



SAINT JOHN, N. B., APRIL 21, 1873

EVERITT & BUTLER, WHOLESALE

Dry Goods Merchants and General Clothiers,

Full Lines of a Most ATTRACTIVE STOCK IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

55 and 57 King Street.

DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST, Office Union St., Near Germain.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

JAMES D. O'NEILL, MANUFACTURER OF

OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!

Women's, Misses and Children's BOOTS and SHOES.

FACTORY, No. 55 UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

SPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS, and UNION GREY FLANNELS

Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds

FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.

J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

BARNES & CO., GREY COTTON.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

OUR, Groceries & LIQUORS.

J. E. DUNHAM, ARCHITECT.

Rooms, 1 and 2 Bayard's Building,

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

Gents' Furnishing Goods

ROBERT MARSHALL, Fire, Life & Marine Insurance Agent

NOTARY PUBLIC, ST. JOHN, N. B.

MOORE'S Sign Painting ESTABLISHMENT,

47 Germain Street,

Victoria Dining Saloon,

No. 8 Germain Street,

JUST RECEIVED, and now serving up

P. E. Island and Buatoche Bar OYSTERS!

United States Hotel,

FRONTING ON KING SQUARE.

DR. J. BREEN, Graduate of Georgetown Medical College.

FOR A FASHIONABLE HAT!

DUNN BROS.

78 King Street.

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART, EDITOR.

TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 29, 1873.

The Salisbury Steam Tanning Company and its Patent Difficulty.

Last Tuesday THE TRIBUNE published

an item of local news, a brief account

of a row that had occurred at a meeting

of the stockholders of the Salisbury Steam Tanning Company,

where the promoter of the Company, a leading merchant,

had been called hard names because he acknowledged

having had a secret interest in a patent that had been purchased by

the Company. We published this as an ordinary news item,

stating distinctly that it was only one side of the story,

and refraining from a single word of comment. It never occurred

to us to suppose that the gentlemen of high standing

and influence, as our practice is to give the news, no matter to whom it relates,

nor who is affected, or appears to be affected, injuriously,

our columns being always open to explanations from any one

who deems himself wronged by the information supplied us. We should

expect to be surprised by all parties interested on both sides, if we suppressed

the news of their difficulty, simply because gentlemen of high standing

and influence are concerned. The next paragraph as "sensational,"

and proceeded to give precisely the same account of the cause of the trouble

between Messrs. Cushing and the other stockholders, elaborating it and giving

a few more particulars of the agreement. Now the News, after taking

a week to form its opinion, declares our paragraph, which it dignifies with the name of "article," as "exceedingly derogatory,"

"a scandal," etc., and then gives essentially the same account of the trouble as we have given. But here is what the News says:

An article exceedingly derogatory to the character of a firm of long and high standing in this community appeared in the Evening Tribune of Tuesday last,

which on Saturday evening was endorsed by an article in the form of a legal opinion, and called for some notice on the part of the accused in order that the public might not take offence at the truth of the scandal. We have therefore procured a copy of the agreement between the parties forming the Salisbury Steam Tanning Company,

Messrs. Amos Cushing & Co. having made a large sum of money out of the company by paying \$15,000 to Mr. Woodruff for his patent, and obtaining \$80,000 from them therefor, the contract is directly between the parties, and no money whatever has been paid for the patent, as we learn that the whole amount was swallowed up in the erection of works for carrying on the business of tanning leather, and the services of Messrs. Cushing, who had an understanding with Woodruff that he should be remunerated for their services in working up the Company, but that was a part of the business matter, and not to themselves, which in no way involved the Company's affairs, and is not a part of the full operation of the business, and thus far has yielded no advantage to them. The agreement is a very clear and satisfactory statement of the whole affair, but as the agreement is published below appear to be sufficient refutation of the slander, we deem it sufficient to place the charges affecting the character and standing of Messrs. Cushing before the public, and should any legal question be involved, the public will, no doubt, prefer that a competent tribunal should decide, rather than form its opinion from a party statement.

The agreement between Woodruff and Amos Cushing & Co. Duff & Co. is as follows: "The Company, giving Woodruff \$80,000 stock as payment for his patent, if the same be declared legal, or \$50,000 if the same be not found legal. We give the News's statement, as above, as a curious specimen of the practice of denouncing a statement and then serving up the same truth in a diluted form. We stated that Messrs. Cushing were charged with having a half interest (\$15,000) in the price received by Woodruff from the Company. The News refers to this "exceedingly derogatory" statement, "a scandal," by saying that "Messrs. Cushing acknowledged having had an understanding with Woodruff that he should be remunerated for their services in working up the Company." Isn't this the precise statement made in THE TRIBUNE, namely, that Messrs. Cushing had a private understanding with Woodruff for a share of the proceeds of the patent? In the same paragraph the News has contrived to condemn a transaction as a "scandal," and to commend it as a "perfectly legitimate business matter." The News also charges us with having published "an article in the form of a legal opinion" endorsing the paragraph of Tuesday. We never did anything of the kind. We published the change in consequence of the feeling against the Messrs. Cushing, the raising of more capital by the Company, the resolution to obtain a tanner from abroad, Woodruff's legal opinions obtained by the Company, but did not give one word of comment, as we believed that, as a legal question was involved, the public would, no doubt, prefer that a competent tribunal should pass upon it rather than form its opinion from a party statement. We left the News to be expressed by the News, and the News has expressed them with a vengeance. We simply published the news, as we got it, leaving the public and the courts to decide on the business and legal aspects of the case. Wouldn't it be better for our contemporaries, after denouncing our versions of matters as "sensational," "scandalous," etc., to give different versions of the same, and not state the same things in an altered form? We are modest, and yet we cannot help expressing the opinion that, if any gentleman deemed himself unfairly treated in our report of this affair, he would have saved his explanation from being so grievously bungled by having brought it to this office. We will take pleasure in publishing the "very clear and satisfactory statement of the whole affair" that Mr. Cushing furnished to the News—publish it without bumping comments or comments of any kind. THE TRIBUNE had no motive whatever in publishing a report of the Company's difficulty except a desire to give the news. The matter was talked about in the streets, every other man having a different version of the difficulty, and we would have appeared to be a fair statement, without comment. We afterwards published the opinions of certain lawyers, as the law of the matter as interpreted by them, and have been and are ready to publish the opinions of lawyers on either side of the case. Our columns are wide open for the publication, without money and without price, of any statement from Messrs. Cushing or anybody else interested. Our position is exactly this: We desire to give the news of the day, fairly and correctly, without bias against any one, and will not suppress information that may appear to reflect on personal friends. We leave the commercial community to decide on the fairness of a commercial transaction, and we leave the Courts to decide on it. We will not suppress reports of public matters that are torn talk because leading and honorable business men happen to be interested parties. If gentlemen will only understand this, once for all, they will see the foolishness of attributing the publication of news paragraphs to any desire to injure or misrepresent them in any way whatever. We take it for granted that the arrangement made by the Messrs. Cushing with Woodruff—no matter whether it be called an interest in the patent, or a remuneration for working up the Company, or commission on sales—was regarded by them as a perfectly legitimate business transaction, and a perfectly legal one. That was their opinion. The other stockholders did not deem it fit, and acted accordingly. Certain and have not deemed it legal, and expressed themselves accordingly. The action of the stockholders and the opinions of the lawyers we published, as we had a perfect right to do, as news that belonged to our readers, and as a man has a right to be displeased at it. If there was anything wrong in our reports, we will publish corrections. If there are legal opinions in opposition to those published, we will freely give them place.

Westminster Circuit Court

DORCHESTER, 28th July.

Wilson, Sr. vs. Tower. Was finished Saturday afternoon, after having occupied the Court for three days. The jury after three hours failed to agree, whereupon the Judge charged strongly for the plaintiff. This case which has occupied so much time, was caused by each party claiming a small piece of land about two feet wide and north perhaps \$2.00. The lawyers will probably settle the matter by taking the farms to pay their costs, and thus leave their pugacious clients at naught to quarrel over.

His Honor advised the parties to settle, and not come into court again as he thought "the play was hardly worth the candle." Court adjourned until 12 o'clock Monday. It is thought that only one more case will be tried, viz: Curry vs. the Bank of British North America, in which Judge Allen is interested in the case as well as the parties live in St. John and other places at a distance, it will not likely come before Wednesday.

It is after that it is His Honor's intention to adjourn the court until the 8th of November, and then to clear of the docket.

A Starring Dramatic Company.

MONROE, July 28.

"The Fanny Herring Dramatic Company" are on a tour through the principal towns on the E. & N. A. Railway between St. John and Halifax.

They performed at Moncton on Thursday evening at Dunlop's Hall to a house of about two hundred persons, among the number being a dozen or more ladies. The latter portion of the audience did not appreciate the entertainment. On Friday evening the same company gave a similar "show" in the same hall to upwards of 120 persons. The ladies who were present left the hall ere the programme was half disposed of. The quality of the entertainment and the style of the actors were not such as the Monctonians are accustomed to patronize. On Saturday evening this company performed in Smith's Hall, Shediac, to a limited audience. They were to "exhibit" again in the same building on Monday evening. At Shediac the want of harmony was fully demonstrated in "Grattan's Inn," on Sunday evening where one member of the company (a male) had an altercation with another member (a female) and since that time the factory has been in active operation. At first it was Messrs. Parks' intention to commence the manufacture of cotton cloth, but seeing a large opening for warps, they dropped the cloth until the present season, and devoted themselves entirely to warps. The result is that they now supply a very large portion of Canada, and are in a position to supply all demands, and to extend their manufactory in other directions. Previous to Confederation it was rather uphill work, the market in

THE NEW BRUNSWICK COTTON MILLS.

How Cotton Cloth is Manufactured—The Machines in use—Fifty-two Looms in Operation—The Growth of the Demand for Warps, etc.

A very interesting process is the manufacture of cotton, as seen at Messrs. Parks & Son's Cotton Factory, near the Valley Church. From the time the cotton is taken in its raw state until it is turned out either manufactured into yarn or cloth, all the various changes it goes through are well worth observing. Nothing shows more thoroughly the perfection to which machinery is brought and how labor is saved by its adoption. The cotton in its raw state, as brought from the Southern States in bales, is first placed in large machines which consist of a succession of rollers. In passing through these machines any foreign matter is cleaned from the cotton, and it comes out in a large web on a roller. These rollers are then placed in the carding machines, and the cotton passes through until it comes out in rolls about an inch in diameter, soft and white, which are packed in long round boxes. These boxes are moved to another machine, which the cotton passes through, being made by the process finer and firmer and arranged in skeins, packed in bundles, and from Parks & Son's celebrated warps, which are known throughout Canada, and which are most successfully stopping the importation of warps from other countries. The various processes of packing are all interesting and worthy of examination. The carpet warps—a comparatively new industry—and for which during this summer there has been quite a large demand, are also packed and arranged in this room.

The finer numbers for the spinning jennies are used for the work of the cotton cloth manufactured at the factory, and are immediately above the spinning room, and is transferred to large reels. These reels, to the number of three hundred, are placed in a large frame, and the thread from each passes through a very fine eye, and is wound on a large frame. By this process the number of threads required for the warp of the cotton are arranged together. This of course depends on the width and quality of cotton to be manufactured. The greatest skill is required in the process, as a thread breaking and not again fastened would make a difference in the value of the web of cotton. An experienced Lancashire operator has charge of this machine, which is one of the most delicate and interesting in the establishment. In this room the filling is spun, in a peculiar machine, which by moving backward and forward spins and places the cotton on the proper size bobbins, which when full, are about 4 inches in length and one 1/2 diameter, and are all ready to be placed in the shuttles in the looms. These are then taken up by the men, each of which there are five hundred bobbins being wound and spun at once. The thread, thus prepared, is then carried to the weaving room, where other processes are required before the work commences. The warp must first be stretched, afterwards dried, and then the threads rolled on large rollers, which are placed in the loom, and then the weaving commences. The looms are then the work passes through, the shuttles fly back and forth, each time leaving a thread of filling, and the web of cotton comes out in a roll at one end of the loom. There are in this room at present fifty-two looms in operation, though the works only commenced a few weeks ago. The looms are attended by girls, a smart one being able to tend four looms at once, and earn good wages. The cloth turned out by Messrs. Parks looks well, and is pronounced by judges to be fully equal to any other of English or American manufacture. It is smooth, the thread is well twisted, presents a very nice appearance, and is very free from the black specks that are found in much of the English cotton. The reason of this is, in a great measure, that only the best quality of Southern cotton is used, and, as a consequence, the best looking and much the more durable cloth must be made.

It is a new enterprise, and it is hoped that the same measure of success that has attended the enterprising firm in their yarn department will follow them in this. The scene in this room and throughout the whole establishment is lively. The betting and wheels flying round, the various machines moving, the operators stirring round, all presenting a scene of life and animation. In some of the rooms the din and noise prevents all conversation, in others the machinery is moving so easily and quietly that almost a whisper can be heard.

There are other parts of the building as interesting as those we have described. The motive power of the whole establishment is a steam engine of one hundred horse power.

It is just twelve years, last Friday, since Mr. Parks arrived in St. John with his lot of machinery from England, and since that time the factory has been in active operation. At first it was Messrs. Parks' intention to commence the manufacture of cotton cloth, but seeing a large opening for warps, they dropped the cloth until the present season, and devoted themselves entirely to warps. The result is that they now supply a very large portion of Canada, and are in a position to supply all demands, and to extend their manufactory in other directions. Previous to Confederation it was rather uphill work, the market in

Markets.

July 29th, 1873.

[Corrected weekly for THE TRIBUNE.]

Hay, per ton.....\$12.00 a \$14.00

Sheepskins..... 35 a 40

Beans, per bushel..... 2.00 a 2.80

Buckwheat, Grey..... 2.20 a 2.75

Yellow..... 1.90 a 2.00

Flour, Am. Extra State..... 6.50 a 6.75

Canada Superfine..... 6.85 a 7.10

Choice..... 7.25 a 8.00

Extra..... 8.25 a 8.40

Cornmeal..... 6.50 a 6.75

Potatoes, Kidney per bush..... 2.00 a 2.20

Potatoes, per bush..... 1.50 a 2.00

Potatoes, (new)..... 2.00

Butter, Hols, per lb..... 24 a 25

Butter, packed..... 18 a 21

Strawberries, per pall..... 80 a 1.00

Lard..... 12 a 14

Eggs, per dozen..... 17 a 19

Oats, (P.E.L.)..... 48 a 50

Oats, (P.E.L.)..... 50 a 55

Cheese, Dairy, per lb..... 12 a 14

Beef..... 7 a 10

Pork..... 5 a 9

Lamb..... 10 a 12

Feet..... 10 a 12

Butter, per lb..... 18 a 20

Beef, per lb..... 60 a 70

Turkey..... 80 a 1.00

Green Peas..... 1.30 a 1.50

Beans..... 1.80 a 2.00

Carrots..... 40 a 50

Hams and Shoulders, green, per lb..... 9 a 10

Hams and Shoulders, smoked, per lb..... 12 a 15

Hides, per lb..... 6 a 7

Flax, per lb..... 5 a 10

Wool, per lb..... 25 a 30

Wool, per pair..... 25 a 30



### Steamboat.

1873.

#### FOUR TRIPS A WEEK.

International Steamship Comp'y.

#### SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Wednesday, July 2nd, the STEAMER "ROTHESAY" will leave for London, Liverpool, and other ports, every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday morning at 8 o'clock, for London, Liverpool, and other ports, connecting at Liverpool with the "Rothsay" for St. Andrew's, Glasgow, and other ports.

### PEOPLE'S LINE.

Fredricton, Woodstock, Tobique and Grand Falls.

On and after Monday, May 19th, a boat of this line will leave for Woodstock, Tobique, Grand Falls, and other ports, every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday morning at 8 o'clock, for Woodstock, Tobique, Grand Falls, and other ports.

### Railway.

#### Intercolonial Railway.

1873--Summer Arrangement--1873.

COMMENCING ON MONDAY, 26th May, 1873.

Through Passenger Express will leave Halifax at 7:30 a.m., and be due in St. John at 8:30 a.m. This train will stop at Woodville, Grand Falls, and other ports.

### Coal.

Block House Mine COAL.

This is the best New Mine Coal for House use that comes to this market.

For sale low while lasting.

T. McEvity & Sons, 101 Water Street.

### A BRIDGE DISASTER.

Details of the Accident--Activity among the Railway Officials.

Just before the time for the departure from this city of the night train for St. John, on Saturday evening, word was received that the Milford bridge had been blown over and an engine, which had afterwards attempted to cross the bridge, had fallen into the chasm.

### FOREIGN FIRE PROSPECTUS.

#### NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO. Y.

London and Aberdeen.

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1836.

Fire Assurance of Every Description ON MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

### Business Cards.

#### T. C. GEDDES,

CUSTOMS BROKER.

Forwarding & Commission Agent.

POINT DU CHENE, N. B.

### CLEMENTS' LINE.

Yarmouth and Boston Steam Navigation Company.

Line of Steamers between New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and other ports.

### Windsor and Annapolis Railway.

Freights for Kentville, Wolfville, Windsor, and other ports.

### Block House Mine COAL.

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### Goods Just Landed.

100 Cases of Goods.

For sale low while lasting.

### Bay View Hotel.

Price William Street.

WILLIAM WILSON, Proprietor.

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