a nurse, having had a ward put in her charge after a stay of six weeks. Jeremiah Ells has purchased a store at Kingsport from Thomas Calkin of

Kentville. The infant daughter of Alfred Bishop of Highbury, died on Monday. Chase & Bros. are loading large quantities of potatoes at Hillaton and Sheffield Mills stations. They are giving 35 cents per bushel. ...

THE MOUNTED POLICE.

(Alberta Sun.) It is understood that a very material change is to be made in the dress and equipment of the N. W. M. P. The old time helmet is to be done away with and a cowboy hat substituted. The color of the tunic will not be changed, but considerable alteration made, so as to make it more serviceable and comfortable than it is at present. For fall use the men will be equipped with peajackets and slickers. while short coonskin coats of the same pattern as the old time service buffalo will be used for winter wear. The present saddles are to be done away with, and the small hornless saddle, similar to those used by the United States cavalry, used instead. Altogether, it is expected that a considerable revolution will be made in the equipment of the force. And rightly

TIT FOR TAT.

(Cleveland Leader.) A wearied Cleveland Leader.)

A wearied Clevelander stepped from a train at Pittsburg the other morning at an early hour and rushed into the depot lunchroom to get breakfast. He was extremely tired from a long ride and consequently not in the best of moods.

"What do you want?" snarled one of the waiter girls. She had a get-up-too-soon expression on her face, and spoke savagely.

"A little courteous treatment," responded the traveller.

the traveller.
"We don't keep it here," rejoined the girl.
"I thought so," was the laconic reply of
the Clevelander. "Give me some regular eggs."
"We only keep fresh eggs," replied the "We only keep fresh eggs," replied the girl.
"Everything fresh around here?" queries the Clevelander.
"Yes," she hissed through her teeth.
"I thought so," the traveller replied. As the traveller are his breakfast in silence he wondered who had the best of the skirmish.
From the look on the girl's face she, too, was producted who was questioned.

WANTED TO SAVE IT UP. (Puck.) Gladys-They call Bob Stockton a 'Napoleon of finance." Edith-Bah! Just because he made

The big bottle of Bentley's Lintment

million on wheat? Gladys-No; just because he hasn't got married since!

contains three times as much as the 10c. size and is the largest 25c, bottle of Liniment sold.

SHARP & MCMACKIN, 885 Main Street, St. John. North End.

We can supply your wants for the coming season at

Under Drawers, 80c to 75c

Jackets, Light Colors and Black in Beaver, Frieze and Curly Cloth, \$8.50 to \$8.75.

Ladies' Undervests, 25e to 90e each.

Comfortables, 90e 10 \$2.75 each.

All Wool Blankets, \$2.65 per pair and up.

Shaker Flannel, 5c per yd. and up.

Gray Wool Fi nnel, 14e per yd. and up.

Flannelette Wrappers, \$1.15 to 2 00 each,

GENTLEMEN'S

Underwear (all Wool), 50c per garment and up.

Top Shirts, Strong and Heavy, 48c to \$1.20.

Heavy Pants, \$1 00 per pair and up

Jumpers, 55e to 85e.

Overalls, 55e to 85e

WOOL TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

Fleece Lined. .. 50c

ners be ablighed a marina to be the service of the

WOODSTOCK, N.B., Dec. 20.- The annual session of the Carleton County Teachers' Institute opened this morning in the Opera House with a fair attendance. In the temporary absence of the president, F. A. Good presided. Routine work was disposed of by the time the afternoon session opened. The attendance was largely increased between sixty and seventy teachers being present. D. W. Hamilton, the president, arrived from Fredericton and delivered his opening address, in which he dealt particularly with the employment by teachers of out of school hours. He spoke of the need of recreation and of social life on the part of the teachers.

Dr. Inch was unable to be present. A most interesting address was given by Principal Mullin of the Normal school, who described his visit to the Normal and Model schools of the New England states, and the impression which he derived therefrom. In the course of his remarks he expressed the opinion that if a school was not a success if was almost invariably the fault in the selection of a teacher. What peculiarly impressed him in the New England system was the cordial relations which seemed to exist between teacher and

Prof. McCready gave an interesting talk on the Sloyd system. He explained that "sloyd" was a Swedish word meaning manual. He was listened to with much attention. This evening a public meeting was held in the Opera House His wership the mayor and other gentlemen addressed the gather-

The mayor has called a public meeting for Thursday evening next in the town hall to consider the form the reception to Capt. Good and the Woodstock quota shall take. John Hughes has received word from his son Robert that he is on board the Roslyn Castle with the rest of the boys.

Mild weather has set in evening it is raining. HAMPTON, Dec. 20.-In the Kings

county probate court, today, before Judge G. G. Gitbert, the following business was transacted:

In the estate of the late John Richmond of Suscex, letters of administration were granted to Albenia T. Richmond, widow of deceased. The estate is all personal, and is sworn under \$2,-000. Hon. A. S. White, proctor.

In the matter of the estate of the late Robert McMahon of Rothesay, William McMahon and Dr. J. Newton Smith, executors under the will, petitioned for an order to pass their accounts, which was granted, and a citation issued, returnable on the first Thursday in February, 1901. Stewart Fairweather, proctor.

In the matter of the estate of the late Henry Walton of Greenwich, Jas. their own, and quite a quantity of est in the right of redemption in cer- cester and Restigouche have snug for- He was aged about 65 years. tain land and property, the personal tunes on their farms, and not a few turnable on the 1st Thursday in February, 1901. A. W. Baird, proctor.

to the same. The estate is sworn un- along the north shore every year. der \$1,000, of which \$560 is real and \$540

babe is also doing well.

McADAM JUNCTION, 'Dec. 19.-At' the regular meeting of Clarke Wallace Loyal Orange Lodge, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: J. B. Johnston, W. M.; G. H. Nason, D. M.; H. F. Perkins, R. Sec.; R. Cooper, Chap.; W. Johnston, Fin. Sec.; C.; A. R. Mowatt, Lect.; committee-J. W. Hoyt, Edwin Nason, R. Cooper. F. Nason, R. A. Robinson. The officers will be installed at the next regular meeting, Dec. 27.

The shops will close on Friday for Christmas vacation, and will begin work again on Jan. 2nd.

The schools close for the Christmas holidays on Friday, 21st. The examinations were as follows: On Monday. the primary department; on Wednesday, the intermediate, and on Friday, the advanced.

MONCTON, Dec. 20.—At last night's meeting of the school trustees Miss Moore, who has been supplying, was appointed to the vacancy caused by Miss Adams' retirement. The salaries of the male teachers were generally increased The exception being Principal Oulton of the grammar school, who received an advance some time ago. Principal Irons, of Victoria, gets \$850 as city allowance, instead of \$750, as formerly, C. H. Acheson is increased by \$150, L. R. Hetherington by \$100. Mr. McLean, who has been engaged to take Mr. Mill's place, will begin on \$450 as the city allowance.

Victoria rink opened last night with a large attendance, and the curiers are a'so getting to wirk. The first matches will be on Christmas day between rinks selected by the president and vicepresident.

MILLTOWN, Dec. 20.—Arthur Irvine left on Monday for New Bedford to enter the cotton mill with a number of others who have left this place lately. Larger pay is the bait held out to the young men from here. William Kirby has returned from Mount Ailison to spend his Christmas vacation at his home at the Methodist parson-

Captain Laughlin reports about 50 names for enlistment in the new militia companay for this place. The company will be known as No. 8 company of the 71st York batt.

Mr. and Mrs. Heaney came to Milltown from Deer Island three weeks ago. Mrs. Heaney is now lying very

low with pneumonia. The announcement reaching Milltown through the Sun stating that Miss Alice Gale has been appointed on the reserve staff of teachers in St. John has riven a shock to those who had hoped to retain this estimable young lady on the local staff for some years

tion of all who have had the privi-of her acquaintance since she ne to Militown, and she will be very much missed here. She will leave for St. John, north end, on Saturday. Arthur Robinson has returned to his

e from Brookline, Mass., where he had been for several months.

Mrs. Wm. Smiley has arrived from New York, and 's staying with John iley. She is a Denver, Colorado, lady, and is paying her first visit to New Brunswick. Mr. Smiley expects.

after seven years' absence to make Militown his home. Mrs. Hannah E. Hall of Upper Mills died on the 16th, aged 62 years and 10 months. Rev. Mr. Corliss attended the

Some aged persons have passed away recently in this county, namely, John Fisher of Digdegash, aged 77 years and 8 months: William Bamford of St. David's Ridge, aged 67 years and 9 months; Maria Hazen of Ook Bay aged 83 years and 10 months; Henry Meredith of Meredith settlement, aged 88 years; and Orange Seeley of St. George, aged 90 years.

Patrick Leary of Milltown, Me., died on the 16th instant, aged 90 years. BATHURST, Dec. 20.- Glorious Christmas weather prevails all along the north shore. At Bathurst, and in fact all through Gloucester county, there is just enough snow to make good hauling and sleighing.

Prices of all kinds of farm produce are better than they have been for years, and there seems to be work for everybody who wants to work. A great number of young men, mostly from the district of Caraguet and Shippegan, went away early in the fall to work in Quebec. Many of them are with the Laurentide Pulp Co. at Three Rivers, and several further west. They report that wages are good and express themselves as well satisfied with their lot. Owing to this, and to the fact that contractors all along the I. C. R. from Moncton to Campbeliton are buying sleepers in great quantities, both for use in Cape Breton and for shipment to the United States, thus giving much employment, wages are good and considerable money is in circulation.

Merchants generally seem in good spirits, and report business brisk. W. J. Kent & Co. have moved into their splendid new store at Bathurst. This is one of the finest country stores in the province, large and well laid off for the purposes required. This firm is purchasing produce and doing a

Considerable anxiety is manifested among the lumber merchants here, and all along the line, owing to the report of a heavy slump in spruce deals in the Liverpool market.

very large business.

Considerable lumbering is being done by small firms or individuals, who rotary mills or have small mills of tion.

only when some smart dumbermen, who has worked among the scattered In the natter of the estate of the trees of Nova Scotia or in the southern late Jane Lyne of Upham, widow, Rob- rart of New Brunswick, comes along ert Simpson and Robert A. Tayes, ex- and shows the people what a quantity ecutors under the will, were duly of lumber can be cut on a wood lot, sworn to administer the estate, after that they wake up to its value. Thouthe will had been proved by George sands of dollers' worth of lumber and Dunlop and Robert Simpson witnessed good lumber, too, has been burnt up

Adams, Burns & Co. are operating personal. F M. Sproul for the peti- largely on the Nepisiguit and other streams, but are doing very little on Mrs. Ross, who was the victim of the Caraquet this winter. Sumner & the shooting accident last week, is Co. expect to get out about the same doing well, and great hopes are enter- quantity, or perhaps a little more than tained of her ultimate recovery. Her last year. Both these big firms are pushing their operations far afield, one of the largest camps being on Silver Brook, a branch of the Nepisiguit, about seventy miles from Bathurst, which will make a long, hard drive. O'Brien & Chapman are lumbering at and about upper New Bandon, and other points on the Caraquet railway. D. Stewart, Treas., R. S. Dixon, D. of The Tracadie Lumber Co., a firm of which very little is heard at Bathurst. but which is nevertheless doing a fine business on the Tracadie, is understood to be pushing its operations this winter also. Consequently a fall in prices of lumber would mean a serious

loss to Gloucester county. There has been more talk lately about the establishment of a pulp mill near Bathurst, and engineers representing capitalists have been taking measurements of the Nepisiguit water rower, particularly at the Grand Falls on that river. It is to be hoped that something will result from these en-

The smallpox scare in the lower end of the county has about died out. The bcard of health has removed the embargo, or quarantine, and free intercourse now exists between the districts where the disease was confined to and the outside world. This epidemic has been the cause of a great deal of inconvenience, not speaking of the considerable loss in business to the people of lower New Bandon, Pockshaw and Upper Caraquet. The board of health deserves credit for the manner in which it performed its duties in the

matter. WOODSTOCK, N. B., Dec. 21 .- At the meeting of the teachers institute this morning, F. Thorne read a paper on "Thoughts on Teachers," which was discussed at considerable length by a number of the teachers. Isaac Draper contributed a paper on "Canadian History." This paper was also discussed by a number of those present. At the afternoon session Rex Cormier read a paper on "Mathematics." The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, G. Hugh Harrison, Woodstock secretary, E. T. Thorne, Woodstock additional members of the executive Misses Carman and Reed. Mr. Ross moved that the convention next year meet in Florenceville. Inspector Meagher pointed out that the Victoria county institute proposed joining in with this institute next year, and that it was probable that a portion of the Aroostook institute would also join. He moved in amendment the decision as to the place of meeting be left with the executive committee. The amend

ment was carried. HAMPTON, Dec. 20.-Miss Lilian Hannah Brown, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Brown of

this place, was married at her home this afternoon at 3 o'clock by the Rev. W. W. Lodge (Methodist) in the presence of the immediate members of the family, nearest relatives, and a few of New Orleans. Following the wedding service refreshments were served, and the bridal party drove to the station to catch the down C. P. R. express, but arrived fust one minute too late. The happy couple fittend to travel leisurely to their new home in the south, and will spend a month or so in visiting the cities of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Cincinnati. Atlanta, and so on to New Orleans. The bride was dressed in a travelling suit of blue cloth, and in the language of one of her young friends 'looked sweet." The bride and groom

Among the wedding gifts were: From the bride's parents, a valuable cheque; from the groom to the bride, a richly chased anad beautifully engraved gold watch, the monogram embossed on the back cove ing almost the entire surface: from Mr. and Mrs. J. Milton Barnes, a set of soild silver coffee spoons; from Mr. and Mrs. T. Wm. Barnes, a French lorgnette in pearl and gold; from Mrs. G. M. Wilson, a cushion cover in Mexican work; from Mrs. J. E. Whittaker, a table cloth in Mexican work; from Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Humphrey, a jewel box lined in satin, and locked; from Mr. and Mrs. C. Percy Humphrey, a cut glass bon bon dish: from Miss Kate Weldon (St. John), a set of six cut glass tumblers: from the Misses Harley (St. John), a silver sugar spoon; from Bliss B. Barnes, a hand-painted card dish; from Miss Hattie Barnes, an ornamental fan; from Miss Georgie Wilson, "tatted" handkerchief; and from Miss Florence Whittaker, a lace hand-

kerchief. The bride's trousseau was large, costly and beautiful, the appearing out dress being a perfect shimmer of satin and delicate lace, the former a delicate tone of khaki brown.

It was a great disappointment to the party that the train was not held for a minute or two so that they could get on board, especially as the bridal compartment of the Pullman had been reserved for their use and their tickets were taken through to Boston. However, they got away on the following train, will spend the night in St. John and proceed on their journey tomor-

Arthur Dickson, the leader of the Hampton Cornet band, was made the recipient of a complete smokers' outfit at the band room this evening, by which the members of the band desired to express their appreciation of his valuable services, an appreciation which is shared by the people of both villages, for whose pleasure the band has given weekly concerts throughout the summer while always holding are either contracting with owners of themselves ready for any public func-

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., Dec. 21.-John N. Walton and F. Ernest Walton, ad- sprice and pine logs are being cut Taylor, merchant, of Kingston, died ministrators of said estate, petitioned on private lands along the north shore this afternoon. The deceased had been to sell the said Henry Walton's inter- this season. Many farmers in Glou- in failing health for several months.

A petition is in circula estate being insufficient to meet the of them were inclined to place very Dr. Landry of Buctouche to accept a debts. Ordered that citation issue, re- little value on their wood land. It is nomination to fill the vacancy in the local legislature caused by the death of the late Peter H. Legere.

MEMRAMCOOK, Dec. 21.-On Wednesday evening a small but select audience had the pleasure of hearing the pupils of the Sacred Heart Convent admirably render a nicely prepared musical and dramatic programme. The singing of Miss J. Fitzpatrick, the piano solo by Miss Bridges, Rodrigenz, the declaiming of Miss E. Comeau, and the acting of the three little girls. Abee Green, Amelia Green and Mary Ready truly deserved the repeated applause which they received. The Sisters of Charity are to be congratulated on the good work which this entertainment proves them to have performed

Today tired students leave for a time the college halls in which, for the past four months, they have earnestly labored to "drink deep of the Pierian spring." The boys leave with the memory of a rich literary entertainment given by the societies, St. Patrick's and St. John the Baptist's. Opening speeches were made by the presidents of the academies. Harry McInerney and Edgar Paradis. The reading of an essay by William Duke won merited applause. Max. Cormier delivered a highly creditable speech in French, en-"Bonaparte et son Siecle." Arthur McClaskey and John Landry declaimed in English, while Louis Hachi and Leonidas Gagnon did credit to themselves by declamations in our sister tongue. The orchestra and band filled the musical part of the programme. Rev. A. Roy, in a few choice remarks, wished the boys the compliments of the season, and hoped that they would return on the 2nd of January with all the energy which the new

IT MAY BREAK OUT AGAIN. As the end of the year approaches we note terrible fear that we are to have that end-of-the-century discussion all over the world.

century should give them.

-New York Press.

Strength, Vitality, Manhood, THE CHIEF GLORY OF MA KNOW THYSELF! The Science of Life, or Saif Preservation DN LY 25c., Get the best it contains 370 pp pith engravings, 12 preservations for Acut and Chronic Diseases, and it the Geld Hech Prize Treatine on Aptitude and Inspitude for Wedded Happinson Frame ture Decline, New Yous and Physical Debility, Exhemited Vitally, Manhood, Variocoole, Atrophy (wasting) at A LL DISHASES and WMAE, NEWSEL ALL DISHASES and WEAR NEEDS OF MEN, from whatever cause arising. The distinguished author and Nervo specialist graduated from Harvard Medical College in 1854 and has been the Chief Consulting Physician to The Peabody Medical Instituta, No. 6 Buifingh St. (opposite Revers House) Boston, Mana, during the past thirty years. Knew Thyself Manual, a Vade Macum Famphlet, Free to every male reader of this paper; 5 cents for postage. Write for these books to-day. They are the keys to health, vigor, manheed and happiness. Address as above. Consultation by HOPEWELL HILL

Farewell Presentation to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson.

HOPEWELL HILL, Dec. 19.-A very large gathering of citizens assembled in the I. O. G. T. hall last evening to give a public farewell to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. M. Lawson, who have been residents of this village for the past seven years, and who leave in a few days for their new home in Salisbury Rev. J. K. King occupied the chair, and interesting addresses were given by G. M. Peck, Allen Hobinson, J. E. Peck, Dr. S. C. Murray, Frank Carney, C. L. Peck, Alex. Rogers, Wm. M. Burns and the chairman. Solos were given by J. M. Tingley, Misses Amy Peck and Janie McGorman, and a duet by Misses Laura and Ella Tingley After the programme of entertainment had been carried out, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson were presented with two very handsome chairs, and the following address, which was read by Mrs W. J. McAlmon: Esteemed friends-As the relation

ships which have existed between you and this people are about being severed, we have met here this evening to present you with this address, conveying to you the esteem in which you are held, and the deep regret which fills our hearts as we contemplate the vacancy which will be difficult to fill. You may feel that in your case this address is unnecessary, and that in looking back over the years you have spent with us, you feel within you a sense above all earthly dignities, "a still and quiet conscience." As a teacher, it is not necessary for us to dwell upon your success. Your record is before the public. Young men and women who have gone forth from your school, are filling positions of honor and trust throughout this province, and other parts of Canada Twelve young persons from your department have acquitted themselves creditably at the Provincial Normal School. You have faithfully discharged your duties in this relation ship and have ever endeavored to inspire your pupils to aim at a higher plane of thought and action. As a temperance worker, the people of this county will ever remember you with deep gratitude. Through your efforts taverns have been closed, lodges have been organized and an impetus given to temperance work generally. In this connection you may have made enemies, but such is the record of all re formers. As a church and Sabbath school worker, irrespective of creed you have ever been ready with a consecrated energy and an open purse to forward every endeavor to maintain and extend Christ's kingdom. Of you it may be truly said, "He pointed out to others, and he trod himself, the path to virtue and to God." As a citizen for seven years you have gone in and out among us. You have sympathized with us in our sorrows and rejoiced with us in our time of glad-You and your estimable wife have ever welcomed the stranger to your hospitable board, and the beggar from the street you have fed, clothed and sheltered. As you go to a new field of labor, our prayers and best wishes will follow you and your bright little family. You will no doubt meet with discouragements, as one of your strong individuality is liable to be misunderstood. But at the great tribunal to which we are all hastening, where the secrets of hearts will be revealed, and where the motive which prompted the action will be taken into account, the "well done" of the Mas ter will amply compensate for all the injustice you meet with here. We take this opportunity of presenting you with these slight tokens of our regard, and trust that in forming new friendships, some reco.lections of your associations with us may linger in your

memory. (The address was signed by Mrs Frank Carney, Mrs. L. Archibald, Mrs J. E. Elliott, Mrs. Alex. Rogers, Mrs Josiah McRae and Mrs. W. J. McAl-

Mr. Lawson, who has been principa of the Superior school here for several years, was also, this afternoon, presented by the pupils of the school with a beautiful onyx table and lamp, an address from the school being read by Miss Ruth Mitton. Mr. Lawson has much reason to feel flattered at the splendid send off given him by the people of the Hill.

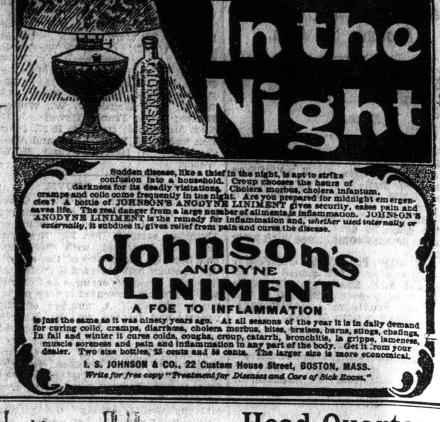
Two members of the family of Thos Dixon of Lower Cape are seriously ill with diphtheria. The Church of England has bee beautifully decorated for the Christ mas season. Service will be held or

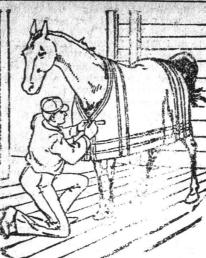
RETURNED FROM GUELPH.

Christmas day at 3.30 p. m.

Among the arrivals on the Atlantic express on Thursday were Hon. L. P. Farris and Mesers. T. J. Dillon; W. W. Hubbard, Sussex; C. C. Eaton and A. C. Starr, Canard, N. S., and Walter Simpson, Bay View, P. E. I., returning from their visit to the Guelph Ontario, fat stock show. Thirty-five maritime province delegates altogether attended. The rest of the party who have not previously returned left Montreal Tuesday night in the I. C. R. car Cascapedia and will arrive at Moncton this morning. The party report a very pleasant and useful trip. They were most hospitably received by the mayor of Guelph and the president and faculty of the Agricultural college, and remained in that town attending the various meetings, lectures and the exhibition for four days. On Saturday Toronto was visited, and Sunday was spent at Niagara Falls. On Monday morning the car arrived at Ottawa and the whole party visited the various departments of the Central Experimental Farm and were afterwards entertained at lunch at the Russell House by Hon. Sydney Fisher. Hon, Messrs. Fielding and Blair and the officers of the experimental farm were also present. Tuesday was spent in Montreal, where the party separated to return home. A. T. LeBlanc travelling passenger agent of the I.C. R., accompanied the party throughout and made admirable arrangements for their comfort and convenience.

"I notice by the reports of divorce cases that husbands are not always right." "No A good many of them nowadays seem to be left."—Chicago Times-Herald.





Head Quarters

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Horse Blankets. Lap Rugs, Fur Robas.

We keep everything required for the Horse, which we offer at low prices. The largest Horse Furnishing Estab-

lishment in the Maritime Provinces.

Harness, Collars.

H. HORTON & SON, 11 Market Square, St. John, N B.

FREDERICTON.

Local Government Will Not Send an Exhibit to Buffalo.

Smallpox Bills Amount to Thirty Thousand Dollars-Public School Closings-Recent Deaths,

FREDERICTON, Dec. 21 .- Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Marquis are receiving the deepest sympathy of the community over the death of their baby son, which occcurred last night. Mr. Marquis is accountant in the Bank of British North America, and has been obliged to give up work through nervous prostration. He came to this city in September last, and during his short stay here has made maany friends. His

home is in Scotland. The local government, it is understood, have decided not to send an exbibit to the Pan-American exhibition

which is to be held at Buffalo. Business connected with the smallpox epidemic occupied the time of the government meeting last night. The total costs accruing from the same will amount to about \$30,000.

The public schools closed for the Christmas holidays today. There was a large attendance of visitors at the exercises. At the Charlotte street school Miss Effie Ross was presented by the pupils of her room with an address and a beautiful vase. She has severed her connection with the teaching staff of that institution.

Mrs. Canty, relict of James Canty, died this morning, aged 75. Deceased leaves four sons-David M., of this city; Dennis, living in Pennsylvania, and John and James of Butte, Mont., the latter of whom arrrived home last week. Two daughters also survive-Mrs. James Christie and Miss Canty, both living in Fredericton

The funeral of the late Charles Brannen took place this morning and was very largely attended. Dean Partridge conducted impressive funeral services at the cathedral.

RECENT DEATHS.

The death occurred yesterday morning at her home, Forest street, off Gilbert's lane, of Mrs. Eleanor McLean, wife of John McLean, in the seventieth year of her age. Burial will take place at Pisarinco.

The death is announced at New York of Mrs. Pike, widow of Captain Thomas W. R. Pike, R. N. Mrs. Pike was Miss Annie L. Beer of Sussex, a sister of the late Col. Beer. She married Captain Pise while he was in the imperial surveying service in these waters, and was well known not only in St. John, but at Halifax and other places in the maritime provinces. For some time she has been residing in New York with her son. Interment is to be in Fernhill, the funeral leaving the I. C. R. depot this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

The following despatch appeared in

last evening's Globe: "SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 18 .- Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Temple and son, Edward L., arrived here last week, intending to sail for the South Seas on the steamer Sierra on Dec. 12. On the way across the continent Mrs. Temple contracted a severe cold. Growing worse, it was deemed inadvisable to sail. Pneumonia developed and she died at the Palace Hotel on Dec. 14. Funeral services were held at St. John's Episcopal church vesterday. The body was placed in a vault temporarily, pending later shipment east. Mr. Temple and his son will winter in Southern California."

Mrs. Temple before her marriage was Miss Bevier of Shediac. Her husband and two sons-Edward L. and Frederick-survice her.

Gayboy—"What have you been doing all J. R. ARMSTRONG, Mortgagee. ay?" Bighead—"Increasing my ignorance y reading the latest historical novel."—Life. Soliciter for Mortgagee. 1428

WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED for Damascus school of second class. Address, ALBERT H LANGSTROTH, French Village P. O., K. C 1411

WANTED — A Second or Third Class Teacher, to Mill Settlement, Sunbury Co., to commence the first of January. Apply stat-ing salary wanted to W. P. MERSEREAU, Secretary 1416

WANTED-A Second Class Female Tea-cher for School District No. 11, Tetersville Church, Queens County, N. B. Please state salary required to ANDREW HAMILTON, Secretary to Trustees.

WANTED-Reliable Men in every locality throughout Canada to introduce our goods, tacking up show-cards on trees, fences, along roads, and all conspicuous places, also distributing small advertising matter. Commission or salary \$60.00 per month and expenses not to exceed \$2.50 per day. Stead employment to good, honest, reliable men. No experience needful. Write for full particulars. THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

A DAY SURE. SEND US YOUR ADDRESS and we will show you how to make \$3 a day; absolutely sure; we faraddress and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of \$3 for every day's work, absolutely sure;



NOTICE OF SALE.

To Ann Vance and George F. Fitzpatrick, and to all others whom it may concern: Take notice that there will be sold at Pubic Auction, at Chubb's Corner, so called, in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, on Saturday, the nineteenth day of January next, at twelve o'clock noon, all that certain lot or piece of land situate, lying and being on Long Island in the Kennebec-casis River, in the County of Kings, known and distinguished as the back or rear half of lots number twenty-two and twenty-three (22 & 23) and containing fifty acres more or less, being the tract of land formerly owned by one Frank Gallagher, the said lot of land having been conveyed by one Eliza-beth Hornbrook to the said Ann Vance by deed dated twentieth day of August A. D. 1886; registered in the Records of Kings County in Book N, No. 4, pages 396 to 308.

Also, all that certain lot, piece or parcel

of land, lying and being on Long Island, in the Kennebeccasis River, and on the south side of said river, lying between the said river and the main road, containing on acre, being a part of the lot formerly grant-ed by Peter Lynch to one Austin Hornbrook and adjoining the lands of one Frank Gal-lagher; the said test mentioned lot having been conveyed by the said Enizabeth Horn-brook to the said Ann Vance by Deed dated third day of February A. D. 1887, registered in the Records of Kings County in Book N, No. 4, pages 518 and 514.

No. 4, pages 512 and 514.

Also, all that certain lot situate in Kings County, aforesaid, described in the Deed thereof from the said Elizabeth Hornbrook to the said George F. Fitzpatrick as "All "that certain lot, piece or parcel of land on which I now reside and the lots adjoining thereto now in my occupation situate on "Long Island, in the Kennebeccasis River," and being in the Perish of Kingston aforeand being in the Parish of Kingston aforesaid, and bounded as follows: On the northwesterly side by the Kennebecasis River: on the northeasterly side by lands owned or occupied by John Hornbrook and Samuel cupied by John Hornbrook and Samuel Kingston; on the southeasterly side by the Kennebeccasis River and lands owned or occupied by William Hornbrook; and on the southwesterly side, that portion lying on the southeasterly side of the island is bounded by the said lands owned and occupied by William Hornbrook, and that portion lying on the northwesterly side of the island by lands owned by Ann Vance, containing about one hundred agrees more "containing about one hundred acres more
"or less," the said last mentioned lot being
the premises conveyed by the said Elizabeth
Hornbrook to the said George F. Fitzpatrick Hornbrook to the said George F. Fitzpatrical by Deed dated seventh day of December A. D. 1896; registered in the Records of Kings County in Book K, No. 5, pages 1 and 2. The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain indenture of Mortgage dated the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1898, made between the said Ann Vance and the said George F. Fitzpatrick of the one part, and the undersigned, George Armstrong, of the the undersigned, George Armstrong, of the other part for securing the payment of certain monies therein mentioned, and registered in the Registry Office for Kings County in Libro L, No. 5, page 495 to 499 by the number 50,617, default having been made in the payment of the monies secured by said

Dated the fourteenth day of December A.
D. 1990. GEO. ARMSTRONG,

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siderable determ stinacy, from h "That hasn't said Mrs. Barry "I've come int that at the pro to Oxford." wa said Mrs. Barry will be married back, and he be a victim. door opened to

"vou've come a lawyer." "Has it come newcomer, look "Harold says American at all the English arm Mrs. Earry said over there. He Oxford and ma whom he won't when here is Ali and we've got it tell us, as a la tionality is."

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him an America "There!" inter "And being s choose for himse and his wife, bu free-born Ameri himself an Engl anything that is "But what is ciding?" Uncle is the boy, anyw "Just three mo Barry, proudly. you shall see hi 'All the same, "until he is old himself Jack is queen, God bless "I'll spank hin

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to dinner.

Hon. John Dr received a letter ine. Canallan Paris exposition jury had given a prix, 25 gold, 15 medals to Cana dian, Ontario ar agriculture bein winners. Canad 200 awards for culture alone, be in other groups, es, Canada has n

If you are wis man after he ha

Short Story of the Day.

ANGLO-AMERICAN.

"I don't see how I ever came to marry an Englishman," said Mrs. Barry, not for the first time.

"It was the most sensible thing you ever did," said her husband from behind his paper. She came and sat on the arm of his chair. "I de believe you think I'm in love

with you still," she said. "Well, it looks that way," he answered with British conceit, holding the paper to one side so that her nead might not come between him and the Venezuelan question.

"I den't mind about you," she went on. "You've lived here so long that you're as nice as an American, and your voice has nearly 'ost its English

"Dear me, I must get an English

governess," he interposed. "But sometimes I'm worried about Jack. He isn't one thing or the other, and if we should ever go to war, he would hate to fight against England when his grandfather sends him such

"My son fight against England!" exclaimed Mr. Barry. "I'd like to see him try it, that's all. He will find he has to settle with his father first." "But Harold, if he was born here of course his natural feelings would be

with America, and you know how obstinate Jack is when he makes up his mind. Why, I wouldn't go against my country, not if you commanded me on your bended knees, and he would feel it even more strongly, being a man." "A few years in Oxford will change all that," said Mr. Barry, turning over

his paper. "Considering that he isn't going there," said his wife, decidedly. "Oh, he's not?" "If the should it would end in his

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Provinces.

John, N B

ALBERT H. P. O., K. C.

Third Class

Female Tea-

Please state HAMILTON,

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for full par-DICINE CO.,

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living there and marrying some dowdy English girl with a six-inch fringe and a solemn reverence for the men of her family, and how would you like

"Better than a nervous American daughter-in-law with a six-inch waist, and no respect for anything in heaven er earth," was the imperturbable an-

"Of course you mean Alice." said his wife, indignantly, "though I'm sure she isn't a bit nervous, and nobody laces now. Both her mother and I think Alice and Jack were just made for each other, whatever your opinion is. Don't you remember how they took to each other right off from the start." "H'm." Mr. Barry was deep in his

"Alice hasn't as much character Jack," she added presently, "but she is sweet and good and lovable, and I don't see why they shouldn't be very harmy together. It doesn't matter if he is rather the brighter of the two.' "Is the engagement announced?" asked her husband, sarcastically, but

the question was ignored. "After Jack has graduated from Harvard we will throw them together a good deal," she said. "Since we are in sensible America we won't have to be eternally chaperoning them. I hope

"Why, he had rather done with that when I met him, but I shouldn't fancy he was timid." "I am so glad. I was afraid it had

skipped a generation and was coming

out in Jack.' "If it does she probably won't mind will need it though. He inherits considerable determination, not to say obstinacy, from his grandfather."

"That hasn't skipped a generation." said Mrs. Barry, pointedly. "I've come into enough of it to know, that at the proper time Jack is going

to Oxford," was the calm reply. "Which will simply spoil everything," said Mrs. Barry, impatiently. "Alice will be married long before he gets back, and he himself, will probably be a victim. O. Uncle Dan." as the door opened to admit an elderly man, a lawyer."

"Has it come to that?" asked the newcomer, looking grieved.

"Harold says that Jack isn't American at all, and will have to join the English army when we go to war," Mrs. Earry said, indignantly. "Just because he himself happened to be porn over there. He wants Jack to go to Oxford and marry an English girl whom he won't know or be fond of, when her? is Alice just out out for him, and we've got it all planned. Now you tell us, as a lawyer, what Jack's nationality is."

"Well," began Uncle Dan seriously. "as a child of an American mother. and born in this country, I should call him an American citizen.'

"There!" interrupted Mrs. Barry. "And being such, he will probably choose for himself not only his college and his wife, but his nationality. If a free-born American wants to consider himself an Englishman, 1 don't know anything that is going to stop him." "But what is your hurry about deciding?" Uncle Dar asked. "How old

is the boy, anyway?" "Just three months today," said Mrs. Barry, proudly. "Stay to dinner and you shall see him."

"All the same," said her husband, "until he is old enough to decide for himself Jack is going to pray for the during that period the customs service, queen, God bless her!"

"I'll spank him every time he does." said the American half of the coalition. And then they all laughed and went out to dinner.

CANADA AT PARIS.

Hon. John Dryden, of Toronto, has received a letter from J. George Jardine. Canadian Commissioner to the Paris exposition, stating that the final jury had given an additional five grand prix, 25 gold, 15 silver and five bronze medals to Canadian fruit, the Canadian, Ontario and Quebec ministers of agriculture being among the prizewinners. Canada, he says, must have 200 awards for agriculture and horticulture alone, beating all foreign countries, including the United States, while in other groups, including manufactures, Canada has more than held her own.

man after he has got down.

AGE OF THE EARTH. Planets Believed to Have Existed at Least 20,000,000 Years.

modesty or a desire to baffle the in-quisitive scientists, or, perchance, an attempt to conceal the fact that she is getting old and decrepit in spite of her efforts to appear young and giddy, Mo-ther Earth has for centuries and centuries kept her age a secret. Professor Oliver C. Farrington of Field museum in speaking before the Northwestern association of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at the Bismark last night, says the Chicago Times-Herald, said that more searching inquiries are now being made than ever pefore, and that the time is not far distant when the old lady must be humiliated before the whole world by a fairly truthful charge.

Until certain data which geologists are now working to obtain are secured the latest computation, which it is believed will be the most accurate on record, cannot be completed, but an estimate of 20,000,000 years is allowed for the age of the earth. Professor Farrington reviewed the history of the work that has been done in this line of research, showing the many methods employed and the widely varying results. Last summer Professor Farrington explored the caves of Indiana, particularly the Wyandotte, and from observations there he obtained a basis for computation. By calculating the time it has taken for the "pillar of the constitution" (the largest stalagmite in existence) to form, and by comparison with the history of development of a stalagmite obtained some years ago from Bermuda, he expects to arrive at a fairly accurate knowledge of the time that that particular rock has been forming. The depth or thickness of the stratum is yet needed to complete the computation, and scientists in Indiana are now working upon that

The stratum in question is known as being of St. Louis limestone and lies about half way among the various strata. Roughly estimated, this layer of rock has been 10,000,000 years in forming, which, multiplied by two for the whole distance, gives the approximate age of the earth already arrived

point.

MATERIAL FOR ROMANCE IN A WILL

(Mull and Express.)

Much material for romance has been heretofore extracted from the last wills and testaments of persons deceased, who had the ordinary human incapacity for seeing into the future, and there is no prospect that the supply will fail. A wealthy farmer lately died near Geneva, in New York state, leaving a rich legacy for the ingenious writer of romance.

He was suffering from cancer in the stomach and was childless, but he made his will not only in expectation of death but of birth, and aimed to provide for the future offspring. His heart was set upon leaving his name and the bulk of his fortune to a son, but he considered the contingency of a daughter and also of multiple birth, widow and his memory should be blessed with one.

The farmer was gathered to his fathers, and within a week the widow gave birth to two boys. It was duly noted that the first born was marked with a mole under the right shoulder blade, which would serve to identify helping him out a bit since we are in him as the eldest son, and in the exsensible America. I don't think Jack citement of the occasion no further observations were made. It was afterward discovered by the nurse who was bathing the twins that they not only looked exactly alike, but each had a mole at the same spot beneath the right shoulder blade, and by that time she had so "mixed those babies up" that she no longer knew which was the first born. Here was a how-de-do. Was the eldest son to be deprived of his birthright because his distinguishing mark failed to distinguish and the nurse had blundered? There seemed to be no way but to contest the will "you've come just in time. We want in behalf of the heirs-at-law, so that the twins might share and share alike, but the testator had perversely provided that if the will should be contested the person or persons in whose interest action was taken should go to certain charitable institutions. This is the raw material, and we leave the romancer to work it up.

SIR ROBERT HART.

The Most Famous Man in China To-

The most famous man in China today is Sir Robert Hart, K. C. B., the inspector general of customs. Throughout the Chinese empire an import and export duty is levied on foreign and native goods arriving at or leaving the treaty ports, and the revenues from these duties form one of China's principal sources of income. The organization which is responsible for the collection of the revenue is the imperial maritime customs. Its management is entirely in the hands of foreigners, and has been since 1859; that is, for more than forty years foreigners representing the leading Western nationalities have served as employes of the Chinese government in collecting its maritime revenue at the treaty ports, and which began in a small way, has steadily developed, and become a great and complex organization. Its successful growth and uniform record for so many years are mainly due to the uncommon abilities and remarkable qualities of Sir Robert.

Sir Robert is of medium size, not striking in appearance, and, like many other great men, is modest and unassuming and of an amiable disposition. But he is a man of firm poise and iron force of will. The keystone of the extraordinary organization which he has created is discipline; no laxity is permitted. A copy of the rules and regulations governing the service is given to each new member, so that he knows what is required of him, and what the result will be if he should prove delinquent.-Atlantic Monthly.

"Children and fools speak the truth." If you are wise you will never hit a Is not this an attempt to put an age limit on lying?

CARMAN AND HOVEY. Another Book by the Fredericton Poet

and His Friend Now Dead. (N. Y. Mail and Express.) The "Last Songs from Vagabondia," by Bliss Carman and the late Richard Hovey, reach is from Small, Maynard & Co., in a neat little volume of some eighty pages, bound in brown boards stamped artistically with the portraits of the two poets and of Tom B. Meteyard, who has furnished the designs. These three heads, in darkest black,

on the brown of the board, have an excellent effect, and they are good portraits. We must content ourselves, in this preliminary announcement of the welcome little book, with two quotations from Mr. Hovey's contributions to its contents, the first being a translation from the French of Maeterlinck. the second, the opening poem.

A LYRIC. And if some day he came back, What should he be told?— Tell him he was waited for, Till my heart was cold.

And if he ask me yet again, Not recognizing me?—
Speak him fair and sisterly:
His heart breaks, maybe.

And if he ask me where you are What shall I reply?— Give him my golden ring, And make no reply.

And if he ask me why the hall Is left desolate?— Show him the unlit lamp And the open gate. And if he should ask me, then, How you fell asleep?— Tel him that I smiled, for fear Lest he should weep.

AT THE CROSSROADS You to the left and I to the right,
For the ways of men must sever—
And it well may be for a day and a night,
And it well may be forever.
But whether we meet or whether we part
(For our ways are past our knowing),
A pledge from the heart to its fellow heart
On the ways we all are going!
Here's luck!
For we know not where we are going.

For we know not where we are going. We have striven fair in love and war,

But the wheel was always weighted; We have lost the prize that we struggled for.
We have won the prize that was fated.
We have met our loss with a smile an

song,
And our gains with a wink and a whistle—
For, whether we're right or whether we're

There's a rose for every thistle. Here's luck! And a drop to wet your whistle. It is not we nor the ways we choose
But the fall of the cards that's sealing.
There's a fate in love and a fate in light,
And the best of us all go under—
And whether we're wrong or whether we're

right,
We win. sometimes, to our wonder.
Here's luck—
That we may not yet go under! With a steady swing and an open brow

We have tramped the days together. But we're clasping hands at the crossro the Fiend's own night for weather; And whether we bleed or whether we smile
In the leagues that lie before us,
The ways of life are many a mile,
And the dark of Fate is o'er us.
Here's luck!
And a cheer for the dark before us!

You to the left and I to the right, For the ways of men must sever, And it may well be for a day and a night, Jack won't develop the English bashfulness. Was your father a shy man
about lovemaking and such things,
Harofd?"

And it may well be for a day and a night,
And it may well be forever!
But whether we live or whether we die
(For the end is past our knowing),
Here's two frank hearts and the open sky, Here's luck! In the teeth of all winds blowing!

WOMAN'S DRESS.

(New York paper.)

Applique trimming on evening gloves is the latest development of fashion. The applique consists of either lace or silk embroidery. White gloves are decorated with black, and black with white, while gloves of pale gray or the most delicate tan, which is really the fashionable shade of the hour, have either black or white. The effect is novel and not unpleasing.

Gorgeous wide belts of folded gold tissue are shown for wear with evening bodices of silk, lace or chiffon. One of the phin gauze is fastened with a big turquoise buckle. Another of gold woven with red and silver threads in a flower and vine design has a large filagree buckle of gold and red enamel.

Pulley belts of gold have pearl rings and Persian ribbons in red and yellow to draw the belt together.

The newest turnover collars are of crepe de chine, with delicate embroidered edges. They come in white, pale pink, lavender, green and ecru.

Sealskin turbans are shown for cold weather wear. One has a bunch of pink roses and green leaves for trimming, and another is ornamented with white roses. The foliage of the roses on these sealskin hats is silk instead of velvet, and is very effective on the

A very effective evening hat is of white tulle, the crown being entirely covered with a large, flat, gold rose The hat turns back from the face, and the only trimming is supplied by sev-

Chinchilla hats continue in fashionable favor. One has a crown of the fur and a brim which rolls back from the inevitable soft pompadour. The brim is faced with a pink panne, and is caught up high with a bunch of pink

Still another pretty hat has a shirred crown of white tulle. The brim, which rolls back, is dotted on both sides with soft panne rose petals in sky blue. Against the hair rests a knot of blue panne and a few gold roses.

GOOD DEFINITION.

(Washington Star.)

"What is your definition of satire?" "Satire," said Miss Cayenne, "is something that compels you to laugh against your will, in order to let it appear that you are not angry."

REVERIES OF A BACHELOR. What treasures dear of the days agone Are these which I cherish now! What loves they tell of the withered past; Of many a careless vow.

That prisons a glint of gold; It had a place in my heart until The love in my heart grew cold.

A slipper-mold of her pretty foot; A dainty affair of pink; It tripped so light in the olden days That lie behind, link by link.

The scarlet strand of a ribbon worn
And faded by passing time;
It glowed so warm at her snow-white throa
When life was a joyous rhyme. A kerchief daintily edged in lace— A bit of a spotless thing; What subtle sense of a dying love Its delicate odors bring!

What treasures dear of the days agone
Are these which I cherish now!
What loves they tell of the withered past;
Of many a careless yow.

Newton Newkirk in Columbus State

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

BY THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPER-ANCE UNION OF ST. JOHN

[Trust the people—the wise and the ignorant, the good and the bad—with the gravest questions, and in the end you will educate the race.]

DON'T WANT MEN WHO DRINK. A lady in one of our large western cities tells how she prepared to contribute to the interest of a temperance day ir her Sunday school. She says:

"I selected thirty of the leading busines firms of the city and addressed personal letters to the head of each firm. I varied these notes according to the business, but the idea of all was the same, viz., 'Is there room in your line of business for an exceptionally capable young man, who has every qualification for business except that outhours he drinks in moderation and with his friends? In some of these letters I made riends? In some of these letters I made straight application for position, in others I asked advice regarding such a young man's prespects of business success; in others I asked the question whether in selecting or engaging their employes the firm made any inquiries concerning the drinking habits of applicants; whether it was to their prejudice that they drank in moderation. I wrote to insurance companies asking what wiote to insurance companies asking what risks they took on drinking men. I wrote to wholesale merchants, retail merchants, editors, college presidents, bankers, lumbermen, wheat men, heads of public institutions—surely a mixed and motley crew, from which I might well expect a variety of answers. I forgot to mention with the rest swers. I forgot to mention with the rest the general managers of three important

redironds.
"Now listen: in five days I had answers "Now listen: in five days I had answers from every man but one, and afterward I learned that he was out of the city until some time later, when he told me that he still wanted to be represented and would give me an answer. In five days those thirty men had responded, each for himself and without knowledge of the others, and all the same story. Not one had any time or use for men in their business who drank."

> A PLEA FOR WILLARD TEMPLE ALGONA. October 28, 1900.

To the Editor of the Christian Work: Dear Sir—I am impelled to write at this time to ask you if you cannot in some way influence some of the moneyed men of your city, or elsewhere, to come to the rescue of the noble temperance women who are trying to redeem the Temperance Temple in Chicag). They are trying to retire the Temple trust bonds by the first of January next. Marshall Field has contributed generously for years, and he now pledges \$50,000 in money and \$50,000 in bonds if they can be retired by January 1. Then the controll-ing interest will be in the hands of the tem-perance women, and they feel that this is their last chance to redeem and save it. Some of the W. C. T. U. are becoming discouraged, but the Temple trustees and the better part of the W. C. T. U. have never (New York paper.)

Pretty fichus are made of inch-wide satin ribbon, joined with entredeux of a harmonious shade, and finished at the edge with a frill of lace. Delicate green, with rose pink-entredeux and white lace is one combination; another is pink ribbon, with ecru entredeux and lace.

One of these would make a pretty C'ristmas gift for an old lady.

better part of the W. C. T. U. have never faltered, working and praying that they might save this memorial to Frances Will-ard. Then the large rentals of \$50,000 or more a year might speed on the triumph of the good cause. I think they need about \$60,000 more pledged. None of it is to be paid if all is not pledged. Mrs. Carse and our state president are giving their lives to this task, and the Temple trustees have the control so nearly met that it is a great pity for the enemy to triumph. The whiskey men have openly made the threat that they would yet own the Temple, and "sell whiskey in Willard Hall."

Last week we went to the state conven-Last week we went to the state conven-

Last week we went to the state convention as delegates from this local union of the W. C. T. U. It was held at Toledo, some 130 miles from here. The weather was fine, and we enjoyed the convention very much. We were able to attend every meetfine, and we enjoyed the convention very much. We were able to attend every meeting of the convention, and feel thankful for the privilege. This is the resolution regarding the Temple then indorsed:

Resolved, That we have never faltered in our faith that "the Temple" would be eventually owned by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and its large rentals become our financial weapon with which to fight the liquor traffic; furthermore, that we deem it a moral obligation to redeem the trust bonds, and will work and give to the last moment for that purpose, realizing

we deem it a molar outlaston to rectate the trust bonds, and will work and give to the last moment for that purpose, realizing that, in failing to do this the enemy will greatly rejoice, and the most fitting memorial for Frances Willard will be lost. We recommend the observance of October 24 as a day set apart for fasting and prayer in the interests of "The Temple."

Yours, MRS. M. H. HUDSON.
(The Christian Work need not say that it sympathizes most heartily with the above, and hopes this letter may reach some who can help; and if so, contributions may be sent to Mrs. Estella E. Reed, the district president of the W. C. T. U., Algona, Iowa.—Eds. C. W.)

CANDY AND WHISKEY.

CANDY AND WHISKEY.

Brandy drops were made years and years ago on a small scale, but not until the screws were put on Sunday drinking did the whiskey drop make its appearance. The whiskey drop is no different in appearance from the old chocolate or brandy drop, and is about the same size At some of the shops it is covered with plain chocolate, while at the more stylish places it is wrapped in tin or gold foil. In some of its forms it is composed of a little jug made of crystalized sugar, into which the liquor is squirted with a syringe. Then the small opening is filled with sugar and dipped in boiling chocolate and laid out on a board to dry. The foil is put on to hold the compound together in case it is exposed to a damp atmosphere.

People who have not bought whiskey drops and who have no idea of the amount of the juice of the rye contained in them, will be surprised by the following figures derived from an analysis: In a pound of chocolate drops there are eighty pieces. Each piece weighs 95 grains, Troy weight. After a drop is broken and the whiskey is poured out there are found 55 grains of sugar and chocolate and 40 of whiskey. There is a gallon of whiskey, according to the statement of a manufacturer, in every sixteen and one half point of whiskey. There is a gallon of whiskey, according to the statement of a manufacturer, in every sixteen and one half pounds of candy. The price of the candy depends upon the quality of the whiskey. Some pound boxes cost 30 cents, others cost 60 cents.

The salesgirl in one of Broadway's largest

whiskey. Some pound boxes cost 30 cents, others cost 60 cents.

The salesgirl in one of Broadway's largest candy stores said: "We have been selling wink drops, as we call them, and the sale is growing every day. I suppose that we sell at least fifteen pounds here a day. You have no idea how many young fellows, schoolboys, between fifteen and eighteen years, buy them. They cannot buy liquor in saloons, so they buy whiskey drops and think they are real sporty.

"A number of our women customers, and we have any number of them, have discovered the case where the drops are kept, and instead of saying they want whiskey or brandy drops, merely point to the tray and say, 'A pound of those please.' To the uninitiated they appear to be purchasing ordinary chocolate creams. Some have been intoxicated eating chocolate creams (?) that appeared harmless."—The World.



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"The falling out of faithful friends Renewal is of love." (After Horace iv., 9.)

While I was lovely in thy sight, And all I said or did was right, I lived, upon my sainted soul, A happier nan than Old King Cole.

I. patriot of high renown, Dreamed I could crack the British Clown.

Me now enamoured Gallia woos, Land of magniloquent Mossoos, With whom I'd gladly end my days Chanting eternal Marseillaise.

I burn with flerce election joys.
Whose "divilments" divert the "bhoys,"
While Healy from O'Brien carts
Sings the glad "Union of Hearts." Kruger:

Davitt:

What if our ancient love return With undiminished fire to burn; If all the charms of French cuisine Then an address in prose and verse, Sweetly commingling Dutch and Erse, Shall tell thee how, in harmony Divine, With thee I'd live, with thee I'd gladly dine.

Co Vo Go in St. James' Gazette.

HAD HER REVENCE.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.-Marion Rogan, the young woman who in a spirit of revenge flung vitriol into the face of Dr. Frank L. Taylor, a well known young dentist of this city, was placed upon probation by Judge Bond in the superior criminal court this

Bond in the superior criminal court afternoon.

When the spectators, men and women, heard the outcome they attempted to do something quite unusual in court proceedings—they started to applaud in open court the white haired justice for his finding, but the vigilant court officers promptly quelled the threatened outburst of feeling. It was an unusual situation, a situation of profound impressiveness. The disposition of this case excited greater local interest than any that has come up for years. excited greater local interest than any that has come up for years.

The young woman appeared in court Tuesday with her babe in her arms and told her story, alleging betraval by Dr. Taylor, who gave another name and claimed to be single, although he was married and had a family in the Back Bay, and refusal of aid by him when she found herself in a delicate state. Dr. Taylor, she said, shook her off, boasting that his personal attractions were irresistible among women. boasting that his personal attractions were irresistible among women.

Then the girl conceived the idea of spoiling his good looks that he might not mislead another woman, and on July 13th she met Dr. Taylor at the public library and threw the acid in his face. Dr. Taylor lost one eye entirely and probably will be blind for life.

She—"I wonder why it is that many old maids have fat bank accounts?" He—"Probably, for lack of anything else, they husband their resources."—Brooklyn Life.

ured by said MSTRONG

tgagee. 14M

under and by

21—Str Evangeline, 2,431, Williams, London via Halifax, Furness, Withy general cargo. Falmouth, 501, Pitts, from Newark, F Tutts, coal.
Seh James Barber, 80, Thorne, from Bedford, Cottle and Colwell, bal.
Seh Ada G Shortland, 185, McIntyre, from
Eastrort, master, bal.
Sch Eltie, 116, Morrell, from New York, Ravola, 130, Forsyth, from New York, J W Smith, hrimstone.
Coastwise-Str Westport, 48, Powell, from
Westport, and cld; schs Buds, 20, Stuart,
from Beaver Harbor; Tethys, 9, Johnson,
from fishing.
Dec 22—Bark Swansea, 746, Card, from
Hantsport, Win Thomson and Co, bal.
Sch Avis, 124, Atkinson, from Boston, F

Sch Avis, 124, Atkinson, from Boston, Tuits, hal.
Coastwise—Barge No 3, 431, McNamara, from Parrsboro; sche Swallow, 90, Fullerton, from Alma; Harry Morris, 98, McLean, from Quaco.
Dec 23—Str St Croix, Pike, from Boston, W G Lee, moise and pass. Cleared.

Dec 21-Sch Sebago, Hunter, for City Islands f o. landf f A.

Coastwise—Schs Levuka, Graham, for Wolfvilie; Annie Blanche, Randall, for Canning; Grace and Ethel, Ingersoll, for Grand Harbor; Buda, Stuart, for Beaver Harbor; Little Arnie, Poland, for Campobello; Rex. Sweet, for Quaco; Wanita, Apt, for Annapolis olis.

Dec 22—Str Evangeline, Williams, for London via Halifax.

Str Montfort, Evans, for Liverpool via Str Erna, Bruhn, for West Indies via Sch Stephen Bennett, Glass, for City Island f o.
Sch Tay, Cochran, for Bridgeport.
Ceastwise Schs Cygnet, Newcomb, for
Parrisboro; Harry Morris, McLean, for Quaco; Fannie May, 19, Cheney, for Grand Har-

DOMESTIC PORTS. Arrived.

HALIFAX, NS, Dec 19—Sid, str Grand Lake, for St Johns, NF. HALIFAX, NS, Dec 19—Ard, sch Josephine Elliott, from Brunswick, Ga, for Louisburg, for repairs.

HALIFAX, Dec 20—Ard, str Lindistarne, from Shields for Baltimore (with rudder head broken); sch Meteor, from Gloucester for Placentia Bay, NF.

ST STEPHEN, NB, Dec 20—Ard, sch

HALIFAX, Dec 21—Ard, strs Manchester Shipper, from Manchester for St John; Silvia, from St Johns, NF; schs W G Gordon, from New York; Guardian, from do.
Sid, strs Tjomo, for Havana; Grecian, for Liverpool via St Johns, NF; Ocamo, for Bermida, Windward Islands and Demerara; sch Annie E Larder, for Ponce, PR.

Sailed. From Halifax, Dec 19th, strs Montfort, for St John; Halifax, for Boston.
HALIFAX, Dec 20—Sid, str Ethelhida, for Piladelphia; schs Greta, ofr New York; Annie E Larder, ofr Ponce, PR.

BRITISH PORTS. Arrived.

At Liverpool, Dec 21, str Lake Superior, from St John via Halifax.

BRISTOL, Dec 18—Ard, bark Amity, from Halifax via Penarth Roads.

LIVERPOOL, Dec 20—Ard, str Damara, from Halifax and St Johns, Nfid.

LONDON, Dec 20—Ard, str Iona, from Portland, Portland.
GLASGOW, Dec 20-Ard, strs Alcides,

from St John; Peruvian, from Portland. PRESTON, Dec 19—Ard, str John Christie, from Pugwash via Southport.

LONDON, Dec 10—Ard, str John Christle, from Pugwash via Southport.

LONDON, Dec 10—Ard, str Menominee, from New York. LIVERPOOL, Dec 20—Ard, str Commonwealth, from Boston.

From Liverpool, Dec 22, str Platea, Purdy, for Savannah and Europe.
From Glasgow, Dec 22, str Pharsalia, Smith, for Port Arthur, Texas, and Europe.
LIVERPOOL, Dec 21—Ard, str Lake Superior, from St John and Halifax.
LIVERPOOL, Dec 21—Ard, str Parisian, from Portland, perform St John and Halifax.
LIVERPOOL, Dec 21—Ard, str Parisian, from Portland.

frem Portland. Sailed. From Belfast, Dec 19, str Bengore Head, Brennan, for St John.
SHIELDS, Dec 18-Sld, str Devona, for Portland.

LIVERPOOL, Dec 18—Sld, ship Monrovia, for South America (Buenos Ayres or Rio LIVERPOOL, Dec 20-Sid, str Corinthian,

FOREIGN PORTS. Arrived.

At Havana, Dec 20, sch Wentworth, Fitz-patrick, from Canning. At New York, Dec 19, bark Louvima, Warner, from Natal; brig Alice, Jones, from Pernambuco,
GLOUCESTER, Mass, Dec 19—Ard, schs
Bonnie Doone, from New York for St John,
NB; Rising Sun, from Boston for Rockland, Me; Geo S Keene, from Boston for St
George, NB; Lizzie D Small, from Edgewater
for St John NR

for St John NB.

for St John, NB,
BOOTHBAY HARBOR, Me. Dec 19—Ard,
sch W C Pendleton, from Portland:
VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, Dec 19—Ard
and sld, sch Annie B Mitchell, from Hurricane Island, for Annapolis, Mid; sch Viola,
from Sherbrook, NS, for New York,
Sch Viola, from Sherbrooke for New York,
at this port, reports when off Cape Sable,
sth instent, experienced heavy easterly gales
and lost portion of deckload of logs.
BOSTON, Dec 19—Ard, strs Michigan, from
Liverpool; Strathnevis, from Teneriffe.
NEW YORK, Dec 19—Ard, schs Ann L
Lockwood, from Philadelphia for Boston;
Manuel R Cuza, from Philadelphia for St.
John.

John.
At Havana, Dec 8, schs Benefit, Faulkner, from Kingsport, NS: H B Homan, McNeal, from Annapolis, NS: 13th, sch Etta A Stimpson, Hogan, from Fernandina.
At Ponce, Porto Rico, Dec 22, sch Georgia, Longmire, from Sabine Pass.
At Lisbon, Dec 20, str Micmac, Meikle, from New York—will come to St. John via Louisburg. Louisburg.
At New York, Dec 22, str St Louis, from

At New York, Dec 22, str St Louis, from Southampton and Cherbourg.

At City Island, Dec 22, sch Joseph Hay, Phipps, from St Margaret's Bay.

At Fernandina, Fla, Dec 19, sch Chas L Jeffrey, Theall, from Point-a-Pitre, Guad.

At Pensacola, Dec 20, sch Florence R Hewson, Patterson, from Demerara.

At Wilmington, NC, Dec 20, sch Preference, Trefry, from Barbados.

At Delaware Breakwater, Dec 19, sch Josie, Morehouse, from San Domingo, in tow of tug Albert Hughes (short of provisions).

HYANNIS, Mass, Dec 21—Ard, schs Helen King and Romeo, from St John for New York, and sailed.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass Dec 21—Ard, schs Ccra B, from St John for Falmouth, Mass; Geo H Mills, from Port Johnson for Portland; Otis Miller, from St John for Bridgeport (last two sailed).

BOSTON, Dec 21—Ard, str. Norge, from Louisburg, CB; sch Thelma, from Brunswick, Ga.

Sld strs Roston and Prince Arthur, for

wick, Ga.
Sld, strs Boston and Prince Arthur, for Yarmouth, NS; Turret Chief, for Louisburg, At Apalachicola, Fla, Dec 19, bark Ashow, Larkin, for Mentevideo.
At New York, Dec 19, sch Avalon, for St

John.
At Apalachicola, Fla, Dec 19, bark Ashlow,
Larkin, for Montevideo.
At Fernandina, Dec 18, sch Raymond T
Maul, Smith, for Philadelphia
BALTIMORE, Dec 21—Cld, sch Belie Wooster, for St John. Sailed.

From Savannah, Dec 19, bark Gazelle, Green, for Rio Janeiro.

MACHIAS, Me, Dec 19—Sld, schs Zampa, for New York; Abbie G Cole, for Calais.
Boothbay Harbor, 19th inst, barktn: Falmouth, for St John, NB; sch Garleton Pelle, for Newfoundland.
From Boston, 19th inst, strs Winifredian, for Liverpool; Virginian, for London.
From New York, 19th inst, sch W B Herrick, for Baltimore.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Dec 20—Ard, sch Fraulein, from Edgewater for St John.
Sld, sch Viola.
CALAIS, Me, Dec 20—Ard, schs Abbie G

Albert Pharo, from Boston; Senator is, from Eastport; Jessie Hart, from New York.

HYANNIS, Mass, Dec 20—Ard, schs Carrie
Belle, Evolution, Francis Shubert, Marcus
Edwards, Ruth Robinson and R W Huddell,
from St John for New York; Cora B, for
Falmouth; G M Porter and Clara Jane, from
Calais for New York.

HAVANA, Dec 20—Ard, sch Keewaydin,
from Kingsport om Kingsport.

BOSTON, Dec 20—Ard, strs Hallfax, from alifax, NS; Turret Chief, from Louisburg, B; Prince Arthur and Boston, from Yarouth, NS; sch Bessie A, from Windsor, NS.
ROCKLAND, Me, Dec 20—Sld, sch Goldfinder, for Beaver Harbor, NS.
From Boston, Dec 20, str State of Maine,
from Portland, Eastport and St John; schs
Two Sisters, for St John; Victor, from St
John, for New York; George D Loud, for ward, for Fernandina. rom St Marc, Dec 19, barktn Eva Lynch, theld, for New York—not as before re-From New York, Dec 20, schs Avalon, for St John; Nellie I White, for do; Manuel R Cuza, from Philadelphia for do.
From Savannah, Dec 19, bark Gazelle, Green, for Rio Janeiro.

MEMORANDA. KINSALE, Dec 19—Passed, str Damara, from Halifax via St Johns, NF, for Liver-

from Halifax via St Johns, NF, for Liverpool.

TORY ISLAND, Dec 19—Passed, str Peruvian, from Portland for Glasgow.

CLYDE, Dec 18—Returned, str Rosarian,
for St Johns, NF.
PRAWLE POINT, Dec 19—Passed, str
Iona, from Portland for London.

MALIN HEAD, Dec 20—Passed, str Parisian, from Portland for Liverpool.

CAPE RACE, Dec 21—Passed, str Lake
Champlain, from Liverpool for Halifax and
St. John.

SPOKEN. Ship Treasurer, Knowlton, from Parraboro, NS, for Fleetwood, Dec 6, lat 43, lon 65.

REPORTS.

LONDON, Dec 18—The British steamer Rearian, Captain Henry, which sailed from Greenock Dec 5th, via Liverpool 7th, for St Johns, NF, passed Rathlin Island today, returning. She signalled her rudder was damaged, fire had broken out in her cargo but had been extinguished, and she had encountered most tempestuous weather.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec 19—The reported arrival 18th of bark Bristol, from Portland, was 3n error. was an error.

BALTIMORE. Dec. 21.—The American sch

BALTIMORE, Dec. 21.—The American sch Jennie Hall, Captain Lawson, from Trinidad Nov 10 for Baltimore, which stranded eight miles south of Cape Henry at 4 a m today, is a total loss. The captain and two men were drowned and five men were receved in a breeches buoy.

BOSTON, Dec 21—On account of the threatering wenther and the gale predicted by the weather bureau, the Portland steamer Bay State and steamer Penobscot for Winterport did not leave this evening. Several tows are also held here by the weather.

CHATHAM, Mass, Dec 21—Increasing northeast gale, snowing tonight. No vessels were in sight at sunset except one fourmaster and two three-masters off West Handkerchief.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

WASHINGTON, DC, Dec 16—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on or about Dec 31, 1900, the characteristic of the fifth order light at the Borden Flats light station will be changed to flashing white every 10 seconds. The station is on Borden Flats, Mount Hope Bay, Narragansett Bap, opposite Fall River.

PORTLAND, Me, Dec 17—Pigeon Hill Bay, Me. Me.:

Whale Ledge Buoy, No 2, a red spar, reported adrift October 5, was replaced on its station December 14.

Through Moosabec Reach, from the east-Ram Island Ledge buoy, spar, black, No 13, reported adrift November 27, has been replaced.

Blonde Rock buoy.

WASHINGTON, DC, Dec 19—Notice is given by the Lighthouse Board that on Dec 8, 1900, the Sand Island day beacon, which, with a tree at Fort Gaines, marks a range line for running the channel across the bar at the entrance to Mobile Bay, was moved 105 feet to the northward along the range line. Sand Island lighthouse now bears ESE (magnetic), 943 feet from the beacon. EOSTON, Dec 19—Commander Cogswell, of the First Lighthouse district, gives notice that Ram Island Ledge buoy No 13, which was reported adrift from its position at Ram Island Ledge, Moosabec Beach, has been replaced.

beer replaced.
WOODS HOLL, Dec 18—Lighthouse tender will leave tomorrow morning with relief lightship No 9 and place her on Nantucket Shoals station, which was recently made vacant by No 58 going a rift.

BIRTHS.

DOYLE—At River du Loup, Quebec, or Dec. 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Doyle, HOSFORD-At Lake View, Kings Co., N. B., Dec. 13th, to the wife of John Hosford, a son.

MARRIAGES

ARMSTRONG-CAIL.—On Dec. 20, at Carvill Hall, by Rev. D. J. Fraser, William Armstrong of St. John to Lettie M. Cail of Prince Edward Island. bride's father Hampton, N. B., Dec. 21st, 1900, Lillian H. Brown to Victor Winfield Barnes, marine engineer, New York. Barnes, marine engineer, New York.

DEMPSTER-PENNY.—At Hampton on Dec.
19th, by Rev. W. W. Lodgs, John C.
Dempster of Hampton to Phoebe J. Penny
of Carbonnear, Newfoundland.

PRICE-THORNE—At the residence of Captain Robertson, 32 St. Andrews street, on
Dec. 21st, by Rev. C. T. Phillips, Harris G.
Price of Boston, Mass., and Miss Mabel
A. Thorne of Johnston, Queens Co.

DEATHS.

AITKEN—At Gilman, Col., Dec. 21st, Isatella Jane, wife of John Aitken, and only daughter of Caroline and the late Alexander Hunter of Kineardine, N. B., aged 32 years, leaving a husband and two infant children. BFANNEN—On Dec. 18th, at the Victoria hospital, Fredericton, N. B., Chas. Good-rich Brannen, eldest son of C. Sterling and Agnes Kelland Brannen, aged 18 CRICHTON—At the Salvation Army quarters, Moncton, N. B., Dec. 20th, Annie Beckett Crichton, infant daughter of Adjutant and Mrs. Crichton, aged 3 months and 20 days.

CASSE-At the British Columbia Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, Dec. 12th, Eliza, beloved wife of Joseph Casse of H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt, a native of Chatham, Kent, England, aged 49 years. The funeral took place on Sunday, Dec. 16th, from the family residence, Esquimalt, to the Royal Naval cemetery.

CALLAGHAN—On Dec. 22nd, at his residence, on the Black River road, parish of Simonds, Cornelius Callaghan, in the 70th year of his age, leaving a widow, two sons and one daughter to mourn their sad loss. (Boston rapers please copy.) DAVIDSON—At Moncton, N. B., Dec. 20th, William H. Davidson, aged 52 years, leav-ing a wife and five children. McDONALD—In this city, Tuesday, Dec. 18, after a brief illness of pneumonia, Joseph-ine Carroll, beloved wife of Frederick Mc-Donald and daughter of the late John Car-

roll, aged 20 years. ROBERTS—Suddenly, at his late residence, Cedar steet, on Dec. 22, Robert Roberts, aged 67 years. WOODMAN—At Digby, N. S., Dec. 18th, Miss Mary E. Woodman, aged 66 years. WILLIAMS—At the residence of her son-in-law, E. W. Vail, at Westfield, Kings Co., Eleanor, widow of the late Gilbert C. Wil-liams of Long Reach, aged 74 years, leav-ing six sons and one daughter to mourn their sad loss.

THE JOINT NOTE

No. 32 NARWESER . OF VIEW TE . P. P. L.

Signed Saturday by the Foreign Ministers at Pekin

Will be Delivered to the Chinese Plenipotentiaries in a Few Days -Text of the Note.

PEKIN, Dec. 22 .- The last obstacle having been removed, the joint note was signed today by all the foreign ministers. The note will be delivered to Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, the Chinese plenipotentiaries, as soon as the former shall have sufficiently recovered from his indisposition. The Chinese close to Li Hung Chang still prefer to believe, despite the signing of the note, which they did not believe would take place, that the principal negotiations must be carried on in Europe or America. They resent the British modification of the note, for as they say some power might not be satisfied until the indemnity had been paid in full, which would mean the occupation of Pekin for an indefinite time, as it cannot be expected that China can raise what would be required-possibly 1,000,000,000 taels-for several years.

Li Hung Chang's condition is reported today to be so much improved that he was able to be out of bed for a short time. WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 22.-The

state department today made public the text of the joint note of the powers to China. The official statement follows: "Department of State, Washington:-"The following English version is understood to be in substantial equivalence with the French text of the note to be addressed to the government of China, as agreed upon by the representatives of the co-operating powers at Pekin, Dec. 4, 1900, and subsequently amended before signature. During the months of May, June, July and August of the current year serious disturbances broke out in the northern provinces of China, in which atroclous crimes unparalleled in history and outrages against the laws of nations, against the laws of humanity and against civilization were committed under particularly odious circumstances. The principal of these crimes were the following:

lowing:

1. On the 20th of June, his excellency
Baron Von Ketteler, while on his way to the
Tsung Li Yemen, in the performance of his
official functions, was murdered by soldiers of the regular army, acting under orders of of the regular army, acting under orders of their chiefs.

2. The same date foreign legations were attacked and besieged. The attacks continued without intermission until the 14th of August, on which date the arrival of the foreign forces put an end to them. These attacks were made by the regular troops, who joined the Boxers, and who obeyed the orders of the court emanating from the imperial palace. At the same time the Chinese government officially declared by its representatives abroad that it guaranteed the security of the legations.

3. On the 11th of June, Sujayma, chancellor of the legation of Japan, while in the discharge of an official mission, was killed by regulars at the gates of the city. In Pekin and in several provinces foreigners were murdered, tortured or attacked by the Boxers and the regular troops, and such as escaped death owed their salvation solely to their own determined resistance. Their establishments were looted and destroyed.

4. Foreign cemeteries at Pekin especially were descented, the graves opened and the

4. Foreign cemeteries at Pekin especially were desecrated, the graves opened and the BOSTON, Dec 15—Captain Paulsen of str were desecrated, the graves opened and the remains scattered abroad.

These occurrences necessarily led the foreign powers to despatch their troops to China to the end of protecting the lives of their representatives and nationals and restoring order. During their march to Pekin the allied forces met with resistance from the Chinese army, and had to overcome it by force.

force.
Inasmuch as China has recognized her responsibility, expressed regret and evidenced a desire to see an end put to the situation created by the aforesaid disturbances the powers have determined to accede to her request upon the irrevocable conditions enumerated below, which they deem indispensible to expiate the crimes committed and to prevent their recurrence:

vent their recurrence: I.—(A). The despatch to Berlin of an extraordinary mission, headed by an imperia prince, in order to express the regrets of his majesty, the Emperor of China, and of the Chinese government for the assassination of his excellency the late Baron Von Ketteler,

minister of Germany.

(B). The erection on the spot of assassination of a commemorative monument, befitting the rank of the deceased, bearing an inscription, in the Latin, German and Chinese languages, expressing the regrets of the Emperor of China for the murder. II.—(A). The severest punishment for the persons designated in the imperial decree of September 25, 1900, and those whom the representatives of the powers shall subse-quently designate. quently designate.

(B). The suspension for five years of all official examinations in all the cities where foreigners have been massacred or have been subject to cruel treatment.

III.—Honorable reparation to be made by

the Chinese government to be made by the Chinese government to the Japanese government for the murder of Sujayma.

IV.—An explatory monument to be erected by the imperial Chinese government in every foreign or international cemetery which had been desegrated, in which the graves have been destroyed.

V.—The maintenance, under conditions to be destroyed by the every of the interdice.

be determined by the powers, of the interdic-tion against the importation of arms as well as of materials employed exclusively for the manufacture of arms and ammuni-

tion.

VI.—Equitable indemnities for the governments, societies, companies and individuals, as well as for the Chinese, who, during the late disturbances, have suffered in position or in property in consequence of their being in the service of foreigners. China to adopt firancial measures acceptable to the powers, for the purpose of guaranteeing the payment. for the purpose of guaranteeing the payment of the said indemnities, and the interest,

of the said indemnities, and the interest, etc., for the loans.

VII.—The right for each power to maintain a permanent guard for its legations and to put the diplomatic quarter in a defensible condition, the Chinese having no right to reside in that quarter.

VIII.—The destruction of the forts which might obstruct free communication between Pekin and the sea.

IX.—The right to the military occupation



BEST, PUREST, STRONGEST.

WITH THE WATER AND A LONG OF THE BUTCH

A.—The Uninese government to cause to be published during two years in all the subprefectures an imperial decree:

(A). Embodying a perpetual prohibition, under penalty of death, 3' membership in any anti-foreign society.

(B). Enumerating the punishments that shall have been inflicted on the guilty, together with the suspension of official examinations in the cities where foreigners have been murdered or have been subject to cruel treatment; and

(C). Furthermore, an imperial decree to be issued and published throughout the empire, ordering that the governors-general (viceroys), governors and all provincial or local officials shall be held responsible for the maintenance or order within their respective jurisdiction, and that the event of renewed anti-foreign disturbances or any infraction of the treaty occurring, and which shall not forthwith be suppressed and the guilty persons punished, they, the said officials, shall be immediately removed and for ever disqualified from holding any office or honors.

ever disqualified from holding any office or honors.

XI.—The Chinese government to undertake to negotiate amendments to the treaties of commerce and navigation considered useful by the foreign powers, and upon other matters pertaining to their commercial relations, with the object of facilitating them.

XII.—The Chinese government to determine in what manner to reform the department of foreign affairs, and to modify the court ceremonials concerning the reception of foreign representatives in the manner to be indicated by the powers.

Until the Chinese government has complied with the above conditions to the satisfaction of the powers, the undersigned can hold out no expectation that the occupation of Pekin and the province of Chi Li by the general forces can be brought to a conclusion.

RICHIBUCTO NEWS.

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., Dec. 22 .- The examinations in the different departments of the school were held this week. There was a large number of citizens present at the proceedings in Principal Cowperthwaite's room yesterday afternoon. The pupils were thoroughly examined in the different studies and the results were very gratifying to those present. Several prizes, donated by Rev. A. D. McLeod were given to the scholars. Rev. H. A. Meek made the presentation. Both the gentlemen addressed the pupils. The school is maintaining a high standard under Principal Cowperthwaite.

Geo. A. Irving, proprietor of the Kent hotel, left this morning on a trip to Boston and New York. C. N. McLeod of Moncton organized a court of the Canadian Order of Foresters in the Masonic hall last even-

Harry McInerney, son of Geo. V. Mc-Inerney, arrived home from St. Joseph's college last evening to spend the holidays. Two cars of fish were sent out this

morning, making ten cars this week. The scholars of the Methodist Sunday school and St. Mary's Church of England will be given a tea on Monday evening.

NEW YORK'S CHRISTMAS ATMOS-PHERE.

Walk up Broadway on Christmas eve about six o'clock from Fourteenth to Thirtieth street. The shops are lit up and their Christmas bravery will make the stoutest pocket-book feel thin! What opulent, gorgeous showing! The dry goods and carpet shops, in rich, low tones, or dazzling, prismatic ones; the jewellers' window caves of some rifled Golconda; the candy shops-Ah! shades of childhood! showing sugar disguised in every hue of the rainbow. Stand here for a moment at this fascinating window of a shop where the people can hardly squeeze in or out, and look in, at least, if you have a splinter of a "sweet tooth" left. What mounds of softhued bonbons! There is a clean-linened man in crisp cap and apron, daintily dipping walnut meats into a brass pot and bringing them out smothered in rose-colored paste to deposit the toothsome morsels (Oh, th phlegmatic way in which he does it on a sheet of buttered paper. The nig ping, bracing air is whetting you Christmas gusto the while, and is no that rich, warm whiff of chocolate tha steals about you too earthly a deligh even for the indulgent season? Yo are inwardly abashed to find that affects you almost like poetry! And the bonbonnieres! French fanc

gone riot over receptacles for the pal ate-tickling things. Look at that pal green, lemon-yellow china cat! Wa anything ever more natural or mor suitable for sweets? How Poe would have liked to have had her on hi hearthstone, holding the Raven with her fearless glass eyes. Poe could hav caught with his inner ear her fine, ab sinthian miaou.-Harper's Bazar.

CHRISTMAS RECIPES.

Filets of Smoked Tongue.-Cut in small strips six thin slices of cold smoked tongue; pour over two table spoonfuls of French dressing mixe with one table-spoonful of capers. Ar range the filets in a small side-dish placing at the ends a few leaves of watercress.

ons of two dozen pickled oysters, drain them, dress them nicely on a pretty side-dish, and pour over three table spoonfuls of ordinary French dressing Crush through a strainer two hard boiled eggs, mix them with one-half teaspoonful of dry mustard, sprinkly this over the oysters, and place around them a few leaves of white celery.

Stuffed Shrimps .- Peel off the shell of one pint of large shrimps, put them in a bowl of ice-water for thirty minutes, wipe them dry with a clean napkin, and split them in two lengthwise without separating them. Put in the centre of each one-half teaspoonful of anchovy butter, close them gently, and arrange them in a small glass dis with a few parsley leaves.

Celery and Hazel-Nuts.-Cut in round, thin slices one pound of large hazel-nuts; cut in the same way four very crisp celery hearts. Mix with one salt-spoonful of table salt; dress then salt-spoonful of table salt; dress them around; and serve all the hors-d'oeuvre on a silver platter, as illustrated.

MANITOSA CABINET.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 23-The new Manitoba cabinet was sworn in Saturday as follows: Premier Roblin, president of council and minister of agriculture; Robert Rogers, minister of public works; Hon. Mr. McFadden, provin-cial secretary and municipal commiss oner. The other portfolios remain unchanged.

GREAT SLAUGHTER SALE A New Stock of Hardware at Prices Below Cost.

Having purchased the stock of Hardware of G. H. Burnett & Co., Ltd., at 45 Germain Street, it will be sold out at prices regardless of eost. The stock is a new one and comprises Silverware, Cutlery, Skates, Sleds, Waggons, Snow Shovels, etc., etc., and a full line of household Hardware. Carpenters' Tools of the very best grade. Fancy goods, etc. The whole stock must be cleared out by December 31.

A. M. ROWAN, - 331 Main St.

THE MARKETS.

Revised Every Monday fo the Semi-Weekly Sun.

COUNTRY MARKET.

| Wholesale. | 1.00 | | 1.0 |
|--|--------------|----|---------|
| Canadian beef | 0 0714 | | 0 08 |
| Beef, butchers, carcass | 0 051/2 | 44 | 0 061/4 |
| Beef. country, quarter | 0 04 | | 0 05 |
| Lamb, per lb., carcass | 0 061/2 | ** | 0 07 |
| Mutton, per lb., carcass | 0 04 | " | 0 051/2 |
| Veal, per 1b Pork, fresh, per 1b | 0 06 | " | 0 08 |
| Pork, fresh, per lb | 0 00 | ** | 0 07 |
| Shoulders, per lb | 0 08 | ** | 0 09 |
| Hams, per lb | 0 11 | ** | 0 12 |
| Roll butter, per lb | 0 25 | | 0 26 |
| Tub butter, per lb | 0 19 | : | 0 22 |
| Chickens, per pair | 0 50 | | 0 70 |
| Ducks, per pair | 0 80 | " | 0 95 |
| Fowl, per pair | 0 45 1 00 | 44 | 0 60 |
| Turkeys per lb | 0 00 | | 0 16 |
| Turkeys, per lb Eggs, case, per doz | 0 00 | ** | 0 20 |
| Eggs, fresh, per doz. | 0 25 | 44 | 0.80 |
| Cabbage, each | 9 04 | | 0 06 |
| Turnips, per bbl | 0 65 | ** | |
| Potatoes, per bbl | 1 20 | | 1 40 |
| Beets, per bbl | 0 00 | | 1 25 |
| Carrots, per bbl | 1 25 | 44 | 1 40 |
| Parsnips, per bbl | 0 00 | 44 | |
| Hides, per lb | 0 061/2 | ** | 0.07 |
| Calfskins, per lb | 0 00 | | 0 09 |
| Sheepskins, each | 0 80 | 66 | 0 85 |
| Retail. | | | |
| Beef, corned, per lb | 0 00 | " | 0 08 |

| | Calfskins, per lb | 0 | 00 | 66 | 0 09 |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-----|----|------|
| 100 | Sheepskins, each | 0 | 80 | 66 | 0 85 |
| | Retail. | | | | |
| H | Beef, corned, per lb | 0 | 00 | " | 0 08 |
| á | Beef tongue, per lb | | 00 | | 0 10 |
| H | Beef, roast, per lb | | 10 | 44 | 0 15 |
| ä | Lamb, per lb | | 07 | 66 | 0 12 |
| | Mutton, per lb | | 05 | | 0 10 |
| | Veal, per lb | | 08 | | 0 12 |
| | Pork (fresh), per lb | | 09 | ** | 0 12 |
| S | Pork (salt), per lb | | 08 | | 0 10 |
| | Sausages, per lb | | 00 | | 0 12 |
| | Ham, per lb | | 00 | | 0 15 |
| H | Shoulders, per lb | | 00 | | 0 12 |
| | Bacon, per lb | | 00 | | 0 15 |
| | Tripe, per lb | | 00 | 66 | 0 10 |
| | Butter (creamery), rolls | | 00 | ** | 0 25 |
| | Butter (dairy), rolls | | 00 | 44 | 0 23 |
| | Butter (tub), lb | | 00 | | 0 22 |
| | Lard, per lb | | 00 | | 0 12 |
| | Eggs (case), doz | | 00 | 44 | 0 25 |
| | Eggs (henery), doz | | 00 | " | 0 30 |
| | Onions, per lb | | 00 | 66 | 0 05 |
| | Potatoes, bbl | | 00 | 44 | 1 50 |
| | Potatoes, bbl Turnips, bushel | | 00 | | 0 50 |
| | Beets, bushel | 0 | 00 | 66 | 0 50 |
| | Carrots, bushel | 0 | 00 | | 0 80 |
| | Parsnips, bushel | 0 | 00 | | 1 00 |
| | Celery, bunch | 0 | 00 | 46 | 0 05 |
| | Cauliflower, each | 0 | 00 | 66 | 0 00 |
| | Chickens, pair | 0 | 50 | 44 | 0 90 |
| | Ducks, pair | . 0 | 60 | 44 | 1 00 |
| | Ducks, pair Fowl, pair | 0 | 50 | 44 | 0 80 |
| | Gerse, each | 1 | 10 | | 1 20 |
| | Turkeys, per lb | 0 | 17 | 46 | 0 18 |
| | N. S. Apples, barrel | 2 | 00 | ** | 2 50 |
| | FISH. | | y · | | |
| | Mackerel, half bbl | | 00 | ** | 7 00 |
| | | J | 20 | | |

| N. S. Appies, barrel | 2 00 | | 2 50 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----|---------|
| FISH. | 27 | | |
| Mackerel, half bbl | 6 00 | ** | 7 00 |
| Mackerel, half bbl Large dry cod | 3 35 | 46 | 3 50 |
| Medium cod | 3 25 | | 3 50 |
| Small cod | 0 00 | | 2 25 |
| Pollock | 1 50 | 44 | 1 60 |
| Finnen haddies | 0 00 | | 0 05 |
| Gd. Manan herring, hf bbls. | 2 30 | ** | 2 35 |
| Mackerel, fresh, each | 0 10 | | 0 13 |
| Cod (fresh) | 0 00 | | 0 021/2 |
| Hoddook por lb | 0 00 | | 0 021/2 |
| Haddock, per lb | 0 00 | | 0 10 |
| Halibut, per lb | 5.00 | | 5 25 |
| Canso herring, nalf-bbl | 2 75 | ** | 0 00 |
| Chalburg a harring hhl | 4 50 | | 0 00 |
| Shelburne herring, bbl | 2 50 | | 0 00 |
| Shelburne herring, half bbl | 0 90 | 44 | 0 12 |
| Smoked herring, medium | 0 00 | | 0 12 |
| GROCERIES. | | | |
| Cheese | 0 111/2 | 46 | 0 12 |
| Matches, Standard | 0.40 | | 0 00 |
| Matches, Star | 0 37 | | 0 00 |
| Rice, per lb | 0 03% | | 0 031/4 |
| Cream of tartar, pure, bbls. | 0 19 | | 0 191/2 |
| Cream of tartar, pure, bxs | 0 21 | 44 | 0 25 |
| Bicarb soda, per keg | 1 75 | | 1 80 |
| Sal soda, per lb | 007 | | 0 01% |
| Molasses— | 00 % | | 0 01% |
| Porto Rico, new | 0 44 | 66 | 0 45 |
| Porto Rico, fancy, new | 0 45 | 66 | 0 46 |
| Barbados, new | 0 38 | 66 | 0 40 |
| New Orleans (tierces) | 0 29 | | 0 36 |
| | 0 23 | | 0 36 |
| Sugar- | | | |
| Standard granulated | 4 80 | 66 | 4 85 |
| Yellow, bright | 3 80 | | 3 90 |
| Yellow | 3 75 | | 3 80 |
| Donte mallem non 1h | 0 00 | | 0 00 |

| 1 | Barbados, new | | 38 | | |) 4(| |
|-----|---|-----|----------|------|----|----------|---|
| he | New Orleans (tierces) | (| 29 | 44 | (| 36 | j |
| t!) | Sugar- | | | | | | |
| p- | Standard granulated | 4 | 80 | 4 4 | | 85 | |
| ur | Yellow, bright | 3 | 80 | " | • | 90 | |
| ot | Yellow Dark yellow, per lb | 3 | 75 | | - | 80 | |
| at | Paris lumps, per box | | 00 | | · | 00 | |
| ht | Priverized sugar. | | 053 | | | 06 | |
| ou | Coffee . | | | 2 | ۸ | | |
| it | Java per lb., green Jamaica, per lb | 0 | 24 24 | " | | 24 25 | |
| су | A Property of the Property of | ^ | 00 | ** | 0 | 00 | |
| 11- | Liverpool, ex vessel | | 56 | " | | 58 | |
| le | Liverpool, per sack, ex store | v | 00 | | v | UO | |
| as | bag, factory filled. | 3 | 90 | | 1 | 54 | |
| re | Spices- | | | | | | |
| ld | Nutmegs, per lb | 8 | 50 | 4+ | 0 | 79 | |
| is | Cassia, per lb, ground | | 18 | ** | | 20 | |
| th | Cloves, whole | | 12 | ** | | 15 | |
| | Cloves, ground | | 18 | | | 26 | |
| ve | Ginger, ground | | 18 | ** | | 27 | |
| b- | Tea— | ٠ | 10 | | ٧ | | |
| | Congou, per lb., finest | 0 | 22 | ** | v | 23 | |
| | Congou, per lb, common | | 15 | -1 | 0 | 16 | |
| | Tobacco— | • | 20 | . 44 | | 40 | |
| in | Black, chewing | A 4 | 15 | ** | a | 63 | |
| ld | Blight, chewing | | 45 | | | 74 | |
| e- | | 6 | 45 | ** | | 74 | |
| ed | PROVISIONS. | | | | | | |
| r- | American clear pork | 18 | 00 | ** | 18 | 50 | |
| h, | American mess pork | | | 64 | 0 | 00 | |
| of | Domestic mess pork | 16 | 50 | ** | 16 | 75 | |
| OT | P. E. Island mass | 16 | 25 | | 16 | 50 | |

| - 1 | Extra plate beel 14 25 | 14 | 10 |
|-----|--|-----|-----|
| n | Lard, compound 0 081/2 " | . 0 | 09 |
| | Lard, pure 0 10½ " | 0 | 11 |
| 3 | [20] [20] 전 10 40 40 40 40 42 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 | | 14 |
| - | GRAIN, ETC. | | 1 |
| 3. | Oats (Ontario) car lots 0 361/2 " | 0 | 363 |
| 33 | | 1 | 90 |
| - | | 1 | 80 |
| lf. | | 2 | |
| e | | 4 | |
| d | Green dried peas, per bush. 1 18 " | 1 | 20 |
| u | Pot barley 4 00 "Hay, pressed, car lots 9 50 " | 4 | 10 |
| | Hay, pressed, car lots 9 50 | 11 | 00 |
| S | Timothy seed, Canadian 1 80 | 2 | 25 |
| n | FLOUR, ETC. | | |
| 1- | Buckwheat mean, gray 2 15 " | 0 | 00 |
| - | Buckwheat meal, yellow 1 40 " | 1 | 60 |
| | Cornmeal 2 25 " | 2 | 30 |
| e | Manitoba hard wheat 4.90 | 5 | 00 |
| le | Canadian high grade family. 4 00 " | - 4 | 05 |
| to | | | 90 |
| - | Oatmeal 3 50 " | . 0 | 65 |
| d | Middlings, car lots 19 50 | 20 | |
| h | | 22 | |
| | | 19 | |
| in | Bran, small lots, bagged 21 00 " | 22 | 00 |
| | Victor feed (bagged) 21 00 | 22 | 00 |
| ge | FRUITS, ETC. | | |
| 11 | FRUITS, ETC. | | |

| el | Cape Cod cranberries, bbl 10 00 | " | 1 |
|------|---------------------------------|------|---|
| - 1 | N. S. cranberries 0 00 | 44 | |
| 4 | Malaga grapes, per keg 6 00 | . 44 | |
| n | Jersey sweet potatoes, per | 1 3 | |
| e | bbl 000 | | |
| - | Jamaica oranges, per bbl 6 00 | ** | 1 |
| 4 | Currants, per lb 0 11 | | |
| A | Currants, cleaned 0 12 | " | |
| | Evaporated apples 0 05% | ** | |
| - | Dried apples 0 0434 | | |
| - | Granoble welnute 0.13 | ** | |
| - | Brazils 0 151/2 | 44 | |
| + 1 | Filberts 0 12 | •• | |
| t | Pecans 0 15 | | |
| - | Almonds 0 16 | 44 | |
| ; | California prunes 0 08 | ** | |
| C | Prunes, Bosnia, new 0 00 | 40 | |
| | Peanuts, roasted 8 09 | ** | |
| ~113 | Malaga London layers 2 50 | ** | |
| • | Malaga clusters 2 75 | ** | |
| 1 | Malaga, blue baskets 2 75 | | |
| | Malaga Connoisseur, clus- | 1170 | |
| | ters 2 10 | | |

| | | | má | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------|----|---|-----|
| American Onlons, per bbl | 0 | 00 | | • | 00 |
| Spanish Onions, large case | | 50 | | | 00 |
| Cocoanuts, per sack | | 00 | ** | | 75 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | | 00 | 44 | | 60 |
| Canadian onions | | 50 | 66 | | 75 |
| Evaporated apricots | | 12 | | | 13 |
| Evaporated peaches | 0 | 10 | 44 | | 11 |
| Popping corn, per lb | 0 | 9714 | | | 00 |
| Honey, per lb | | 20 | | | 96 |
| Dananas | | 00 | ** | 2 | 25 |
| Lumols, Messina, box | | 00 | ** | 0 | 04 |
| New figs | | 11 | ** | | 16 |
| Figs. bags Dates, N. H | | 96 | 44 | | 06 |
| Dates, N. H | 0 | 00 | ** | 0 | 054 |
| OILS. | | | 7 | | |
| Prat's Astral | 0 | 00 | " | Ú | 107 |
| 'High Grade Sarnia' and | 0 | 00 | ** | 0 | 183 |
| "Arclight" | 0 | 00 | 44 | 0 | 174 |
| "Silver Star" | 0 | 00 | 46 | | 17 |
| Linseed oil, raw | 0 | 00 | ** | | 85 |
| Linseed oil, boiled | 0 | 00 | 66 | | 88 |
| Turpentine | | 00 | - | | 65 |
| Cod oil | | 30 | 66 | | 35 |
| Seal oil, pale | | 52 | 66 | 0 | 55 |
| Seal oil (steam renned) | | 57 | 46 | 0 | 58 |
| Olive oil (commercial) | | 95 | 44 | 1 | 00 |
| Extra lard oil | | 75 | 66 | | 85 |
| Extra No. 1 | | 65 | " | | 70 |
| Castor oil (com'cial). Ler lb. | 0 | 091/2 | 66 | 0 | 11 |

PAN-AMERICAN S. S. CO.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 22 .- The Pan-American Steamship Co. was incorporated here today with a capital of \$5,000,000. The company proposes to operate a steamship line between al! ports of the world. Of the capital stock, \$2,000,000 is preferred, with six per cent cumulative dividends. Incorporators: W. C. Edge, Herbert Barber, C. A. Jones, Geo. B. Hopkins and Edward O'Brien, all of Jersey City.

CLOAK FOR POLITICAL PLANS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 22.- Takng for its text the unconfirmed rumor that Germany and Turkey have signed a pearl fisheries convention in regard to the Persian Gulf, the Novoye Vremye urges that the Russian government exercise etetrnal watchfulness upon Germany's progress and designs in the nearer orient, declaring the latter's industrial and commercial activity to be a cloak for political

ANOTHER BOXING ACCIDENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 32.—Frank Barr, aged 19 years, died late tonight in a hospital here, following a boxing match at the PhilaGelphia A. C. Jos. Kelly, Barr's opponent, and Frank Henderson, the referee, were arrested. For the past few days a tournament between local amateurs has been in progress at the club. Barr boxed four rounds with Kid White, and was awarded the decision. Then he met Kelly. The first round was Then he met Kelly. The first round was fast, and Kelly sent Barr to the floor. Barr came back up for the second round, and Kelly so far cutclassed him that the fight opped. Barr was removed to pital, where it was found he had a fractured skull, and death followed soon after.

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING IN ST.

There are still many famous hymn-writers living. One of them, Dr. E. J. Hopkins, was a choir boy at St. Paul's in the time of Sidney Smith, and he has a budget of stories to tell of the Dean. A Miss Hackett was a well-known figure in the St. Paul's congregation in the state of the still because the state of the stat gation in those days, and the rolling thunder which the organ would sometimes give forth greatly amused her. Sidney Smith had noticed this, and Dr. Hopkins remembers hearing him say to the organist: "Have you noticed, Mr. Goss, that whenever your organ thunders Miss Hackett's face always lightens?—St James's Gazette.

STILL IN ENGLAND.

HALIFAX, Dec. 23.—Beverley Armstrong of St. John did not come with the Lake Champlain today. He remained behind in England.

WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED.-Wanted a Second TEACHER WANTED.—Wanted a Second Class Female Teacher for the coming term for School District Number Four, Fair View, St. Martins, St. John Co. Apply stating lowest salary repuired, to M. R. DALY, Secretary to Trustees Fair View, Saint Martins St. John Co.

School District No. 4, Saint Martins, Dec. Sch. 1909.

FREE. Simply send us your name and address, and we will send you any of the following goods to sell for us, when



ver Nickel Watch FREE, guaranteed to be a good time keeper. The goods we want you to sell are our Gold Plated Lever Collar Buttons, which sell at 10c., or our National Pens, which sell at 10c per packet; our Aluminum our Aluminum Thimble, with a packet of Need-les, sells for 10c.; our Ink Powder, which makes a pint of ink, sells for 10c. a pack-et. Do not de-lay but send

will send you this elegant Sil-

your name and address at once, and earn one of these watches. Ladies Watch for selling \$3.50 worth of goods. We also give Violins, Accordions, Gold Rings, Furs, Air Guns, etc. NATIONAL TRADING CO., Toronto ***********

GRATEFUL COMPORTING

Distirguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flav ur, superior Quality, and Nurritive Properiles, 'p cially gratefu and comfort' g to the nervous and dyspente. So d in 14 lb. tins, 'ab is d James Epps & Co., Ltd., Homosopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER

SOU

Force

Lord Frederick

LONDON, D

Cape Colony is According to the Town corresp pends upon the mone too soon. Most of the Town, however as doing little l idly enclosed by bination. Lor heart of the di has the advant

acquainted with is bringing down from the north The Standard pondent says 11 martial law throughout Car "Such a step is to the lack of force it." The correspo at Cape Town "The pro-Bo quiet. It has the promptnes the military ac various parts

that 90 per cen ply waiting for resourceful lead "Civil railway pended largely ony, and the n Boers and Britis in Cape Town. Boer column at was repulsed, e mountains. An captured a par stad. Mount prised 300 Bo Burghersdorp, brisk interchar with a loss of LONDON. D

telegraphing t date of Naauw reports: "Tho fantry have occ out opposition. the north in the CAPE TOWN way service be De Aar has bee of the destruct De Aar turns o a culvert was running from I regularly. The

lays elsewhere

WELLINGTO

government hathe Earl of

Jcseph Chamb

state of the co wish the New South Africa rdafts will be ranks, and th men will be se CAPE TOWN going on near are unobtainab have left Brits eering all suppi LONDON, latest despatch show that Lor ceeded in hold in check. But successful in ex Colony, while tinue to display

Hocke Bewa Whe a