

CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDERER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., MAY 10, 1888.

It is expected that Parliament will prorogue on the 18th inst.

The Philadelphia Times claims to have positive assurance that James G. Blaine will accept the Republican nomination if it is offered him.

The Vienna Political Correspondence says that Queen Victoria's visit to Berlin has had a marked effect in gaining German sympathy for England.

Premier Sullivan is at Ottawa endeavoring to get \$250,000 for Prince Edward Island as compensation for non-fulfillment of the terms of Confederation.

Senator Howland has offered to form a company to construct the subway between P. E. Island and the mainland and to connect the Island railway system with the Intercolonial upon receiving from the government \$250,000 a year.

At a meeting of the Cabinet last Saturday Sir John Macdonald was formally placed in charge of the departments administered by the late Mr. White. The premier will administer them until re-organization takes place.

The arrangement which went into effect on the first of May between Canada and the United States fixes a uniform rate of postage of one cent per ounce on all merchandise including grain, seeds, cuttings, bulbs and scions, and one cent per two ounces of printed matter.

The initial number of Progress, the new St. John weekly, made its appearance last Saturday, and if the succeeding numbers are equally good it is bound to be a success. Progress is entirely free from plate matter, and is filled with bright, racy articles, nearly all of which are original.

A Washington despatch of the 7th inst. says: "The senate have ratified the Chinese treaty. Senator Edmunds has reported the fisheries treaty adversely. Senator Morgan submitted a favorable minority report. Senator Edmunds gave notice that he would call up the treaty a week hence."

The Republican members of the foreign relations committee on the senate held a meeting Friday to hear the majority [adversely] report on the fisheries treaty prepared by Senator Edmunds. The report takes the ground that the treaty secures nothing of value to the United States, except what belongs to them by natural right. The treaty will probably be reported next week and taken up as soon as the Chinese treaty is disposed of.

In the British Commons Friday, Hon. W. H. Smith replying to Lord Charles Bessborough regarding the dangerous weakness of the army and navy, declared that either was inefficient. Still an inquiry into their condition was desirable, and therefore a commission would be appointed with Lord Harrington as president to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other and to the treasury; also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

In his budget speech Sir Charles Tupper, while illustrating the great increase of interprovincial trade, said: "The St. John cotton mills report an increase in sales of \$12,495 in 1887 over 1886, and total sales of \$616,622 in the first three years to the upper provinces. The Halifax cotton mills report total sales to the upper provinces in four years to the report of \$437,522."

Hon. George Foster, Minister of Marine, has brought down the bill amending the "act respecting the safety of ships." The object of the bill is to reduce the danger of life and property resulting from unseaworthy ships and overloading. The bill gives to the inspector of hulls full power to inspect vessels, to order their unloading if not properly laden and to prevent them from sailing if unseaworthy. If the owner or captain of any vessel does not agree to the decision of the hull inspector he may appeal to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, whose decision will be final. Any owner who knowingly sends unseaworthy or improperly laden vessels to sea so as to endanger life will be guilty of a misdemeanor. Masters will also be held responsible in this respect.

In the hope of strengthening Mr. Davies' hands in the Commons, the Grits of Prince Edward Island introduced into the Provincial Assembly last week a resolution in favor of Unrestricted Free Trade with the United States. An amendment was introduced by the Conservatives and carried by a vote of 16 to 10, which reads as follows: "That this House would regard with approval the establishment of reciprocal trade relations between Canada and the United States of America on the broadest basis consistent with the fiscal requirements of Canada, and its independence as a part of the British Empire, and would halt with satisfaction the adoption of measures tending to secure between all portions of the Empire more intimate and advantageous commercial intercourse than at present."

This is a well worded resolution and expresses most satisfactorily the desire of all who favor British and Canadian interests in preference to all other interests.—Empire.

The Hawke Case.

The leading topic of the Grit press now is denouncing the Supreme Court for fining and imprisoning the editor of the Transcript for contempt of court, in utter disregard of the facts of the case, and the attempt to treat the punishment as affecting the liberty of the press is characteristic of a party having no political object in view but office, no policy but obstruction, and no patriotism, but detraction of their country.

At present they use the punishment of a violent and unscrupulous editor as a text for abusing the Supreme Court, and characterizing the bench as so partisan as to be unworthy of confidence. A Grit, usually well informed on other matters, after reading the Grit press, believed that the petitioner in the Westmorland Election case been a Liberal Conservative, and Mr. Wood, the sitting member, a Grit, the decision of the Court would have been the reverse of what it was, and he hoped an action would be brought against the Sheriff of Westmorland by Mr. Hawke for false imprisonment in arresting and taking him to Fredericton as required to do by a Supreme Court act. Another was willing to march upon Fredericton and tear down the goal in which the martyr was confined and bring him triumphantly home. In fact, with a few extreme Grits, their prejudice so entirely obscures the little intelligence they possess, that they are incapable of reasoning on the matter, as if lunatics from their birth. The liberty of the press is a taking cry and if even the semblance of its being improperly restrained is suggested, the sympathy of the public is called to an account. But the liberty of the press does not mean an unbridled, unrestrained language which strikes at the foundations of society, or the right to attack or abuse any society or individual without reason, simply to satisfy malice, or to give expression to the phantasies of a wicked or disordered mind. If such were the liberty of the press it would be a curse instead of a blessing. But the press has no such liberty, and if it is exercised the parties guilty are amenable to the law. Would it be tolerated for an instant that the ravings of the Anarchists should be disseminated by the press over the length and breadth of the land? that dynamite and fire to destroy life and property should be advocated by the press and murder and robbery encouraged? Would not the Government at once suppress it? The Government now prevents the introduction of immoral books into the Dominion. Hence the liberty of the press is the right to print and publish matters which are not illegal. Since the year 1695, during the reign of William the third, when the censorship of the press was abolished, the liberty of the press is controlled by the general principles of law which govern all other matters. In a future number will be discussed Mr. Hawke's case.

The judges who are entrusted with the administration of the law in Pennsylvania are not afraid to use their authority. They carry out the law both in the spirit and the letter. They reject the applications of unworthy persons without hesitation, and we do not hear of their re-considering many of their decisions. There were granted in Pittsburgh last year 3002 licenses. This year only 485 persons have succeeded in obtaining licenses, 389 retail dealers and 96 wholesale. Under the new law all the rum holes have been suppressed. If the law is strictly enforced and the illegal sale of intoxicating drink prevented Pittsburgh will be greatly benefited by the change.—Montreal Star.

The British national defence bill, which the Government will offer in parts provides for facilitating the summoning of women and volunteers, and gives the Government precedence on railways for naval and military purposes, without being obliged to go to the extreme measure of taking possession of the road, and also empowers them to make requisition for horses and vehicles, for which the county court shall determine the recompense.

The high license bill, as passed to be endorsed by the Massachusetts senate, fixes the rate of license, at \$1000 for 1st class; \$500 for 2nd and 3rd classes each; \$200 for 4th class; \$150 for 5th class, and \$100 for 6th class. The senate amended the bill so that it shall go into effect on the 1st of July but inasmuch as licenses are issued on the 1st of May, the law will have no effect this year except upon licenses granted this year.

The erection of the Charlotte water works will commence shortly. The pipe is due from Scotland in a few days, and as soon as possible after its arrival the work of laying will begin. A large number of laborers and mechanics will be given employment, and a good deal of money will thus be put in circulation. The indications are that the coming summer will be a lively one.

Owing to light winter snow and spring rain, logging operations in the southern part of New Brunswick are in a bad state. Streets driving is impossible. Boatwick & Co. have four millions hung up at Point Wolfe. The Whites of Sussex have seven millions hung up at Apple River, N. B., and have closed down their mill.

The Grits are thankful for small mercies. In the recent by-elections they have retained three seats which they held before, and a mighty cry of exultation goes up to heaven. Just imagine their jubilation if they should win a seat from the Government.

The Bradlaugh Oath Bill.

The fact that the Oath bill introduced by Mr. Bradlaugh has passed its second reading in the British House of Commons by a majority of one hundred is significant of the change that is gradually coming over the minds of the British public in reference to matters which were supposed to be unalterably fixed. It is now eight years since Mr. Bradlaugh came before the House as the newly elected member for Northampton and asked permission to make affirmation instead of taking the oath, not because he had any conscientious scruples, but because he disapproved of oath-taking. The permission was not given, and afterwards, when Mr. Bradlaugh expressed his willingness to take the oath, objection was made and a majority of the House decided that he should not then take the oath which he had once refused. Mr. Bradlaugh then became exceedingly anxious to swear, and expressed his willingness to conform to every rule that was binding on a member of Parliament, but the Speaker refused to grant his request and communicated to him the decision of the House.

In the colonization committee today Mr. Bradlaugh presented a bill, reported by Mr. Wilson of Elgin, and other medical men, made a vigorous attack on the policy of allowing Mrs. Birt and others to bring out English waifs and street arabs to this country, on account of being large numbers of the children of paupers. General Laurier defended the movement and argued that the evils resulting from the case mentioned were in significant compared with the advantage to the country from such an immigration. The House was occupied all the evening with estimates of the agricultural department. The only important change was the dropping of the grant to the Dominion exhibition. There will therefore be no grant this year. On May 5.—The House spent all day in supply, passing estimates of departments of agriculture and militia. Replying to Mr. Laurier today Sir John said the unsold lands of the O. P. Co., amounted to four thousand acres in the province of Quebec and the amount due on land sold \$1,252,000. Ottawa, May 7.—In the House today Hon. Mr. Thompson introduced a bill providing that elections in the Northwest be held the same day as in the other provinces. In answer to Mr. Davies, Sir Charles Tupper said the total amount advanced by the Government to the harbor commission of Quebec amounted to three and a quarter million dollars. Mr. Cameron, Sir Hector Laugren said the Government could not state positively what they would do in reference to a subsidy to the Inverness and Richmond Railway, but so far the promoters of the enterprise had failed to show that they were worthy of the aid they carry it out to successful completion. The balance of the afternoon was spent in discussing private orders. Pinkney Green, of New York, and Col. Snow and W. B. Ross, of Halifax, are being reported to Line matters. Nervin Green and Erastus Wiman are expected. The militia estimates makes provision for the purchase of new ordnance for the Sydney battery to the amount of three thousand dollars. An amendment moved by Sir Charles Tupper to amend the bill to amend the Scotch Act. Mr. Haggart moved an amendment proposing to permit physicians, chemists, or druggists to sell medical preparations containing alcohol. An amendment moved by Sir Charles Tupper to amend the bill to amend the Scotch Act. Mr. Haggart moved an amendment proposing to permit physicians, chemists, or druggists to sell medical preparations containing alcohol. An amendment moved by Sir Charles Tupper to amend the bill to amend the Scotch Act. Mr. Haggart moved an amendment proposing to permit physicians, chemists, or druggists to sell medical preparations containing alcohol.

PERSONAL. —William Montell, aged 105 years, died at Gagetown a few days ago. —Rev. Joseph Hogg, of Moncton, N. B., will be given a call to St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, of Winnipeg. —Prof. Charles G. D. Roberts has an article entitled "Pastoral Elegies" in the current number of the Princeton Review. —Sir Leonard Tilley completed his seventieth year on Tuesday. If good wishes prevail he will enjoy many added years and honors. —M. W. Fuller, a Chicago lawyer, and a native of Augusta, Maine, has been appointed Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, vice Waite deceased. —The Governor General and Lady Lansdowne are visiting Toronto. An elaborate programme has been prepared for their entertainment while they remain in the city. —Rev. W. B. Hinson fainted at the close of the service in the Moncton Baptist Church last Sunday morning. Two doctors were speedily called, but he remained unconscious about ten minutes. —H. B. Tingley, son of Mr. Obed Tingley, of Point de Bute, has been appointed assistant physician and Surgeon of the Baltimore University Hospital at Baltimore. This is said to be the first instance of the position being filled by an undergraduate. —Sir Charles Libon Bright is dead. He was one of the projectors of the first transatlantic cable and the engineer in chief of the expedition which carried out that project, and was prominently identified with the extension of submarine telegraphs throughout the world. —William Prepper, convicted at Halifax of the murder of Peter Doyle last fall, will not be sentenced until the next term of the supreme court of Nova Scotia, which meets in October. Sentence was deferred because of legal objections against the trial having been raised by Prepper's counsel. —The late Hon. Thomas White left three sons and seven daughters, the eldest of whom is Robert S. White, editor of the Montreal Gazette. Only one of the daughters is married. It is stated that Mr. White's life was insured for \$20,000, and that the estate will have \$3500 a year from Government bonds.

—George T. Baird, Esq., M. P. P. of Victoria, has returned home from a trip to Georgia. The Sentinel says that Mr. Baird was not very favorably impressed with the character of the country, but was struck forcibly by the evidences of poverty which he saw; he returned homeward even better satisfied with New Brunswick than when he started for his trip. —Says the Charlotte town Herald: Official information has been received that Joseph Unsworth, Esq., has been appointed superintendent of the Prince Edward Island railway. Mr. Unsworth has for many years been connected with the Island railway as mechanical superintendent, and lately, during the long illness of the late Mr. Coleman, as acting superintendent. In each of those positions he has proved himself a capable, obliging and painstaking official, as well as a genial and courteous gentleman.

—The Winnipeg Sun says: "Mr. Hawke charged drunkenness against one or more of the New Brunswick judges. He was not allowed to attempt to prove his charges. The ground was simply taken by the judges that he had no right to criticize; that, in fact, they were infallible and above newspaper criticism." This statement is copied in the Transcript without comment or correction. And yet Mr. Hawke poses as the champion of truth and liberty, and says he was imprisoned because he dared to tell the truth.

—A heavy frost, Wednesday night, did damage to farm truck in Norfolk, V., said to be from \$500,000 to \$750,000. At Stanton, heavy frosts during the week killed the pear, plum and damson crops and greatly damaged the peach crop. The forward wheat on the river bottoms is severely injured.

—A fight is going on in St. John between the wholesale and retail liquor trade and the mayor. A number of prominent dealers have been refused licenses and the trade is becoming paralyzed. The courts are to be appealed to as to the constitutionality of the mayor's action in the premises.

—The Club is the name of a newspaper published at Antigonish. The Club is rather small at present, but is no doubt capable of striking a heavy blow if occasion requires.

PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, May 2.—Hon. Mr. Thompson introduced a bill to amend the banking act, including distilleries among those who can use warehouse certificates for deposit. He also introduced a bill amending the supreme and exchequer court act extending the right of appeal in British Columbia and the Northwest territories. The House then proceeded to the consideration of Government bills, and passed the act amending the elections act through its final stage after a long debate over an amendment proposed by the opposition to compel by-elections to be held within a given time after a seat becomes vacant. The bill providing penalties for advertising or negotiating to sell or purchase counterfeit money was also read a second time. Just before recess the house went into committee to consider the Ottawa bill ratifying the fisheries treaty passed the senate yesterday and the bill incorporating the Nova Scotia Telephone company passed the senate to-day without amendment.

In the colonization committee today Mr. Bradlaugh presented a bill, reported by Mr. Wilson of Elgin, and other medical men, made a vigorous attack on the policy of allowing Mrs. Birt and others to bring out English waifs and street arabs to this country, on account of being large numbers of the children of paupers. General Laurier defended the movement and argued that the evils resulting from the case mentioned were in significant compared with the advantage to the country from such an immigration. The House was occupied all the evening with estimates of the agricultural department. The only important change was the dropping of the grant to the Dominion exhibition. There will therefore be no grant this year. On May 5.—The House spent all day in supply, passing estimates of departments of agriculture and militia. Replying to Mr. Laurier today Sir John said the unsold lands of the O. P. Co., amounted to four thousand acres in the province of Quebec and the amount due on land sold \$1,252,000. Ottawa, May 7.—In the House today Hon. Mr. Thompson introduced a bill providing that elections in the Northwest be held the same day as in the other provinces. In answer to Mr. Davies, Sir Charles Tupper said the total amount advanced by the Government to the harbor commission of Quebec amounted to three and a quarter million dollars. Mr. Cameron, Sir Hector Laugren said the Government could not state positively what they would do in reference to a subsidy to the Inverness and Richmond Railway, but so far the promoters of the enterprise had failed to show that they were worthy of the aid they carry it out to successful completion. The balance of the afternoon was spent in discussing private orders. Pinkney Green, of New York, and Col. Snow and W. B. Ross, of Halifax, are being reported to Line matters. Nervin Green and Erastus Wiman are expected. The militia estimates makes provision for the purchase of new ordnance for the Sydney battery to the amount of three thousand dollars. An amendment moved by Sir Charles Tupper to amend the bill to amend the Scotch Act. Mr. Haggart moved an amendment proposing to permit physicians, chemists, or druggists to sell medical preparations containing alcohol. An amendment moved by Sir Charles Tupper to amend the bill to amend the Scotch Act. Mr. Haggart moved an amendment proposing to permit physicians, chemists, or druggists to sell medical preparations containing alcohol.

—The Governor General and Lady Lansdowne are visiting Toronto. An elaborate programme has been prepared for their entertainment while they remain in the city. —Rev. W. B. Hinson fainted at the close of the service in the Moncton Baptist Church last Sunday morning. Two doctors were speedily called, but he remained unconscious about ten minutes. —H. B. Tingley, son of Mr. Obed Tingley, of Point de Bute, has been appointed assistant physician and Surgeon of the Baltimore University Hospital at Baltimore. This is said to be the first instance of the position being filled by an undergraduate. —Sir Charles Libon Bright is dead. He was one of the projectors of the first transatlantic cable and the engineer in chief of the expedition which carried out that project, and was prominently identified with the extension of submarine telegraphs throughout the world. —William Prepper, convicted at Halifax of the murder of Peter Doyle last fall, will not be sentenced until the next term of the supreme court of Nova Scotia, which meets in October. Sentence was deferred because of legal objections against the trial having been raised by Prepper's counsel. —The late Hon. Thomas White left three sons and seven daughters, the eldest of whom is Robert S. White, editor of the Montreal Gazette. Only one of the daughters is married. It is stated that Mr. White's life was insured for \$20,000, and that the estate will have \$3500 a year from Government bonds.

—George T. Baird, Esq., M. P. P. of Victoria, has returned home from a trip to Georgia. The Sentinel says that Mr. Baird was not very favorably impressed with the character of the country, but was struck forcibly by the evidences of poverty which he saw; he returned homeward even better satisfied with New Brunswick than when he started for his trip. —Says the Charlotte town Herald: Official information has been received that Joseph Unsworth, Esq., has been appointed superintendent of the Prince Edward Island railway. Mr. Unsworth has for many years been connected with the Island railway as mechanical superintendent, and lately, during the long illness of the late Mr. Coleman, as acting superintendent. In each of those positions he has proved himself a capable, obliging and painstaking official, as well as a genial and courteous gentleman.

—The Winnipeg Sun says: "Mr. Hawke charged drunkenness against one or more of the New Brunswick judges. He was not allowed to attempt to prove his charges. The ground was simply taken by the judges that he had no right to criticize; that, in fact, they were infallible and above newspaper criticism." This statement is copied in the Transcript without comment or correction. And yet Mr. Hawke poses as the champion of truth and liberty, and says he was imprisoned because he dared to tell the truth.

—A heavy frost, Wednesday night, did damage to farm truck in Norfolk, V., said to be from \$500,000 to \$750,000. At Stanton, heavy frosts during the week killed the pear, plum and damson crops and greatly damaged the peach crop. The forward wheat on the river bottoms is severely injured.

—A fight is going on in St. John between the wholesale and retail liquor trade and the mayor. A number of prominent dealers have been refused licenses and the trade is becoming paralyzed. The courts are to be appealed to as to the constitutionality of the mayor's action in the premises.

—The Club is the name of a newspaper published at Antigonish. The Club is rather small at present, but is no doubt capable of striking a heavy blow if occasion requires.

Amherst.

Gaspereaux have put in an appearance in the La Planche River and the heart of the fisherman is made glad. Work has been commencing on our new Court House men, and teams being now engaged digging the cellar and carting away the dirt.

The Amherst Cricket Club has bought from W. F. Cutten Esq. a portion of the "Morse property" for a cricket field. The price is said to be \$2,500.

On Friday last Mr. Amos Purdy, post-master here, assigned for the benefit of his creditors. It is not known what the liabilities are but probably they will reach \$10,000 or \$12,000. W. F. Cutten is assigned.

Quite a number of visitors have been in Amherst during the last few weeks. Within the last few days Judge Townshend, Col. C. J. Stewart and Col. Clerke, private secretary to Lieut. Governor Ritchie, all of Halifax, were in town.

House cleaning has begun. Women busy and men mad moving stoves and the et-ceteras. There was some years ago "a stove moving" in Amherst that made the men glad instead of mad; but that was in the good old days of "Scott's Act," since which times and people have changed.

Archbishop O'Brien, of Halifax, was here last week endeavoring to settle the difficulty about the site for the new Catholic Church. A few of the members of the congregation want the church built at or near the cemetery where it was 50 years ago, which is about 1/2 of a mile out, while by far the largest number want it erected where the church now is. As yet no definite decision has been given, but probably the majority will prevail.

Having by gifts and subscriptions raised the necessary fund—about \$4,000—to make their extensive improvements, the Methodists are about commencing operations to enlarge their church. Mr. D. Palmer, architect, of Halifax, has been here preparing plans, &c., and when finished it is said the Methodist Church of Amherst with its transept and chancel will be one of the handsomest churches in the Province of Nova Scotia. Rev. W. H. Hovey, an energetic man and fine preacher is the popular pastor of the church.

At the last sitting of the County Court a prominent member of the Baptist Church had a suit with a brother of the same denomination. Defendant offered money and been paid to plaintiff which had never been credited. This was denied under oath. After consideration, Judge Morse decided in plaintiff's favor. Defendant feeling aggrieved brought the matter up in church and proffered a change against his brother minister. The ecclesiastical court sifted the matter and fully exonerated the plaintiff, and by so doing decided defendant was in the wrong. Perjury somewhere, and where is it? County Court and Baptist Committee have decided not on plaintiff's side. Then where is it? —Dorchester.

S. Leslie Chapman has moved into the store in Landry's building lately occupied by B. A. Chapman. A number of the ladies and gentlemen of Dorchester attended Mrs. Scott Siddons' performance at Moncton.

Mr. John Smith is clearing up the ruin of the old A. L. Palmer place, preparatory to building a new residence.

At the last convocation of the University of Dalhousie, S. Roy Campbell, Jr., son of the rector of Dorchester, took the degree of L. S. B.

About forty gentlemen sat down to a farewell supper in honor of Mr. J. E. Turnbull on Tuesday evening. Speeches and toasts were frequent and hearty. Mr. Turnbull takes with him the good wishes of the people of Dorchester.

On Tuesday evening, a social gathering, given by Miss J. Godfrey, in connection with Trinity Church guild, was held in the Church School room. A most enjoyable evening was spent by a very marked feature of the entertainment being the uncommon excellence of the musical selections that were prepared by the committee. After partaking of refreshments, giving three cheers for the hostess, and singing the National Anthem, the company separated.

New Advertisements.

MAY 3, 1888.

We are opening this week a very complete Assortment of

NEW DRY GOODS,

Which, with our Regular Stock, makes one of the

Largest & Most Varied Stocks

of

DRY GOODS

EVER SHOWN HERE.

Before purchasing call and see our New Black Dress Goods, Black and Col'd Cashmeres, Cold Dress Goods, Fancy Check Dress Goods, —Gingham, Seersuckers, Prints, Satteens, White Goods, Swiss Check Mullins, Lawns, Hamburgs, Allover Laces, Allover Embroidery, and an endless variety of Trimmings, Fancy Goods and Small Wares.

4 doz. Trimmed Hats,

Handsome and Cheap.

Black and Col'd Hats, Sun Hats, Children's Hats, with an extensive Stock of Silk, Satins and Fancy Trimmings, Sunshades, Fans, etc., etc.

J. L. BLACK.

Carpets. Carpets.

WE HAVE IN STOCK:

50 Pieces Carpets,

In Brussels, Tapestry, All-Wool, Union, Felt and Hemp.

Floor Oil Carpets,

1/2, 1, 1 1/2, 1 3/4, and 2 Yards Wide.

FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES.

J. L. BLACK.

Seeds! Seeds!

NOW IN STORE:

100 Bush. Choice Timothy Seed,

Alsike, Western Red, Large Late Red, and White Clover Seeds.

Choice variety of Garden Seeds, Fresh and True.

J. L. BLACK.

WALL PAPER!

NOW IN STORE:

5000 ROLLS OF WALL PAPER,

From 4c. per Roll upwards; over 90 Patterns to select from.

250 Figured Paper Blinds,

2 Rolls Green Paper for Blinds; Paper Bordering, &c.

J. L. BLACK.

APRIL 4th, 1888.

ENGLISH GOODS

Per British Queen direct from London:

60 Half-Chests Tea,

10 Cases Ginger,

8 Cases Coleman's Mustard,

4 Cases Coleman's Starch.

—We make TEA a specialty.

Wholesale and Retail.

J. L. BLACK.

Tailoring Department.

We have this week received our new Spring Stock of

CLOTHS,

CONSISTING OF

Black and Blue Corkeraws, Bl'k Diagonals, Black and Mixed Worsteeds, Fancy Tweeds, Trouserings, Vestings, &c., &c., &c.

Which we are prepared to have made up in Latest and most Fashionable Styles.

First Class Tailor. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

J. L. BLACK.

HATS! HATS!

JUST OPENED:

New Stock Hats for Spring,

English and American Stiff Hats, English and American Soft Hats.

In Black, Brown, Nutria and Grey.

Tweed Helmets, Silk Caps, &c.

J. L. BLACK.

FLOUR

125 Bbls. White Granite, Fall Roller

125 do Gold Oat, do

125 do White Eagle, do

—A heavy frost, Wednesday night, did damage to farm truck in Norfolk, V., said to be from \$500,000 to \$750,000. At Stanton, heavy frosts during the week killed the pear, plum and damson crops and greatly damaged the peach crop. The forward wheat on the river bottoms is severely injured.

J. L. BLACK.

Carriage Builders Stock

IN WOOD STOCK WE HAVE

30 sets Sarven Wheels,

100 sets Bent Rims, 1 to 1 1/2 in.,

60 sets Spokes, 1 to 1 1/2 in.,

10 dozen Pairs Bent Shafts,

40 sets Hubs,

A FULL STOCK OF

Iron H. P. Axles, Steel H. P. Axles, Heavy Axles, Springs (all styles), and Gen'l Carriage Hardware.

J. L. BLACK.

New Advertisements.

Grand Concert.

The Weber Male Quartette, OF BOSTON,

ASSISTED BY

Miss Clara D. Hunt,

The Talented Soprano Soloist,

Will give one of their famous Entertainments in

LINGLEY HALL,

SACKVILLE, N. B.

Tuesday Evening, May 15,

At 7.30 Standard Time.

GENERAL ADMISSION, 35 CENTS.

NOTICE.

I will offer for sale at Public Auction on

Wednesday Next, 16th May,

At 2 o'clock P. M.,

MY HOMESTEAD,

Adjoining Lands of Mr. Hugh Fawcett, comprising 9 1/2 acres of Land in a high state of cultivation. A never-failing well of good water. Good Gardens, Fruit Trees, &c. It is a Choice Building Site. Terms made known the day of sale.

P. R. MOORE.

