St. John Chronicle.

"COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE."

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THE ST. JOHN CHRONICLE,

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Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamentally Horbills, Blanks, and Printing generally neatly executed.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the discretion of the publisher.

☞ Terms—12s. 6d., if paid within the year, 15s. if not paid until after expiration of the year. Any person paying 10s. in advance will receive a copy for one year.

All letters, Orders, Communications, &c., must be post-paid, and addressed to

WILLIAM DURANT,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

☞ Archibald M'Allister, is an authorized Agent for the *Chronicle* at Gagetown, and vicinity.

Stephen Wiggins, is an authorized Agent for Grand Lake.

Joseph B. Perkins, Esq., is an authorized agent for Petersville, (Q. C.)

☞ The *Chronicle* is filed, and may be seen free of charge at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 244 Strand, London. Professor Holloway is duly empowered to receive all monies due our establishment in London, and whose receipts will be regarded by us as valid.

Mutual Insurance Company.

JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER, Esqr., *President.*

Directors—J. W. LAWRENCE, S. K. FOSTER, C. H. EVERETT, JOHN ANDERSON. *Solicitor*—J. M. ROBINSON, Esq. *Secretary*—ISAAC WOODWARD, Esquire.

☞ Applications for Insurance against Fire to be made at the office of the Secretary, Wiggins' Brick Building, Princess-street. May 23.

CHARLES W. WELDON,
Attorney at Law & Notary Public
OFFICE—Over Messrs. Kanne, Sturdee & Co Prince William-street, St. John, N. B
May 28, 1852.

MR. W.
Attorney and
HAS REMOVED to the Office lately occupied by Charles Watters, Esquire, in Messrs Deveber's building, Prince William Street.
August 22, 1856.

GEORGE WHITMAN,
Auctioneer, Commission Merchant.
AND DEALER IN DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.
CLEMENTSPORT, N. S.

WILLIAM WEDDERBURN,
Attorney **and Counsellor at Law,**
—OFFICE—
No. 13, NORTH SIDE OF PRINCESS STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

WILLIAM H. LESTER,
GROCER and Provision DEALER,
CORNER PRINCESS AND CHARLOTTE STREETS.
Goods sent to all parts of the City free of charge.
September 12, 1855.

EAGLE FOUNDRY,
Steam Engine and Machine Shop.
SAINT DAVID AND ALMON STREETS,
Near Messrs. W. & R. Wright's Ship Yard
Courtenay Bay.

ALWAYS on hand at the the above Establishment, Patent and Common WINDLASSES for Vessels of all sizes; Capstan Heads; Sheeve-and, Rollers; Bushes; Pump Chambers; Cambooses; Ploughs; Truck and Barrow Wheels; Waggon Boxes; Oven and Furnace Mouths; Treenail Machines.

The Subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business, solicits a continuance of the same, and would further add, that having served a regular apprenticeship to the Engineering and Millwright business in Great Britain, and having practised the same the last thirty years, continues to manufacture at the above Establishment all kinds of

STEAM ENGINES.

High and low Pressure, For Boats, Saw, or Grist Mills, and for Propelling any kind of machinery.—Steam Engine Boilers for Marine or Land purposes made and repaired; all kinds of Machinery repaired; IRON and BRASS CASTING made to order; BRASS AND IRON TURNING; Blacksmith Work of all kinds executed promptly and on favorable terms. ☞ As cheap or cheaper than any other Establishment in the Province.☜

JOHN SMITH,
St. John, December 1, 1855. ENGINEER.

New Books.

THE GENIUS OF CHRISTIANITY, by Viscount deChateaubriand;
ST. JOHN'S MANUAL; a Guide to the Public Worship and Services of the Catholic Church;
A Vindication of Italy and the Papal States, from the Dublin Review;
John Mitchell's Great Lecture on Thomas Devin Reilly, delivered in the Tabernacle, N. York;
Hendrick Conscience's Tales, complete;
Nos. 1 to 4 of the Complete Works of Gerald Griffin—to be completed in 30 numbers;
Luck is Everything, by W. H. Maxwell;
Charles Lever's Works, 4 vols., octavo, cloth;
Love after Marriage by Caroline Lee Hentz;
The Border Rover by Emerson Bennett;
The Rats of the Seine, by Paul Preston;
The Doomed Ship, by Harry Hazel;
Dow's Patent Sermons, new edition;
Reynolds' Complete Works;
Historical Magazine, and Notes and Queries for May, 1s.;
Harper, Putnam, the Youths, Household Words New York National, Waverley, and Black wood for May;
The Testimony of the Rocks, by Hugh Miller.
☞ Latest "New York Ledger," &c.
May 8. B. O'BRIEN.

SAINT JOHN HOTEL.

ENTRANCE FROM CHARLOTTE STREET

THE Subscriber begs to return thanks to the Public for the very handsome support he has received since opening the ST. JOHN HOTEL, and would respectfully inform his numerous patrons, that having refitted and renovated this well known building, and being determined to keep it in a style not inferior to what it attained in former days, he is now prepared to receive BOARDERS, both permanent and transient, who will receive all the care and attention that can be desired. He would therefore invite travellers to favour him with a call.

☞ BOARD FIVE SHILLINGS PER DAY.

☞ Gentlemen travelling with their own Horses will find good Stabling and attentive hostlers.

W. H. SECORD,
St. John, August 7. Proprietor.

CLOTH CAPS, various styles, qualities and prices, at Wholesale and Retail.
C. D. EVERETT & SON,
Jan. 29. 13 King-street

"Saint John Hat Building,"
82, KING STREET.

JUST RECEIVED by the subscriber, in good order, per the schooner "Mary Jane," "Wren," "Trident," "Caroline," and "Catherine Brown," the following Goods, which he will sell wholesale and retail at moderate rates:—

20 chests superior Breakfast Souchong TEA;
4 boxes Tomato Ketchup; 3 barrels Beans;
260 lbs Ground Pepper; 3 boxes ground Pimento;
12300 do. green Java Coffee; 1 bag whole do.
10 Blubbers Scotch Snuff; 3 boxes Yeast Powder;
1 case Olive Oil; 3 boxes Cream of Tartar;
2 bbls Lemon Syrup; 1 do Sperm Candles
2 casks Trails Saleratus; 4 reams Letter Paper
3 cases American Matches;
30 reams Straw Wrapping Paper;
10 do Crown do do;
4 reams Foolscap Paper; 18 doz Lead Pencils;
5 doz Carpenter's Pencils;
3000 buff, straw, and White Envelopes;
10 gross Leather-headed Tacks;
300 papers Carpet do; 3 bbls Dried Apples;
50 lbs. Cut do; 1011 Cocoa Nuts;
5 barrels Porter's Burning Fluid;
5 doz Whip Handles; 2 gross Fluid Wicking;
3 doz Raw Hide Whips; 1 bales Candle do;
5 boxes Ground Ginger; 2 bales Cotton Batting;
10 " Harper's Diamond 10s. Tobacco, a superior article;
3 " Wine Sap do.; ½ Lumps do., extra quality for chewing;
6 dozen Washboards; 12 doz. Corn Brooms;
2 doz Corn Brushes; 1 do. Patent do;
10 boxes Clothes Pins, No. 1;
1 doz Mincing Trays; 3 doz setts Measures;
10 Children's Willow Basket Carriages, new varieties;
4 gross patent spring'd Clothes Pins;
2 doz Wooden Spoons; 2 doz Butter Ladles;
2 doz Wooden Faucetts; 3 doz Alicant Watts;
5 boxes Sullivan's Blacking.

—IN STORE—

60 drums Fresh Figs; 3 Puncheons Alcohol
2 casks pale and brown Sherry Wine;
1 " Port do;
4 hhds Hollands Gin; 1 pun. Scotch Whiskey;
5 pipes Hennessey's Brandy;
6 cases sparkling Champagne;
3 cases Old Jamaica Rum;
3 hhds Nova Scotia Cider;
10 quintals No. 1 Codfish;
1½ Tons Oatmeal;
250 lbs. No. 1 Starch;

ORANGES and LEMONS;

Bed Cords, Clothes Lines, Shoe and Scrubbing Brushes, Nuts, Castor Oil, London Pickles, Chocolate, Broma, Corn Starch, Tripoli, Digby Herrings, Bird Cages, Citron Peel, together with a general assortment of Groceries too numerous for enumeration.

Hourly expected—5 tierces RICE.
may 15 ROBERT STEWART.

A CARD.

WE would direct the attention of the public to the large variety of HATS and CAPS now on Sale at

HALL'S HAT STORE, 41, King-street.

The largest and doubtless, the best assorted stock in this City; we can only notice a few of the leading articles, viz.

GENTS' DRESS HATS,

In Black Velvet, Satin, Moleskin, and Silk, Drab Beaver, Felt, Silk, and Angola,—English, French, and American make,—every style and quality.

SOFT FELT HATS.

Kossuth, Hungarian, Julian, Magyar, Webster, Senator, Rockland, and Panama styles; Men's and Boys, plain and fancy trimed.

STRAW GOODS.

Panama, Leghorn, Tuscan, Canton, Pedall, Black and White Italian and Senatt, Braids; for Men Boys and Girls,—various trimed.

CLOTH CAPS,

In every style, colour, and quality.

CHILDRENS' HATS & CAPS.

In every Variety of Material and Trimming.

LADIES' RIDING HATS,

In Beaver, Felt, Straw, &c.

GLAZED HATS.

India Rubber, Lawn covered, Painted, Alma, and Patent.

We recommend all who want good fair value for their money to call at

D. H. HALL'S, HAT STORE,
July 10. 41, King street.

DOMESTIC versus FOREIGN.

WE have on hand over 500 of the most approved Railroad BARROW WHEELS, of Domestic Manufacture, and warranted to be of the best material, which (with the different descriptions of Barrow Wheels suitable for any purpose, manufactured by us) will be sold for less than similar articles can be imported for.

HARRIS & ALLAN.
August 7. 17, Water street.

4 CASKS Olive OIL, 300 gallons;
8 bbls. TALLOW, 2,000 lbs.;

LONDON OAKUM.—10 tons London Oakum, on sale low.

One Wood Stock ANCHOR.—For sale by
August 7. JOHN WALKER.

Oysters. Oysters.

4 BBLS. Prime Shediae OYSTERS, which will be served up in any style required.
Also—MEALS and LUNCHEONS served up at the *shortest notice*—Day an Evening—at
JAMES KENNY'S,
Sept. 26 Eating House, Water-street

PER "JOHN DUNCAN."—5,000 FIRE BRICKS. For sale by
FRAS. CLEMENTSON,
Sept. 25. 29, Dock-street.

GENTS, SHAWLS.—The Subscriber has received an assortment of Gentlemen's SHAWLS, of superior quality to those usually imported. Also, Gents' MUFFLERS, for sale at reasonable prices, by D. H. HALL,
Nov. 14. 41, King-street.

Livery Stable,
KING STREET, CARLETON

THE Subscriber in calling the attention of the inhabitants of Saint John and vicinity to his new LIVERY STABLES, begs leave to state that he has fitted up at considerable expense, and is now prepared to furnish parties with Horses and VEHICLES, which for speed and comfort will prove satisfactory.

As the road is good and the country very inviting at this season of the year, parties would not regret taking a drive. Charges very moderate.

JAMES E. HAMM.
August 1, 1857. 3m.

GIN.—Now Landing ex Ship "Arthur White," 20 Hhds. GIN, 50 Gallons each, and 50 Cases And daily expected per Brig "Victor" from Charante:

6 Hhds. BRANDY, and 100 Cases.

—IN BOND—

20 Pipes, Hhds., and Qr. Casks Pale and Dark BRANDY;
10 Puncheons WHISKY, Cameron Bridge;
30 Pipes and Hhds. GIN;
50 Hhds. and Qr. Casks Port and SHERRY WINE;
10 Puns. ALCOHOL For Sale low by
May 29. JOHN KIRK.

BUFFALO ROBES.—A fresh supply received per Steamer *Admiral*, and for sale by
D. H. HALL,
dec. 19. 4, King Street.

NOTICE.

SEASONED PINE, LUMBER of every description, large and small, SCANTLING, REFUSE BOARDS, and DEALS, LATHS and PICKETS. For Sale at No 1 Lumber Yard Jeffery's Hill.
FROST & CO.
St. John, May 12, 1853.

No. 40, Germain-Street.

JAMES LUPTON,
Tailor and Draper,

WOULD invite the attention of his friends and customers to his present Stock of Goods, which has been completed by recent arrivals per ships *John Duncan, Middleton, and Courier*, consisting of West of England CLOTHS, FUR BEAVERS, VELVET CLOTHS, FANCY BEAVERS, WHITE AND EXTRA PRIME CLOTHS; WAISTCOATINGS, in Berlin, Silk and Velvets TROUSERINGS in endless variety.—these goods he can recommend as being superior to any yet seen in this Market, and in making them up no care shall be spared to sustain the preference he has hitherto received.

To the Officers of H. M. Army.

J. L. would beg to state that having been for years employed in the CUTTING DEPARTMENT of *HART'S Military Tailors*, 26 Pall Mall, he is prepared to execute in a superior style all orders with which he may be entrusted.

St. John, Oct. 31, 1856.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
Fire and Life Insurance Company

Established in 1836—Empowered by Special Acts of Parliament.

CHIEF OFFICE—37, Castle Street, Liverpool, 20 & 21 Poultry, London.

THOMAS BROCKLEBANK, Esq., *Chairman*;
J. C. EWART, Esq., M. P., and F. HAYWOOD Esq., *Deputy Chairmen*; SWINTON BOULT, Esq *Secretary*.

BRANCH OFFICES AND AGENCIES.

Europe—Manchester, Hamburgh, Lisbon, Stockholm. *United States*—New York, New Orleans Boston, Philadelphia, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, San Francisco. *British America*—Montreal Halifax, N. S., Saint John, N. B., Saint Johns, N. F. *South America*—Rio de Janeiro. Valparaiso Demerara. *Australia*—Sydney, Victoria, Adelaide Swan River. *New Zealand*—Lyttleton, Wellington, Auckland. *Tasmania*—Hobart Town, Launcester *East Indies*—Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon Cadras, Manilla. *China*—Canton, Hong Kong hanghai.

Capital, Two Millions Sterling.

Paid up Resources, £719,251 15 8, Sterling.
CONDITION——UNLIMITED LIABILITY.
Fire Premiums Received in 1855, £186,271 16 11, Sterling
Business—Insurance against Loss or damage by FIRE, on every description of Property.
Losses paid promptly on proof of claim.
NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH: Office 98, Prince William Street, St. John.
(No Charge for Policy.)
April 25. EDWARD ALLISON, *Agent.*

And for Sale.

300 BOLTS Bleached Gourock CANVAS, assorted;
100 Bolts Extra all long Flax, ditto;
100 do. Gourock Boiled ditto;
75 Coils BOLT ROPE;
82 do. POINT LINE;
1700 three-thread SAIL TWINE.

JOHN ROOP,
Wishart's Buildings, Johnston's Slips. Wharf.
July 10.

—IN STORE—

350 QUINTALS CODFISH;
75 do. do. HAD DOCK;
6 whole and 50 half-barrels prime SHAD;
10 chests Congo TEA; 30 pieces Grind-stones from 15 in. to 45 in.; 20 bs. Gibb'd Herrings
10 boxes PIPES; 5 do. Pepper Sauce; 20 dozen Bushel BASKETS, 1 brl. Rum Colouring, Am.;
1 pun. Cammeltun WHISKEY; 1 pun. J. RUM;
3 puns. Am. RUM; Port and Sherry WINE; 1 pipe Cognac BRANDY; 1 do. H. GIN; and a general assortment of good GROCERIES.

—*In Bond (at Walker's)*—

5 puns. ALCOHOL—for sale at lowest Market Rates JOHN MARVEN.

Phœnix Livery STABLE.

THE Subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the Premises occupied by himself in Charlotte street, (two or three doors north of the country market) and begs to acquaint the public that he has on hand TO LET a number of the best trained HORSES ever offered to the public for kindness, speed and durability together with CARTOLLS, BUGGIES, WAGGONS AND SADDLES, or in any style to suit customers.

The public may rely on being well accommodated and no imposition.

☞ *HORSES bought sold, or Exchanged.*

WM. GABRIEL.
St. John, January, 1857.

LIVERPOOL OAKUM.—Landing ex "John Duncan"—5 Tons Liverpool OAKUM. For Sale by JOHN WALKER,
May 22. Ward-street

MACINTOSH
Reversible Rubber Coats!

GOT up expressly for London Retail trade, in Silk and Alpaca. The same article that gave so much satisfaction to my customers in 1854—Patronised by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, Judges of the Supreme Court, &c. &c.

August 7. THOS. R. JONES.

HAY RAKES.—100 Dozen HAY RAKES, of superior quality, for sale at 10s. and 12s. 6d. per dozen.

August 7. THOMAS C. EVERITT.

FOR Sale at No. 168, Prince William Street,—BEST CUMBERLAND BUTTER.

August 7. WILLIAM PARKS.

FOR Sale at No. 168, Prince William Street,—200 CHEESE from Clarke's Dairy.

August 7. WILLIAM PARKS.

FOR Sale at No. 168, Prince William Street,—BEST ISLAY MALT.

WILLIAM PARKS.
St. John, August 7, 1857.

JUST PUBLISHED—A new Editon of Lennie's English GRAMMAR, strongly bound in linen. Price 5s. 6d. per dozen.

June 5. B. O'BRIEN.

Per "Bendigo."

FIRE BRICKS—10,000—For Sale by,
FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
Sept. 25.

Per "Bordieu."

FIRST FALL IMPORTATION of EARTHENWARE; WINDOW GLASS 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, MILK PANS and *Butter Crocks*, white inside.

F. CLEMENTSON.
Sept. 25. 29 Dock Street, St. John.

HOLLANDS.

LANDING ex "Ann Rankine" from London,—150 packages GENEVA, Anchor Brand, which will be sold at 4s. per gallon in Bond from Wharf.
THOS. PARKS,
October 24. 28, Dock-street.

G. M. BURNS
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT
No. 26 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.
March 20, 1857

Joshua Tallant,

IN returning thanks to his numerous friends and the public, for the liberal patronage he has received, for the last six years he has been in the BOOT and SHOE BUSINESS, desires to inform them that he has changed his Establishment, and is now prepared to furnish all articles in his line particularly Waterproof BOOTS, at as low prices as can be found in the City, at his stand, Parish of Portland, near St. Luke's Church.

May, 1856.

A MEDICAL REVOLUTION!

THE WORLD UNANIMOUS.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

THE GREAT COUNTER IRRITANT!

The virus of disease often makes its way to the internal organs through the pores of the skin. This penetrating Ointment, acting under the hand as it is rubbed in, is absorbed through the same channels, and, reaching the seat of inflammation, promptly and invariably subdues it, whether located in the kidneys, the liver, the lungs, or any other important organ. It penetrates the surface to the interior, through the countless tubes that communicate with the skin as summer rain pierces into the fevered earth diffusing its cool and regenerating influence.

SKIN DISEASES & GLANDULAR SWELLINGS.

Every species of external irritation is quickly reduced by the anti-inflammatory action of this Ointment. Angry ERUPTIONS, such as SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, TETTER, RINGWORM, SCALD HEAD, NETTLE RASH, SCURVY (or ITCH) &c. die out, to return no more under its application. Hospital experience in all parts of the world proves its infallibility in diseases of the skin, the muscles the joints and the glands.

ULCERS, SORES, AND TUMORS.

The effect of this unrivaled external remedy upon Scrofula, and other virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterward complete are safe as well as permanent.

WOUNDS, BRUISES, BURNS, AND SCALDS.

In cases of the fracture of the bones, injuries caused by steam explosions, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, RHEUMATISM, STIFFNESS OF THE JOINTS, and contraction of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvellous remedy has been introduced by its inventor in person into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

UNDENIABLE TESTIMONY.

The Medical Staff of the French and English Armies in the Crimea have officially signed their approval of Holloway's Ointment, as the most reliable dressing for sabre cuts, stabs, and gun-shot wounds. It is also used by the surgeons of the Allied Navies.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Rheumatism,	Sore Throats,
Burns,	Ringworm,	Sores of all kinds
Capped hands,	Salt Rheum,	Sprains,
Chilblains,	Scalds,	Stiff Joints
Fistula,	Skin Diseases	Tetter,
Gout,	Swelled	Ulcers,
Lumbago,	Glands,	Venereal Sores,
Mercurial	Sore Legs,	Wounds of all
Burptions,	Sore Breasts,	kinds.
Piles,	Sore Heads,	

☞ Sold at the Manufactories of Professer HOLLOWAY, 80, Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in pots, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and 1$ each.

☞ There is a considerable saving, by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 2, King Street, St John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alex. Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G. White, Belleisle.

☞ CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK & LONDON," are discernible as a WATER-MARK in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

Now landing ex the "Arthur White" from London.

7 TONS Brandram's No. 1 ground WHITE LEAD, in 1, 1-2, 1-4, and 1-8 cwt. kegs.
2 tons Brandrams No. 1 COLOURED PAINTS;
6 cwt. Dry PAINTS, consisting of Red Lead; Rose Pink; Orange & Lemon Chrome Yellow; Prussian Blue; Ultramarine Blue, &c., &c.
1 Tin Brandram's Patent Liquid Dryer
20 Brls. common Whitening; 12 casks PUTTY in Bladders;
6 Casks Raw Linseed Oil; 1 Can White Spirit Varnish.
6 Casks Double Boiled do.; 1 can Superfine Coach do.;
2 Chests INDIGO; 1 Cask Red Chalk;
14 Boxes Lescher's Blue Starch; 1 Cask Cream of Tartar;
10 Kegs Coleman's S. F. Mustard; 1 Cask Blue Vitriol;
2 Casks Mixed Pickles; 1 case Spanish Liquorice;
1 Case Black and Red Currant Jelly; 1 do. Orange Marmalade.
5 Bags Black Pepper; 1 Case Nutmegs;
12 Half chests Florence Oil; 2 Casks Salipetre;
1 Cask Hemp Seed; 1 Case Deep Goldleaf;

And 8 other Packages, containing a large assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c., &c. For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by S. L. TILLEY.
May 29, 1857. No. 35, King-street.

An entirely New Domestic Manufacture.

THE Enamelled REGISTER GRATES & FIRE FRAMES, with Summer Pieces to match, now manufactured by HARRIS & ALLAN, fully equal in the unique style of ornament and beauty of finish to those imported from the United States. A large assortment of the various patterns constantly on hand at No. 17 Water Street.

Aug. 21. 3i. HARRIS & ALLAN.

L. H. DEVEBER & SONS

Have received by the "*Lampedo*," "*John Duncan*," "*Arthur White*," and "*Georgia*":

PART of their Fall Supply of British MERCHANDISE. ALSO—
104 Chests fine CONGO TEA;
5 Tons White LEAD;
6 Casks PAINT OIL;
3 Tons PUTTY.

☞ Remainder of the Stock daily expected by the "*Middleton*." October 30.

THE DENTIST'S STORY.

It is of no use to ask me for a ghost story; for, though I have stayed in nearly every town in England of any size, I have met with none. Railways have put haunted chambers out of fashion. Fancy a ghost being bold enough to venture into one of our vast hotels! There is not a single white-robed customer that would have the impudence to do it. Ghosts lived in the old coaching days, and dwelt in the quaint wayside inns; and I never was lucky enough to have my bed-curtains disturbed by invisible hands; but I am not ashamed to own that I once got a terrible fright.

In my early days, I (like many of my profession) travelled from place to place, just remaining in each long enough to pocket all the spare cash the inhabitants were willing to expend on dental ornaments. Sometimes I made a large town the centre of my operations, and remained in it for months, visiting the lesser ones in the neighbourhood on stated days. It was in one of our largest manufacturing towns in the West of England that I met with the adventure I am going to give you.

I had been uncommonly successful, and had made a long stay in the place on that account,—indeed I had spent some months there when this happened. I had excellent lodgings, and occupied three apartments—a sitting-room, and sort of reception-room for patients, on the ground floor, and a first-floor bedroom, all facing the street. I always worked in the last-named apartment, and had the necessary tools and materials on a little bench near the window. Here I generally took my station, and spent the time, from six or seven in the evening till midnight, as I was then less liable to interruption.

My apartments were furnished with gas-burners, and before winter set in, I added a gas stove to my bedroom, that my working there might cause no needless trouble or expense to my landlady. One evening, being very busy, I sat later than usual, and when at length my task was done I drew my chair close to the stove, and sat half an hour reading, before extinguishing my light.—You are aware we make use of gold plates and wire in fastening artificial teeth, and, in consequence of my numerous orders, I had been particularly well supplied with the precious metal in this form ever since I came to the town. Moreover, I was by no means deficient in those pieces which bear a likeness of our most gracious Sovereign. Being particularly weary, and intending to re-commence my labors early in the morning, I did not trouble myself to put away my materials. But I was careful to examine the fastenings of my door, and this duty done, I extinguished stove and light, and got into bed.

I fell asleep almost instantly, and had a somewhat ludicrous dream. I fancied myself a keeper in the Zoological Gardens, which I had visited a few days before, and that whilst handing some food to my especial charges, the bears, I overbalanced, and was just tumbling into the pit among the grisly brutes, when the shock awoke me.

Again I dozed off, but only to get amongst the bears once more. I thought a tremendous specimen, a perfect Ursa Major, had just been purchased, and to me was intrusted the task of taming the monster.

No pleasant thing, even in a dream, particularly at that moment, and in the very incomprehensible manner only to be accomplished in sleep; the scene shifted to my bedroom, and I found myself standing *en chemise*, without any means of defence against the precious creature advancing with open mouth. I thought I leaped on my bench, seized the blind-roller, and as he advanced, dealt a tremendous blow at him. But, alas! he eluded it with the dexterity of an accomplished fencer, and I losing my balance, toppled head foremost to the ground. The brute sprang upon me. He tugged and so did I, with might and main. I was getting the worst of it, when suddenly recollecting that any sort of attack is lawful, and that one may be permitted to waive ceremony with a bear, I seized the creature's ears between my teeth, and bit the piece completely out. He dropped me like a hot potatoe. The ludicrously pitiful howl, and the way in which he applied the paw, just taken from my waist, to his wounded ear, was too much. I burst into a perfect roar of laughter, and so much noise did I make, that it awoke me.

I was still laughing at this whimsical vision, and wondering if it had any reference to an apprentice who was to come under my care on the morrow, and who was, truly, as uncouth a looking cub as any gentleman need have to lick into shape, when I heard—not a ghost, they make no noise—but a sort of uneasy grunt, then a yawn, such as a person emits when disturbed from a very sound sleep. I listened attentively, lying perfectly still, and, in a moment, distinctly felt something move below the bed. I knew no one could have entered after I laid down, as I am a light sleeper, and the door was too well secured to be opened without noise. I therefore felt sure they must have been under the bed before I commenced working, and having fallen asleep, been awakened by the boisterous laughter that had also dispelled my own dream.

What was I to do? I feared the moment I set foot on the floor I should be seized, and what could I—a little fellow, almost naked and unarmed, do against one, or perhaps more, doubtless prepared for the struggle?

Oddly enough, the remembrance of my dream gave me courage. I had loaded pistols in the room, and, once out of bed, I should be able to seize them in a moment. I resolved to leap out and secure the weapons before lighting the gas, since I, being as I presumed, better acquainted with the arrangement of the furniture, might manage in the dark to elude my antagonist. These thoughts occupied but a few seconds. In as many more the pistols were in my hand and the gas was lighted. The intruder did not venture to appear, and the delay gave me courage. I boldly commanded that individual to advance, and take the chance of a bullet. Something immediately began to move, and I soon saw the cause of my alarm. What was it think you? You cannot guess. I will tell you; it was a woman! I see you are all beginning to laugh; and I suppose you think that there is some long story in the case; and that a damsel, beautiful as a Houri, or a heroine, which is all the same, whom I had wooed only to betray, had concealed herself there, to reproach me with my broken vows, &c.

All wrong. The dence a bit of romance is there in the whole affair. Had you seen the coarse, sullen, ill-favoured wench who stood before me, wrapped in a dingy plaid shawl, you would not suspect such a thing; especially as you have seen a specimen of my taste in the shape of the lady who bears my name.

After all, the scene was droll enough. There stood I, shivering in my night habiliments, pistol in hand, ready to interrogate my visitor. She looked carving-knives in return; but not seeming the least shocked at my scanty garments, though evidently desirous of turning her back both on them and the wearer. On looking, I thought her features seemed familiar, and I recollected she had lived as servant in the house; but my landlady, suspecting her of dishonesty, discharged her about a week after my arrival.

I was about to question her, but thinking it advisable to have a witness, I commanded her to remain where she was, and insured her obedience by locking the door. I roused the family, and as I was returning to my prisoner, I heard my bedroom window hastily closed. "Ah!" thought I, "you are all right there for staying where you are, for the window is strongly barred." On being interrogated, she said my landlady, Mrs. Wingate, had forbidden her coming to the house; but being friendly with the other servant, she ventured to visit her secretly.

Whilst talking in the kitchen, she heard the mistress approaching, and fearing discovery, stole up stairs, crept into my room, and hid herself below the bed, intending to leave the house when all was quiet. My early entrance cut off her escape, and she supposed she had fallen asleep, as she remembered nothing more till aroused by a loud fit of laughter. This story seemed plausible enough, and but for the sequel would have passed off very well. But as we were about to dismiss her, with a caution not to repeat her visit, the door bell rang, and we found a policeman waiting for admittance. He stated, that passing a short time before, he observed one of the front windows hastily opened; something was thrown out, and then it was as quickly shut. After a short search he found a very large and sharp Spanish knife, which he presumed was the article thrown from the window. He also observed two fellows of suspicious appearance loitering about the place, and discovered them to be father and son—men of bad character, who got a good living, nobody knew how. He had warned them away, and returned to see if anything were amiss in the house.

On being informed of my visitor, and her tale, he expressed a wish to see her, and at once recognised her as the daughter of the older, and sister to the younger man he had dismissed.

Instead of liberating the woman, as we thought of doing, we now deemed it prudent to give her into custody. No one present at her examination entertained the slightest doubt that, during the short time she was in Mrs. Wingate's house, after I became an inmate of it, she had remarked the materials I used, and that a regular plan had been organised to rob, and perhaps murder me.

The other servant also deposed on oath, that her hiding in my room was needless, as she had abundant time to leave the house unperceived, had she chosen; and that the visit to her was made against her will; she having no desire to continue any acquaintance with a person more than suspected of dishonesty. Still, we could charge her with nothing but the concealment, and after being cautioned against placing herself again in such a situation, she was discharged.

The story was much talked of, and I got well quizzed by many ladies of my acquaintance, but after all it might have proved no joke to me. I remained some months longer in the place, and before I left it, I heard many accounts of threats which the woman's male relatives had uttered against me, for casting suspicion on innocent (?) people. I had probably injured their business; for I fancy, after what had occurred, few persons would have been willing to employ my nocturnal visitor in their houses.

Three years elapsed from the date of my adventure, and I had almost forgotten it, when business again called me to the same town. At first I only thought of remaining a few days; but finding I should be detained longer, I sought out my former landlady, as—that one night excepted—I had been particularly comfortable under her roof.—Finding my old apartments vacant, I gladly took possession of them a second time.

During my former stay, I made many agreeable acquaintances, and now—it being near Christmas—I received many invitations to supper parties, &c., which I fancy were not the less numerous because I was still a bachelor.

On Christmas Eve I accepted one to spend it with a friend at his father's house, where there was a very large and charming family of sons and daughters. The father was a fine, jovial old fellow, and the mother just the cheerful, but even tempered, gentle soul, who alone could bring up such girls as her's. We had a glorious evening.

All sorts of joyous Christmas fun was carried on, and I kissed pretty girls under the mistletoe, until either with that pleasant exercise, or with quenching the thirst it excited, I became slightly elevated. I was to dine there next day, and my friends would fain have persuaded me to stay all night, but I was determined to return to my lodgings, as I knew Mrs. Wingate would sit up. It was past midnight when I bid my kind entertainers good night, and with a hasty, but not very steady step, set out on my homeward journey.

I was soon at home and in bed. Mrs. Wingate had more than once laughed about the odd figure I cut on the occasion of my old adventure. She had also informed me that the two men who had played the *street part*, had been since detected in attempting to commit a burglary, and imprisoned for twelve months; but were now at liberty. The good lady manifested no small uneasiness on my account, and cautioned me to be very careful not to give them any opportunity of executing their threats of vengeance against me.

Her evident timidity and anxiety only excited my mirth, but I was, nevertheless, careful to examine the fastenings of my door, and always both locked and bolted it.

When I reached my lodgings on Christmas eve, I was, as I said, *a little elevated*, and, contrary to my usual custom, on getting into bed, I could not sleep.

I began thinking over the amusements of the evening, criticising the fair faces I had been so close to; wishing I had such a cheerful home;—speculating as to my chance of success in event of my asking one of the aforesaid fair damsels to part with her name in favor of mine, and thanking my stars, that, at any rate, I should be a guest at the same place on the morrow. The clock struck two as I found my thoughts still busy; but a sudden check was given to the current of my ideas. I heard a sort of grating sound, and then felt certain some person was moving stealthily up the kitchen stairs. At first I was a little alarmed, imagining that thieves were in the house, and then—pshaw! thought I, Mrs. Wingate has been setting up later than usual, to finish her Christmas pudding. It is rather singular that my former adventure did not then enter my mind; though it had occurred in that very spot. I listened again. The footsteps were certainly audible, close to my bedroom door. A hand was on the lock—it turned—they were stealing along the floor of the apartment—I became sensible of the presence of two persons—and now I felt all the horror of my situation. Every iota of what had formerly happened there—the menaces of those two fellows who had then doubtless been disappointed of their prey, and the thought of my own powerlessness, nearly drove me mad.

Fool, idiot, that I was; I had in my tipsy folly rushed upon my fate.

I had refused the cordial invitation which would have secured me from all danger, and had even neglected the precaution of securing the door of my room, almost for the first time within my recollection. I became aware of a dim light; and partially opening my eyes, I perceived two rascals fumbling about a lantern. I am not ashamed to own I was perfectly paralyzed with terror, and I was utterly incapable of doing anything—indeed what could I do? I saw them remove the candle from the lantern and convert my inkstand into a candlestick. One proposed lighting the gas, but the other objected, that if disturbed he might be flurried, and turn it the wrong way. They then with singular quickness and dexterity, ransacked my desk and cases, which they opened by means of skeleton keys. This done, and the plunder tied in a handkerchief, the younger of the two suggested with an oath that they should at once *finish him*.

He approached my bed—drew aside the curtain, and, though I durst not look, I felt he was gazing in my face. Again he turned aside and fumbled in his pocket as if in search of something.

I had all along hoped by feigning sleep I might escape; for I knew, should a struggle ensue, that I could not escape, since they were powerful men and I quite unarmed. While he was feeling in his pocket, I could not help stealing my hand up to my throat, thinking at the same time how little chance there was that it would again be used as a vehicle for Christmas cheer. Guess my horror if you can, when the elder scoundrel, in an impatient tone, bade his son "make haste if he meant to do it, and not keep him there all night."

The young man tumbled over the articles that had been displaced in their search for plunder, and, not finding what he sought, inquired, with another oath, what his father had done with the knife. At first the latter seemed puzzled, and he then informed his son, with an equally elegant expletive, that he had left it on the pantry shelf down below.

The younger, bitterly cursing him for a greedy fool, who must begin to eat before the work was done, bade him fetch it.

"Well, Bill," replied his parent, "that ham was stunning, and you know *you* could'nt stand those's ere cheesecakes; but won't this ere do for him?" handing up one of my pistols.

"Yes, a pretty thing, fire, kick up a row, and be scragged for it. That would pay nicely. Fetch the knife and have no more jaw; or we shall wake the chap, instead of sending him up quietly to spend his Christmas in heaven, without any invitation." He chuckled, and the old fellow seemed equally delighted at his son's wit; then, taking up the candle, went off to fetch the knife.

All their motions had been so noiselessly performed, and the conversation carried on in a tone so wonderfully clear, though low, that I was astonished at the perfection they had attained in their horrid craft. During the father's absence the son was not idle. He actually loosed the collar of my shirt, and then stood quietly waiting the other's return.

You could never imagine, unless placed in similar circumstances, what a multitude of thoughts passed through my mind in a few brief minutes.—I verily believe that every Christmas, with its accompaniments of fun and feasting, at which I had ever assisted since I was the height of the table, was reviewed in its turn. Then I thought of the morrow, and the fair girls I had left, and how, an hour before, I was full of hope that ere another Christmas came round, I should call one my own. Still I found time for earnest prayer, and to think of all sorts of expedients to escape my impending fate. Once I fancied, now there was only one to contend with, I might do something; but just then the touch of the muscular hand upon my throat reminded me that a movement would cause my instant destruction. Indeed, I have often wondered that the fellow did not strangle me in his impatience. How bitterly did I reproach myself for not raising an alarm when the footsteps first became audible.

At length, the fellow fairly gnashed his teeth with rage, and uttering a hurried exclamation of "Hang the tippling old beast, he's at that wine again!" he also left the apartment, to recall his truant parent, and fetch the implement of murder.

Now was my time, and you may believe I lost none. The instant he left the room, I was on my feet; noiselessly I approached the door, dashed it to, turned the key, shot the bolt, lighted the gas, and once more I stood, my heart ready to leap in my throat with joy and thankfulness, and with my trusty pistols in my hand.

There was no chance of their re-entering—their skeleton keys lay on my bench, and every article of plunder was there also; for, intending to return, they had not conveyed it from the room.

I made noise enough from the windows; my hostess and her damsel, now aroused, joined in the chorus, and soon, at the head of a host of alarmed neighbours and a couple of policemen, we searched the house from top to bottom. One of the men I knew had left the premises, as I heard him dash over the area railings, and then down the street; but the elder ruffian we discovred stupidly drunk, in the cellar, the danger of his position not having sufficed to prevent his indulging his favorite propensity, when temptation was so strong.

We found they had gained admittance by cutting away the zinc from the pantry window, their skeleton keys having made the rest easy.

Bill, the younger ruffian, was too well known to escape detection. He was captured in a few hours, and both he and his father eventually obtained a free passage to a distant land in a vessel provided for that purpose by her Most Gracious Majesty.

The affair made a prodigious sensation, and I became the lion of all the Christmas parties that year; and the extraordinary sympathy manifested by a certain fair individual, at the recital of my story, brought about a most satisfactory explanation. My next Christmas dinner was eaten in my own house, with her as its mistress.

I have often blessed my stars that good Mrs Wingate was not a member of the Total Abstinence Society; for had it not been for the liberal replenishing her cellar underwent a few days before Christmas time, in readiness for the sons and daughters who were to gather round her, and celebrate in her house that true home festival, my throat would have been in no condition to perform its functions when that time arrived.

Thus have I told you the only adventure of any consequence in which I ever played a part, and, let me add, that whereas rich and poor welcome Christmas as a season for joy and thankfulness, I doubt whether any feel more keen emotions of the kind than I do, since it recals to mind an additional mercy vouchsafed at that period.

SATAN NEVER DISTURBS WOMEN.—Mohammedans relate the following story as an authentic and veritable piece of tradition, illustrative of the fact that the devil himself has duties to perform in the world, and he was never known to be idle and neglect them, viz:

In the days of Mohammed there was an Arab who had a very pretty wife. The Devil transformed himself into so exact and accurate a likeness of her husband that she could not, for the life of her, tell which of the two was her husband. Both claimed her—i. e. the real husband and the Devil in his likeness.

The case excited much interest in the neighborhood; but no solution of the difficulty could be obtained. At length the case was brought before his majesty the Prophet for solution. Mohammed, after a little reflection, held up a certain earthern pot in his hand, with a spout like a teapot, and said to them both;

'Now, whichever is the real husband, will enter this vessel by the spout, and thus establish his claim to to the woman."

The Devil having more capacity in that way than the sturdy Arab (of coat flesh and bones, entered at once into the teapot, as suggested. The moment that he entered, Mohammed closed the top of the spout and kept him shut in.

But by the time Mohammed had kept his excellency shut up for a few days in the that earthern pot, it was ascertained that the world was getting wrong in its machinery. Mohammed was therefore constrained to let the devil out from his confinement to take his necessary place in the management of the affairs of the world; but before restoring him to his liberty again, Mohammed extorted a solemn promise from him that he would never trouble the "fair sex" any more, but confine himself to what he would do among the "male sex."

English tavern keepers simply give notice by public advertisement of their intention to "dress a fine lively turtle" on such a day; but the Yankee, more atrociously, writes in chalk upon the devoted animal's back, "Soup tomorrow," and places him on parade before his hotel, thus basely making him a party to his own murder, and compelling him, in defiance of all the laws of nations, to advertise his own execution.

FROM EUROPEAN PAPERS.

[From the Brighton Observer.]

THE JUNO COURT MARTIAL.—The details of the Juno Court Martial are shortly as follows:—Captain Freemantle, a man of aristocratic connections, commanded the Juno on a foreign station, and brought home three of his officers under arrest. Of these, Lieutenant Burnaby had been a prisoner for 18 months; the charges against him being that on one occasion he was impertinent to his commanding officer; that on another occasion he entered the captain's cabin with a frivolous grievance, of having, on a third occasion, broken his parole, and of having lastly forwarded to his commanding officer, a letter of remonstrance, addressed to the Commander-in-Chief. On these charges Lieutenant Burnaby was a prisoner, and treated like a felon for a year and a half, and on his trial before a Court Martial, the prosecutor, on being asked for his proofs, admitted that he had none, said he knew nothing, and begged to abandon the prosecution. Anything more intolerable than this it is not easy to imagine, and such conduct can only be equalled by that of the officers of the Court who, instead of discharging the prisoner at once, requested the prosecutor to retire for a time to recollect himself, and gave the prisoner two hours to prepare his defence,—a defence, be it observed against the charges that had been withdrawn, and he was compelled to defend himself against a string of charges which the Court knew to be unproved and unproveable. Such a mockery of justice is revolting to every principle that an Englishman values, and had a bench of Magistrates committed themselves in a similar manner, there would have been a universal execration of their names throughout the length and breadth of the land, and not for a single moment would they have been allowed to retain their position. The case was one of such gross outrage that attention was called to it in the House of Commons, and Sir Charles Wood was compelled to say that if the Juno had remained in commission, they should have suspended Capt. Freemantle from his command. But they have not done so, and the aristocratic despot will in no way be interfered with. Lieutenant Burnaby can never hope to obtain a command in the service after what has passed; he is a marked man, and the wisest thing he can do is to leave a service in which he can never hope to rise, and take proceedings against his nobly connected tyrant for false imprisonment and slander. Should he do so, a jury of honest Englishmen would give him such damages as would serve as a proper warning to all the tribe of lordly despots whose conduct is a disgrace to the unsullied flag of England; and in seeking legal redress for his injuries, he may be sure of the justice of his cause, and of having the hearty sympathy of every man who loves fair play, courage, and freedom.

SIAM ETIQUETTE.—When the Siamese ambassadors were presented recently to Queen Victoria they threw themselves on their hands and knees, and went the whole length of the floor on all fours, and the principal ambassador laid his chin on the step of the throne and read his address in that position, and after the formalities they all backed out in the same awkward style. The royal gravity was sorely tried by the ridiculous spectacle. When the distinguished foreigners were invited to a lunch in one of the state apartments they all pulled out their pipes and filled the room with a cloud of smoke, to the horror of the court and the disgust of the Queen, who abominates the weed.

[Spanish Correspondence of the Morning Advertiser.]

MORALITY OF THE PALACIOSAS.

When the pains of labor were approaching, the pangs of remorse rushed in upon the Queen, and reproached her for her dissolute career. She sent for Archbishop Claret, a prelate who well deserves the name he bears. The Queen begged his counsel, and he told her that her conduct made her the subject of ribald jests, and as she was about to be exposed to the perils attendant upon childbirth, he exhorted her to banish her paramour, Puig Moro, from the palace and country. The increasing pangs of the crisis added force to the archiepiscopal persuasions, and promise was made, but the archbishop, not content with the royal word, extorted a written promise to that effect. He followed up his success by an exhortation to his royal auditor to be reconciled to her husband, and even if she felt unable to love him, he urged her to have more respect for the proprieties of life, and to appear constantly with him before her subjects. Having obtained a promise to that effect he repair to the king's apartments, and gave him like counsel. The king's promise, was, however, conditional only; he would consent to be reconciled to his wife only on condition that she paid his debts, and that the banishment of the Queen's paramour should be instantaneous.—The archbishop returned with a cheque for the payment of the king's debts, and the other promise; but although the Queen has the power to banish her paramour from the palace; and, had, Narvaez and Nocedal been in power, she could have shipped him off to the Canaries on Phillippines, or wherever she chose; yet Puig Moro refuses to be exiled, demands a public trial and to know on what charge he is arraigned. A compromise has been effected, to avoid the public scandal which insistance on exile must occasion; and Colonel Puig Moro struts about amongst his fellow citizens, who have yet enough of the leaven of royalty in them to look with feelings of something akin to deference and respect on one who sustained such intimate relations with their Queen.

THE MARQUIS OF WESTMINSTER.—With all his wealth, the present Marquis of Westminster was not above accepting service in the Household of Queen Victoria, and wearing her livery, as Lord High Steward, a sort of upper flunkey, whose duty it is to play the part of first class footman to her Majesty, carry a white wand in his hand before her, and invariably walk backward out of presence, at the risk of sometimes falling—which has happened more than once. A Marquis who £700,000 per annum, who would thus act as upper lackey, for £2000 a year, is precisely the man to give no more than £100 to a national charitable purpose, while Mr. Thackeray (whom, no doubt he looks down upon) gives ten times as much.

Father Gavazzi on Italy.

In the course of a lecture recently delivered in Wolverhampton, Father Gavazzi said:—"Cardinal Wiseman said he could not speak of the present occupant of the chair of St. Peter in words, but only in hymns and music.—He (Gavazzi) had not learnt the Irish brogue or to praise Pius IX. But if I have to praise him in Italian music of the bombardment of Rome, the music of a breach in the strong walls of the Eternal City, the music of the flames shooting high into the air from the pile of burning palace—the music of the 150 corpses that lie unburied, by his own instructions, without the walls of Rome, to horrify, by the sight, of corrupt carcasses of their fellows, the surviving patriot Italians, the music of 6,000 Italians in chains in twelve Roman fortresses—the music of 18,000 families deprived of fathers and husbands—the music of 7,000 exiles who are now living out a miserable existence in distant lands, the music of 150 victims who, in one little Roman State, have laid their lives upon the scaffold in order to expiate the crime of freeing Italy from all Austrian, or any such demented foreign rule! That is my music. In the music of that Italian anthem I am ready to march from Rome to Vienna, or from Vienna to Rome, fighting the Pope and destroying his deadly influence. This I hope to live to see,—my Italy, having the open Bible in one hand and a tri-colored torn flag in the other; and then to march again and again at the head of Italian followers towards Rome. I hope to stand with my flag at the ruins of the Vatican, and to say from there fatal relicts to Europe, to say to the whole world—In spite of the diplomatists, in spite of despots, in spite of priests, in spite of Popes, Italy has become the land of freedom! Italy! O, beautiful Italy! Away with foreigners! Away with foreigners! Amen!"

THE CONSERVATIVE party, who have been in a state of torpor for several years past, are about to take advantage of the chapter of accidents. They are about to organise a course of tactics during the coming session in order to oust Lord Palmerston's Government. A meeting of the opposition leaders in both houses has been held during the last few days, and when Parliament meets next month all the followers who have seats in that assembly will be summoned to Lord Derby's private mansion to decide on a course of action the most likely to effect the end in view. The chances of success rest on the possible break down of the forthcoming Reform Bill and the new Indian Scheme, measures sufficient to test the strength of the strongest Government.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—MEN BOILED IN LIQUID IRON.—From Cherbourgh we learn the details of a frightful accident. In the naval workshops of that town there is a foundry for the manufacture of heavy cast iron castings. An immense crucible hangs over the furnace, and when the metal is in a state of fusion, this crucible is removed from it by means of machinery, and the glowing ore poured into moulds which are formed in the sand. It happened that some twenty workmen were engaged in the operation of casting, when suddenly the screw which held the handle of the pot gave way, and in a moment the liquid metal flooded the workshop like the lava from a volcano. Ten of the workmen were overtaken by the flaming torrent, and their feet and legs literally burnt to ashes. Some of the men were more fortunate than their fellows, and escaped by climbing upon the beams which supported the roof, where, safe themselves, they behold the fearful race between their unhappy comrades and the molten iron, which overtook the wretches shrieking and their limbs writhe in the torch. A subscription was opened for the poor fellows, while waiting for the hospital at Vincennes to receive them. The Russian officers at Cherbourgh, in honor of whom the authorities were about to give a ball, subscribed liberally for the support of the victims and their families.—*French Paper.*

A tall, fine looking United States soldier, at Newport, Ky., learning that his detachment was ordered to Utah, deliberately stole a silver watch, and on being arrested, not only admitted the theft, but vowed the object was to get rid of fighting Uncle Sam's battles at $11 per month.

The population of California is estimated to be 350,000 of whom 100,000 are Chinese, and 100,000 native Californians and Europeans to migrate hither, leaving 150,000 Americans. There are 200 Protestant clergymen of all denominations, or one minister to every 1500 of the American population.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND IN PARLIAMENT.

There is an idea of the democratic doctrine—an idea perhaps which has prevailed too much among its friends as well as its opponents—that it consists entirely in the promotion of legislation by a ragged and ignorant multitude. There is a better idea of democratic doctrine, however, which regards it as being the working out of that Apostolic declaration that God made of one blood all nations of men. Those who hold this broad and noble conception believe that though all men have not equal endowments, they have yet all equal rights, and all in a measure the same human affections, and the same kind of capacity for improvement. With such persons the idea of the bestowal of political power on the masses, is but a part of the general scheme, for the amelioration of the species, and a part which is not to precede but to accompany that intellectual and moral progress which they expect for the race. They have faith that the classes now ragged and ignorant may one day cease to exist, and some of them are disposed to put their own soulders to the wheel to rescue their fellow-men from the mire, and endeavour to raise them, except with respect to accidental endowments to a level with themselves. A band of such democrats headed by Lord Shaftesbury are now attempting to bring the Church of England into a position, where, without offending against any law regulating that establishment, it may become the instrument of giving effect to these high and worthy aspirations. Hitherto the Church of England has been to a great extent, especially in the large cities of the mother country, a luxury for the aristocracy or at any rate for the rich. Coming from a West End Episcopal place of Worship, such as my Lady Whittlesea's Chapel, once under the pastoral care of Mr. Charles Honeyman, crowds of well-dressed worshippers might be seen after every service. But to the poor of the metropolis, and of other great cities, the gospel was preached, if preached at all, by the minister of the humble and obscure dissenting meeting house. Not that there was no zeal on the part of many a clergyman of the established church; but, as in many other cases, the system here interposed itself to damp the energies, and render abortive the efforts of the individual. Magnificent churches were from time to time built for what were called destitute districts; but they only served to mock the squalor of the adjoining buildings, and to enable the wife of some rich pawnbroker or gin shop keeper,—the mitigated omitres of such neighbourhoods——to ape the prayer book and redemption manners of more fashionable quarters the poor would not go to church. That according to Lord Shaftesbury and his friends was an acceptained fact. And in speaking thus they did not refer to the squalidly poor alone. The respectable artizan felt himself out of place there, where the wealthier worshiper was "pewed up to the eyes," and he left to work his way off "free seats," which unhappily, intentionally or unintentionally, marked with great distinctiveness, the differences between the worse and better sorts of sinners. It was nevertheless plain that these classes so completely without the influence of Church ministrations, were not destitute of the feelings which brought others to places of worship. Whether to indulge in devotional emotions, or to gratify the gregarious taste, and the love of seeing and being seen, they might be induced to hear prayers and sermons, if proper means were employed. Mr. Spurgeon, the Baptist preacher could fill a building larger than could be filled by a play. It was not the religion that was disliked, but the adjuncts. The poor felt an instinctive sense of the fact that whatever the distinctions of rank among men, there must be an equality in the House of God. To meet this, several Prelates, Clergymen and zealous members of the Church of England, taking a leaf out of Mr. Spurgeon's book, determined to provi[illegible] e to which the humbler classes of [illegible]olis would be likely to come [illegible] a large building called Exete[illegible] Ha[illegible] rendering the ordinary service of the [illegible] somewhat less prolix, they invited [illegible]e who did not usually go to other Ch[illegible] to attend their services; and they too[illegible] that every man rich or poor sho'd hav[illegible]al accommodation. The experiment [illegible] entirely successful, until wonderlaie to relate it came into the head of the Rector of the Parish, where Exeter Hall is situated that he had power to prevent any ministers of his own Church from converting souls, unless permission were first obtained, which permission he refused to grant. That any Church should be obliged before its clergy can execute their high mission to get an act of Parliament to prevent one of its own ministers from prohibiting their action appears to be not one of the least wonderful if those facts which sometimes startle us. Yet such is the truth. It is to be hoped, for the honor of the Church of England, that her ministers will be speedily released from their present extraordinary position, and that if she is to continue to be honored with the title of the National Church, she will exert herself with zeal and effect to the instruction, and the moral and religious elevation of those who form the main body of the nation. It is time that she should have at least sufficient liberty to be enabled to reach the mass of the people, in the only way by which they can be appreciated.

OVERLAND TRAVEL FROM EUROPE TO AMERICA.—We had, yesterday, an interview with Mr. P. McD. Collins, who arrived in this city a few days ago, having travelled over land from St. Petersburg to the mouth of the Amoor River. The journey occupied exactly one year.—Twelve months ago Mr. Collins left St. Petersburg, travelling from thence to Moscow, by railroad, and from thence to Siberia, in sledges tobogans, to Chetah, the capital of the Trans-Baikal province, situated on the River Ingodah, one of the main sources of the Amoor, where he waited for the breaking up of the ice in the river, and then, accompanied by four Cossack soldiers, and by Mr. Fulhem, the Governor of the Russian-American Company at Aran, proceeded down to the Amoor, and along the river to the Pacific. From Mr. Collins we have obtained much interesting information relative to the vast region through which he travelled, and about which so little is known. He speaks in the highest terms of the Russian officials, with whom he had intercourse.—*San Francisco Herald.*

THE PENTATEUCH CONFIRMED.—A work has recently been published in London by an accomplished Egyptian scholar, who, in examining Egyptian records, has found traces of a history parallel to that written by Moses.—He finds James mentioned five times, Moses twice, and Balak, son of Zippor, at a place called Hazah; that a people of whom Moses was leader marched towards Palestine by the way of Migdol and Zoar; that they were connected with the name Midin and Aram; that there was a contest at a place of a great water flood, that a royal or noble youth meets a sudden and mysterious death, and that a royal order is immediately issued for the hasty departure of a people for their feast of 'passing the dead;' and that miracles are named as being performed by their leader in Lower Egypt.

The Chronicle.

St. John, N. B., Feb. 12th, 1858.

THE OPENING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The speech from the throne will be read with attention, coupled with disappointment. What the policy of the government is to be, no one can gather from it. It contains one passage, however, of importance, as it takes from the government all claim to credit from the fact of their estimate and the revenue collected being nearly equal. Their estimate was made not only during a period of peace, but also at a time of universal plenty. It was made in the month of June, when not a shadow was visible upon the commercial or political horizon of the world. The reason why the estimate made by Mr. Wilmot is not correct, is stated by the government in the following words: "In the course of last autumn a monetary crisis occurred, which for a season paralyzed trade and commerce throughout the world,"—and that—"our mercantile interests suffered severely from the unparalleled pressure to which they were subjected." Had these unlooked-for events been delayed for even three months, every candid mind will admit that the estimate of the party in power would have been many thousands astray; therefore to make their estimate a matter of boasting goes only to prove the kind of principles by which they are guided. If they had seen the force of the passage referred to above, they would never have sent it forth to the world, as it takes from them all credit and gives it to Mr. Wilmot, to whom it justly belongs. We have no wish to deprive any man of what rightly belongs to him; but we contend that in no case has the income and estimates of the present government been parallel, from the reasons upon which their estimates were founded, for they invariably have been indebted to accidental circumstances for the realization of their ideas in these matters.

We copy the article below from Hunt's Magazine for February. The great decline in the price of Bread stuffs since May, 1855, cannot fail of being sensibly felt these times by the great mass of the people. Flour from £2: 10 to a little over £1 is a heavy fall, and the indications are, that on the opening of spring, the article will be still lower; for at no previous time has there been such a stock of the staff of life on hand as at the present time.—This in conection with the low rate of interest, must soon impart a vitality to trade to which for a long time it has been a stranger. We therefore look for an early revival of business in all its departments. We feel satisfied that the well known energy of our people, which for some time past has been put to a severe test, will manifest itself in a way that will soon cause the depression of the present to be entirely forgotten in the prosperity of the future.

"There has been a farther general improvement in the aspect of financial affairs, during the last month, although the public mind is not wholly free from anxiety, nor has there been any return of the old activity. Money is very abundant, the falling off in trade has limited the supply of business paper, and lenders are very fastidious in their selections. The value of almost all descriptions of property has continued to decline, although there are some exceptions. Flour which sold in May, 1855, as high as $10 50 for common, and $13 for choice, has averaged during the last month only $4 30 for the former and $7 for the latter, with an abundant supply. Cotton, which sold on the 1st of Sept. 1857, at 15 3-4 for middling upland, declined soon after January 1st, to 8 3-4 but again gradually appreciated, although it was reaching nothing like the old range of high prices. Sugar has continued to decline—the falling off from the highest rate of 1857, being nearly 50 per cent. Nearly all domestic fabrics, both cotton and woolen, have declined 20 to 30 per cent from the autumn rates, and the same is true of almost all articles of meat, provisions, and general merchandise. Real estate has not escaped the common depreciation, although there have been fewer forced sales in this, than in moveable property. Speculative estates, such as unimproved town or village lots, not wanted for present growth, have fallen off 50 per cent from the nominal rates of last year; while the best improved city property would not sell except at an average of 20 per cent. below current rates of last spring. Although the falling off in prices might appear to be adverse to a speedy return of prosperity, it is, in fact, one of the best indications of a prosperous change. Nothing so soon tempts capital from its hiding places, as the opportunity of a cheap investment. It is very true that none but the boldest operators will venture to purchase while prices are still declining; but once let the market pause, and the upward movement begin, and we shall witness an unusual excitement in all the channels of trade.

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that the only daughter of Mr. George Rix Price, of this city, aged 5 years, came to her death yesterday afternoon in the following manner: It appears from some cause or another, not clearly understood, that her clothing caught fire while in a room playing by herself, and before any aid came to her rescue, she was so severely burnt, that after lingering for three hours in great agony, death put an end to her sufferings. There being only a close stove in the room, it is supposed she must have had matches in the pocket of her dress, or possibly she may have been amusing herself with them. We sincerely sympathise with the bereaved parents under their sad affliction.

The condition of King's College, and the public feeling in regard to it are such that nothing but the vast difficulties of the subject could have deferred legislative action upon it to this day. Those who deny that some reform in the College is needed are but an insignificant minority of the people; the majority wish anxiously for a change although scarcely knowing what to ask. We believe, however, that the Bills prepared by the College Commission and by the College Council are regarded with favor; and that it is generally felt that the schemes enunciated in these might be made the basis of a College Reform Bill which would meet with general approbation. It is high time that some definitive action was taken; to again postpone the settlement of the question would be too much of an imposition upon the forbearance of the people.

* * * *

That the new Election Law stands in need of amendment, the Smashers themselves do not deny. Some modification in certain of the details is absolutely necessary; perhaps it would be best to allow the principles the test of time before venturing upon any considerable alteration. Hasty legislation, and the amendment of laws from merely theoretical objections, and without a practical proof of their inefficiency, should be avoided. Grave doubts may be entertained of the success of some of the principles of the law, but time alone can prove their correctness or incorrectness. Some minor features, however require immediate amendment.—*Woodstock Journal.*

FIRES.—Between six and seven o'clock on Sunday morning, a house belonging to Neill Sweeny, at the Straight Shore, was consumed by fire; part of his furniture was saved. The house was insured for £200.

On Tuesday evening, at about 5 o'clock, a fire occurred in the "Drying House" on the grounds of the Provincial Penitentiary. It was a wooden building, used for seasoning lumber in the manufacture by the prisoners. It was burnt down.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Our Legislature met on Wednesday, and the ceremonies usual at the opening of the Session were, we presume, duly performed.

THE SPEECH.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER,
FREDERICTON, Feb. 10.

The following is the Speech, called the Governor's:—

Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I am sure that the people of this Province have heard with feelings of sympathy and horror, undiminished by their remoteness from the scene of action, of the tortures inflicted without regard of sex or age, on our fellow subjects in the East, and the fortitude, gallantry and skill which have enabled handfulls of loyal men to resist and to attack with equal success hosts of rebels, have, I know, commanded their warmest admiration.

A confident hope may now be entertained that the mutiny, which at its outbreak appeared to threaten the very existence of British authority in India, may, by the blessing of God, be the means of strengthening that authority, and of rendering it more widely beneficial than before: and you will readily unite with me in an expression of deep thankfulness to Providence for the success which has attended her Majesty's arms.

In the course of last autumn a Monetary Crisis occurred which, for a season, paralyzed trade and commerce throughout the world.—Our mercantile interests suffered severely from the unparalleled pressure to which they were subjected, but I trust that the depression will be but temporary, and I am confident that the attitude which New Brunswick maintained during the crisis has raised the commercial character, and still more, fairly established the credit of the Province.

It is a subject of sincere gratitude that, although our commerce languished during the past year, it pleased Divine Providence to bless the labours of the husbandman with an abundant harvest.

I feel satisfaction in the belief that there is a growing appreciation of the Fisheries as a source of public wealth. Information having been conveyed to me that the act for their protection was violated in the Bay of Fundy, I immediately adopted the necessary measures to secure the enforcement of the law.

The act which regulates the Parish Schools will shortly expire; the subject of Education will naturally occupy your attention, and it will I doubt not receive from you that calm and careful consideration which its importance demands.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

The Estimates, both of Revenue and of Expenditure, for the current fiscal year will be submitted to you, and accounts of the Revenue and Expenditure for the past year will be laid before you, with a statement explanatory of the financial condition of the Province at the end of that year.

The arrangements with regard to the Surplus Civil List, contemplated in the despatches of the Secretary of State, which were laid before the Assembly on the 26th February, 1857, have been carried into effect, and the Surplus Civil List Fund, as well as the accruing Surplus of future years, has been placed at the disposal of the Assembly.

Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I readily give effect to the wish expressed in the Address presented to me by the House of Assembly during the last session, that I would communicate with Her Majesty's Government on the subject of the construction of an Inter-Colonial line of Railway. Copies of correspondence will be laid before you.

The successful construction of the roll is an object of manifest importance to all. The Commissioners appointed to report as to any improvements which might be deemed advisable in the application of the present grants to Agricultural Societies, have completed their labours, and their report will be laid before you.

I have recently received a report from the Immigration Agents, which will be laid before you. The subject to which it refers (will) be worthy of consideration.

I have appointed Commissioners to enquire into the management of certain Provincial Institutions which receive public aid; the result of their enquiries, when terminated, will be communicated to you.

Since I last met you considerable progress has been made in the construction of Railways. Accounts of the Province expenditure incurred in their operations will be laid before you.

It affords me sincere satisfaction to be able to inform you that although the state of the Money Market during the recent crisis impeded for a time the sale of the Provincial Debentures, the character of these Debentures remained throughout unimpaired, and the attention which they now commanded from British capitalists as desirable and safe investment is a gratifying proof of the confidence which is reposed in the good faith and financial integrity of New Brunswick.

In full reliance on your zeal for the welfare of the Province, I leave you to your deliberations, and I trust that Providence will bless your endeavours to promote the public interests.

In the Assembly Mr. Chandler moved and Mr. McMillan seconded the Address in reply to the Speech, and Friday was fixed for the consideration of the Address.

Mr. Allen moved a resolution, that the appointment of Mr. Coburn by the Government as Sergeant-at-Arms, was an interference with the privileges of the House, and declaring that Mr. Coburn should not be recognised. Mr. Allen supported it in a lengthy speech.

He was followed by the Attorney General, who warmly defended the act and justified the policy of the Government.

Mr. Gray came next in support of the resolution, and declaring that there was no case on the Imperial records where the Government had dismissed a Sergeant-at-Arms without application from the House.

The Postmaster General followed, maintaining that the body that had the power to appoint had the power to remove.

The Resolution is treated by the members of the Government as expressing a Want of Confidence.

Debate will be resumed to morrow.

J. S. MAY.

Arrival of the "Arabia."

Later from India.

IMPORTANT FROM CHINA.

AMERICAN MEDIATION ACCEPTED.

THE EMPEROR'S SPEECH AT THE OPENING OF THE FRENCH LEGISLATURE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The royal mail steamship Arabia, from Liverpool 24 ult., arrived at this port about 8 o'clock this evening.

Steamship Persia, from New York, arrived at Liverpool on the 16th, and the Arago on the 21st.

INDIA.

The mail from Bombay, telegraphic anticipations of which were brought out by the Canada, conveys little more than a confirmation of previous advices. It was generally argued by the English papers that the suppression of the rebellion in Oude would entail a serious amount of trouble, and require a continual stream of reinforcements.

A notice in the London *Gazette* reduces the standard of the troops serving in India to five feet three inches.

Telegraphic advices reached London on the 22d, on the arrival of the Calcutta mail at Alexandria, with dates to the 24th of December, and from Bombay to the 29th December. There is no further intelligence from Oude. The Fatehabad rebels had been completely defeated and dispersed after two engagements. Forts were captured. Communication by

post between Bombay and Calcutta had been re-established.

CHINA.

Passengers from Hong Kong report that the Russian admiral had come from the North and offered his services as mediator between England and China, which offer was declined, but a similar one from the American commissioner was accepted.

The Island of Donan, opposite Canton was occupied by the English and French troops, without resistance. The French Admiral had proclaimed the blockade of Canton river on the part of France. Lord Elgin's ultimatum had been sent in, and the Chinese were allowed ten days to accept or reject it.

Exchange at Hong Kong 4s 1½d, at Shanghae 4s 4½d and 4s 6d.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The festivities in honor of the approaching nuptials of the Princess Royal were the dominant topic in England. A great array of distinguished visitors from the continent, including the King of Belgium and numerous Prussian Princes, &c., were the guests of the British Court. State balls, concerts and banquets at Buckingham Palace, and festival performances at Her Majesty's theatre, followed each other in rapid succession.

The Duke of Devonshire died suddenly on the 15th of January, of paralysis.

Lady Boothby, formerly Mrs. Nesbit, a distinguished actress had also died after a brief illness.

The Court of Directors of the East India Company have drawn up a lengthy petition to Parliament against the transfer of the Government of India to the British Crown.

Mr. Francis Lossaby has been appointed British Consul at Boston.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY,

FREDERICTON, Feb. 11th, 1858.

The House met at 10 o'clock. Shortly after the debate was resumed on the Sergeant-at-Arms question.

Mr. End moved an amendment, slightly differing from Mr. Allen's resolution, and expressing satisfaction at Mr. Gardner's official career. The amendment was lost by a large majority.

Mr. Allen's Resolution also lost—14—to 21.

Yeas—Messrs. Gray, Wilmot, McPhelim, MacPherson, McIntosh, Allan, End, Desbrisay, Scovil, Botsford, Williston, Kerr, Gilbert, and Montgomery.

Mr. Read voted with the Government. The members absent were Vail, Tibbits, McLellan, Steadman and Wright.

The House then proceeded to the appointment of Committees, and routine business.

Mr. Cudlip laid on the table a Resolution that a Comittee of both Houses be appointed to investigate the affairs of the Central Bank.

Mr. End introduced a Resolution to change the manner of appointing officers of the House, and follow the practice of the neighbouring Colonies. Laid on the table.

Mr. Mitchell introduced a bill to facilitate the obtaining of licenses for carrying away lumber cut on Crown Lands.

Mr. Chandler introduced a Bill to abolish imprisonment for debt.

Mr. Gilmour introduced a Bill to alter the time of holding the Circuit Court for Charlottee.

No other business done. Nearly all the members are here. House adjourned at 3 30.

FREDERICTON, Feb. 12th.

The House opened *pro forma* at 10 o'clock. Mr. W. E. Perley's Bill to encourage the destruction of Wolves was read a second time.

Mr. Chandler presented the Petition of Mr. Sutton against the return of Williston, on the grounds of bribery and corruption. Petition received and Monday set apart to go into consideration of the same

Mr. Williston introduced a Bill to disqualify certain Office Holders from holding seats in the Assembly.

The Address in reply to the Speech was taken up at 12.

Mr. M'Intosh moved an amendment to the 9th paragraph which was lost, only 6 members voting for it, viz., McPhelim, Botsford, Gilbert, Allen, M'Pherson, and M'Intosh.

The Address finally passed.

There was another long discussion about publishing the Debates in French. A resolution was finally carried to appropriate £200 for that object.

Mr. John Hooper has been elected Councillor for Wellington Ward, having a majority of nineteen votes over Mr. Bennison.

LAWTON, vs. TARBATT.—The Court on Wednesday last gave an elaborate judgment,—reviewing the case—sustaining the verdict, and refusing to grant a new trial.

The weather for last three days has been very cold—the thermometer ranging in the vicinity of zero. On Thursday evening, in an exposed situation, outside the city, it indicated 6 below.

HARPER'S New Monthly Magazine has been received from Mr. B. O'Brien, King street, where it is for sale. The contents are varied, instructive, and interesting, and the engravings are of the very finest description.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY.—On Thursday evening last, the Rev. Geo. Armstrong delivered an admirable lecture before the Church of England Young Men's Society, in the Sunday School-room of Trinity Church, on "The Bible, the best book for both Worlds." It was replete with sound Christian instruction, rich in a chaste and flowing style, and delivered with the earnestness for which this examplary Clergyman is distinguished. The astonishing folly of the men who would exclude the Bible from the common schools of a Christian Country, was pourtrayed with a vividness and impressiveness most convincing, and the beautiful precepts of Deuteronomy, commanding the parent to teach the Law of God to his children sitting, standing, or walking by the way, formed the conclusion of a Lecture well delivered and truly edifying.—*New Brunswicker.*

NATURALIZING A RUSSIAN.—The Barque *Atlantic*, seized and sold in Leith as a Russian prize left the Island of Leone a-day or two prior to the arrival of the Jessie Mitchell. One of the Russian crew had deserted from the Atlantic and concealed himself on the Island; but he afterwards discovered himself to the seamen, and declared his desire to renounce his allegiance, and become a British subject.

How to effect the transformation was a question which puzzled Jack greatly; however, on the arrival of the Jessie Mitchell, her crew, along with the seamen on shore, met in solemn conclave, and their united wisdom determined that as the water is ever emblematical of purity, and its cleansing properties have been known and appreciated in all ages and countries it was the only medium which could effect the momentous change of converting a Russian into a true British subject.

The conclave next adjourned to a small creek or basin round the white pebble beach, on which they arranged themselves about three yards apart, each with a bucket, while the poor Russian commenced walking round the margin of the creek, repeating the form of abjuration taught him by the Jackeers, who took care on their part that he should receive from each a full bucket of water. This august ceremony completed, the sailors, with three hearty cheers, acknowledged him as a British subject, and admitted him with the honours to the society.

The two passenger cars being built by Mr. James are progressing satisfactorily, and will no doubt be completed in the time specified. The materials are of the best description used in the construction of cars, and were imported from the United States, several mechanics being employed on the work, in planing and putting the various parts together. We doubt not that when finished they will be a credit to the contractor and all concerned.—*New-Brunswicker.*

The favorite steamer *Emperor*, thoroughly refitted, will resume her trips to Portland 1st March

INQUEST.—On Tuesday a Coroner's inquest was held in Portland, on view of the body of Sarah Torey, the wife of a laboring man, who came by her death the previous evening while in a state of intoxication. There had been some altercation, and squabbling and scuffling between the deceased and her husband, and in which she was thrown against a door. This led to the supposition that a murder had been committed by the husband,—but after a careful investigation of the case, the Jury brought in a verdict of "Accidental death." The husband, who gave himself up to the Police immediately after the woman's death, and was in custody during the time of the Inquest, was afterwards discharged.

SUICIDE.—One of the most remarkable cases of suicide we ever heard of took place in the County of Dundas, Canada West, on the 13th of January. A Farmer named John Soules, who unfortunately lost his wife a short time since, came to the conclusion to marry again, and offered himself to a young lady, who declined the proffered honor. He then offered himself to another, and meeting with a similar return, he appears to have come to the conclusion to poison himself. He proceeded to the village of Iriquois and bought an ounce of opium. The most remarkable self-possession characterized his every movement. He talked and chatted with his neighbours, and none had reason to suspect the awful deed he was about to perpetrate. Upon returning home he told the persons who superintended his household affairs, that he intended taking something for his cold, and proceeded to make a solution of the opium, which he placed upon the stove. He then took paper and ink, and wrote for a length of time. After having finished his writing he swallowed the too fatal draught, and proceeded to bed, where he was found in the morning by one of his children, dead. A coroner's jury was at once summoned, and upon the writing being produced it was found to be his last will and testament; in it he gave his reasons for committing this act, and stated he did not wish anybody to consider him insane, as he knew very well what he was doing. Deceased was very respectably connected.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—A letter from George Stewart, Esq., Secretary of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, dated London, Jan. 15, says:—"Our arrangements here for the completion of the work we have in hand are progressing satisfactorily, and I trust and believe that our next attempt will be crowned with success. The machinery is being overhauled under the direction of British and American engineers, and experiments will be carefully tried before sailing next time, with a view to meet every known or anticipated difficulty. The English government has again granted us the use of ships, and the manufacture of new cable to supply the place of that which was lost is going on satisfactorily. It is intended at present to take out 2300 miles of cable, being 300 miles more than was thought sufficient last time."

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Bilious headache, and all affections of the system which result from an insufficient or immoderate flow of bile, are at once relieved by the operation of Holloway's Pills.—Dyspepsia and liver disease are inseparable; for the stomach and the liver always sympathise, and as this great medicine acts powerfully upon both these important organs, it performs the work of cure with a precision, rapidity, and thoroughness which have no parallel in the records of medical practice. The pills may be relied upon with the utmost confidence in cases of diarrhea, dysentery, cholera morbus, spasms of the stomach, cholic infantum, and all other disorders effecting the digestive organs and the bowels.

☞ *Orangemen of Queen's County are informed that the County Lodge will meet in Gagetown, on the 3rd day of March next. Important business.* [Advertisement in next issue.]

Died.

On the 9th instant, after two days' very severe illness, Sarah S., youngest daughter of Mr. Robert Milligan, aged 12 years and 8 months. Funeral on Sunday at two o'clock, from her father's residence, South side King's square. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

On the 6th instant, after a short but severe illness, aged 50 years, Mr. Donald A. Cameron, of this city, who was for upwards of 29 years proprietor of the *Observer*, newspaper—highly respected by all his brethren and contemporaries of the press—beloved and esteemed during life by his immediate connections and a large circle of acquaintances. Mr. Cameron leaves behind him the enviable reputation of an honorable and upright man.

On the 12th instent, after a severe illness, Mr. John Herrington, in the 50th year of his age—leaving a wife and five children. Funeral on Sunday at 3 o'clock, from his late residence in Brussels near Waterloo streets.

Wednesday morning, after a short illness, Mrs. Mary Ferguson, aged 62 years.

Suddenly, on Tuesday, the 9th inst., Margaret, relict of the late Mr. William Allison, in the 79th year of her age, leaving 5 children and a large circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss.

In Portland, of scarlet fever, on the 5th inst., Michael C., youngest son of David and Catherine Walsh, aged 3 years.

At Portland, on Monday, of consumption, Mr. George J. Fenwick, aged 25 years.

At Indian Town, on the 8th inst., Henry Peters Fisher, fifth son of Mr. William Allingham, aged 11 months.

On the 2nd instant, at Sussex Vale, Mrs. Hannah F. Ellison, aged 55 years, leaving a husband and three children.

At Moncton, on 31st ult., Mr. James L. Wilmot, in the 48th year of his age.

At Westfield, King's County, of influensy, Mr. James Vair, aged 64 years, leaving a disconsolate widow and five children to mourn their sudden bereavement.

On the 13th ult., at Eel River, after a severe and painful illness, Henry Jones, Esq., in the 65th year of his age, leaving a wife and child, together with a large circle of connexions and friends to mourn their sad bereavement.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

THE Subscriber thankful for the past favours offers his Stock for Sale very low for Cash, consisting of all qualities of DRY PINE LUMBER from 5-8 to 4 Inch in thickness, FRAME TIMBER, SCANTLING all sizes, Rough and planed Flooring, LATHS, &c.

Central Bank Bills taken as payment.

jan 19 R. S. DICKSON.

S. K. FOSTER'S—Shoe Store.

THE Subscriber has just received another lot of those Cheap BOOTS and SHOES which he is selling off at most astonishing low prices.

☞ Call and see.

Oct. 30. S. K. FOSTER.

Toys, Toys, Toys.

THE Subscriber has lately received a very large assortment of TOYS, comprising—the game of Robin Hood, Golden Egg, Temple of Flora, Old Soldier, Trades, Silver Bell, Alphabetical Dominoes, Anagrams, What d'ye Buy, Colombia, Conundrums, Qualities and Consequences, Yankee Trader, Bell and Hammer, Busby Game, Groves Alma, Bird Catcher, Tour thro' Europe, Child's Geography, Queen of Beauty, Uncle Tom, Every Day Things, Dissected Puzzles, and Toys of every description, by the Case at wholesale or retail.

A good assortment of Ladies' FRIZZETTS always on hand.

November 27. WM. MAJOR.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

I TAKE this method of informing my customers and the Public, generally, that I have just received

7 CASES

of new Toys and FANCY GOODS, one case of Wax DOLLS; one do. Gutta Percha TOYS; New Styles; also, a choice selection of Gifts and Birthday Presents; all of which are now ready at Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Persons fitting up Bazars would do well to call and examine, as good bargains may be expected.

Nov. 6 105, Prince Wm. Street. A. PAGE.

FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS.—Received per Steamer:—1 case superior French PAPER HANGINGS, all new styles.

☞ For Sale at cost and charges.

July 3. B. O'BRIEN.

TO LET from 1st May next.

THE lower FLAT containing 3 Rooms, and Basement Story, having Kitchen, Pantry, and Cellar, Water led in a garret room if required, of House No. 75 Charlotte Street, near Queen's Square, good and seperate Out-Buildings.

ALSO—Small HOUSE adjoining, having a Shop, is suitable for a Milliner or Dress-maker. Good and seperate Out Buildings.

JOHN MARVEN.

feb 12. Ward street.

FURNITURE FACTORY.

THE Factory of the Subscribers being fitted up with every machine required to enable them to manufacture BEDSTEADS, TABLES, CHAIRS, BUREAUS, Cot SPRINGS, &c., &c., &c. They are prepared to furnish out of the best and cabinet of the COUNTRY the above articles, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

jan 23, 1858. 6i J. & G. LAWRENCE.

Saint John Forge Company.

THE above Company are now prepared to Manufacture from Woodstock Iron SHIPS KNEES and STRAPS, Machine SHAFTING, and CAST Ships' ANCORS, &c. and solicit the patronage of the Public to sustain them in this branch of Domestic Manufacture.

☞ Orders received and every information given on application to

T. E. G. TISDALE, *President.*

St John N. B., Jan 21, 1858.

Furniture Ware-Rooms,

87 KING STREET.

THE Subscribers are constantly Manufacturing at their establishment, King Street; Drawing, Dining, and Bed Room FURNITURE in the most modern designs, together with every article in the Upholstering Department, viz. Hair Mose, Grass, and other *MATTRESSES* &c.

All of which they offer on the most favourable terms.

jan 23 6i. J. & G. LAWRENCE.

At No. 69, Waverley House.

RECEIVED FROM LONDON,

1 Case Gentlemen's LACED, CALF, AND SEAL BOOT, Extra quality.

1 Case ladies' Felt BOOTS, RUBBER SOLES.

1 Case of JEWELLERY & FANCY GOODS

January 11. B. O'BRIEN.

Diseases of the Eye and Ear.

JOHN SKINNER, M. D. continues to give special attention to the Medical and Surgical treatment of Diseases of the EYE and EAR, with general practice. Artificial (*enamel*) Eyes inserted, where the organ has become shrunken or lost, having the colour and motion of the natural eye.

OFFICE—(Dr. Vernon's Brick Building,) corner of King and Germain streets, St. John, N. B.

January 11.

GRANITE HALL,

No. 5, Dock Street.

FALL OF 1857.

GREAT variety of Fall and Winter CLOTHING, made up in the well known style of this establishment from Cloths imported by myself especially for my own trade, owing to the dullness of the times and

LOW RATE OF LABOUR

in the Manufacture of fall Clothing, my customers will get all the advantage of a good garment at a LOW PRICE.

—THE STOCK CONSISTS OF—

Every description of OVER COATS;

Every description of DRESSCOATS;

Every description of BUSINESS COATS;

Every description of DRESS VESTS;

Every description of BUSINESS VESTS;

Every description of DRESS PANTALOONS;

Every description of Working PANTALOONS;

Gentlemen wishing Garments made to measure, can have their choice of the best assortment of West of England Cloths, Rich Vestings, Fancy Doeskins, and Real Scotch Tweeds in this City, and made up under the supervision of one of the best practical Cutters of the present age—and at prices that cannot fail to please.

ECONOMY IS SELF.

HATS and every description of Winter CAPS. Reversible Rubber COATS. Goodyear's Rubber COATS, CAPES, &c. OIL CLOTHING of every description. FURNISHING GOODS of all kinds—Wholesale and Retail.

October 6. THOMAS R. JONES.

Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late WILLIAM M. FOWLER, of the Parish of Upham, King's County, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within Three Months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are require to make immediate payment to RACHEL FOWLER, *Administratrix.*

Upham, October 19, 1857. 3m p

NOTICE.—All Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late DOCTOR JOHN BOYD, of this city, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to

ALBINIA BOYD,
J. EDWARD BOYD, *Executors.*

Sept. 22nd, 1857.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of JOHN HAZEN Esq., late High Sheriff of the County Sunbury, (deceased) are requested at present the same duly attested, within three months from this date, and persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

GEORGE GARDEN,
EDWIN COUGLE,

Burton Sept. 25. 3m. *Administrators*

Per Arthur White, from London.

100 CHESTS Souchong TEA;
6 tons Brandram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD;
1 ton Brandram's Coloured PAINTS;
Casks Boiled and Raw OIL;
3 do. PUTTY; 1 cask STARCH;
4 cases INDIGO;
1 case Ladies' BOOTS;
1 do. STATIONERY.

For Sale at the lowest market rates.

June 12. L. H. DEVEBER & SONS.

To Farmers, Travelers, & Citizens

THE Subscriber has refitted and renovated his Hotel to meet the Spring business, and where Travellers will find every comfort desired. He returns thanks for the very liberal share of patronage which has been awarded to him, and assures his numerous customers that every effort will be made as heretofore, to benefit.

His House is No. 15, Charlotte street, and reference is respectfully asked of former visitors.

Experienced Grooms always in attendance to see that Horses are properly attended to.

May 22. WM. YOUNG.

OAKUM & CORDAGE.—Landing ex *Eleanor*—200 bundles Brown OAKUM;
150 coils CORDAGE, 6 thread to 5 inch;
20 coils Bolt ROPE, 2 1 4 to 4 1-2 inch.

For Sale by JOHN WALKER,

Sept. 26. Ward street

HORSE SHOEING,

[Shop one door north of the Country Market]

WILLIAM GABRIEL begs to Tender his sincere thanks to his friends and the Public for the extensive patronage hitherto received from them; and he takes this method further to inform them that he is prepared at all times to execute orders in his line of business, in the best possible manner, and in the style that is most suitable to this Country.

January 20, 1851.

SAMUEL WILSON,

TAILOR & DRAPER,

NO. 80, PRINCE WM. STREET.

HAS received per late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States, his supply of CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
TWEEDS,
BROAD CLOTHS,
RUSSEL CORDS,
PLAIDS,
MOLESKINS, &c., &c.

SATIN—Black and Fancy, SILK, do. do. VELLVET, do. do. } *Beautiful Articles for VESTS.*

☞ Persons wishing to have their Garments made-up from any of the above Articles will confer a favor on the Subscriber by giving him a call at his Establishment (no. 80, PRINCE WM. STREET,) where he is prepared to take their measure and produce the requisit articles at the shortest notice.

☞ The Subscriber would also intimate to his customers and the public, that he has now made-up and ready for inspection a large amount of Men and Boy's Clothing, viz: COATS, VESTS, PANTS, DRAWERS, &c.

A general assortment of Hdkfs., Stocks, Neck Ties, Fronts, Shirt Collars, Braces; Hosiery, Gloves, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Valises, &c., for Sale at market prices.

St. John, N. B, June 18, 1857 S. W.

Keating's Cough Lozenges

A SAFE AND CERTAIN REMEDY FOR

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness,

AND OTHER AFFECTIONS OF THE

THROAT AND CHEST.

IN INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, AND WHOOPING COUGH they are unfailing. Being free from every hurtful ingredient, they may be taken *by the most delicate female or the youngest child;* while the PUBLIC SPEAKER and PROFESSIONAL SINGER will find them invaluable in allaying the hoarseness and irritation incidental to vocal exertion, and also a powerful auxiliary in the production of MELODIOUS ENUNCIATION.

Prepared and sold in Boxes and Tins of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., No. 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, London. Sold retail by all Druggists in the whole world.

N. B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engraven on the Government Stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIAL.

31, Wine street, Bristol.

SIR,—It is with much pleasure I have to inform you of the benefit I received from your Lozenges. I was attacked with the typhus fever, during which time I had a violent cough, so that it kept me awake the greater part of the night. A friend persuaded me to try a box of your "COUGH LOZENGES" which I did and am happy to say that with only one box of your valuable compound I was quite free from cough.

You can make what use of this you please, for I think such valuable medicine ought not to go unnoticed.

I remain, Sir, your obedient Servant,
WM. T. TRUSCOTT.

Mr. Keating, 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, London

Agents for St. John—Messrs. H. CHUBB & Co. For Fredericton—J. F. GALE, Druggist.

November 13, 1857.—12i.

North American Clothing Store, Sears' Brick Building,

NORTH SIDE of KING STREET

R. HUNTER

HAS received per recent arrivals, a large assortment of BROAD CLOTHS, Milton and Satinett Cloths, Pilot Beaver Mohair, Siberian, and Whitney Cloths; Cassimeres, Doeskins, Satinetts, Vesting, &c., which are being made up on the premises; and solicits the attention of intending purchasers to his present extensive stock of GOODS, which will be sold by Wholesale and Retail at the lowest possible prices for approved payments.

The stock comprises an immense assortment of—CLOTHING—in Over Coats and Under in all the various materiaes, and most fashionable styles; VESTS and PANTS in great variety, and in all qualities and prices required;

Over-all PANTS and FROCKS;
CAPES, LEGGINS, HATS, GLOVES, Horse Covers, Waggon Boots, &c;
TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET-BAGS;
HATS and CAPS in great variety;

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

SUMMER CLOTHING!

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Summer Coatings,

Personally selected by the Subscriber in the leading British Markets.

☞ GARMENTS made in a superior manner, at LOW PRICES.

May 22. THOMAS R. JONES.

Butter, Oranges, &c.

RECEIVED per Admiral from Boston—
10 Tubs Prime New BUTTER;
15 Boxes of ORANGES;
500 COCOA NUTS;
1 Brl. Cucumber PICKLES, in Vinegar;
2 Boxes new Goshen CHEESE;
500 Lbs. Sugar Cured HAMS.

W. H. LESTER,
June 5. 3i. Bustin's Corner.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

BOSTON.

RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OLD PLAN OF MANAGEMENT.

LEWIS RICE, Proprietor, respectfully announces that he has resumed the *old plan* of management as it existed before the recent alteration. Trial of the European system in *this Hotel*, proves, that although the advantages are great, yet the plan is better adapted for the *smaller class* of hotels.

The accomodations and conveniences of the House are unsurpassd, and the recent improvements and alterations, for the comfort of guests, leave nothing to be desired.

Boston, Sep. 25, 1857.

Reversible Caps.

IN compliance with the wishes of a number of Customers, we are again manufacturing a quantity of PALA ALTO REVERSIBLE CAPS. This is a style which was in great demand in the United States at the time of the late Mexican War, and is a very convenient Cap for travellers.

Call and see.

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

August 7. 15, King street

HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES.—Now landing from the "John Barbour," one case London Holloway's PILLS and OINTMENT, warranted genuine. For sale by

S. L. TILLEY,

April 17. 35, King street

YORK, No. 3, meets at their Lodge Room, Brussels street, on the second Monday of the month.

By order of the W. M.

Nov. 1857. W. MELICK, Secretary

Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 2.

THE Regular Monthly Meeting of "Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 2," will be held in the Orange Hall, Brussel-st., on the first FRIDAY in every month.

By order of the W. M.

CHAS. HILL, Secretary

May 22. *"God Save the Queen."*

Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 5.

THE Members of the above Lodge will meet at their Lodge Room, Marshall's Building, Princess street, on the evening of the Second FRIDAY in every Month. The brethren are respectfully invited to attend.

March 20. JOHN S. MAGEE, Secretary.

TO LET

Possession given May 1st:—

THE STORE No. 21, in St John Street, now occupied by BERTON BROTHERS. Apply to

jan 23 6i L. H. DEVEBER.

47 Prince William street.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.

Ex *Ann Rankin*, and *Courier*, from London:—

1000 KEGS Brandram's No. 1, White LEAD;
230 Kegs Yellow, Red, Black, Green, and Blue PAINTS;
50 Kegs Zinc Paint;
35 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL;
3 Bbls. Copal and Oak VARNISH;
7 Cans Carriage and White Copal do.;
1 Cask Brandram's Liquid Dryer;
5 " do. Patent do.;
50 dzs. Deep GOLD LEAF;
5 " Patent Glaziers' DIAMONDS.

For Sale at No. 1, North side Market Square

Nov. 14. W. O. SMITH

JUST RECEIVED:

2000 QUINTALS large COD FISH;
100 Boxes Dipper Harbour Smoked HERRINGS, a good article.

JOHN MARVEN,

October 23. Ward street.

A Further Supply of STRAW HATS of the following descriptions: Panama, Leghorn, Canton, Caracoa, Sennet and Cuba.

And of FELT HATS of the following descriptions:—Kossuth, Hungarian, Empire, Panama, French, Cassimere & Cashmaretti—various colours and qualities, have just been received and will be sold Wholesale and Retail, by

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

May 29. 15 King-street.

GLASS—92, Dock street.

F. CLEMENTSON respectfully solicits the attention of purchasers to his Spring Stock of GLASS.

On the arrival of the *John Duncan*, the assortment of CUT GLASS will be completed, which will be superior in design to any previous importation. (July 19.) FRAS. CLEMENTSON.

OAKUM AND OLIVE OIL.—40 bundles American OAKUM; 5 casks Olive OIL landing ex Franklin, by

JOHN WALKER.

September 19. Ward-street

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY.

Price 1s. *Sterling*, with numerous Engravings and Cases.

NERVOUS DEBILITY: its Causes, Symptoms, and Cure.—An Essay on Spermatorrhœa, and the various forms of premature Decay, resulting from Imprudence and vicious Indulgence, with plain directions for perfect restoration to Health and perfect Obscurity, in a new method, by the use of Spermatophore and other Cerebral Invigorants by Sir Cornelius Lambe.—

BY SAMUEL LAYBERT, M.D.

37, Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Medicine, Matriculated member of the University of Edinburgh, formerly Physician to the Royal Hospital Medical Society, Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, &c.

Sold by MORTON AND COGSWELL, Halifax, Nova Scotia, and by H. CHUBB & Co. St. John's, New Brunswick

Price One Shilling Sterling.

For City and Country Trade!!!

GOOD CLOTHING,

OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND AT LOW PRICES.

The Cheapest and largest Stock of Ready-made CLOTHING,

is at Granite Hall, No. 5, Dock-street.

Every article warranted to what it is represented, or the money returned.

☞ GARMENTS made to measure at low prices, and in a superior manner.

May 29. THOS. R. JONES.

Evening School.

THE Subscribers EVENING SCHOOL, is now open in the Commercial School Rooms, for the reception of Pupils.

Terms 20s. per quarter, instead of 30s. formerly charged. For further particulars apply at the School Rooms.

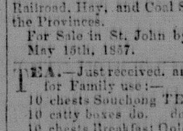
SAM'L D. MILLER, Principal

P. S.—There is a separate room for females, if required. Nov. 18.

THE VICTIM'S FRIEND.—32 pages, &c. (everywhere by post for two stamps.—A Legal Essay adapted for those residents of more elevated Sex who are ordered Cloaca secret in nature, guilty and sexual indulgences. By Dr. Wm. Hammond, Member Royal College Surgeons, &c. &c., with whom patients can consult in secrecy, &c. &c., with whom patients can consult in secrecy at all times, from 10 to 2 and 6 to 8 P.M. Address, Dr. Hammond, 13, Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, London, England.

FAIRBANKS'

CELEBRATED



SCALES,

of every variety,

34 Kilby Street, Boston.

GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.

For Sale in St. John by WM. THOMSON.

May 15th, 1857. (1y.)

TEA.—Just received, and imported expressly for Family use:—
10 chests Souchong TEA;
10 catty boxes do. do.;
10 chests Breakfast Oolong do;
10 catty boxes do. do;
10 chests good retailing do.—For sale low

August 29. JOHN McCOSKERY.

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

THE balance of our stock of Winter CAPS—Our hands are all employed in making up a first rate stock of HATS and CAPS for Spring & Summer wear, consisting of Satin, and Cassimere, and Glazed Caps, &c., Wholesale buyers would do well to leave their orders early.

On hand—A large stock of Kossuth and Wide-Awake HATS, in Black, Drab, and Brown Wholesale and Retail.

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

Feb. 13. 15, King-street.

Oysters! Oysters!!

JUST received per steamer "Adelaide," from Boston:—12 bbls. Prime OYSTERS—fresh from the beds. Also—On hand, a few barrels of Fresh Shedine Oysters, which will be served up in any style required, at

JAMES KENNY'S
Eating House Water street.

N. B.—MEALS served up at the shortest notice—Day and Evening. J. K.

St. John, N. B., August 29.

Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of Andrew Sherwood late of the Parish of Upham, in King's County, (deceased) are requested to present the same duly attested within eighteen months from this date and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to

RICHARD D. SHERWOOD,
JOHN F. SHERWOOD, } *Executors*

Upham, K. C., March 7th, 1857.

OLIVE OIL.—Just received and for Sale by the subscriber 200 gallons OLIVE OIL.

May 22 TILLEY, 35 King-street

RECEIVED per "Athenia"—Two Cases London HATS, a superior article, made expressly for this Market; also, Children's HATS in great variety. Expected per steamer from Boston—A large Stock of Leghorn and Panama HATS, all of which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at low prices for Cash or approved paper.

27 North side King street. A. MAGEE.

St. John, May 1.

FUR CAPS—In every variety of Fur—made up on the premises, in the latest styles.

October 24. D. H. HALL, 41, King-street.

CONFECTIONARY—Now landing ex the Arctic from New York—20 boxes Knickerbocker CANDY, 5c. each; 15 do. Van Winkle do., 30c. each. A large assortment for cash by

S. L. TILLEY,

VULCAN FOUNDRY.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber would take this opportunity of returning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal share of patronage he has received during the past ten years, while doing business at the Establishment known as VULCAN FOUNDRY, on the South side of Main Street; and begs to inform them that he has removed directly opposite to his former place of business No. 11 and 13, *Main Street*, where he is prepared to carry on the Foundry Business in the various branches of *ENGINE, MILL, and SHIP WORK*, Ship Builders' CRAMPS, Washers, Hole Washers, Jack Screws, &c. &c.—Together with a variety of the most approved STOVE PATTERNS and FRANKLINS,—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

On Hand—Two STEAM ENGINES, one 18 inch diameter by 30 inch Stroke, one 16 inch diameter by 24 inch Stroke.

P. S. Also for Sale as they now lie at Dock Gut, or delivered in St. John,—Two large Steam BOILERS, 7 feet 8 in. diameter by 19 feet long, formerly belonging to the steamer "*Pilot*," and were in use about 18 months, and are now in good order; also, two Wrought Iron SHAFTS 9 inches in diameter, 18 feet 6 inches long, with two Wrought Iron CRANKS, 30 in. long from centre to centre; together with two second hand Cast Iron *SHAFTS*, of 6 and 10 in. diameter, 15 and 20 feet long.

All of the above articles will be sold on the most liberal terms.

Plan of Boilers can be seen at any time at the Foundry.

December 11. G. CRAIG.

TEA! TEA, &c.

IN STORE—30 Half Chests finest Souchong and Congo TEAS. "Recorder," "Henry Harbeck," and "White Swallow;" 10 do Oolong do., "Samuel Russell" and "Monsoon;"
2 do Old Hyson; 1 do Gunpowder;
5 Bbls Crushed SUGAR; Brown Porto Rico ditto, and Molasses; Maple do, and Honey;
Fresh Ground COFFEE;
300 Lbs. Dried APPLES, (sliced and cored);
2 Tierces CRANBERRIES;
40 Packages RAISINS, in prime order
Zante and Smyrna *Currants* and *Prunes*;
3 Tierces Rice; Family FLOUR, Oatmeal, Gray Buckwheat, and Corn MEAL, Clark's Corn Starch, Hecker's FARINA; "*oorr*" Ginger, BROMA, Cocoa Paste, Prepared Cocoa and CHOCOLATE; Scotch Marmalade, Window GLASS and putty; Porter's Burning FLUID, Chamberlain's SOUPS in boxes, Cucumber PICKLES in vinegar and pickle; Castile and other SOAPS; 20 packets NEW BRUNSWICK GRASS SEED, Beans and Peas, Sage and Hops, Buckwheat, and OATS; 10 boxes Tonsecco 10 M. CIGARS choice brands; 10 do Wooden Pipes; fat SHAD, Mackerel and Labrador Herrings—together with a general assortment of Groceries, inferior to none in the City at lowest Market rates, at No. 70 Charlott street, St. John.

JAMES G. LESTER.

North American House,

No. 7 North side of King's Square,

ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

IS now kept by the Subscriber, who having recently refitted and furnished the same throughout in a most comfortable manner, and is prepared to entertain Residents in this City, Farmers, and Travellers generally, by the day or for any period, in an agreeable style and on satisfactory terms. *Good Stabling* is attached. Experienced Attendants are employed in every department.

The Daily and other Newspapers are regularly taken and filed. Every information with regard to the Markets, and other business of the City promptly afforded. Purchases can be made by Strangers.

Extra MEALS, when called for, are provided without delay. In short nothing is wanting at any hour that can be reasonably required.

May 22.—1m. HUGH CHISHOLM.

Messrs. Frith & Starr,

Agents for the Times Fire Assurance of London.

GENTLEMEN—

ON the 29th ult. a steam Saw Mill belonging to me, which was partially insured at your Office was totally destroyed by a destructive fire at Straight Shore. Notwithstanding the extreme scarcity of money, you, at once, paid over to me in the most courteous manner, the full amount of the insurance—£1,000—for which I desire to hereby to express my thanks.

I consider the conduct of your Company praiseworthy in the highest degree, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who now, or at any future time may be desirous of insuring property, as one which is alike honourable in its dealings, safe in its character, and prompt in its settlements. N. S. D.

St. John, N.B., October 15, 1857.

THE Subscribers have just received from the United States, a large assortment of Hungarian, Kossuth, and Wide Awake HATS, various styles, colours, qualities, and prices.

They have also made up a Stock of Silk HATS, of the *Spring Style* for 1857.

Expected by first arrivals from Liverpool—Children's Fancy CAPS, Felt Hats, Leghorn Hats &c.

All the above will be sold at a small advance on cost *Wholesale and Retail.*

C. D. EVERETT & SON.

April 15. 15 King street.

GERMAN WINDOW GLASS.

JUST RECEIVED from New York, per "Ransom," 350 boxes of various sizes—all good order. ☞ Glass always cut to order.

GEORGE NIXON.

June 12. 104 Prince William Street.

HAGEE, HATTER.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed a part of his Establishment to 27, North Side of King Street, directly opposite Cross Street, and one door below Mr. J. Frost's Shoe Store, where he will be found ready to serve the Public with HATS and CAPS of his *own Manufacture* made under his inspection, which he feels warranted in saying are equal to any made or sold in the City, as has been proved at the Exhibitions held in this City and Fredericton, and also at Halifax, from which he received a Cliffcate of merit under the Seal of that Province.

The business will be conducted as formerly at his old Stand, under the management of his nephew, D. MAGEE, a practical Hatter; and the Public will always find a good article, with reasonable price.

HATS and CAPS made to order. A. MAGEE

27 North Side, King street.

Collegiate and Commercial School,

SAINT GEORGE'S STREET,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE above named Institutions under the personal supervision of the Subscriber, in a prosperous condition can accomodate a few Pupils.

The following branches of a liberal Education are efficiently taught therein, viz:

The

Poetry.

THE FLIGHT OF THE HOURS.

BY C. F. CRANCH.

The hours are viewless angels,
And still go gliding by,
And bear each moment's record up
To Him who sits on high.

The poison of the nectar
The heart's deep flower-cups yield,
And sample still the gather swift,
And leave us in the field.

And some fly by on pinions
Of gorgeous gold and blue,
And some fly on with drooping wing
Of sorrow's darker hue.

And as we spend each minute
That God to us hath given,
The deeds are known before his throne—
The tale is told in Heaven.

And we who talk among them,
As one by one departs,
Think not that they are hovering
Forever round our hearts.

Like summer bees that hover
Around the idle flowers,
They gather every act and thought,
Those viewless, angel hours.

And still they steal the record,
And bear it far away;
This mission flight, by day or night,
No magic power can stay.

So teach me, Heaven'y Father,
To spend each flying hour,
That as they go they may not show
My heart a poison flower.

I NEVER HAVE BEEN FALSE TO THEE.

BY GEORGE P. MORRIS.

I never have been false to thee!
The heart I gave thee still is thine;
Though thou hast been untrue to me,
And I no more can call thee mine!
I've loved as woman ever loves,
With constant soul in good or ill;
Thou'st proved, as man too often proves,
A rover—but I love thee still.

Yet think not that my spirit stoops
To bind thee captive in my train!
Love's not a flower—at sunset drooping,
But smiles when comes her god again.
Thy words, which fall unheeded now,
Could once my heart-strings madly thrill—
Love's golden chain and burning vow
Are broken—but I love thee still.

Once what a heaven of bliss was our's,
When love dispelled the clouds of care,
And time went by with birds and flowers,
While song and incense filled the air!
The past is mine—the present time—
Should thoughts of me thy future fill,
Think what a destiny is mine,
To lose—but love thee, false one, still!

HEALTH OR SICKNESS!

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

The blood furnishes the material of every bone, muscle, gland and fibre in the human frame. When pure, it secures health to every organ it necessarily produces disease. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate directly upon the elements of the stream of life, neutralizing the principle of disease, and thus radically curing the malady, whether located in the nerves, the stomach, the liver, the bowels, the muscles, the skin, the brain, or any other part of the system.

USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

ALARMING DISORDERS.

Dyspepsia, and derangement of the liver, the source of infirmity and suffering, and the cause of innumerable deaths, yield to these curatives, in all cases, however aggravated, acting as a mild purgative, alternative and tonic; they relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the system and the constitution at the same time.

GENERAL WEAKNESS—NERVOUS COMPLAINTS.

When all stimulants fail, the renovating and bracing properties of these Pills give firmness to the shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim of general debility.

DELICATE FEMALES.

All irregularities and ailments incident to the delicate and sensitive organs of the sex are removed or prevented by a few doses of these mild, but infallible alteratives. No mother who regards her own or her children's health should fail to have them within her reach.

SCIENTIFIC ENDORSEMENTS.

The London "Lancet," the London "Medical Review," and the most eminent of the faculty in Great Britain, France and Germany, have eulogized the Pills and their inventor.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Asthma	Female Complaints	Piles
Bowel Complaints	Fevers	Stone and Gravel
Coughs	Headaches	Secondary Symptoms
Colds	Indigestion	Venereal Affections
Chest Diseases	Influenza	Worms, of all kinds.
Costiveness	Inflamation	
Dyspepsia	Indward Weakness	
Diarrhea	Liver Complaints	
Dropsy		
Debility		
Fever and Ague	Lowness of spirits	

Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80, Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar, London,) by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized World, in boxes at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and 1$ each.

☞There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 2 King-st St. John, N.B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alex. Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and Jas. G. White Belleisle.

Earthenware, China & Glass.

F. CLEMENTSON has received per "John Duncan" and "Boadicea":—A general assortment of the above Goods, which are offered at the lowest Market rates, Wholesale and Retail. 29, Dock Street. October 30.

MAGEE, HATTER.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed a part of his Establishment to 27, North Side of King Street, directly opposite Cross Street, and one door below Mr. J. Frost's Shoe Store where he will be found ready to serve the Public with HATS and CAPS of his *own Manufacture*, made under his inspection, which he feels warranted in saying are equal to any made or sold in this City, as has been proved at the Exhibitons held in this City and Fredericton, and also at Halifax, N. S., from which he received a Ctificate of merits under the Seal of that Provin a

The business will be conducted as formerly at his old Stand, under the management of his Nephew, D. MAGEE, a practical Hatter; where the Public will always find a good article, and at a reasonable price.

HATS and CAPS made to order.

A. MAGEE,
27 North Side, King street.

LIVERPOOL HOUSE COALS.—Landing ex "John Duncan"—60 chals. Liverpool House COALS, which will be sold low if taken from alongside. JOHN WALKER.
May 20. Ward-street.

New-Brunswick Branch OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STERLING.

TRUSTEES.

John Shaw Leigh, and R. B. B. H. Blundell, Esqrs
Directors, &c., in Liverpool.
Charles Turner, Esq., Chairman.—John Campbell, Esq., and J. Bramley Moore, Esq., Deputy Chairmen.

George Armstrong, Esq.	Edward Johnston Esq.
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq.	Roger Lyon Jones, Esq
Michael Bousfield, Esq.	James Lawrence, Esq.
David Cannon, Esq.	Francis Maxwell, Esq.
William Claxton, Esq.	George Maxwall, Esq.
Thomas Dover, Esq.	Robert M'Andrew, Esq
Richd. Harbord, Esq.	Ed. Molyneux, Esq.
R. Brodhurst Hill, Esq.	Henry Moore, Esq.
Thos. D. Rornby, Esq.	William Smith, Esq.
John Chas. Jack, Esq.	John Torr, Esq.

Manager and Actuary—Percy M. Dove, Esq
Directors, &c., in London.

Samuel Baker, Esq.	Edw. Mackmurdo, Esq
Robert B. Byass, Esq.	Daniel H. Rucker, Esq
Richard C. Coles, Esq.	Wm. Wainwright, Esq.

John Westmorland, Esq.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent to the above Company for New-Brunswick, begs to announce that he is prepared to receive Proposals for FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE. The large Capital of the Company, and the number and influence of its Proprietors, enable it to rank with the most eligible Offices, either in America or Europe, with respect to the advantages offered to the Public.

FIRE BRANCH.

Persons Assured by this Company are not subject to any covenants or calls to make good losses which may happen to themselves or other, nor do they depend on any uncertain fund or contribution, the Capital Stock of this Company being an unquestionable security to the Assured in case of Loss or Damage by Fire.

LIFE BRANCH.

In addition to the more customary methods of insurance, the Company likewise Assures Lives on any of the following contingencies:—

For the terms of One Year, Seven Years, or any ther definite period.

For the whole continuance of Life—The Premiums to cease, after a limited number of Annual Payments.

For Two Joint Lives.—The sum assured to be paid on the death of either.

On the longest of Two or Three Lives.—The um assured to be payable at the death of the last urv v or; or,

The Survivorships.—To secure the payment er the sum assured, if a life A die before another life B.

For a sum to be payable at age 60, or at death.

Premiums on Credit.—A portion of the Premiums on Credit. Assurances may be effected in various ways, not enumerated, to meet the convenience of parties.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in the Life Branch will include the following viz:—

The Guarantee of an ample Capital, and Exemption of the Assured from liability of Partnership.

Moderate Premiums.

Large Participation of Profits by the Assured mounting to Two-thirds of its net amount, which may be applied at the option of the party effecting the Assurance:—1st. By the immediate payment f the sum so apportioned.—2nd. By an equivalent ncrease of the sum assured.

Small Charge for Management.—The expenses of the Office being borne in due proportion by the two Branches.

Prompt Settlement of Claims.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of the Premium may be renewed within three months, by paying the premium, with a fine of 10s per cent., on the production of evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the good health of the life assured.

The Company will always be prepared to Purchase the Policies of this Office at their equitable value or will grant a New Policy in lieu thereo without any fr ther payment of Premium, for a u to be agreed on.

Extra Premiums suitable to special circumstances, will be accepted to enable a party possessing a Policy on the life of another to guard against the possibility of its being vitiated by the Life departing beyond limits, or by any other cause.

Thirty Days are allowed for the Payment of Premiums after the day on which they respectively *Additional Advantages offered to Lives Assured with this Company at St. John, N. B.*

I.—RESIDENCE.—Persons assured for the whole term of life will have permission, without the payment of extra Premium, to reside in any part of Europe, or in any place in North America to the north of 38 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

II. VOYAGES.—They will also, if not seafaring by profession, be allowed, without any extr charge—

To cross and re-cross the Atlantic Ocean, in steamers or first class sailing-vessels;

To pass from any part of Europe to any other or from any part of North America to another within the limits above specified; also,

To pass to and from, but not to reside in any place which shall not be further south than 35 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

☞ *Office, in Wiggins' new Brick Building, Princess Street, immediately above the Office of the Electric Telegraph Company, and nearly opposite the Genera Post Office, St. John.*

JAMES J. KAYE, *Agent.*
January 2nd, 1852.

Steamer "Maid of Erin."

NOTICE.

THE well known and favourite Steamer "MAID OF ERIN," Capt. John Belmore, having been thoroughly overhauled and put in a complete state of repair, is ready to resume her previous route, viz: Leaving St. John for Digby and Annapolis every Monday morning at 8 o'clock, returning same evening. Leaving St. John for Dorchester, Hillsborough and the Bend every Tuesday and Friday evening tide, and returning leaves the Bend next high water.

Shippers for Dorchester and Hillsborough will please take notice that freight for those places is payable in advance, and that the owners of the steamer do not hold themselves responsible for any Goods after landing them on the respective shores.

Passengers are requested to look after their own luggage, as the owners will not be responsible for anything unless given in charge to the proper officer and signed for. For particulers apply to JOHN WALKER.
May 29, 1857. Ward-street

Confectionary.

THE Subscriber has just received per Pilgrim from Glasgow—150 lbs Choice CONFECTIONARY, consisting of Conversation, Peppermint & mixed LOZENGES, Morro HEARTS, Ginger & Polka *Seals*, Rosebuds, Bracelets, Polka & Princess Ball Horehound, Acid, Rose Acid, Pine Apple, Peer Fish, Strawberry, and Alphabet DROPS, Almonds BARLEY SUGAR.
July 11. S. L. TILLEY.

HOUSE COAL.—Landing ex Kelvin:—200 Chaldrons Scotch House COALS.
For sale at 25s. cash from the Vessel.
Oct. 30. JOHN WALKER.

Land for Sale.

A LOT OF LAND on Salmon Creek, Parish of Johnston, Queen's County, containing 200 acres, part of which is cleared Land, with a good Mill privilege. For particulars apply to SAMUEL H. GILBERT,
Feb. 18, 1857. Gagetown.

FOR SALE at 104 Prince William Street—PAPER HANGINGS and BORDERS, of all kinds; Window GLASS, all sizes; Green Window SHADES, 33, 36 and 40 inches; BASKETS and PUTTY. GEORGE MIXON
St. John, May 29, 1857.

For Oil Cloth COATS in great variety.
May 30 THOMAS R. JONES.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—The Subscriber having been lately appointed a Licensed AUCTIONEER for Queen's County trusts from the Public a Share of Business which shall receive his prompt attention, on most reasonable terms. ARCHIBALD McALLISTER.
Gagetown, August 22, 1856.

Beans and Shad.

40 BUSHELS N. S. White BEANS; 20 half-barrels good SHAD. For Sale by JOHN MARVEN,
Feb. 20. Ward-street

WHITE PANS AND BUTTER CROCKS—White inside.—A shipment of these Goods are daily expected.
FRAS. CLEMENTSON,
August 7. Dock-street

Brandram's No. 1. White Lead and Coloured Paints.

RECEIVED per "Ann Rankin," and For Sale by the Subscriber—
4 Tons Brandram's No. 1 White LEAD;
1 Ton assorted COLOURS;
4 Casks Dry Red and White LEAD;
raw and Burnt Umber; Raw and Burnt Terra do.; Sienna, Drop Black, Ultramarine Blue, &c. &c.;
1 case Deep Gold Leaf; 6 cases Florence OIL.
Iv Stone—5000 feet Window GLASS, assorted sizes.
Oct. 24. S. L. TILLEY.

SHARPS

BALSAM of HOARHOUND & ANISEED.

Is a safe and sure remedy for the cure of Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Chest, Hoarseness, Wheezing of the Lungs, &c.

This is the cheapest and best Medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of the above named diseases. Its speedy and extraordinary effects have gained for it a reputation far above all other remedies of a similar kind.

The most flattering Testimonials have been received from the following gentlemen:

Daniel Leavitt, Esq., J. P.
E. Lunt, Esq., Merchant.
W. D. Pickup, Esq., do.
John Armstrong, Esquire.
Capt. Hugh Chisholm.
William Neagle, Merchant.
James Bennett.

Prepared by John G. Sharp, Pharmacuheit Chemist, and Sold by James H. Chipman; Geo. F. Everett & Co; Chaloner & Hunt; J. F. Secord; Wm. Nagle, St James' street.

CARLETON—Henry Nase, & Richard N. Knight St. John, June 1857.

FRESH GROCERIES!!

THE Subscriber having received a large assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, per late arrivals, is prepared to sell them at the lowest market rates.

The articles consist in part of—
10 Chests TEA; 560 lbs. Java COFFEE;
3 boxes Yeast POWDER; 5 barrels Crushed SUGAR;
5 brls. Porto Rico SUGAR; 10 boxes good CHEESE;
15 Tubs Prime New BUTTER;
1 Ton OATMEAL;
10 brls. Corn MEAL; 5 do. Rye FLOUR;
25 brls. Superfine State FLOUR; 10 barrels PORK, best quality;
2 barrels SALERATUS;
5 kegs TOBACCO; 1 bbl. Bladder SNUFF
15 boxes Adamantine CANDLES, short sizes
25 quintals Prime COD FISH;
1 cask superior HAMS, Sugar cured, suitable for family use.
20 M. assorted CIGARS;

Also—Rice; Pepper; Starch; Tomato Ketchup; Pepper Sauce; Cream Tartar; Salt; Beans; Mustard; Mixed Pickles; Spanish Liquorice; ground Pimento; Matches; Sperm Candles; Dried Apples; Oranges; Lemons; Nuts; Brooms; Chocolate; Citron Peel; Ginger; Fresh Figs; Digby Herrings, &c.

4 hhds Hollands GIN;
5 hhds. BRANDY; 3 puns ALCOHOL;
1 pun. Islay Malt WHISKEY; 1 do Old Jamaica RUM; 5 qr. casks Port & Sherry WINE; 5 cases Sparkling Champagne;
10 bbls. London PORTER and ALE
WILLIAM PARKS.
July 10, 1857. No. 108 Prince Wm. street.

Digby Chicens and Ten.

190 BOXES No. 1 Digby HERRINGS, of excellent quality;
10 Chests English Congo TEA;
A lot of 24, 22 and 20 inch Mast Hoops.
For sale by JOHN MARVEN,
Sept. 11. Ward-street.

1000 SUMMER COATS.

LONDON Made, cut in every make worn, in Linen, Cord, Alpaca, &c., new and beautiful styles, at prices from 5s. to 25s., GRANITE HALL, No. 5 Dock-street.

ST. ANDREWS ALE.—Just received, a small lot of St. Andrews Steam Brewed ALE, very superior. For saleby
Nov. 14. JOHN McCOSKERY.

Gents. Dress Shirts.

A Few Dozen London made Gents. Volkomen Dress SHIRTS, superior to anything made in the City, as regards style or durability.
August 7. THOMAS R. JONES.

SATIN HATS.—Gentlemen wishing a superfin light SATIN HAT, can be supplied with a very superior artice at 41, King-street.
May 29 D. H. HALL.

London Oakum, Oil and Paint.

20 TONS Best London OAKUM;
17 hhds. Boiled and Raw OIL, Brandram's best;
80 kegs WHITE LEAD, Brandram's best;
Landing ex "Arthur White," and for Sale by JOHN WALKER,

CONFECTIONARY, HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c.

Now landing ex "John Duncan" from Liverpo and for sale by the Subscriber:—

1 CASK asst' Scotch CONFECTIONARY; 1 case Holloway's Pills and Ointment; 1 case perfumery, SOAPS, Patent Medicines, &c. —consisting of—

Hannay's Rondoltia and Verbena;
Rigge's Oegetable Essence and Military Soap;
Cleaver's Honey Soap; Botten's British Oil;
Leeming's Essence; Dalby's Caminative, &c.
S. L. TILLEY.
Jan. 30. 35, King-st.

For Sale.

A SITE FOR A GENTLEMAN'S VILLA.

FROM 10 to 15 Acres of GOOD LAND, situated on the St. Andrew's Road, between 3 and 4 miles from Carleton, on the upper side of the Road, and having a splendid view of the Bay of Fundy. The Land is of an excellent quality, and possession will be given at any time. Terms accommodating. For particulars, apply at the *Chronicle* Office, or on the premises to
61 6sp SAMUEL HILLIS.

Boarder's Wanted.—Comfortable Private Apartments and Board can be had for a Lady and Gentleman, or three or four single gentlemen, at Mrs. Burrers' Boarding House, 146 Charlotte street. Feb. 12

Mill Privilege for Sale, or to Let

A Good Privilege for a CARDING and Fulling MILL, or other Machinery, and LAND attached to the same.

The STREAM is a good one and the Dam is already built.

For further particulars apply to the subscriber on Salmon River, Queen's County.
9th July, 1857. SAMUEL WHITE.

RUBBER CLOTHING!

COATS, CAPES, PANTS, LEGGINGS, Caps, &c., &c., of the very best quality just received from the manufactory.

A new and superior article of RUBBER COATS, [illegible] THOS. R. JONES.
[illegible] door above

TARPAULINGS AND SACKS.

EDGINGTON and Co, from Tooley street, Southwark, inventors of Waterproof Tarpaulings, have a large stock of seasoned Cloths for covers, on the Cloths, Sacks, Threshing Cloths, Wagon Covers, Marquees, Tent-cloth Bags, Engine-cloth & Co. 40, King William-street, City. Warehouse 17, Smithfield Bars, London, and Hull.

CROGGON'S PATENT ASPHALTE ROOFING FELT, manufactured for sale by Edgington & Co. sold in rolls 24 inches wide 10 yards to the Foot. Also Dry Half Felt, for cleanly and healthy and deadening sound, and sheathing for ships' bottoms, on which the copper has smooth. Samples, directions, and testimonials sent by post.
CROGGON & Co., 2, Dowgate hill London.

HOOPER'S

Hydrostatic Bedstead Cushions for Invalids.

To be used on an ordinary bedstead—may be filled with air or water at any temperature. They are invaluable in cases of

BEDSORES	FEVER	RHEUMATISM
CHOLERA	GOUT	SPRAINS
CONSUMPTION	GUN SHOT WOUNDS	SCALDING SORES
DROPSY	PARALYSIS	PATIENTS FEVER, &c.

The comfort they afford is greater than can be conceived.

The width of the Bedstead should be sent with the order.

Also Hooper's Waterproof Sheets for protecting Bedding.

Hooper's Improved Valvular Urinals for Invalids and Railway Travellers of both sexes.

Hooper, Operative Chemist, Inventor and Sole Manufacturer of Invalid Beds and Cushions to Her Majesty the Queen, the late Queen Dowager, the Army and Navy, and the Honble. East India Company.

7, Pall Mall East, & 55, Grosvenor-street, London.

N.B.—Mr. Hooper's articles are all Stamped with his Name and Address.

WM. DRAY & Co.,

Engineers & Machine Makers,
SWAN LANE, LONDON.

Execute orders for Steam Engines, Water Wheels, Driving Gears for Horses or Cattle, Cane Top Cutters, Sugar Mills, Rice Mills, Coffee Shellers, and Pulpers, Corn Mills, Ploughs, Oil Cakers, and every description of Machinery for Cultivating the land and preparing produce for market.

The Royal Agricultural Society of England have awarded prizes to WILLIAM DRAY and Co., for their IMPROVED STEAM ENGINES, REAPING MACHINES, &c.

WM. DRAY & Co., Swan Lane, London.

CHUBB'S FIRE PROOF SAFES

Are made of the strongest wrought-iron, and fitted with Chubbs Patent Locks, providing the greatest security from Fire, Thieves, and Robbers.

CHUBB'S LOCKS for every purpose, and containing all the improvements, are strong, secure, simple, and durable. Cash and Deed Boxes, Catalogues illustrated Lists of sizes and prices will be sent on receipt of a post paid application.

Chubb & Son, 57, St Paul's Churchyard, London

STEPHENS'S WRITING FLUIDS & INKS.

The Original Blue Black Writing Fluid, so esteemed for Steel Pens and a Writer's Character, with all the various improvements now left for the last twenty years, are the manufacture of the inventors and patentees, Stephens & Co., 59, Candlewick-street, Lower street, London; also their new patent Dust Connterting, at £1 11s. 6d., and £2 2s.

THE PIANO-FORTE.—The Economical Teacher of the Piano—HAMILTON'S MODERN INSTRUCTIONS for the PIANO-FORTE, 12th edition, 4s.; ditto for Girls, 5s.; Hamilton's Preceptor of Music, Model Terms, 40th edition, 1s.; and Clarke's Catechism of the Rudiments of Music, 40th edition, 1s. N.B.—New Ready, SELECT LYRICS, words of 150 popular songs and Ballads, price 6d., by post 7d. London: Robert Cocks & Co., New Burlington-street, and of all music-sellers and Booksellers

TO LADIES.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR,

AN ORIENTAL BOTANICAL PREPARATION FOR IMPROVING & BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION

It eradicates all redness, tan, pimples, spots, freckles, discolorations, and other cutaneous visitations. The radiant bloom it imparts to the cheek, and the softness and delicacy which it induces of the Hands and Arms, render it indispensable to every toilet. It obviates all the effects of Climate on the Skin, whether with reference to cold and inclemency, or intense solar heat, and affords relief in cases of sunburn, stings of insects, or incidental inflammation.

Its purifying and refreshing properties have obtained its selection by Royalty, and the several Courts throughout Europe, together with the *elite of the Aristocracy.*

Price 4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per Bottle.

CAUTION.—In the Wrapper of each bottle are the words ROWLAN S' KALYDOR, and their signature A. ROWLAND & Sons in Red Ink at foot. Sold by Chemists & Perfumers.

CURTIS ON MANHOOD—SHILLING EDITION. A MEDICAL ESSAY ON NERVOUS & GENERATIVE DISEASES.

Just Published, the 77,000 with numerous plates, in a sealed envelope price 1s., or sent, post-paid, by the Author, to any British possession for 1s. 8d.

MANHOOD: THE CAUSE and CURE of PREMATURE DECLINE, with Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration to Health and Vigour; being a Medical Review of the various forms and modern treatment of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Mental and Physical Capacity, whether resulting from Youthful Errors, the Follies of Maturity, the Effects of Climate, or Infection, &c.; with Observations on a new and successful mode of detecting Spermatorrhœa, and other Urethral Discharges, by Microscope Examination; to which are added Curious and Interesting Cases, with the Author's Recipe of a Preventive Lotion.

By J. L. CURTIS, Surgeon, 15, Albemarle Street Piccadilly, London.

"CURTIS ON MANHOOD.—The professional reputation of the author, combined with his twenty years' experience as medical referee in the treatment of nervous debility, &c., fully accounts for the immense circulation which this popular and ably-written medical treatise has obtained."—*Sunday Times*, 23rd March, 1856.

"CURTIS ON MANHOOD.—It is the duty of all men to study the laws of their body, no less than those of their mind. In the pages of this work will be found golden rules for regulating the one and preserving the other."—*Mark Lane Express*, March 31, 1856.

"We feel no hesitation in saying, that there is no member of society by whom the book will not be found useful—whether such person hold the relation of a parent, preceptor, or a clergyman."—Sun, Evening Paper.

Sold also by PIPER & Co., 23, Paternoster-row, London.

A NEW LABEL.

In consequence of the great variety of Counterfeit Labels of A. ROWLAND and SONS' MACASSAR OIL, now in circulation, Messrs. PERKINS, BACON and Co. of London, have succeeded in producing from steel "A NEW LABEL," upon which is engraved in white letters

"ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL,
FOR THE GROWTH, RESTORATION, AND SO BEAUTIFYING THE HUMAN HAIR."

Under which is the signature of the Proprietors in Red Ink,

"A ROWLAND AND SONS."

The whole with the exception of the Profile of "Queen Victoria," being covered with a lacework pattern in transparent colourless ink.

The Pamphlet enclosed in the Label or Wrapper has been re-written and thoroughly revised; and instead of the cork and seal to the bottle, a glass stopper is now used.

The prices of the MACASSAR OIL are 3s. 6d. and 7s.; Family Bottles (equal to Four Small,) 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers.

SOUND AND WHITE TEETH

Are not only indispensably requisite to a pleasing exterior in both sexes, but they are peculiarly appreciated through life as highly conducive to health and longevity by the proper mastication of food.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO,

OR PEARL DENTIFRICE,

IS OF INESTIMABLE VALUE IN PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH, imparting to them a Pearl-like Whiteness, Strengthening the Gums, and rendering THE BREATH SWEET AND PURE.

Its truly efficient and fragrant aromatic properties have obtained its selection by Queen Victoria, and the Sovereigns and Nobility throughout Europe.

CAUTION.—The words "ROWLANDS' ODONTO" are on the Label, and "A. ROWLAND & SONS, 20, Hatton Garden," on the government stamp.

Price 2s.9d. per Box. Sold by Chemists & Perfumers.

Sold by all Chemists and Perfumers.

"A. ROWLAND & SONS."

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

THIS WORLD-RENOWNED MEDICINE, which has obtained such celebrity for the cure of Coughs, Asthma, Hoarseness, Incipient Consumption, and other affections of the Pulmonary Organs, is recommended to all suffering from any of the above diseases.

Prepared and Sold in Boxes and Tins at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 11s. each by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, St. Paul's Churchyard, London, and Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.

TEA! TEA, &c.

IN STORE—30 Half Chests finest Souchong and Congo TEAS, "Recorder," "Henry Harbeck," and "White Swallow;" 10 do Oolong do., "Samuel Russell" and "Monsoon;"
2 do Old Hyson; 1 do Gunpowder;
5 Bbls Crushed SUGAR; Brown Porto Rico ditto, and Molasses; Maple do., and Honey;
Fresh Ground COFFEE;
300 Lbls. Dried APPLES, (sliced and cored);
2 Tierces CRANBERRIES;
40 Packages RAISINS, in prime order
Zante and Smyrna *Currants* and *Prunes*;
3 Tierces Rice; Family FLOUR, Oatmeal, Gray Buckwheat, and Corn MEAL, Clark's Corn Starch, Becker's FARINA; "MORT'S" Ginger, BROMA, Cocoa Paste, Prepared Cocoa and CHOCOLATE; Scotch Marmalade, Window GLASS and putty; Porter's Burning FLUID Chamberlain's SALERATUS in boxes, Cucumber PICKLES in vinegar and pickle; Castile and other SOAPS; 20 bushels NEW BRUNSWICK GRASS SEED, Beans and Peas, Sage and Hops, Buckwheat, and OATS; 10 boxes Tobacco; 10 M. CIGARS choice brands; 10 do Wood-stock Pipes; fat SHAD, Mackerel and Labrador Herrings—together with a general assortment of Groceries, inferior to none in the City at lowest Market rates, at No. 70 Charlott street, St. John

JAMES G. LESTER.

North American House,

No. 7 North side of King's Square,
ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

IS now kept by the Subscriber, who having recently refitted and furnished the same in a thorough and most comfortable manner, and now is prepared to entertain Residents in this City, Farmers, and Travellers generally, by the day or for any period, in an agreeable style and on satisfactory terms. *Good Stabling* is attached. Experienced Attendants are employed in every department.

The Daily and other Newspapers are regularly taken and fyled. Every information with regard to the Markets, and other business of the City, is promptly afforded. Purchases can be made for Strangers.

EXTRA MEALS, when called for, are provided without delay. In short nothing is wanting at any hour that can be reasonably required.

May 22.—1m. HUGH CHISHOLM.

Selling Off at Great Reduction,

AT THE ST. JOHN CLOTHING MART,
Sign of the Royal Arms, No. 3 Water Street.

THE large and splendid Stock of SUMMER CLOTHING, which will be sold at such Tremendous Low Prices as cannot fail to secure a host of *Ready Customers!*

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING LIST OF PRICES:

Black Dress Coats, a beautiful article, from 5s. upwards;
Black Dress Frock do., do do. 40s.;
do. Paletots do., do do. 23s. 9d;
do. Hunting do., do do. 20s.
do. Sacks do., do do. 22s. 9d;
Satinett Hunting do., various colours, 18s. 9d;
Spring Bottom Pants, a beautiful article from 12s. 6d. to 52s
Summer Vests, of all descriptions;
Silk Velvet Vests, various colours
BOY'S CLOTHING—of every description;
Seamen's Outfits, in great variety;
HATS, CAPS, CARPET BAGS, &c.;
RUBBER CLOTHING—of every description.

Wholesale and Retail customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

VESTINGS—in great variety;

☞GARMENTS made to order in the most fashionable style, at the shortest notice.

May 29. FRANCIS NEILL.
St. John, N. B. 16th May, 1857

Ship Chandlery.

LANDING EX "JOHN DUNCAN:"—

63 BALES CORDAGE, (assorted:)
Spunyarn; Marline; Houseline; Amcoline; Log Lines; Tar Brushes; Wool Mop Heads; Ship Scrapers; Patent Deck Lights; Cork Fenders; Liverpool Oakum.

The above are the Manufacture of that well known firm Hutcheson & Jarvie, of Liverpool and are warranted to be of a superior quality.

10 brls. Black Varnish; 1 Bag Carpet Thrumbs
4 kegs Countersunk Nails, (assorted:)
1 case Flags and Bunting; Cod Lines;
Connecting LINKS (assorted)

The above, together with the Subscribers usual General SHIP CHANDLERY, are for Sale at lowest Market rates. JOHN WALKER.
May 22. Ward Street

FALL AND WINTER STYLES.

The Subscriber has received per "Arthur White":

1 CASE London HATS, *Fall Style.*

Also from the United States, a large Stock of Kossuth and Felt HATS, various styles and colours; LADIES' FURS; BUFFALO COATS and Driving GLOVES, GLAZED HATS, &c. &c

Also on Hand—A large assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Domestic Manufacture, all of which will be sold Wholesale and Retail at very low prices. Call and Examine.

HATS and CAPS made to order by Conformateur Measure.

☞ Cash paid for Shipping FURS.

A. MAGEE.
27 North side King-street, opposite Cambarbury street.
October 23.

FOUNTAIN HOUSE.

THE Subscriber wishes respectfully to inform his friends and the public that in order to provide the travelling community with a large and commodious house of entertainment in this City, he has purchased and fitted up at great expense that large and convenient Hotel, situated on the North side of Kings Square, and known as the FOUNTAIN HOUSE, where he intends to serve the public, and will be able to accomodate a large number of persons with well furnished single bed rooms, good Sitting Rooms, and all other conveniences for the comfort of travellers or permanent boarders. Also—a splendid Barn—none to exceed it in the City, with stalls for forty horses, and a large yard attached, all undercover, where sleighs, carriages, and loads of country produce can be driven in free from storms.

The subscriber is thankful to his friends and the public for the liberal manner in which he has been patronised and assures them that strict attention will still be paid to those who favour him with their patronage.

August 10. G. RIXE PRICE.

RISING SUN OVAL.

THE Subscriber has removed his Entire Stock in-Trade from his old stand, to 27 North side King street, next to Mr. Frost's Shoe Store, and directly opposite Canterbury street, where will be found a general assortment of *HATS* and *CAPS* Foreign and Domestic.

A. MAGEE Hatter, &c.,
27 North side King street.

☞ The Latest Fashions always on hand
Feb. 27.

CHINA!

Per *Middleton* and *Alamode*—

THE Subscriber has received by the above Ships, a choice selection of DINNER SETS, ERRWACAN CHINA TEA SETS, VASES, Stone PITCHERS, and China Toilette SETS.

FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
St. John, June 30, 1857.

BUTTER, VINEGAR & SALT.

15 FIRKINS good BUTTER;
10 Bbls. Matthew's Cider VINEGAR;
100 Bags Liverpool SALT;
20 do. Fine ditto.
For Sale by JOHN MARVEN
May 30. Ward-street

FUR CAPS—In every variety of Fur—made up on the premises, in the latest styles.
D. H. HALL,
October 24. 41, King-street.

CONFECTIONARY.—Now landing ex the Aaron Hastings, from New York—20 boxes Knickerbocker CANDY, 25 lb. each; 15 do. Van Winkle do., 50 lb each. For sale cash by
S. L. TILLEY,

VULCAN FOUNDRY

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber would take this opportunity of returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the liberal share of patronage he has received during the past ten years, while doing business in the Establishment known as VULCAN FOUNDRY, on the South side of Main Street; and having Removed directly opposite to his former place of Business No. 11 and 13, *Main Street*, where he intends to carry on the Foundry Business in the various branches of *ENGINE, MILL, and SHIP WORK*, Ship Builders' CRAMPS, WEDGES, Hoisting WHEELS, JACK SCREWS, &c. &c.—Together with a variety of the most approved STOVE PATTERNS and FRANKLINS,—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

On Hand—Two STEAM ENGINES, one of 18 inch diameter by 36 inch Stroke, one of 10 inch diameter by 24 inch Stroke.

P. S. Also for Sale as they now lie at Digby Gut, or delivered in St. John,—Two large Steam BOILERS 7 feet 8 in. diameter by 19 feet long, formerly belonging to the steamer "*Pilot*," and were in use about 18 months, and are now in good order; also, two Wrought Iron SHAFTS 9 inches in diameter, 18 feet 6 inches long, with two Wrought Iron CRANKS, 30 in. long from centre to centre; together with two second hand Cast Iron *SHAFTS*, of 6 and 10 in. diameter, 15 and 20 feet long.

All of the above articles will be sold on the most liberal terms.

Plan of Boilers can be seen at any time at the Foundry.

December 11. G. CRAIG.

Fresh Arrivals.

The Subscriber has received per late arrivals a choice assortment of Goods in his line of business, among which are:—

30 CHESTS Superior Congou TEA;
15 Catty boxes Oolong do.;
40 barrels Crushed SUGAR;
25 boxes Cavendish TOBACCO;
20 cases Olive OIL;
20 brls. *TUMBLERS*, assorted;
20 cases Wine Bottles;
100 cases CHAMPAGNE;
100 do. Hollands GENEVA;
50 brls. London BROWN STOUT;
20 do. Pale ALE;
10 cases *CORDIALS*;
10 brls. Prime Mess PORK; 10 Prime do.;
20 do. Mess BEEF;
10 Pipes PORT WINE;
15 hhds. do. do.;
15 qr. casks do. do.;
10 octaves fine Old MADEIRA;
5 pipes ditto;
15 qr. casks Golden SHERRY;
10 do. Brown do.;
10 hhds. BRANDY, Martell's;
5 puns. Old JAMAICA;
8 do. Demerara.

Daily expected per Victor, from Charente:—
6 pipes, 10 hhds. & 10 qr.-casks Martell's Pale and Dark BRANDY;
50 cases do. ditto;
6 pipes & 50 cases Monnie & Co.'s finest do.
10 hhds. Hennessey's ditto;