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VOL. X. No. 20

TORONTO, THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1902

PRICE FIVE CENTS

CHURCHES IN GUELPH

Beginning of Roman Catholicism in the Royal City.

(From The Guelph Mercury.)

We are indebted to Mr. J. P. MacMillan for the following fuller details of the early history of the Roman Catholic community in Guelph, and trust we shall have some more from him, and from other old residents.

From the time that the late lamented John Galt so generously donated landed property to the English, Presbyterian and Catholic churches, Guelph became quite a religious centre, as the gift formed a substantial nucleus by which their respective clergy were encouraged and enabled to inculcate into the minds of their then limited flocks the sacred principles of Divine worship, but the probabilities are that it was through the influence of the late Bishop Macdonald that Mr Galt was, to his lasting credit, induced to act so timely and liberally with the property referred to. The late Bishop Macdonald was possessed of advanced liberal views, who would not ask for himself that he would deny to other denominations, and, owing to his position and influence at the time, it did not require much persuasion on his part to obtain from the chief officer of the Canada Company the much appreciated donation. Bishop Macdonald came to Canada as early as 1803, having previously been ordained to the priesthood, and at once entered upon the discharge of his sacred duties among his countrymen, many of whom he had known in Scotland, in the County of Glenangary, where there was a large Catholic community in the parish of St. Raphael's, in that county, he erected one of the largest stone churches perhaps until this day in Ontario, near Upper Canada. At the same time he started a college in this parish, where the ambitious young men of the day were prepared for the priesthood and other learned professions. This college flourished until he became bishop, necessitating his removal to Toronto, his diocese extending from the province line to the east and Sandwich to the west, in consequence of this and his increased duties, he was unable to attend to the interests of the college, and it therefore was obliged to discontinue the good work His Lordship intended.

The first Catholic families settling at Guelph and vicinity were much inconvenienced in consequence of the scarcity of clergy of their denomination, and in consequence several couples were married by magistrates. The first couple married by a priest at Guelph was the late lamented James McQuillan, who, like his family after him, was most exemplary in the practice of his religion and in furthering the interests of the church in this section.

Associated with the earliest members of the priesthood officiating in this section, and remembered by many still to the fore, are the names of Fathers Snider, Saunders, Scanlan, Ma Togie and Gibney, the latter of whom sadly came to his death from the effects of injuries sustained by falling from his horse while returning from administering the last

rites of the church to a shoemaker named Swartzburger, residing on the York road.

It was not, however, until the arrival of the Rev. John Holtzer, at the scene that the Catholic interest and the church at Guelph began to waken up to the grand achievements enjoyed by those of that community. In about the year 1845 Father Holtzer made his appearance in this section, taking up his residence at Little Germany, where were about 30 German Catholic families and a few French from Alsace. The church there in those days was a log structure of the most crude and primitive design. There was no house for the priest, and the first requirements his reverence provided was the erection of a residence for his own use and that of the other members of the priesthood who made their homes there occasionally when out on their missions among the wilds of the Northern Peninsula. When the priest's house was erected, Father Holtzer replaced the log structure used as a church by the erection of a commodious stone edifice. The lots in that part of Waterloo township were surveyed in blocks containing 48 acres, and the block part of which was subsequently surveyed for and where Little Germany now stands, and where this church was erected, was taken up by Mr. Gottlieb Brohman, the father of Mr. Jacob Brohman, for many years identified with the Municipal Government of the township of Nichol, as Reeve, Deputy Reeve and Councillor, and Ambrose Brohman now residing in Guelph; Lawrence Goetz and Jos. Lauber, who were among the most zealous in lending assistance to the rev. father in furthering his designs for their spiritual benefit. At this time, although there was a sort of schoolhouse, yet, in consequence of the scarcity of teachers, there was for most of the time no school. Ever alive to the importance of instructing the children, Father Holtzer occupied himself, when he could possibly spare the time from his other duties, in teaching the little boys and girls and preparing them for their first communion.

In the year 1840, much to the regret and disappointment of the people of Little Germany, who had become alive to the great advantages they would enjoy by his remaining with them, Father Holtzer left there and came to reside permanently at Guelph. On entering upon his duties here, he found much to be done, as there was no church, and by the generosity of the county authorities, and with the approbation of the entire citizens of Guelph, Divine service was held in the court house. This was occasioned in consequence of the much to be deplored and ever disgraceful conduct of a limited few, whose contracted views and low animosity led them to suppose that it would be a meritorious act to destroy the modest frame building previously used by the Catholic people as a place of worship, and they unfortunately caused it to be burned down. Though the loss at the time was considerable, and caused much inconvenience to the parishioners, yet it was nothing as compared to the profound indignation which this act of vandalism excited among the high-minded and noble-hearted people of the other denominations, who felt humiliated that a stain of this nature would be attached to the history of the early settlers of the now Royal City. Father Holtzer at once undertook the erection of a church, and the sincerity of the good Protestant people was manifested in a substantial manner by their contributing liberally towards the work, and the result was the stone church which was removed when the present one was built.

Ever alive to progression, His Reverence then purchased the land where St. Joseph's Hospital stands from Mr. Jas. Wallace, who was a stone mason by trade, and father to our much respected Dr. Wallace, of Alma. The house occupied by Mr. Wallace previous to the sale of the property was converted into a house of refuge, and served in that way for a few years, when a substantial stone structure was erected, part of which was used as a house of refuge, while another part was used as a hospital.

The Sisters of Loreto opened their Institution at Guelph as early as 1847, the mother house being at Toronto and this was the first branch. The first sisters coming here, Sister Rev. Mother Berchmans Lawlor, Sister Stanislaus, now Rev. Mother at the House of Niagara Falls; Sister Ignatia, the present Chief Superior of the House at Toronto. The Loreto Academy is regarded as one of the best equipped and most healthy institutions belonging to the order in Canada, and in consequence of this pupils are sent here mostly from all quarters. They have now 30 regular boarders, which, with their day pupils, number about 120.

MR. J. P. MACMILLAN.
The Register can heartily join with its contemporaries, The Guelph Mer-

cury, in congratulating Col. MacMillan on his prospects of being asked by the Honorable, the Minister of Militia, to join the Canadian contingent for the Coronation in June. Such an honor conferred upon this gentleman would be exceedingly well timed and richly deserved, if for nothing more than the compliment which he was the means of conferring upon the noble Earl of Dufferin, at the close of his brilliant career as Governor-General of Canada, by convening that historical deputation composed of the heads of the municipalities of the great Province of Ontario and taking them to the Ancient City of Quebec, where a farewell address was presented on behalf of the various municipalities they represented, expressive of the sentiments of the people towards and affectionately bidding farewell to that illustrious personage. An honor, as he described it in his address, as having "no parallel in the history of this or of any other country." The real beauty and taste of this demonstration was remarkably exemplified when considering the instigator, Mr. MacMillan, was not even of the nationality of the retiring Governor, but on the contrary of Highland Scotch descent, possessing all the instinct and characteristics of his countrymen, who as early as 125 years ago carried with them from the land of the heather, the will, determination and indomitable character, which enabled them to reach success and comfort, and their sons, not unlike the subject of our remarks, to attain positions reflecting honor upon them in Canada, the land of their adoption.

Truly Mr. MacMillan has established an honorable name in this connection, and one that will attach itself indelibly to that of Lord Dufferin during his administration as Viceroy of this Dominion. It is therefore not surprising that the authorities should feel they owe a debt of gratitude for his praiseworthy services and mark their appreciation thereof by inviting him to join the other worthies from Canada, to grace with their presence the momentous occasion, the Coronation of His Majesty, on the 26th of June.

Copy of a resolution adopted by the Council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glenangary, at the regular meeting of that body held at Cornwall on the 16th of October, 1878:

"Moved by D. C. McLea, seconded by P. F. Chamberlain, that the thanks of this Council are due and are hereby tendered to William Mark, Esq., Warden, and to John N. Tuttle, Esq., Reeve of Iroquois, for having represented the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glenangary on the occasion of the Municipal Excursion from Ontario, to present a farewell address to Earl Dufferin at Quebec, also, that this Council do express its appreciation of the services rendered to Ontario by John P. MacMillan, Esq., of Guelph, in organizing and carrying to a successful termination a project so pettily expressive of the sentiments of the people towards the retiring Governor, and to record its satisfaction in knowing that Mr. MacMillan is a native of these United Counties, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Mr. MacMillan by the Clerk of this Council."

"Certified to be a true copy of a resolution adopted by Council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glenangary, on 16th of October, 1878, and entered as of record upon the minutes of said Council."

"Witness my hand and the seal of corporation at Cornwall, Ont., this 12th day of April A. D. 1892."

(Sgd.) Adralan J. Macdonald,
County Clerk, S. D. & G.

At a regular meeting of the Council of the County of Wellington, held on the 5th day of December, 1878, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"Moved by Mr. Sweetnam, seconded by Mr. James McMillan, that the County Council of the County of Wellington, at this its first opportunity,

do officially endorse the action of J. P. MacMillan, Esq., Barrister, of Guelph, in drafting the joint municipal address to His Excellency the Earl of Dufferin, on the eve of his departure from Canada, and do fully concur in all the sentiments expressed therein, and consider it a graceful and appropriate tribute to the worth of that distinguished nobleman, and that this Council do further consider that the thanks of this, as well as of every other municipal corporation of Ontario are due to Mr. MacMillan, for the ability, energy and perseverance displayed by him in carrying to a successful issue such a gigantic undertaking, and that the Council, do express its gratification that so laudable a movement originated in the County of Wellington, and that the Clerk be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to that gentleman. Carried."

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MAJOR MASON HONORED.

In the presence of the assembled Garrison of the city and hundreds of spectators, at the Armories on Friday night, Major James Cooper Mason of the Royal Grenadiers had conferred upon him, with full martial honors, the decoration of the Distinguished Service Order, an honor which comes to but few, and only to those who have done extraordinary service on the field of battle.

The decoration of the D. S. O. (Distinguished Service Order) is a reward for junior officers, designed as a recognition of direct leadership of men. Highly prized in the British army, it is perhaps a more thoroughly military decoration than the Victoria Cross, for it is awarded for conduct and skill in action, rather than for the heading value which is now somewhat discounted by the ever-increasing needs for craft and skill in war. The statutes of the Order were first issued from the War Office on Nov. 6, 1886. Foreign officers associated in the naval and military operations of the British forces are eligible to be honorary members; and the other ranks next to the Order of the Indian Empire the badge, which consists of a gold cross, enamelled white, edged with green, within a wreath of laurel, enamel green, the imperial crown in red and green, and on a similar red ground, the imperial and royal cipher E. R. I. is to be suspended from the left breast by a red ribbon edged blue to one inch in width.

Major Mason, or as he was known during the campaign, Lieut. Mason, distinguished himself by personal courage and leadership in the desperate charge late in the day in the action of Feb. 18 at Paardeberg in the earlier phases of the action he aided the Cornwallis, under Lieut.-Col. Aldworth, to reinforce the point in the firing line where he happened to be by causing the men under his command to open steady volley firing so as to cover the Cornwallis' advance. When the charge took place he was one of a party of four officers who were near each other. Of these, two—Lieut.-Col. Aldworth of the Cornwallis and the Adjutant of the same regiment—met death; and the other two—Lieut. Mason and Lieut. Money-penny of the Seaford Highlanders—were severely wounded. Lieut. Money-penny subsequently died of his wounds. That was perhaps the most desperate corner of the fight, and that at which the losses were heaviest. One section of the Cornwallis lost eleven killed and ten wounded out of twenty-five men. After being hit Lieut. Mason continued as well as he was able to direct the men who were near him. The point where he fell marked the extreme limit of the charge as a general advance. He was the last of the officers to fall and the furthest forward.

Major Mason was struck three times, his helmet and clothing being pierced before he received the wound which penetrated his lung. Lord Roberts in his despatches laid stress upon this determined effort to break into the enemy's lines. In his first despatch, relating to the honors list, he referred to it in the following terms:

"The following officers, who have been killed in action or have died from the effects of wounds rendered conspicuously valuable services. Had they survived I should have brought their names prominently to Your Lordship's notice. . . . Lieut.-Col. Aldworth, D. C. L. I., Second Lieut. Money-penny, Seaford's." In a subsequent despatch Lord Roberts, after referring to the great number of troops engaged, points out how difficult it was to ascertain the facts regarding the services of officers, owing to the frequent references to South Africa from England which were necessary, and accordingly asks that all names mentioned in the subsequent despatch be regarded as if mentioned in the one first sent.

During his convalescence Lieut. Mason discharged certain duties at Cape Town and made frequent applications to get to the front. He was repeatedly refused permission by the surgeons, his wound having distressed and long-continued effects. He ultimately managed to get away, practically in defiance of the surgeons, and with what Col. Otter in his official report styled "indomitable pluck" made his way to the front and rejoined his regiment. He was troubled with a hacking cough, and it seemed a hopeless venture, especially as the season was mid-winter. Contrary, however, to general expectation, the life on the veldt agreed with him, and he regained his strength. At Eerste Fabriken he was in command of "B" Company, and when the question arose as to whether the regiment should return to Canada immediately or wait a while longer, as requested by Lord Roberts, he exerted himself with great zeal and with success to induce his company to decide to remain. He in this manner helped to bring about the visit to England which brought the services of the first contingent to so brilliant a conclusion. All through his service he showed himself a palisading officer with an exact sense of duty.

Ottawa Correspondence.
Ottawa, May 1.—On Friday last Dr. J. K. Foran, former editor of the Montreal True Witness, was appointed Chief English Translator of the House of Commons. He succeeds Mr. B. F. Hayes, who held the office for 12 years.

Dr. Foran was born in 1857; educated at Ottawa University, made law course at Laval, Quebec, took degree of LL. B. in law and Lit. D. in letters; published in 1896, volume of poems, in 1897 "The Spirit of the Age"; in 1899 a work on "Obligations" that is an authority in the Province of Quebec. He has been in journalism and literature for past 20 odd years. An Irish-Catholic by parentage and Canadian by birth, he writes and speaks both languages equally well. He has contributed largely to the French press of Montreal and translated many of Cremieux's poems.

THE CHRISTIAN BROTHERS AT OTTAWA.
On the occasion of the anniversary of the Blessed Saint J. B. De La Salle's canonization, the Christian Brothers of Ottawa and Hull celebrated the day in a manner that was calculated to prove the success that these noble teachers have in the Capital, and the love and esteem, as well as lasting confidence, that their labors have inspired in the hearts of the clergy and the Catholic laity. In the absence of His Grace the Archbishop, Vicar-General Rauthier celebrated the Solemn High Mass at the Basilica, assisted by Canons Hamilton and Plantin. The splendid temple was filled with worshippers, the decorations were in accordance with such a joyous anniversary, and the Apostolic Delegate, Mgr. Falconio—added importance to the occasion by his presence. The sermon of the day was preached by Rev. Father Alexius, of the Capuchian monastery. The humble garb of the friar and the still more humble life of the one who wears it precludes the possibility of giving due praise to the preacher. The subject was one calculated to inspire eloquence in even one less gifted and less in sympathy with the life of the saintly founder of the Christian Brothers' Community. It would be the giving of a resume of the life of De La Salle, and an epitome of the Order's history since its foundation, to attempt a report of that masterly sermon. At noon a splendid banquet was given in the spacious hall of the grand school on Sussex street, and needless to say that it was the occasion of many a happy greeting and many mutual congratulations. Two days later the celebration was repeated at Hull, for the benefit of the Catholic population of the trans-pondine city. I exceedingly regret that my limited space forbids any lengthier remarks on this grand celebration. But, if you will permit me, I will take occasion, in a future correspondence, to tell your readers something about the hidden, as well as the pub-

lic glories of this noble band of instructors, and of the work they are doing and have been doing, throughout Canada in general and the city of Ottawa in particular.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTES.
The last gun has been fired, the dust raised by the dragoon horses has disappeared, the flag has been hauled down from the main tower, the session of 1902, a short, a lively and a practical session, is over. Quiet now reigns on Parliament Hill, and the city has assumed the old-time settled appearance. The legislators have all departed for their respective homes, and the attention of the public is turned to the Provincial elections. The session that has closed is one that may be considered an exceptional one. It has lasted practically three months. That is to say there have been sixty-five working days, in the time elapsed from the 13th of February last to the 15th of May instant. It was fully understood, as I mentioned in my letters at the open of the session, that it was not intended that very much important legislation would be done this year. However, despite that moderate intention, it has turned out that a considerable amount of work has been performed that cannot but be of universal benefit to the country.

There was a considerable amount of railway legislation, and 169 Bills—public and private—were introduced. Not all of them, however, were carried through to the last stage. The principal and grand feature of the session was the various debates, the Budget, the Supply Bill and all, mark the policy that the Government has adopted and is evidently bent on carrying out. It is a policy of trade or commercial expansion with all its unnumbered details. It is a policy based upon the greater transportation facilities that are needed in order to adequately meet the future requirements of the country. Every sum voted for Public Works, for Railways and Canals, and for miscellaneous construction and expansion operations, is evidently a link in the chain-work of that policy. It demands, no doubt, a vast expenditure of money, but it surely is worth the expenditure when the ultimate results are destined inevitably to be of so great a benefit, and are actually of such necessity.

Another feature of the session is that it brought out the aims and intentions of the Premier on the occasion of his coming visit to England and the questions to be considered at the conference in London. A second debate, during the last week of the session, gave the Premier occasion to accentuate what he had already stated in this connection, and the substance of which I have already given you in previous letters. But, during this last debate, on a resolution proposed by Hon. Mr. Borden, the Premier added that the first thing to be done was to listen to what the Colonial Secretary had to propose. Now this is certainly as safe a course as could be suggested to any mind. At all events it is what would reasonably be expected. When the British authorities have made their proposals, laid open their schemes, and formulated their plans, it will be decidedly time for the colonies to come forward with their propositions; and the representatives of the colonies will have the advantage of cutting their cloth according to what they find out the measurements of the Home Government to be.

THE LATE FATHER RYAN'S WILL.
It is proposed in conformity with the will of the late Rev. Father Frank Ryan to place a window in St. Michael's Cathedral to his memory. According to his intention the window will represent the apparition of the Sacred Heart of Jesus to the Blessed Margaret Mary.

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The CATHOLIC CHRONICLE...

DEVOTED TO FOREIGN NEWS

ROME

Writing in The Dublin Freeman's Journal from Rome, April 29th, Mr Connellan says:

The profound and intense emotion which Catholics feel in being presented to the Pope is as keen in the natives of our colder lands as it is in those of the other countries. Even the persons from Australia admitted to an audience of Leo XIII. on Sunday last were intense and deeply touched by the kindness and condescension of His Holiness.

Under the direction of His Eminence Cardinal Moran, Archbishop of Sydney, over fifty Australians had audience on Sunday last to the Sovereign Pontiff, Leo XIII. The representatives of this new and progressive continent were received in the Throne Room, adjoining the apartments of Leo XIII. In addition to the representatives of Australia, a few Catholics from Poland and Ireland were also admitted to this audience.

Amongst the more conspicuous Australians were Mrs. and Miss Baker, with her niece, Miss Ross, all from Adelaide. Mrs. Baker and her daughter are converts to the Catholic faith. Mrs. Baker is the mother of Sir Richard Baker (who, however, is not a Catholic), President of the Council of Australia, an office that, in some degree, would correspond to that of Speaker of the House of Lords, or, in Italy, Speaker of the Senate. Here also was Miss Mann, of Sydney; Miss Quirk, of Melbourne; Mrs. Loughnan, her three daughters, one of whom, Mrs. Harper, had her daughter, with her, of New Zealand; Miss O'Carthy, Melbourne; Mr. Houston, New Zealand, and others—about 50 Australians in all.

The Rev. Father Kelly, nephew of the Most Rev. Archbishop Kelly, Co-adjutor of Sydney, and Rev. Father Moriarty, both students of the Irish College, recently ordained to the priesthood, and who will soon return to Ireland, were admitted to this audience. Here also was the Rev. Father O'Connell, from Hay, New South Wales, who accompanied the Cardinal Archbishop of Sydney on this journey from Australia. Here also was the Very Rev. Dr. F. O'Hara, Dean of St. Mary's Cathedral, Sydney. Amongst other notable persons were also the Rev. Father Fitzsimons, a former student of the Irish College at Rome, now of Rockhampton Diocese, in Australia; the Very Rev. Canon Hutch, Ireland, a former student of the Irish College, and an old friend of His Eminence Cardinal Moran; Miss Deane, Ireland; and Mrs. Marion Mulhall, widow of the late Mr. Michael Mulhall, the eminent statistician. The Australian students in the Irish and Propaganda College in Rome were admitted to this audience, and so were the Australian Sisters of the Little Company of Mary, better known as the Nursing Sisters, and the Little Sisters of the Poor in Rome, who belong to the same distant land.

The Pope expressed his extreme gratification in receiving this group of Australians. He received each person individually, giving his hand to each, and saying a few words of kindly welcome to each one. His Eminence Cardinal Moran read an eloquent and affectionate address to His Holiness, in which the sentiments of the Catholics of Australia, as well as of those here present to the Pontiff, were expressed. Leo XIII. made an acknowledgment of his feelings on the occasion in the reply he pronounced to the Cardinal's address. He dwelt particularly on the revival of Faith evoked all over the world this year of his Pontifical Jubilee. From his own Italy and from the surrounding nations of Europe, each pilgrim as it comes brings him a special joy. Those who come from America, and even now there are American pilgrims in Rome, show by their coming all this distance the great attachment which they have to the Faith of their fathers. But in receiving his children from far distant Australia, the very Antipodes end of the world, as it were, his heart is filled with a greater joy, and he feels a special love and paternal affection for those who have come to him from a land so far away. He sent a special blessing to all the Catholics of Australia, pastors and people. He desired that there should be conveyed to them from him a special message of his good will and blessing to the new Australian Commonwealth, which he spoke of as the youngest and the most promising among the Christian nations of the world. A special blessing was also sent to the Most Rev. Archbishop Kelly, Coadjutor of the Archdiocese of Sydney. Altogether the audience was most satisfactory to those admitted to it, and everyone remarked the particular kindness of His Holiness to every individual present.

On the same day His Holiness received, with the honors due to the members of Sovereign families, the Princess Anna, Landgravine of Hesse, nee Princess of Prussia, who was accompanied by the members of her suite. Her Royal Highness was introduced by the Master of the Chamber, Mgr. Bialesti, to the presence of His Holiness, with whom she remained in the conversation for some time. After the Pontifical audience

the Princess was received by His Eminence Cardinal Rampolla, Pontifical Secretary of State, who in the evening of that day returned her visit at the Hotel de Russie where she is staying.

Yesterday morning the Pontiff in spite of his great age, began again his round of receptions by granting special audience to His Highness Prince Karl von Lowenstein-Weithem. Later on the same day, Leo XIII. received in the Throne Room the same Prince von Lowenstein-Weithem, Baron Reuchlin of Munich, Count von Königsegg-Aulendorf, and Herr Leitz of Augsburg, heads of the Catholic Associations of Bavaria, and the representatives of the following other Catholic Associations.

Herr Boeren, Privy Councillor and member of the "Centro" in Parliament, representing the Catholic Association of Cologne, Madame Boeren, representing the Association for the Protection of Young Girls, the representatives of the Cologne Society of St. Vincent de Paul, of the Society for Furnishing Sacred Vestments, of the Society for the Diffusion of Good Books, of the Association of Fine Arts, of the Catholic Association of Stuttgart, of the Catholic Merchants' Association of Ratisbon, and many others too numerous to mention from various parts of Germany. It was a more extraordinary gathering, representing the vigorous life and work of Catholicity in Germany, and the Pontiff was impressed and touched at the importance and extent of the interests and the works represented. He addressed them in words impressed with great benevolence, exhorting them to persevere in their zeal and activity for the advantage of Bavaria, and he thanked them for the offerings and gifts they had brought him.

On Friday night, 25th April, an American pilgrimage, consisting almost entirely of priests, arrived in Rome. The pilgrims have chosen the Pension Hayden for their residence. The Right Rev. Bishop who leads this pilgrimage is assisted by his able secretary, the Very Rev. Monsignor John J. Barrett. To-day the pilgrims proceeded to the Villa of the American College at Castel Gandolfo, in the Alban Hills, a very beautiful and picturesque situation. Here they were received by the Rector of the American College, the Very Rev. Monsignor Thomas Kennedy. They will stay in Rome for at least ten days, and will be received in special audience by the Sovereign Pontiff.

Queen Charlotte of Wurtemberg, who travels in strict incognito under the name of Countess Tark, has arrived in Rome with her suite, and taken up her residence in the Hotel de Russie.

The ex-Queen Nathalie of Servia, who was recently received into the Catholic Church, arrived a few days ago at Modena, where she is the guest of a distinguished family of that city. She also travels in strict incognito. She is accompanied by a Marchioness and by a Servian lady, who acts as her special companion. In spite of the widow's weeds which she wears, she is easily recognizable by her dark, handsome features and stately manner. She is on her way to Rome, where she will be received in special audience by the Holy Father. In her case, as in that of so many others, it may be said that in their sadness and sorrow they come to seek solace at Rome: "The orphans of the heart must turn to thee!"

A revival of the ancient Pagan ceremonies with which the Romans of the Empire celebrated the Feast of the Palatine, or the birthday of Rome, will be imitated as closely as possible on next Sunday evening under the auspices of the Artistic Associations of the city. The ceremonies will take place on the Palatine Hill, the stage on which the original ceremonies were performed in "the brave days of old." Whatever else may be changed in Rome the physical character of that hill remains the same, though all the grand buildings with which it was formerly covered are but indistinguishable and well nigh nameless masses of ruins. Whatever the revival of the Palatine may be like—and in such historical revivals the Italians are accurate even to a shoe string—the scene of which it is presented and the Forum beneath are shorn of their glory and their beauty. Nevertheless, there is much expectation expressed concerning this display of a long past ceremony, and if the weather be favorable—it has been very wet recently—a great number of persons will assemble on the Palatine Hill on Sunday next.

THE HOLY SHROUD.

The correspondent of The Paris Figaro at Turin has telegraphed to that paper an account of an audience which His Eminence Cardinal Ritehily, Archbishop of Turin, was good enough to grant to him, and in the course of which the venerable prelate set forth the reason which induced him, for his own part, to believe in the authenticity of the Holy Shroud.

"In the first place," declared His Eminence, "it must be well understood that in such a matter opinion is entirely free. There is no question here of an article of faith. One may be a perfect Catholic and not believe in the authenticity of the

Holy Shroud of Turin I believe in it myself for several reasons. To begin with, Christ might work a miracle outside the order of nature and print his features on a winding sheet, but I set aside that hypothesis."

The Cardinal then showed the corresponding two handsome photographs of the head of Christ, and said:

"Look at these two profiles—one a negative, and the other a positive, taken from the Holy Shroud. It is not extraordinary that you should discover infinitely more detail and sharpness in the positive than in the negative? And, moreover, when you look at the Holy Shroud with the naked eye you see only a negative without much detail. To whom do we owe the exact and minute portrait of Our Lord? To the positive obtained through photography. Without desiring to go back to more ancient times, we have had this precious relic at Turin (to which it was brought by Emanuel Philibert) since the 11th September, 1678, that is to say, for 321 years, carefully enclosed in a box. It cannot have been subjected within that time to any alteration. Now, it is reasonable to say that these marks, instead of being the blood of the Redeemer, are merely the result of a painting made with the blood of an ox, or with any other product? For, remember, that in those days there was no question of photography, of which no one had yet the slightest suspicions. Who, then, could have been the incomparable artist to paint on the cloth this image, offering to the naked eye what were merely shadows, often formless, yet with details so extraordinary in the photograph? A painter would have executed the details on the cloth so that human eyes might discover a recognizable image. An artist, who should have had a knowledge of what photography produces, and who would have given a work like this negative, would have been a man of sublime genius, whose name would certainly reach posterity. As for me—and for impartial people who reflect—that hypothesis is impossible, and we are glad to see modern science confirming our convictions. There are many things I might add, but I limit myself to a single observation. Look at the traces of the nails of the Crucifixion. The nails are driven not into the palms of the hand, but into the wrists. That is a fact which had not been noticed. Look at all the pictures of the Crucifixion, at all the Crucifixes, that have existed since the commencement of Christianity—all of them represent Christ on the Cross with the nails piercing the palms of the hands. Now if the Holy Shroud were the work of a painter, is it to be admitted that the painter would have suddenly departed from tradition? No; he would have continued to paint the nails into the palms of the hands, and so adhered to a tradition which appeared to be the true one. He would never have had the boldness to oppose the current of so many centuries. It is precisely the Holy Shroud which has established truth. Nothing is more logical. The nails driven into the palm would not have found sufficient resistance between the fingers to hold up the body. Nails, on the contrary, driven above the wrist meet with the resistance of all the bones and muscles of the hand and wrist. This fact is a powerful proof that we are not dealing with a mere work of art. The same observation may be made on the subject of the lance which pierced Our Lord, which painters and sculptors place on the left side, beside the heart. On the Holy Shroud, on the other hand, the wound is on the right. A painter would have followed tradition."

GIVE YOUR CHILD A GARDEN.

It is an exceptional child who would not value flowers and a garden of its own. Boys and girls alike are delighted with the very idea of possessing a bit of ground where they can "plant things" and watch them grow. The workers in city missions know that even the most uncompromising specimens of "city" childhood can be won by flowers, and among children of more favored classes the moral influence of flowers is a force, though it is not recognized nor extended as it might be. People living in villages or small cities usually have some ground around their homes in which they can set apart a place for the children's garden. The love of nature fostered by this garden-making will prove a constant source of pleasure through the child's life. The cultivation of habits of close observation and the knowledge of useful and of harmful plants thus gained is sure to be of future value. Let the work of planting the children's garden begin with the early days of spring—May Woman's Hompanion.

CATARH CAN BE CURED.

Catarh is a kindred ailment of consumption, long considered incurable, and yet there is one remedy that will positively cure catarh in any of its stages. For many years this remedy was used by the late Dr. Stevens, a widely noted authority on all diseases of the throat and lungs. Having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases and desiring to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all sufferers from Catarh, Asthma, Consumption, and nervous diseases, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing, with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 847 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Catastrophes such as that at Marlinque are not calculated to make a man feel that he is the "whole tip."

Chats With Young Men

BE ALIVE.

If you expect to accomplish anything in the world, you must be alive—very much alive—alive all over. Some people seem half dormant. They impress you as partial possibilities—as people who have discovered only a small part of the continent within themselves. Most of it remains undeveloped territory. A man who does things is one who is alive to the very tips of his fingers. He is alert, always on the watch for opportunities. He does not give idleness a time to dissipate him. He fights against that common malady known as a "tired feeling" and conquers it.

Many a man is wondering why he does not succeed, while his desk, at which he sits, tells the story of his capability. The scattered papers, the unfolded letters, the disorderly drawers, the dust in the pigeonholes, the layers of newspapers, of letters, of manuscripts, of pamphlets, of empty envelopes, of slips of papers, are all tell-tales.

If I were to hire a clerk, I would ask no better recommendation than would be afforded by the condition of his desk or table, or room, or work-bench, or counter or books. We are all surrounded by tell-tales which are constantly proclaiming the stories of our lives, cover them up as we will. Our manner, our gait, our conversation, the glance of the eye, the carriage of the body, every garment we wear, our collars, neckties and cuffs, are all telling our life-stories to the world.

Wonder why we do not get on faster, but these tiny biographers often tell the secret of our poverty, our limitations, our inferior positions.

NIP DISEASE IN THE BUD.—It is difficult to eradicate a disease after it has become seated, therefore it is wise to take any ailment in its initial stages and by such remedies as are sufficient, stop it in its course. Cold is the commonest complaint of man, and when neglected leads to serious results. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will cure the severest cold or most violent cough.

ALPHABET FOR STRANGERS.

The following alphabet is printed on a neat card and hung up in coffee taverns and places of resort and business in Great Britain. We recommend it for Canadians:

Attend carefully to the details of your business.

Be prompt in all things.

Consider well, then decide positively.

Dare to do right; fear to do wrong.

Endure trials patiently.

Fight life's battle bravely; manfully.

Go not into the society of the vicious.

Hold integrity sacred.

Injure not another's reputation or business.

Join hands only with the virtuous.

Keep your mind from evil thoughts.

Life not for any consideration.

Make few special acquaintances.

Never try to appear what you are not.

Observe good manners.

Pay your debts promptly.

Question not the veracity of a friend.

Respect the counsel of your patients.

Sacrifice money rather than principle.

Touch not, taste, handle not, intoxicating drinks.

Use your leisure time for improvement.

Venture not upon the threshold of wrong.

Watch carefully over your passions.

Extend to every one a kindly salutation.

Yield not to discouragement.

Zealously labor for the right.

& success is certain.

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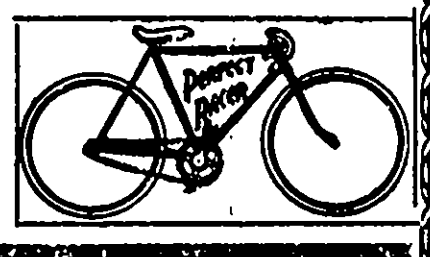
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CHILDREN'S CORNER

A LITTLE BIRD TELLS.

Now isn't it strange that our mothers Can find out all that we do? If a body does anything naughty, Or says anything that's not true, They'll look at you just a moment Till your heart in your bosom swells, And then they know all about it, For a little bird tells.

Now, where that little bird comes from Or where that little bird goes, If he's covered with beautiful plumage, Or black as the king of crows, Or his voice is as hoarse as a raven's, Or as clear as the ringing of bells, I know not—but this I am sure of— A little bird tells.

You may be in the depths of a closet, Where nobody sees but a mouse, You may be alone in the cellar, You may be on top of the house, You may be in the dark and in silence, Or out in the woods and the dell— No matter—wherever it happens, The little bird tells.

And the only way you may stop him Is just to be sure what you say.— Sure of your words and actions, Be honest, be brave, be kindly, Be gentle and loving as well, And then you can laugh at the stories All the birds in the country may tell.

—School Education

A FOXY FABLE

A scheming fox who invariably trespassed upon the good nature of his friends rather than put himself to the least inconvenience chose in particular for such regard a young fleet-footed coyote, who in turn, with a desire to make himself obliging, ran hither and thither at the beck and call of the fox.

"Now, I tell you what," said the fox one day, "you and I will go hunting together, and I will put you up to some things that will be useful for you to know."

To this the young coyote readily agreeing, the two started off before sunrise next day, when, on arriving at the hunting ground, the fox thus directed his companion:

"Look here! It would be a great waste of labor for us both to go scampering over the hills, so I will just wait behind this rock while you beat round the bushes, and when you have turned up a rabbit drive him this way, and as he passes I will pounce out and seize him."

Away, therefore, went the young coyote, and after hunting over much rough country at last turned up a rabbit that, with considerable exertion of muscle and skill, he successfully drove into the fox's paws, who immediately bore the prey off to the little distance, where he swallowed the whole without sharing a morsel with the coyote.

"Yes, you did well," remarked the fox, licking his jaws, as the coyote ruefully watched the progress of a meal. "That rabbit was delicious tender. To-morrow we will see if I can run down a quail." Then, a hunger appeared, he lay down and calmly went to sleep for the rest of the day.

The coyote dubiously surveyed first the colled-up form of the fox and then the remnants of the feast, as if it occurred to him that there was something wrong in the arrangement, but his hunger asserting itself, he trotted off to see if he could not turn up something on his own account.

The next morning the two animals set out as before, when, as on the former occasion, the fox crouched at his case under some bushes while the coyote chased until he was footsore all over the country before he was able to drive a quail into the ambush, when the fox promptly devoured the whole bird, leaving only bones, feet and feathers for his companion.

"You did that well," said the fox, "but a quail, after all, is but a poor meal to exist a whole day upon, so I wish you would trot down to the farm and bring back a nice plump young chicken. You must be careful that you don't get caught by the dog or shot by the farmer, but I dare say you can manage it all right, you work so cleverly. Now away you go, there's a good fellow."

"Thanks for the compliment," replied the mentally awakened coyote, "but you have demonstrated to me the conclusion that it's your turn to do some running. You may, in fact, go your own errands in future, beginning with this easy one of the chicken," and he trotted off without further parley.—Pete and Animals.

A MAY SONG.

The sunshine has kissed the forest and meadow, And changed their dull greens to a beautiful green; The willows are covered with soft, fluffy pussies, And a brave little robin and bluebird are seen.

Down in the orchard the trees are all budded, And some have a few pretty blossoms to show;

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Exactly what goes on inside to make the consumptive gain weight when taking Scott's Emulsion is still a mystery.

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The dear little buds were quite timid at first, But soon were coaxed out by the sun's pleasant glow.

The delicate mayflowers now make their appearance And perfume the air with the sweet-est of smells;

The violets and cowslips will soon now awaken, And the woods will resound to the voice of harbells.

Oh, what means all this joyful awakening? Pray, why all these changes that speak of good cheer?

Oh, who cannot guess the wonderful secret.— The Winter has vanished and bright Spring is here.

—From "The Child Garden"

A YOUNG HERO.

It is not always the boy of great opportunities whose work is best, nor the physically strong, courageous deed that is most far reaching. There are opportunities everywhere and at all times, and they are just as significant to the weak as to the strong and to the child as to the man. It is not the opportunity, but the use of it that counts.

I have in mind a South Florida boy whose big, earnest eyes were looking into the future for opportunities before he was twelve. His father was

old earnestness of purpose. One day he looked at her with an odd little grin.

"There's no use fretting over what can't be helped, mother," he said, with a brave attempt at cheerfulness. "I'm sidetracked," as father would say. "Suppose you bring my school books and put them on the bed. I will keep up my studies and reading just the same. Perhaps some other road is waiting for me."

And who can doubt there is? As the days go by, bringing the old-time eagerness and enthusiasm into the thoughtful eyes, who shall dare say the time is not coming when men will concede it was good that this boy loved?—Success

HUGO CALLED A PRIEST.

In the midst of the voluminous prose, and even poetry, to which the re-glorification of Victor Hugo has given rise, there is a striking account of his death in the periodical called The Etudes, directed by the Jesuits.

This sets forth that at the awful moment of his passing, the adversary of the Papacy, the turn-coat who was Royalist, Republican, Catholic and Free-thinker, as he suited him, called despairingly for a priest. The story was told by an actor now dead, and whose daughter lives at present in Paris. This actor was allowed by Victor Hugo's valet to see the poet in less than an hour after his death.

The player was overwhelmed by the appearance of unutterable anguish, horror and despair on the face of the dead man, and expressed his astonishment and terror to the valet. The latter said "Ah, Monsieur! as he was passing away, Victor Hugo raised himself from his bed by a desperate bound, his fingers crisped and crooked, and he twice cried out 'A priest, a priest!' but no priest came."

The actor went away horror-stricken and on reaching home said to his daughter "I should not like to do like that, if I fall ill, you must call in Father Monsabret at once," and he added, "I shall tell nobody of what I saw and heard, but all the same it is awful!"

Victor Hugo was not the only anticlerical Republican who called out for a priest when dying. Others were in the same predicament before him, and went to their account with all the imperfections on their heads, like Hamlet's father Cardinal Gilbert offered his services when Victor Hugo was dying, but the poet's family declined them. In the same way M. Floquet's friends and hangers-on rejected the offer of Cardinal Richier to attend the dying politician in his last moments. Again, in the case of resident Felix Faure, the services of the late Vicar of the Madeleine were spurned with, and soon after he left Presidential palace servants were coming everywhere for a priest early every one of the politicians of the Third Republic who have been enticed with opposition to the church have been brought up as Catholics. Even Victor Hugo was, in his will, regarded by Lamennais as a ming Prudentius who would serve a cause of religion by his poetry.

Ugo had been well brought up by a mother, and one of the earliest tendencies was that Duc de Rohan who came a priest of St. Sulpice after betrothed had been burned to death. It has often been said that if immenians, who was deeply interested in Hugo, had not left the church, the man who was glorified one day in that pagan temple, or Pantheon, would have remained a Catholic.

MILD IN THEIR ACTION—Pur-

gative Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

IN TWENTY YEARS FROM NOW.

(By Joe W. Barker) Kind friends, who gathered round this board With jest and laughter free, Whose honest hearts you've stored with love,

And gave that store to me, Whose love, in all the fire of youth, So freely you bestow, Say, will you be my brothers still In twenty years from now?

When Time has placed a stern, rough hand On each strong, rugged frame, Will you come to my humble board As in your youth ye came?

When silver threads appear about Each yet unwrinkled brow, Will those same dear, strong hands And mine, In twenty years from now?

O, honest hearts, remain the same, Whatever the age or clime, And brother's love, like ours, defies The changing hand of Time. So, should I need true friendship then, I'll turn to those I know, To find that you are still unchanged, In twenty years from now!

THEY ARE A POWERFUL NEURINE.—Dyspepsia causes derangement of the nervous system, and nervous debility once engendered is difficult to deal with. There are many testimonials as to the efficacy of Parmentier's Vegetable Pills in treating this disorder, showing that they never fail to produce good results. By giving proper tone to the digestive organs, they restore equilibrium to the nerve centres.

The HOME CIRCLE

MAY TIME. (By Lulu Whedon Mitchell.) What of the dark hour? What of the gray time? Hawthorn's in bloom now— It's morning! It's Maytime!

Fresh-lacquered leaflets, White petals fragrant, Lean to the South wind, Gossipping vagrant!

Hid where the lodges Which alders cover, Low broods the bright-eyed, Still, patridge mother.

Broad-belted bees fly Over the lilacs Hoarding the pollen-gold Wee, winged shylocks

From orchard, from hedger The robins are trilling The cat-bird's blithe chorus Each interval filling

Challenging all, In melodious completeness— Listen! The blackbird's Pure, liquid sweetness.

O, what of the dark hour, What of the gray time? June's on the way, and It's morning! It's Maytime! —Home and Flowers

KEEP THE CHILDREN OFF THE STREETS.

There is seldom, if ever, any valid excuse for children under the age of fourteen or sixteen, being out at night on the streets, unattended by older persons. All proper errands can be done in the daytime and evening visits to places of amusement or to friends, do not include loitering on the street, to which we refer. Parents may see some difficulty in carrying out their good intentions in this matter, but no obstacle should be allowed to stand in the way of saving their children. It is not enough that parents forbid their children to leave their homes during the evening; they should at the same time provide some means of keeping them contentedly at home.

Harmless games and amusements can be provided in any household and social intercourse brought into play to provide a substitute for the excitement their children crave and seek out-of-doors. The more effective and complete this home entertainment and home attractions are made, the more easy it is to destroy the desire of children to seek the temptations of the street. Parents, who have responsibility here, and hereafter, for the salvation of a children should see to this matter, and if they would have their children happy and innocent and prosperous, no matter what the cost, they should deliver them from outside allurements, and by some means keep them under their care and protection during the years when they are so susceptible to influences good or bad.

"The best of all schools—a mother's knee." It is the duty of mothers to train up the rising generation in the way they should go. This is an age in which we hear much of woman's work, but never let it be forgotten that the greatest of woman's work is home making. Women who are happy enough to possess homes of their own are privileged and blessed beyond words in having such a sphere of influence in which to work. Many women have no homes of their own, and can never look forward to having them. It has been ordained otherwise for them. To such counsel on home-making would seem only addressed in bitter mockery, to them other words must be addressed on other occasions. But to-day it is to the home-makers, those who actually have homes, and dear ones about them, that these words are addressed.

"Home is the place where mothers dwell." What a beautiful, what a significant saying that is! The Faith would have died out in Ireland during the Penal Days, when for months at a time the people never saw a priest, if Irish mothers had not taught their children their prayers. "Our hope is in the youth of the country." Let this fact never be lost sight of, and let the supplementary truth be borne in mind with equal clearness that the training of the youth lies almost entirely in the hands of the women.

BE SURE YOU GET THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS HAD.—Owing to the great popularity of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster, unscrupulous makers are putting up one like it. For rheumatism, neuralgia, etc., nothing is better. Made only by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

CARE OF THE FEET. We may congratulate ourselves that more and more as time goes on custom and fashion move together in the direction of the proper care of the feet. In shoes the extremely narrow-pointed toe is for the moment tabooed as vulgar. But fashion, alas! only repents of her sins to commit the same over again, and the polished toes will probably be forced upon us again long before the feet crippled by the last batch can be cured. In the meantime, while common sense and fashion go hand in hand, we must make the best of our day of oppor-

tunity, says the medical editor of The Youth's Companion. Many insults are offered to those faithful, hard-working servants, the feet, besides confinement in narrow, cramped and ill-fitting shoes. We talk learnedly of the necessity of ventilation, and then we shut the feet into tight, impervious leather and expect them to bear up the weight of our bodies all day long without a grumble and without a breath of air. Or we take pains to have our shoes long enough, and then put on socks or stockings half an inch too short, and wonder where the corns come from.

Almost as necessary as the proper clothing of the feet is the proper toilet. At least morning and night they should be bathed and then manipulated to keep them smooth and supple. Stockings should be changed very frequently, because the feet owing to their constant confinement and the hard work they are called upon to do, are always perspiring. The same pair of shoes should not be worn two days in succession. It is an easy matter to have two pairs in use on alternate days, and is excellent economy besides, as it gives the shoes a chance to become perfectly dry, and consequently they keep in better shape and last longer.

Very hot water, unless ordered for medicinal purposes, should not be used, as it has a tendency to soften the feet and make them too tender. A little alcohol well rubbed in after the bath is good, especially for those who are much exposed to bad weather, as it gives tone and prevents too profuse perspiration.

Finally, there should be no amateur corn-cutting. Badly cut corns are apt to spread, to say nothing of the dangers of blood-poisoning, gangrene and other dreadful accidents that occasionally follow clumsy, ignorant surgery of the feet.

SNAKES, CENTIPEDES and other poisonous things may assail you in your walks through field and forest. Be sure to have a bottle of Perry Davis' Painkiller in the house and you run no risk. Directions on the wrapper.

THE SILVER LINING.

There's never a day so sunny But a little cloud appears; There's never a life so happy But has had its time of tears. Yet the sun comes out the brighter When the stormy tempest clears.

There's never a garden growing With roses in every plot; There's never a heart so hardened But it has one tender spot; We have only to prune the border To find the forget-me-not.

There's never a cup so pleasant But has bitter with the sweet; There's never a path so rugged That beats not the print of feet, And we have a helper promised For the trials we may meet.

There's never a sun that rises But we know 'twill set at night, The tints that gleam in the morning At evening are just as bright, And the hour that is the sweetest Is between the dark and light.

There's never a dream that's happy But the waking makes us sad, There's never a dream of sorrow But the waking makes us glad, We shall look some day with wonder At the troubles we have had.

There's never a way so narrow But the entrance is made straight, There's always a guide to point us To the "little wicket gate," And the angels will be nearer To a soul that is desolate.

There's never a heart so haughty But will some day bow and kneel, There's never a heart so wounded That the Saviour cannot heal, There's many a lowly forehead That is bearing the hidden seal.

Use an Oxidizer, Absorb Oxygen and LIVE Write for Pamphlet to J. E. BRIGHT, Druggist Phone Main 2842 135 King St. W.

MONUMENTS. Finest work and best designs at lowest prices in Ontario and Marine Provinces. We are the Manufacturers in the Dominion. The McIntosh Granite & Marble Co. 1111 & 1113 YONGE ST. (Terminal Yonge St. Car House) Telephone North 1948. TORONTO.

Have your old carpets made into Good Serviceable Rugs. Thick in pile, soft in texture, oriental in appearance. Silk curtains robes to order. TORONTO RUG WORKS. 92 QUEEN ST. EAST.

MEMORIAL STAINED GLASS WINDOWS AND HOUSEHOLD ART GLASS. Robert McCausland, Limited 86 Wellington St. W., Toronto

CHURCH BELLS. Chimes and Pools, Bell Foundry and the City Bell Foundry, Toronto, Ont.

You May Need Pain-Killer for Cuts Burns Bruises Cramps Diarrhoea All Bowel Complaints. It is a sure, safe and quick remedy. There's only one PAIN-KILLER. FERRY'S. Two sizes, 50c and 100c.

Pan-American Exposition BUFFALO GOLD MEDAL Awarded LABATT'S ALE AND PORTER Surpassing all Competitors

J. E. SEAGRAM DISTILLER AND DIRECT IMPORTER OF WINES, LIQUORS and MALT and FAMILY PROOF Whiskies, Old Rye, Etc. ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF THOSE RENOWNED BRAND "OLD TIMES" and "WHITE WHEAT" Conceded by Connoisseurs to be the Choicest Flavored Whiskies in the Market. J. E. SEAGRAM, WATERLOO, ONT.

OUR BRANDS The O'Keefe Brewery Co., Limited. THE DOMINION BREWERY CO., Limited. MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

White Label Ale. Their other brands, which are very fine, are: INDIA SPECIAL, AMBER, JUBILEE, CROWN SPECIAL, XXX PORTER and HALF-AND-HALF.

TO CONTRACTORS. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Works," will be received at this Department until noon of Saturday, May 17th, for the erection of the Chemistry, Mining and Geology Building on College Street, in connection with the Schools of Practical Science, excepting Heating, Plumbing, Ventilation and Electric work. Tenders may be sent in separately or in bulk. Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of tender procured at this Department. An accepted bank cheque, payable to the undersigned, for five per cent. on the amount of each tender for each of the above works will be required. The cheques of the unsuccessful parties tendering will be returned when the contracts have been entered into for the several works. The bona fide signatures and business addresses of two parties as securities must accompany each tender. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender. F. R. LATCHFORD, Commissioner Department of Public Works, Ontario, May 3rd, 1902. Newspapers inserting (the above) this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

F. ROSAR Undertaker. 340 King St. East, Toronto. Telephone Main 1084.

MCCABE & CO. UNDERTAKERS. Telephone Main 88 222 QUEEN ST. EAST.

Late J. Young ALEX. MILLARD UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER. Telephone 679 353 YONGE STREET TORONTO.

D. Mann & Co. UNDERTAKER and EMBALMER. 507 Yonge St. Phone No. 11 2282. Extra charge for House service open Night and Day.

The brotherhood of man would somewhat wearisome were it not for the sisterhood of woman.

The Catholic Register

Published Every Thursday by THE CATHOLIC REGISTER PUBLISHING CO. PATRICK P. CROMM, Business Manager and Editor.

Telephone, Main 489. THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1902.

DISGRACE OF THE AMERICAN ARMY.

General Smith and his illustrious military defenders in the army of the Republic are not likely to carry off with bold bluff the crimes against civilization perpetrated in the Philippines.

Corporal Richard O'Brien was examined before the investigating committee in Washington on Monday.

"It was on the 27th of December, the anniversary of my birth, and I shall never forget the scenes I witnessed on that day in the Philippines.

"The first shot was fired by the then first sergeant of our company. His target was a mere boy, who was coming down the mountain path into the town astride of a carabao.

"The shooting now had attracted the villagers, who came out of their homes in alarm, wondering what it all meant.

"Two old men, bearing a white flag and clasping both hands, like two brothers, approached the lines.

"In another part of the village a mother with a babe at her breast and two young children at her side pleaded for mercy.

"THE DILLON-CHAMBERLAIN EPISODE.

THE DILLON-CHAMBERLAIN EPISODE.

In another column we publish the speech delivered by Hon Edward Blake upon the responsibility of the Speaker in a British legislature.

sent by Mr. Ballour and all his following, the Unionist leader going out of his way to insult the liberal nominee Mr. Ballour said among other things that he did not know Mr. Gully even by appearance and if forced into the chair his tenure of office might be terminated, contrary to the custom of the House.

A SET-BACK TO IMPERIALISM.

What The Register said last week with regard to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's reply to Mr. Chamberlain's military proposals for the coronation conference on Colonial connection has been quickly verified by events that have since transpired.

"Australia agrees with Sir Wilfrid Laurier as to the inadvisability of a hard and fast military agreement between Great Britain and the colonies.

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

The educational question has again become acute in England, and the Bill now before Parliament, while falling far short of a settlement of the religious difficulty, has largely been accepted by the Anglicans and Catholics as a step in the right direction—that is a step towards religious freedom.

EDITORIAL NOTES

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The cheque tax has been dropped by the British Chancellor. It is now believed that he never meant to enforce it. It was but a proposition intended to balance the budget of the poor and the moment the latter was carried the former was abandoned.

The comparison was the same in regard to higher as to elementary education. The voluntary contributions of British Wesleyans towards their colleges came to 13 per cent as against 18 per cent of Catholic contributions to higher education.

These figures remind us of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach's budget. He said he would place the new taxes upon those who were most likely to meet them.

DR. FORAN'S APPOINTMENT.

It is a pleasure to The Register to be able to compliment the Dominion Government upon the appointment of a Catholic journalist to a position of importance.

BLESSING A NEW CHURCH.

Archbishop O'Connor and many Priests at Albion — A Beautiful Temple.

In the presence of a large congregation His Grace Archbishop O'Connor, surrounded by the representative clergymen of the dioceses of Toronto and Hamilton, solemnly blessed the new church of Albion, which has been dedicated to St. John the Evangelist on Thursday last.

THE CENTENARY OF THE BIRTH OF FATHER LAONDRAIRE.

The centenary of the birth of Father Laondraire was kept in Franco on the 12th at Notre Dame. The paucity of the great Dominican orator was preached by Mgr. Touchet, Bishop of Orleans.

THE DAUGHTER OF PROFESSOR ALFRED MARLEOD.

The daughter of Professor Alfred Marleod, a lady doctor, recently met with a tragic death.

readers of the day. Nearly every member of the present Scottish priesthood has passed through his hands, and it is noticeable that the Catholic clergy of Scotland are far ahead of the ministers of any other denomination in Scotland in their style of pulpit oratory.

That the zeal of Catholic journalists to defend the faith against the attacks of mercenary authors is often taken for granted is often proved by the latter most of us have very well a few months ago a clever piece of work in which the church was unfairly dealt with, and in its preface, by a few cunningly turned sentences, left the impression that he was a devout Catholic.

Mr. Herbert Spencer, the great English philosopher, has published what he describes as his last book. His opinion of British politics may be gathered from the following: "Were every member of Parliament to his convictions — did every one resolve that he would not tell falsehoods by his votes — did each cease to regard 'party loyalty' as a virtue, and decide to give effect to his own opinion regardless of Ministerial interests—these over-ridings of the national will by a few gentlemen in Downing street would be impossible."

ILLNESS OF FATHER TRAFFER.

London, May 20.—Rev. Father Traffer, pastor of St. Mary's Church, is in a very low condition at St. Joseph's Hospital.

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE CHAPEL.

The chapel of the House of Providence is being renovated and redecored. A new main altar is being put in and the side altars will be painted in white and gold.

HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE CHAPEL.

The choir did splendid service under the able leadership of Miss Mackey, the efficient organist, assisted by Miss. Agnes St. Charles, Miss Agnes Hanley and Mr. O'Rourke, violinists; Mr. Weese, bass violinist, and Mr. Blaind, vocalist.

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After the Gospel, His Grace the Archbishop preached an able sermon, taking for his text the appropriate words of Holy Jacob when he was about to dedicate the first altar in Israel to God: "This is the House of God and Gate of Heaven."

which the sacraments are administered and the sacrifice of the Mass offered. He thanked the people for their generosity in erecting a beautiful little church and in furnishing it in a manner worthy of their own faith in the church of which they were members.

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HIS GRACE ARCHBISHOP GAUTHIER AT BELLEVILLE.

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To the Editor of The Register. Dear Sir—It is always a genuine pleasure to the Catholics of this parish, as it must be to the Catholics of every other parish of the archdiocese to be honored by a visit from His Grace Archbishop Gauthier.

Dear Sir—It is always a genuine pleasure to the Catholics of this parish, as it must be to the Catholics of every other parish of the archdiocese to be honored by a visit from His Grace Archbishop Gauthier.

Sunday, the 18th inst. he administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to about one hundred and thirty-five candidates, who had been thoroughly well drilled by the constant and arduous labors of Monsignor Farrelly his assistant, Father O'Brien, of good sisters, and Mr. W. A. C. Hardy, the headmaster of the Separate Schools.

The Archbishop gave the important information that during his visit Plenary Indulgence would be granted to all those who had complied with the usual conditions, a grand privilege that few, if any, of the Congregation failed to take advantage of.

What a labor all this entailed. Probably fifteen hundred or more confessions and communions, and His Grace was in the thick of the labor from first to last.

The choir did splendid service under the able leadership of Miss Mackey, the efficient organist, assisted by Miss. Agnes St. Charles, Miss Agnes Hanley and Mr. O'Rourke, violinists; Mr. Weese, bass violinist, and Mr. Blaind, vocalist.

I believe this was the first visit here, since his ordination, of Rev. Father A. Hanley, and if the crowd that were seen around him at the consessional may be taken as a criterion of his popularity, he must be a universal favorite.

Space forbids me to say more than refer briefly to the tireless energy of our own parish priest, Right Rev. Monsignor Farrelly, who, although away up in the seventies, is quite as active and energetic as ever. And when his work is finally done and he is called to his reward, no more appropriate inscription can be placed on his monuments than this, "He never failed to do his duty."

THE STANDARD LOAN CO.

The Standard Loan Co., 24 Adelaide Street East, Toronto. W. S. DINNICK, Manager.

EAST YORK POLITICS.

Mr. John W. Moyes, the Liberal-Conservative candidate in East York, is putting up a great fight in the riding against the present member, Mr. John Richardson.

At no time in the history of Ontario has there been such an apparent need for every elector considering well what he is going to do in the choosing of a candidate to represent him in the Legislature.

The different and varying statements made by the Government and the commission appointed by the Government as to the financial condition of the Province, should suggest to everyone having its welfare at heart, that it is time some independent investigation be made of our position.

The best interests of our country are suffering from the policy pursued by the Government in connection with our minerals and timber; the people of this Province are not getting a proper return for the vast sums of money expended on educational and administrative in this important branch of our national affairs.

Loud boasts have been made about what has been done for the agricultural interests, but just think for a minute and tell, if you can, what has been done for you or East York, other than what you or East Yorkers have done for yourselves.

It is in my opinion no man should be appointed to office by a Parliament of which he has been a member. In order that East York's best interests shall be served, your representative should be known as an independent man, and not as a man.

First Communion. PRAYER BOOKS—White, from 25c to \$3.00 each. ROSARIES—Imitation Pearl and Pearl, from 20c to \$5.00 each.

BLAKE'S

BLAKE'S. West Side Catholic Book Store. 807 QUEEN ST. W., TORONTO. Phone Park 82.

BOTTLED MILK

BOTTLED MILK. From inspected farms from cows that are kept healthy and clean.

EMULSION

EMULSION. The Best of Cod Liver Oil. For Lung Troubles, Severe Coughs, Colds, Emaciation, etc., etc.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

HOUSEHOLD GOODS. LEMON SQUEEZERS, BOG BEATERS, COFFEE MILLS.

RICE LEWIS & SON

RICE LEWIS & SON. LIMITED. 83 and 84 King St. East, Toronto.

PENITENTIARY SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS addressed "Inspectors of Penitentiaries, Ottawa," and endorsed "Tender for Supplies," will be received until Monday, 10th of June, inclusive.

Kingston Penitentiary, St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, Dorchester Penitentiary, Manitoba Penitentiary, British Columbia Penitentiary, Regina Jail, Prince Albert Jail.

- 1. Flour (Canadian Strong Baker's). 2. Beef and Mutton (fresh). 3. Forage. 4. Coal (anthracite and bituminous). 5. Cordwood. 6. Groceries. 7. Coal Oil (in barrels). 8. Dry Goods. 9. Drugs and Medicines. 10. Leather and Findings. 11. Hardware, Tinware, Paints, etc. 12. Lumber.

Department of Justice, Ottawa, May 12th, 1902. 3t.

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BOTTLED MILK. From inspected farms from cows that are kept healthy and clean.

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RICE LEWIS & SON

RICE LEWIS & SON. LIMITED. 83 and 84 King St. East, Toronto.

PATENTS

PATENTS. 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

REMEMBER ROSS

—ON—

MAY 29TH

Your Vote and Influence respectfully
requested for



L. V. McBRADY
Reform Candidate for EAST TORONTO



W. B. ROGERS
Reform Candidate for SOUTH TORONTO

RE-ELECT The Party of Progress
The Developers of New Ontario

BUILD UP ONTARIO

FOILED

Truly those were bitter days. Stone-hearted men were let loose upon the children of the Church, and through the gloom of that time of stress no man could dare to prophesy the day of betterment.

ly dirty and dissipated in appearance. With the air of bold assurance, he eyed his interlocutor and turning, addressed one of his companions before answering.

Had Ralph really been there, Grace thought, he would already have seen the futility of further hiding, so she was less alarmed than she would otherwise have been when the order was obeyed and the man, pushing his sword before him, entered the passage.

Miles?" he asked "Speak, and speak quickly!" With an insolent air the man lightly touched his hat.

the grave (applause). As he did not speak for polemics, but for persuasion, he would gladly allow that in the Irish literature other strains were mingled with those which they termed Celtic.

Legal ANGLIN & MALLON, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, 207 KING ST. W., TORONTO. OFFICE: Land Security Chambers, 8, W. Cor. Adelaide and Victoria Streets, Toronto.

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY INCORPORATED 1881 FIRE and MARINE HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO, ONT. CAPITAL \$2,000,000

The Home Savings & Loan Co. LIMITED. CAPITAL (Authorized) \$2,000,000 CAPITAL (Subscribed) \$2,000,000

SYMINGTON'S EDINBURGH COFFEE ESSENCE makes delicious coffee in a moment. No trouble, no waste. In small and large bottles, from all Grocers.

LORD HUNTLEIGH

OR A
MODERN NEMESIS
(By Margaret Kelly)

"Certainly, certainly, my dear, but—er—I thought we were expecting Captain and Mrs. Edgar for next week," Sir Charles urged meekly, being evidently loth to put forward his objections too strongly.

"You must write and put them off. I am going abroad immediately." Sir Charles rose hurriedly at this command and hastened off, as though his wife intended to depart at that very instant.

"He is very obliging, isn't he? quite amenable to discipline. He knows that when I say a thing I mean it. But I must give him an extra kiss for being so very good about this. I shall be charmed to make your wife's further acquaintance. She fights rather shy of me. She seems a cold, reserved sort of girl. Scornful enough, too. I am afraid you don't know how to manage her."

"That's just where you make a mistake. You ought to manage her. Suppose Charles and I were always at loggerheads, it would never do I will try my wiles on this status quo wife of yours, and if I don't succeed in bringing her into a different frame of mind, my name isn't Lousa Garston!"

Alaric shrugged his shoulders. He was extremely doubtful of her success. Lady Garston might find it easy to twist men around her little finger, but she would find Sybil much less pliant, and a much more difficult subject than she imagined.

It was a revelation to him, however, when Sybil refused to accompany him abroad. When she went away leaving him alone in the dining-room, he felt that had she remained he would have struck her, his passion was so great.

"—her," he exclaimed, striking the table with his clenched fist—"and I have not got a penny to bless myself with. How can a fellow go to Monaco without money? I must also come, that's all, and very quickly, too."

He took out his watch, then rang the bell furiously, and gave directions to his valet as to preparations for the journey.

Lady Garston laughed one of her ironical laughs when Alaric met her and her husband on their arrival in the little principality.

"Did you wish her to come, really?" she asked, referring to Sybil.

"Of course I did, what else do you think would have brought me here—at this time, too?"

She was hurt and crushed to think that she had forfeited her parents' good opinion and that her husband stood high with them, forgetting that she had been instrumental in bringing about these results by her unselfish conduct in the first instance. The last straw had now been added to her burden by the well-intentioned reproaches of her mother, who was desirous of rousing her from the listless and apathetic state into which she had seemingly fallen during the past month.

The hot, passionate blood—that whilst her mother spoke seemed to fill her heart almost to bursting—now surged up to her brain. Her love for Alaric had long since departed, and the barrier of what she considered duty having given way, there was no motive power to restrain her. With one big sob she threw herself into her mother's arms.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, amidst her tears, "don't let me go near him again. I hate him, I hate him! Take me home—let me go home with you and papa. Let me go somewhere, where he will never come. I can't bear him—I don't ever want to see him again."

To say that this outburst felt like a thunderbolt on Mrs. Margrave would be to put it mildly. She was literally dumfounded, and Sybil sobbed hysterically for some little time before her mother could find words.

"Dear child, calm yourself," she said at length, "Yes, you must come and stay with us for a little while certainly. But you mustn't give way like this—you will frighten papa. I am sorry I told you about the Garstons; you mustn't think too much about it. The world talks for very little, you know, dearest—a people are so ill-natured that they make a great deal out of nothing."

Sybil said no more. She felt weak and ill, and thoroughly ashamed of having given way to such an extent, but she nevertheless resolved that the crisis was reached, and that there must be some material change in her relations with Alaric. She was fully determined that for the future their lives must run in separate paths. Only death in her opinion could set either free.

But had she held with the views of those who would allow a mere earthly tribunal to dissolve ties the most sacred and binding, society would have laughed her to scorn for seeking to rid herself of one at whose door no well established charge could be laid. As she thought of this she felt that even her parents would condemn her for what they would term her folly. They would deem it incredible that she, who before her marriage had given them her entire confidence, should have since suffered so much without giving any sign, without a word of complaint.

Perhaps they would not think her sufferings of much account—imaginary, but to her, who had been so tenderly and delicately brought up, and to whose sensitive nature a harsh word or a black look would cause a pain which became almost physical, they were intense and very real.

It was a relief to go home to her father's house for a time, at all events, where all was peace and tranquillity, and where she might rest happily in the knowledge that hundreds of miles lay between her and the object of her dread. So she accompanied her mother to Park Lane, and tried her utmost to be as cheerful as possible. The expressions on each separate face, must have proved of human interest to a student of human nature. There could be seen the dull indifference of the habitual player, the utter recklessness of giddy youth, the stoic despair which told of the ruin of another, the eager triumph of this one and the wild triumph of that.

In this latter category we must place Alaric, who rose from the table after a couple of hours' play which had been attended by complete and unqualified success. He was heated and flushed with his unexpected good luck, and as he walked with Lady Garston to his hotel, he laughed and talked so riotously as to have led a stranger to think him intoxicated.

Lady Garston had not played. She was of too cautious a nature, and even Alaric's unprecedented winnings did not move her, who contented herself with congratulating him.

her husband and Aubrey were staying there where they owned a charming villa.

"Do come," she urged in her letter. "The Blytons are here, such delightful people. I feel sure you would like them and dear Sybil would be more in her element. I cannot imagine my little Sybil at Monte Carlo. I think she would much rather be here, it is your naughty self that keeps her in a place that shocks her susceptibilities every minute of the day. I am certain. Now dear Alaric, if you don't bring her here at once I shall come for her myself, and you can do what you like."

He despatched a very cool reply to his cousin, informing her that Sybil was not with him, and that he intended to remain at Monte Carlo for some time longer, and could not make it convenient to pay her a visit as she wished. Lady Garston found one or two old friends staying at her hotel who were even more to her taste than was Alaric, so, not being able to secure as much of her company as he wished for, he passed the time in courting the society of a very pretty girl with whom he had become acquainted in some unorthodox fashion. She on her part appeared to be under his influence.

Renee Guibert was the sister of an hotelkeeper. She was young, having in fact only just left school because of the death of her mother. Her brother and his wife were so occupied with their business that they had not as yet noticed the frequent absences of Renee from the house.

Alaric had chosen for his trysting place a small arbor in the grounds of the hotel, and here Renee would come innocent, blithe, and merry, and entertain him with her sparkling repartee, or her gay little "chansons," or she would make pretty, childish speeches to him, for she had not as yet much more than the sense of a child.

One evening he was smoking a cigar with a sense of perfect enjoyment, and Renee was seated near him doing some wonderful lace and chattering volubly.

"I like the English," she was saying, "they are all good and true. The English are not like the my countrymen. It is true, they went on with a little shrug of her shoulders, "they are a little heavy and dull sometimes, but that is due to their climate. The sun does not shine off in your country, does it, Monsieur?"

"No," returned Alaric, removing the cigar from between his lips, "and there are not many bright eyes like yours either to shine on our poor Englishmen."

Renee blushed a little as she replied: "I fear Monsieur would flatter me, yet I know that the English women are distant and cold—more like the moon than the sun or stars."

"But your comparison is not altogether true, for the moon is not as distant as the sun."

"Well, I mean they are cold and beautiful like the moon."

"—as you are right in that. They are very cold; for instance, they would not give me a kiss now as you will."

"Why, knock him down if you have any British pluck at all." "That is just what I did, and the pistols are the result."

"Why did you choose pistols, you foolish fellow, I really tremble for the consequences. Think of all the horrid unpleasantness of having you carried in here dead."

Lady Garston sighed as though it were a question of a shower of rain or a new bonnet. Alaric began to feel angry. He was already repenting his rash act, for he was not courageous by nature, and he had come to Lady Garston fully expecting a little sympathy. When he found that her sympathies were mainly for herself, his vanity received a rude blow. He replied in tones of vexation:

"Pray don't allow my demise should it occur to interfere with your amusements. I shall leave full instructions with Captain Mayne as to what is to be done in that event. You need not put yourself to the slightest inconvenience."

He essayed to rise to his feet, but Lady Garston laid her bejewelled hand upon his shoulder and said in her most fascinating tones:

"There you are again, doing what I am always warning you against. I am not going to let you fall out with me. Let me see you smile."

He smiled, though very faintly, as he replied:

"There is no necessity after all, for us to quarrel about my death. I am a remarkably good shot, unfortunately for Guibert. I haven't the least apprehension for my safety to-morrow, and I'll give Guibert a lesson that he won't soon forget."

Alaric flushed with shame, anger, and the thought of revenge as the memory of the scene with Guibert came to him.

"Be calm, my dearest boy, or you will spoil all. It really isn't worth so much trouble. Fancy coming all this way to be shot! It seems most absurd, doesn't it? Things are much better managed in England, aren't they?"

Meanwhile great consternation prevailed in the Guibert household. Raymond Guibert, who had not the slightest experience in shooting, was flattered himself with the thought that his adversary was probably in the same boat, and was dividing his time between pacifying his wife and soothing Renee, who was in agonies of remorse and fear both for her brother and for the handsome Englishman. She was a warm-hearted, affectionate little creature, with an amount of simplicity and innocence that was amazing. She loved her brother, but could not help thinking that he was in the wrong to have insulted this Englishman, who she was sure must be good and noble and true.

Madame Guibert scolded her sister-in-law vehemently until she was quite fatigued, and then peremptorily dismissed her to bed instead of going to bed, Renee, who had formulated a plan to prevent the morrow's conflict, waited and watched for Alaric. She sat in a broad window-seat, hidden from view by the long silken hangings, watching for Alaric until her eyes grew heavy with sleep. She thought he would never come.

turned to her tormentor, and said quietly:

"Monsieur must kneel down. I cannot reach—you are too tall." "Certainly," said Alaric, kneeling down as Renee approached him. She drew herself up to her full height and went towards him, but instead of the expected kiss she halted before him, with head uplifted and eyes no longer soft and pleading, but flashing scorn and fire. In an instant she had lifted her small hands and had given the kneeling man a smart box on either ear. Then as he rose, turned with surprise and infuriated by the indignity of his position, the white-robed Renee fled from his presence to the security of her own apartment.

Lady Garston has not risen on the following morning when a note was brought into her by her maid. She opened it languidly on hearing that it was from Lord Huntleigh. It ran as follows:

"I have finished Guibert, and am off Ta-ta for the present." "ALARIC!" "Tiresome man! Why couldn't he be content to enjoy life quietly?" she murmured as, after reading it, she crushed it up in her hand and tossed it away from her.

Then she turned her head on the pillowcase of daintiest cambric and lace, and went to sleep again. (To be continued.)

THERE IS ONLY ONE ECLECTIC OIL. When an article, be it medicine or anything else, becomes popular imitations invariably spring up to derive advantages from the original, which they themselves could never win on their own merits. Imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil have been numerous but never successful. Those who know the genuine are not put off with a substitute but demand the real thing.

"DARK SIDE" OF FARM LIFE. In his personal talk for May, the editor of Home and Flowers quotes from letters from a number of people in close touch with the social conditions of our rural population as to the immediate need of the American farmer in the matter of esthetic and social betterment. Following are some of these opinions.

"Larger self-respect and ambition are the great needs at present of the farmer and his family, in the opinion of Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, of the University of Nebraska. Farmers, he believes, need to see and feel that they are in an eminent degree pillars of the republic. They need not look up, to introduce better methods of agriculture, to beautify their homes. Above all, they need to think of life in the country not as a fate, but as the greatest of good fortunes. The American farmer, says President G. W. Flint, of Storrs Agricultural College (Connecticut), needs a thorough scientific knowledge of his work, a better development of the esthetic side of his nature, more love for the art and less for the dollar."

TWO LETTERS. They Prove the Permanency of Cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills. Over six years have gone by, and this Cure still stands—Only one of many such cases.

St. Mary's Ferry, N. B., May 19.—(Special)—Mr. Thomas Harrison of this place has addressed two significant letters to The Dodd's Medicine Co., Toronto.

THE FIRST ONE. St. Mary's Ferry, Dec. 18, 1895. Gentlemen: I feel it my duty to you and to the public at large to tell what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me. About one year ago I began to suffer with severe pains over the region of my kidneys, followed by a very lethargic feeling.

When I lay down it was torture to get up again. This state continued for some time, and all the while I was still getting weaker and losing flesh rapidly. My appetite was very much impaired, and at last I was obliged to call in a physician. He gave my sufferings a very learned name, and doctored me for some time, but I got no better. I called in several other physicians, but it was all no use, my sufferings got worse all the time until I began to despair of life. A friend advised me to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. I was very skeptical but was prevailed on to commence a treatment, the first box made me feel some better. I passed a stone that had formed in the bladder. I continued the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills until I had used three boxes and now believe that I have a radical and complete cure, as it is six months since I used any of the Pills, and have had no symptoms or return of the malady. I know that my cure is due to Dodd's Kidney Pills, as I used no other medicine after commencing their use. Yours truly, THOMAS HARRISON THE SECOND ONE. St. Mary's Ferry, N. B., Mar. 21, 1902 Gentlemen: What I said in 1895 I can at this moment most emphatically substantiate. I have never had the slightest symptom of a return of my old trouble. Yours truly, THOMAS HARRISON.

In every town and village may be had, the Mica Axle Grease that makes your horses glad.

E. B. Eddy's Parlor Matches. Every Stick a Match. Every Match a Lighter. ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS.

Toast Our Best Boys With the Best Beer. Toronto Brewing Co.

The Highest Type of Excellence in Musical Instruments is Exemplified in BELL ART PIANOS and ORGANS. BELL ORGAN AND PIANO CO. LIMITED. GUELPH, ONTARIO.

AWNINGS AND TENTS THE D. PIKE CO. LIMITED. 123 King St. East, - - Toronto. We have no branch office.

"My Valet" FOUNTAIN THE TAILOR. 30 Adelaide St. W. Phone Main 304. Dress Suits to Rent.

We are Headquarters for Account Books Stationery Office Supplies Leather Goods Bookbinding Fountain Pens THE BROWN BROS. LIMITED.

TEMISKAMING AND NORTHERN ONTARIO RAILWAY. SEALED TENDERS, a prospectus to the undersigned, and enclosed Tenders for Clearing Right of Way will be received at this office until 10 o'clock, on the 23rd day of May 1902, for clearing the first two sections of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, extending from the northern terminus from North Bay Plains and specifications of the work may be seen and full information obtained at the office of the Chief Engineer, a North Bay or at the Department of Public Works Ontario. Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied for this purpose by the Department of Public Works, and signed with the actual signature of the tenderer. The cheque payable to the order of the Commissioner of Public Works, for \$500, must accompany the tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the party whose tender is accepted declines to enter into a contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted. The accepted cheques (such as they will be returned to the parties whose tenders are not accepted. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest tender. F. R. LATCHFORD, Commissioner. Department of Public Works, Toronto, Ontario, 7th May, 1902. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902. Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ontario, marked "Tenders for Coal" will be received up to noon on MONDAY, MAY 26th, 1902, for the delivery of coal in the amount of 2,000 tons, to be delivered on or before the 15th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London and Central Prison, as noted—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto. Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size, Soft coal—500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings. Asylum for Insane, London. Hard coal—2,000 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 50 tons chestnut size, Soft coal—400 tons for grades. Of the above quantities 2,000 tons may not be required until January, 1903. Asylum for Insane, Kingston. Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 250 tons stove size, 25 tons chestnut size, Soft coal—400 tons for grades. Of the above quantities 2,000 tons may not be required until January, 1903. Asylum for Insane, Hamilton. Hard coal—3,275 tons small egg size, 475 tons stove size, 145 tons chestnut size, Soft coal—60 tons for grades. Of the above quantities 2,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903. Asylum for Insane, Mimico. Hard coal—1,000 tons large egg size, 120 tons stove size, 145 tons nut size, Soft coal—500 tons lump, 50 tons soft screenings. Asylum for Insane, Orillia. Soft coal screenings or run of mine lump, 2,000 tons, 50 tons hard coal stove size; 50 tons hard coal, stove size. Asylum for Insane, Brackville. Hard coal—1,500 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 145 tons nut size, Soft coal—500 tons lump, 50 tons soft screenings. Of the above quantities 1,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903. Asylum for Female Patients, Cobourg. Hard coal—2,000 tons large egg size, 15 tons stove size, 50 tons nut size. Central Prison, Toronto. Hard coal—100 tons small egg size, Soft coal—2,500 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly, as required. Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville. Hard coal—800 tons large egg size, 50 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size. Institute for Blind, Brantford. Hard coal—2,000 tons large egg size, 15 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size. Reformatory for Boys, Penetang. Eighty tons egg size, 51 tons stove size, 28 tons nut size, 800 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. District of Institution. Mercer Reformatory, Toronto. Soft coal screenings or run of mine lump, 550 tons stove coal, 110 tons. Tenders are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to sample. Delivery will be required from the fresh mined and in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade in this district. Delivery to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities. And the tenderer may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent, of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions, for the above mentioned contract prices at any time up to the 10th day of July, 1903. Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check, for \$500, payable to the order of the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two full and true copies of the contract specifications and forms and conditions of tender, to be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ontario, and the Burgars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. J. T. STANTON, Provincial Secretary. Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.

Two washings with Sunlight Soap wear the linen less than one wash with common soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Mark

MILES KEOGH'S HORSE.

On the bluff of the Little Big Horn, At the close of a wonderful day, Custer and his Three Hundred In death and silence lay.

Three Hundred to Three Thousand! They had bravely fought and bled; For such is the will of Congress When the white man meets the red.

The white men were ten millions, The thirteenth under the sun; The red were fifty thousand, And warriors every one.

No Custer and all his fighting men Lay under the evening skies, Staring up at the tranquil heaven With wide, accusing eyes.

And of all that stood at noonday In that fiery scorpion ring, Miles Keogh's horse at evening Was the only living thing.

Alone from that field of slaughter, Where lay the three hundred slain, The horse Comanche wandered, With Keogh's blood on his mane.

And Sturgis issued this order, Which future times shall read, While the love and honor of comrades Are the soul of the soldier's creed. He said:

"Let the horse Comanche, Henceforth till he shall die, Be kindly cherished and cared for By the Seventh Cavalry.

"He shall do no labor; he never shall know The touch of spur or rein; Nor shall his back be ever crossed By living rider again.

"And at regimental formation Of the Seventh Cavalry, Comanche, draped in mourning, and led By a trooper of Company I, "Shall parade with the Regiment!" Thus it was Commanded and thus done, By order of General Sturgis, signed By Adjutant Garlington.

Catholic Order of Foresters.

The last meeting of St. Leo Court, 581, C. O. F., held in their hall corner Queen and McCaul streets, was one to be remembered. The committee on good of the order was requested to prepare for a social evening, and they certainly did so to the satisfaction of all. The hall was crowded with members and visiting brothers seated on the platform. Beside the C. R. was W. T. J. Lee, J. Malloy, D. H. C. R. J. Strickland, C. R. of St. Helen's Court, Bro. L. V. McBrady, the C. R. of St. Joseph's Court and prospective M. P. P. for East Toronto, was unable to be present, owing to numerous engagements in his election contest. Bro. E. M. Davitt, C. R., opened the meeting sharp on time. A large number of new members were initiated, after which the committee on good of the order took charge and called Bro. J. Malloy to the chair. Refreshments were served.

W. T. J. Lee gave a brief outline of the history of the order from its inception, its rapid growth and good financial standing, the system which it was managed, the duties of members, and paid a glowing tribute to the officers in charge for the great success that has been the result of their untiring efforts.

St. Clement's quartette rendered several selections. Solos were rendered by Bros. J. T. Johns, J. McLaughlin, L. W. O'Toole, E. Dracken, W. Godfrey and W. P. Murphy, and a short address by J. T. Strickland. After a short intermission the second part of the programme commenced, with an address by J. J. Nightingale, the Recording Secretary of St. Leo Court. He spoke on the necessity of organization, the benefits of fraternal societies, the cost of membership and benefits secured. He quoted the rates of insurance of a large number of societies outside of the Catholic Church, and in all cases the benefits derivable from the C. O. F. were more for less cost than could be secured from outside societies, showing plainly that it was to the interest of Catholic men to become affiliated with Catholic societies.

Solos were then rendered by Bros. G. P. McCann, W. Finnigan, E. McDevitt, L. W. O'Toole, J. McLaughlin and a short address by J. Fahey. The singing was of a high order, every number being loudly applauded. Mr. C. Reid, President of St. Mary's C. L. & A. Association, presided at the piano. His services were highly appreciated by the members, who tendered him a unanimous vote of thanks. Bro. J. Malloy addressed the meeting, congratulating St. Leo Court on the success of the evening's entertainment and on the excellent talent which the court possessed and brought to a close one of the most enjoyable evenings spent.

St. Leo Correspondent.

Father Allain and St. Catharines.

Below we copy an editorial from The St. Catharines Star upon the departure of Father Allain, which was anticipated a long while ago on account of his health. It is something which Catholics as a body appreciate that the secular press voices so much esteem for the Catholic clergy. That it is something of general, not rare occurrence, only increases our appreciation. Following is the editorial:

The departure from St. Catharines and its immediate vicinity of a genial personality is near at hand, and it will be with feelings of the keenest regret on the part of a host of friends that "Good-bye" will be said to Rev. J. A. H. Allain next week. As has been intimated in The Star, the coming Sunday will mark his farewell ministrations to the people in St. Catharines and Port Dalhousie, whose spiritual welfare has been his zealous concern for so many years, and it is quite safe to say that the severance of the ties formed during the period of this association as pastor and people will make a feeling impression.

For the past sixteen years Father Allain has been closely identified with parochial work in this vicinity, carried on under many difficulties, at times, which served only to emphasize the character of the man and endear him to the hearts of those who learned to know him and understand the unselfish disinterestedness of his purposes and the genuine sincerity of his efforts for their spiritual and material well-being.

For three of these years Father Allain's labors were devoted to the adjoining parish of Merriton, and he has left a lasting monument to his ability and indomitable perseverance in the shape of the magnificent school property there, probably superior in its equipment to that of any place of similar size in Canada or elsewhere. Coming to the larger field of St. Catharines and Port Dalhousie to assume the charge of the parishes of St. Mary's and the Star of the Sea, respectively, there was naturally a heavier strain upon the good priest's energies, and thirteen years of faithful toil have left their mark not only within the parishes named, but upon the toiler as well.

Acting upon the advice of his physician, Father Allain leaves for the Pacific Coast, where he takes charge of the Catholic congregation of Olympia, Washington, and will also have the supervision of the large hospital and convent there conducted by the Sisters of Providence.

Three parishes, prosperous and out of debt—in fact with a surplus in the treasury—magnificent school and church properties, unfiled and earnest congregations and a good name will be the legacy Father Allain will leave to his successor. His work in St. Mary's parish here has been marvellous. With deep spiritual tendencies he has furnished the church and altar "On the Hill" with works of art which would grace many pretentious cathedrals and to which The Star has frequently alluded. The church home and grounds are in keeping, within and without, the result of the personal labor of Father Allain.

Large-hearted, public-spirited, generous to a fault; forgetting and forgiving where many would have shown the every-day side of human nature, one begins to realize in the hour of his departure how much of the man was hidden beneath the clerical garb. His thirteen years' residence here have been a living witness of a faith and zeal which those who knew him will appreciate, and The Star bids him farewell with an earnest wish for future usefulness, happiness and prosperity which it is sure will be re-echoed in the hearts of the many who have been identified with him through all these busy years.

Good-bye.

JOSEPH FAHEY SUSPENDED.

The Register is sorry to hear that the popular western C. P. R. conductor, Joseph Fahey, has been suspended. A Winnipeg dispatch to The Globe, on Tuesday, said: "Mr. Joseph Fahey, the well-known conductor, has been discharged from the C. P. R. service. It is stated, for refusing to assist an auditor in checking the train of which he was in charge. The Brotherhood of Conductors are investigating the case, and trouble is threatened."

Mr. Fahey is known from end to end of Canada. He is as well liked as he is widely known and friends of the C. P. R. in every walk of life will sympathize with the Brotherhood of Conductors for espousing his cause which probably involved adherence to the rules of the union.

It is astonishing how soon our follies are forgotten, when known to none but ourselves. Beware of judging hastily; it is better to suspend an opinion than to retract an assertion.

There is danger in neglecting a cold. Many who have died of consumption dated their troubles from exposure, followed by a cold which settled on their lungs, and in a short time they were beyond the skill of the best physician. Had they used Hickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, before it was too late, their lives would have been spared. This medicine has no equal for curing coughs, colds and all affections of the throat and lungs.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

Cures Deep seated Colds Coughs - Croup - Bronchitis - LARGE BOTTLES \$1.00 MEDIUM 50c TRIAL SIZE 25c

E. McCORMACK

MERCHANT TAILOR.

31 JORDAN ST. CORNER SOUTH OF KING TORONTO.

FITS EPILEPSY

FREE SAMPLE OF LIEBIG'S FIT CURE.

If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend that is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle with valuable Treatise, and try it. The sample bottle will be sent by mail, prepaid, to your nearest Post Office address. It is a cure in every case, long since has failed. When writing mention the paper and give name, age and full address to THE LIEBIG CO., 179 King St. West, TORONTO, CANADA.

MR. O'HALLORAN APPOINTED.

Ottawa, May 20.—Mr. Geo. O'Halloran, son of James O'Halloran, K. C., Montreal, was to-day appointed Deputy-Minister of Agriculture in succession to the late W. B. Scarth.

Mr. George F. O'Halloran, who has been appointed Deputy-Minister of Agriculture, to succeed the late Mr. W. B. Scarth, is a member of the law firm of White, O'Halloran & Buchanan. He was admitted to the bar in 1885, and, after practising a few years in Cowansville, came to Montreal and joined the above firm. While in the eastern townships he was one of the chief organizers of the Liberal party and has taken a prominent part in politics.

CONFIRMATION SERVICES.

Confirmation was administered in St. Michael's Cathedral by His Grace Archbishop O'Connor on Sunday last. A large congregation was present. His Grace assisted at the Solemn High Mass in cope and mitre. After the Mass His Grace examined the children and then administered the Sacrament to over eighty children and adults. In the evening the children who had made their first communion and received confirmation made a solemn renewal of the Baptismal vows. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the Archbishop gave confirmation to thirty children. Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament was afterwards given by Vicar-General McCann.

LOSS OF APPETITE AND GENERAL DEBILITY are quickly overcome by the use of a few bottles of "The D. & L." Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. Manufactured by the Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

Self-love is at once the most delicate and the most vigorous of our defects; a nothing wounds it, but nothing kills it. Benefit your friends, that they may love you more dearly still. Benefit your enemies, that they may at last become your friends.

PYNY-BALSAM cures all coughs. It soothes, it heals, it cures quickly and certainly. Pyny-Balsam sells more widely every year. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-killer.

All affectation is the attempt of poverty to appear rich.

FIVE PER CENT. IN GOLD.

By means of a 5% GOLD BOND POLICY you can secure a guaranteed investment and protect your family in case of your death.

WRITE FOR PAMPHLETS. POLICIES ISSUED ON ALL APPROVED PLANS.

Confederation Life

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ELECTRIC FIXTURES

for Churches and public buildings and a specialty with us. Write us for estimates, designs or suggestions—our facilities and experience are freely at your service.

McDonald & Willson,
187 Yonge St., Toronto.

NIAGARA RIVER LINE

On and After May 14th

STR. CHICORA

Will leave Yonge St. Dock, East Side at 7 a.m. and 2 p.m. DAILY (Except Sunday), for Niagara, Queenston and Lewiston.

consisting with New York Central and Hudson River R.R., Niagara Central R.R., Niagara Falls Park & River R.R. and Niagara Gorge R.R. Arriving in Toronto at 1.15 p.m., and 8.15 p.m.

JOHN FOT, Manager

THE MARKET REPORTS.

Big Advance in Live Stock—Wheat Firm—The Latest Quotations. Tuesday Evening, May 20.

Toronto St. Lawrence Market.

There were no receipts of grain or of hay, or straw on the street market this morning. The price of dressed hogs was advanced another 15c per cwt to \$0.50 and \$0.75 per cwt.

Cheese Markets.

Campbellford, May 20.—The Cheese Board met here to-day. Seven hundred and twenty-seven cases of cheese were sold by Whiting & McDonald to H. J. Allan & Lunnell for \$2.75 per cwt. This is the highest price obtained since 1898 when cheese was sold at \$2.75 per cwt. The cheese was sold for Mr. J. B. McElhargy of Lindsay. All cases of cheese were in better demand and the price was very brisk in spite of the large receipts.

A factor in the improvement was the presence of Mr. J. B. McElhargy on the market. He was absent all last week, but returned to-day and bought no less than 25 cases of cheese. The total receipts were 118 cases, which included 2,218 cwt. 124 sheep and lambs, 421 hogs and 100 cases of butter. The total receipts were very good, there being a strong demand and the receipts being light. Yearling lambs advanced 21c per cwt. After the offerings were bought up early, hogs were steady. Stock cattle are in good demand and the receipts have been light of late.

25 short cattle were in good demand and sold at an advance of 5c per cwt. Choice ones brought \$8.50 per cwt. and there were quite a number of \$4 to \$5 per cwt. The offerings included many choice cattle.

Butchers' Cattle—Were steady, selling at \$4.50 to \$5.00 per cwt. Choice ones brought \$4.75 to \$5.00 per cwt. Choice ones brought \$4.75 to \$5.00 per cwt. Choice ones brought \$4.75 to \$5.00 per cwt.

Sheep—Were steady, selling at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt for export ones.

Lambs—Were higher, yearlings selling at \$5 to \$5.50 per cwt. Spring lambs were steady, selling at \$2 to \$2.50 per cwt.

Hogs—Were steady, selling at \$7.25 per cwt for choice ones and \$7 per cwt for light and fat.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000, including 400 Texas; steady; good to prime steers, \$7 to \$7.50; poor to medium, \$5.25 to \$6.00; calves, \$4 to \$5; hogs, \$7.25 to \$8.00; corn, \$1.50 to \$1.75; beefs, \$2.75 to \$3.00; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.00; bulls, \$2.75 to \$3.00; sheep, \$4.50 to \$5.00; western red steers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; hogs—Receipts, 21,000; 5c to 10c lower; mixed and butchers, \$6.50 to \$7.00; good to choice heavy, \$7.50 to \$7.75; rough heavy, \$7 to \$7.25; light, \$6.75 to \$7.15; bulk of sales, \$7.00 to \$7.25; 25 short cattle, 12,000; to choice heavy, \$7.50 to \$7.75; lambs steady; good to choice western, \$8 to \$8.50; western sheep, \$6 to \$6.50; native lambs, clipped, \$5.50 to \$7; western lambs, \$5.50 to \$7.

Leading Wheat Markets.

Closing previous day. Closing to-day. Cash. July. Cash. July.

Chicago	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
New York	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
London	84	84	84
Detroit, 1st	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Minneapolis, 2nd	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
St. Louis, 2nd	86	86	86
St. Louis	80	80	80

British Markets.

London, May 20.—Close—Wheat, on passage but steady. Maize, on passage quiet but steady. Wheat—English country markets of yesterday, holiday; foreign country markets, holiday.

Liverpool, May 20.—Holiday.

Antwerp, May 20.—No 2 red winter, 17 1/2.

FATHER KEOGH'S FREE NERVE TONIC

Look on Nerve Tonic as Nerve Disease and a sample will be sent to you if you get the medicine. FREE!

KOENIG MED. CO.,
9 Franklin St. Chicago
Sold by Druggists at 25c per bottle, 6 for \$1.

Electors of WEST TORONTO

Vote for Good Government.
Vote for the Development of New Ontario.
Vote for Public Ownership of Franchises.
Vote for

ALDERMAN THOS. URQUHART

ELECTION: Thursday, May 29th, 1902

North Toronto Elections May 29

Your vote and influence are respectfully requested for

DR. BEATTIE NESBITT

ONTARIO FOR CANADIANS

East Toronto

Vote for the Re-Election of

DR. R. A. Pyne

Liberal-Conservative Candidate for the Ontario Legislature.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

"Buffalo Express"

Leaving Toronto 9.00 a.m. Daily
South Parkdale 9.06 a.m.

In The Favorite Train between Toronto, Hamilton, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and Eastern Points

Solid vestibule train to Buffalo, with Pullman Parlor Car.
Train returning leaves Buffalo (Lehigh Valley Depot) 6.20 p.m. daily.
Arrives at Toronto 9.45 p.m.
Direct connection for Montreal and east at 10 p.m. daily.

Tickets and all information at N.W. Cor. King and Yonge Streets, Phone Main 4209.

J. W. RYDER, C.P. & T.A., Toronto
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Empress Hotel

Corner of Yonge and Gold Streets TORONTO

Toronto \$1.50 per day—
Includes Car from the Union Station every 15 Minutes.

RICHARD DISBETTE PROPRIETOR

GOWAN'S FAMOUS BLEND COFFEE.

STRONG, FINE FLAVORED.

You Don't Care, Eh
Well, most folks do, and this is why

"SALADA"

Ceylon Green Tea is making Japan Tea take a back seat—the people recognize "Puro" Tea. Sold in the same form as the celebrated "SALADA" Black Tea. In lead packets only.

"One of These Days"

usually means never." The time to apply for Life Insurance is "now," while you are young and insurable. Postponement may be disastrous.

For information fill up and mail the following coupon:

The North American Life,
112-118 King Street West, TORONTO

I would like to receive information regarding suitable plans, with particulars about rates, surrender value, etc. for

Name.....
Address.....
Occupation.....

L. GOLDMAN, Secretary
WM. MCGRAB, Managing Director

THE OVEN IS THE TEST

Most any stove can boil a kettle—but the oven is the salient point that distinguishes

Imperial Oxford Ranges

and raises them to the highest class.

Their ovens have the famous diffusive flue construction that keeps the heat absolutely uniform—the same at front, back and side. See the idea? Your cakes, pies and roasts can't possibly get overbaked on one side—for there's exactly the same degree of heat on all sides. This, added to the thermometer and the thorough ventilation, give you supreme perfection for particular work. You'll find the prices most reasonable.

Sold by Leading Dealers all over Canada.

The GURNEY FOUNDRY CO., Limited
Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Montreal

Typewriter Bargains

GOOD FOR 10 DAYS THOROUGHLY RE-BUILT

Caligraphs	\$15 00
Remingtons	\$25 to 40 00
Smith Premiers	40 00
Yosts	30 00
Empires	40 00
Hammonds	10 00
Franklins	25 00
Williams	35 00
New Century (new)	65 00

GREELMAN BROS. TYPE WRITER COMPANY
115 Adelaide Street East, Toronto

1902 If you are **..Renting** or working for someone else, why not get a farm of your own in

WEST TORONTO

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for the Re-election of

THOMAS CRAWFORD

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate

As Member of the Legislative Assembly for Ontario.

ELECTION TAKES PLACE THURSDAY, MAY 29

New Ontario

For particulars write to **HON. E. J. DAVIS,** Commissioner of Crown Lands, Toronto, Ont.