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DOWLING BROS., 95 King Street, - St. John, N. B

### ONTARIO AND OUEBEC.

The Annual Meeting of the C. P. R. Held in Montreal Yesterday.

A Father's Dreadful Crime-Bishop O'Connor to Succeed Archbishop Walsh.

QUEBEC, April 4.—Sale of immove ables in the matter of the Cascapedia Pulp and Lumber Co. took place this morning and were purchased by Car-rier, Laine & Co. of Levis, and H. R. McLellan of St. John, N. B. The property, kno vn as Green Point, at with mills, etc., was sold for The timber limits were sold

for \$5,750.

MONTREAL, April 5,—at the annual meeting of the Canadian Pacific ratiway the retiring board of directors was re-elected. The shareholders also approved of resolutions empowering the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault She Marie road (Soo line) to issue second Loutgage bonds to the extent of \$5,000,000, the interest to be guaranteed.

ne said that he expected the Soo would soon be in a position to

Rev. A. Falconer of Pictou, N. S., and B. Among the graduates from the college are H. G. Crozler, Grand Valley, and R. J. Douglass, Earltown, N. S Rev. J. C. Robertson of Robertson, N. B., is gold medallist, and he also carries off the Hugh Mackay scholar-

MEGANTIC, Quec., April 5 .- News of a dreadful domestic tragedy has reached here. A farmer named Boucher, living on the seventh range of Inverness, on Monday had a quarrel with his wife over some trivial matter. The quarrel ended for the time being, and the couple went to bed. In the middle of the night the man arose from his bed, put his wife out of doors, and then proceeded to murder his eleven months old child. He first strangled the infant and then put its body into the stove. After a little while the father, who is charitably supposed to be insane, went to the stove, and taking out the babe's half consumed body, threw it into a snow bank near the house. The coroner has been notified, and will hold an inquest tomorrow. Meawhile the murderer is under guard in a neighbor's house, whither he fled after committing the awful deed. He reached by his other children, who, half dressed, were paralyzed with fright. Bouchers' wife is completely prostrated by the tragedy.

TORONTO, April 5.-Bishop O'Conpor of London has been, it is officially ammounced, appointed Mgr. Walsh's successor as arcubishop of Toronto. He will be installed early in May. OTTAWA, April 6.—The annual

ng of the British Empire league

in favor of a naval defence programme, the fast line steamship service and the Pacific cable.

Among the speakers were Col. Den-mison, Sir Chas. Tupper, Hon. Mr. Dobell, Hon. Mr. Mullock, Sir Louis Davies, Ben. Russell, A. McNeill, Geo. Bertram and Col. Hughes, members Toronto, Sir Sandford Fleming, General Hutton and Dr. Thompson of

Montreal.

Sir Louis Davies said in the course of his remarks that his own naval defence scheme had been the establishment of a troop ship. The imperial officers did not favor that ided. His subsequent programme was the establishment of naval training stations, and the entistment of fishermen and others for service on war ships during that part of the year when they were not succeed in their regular.

res of B. D: was conferred on officers of last your were re-elected. General Hutton delined to been member of the legal council.

### A LADY IN BLOOMERS.

LONDON, April 5.-A test oas which has excited great interest in cycling circles was decided at the Kingston sessions today, when Lady Haberton charged the landlady of a hotel with having refused to serve her because she was attired in bloomers.
Lady Haberton, who is treasurer of the Rational Dress League, said on the witness stand that she had travelled four thousand miles in bloomers, including the west end of London.

The landlady pleaded that she only

refused to serve her ladyship in the her in a private room or at the ordi-nary bar. She also claimed her business would be ruined if she was obliged to serve some women sattired in bloomers. The jury decided against Lady Haberton.

## FALSE PRETENCES.

WINNIPEG, April 5.—At the court house today, a Gallican settler wished

J. P. Edwards of Londonderry has contributed to the Y. M. C. A. lean exhibition a number of rare books, inwas held in the railway committee hibition a number of rare books, inroom this forenoon, Colonel Dennison cluding a copy of the famous Breeches in the challe. The annual report was Bible. A large umber of the exhibits adopted, and resolutions were passed have aheady been put in place.

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Hoe's Patent. We also keep in stock Diston's Saws.

SEND FOR PRICES.

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# PARLIAMENT

Mr. Borden of Halifax and Mr. Fraser of Guysboro

Continue the Debate on the Addre and Will be Followed By Col. Prior.

Opposition Caucus Decide to Ask for tigation of Yukon Irregularities Judges.-Lobster Commissioners Prepading Their Report.

charge that the grit heelers in west had been making money the use of their influence in proing Yukon liquor permits, and one Victoria lawyer had been \$500 for procuring a permit by graph. The minister said only one ficense was given in sponse to a telegram came from Purner, then premier of British lumbia. The only Victoria law

mits from his department. He concessary in consequence of the large amount of business to be done, the number of claims registered, being at an average of forty per day. Mr. Sif-ton had himself seen in Winniper at the time of the land boom, men wait ten hours in line to get a chance to enter the registration office, and had known a man to pay \$10 to another to give him a place in the line. As to the government officials staking claims Mr. Sifton asserted that government officers before his time had done the same thing in that district. As to Dr. LeBlanc's statement that he had lost a valuable claim through the fallure of an officer to record it, and that others had also lost claims by the misconduct of officers, Mr. Sifton ascerted that Dr. LeBlanc, when in Otttawa, made no complaint to him and did not even express a desire to see

to enter an action against a fellow countryman for obtaining money under false pretences. The latter sold the other his wife, who refused to be handed over when the time arrived \$2,000; inspectors, \$1,500; clerks, from the husband told the purchaser he could not make her go, and now the irate purchaser wants satisfaction.

Sifton reflected on the character of some of Sir Hibbert's informants. He thought it would have been unwise. the officials in the Yukon is very good and that they have no excuse for dis-honesty. Mr. Oglivie gets \$5,000; the gold commissioner, \$4,000; Clement, the some of Sir Hibbert's informants. He thought it would have been unwise, for the government to have carried on a fuller investigation than that held by Mr. Oglivic. The statements made in Miss Shaw's letters in the London Times were of no more real importance than other assertions based

OTTAWA, April 5.-Mr. Borden of radict the story, which he said was when it does take place, is an inquiry in circulation, that he had a partner into charges against particular friends interested in gold mining in the Yu-and favorities of Mr. Sifton, and the kon, of that he was the partner of court is a subordinate and a cousin of any persons who obtained liquor per-Mr. Sifton. Even now the inquiry was limited to acts which occurred betended that the delay in registration fore last August, though it was declared that the serious offences have

gone on ever since. After recess Mr. Borden continued with a humorous account of the wayward course of the government in respect to the tariff rolloy of the liberal leaders. Later he referred to Mr. Mulock's claim that the postal service to Yukon was all right, and showed that a letter sent to the Toronto Globe from Dawson was 56 days on the road and another was 50 days. Two letters posted in Prince Edward Island, one on May 31 and one on September 1, reached Dawson January 15th. Dr. Borden closed a very effective speech

Mr. Fraser, member for Guysboro, followed in one of his rattling discursive speeches, treating the whole subject in rather a jocular manner. After talking about Yukon, Mr. Fraser took up the trade policy, declaring that he was with the government as far as they had gone in the direction of free. trade, though he recognized that it was only the first step. If he thought that this was as far os they would go, he would despair of his country. It took twenty years to give free trade to England, and he would be happy if we reached the same stage in the same time.

Col. Prior moved the adjournment of the debate, when Mr. Fraser closed

OTTAWA, April 5.—An apposition caucus was held today. It was decided to move an amendment to the address, satting forth that the reported tresularities in the Yukon are sufficiently grave to call for investigation by a commission of judges. It is probable that this amendment will be moved by E. F. Clarke of Toronto.

Among others who are yet to sneak

Among others who are yet to speak on the opposition side are Powell, Ganong, McAllister, Montague, Mills and Prior.

Mr. Foster will move for returns of all fiquor taken into the Yukon since

The lobster commissioners are here preparing their report.

OPTAWA, April 6.—The debate on the address was continued during the afternoon by Col. Prior of Victoria, B. C., who devoted his aftention mainty to the Yukon, giving several additional instances of official corrup-

Leighton McCarthy followed, stating that he stood on the questions of tariff and school degislation on the platform of his late uncle.

Ross Robertson of Toronto made a brief but trenchant speech, condemning the Yukom government and expressing the opinion that Sifton could not have been in the midst of shose things so long without knowing something of it.

toon the grafitude of the country for its present prosperity and progress. He went carefully into the history of the dairy policy and cold storage, showing that on these matters, as well as on the tariff policy, the government was only successful in so far as it followed the practice of the late ministry.

Ex-Speaker Peter White was unani-

Ex-Speaker Peter White was unaninously chosen by the liberal conservatives of Brockville as the candidate for the seat made vacant by the death of the late Hon. J. F. Wood. The government candidate is a wealthy man and every effort will be made to elect him, but the opposition has hope of the election of the former speaker, whose return would restore to public life one of the ablest and most reputable members of former parliaments.

Hon. Mr. Dobell states that the discrimination by Lloyds against the St. Lawrence route is actually in operation. He had about made arrangements before he left England to get it removed, when the very next day came the news of the wreck of the Castilian, which had a very unfortunate effect. Lloyds committee deciding to let matters stand for the present. In conjunction with the minister of marine he will prepare a state next showing the side to navigation which the government has supplied on the St. Lawrence, Bay of Fundy and Atlantic counts generally

#### NEW YORK WEDDING.

#### The Marriage of John H. Hammond and Miss Emily Vanderbilt Sloane.

either direction from the church held an immense throng, which threatened at times to prevent the arrival of guesta throng in order to relieve the critish relieve the critish relieve the critish relieve to relieve the critish guests' carriages. In order to relieve the crush the police drove the crowd back to the block above the church

At 11 a. m. guests began to arrive, and just before the approach of the bridal party the church was crowded. the guests stood in the aisles. the guests stood in the aisles. The four front pews on either side of the of the bride's and bridegroom's families. For a reason, that no one atthe huge wedding bell under which the bridal couple were to stand were not in place at 11.50 o'clock. The arch was hastily put up and the hell adjusted on one sile to balance it.

Already the wedding music from Lohengrin was reard when one of the attendants ordered the workmen to take down arch and bell. This was done just a few seconds before bride, her father and her attendants entered. They knew nothing of what had happened. The bridegroom and his brother, Ogden Hammond, were waiting at the altar. The maid of homor was Miss Lila Vanderbilt Sloane, a sister of the bride.

The interior of the cturch was beautiful with its roses, lilies and gar-lands of orange leaves and smiles while palms and azaleas added

More than three hundred guests fol-lowed the newly welded couple to the home of the bride's, parents for the reception and breakfast.

Soon after 2 o'clock Mr and Mrs. Hammond were driven to the Grand Central station, whence a special car took them to Lenox, where they will spend the honeymoon.

Below will be found the report of latents recently granted to inventors by the Canadian government. This report is prepared especially for the Sun by Marion & Marion, solicitors of latents and experts, New York Life building, Montreal:

62,913—Robert Sparrow, Vancouver, B. C.; improvement, in shife boxes.

62,918—Arthur Gillespy Smith, Winchester, Ont., composition of matter to be used as a medicine for the cure of piles.

of piles.
62,920—Horatio Fred, Forrest, Branden; Man, improvement in telephone desks and registers. 62,921—Henry Aylmer, Richmond, P.

A Large and Successful Annual Meeting Held at Ottawa.

The Importance of Training in Massed Firing Dwelt on By Lord Minto and General Hutton.

OTTAWA, April 5.- The Dominion Rifle association had a large and suc-Gibson was in the chair. In moving spoke favorably of the recommendations made by General Hutton in his cointment of a soldier as gove eral of Canada, and comme

be paid to corps shooting, and he would advise that prizes be given to encourage high average work.

Sir Louis Davies spoke briefly for

Hen. Dr. Borden, who was absent, and explained that there was no politics

Sir Charles Tupper, speaking also for parliament, agreed with General Hutton that the time had come to do Hutton that the time had some to do more than and yet been done to provide a strong military force in Canada. He could promise on the part of the opposition that they would cooperate with the government in providing a force and equipment which would have the respect of the people of Carada and would cause the country.

secure rifle precitics for all corps this year be proposed having Morris tubes used. Rounds would be fired in massed fire and in attack formation.

the crush the police drove the crowd back to the block above the church and ito the block below, thus leaving the street clear in front of the enumbia, Col. Prior, M. P.; P. E. I., Col. Longworth.

Captain Watters, 43rd, was added to the New Brunswick officers on the

The council this afternoon arranged that in the Rockeliffe matches this year there would be a number of additional reatches at the longer ranges, 800, 900 and 1,000 yards.

Notice will be given to the first thirty Bisley men to be ready if called upon to sail for England June 24. Col. McLean of St. John was the New Brunswick representative at this meeting today.

### FREDERICTON.

Surveyer General Dunn Suspends His Deputy for Two Months.

Death of Donald Fullerton of Stanley-Hon. Mr. Costigan in the City.

FREDERICTON, April 6. Surveyor General Dunn has suspened A. E. Hanson, deputy crown land surveyor, for two months and fined him \$150 for shooting a bull moose out of season, and if the fine is not paid at the

end of two months the suspension is to outinue until it is paid.

Donald Fullerton, a highly esteemed resident of Stauley, died at his home last evening after a lengthy illness. The deceased was one of the leading citizens of Stauley, and twice represented his parish of the leading citizens. sented his parish at the county coun

cil. He was forty-two years old, and leaves a widow and six children.

His honor the lieutenant, governor entertained a number of the members and other gentlemen at a state dinner at the Queen hotel tonight.

Hon. John Costigan arrived in the

city last night and spent the greater part of today in the legislature. It seems to be the general opinion that he is here in the interests of Hon. Mr. Lichard, who still clings to the hope that Mr. Johnston will resign to make room for him. Mr. Costigan leaves for Ottawa tomorrow afternoon.

### OUR NEW ADMIRAL.

ing that he stood on the questions of tariff and school degislation on the platform of his late uncle.

Ross Robertson of Toronto made a brief but trenchant speech, condemning the Yukom government and expressing the opinion that Sifton could not have been in the midst of those things so long without knowing something of it.

Rev. Mr. Maxwell's speech, after recess, so far as it related to the Yukom was to the nature of a plea for mercy to the offenders. He quoted the example of "the Master of us all" in respect to the woman taken in best of the states."

The schooner Gleaner, which fourdered up the bay this week, was the seventh fourdered up the bay this week, was the seventh fourdered up the bay this week, was the sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral Sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the admiral sir Frederick George Demham Bedford, one of the lords of the British squadrons at the Cape and on the West Coast of Africa has been appointed to succeed Vice Admiral Sir John Arbuthnot Fisher as the cape and other conditions of costiveness and other conditions of c

and giving

OF

Sun.

SPSESIA.

with Captain cople on board.

### **EASTER** ELECTIONS

TRINITY CHURCH.

Church Wardens-Jas. H. McAvity, C. P. Clarke.

Vestrymen-Thos. Patton, H. H. Pickett, R. H. Arnold, John M. Taylor. W. S. Fisher, C. E. Scammell, C. E. L. Jarvis, F. J. G. Knowlton, Alfred Porter, L. A. Currey, J. Morris Rightmson, J. A. Seeds. Delegates to Synod-H. Lawrance Sturdee, C. E. L. Jarvis. Substitutes

-C. F. Kinnear, Thomas Patton. ST. JOHN'S CHURCH. Church Wardens-T. McAvity, H

W dell'orrest. Delegates to Synod-A. H. Hanington, T. Millidge Substitutes-H. A. Drury and H. C. Tilley.

Vestry-J. R. Armstrong, C. M. Bostwick, A. W. Adams, G. A. Kimball, H. D. McLeod, F. W. Daniel, F. E. Sayre, A. H. Haningtton, A. T. Thomas H. C. Tilley, Jos. Finlay, H. F. Puc-

ST. PAUL'S (VALLEY) OHURCH. Church Wardenis-Hon. Justice Barker and T. Barclay Robinson.

Vestrymen—G. Sydney Smith, J. T. Hartt, Geo. W. Ketchum, J. Douglas Hazen, F. P. Starr, W. H. Thorne, K. C. Robentson, J. Roy Campbell, J. K. Schofield, Jas. Jack, J. M. Magee and Geo. B. Higgins. Delegates to Synod-T. B. Robinson,

J. Roy Campbell. ST. MARY'S CHURCH. Church Wardens S. G. Olive, L. H.

Roberts. Vestrymen—S. H. Given, S. Willis, J. M. Wetmore, H. N. Giggey, F. J. Wright, Jas. Sproule, F. S. Stewart, W. A. Kirkpatrick, Jas. O. McKay, Wm. Essington, A. Boyer, W. J. Kirkpatrick. Dellegates to synod-S. G. Olive, L.

H. Roberts. Substitutes W. A. Kirk-natrick, F. S. Stewart. ST. LUKE'S. Church Wardens-Henry Hilvard. Daniel Tapley.

Vestrymen-J. M. Robertson, H. G. W. McLeod Day, D. H. Nase, W. H. Smith, John Whelpley, S. G. Kilpatrick, Thomas A. Graham, Jos. Ruddock, N. W. Brenan, W. Hilyard Smith, F. A. Foster. Delegates to Symod—W. B. Wallace, Henry Hillyard. Substitutes—Joseph Thompson, William H. Smith. ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

Church Wardens-George Bridges. Vestrymen - John Holden, John Kenney, John C. Kee, C. H. Smith, Arthur Foster, S. S. deForest, Jas. A. Wilson, E. M. Patchell, R. Heans, S. T. Vaughan, R. J. Dibblee, L. W.

Delegates to Synod-C. H. Smith, F. S. Sharpe Substitutes—S. S. deForest. E. M. Patchell ST. JUDE'S.

Church Wardens-S. L. Brittain, Ohas. Coster. Vestrymen-John P. Cougle, Stephen S. M. Wetmore, Thomas J. Smith, J. A. Coster, C. F. Tilton, W. L. Harding, W. O. Dunham, ett, B. H. Applieby, James Whip-zekiel McLeod.

Delegate to the Synod-Charles Coster. Substitute-Mr. Tilton. CHRIST'S CHURCH, NORTON. Christ's church, Norton (Bloomfield), elected the following:

Church Wardens-C. E. Dixon, John Raymond. Vestrymen-W. H. Baxter, W. H. Huggard, R. H. Warneford, James Hughson, O. A. Wetmore, William Hughson, James Gilchrist, Egerton Seely, Arthur Fairweather, James Hoyt, Albert Fairwcather, J. E. Fair-Weather.

Vestry Clerk- John Paymond. Delegates to Synod-James (41christ, J. E. Fairweather: substitutes. W. H. Baxter, R. H. Warneford. SUSSEX

Trinity church elected the follow-Wardens-T E. Arnold, R. W. Arnold.

Vestrymen-W. W. Hubbard, E. A. Charters, R. Sherwood, H. S. Parle", W. S. Smith, Dr. Geo. N. Pearson, Oliver Hallett, Geo H. Wallace, Murray Huestis, E. Hallett, Frank W. Lansdowne, Albert Sears. Vestry Clerk-E. A. Charters: auditor. Frank W. Lansdowne.

Delegates to Synod-E. B. Beer and W. W. Hubbard; substitutes, T. E. Arnold and R. H. Arnold. MUSQUASH.

The annual meeting of the parishioners of the parish of Musquash was held at the parish church on Monday morning. The following persons were unanimously elected Church Wardens-Joshua Knight,

G. Herbert Thomas. Vestry-Charles Spinney, Joseph Smith, James Moody, John Hannigan, L. D. Carman, Wm. Thompson, W. H. McGowan, A. T. Craft, Fred Thomson, Geo. Caffery, Jas. Corscad-

den, David Mawhinney. Vestry Clerk-Geo. F. Smith. Delegates to Synod-D. Mawhinney. G. F. Smith; substiltutes, G. H. Thomas, J. E. W. Smith.

CHRIST CHURCA, FREDERICTON. The congregation of Christ church, St. Ann's, held their annual meeting and elected the following officers: Harry Beckwith and C. S. Brannen, church wardens; Ed. Wilkinson, C. E. Simonds, Arch. McDonald, W. H. Anderson, J. R Golding, Dr. Henry, C. A Miles, W. H. Quinn, A. D. Thomas, vestrymen; C. W. Beckwith, clerk; Miss Carman, organist; Daniel Slevin, verger.

WOODSTOCK. At the Easter meeting of Christ church corporation the following officers were elected: Church Wardens-B. H. Smith, F.

B. Bull

Vestrymen-Lee Raymond, J. T. Gorden, H. S. Wright, Wat. Dibblee, J. J. Bedell, C. H. L. Perkins., C. F. Sinith, A. J. Raymond, R. B. Ketchum, T. C. L. Ketchum, J. N. W. Winslim, J. T. A. Dibbles. Vestry Clerk-J. N. W. Winslow; auditor, Lee Raymond. Delegates to the Synod-Lee Raymond, H. 3. Wright; substitutes, C. L. Ketchum, C. H. L. Perkins ST. PETER'S CHURCH, KINGSrch Wardens-John C. Murray C. H. Giles.

-F. W. Clem Maunsell, P. C. Powys, W. D. Aflen A. R. Balloch, W. D. Maunsell, Ran-mey Murray, John B. Allen, Thomas Murray, A. W. Rainsford, Harry Alliston, George Leek. Vestry Clerk-Delegates to Dhocesan Synod-Lt.

Col. Maunsell, P. C. Powys. Substitutes C. H. Giles, F. W. Clements. PARISH OF ROTHESAY.

Courch Wardens-F. W. G. Brock, Charles Prince. Vestrymen—Samuel J. Prince, Isaac W. Saunders, William McMahon, Rob-

ert Matthew, George Henderson, ir. J. Lee Flewelling, A. C. Fairweather. W. Tyng Peters, James Henderson, jr. Henry Gilbert, Percy R. L. Fairwea ther, Anthony Dobbin. Delegates to Synod-A. C. Fairweather, S. Z. Dickson. Substitutes-W Tyng Peters, J. Lee Flewelling.

BURTON. The Easter Monday parish elections for Burton, held in St. John's church. Oromocto, resulted as follows: Church Wardens-A. Stanley Clowes

Vestrymen-R. D. Wilmot, Hubbard, G. S. Gilbert, R. S. Hughes, G. H. Clowes, Jas. P. Bilss, Chas. H. Gilmor, A. P. Wilmot, John W. Gil-

Jas. S. White was appointed vestry clerk and Allen B. Wilmot solicitor for the corporation. entatives to the Synod-Hen-

ry Wilmot, John W. Gilmor. Substitutes A. B. Wilmot, L. H. Bliss. The Easter offerings, \$57.49, were larger than for many years. ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, CARLE-TON

Church Wardens-William Hamlyn, Charles Pidgeon Vestrymen—James Carleton, Joseph H. Mosher, Isaac Amos, Martin Peterson, Joseph F. Smith, A. Rankin Bedell, Samuel M. Sewell, John A. Maxwell, Daniel B. Lord, William Emrson, John Emerson, John Carrier. cates to Synoid-William Hamlyn, Charles Pidgeon. Substitutes Martin Peterson, Samuel M. Sewell.

Vestry clerk, James Carleton; treasurer, A. Rankin Bedell; auditors, H. Affred Craft, Joseph F. Smith. ALL SAINTS, ST. ANDREWS. Church Wardens-W. D. Forster, idney J. McMaster. Vestrymen-John Wren, T. R. Wren

Nathan Treadwell, G. Durell Grimmer. J. D. Grimmer, F. Howard Grimmer, John Burton, Thomas Burton, Thoas Black, N. D. Parker, C. E. O. Hatheway, T. T. Odell. Delegates to the Synod-W. D. For

ster, Sidney J. McMaster. Substituites-N. D. Parker, T. T. Odell. Vestry Clerk-C. E. O. Hatheway. T. MARY'S, RICHIBUCTO.

Wardens-William Hudson and Iomathan Forster. Vestrymen-Fred Sayre, John Stevenson, Joseph Michaud, W. A. P. Rholles, William Sheddi Cochrane, John Weston, Thomas Forster, Allan Haines, jr., Dominque Percy, David Thompson and Bliss

Vestry Clerk-Fred Sayre. Organist ganist at Kingston, Miss Fannie

CHATHAM.

The Baster services in St. Paul's and St. Mary's churches were largely attended and appropriate to the season. There is a large increase of communicants. The offerings were \$130. The Easter election on Monday resulted as follows:

Church Wardens-Geo. Burchill. F. E. Winslow. Vestrymen-Hon Judge Wilkinson, F. E. Danville, Hon. J. P. Burchill, D. G. Smith, M. S. Hocken, Dr. J. B. Benson, W. Cherry, I. Jackson, Sargeant, Geo. P. Searle, F. E. Neale. Vestry clerk, D. G. Smith; treasurer. M. S. Hocken; aucitors, J. R. Goggin and F. E. Neale.

Delegates to Synod-Hon. Judge Wilkinson, Geo. Burchill. HOLY TRINITY, DORCHESTER. Church Wardens-Hiram W. Palmer and Mariner G. Teed.

Vestrymen-David Chapman, J. B. Forster, A. B. Pipes, A. J. Chapman, J. H. Hickman, Chas. Miller, B. H. Gilbert, A. W. D. Steven, W. D. Wilbur, J. F. Teed, M. B. Palmer and W. B. Meynell.

Vestry Clerk-S. Edgar Wilson Representatives to Synod-John B. Forster and Mr. Justice Hanington. Substitutes-H. W. Palmer and M. G.

Churchwardens-George Cody and Isaac R. Pearson. Vestrymen-Joseph Pearson, Chas. Alcorn, John M. Pearson, Fred Leonard, T. E. A. Pearson, John Ingledew, Wm. Pearson, Jas. F. Roberts, A. Tilley Pearson, Robert Jeffrey, Christopher W.Crawford and Geo. L. Hatheway. Vestry Clerk, I. R. Pearson. Delegates to diocesan synod-Geo. Cody and Joseph P. Leonard; substi-

#### tutes, Howard Leonard and T. E. BANGOR.

Pearson.

BANGOR, Me., April 4.—Geo. Gliddon of Prentiss, called the king of rs, was sentenced at Vanceboro today by Trial Justice Seavey to two months in jail at Machias for illegal killing of game. He was captured on Monday by Deputy Sheriff Ross of Vanceboro in an old logging camp in the woods. Gliddon is a desperate character and has drawn a gun on various wardens repeatedly. He has been pursued by officers, but generally managed to escape.

# Children Cry for CASTORIA

Sch. Athol. Capt. Geo. A. Morris. umber laden for this port, grounded near Advocate while leaving that place Tuesday. It was expected she would get off without any difficulty.

Committee of Enquiry

Hotly Opposed By Hons. Tweedie and White, and Bowled Out By Speaker Hill.

Report of the Committee of the Government Who Went to Ottawa About Fishery Matters-No Decision Yet Reached.

FREDERICTON, April 5.-Mr. Hazen moved his inquiry as to particulars in regard to the installation of the electric plant in the Provincial Luna-

tic Asylum Hon. Mr. Emmerson said, in reply, that the cost of the plant proper had been \$11,400, the work and wiring \$1,285, making a total cost of \$12,685. Other work had been performed by the officials and employes connected with the asylum, the details of which would appear in the public accounts. Tenders were not asked in the ordinary acceptance of the term for this work but he (Emmerson) had himself visited several companies, and the work was done based upon an offer made by G. M. Angler & Co. of Boston. The material supplied was all Canadian except the dynamo. Charles E. Jones of the city of St. John was the superintendent of the work, and was paid at the rate of five per cent. for inspection and preparing specifi-cations, amounting to \$634.25. Harold R. Wilson was specially employed in connection with superintending the wiring. He now resides in Toronto but at that time resided in Sussex. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. Fowler. the late member, and an electrician of standing and experience. He had received \$291.60 for his services. Jones was general superintendent and prepared the specifications on which work was based. He (Emmerson) in company with Mr. Jones had visited many of the institutions in Massachusetts of a like character and examined isolated plants, and the one which nearest approached his ideal vas the one followed, and he thought there was not an electric plant in the maritime provinces equal to that new

possessed by the asylum. Mr. Hazen asked: Has the attention of the government been called to the condition of the bridge at Hoyt Station? Is it the intention of the government to erect a permanent bridge there this present year?

Hon. Mr. Emmerson said the attention of the department of public works had been called to the condition of the bridge at Blissville, which he presumed was the bridge meant. by Mr. Morrow, the late member, in December last. Mr. Morrow that there was need and a good chance for a stone foundation. Mr. Morrow's report was at once referred to the chief engineer of public with instructions to examine and report. The engineer had not yet found it convenient to examine the bridge. but stated that from his knowledge it was not in an urgent condition, and that as he could not make a satisfactory examination at this season of the

year, he preferred waiting till the weather was more propitious. Mr. Hazen-If my information is correct, it is very important that the matter should be looked after at once. I am told that the bridge is now being held up in part by supports resting upon the ice, and when the ice runs out it is likely to collapse altogether. Hon. Mr. Emmerson-While I am not in a position to dispute the hon. member's statement, I may say that our information is not to that effect. (In his answer to Mr. Glasier's inquiry on Monday, Hon. Mr. Emmerson is reported as saying that copies of the work entitled The Life and Times of Sir Leonard Tilley had been distributed to the schools throughout the province. What Mr. Emmerson stated was that the books were being distributed under direction of the chief superintendent of education, as by reference to the educational report for the past year would fully appear, and the manner of distribution is there in-

dicated.) Mr. Humphrey gave nottice of inquiry for Saturday: Is it true that the Record foundary and machine shop ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, JOHNSTON. have received a contract for putting on the superstructure of the bridge at Kingston, Kent Co? What is the weight of same and the price pound, f. o. b. Monoton? Was the contract awarded with or without tender, and if by tender the names of the parties who tendered and the amount

Mr. Humphrey gave notice of quiry: How much was paid Henry Balzer for repairing the bridge near Dawson settlement, Albert Co? How much was paid for repairing the breakwater at Stoney Creek, Albert Co.? How much was paid for stone filling and wood work at Fork Creek, Albert Co.?

Hon. Mr. Tweedle submitted the report of the auditor general for the year 1898, and Hop. Mr. Emmerson the armual report of the chief commissioner of public works.

Mr. Hazen, seconded by Mr. Shaw moved his motion for the appointment of a special committee of five mem bers of the house to whom shall be referred all matters connected with contracting for and the construction of the superstructure of certain bridges. In proposing the motion, which he had honed to propose at an earlier date in the session, Mr. Hazen said that he felt he should give the house some reasons in view of the public discussion there had been on this matter, preceding, during and since the election, as to why it was desirable, in the interests of the country, that this committee should be ap-

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-I rise to a point of order, and in doing so would say

LOCAL LEGISLATURE that while the government has no destro to withhold from the house any information, or prevent a proper investigation of this matter, it will commend itself, I think, to the house that the proceedings should be carried to the commend that the commend that the proceedings should be carried to the commend that the proceedings should be carried to the com house. This motion is out of order, because it proposes to lay before this ments which are not in possession of the house, and which the house as yet has no control over. If my hon, friend had sincerely wished to found a motion of this kind it was his duty in the first place to have moved for an address for the papers required, and when these papers had been brought down in answer to the address they might have been referred on motion to a committee. I have yet to learn that a motion can be made referring to a committee papers that are not yet in the control of the house. This point has been decided before in this house. In 1897 I took a similar ground in regard to a notion moved by an hon, member opposite, and the then speaker ruled that the accounts must be produced by address before the house could have any control of them. In other parliaments it is the rule to have papers brought before the house by address or by an order. In this house it is the custom and practice that, all papers required must be moved for by an address of the house, and then they can be referred to the committee, but it is an unheard of eeding to refer papers not before house to a committee. That would simply mean a fishing expedition. The house should know what documents are to be referred and should have possession of them. Another fatal objection to the motion, it seems to me, is that all these accounts up to those of 1898 have already been adjudicated on by the committee of public accounts for the respective years, and the accounts for 1898 are new before the public accounts committee appointed at this session. It asks that the accounts and matters shall be referred to a special committee, but does not state for what pur-

Mr. Hazen-I think if there had ever heen a single vestige of doubt in the mind of any hon, member that it was the intention of the government to burk and block this inquiry, that state of doubt must be dispelled by the point of order now taken by the provincial secretary. Let me review the facts. It was stated after the election was over that these charges had simply been made for election

Hon. Mr. Tweedie-The point of order must be decided before the hon. menrber can go on.

Mr. Hazen-I am discussing the point of order and have a perfect right to discuss the matters that led up to it Is there to be no freedom of discussion in this house? Is it to be a mere star chamber? Hon. Mr. Emmerson-We have rules

of order. Mr. Hazen-I was going on to say that it was put forward what this canvass and charge was raised election purposes, and that after the house met nothing would be heard of the charges and no investigation

would be asked for.

Hon. Mr. White-I submit that the hon member cannot, under the guise of discussing the question of order, go

touch the point of order. Mr. Hazen-I submit that I am perfectly in order and that I have a perfect right to discuss the facts leading up to this matter. While I can understand that these gentlemen do not want any freedom of discussion, yet I submit that I am perfectly in order and will endeavor to keep within the bounds of order as I understand them. I was going on to say that on the opening day of the session I took the opportunity of giving notice for the following Monday for the appointment of a committee to investigate this bridge matter. On Monday, owing to the illness of the chief commiss. I was unable to proceed; the next day the same thing occurred, and on Wednesday, when I attempted once more to proceed, a point of order was raised, which you, Mr. Speaker, decided against me—that I had no right to name the members of the committee. In naming the committee it will be admitted that I was absolutely in line with the practice of the Canadian as well as imperial parliament. With all due respect to your honor. I still think that my motion was perfectly in or-However, your honor's ruling made it impossible for me to proceed, and I had to give notice for the following Saturday of an amended motion. It has been impossible to get on till today, owing to the Baster adjournment, and now I am met by another point of order-that my motion, on other grounds, is out of order. I say if until today there remained a vestige of doubt in any hon member's mind that it was the intention of the government to burk and block an inquiry into this bridge expenditure, that must now be effectually removed. Now, what is the point of order? Although the government has had for some days the benefit of the advice of very distinguished counsel, yet the provincial secretary has not produced a single authority in support of the position he takes, and I venture to say he can find no such authority. My motion is that the committee shall have power to call for persons and papers and examine witnesses under outh. Does not that motion give the committee an absolute right to ask any department of the government to produce the different contracts and accounts connected with these bridges? The point of order I unhesitatingly say is raised for the purpose of obstruction. It has no foundation and

unsupported by any parliamentary authority. With regard to the second point that these matters have been already adjudicated upon by the public accounts committee, I submit that as a matter of fact that is not the case. I submit that in nearly every case the accounts of the bridges I have re-ferred to have not been laid before the public accounts committee. We know that if the public accounts committee want to investigate any par-ticular bridge they have to ask that these papers be brought down and laid before them. That course has not been pursued in reference to the

ording to the rules of the lute right to appoint a committee w power to inevatigate these matters. I points. I say they are taken after consultation no doubt with a gentleman of higher position even than the members of the government, simply for the purpose of delay and for the purpose of preventing inquiry, and in view of the heroic statements by the leader of the government in speech on the address the other day, that he was glad I was in the house-glad, glad that the government candidates in Sunbury were defeatedin order that this matter might be iscussed by us here openly, face to face. I say it comes with all grace from the members of the government to try and prevent a fair investigation these matters. I claim that the points are not well taken and that I have a perfect right to go on with my mo-

Hon. Mr. White said: I desire to address the house on the point of order. but in view of the very irrelevant address made by the last speaker I hope the house will bear with me if I do not adhere closely to the proper subject under discussion. The hon, memper has made some insinuations as to une motives that have noved the government in appealing to have the rules of the house observed if possible. I say "if possible," because the hon. nember has given evidence of wilful and deliberate attainst to violate those rules. The hon, member is too intelligent not to know that his motion is irregular, and he knows, too, that the government have a right to avail themselves of the rule without laying themselves open to imputations of motive. Are you, Mr. Speaker, to decide what is the motive of the government? Are you to decide a question of order today one way and tomorrow another way, according as you conceive the motives of the memers to be? That is the absurd posithe hon, member has got himself in if he aftempts to justify this making of aspensions for popular effect and to throw dust in the eyes of the people. If we are to be charged with motives we would be entirely warranted in saving that the hon, member was entirely lacking in sincerity in bringing in a motion that he must have known out of order, so that he could say, "Oh, I tried to do it; I vanted to have the thing investigated but the government would not let me." Let me tell the hom member that when he comes properly and honestly before this house asking that these charges should be investigated he will be afforded ample opportunity. If the matter is to be investigated properly it must be inestigated according to rule, and the initial steps should be regular. The hon, member knows quite well that he can have the papers brought before the house in the regular way. He knows that until the house has control of these papers it is impossible to appoint a committee to whom they shall be referred. The hon, member has simply brought in this motion in order that it might be ruled out. Mr. Speaker-I would like the house After a short recess Mr. Speaker rave his ruling as follows:

to take recess for about 15 minutes judges, and this present motion asks

THE SPEAKER'S RULING As this motion has been on the table for several days I have taken occasion to look over the authorities bearing on the questions which might arise under it. It asks that a committee should be appointed should investigate all matters relating to certain bridges, contracts, cost of labor and material, plans and specifications and changes thereof, and report the same to the house. The point is taken that the house cannot refer to committees or require them to report upon papers which have not been laid upon the table so

as to be in possession of the house. As an authority on this point, I find in the journals of 1897, pages 60 and 61, that Mr. Stockton moved that all papers relating to road and bridge expenditures for the fiscal year ending October 31st, 1896, be referred to the committee on public accounts, whereupon the Hon. Mr. Tweetie took the point of order, "That the house cannot refer to a committee that which has not been laid before the house and is not in its possession." The speaker decided that the motion should be withdrawn.

In the journals of 1879, page 40, Dr. Lewis moved that a committee be appointed to whom shall be referred the claims of Lewis Steeves. Mr. Speaker Stevenson said: "There are not before the house any papers relating to this claim. The hon, member should move after notice by address for papers, and when they are laid on the table a committee may be appointed to whom they may be referred." It may be said that the motion does not specifically mention papers. But it says: "To whom shall be referred all maitters connected with the contracting for and construction of certain bridges," which must necessarily include papers and documents and also makes it the duty of the committee to report to the house all plans and specifications and any changes there-

Another point has been raised that nasmuch as the matters referred to have glready been before the committees on public accounts in former sessions, or will be referred to the committee of this session, it would be irregular to appoint a committee to report on the same matters on mere motion in ordinary course without reason assigned.

Perhaps the most important point remains to be considered. The motion is without doubt intended to imply a charge of malfeasance against the government, which it would be the duty of the committee to investigate. It is of the highest public interest that opportunity should be given, in all cases, for such investigation, and the proper constitutional method is pointed out in the reply of our for-mer governor, the late Sir Leonard bridges named in this resolution. But Tilley, to the memorial of certain

Andrew Market South



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members of the house of assembly in 1892, as found on pages 133 and 134 of the Journal of that year, a portion of

which reads as follows: "The lieutenant governor would remind the memorialists that the usual parliamentary course in such cases is for a member of parliament in his place in the house to formulate his charges, stating at the same time that he is credibly informed and believes he can establish the same by satisfactory evidence, and to ask for the appointment of a special committee for that purpose. The lieutenant governor cannot recall to memory a single case where a commission, such as has been asked for, was granted when these preliminary steps were not such a course had not been submitted to or brought out before a parliamentary committee. In the present case sixteen of the eighteen charges made by the memorialists have not teen formulated by any member in the legislature, and the memorial is unaccompanied by any statement of the nature of the evidence upon which memorialists rely in support of their accusations. It appears to the lieutenant governor that the granting of the equest of the memorialists, inoluding the general reference asked for, would be not only at variance with the well established usages of parliament, but with the principles of British justice. The humblest subject of her majesty can only be tried upon the counts in his indictment, and is thus enabled to prepare his defence. While the lieutenant governor is most anxious to guard the public interests in every way possible consist and within his constitutional authority, he desires to guard against the breaking down of the parliamentary bulwarks erected after great experience, with which members of parliaments and governments are wisely surrounded. Under these circumstances the lieutenant governor does not feel warranted in granting the request of the memorialists."

I think it will be conceded that from long and varied experience in dealing with constitutional questions, as well as his natural aptitude. Sir Leonard Tilley was the highest constitutional authority in the province and equal to any in Canada.

It is true that this memorial asked principles laid down and the mode of procedure required apply to either tribunal allke.

Under the authorities whom I have quoted I cannot do otherwise than consider that the motion should be withdrawn. In doing so I would suggest to the hon, mover that he pursue the course laid down, of moving for rapers and formulating charges and having them referred to a committee.

BILLS COMMITTED. Mr. Thompson committed a bill in unendment of and in addition to chapter 65, 41st Victoria, entitled an act to enable the inhabitants of St. Mary's village, in the parish of St. Mary's, York Co., to assess themselves for protection against fires and for securing a supply of water, which was agreed to with amendments and an amended title. Mr. Carvill committed a bill author-

izing an assessment by Carleton municipality for the purpose of purchasing colors for the 67th battalion, Carleton light infantry, which was agreed to. THE FISHERIES CASE.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson, by command of the lieutenant governor, laid on the table the report of the committee of the executive council to confer with the dominion government on the subject of "the fisheries case," and on his motion the report was read by the clerk.

erson, Tweedie and White) reported that they were on Oct. 27th, 1898, by order in council, authorized to confer with the dominion government and with the Hon. Sir Louis Davies, K. C. ies of Canada, in relation to fisheries and the conditions existing by reasons of the decision of the privy council in what is commonly termed "the fisheries case," and to make such arrangements with the dominion government as might be necessary or expedient under the circumstances. The committee went to Ottawa, arriving there on the 31st of December last, and two meetings were held. The minister of marine and fisheries at the first of these stated that it had been arranged between his colleagues in the dominion government and himself that the matters should be discussed by him on behalf of the dominion government with the committee.

The report sets out in detail the proply of Hon. Mr. Davies thereto, and concludes as follows:

The hon. minister further stated hat he was about to leave with his colleagues for Washington, and he would suggest that the matter for the protection of the fisheries should remain as at the present, and the do-minion government should continue in the usual way until a further conference could be had between both gov-ernments to administer the fisheries as they have in the past, receiving whiatever fees may be paid and pay-

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ve with his should reand the docontinue im both govthe fisheries receiving aid and paypenses, to which proposition the committee agreed.

The hon minister further stated that until further consultation between the province and the dominion and until he had received the opinion of the minister of justice, he did not propose to grant any fixed location licenses, and that he would suggest that we should not grant any either, but that the whole matter should wait in abeyance until the minister of justice had an opportunity to give his opinion.

Your committee also assented to this proposal. It was then suggested that possibly an arrangement might be come to becween the dominion and the province whereby the province should assign over to the dominion government, upon such terms as should be mutually agreed upon, any in such fisheries as it would be found | cil: most convenient for the dominion to manage and control, and the minister stated that if a proposition were made he would be glad to give it every consideration, and that if the province ing of weirs, fishing plants and oyster he would hardly be justified in continuing the large expenditure in protecting the fisheries that had been made in the past. This, however, he added, would depend upon the conclusion that might be reached at a fu-

It was agreed between the hon. minister and the committee that the negotiations with a view to an adjustment of the whole matter relating to the fisheries as between the province and the dominion should be resumed at the earliest reriod when it was found possible for a committee of this government to meet a committee of the dominion government for that purpose. The committee wish to testify to the very courteous manner in which they were received by the hon, minister of narine and fisheries. of the committee of the Board of Although the minister was on the eve of leaving for Washington, to resume the negotiations in connection with the international commission then about to sit, he devoted to us almost the entire morning and the whole evening of one day.

AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT. Answering Mr. Hazen, Mr. Emmereen said copies of the auditor genral's report would be immediately distributed, and that supply would not be entered upon until hon, members had every opportunity of examining that report.-Adopted ining that report.-Adjourned.

### ANENT SAMOA.

#### Great Britain, Germany and the United States

WASHINGTON, April 4 .- The German ambassador, Dr. Von Holleben, tussion harbor facilities, and owing accompanied by Dr. Solf, the newly to the statement made by the mayor appointed president of the municipal and practically endorsed by the subouncil of Samoa, called at the British ambassy today, and had an agreeable meeting with the British ambas sador, Sir Julian Pauncefolte, and Mr. Elliott of the embassy staff.

Later in the day Sir Julian called at the state department and had a talk with Secretary Hay. It was at once conjectured that the ambassador came to signify the formal acceptance by Great Britain of the plan of a high commission. But this was correct only in part.

The status of the negotilations, as given in the highest official quarters. is that the principle of the commission is accepted by all three powers, ircluding Great Britain, but that the British government withholds formal approval of the commission itself until all the details of its authority are determined. This, it is explained is in no sense a delay of acceptance, for no one government has offered something which the others must accept or reject. Instead of that, all three are moving forward in the most agreeable spirit toward a betterment of the plan, and no one laying down certain limitations which the others must accept at once. Baron Von Buelow, the German minister of foreign affairs, returned to Berlin yesterday for the express purpose of meeting the British ambassador there, and clearing up such details as Lord Salisbury wishes to have settled in advance. Those in Washington who are in the best position to judge the progress of these negotiations, say there is every indication that they will be satisfactorily closed before the precommission will be an accomplished fact by that time.

### I. C. R. AND C. P. R.

MONTREAL, April 4.-Mr. Pottinger, general manager; Mr. Lyons, general passenger agent, and Mr. Wallace, general freight agent of the Intercolonial, are still in town, but as yet they have taken no direct or active step to re-open negotiations with the Canadian Pacific regarding running powers of the latter system over the government railway between St. John and Halifax. Vice President Shaughnessy, who has the C. P. R. side of the negotiations under his immediate charge, has gone to Quebec on official business and will not return to the company's headquarters until domorrow. No official information was to be obtained this morning from either source, but it was stated that the question was a particularly "live" one, and that de-velopments cannot be far off.

Vermont attributes the failure of its maple sugar crop this spring to an invasion of caterpillars last summer that chewed the foliage off the maples.

# Children Cry for CASTORIA.

#### BOARD OF TRADE.

American Government Will Not Remove Its Bill of Health Fee.

The Correspondence That Has Passed On the Subject With the British Minister at Washington.

The Board of Trade held its regular monthly meeting Tuesday afternoon, W. M. Jarvis in the chair. There was a slim attendance.

rights which the province may have summary of proceedings of the coun-

Since the last monthly meeting of the heard the council was held on the 13th March, at which the Hon. L. E. Baker, president of the Yarmouth S. S. Co., was present. Mr. Baker stated determined to obtain from the licens- to the meeting that it was the intention of the company he represents to heds, assuming it has the power to lease them, all that it can get, then it seemed to him perfectly apparent that termediate points, provided the subsidy for the service by the dominion government is increased from \$7,000 to \$9,000, and also provided that he can John. Should the subsidy be given, deemed desirable. he would increase the number of trips | Inismuch, therefore, as the treasury to not less than 38. The council approved of Mr. Baker's proposition and agreed to petition the dominion goverrment to grant a subsidy of \$9,000 for the improved service.

The special committee appointed by the council to meet with a committee of the common council to take into consideration the question of further facilities at Sand Point, Carleton, reported to the council, that the council had been notified of the appointment Trade, and requested to appoint a committee to meet with the special committee of the Board of Trade and confer upon the above subject. A reply was received to the effect that the con mon council "has appointed a committee to report on the propriety of extending the harbor facilities at Sand Point, after hearing the committee of the Board of Trade, or any citizens who may wish to be heard on the matter, and inviting the special committee to attend a meeting of the special committee of the Board of Trade. In view of the press reports that "Mayor Sears did not think that any outside body should ask the council to confer with them in regard to civic works," and that Alderman Millidge agreed with the mayor, by direccommon council to the effect that the board of trade sincerely regret that the common council did not appoint a committee to confer with the board of trade on the desirability of the exof the council. board of trade's special committee has been deprived of the opportunity of discussing with the committee of the

portance to the future welfare of St. On 16th, 20th and 22nd March public meetings were held under the auspices of the board of trade for the dis ussion of matters relating to civic

common council matters of vital im-

Public meetings were also held under the auspices of the board in regard to pork packing and to hear the views of Professor Robertson of the department of agriculture on agricul-

ture in New Brunswick. At the request of the council a delegation consisting of the president, with John Sealy and T.H.Estabrooks, visited Ottawa on matters of importance to the port, and it is believed that their visit will be productive of good results.

the agent general for New Brunswick in London, and others, to counteract rural life. so far as St. John is concerned, the recent increase in the rates of marine insurance to ports in British North America by the English underwriters. by drawing their attention to the extremely low percentage of losses both on vessels and cargoes bound to St. John, the council propose to ask the co-operation of the Halifax board of trade in this matter.

The board of trade, Ottawa, having esked the opinion of our council as to the first steps to be taken in regard to technical education in Canada, the council has passed a resolution that it is in accord with the sentiments expressed in the letter of the Ottawa board of trade, that they will be glad to assist the proposition in any way in their power, and that they also propose to confer with the board of trustees seeking their co-operation

in the matter. A letter has been received from the department of marine and fisheries, enclosing copy of a communication received from the department of state, Washington, which states that pay-ment of the charge of \$5 for bill of health carried by vessels bound to ports in the United States is still proposed to be enforced.

The currespondence referred to in the last paragraph of the above sum

OTTAWA, 30th March, 1899. Sir-Referring to my letter of the 5th of November last, in which I in-formed you that the matter of charging \$5 for bill of health would be brought under the attention of Her Majesty's ambassador at Washington, I beg to enclose herewith, for your information, a letter addressed to Her Majesty's ambassador from the secre-tary of state, from which you will observe it is still proposed to enforce

payment of the fee referred to. I am, sir, your obedient servant, F. GOURDEAU,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fish-

D. McLaughlin, Esq., Pres. of the Board of Trade, St. John, N. B.

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

WASHINGTON, 13th March, 1899. Excellency-In your note of November 14th last, your request that such instructions be given to the consul of the U.S. at St. John, N.B., as will relieve Canadian vessels from the payment of the fee of \$5 for a consultabill of health on each clearance of such vessels thence for an American port; and you base your request on the ground that such vessels would appear to come within the exception contained in the Act of Congress, approved August 18, 1894.

The act referred to amends the Quarantine Act of February 15, 1893, by exempting centain vessels from the operation of its second condition, as follows:

The secretary rend the following not apply to vessels plying between summary of proceedings of the counforeign ports on or near the frontiers of the U.S., and ports of the U.S. adjacent thereto; but the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized, when in his discretion it is expedient for the preservation of the public health, to establish regulations gov-

erning such vessels." B., was regarded as an exempt port within the meaning of the amendment. He advises me that it is not so regarded, and that the requirement obtain a suitable berth for her at St. of a bill of health from that port is

> department holds that a bill of health must be obtained alt St. John, the consul must continue the collection of the fee fixed for its issuance. While your note contains no com-

plaint against the amount of the fee, I deem it proper to say that it is general, applying allike to vessels of all nationalities from all foreign ports, except those vessels "plying between foreign ports on or near the frontiers of the U.S. adjacent thereto," and is considered reasonable.

#### I have, etc., (Signed) JOHN HAY His Excellency Sir J. Pauncefote.

Captain Keast said that in justice to our shipping and our own people the least the board could do, in the the least the board could do, in the face of the refusal of the American authorities to remove this discriminating tax was to apply to the dominion government to impose a like tax on American vessels that trade here in competition with out own craft." Secretary Allison asked if that would not make is so much the worse off, as a considerable part of the vessels trading here under the American flag were owned by St. John people.

Capt. Keast said he felt the force of this question, but still the fact re-

mained that the tax was a blow not tion of the council a letter was sent only to our own shipping trade but to by the secretary to the mayor and the shipbuilding industry as well. After some further informal discussion in the direction of moving discretely on so important a subject, it was, on motion of Capt. Keast, decid-

ed to refer the matter back to the come up, the board adjourned. SNAKES IN IRELAND.

A Discovery That May Break Down

a Legend.

LONDON, March 28.—On the eve of St. Patrick's day came the intelligence that a snake had been found in Ireland. While the popular legend that St. Fatrick banished all snakes from the Emerald Isle still holds good among the peasantry, naturalists have long been exercised over the reason for their absence. Various theories have been put forth to account for the curious circumstances. The theory, however, which in default of a better has been generally accepted, is that the climate is too damp and cold. Now a subscriber to the Daily Mail has written laiming to have discover ed a large snake in Ireland, the length of which he says is exactly 4 ft. 211-2 in. The discovery could not have been made alt a more opportune time. It The council is endeavoring, through is a pity that in the destruction of a legend a new terror is added to Irish

> Spain is arranging to pay the interest on the Cuban debt.



picture of a young sweetheart's love-let-ters. In a multitude of cases, if her future could also be pict-ured, the picture would contain world of pathos
To the healthy robust woman, marriage means happiness, the supreme joy of motherhood and

the woman who suffers from disease or weakness of the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and mother-hood wadlash means aufforing and materweakness of the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and mothernood, wedlock means suffering and maternity death. Dr. R. V. Pierce is an eminent
and skillful specialist, for thirty years chief
consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel
and Suraical Institute, of Buffalo, N. V.
During that time, with the assistance of a
staff of able physicians, he has prescribed
for thousands of women. The institute of
which he is the head is one of the greatest
in the world. He is a regularly graduated
physician and has practiced right in one
place for thirty years. The esteem in which
he is held by his neighbors is shown by the
fact that they chose him for their representative in the National Congress. The regard
in which he is held by those whom he has
treated is shown by the thousands of letters
printed in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medfrom his treatment.

from his treatment.

Dr. Pierce is the discoverer of a wonderful medicine for women, known as Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures all weakness and disease of the feminine organs. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones the nerves, Taken during the interesting period, it banishes the usual discomforts and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits. An honest druggist won't advise a substitute.

The profit side of life is health. The balance is written in the rich, red, pure blood of health. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure from his treatment. ance is written in the rich, red, pure blood of health. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation and make the blood rich and pure. They never gripe. By druggists.

### GAG RULE.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 8, 1899.

#### The Government Burke Enquiry Into Bridge Steal Charges.

A Ruling of the Speaker That Seems at Variance With the Custom of the House.

n littlee to inquire into the bridge steal charges is the subject of general conversation here this evening. It was the government does not intend to allow a proper investigation, into the charges at this session. This aftermoon, when Mr. Hazen rose to make his motion, Hon. Mr. Tweedie took the point of order that as the committee asked for would have to examine pa-The enforcement of the quarantine pers not before the house that therelaws of the U. S. being entrusted to
the secretary of the treasury, I rethe secretary of the treasury, I reterred to him for consideration and reply the question whether St. John, N.

Another point of order raised by Mr.

Tweedle was that the papers which fore the house had no authority to re- ly speaks like a native. Tweedle was that the papers which would be called for by the committee of inquiry had already teen before the public accounts committee of former years, and that the present house had no right to go back now to those papers, and the committee could not now be appointed.

Mr. Hazen replied to Mr. Tweedie in vigorous language. He intimated that the course now taken by the government had been devised by the minister of railways, and said that all times in sympathy with the ambi-despite Hon. Mr. Emmerson's mock tions of the leaders. There are 1,500 heroics in the debate upon the address from the throne it was clearly evident he feared an investigation. He (Hazen) had moved in the matter on the first of the session, and had been sacrifice everything and to labor for delayed by technicalities and points two or three years far from home in of order that could not prevail in any other partliament under British system of government. Mr. Hazen challenged Mr. Tweedie to support his contention by any work on parliamentary practice.

The speaker left the chair, saying he wished a few minutes in which to consider the points raised, but returned shortly with a lengthy written opinion which had taken hours to

The ruling of the speaker today seems to be at variance with the custom of the house as already practised this season and to studify the position then taken. On the second day of the present session it was moved by Hon. Mr. Tweedle, seconded by Mr. Emmerson, and passed, that the accounts for the past fiscal year and the report of the auditor general be referred to the public accounts committee. These accounts and that report were not then (and not until twelve days afterwards) before the tion to pass, and yet today he ruled council for further consideration. Mr. Hazen's motion out of order be-There being no other business to cause it dealt with papers not before the house and over which, it was claim ed, the house had no control. Hon. Mr. Emmerson would not this afternoon inform Mr. Hazen and the house when the budget speech would be made, and the house moved into

### LELAND IS DEAD.

#### The Windsor Hotel Fire and Appendicitis Killed Him.

NEW YORK, April 4.- Warren F. Leland, proprietor of the Windsor hotel, died at Hotel Grenoble at 3.53 p. m. today, following an operation for appendictis performed a few days ago. His son, Charles Leland of Chicago, and Dr. Pilkin, the attending physician, were with him at the time of his death.

Mr. Leland collapsed from nervous prostration about a week ago, as the result of the transadous amount of work he had done, and the excitement and worry which he had undergone after the great fire in the hotel. Mr. Leland's wife and laughter were among the victims of the fire. Mr. Leland had apparently been in good health up to Thursday last, notwithstanding the amount of work he had to do in connection with the burning of his hotel and the grief he had at the loss of his wife and daughter, who were among the victims of the fire. On that day he, in conjunction with Rev. Dr. D. Parker Morgan, pastor of the Heavenly Rest, had completed arrangements for the memorial services. Toward evening he began to complain and as his illness was evidently serious, a consultation of physicians was held and on Friday it was deemed advisable to perform an operation.

After the operation the patient's condition was satisfactory, but he had a relapse on the following day and a second relapse today. At four o'clock this afternoon he began to sink r pidly, and he died within two hours. At the bedside when the end came was Mr. Leland's son, Charles Leland of Chicago, his physicians and Of Dr. A. W. Chase Cures the Most nurses.

KITCHENER LEARNED SECRET. How He Gutwitted the Dervish Spies Who Were Dumb as Oysters.

(London Academy.) The following story of the Sirdar, which comes to me bearing the authority of a relative of Lord Kitchener, illustrates more than any, perhaps, his readiness of resource, his determina-tion and his paintstaking, far-seeing preparedness for events. One evening, as our forces neared Khartoum, a dervish spy was discovered in camp and promptly taken to headquarters for examination. It was a juncture at which information as to the enemy's position and plans was of the highest importance, but neither the richest bribes nor the direct threats could elicit one word from the prisoner; he affected to be both deaf and dumb. Scarcely was his bearing over-if hearing it can be called-when another

spy was led in, who proved equally ob-ourate. It was maddening; and in "the good old times" torture and short shrift would have been the fate of these brave gentlemen. As it was The Great Wealth and Promise of the they were led away bound and placed for the night in a well-guarded tent. About half an hour later, when all was settling down to rest in camp, there was a fresh stir and hubbub, and a third spy was dragged in, who, also, would reveal nothing, and was finally placed in the tent with his fellows. ernment's course and tactics with respect to Mr. Hazen's notice for a comnitree to inquire into the tactics.

The govmur of voices from within; the dumb
spect to Mr. Hazen's notice for a comwas impossible to overhane their ton. Soon the guards outside heard a murwas impossible to overhear their talk distinctly or to understand it. An hour or more passed. Then the door of the tent was thrown open and the made perfectly apparent at the meet- third spy appeared and asked to be ing of the house this afternoon that conducted to headquarters. It was the Sidar, who, in disguise, had discovered all he needed to know. It seems that Lord Kitchener always takes the greatest pains to make himself master of the vernacular of any country to which he is sent. He seives every opportunity of talking

#### WHDRE WOMAN SUFFRAGE EX-ISTS.

with the poorer folks, until he literal-

The priesthood can always rely on the women. They have been the strength of the church, even under that system of polygamy which made them "living martyrs." They have the full right of suffrage, and none who is not in accord with the church authorities need look for their support. The men are subject to a constant discipline that keeps them at Mormon missionaries now in the foreign work of the church, the brightest of its young men, the future leaders in all matters. They are compelled to two or three years far from home in the interests of their religion. None who goes through this experience ever forgets the power of the priest-hood, and each understands that if he should show too great a spirit of independence, he may be called again to make the sacrifice. No young man in the church may be married in one of the temples unless he is faithful and obedient to his superiors, and no young woman would consider herself married in the sight of God unless the was "sealed" by the proper authorities. In business, in politics, in social life, everywhere, the young man meets the church, and he must be of iron if he dares to stand out against it. Many have done so in the past, but they have been the excep-tions. Their numbers have never been sufficient to offset the church itself.-From Revival of the Mormon Problem, by Eugene Young, in North American Review for April.

# CPPORTUNITES FOR YOUNG EXPLOR-Many people suppose the whole world, except only the extreme Arctic and Antarctic regions, to have been explored and mapped already; out, in fact, there is no lack of unknown lands to which our modern Nasa-monlans can there attentions

unknown lands to which our modern Nasamonlans can turn their attention.

'n A'rice . . Wadas has only been visited
by three travellers, and although it would
be very difficult to penetrate into the territory itself, useful exploring work might be
done in some of the outlying districts, approachable from the upper Benue or the
Ubong: Wells.

The region between Lake Rudolf and Akyssinia, and the valley of the Sobot, a tributory of the White Nile, are believed to be of
great interest, but are entirely unknown.

Outs'de these three regions, there is a fair
knowledge of the general geographical features of Africa, but much detail remains to
be filled in and much indifferent work requires to be due over again. There are also
regions which have indeed been traversed,
but which will well repay further detailed
examination. So that Africa still mers a
wide and interesting field of research to the
young explorer.—Sir Clements Markham in
The Youth's Companion.

### NEW INVENTIONS

Below will be found the report of patents recently granted to inventors by the Caradian government. This report is prepared especially for the Sun by Marion & Marion, solicitors of patents and experts, New York Life building, Montreal: 62,828-Joseph Alfred Plante, Que-

bec., Can., acetylene gas generating apparatus. 62,832—John William Bacon, Enderby, B. C., chalk line reels. 62,850-IJry de Gunzburg, Bitry-sur-Seine, France, method for preserving and tawing skins.
62,858—Amedee Schillot, Paris,

France, process of manufacturing sul-62,909-Walter Geo. Collins, Coramba, New South Wales, prospecting

dishes. 62,912-Alex. Kiefting, Christiana, Norway, improved system of apparatus for treating sea-weed for the manufacture of industrial products.

The Canadian Sportman says that Mr. McFiden of Collingwood has sold his pacing mane, Areie Wilkss, 2.114. to a gentleman at Luckeport N. S.

### The Favorite Prescription

Complicated Allments of Kidneys and Liver.

Dr. Crase's favorite prescription for kidney and liver disorders became famous because of its wooderful success in curing the most occupicated diseases of these organs, and the doctor decided to take the people into his confiderce, and have this preparation put up for sale in pill form under the name of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

This great kidney cure has since become celebrated the world over, and has effected some of the most remarkable cures ever recorded.

Having a direct action on the kidney-Liver Pills cure constipation and invigorate the filters of the blood, thus ensuring pure blood and eradicating from the system all the poleonous germs of disease.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are made of pure vegetable ingredients, and act pleasantly and naturally. They are undoubtedly the most effectual kidney remedy sold, and through their action on the liver absolutely cure billousness and other liver ailments. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is mother's favorite remedy for croup, crughs, colds and bronchitis. 25 ots. a large bottle.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA.

# Boundary Country.

#### A Sun Correspondent Writes An Interesting Account of That Region:

One year ago people from all parts of the world were flocking to British Columbia to go from there to the Klondyke. Today that panic is over and new fields are being tried. The two great centres in this province now are Atlin Lake and the Boundary Country. To the former place those who wish to try their hand at placer mining and to the latter those wish to stake their fortunes on a hole

in the ground.

This Boundary Country is believed to be one of the richest, if it does not stand ahead of all other parts of the Pacific province. It is even thought to rival the Rossland camp in the wealth it possesses. Of course it has been but recently prospected, but so far the showings are of a most promising character. It produces copper and gold, and with proper shipping facilities will have more than fifty mines sending ore to the smelters in less than a year.

This country lies in the Osoyoos division of the province, between the Arrow and the Okanagan lakes, and along the international boundary line. It is watered by the Kettle River, a tributary of the Columbia. A feature of this district worthy of note is that a part of it is believed to possess good

agricultural land. To get into the country now is not a very pelasant task, as the trip has to be made either by stage or on lorseback from Brooklyn on the Arrow Lake, from Vernon on the Okanagan, from Rossland over the Dewdney trail, or from Bossburg in Washington state. Since everything has to be packed in, expenses there are very high and accommodations are not al-ways the best. Some of these difficulties will soon be overcome, however, as the C. P. R. has a branch line in course of construction, which is ex-pected to be in operation from Robson to Cascade City before July 1st.
Other roads are also seeking an entrance, and many of those who are
interested in that part of the country do not wish to see any company have a monopoly of the trade there.

Towns are growing up very rapid-ly. Cascaide City, Grand Forks, Mid-way, Greenwood and other camps are already quite important places. Which will prove the best we cannot say. Greenwood seems most naturally sit-uated as a smelting centre and has been advancing very rapidly within the last month or so. Much, however, depends on how these places are treated by the railway companies. Many of the buildings put up at these places would astonish out eastern builders. Male of lumber just as it comes from the saw, and rushed up with the greatest possible speed, they are not offen models either of solidity or of often models either of solidity or of

All this work has called for many hands, but of these there has been no scarcity. But the opening up of all this stretch of country means much for the province at large. It is a country where people can settle and find steady employment, because as the country grows and the mines are developed it will make more openings for men in various walks of life. The building of railroads into it will give employment to many men and be the means of putting a large amount of money into circulation. Altogether, things look very promising both for the Boundary and for the Kootenay country this year.

### ST. ANDREWS

Moving Into New Quarters-Old Residents Returning.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., April 3.-The three-masted schooner Nellie J. Crocker, from Calais, arrived here today with three hundred and fifty tons of phosphate, consigned to W. D. For-ster. The phosphate will be forwarded by C. P. R. to points in Aroostook Co., Me.

The offertory at All Saints church yesterday was eighty-odd dollars. At the evening service the anthem, O Give Thanks, was most effectively rendered by the choir.

Theodore Holmes, as soon as he has completed the alterations and improvements in the Passamaquoddy house, which he has recently acquired, will remove thereto from the house he at present occupies on the corner of King and Water streets. James McDowell, barber, as soon as Theodore Holmes moves out, will step into the house, and will establish his barber ousiness in the shop adjoining, formerly occupied as a post office.

Neville D. Parker, M. D., is expect-

ed, with Mrs. Parker and family, in the near future to return to St. Andrews from Toronto, and permanently reside here. William Snodgrass, who removed from St. Andrews to St. John last fall, is about to return and make his home here once more. All the exodians will be heartily welcome.
W. A. Robertson, Mrs. Robinson and

children arrived home again today from St. John, after spending Easter pleasantly with friends and relatives. The schooner Nellie J. Crocker was piloted into the harbor by Pilot Josesh Boyd.

DO TOMATOES CAUSE CANCER ? LONDON, March 24.—A long drawn conthroversy has been proceeding in the Pall Mali Gazette as to whether or not tomatoes cause cancer. The weight of the competent opinion is against the ridiculous idea. One cor-

respondent tonight comments on the fact that the cancer death rate in England has increased since 1886 from 177 to 764 in the million, while tomatoes have become a common article of diet only during the period. In the opinion of a distinguished medica authority, a more likely cause than tomatoes is the increased consur of meats, which has more than doubled since 1840.

The war with Spain wasn't a patch on the

The subscription rate is \$1.00 a year. but if 75 cents is sent IN ADVANCE the paper will be sent to any address in Canada or United States for 1.17% 直播的建

SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ATTRED MARKHAM

# THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 8, 1899.

THE DEAF AND DUMB. The sixteenth annual report of the Fredericton institution for the education of the deaf and Jumb has been issued from the Gleoner press. The school for the present has its from the old Government House, views of the building and two days recome being given in the report. Principal Wood-bridge states that the total attendence last year was forty-three pupils, of whom twenty-sik were boys and seventeen girls. The pupils represent ed twelve New Bruswick counties, and one came from P. E. Island.
There were eleven from Westmorland. from Albert, Chaffotte and Queens, and one each from the other counties. Reference is made to the difficulty experienced in finding out all the deaf and dumb children in the province, and the further trouble in is evidently a pronounced annexa-some cases in persuading parents to tionist, but if the question of a change take advantage of the opportunity af of allegiance actually came up there forced by the school. The arrangement with the local government for the occupation of lowernment House is limited to a short period, and the question of raising funds for a new portance. The school began the year with a balance on hand \$26.70 and at the close the balance 25.874.33. made up as follows: 

In the course of his report the is being done for the education of the deaf and dumb in the United States. where there are altogether one hunwhere there are altogether nearly the expansionists of the republic. twelve thousand punds. Over two and a quarter millions of dollars (as far as statistics are given) was spent on these schools in 1898. In Canada there arts seven schools, with eight hundred and fifty-five pupils last year. A comparison of expenditure per pupil shows that in Ontario, Montreal and Manitoba the amount is larger than in this province. M. mool, 500 50075

The various sections of the report under review show that pains are taken not only to educate the children in the more essential branches, but the older girls are given lessons in sewing, fancy work and painting on silk and china, while one afternoon each week is devoted to drawing. The domestic arrangements of the school are such as to make the pupils feel thoroughly at home, and in all respects the work of this excellent institution as such as to commend it to the hearty support of the people New Brunswick.

### SAMOA.

The Samoan Islands, whose affairs are now receiving the attention of the British, United States and German governments, are discussed in the current number of the Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance, just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics at Washington. The islands are located about 2,000 miles southwest of the Hawailan islands, and their special importance lies more in their position as coaling and repair stations rather than in their direct commercial value. The group consists of 10 inhabited and two uninhabited islands. with an area of 1,700 square miles, and an aggregate population of 36,000 people, of which something over 200 are British subjects, 125 Germans, 25 Americans, 25 French and 25 of other nationalities, while the remainder are natives. The bulk of the population is located in the three islands of Upclou, Savaii and Tutuila, the number in Upolou being 16,600, in Savaii 12,-500, and in Tutuila 3,700. The islands are of volcanic origin, but fertile, producing cocounuts, cotton, sugar and coffee; the most important; however, being cocoanuts, from which the copra of commerce is obtained by drying the kernel of the cocoanut, the copra, which is exported to Europe and the United States, being used in the manufacture of cocoanut oil. The exportation of copra in 1896 amounted

WOULD LIKE TO TRADE

The New York Herald seriously dis-The New York Heraid scribing distributions and the proposal for an exchange fall, will be smaller than that of between British West Indies and the favorable condition of the trade be giving ip something it could well spare for something more valuable. In the case of the British West Indies, our contemporary believes the stimu-lating influence of American government in Porto Rico and Cuba will cause the people of the British islands themselves at a disadvantag

The Herall's article is based on a memorial from the people of St. Kitts and Nevis, two very small islands, to the four Joseph Chamberiain, asking that the sugar bounties be abolished, steps taken to effect the propose i exchange. This themorial is said to have been signed by members of estates, artisans, laborers, and, in at it. Kitts, a member of the legis- declared that the government lative council of the Leeward Islands, would be other voices heard. It will. be noted that the exchange between the to countries is only proposed as memorialists being to secure countervailing duties to place their sugar on an equal footing with the bounty-fed sugars of Europe on the English market. There is nothing in this to inditate a desire on the part of the people of the British West Indies to be made the commodity of a bargain between the two nations. The United States, having assumed "the white man's burden" in the Philippines, will be permitted to go on with the show. To treat the matter, as the Herald does, as simply an exchange to be effecter by Lord Salisbury and President McKinley, suggests that government by consent of the governed is

THE CLAIMS OF HALIFAX.

The Industrial Advocate states that the Halifax board of trade have under preparation a pamphlet setting forth the claims and advantages of that port as the chief Canadian Atlantic port. The Advocate observes that Halifax is fitted to be the chief exporting point for all kinds of Canadian goods. It adds the astonishing remark ithat the very best authorities are now beginning to affirm this statement. There can be no objection to the efforts of the people of Halifax to enlarge their trade and endeavor to divert from American ports as much as possible of the Canadian business now carried on through those ports. Everything that can be done by the citizens to facilitate and chearen the handling of freight at that point will be worthy of the highest commendation. In these respects there may be rivalry without jealousy between Halifax and St. John. The position of St. John and its railway connections, nowever, give it an advantage in the handling of western traffic which the "very best authorities" will never be likely to overlook. So far as western freight business is cerned, St. John will continue to e the chief vinter port.

BETTER PRICES FOR LUMBER.

The higher price paid for lumber both in the English and American markets, as compared with last year's usiness is a source of gratification and will have a beneficial effect on business generally. The Sun is informed that prices for deals for the English market are about \$1.50 per thousand higher than a year ago, while freights are nearly ten shillings lower. The advance in the American market is said to be \$2 to \$3 over the figures of last year, but in this trade. owing to the great destruction of vessels in the fall and winter storms freights are somewhat higher. This, of course, is good for the schooners now in the trade. But the difference in freights is not proportionate to the advance in lumber, so that the lumber shippers can pay the higher charge and still have a good margin Improvement in the American market has been hoped for each succeeding spring for some years but without ting realized. Now the building trade

trade is the result. med all the more because ss, both on British and not buy deals, but merely of fered to send them forward on con-British buyers are eager to purchase at present prices, tut a good business is nevertibeless in por as small as was anticipated last fall will be smaller than that of last It is to be hoped the present Philippines. The Herald regards it continue throughout the season. It as well worthy of consideration, and is not a boom, but a healthy reaction says that each nation would thereby from a depression that bore hardly upon a most important industry.

rought of the Easter concleve between Mr. Blair and Mr. Emm v.as a point of order, by which it is hoped to prevent any present enging into the bridge scandals. The course of the government in this whole, ter is discreditable, and in striking contrast to the declarations of the luring the election campaign an who then courted enquiry is now vastly more interested in pre-venting an investigation. It must have been a great shock to the candid u ind of Mr. George Robertson to see of the legislature, by the leading its deal statesman seeking to shelter owners of sugar estates and by a timestructure in the speaker.

Large number of appropriate, managers [Hon.] Mr. White insinuated in Wednesday's debate that Mr. Hazen was fact, by the representatives of all not honestly seeking an investigation, tlasses and interests in the presid-phast trying to throw dust in the eves classes and interests in the presid-point trying to throw dust in the eyes energy. The Herald's correspondent of the people. The attorney general all humbug. An honest investigation office is the very thing the government does not desire In view of Mr. Emmerscn's vehement assertions of the government's innocence, and in view of the gravity and specific nature of the charges made by the opposition, it would be the duty of innocence to facilities in every way the ruffest enquiry. Nobody knows better than Mr. Emmerson and Mr. White and Mr. Tweedie that the very best thing that could happen, from their stand-

point, would be to have a full investi-gation, if thereby it could be shown that they have not been paying two or three prices for bridges. Mr. Hazen has sought honestly to secure an enquiry, and has been met at every point by government obstruction. If Hey cannot entirely, prevent an investigation they will do all in their Edgett, widow of the late Ezre power to make it a farce. In this they will find Mr. Blair's counsel of Four young men of Harvey left last great value. If there is nothing to week for New York, where they have becoming an old (ashioned idea with conceal, why all this dodging behind secured situations. speaker's rulings and points of order? The disciples of Mr. Blair are

> Those grit journals which are paying flattering tributes to the Hon. John Costigan seem to have forgotten that for many years he was a memper of a tory government, and held up to the soorn and contempt of all good liberals. But perhaps it would be better in dealing with liberal demunciation of opponents to adapt a statement from the Moncton Transcript, using the word "grit" instead of "tory." The Transcript's statement would then read: "The more bitter the grit attacks upon any politheian, the more certain it is that the politician attacked is pursuing an upright; honorable and defensible course.

worthy of their master.

The enforcement of the charge of five dollars for a bill of health on vessels from provincial ports to ports in the United States is not creditable to the latter country. There is no more reason for such an exaction in the case of vessels sailing from St. John than from Eastport or Bangor. The amount derived from this source is not large enough to make it worthy of consideration as a source of revenue, and the health of the republic would not be endangered by its abolition. But it does affect the business of small schoorers, especially when freights are low, and it is a source of irritation that should not exist in these days of professed friendship between the two nations.

The offer of the United States to pay \$3.000,000 to the native Cuhan troops was at first rejected with scorn by the military assembly of the island. The Cubans wented an amount many millions larger. The offer was made at the close of the war. Wearled at last by the delay the American govent declared that if the offer was not accepted, and the muster rolls of the army produced, the money would be returned to the United States. The ultimatum appears, to have had the desired effect. The as sembly has voted to lisband the army and dissolve, and the executive committee will furnish the American governor general with copies of the muster rolls.

READ THE WEEKLY SUN.

Queens Co. March 20 bride, Miss Affice Munro. It is underthir tem promote and a com-

mt : an lenses today to see an old met for Years, and who is very sick. eft Cody's yesterday for St. John. Elisha Perry, who has been humber-

Canaan, came out of the woods on Saturday with his crew.

Fred and Howard Leonard of Cody's tation are putting an addition to their house in the share of a large varandah with ornamental railing. Revi. David Patterson of Jenkins is having his house papered and painted throughout. The work is being done cy M, T. Somerville of Jenkins. Dr. A. T. Armstring, who has been

nd here, a sure indication of

AND VER, Victoria Co., March 28. The death occurred last night of Miss John Bedell, second daughter of John Bedell of this place. She bore the sufferings of a long illness with great patience and cheerfulness, and eneral sorrow is expressed for the loss of one who by her many excellent edell was a member of Trinity hurch, and in the choir her loss will ory of those who knew her. The aved family and relatives have sympathy of their many friends here and elsewhere. The funeral place formarrow afternoon from

CODY S. Queens Co. March 36.—Whistaker of the post office departent, St. John, arrived at Cody's to

Geo. A. Gamblin of Starkey's lost valuable cow today from inflamma-tion.—Mrs. Patterson, wife of the Rev David Patterson of Jenkins, who some time ago sprained both her ankles, is to walk - David M. Pearson of Highfield is building a new baru on his intervale at Long Creek. HOPEWELL HILL, Albert Co., March 31.—Rev. A. W. Smithers conducted service this (Good Friday) morning in St. John's church at the Hill, and at St. Mary's church, Hills-

oro, in the evening.

The death occurred at Watersid yesterday of Edward Kinney, a well nown resident of that place. SURREY, Albert Co., Merch at. The District Lodge, I. D. G. T., of Albert county

trict Lodge, I. D. G. T., of Afters county, met here today in the fine new hall of "Mast Albert," the oldest subcrdinate lodge in this county. Leading temperance workers from the various sections of the urisdiction were pesent, including an able representation of the cergy. A resolution was passed deeply regretting that the federal government, through the premier, had stated that it was deemed inadvisable to introduce to parliament at the present session a measure wilsment at the present session a measuroking to the prohibition of the liquor traff

seves of Surrey, James Of Blake of Sur-ry, Modes Steeves of Lower Hillsboro, Ar-ir C. M. Lawson of Hopewell Hill, and Ham C. Keating of Surrey was appointed nominate a men which this district lodge a recommend with confidence for the of-e of Scott Act inspector in place of Geo. Steadman, who has served notice of resig-

his office.

A public meeting was held in the evening, which was largely attended, and a fine programme of speeches and music was carried CODY'S, Queens Co., March 31 .-The post office at Cody's Station has been made into a money order office, high will be a great benefit to the public, as previously the nearest office where money orders were issued was it Nonton or the Narrows. Postal motes will also be on sale here.

L. A. Chrey, Q. C., who has been alt Young's Cove in connection with Scott Act prosecutions, passed Cody's today, on his way to St. John W. J. Southern of Cody's has been appointed agent for Scovil Bros. & Co. Oak Hall, St. John, to represent

them in this district. Miss. A. Kennedy left Cody's Station today on her way home to the Millstream, to visit her father, Amasa edy, farmer, who is sick.—Miss Briggs, teacher of McDonald's Point, has purchased an organ from C. Flood & Sone, St. John. which arrived at Cody's Station on Wednesday.

HAVELOCK, April 1.—Anson Freeze died on Thursday morning after an liness of several weeks. Mr. Freeze, who was one of Havelock's most ighly respected residents, was sevnty-six rears of age. The dec was a brother of the late E. C. Freeze of Fredericton. Harvey Freeze of this village is the only surviving brother. leaves four sons, Willard Freeze of Ariz ma, Munroe Freeze of Con-necticut and W. H. and T. V. Freeze village. Mrs. Asa Keith of Spring Hill is the only daughter. Mr. Freeze was a man of sterling integrity and a conservative in politics. A rearkable feature in connection with ess was the fact that for sixtyfive days nothing but water or lemon-

sons Hugh and Bruce, who are a tending business college at St. John. W. G. Gunter, who is teaching tourg's Cove, and Miss Tamar Gun ther at Young's Creek, came Francis McDermott, who has been suffering from dropsy during the past winter, is gradually sinking.

S. A. McIntosh, the tanner, is pros-

trated with grip.
Samuel Ferris leaves next week for Portland, Maine, where he will spend

their appearance.
HOPEWELL HILL April 2.—Th weather today was very fine and springlike, and the Easter services in the different churches were largely aftended. At St. John's Church of England, the service consisting of morning prayer, with Easter service, and specially prepared music, was of a particulary attractive character. The sermon by Rev. Mr. Smithers, incumbent, was one of deep interest and power from the text: "As in Adam all died, so in Christ shall all be made alive." The alter of the church was prettily decorated with Easter lilles. Mr. Smithers held communion service in St. Mary's church, Hillsboro, at 8

The funeral of the late Mrs. Ezra Edgett took place this forenoon, interment being in the Calkin's cemeter; John conducted the services. A fish weir is being built on the Shepody bay flats.

to., and regular Easter service at

SUSSEX, April 3. Francis Watson of Collina, who left here and settled in Boston about one year ago, died there last week. His mains arrived here on Saturday ernoon and were taken to Collina or burial. The deceased was in the

William Sears, a well known mason and plasterer of Sussex, died almost instantily at his home on Saturday murning, in the 70th year of his age. He was a notive of London, England. On Saturday evening Thos. Young pad, having been a sufferer for some time previous to his death.

FREDERICTON, N. B., April A.

B. Fisher, son of the late Robert
Fisher of Marysville, d. d. at his home today of consuraption, aged 21 years. Deceased was well known and highly respected in the community. widowed matter and one sister sur-

The rush for gold claims at Cross Creek keeps up and reports of won-derful discoveries in that vicinity reach the city almost every day. Th latest alleged find is a gold nugget an inch squars, estimated to be worth about \$50. In fact, the finding of gold is such an every-day occurrence that the novelty of the thing is beginning to wear off. About 200 more claims were taken out today.

manual reunion and canquet next MAUGERVILLE, Sumbury County April 3.-On Easter Sunday the sacred

ordinance of baptism was administered by Rev. O. P. Brown to nineteen impressive ceremony was witnessed by a large number. It was a Pentecostal day. After the evening service in the Baptilst church the pastor gave the right hand of fellowship to 34 as a result of the recent revival under Pastor Brown. Founteen were the heads of families and in some cases whole families have joined the church. Rev. R. W. Colston officiated at Christ church morning and evening. Holy communion was celebraited, and special music was rendered at each service.

Senator W. D. Perley made a short visit to his friends here yesterday, who were very pleased to see him looking so well. He returned today.

The indiscriminate slaughter o deer is carried on without any regard for the law in the woods about Oromocto.

CENTREVILE. Carleton Co., April .-Some time since Councillor G. L. Cronkitte lost his wife. Since then his health has materially failed, and one day last week, his family being absent, he lay six hours alone, not being able to help himself or call for help. His brother, who lives next to him, is now at the point of death. There is from two to three feet of snow in the clearing and four feet in the woods.

Sugar making has commenced. Perkins and Briggs tapped 400 trees one day lest week, and will tap as many more this week. They have all the late appliances for carrying on a suc-

Rev. J. E. Flewelling has another nember in his family. It is a boy. Miss Fitzgerald, who was absent in St. John taking in the millinery openings, has returned with a stock of goods suitable for the spring trade. Rev. Joseph Cahill preached in the Baptist church Baster Sunday. Mr. Cahill is one of the most fearless and outspoken men on all public moral questions in the pulpit in this locality, and his ability as a pulpit orator has gone a great way to gain him many friends in this county.

Miss Schaley and Miss Perkins were home from Normal school to spend

their Easter holidays.
One merchant, C. M. Sherwood, has purchased four village lots recently owned by Rev. Joseph Harvey on which he purposes erecting a dwelling house in the near future.

The prospect is that our cheese factory will be idle this summer, but an effort is being made to start a creamery in the same building at Tracey's

in Mr. Hale's employ on the Tobique, returned home last week, and will re-sume his work of clerk at the comnencing of stream driving.
Dr. Waldo Perkins, V. S., recently

returned from Bangor, where he was learning and practising the art of dehorning captle, and is now an expert

Because Dr. Sproule is not a maker of

Because Dr. Sprcule can cure you. If you doubt this ask for proof. Or. Sproule will send you the riskness and adcresses of some of his former patients. Write to them. They will tell you what the doctor did for them. Acta ess Dr. Sproule, B. A. (English Specialist in Catarrh and Chronic Lusciess), 7 Deane Street, Borton.

denly called to the death bed of her father in Westmorland Co. After acting in the capacity of executrix she

Churles Simonds of Royalton departed this life 31st March 79 years of age, and was buried in the Centreville Methodist venetery, Rev. Geo. born in the county of Queens, and has been a resident of this county for forty-five years. He leaves a widow, one son and three daughters, two of whom live at the Narrows, Queens Co. His was a life of industry, and he has left a comfortable home and a good

William One url and fiss Jones, both of Klexford, and Thomas Graham and Mrs. West, both of Royalton, were married by Rev. Elijah Gray in March last.
FRUDERICTON, April 5.—The death

occurred yesterday afternoon at Springfield, Junbury Co., of William Harrison, from congestion of the lungs. Deceased was 69 years old and was one of the leading and most high-by esteemed residents of the county, Five sons and one daughter survive of works office is a son of decea The city council have decided to lo-cate the drinking fountain presented

to the city by Sensitor Temple at the corner of Queens and St. John streets. The spot chosen meets with the approval of citizens in general. The unrusi meeting of the St. John River Log Driving Co. was held at the Queen hotel this morning, and the following board of directors elected: W. H. Murray, St. John, A. J. Beveridge Andover; F. H. Hale, Wood-

toge, Andover; F. H. Hale, Woodstock; R. A. Estey, Fredericton, and
Henry Hilyard, St. John. At a subsequent meeting of the directors W. H.
Murray was elected president and J.
F. Greyory secretary resurer.
G. H. Ferguson of this city and J.
E. Simmons of St. Marys intend opening a boot and shoe store in this city
about the 15th inst. Both are well known and popular young men and should make a success of their ven-

ST. STERHEN, April 5.-Mrs. E. G. Vroom died at middle Tuesday. She was a daughter of the late Wm. Heard of Prince Edward Island. The funeral will be held on Thursday at

Geo. Dexter, superintendent of the cotton mill at Milliown, is to be transferred to Hamilton, Ontario, to a sim-diar position. He will be succeeded by Mr. Muir, superintendent at Ham-ilton. Lewis Dexter remains as manager of the mill at Militown.

April 3.—William J. Carnwath's ste mill commenced the season's work to-Mr. Carnwath has also a cut of about two million feet at Chester. Freeman Goodwin's rotary mill has finished her work north of Moneton, and will be brought to Bennett's Creek on scows, where a cut of one and a half million eet is browed.

Horbe t V. Alward, steacher of the advanced department of our schools, spent the Daster holidays at his home in Havelock. Schooner Maggie Lynds, Capt. David

R. Christopher, has come out of winter quarters, and cleared today for Parrisboro to load coal for the Albert Manufacturing Company, Hillsbore. The company are making a new de-parture in using coal in the furnaces of their plaster mill instead of wood. Mrs. J. E. Howard and son Darrell left on Friday's train to spend a few days in St. John: Mrs. Joseph Cook left this morning for Boston to visit her daughters, Mrs. Skillen and Mrs. Hamilton. Mrs. Stewart of Chatham is spending a few days visiting her brother, Capt. R. C. Peck, and other

friends here. MILLISTREAM, Kings Co., April 2. Mrs. Allen Parlee fell on the ice and broke her arm in two places. Dr. E. M. Brundage rendered the necessary

J. P. Murphy is attending the Sussex dairy school. John Bartlett of English Settlement was united in mariage to Miss Laura Sheck on Friday, 31st ult., by Rev. T. J. Deinstadt. Thomas Kane left for the St. John

public hospital last week.

W. S. Mason moved his portable saw mill from Harry Brook to Upper Mill-stream, where he intends sawing for the summer. J. E. McAuley has finished his lumbering operations here.

Mrs. A. Finiss has recovered from her recent attack of illness. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. John Parlee in the loss of their young-est child. John Keirstead is very it. A very pleasant party was given at the residence of Edward Finiss in honor of B. B. Hayes, his wife. Miss Millie Finiss, who have their departure for the United States. Patrick O'Donnell and family intend removing to the states. John O'Regan as ourchased Mir. O'Donnell's farm H. W. Sniler, teacher of District No. spent the Easter holidays in St.

Mrs. Russell Parlee was taken to Hampton jall last week on a former fine for selling liquor.

DEATH OF DAVID V. LOCKHART. (From Friday's Daily Sun).

The death took place yesterday after but a few days illiness, of cerebro-estimal menin-gities, of David V. Li-ckhart, second son of the late Alexander Lockhart. The was for some years past a clerk in O. H. Warwick's wholesale department, where by his cheerful disposition and obliging ways he won the good will of all his associates. His death will be regretted by a large circle of nequalitatees. Mr. Lockhart was 49 years of age and unpartied. His funeral will lake place on Saturday at 2.30 p. m., from the resifience of O. H. Warwick, 36 Mecklenburg street. LOCAL

A service be given W

Isaac S. Hampstead. George C.

George McE postmaster in succession signed, after service.

The Orange intend to run on July 12th ing it the bi of the season

Rev. J. E. congratulatio other son to stranger arriv stock Press. The Boston has been co

woman, recent Maude Currie your weekly omitted) has of one thous

frerend other Alex. Legen with quite a' when his hou by fire toget grain, wheat

which had be Large crew river steamer of navigation off. The Man Victoria will ters in the p

LOOKING While you thing to turn clan to go education. up" of its of something up

before Judge the following Daniel Turne tate \$200, pers seph Avard estate \$200: James Patte personal esta

The long col is bringing up sale on the 44 and household ert McMahan ago at the u long on the

At Summer very short il merly of She aged 76 years grandchildre ren: also tw and a large Lunn was a church and Christ for o was peace.

The Sun h short visit de at present in brick church popular sum dieered on ( Washington communion On the base magnificent th nine ga is for his n on East T S

TO CURE A Take Laxati lets. All dru if it fails to The gold fe

widespread. lan took up man's creek. search for n and silver in Yesterday's ounted to \$2,6

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oyalton de-1 79 years of Rev. Geo ns, and has county for and a good

The death of William on of the ears old and ter surviv the board John streets. At a subse-

city and J. in this city th are well -Mrs. E. G. Tuesday. She late Wm.

Thursday at io, to a sim-Succeeded nt at Ham-

Allbert Co., vath's steam n's work toer. Freeman half million

our schools. at his home

Capt. David the Albert Hillshore a new dee furnaces of wood. seph Cook on to visit and Mrs. of Chathan isiting her

o., April 3. s. Dr. E.

Bartlett of ed in mar-

Jpper Millred from given a ily intend n O'Regan taken to

KHART:

after but a nd son of

# OCAL MATTERS.

Great interest is being manifested among housekeepers generally in the Union Bland Tea keys.

A service of two mails a week is to be given Westcott Settlement, Kings

Isaac S. Vanwart, postmaster at Hampstead, has been displaced, and George C. Waitson appointed in his

postmaster at Kingsclear, York Co., in succession to G. A. Hammond, resigned, after more than forty years'

The Orangemen of Carleton county intend to run an excursion to St. John on July 12th ext. They intend making it the biggest affair of the kind

Rev. J. E. Flewelling is receiving congratulations on the addition of another son to his family. The little stranger arrivel Friday niight.-Wood-

The Boston Sunday Journal which has been conducting a prize contest for the picture of the most beautiful woman, recently printed a cut of Miss Maude Currie of St. John.

A Susex Crosponds rits: Dear Eathear will be kind nut to pullish in your weekly paper that Miss (name omitted) hase feell ear of Blg fourting of one thousand dolers frome a near frerend other papers pless copy.

Alex. Legere, farmer, of Sweeney-wife (Bishop Land), Kent Co. met, with quite a severe loss in Saturday, when his house was totally destroyed by lire, together with all his reed grain, wheat, oats and buckwheat, which had been stored in the attic.

Large crews of men are getting the river steamers ready for the opening of navigation, which is not now far M. The May Queen, Star and the Star line steamers David Weston and Victoria will come out of winter quarters in the plak of condition.

LOOKING FOR SITUATIONS. While you are waiting for "something to turn up," it would be a good plan to go to the Currie Business University and get a good business education. Then if nothing "turns up" of its own accord, you can turn something up yourself.

In the Westmorland probate count, before Judge Emmerson, on Monday, the following wills were probated.

Daniel Turner of Bale Verte, real estate \$200, personal estate \$100; Powell, Bennett and Harrison, proctor. Jo-seph Avard, real estate \$700, personal estate \$200; W. W. Wells, proctor. James Patterson, real estate \$3,006, personal estate \$1,000.

The long cold winter and late spring is bringing up the price of hay. At a sale on the 4th inst. of the hay, stock and household effects of the late Robert McMahan, who died a short time ago at the upper end of Rothesay par-ish, about fifteen tons of English hay brought from \$10 to \$11 a ton in the barn. The auctioneer had not to dwell nia, and left by will \$100,000 to

At Summerfield, March 13th, after a very short illness, Enoch Lunn, formerly of Sheffield, N.B., passed away, aged 76 years, 3 months and 5 days. He leaves four sons, four daughters, 33 grandchildren, six great grandchild-ren: also two brothers, two sisters and a large circle of friends. Mr. Lunn was a member of the Methodist church and a faithful follower of Christ for over fifty years. His end

The Sun had a call on Tuesday from Rev. Dr. Andrew Gray, who is on a short visit to Sussex. He is engaged at present in the building of a new brick church at Edgartown, Mass., a daeered on Good Friday by receiving an express package from friends at Washington, containing a solid silver communion service, chalice and paten.
On the base of the chalice there is a magnificent St. Andrew's cross, set is for his new church and was used on East T Sunday for the first time.

TO CURE A DOLD IN ONE DAY. Take Lexative Brown-Quinine Tab-lets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25e.

The gold fever is becoming quite widespread. April 4th Harry McLellan took up 70 gold areas in Frenchman's creek, parish of Musquash. Jas. H. Price has taken out a license to search for minerals other than gold and silver in Kent Co.-Gleaner.

Yesterday's customs receipts amounted to \$2,628.31.

# INTENSE SUFFERING INOVA SCOTIA NEWS

#### FROM DYSPEPSIA AND STOMACH TROUBLE

Instantly Relieved and Permanently Cured by Stuart's Dyapepaia

A New Discovery, sut Not a Patent

Without any question they are the safest, much discrive cure for indigestion, bisousness, constination and all derangements of the stomach, however slight in severe."

Thant's Dyspersia Tablete are made by the le A. Stuart Co. of Marshall, Mich., and are sold by fruggists everywhere at fifty ents per patrage.

Little books on stomach discress mailed free, Advires, P. A. Stuart Co. Marshall, Mich.

The death occurred on Wednesday eavning of W. Gregor Yulli, seventy four years of age, the oldest jewelle in Trure. He died of paralysis.

The Woodstock Dispatch quotes produce prices as follows: Oats, 31 to 32c.; hay, \$4; hides, 7c.; buckwheat, meal, \$1.25; tallow, 3 3-4c.

to his brother, who is engaged in en-J. J. Magee shipped on Tuesday an

Frank M. Welles and Jos. H. Lord of

The late Philip Dore of Scesta, Calf-fornia, son of the late P. Dore of Ari-chat, C. B., died recently in Califor-

Stars" the Boston Sunday Post of a recent date contains the portrait of made a highly complimentary reference to Miss Wetmore's capabilities as a vecalist.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE BLOWER INCLUDED, 25c., acts ma gically and cures quickly. One application allays pains, clears the passage fort. Cures cold in the head, Hay Rever, Rose Fever, Catarrh Deafness and all head and throat affliction which, if not taken in time, will lead to Chronic Catarrh and later consump tion. It is sure, pure and harmless easily applied.

Capt. Smith, reached St. John last evening from Antwerp via Halifax, with 4,500 tons general cargo. She brought out a large amount of window glass, W. H. Thorne & Co.'s importation being 5,442 cases; S. Hayward & Co.'s 5,074 cases, while other dealers' importations run away up in the hundreds. There are glass and cement consignments for merchants in all the principal cities and towns in New Brunswick. The Pharsalia also has on board 20,000 bags (or 2,000 tons) sugar for Montreal. Her cargo consists altogether of glass, gin, cement, zinc, lead and sugar. It is being discharged at the Pettingill pier.

Our store is now open, and in full running order, and we are showing a full and complete stock of

# GENERAL DRY GOODS CENTLEMEN'S FURN

AT VERY LOWEST PRICES.

DO NOT FAIL TO CIVE US A CALL

SHARP & McMACKIN

count of what he considers a remarkable ture of acute stamach trouble and chronic dyspensia we the use of the new discovery,

Gyspepsia by the use of the new discovery. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

He says: 'The patient was a man who had suffered to my knowledge, for years with dyspepsia. Everything he afe seemed to sour and create gases in the stomach; he had pains like rheumatism in the back; inculder blades and limbs, fullhers and distress after enting, poor appetite and loss of flesh; the heart became affected, causing ralpitation and sleeplessness at night.

I gave him powerful merve tonics and thood remedies, but to no purpose. As an experiment I linally bought a fifty cent package of Stuart's Dyspeps a Tablets at a firm accluded relief was given and after he had used four boxes he was to all appearances, fully cured.

There was no more activity or sour watery rivings, in bheating after meals, the appetite was given and at a position of the power of the po

Schr. Sam Slick, which was damaged at Digby a short time since by running into some lice is now at Parreboro repairing.

Julius T. Gardner of Woodstock has gone to British Columbia on a visit

initial consignment of bacon cured in Moncton, direct per the s.s. London City, from Halifax to London, Eng:-

New York have taken out licenses at the crown land office to mine copper over an area of two square miles on

and the United States. - Bras d'Or Gazette.

Under the heading of "Boston Choir Miss Alice Helen Wetmore, daughter of J. H. Wetmore of Moneton, and

The Battle line steamer Pharsalia

#### victed at the last term of the county court before Julge Savory for break ng into a shanty on the Nova Scotia Central and stealing a trolley. They were given two years. WOLFVILLE, April 2.—Mrs. Oaks, wife of Principal Oaks of the academy, who has been at Kingston, N. B., since Christmas, arrived in Wolfville on Saturday. The death of Mrs. Joseph Pineo took place at Kingsport on Wednesday. She was a sister-in-law of Mrs. Chas. Harding of St. John and of Mrs. R. V. Jones of Wolfville. Rev. Charles Illsey of Lawrence-town, a graduate of Acadia; '92, who has been attending Chicago university.

tist church at Harvey, near Chicago, but will for a time continue his Dr. Percy Heales of this town, graduate of a dental college at Balti-more, through the local legislature, has been allowed registration on the Rev. Clarence Minard, Acadia, '90, who has charge of a church in Massa, chusetts, is dangerously ill with hemorrhage of the lungs.

hemorrhage of the lungs.

Miss Abbie Burgess, naughter of C.
R. Burgess, left Weitville on Saturday en route for Baltimore, where she will visit her brother and sister, who will visit her brother and sister, who me attending McGill university.

PARRSBORO, N. S. April 3.—A beautiful stan ito the glory of God and in bowing memory of Simon Gibbons, priest of this factifit was placed in 52 George's aburen last week. It was made by Moore & McPherson of Sussex, N. B. A brass book rest for the alter was at the same time presented by Mrs. N. C. Nordby land Mrs. Fusser, in memory of their brother, the lute William Praser.

Miss. McLond of White

mismory of their brother, the Inte William Fraser.

Miss McLeod of this town, who had an attack of typhold fever at Atadia Bollege, and for many, weeks has been dangerously ill, is now thought to be improving.

All the churches in the town were adorned with police plants and flowers for Easter Sunday. At Strice of traines was held in Grace Metholist church on Sunday evening and was largely attended.

The annual Eister meeting of St. George's parish was held yesterday afternoon. The stetlon of efficers resulted as follows, wastrymen, E. Weodworth, E. W. Bestty, C. K. Eville, David Smith, James Roberts, Joseph Cutten, Jules Cholenet, T. C. Choisnet, T. R. Harrison, Dr. Townshend, Geo. Upham ard Geo. DaMile. C. K. Eville was re-elected vestry clerk.

BOOM IN DAIRYING. (Woodstock Dispatch.)

The dairying industry of Carleton for 1899 opens with brighter prospects than ever. There are more than three day han there was at this date last year, and the increas; in the number of milk cows is going on steadily. This summer cheese factories will be opened at Holmsville, Ivey's Corner, Waterville, Ayondale, Jacksonville, Richmond Corner, Bloomteld, Wakefield Catre, Glassville and McKenzie Corner, and an effort will be made to It has been idle for the last two or three years. The factories at Ivey's Corner, Jacksonville, Richmond Corner, Bloomfield and Glassville will be co-erated as skimming stations from the end of the cheese season to the beginning of it again. The cheese Sacfory at Tracey's Mills will be turned into a skimming station and operated as such all the year around Feople in any district in the county rot now served may have a skimming station or a cheese factory if they will apply to the Carleton Creamery Company, or to C. L. Tilley.

SAD DOUBLE BEREAVEMENT.

A sad double bereavement occurred last week on Stevens Mountain, near Westchester Station, Cumberland Co. Westchester station, Cumberland Co., N. S. Two able young men, sons of Edward Stevens, had been working in a lumber camp at Leicester, when they were overtaken with a second attack of la grippe. On reaching home, after difficulties, they took to their beds, the youther dying March 21st, in his twentieth year. March 21st, in his twentieth year.

HAD THE CASKET OPENED

The Waterside correspondent of the Albert Maple Leaf says: Edward Kennia died quite suddenly of congestion of the lungs on Thursday of last week, after a few days' illness ared fifty-two years. The funeral was to have been on Saturday and the body was taken to the grave and casket opened, when a moisture was seen to be on the glass and Mrs. Kennie decided to have the body taken back to her home. Dr. Chapman was called and made an examination and pronounced it a dead body. He was buried on Sunday. He leaves a widow and two small children.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION AT SAINT MARTINS.

Salbbath school class of Lizzle Moran made an unexpected visit to her home. After spending a very enjoyable evening, the following address was read by Miss Marion Cornwell: "Dear Teacher-We, the pupils in your class, learn with sorrow that you intend leaving us to go and live in the city. We shall all miss you very much, as we have learned to love you for the interest you have taken in us. We want to present you with these poems to show our regard for you, and also for the kind words of advice you have given us.
We pray that God's blessing may be with you. God bless you. We can say no more. Our hearts contain a

ANNAPOLIS, N. S. March 29-The RECENT MARRIAGES.

R. S. Miller, S. W.; Fred W. Harris, J.W.; W J. Stramon (P.M.), Breas; Wm. M. de Blois, sec.; Alex. Herris m (P.M.), S.D.; W. W. Ambernon, J.D.; T. Geo. Wells, T.G.; Griffin O'Dell, S.S.; Geo. Armstrong, J. S.; Jno McLeod. Rev. Hy. How, chap.; Thomas Dever, tyler.

Alex. McClelland and John White man, allas Wm. Sterling Snow, were ritt's were given a treat by Mr. Le-taken to Dorchester today by Sheriff Blanc, and then learned for the first Gates. These two criminals were con-

> WEDDED IN ST. JOHN. On Sunday morning, April 3rd, the N. B. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Carey at the Ameri-can Hotel, St. John, in the presence of a few friends. The bride was be-comingly attired in a travelling suit of lurquoise blue and carried a hand-som bouquet of Lilies of the Valley, wishing them much happiness. The bride was the recipient of many presents, that from the groom being gold brough set with emeralds.

merous congratulations extended, the happy couple boarded the train amid the well wishes of a large circle of friends and relatives, for an extended tour to St. John and other cities in New Brunswick and eastern Maine. Both parties were extremely popular. The brides who had been for a numher of years organist in the Danforth Methodist church, was the recipient of many valuable presents. The groom's present to the bride was a magnificent plane. On their return ent plano. On their return Dr. and Mrs. Love will occupy their mandsome residence on Centre street, and will be at home after April 15th,

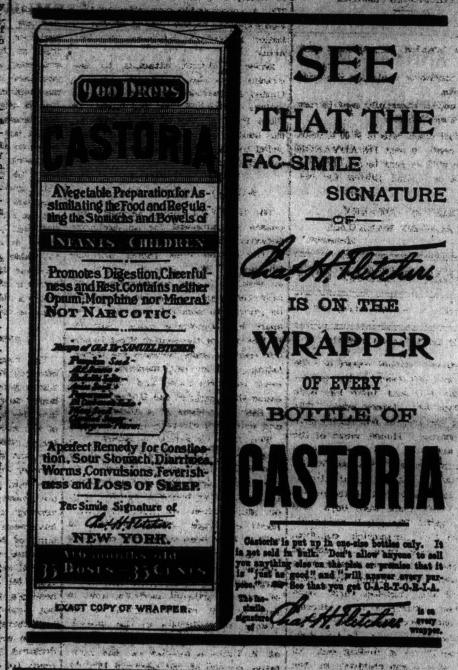
SKINNER-MOMITIAN Trinity church was the scene of a ternoon. The bride, one of the fairest belies of local society, was Miss Florence, McMillan, the third daughter of John, McMillan, and the groom was Dr. Stewart Skinner, son of Recorder C. N. Skinner. The bride, who looked charming in the regulation white satin gown, with bridal veil and orange blossoms, carried a bouquet of ange blossoms, carried a bouquet trice's roses and maiden fern, was supported by two bridesmaids, her sister, Miss Louise McMillan, and Miss Grace Skinner, sister of the groom. The bridesmalds were betrimmed with white saltin and large white picture hats. The functions of groomsman were performed by twin brother of the groom, Charles St. O. Skinner. The ushers were L. P. D. Tilley, Stewart L. Fairweather and Bowyer S. Smith. Very Rev. Degn Partridge performed the ceremony, After the wedding the bride and groom and the guests drove to Mr. McMillan's residence on Germain street, where luncheon was served, after, which Dr. and Mrs. Skinner left by afternoon train for a honeymoon trip to Boston, New York, etc. On their return they will reside on Princess street. They received many beautiful presents.

On Wednesday afternoon, at the residence of Mrs. Fuller, Sewell street, Rev. A. D. Dewiney tied the nuptial knot which united Miss Mary Carvill of Quispamsis and Charles R. Carr of Halifax: Miss Minnie Baulkner of Newcastle was bridesmaid, and the groom was attended by J. J. Wiles, graph operator at Fairville. and Mrs. Carr will reside in Halifax.

Fred McNichol, a popular member of the Williams concert band, was matried on Wednesday to Miss Burton, danienter of William Burton of Elm street. They left for Boston in the afternoon, where Mr. McNichol will study at the New England Conservatory. The band screnaded the happy pair at the depot.

WHITMAN-SNIDER At Trinity church on Wednesday

afternoon, in the presence of relatives and intimate friends of the bride, the Very Rev. Dean Partridge united for life Miss Florence A. Snider, youngest daughter of the late George E. Stilder of this city, and Louis Whitman of Ammapolis Royal Mr. Whitman van umattended. Miss Snider was attended by Miss Ena MacLaren and Miss Katie Hazen. The bride and Miss Katie Hazen. The bride entered the church with her brother-im-law, John S. MacLaren, and was given away by her mother. She was attired in a going-awuy tailor made sown of brown cloth with hat to match. The little maids of honor were crettily dressed in gowns of blue muslin with white leghorn hats, and carried bouquets of pink carnations. R. N. Frith and Guy Robinson were the ushers. Mr and Mrs. Whitman drove directly to the station, taking the train to Boston, en route to Calidrove directly to the station, taking the irain to Baston, em route to Callfornia, where they will spend two months. On their return they will reside at Annapolis Royal. The bride was the recipient of many presents. The numerous friends of Mr. and Mrs. Whitman wish them a long and happy thousand wishes in this one prayer; bekah, who had in charge the benefit whitman wish them a long and warried life.



C. P. R. conductor, who, was suddenly stricken with paralysis a few days ago, died on Tuesday shortly after seven o'clock at his residence, Dongas avenue. The deceased was one las avenue. The deceased was one of the most popular men running into this city, and his sudden death will be a severe shock to his friends as well as the travelling public that so frequently met him. Mr. Cassidy's wife aled some little time ago, and the deceased leaves nine children to mourn the loss of a kind and affectionate parent. The eldest child is about seventeen years of age. seventeen years of age.

DEATH OF MISS PRINCE. The death occurred in this city at The death occurred in this city at an early hour on Wednesday morning of Miss Rebecca Lewis Prince, at the age of 75 years, after an illness of only a few days. Being possessel of a bright and cheerful disposition, and having always an earnest desire to add to the comfort and happiness of those about her, her home was at all left to be a home indeed for the many who from time to time have partaken of her hospitality. The circle of her acquaintance was large, and by all she was highly esteemed. The good deeds of Miss Prince will long be held in remembrance.

DEATH OF MRS. ELIZA J. FRITZ. The death occurred Thursday at the residence of her son-in-law, E. M. Sipprell, of Mrs. Eliza J. Fritz, relict of the late Capt. Jacob Fritz, who was drouned when the steamer Cedar Grove was lost some years ago. The deceased lady was in her 74th year and was most highly esteemed by all who knew her. The deceased lady was a Miss Slocomb, and was a native of Wilmot, N. S., and leaves two brothers, William of Wilmot, N. S., and Israel of Liverpool, England, also six children, three daughters and three sons. The daughters are Mrs. P. W. McNaughton and Mrs. E. M. Sipprell of this city and Mrs. Joseph Read of Bay Veite, and the sons Dr. Fritz of this city, Capt. Fritz of the ship Troop, now bound for Liverpool, and Capt. H. J. Fritz of Melbourne. Australia.

DIED IN BOSTON OR VICINITY. The following deaths of former provincialists are announced: At Jamaics Plain, March 25, Georgianna Hughson, aged 42 years, wife of William Hughson, and daughter of John W. and Sarah A. Palmer, formerly of St. March 28, John Francis, young son of Joseph A. and Agnes Tole, formerly of St. John; in Boston, March 21, Roderlok McKinnon, aged 60, formerly of Antigonish; in Dorchester, March 26, Mrs. Mary A. Simmonds, widow of George M. Simmonds, formerly of Halifax, aged 79 years; in South Boston, March 31, Williamena Ball, aged 59, formerly of North Sydney, C. B.; in Newton, John McKeen, aged 43, hative of Nova Scotia; in Boston, April 1, Mrs. Ellen Post, widow of George A. Post, formerly well known in St. John. March 28, John Francis, young son of

Jacob J. Smith, who died at his home in Presque Isle, Me., on Tuesday, March 21st, was born in Woodstock, N. B., 1825, and was the son of Lieut. Jacob Smith, who was one of the pioneers of that town, and a sollier in the war of 1812.

FOR KILLING MOOSE. Viciators of Game Laws on Olqueester heav

BATHURST, N. B., April 3.—Come Warden Bishop is hustling in the way of prisecutions for intractions of the game liws.
On Safurday last John Gleker, James Auhe, Phomas Lavigne, Joseph Mekanson, Thomas Clasier and Ambrose Doucet wore before Strendlary Magistrate MacLauchan, chaged with nunting and killing moose. They pleaded guilty and the minimum line of \$50 was imposed in each cise, this being the first offence of each of the parties.

A. E. Hanson and surveying party arrived nere from the head waters of the Nipisquiit on Saturday evening and this morning lame Warden Blabop, on information, arrested him and took him before the stirendary, where a complaint was laid for having huntel and killed a bull moose during

and was fined 50 m each case were also the morning imposed on Juseph Coffers of the morning imposed on Juseph Coffers of the work in the violators except in the work siven two months in which lay their fines. Other pames have being morning and in the bill with praceed against them immediately.

FARM FOR SALE.

FOR SALE

The Farm on Maguapit Lake, Queens



Not a Substitute

but superior to lath and plaster, will not crack and fall off, absolutely fireproof, handsome in appearance. Estimates furnished on receipt of plans. Pediar Metal Roofing Co.

OSHAWA, CANADA.

WANTED

WANTED A Third Class Male or Fema reacher in District No." 16 for balance term. For particulars apply to W. DARRAH, Secretary, Speight's Q. Co.

HE FOUGHT WITH DEWEY.

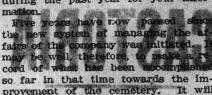
Mrs. Thomas Patterson of Mecklen-burg street received a telegram Wed-nesday morning from Oaklands, Cal., nesday morning from Caklands, Cal., telling of the death of her son, Thos. B. Patterson, which cocurred there on Monday. The deceased was a seaman in the United States many and had the distinction of fighting under Admiral Dewey at Mandle. He contracted a fever while in the Philippines and was sent home to recuperate. He never recovered but grew ste. He never recovered, but grew gradually worse until he died. The deceased was 29 years of age and had

The Directors Submit an Interesting Report on the Last Year's Proceedings.

Financial Position of the Company Clearly Exhibited - The Cost of Perpeual Care-General Matters.

The annual meeting of the St. John Rural Cemetery Company was held yesterday afternoon. The directors submitted the following report: The St. John Rural Cometery Com-

Gentlemen,-The directors beg respectfully to submit a report as required by law of their proceedings during the past year for your infor-



provement of the cemetery. It will serve to mark the steady progress which has been made, and, at the same time, incite those who may now, and in the future, be authorized to control the business of the company to achieve further improvements in the same direction. A general summary may be stated as follows:

ethring old stock of \$3,200, bearing b at 5 per cent for same amount, and paying off \$1,000 of this debt. Drawing up and enacting new bylaws and regulations for the govern-

ment of the cemetery and its officers. Estblishing a complete system for the annual and perpetual care of lots. Securing the full profit of the labor of their employes, whereby a liberal income accrues to the company. Obtaining further legislation giving

ample powers to the directors, etc., and legalizing their acts.

Opening offices properly equipped in the city and cemetery for the transac-

Constructing new fences on either side of the roadway at the Marsh en-trance, and along all the boundary lines of their property.
Grading, draining and improving the

fields on both sides of the said en-Establishing a telephone service in

Erecting three substantial buildings, work shop, carriage house and office, besides two small erections. Filling up the "gravel pit" so called, and arranging it for interments.

ng and fitting up a receiving Improving paths and avenues, in-

cluding ell now completed.

young trees.

Improving culverts and placing tile and pipe drains in various directions, and generally improving the drainage Drains were made to the extent of 4 900 feet and 700 feet of culverts Making a complete index of all in-

terments and procuring all modern registers and forms to secure accur acy in their business. Purchasing and planting over 500

Purchasing and adding to the cemetery 341-2 acres of land, making the total area now to be 1441-2 acres. Putting up a shelter house with the

necessary adjuncts to it. Laying out new sections, buying horses and all necessary vehicles, etc.,

Repairing and putting in order two dwelling houses for their workmen Providing galvanized iron pipe leading water from Water to Cyprees avenue, where it was much needed. It wil be seen from this outline that much good work has been accomplished. But after all there still remain a great deal to be done before the rlans now under consideration are fully realized. Nature has done so much for the cemetery, its scenery is diversified, its general characterstrice so beautiful, and the opportun ities for its embellishment so dant that they feel confident the comrany would desire the work of improving it should go forward, even ff

ome extra expense is incurred, until it equals or excels any other similar institution in Canada. At the last annual meeting the directors were authorized to borrow \$1,500 to enabe them to erect a shelter house and form a new approach or avenue to the Ceme from the Westmorland road. The house has been completed at a cost of \$665.45, and has proved to be very roadway has only been partly com-

useful as well as ornamental. The pleted. They obtained an estimate for this work from a competent engineer, but the amount was so far in excess of what they anticipated that they resolved to do it gradually with their own staff. In this way about 600 feet have been completed, leaving about 609 feet which will be finished in the course of the present season without any addition to their funded

A section of their grounds was laid off for single graves or interments in a prominent and pleasant situation under a recent Bye-law. Such graves are unider perpetual care and con stantly looked after. It is very gratifying for them to be able to report that the action of the company in this respect has been most warmly apciated by those who are interested in these interments. To this date 27

interments have been made here. A suggestion was made at the annu-al meeting two years ago that it would be desirable, for several reasons, to change the name of the cemetery. It was then favorably entertained, but after some discussion it was considered advisable not to press the question to a vote at that time, so as to allow of further reflection. Last year the subject was again brought forward, and it was then unanimously

that the cemetery should be ed and known as "Fernhill." other year has now elapsed, and ne experience gained in that time roves the name to be a good one and ite acceptable to the majority of he proprietors. No one, in fact, has bjedted to it. It is appropriate, and at the same time a very apt descrip-tion of their grounds. They there-fore now recommend that a further step be taken, and the corporate ame of the company be also chang-ed. It can be easily accomplished. By an act passed last year permission is given to them to make this change without resorting to the legislature. It is only necessary for a petition to be adopted and sent to the Lieutenant Governor in Council, settling forth he reasons for it, and, no doubt, the rayer of it will be allowed. As soon s it is granted the legal and popular ame of the cemetery would then be Fernhill Cemetery Company" in place "The Corporation of the Saint ohn Rural Cemetery Company," as

The financial position of the comounts rendered by Mr. F. O. Allison, reasurer. They have been duly aud-ted by Mr. R. M. Boyd and pronounc-d to be correct. His report to this fect is submitted herewith.

An abstract of the general account ay be stated as follows:-RECEIPTS.

(271) ... 1,279 00 \$ ale of lobs (32) ... 1,335 as rent of houses ... 200 interest on per care funds.

sule of hey and grass

sundries—deposit fees, etc. 

Pank N. B. overdraft ... wages of workmen .......... salaries secrebary and super-. 1,000 00 balance on Trafton property....interest on debenbures

EXPENCITURES.

There are some features of this account which merit attention. In the first place, the receipts from the sale of lots has been less than the previous year, to the extent of \$438, but on all the other items an advance has been made. Last year the balance to debit was \$1,001; this year it is only \$562, and claims chiefly on annual care alone of \$311 are due, a great portion of which will be collected. Three slate vaults, valued at \$90, are also on

It is worthy of special note that during the past five years the sum of \$9,744.35 has been received for care of and interest on perpetual deposits — which is the same thing. Previthat time not one dollar was ever paid into the treasury for work of this kind done in the cemet-

The perpetual care fund is growing teadily as the advantages of the system are realized by the proprietors. The amount received on this account to 15th March. '99. is now \$12,289.79. Of this money \$11,523.75 is invested in debentures, purchased at city premium of 9 3-4 per cent., and the palance \$766.04 is in the Bank of Montreal Savings Bank at 3 per cent.

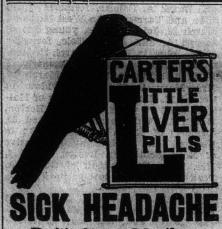
Thirty-four contracts were executed

last year, making the total now to be There is no part of the work of the directors which interests them forcibly as the adoption of the fundamental principle of perpetual care by the proprietors. It is the keynote of the successful management of the cemetery. Strenous efforts have been nade, with considerable success to induce them to adopt it, but many still nesitate to do so. All thinking people now approve of it, and the directors

will continue to press the subject upon

them year after year. In order to reet the wishes or inntentions of some of the proprietors, it has been considered advisable to repare a short draft of a form of a bequest by will or otherwise, of a sum sufficient to secure perpetual care of a lot or lots, and the monuments thereon. as the case may be, owned by the testator, or in which he or she may be interested under their by-laws, and this draft will be found attached

to this report. There is one point that abould be most carefully considered in this con-



Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A per-

fect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution the fraud of the day. See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's, Insist and demand

Carter's Jittle Liver Pills.

nection, and that is, the scale of fees adopted for the care of lots in perpetuity. It was prepared five years years ago, when the interest on investments of money was much greater than it is at present. The gradual depreciation of the interest b value of money is, in fact, still going on. It becomes, therefore, a serious question whether a very considerable addition should not be made to these kes to secure the company from los Sufficient money should be obtained to assure a proper income from work

done under all possible contingencies. The funded debt of the company amounts to \$8,200, bearing 4 per cent. interest, except \$2,200 at 5 per cent. They have to report that nothing has been done to improve the condition of the seamen's lot, so called, during the past year. Since the application was made to the marine department of the federal government it has been ascertained that there are hundreds of persons interred there who had the name and date of death nscribed on wooden tablets, which have now fallen into decay, perishe or been overthrown. It would be well for many feasons to renew them, but this cannot be done with the undertaking to keep them in order in future nless the grant from the government is increased from one to two thousand dollars, and this fact has been repre-

sented in the proper quarters.

They acknowledge, with thanks, a conation of flowers from Mr. Gould, florist, Sussex.

The superintendent, J. P. Clayton has made his usual report of work done in the cemetery during the last year.

And in closing their report they must again acknowledge the aid which theye have received from so many of the proprietors. Owing to old associations some of their suggestions for the removal of hedges, iron fences, trees, copings, etc., etc. may have been distasteful, but in the end it has been generally admitted that the only object they have in view is the improvement of the cemetery as a whole and not in one section more than another.

Respectfully submitted. 212 J. R. RUEL J. S. GILBERT. S. S. HALL, J. D. SHEFFIELD, ROBT. THOMSON, GEO. E. FAIRWEATHER, C. F. KINNEAR, H. D. McLEOD, J. R. STONE, ES MANCHESTER, A. CHIPMAN SMITH,

Directors. St. John, March 30, 1899.

At the annual meeting on Monday afternoon, on motion of Col. Markham, the directors' report was submitted.

(For report see page 6). The report of the treasurer, the uditor's report thereon, and the superintendent's report were read and

On motion of S. S. Hall the direcors were instructed to take the necessteps to have the corporate name of the company changed to Fernhill Cemetery Co."

A resolution was noved by George Fairweather, and unanimously adopted, setting forth that in view of the gradual depreciation in the value of money and the rate of interest which accrues from investments in good securities, the directors take into consideration the scale of fees under the by-law for the care of lots in perpetuity and report at the next meeting whether it should not be amended by increasing the amount payable therefor, so as to secure the company against any positive loss.

With respect to the seamen's lot it was decided, on motion of H. D. Mc-Lecd to use every possible effort to induce the federal government to ncrease its grant from \$1,000 to \$2,000. The following lirectors were elected: S. S. Hall, H. D. McLeod, J. R. Ruel, J. Manchester, G. E. Fairweaher, J. R. Stone, J. S. Gilbert, C. F. Kinnear A. Chin Smith Echt Thomson, J. H. McAvity, Dr. M. Sheffield.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

A Great Catch of Seals—Immense Ice Floes.

ST. JOHNS, Nfid., April 4.-The sealing steamers Newfoundland, with 17,000 seals; Panther, with 15,000, and Algerine, with 16,000, arrived here to-

The people along the coast are still aking seals by the hundreds. The steamers Dahome, from Halifax, and Dorset, from Milford Haven, which arrived today, report encounering immense ice floes south of Cape

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., April 5.-News eached here today of the burning of a French lobster factory at St. John's Island, off the west coast, the largest French fishing centre along the treaty shore of Newfoundland.

Besides the factory eleven large boarts and a lot of valuable fishing appliances were destroyed. It is believed that the fire was the work of an incendiary, and the circumstance may serve to bring about a crisis regarding the French share

REACHING OUT.

HALIFAX, April 4.-A Sydney paper states that the Canadian Pacific railway is negotiating for a controlling interest in the proposed Inverness and Richmond railway and the Coal Comliany's extensive areas at Broad Cove. On this and other data it builds a theory that the Canadian Pacific are on the eve of establishing a fast Atlantic service and that a Cape Breton port will be the point for landing pasengers and mails.

# ST. JOHN

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, ST. JOHN, N. B., APRIL 8, 1899.

# PRESBYTERY.

Many Reports Received and Much Business Transacted.

The Subject of Home Missions Received a Large Amount of Attention.

Delegaes Elected to the General Assembly -Sunday Schools-The Statistical Report-Church Life and Work.

The Presbytery of St. John met on Tuesday morning in the school room of St. Andrew's church. The moderator; Judge Forbes, presided, and there were also present: Revs. H. H. Morton, J. W. Murray, J. A. McLean, A. A. McKenzie, J. K. Bearisto, A. H. Campbell, D. Campbell, Robinson, D. J. Fraser, C. D. McIntosh, A. H. Foster, G. D. Ireland, H. E. Gratz, W. McDonald, J. Ross, J. A. Sutherland, and Elders L. W. Johnston, J. Livingstone and John Willet.

The home mission's report showed a number of parishes were visited, and made the following suggestions, which vere all adopted:

That Barnesville be disjoined

connected with Golden Grave: that W. A. Ross be appointed a catechist at Fort Kenit and Francis; that Henry Sedgwick be appointed to labor at New Maryland and Clarendon; A. M. McLend be appointed as catechist at Enfield; that Frank Baird be appointed as catechist to Salina and Campbell Settlement: that Henry Mc-Intosh be catechist to Barnesville, Golden Grave and Loch Lochond; that B. Glover be appointed to St. Martims and Black River, and C. Myers to Three Rivers and Riley Brook; that application for grants be made: \$300 for the mission at Grand Falls, \$300 for Andover, \$275 for Grand Bay and Nerepis, \$200 for Fairville, \$250 for St. Matthew's church: 'that a commit tee be appointed to visit the mission all the north end; that application be made for a grant of \$200 for Hammond River, Hampton, Bloomfield and Nerton; \$225 for Riverside and Alma; \$300 for Dorchester and Sackville; \$200

for Stanley and Nashwaak. That Rev. J. Valentine be appointed as missionary to Grand Falls, C. D. McIntosh to Grand Bay, Nerepis and Jerusalem, A. S. Morton to Fairville and South Bay, J. B. Douglas to Hampton, Rev. A. J. Archibald to Dorchester and Sackville, J. C. Rob-

ertson to Stanley and Nashwaak. That appointments to Riverside Andover, Hampton, Springfield English Settlement, St. Matthew's, St. John West, be referred to the home mission committee, with power to act.

The congregation of St. Matthew's church petitioned the presbytery, regretting the resignation of their pastor. Rev. Harvey Morton, and praying them to endeavor to have him reconsider his decision, as the very existence of the church was threatened by his leaving at this time. The petition suggested that Mr. Morton be granted leave of absence to recuper ate his health. On motion of John Willet, seconded by Rev. J. Sutherland, the communication was referred to the home mission committee to confer with Mr. Morton.

Revs. D. J. Fraser, J. A. Sutherland and Mr. L.W. Johnston were appointed a committee to risit St. Matthew's church.

Vacancies were reported in Andover and in Riverside, and Rev. Mr. Foster and Rev. Mr. Gratz, who filled the pulpits there, declined reappointment. These appointments were sent back to the committee, and the committee given power to act.

The augmentation committee then submitted their report, which showed a slight decrease from last year. Nine places asked for grants from the fund. The committee recommended a grant of \$75 to Woodstock, which was agreed to by the presbytery. South Richmond wanted \$175, and

this the presbytery allowed, on the committee's recommendation. Pisarinco was given \$200, and George's \$175.

Kincardine asked for \$200, and at the suggestion of the committee was granted \$185. Waterford and Mechanics' Settlement were given \$150 each. The grant to Greenfield was deferred, owing to the resignation of

Consideration of the grant for Shediac was deferred until the afternoon, and the request of Buctouche for a grant was also deferred on account of the arrears due by the congregation. A motion to give them the grant if they settle the arrears was carried. Quite a discussion was caused by the recommendation that no applicathons for grants from this fund be entertained if they are from congregations not previously aided. This was owing to the state of the fund at the rresent time. A motion to adopt the report as

whole was carried. The report of the special committee to consider remits of the general asembly was read and considered section by section.

There was a discussion over the second section, providing for a reduction of the number of delegates to the general assembly. An amendment made by Rev. J. Ross that no change be made, was lost, and the recommendation of the committee adopted.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies as your druggist for Low's Cetter Root Cempons. Take no other as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 21 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 85 per box. No. 1 or 2 mailed en receipt o' price and two 8-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. 25 Nos. 1 and 2 soid and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada. Sold in St. John by all esponsible drug-

The meeting adjourned until 2.30 p. m. AFTERNOON SESSION.

The following delegates to the general assembly were elected: Minis-ters: Revs. Ross. McDonald, Sutherland, Fotheringham, Fraser, Foster, Smith, H. and A. Morton, Boyd. Elders: Messrs. Forbes, Willet, Stevens, Johnston, Walker, White, Campbell, Stewart, Trueman, Henderson.

Rev. F. W. Murray read the report of the Sunday schools committee. The statistics gathered compare favorably with those recorded in the general assembly report of 1897:

The report recommended that ministers and sessions be urged to see that accurate records be kept and greater promptitude used in forwardng them. That ministers and sions be urged to more zealously pro-mote the study of catechism and home preparation. That the presbytery express its hearty appreciation of work being done by the officers and eachers of its schools. That the presbytery avail itself of its privilege in the matter of more immediate supervision of the S. S. work within its pounds -Adopted

Rev. A. S. Morton presented the repoint of the young people. It gave a somewhat full statement of the work done and in prospect. The outlook in some ways was not over satisfactory, while in others it was a cause for con gratulation. The report likewise preented several recommendations, looking toward the advancement of the Young People's Association.

After discussion by Dr. McKenzie and J. S. Sutherland the report was

doptel. The report of the joint committee n regard to the convention, read by Rev. A.S. Morton, contained the followng recommediations: (1) That memters of the prasbytery be members of convention.—Adopted. (2), One representative from each society and Sunday school.-Adopted after discussion (3) Where no Y. P. society exists, representative to be mominated by session.—Adopted. (4) That the convention be called at 8 p. m., second Tuesday in July, in St. Andrew's church -Amended to read "during week of exhibition." (5) That the evening sessions be public, the mornings be given to church and Sabbath school work, afternoons to Y. P. society.—Adopt ed. (6) That joint committees from Y. P. A. and S. S. prepare the programme.—Adopted. (7) That this committee draw up a constitution and present it to the presbytery for sanction -Adopted.

The statistical report was read by Rev. W. W. Rainnie. Advances had been made in every department. There were now 52 congregations or groups of stations, with 155 preaching places The seating capacity of the Building's was 3,928; number of families, 3,462; number of single persons, 2,292; number of communicants, 5,814; added by profession, 315; added by certificate, 79; baptized (infants), 267; baptized (adults), 30; number of elders, 214; number of missionary associations, 6 number of W. F. M. Soc., 38; number of C. E. societies, 27; number of Y. P. associations, 3; number of H. M. societies, 4.

The committee drew attention to the fact that careless returns were constantly being made. It likewise submitted the following statement: Paid in salaries ....

| \$35,880 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30,485 | \$30, H. M. received ......
Augmentation fund received..... French evangelization
Foreign missions received
Aged and infirm ministers
Total for all purposes The report adopted after discussion

The call signed by 56 communicants and 76 adherents of the Glassville church to Rev. J. K. Bearisto was taken up. The question of the amount of augmentation to be given was warmly discussed by Rev. Ross, Sutherland, Murray and Rainnie, and by Messrs. Robinson and Johnston. It was finally carried that the call be sustained, and that \$150 be asked from the augmentation committee. Rev. D. J. Fraser will preach the induction sermon; Mr. Ireland will address the people, and Mr. Fowler the minister. The edict is to be served on April 23 and 30.

The report of the committee Church Life and Work, Dr. Bruce, nvener, was read by the clerk. It said that the answers to the series of questions sent out showed a growing acquaintance with them. The replie were clear and good. In regard to the instruction of children and family worship, it appears that these are beof anxiety and dissatisfaction in this regard, especially in cities and towns. Several reasons were given for the decline of family religion; the numer ous societies and the pressure business cares being emphasized. The attendance at church services and S. S. were good. Numerous modes of raising money were used. The replies to the questions in regard to social evils showed that the agitation against intemperance was growing. The review was encouraging, especially on account of the apparent awakened interest.—Adopted.

The clerk read the report of the French evangelization committee. The following recommendations were adopted: A grant of \$50 per month to anston, of \$32.50 to a colporteur, and that an annual reduction of five per cent be made on grants.-Adopted after discussion.

'The aged and infirm ministers' fund was reported through letter from W A. Duncan. This fund is at present not in good condition. The follo scheme for its betterment was filed : That there be one common fund for churches east and west; that ministers pay in one per cent of annual salary; that the congregation pay in two per cent of ministers' salary. These would give an annual incomof \$34,000.

The resignation of Rev. D. Fisk was laid on table and the congregation of Greenfield cited to appear April 15th.

Manitoba College informed the presbytery that they would lay before the general assembly the appointment of Dr. Kilpatrick of Scotland to the vacant chair of philosophy and Semitic languages, J. C. Robertson and R. J. Douglas made application for licenses. clerk was ordered to issue notices. Several bills were received and ordered paid, after which the presbytery adjourned until April 15th.

#### ADMIRAL CARPENTER DEAD

#### Took Part in the Attacks on Charleston.

BOSTON, April 1.-Rear Admiral Charles C. Carpenter, U. S. N., retired, committed suicide at a sanitarium in one of the suburban districts of this city yesterday. The admiral had been in ill health for some weeks.

Rear Admiral Carpenter was born in Greenfield, Mass., Feb. 2, 1834. He was appointed a midshipman from this state, Oct. 18, 1850, and was attached to the sloop Portsmouth of the Pacific squadron from 1851 to 1855. He was in the naval academy from 1855 to 1856, and was promoted to passed midshipman on June 20th of the latter

After leaving the naval academy he served on the steam frigates Merrimac, Roanoke, Colorado and Dolphin of the home squadron for two years. Carpenter was transferred in 1862 to the steamer Flag, of the South Atlantic squadron, and on July 16 of that year was promoted to lieutenant commander.

He next saw service on the monitor Catskill of the South Atlantic blockading fleet, and was on board during the operations and attacks upon the defences of Charleston. At the close of the war he went to the Asiatic station with the sloop Hartford, the flag-

His first command was the steamer Wyoming of the same squadron. For two year he was stationed at the Portsmouth navy yard, during which time he was commissioned as com-

mander. From 1871 to 1872 he had command of the Nantasket (third rate), but returned to Portsmouth on equipment duty for three years. His next sea duty was in the ill-fated Huron of the North Atlantic squadron from 1875 to 1876, leaving her a year before she was wrecked off the North Carolina Again he returned to Portsmouth, and while there was advanced to captain, March 25, 1880. He completted his three years' shore duty at the Boston navy yard, and in 1882 was commander of the Hartford, which carried the English and American edlipse expedition of 1883 to the Caroline Atoll. For three years—1838-1890— he commanded the receiving ship Wabash at the Boston yard, and in June of the latter year was transferred to Portsmouth as captain of the yard and later as commandant.

He received his commission as con modore in 1893, and as rear admiral a year later. As commander of the Asiatic squadron in 1894 he saw many or the naval movements of the Chino

Carpenter was recalled from retirement to act as commandant of the Portsmouth pavy yard in place of Commodore Remey, who had hoisted his flag on the receiving ship Lancaster at Key West. Admiral Carpenter leaves a wife,

three sons and two daughters.s The Queen of Italy possesses the finest lace handkerchief in existence. It is valued at \$30,000.

### J. H. MORRISON, M. D.

Rev. John McKenzie, a missionary in South Africa and noted pioneer with Living-stone, is dead.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

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### DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of Sept. 28, 1886, says:

"If I were asked which single medicine I should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORODYNE, I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple aliments forms its best recommendation."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne 18 THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR

DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA. CAUTION. - Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well-known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor-

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold by all Chemists at 1s. 11/2d., 2s. 9d and 4s. 6d. SOLE MANUFACTURER JT DAVENPORT 33 Great Russell St., London, W.



days, ship a sample Bicycle C. O. D. t dress upon receipt of \$1.00. We splendid chance to a good agent in splendid chance to a good agent in ea town. You have your choice of Cash, outright gift of one or more wheels, cording to nature of work done for us INTRODUCTION PRICES

PLYER—13 in. Tubing, Plush Joints I piece Cranks, fitted with Dunlop Ties, \$5,500; fitted with M. & W. Tire, \$2,500 fitted with Darlington Tires \$30,000. Men and Ladies, Green and Maroon, 22 and 24 in Frame, any gen.
Wheels slightly used, modern types, \$5, to \$25,000. to \$25.00. Price List Free. Secure Agency at one

DINNER COI

To the Hor

Friends and From

Federal and Pr M. P.'s, and o New

The non-po

John Costiga

Tuesday night grand success in the vicinit prietor Willis dining room whole party seated. The decorated and on the Duffe excellent one Hon. John O Mayor Sears, Myers, W. T. Tweelie, Jas. ley, J. J. Mc J. L. Payne, H. Maher, M son, P. J. Bur G. Ruel, Jose John Conno O'Brien, D. 1 R. J. Ritch Father Dolla Quigley, W. Bowes, James F. McCafferty talum, John J. F. Watson ter, James John K. Sto Dibblee, Mr. Mr. Wens, S son, Seniator J. B. Travis. Keeffe. Hon. Fitzpatrick, Emmerson, son, W. E. S Kane, F. Cur Joshua War Lantalum, Ja J. A. Kelly, Dr. Maher, gan, P. Gran

Mayor Sears. The bill of Oyster Croquet

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ing was supp Hon. Mr. Bla

Limba Beans. Plum Pudding Port Wine Je Mont

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After full

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Chablis.

tional anthe rison's orche R. W. Conn letters sand the following ridly, V. G.; C. S. S. R.; town; Rev. A A. Landry. ham; Mayor Ont.: C. E. 1 Robinson, F. Adams, Thor McSweeney, J P. Doherty, F. P. Thomp Joseph Poirier Goodwin, Jol Kitchen, Hon G. G. King, Stratton, Cha Kilburn, John phy, F. R. L. John Sheehan Cain, M. P. W. T. Drysda and others. The Govern

Count de Bu States, and C appropriate rethe Governor which was dr Count de l health of the expressed the a source of gr Mr. Costigan ed guest duri had secured est man. The toast

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Britannia, ac

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#### il 15th. ER DEAD.

### n Charleston,

Rear Admiral S. N., retired, enitarium in stricts of this iral had been

er was born . 2, 1834. He was attached of the Pacific 855. He was rom 1855 to to passed of the latter

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N.M.D. D TO

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d Fri. 7.30 to

ROWNE'S DYNE ON NEWS, of

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PRICES

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COMPLIMENTARY To the Hon, John Costigan at

DINNER

Hotel Dufferin. Friends and Admirers Are Present

From Many Parts of the Dominion.

Federal and Provincial Ministers, Senators, M. P.'s, and M. P. P.'s Pay Tributes o New Brunswick's Veteran Representative.

The non-political dinner to Hon.

John Costigan at the Hotel Dufferin Tuesday night was in every respect a grand success. Although there in the vicinity of eighty guests, Proprietor Willis had the tables in his dining room so arranged that the whole party was very comfortably seated. The tables were beautifully decorated and reflected great credit on the Dufferin. The dinner was an excellent one and well served.

The guests were: Hon. A. G. Blair, Hon, John Costigan, Count de Bury, Mayor Sears, United States Consul Myers, W. T. Whitehead, Hon. A. L. Palmer, Hon. Mr. Richard, Hon. Mr. Tweelie, Jas. Sherry, Hon. Dr. Pugsley, J. J. McGaffigan, C. N. Skinner, L. Payne, M. Farrell, Mr. Veniot, H. Maher, Mr. Humphrey, Mr. Law-son, P. J. Burns, Hon. A. T. Dunn, G. G. Ruel, Joshua Corkery, Mr. Mott, John Connor, L. A. Currey, John O'Brien, D. Mullin, E. Lantalum, Hon. R. J. Ritchie, R. W. Connor, Rev. Father Dollard, Thos. Kickham, Dr. Quigley, W. K. Reynolds, John A. Bowes, James Hannay, T. L. Bourke, F. McCafferty, F. Hogan, T. T. Lan-talum, John Walsh, Hon. R. Marshall, J. F. Watson, D. J. Purdy, F. H. Foster, James Kelly, Ald. McGoldrick, John K. Story, Mr. Connolly, G. Y. Dibblee, Mr. Barnes, Mr. McKeown, Mr. Wells. Senator Wood. Mr. Robinson, Senator Baird, C. J. Osman, Dr. J. B. Travis, Hon. Mr. Farris, John Keeffe, Hon. Mr. Labillois, Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, Geo. Robertson, Hon. Mr. Emmerson, Hon. Mr. White, A. Wilson, W. E. Scully, T. Donovan, C. J. Kane, F. Curran, John McDonald, jr., Joshua Ward, P. Mahoney, P. Lantalum, James Berry, A. Lindsay, J. A. Kelly, M. E. Agar, B. Rogers, Dr. Maher, Dr. Merrell, James Morgan, P. Grannan and E. S. Carter. Count de Bury occupied the chair, with George Robertson, M. P. P., in the vice-chair. The guest of the even-

Hon. Mr. Blair and on his left by The bill of fare was as follows:

ing was supported on his right by

The bill of fare was as follows:

Oysters on the Half Shell.
Consomme, a la Dufferin.
Bisque of Lobster.

Oyster Croquetts with Fried Parsley.
Spanish Puffs, Wine Sause.
Maccaroni au Fromage.
Roast Ribs of Beef au Jus.
Roast Young Turkey, Chestnut Dressing.
Mashed Potoboes with Cream.
Lima Beans. Squash. French Peas.
Black Ducks. Partridge.
Lettuce Salad.
Plum Pudding, Brandy and Hard Sauce.
Mousseux Jelly.
Port Wine Jelly with Whipped Cream.
Fruit.

Monte Carlo Ice Cream.

Chablis. Port. Champagne.
After full justice had been done the excellent bill of fare, Count de Bury proposed the Queen, which was received by the party singing the national anthem, accompanied by Harrison's orchestra.

R. W. Connor being called on, read letters sand telegrams of regret from the following: Very Rev. Mgr. Conrolly, V. G.: Very Rev. M. J. Corduke C. S. S. R.; Rev. Father Doyle, Milltown; Rev. A. Roy, C. S. C.; Hon. P. A. Landry, Mayor Winsslow, Chartham: Mayor Edward Ryan, Kingston, Ont.; C. E. Fish, G. W. Ganong, Jas. Robinson, F. H. Hale, Thomas D. Adams, Thomas Coffey, Hon. Peter McSweeney, James T. Sharkey, Dr. E. P. Doherty, Hon. Mr. Carbray, Hon. G. F. Hill, P. Farrell, H. A. Connell, F. P. Thompson, Alex. Gibson, jr., Joseph Poirier, W. J. Pompore, Geo. Goodwin, John McAllister, Willard Kitchen, Hon. Senator Poirier, Hon. G. G. King, E. Hutchinson, Alex. Stratton, Chas. McCluskey, jr., B. Kilburn, John Culligan, Chas. Murphy, F. R. Laterford, P. L. Connor,

Cain, M. P. P., Chas. E. Gallagher, W. T. Drysdale, Rev. Father Bradley, and others. The Governor General was proposed by the vice-chairman, and was received with the party singing Rule Britannia, accompanied by the or-

John Sheehan, John Ryan, H. H. Mc-

Count de Bury proposed the United States, and Consul Myers made an appropriate reply. Vice-chairman Robertson proposed

the Governor of New Brunswick, which was duly honored. Count de Bury, in proposing the health of the guest of the evening, expressed the belief that it must be source of great gratification to Hon. Mr. Costigan to find such a large number of all classes and creeds assembled to do him honor. Our honored guest during his long political life had secured the reputation of an hon-

The toast was received with musical honors, followed by He's a Jolly Good Fellow and three cheers.

Hon. Mr. Costigan on rising was greet ed with loud applause and cheers. All the eloquence which could be brought into use could not express his thanks for this grand demonstration. When he looked around this board and saw as representative a lot of men as to be found in Canada, he felt that indeed he was greatly honored. He was glad the gathering was non-political, and he was pleased there were times when Canadians could meet socially and spend a few pleasant hours. He hald spent thirty-eight years in politi-cal life, and he wished to say that the little province by the sea had sent to the Canadian parliament some of the

brightest men in the dominion. No matter what creed or class, all must admit that the late Sir Leonard Tilley was one of the foremost men in the country. He took as a special compliment the presence of Hon. Mr. Blatt, Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, Hon. Mr. Emmerson and his cabinet and members of the legislature of the province. He attended the banquet tendered Mr. Fitzpatrick because he (Costigan) was the representative of a section of the people which Mr. Fitzpatrick also represented. He therefore thought it was only proper that Mr. Fitzpatrick should be present this evening. Some of the newspapers had announced that he had an important statement to make, but such was not the case. The banquet was non-pol-idical, but apart from that, if he had any announcement to make he would make it on the floors of parliament. After a reference to his contests in Victoria and Madawaska and the work performed for him by Mr. Baird and later by his son, the present Sen-ator Baird, he concluded by again thanking his friends for the honor waid him.

John Keeffe sang The Dear Little Shamrock, after which Daniel Mullin proposed the Dominion Parliament. In proposing the toast, Mr. Mullin paid a glowing tribute to Hon. Mr. Costigan, and spoke of the ability of the men composing the Canadian parliament. He coupled the names of Hon. Messrs. Blair and Fitzpatrick and Senator Baird and George V. Mc-

Inerney, M. P. The toast was received with three cheers and the singing of They Are

Jolly Goood Fellows. Hon. Mr. Blair spoke of the parliament, and claimed that it was a credit to the British empire. The banquet was one of the pleasantest he ever attended. Any man who had known Mr. Costigan had known him as a broad minded public man. In local politics Mr. Costigan bad been his friend, but while in dominion affairs he could not see eye to eye with him, the strong friendship which has existed for years has not grown less. He hoped that his friend, John Costigan, might live long to be a representative in the parliament of Can ada. Go to Quebec, Ontario or Nova. Scotia, and ask the Irish Catholics who they look upon as their representative, and irrespective of politics they will say John Costigan.

Solicitor General Fitzpatrick paid a warm tribute to Hon. Mr. Costigan. Senator Baird was given three rousing cheers. Mr. Costigan is a man who has always had truth on his side. He is a broad-minded man, and a man of toleration. Mr. Costigan has never considered what church a man belonged to, but his question was, is the man qualified?
George V. McInerney was received

with three cheers and the singing of He's a July Good Fellow. After a few pleasant opening remarks, Mr. McInerney said he believed John Costigan was the only member now in parliament who has occupied a seat continuously since confederation.

Alt the request of the chairman, P. W. Lantalum sang, My Own Canadian

W. K. Reynolds proposed the Le- with hams, etc. Hon. Mr. Costigan, whom he recogpized as one of New Brunswick's

we were on the eve of great things in this prevince. Hon. L. J. Tweedie was received with applause. The legislature had for years endeavored to manage the affairs of the province irrespective of party politics of irrespective of creed. The banquet was a fitting tribute to the honesty and sincerity of John

Attorney General White, Hon. A. T. Dunn, Hon. Mr. Labillois, Hon. A. D. Richard, Hon. L. P. Farris, Hon. Dr. Pugsley, Mr. Lawson, M.P.P.; Mr. Venoit, M.P.P.: Mr. Carvell, M.P.P.: John O'Brien, M.P.P.; C. J. Osman, M.P.F., and Mr. Robinson, M.P.P.,

also replied. J. A. Kelly gave a song, after which John Connor proposed the Mayor and Corporation, to which responses were made by Mayor Sears. Aid. McGoldrick and Recorder Skin-

ner. A. H. Lindsay gave a song and Herry Mahler proposed the Learned Professions, which was responded to by Hon. R. J. Ritchie and Hon. Wm. Pugslev

Frank McCafferty gave a song, after which John Keefe proposed the Ladies in a short, but happy speech, D. Mullin, G. G. Ruel and E. Lantalum responding. The Press was proposed by Thomas Kickham and responded to by James

Hannay, John A. Boves, James Berry, E. S. Carter and A. H. Lind-It was after four o'clock this morning when the banquet was brought to a close by the singing of Auld Lang Syne and God Save the Queen.

# COMES FROM MARTYR STOCK.

The family of Sir Matthew White-Rickey, the home secretary, whose heir's marriage recently took place, has had long associations with Northumberland. The Whites bought early in the last century the estate of Blagdon and erected a mansion house, and in 1756 the then owner was created a baronet, with remainder to the som of his sister, Mrs. Ridley, whose husband was of the same stock as the martyr. Newcastle has only had a bishopric for a few years, but Bidward VI., when he dissolved the great rishopric of Durham, created a bishopric of Newcastle, enpexing it by act of parliament to Gateshead, end Ridley was actually named bishop. But Edward died, His sitter Mary thad other views. She burned Ridley instead of giving him a miter, restored the see of St. Cuthberts, and gave Gateshead back to it Ridley was a native of Northumbrian.

## COMMON SENSE JUDGE.

The average man who reads the newspa-fers may have noted that Baron Brampton would often postpone overnight the sentenc-ing of a prisoner. In conversation the other day his lordship spoke to 'this effect: 'I' never pronounced sentence without first thinking it out very carefuly. It was in or-der to give me greater time for deliberation that I often postponed the sentence until the morning after the trial had been concluded.' The view, generally speaking, of his lord-ship's that a judge should apply common sense as well as law to his work on the bench.

### N. B. SOLONS

Are Taken Through the Provincial Lunatic Asylum.

Given a Fine Chance to Inspect the Annex and Then Dined in the Chapel.

It is seldom that a legislative body takes it into its head to go to a lunatic asylum, but the legislature of Nev. Brunswick went out to the provincial institution on Tuesday morning and spent several hours in and about the institution. Many of the members had never even seen the asylum except from a distance, and what they saw was a revelation to them. They had no idea as to the extent of the premises. It is safe to say that if the government ask this session for a large grant for expenditure in connection with the asylum, it will go through without any difficulty. The members of the legislature came down from Fredericton on the early train yesterday morning and got off at Fairville. They proceeded at once to the main buildings, where they were met by dhe superintndent, Dr. G. E. Hetherington, and his staff, and W. A. Quinton, the steward of the insti-tution and the manager of the farm in connection with the annex. The following members of the house were present: Provincial Secretary Twee-

die, Surveyor General Dunn and Commissioner of Agriculture LaBillois Hon. A. D. Richard, Hon. J. P. Burchill, and Mr. O'Brien of Northumberland, Mr. Osman of Albert, Mr. Shaw and Mr. McLeod of St. John; Mr. Laforest and Mr. Gagnon of Mada-waska, Mr. Porter and Mr. Lawson of Victoria, Mr. Carvell of Carleton, Mr. O'Brien of Charlotte, Mr. Burns, and Mr. Venoit of Gloucester, Mr. Johnstom and Mr. Barnes of Kent, Robbson, Mr. Humphrey and Mr Wells of Westmorland, and Mr Campbell of York, Mr. Hazen and Mr. Clasier of Sunbury.

Octoveyances were on hand to take

the party to the annex and there they went. The roads were in a bad state and the drive was anything but a cleasant one. But on their arrival at the annex the visitors agreed that what they saw was sufficient to numter up for the unpleasantness of the trip to the place. Dr. Hetherington and Mr. Quinton took the party through every ward in the annex, all of which were found to be in good share. Then the barns, piggeries and other outside places were looked over. There are in the barns at the annex 22 cows, 13 young calitie, several calves, 7 horses, between 60 and 70 pigs and some hens. The representatives of the rural districts were loud in their praises as to the condition of the live stock. The legislators of the was obtained from the cows kept sufficient to supply the institution

vancement of the guest of the even- the main building and 129 in the aning. He was present to pay tribute to nex. Dr. Hetherington was congratulated by everybody on the admirable appearance the various wards most distinguished sons. He thought presented. There was no chance for fault finding. Then the electric light plant was looked over. The power station contains two 50-horse power ergines, with two dynamos of like capacity, with direct connections. The I lant was the first of its kind installed in the lower provinces. Its capacity is 1,000 incandescent lights, in addition to the six arclights distributed about the grounds. At the present time some 800 lights are used. Power is also derived from the power station for the operation of the ma-clinery in the laundry and the work shop. It is expected that in the event of the installation of a pumping outfit for supplying the main buildings with water, that all the power needed can be had from the electric lighting

The barns and piggeries at the main buildings were carefully examined. There are 12 cows and 50 or 60 pigs

kept there. The members of the house were given all the exercise they could or would stand in looking over the whole place, and the verdict of the whole company was that no fault could be found with any one in charge.

At 1 o'clock the visitors sat down to dinner in the chapel, which had been handsomely decorated with flowers for the occasion. Supt. Hetherington sat at the head of the table, with Mr. Tweedie on his right and Mr. Dunn on his left. The dinner was an excellent one, and the matron, Mrs. Young, and her assistants, proved themselves most capable waitresses. The visitors came over to the city bout 3 o'clock, somewhat tired after their day's experience.

### OLD SOCKS.

It is said that a Manitoba bachelor when recently visiting in Ontario went into one of the stores and bought a pair of socks, and 'o md attached to one of them a slip of paper with the words: "I am a young lady of twenty and would like to correspond with a bachelor with a view of matrimony." Name and address were given. The bachelor wrote, and in a few days got this letter: "Mamma was married twenty years ago. The merchant you bought those socks from evidently did not advertise or he would have sold them long ago. Mamma handed me the letter and said possibly I might suit you. I am a girl of eighteen." The girl was suited.-Yorkton Enterprise.

# Children Cry for CASTORIA

It is just possible that the American government feeds its soldiers on embaimed beef so they wont be afraid to LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE. "The Yankee Doodle Stamp."

To the Editor of the Sun: Fir—The present government began their regime with the motto, "business is business," and they have certainly lived up to the motto in the

stamp branch of the post office de-reariment. There the great study seems to be "how not to do it."
Stamp has followed stamp in almost endless variety, both in design and color, and without the slightest re-The icsees have been so frequent and so confusing that it is now inpossible for either the collectors or the public to decide where we are. First came the Jubilee issue, in which faith was broken with purchasers and which merited condemnation in all countries. It was more like a

ing but ridicule on account of its bumptuousness and bad taste.

It night fairly be thought the government would learn the common rudiments of business from these two transactions, but worse was to come The three cent issue had to be recalled because the postmaster general did not know his own mind. He could not tell a month ahead when he

would spring his two cent game.

The heart of the intelligent counterfeiter must leap within him as he gazes upon eight varieties of "two cent stamps," all in the market at once, and all apparently standard stamps. Of that marvelous production the "imperial posters" for distinct the "imperial posters" for distinct the "imperial posters". tion, the "imperial postage," four distinot varieties are now extant, and probably by Easter a few more will be on the market. This stamp has nothing to redeem it from cond tion, except its size. As a Yorkshire many would say, "it is a solzable un," but people find it rather hard to have, as Sir Charles Tupper puts it, "to lick the back of creation before you can get it to stick." There is an old proverb, "you can't have too much of a jolly good thing, "and a simulated love for Canada probably induced the designers to issue the "Maple Leaf It was not a case of "the Maple Leaf for ever," however, for in a short time a new stamp, in which her majesty's veil is shorn away at the back of her head, her cap altered, the size of the head reduced, and some other improvements made apreared. But the government had forgotten "to be off with the old love before they were on with the new,' before they were on with the new, and after a short run the new stamp again, gave place to the old Maple Leaf series, or rather, the latter reappeaned, and now all are on the market. Is this business? Is it even common sense? The imperial penny postage stamp, with its "I am the great original peacock" cry of "we hold a vaster empire than has been," is to use the old proverb, "as useless as a fifth wheel to a coach. idea which strikes one in this conprovince were surprised to learn that rection is that the government had all the milk required for the inmates ro reason to leave Canada for the quantity of work they have received there; also that the pigs raised were in the way of postage stamps. Formerly they had respectable stamps of good design, of good Canadian gislature of New Brunswick in a with nams, etc.

At 11 o'clock the visitors returned to the main building, which was gone with the direction of Dr. Hetherington and the most absolute security with the direction of Dr. Hetherington and the most absolute in absolute security with the direction of Dr. Hetherington and the most absolute in absolute in a specific in a specific in a specific in the direction of Dr. Hetherington and the most absolute in security. little in advocacy of the political ad- his staff. There are 370 patients in absolute insecurity. Variety we have, but it is not charming. Still they I:ave achieved the acme of vulgarity in the "vast" "Yankee Doodle Stamp." Some years ago there appeared a silly dut interesting brochure, "The

blot on the Queen's head." That blot was only imaginary. It has remained for a liberal government with a borrowed or stolen loyalty cry, and Hon. William Mulock to achieve a veritable blot on the Queen's head. To do this they first imported an envelope die for a three cent Queen's head stamp, which in itself was a disgrece. This they proceeded to stamp on a large quantity of envelopes, and they rendered the envelopes useless by reducing the postage to two cents. It never occurred to "the business is business" government to sell their envelopes at a reduced, price. No, they invested in a rubber stamp, and paid a man's wages to blot the Queen's head by stamping an immense two over it. The postal card suffered in the same way, and a long suffering, and hith-

erto self-respecting people had to use these botched disgraces. The whole business of stamp issue has been bungled in such a way as to make up the laughing stock of every country with whom we have any correspondence. The writer has before him no less than eight different two cent stamps, doctored in various

ways and issued by the department during the year. Sir, what is the post office department coming to under "I, William Mulock?" He has taken away our admittedly neat Canadian stamps, and replaced them with very much inferior ones. What will he do next to prove his artistic ability?

DISGUSTED. Mining on Private Lands.

Yours.

LOWER PRINCE WILLIAM, N.B., March 30th, 1899. To the Editor of the Sun:

Sir-During a conversation upon the gold find lately reported from Stanley, it became apparent that the par-ties to the discussion were not well informed as to the respective legal rights of the owner of land and the miner who wished to mine upon the land. It was even stated that the whole area of a man's farm might be taken up by the holders of mining licenses, and that the owner of the land would have no claim for compensation nor any redress, which is mani-festly absurd.

Will you be so kind as to inform the readers of your paper what rights the law gives to the miner who wishes to operate on private lands, and what compensation it awards to the owner of the land for the invasion of his prior right?

By so doing you will greatly oblige. Yours, etc., SUBSCRIBER.

(1. Prospecting licenses, to be in force for twelve months or less, may be issued by the surveyor-general. The applications must accurately define by metes and bounds the lands ap-

colding to the extent of the land to be prospected. A bond must be given with two sureties for the recompense of the proprietor of the soil, in case of entry on private lands, for damages done to such lands, also to make returns and pay royalties. The pro-prietor of private lands, if he claims damages, must make his claim three months before the expiration of the license. If the claim is not adjusted by agreement within one month, it is settled by arbitration, as in the case of inining leases hereafter mentioned. Buildiags, houses, stores, barns, or the curtilages attached thereto, or gardens, orchards or grounds reserved

for ornament or under cultivation for

growing crops, or enclosed, can not

be entered upon except with the con-

sent of the occupier or a special license to be obtained upon setting

plied for, and a fee must be paid ac-

forth the special circumstances of the piece of commercial huckstering than the official act of a government. The 2. In case of a lease from the imperial issue brought upon us nothcrown of mining areas, where the holder of such lease can not make an agreement with the owner of the lands, and with the tenant, if there be a tenant, for leave to enter and for easements and for damage that may be done, the holder gives notice to the owner and tenant to appoint an arbitrator to act with another riamed by the holder. In case the action of an arbitrator, the owner's choice controls, and there can be but sta. If

one arbitrator for both interests. If the holder of the lease enters before an agreement with the owner and tenant, or before having proceeded to have the damages appraised, a judge of the supreme court may declare the lease forfeited. Provisions are made for the service of the notice of appointment of arbitrators, and in case the owner or tenant does not appoint one, the warden of the municipality may do so. In estimating the damages the value of the land is to be taken, irrespective of any enhancement by reason of its containing min-

Wood for the Asylum. To the Editor of the Sun: Sir-With reference to an editorial in the Record of the 3rd inst., wherefrom the inference can be drawn that I supplied wood to the Provincial

Lunaltic Asylum which was paid for in accordance with my own measure-ment, I crave space to say: 1st-I have never during the time that I have been connected with the institution supplied it with wood or anything else.

2nd-Neither have I measured wood or anything else, as work of this kind is done by employes appointed for the purpose I might for the information of the

Record submit the names of those who have supplied wood both to the main building and annex during the last two years: O. D. Hanson, Mrs. Fair, R. Catherwood, F. McCarty & Son, G. S. Mayes, N. C. Scott, James Graham, R. Anderson, D. Brophy, Daniell Lynch. I will be glad at any time to meet any charge preferred through proper channels. Yours truly, W. A. QUINTON.

Uniting the Country School Districts. ted in that portion which related to the uniting of country districts, and hope that some definite steps will be taken to have a law made to effect it, as in my opinion it is the only way it can be accomplished. The teacher in this district stated to me last summer that the average attendance for the term was three pupils, and in the village school the register had over forty names, showing that in the former there were not enough pupils to keep the teacher employed, and in the latter too many for one instructor. The schools in question are about two miles apart, yet the majority of raterayers would not be in favor of joining the districts and making one good school. Hoping that those who, like myself, are living in the country, and

are in favor of the above educational reform, will discuss this matter freely through the medium of the press. I remain, yours truly, AN INTERESTED MOTHER. Sunbury Co., April 3rd, 1899.

### THE POPE'S LETTER.

LONDON, April 6.-The rome corespondent of the Morning Post says: "Archbishop Iraland is said to regard the submission of the American prelates to the pope's letter on 'Americanism 'as one of the most splendid examples of obedience ever shown by the Catholic clergy. He is surprised that the letters of Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop Corrigan cause criticism, which in his judgment has arisen from the disappointment felt by the extreme party at seeing the American prelates escape the snares

laid for them."



impossible; age no barrier. Full account, with copy of new medical book, sent under plain letter seal on application.

Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

SHERIFT'S SALE.—There will be soid at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the third day of June next, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'clo-ik, in the afternion, at Chubb's Corner (so cailed), in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, all the cetter, right, title and interest of William Thompson, in and to all that certain tract of land, situate in the Parish of Simonds (former'y a part of the Parish of Portland), in the City and County of Saint John, in said Province, bounded and described as follows:

lows:
Ommercing at a marked tree on the lows:

"Cimmercing at a marked tree on the western line of a arract of tanc belonging to Nathamel H. Deveber, on the south side of the road to locch Lornond; thence south fiften degrees east about one hundred and twenty-seven chains, until it meets the lime of a left sold by James White to Charles Burt; thence south severity degrees west farty-eight chains and twelve that; thence north fifteen degrees west mirety-six chains to the south side of land in possession of Henry Graham; thence along the said line harth seventy five degrees east forty chains; thence north fifteen degrees west forty chains; thence north fifteen degrees west to the Little River road, and thence along the said incad to the place of beginning, containing five hundred ares," with the buildings and appurtenances, being the premises conveyed to one James Knox and the said Wolliam Thompson by the Trustees of James Kirk, by deed bearing date the eighteenth day of October, in the year of cur Lord one thousend eight hundred end fifty-nine, and registered in the Records of Deeds in and for the said City and County of Saint John, in Book Q. No. 4, of said Records, lages 278 to 280. The same having been levied on and seized by virtue of two executions issued cut of The Saint John County Courit, one at the suit of Arrhur C. Pairweather against the said William Thompson, and the other at the suit of Margaret II. Seeds against the said William Thompson Dated at the Octy of Saint John, N. B., of mangare.

Thompson
Dated at the City of Saint John, N. B.,
this 27th day of February, A. D. 1839.

11. LAWRANCE STURDED,
Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John.

276

#### NOTICE OF SALE

To Dennis Lawlor, of the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Cartman, and Elizabeth, his wife, and to all others whom it may

TAKE NOTICE that there will be old at Public Auction, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, aforesaid, on Saturday, the Twenty-ninth day of April, next, at Invelve O'clock noon.

ALL that certain lot, piece and parcel of land situate, lying and being in Duke's Ward, in the said City of Saint John, and bounded and described as follows, that is to say:-Commencing on the western side of Charlotte Street at a point distant seventyfive feet (measured along the said western side of Charlotte Street) from the intersection of the said western side line of Charlotte Street with the northern side line of Saint James' Street, thence running northwardly along the said western line of Charlotte Street twenty-five feet, thence running back westwardly on a line parallel the northern side line of Saint James' Street sixty feet, whence at right angles southerly, and parallel to the said western side line of Charlotte Street, dwenty-five feet; and thence eastwardly parallel to the northern side line of Saint James' Street sixty feet to the place of beginning, making a lot of twenty-five feet front on Charlotte Street and extending back westwardly, preserving the same width, sixty feet, together with a right of way along and over a certain alley or passage way of eight feet in width leading from Charlotte Street, aforesaid, and lying along and im-To the Dilitor of the Sun:

Sir—In reading your editorial on "New Brunswick Schools," in your issue of April 1st, I was particularly interested in that lor to one John Collins, duly recorded in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds in and for the City and County of Saint John in Libro. XXXIII. of Records, pages 75 and 76, together with all and singular, the buildings, fences and improvements thereon, and the rights and appurtenances to the said lands and premises belonging or in

any wise appertaining. The above sale will be made under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage dated the twenty-ninth day of August, A. D. 1892; made between the said Dennis Lawlor and Elizabeth, his wife, of the first part, and me, the undersigned, George Armstrong, of the second part, for securing the pay-ment of certain monies therein mentioned, and registered in the Registry Office for the City and County of Saint John, in Libro. 44, folio 455 to 459, default having been made in payment of the monics secured by said Mortgage. Dated this Twenty-first day of

March, A. D. 1899. GEO. ARMSTRONG. J. R. ARMSTRONG, Solicitor.

#### APPOINTED CANADIAN MAN-AGER.

The many friends in this city of J. E. E. Dickson, formerly of St. John, but now of Montreal, will be pleased to learn that he has been appointed marager for Canada of the Law Union and Crown Insurance Co. of London, England. It will be remem-bered that Mr. Dickson resigned his position as secretary-treasurer of the St. John Bolt and Nut Co. in 1890 to accept the general agency for New Brunswick of the Union Assurance Society, which position he filled until 1894, when he was made assistant manager for Canada. He now resigns this position to assume the Canadian management L. U. & C. Though Mr. Dickson's advancement to one of the highest positions in the insurance business in Canada has been rapid it will not surprise his friends, as it is well known that he had not been long

The Law Union and Crown is one of the strong British offices; its assets exceed \$20,000,000; its stock sells at over 1,000 per cent. premium, and in 1897 the company paid 45.85 dividend on its paid up capital.

in the business here before some of

years he would be manager of a com-

als confreres predicted that in a few

The Sun congratulates Mr. Dickson upon his appointment, and predicts for the company a prosperous future in Canada under his management.

KARS, Kings Co., March 39—Ira P. Urqubart of Calais Me, has been spending a few weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. stah Urquhart of this place. He expects to spend the coming summer in Calais.

A number of young people spent a very pleasant evening with Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Jones at the ferry landing a few tays ago.

The many friends of Josiah Urqubart will be glad to learn that he is recovering after a cuite serious illness.

### SERMON.

Wisdom, Knowledge: Where Shall These Be Found?

The School as the Representative of Knowledge; the Church as the Repository of That Higher Wisdom Which Comes From God.

Preached In Sackville Methodist Church. March 19th, By the Rev. B. C. Borden. D. D., Principal of Mount Allison - Ladies' College.

"Give me now wisdom and knowledge."-2 Chron., i., 10.

Solomon is here asking the bes gifts that heaven has to bestow, and God in enswer says: "Because thou hast asked this, wisdom and knowledge is granted unto thee, and I will give three riches and wealth and honor." The greatter included the lesser. In asking for wisdom and knowledge rather than riches and honor Solomon won the appliause of all who love an unselfish deed. His first thought, in this great crisis of his life, is that he may be divinely guided in the govern ment of his people. He is seeking the good of others rather than his own profit. In this motive is the wisdom that God approves. He wants knowledge that he may rule with wisdom.
There is a broad distinction between

Knowledge and wisdom, far from being one Have catures no connection; knowledge dwells
In heads replete with thoughts of other men,
Wisdom in minds attentive to their own,
Knowledge, a rude unprofitable mass.
The mere material with which wisdom

The mere material with which wisdom builds.
Till sex other and squared and fitted to its Does but encumber whom it seems to en-Knowledge is proud that he has dearned so much, Wisdom is humble that he knows no more.

Tennyson says: "Knowledge come but wisdom lingers, and he bears the laden breast rull of and experience." Knowledge is gathered all every We absorb it at all the five senses and drink it through the very pores of our skin, but wisdom comes more slowly. She tarries behind knowledge and is only fearned by the "sad experience" and "the laden breast." You may have a man educated until learning will exude from his very finger tips, and yet you may have a learned nobody. King James I. of England was known as the wis est fool in Europe. A man may acquire knowledge until like Bacon he may fill the topmost oriel of the tem-ple of fame, and yet like Bacon end a splendid career in disgrace and in-

are three classes of motives which may legitimately prompt men to acappetite, self-love and duty. unwise man follows appetite, and like the other fool, he passes an and is punished. The knowing man asks if it would be better for him in the end to indulge his appetite or refrain, and so is guided by an intelligent self-love. The man who is truly wise wise in the Biblical sense of the term asks if it is right. In its highest sense isdom has the fear of the Lord as its beginning. Knowledge makes its plans for one world, wisdom for two. Knowledge might have made Solomon a skilful politician, but wisdom would have made him, had he followed it to his life's and, a far-seeing statesman. Moses turned his back upon honors of kingship, the treasures of Dgypt, and the pleasures of the royal court, because his neart was with his own people and he had respect unto wider vision and the higher good. Knowiedge would have made him a successful Egyptian prime minister, but the higher wisdom that came to him from above made him the deliverer of Israel and the createst law-giver of all time. In our own day the urgent need of both king and subject is found in the knowledge and wisdom for which Solomon so earnestly prayed. Where shall these be found? We propose

CONSIDERING THE SCHOOL as the representative of knowledge and the church as the repository of that higher wisdom which has the fear of the Lord as its beginning. If our world is to be saved from the forces which threaten its destruction, from the economic and social evils which are gnawing at its heart, these are the twin powers which are to ef-

fect its regeneration,
.)ne of the phenomenal developments of this century is found in the rise of longer govern in civilized nations.
William II. of Germany is an anomaly.
His ideas of the divine right of kings
belong to the time of the Stewarts, and yet he is learning every year to bow more and more to the sovereign people. All the world over the masses are waking up to a consciousness of their power. Carlyle compared the twenty-five millions of Frenchmen at the time of the French Revolution to the glant Euraladus, upon whom Mount Fina was east by the angry gads, and whose struggles caused the earthquakes and volcanic eruptions for which Etna was noted. So today we see in the trades unions and labor in the discontent of the masses and the smouldering war of labor and capital, the convulsive movements of a giant who is but learning his power. The world will lems as it has never had to meet before. The power at the back of the
United States congress which deUnited states congress whic comes over \$4,000 may in the future demand the whole of such incomes. Jay Gould's seventy millions may back, directly or indirectly, to the when it gets its strength demand 10 venality of the electorate. Given per cen.t, 50 per cent., or even 100 per an electorate which will

cent. The socialism that today dethe gift of God to all men, and asks what better right the child of the Astors has to standing room in this world than the child of the pauper, may when it has won the willing ear of the discentented masses and governs the nation, lay violent hands upon all private property. The Kaiser of Germany will soon be in death grips with this ever increasing socialistic section of his Reichstag. As sure as the world moves, more and more of the governing power will with the years rest down apon the broad shoulflers of the democracy. If it is ignor-ant and vicious, what, men are askmg, can stand between the nations and such chaos as was witnessed in the French Revolution? Was Tennyson, with the inspiration of the seer, thinking of socialism when dipping into the future he exclaims:

"Slowly comes a hungry people,
As a iton creeping nigher
Glares at one that nods
And winks behind a slowly dying are."

tame and train and educate these hungry peoples, until they shall learn to govern without hurting themselves

The only answer I can and is in Solomon's prayer for wisdom and knowledge, as we find them embodied in the church and the school. Let the choclmaster catch the glant young and impress upon him the economic laws that must govern him as a part of the great social organism, but above all let the church put off her starch and theological hair-splitting and with streaming eyes and flaming heart get down wongside of the unwieldy monster and guide him to the

Are there not problems within our own fair dominion which should claim the thought of all earnest souls? Is our young glant democracy the high minded, in-corruptible patriot who has intelligent convictions and will live up to them? I have learned on good authority that it required something like \$100,000 in the recent election contest to stimulate his patriotism. Brethren, this is 100 painful a natter for any but the most serious treatment The results are too far reaching and disastrous to be regarded lightly, when the church itself gets smirched with the universal taint. I am told on the best authority that in an election not long ago the paster of a church in this province offered the candidate the support of his congregation on condition that he should give a subscription to the church, arguing that when \$10 per head was given for votes the donation of \$50 to their building fund would be an excellent investment. The congregation was bought with a subscription. On a larger scale, but equally wrong in principle is the deal by which a parish is bought with a post office, a city with a dock, a province with a railroad, or a manufacturer with a faorable tariff. But some may say, what is the difference, since the money is obtained from wealthy and ambitious candidates or from party funds, and goes to help the poor people in the winter of their need? It is further orged that even !1 the money is obfeined from government contractors who are overpaid for the work they do, the people get it back again. It is only taking the people's money to

Apart from the immorality of using the dollar I am taxed to buy support for a party I do not believe in, there are most serious dangers in the ystem. There is, in the first place, the fatal demoralization of the individual voter, who barters his convictions, his self-respect and his very manhood. Secondly, there is an incur legislators. Men who have concientious scruples about the use of

THE PURCHASE OF VOTES assitate to go into a vocation where they must descend to the methods of the practical politician if they would Thirdly, when you get men in public life who are willing to spend money and do spend money to secure their election, it is only natural that they should seek means to recoup themselves for their outlay. I do say that many of our representatives oday would take advantage of their position for private gain, but I do say that the whole system of bribery lends courages that kind of a man to enter public life. We catch echoes of the system on the complaint of the party heeler who said just the other day; "The party has done nothing for me. I will go over to the other side." The idea is growing that it is no longer the function of government to rule the country in the interest of the pubthe, but rather that it exists for the purpose of doing something for individual members of the party in power. Thus it is that the barroom leafer who shouts the loudest and carries the votes is the man who commands high-est rewards. Thus it is that our public works are manipulated in the in-terest of the party rather than for the benefit of the public. Thus it is that we have in so many instances an in-efficient public service, which is tend-ig towards this Tammany rule of New York, where every crime that can af-ford to pay finds protection and every public officer and contractor has hand over to the party boss a certain persentage of the spoil. Thus it is notorious that all government works are carried on in the most expensive and inefficient manner. But for this inefficiency there are many public services which could be performed by government much better than they could by companies. If our railroads and telegraph limes were nationalized, and if in our cities the lighting and water supply and tram cars were under an honest and competent pub-lic control, what a transendous econ-omy could be effected! The difficulty that all public works are so notorious-ly expensive, while this tremendous disadvantage may in its turn be traced

bribes, and you will, in the very nature of things, have inefficient and dishonest public officers, and you will have elections resolving themselves into the gatehring of campaign

dream of a disordered imagination, for the facts are almost as numerous as the voters of Canada, and the area to suppose for one moment that I am blaming one party nore than another or have intended to be personal in anything I have said. This virus has eaten its way too deeply into our naparty. It was just the other day I heard one of the party workers wax indignant because his opponent was buying votes at the rate of \$10 per head. "How is it possible," he exclaimed, with a fine sweep of virtuous wrath, "to conduct a cleam election when our fellows could only afford to offer \$4?" Alas, that the only choice between the two parties should lie not in the purity of their motives, but in

funds.

What is the remedy? Bribery laws, as we have seen, are a dead letter so long as the public conscience is indifferent. I know of no other way than by the slow process of education. Once exall we shall have to invoke the knowledge of the schools and the di-vinely given wislom of the gaspel. This loss of political morality is the greatest danger that threatens Canida, and it is equally the menage of all nations where popular government obtains. What shall become of the nations if this slumbering Eucaladus shall shake off the guiding hand of the wise and either sell his strength to trusts and monopolies, or on the other hand, surrender his giant powers to the demagogue and the anarchist. I repeat it, the only safety of this or any other country lies in educating and Christianizing its masses. We

BEGIN WITH OUR PUBLIC

SCHOOLS. If our temperance text books have If our temperance text books have done much to instruct the present generation in the great physiological laws which underlie the use of intoxicants, why may we not have given in cur public schools some good, sound economic and moral instruction, which shall teach the children the broad principles of government and brand in its proper terms the meanness and immorality of the set by which a man barters his franchise?

Another menace to political morality

Another menace to political morality s found in a blind and unreas adherence to party. All honor to the man who holds the public good above his political sympathies. Much is due in all countries where popular govern-ment obtains to the independent voter. This is the man who on critical occa-sions in the history of the United States has emerged from his retirement to deliver his country from shame and dishonor. This was the "turncoat" who saved the United States from the disgrace of repudiating its honest debts. This was the cratic free sliver heresy. There is hope for a people so long as a sufficient number of voters will, as occasion demands, shake themselves free from the tyranny of party and vote according to their honest convictions. With 200 such "mugwumps" in every county of this dominion the balance of power could be held for purity and good government. With such a band of incorruptibles every administration guilty of dishonesty could in its turn

guilty of disponesty could in its turn be dismissed, until our legislators should learn that it pays to be clean. Under such conditions it would not take many decades to teach our representatives the true significance of the recent plebiscite yote. I would not like to pronounce hastily upon the obligation of the government to bring in a prohibitory law in the face of the hostile majority in Quebec, but I do say that if the government had decided to set the temperance people such an Impossible task as that of possible a majority of all the yoters on the a majority of all the voters on the lists, including the indifferent, the in-firm, the absent, and the dead, in common honesty the fact should have been stated before the campaign was en-tered upon. If I mistake not, the prefollow has not heard the last of the

temperance question. There is, however, a more urgent question before the people of this ountry today. We are ENJOYING A PROHIBITORY LAW which in many respects is as efficient a piece of temperance legislation as nal vigilance is the price of this liberty. Some of you may not be aware that a petition is already filed in Dorchester calling for another Scott Act election. This notice should be a trumpet call to the people of Westmorland county to rise in defence of their homes. Before passing from this subhomes. Before passing from this sub-ject I want to call your attention to the significant fact that the returns from the plebiscite vote as well as from the previous Scott act elections show that the French vote of this country was almost a unit in fayor of the liquor interest. Now it is far from me to stir up sectional or racial feet-ing, but it is only right that we should face the real question at issue. Shall we allow the province of Questec to the dominion; or, to come nearer fome, shall we allow the French of this county to saddle upon us for years to come a carrival of free rum? I have not time to dwell upon the subject, but this temperance issue is not so foreign to an educational ser-non as may at first sight appear. Do rot all these questions resolve them-selves into a supreme and imperative call for the educating and Christian-luing of the masses? Once again we shall have to repeat Solomon's prayer for wisdom and knowledge. The results we so earnestly pray for may come only with the "process of the suns" and "the fong results of time."

I do not look for the speedy suppres-sion of this evil any more than I ex-

rect the early cessation of this universal, all-time pattle between right

and wrong. But I do feel that in the work of Christian education we are

are to be rolled the burdens of the future. Let us then give all proper sup-port to our universities and colleges where our politicians and statesmen are made, where the men who are to mould the thought of the future are retting their principles formed, these mountain tops that catch the first justice, at the bar are expounding the principles of equity, in business circles are the leaders of intelligent enterprises, in parliament are the makers of beneficent laws, and who in the pulpifs of our land are proclaiming the gospel of fairness and good-will. Here are projuced the women who are refining and sweetening and purifying and elevating social taste. Who can estimate the influence upon these pro-vinces of the nearly 3,000 women who have gone out in the last forty-five years from our ladies' college to carry their higher ideals, their refined artistic taste, their well-trained musical, powers, their broader mental grasp and earnest Christian lives into the homes of our land. The character of the next generation will depend upon the character of the homes made by this generation. This is why I urge you to

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

GIVE YOUR DAUGHTERS as good educational advantages as you can afford to give your sons. This is way I object to that kind of girls school which alms to give a "surface at the expense of solider attainments. While we believe in having young adies trained in all the graces and amenities of good society, we also crave for them that kind of an education which will make them intelli-gent citizens, and if need be, efficient bread winners. Above all, we covet for them those higher Christian graces which will dispose them to use their enlarged intellectual powers for the

good of others. I would say in addition, support your colleges, because they are endeavoring to give you an educated ministry. Although the pulpit of the country has many defects, although it may be furnished with an occasional man who is ignorant, and unworthy, it is my most profound conviction that there is no more beneficent force at work in our world today. With all its ily to Him whose life was a constant rbuke to political corruption and private injustice. It is the moral and spiritual teaching of the pulpit that furnishes the very soil in which the industrial prosperity of the age is root-What more important work can be accomplished them that which you dissipating your powers of leads the capitalist to one side of the mind and soul over social frigolden rule and the laborer to the volities or the scattmental trash which other and makes them shake hands across it in the interest of human ern literature? progress and in the name of Him who always sought the good of others? We need men of the highest talent

I AM NOT A PESSIMIST and that I am in no doubt as to the final outcome. One of the most hopeful signs of the signs for the future of the U.S. lies in the sacred reverence with which she guards her splen did public school system, and in the way in which wealthy men are pour ing their millions every year into her colleges and universities. Edmund Burke predicted that the cycle through which the United States would run would be disintegration chaos and then a military dispotism. of that great country so long as she cherishes as she does today her schools and universities, and keeps her ear such means, and by such means alone, shall she be fitted to bear her share of the "white man's burden"—

Would that more of the wealthy men of Camada appreciated the imone by the colleges of our land. All onor to such men as Lord Strathcons and Wm. McDonald, who are making McGill the centre of light and leading for Canada. All honor to such a man as Chas L. Allison, who by his time-ly benefactions has given these mari-time provinces some of their best trained minds, and in the Mount Alison institutions has sent down the latest ages a fragrant name. An American tourist was standing not lung since by the side of a great pile ang since by the side of a great pile of buildings from whose walls for four hundred years the noblest men of Englan's had been sent. "Who creeted these buildings?" he asked a stupid laborer. "William of Wick-ham." was the ready answer. But, said the traveller, I mean who was I ing at the time "Faith," said the luborer. "I never reard of his name," These benefactors of the race who have started these ever widening streams of knowledge and wisdom will be numbered when kings and heroes are forgotten.

While I am here to advocate the interest of the schools are would

while I am here to advocate the interest of the schools we would not overlook the fact that knowledge without the grace of God may make but a wise fool. We want the old-fashioned gospel, which is the power of God, the old grapel that has grip in it and lifts man Westerland in it and lifts men. We want both the church and the school. Let them go hand in hand. If you cannot have the public school in the church, and the public school in the church, and I see no way to accomplish that result, with our present denominational divisions, you can at least have the union of the two in our higher educational institutions. Here we base our strongest plea for your support of this elugational society, under whose auspices we are gathered today. In all the institutions suported by this society, scattered from Newfound. society, scattered from Newfound-land to British Columbia,

WE ARE CONDUCTING CHRISTIAN SCHOOLS.

Give us men and women trained in such schools to lead the thought of the age, and we shall have no fears training the elect souls upon whom for the future of the masses. If we ALABASTINE SAYES TIME

Wall paper is the refuge of vermin. Kalso-nines decay, and rub, and scale off—Church's labastine (never sold in bulk) hardens with mes as permanent as the wall itself You can apply coat over coat—no washing down or sponging off is necessary. It is ready for use with cold water and an ordinary brush and it is easily applied. Hardware and paint dealers sell it. "It saves time."

The Permanent Wall Covering

Free, to anyone who will mention this paper, a 45-page book, "The Decorator's Aid." It gives

The Alabastine Co. (Limited) Paris, Ontario

wasses will take care of themselves. In view of this fact I would like in closing to say to the young people of this congregation, Get wisdom and knowledge. Make the best of yourselves physically, intellectually and morally. Observe the laws of health as you would the laws of God. The laws of health are the laws of God. Make the best of yourselves intellec-

tually. Remember that the manhood and womanfood of Canada are worth more than its wheat fields and Klon-

"Ill fores the land to hastening ills a prey. Where wealth accumulates and men decay." There are higher standards of sucess than wealth or social position or popular applause. For intellectual manhood there is no money value. A German philosopher pursuing his theme in rags, was asked why he did not do something to make money. 'I have not time," he said, "to make money." Young men, are you reaching out eagerly after the best gifts? Are your training your intellectual powers until you shall be prepared to flash the lightnings and weigh sun," or are you degrading these God given aculties to the swine trough of the prodigal?

Young woman, are you grasping the recious moments and making them contribute to your intellectual wealth until your life shall become volities or the sentimental tresh which gods to make up so much of our mod-

Above all, are you seeking this higher wisdom, this wisdom that "standeth in the top of the high places,' and hest educational equipment to this wisdom that is "profitable to digrapple intelligently with these great rect," this wisdom without which no "mugwump" who a few years ago rebuked a republican administration
that had grown moribund, and who
given you the darker and more danfour years later scotched the demogrous side of the political life of
highest impulses we shall have solved the social and economic problems or the world. We shall no longer fear that the freedom of the future may be the freedom of the French recolution. which carries, as some, says, "the touch of liberty one hand and a human head in the other." This old gospel is still "the rewer of God unto salvation." This is heaven's own ramedy. Brethren, if I did not believe in its efficacy with all my heart I should despair of the future of Canada and the world.

"If this solution fall the pillared firmament is rotteniess. And the earth's base built on stubble."

CORNISH-At Chatham, N. B., on Monday, April 8rd, to Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Cornish, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BOUNCUE-LEBIANC—On April the 4th, at Fox Creek, Westmorland Co., by the Rev. Desire Legere, Marie Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late E. D. Bourque, b. J. B. LeBlanc of St. John, N. B. CARIL-CARVELL.—At 39 Sowell street, St. John, on Wednesday, April 5th, 1899, by Rev. A. L. Dewdney Charles, R. Carr of Haifax, N. S., to Mary M. Carvell of Guisparisis. Kings Co., N. B.—(Halifax, papers please copy.)
MeNICHOL—BURTON—At the residence of the brible's father, 36 Elm street, St. John, north, on Wednesday, April 5th, 1890, by Rev. Harvey H Morton, M. A., Frederick Wm. Mc. a hol off St. John, to James, yourgest daughter of Wm. Burton of St. John, N.
SKINNER McMILLIAN—At Trimity church, St. John, N. B., on Tuesday, April 4th, by Very Reverend Francis Partridge, D. D., Dean of Fredericton, Dr. Stewart Skimmer to Florence Murray, daughter of John Mc. Millan. William
WHI MAN SNIDER.— At Trinity Church,
St. John. April 5th, by Very Rev. Francis
Partradge, D. D., Desm of Christ Church
Cathedral, Fredericton, Louis Whilman,
son of T. S. Whitman, Fac., of Arnapolis
Reval, N. S., to Florence A., daughter of
the late George E. Spider of this city

DEATHS.

CASSIDY.—Suddenly, in this city, on April 4th, Conductor. Edw. Gassidy, aged 43 years, leaving this children to mourn their very sad loss.

PRITZ.—On. Wedgesslay afternoon, at the fasilence of her son-in-law. E. M. Supperell, 18i Gleech street Ediza J., relict of the late Capt advoct Pritz, aged 73 lears and 8 months.

HAIRISON—At Sheffield, on 4th April, Waltim Harrison, in the 7th year of his age. HARRISON—In this city on April 4th, 18d-tel, wife of Matthew Harrison, aged 77 years, a native of Dent, Yorkshire, England. (Manchester and Kendat papers please copy.)

LICKHART—In this city, on April 6th, after a short illness, David V. Liockhart, second son of the late Alex. Lockhart, seg 49 yours.

MCCNEY.—In this city, on April 5th, Marry Frances, infant daughter of P. J. and Mary Mooney, aged one year and four months.

PAR'IELL—A Lower Woodslock, Carricton Co., Jan. 21 1599, after two years Eness Mrs. Lowis S. Furrell, a rative of Gage town, Queens Co. N. B. in her list year, leving twy sons and two daughters to moun. Her end was made:

PRINCE.—In this city, on Wednesday morning, April 5th, after a short illness, Reference Lewis Prince, aged 75 years.

SHERRARD—At Bloomfield, Carleton Co., on the 9th of March Saruh Sherrard, a neglic of County Derry, Ireland.

THOSTAS—At 264 Germain street, April 3, Mary, widow of the late George Thomas (rilot), aged 95 years.

#### SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived.

April :--Sch Mary B, 90, Ga'e, from Boston, Cottle and Colwell, bal.
Sch Milcred A Pope, 85, Irons, from Mahias D J Seely and Son, bal.
Sch A 6: bson, 96, Longmare, from Boston, Sch A G. Doon, 96, Longmare, from Boston, J M foriacell bal.
Sch Wm Jones, 264, McLean, from Portland, R C Elkin, bal.
5 h Hattle C, 181, Buck, from Perth Amboy, 19 Tufts, coal.

and, R. C. Elkin, Left.

S. Hattle C, 181, Buck, from Perth Amboy, P. Tufts, coad.

Sch Fred A Higgins, 78, Ingalls, from New York, J W Smith, coal.

Sch Valdara, 99, Hatfield, from Portland, J E Motre oak.

Sch Valdara, 99, Hatfield, from Portland, J E Motre oak.

Sch Valdara, 99, Hatfield, from Portland, J E Motre oak.

Sch Jyena, 55, Dix, from New York, A W Atams, brimstone

Coaltwise—Sir Centreviole, 32, Graham, from Met ghan, sch W E Gladstone, 19, ingalls, from Grand Harbor; Beulkah, 80, Seedy, from Julie, Thothma, 48, Milner, from Annapolis, Speedwed, 82, Black, from Quaco, E. elyn, 59, McDohough, from do; Glide, 80, Tufts, do; Histlier, 38, Crosby, from Salmon River; Allam Bird, 44, McGranaham, from Mark nettille: barge No 4, 439, McLeod, from Parrisboto; sch Sea Flower, 10, Thompen, 100 fishing.

April 5.—Str Bonavists, 877, Patine, from Lunisburg, R P and W F Stat, coal.

Sch Ben Bolt, 90, Andorson, from Harbados, F Tufts, molasses.

Tug W H Murray, 49, Gallagher, from Eastort, John Holty and Son, bal.

Coastwise—Schs Klundyke, 78, Rolf, from Port Greville; Maggle, 51, Hines, from Noel; Scatt e, 56, Taylor, from Etonomy; Bessie G, 63, Cglivie, from Parrisboro; Helen M, 32, Hatfield, from Advocate Harbor; Iona, 28, Spicer, from do; Swren, 53, Morris, from Port Greville, Louissa, 15, Hargrove, from Musquagh, Eliza Bell (30, Wadlin, from Beaver Harbor, Bay usen, 21, Barry, from Digby Telnys, 9, Johnson, from Quaco.

Cleared.

Cleared. 4h-S S Keemun, Horseburgh, for Glas

Sch Tay, Spragg, for Bridgeport.

ch Ira D Sturgis, Kerrigan. York Sch Jobiette Forwer, for Boston.
Coastwise—Schs Ida M. Smith, for Quaco;
Fires: Flower, Ray, for Margaretvine;
Glide Tufts, for Quaco; Evelyn, McDonwigh, for do Golden Rule, Calder; for Wilsen's Beach, A T Panker, Outhouse for Tiverton: Pourpoiss, Ingersoll, for Grand Manua: Hustler, Crosby, for Saknon Kiver;
Margaret, Edizidge, for Reaver Habo; Sea Flower, Thompson, for Musquash; barke No 4, McLeed, for Parisboro; Afried, Small, for Tiveton; Alvide, Trahan, for Belleveau's Cove; Linna and Edna, Hains, for Freepott;
str Contraville, Graham, for Sandy Cove.
April 5.—SS Cunaxa, Grady, for Newport, Mon

CANADIAN PORTS.

At Yamouth, April 5, a s Beston, from Boston; a s Monticello, from Halifax; schr Carrie Eastier, from New York; schr Congo, fam Halifax.

At Yarmouth, April 5, s s Boston, for Boston; s s Latour, for Berrington; s s City of Monticello, for St John, s s Westport, for S; John; sch Whisper, for fishing.

BRITISH PORTS.

Arrived. At Barbados, April 3, bark Donglas, Landry, from Bahla, and sld for Guantanaeno-to done for New York.

FOREIGN PORTS.

At Boston, April 2, barktn Louvima, War-At New York, April 2, str Carae, Sproul, from Callao.

At Boston, April 3, barkets Sunny South, McBride, from San Nichols.

At Mobile, April 3, sch Strocco, Reid, from Havana.
At Boston, April 3, bark Skoda, Lee, from
Port Elizabeth; sch Farry, Sypher, from St
John. At Lasbon, April 2, bank Indine, Hillgrove from Philadelphia

from Philadeiphia.

Cleared.

At New York, April 3, sche Goldmach, Gardner, for Port au Prince, Avalon, Wagner, fen St John.

At Buston, Aivil 3, sch Arrie Bliss, for Hillsbore, sch Moama, Cox, for Portland.

At Pascagoula, April 3, sch John S Parker, Gesner, for Havana,

At Rie Jaueiro, March 7, Kings County, Salten, for Newcrstle, Persia, Malcolm, for Barbados.

At Pascagoula, April 3, sch Prohibition, Richards, for Funchal.

VOL.

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FRAS

Americans ( a Filipin

HOT

One of the Mo Important

The Advance Wa

thing Like the MANILA.

Santa Cruz w hold on Lake fell into the expedition after fighting, formit teresting and i The plans of ed perfectly, the progress o layed by diffic posed the expe

der the person Lawton, on ac Gen. King. Ti rounced the ci Laguna de Ba under the community the Utah batte Gen. Lawton panied the tro charges, in In which eventual plete rout of city and slight The expediti Pedro Macati intending to c assault at day gating the sh

cautionsly for the Oesto a n guna de Bay Rebel signal lighted on the warning of the It was noon towers of the shadow of the tain on a mar occasional palm square ended, f a force of two shooters, under mostly belonging low inlet about the city.

Then a few wards the entre

at the edge of

the enemy Then a na

for about a h ward and form landing of the ished about 5 The three tro alry, unmounte south of the c enemy's trench Meanwhile in was utter silen life. Gen. Law: an inspection a ants an opportion went on board and, accompan Press launch. dock, the who lously. When the glasses the stone buildings white clad sol withdrew, recei tremohes throw plain north of The flotilla formation for cist any surpris boats supposed At surrise to sault comm south of the c inland, and wi

shore, it mo Fourth cavalry the city, pour trenches. Sim trenches. Sim irg the woods and driving th The whole br Squads of twe was carried on ing through bu the open. The cleared by the siderable resist rearing the cit Bay and Oe hour in the ho

try battalion iron bridge s