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ANOTHER SEA DISASTER ABOUT 134 LIVES LOST

Steamer Volturmo While on Her Way From Rotterdam to New York Breaks Into Flames--Believe Disaster Was a Plot.

Fishguard, Eng., Oct. 11—Fire in a steamer Gardiner returned to the Carmania, which he succeeded in making without loss of life or broken limbs among the members of his boat's crew.

Captain Barr, of the Carmania, then manoeuvred his big vessel very close to the Volturmo and finally got the Carmania bows within a hundred feet of the Volturmo's stern. It was found impossible, however, to cast a line on board the Volturmo, or to get anybody on her.

It was a terrifying sight for the passengers of the Carmania, to see so close to them the hundreds of passengers, including women and children, horror-stricken with fear, on the decks of the Volturmo, and yet be unable to help them. Most of the passengers got into the Volturmo's lifeboats, but a hundred of them had gathered at the after end of the burning vessel, whose crew at the same time continued in vain to fight the fire at the forward end.

Captain Barr of the Carmania, in the meantime, kept his wireless apparatus at work communicating with all the vessels within a radius of his instruments. At four o'clock in the afternoon, the Grosser Kurferzt and the Seydlitz came in sight and these two were joined later in the afternoon by the Kronland and Devonian of the Rappahannock, the Minneapolis, Latourian and the Aslan.

The calm moderated slightly toward night and each of the succeeding ships, as seen as it was possible for her to do so, put out boats from her davits and lowered them to the sea. The waves, however, were so high that although the small craft made some progress in the direction of the Volturmo it was impossible for them to get alongside, and they returned to their ships, in most cases doing this with the greatest difficulty, owing to the overwhelming seas and the darkness of the night. The Carmania kept her searchlights going throughout the night, throwing their rays across the foaming seas in quest for possible struggling swimmers or life boats from the Volturmo.

At about nine o'clock in the evening, when the darkness was at its blackest, flames burst through amidships of the Volturmo from her engine room and coal bunkers. As the fire lighted up the sky, this was followed by an explosion, which sent into the air burning wreckage, like a flight of a rocket. The spectacle of the great vessel being consumed by fire with over 500 souls on board of her and surrounded by a fleet of huge lighted hulks, crowded with thousands of spectators, all anxious but unable to help owing to the continuous seas, beggared description.

All that could be done by the would be helpers was to throw overboard from their vessels dozens of high ed lifebuoys and stand by in the hope of picking up some of those who had been cast into the sea.

At twenty minutes past nine at night the wireless operator on board the Volturmo had to turn over the connection of his instruments to the reserve battery, as the fire had reached the boilers and the engine room, and had put the pumps and dynamos out of action.

A few minutes later cries for help were heard rising from the water near the Carmania, and then a man who proved to be a steerage passenger of the Volturmo, wearing a life belt, was located by means of the searchlight, a short distance away, tossed about by the sea. He was rescued only after one of the sailors of the Carmania had been lowered into the water with a life line, which he laced around the waist of the exhausted floating man. Other cries were heard, but these gradually died away, and no further bodies or swimming people were seen.

About midnight a ray of hope came, for it was seen that the flames were not making much headway aft of the engine room or the after bulkhead of the Volturmo. By daybreak the Volturmo was still floating with her great human cargo huddled in masses on her poop. The sea had moderated considerably and a flotilla of boats gathered around the steps of the Volturmo.

Many Passengers Were for Canada
Of the steerage passengers bound for Halifax, 210 were adults, 41 children and 10 infants. Only one cabin passenger was booked for Halifax.

Some sharp detective work has been going on here the past week in connection with the attempted train wreck at Jones' crossing early last Wednesday morning.

Detectives Culligan and Trenholm arrived here on Wednesday last and immediately proceeded to the scene of the wreck and there gathered information that led to the arrest on suspicion of Joseph and James Collins and Warren Preston, or Cowie, lads only about 19 or 20 years old. Preston was arrested Saturday morning and brought to Newcastle jail. Joseph Collins was seen by a Miss Johnson, who lives close by the crossing on the night of the attempt to wreck the train and gave his name to Chief Tingley, who arrived here Wednesday night.

With this information they learned that the Collins brothers went to Burchill's camp on the Seville, about 40 miles from here, and it was not long before Detective Trenholm and Sheriff Irving were on their way to bring these two to town and place them behind prison bars.

SHARP DETECTIVE WORK LANDS THREE WRECK SUSPECTS

Joseph and James Collins and Warren Preston Arrested in Connection With Attempted Wreck--Preliminary Hearing Will be Held Saturday.

Through information obtained by Detective Culligan from Mr. Burchill, he learned that the Collins boys had gone to his camp, and on Saturday night they were placed under arrest and arrived here Monday night in charge of the officers.

Detective Culligan and Trenholm arrived in town again last night to be present at the preliminary examination which was to have taken place this afternoon, but which has been postponed until Saturday.

L. J. Tweedie of Chatham, will defend the prisoners.

STABBING AFFRAY AT TABUSINTAC

Freeman Edmunds Stabs Jas. E. Harding--Quarreled Over Their Horses

A serious stabbing affray took place at Tabusintac last Friday evening, when Freeman Edmunds, a lad 19 years old, stabbed James Harding, aged 21 years, as the result of a quarrel between these two youths over the speed of their horses.

The unfortunate affair took place after a prayer meeting. The two drove about a quarter of a mile away from the meeting house and started their fist combat. Harding got the better of his opponent and left him, Edmunds, not being satisfied with his punishment, followed him up and getting out of his rig to meet Harding, came upon him with a knife in hand, saying "I'll do for you this time."

He struck twice, driving the blade deep into the abdomen of his victim, and then with another swing of his arm he plunged the knife in the victim's back a full finger length in extent.

The unfortunate lad collapsed to the ground with hardly a groan and his cowardly assailant ran back to his older brother who was near at hand. A number of men had followed the two and when the stabbing occurred they at once perceived the serious nature of the victim's injuries and did all in their power to rush the young man to the Hotel Dieu hospital. John Murphy placed his automobile at their disposal and his son drove them to Ferry Road. Here they crossed in a boat late that night and soon had Harding in the hospital, where Dr. Marven, Dr. Duffy and Dr. Losier set to work to save his life. The wound which had evidently been caused by a large jack knife, had torn the abdomen in such a way that the intestines were protruding and the physicians had to exert their skill to the utmost.

The latest report is that the lad is doing as well as could be expected.

Geo. W. McKay, aged 32, of Moncton, foreman of the night crew of the Banor and Arcootook Railway at Northern Maine Junction, was killed by falling between the cars.

King George and Queen Mary had a narrow escape from being mobbed by suffragettes at a London music hall Sunday night.

Of the steerage passengers bound for New York, 212 were adults, 33 children and 3 infants. The total number of young children and babies aboard was 87.

The Volturmo was built by Fairfield & Co., at Glasgow, in 1906. She was 340 feet long, with a 43 foot beam. Her gross tonnage was 2,581, net 2,208.

The emigrants on board the Volturmo were composed of Russians, Dalmatians, Poles and a few Germans. Most of them were bound for Canada.

Indications are that there were no native born Canadians or Americans on the steamship Volturmo. A nearly complete passenger list received here from Rotterdam showed that practically all on board were immigrants, mostly bound for Canada.

The owners of the Uranium Line believe that the terrible disaster to the Volturmo was a deliberately planned plot to destroy the vessel and a direct outgrowth of the bitter fight on the part of the German and Dutch emigrant carrying lines to put the Uranium line out of business.

The Philadelphia Athletics won the championship baseball series at New York Saturday afternoon by defeating the New York Giants 3 to 1

FORMER MARYSVILLE YOUNG MAN DIES

Was on the Staff of the Bank of Montreal in Chatham Some Years Ago

Friends of Mr. Fred H. Gibson, formerly of Marysville and well known in Chatham and Newcastle were shocked to learn of his death at Quebec.

For two weeks he had been ill with pneumonia, and his condition became so serious that on Wednesday evening last, his mother, Mrs. John Gibson, left Marysville for Quebec to be with her son. She did not reach there, however, until her son had passed away.

The deceased, who was 28 years old, was a son of the late John Gibson, and had been manager of one of the Canadian Bank of Commerce branches in Quebec city. Formerly he had been in the Bank of Montreal service before going to Quebec, and was on the staff of the bank in Chatham some few years ago.

In the banking profession he had been highly successful and while in the Bank of Montreal service had been stationed in Fredericton, Gloucester, Moncton, Winnipeg and other cities before joining the Canadian Bank of Commerce forces. He had also been prominent in athletics and was an expert hockey player.

At Quebec he married two years ago Miss Thibadeau, a member of one of Quebec's most wealthy families, and besides his widow is survived by his mother, one brother, Mr. Arthur M. Gibson, of Fredericton, and one sister, Mrs. G. S. T. Bliss of Dorchester, Mass. The late W. A. Gibson, who died recently at St. J. In. was a brother.

While on the North Shore Fred made many friends and was a general favorite among his associates. His death will be learned with deep regret.

Charles McCormick, aged 14 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. William McCormick, Union street, Fredericton, was struck by a stray bullet in a pasture on New Maryland Hill last Thursday, but luckily escaped serious injury.

He was leaving the pasture, after taking some cows there, and was just in the act of latching the gate when suddenly he felt a burning, stinging pain in his right side. The report from the discharge of a rifle, which he heard just a second or so previously, made it plain to him that he had been shot.

Young McCormick was not in a very robust state of health, having only recently left Victoria Hospital following an operation for appendicitis, but he managed to reach the home of his parents on Union street, although in a very much weakened condition. Drs. Holden and McGrath were summoned and they found that the young fellow's wound was fast and no serious complications are anticipated.

It is not definitely known who fired the bullet which struck the young man, but inasmuch as the case happened within the city limits, it is likely that the police will carry on an investigation and endeavor to put a stop to the indiscriminate discharge of firearms.

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S. A. GENERAL TO VISIT CANADA

The Salvation Army in Canada will shortly celebrate an event of historical importance to that organization in the welcome to the Dominion for the first time of their new General, W. Bramwell Booth, eldest son and successor of the late General William Booth, founder of this world wide movement.

Toronto and Winnipeg are the only centres to be visited by General Booth, and extensive arrangements for public and private gatherings are being made.

The General leaves Southampton on October 23rd, and proceeds direct to Toronto, arriving on Saturday, November 1st, where his engagements will keep him until November 6th, after which he will go on to Winnipeg remaining there until November 11th.

Commissioner David C. Lamb, International Secretary and head of the Emigration Department, Commissioner John Lawley and Colonel Theodore Kitching will accompany General Booth from England.

All the officers of the Army and delegates in the territory extending from Port Arthur to Halifax, also from Newfoundland will meet their leader at Toronto, and those from Fort William to the Pacific coast, at Winnipeg.

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BOY WOUNDED BY A STRAY BULLET

Charles McCormick, Just Out of Hospital, Victim of Shooting Accident

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ST. THOMAS COLLEGE

Chatham, N. B. Oct. 12--Considerable extensions are being made on our magnificent new rink. Large dressing rooms are being constructed. Spacious promenades will encircle the ice surface. These and other new additions will be completed in time for the skating season. The college itself has been renovated. Our beautiful new chapel and study hall have been recently completed. On account of the increased number of boarders this year, it has become necessary to open another dormitory for the older boys. There are 78 boarders and about 90 day scholars in attendance this term. This number breaks the record of the three previous years, and is truly a remarkable record for a college in the fourth year of its existence.

The following are the leaders in the competition last Saturday.

2nd Year Arts--Latin Trans--Barry Riordan 1st, Jack Barry 2nd.

1st Year Arts--Latin Trans--Myrt Gaynor 1st, George Comeau 2nd.

Grade XI--Botany--Stephen Fitzpatrick 1st, William Cameron 2nd.

Grade X--Geometry--Frank Buckley 1st, William Lyons 2nd.

Grade IX--French--William McLoughney 1st, James Hill 2nd.

Commercial Class--Commercial Law--William Boulet 1st, Earl DeYone 2nd.

Grade VIII--Geography--F. H. yes 1st, E. O'Donnell 2nd.

Grade VII--Dictation--Tom Troy 1st, Vincent O'Brien 2nd.

Grade VI--Memory and Reading--D. Martin 1st, A. Gleason 2nd.

Grade V--Memory and Reading--Jack Grogan 1st, Romeo Boudreau 2nd.

John A. Jesso, an employee of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company, was killed in front of the general offices of the company in Sydney, Sunday night.

ANOTHER EPITAPH IS WRITTEN ON GRIT POLITICAL TOMBSTONE

Chateauguay County Turns a Deaf Ear to Laurier Lieutenants After Serving Them for Forty-Six Years.

Ottawa, Oct. 12--Consternation and significance. Two great questions among Ottawa Liberals over the less of Chateauguay. Consternation is a mild word. The turnover in this old Liberal riding has thrown the opposition headquarters organization into utter disorder. The far-reaching significance of yesterday's verdict is clearly recognizable even by the most confident and aggressive of the Laurier lieutenants. The defeat in the South Huron will, it is believed, necessitate a complete reconstruction of the opposition and the adoption of a platform upon which the scattered forces of Liberalism can come together for a fresh start, probably under new leadership.

The friends of Hon. Sydney Fisher, who helped force his candidature upon the unwilling Liberals of Chateauguay, are now saying that he did not expect to win, that he was simply getting a foothold in the riding with a view to running there again in the general elections, his own county of Brome having served notice upon him that he cannot get the nomination there. This, of course, is not the case. The defeat of Saturday can hardly be said to have given Mr. Fisher a foothold in Chateauguay. The Laurier opposition made the fight of their lives, fighting to win now and not at a general election in the distant future. Every campaign art known to the Liberal organization in the Eastern Townships was exerted in the recent contest, backed with all the help that the Ottawa organization, with nothing else to do, could give.

Politicians here while regarding the fate of Mr. Fisher as unimportant, see in the election of Saturday a blow at the waning prestige of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, from which his leadership can hardly recover.

Premier Borden received the news of the Morris election with satisfaction, but declined to-night to make any comment on the result.

The turnover adds to the government majority in the House of Commons, bringing it up to 40.

Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, who took a prominent part in the campaign and whose exposition of the government's policy, did much to put the issues clearly before the electorate, said of the result to-night: "The result of the Chateauguay contest is a matter of unusual importance

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RURAL DEANERY MET LAST WEEK

A meeting of the Rural Deanery of Chatham was held here on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week, those present being the Venerable Archdeacon Forsythe the Rev. W. J. Bate, the Rev. F. W. M. Bacon, the Rev. T. H. Montgomery and the Rev. W. Waterton. The Rev. R. A. Armstrong, rector of Trinity Church, St. John, was present on the second day as a visitor.

After the usual routine of clerical work the Rev. H. T. Montgomery was elected deanery representative to the Board of Missions and the Archdeacon and Rev. W. J. Bate were appointed a committee to consider the question of holding a church conference in the archdeaconry next year. The Rev. H. Waterton read a paper on his experiences in Canada and it was followed by a very interesting and profitable discussion. A resolution of sympathy was sent to the Rev. A. L. Foyster, whose illness prevented his attendance at the chapter and robbed the members of a very interesting paper. A communication from the secretary of the synod with regard to the proposed superannuation fund was received and discussed, also the matter of more efficient Sunday school work and the raising of the missionary apportionments.

A celebration of the Holy Communion took place each morning at half-past seven and the deanery service proper was held on Wednesday evening when the Rev. H. T. Montgomery was the preacher. Altogether the meeting was a most enjoyable as well as a very profitable one and those who were unable to be present were great losers thereby.

The express companies are not the only ones to be stung by the parcel post. A parcel post containing a hive of bees came undone in a New Jersey post office.

BECKER APPEAL UP FOR ARGUMENT

The appeal in the case of Charles Becker, the former New York City police lieutenant, and the four gunmen, "Whitey" Lewis, "Lefty" Louis, "Gyp" the Blood, and "Dago Frank," who have been inmates of the death house at Sing Sing for more than a year, came up for argument before the Court of Appeals on Monday. The five were convicted and sentenced to death for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, who was shot down in the front of the Hotel Metropole early on the morning of July 16th, 1912. According to the evidence at the trial the murder was committed by the four gunmen at the instigation of Becker, whose alleged motive was to prevent the gambler from testifying before the grand jury in regard to police corruption.

TORONTO CAPITALISTS BUY FOX FARM

An important fox deal was concluded when the option was taken up by a syndicate of Toronto capitalists on the Silver Fox Ranch of Mr. James Tuplin of Black Bank, P. E. I.

The deal was for the ranch and stock of 11½ pairs of silver black foxes, Island bred, and the price paid was \$285,000.

In the interval between the option and its being taken up, Mr. Tuplin was approached by Boston capitalists who offered him \$300,000 for the same proposition.

The parishioners and many friends of the Rev. L. A. Foyster, the Rector of Bay du Vin, will be glad to know that he has left the hospital at Fredericton and is resting at Bishopcourt, the residence of Bishop Richardson. The Reverend gentleman hopes to return to his parish some time next week.

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST CULLED FROM ALL SOURCES

Taking tea in an aeroplane is a new German diversion. It should be popular in the upper circles.

A Morristown, N. J. carpenter believes he has established a record by constructing a stable 148 feet long, 14 feet wide and one story high in twenty four hours.

In the Mississippi River has been found a cedar bough buried under twenty-six feet of rock deposits. The geologists figure that the wood has been there at least 6,000 years.

Gertrude Alto, of San Diego, Calif., is probably the oldest person in the world, having recently celebrated her 124th birthday. She is of Mexican Aztec Indian blood.

The U. S. federal weather bureau has made an estimate of the financial loss involved in the great Ohio and Indiana floods of last Spring and the total was \$160,000,000.

A Montreal paper says: "Down in Prince Edward Island nowadays it appears that every time a farmer captures a fox he puts a box over it, and hurries off to form a joint stock company."

Midshipman Prince Albert, the second son of King George, joined the flagship Collingwood, of the home fleet, Monday. He will be put through the mill on naval discipline the same as any other midshipman. He will become a Lieutenant at the age of twenty-two.

The Pennsylvania railroad has authorized the electrification of part of its suburban service out of the Broad Street station in Philadelphia, at a cost of \$1,250,000. When certain important street changes have been made, and the station improvements now under consideration are taken up, the electric zone will be extended farther.

The fourth comet of the year was discovered on Saturday by Senor de Larren, assistant in the La Plata Observatory in Argentina. It is of the tenth magnitude, and is probably identical with Westphal's comet of 1852, which is due, and with which Metcalfe's comet, which was discovered a month ago, was mistakenly identified.

Rev. George E. Littlefield, of Westwood, Mass., organized a communistic colony near Independence, Kan., a couple of years ago. It is known as the Fruitest Fellowship Farm Association and owns 25 acres. The colony at present consists of one man who devotes most of his time to burning brush from the cleared forest land. He labors on cheerfully, convinced that "eventually it will be a success."

To test the courtesy of municipal employees, Mayor Albee, of Portland Ore., the first man elected to the office under the new commission form of government, called up the city of fliers at 5 in the evening by telephone and asked each one for information, without telling his name. He selected 5 o'clock as the hour at which employees are anxious to stop work and hurry home. Every answer he reports was courteous and satisfactory.

Proceedings by which a mother was enabled to adopt her own children took place last week in the Probate Court at Salina, Kansas. The natural mother of two boys, William and Burton Howland, aged 7 and 9, respectively, relinquished all claims to her children in order that she and her second husband might adopt, thus making them the legal heirs of the stepfather, F. E. Miller. Miller is wealthy, and he thinks so much of his stepsons that he wanted to make them his heirs.

A story is told of a Dutchman who arrived in the United States on Decoration Day, and noticing the flags flying and the people going to the ceremony with large bunches of flowers, he asked what it meant. "Why, this is Decoration Day," said one. "Don't you know what that is?" The Dutchman confessed that he didn't. The man then explained it. "Isn't there someone at rest in the cemetery whose grave you would like to decorate with flowers?" asked the man. The Dutchman shook his head and replied: "Doze peebels va graves I like to decorate are not dead yet."

Mrs. Bridget Horne past eighty years of age, and with a long and honorable career as a nurse in the Crimean War, where she served under Florence Nightingale, lies divine at the House of the Friendless, Windsor, Ont. For many years the old nurse has been an inmate of the Institution, where she has been given the best of care and attention. Mrs. Horne's husband, whom she married when but eighteen years of age, also served in several of the early Crimean engagements, and lost his life in battle a year after his marriage. Mrs. Horne is a British pensioner.

The volume of the automobile business and its allied accessories in the United States will amount to \$3,000,000,000 during the present year.

"When will your husband be home?" "How do I know?" returned Mrs. Chuggins. "He is running his own motor car."

Paper made from seaweed, said to be waterproof, fireproof and odorless, has been invented by an English chemist.

Canada's water power is estimated at 15,600,000 horse-power, of which only about 1,016,000 horse-power has been developed.

The pottery production of the United States last year, valued at \$36,500,000, was the greatest in the history of the industry.

The large decrease in the surplus of idle freight cars reported by the American Railway Association reflects a gradual expansion of trade and the railroads of the country have entered upon their busy season.

The highest price ever paid at the London sales for a silver fox skin was \$2,500. The next highest was \$2,700, and a half dozen have sold for \$2,500 or more. At the present time, the average price is around \$200, though the best ranch foxes will bring about \$1,200.

Contracts have been let for the \$2,000,000 Lincoln memorial temple that is to be erected in Potomac Park, Washington. The superstructure will be of white marble, and one of the striking features will be a 40-foot statue of Lincoln, which will cost \$50,000.

An anti-noise policeman is the newest official in Baltimore. Officer Maurice Pease assumed the duties of the office Sunday, having been appointed by Marshall Farnan in response to the request of the anti-noise committee of the Baltimore Medical Society that a man be delegated to patrol the city to stop all unnecessary noises.

Heulan Tupper, a Nova Scotian who was found guilty of manslaughter at Skowhegan, Me., was sentenced to serve not more than eight years and not less than four years in the State prison at Thomastown. Justice Savage awarded the sentence under the new parole law which gives the prisoner in this case the privilege after four years to apply for his freedom. This is the first sentence for manslaughter in Maine under the new law.

Stitched to the skirt of a four-year-old child who reached New York unattended on the liner Kronprinzessin Cecile was a placard on which was written in several different languages: "Please take care of me. I am going to my mama. Please do not kiss me." The little girl, Margaretha Ritschen, came from a town near Vienna.

Relative's care on marrying for a second time and emigrating with her new husband to Kenwood, Sonoma County, California. The steamship doctor wrote the placard.

The crops in Western Canada are said to be the best since 1886.

Writs are out for the South Bruce bye-election, nomination Oct. 23, polling Oct. 30th.

Rev. S. G. Lawson, a retired Presbyterian minister, died recently in Saskatoon, aged 77. He was well known in the Maritime Provinces.

W. D. Martin of Moncton got a moose in the Canaan woods that will weigh, when dressed, between five and six hundred pounds.

During 1912 Canada imported \$1,226,143 in dairy products, mostly butter, from New Zealand, the United States and Britain for British Columbia.

Because of a petty robbery in the San Francisco Mint, which will not probably amount to more than \$7, the sum of \$61,000,000 will have to be counted before it will be known how much was taken.

Six trained telephone operators have recently been graduated from a school for the Blind in Baltimore, Md. They are at work in the exchange of that city, and through the keenness of their hearings are able to do the work without difficulty.

Owing to the death of A. B. Hudson, one of the officials in the finance department at Ottawa, the safe containing much of the Dominion's gold and securities cannot be opened. J. E. Roche, comptroller of currency, is the only other man who knows the combination, but as it required the two men to open it, an expert has to be summoned.

Seventeen car loads of apples have been shipped from Woods'ock this season. The Imperial Packing Company have used 1,000 barrels, making a total of 4,400 barrels raised and disposed of in this section. One form of potato shippers advanced the price to one dollar a barrel the first of the week, and the farmers have been rushing them in quite heavily since the advance. Very few are being shipped, and most of those coming in are stored.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

HIS BLADDER WAS TERRIBLY INFLAMED

Major George Charlton Merrick, of the British army flying corps, was killed recently while flying over the military aviation grounds.

Mrs. Eleanor Eliza Kennedy, widow of Capt. William Kennedy, the famous Arctic explorer, died in Virden, Man., recently, aged 88 years.

Mrs. J. H. Ellis, a clergyman's wife, with her son, have embarked on a 16-foot canoe upon a voyage from Lake Superior to the Gulf of Mexico, by way of the Mississippi River.

Allen Brady, an elderly man, was given fifty days' jail by Magistrate Denison for theft of money from All Saints' Church, Toronto. Brady robbed the collection boxes.

Mrs. Louise Waterman Carpenter, a direct descendant of Roger Williams and the oldest living member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, celebrated her 107th birthday recently in Worcester.

Secretary Hooper of the Fredericton Exhibition has received a communication from a Charlotte county woman, stating that she received too much prize money at the recent exhibition. He consulted the records of the prize money given out and found the woman received the correct amount and not too much as she supposed. It was the first time in Secretary Hooper's experience that he had ever received a communication complaining of too much prize money.

Breakfast with bacon (or meat) is a modern invention. Down to almost recent times man was a two meal a day animal—dinner and supper. A fifteenth century proverb bade him rise at 5 a. m., dine at 9 a. m., sup at 5 p. m., go to bed at 9 p. m.; "and thou shalt be ninety and nine." The Oxford dictionary gives 1463 as the date of the first mention of "breakfast." For centuries afterwards it meant only the morning draft of ale with or without a bite of bread. Everybody then set about his work fasting.

That appendicitis is due to water drinking is the remarkable theory put forward by a leading French scientific review. The statistics collected tend to show that only 1 in 200 wine drinkers is attacked by the malady, while 90 per cent. of water drinkers are said to be victims. The theory offered by several prominent medical men to account for these facts is not that water contains a microbe which may cause the complaint, for many sufferers drink mineral or boiled water, but that wine is an antiseptic and keeps down the bacilli, which, when they become too numerous, may cause appendicitis.

Walking up and down in front of his home in Broad street, New Britain, Conn., five-year-old Joseph Doubeck was having great fun showing passers-by the red mark he had bought for a couple of cents. When anybody seemed frightened by his hideous appearance, little Joe shrieked with glee. Along came a pair of horses drawing a heavy wagon loaded with barrels. The driver stopped the team and went into a store. He wondered if he could scare the horse with his mark, so he danced out in front of them. He did scare them.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GIN PILLS Bought Relief

Larder Lake, Ont., March 26th.

"I had been suffering for some time with my kidneys and urine. I was constantly passing water, which was very scanty, sometimes as many as thirty times a day. Each time the pain was something awful, and no rest at night."

I heard of your GIN PILLS and decided to give them a trial at once. I sent my clammy pills to get them and I am pleased to inform you that in less than six hours, I felt relief.

In two days, the pain had left me entirely. I took about half a box and today I feel as well as ever and my kidneys are acting like natural again."

SIN CASTLEMAN, GIN PILLS solve the irritated bladder—beal the weak, painful kidneys—and strengthen both these vital organs. Money back if they fail. Soc. a box, 6 for \$5.00. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited, Toronto, 179

MORTGAGE SALE

To George D. Stewart of the Parish of Blackville, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, Trader, and Charlotte E. Stewart, his wife, and to all others whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the eleventh day of October, A. D., 1908, and made between the said George D. Stewart of the one part, and James Sean, of the Parish of Blackville aforesaid, Merchant, and Charlotte E. Stewart of the Parish of Blackville aforesaid, Merchant, registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, in and for the said County of Northumberland, in volume 74, on pages 301, 302, 303 and 304, and numbered 195 in said volume, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in payment thereof, be sold by public auction, in front of the Post Office, in the Town of Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday the twelfth day of December next, the lands and premises described in the said Indenture of Mortgage as follows:

"ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Blackville aforesaid, in Lockstead settlement, known as Lot No. 148 containing 100 acres more or less on the west of Highway Road, on the north by lands owned by Alex Ferguson, on the west by Crown Lands, and being the same property presently in the occupation of the said George D. Stewart and Charlotte E. Stewart, his wife, and upon which they presently reside; ALSO, one quarter acre of land on north side of Highway road bounded on Church Lane, on the east and by James Dale on the west containing in all 1 1/2 acre with butchery shop and ice house."

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, and the rights, members, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining, or with the same held, used or enjoyed, and the reversions and reversion, remainder and remainder, rents, issues and profits thereof.

DATED this sixth day of October, A. D. 1913.

SIMON BEAN, JANE BEAN, Administrators of the Estate and Effects of the above named Mortgagee James Dale.

MORTGAGE SALE

To Weldon McTavish of the Parish of South Esk, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, laborer, and to all others whom it may concern.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve made between the said Weldon McTavish of the one part, and George Stables, of the Town of Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, land, merchant, Mortgagee of the other part, registered in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds, in and for the said County of Northumberland, in volume 93, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18 and numbered 11 in said Volume, there will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in payment thereof, be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, in front of the POST OFFICE, in the TOWN of NEWCASTLE, in the County of Northumberland, at TWELVE O'CLOCK noon on THURSDAY, THE FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT, the lands and premises in the said Indenture of Mortgage described as follows:—

"All that piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the Parish of South Esk, in the County of Northumberland, and abutted and bounded as follows, viz:—North by or in front by the North West Branch of the Miramichi River, on the upper or westerly side by lands owned and occupied by Joseph Ferguson, on the lower or easterly side by lands owned and occupied by James McTavish,

and extending southerly or in rear to the full extent of the original grant; being the same lands and premises which were devised by the late Hazen McTavish to Ethel Jane McDonald and by her conveyed to the said Weldon McTavish by Indenture bearing date the sixth day of July, A. D. 1912."

TOGETHER with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or appertaining."

DATED this twenty-ninth day of September, A. D. 1913.

GEORGE STABLES, 40-10 Mortgagee

Navigable Waters Protection Act

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of Chapter 112 "Navigable Water Protection Act" R. S. C. 1906, I have this day deposited in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds and Wills for the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, land in the County of Northumberland aforesaid, a plan showing the proposed Bridge across the Miramichi River at or near the town of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, together with a description of the site of the said proposed Bridge, and I have also deposited with the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, Canada, a plan in quadruplicate showing the said proposed Bridge across the Miramichi River at or near the Town of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, together with a description of the site of the said proposed Bridge.

And notice is further given that one month after the date of such deposit, I shall apply to the Governor General in Council of the Dominion of Canada for approval of the said plan and description and of the construction of the said proposed Bridge.

Dated this 23rd day of August A. D. 1913.

JOHN MORRISSY, Minister of Public Works for the Province of New Brunswick.

SEALED TENDERS

addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Wharf Extension and Dredging at Chocolate Cove, N. B., will be received at this office until 4 p. m. on Wednesday, October 29, 1913, for the construction of an extension to the Wharf and Dredging at Chocolate Cove, Charlotte County, N. B.

Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this Department and at the offices of F. G. Goodspeed, Esq., District Engineer, St. John, N. B., and on application to the Postmaster at Chocolate Cove, N. B.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their correct signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an acceptable cheque for a certified bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works equal to ten per cent (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order, R. C. DESROCHERS, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, September 30, 1913.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—473—412

FOR SALE

JOHNSON FARM FOR SALE 15 minutes from growing town of Newcastle. 45 acres highly cultivated. 60 acres wood and timber lot. Ideal for fruit, vegetables and milk. Milk trade established and increasing. 4 cows, 3 extra good ones. Good team and complete modern machinery. Will sell as going concern. Apply to REV. S. J. ACARTHUR, 39-1m. Box 193 Newcastle

MEN WANTED

Men wanted at QUARRYVILLE, formerly Indiantown, for all kinds of work in and around Quarry. Steady employment. Good wages. MIRAMICHI QUARRY CO., LTD., Quarryville, N. B. 430

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made in any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties: Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his acreage solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre. Duties: Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. BOYD, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

ALL THE WAY BY WATER Eastern Steamship Corporation

INTERNATIONAL LINE

Autumn Excursion NEWCASTLE TO Boston and return \$14.60 Portland and return \$14.10 Commencing September 20th and continuing until October 17th, inclusive. Excursion Tickets will be sold at above rates. Good for 30 days from date of issue.

COASTWISE ROUTE Leave St. John at 9:00 a. m., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston.

Returning leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9:00 a. m., and Portland at 5:00 p. m., for Lubec, Eastport and St. John.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE Leave Franklin Wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6:00 p. m. Fare \$3.00 each way.

Through tickets at proportionately low rates, on sale at all railway stations, and baggage checked through to destination.

L. R. THOMPSON, T. F. & P. A. A. E. Fleming, Agent, St. John, N. B.

Newcastle Steam Ferry TIME TABLE

(Every day except Sundays) Leave Newcastle—A. M.—6:50, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00, 11:30, 12:00

P. M.—1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 10:00

Leave Chatham Head—A. M.—7:15, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:15, 9:45, 10:15, 10:45, 11:15, 11:45

P. M.—12:15, 1:30, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:45

SUNDAY TIME TABLE Leave Newcastle—A. M.—9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:20

P. M.—12:30, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 6:15, 6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:20, 8:40, 9:25

Leave Chatham Head—A. M.—9:20, 10:00, 10:40, 11:40

P. M.—12:40, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 6:30, 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:45

MASTER WORKMAN

SMOKING TOBACCO

It is a continuous strain for a builder to watch his buildings go up.

A pipe-full of MASTER WORKMAN tobacco is a great soother when some deep thinking has to be done. This world-famous brand may now be had at all tobacconists for 15c. per cut.

Mr Dunstan G. Leek-Roe A. R. C. O.

Professor of Music Organist and Choirmaster of St. Mary's Church, Chatham. Accepts pupils for Tuition in VOICE PRODUCTION, PIANOFORTE Theory of music, harmony, etc. Residence—Opp. Methodist Church, Wellington Street, Chatham. 39-1m.



Some Potatoes

Sackville Tribune:—At the recent exhibition Mr. C. Fred Fawcett, of Upper Sackville, has on show a barrel of Green Mountain potatoes, which were most remarkable for their great size. Fifteen of the potatoes filled a half bushel while eight weighed twenty pounds. These potatoes were grown with home mixed fertilizer. If any Maritime Province farmer can beat this we would like to hear from him.

Your Next Year's Seed

Whether you keep seed from your own fields or buy it from a neighbor now is the time to size it up, to find out whether or not your own field or your neighbor's field is fit to produce good seed. Frost damage, of course, cannot be cauged until the crop is cut or very ripe and ready for cutting. Weeds, other grains and other varieties, however, can be noted. A close examination may reveal something that will surprise you even if you think you know the field pretty well.

The sooner grain growers learn to use as seed, only grain that is absolutely free from weed seeds the better it will be for themselves and for the community. At best there are weed seeds and light grains enough to make it necessary to use a good fanning mill. The man who exercises no precaution in getting his seed is running a big risk, and worse than that is a menace to the neighborhood.

Fall Rye

Rye, sown about September 10, makes one of the best of spring pastures. It starts early (a week or ten days ahead of the grasses, ordinarily) and makes vigorous growth. Sheep and small pigs may be turned on it when four or five inches high, and, if the land is not overstocked, it will provide good pasture for three or four weeks. The season of rye pasture in Alberta will range from April 10 to May 20; in some localities the dates may be somewhat later.

When sown for the purpose of pasture, seed should be used at the rate of 2 to 2½ bushels per acre. Fall rye sown in the spring will make satisfactory growth, and it rusts badly in the warm weather. Following the use of the land for rye pasture there is ample time for the growth of a crop of rye for grain or a crop of fodder or ensilage corn. If desired the land may be plowed and additional small grain crops sown for pasturage purposes.

Dips for Mange Infected Cattle

The U. S. Department of Agriculture has just amended its regulations describing dips permitted in the official dipping of cattle for scabies (mange). As the official recognition of a dip may be taken as a pretty safe indication of its efficacy, we publish below the official description of dips prescribed by the Bureau of Animal Industry. These will probably be of interest to cattle raisers on this side of the line.

"The dips now approved by the department are the lime and sulphur dip, the tobacco and sulphur dip, the tobacco dip, and the Beaumont crude petroleum. The lime and sulphur dip is made in the proportion of 12 pounds of unslaked lime and 24 pounds of flower of sulphur to 100 gallons of water with sufficient extract of tobacco or nicotine solution to give a mixture containing not less than five one hundredths of 1 per cent of nicotine and 2 per cent. flowers of sulphur. The tobacco dip is prepared from tobacco or from suitable tobacco product containing nicotine so as to produce a dipping bath which shall contain not less than seven one hundredths of 1 per cent. of nicotine. When Beaumont crude petroleum or similar oil or an emulsion thereof is used as a dip or spray for cattle diseased with or exposed to scabies, one dipping or spraying only is necessary. The department disclaims responsibility for any loss or damage resulting from the dipping or spraying.

"The effect of this amendment is to provide for the use of tobacco dip without the addition of 2 per cent of flowers of sulphur and to require that when tobacco or tobacco products are used without sulphur the dipping bath shall contain not less than seven one hundredths of 1 per cent. of nicotine.

Zam Buk advertisement: Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring. Antiseptic—Stops head-pain. Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc. Heals all sores. 50c. box. All Druggists and Stores.

Rye for Cows

According to an experiment conducted by the Pennsylvania Experiment Station, rye is not as valuable a feed for dairy cows as ground corn. It has also been found that the quality of the milk produced is not as good when a large quantity of rye is used with other grain. When it is selling for 55 cents per bush and corn at 70 cents it is just a little cheaper but not so satisfactory for dairy cows. There are 56 pounds of both corn and rye to the bushel. Rye has 81.6 pounds digestible nutrients per hundred pounds of grain, while corn has 84.2 pounds digestible nutrients per hundred pounds, so it will be seen that the nutrients in rye cost 1.22 cents per pound and in corn 1.48 cents. A limited amount of rye may be used but we would not recommend more than 2 1/2 pounds per day in the grain mixture.

Prizes for Dairymen

Patrons of cheese factories and creameries in Western Ontario are again given an opportunity to compete for prizes, offered by the Dairymen's Association. Besides the cash prizes amounting to \$100, there are two medals donated by Ryle Bros. Toronto, and a silver trophy from the Canadian Salt Co., of Windsor. There are separate classes for patrons of creameries and cheese factories. Herds of 8 to 14 cows will be in one class, while herds of 15 cows or over will be grouped in another. Figures of milk and buttermilk production will be taken from the factory books and certified by the maker and the secretary. There are the usual prizes for butter and cheese to be exhibited at the Winter Dairy exhibition at Stratford January 14th and 15th, the same time as the annual convention. Entry forms and full particulars may be obtained from Frank Helms, secretary of the Dairymen's Association, London.

Grouping the Cows

Like the machine, there is a limit to profitable consumption with the cow. If a cow gives three times as much milk as another on the same amount of feed, and the cow giving the larger quantity is fed enough to maintain the animal body without loss, the cow giving the lesser amount must make poor use of her food, must waste considerable of it in digestion, and must be an unprofitable animal to keep in the dairy. Where all cows are fed alike, some of the animals must get an insufficient quantity and others must be overfed, very few in the herd getting the right amount for the best results. The partially starved cow must have a weakened mammary gland and the decrease in milk flow is accelerated thereby. Not only does this have a detrimental effect upon the cow herself, but exerts a marked influence upon her progeny. The mammary gland of an overfed cow becomes fat and thus the cow's productivity is injured, as well as that of her offspring.

When a half-dozen men sit up to table, no two will consume the same amount and reach the same degree of satiety. What satisfies one is only an aggravation, so to speak, to another. Nutrition or feeding should, then, always be individual, that is, food should be fed to the cows proportionate to the amount of milk produced. Provided the cows are in good thriving condition, the quantity of food given should be such that they neither gain nor lose flesh. It is not an easy matter in large herds to feed each cow a different amount, according to the amount of milk given, but this may be approximated by dividing the herd into groups, each individual in a group giving nearly the same amount. It is comparatively easy to group the cows with respect to production and thus with respect to feed. Every herd of any size contains animals which stand practically the same as regards production. These do all right fed the same quantities.

Be gentle with the milk cow. In proportion as you are kind to her will she show her appreciation, in one way or another.

A dairy cow will not give milk freely to a milker whom she does not like, or who abuses her. Teach her to welcome your approach.

In the application of the disinfectant in cow stables, it is well to use a broom or stiff brush and thoroughly scrub the floor, feed troughs, stanchions and lower parts of the walls. The solution can be applied to the ceiling and upper parts of the side walls with a spray pump, and must be carried into any crevices and recess into which dirt can enter.

A fowl with a weak heart is apt to succumb from intense heat.

Food for Hens

Hens, as a rule are kept much too fat, especially when they are not laying. When fowls are inactive and standing in a heap, it is one of the best proofs that they are over-fed, and when they are underfed, they are almost sure to be on the move especially when they see anyone about.

It must be remembered that when a fowl is laying her system has to be supported just the same as when she is not laying, beside being supplied with the material or substance to make the eggs. In the evening the birds require a feed of sound grain, and next to this oats. In some cases where the grain is mixed for them—such as wheat, barley and Indian corn—they will eat the wheat and Indian corn and leave the barley. When they do this the barley should be given alone. Good oats, weighing from 42 lbs to 46 lbs per bushel are most nourishing for fowls; but these should always be separate from other grain. In cold weather, or wet days, it is a good plan to go round and scatter a handful of oats in every poultry house or covered run amongst the litter after breakfast, as this gives them scratching exercise and varies their systems on cold days. When it is raining they go in for shelter and scratch for the oats.

80,000 Eggs Laid in Competition

While five hens have passed the 200 egg mark in the Missouri egg-laying contest in eight and a half months and two of them have thus far surpassed the record of Lady Show-you for last year, the extreme heat for the entire month has been telling on the hens, causing them to moult earlier than usual and cutting the egg yield. The thermometer registered as high as 105 degrees in the contest house at four o'clock in the afternoon of one day. In some other styles of houses it registered as high as 109 and 110 degrees. Hens suffer as much from hot weather in summer as from cold weather in winter.

The total number of eggs laid for the eight and a half months amounts to 89,773. This makes an average of 118 eggs for each hen, good, bad and indifferent. The yield for the month was 9,687 eggs. If the hens did not lay another egg, the lowest average hen already has laid twenty-six eggs more in eight and a half months than the average Missouri farm hen lays in twelve months.

The silver cup for the best record for July was won by Mrs. Daisy Rose, of Bois D'Arc, Mo., on her pen of Anconas with 210 eggs. The R. C. White Leghorns, Pen 10, were only one egg behind them. The remarkable thing about the records for the last few months is the manner in which a pen of Black Minorca hens is laying. Half or more of the hens are about three years old, and they have gradually crawled up to fourth place. Buff Wyandottes also went to third place this month. One pen of Buff Wyandottes from Missouri is the third pen in the contest, another pen of Buff Wyandottes from Vermont contains the leading hen, and the third pen of Buff Wyandottes from Missouri contains the third highest individual in the contest. Only seven hens laid in the English pen of S. C. White Leghorns and one died, but still they made a small gain over the other pens.

Threshers' Duty Regarding Weeds

The time of year is now at hand when farmers and threshing machine owners frequently disagree on the question of cleaning a separator before leaving the farm to go to another. It is true that the number of noxious weeds transported from place to place by this means is enormous, yet the rush to keep a threshing crew at work often is the cause of the machine owner neglecting to clean even the exterior of his machine. It may be of interest, however, to know that the farmer is protected by law in this matter. Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta are each provided with a statutory law whereby a machine owner may be forced to clean his machine not only before leaving a particular farm, but before moving from one set to another.

The clause covering this point is much the same in each province. In the Saskatchewan Noxious Weeds Act it reads as follows:

"Every person in possession or charge of any threshing machine shall thoroughly clean out such machine immediately after threshing at each place and before removing such machine or any part thereof to another place and shall display in a prominent place upon his machine a card containing this provision which will be furnished free upon application to the department."

During hot weather is just as well to omit the noon meal. Impure drinking water is as dangerous to the health of the fowls as is musty food.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE

Sick Headache and relief of all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Indigestion, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure the Headache, they will be worth trying, as they will do without them. But after all sick head-

ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but for their safety their goodness does not stop there, and those who once try them will find three little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head-ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but for their safety their goodness does not stop there, and those who once try them will find three little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head-

Small Pills. Small Dose. Small Price.

CONSTITUTION OF THE HERD IMPORTANT

One of the essential things for the breeder to look well after, is the constitution of the herd. The survival of the fittest is what has kept up the vitality and ruggedness of the wild animals in the forest, a weakling has no place in the economy of animal improvement and when mated with some of the rugged cows, even of scrub and mongrel breeding, there has been no improvement because of the lack of vitality which is necessary in the transmission of quality to the offspring. The breeder that overlooks this quality and neglects the individuality of the sire at the head of his herd has weakened a link in the great chain of dairy improvement.

A weakened constitution may be caused by heredity or may be caused by improper care while young. The breeder then should look well after the welfare of the calves. The care for calves in such a way as to stunt them in their growth is not of the greatest injury to them but to stunt or draw their digestive organs, incapacitates them from handling feed and every one knows what a dairy feeder means. An animal that is not a good feeder is rarely profitable.

Heifers should not be bred too young as it has a tendency to diminish size and retard greatest development. I do not mean to be understood that an undersized cow is always unprofitable, but I do mean to say that if this diminishing in size continues it will work disaster to the herd, and I would consider this a warning and begin to look to the source or cause whether in my sire or in my own mismanagement.

Celantha's 4th's Johanna was a strong cow. Bonos'line Belle, Dairy-maid of Pinehurst, Jacobs Irene, all were strong cows and let us not lose sight of the fact that it takes a tremendous sight of vitality for a cow to make and produce maximum amounts of milk and butter-fat.

Another important factor for the breeder to consider is the weeding out process. All animals will not be first class even with the best breeding and care possible for us to give, and to indiscriminately send out every bull calf that comes along, has much to do with retarding the best development of dairying. There has been such a demand for dairy sires that you can hardly blame breeders for saving everything, but if a large number of the bulls that have been sent out to head herds had died early in the same business would have been better off.

The responsibility then, for the breeder of dairy cattle, toward dairy improvement is great, and in so far as the breeder breeds and develops his herd to greatest efficiency in breed characteristics and production, will come the best development of the dairy interests of the country. The breeder must recognize the four essential points—breeding, feeding care and selection. They go hand in hand and can not be separated. To neglect one of these points is to make a weak link in the chain of improvement.

The domesticated breeds of turkeys are the Bronz, White Holland, Narragansett, Black Buff and Slate.

The well-fed pullets are early layers, provided, of course, they have not been fed on a too-fattening ration. Never use harsh methods in breaking up a broody hen; very often such handling cripples the hen for future usefulness.

If you place your ear close to the body of a fowl at night, while on the roost, you will hear the grinding of the food in the gizzard.

Our neighbors keep almost as many hens as we do. They supply their table with eggs purchased of us. Reason: they feed an exclusive corn diet while we feed mostly wheat and oats.

In Scotland alling young turkeys get through the ordeal without any trouble if given a drop of whiskey; in France they get a teaspoonful of wine. We presume in Germany lager beer is recommended.

PATRONIZING THE FARMER

The attractiveness of city life and the ease in which money has been made in city development in recent years is no doubt responsible to large degree for rural depopulation. There is another reason, too, and that is the patronizing and contemptuous air which many people in cities and towns assume towards the farmer and his calling. This was very well put by Dr. J. G. Rutherford in a recent address delivered at Lethbridge. Dr. Rutherford says, "Perhaps the most remarkable feature of the new life which, since the discovery of steam power and the consequent continual and cumulative development of commercial and industrial activity, has become general throughout the world is the subordination of agriculture from its proper place as the head and front of all human activity to a position in which it is regarded, at least by some unthinking men with a careless toleration in some cases bordering on contempt." That summarizes the situation to a nicety, and our wish is that it may reach the eye of some of those city sycophants who have done infinite harm to agriculture by their "I am better than you" way of treating the farmer and his calling. If there is one thing more than another that will arouse the anger of the writer, it is to have some commonplace business man, some pitiffling lawyer or some "two penny happy" clerk, assume a superior and patronizing air when discussing the farmer and the farm. We suppose they are not altogether to blame. Our cities and towns are permeated with this kind of thing, and many think it is the proper "air" to assume. If there is anybody in this country who should do any patronizing or who should assume a superior air in speaking of his fellow countrymen it is the farmer. His calling, as Dr. Rutherford has so well put it, is the head and front of all human activity.

THE PACKING OF FRUIT

Canadian fruits, than which there are none better, are now regarded in the markets of the world at their true worth. Through the operations of the Inspection and Sale Act the packing of Canadian fruit has been greatly improved and the development of the trade accelerated. From time to time since its enactment, as experience has indicated, the Act has been improved in order to more completely encourage and protect the industry. The latest amendment to the Act, which was passed during the past session of Parliament, extends inspection to imported fruit thereby placing it on equal footing with that grown in Canada. The amendment provides that the Governor-in-Council by regulation may prescribe the kinds of imported fruit the packages containing which must be branded or marked, the brands or marks to be used thereon, as well as the methods and places where such branding shall be done. Other minor changes were effected in the Act. For the information of those interested in the fruit trade there has been issued by the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner a pamphlet designated Bulletin No. 40 of the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch containing the Inspection and Sale Act, Part 9, (the Fruit Marks Act and Fruit Packages) as amended. Copies of this bulletin are

THE PROGRESS OF DAIRYING IN CANADA

Conditions affecting the marketing end of the dairy industry in Canada have undergone rapid changes during recent years. In the past it has been the custom to estimate the growth of the industry on the export trade. This however has become an entirely unreliable guide because Canada no longer has butter to spare but on the other hand finds it necessary to import from other countries. Cheese exports too have greatly decreased. These facts were brought to the attention of the Select Standing Committee on Agriculture and Colonization during the past session of Parliament by Mr. J. A. Ruddick, Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner who showed very clearly that the industry is not losing ground but is making steady progress. It was brought out that the Canadian people are consuming relatively more milk and milk products than heretofore and that an increasing quantity of milk is being manufactured into condensed milk and other products.

During the course of Mr. Ruddick's evidence he gave out a great deal of interesting information concerning the tendency of the industry. This has now been printed in a pamphlet of fourteen pages for free distribution to all who apply for it to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

available to those who apply for them to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Stops Falling Hair advertisement: Hall's Hair Renewer certainly stops falling hair. No doubt about it whatever. You will surely be satisfied.

PARALYSED AND COULD NOT WALK

"Fruit-a-tives" Completely Restored New Brunswick Merchant To Health.



BRISTOL, N. B., July 25th, 1913. "I am unable to say enough in favor of 'Fruit-a-tives' as it saved my life and restored me to health, when I had given up all hope and when the doctors had failed to do anything more for me. I had a stroke of paralysis in March, 1910, and this left me unable to walk or help myself, and the Constipation of the bowels was terrible. Nothing did me any good and I was wretched in every way. Finally I took 'Fruit-a-tives' for the Constipation, and it not only cured me of that trouble but gradually this fruit medicine toned up the nerves and actually cured the paralysis. Under the use of 'Fruit-a-tives' I grew stronger and stronger until all the palsy and weakness left me. I am now well again and attend my store every day and all day."

ALVA PHILLIPS. "Fruit-a-tives" is the only remedy in the world that is made of fruit juices and tonics. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50—trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Ladies and Gents Visiting Cards Have your cards printed at The Advocate Office, in the latest script type.

Penman's Hosiery advertisement: Hose bearing the Penman trademark snuggle like a second skin to every curve of foot and limb. They do not rip, or tear because there is not a seam about them. And they're made for men, women and children in cotton, cashmere, silk and lisle—in any weight and all popular colors. Ask for Penman's Hosiery and look for the trademark! Penman's Limited, Paris, Canada. Hosiery Sweaters Underwear.

BEAVER FLOUR advertisement: YOU can make a bigger and better loaf of bread with "Beaver Flour" than with any Western Wheat Flour. Of course, there's no comparison between Ontario fall wheat and western wheat. Bread made of Ontario flour alone is immeasurably superior to that made of western wheat in texture, fineness, whiteness and flavor. It is a true fact that western wheat flour makes a big loaf—but it is heavy, tough, full of holes and uninviting both in appearance and flavor. "Beaver" Flour has the delicacy of flavor—the fineness of texture—the snowy whiteness of the best Ontario fall wheat, with the strength of Manitoba wheat flour. Because "Beaver" Flour contains both Ontario fall wheat with a little Manitoba spring wheat to increase the strength. "Beaver" is the original blended flour—a product of science and patience—perfected after years of testing. If you want real home-made bread with the real home-made flavor—if you want light, delicious Pastry, Cakes and Pies—use "Beaver" Flour, best for one, best for all. DEALERS—Write us for prices on Feed, Coarse Grains and Cereals. 138. T.H. TAYLOR CO LIMITED CHATHAM ONT.

The Union Advocate
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER
Established 1867

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J. H. BROWN,
Managing Editor.

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 15TH, 1913

A LESSON FOR CANADA

Right Honorable H. L. Samuel, Postmaster-General of Great Britain, in the course of a speech delivered in Toronto told a tale of what has been done in his own country in the way of social improvement in the last eight years which is well calculated to make dwellers on this side of the Atlantic Ocean, where we are apt to think we have a monopoly of progressiveness, sit up and take notice.

It is a wonderful story which he had to tell. To-day in Great Britain old men and old women are not left to die, like worn-out horses, when their usefulness in the economic scheme of things has passed away, and when they have not been able to lay up sufficient means to ward off hard times. They are pensioned, as they ought to be in this country.

When a man finds himself out of work he need not tramp the streets for days and finally take a job for which he is not fitted in order to keep body and soul together; there are labour exchanges where the man with labor to sell meets the man who wants to buy his kind of labor.

Against the ever present and haunting dread in the minds of every poor person that when old age comes it means the poor house there is, in addition to the pensions mentioned, insurance against sickness, unemployment and death. These fortunate individuals who, through no merit of their own, are possessed of great estates, which have been held idle or almost tax-free, are being compelled to break them up, and the poor man is being given an opportunity to become a proprietor in however small a way.

British cities are giving their best attention to the housing problem for the poor and are insisting upon sanitary laws hitherto unknown or only dreamed of as utopian. The drink evil is being fought in a way and with a success unknown before. Men injured while at their daily task find themselves compensated for their less and suffering. In a word it all reads more or less like a fairy tale, particularly when we remember that it has all happened since 1906, and happened, moreover, in the country of John Bull, always considered a conservative of the conservatives.

Mr. Samuel is a courteous, a kindly and to boot, a tactful man. He did not tell us that he was at all disappointed to find that we, in this young, wealthy and supposedly progressive country were miles behind our "effete" and, as some of us love to describe her, worn-out. Mother beyond the seas. He did not need to. Those who heard him speak, or who read reports of his speeches, will be quick to realize the inevitable comparison.

All we have to do is to read this little list of reforms brought about in Great Britain in the last eight years and to ask ourselves, after each one of them, "What has Canada done in this matter?" to see just how far we are lagging in grappling with the problems we must sooner or later face and solve.

THE "VOLTURNO" DISASTER

The disaster to the "Volturno" once more brings into relief the utter inadequacy of the present lifeboat system on ocean liners. Even in calm weather the method of putting off lifeboats from a vessel is apt to be dangerous. In stormy weather, and during excitement, it puts a premium on disaster. In the case of the "Volturno" some of the boats were capsized before they even touched the water. Others were smashed to pieces against the sides. It is quite evident that even if liners were piled mast high with lifeboats that fact would be no guarantee of even a reasonable measure of safety in case of accident. Lifeboats that can be really and readily and effectively launched are what are wanted. And such launching cannot be done by the pitifully ineffective means of davits and pulley blocks.—Montreal Telegraph.

ARE THEY A CORRUPTED PEOPLE?

If the reports of the Liberal press be true that in order to win the election in Chateauguay county the conservatives had to resort to drunken orgies, wholesale bribery and corruption, it certainly does not speak well for the electors of that county. If this is the class of men that made up the ranks of the grit party in Chateauguay they should not cry over defeat, and more than that if they contest this election, these same voters will not forget any too soon the reports sent out by the grit faction in the county.

Saving is not the easiest thing in the world for the average young man on his own resources, surrounded by all the myriad temptations to spend that our modern life furnishes us all so lavishly. It is oftentimes difficult for him, however excellent his intentions and firm his resolutions, to devise ways and means of saving, and to find a system for laying by money methodically—after taking care of his needs and such reasonable luxuries as his income may perhaps warrant him in enjoying. And as the money accumulates in bank, there are a thousand voices calling to him to enroach upon this gr wing surplus fund, and spend it—if only a dollar here and there. These temptations always abound when the savings are so accessible as in the bank.—MacKinosh's Investment News.

It is also alleged that the Canadian defendants formed a so-called syndicate and induced the New Jersey defendant to break its contract with the Toronto World and transfer its services to their syndicate. The Toronto World was thereby prevented from delivering to the Herald the features and services which it had contracted to deliver. The Toronto World secured an interim injunction restraining the New Jersey Corporation from delivering its services to the Star syndicate until further hearing.

CONSERVATION IS NOT PARSIMONY

A common popular misconception with regard to conservation is that it consists in merely saving or hoarding wealth for the use of future generations. Nothing could be further from the truth. Mere hoarding is not conservative; it is almost as wasteful as reckless destruction. The man who buried his talent in the earth was told that he might at least have put it out at interest even if he were afraid to venture it in business. Wise statesmanship regards our natural resources as so much capital of which the State is the trustee. The community is entitled to the interest, but the principal should be conserved for all time. An exception to this rule must be made in the case of minerals, such as coal, of which there is only a limited supply, that when once used, can never be restored. But in the case of our forests, our lands, our seas and our wild animal life, the existing supply of timber, of soil fertility, of fish and of fur-bearers, should never diminish, but should rather increase.

To be convinced that this is possible, it is only necessary to glance at Europe. In England, thanks to intensive cultivation, the soil produces better crops than centuries ago. In Germany, the forests are so managed, that, in spite of a large output, each year's cut is balanced by the new growth; while the teeming waters of the North Sea have supplied a half-dozen countries with fish from time immemorial. In respect of the threatened extinction of our fur-bearing animals, the new industry of fur-farming may be relied on to obviate this. Conservation may be applied to mineral products in preventing unnecessary waste, and the progress of science is continually unearthing substitutes for the rarer substances. It may indeed be confidently expected that, with wise use of our natural endowments, there is no danger of humanity ever lacking any essential materials.

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THE FALL WEATHER HARD ON LITTLE ONES

Canadian fall weather is extremely hard on little ones. One day it is warm and bright and the next wet and cold. These sudden changes bring on colds, cramps and colic and unless baby's little stomach is kept right the result may be serious. There is nothing to equal Baby's Own Tablets in keeping the little ones well. They sweeten the stomach, regulate the bowels, break up colds and make baby thrive. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Because her sweetheart feared their earnings would not be sufficient to support them after marriage, Rose Green, a dressmaker, eighteen years old, inhaled illuminating gas in a furnished room at No. 148 Watkins street, Brooklyn.

EVERY WOMAN is interested and should know about the wonderful, Whirling Spray, Marvel Douche. Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions valuable to ladies. WINDSOR BICYCLE CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agent for Canada.

MONTREAL STAR IN \$100,000 ACTION

Alleged Conspiracy to Ruin the Montreal Herald—Particulars of Allegation

A suit for one hundred thousand dollars' damages on account of an alleged conspiracy to destroy the Montreal Herald and to ruin its business, was entered in the Superior Court last week by the Herald Company Limited. The defendants are the Montreal Star Publishing Co. Limited, the International News Service (a New Jersey corporation controlled by William Randolph Hearst), Sir Hugh Graham, owner of the Star and Standard, and Charles F. Cranford, managing editor of the Star.

Particulars of the allegations upon which the suit is based are given in full in the plaintiff's declaration, alleging a protracted and widespread conspiracy on the part of the defendants, and other persons unknown, to prevent the Montreal Herald from having access to certain sources of supply from which daily newspaper secure their circulation building features.

It is also alleged that the Canadian defendants formed a so-called syndicate and induced the New Jersey defendant to break its contract with the Toronto World and transfer its services to their syndicate. The Toronto World was thereby prevented from delivering to the Herald the features and services which it had contracted to deliver. The Toronto World secured an interim injunction restraining the New Jersey Corporation from delivering its services to the Star syndicate until further hearing.

COMMITTS SUICIDE ON OCEAN STEAMER

Italian Emigrant Attempted to Kill Wife, Then Hanged Himself

During the voyage of the steamship France, which arrived at Havre, France, on Oct. 8th, an Italian emigrant, Baptista Gal, who has been deported from New York, was seized with a violent attack of homicidal mania and attempted to kill his wife. He then hanged himself. The woman was only slightly injured.

Miss Roberta Johnston was in Redbank Saturday and Sunday. Mrs. Wm. Matchett entertained twenty of her friends at a knitting party Friday afternoon and evening. A pleasant time was spent.

Mr. Dan Cain spent Sunday at his home here. Miss May McLain, "The Bride" is visiting her brother, Mr. Arch McLain.

Mrs. Phoebe Tozer spent the weekend in Whitley. Mrs. Allan Tozer accompanied by Mrs. Jane Dunnet and Mrs. Wm. Whitney, spent Wednesday in Strathadam, with Mrs. Edward Menzies.

Mrs. Alfred Batsley and son visited Mrs. Wm. Matchett recently. Mr. John Matchett and his sister, Miss Bessie were in Derby last week. Miss Lucy McGregor was the guest of the Misses Tozer Wednesday night.

PROVINCIAL

His Lordship Bishop LeBlanc, of St. John, will attend the Missionary Congress to be opened next Sunday evening at the Boston Cathedral.

Chas. McIntyre, of Gagetown, was given a life sentence at Dorchester penitentiary for the murder of Gabriel Sabettes, an Indian, on June 10th last.

It will be remembered that among the cars demolished in the recent Aulac disaster was a box-car containing many thousands of bushels of oats in bulk. This car was smashed to pieces and its contents scattered all over the right of way. Many bushels of the grain were gathered up and carried away, but many more were scattered about the scene of the wreck. The recent rains have caused the seeds to sprout, with the result that, according to trappers, who pass the place every day a young crop of oats has clothed with a beautiful verdure the scene of the recent catastrophe.

Winston Churchill, first-lord of the admiralty, addressing his constituents, reaffirmed that nothing would deter the government from carrying through the Home Rule bill as planned, and doing its duty in upholding the law and suppressing disorders by whomsoever fomented. Mr. Churchill, whose speech was keenly anticipated as a declaration of the government's policy, added that in the natural course of events a general election

PERSONAL

Mr. J. C. Miller, of Millerton, was in town Saturday.

Miss Janet G. Williston is visiting friends in Moncton.

Miss Rennie McQuarrie, is visiting friends in Sackville.

Mr. Randolph Crocker, of Millerton, was in town yesterday.

Mrs. Belmore, of Fredericton, is the guest of Miss Stables.

Harry Palmer, of Sackatoon, is visiting friends in Douglastown.

Miss Lillian Williamson is attending the Fredericton Business College.

Mr. Gregory Dunnet of Whitney, gave The Advocate a call on Friday.

Mr. Jas. Robinson arrived home on the Limited, Monday, from Montreal.

Mr. Harry Thurber, of Chatham, spent Sunday at his home in Millerton.

Mrs. Kethro, who has been visiting relatives in Loggieville, has returned home.

Mr. J. D. Paulin was the guest of Mr. Arthur Frenette, Petit Roche, on Sunday last.

Miss Martha E. Craig of Fredericton, is visiting Mrs. R. A. N. Jarvis, King St.

The many friends of Harold Russell will be pleased to see him around again after an attack of fever.

R. A. Lawlor and H. K. B. Marsland of Chatham passed through on Sunday's Limited to Bathurst.

Mrs. Jas. Duffy who has been spending the summer at her home here, returned last week to Bangor, Me.

Mr. Thomas Underhill and Miss Annie Underhill of Blackville were the guests of Mrs. Chas. Delano last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Rettle went to Buetouche Monday where they will spend the week with Mrs. Rettle's parents.

Mr. Charles H. Dunbar and his friend, Mr. L. K. Mulford, of Boston, is visiting his mother-in-law, Mrs. Appleby, of Nelson.

Miss Kathleen McCabe, who has been spending a three weeks' vacation at her home here, returned to Ottawa on the Limited, Sunday.

Alma Godin, G. M., who has been spending a few weeks with her sister Mrs. J. D. Paulin, returned last Friday to her duties at the hospital de Misericorde, Montreal.

Miss Annie Synnott, of Chatham, passed through on the Limited Sunday to spend a few days in Bathurst and Campbellton prior to leaving for the West.

Mrs. W. V. Price of Macleod, Alberta, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Miller, left Tuesday for Poston. She was accompanied from Moncton by her daughter, Miss May Price.

Two patrons of a noted Ontario creamery, both members of a cow testing association, at the end of last year had these records to study. Mr. A. milking eight cows sent a total of only 1,360 pounds of fat. Mr. B. with only five cows sent 1,777 pounds.

Dairymen in other sections are invited to consider what this means. A. had three cows more than B. to milk and feed and sell year, but received a smaller income than B. by quite ninety dollars. Nor is that all, for the three extra cows consumed feed worth at least ninety dollars more, making another ninety dollars that he was "out."

But one step further: A. worked hard milking those three extra cows, spending probably 200 hours more than B. on a thankless and profitless job. The cows were worth something as an investment, but it is doubtful if they returned any interest on it; some allowance should be made for depreciation even of this wonderfully inefficient cow "plant," then stable accommodation had to be provided for them; and the general care of the herd called for some expenditure of thought and skill on the part of A. as general manager of his establishment.

The deductions are plain; however comforting a "guess" may be as to whether a cow, or a herd, "pays," there is nothing to take the place of actual dairy records. Further, whatever the production of a herd may be, comparisons with other annual records should be made in order to see if improvement is possible.

would occur before any legislation could be passed by the Irish parliament, and in the event of the transference of power, it would be open to the opponents of the bill to repeal it. That was their only constitutional remedy so long as they opposed settlement by agreement.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson.

LOOK in Our Window and see our Choice Line of Christie's Fancy Biscuits including the following: Assorted Marmalade, Fig Bar, Sultana, Coconut, Maple, Assorted Sandwich, Marshmallow Finger, Coconut Finger, Cream Chocolate, Ginger Nut, Arrow-root, Assorted Creams, Vanilla Wafer, Reception Wafers, and Social Tea. ALL NEW FRESH STOCK. Armstrong & Ferguson NEWCASTLE, N. B. PHONE 144

Fall Suits and Overcoats Now is the time to leave your order for your Fall Suit or Overcoat. Fit and Finish Guaranteed by "MY TAILOR" A FULL LINE OF SUITINGS AND HEAVY COATINGS LADIES' TAILORING A SPECIALTY. J. D. KENNEDY, [Next Door to Maltby's Tinware Shop] Pleasant St.

BULBS BULBS! BULBS BULBS are so easily grown and require so little attention that everyone should start a few for Winter Blooming. They grow and bloom in either earth or water. Many of the Bulbs will bloom for Christmas. We have on hand Bulbs of the Hyacinth, Tulip, Narcissus, Daffodil, Freesia, Jonquil, Crocus and the Chinese Sacred Lily. All Bulbs will bloom during the winter. Prices 2c. to 10c. a BULB. A. E. SHAW, NEWCASTLE. Druggist LOGGIEVILLE

Navigable Waters Protection Act. Notice is hereby given that the Dominion Pulp Company, Limited, of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, is applying to His Excellency, the Governor General of Canada in Council, for approval of the area plans, site and description of a proposed extension to the said Company's wharf, situate on the northerly side of the Miramichi River in front of its mills, in the Parish of Newcastle aforesaid, and has deposited the area and site plans of the proposed works and description thereof with the Minister of Public Works, at Ottawa, and a duplicate thereof in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the said County of Northumberland, at Newcastle, N. B. Dated this twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1913. The Dominion Pulp Company, Ltd. per WALTER C. STEVENS, Manager.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF PLANED LUMBER Call at Our Mill. We always have in stock DRY SHEATHING FLOORING CLAPBOARDS SWEDISH CANADIAN LUMBER CO., Ltd. NORDIN, N. B. P. A. FORSYTH BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR WHITNEY, N. B. Contracts Entered into for the Erection, Alteration or Removal of Buildings. All Work receives careful and prompt attention. Agent for all kinds of Wood and Metal House Furnishings

THIS IS TRULY BLANKET BUYING TIME The New Blankets are on Display. The Finest Values we have ever shown. Jack Frost may put in his appearance any day now. The cool evenings that will follow his advent are sufficient argument in themselves for making ample preparation in the way of supplying proper weight blankets. In this store you'll find the largest and best assortment of Blankets in this town. We've purchased on an unusually broad scale. The qualities we're showing and the prices we're quoting will be sure to interest every person desirous of securing dependable blankets at a moderate cost. Prepare for the long cold winter evenings by having an emergency supply of the right kind of Wool Blankets for yourselves and your family. Canadian Wool Blankets \$2.00 to \$6.50 Scotch Pure Wool Blankets \$4.50 to \$8.00 J.D. Breaghan & Co. LIMITED NEWCASTLE CHATHAM MONCTON

ST. JOHN BUSINESS MEN IN DELEGATION AT OTTAWA

Cordially Received by Premier Borden, Mr. Foster, Mr. Pelletier and Mr. Hazen--Dinner Given by Mr. Hazen.

The delegates spent an hour in Montreal and reached Ottawa shortly after one o'clock. Mr. Hazen had made all arrangements for a meeting with Premier Borden, but previous to this a conference with Mr. Hazen was held, at which information was exchanged tending to clarify the situation.

At four o'clock all the delegates assembled in the Premier's office, where they were met by Mr. Borden, Mr. Foster, Mr. Pelletier and Mr. Hazen. As previously arranged during the trip up, J. M. Robinson opened the proceedings on behalf of the Board of Trade. He was followed by Mayor Frink, Senator Daniel, Senator Thorne and Dr. Pugsley. Premier Borden then replied and afterwards any members who desired to give or request information were affected an opportunity to do so.

The reception accorded by the ministers was cordial in the personal sense, as a majority of the delegates were old acquaintances, and cordial also in the sense of displaying real interest in the matter under discussion. While Mr. Borden alone replied to the addresses of the delegates, Mr. Pelletier was several times called on for definite information regarding the mail service, and made it clear that the Victorian and Virginian are not secondary boats but, as far as the government is concerned, are two of the first class steamers under contract for the mail service.

A Definite Statement
Mr. Borden's reply to the St. John presentation was a definite statement that the government has the interests of St. John at heart and will permit of no action on the part of its officers which can be construed into unfair discrimination against this port. While the concrete results of the formal conference were small, yet the delegates were greatly reassured by Mr. Borden's frank statement of the government's attitude. The other members of the cabinet present at the conference privately endorsed the Premier's declaration of absolute fair play all round.

One of the most important, as well as enjoyable features of the day, was the dinner given by Mr. Hazen in the evening at Rideau Club. During the progress of the function members of the delegation without regard to politics, voiced their unqualified approval of Mr. Hazen's attitude toward the existing situation and of his efforts in behalf of St. John.

Mr. Hazen's health was proposed by Mr. Robinson, and, in the course of his reply, Mr. Hazen had pleasure in reading a telegram of interest from Mr. Bosworth. This was to the effect that the two C. P. R. liners, larger steamers than the Empresses, would be completed next summer and would, during the following winter, run direct to St. John. This announcement was received with great enthusiasm.

During the evening addresses were made by many members of the delegation, all of which conveyed the impression that in such a time as the present St. John forgets political differences and stands for St. John alone, and that the feeling of the city as freely expressed by the delegates is one of absolute confidence in Mr. Hazen as St. John's representative in the Federal cabinet.

This was strikingly typified by an exchange of courtesies between Mr. Hazen and Dr. Pugsley, the latter voicing his entire approbation of the attitude assumed by Mr. Hazen and his efforts toward the interests of his home city. Mr. Pugsley openly expressed his personal admiration for Mr. Hazen aside from all partisan consideration and expressed his confidence in Mr. Hazen's ability to carry on the fight in the interests of St. John. "If he succeeds" said Dr. Pugsley "we will be glad. If he fails we will know that he has done his best and no one will realize more than I that he has done his best."

The delegates were briefly introduced by Mr. Hazen who outlined the purpose of the visit, and called on Mr. Robinson to open the subject.

J. M. Robinson Opens Case
Mr. Robinson presented the case as instructed by Monday evening's meeting. "Last winter," he said, "when it was announced in parliament that the steamship companies would be left free in their choice of ports, the people of St. John were gratified. They were still further pleased when, late in September, the sailings of the various liners were announced showing that St. John would enjoy a fair share of the mail service. A week ago, however, the city was aroused by an announcement that both the Allan and Canadian Pacific mail steamers would make Halifax their terminal. During that day, in consultation with other officers of the Board of Trade, arrangements were made for a meeting on Monday evening. Certain telegrams to and from Ottawa were sent

and received and certain rather indefinite information exchanged."

Mr. Robinson quoted Sir Thomas Shaughnessy's, Mr. Bosworth's and Mr. Gutellus' statements, and detailed at some length the incidents previous to Monday night's meeting, as well as giving an account of the proceedings of that meeting. Much feeling, he said, was displayed by the very large assembly. Stress was laid on the fact that in St. John the question was regarded as non-partisan but one which concerned the interests of all classes of citizens. That meeting requested that a delegation should be sent to Ottawa to demand an explanation of why, after the open door having been granted, St. John should be given the go-by; what is the meaning of the word "grace" used in Sir Thomas Shaughnessy's message, and what is the arrangement, in detail, whereby the I. C. R. carries C. P. R. business.

Mayor Frink
Mayor Frink followed very briefly, endorsing all that Mr. Robinson had said, and urging that some definite information be given as promptly as possible as to whether there is discrimination of any sort against St. John.

Senator Daniel's View
Senator Daniel pointed out that one of the main questions on which the delegates desired information concerned the somewhat unusual arrangement which, it is understood, has recently been made between the C. P. R. and I. C. R. "It is felt that rates lower than the normal must have been granted under the arrangement whereby the C. P. R. has been induced to carry its business to Halifax. We people of St. John, said Mr. Daniel, "are not asking anything that is not our just due, but, on the other hand we are not inclined to give up to another port anything to which we are justly entitled. If Halifax is deserving of the additional business it now seems to have secured, then a fair move has been made, but we feel that St. John is now losing something to which, by geographical and other advantages, she is well entitled, and if this is so there must be discrimination somewhere. This we expect, and hope, will be removed when brought to the notice of the government."

Senator Thorne's Statement
Senator Thorne spoke of the manner in which public opinion in St. John had been aroused when the announcement of the withdrawal of the steamers was made. "The impression prevails, though without definite knowledge," said he, "that there has been an arrangement made with the I. C. R. whereby the C. P. R. business will be handled, perhaps, not at mere-ly less than normal rates, but actually at a loss. If such an arrangement exists we feel that it is very unfair discrimination that a government road is being used by the government for the advantage of one part of the country to the detriment of another. This we believe would be true be at once corrected. If, however, the arrangement made with the I. C. R. is a fair and proper business arrangement, showing a reasonable profit, such as would be regarded as legitimate as between any two private railroads, then we can have nothing to say."

Mr. Pugsley
Mr. Pugsley briefly reviewed the earlier steps in planning for this season's services. He cited Mr. Bosworth's statement that the double haul system was very unsatisfactory, but that having been given the open door, everything would be satisfactory and the Halifax call cut out. In parliament, last session, Mr. Pugsley had suggested, he said, that a division of the service between the two ports be embodied in the mail contract, but this was not forced by him, as he thought it might be an interference with the principle of the open door. If, however, Mr. Gutellus has made with the C. P. R. an arrangement different with that existing with other shippers, an arrangement under which these steamship companies were influenced in any way to terminate their service at Halifax, an injustice has been done to St. John, he said. "The question is not whether the I. C. R. is to carry C. P. R. business at a loss, or at even a margin of profit. If the I. C. R. carries this business on terms more favorable than are granted to any other shippers then a grave injustice has been done, and such an arrangement should be revoked by the Government. If, by an arrangement with the I. C. R. these two lines of steamers have been induced to leave that port which, as was repeatedly declared by them, was far the most advantageous, a grave injustice has been done. The people of St. John are serious in this matter. They are serious in their representation to the members of the Government and they feel that the situation is worthy of most careful and favorable consideration."

Mr. Tilley followed saying, "The people desire an answer to the question, 'Has any favorable arrangement been made between the I. C. R. and the steamship companies?'"

Mr. Robinson read a message just received from M. R. A. Ltd., as follows: "Public opinion against proposed change in mail steamers is most intense here. You, and members of delegation, are backed by all citizens and you cannot urge our claims too strongly, both to our representatives and the Government."

The Premier's Reply
Mr. Borden replied practically as follows: "I appreciate the position taken by the people of St. John in this matter. I appreciate the temperate and reasonable manner in which the subject has been presented. I feel that the best evidence of the Government's interest in St. John is to be found in the steps which are being taken to properly equip that port, in common with others for the rapidly growing business coming to it."

"In so far as the matter under immediate consideration is concerned, neither our Government nor any member of it, would, for a moment, be party to any arrangement whereby discrimination against the port of St. John could result. Dismiss that idea from your minds."

"As you know, there have been for years negotiations between the I. C. R. and C. P. R. for closer traffic relations. Lately such questions have been treated by us on a purely business basis and as they involve points requiring expert knowledge we feel that the general manager of the I. C. R. and the proper traffic officers of the C. P. R. are the ones to carry on the negotiations. Whatever arrangement has been made is based, you may be sure, on business principles. I have not that information for which you ask me at hand. I have never seen a copy of the contract, and am, at present, unable to give you its detailed conditions. But I can say that I believe the arrangement to be one such as would properly be made between two privately owned railroads."

"The General Manager of the I. C. R. has no authority to grant to the C. P. R. or to any one else any concessions which could not be justified in a business arrangement between two privately owned lines, and I am sure that in this arrangement there is absolutely nothing which can be regarded as discrimination against St. John. We will secure the fullest information relating to this at the earliest possible moment and will be pleased to communicate it to the people of St. John whenever received. I trust that the situation, when more fully explained, on receipt of this information, will present itself to your citizens in a somewhat different aspect, and that you will then realize that in the whole matter there is absolutely nothing of a discriminating nature, nor anything at all unfair to St. John."

Mr. Borden spoke in a congratulatory manner of the efforts made by the people of St. John to improve their port, of their enthusiasm and their desire to assist in the general development of the country. He pointed out that, at the rate the business will have more than they can handle, despite the increased facilities. Mr. Robinson asked, "Then, are we to say from you that Mr. Gutellus, on his own responsibility, has made a contract with the C. P. R. of which you have no knowledge?"

Mr. Borden—"I have no cognizance as to the terms of the contract."
Mr. Robinson—"Do we understand, then, that Mr. Gutellus has an absolute free hand in the management of the I. C. R.?"

Mr. Borden—"I have heard previous to this that Mr. Gutellus has 'too much freedom in I. C. R. matters.'"
Mr. Pidgeon—"If it is shown that under this contract the C. P. R. is to enjoy better terms than other shippers, may we rely on your Government to revoke that contract?"

Mr. Borden—"I cannot speak definitely on that point until I have received a copy of the contract, but we will certainly see that St. John gets honorable treatment."

Mr. Pidgeon—"It is now five days since we asked for information regarding the contract and, knowing the temper of St. John, I, for one, would be afraid to go back to report such a reception of our complaint, and such a dearth of information. It is important that we secure this knowledge as promptly as possible."

Mr. Borden—"All that can be done will be done to facilitate this."
Mr. Pugsley—"On behalf of my friends I desire to thank you, Mr. Premier, for the kindly manner in which you, and your colleagues, have heard us."
This concluded the formal hearing.

ANOTHER BIG GOLD STRIKE

Precious Metal Found at White River, Sushana District, in Large Quantities--Rush Now On

The richness of the Dawson city gold camp will be rivaled by the new strike at White River, Sushana District, Alaska. From reports received by the customs department men using very crude methods of mining are cleaning up from one to two thousand dollars per day. The gold bearing area has been proven for fifteen miles and extends well into Canadian territory. A big stampede from the coast cities is now on and at least 4,000 people are there with a big crowd going in every day. Many Dawson old timers have gone to the new camp. Prices remind old timers of the early Dawson days. Shoes sell for \$75 a pair, flour at \$100 a sack and prices still rising. The R. N. W. P. are already on the spot to preserve law and order. The force consists of Sergt. Dempster and six men.

Richard D. Isaacs was on Saturday sentenced to five years in Dorchester penitentiary by Mr. Justice White in the King's Bench division, Circuit Court, St. John, having been adjudged guilty in the famous western land deal swindle.

It Stands the Test of Time

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

IN USE 103 YEARS

for the relief of aches, pains, swellings, burns, cuts, rheumatism, bowel troubles, For internal and external use.

25c and 50c everywhere

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Inc., Boston, Mass.

Parsons' Pills
Give quick relief without distressing.

OFFICES TO RENT

Centrally situated, with every convenience. Also quantity of new furniture to be disposed of at low prices in order to clear out. Those who come early will secure bargains.

D. MORRISON,
over Russell J. Morrison's store.

OPERA HOUSE, NEWCASTLE

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY FOR ONE WEEK WITH SATURDAY MATINEE BEGINNING

MONDAY, OCT. 20TH

THE BIGGEST, GREATEST, BEST

H. WILMOT MARJIE

YOUNG-ADAMS

BIG STOCK COMPANY 20 - PEOPLE - 20

PRESENTING ALL NEW PLAYS

Our Opening Play will be the Great Russian Drama by Tolstoi.

"Under The Bear's Paw"

With Special Scenery and Electrical Effects

Plays Changed Nightly

6 BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS 6

A Continuous Show from Start to Finish

POPULAR PRICES: 25c., 35c. and 50c.

Seats on Sale at Dickison & Troy's

We have on hand a complete range

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All Styles All Prices

CALL AND TAKE YOUR CHOICE

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Next Door to Post Office Phone 121

MADE IN CANADA

CUCUMBER AND WITCH HAZEL CREAM

A delightfully soothing, healing lotion, which will save you the discomfort of roughened cheeks, chapped hands and sore lips, and keep your skin soft and white. 25c a bottle, at your Druggist's.

201

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Have your cards printed at the Advocate Office, in the latest script type.

THANKSGIVING

We have a fine assortment of

THANKS-GIVING and HALLOWE'EN POST CARDS

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NEWCASTLE, Miramichi, N. B.

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Telephone Connection in every room. Artistically Furnished Rooms with Private Baths.

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SITUATION--The Heart of the Sportsman's Paradise.

Best Fishing Privileges on the North Shore Provided.

Imported Chefs.

Five Sample Rooms.

Every Stable in Connection.

Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 a Day.

First Prize

Bread made from Regal Flour bought at Our Store was awarded First Prize at the Chatham Exhibition. Good Cooks always want the Best Flour obtainable and naturally select

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HARDWOOD FLOORING

Always in Stock. Also Dry Spruce Flooring and Sheathing and Spruce Clapboards

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J. ANDER General Manager

Phone 139 Newcastle

Now Is The Time TO HAVE YOUR CONCRETE WORK DONE

We also do all kinds of Brick and Stone Work

CONCRETE BUILDING BLOCKS

In Various Patterns a Specialty

On all orders coming in after August 15th to be delivered in September, we will make a reduction in price.

JAMES T. FORREST

Concrete Block Manufacturer

Telephone 64 Newcastle, N. B.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1865.

LIABILITIES

Capital Paid up	\$ 11,560,000.00
Reserve Funds	12,560,000.00
Undivided Profits	10,219.00
Notes in Circulation	10,385,376.69
Deposits	136,729,483.41
Due to Other Banks	3,118,902.03
Bills Payable (Acceptances by London Br.)	3,392,148.77
	\$178,316,130.29

ASSETS

Cash on hand and in Banks	\$30,476,000.19
Government and Municipal Securities	3,778,533.88
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	12,622,217.20
Call Loans in Canada	9,189,279.16
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	10,660,229.65
Deposits with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	578,000.00
	\$67,304,260.08
Loans and Discounts	\$105,363,239.92
Bank Premises	5,648,630.29
	\$178,316,130.29

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NEWCASTLE, N. B. BRANCH

E. A. McCurdy, Manager

FAILED TO MAKE ESCAPE

Digs Away Concrete in one Corner of Cell in Effort to Escape

It has been learned from the crown authorities that there was an attempt at escape made by Haynes, who is confined in the county jail at Sydney, N. S., awaiting trial for the murder of the late B. S. Atkinson. When jailer Karn was asked about it a reporter understood him to say that there was no attempt. What he did say was that he had nothing to say about the matter for publication. It was the intention of the crown to keep the matter quiet for the present. However, as a wrong impression might be gained by the public if the report were not corrected, crown prosecutor Hearn gave the true account of the attempt. A Frenchman named Bosfit, who was discharged from the jail gave the story to Jailer Karn. His story was as follows. Haynes was confined to number eight cell. In the daytime he has the freedom of the corridor and it is alleged that he had been digging away the concrete in one corner of number nine cell, through which he could make an entrance to his own or rather he could make an exit from his own. He would then be able to get into the corridor, and from thence escape would be easy. When Jailer Karn investigated this story he found that some of the cement had been dug away in number nine cell, and the iron hooks on the beds throughout the jail, and with which the digging was done, were found between the mattresses in Haynes' bed. Haynes denied the story and states that it was Bosfit who was making the attempt. However, Bosfit's cell was not near either cells number eight or nine, and the authorities cannot see how the digging of number nine would benefit Bosfit any. Following the successful dash for liberty from jail, Haynes was to go on board a motor boat which would take him to a schooner, the latter being held in readiness to put to sea. Through this means it was hoped that Haynes would be safely gotten out of the country. These are the facts of the case as reported to crown prosecutor D. A. Hearn by Jailer Karn.

ENORMOUS WOOD WASTE

145,000 Cords of Pulpwood Lost Annually

In the manufacture of chemical wood-pulp by the sulphite process, one half of every cord so treated is dissolved by the liquor in which the wood is boiled, and is discharged into the adjacent rivers as waste liquor. According to the latest bulletin on Pulpwood, issued by the Forestry Branch, Ottawa, the amount of pulpwood subjected to this chemical treatment in 1912 was almost two hundred and ninety thousand cords. One half of this amount was absolute waste. The average price of a cord of pulpwood is six dollars, so that this waste, reduced to its money equivalent, represents a loss to Canada of over eight hundred thousand dollars. Nor is this the only loss, for by this process 140 pounds of sulphur are required to dissolve the waste materials out of each cord of wood. Some of the gases generated in the process are recovered, but most of the sulphur passes off in the waste liquor, and no method has yet been found to recover it for use a second time. Sulphur costs twenty-five dollars a ton, and the loss in this particular is equivalent to a money loss of over half a million dollars on the total amount wasted.

In view of the fact that each year more and more pulp-wood is being manufactured into pulp by this process in Canada, the utilization of this waste liquor becomes an important problem. Even the most practical method so far devised does not recover enough valuable products to make it pay.

The waste liquor contains many materials, such as oxalic acid, tanning extracts, dyestuffs and alcohol constituents which, if they could be easily recovered, would make the liquor of great commercial value, but in spite of the tremendous amount of work which has been done on the subject, especially in Europe, the problem still remains for the most part unsolved. As the liquor also contains carbohydrates, it should be possible to obtain turpentine, and eventually it may be possible to obtain rubber from it. In furthering the solution of such problems and in eliminating other forms of wood waste, the new Forest Products Laboratories being established by the Dominion Government at McGill University will doubtless play an important part.

One use of the waste liquor mentioned above, that has been tried at Grand Mere, Quebec, where the Laurentide Company has large pulp and paper mills, consists in its utilization for street-watering. Experience has shown it to be as efficacious in keeping down dust as oil is, while the objectionable odor of oil is quite absent.

THE TORTURES OF RHEUMATISM

Driven From the System by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

The sufferer from rheumatism who has not gone about curing himself in the right way must expect a return of the torture with every change to cold or damp weather. It is not the change in the weather that causes the rheumatism, but it does start the aches and pains. Rheumatism is a deep-seated disorder of the blood. You cannot possibly cure it with outward applications or hot formentations as so many people in their ignorance of the real cause of the trouble try to do.

Rheumatism can only be driven out of the system by driving out the poisonous acid in the blood. This can only be done by making the blood supply rich, red and pure. It is in this way that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure rheumatism, even after other remedies have failed. These pills make rich, red blood; they go right to the root of the trouble, and the pains and aches are driven from the system and will not return if the blood supply is kept pure. That is the whole secret of curing rheumatism, and if you are a sufferer begin to cure yourself to-day by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Among the many sufferers from rheumatism who have been cured by this medicine is Miss Mary D. Kelly, South Dummer, Ont. Miss Kelly says: "Some time ago I had a very bad attack of rheumatism. At times I would be confined to bed for a couple of days and would seem almost paralyzed with the intense pain in my back and legs. At such times I could not walk, and my joints were stiff and swollen. I consulted different doctors and took their medicine, but did not get more than temporary relief. At this time a neighbor advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a supply. After taking a few boxes I found they were greatly helping me, and I continued their use until the trouble completely disappeared. I can strongly recommend this medicine to others who suffer as I did from the pains and tortures of rheumatism."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GOAT WILL HELP CLEAR SCRUB LAND

Destroy Brush and Yield a Profit—Make Worthless Areas Useful

The propensity of goats for eating the leaves and twigs of small bushes suggests that they would be very useful for cleaning out scrub and reducing otherwise waste and to good pasture for other animals. This expedient has been practised in Iowa and some other States with marked success. Saplings too big for the goats to reach the tops may be felled, although they will stand on their hindlegs and reach up five feet or more in their efforts to get at the leaves. Fields infested with hard-back and stout herbs may be cleaned out by pasturing goats on them. No trouble will be experienced from having sheep or cattle in the same enclosure.

Steep, rocky hillsides, or stony places where there is considerable browse, may be turned into permanent goat pastures. Goats are often more suitable than sheep in such situations, not only because they will thrive on food that sheep would reject, but also because they are far more pugnacious and better able to defend themselves against dogs, coyotes, and other predatory animals.

Goats are valuable for their mohair, skins, meat and milk. The best breed for mohair is the Angora; for milch purposes, the Swiss breeds can be recommended. They can withstand considerable variations in temperature, and will thrive in a variety of situations, but are sensitive to damp. The kids are delicate for a few days after being born, and need the same care as lambs. A flock of goats needs intelligent management, but they will well repay the attention they require at certain seasons. When the indirect profit derived from the destruction of scrub, or from the turning of otherwise worthless land to account, is considered, they may be looked upon as by no means the least profitable of our domestic animals.

A Columbus, Ind., woman, who read in a newspaper the other day that women were buying only one width of material for skirts, remembers a photograph of herself taken 50 years ago, in which she was wearing a skirt containing 10 widths of material. In that picture she was wearing a bonnet made for her by a woman who is still in the millinery business in Columbus.

Under new British eyesight test rules licenses to pilot mail steamers on the Atlantic are granted only to men who can distinguish red, white and green lights the size of a pin-head 12 feet away.

RESTIGOUCHE LUMBER CUT

This Year's Estimate is 65,000,000 Feet

The lumber cut for the coming season on the Restigouche river will amount in round figures to about 165,000,000 feet, according to approximate estimates furnished by an official of the Intercolonial railway, which has played an important part in the lumber development of this section of the province.

The Intercolonial railroad is now entering on its third year, and with each succeeding season of its operation the lumber business shows a material increase. Before the advent of the railroad lumbering operations in this part of the province were attended with more or less obstacles. The men and supplies used to be sent up the Restigouche in boats and scows a distance of perhaps fifty miles or more, and the cost of handling the operations was in consequence considerably greater. Now the International permits taking in the men and supplies from either Campbellton or St. Leonards, on the other end.

Much of the lumber in this northern section is being sent across the boundary line into the United States to be manufactured at the Van Buren mills. The Van Buren Lumber Co.,

which has been operating practically the year around at Van Buren, gets its supply on the International line, it being transported across the St. John river on the International bridge. The Shives Lumber Co. and the Richards Manufacturing Co., will cut about 35,000,000 each. The W. H. Miller Co., will cut 20,000,000.

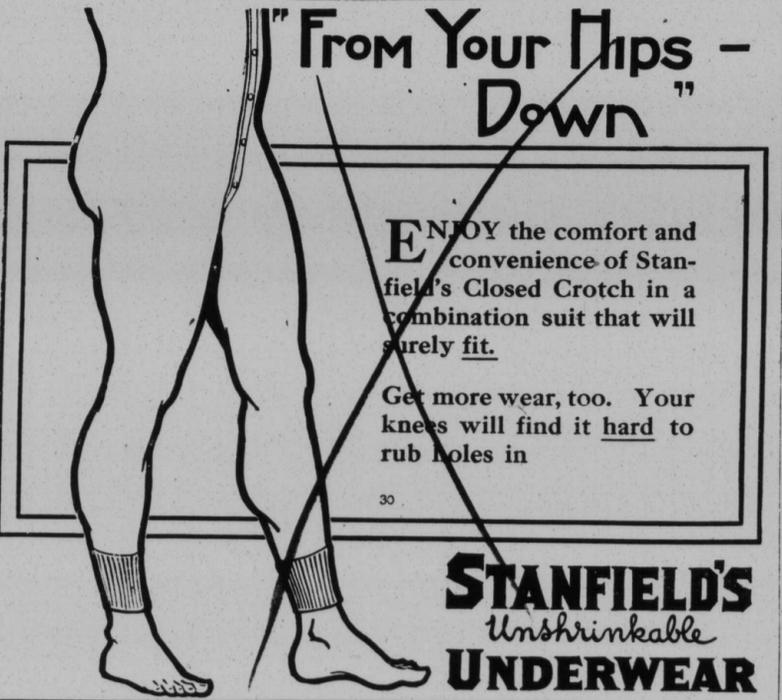
The Dalhousie Lumber Co., will cut 3,000,000. The Chaleur Bay mills, will cut in the vicinity of 25,000,000 feet. The B. A. Mowat Co plans to take out about 20,000,000 feet. The total of the above is about 165,000,000 feet, which, while not absolutely definite, is considered a careful estimate of the cut for this section.

Buy this over-tested flour

Your over will certainly produce more bread and better bread as a result of our oven test. From each shipment of wheat delivered at our mills we take a ten-pound sample. It is ground into flour. We bake bread from this flour. If this bread is high in quality and large in quantity we use the shipment of wheat from which it came. Otherwise, we sell it. The baking quality of flour sold under this name is therefore an exact certainty. Buy and benefit!

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry Too" 527

"From Your Hips - Down"



ENJOY the comfort and convenience of Stanfield's Closed Crotch in a combination suit that will surely fit.

Get more wear, too. Your knees will find it hard to rub holes in

STANFIELD'S Unshrinkable UNDERWEAR

FIT-REFORM



No Man Is So Particular About His Suit Or Overcoat As We Are

He can't afford to be so particular. He can't afford to spend the hours and days and years in studying styles—selecting patterns—choosing buttons and linings.

We can. It is our business and our business life.

We create, criticize, compare, in order that our styles, our work and our values will be beyond the criticism of the most particular man.

Let us show you some of the Suits and Overcoats that are fully up to the criterion of the most particular man. 840

FIT-REFORM

Russell & Morrison, Newcastle.

THE Union Advocate
ESTABLISHED 1867

Issued Wednesday. \$1.00 Per Year

The Union Advocate, the second oldest paper in the Maritime Provinces, is fast becoming the leading paper on the North Shore. We are constantly in receipt of letters from subscribers at a distance, showing their appreciation of our efforts to publish a real live up-to-date paper. Our subscription lists are increasing daily, new subscriptions coming in unsolicited.

As an advertising medium, The Advocate is firmly taking its place among the best. If you, Mr. Merchant, are not among the number who are using its columns, why not talk the matter over with our representative and select a good space while you have a chance. We are at your service any time you wish to consult us, and would only be too glad to quote you rates. You will probably want to use a space for the Christmas season, so now is your opportunity. A telephone call will bring our representative to your store in ten minutes.

Our Job Printing Department

There is a difference between plain Job Printing and the kind of Printing that draws business. At one time any kind of a printed letter-head or envelope would do so long as the work was done by a printer. Good paper and high priced ink, the customer did not know enough about to be fussy. It is not so now. The customer to-day figures these items into his contract for printing the same as he does the quality of the goods he purchases to carry on his business.

This is the class of customers who have their printing done at The Advocate Job Dept. Only the best lines of writing paper are kept in stock and the highest grade of inks used for all work. There is not a CHEAP line in our office, for experience has taught us to carry only the best and the most serviceable.

People who leave their order for printing with this office, have that inward feeling of assurance that they are going to get just the kind of a job they want. They do not speculate—they know, and they are never disappointed. We spare no pains to give our customers just what they want, and that is one reason why this office has gained the reputation it has for turning out the highest class of Job Printing only.

If you are not yet a customer, join our list and have your letter heads and envelopes, or whatever nature your work may be, printed in an artistic manner. It does not cost any more for good printing than it does for the cheaper kind, and a small order is given as good care as a large one.

We are now in a position to handle all kinds of

CATALOGUE PRINTING

and would be pleased to quote prices for this class of work at any time. We guarantee strict satisfaction in all cases.

Remember that this office is in better shape to handle your Printing than it has ever been before, due to the fact that only competent printers are employed and the most modern machinery used.

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Phone 23 Newcastle, N. B. Box 359.

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CASTORIA
The Proprietary of Patent Medicines Act
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Meacral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. J.C. WELLS
Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
For Simple Signature of
Chas. H. Sargeant
THE CENTAUR COMPANY
MONTREAL & NEW YORK
At 6 months old
35 DROPS = 35 CENTS
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Sargeant
In Use For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

I. R. C. TIME TABLE

The I. R. C. summer change of time which went into effect on Sunday, June 2, 1912, is as follows:

DEPARTURES—EAST

Night Freight, No. 40, 2.50
Local Express, No. 36, 10.45
Maritime Express, No. 34, 5.10
Ocean Limited, No. 200, 13.22

DEPARTURES—WEST

Night Freight, No. 39, 3.20
Local Express, No. 35, 14.10
Maritime Express, No. 33, 24.10
Ocean Limited, No. 139, 16.25

INDIAN TOWN BRANCH

Blackville, dep., 8.30
Renous, dep., 8.54
Millerton, dep., 9.29
Derby Jet, 9.50
Newcastle, arrive, 10.05
Newcastle, dep., 16.35
Millerton, dep., 17.10
Derby Jet, dep., 16.50
Renous, dep., 18.01
Blackville, arrive, 18.35

The day freight carries passengers and runs daily between Moncton and Campbellton, but has no stated time for arriving and departing at the different stations.

NEWCASTLE STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LTD.

TIME TABLE STR. "DOROTHY N" 1913

Commencing on April 25th, the Str. "Dorothy N." will run on the Red-Bank route, daily (Sundays excepted) calling at all intermediate points, as follows:—

Leave Newcastle for Redbank at 5.30 a. m., every Monday and will leave Redbank for Newcastle at 7.45 a. m., daily.

Leave Newcastle for Redbank every day at 3 p. m., except Saturdays when she will leave at 1.30 p. m., returning will leave Redbank for Millerton at 3.30 p. m.

Leave Millerton for Newcastle at 7 p. m., calling at all intermediate points. Returning leave Newcastle for Millerton at 9 p. m., returning to Newcastle same night.

Tuesdays will be excursion days from Redbank and intermediate points to Newcastle, return fare 35 cents.

Saturdays will be excursion days from Newcastle and intermediate points to Redbank and Millerton, return fare 35 cents.

Excursion tickets good for date of issue only.

Freight on Saturdays will be held over until early Monday morning trip.

Str. will be open for engagements for excursion parties every day, except Saturdays, from 10 a. m. until 2 p. m., and on evenings from 7 p. m.

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(Continued)

"Yet you cannot deny that you are fond of him, Avril."

"I have no wish to deny it. I think he is the most charming man I ever met. I only wish you thought so too; I can't help thinking that if you showed him a little more how much you cared for him, things might be better between you."

"This is all I get for having wasted all my time keeping the peace between you," she said evasively. But Doreen saw the strength of her position and took advantage of it as they sat side by side under the big copper beeches on the lawn.

Doreen thought of Farquharson's mission, and was silent. Avril's words brought up all the restlessness of the past days.

In these days Doreen was very tender with little Mouche. She surprised Avril by bursting into tears and saying:

"Avril, promise me, dear, that if anything ever happens to me, you will look after Mouche."

"Of course I will; but what on earth is going to happen to you? If you will only be quiet and sensible, things are sure to come right."

And in her heart she tried to hope that they would; but she did not know the episode of the "Groben" papers, nor of George Farquharson's journey to the Mediterranean.

Doreen had had a hurried line, telling her of his arrival at Speilza, and that he had not found Trefusis. "I will telegraph when I find him," he said, and at every bell Doreen started, every time a man or boy came up the avenue, she hoped, yet dreaded, to hear her fate.

"Doreen, what is the matter with you?" said Avril, at last, when she was in one of those softened, sympathizing moods, which made her so adorable, a mood in which she tried to chase away all disloyal thoughts, and to try and remember that Arthur belonged to Doreen, and that her mission in life was to try and bring them together.

"If you would only tell me, I might help you. Surely you know you can trust me. It is no good saying there is nothing the matter," as Doreen began to pretend, "I know there is."

"Well, I am nervous about what you told me the other day, about my being watched."

"Is there—is there anything they could ferret out?" asked Avril.

"Oh, don't ask!" Then quickly, "Of course, there is nothing really wrong, but, if these men want to earn money, there is no knowing what they may invent, is there?"

But Avril was sure that there was more than this, and at night, she would lay awake thinking it all over. What would be the end of it all? And to her it seemed a terrible alternative that her happiness and Arthur's should depend on the moral and social destruction of her friend, for she was very fond of Doreen.

"If only she would die," was the thought that arose in her mind once. A thought which made her recoil from herself, and creep out of bed, and throw herself on her knees and pray to God.

Then at last the telegram came.

"Seen him. Think it will be all right, cheer up."

There are some characters which joy and happiness make good, and when Doreen read the telegram she threw herself on her knees and rejoiced that if only it would be all right this time, never, never again would she do wrong.

But George Farquharson, although a good and straightforward man, was not intelligent. He had taken his chief pleasure in the different sense to that which it implied. Trefusis wasn't going to discuss his wife with his secretary, of whose action in coming straight to him he expressed his approval, but he would never, never forgive her. She had given him the opening he desired, and nothing on earth would make him close it. He did not tell Farquharson of the budding of papers in his cabin, all showing only too clearly that Doreen had been unfaithful to him. Had he done so, George Farquharson would have agreed with him. He only said: "We must see what can be done. It is very good of you to have come." And George Farquharson, who had expected a scene of wrath, took his passivity for a mute bowing to Kismet.

The same evening that Arthur Trefusis had seen George Farquharson, he wrote to Avril and to his lawyer. To the latter he gave instructions to institute divorce proceedings quickly, and with as little publicity as possible. To Avril he wrote—

"I suppose you have heard this outrageous story. I will not pretend that I am heartbroken. All I now want is the ordeal to be over as quickly as possible. All I beg of you is not to ask me to reconsider my decision. My mind is made up. Poor little Mouche, my heart bleeds for her."

The letter was signed, "Yours till death," so that Avril could not show it to Doreen and ask for an explanation. Thus it came about, that while Doreen regained her looks and spirits, and went about the house jubilant, Avril was enveloped in all the darkness of a terrible mystery, which she could not but be certain had Doreen for its heroine. It was therefore, perhaps, not surprising that she made no opposition when Doreen announced her departure.

"You have been so good to me, and I really must get back now to see to things."

Avril felt as if she were acting treacherously in not telling her of Arthur's letter, but she felt that it was impossible to show a letter signed as he had signed his, and of which the contents were so fraught with mystery. She had written to Arthur expressing her ignorance and asking for elucidation. The answer could not be expected for some days, even if he were still at the same place. Some instinct told Avril that he would not be long returning now.

Doreen's jubilation was short-lived. On her return home she found a letter from her husband's solicitors informing her that her husband was going to institute divorce proceedings, and mentioning points of evidence which she had thought no one knew but herself. Over the horror of her situation it is well to draw a veil. Paramount was her grief at the idea of parting with Mouche. Oh, it could not be, it could not be, that such untold horrors were coming upon her. What should she do with her life, she asked herself? She was only twenty-eight. She might live till seventy, forty-two years of solitude, of loneliness, of scorn, an outcast from society, childless and unloved. As she thought, she cried over her shattered life. She looked into the glass and could not help seeing that she was beautiful. "Beautiful, what for?" For whom? Even her lovers had deserted her. Oh, surely, surely, he would not be so cruel as to take Mouche away from her. Now that she was about to lose her, it seemed to her as if life without Mouche would be impossible. Of course, there are those who will say, "Why did she not think of this before?" Would there be any tragedies in life if its important acts were not actuated through impulse?

In these days, Doreen's letters to Avril were heart-rending, and in them she implored Avril to use her influence with Arthur, but Avril had received several letters from Trefusis and knew too well how useless it would be to try and turn Arthur from the decision. Every letter of his proved his only too clearly. It was characteristic of Avril, that now the crisis had come, she tried to put away all selfish thoughts and to do her best for her friend. She would not have been human if now and then there had not fitted across her, like the sudden bursting forth of the sun behind rain clouds, the realization of what it all might mean to her. She wanted to go to Doreen, but Mr. Chichester put his foot down.

"You've done all you can do for her my dear, and the house of a woman with a divorce case pending is not a fit place for you."

"Yet it seems rather a mean thing to do to leave her in the lurch just when she needs one most."

But Mr. Chichester was firm. "The gossip was getting about, and he and his wife were beginning to feel what they had often felt before, that if they were respectable, no one could call them far-seeing."

They each blamed the other a little bit for not having known more of Doreen before they allowed such an intimacy to spring up between her and Avril. They both regretted having had her to the house so recently, but they were both agreed that Avril was far too good for the friendship to have done her any harm.

One thing they had not forbidden Avril to do, and that was to write to her. In those days, Avril wrote very

kind letters to Doreen. There was something horrible to her in the idea that she was writing to comfort the wife of the man she longed to marry. Her letters sounded like an apology. "I feel such a brute," she wrote, "not being with you, when I know how lonely you must be and in such fearful trouble and anxiety. It must seem so cruel to you, but they have positively forbidden it. One thing, however, I promise you, I will do my best with Mr. Trefusis when he comes home, and what is more, if the worst comes to pass, oh, I do so trust it won't, I will always look after Mouche."

It was perhaps not quite true that she trusted the worst would not come to pass, but she tried to think so, and that was all that could be expected of her.

Of course the Chiches'ters were subject to a great deal of twitting on the part of their friends. Had they not had that Trefusis woman in their house quite lately? Was she not a great friend of Avril? How was it they had not heard of this and that? Why, all London knew it months ago. Everything that could be done to turn their acquaintance with Doreen into a burden was done. Then one evening, Avril, whose heart was too full, went to her mother's room and poured her heart out.

"There is one thing that I want you to promise me, mama, and that is, if anything happens, you will let us have Mouche, poor darling little Mouche, and kind, good-natured Mrs. Chichester said, "Yes, if only to comfort Avril."

"I can't help feeling as if I had come between them," said Avril, but Mrs. Chichester couldn't see that at all. If the silly woman could not keep straight with such a charming husband, and that delightful child, plenty of money, everything that a woman could wish for, what could be better or more suitable than that Avril should marry him.

"He has not asked me yet," laughed Avril, reassured a good deal by her mother's view of her position. For nothing on earth would she have shown his letter to her mother.

"But he will, dear, he will, and Mouche is so fond of you." Poor dear Mrs. Chichester, who had never dissected anything in her life, never anticipated, never regretted, never intrigued, never done anything but roll along with the present, saw nothing whatever abnormal in the fact of Avril's marrying a divorced man, or rather the husband of a divorced woman.

It was Avril who lay awake and wondered if it would be very wrong, and if she could ever get Doreen out of mind.

"I shall always feel as if I was in Doreen's place, as if I had ousted her."

"What has become of your pretty little friend?" asked Mr. Harding one day. He had admired Doreen a great deal while she was at Redlegh. She had seemed to him bright, and fresh, and innocent, and then Avril had told him the whole story. All except the position between herself and Arthur Trefusis. But Harding was no fool. He remembered the conversation they had had over Tom Jones' grave. Even then he had suspected something. Now he was positive. "I shall have to tell her the story," he said to himself.

"I suppose the husband'll marry again and the woman will go to the dogs," with a touch of irony.

"He has forgiven her so many times." Avril's voice was a little stern.

"No chance, I suppose, of the corespondent marrying her?"

"I believe he has gone to America. "Poor, wretched woman."

"You don't seem to think of the man," Avril spoke almost bitterly.

"Well, they float, don't they? It's the woman that goes to the bottom. There's a child too, isn't there? Poor little beggar."

Avril didn't feel quite comfortable as she thought of Mouche. She knew how devoted the child loved its mother. Something in Harding's voice and manner made her feel as if he were reproaching her. The next moment he proposed a ride. They had taken several together of late, much to the scandal of the neighbourhood, and "Poor, dear Mrs. Chichester" was pronounced worse than a fool, though with the exact epithet was that applied to her no one seemed to have pronounced or to be quite clear about, and Avril agreed joyously, for in those days she jumped at anything that diverted her thoughts from Doreen's letters and her longing for Trefusis.

CHAPTER XI

But on this particular morning, Harding had something particular to say to her. He was not a man who upheld many, or who disagreed with many. He felt strongly on very few subjects, and one was divorce, not in the least from principle, but simply because the pros and cons of the advisability of it had once been brought very forcibly before him. It seemed to him monstrous that a woman should be deprived of her children because she had ceased to care for her husband, or because, as is the case nine times out of ten, he

WOMAN IN TERRIBLE STATE

Finds Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cape Wolfe, Canada—"Last March I was a complete wreck. I had given up all hope of getting better or living any length of time, as I was such a sufferer from female troubles. But I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am in good health and have a pair of twin boys two months old and growing finely. I surprised doctors and neighbors for they all know what a wreck I was."

"Now I am healthy, happy and hearty, and owe it all to Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies. You may publish this letter if you like. I think if more women used your remedies they would have better health."—Mrs. J. T. COOK, Lot No. 7, Cape Wolfe, P. E. I., Canada.

Because your case is difficult one, and doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has remedied many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and it may be exactly what you need.

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WOMAN AND MOSES

really feels she belongs to the man while the other lives?"

Mr. Harding nodded.

"And with you it would be treachery towards the woman, because you have known her."

Avril was silent. Was he right? What God had joined could no man put asunder in soul and spirit, even if passion and love tried to throw its glamouring interweavings between them? Would she for ever see the face of Doreen—Doreen, lonely, desolate and ashamed, eating her heart out or going under completely, morally—rise between her and Arthur? Had they a right to drown a soul in order that they should float themselves peacefully down the river of life?

"And then to take a woman's child away. Is not the loneliness, the utter nakedness of the heart and spirit enough? Is it not to force a woman to sin from very thirst of forgetfulness when the one thing that might save her from utter destruction would be the presence of her child. Ah, how well I remember Muriel, when she saw a woman pressing a child to her bosom. She would turn upon me fiercely as if she would kill me."

"Give me my children; oh, bring me my children," she used to cry. I assure you I nearly went mad. Poor, poor Muriel," he added tenderly. "She never forgave me, and I have never forgiven myself."

It was a difficult conversation for a girl, yet Avril felt that she had outstripped childhood, that her very love for Arthur, her acquaintance with Doreen's life, had made her almost a matron, that the earnestness of their conversation did away with "squeamishness and reserve."

"Yet I suppose that if there was no some punishment for women who were—were unfaithful things would be worse than they are."

"Punishment, punishment, what has humanity to do with punishment? What right has it to punish humanity?"

"Yet I suppose no man would overlook a woman deserting him for another. No woman who really cared for a man could be unfaithful," pleaded Avril, speaking from the certainty of her own great love.

"Granted, granted, that things could never be the same again, they could live apart; perhaps; but what right has he to proclaim her shame to the world? Would he tell the world if she stole, if she broke the sabbath, if she committed murder, if she bore false-witness against her neighbour? Yet has God declared that the seventh commandment is a more important one than others? Is one to be met with more inflexible sternness than the others? All this is man's own argument. Oh, I went into the question thoroughly, I assure you, during these three years."

"Yet our Lord himself said men were to divorce their wives," pursued Avril, who could not let Arthur go without a struggle, albeit Harding's words had, as it were, torn away all self-assurance on the subject. Had she not read the verse night after night to try and reassure herself?

"I don't believe it," rejoined Harding, almost fiercely. "I can't believe it. I know the passage you mean. Heaven knows I read it often enough when I was with Muriel; but there are other verses too for those who believe in the Bible. There is St. Matthew, but there is also St. Luke, St. Mark, the Epistles, and twist it how you will, take the words of Christ in any sense you like, and I feel sure that they are meant in the widest sense; there is nothing anywhere that excuses either marrying again. Anyhow, it is not my business," he added abruptly, almost angrily, as they turned back. Manlike, he did not know to what extent he had wronged her heart.

"Would everyone think like him?" she asked herself. "Was he not known to be eccentric? Was it not because his personal experiences had been so exceptional that he dictated to the world from the pinnacle of his own sufferings?"

It was now that Avril realized what all the thinking world is beginning to realize, how utterly useless was the ritual of the Church or its ability to offer counsel or afford guidance. Yes, she was beginning to see now wherein lay the strength of the Roman Catholic Church, for it is only those who suffer who inquire into the wherefore of things. Hitherto, Avril's religion had been true and earnest, because untruffed and untried. Had anyone asked her if she believed in the Bible, or loved the Church of England, she would unhesitatingly have pronounced "Yes," adding, perhaps, a little surprise that anyone could think otherwise. But now she asked herself why there was no established law? The Romans had so clearly annulled all possibility of its mating with Christian principle. Yes, that is the pover of the Roman Church, that regardless of Truth it rides rough-shod over argument and inquiry, and where it scents doubt or want of understanding, plants a brazen serpent of its own upbuilding, that all who look on it may live, live by untrue dogma and human fleshed scepticism, rather than have an instant's time to search around for truth or to waver or mistrust. Yet in her perplexity anything seemed better to Avril than the free undefined unexplained tenets of a church that gropes with its congregations, seeking for a truth it has not grasped itself, still less dares impart. Slowly there

(To be Continued)

ROUND THE TOWN

News of St. Thomas College
We are pleased to publish in this issue news from St. Thomas College, Chatham. We hope our correspondent will continue to send us news throughout the college term.

MAID WANTED
General maid wanted. Apply to Mrs. Henry Ingram, Regent Street. 41-0

Duck Shooting
Weldon Robinson of Millerton, and a party of American sportsmen went down river this week duck shooting. The heavy rain storm will make shooting good.

To Wed To-Morrow
The wedding of Jean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Allan to Mr. Arthur Metcalfe, of Moncton, will be celebrated at the bride's home here to-morrow evening.

Unsuccessful Trip
Messrs. Horace Kethro, Wm. Sinclair and Herbert Estey, have returned from a hunting trip. They report having seen several small moose, but none worth taking. They got two deer and several partridges.

Will Have New Premises
The new addition being added to O'Brien's barber shop will be completed in a short time, and will be occupied as a drug store for E. J. Morris. Mr. Morris expects to move in about two weeks' time and will have a very cozy corner to carry on his steadily increasing business.

Young Men's Club
A young men's club of about twenty members was lately formed in the parish of Ludlow and Blissfield. The pastor, Rev. Henry Waterston, was appointed secretary-treasurer of the committee. The rooms are supplied with good literature, games and boxing gloves and the evenings will be spent very pleasantly.

Women's Auxiliary Branches
Branches of the Women's Auxiliary have been formed in different parishes lately by Mrs. Bate of Newcastle and Mrs. Sargeant of Nelson. The following ladies were elected presidents in their respective parishes: Ludlow, Miss Murphy; Carrolls, Mrs. Jessie Stewart; Boles-ton, Mrs. Joseph Samson; Doak-ton, Mrs. Everett Lyons.

Children's Day
Next Sunday will be observed throughout the Anglican Church in Canada as Children's Day. In connection therewith special services for children and parents will be held at St. Mark's Church, Nelson, on Sunday morning, eleven o'clock, and at St. Andrew's, Newcastle, at three in the afternoon.

Two New Advertisers
We are pleased to call the attention of our readers to two new advertisements appearing in this issue of the Advocate. The J. D. Creaghan Co., Ltd., who are too well known for further comment have taken up space and Mr. A. E. Shaw, druggist, who is also well and favorably known will use our columns to advertise his extensive business.

Surprise Party
A surprise party was held Friday night at the home of the Misses Louise and Muriel Atcheson. A programme of games was carried out and refreshments served. Among those present were Misses Ann Bell, Jessie Black, Annie Dickson, Hazel MacMaster, Helen MacMichael, Nan Nicholson, Dora Ross and Eulsh Stuart and Masters Harold Bate, Albert Clarke and Myron Nicholson, Aitken Ingram and Randall McLean.

Hotel to Change Hands
Mr. J. D. McAuley, owner and proprietor of the Union Hotel, has leased the house to Mrs. Rebecca Kain, who will take charge on October 27th. Mr. and Mrs. McAuley, who have been very successful in the hotel business, will spend the winter travelling, visiting their sons and daughters in different parts of the provinces and in the United States. During their hotel life here, which has been for about ten or fifteen years, they conducted a first-class temperance house, and their large number of patrons will be sorry to learn of their leaving.

Oyster stews at Johnston's Restaurant.
Thanksgiving Day
Monday, October 20th, being Thanksgiving Day, it will be generally observed as a holiday in town.

Crossing Needed
A crossing from the corner of A. H. McKay's store to the sidewalk on the opposite side would be much appreciated by pedestrians.

Quantity of Cement Lost
The high tides of yesterday played havoc with the work at the new bridge. 120 bags of cement were lost before anything could be done to save them.

Thanksgiving Service
There will be a Thanksgiving service in the Methodist Church on Sunday evening, Rev. Dr. Harrison will also conduct service at Protectionville in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Cut His Foot
Alex. Gouchy, while working at the Dominion Pulp Mill on Saturday, received a bad cut on the foot by his axe glancing from a stick he was chopping.

Returned Missionary
Rev. Gordon Pirih, a returned missionary from Trinidad, preached very acceptably to Douglstown and Nelson Presbyterian congregations on Sunday last.

High Tide
The heavy rains of the past few days caused such a high tide yesterday that the ferry was unable to make her afternoon trips. The Str. Miramichi only made one trip, and work ceased at the bridge, on account of the rain mixing in the concrete.

Pays to Advertise
An Oklahoma girl advertised for a husband and got him. The total expenses for advertising, wedding outfit and so forth, was \$11. He died within a year, leaving her a life insurance of \$11,000. And yet there are people who claim it does not pay to advertise.—Pattonsburg (Mo.) Call.

Died in Oldtown, Me.
Mrs. Michael Dunif has received word of the death of her brother Richard Phair, on Sept. 28th, in Oldtown, Me. He is survived by one brother John of this town, and four sisters, Mrs. Robert Fogar and Mrs. Michael Dunn, residing here, Mrs. Wm. Savoy, Legaceville, and Mrs. John Cassidy, Bangor, Me. The deceased young man was about 30 years of age, and his many friends will regret to learn of his death.

Birthday Party
A birthday party was given at the home of Mrs. A. E. Shaw on Saturday afternoon for Mrs. Shaw's nephew, Master Russell O'Donnell. About twenty young boys and girls spent a very enjoyable afternoon in games, songs and other amusements. Supper was daintily served the young folks at six o'clock after which a pleasant afternoon came to a close.

Harkin's Academy
The examinations at the Harkin's Academy on Friday, Oct. 10th, were as follows:—
Latin—Grade XI—Marion Rundell 88, Maud Hill 88, Gordon Brandt 87, Ruth Benson 83, Cecil McWilliam 72, Harold Miller 71, Eva Allison 70.
Grade IX—Nan Nicholson 92, Louise Atcheson 85, Muriel Atcheson 85, Wilbur MacArthur 79, Harold Bate 78, Charlie McLean 76.
Spelling—Alice Johnstone 84.

Respected Lady Dies
The death of Mary, wife of John Vatter, took place at her home in Douglstown Thursday evening, after an illness of some six months. Deceased was sixty years old, and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wasson of New Jersey, in this county. She was a much respected member of the community and a member of the Presbyterian church. She leaves her husband, her parents, a brother and sister—Samuel Wasson and Mrs. Peter Loggie, New Jersey, and the following children: Jane (Mrs. George Russell), of Russellville, Lawrence, Samuel, Wilmer and John, at home. Funeral took place Sunday afternoon, interment in St. Mark's cemetery, Douglstown.

If you want a good quick lunch, go to Allan Russell's Restaurant. 36-0

YOUNG LADY APPLIES TO BE STUDENT-AT-LAW

Miss Frances L. Fish, B. A., Begins Profession not Usual for Women—Law Examinations to Begin October 21

A large number will take the law examinations in this city October 21. The examinations for student-at-law which were postponed earlier in the year will begin on that day as well as those for attorney. Applicants for admission as students who hold the degree of Bachelor of Arts are admitted without examination and graduates of the King's College Law School, St. John, are admitted as attorneys without examinations.

The list of students presents an unusual feature as the most recent applicant is a lady, Miss Frances L. Fish, B. A., of Campbellton. Miss Fish is the first lady to apply for admission as student-at-law since Miss Mabel French of St. John, was admitted. If Miss Fish pursues successfully the required course of study she will not encounter the same difficulty as Miss French did in being admitted as an attorney as that difficulty has been removed by legislation. Miss Fish belongs to Newcastle and is a daughter of Mr. Chas. Fish, Contractor. She was graduated by the University of New Brunswick in 1910.—Fredericton Mail.

The Recent Rains
The heavy rains of the past few days have made the streets very bad.

Belongs to Fredericton
Jack McLean, one of the heroes of the world's series is a Fredericton boy, and the ball fans of that city certainly made some noise when the bulletins showed his great work.

W. C. T. U. Meeting
There will be a regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. at the home of Mrs. James Troy at 3.30 on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 21. Election of officers will take place and all members are requested to be present.

Elected Officers
At its regular meeting Saturday afternoon the Frances Atkinson Band of Hope, S. of T. elected following officers for ensuing quarter: President, Eulsh Stuart; Vice President, Maud Graham; Treasurer, Earl Petrie; Secretary, Wilma Petrie; Assistant Sec., Cecil O'Donnell; Guide, Mona Lindan; Conductor, Muriel Atcheson; organist, Helen McMichael.

Thanksgiving Day Excursion Fares
For Thanksgiving Day, Oct. 20th the Intercolonial Railway will issue round trip tickets at excursion fares. On the holiday tickets good for return the same day will be sold at first class one way fare. On Oct. 17, 18, 19 and 20 there will be an issue of one fare and one third between all stations good for return October 22nd. 42-21a

Mrs. Ernest Maltby
Word was received here on Monday of the death on the previous day of Mrs. Ernest Maltby at her home in Medicine Hat, Alberta. Deceased, who was Miss Maud Bryenton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Bryenton, of Bryenton, was 31 years old, and had suffered for about two years from tuberculosis. Her mother and one of her sisters were with her when the word came. Besides her husband and parents, deceased leaves three little girls—Frances, Marion and Della and the following brothers all in the west: Charles, Chester and Wallace; and sisters, Mrs. Allan Murray, Newcastle; Mrs. Clinton Parker, Derby; Mrs. Thomas Maltby, Newcastle; Miss Ida, Medicine Hat, and the Misses Lottie and Grace at home.

Attention Called
We call attention to the Johnson farm for sale Advt. on page 2 of this issue.

The meeting of the Provincial Premiers, which was to have been held at Ottawa on October 20th, has been postponed until October 27th.

The Stanley, N. B. fair of 1913 is proving a great success, and will go down as one of the most successful fairs this year.

COUGHING
Keep coughing that's one way. Stop coughing that's another. To stop the cough Weger's Cherry Pectoral. Sold for 10 years. Ask Your Doctor. Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Montreal, Canada.

OFFICIALS VISIT THE NEW BRIDGE

Foundation Co., Officials Make Inspection of New Bridge—Work Satisfactory

Messrs. F. Remington, President of the Foundation Co., Ltd., and John W. Doty, Vice-president and General Manager, of Montreal, were registered at the Hotel Miramichi this week.

These officials of the Foundation Co., arrived in Newcastle on Saturday night to make inspection of the work in connection with the new bridge. They are making a general inspection of the work being carried on throughout the Dominion, and left on the Ocean Limited Sunday for the Pacific coast.

While here they found the work very satisfactory and progressing favorably.

CHAMBERS WINS FAST FOOT RACE
St. John Man Carries off Honors—Oulton of Amherst Wins Bicycle Race

Chambers of St. John again demonstrated his ability as a runner by winning the Moose ten mile road race in 56 minutes at St. John last Wednesday, beating Rogers of Halifax by the tape by a yard. Oulton, of Amherst succeeded in winning the twenty mile bicycle race in 58 minutes and 40 seconds. The finish of this race was also close and exciting. Winchester of Charlottetown, crossing the line with his front wheel a scant three feet behind that of the winner's.

Chambers in winning the ten mile race was given a hard fight by Rogers, it being nip and tuck from the start, the others quickly finding their places and keeping them. When Chambers and Rogers went around the turn at the one mile house in the home stretch, it was a sprint all the way, both men showing signs of the gruelling struggle. As they neared the line, the crowd seeing the local men leading began to cheer, giving the winner a hearty reception. Rogers, who finished but a few paces behind, was also given an ovation. Yates of Halifax, captured third place with Holmes also of Halifax, fourth with MacElin and Thornton finishing fifth and sixth places respectively.

Past time was made in the bicycle race, and although the local boys were outclassed, they made a fair showing. Cochrane, of Bloomfield, finishing third.

THE YOUNG ADAMS COMPANY

Opera House, Newcastle, one sold week with Saturday afternoon matinee, commencing MONDAY OCTOBER 20TH, the largest and best stock company travelling. The people's popular favorites, H. Wilmot Young and Marjorie Adams and their excellent stock company, 20 people in a repertoire of all new plays and new vaudeville features this season, large and better than ever with twenty people in company and a car load of special scenery carried for productions. The opening play for Monday night will be that famous Russian drama in three acts, entitled, "Under the Bear's Paw," the first time ever seen here, a play once seen never to be forgotten, a drama that pleases both old and young. Miss Marjorie Adams will be seen in a beautiful part that suits the dainty little actress, that of Miss Bessie Gray and Mr. Wilmot Young will be seen in the character of Capt. Ivan Radloff. The supporting company this season is composed of capable actors and actresses. Gowans worn by Miss Marjorie Adams are the very latest styles. H. Wilmot Young has left no stone unturned to make this engagement one to be long remembered. The vaudeville alone will be worth more than the price of admission.

Mr. Young has gone the limit this year, six great acts will appear in addition to the plays of unusual merit. The three Gregorays have just returned from Europe where they made a big hit. They will appear each night. Bibby Parkinson, a singing comedian of renown. He is said to be very clever. Lazell and Hasbrook the dancing marvels, were engaged direct from the Keith Circuit.

Marie LeClair, a dainty soprano will be seen in new songs for the first time.

Al White, the whistling pianist will be welcomed back. Le Roy and Adams, the kings of laughter, are an act away by themselves and a big hit. Look these over, all new and some of the greatest vaudeville in the business. New plays, beautiful scenery and gorgeous costumes.

Marjie Adams has eight trunks of the latest design, this is of interest to the ladies. Miss Adams is conceded to be the most beautifully gowned actress travelling. Don't forget the dates—one week, starting Monday, October 20th. Prices 25, 35 and 50 cts.

Seats now on sale at Dickison & Troy

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Three Sizes: 1-4 pint 15c. 1-2 Pint 35c. 1 Pint 50c.

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Weather Strip

We have just received several hundred feet of Anti-Freeze Asbestos Weather Strip, in two sizes. We have used this for twelve years and can recommend it.

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which have been so well and favorably known for the last 50 years. If you buy an Organ, you do not get first quality until you buy a "Bell"

A man can make no better purchase to make home attractive than by buying a Bell or Gourlay Instrument.

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Crockeryware Sale

Odds and Ends of Crockeryware, some pieces that you may want to match will be sold regardless of cost. Don't miss this Sale as every article is a Bargain.

Sugar has taken a Drop. 20 lbs. Standard Granulated for \$1.00

SAUSAGES, HADDEE, KIBBERS, OYSTERS, CAPE COD CRANBERRIES, HAM AND BACON. RANKINE'S SULTANA AND CITRON CAKE. ROBINSON'S CELEBRATED BREAD DAILY.

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