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The Toronto World.

FOURTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1883. PRICE ONE CENT

MURDER THE MOST FOUL.

AN ENGLISHMAN'S TERRIBLE RETURN FOR HOSPITALITY.

He Stays the Family That Entertain Him—A Woman's Leap for Life—A Trunk and Its Ghastly Contents.

LACONIA, N. H., Nov. 25.—Thos. Samon, an Englishman aged 36, left his house on Saturday wheeling a trunk, which he took to the house of an acquaintance, Jas. Ruddy. He stopped there for the night, taking his trunk up-stairs. Shortly after 4 in the morning the neighbors were awakened by a woman's screams proceeding from Mrs. Ruddy's house. They found Mrs. Ruddy lying on the ground under the front window through which she had made a desperate leap.

She was bleeding profusely and was unable to rise. On entering the house flames burst out from the doors and windows, but were soon extinguished. The officers found lying upon the kitchen floor the bodies of Ruddy and his infant child, both cut in a horrible manner and covered with the contents of a feather bed which had been saturated with kerosene and set on fire. Both bodies were distigured by the flames past recognition. In the bedroom was found the trunk mentioned and the lifeless body of Mrs. Ford, which was identified by her husband. One of her limbs had been chopped off. The detached member and the remaining leg were bound to the woman's body with a clothes line. The bedclothes had been saturated with oil, piled on the body and an attempt made to set them on fire, which failed.

Mrs. Ruddy on being questioned said the crime was committed by Samon with a hatchet "We all went to bed," she said, "about 9 o'clock. At 11 Samon came into the front room and looked out of the window, saying he was nervous and couldn't sleep. I got up and made him a cup of tea. I went back to bed. At 4 o'clock Samon came into the front room again and acted queerly. He went into the kitchen. My husband then got up, and he also went into the kitchen. I soon heard a fall, and going out found my husband hanging over a chair with his arms down. Samon struck me with a hatchet on the head. I grabbed his arm. He then struck me and threw me on the floor. He went to the front room and killed my baby, who was crying. While he was there I tried to unlock the kitchen door, but he returned again and struck me on the head, knocking me down. I laid quiet. He went back in the front room, got the baby, then came back and heaped feathers and straw over us and went out. I got up and tried to open the front window but could not. I then broke a pane of glass and jumped through."

The hatchet with which the crime was probably committed was found in the river. Samon was arrested this afternoon on the road between Laconia and Plymouth. He didn't resist arrest. There being a suspicion against Ford, the husband of the murdered woman, he was also arrested. Several suspicious circumstances tend to show his guilt. There was no evidence of Mrs. Ford's murder, and it is thought her death was accidental at Samon's hands; that wishing to conceal the body he took it down stairs in a trunk, thence to Ruddy's, whence perhaps he could carry it from the house during the night; that Ruddy refused to assist him, when a struggle ensued. The supposition is Mrs. Ford died either from strangulation or drugging, as she frequently indulged in strong drink. Great excitement prevails, and fears are entertained that a vigilance committee will be organized and the prisoner be lynched. Samon is in jail at Plymouth. He denies all knowledge of the affair, and says his arrest was a perfect surprise. He had never been regarded as vicious, even when intoxicated.

THE ESCAPED MURDERERS.

Phipps Entertained by a Michigan Farmer.

DETROIT, Nov. 25.—All sorts of rumors have been afloat here to-day regarding the escaped murderers Phipps and Greenwood. Information reached the city that Phipps was seen at a farm house near Ecorse on the night of the escape, and that he had expressed his determination to surrender. The farmer, whose name is D. St. Thomas and who lives on the River road near the mouth of the Rouge, was in the city with a load of produce on Saturday. He stopped at Justice Kurth's place, and told the latter that Phipps called at his house at a late hour on Thursday night in a fatigued condition, and asked for a place to sleep. The farmer said that he knew Phipps well, and granted his request; that the escaped prisoner told him that after he had got out of Sandwich jail with Greenwood and Steers he got separated from them, and that he found a small boat with oars, which he took possession of and made an effort to cross the river in. He said that he drifted down stream until he arrived near the house of St. Thomas, when he left the boat in a marsh, through which he waded, and from the effects of which he suffered. Phipps, the farmer said, told his wife of his family troubles, but did not allude to killing his wife. When he left in the morning he presented a daughter with a gold ring in token of the family's kindness, and another with a silk handkerchief. Phipps said that he was willing to surrender to the United States, but not to the Canadian authorities, believing that he would get a fairer trial on this side There are several persons who assert that they saw Phipps in the streets of the city Friday, but no stock was taken in the reports, as the prisoner is probably shrewd enough not to put himself in danger of immediate recapture. The Detroit police will not go outside of their jurisdiction to hunt up the fugitives, and whatever is done to secure their recapture must be done by the Canadian authorities, who are confident of getting them back and say it is only a question of time when they will.

Since the escape it has been ascertained that both Greenwood and Hardinge made previous attempts to regain their liberty. Before the trial Hardinge made a saw out of an old case knife with which to cut the bars, but before he could bring it into service the knife was discovered and taken from him. He is also charged with having made two keys out of wood with which to unlock the corridor door, but he did not succeed. The saw with which the bars are cut is a curiosity and is held by the sheriff It was made out of a piece of thin metal about six inches long.

A Costly Character.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 24.—Rev. John Wilder, colored, has prepared papers in a suit for conspiracy and defamation of character against Rev. Drs. Milligan, Sloan and Wilson, ministers of the reformed presbyterian church, asking $150,000 damages and alleging that defendants by conspiring to declare him a monomaniac injured his reputation so he could not pursue his profession and gain a living.

FIFTEEN TIMES RECALLED.

Henry Irving Closes his New York Engagement.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Henry Irving, at the close of his New York engagement tonight, made a very felicitous speech, in which he said:

"I should be unjust to myself if I were to allow this moment to pass without endeavoring to express my gratitude for your great kindness to my comrades and myself. When I stood here for the first time, I ventured to express the hope (encouraged by your generous applause) that 'our loves might increase even as days do grow.' You, upon your part, have fulfilled our highest anticipations. I also bespoke your consideration for my sister artist, Ellen Terry, saying that she would win your hearts, and I believe I am not wrong in thinking that she has done so. We all regret that our stay with you is not longer—that it is not months instead of weeks. But I am not here to bid you farewell. I will only say au revoir. I can do but little to express in behalf of all my associates, and in my own behalf, the gratitude we feel toward the public of New York. Could I say more I should feel less. We have been happy in your society, and we leave you with natural regret."

Irving was twice recalled after the recital of Hood's poem, "The Dream of Eugene Aram," and the last time led forward Miss Terry. The two received no less than fifteen recalls in the course of the evening, and a beautiful wreath of laurels was handed Irving across the footlights.

A REVEREND ROBBER.

A Former Canadian Clergyman Caught Systematically Stealing Books.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Rev. Wm. Mitchell, the newly-installed pastor of Westboro' Congregational church, was arrested this morning on a charge of stealing a book from Clark & Carruthers' store. He was first noticed in Lockwood, Brooks & Co.s', where he purchased a cheap book and purloined a more valuable one. He then went to Clark & Carruthers', who had been warned by Lockwood. A clerk watched him and he played the same game, and when about to leave was arrested. He offered, it is stated, $1000 to have the matter kept quiet. It is affirmed by the firms whom he robbed that Mitchell has been selling large numbers of books in other stores of late, and in consequence of this the trade was warned to look out for him. Mitchell is a highly educated able preacher, and has a salary of $2000 from Westboro' church. Before he came to Massachusetts he was pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian at St. John, N.B., with a salary of $2500. He was also at one time professor in Montreal Presbyterian college.

COCHRANE'S CATTLE.

The Quebec Senator Makes a Good Deal at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 24.—M. H. Cochrane of Compton, Quebec, sold 19 head of Hereford and 24 head of Aberdeen Angus cattle at the Fat Stock show here yesterday afternoon. Buyers from most of the Middle and Western states and some of the territories were present. The Herefords realized the very high average of $575. C. Hersney of Mustatine paid $1200 for Lily second of Stockton and $1000 for Tulip third. These were the highest sums realized. The Aberdeen cattle did not sell so well and a lot of Galloways was withdrawn.

A Father and Son Convicted of Murder.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 25.—The trial of Lewis List, and his son Lewis F. List, for killing George B. Taylor in September, was finished this afternoon. The son was brought in guilty of murder in the first degree, and the father of murder in the second degree. The penalties are death and life imprisonment respectively. The prisoners were completely broken down and wept violently. Young List struggled vainly to bear up, and was led from the room sobbing. The father's grief was pitiful. He appeared more concerned for his son's fate than his own. He cried out in agonized tones, "My son, my poor son." Their counsel moved for a retrial. The killing was the result of a quarrel.

A Betrayed Woman's Revenge.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A young woman named O'Hare, who recently threw half a pint of vitriol into the face of William Ziegler, was to-day sentenced to pay a fine of $500, or be imprisoned for six months. She accuses Ziegler of having seduced her under a promise of marriage and afterwards endeavoring to induce her to submit to an abortion. Ziegler is horribly disfigured and deaf in one ear and nearly blind. It is expected Miss O'Hare will be released in thirty days under the poor convict act.

A Doctor's Bill and What it Led to.

LONGMONT, Col., Nov. 25.—Dr. Stradley and Mr. Dougherty fought yesterday about the settlement of a bill. Dougherty defeated Stradley. The latter hired E. T. Sandy for $25 to beat Dougherty. Sandy attacked Dougherty, but the latter drew a knife and cut his assailant in a frightful manner. Sandy died in half an hour.

Test of an Electric Motor.

SARATOGA, Nov. 25.—The Daft electric motor trial test at Mount Gregor this afternoon proved a success, traveling a mile and one-eighth with a coach of sixty passengers. On the return trip the motor jumped the track and was slightly damaged; 2000 witnessed the test.

Twenty-Nine Mortgages.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 25.—John A Kohner, wholesale notions, assigned to day after filing twenty-nine chattel mortgages, aggregating $26,000 The liabilities are heavy. The unsecured creditors will receive little.

The Athabasca at Buffalo.

BUFFAO, Nov. 24.—Yesterday afternoon the parts of the C. P. R. iron steamer Athabasca were moved to the yard of the Union dry dock company. She will be put together here and sent to her destination.

More Lake Disasters.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 25.—The schooner Gypsey is ashore in Bailey's harbor. The schooner China is a total wreck in the Georgian bay, where she struck in thick weather. The crew was saved.

New York v. Philadelphia at Chess.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.—The Manhattan chess club, New York, defeated the Philadelphia chess club in a match between fourteen players each club, which ended here early this morning The Manhattan club won 9 games, lost 3, and drew 2.

THE CHINESE COMMENCE.

UNSUCCESSFUL ASSAULT ON THE FRENCH AT HAIDONG.

A Threat that was not Made—Admiral Courbet's Official Report—Operations Generally Resumed.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—A report is current in the lobbies of the chamber of deputies that the note recently addressed to the powers by China in relation to the Tonquin question contains the following passage omitted from the copy presented to France: "Should France forget traditions of honor and loyalty and disregard our rights we know how to make them respected."

A dispatch from Hong Kong says news from Hai Phong is that 3000 Chinese attacked Haidong on the 17th. The French garrison, supported by a gunboat, maintained the position. The engagement lasted from 9 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon, when the Chinese retreated. The French gunboat had her hull pierced in several places and eight of the crew wounded.

Admiral Peyron, minister of marine, received a dispatch from Admiral Courbet, commander of the French forces in Tonquin, stating that all available troops had been concentrated at Hanoi in order to begin operations. Sufficient garrisons have been left to defeat the other citadels of the delta. The enemy attacked Haidong on Nov. 13, but was repulsed. At the time of sending the dispatch, Nov. 19, the sound of cannon was heard in the direction of Haidong.

A telegram from Saigon says the French began operations in Tonquin on Nov. 20.

The fight at Haidong lasted seven hours. The French loss was twenty killed and wounded.

The Annamite delegate whom the court of Hue sent to Tonquin to oversee the execution of a treaty between Annam and France, has entered Chinese territory.

The North China Herald says the emperor has privately instructed the viceroy of Nankin to begin hostilities against the French in the event of an attack on Bacninh, and has strictly enjoined him to maintain order at the treaty ports.

AN EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

Six Thousand Bedouins to be Sent Forward at Once.

CAIRO, Nov. 24.—Orders have been received from the English government to postpone the evacuation of Cairo by the British troops.

The French newspaper Bosphare Egyptian has an article reflecting bitterly on the past and present action of England, blaming her for the Soudan disaster, and hinting that Tel El Kebir was won by bribery.

The khedive gave audience to-day to members of the legislative council, and made an encouraging speech. The council of ministers has decided to send 2000 gendarmes and 6000 Bedouins to Suakim. Negotiations are progressing with the Bedouin chiefs of Upper and Lower Egypt. The aim of the expedition will be to keep open the road between Turkram and Berber, thus ensuring an avenue for the retreat of the Egyptian troops from Khartoum and Tenaar. The first 600 will start immediately.

ALFONSO AND THE PRINCE.

Festivities at Madrid in Honor of Germany's Future Sovereign.

MADRID, Nov. 25.—A grand military review in honor of the crown prince was held this afternoon, the troops in line numbering 15,000 men, with 76 guns, King Alfonso and the prince, attended by a brilliant staff of Spanish and German officers, rode along the whole line and inspected the troops. A banquet was given in the evening at the royal palace, when 120 persons sat down, including the cabinet ministers, the diplomatic body and various high officials. Alfonso, in proposing a toast to the emperor, empress and crown prince of Germany, expressed gratitude for the sympathy he received while in Germany. The prince expressed his pleasure at the reception, and proposed a toast to the Spanish royal family.

AN INFERNAL CONSPIRACY.

Wolff, the Alleged Dynamiter, and His Confederate Merely After a Reward.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The arrest of the socialist Wolff and the capture of two infernal machines was the result of a conspiracy on the part of Wolff and the Frenchman Boldenue to obtain the reward expected to be paid the informer, the Frenchman undertaking that role. Investigation shows that the conspirators had relations with the police and made all arrangements thought necessary to prove that a socialist plot to destroy the German embassy, ambassador and attaches was on the eve of accomplishment.

A FREE THINKER SET FREE.

Release of One of the Men Imprisoned in England for Blasphemy.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—William J. Ramsay, proprietor of the Free Thinker, convicted on March 5 last of publishing blasphemous libels and sentenced to nine months' imprisonment, was released to-day. He was escorted from the jail by Bradlaugh and a large crowd of sympathizers, who cheered him, and he was given a public breakfast at the hall of Science. Geo. W. Foote, editor of the Free Thinker, convicted of the same offense, has yet to serve three months.

ANOTHER FRENCH OUTRAGE.

An Unfortified Town in Madagascar Bombarded Without Notice.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The British man-of-war Dryad arrived at Zanzibar from Madagascar. She reports that a French man-of-war bombarded the unfortified town of Vohemar on the north coast of Madagascar Nov. 8 without giving any previous notice. Five British subjects were killed. Much property belonging to neutrals was destroyed.

The Hudson Bay Co.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Eden Colville has been reappointed governor of the Hudson Bay company and the Earl of Dunraven has been made deputy governor, in place of Sir John Rose.

Garnier Beats Daly.

BRUSSELS, Nov 25.—The match at billiards between Daly and Garnier ended tonight in a victory for the latter. Garnier made 3000 and Daly 2389. The play again at Lyons.

MAN'S INHUMANITY.

A Metcalfe Farmer Leaves his Wife and Family to Elope with a Chit of a Girl.

LONDON, Ont., Nov. 24.—Two weeks ago a farmer dropped into Mr. De La Hooke's ticket office and bought two tickets for San Francisco. Nothing further transpired until last evening, when a respectable looking farmer walked into the office and made a number of enquiries respecting the party who had bought two tickets for California. Mr. De La Hooke offered him all the information he could, which was not a great deal, but sufficient to show that the fellow had purchased tickets under an assumed name. Thereupon the farmer related a sad tale. It appears the missing man's correct name is Frank Meyers, aged about 35 years, and has a wife and five small children, the youngest being an infant only a few weeks old. Some weeks ago he sold out by auction all his farm stock and implements, and then sold his forty acres in Metcalfe to his next door neighbor for $1000. He massed all the proceeds and visited Glencoe, where he had an interview with a rather dressy girl 16 years of age, who was living there with her aunt. After spending a couple of hours in conversation Meyers took the train for London, where he purchased the tickets alluded to and hastened back to Glencoe, where under cover of the darkness the young lady, slipped quietly down stairs, carrying a bundle with her. She was met at the doorway by the unfaithful husband, who hurried her off to the station and this is the last heard of the guilty pair. In the meantime Mrs. Meyers, in a delicate state of health, is left alone in an almost destitute house and with hardly anything to eat. The poor woman worried on from day to day sooner than make known her necessities. At length she visited the neighbor who had bought the house and farm and besought of him to find her husband. The farmer made ample provision for the suffering family and then proceeded to Glencoe and London, when Myers' meanness and treachery became apparent.

NAPANEE NIPPED.

The Best Block in Town Almost Destroyed by Fire.

NAPANEE, Nov. 25.—At 11.30 last night the grocery store of Peter S. Hicks, next door to the postoffice in the Campbell house block, was discovered to be on fire. The fire brigade turned promptly and succeeded in confining the fire to the west wing of the hotel block, which is a three story brick building, although the main body of the hotel was badly damaged. The building was occupied as follows: west end the postoffice, which with contents with the exception of one or two bags of mail, was destroyed. Mr. Bogart, the post master, occupied a room directly over the office and lost everything. The next store was Hicks' grocery store, where the fire started. Loss about $1000. Next came the Campbell house billiard room, the tables of which were saved. Lester Scott's barber shop comes next; loss small. The building above the postoffice and shops was used as the best bedrooms of the hotel. Almost everything was destroyed. R. Mills, jr., commercial traveler, lost about $2000 worth of fur samples. The contents of the main body of the hotel were mostly all removed in a badly damaged condition, as well as the boot and shoe stock of George Maybee, who occupied the corner store. Maybee's loss is about $500. The hotel had just been extensively repaired. The loss on the building is probably $14,000, and the loss on hotel contents $5000 or $6000. Most of the borders, as well as the men and women employed in the hotel, lost all their wearing apparel. The insurance on the building is divided in the following companies: Northern $3000, Citizens' $3000, Scottish Imperial $4500, National $3000, Hartford $2000, Lancashire $4000, Imperial $3000; total $22,500. The hotel contents were insured as follows: Fire association $4000, North British and Mercantile $1500; total $5500. George Maybee's boot and shoe stock insured in the Phœnix $2000, Imperial $1000. Peter Hick's stock was insured in the City of London for $750.

Among the guests at the Campbell house were a great many visiting politicians of both stripes, who were here to address meetings to-day. When the alarm was given there was great excitement among them, but all got out safely, Mr. Jas. A. Proctor of Toronto being the only one who lost his traps.

AN ARDENT LOVER.

He Walks 800 Miles After the Idol of His Heart, Only to Go to Prison.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—Yesterday Louis Saillard was arrested, charged by Godfrey Martel of L'Assomption, with sending threatening letters. The story told is that a sister of Martel's was a teacher in Aurora, Ill., near Chicago, and that Saillard made her acquaintance there and proposed to marry her; that she refused, but was so annoyed by his persistence that she had to leave her school and return home. Saillard, not being able to afford a railway ticket, walked all the way from Chicago, taking five weeks for the journey. He returned to L'Asomption, but the young lady's brothers prevented his approaching her. Then they began to receive letters threatening that unknown miseries would come upon them unless the girl was given up to Saillard—the letters being written anonymously—whose love for her was unquenchable; there would be a tragedy so great that it would be related at Canadian firesides for a hundred years. Saillard was committed for trial at the court of queen's bench.

Mysteriously Sudden Death of a Hotel-Keeper.

OTTERVILLE, Nov. 24.—This district is somewhat excited over the sudden death of Henry Vansittart, who came here about two months ago and started hotel-keeping. On the morning of Nov. 20, deceased had some words with and discharged his bartender, about whose attentions to his wife he was very jealous. In the afternoon Vansittart died in great agony of cramps in the stomach. Deceased's relations with his wife had for some time been unpleasant on account of his jealous disposition.

Mr. Beard Released.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—Mr. S. W. Beard this morning made an assignment of his estate and effects, for the benefit of his creditors, to Mr. Edward Evans. A meeting of creditors will, it is undertood, be called at once. In the meantime the sale, which was alleged to be fraudulent by the Hochelaga bank, has been abandoned, and the capias accordingly withdrawn and Mr. Beard released from imprisonment.

The San Francisco Six-Day Tramp

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—The walking match which has been in progress here the past week, concluded this evening. O'Leary made 475 miles, Hart 500, Harriman 481, and McIntyre 481.

THE MEDICAL STUDENTS.

DR. WILD DISCOURSES TO THEM OF VARIOUS THINGS.

Skill and Nerve Necessary in the Doctor as Well as Patience, Sympathy and Religion—A Good Time Coming When Doctors Will Not Be Needed.

At half-past six last evening long lines of medical and other students poured into the Bond street church, having been provided with special passes of admittance. A large number of doctors were also present.

The text read "They that be whole need not a physician, but they that are sick"—Matthew, 9th chap., 12th v.

He announced his discourse as a sort of medical theology, and went on to remark that all the great estates run one into another and are inter-dependent, nor can they be separated. The old motto of "Man, know thyself" was discovered over the portal of an old temple. Man is fearfully and wonderfully made in his mechanism; he is nature's greatest puzzle; he is his own best enigma. The medical students had chosen an ancient and honorable calling—one that calls for the brightest intellects, the bravest hearts and the most powerful minds. Skill and nerve should be yoked together in the doctor. The responsibilities resting upon him are so great—whether in treating the infant, the human bud whose tendrils are rooted in its mother's heart, the youth who has a bright future before him, or the parent who has his family depending upon him—mistakes or rashness will not be overlooked. The doctor reminds one of the engineer who has charge of human life. Both should be clear headed, sober and careful. Skill must be attained by a thorough knowledge of what the medical art contains or is composed of. Ignorance and bombast will not avail. The best nervine is a thorough preparation and qualification for the work to be done. Opportunities stands over against qualifications.

Everybody expects that a minister should be good and pure in his life; policemen should be courageous, a tailor should wear good clothes, and a doctor should have clear eyes, a clear countenance, a steady nerve and the very expression of health. He will also need patience, not only with the patient, but sometimes with the nurse, and here the preacher took occasion to point out the great need that exists for a government training school for nurses.

Reference was made to the duty of the patient in carrying out the orders of the physician. They should not let every grandmother come in and give another prescription, nor even let the minister change the doctor's orders.

Again, dress and address are requisites. When the doctor enters the sick room he should be tidy, neat—not gaudy or fashionable in his attire, but should wear the semblance of a sensible man. Sympathy will also be required, and it is a requirement which should be cultivated in preference to a feeling of indifference. It's not very sympathetic to hear the doctor say, "Well, I guess he's dying," "He's gone," etc.

Reference was made to the temptation that sometimes exists to keep the patient on his bed for the sake of the fees. Present loss is future gain if the sick man lives. The Chinese only pay their doctors when they are well, and that might be a good plan to adopt here. A physician should not throw a man into a fever for the sake of pulling him out of it.

The preacher believed that the medical profession was rapidly running into specialties, for the reason that the science is now so extended that one mind cannot master it in all its branches. Our civilization has produced a multitude of new diseases. Quinsy is now divided into many things. He believed we would come to the old Egyptian plan of having a doctor for a special organ. And looking still farther into the future he believed the time would also come as we approached the millenium when doctors, lawyers and ministers would not be needed.

Turning to the medical schools, he was of opinion that the local government should establish chairs of physiology, comparative anatomy and vital chemistry in some of our universities. He also deprecated the present system of having two medical examinations, and strongly urged that they should be merged, as a two-fold examination was unjust to the student. He finally exhorted his hearers to be christians, to dispense the balm of Gilead, and in that way do as much good to their fellow men as they do by their medical skill.

The subject announced for next Sunday evening was "The presence of a God outside of the Bible." He asked his infidel friends to hear or read what he said and disprove it if they could. "Take hold of the sermon and not of myself. Tear it into ten thousand pieces if you can, and if you cannot, bow down before your God and worship Him."

THE CZAR'S CONSTITUTION.

The Probable Extent of the New Russian Charter.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 24.—There appears to be more and more ground for the report that the czar some time ago selected Count Tolstoi and Privy Councillors Pobdenozoff and Katkoff to elaborate a constitutional charter for the empire. The charter is said to contain an organization more adopted to the spirit of the age, wherein, though the principle of autocracy is maintained, the possibility is given to to prominent persons, as representatives of the people, to mediate between the latter and the crown as advisers of the government. These reforms will be granted in order to do justice to the universal desires of the people.

WILLIE DID IT.

A Jealous Lover Murders His Sweetheart, Her Maid and Himself.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—William Brown, a medical student residing in Lanarkshire, Scotland, quarreled with Miss Spiers, his intended, last night on the highway near her house, accusing her of unfaithfulness. He cut her throat and stabbed a maid servant who rushed to her assistance, and then cut his own throat. Before dying the servant dragged herself to the house, knocked faintly at the door, and receiving no reply, traced with bloody fingers on the doorstep the words, "Willie did it."

To-Night's Concert.

At a late hour yesterday a telegram was received from New York stating that Mlle. Ravasz had met with a severe accident and consequently would be unable to keep her engagement with the New York Philharmonic club here to-night. A first class substitute was at once telegraphed for.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

Elections for the local legislature will be held most likely on December 13 for West Simcoe, Cardwell, and West Middlesex. The other vacated seats have been appealed and therefore writs cannot at present be issued for them.

The election for Lennox (where Sir John was unseated) takes place to-day. The contest promises to be close one.

Mr. Allison's friends held a meeting at Napanee on Saturday afternoon at which Wm. Patterson, M.P. for South Brant, spoke for two hours and a half, followed by Sir Richard Cartwright.

The conservatives held a meeting at the same time at which Sir Leonard Tilley and Hon. J. H. Pope were the principal speakers. Charles Mackintosh, M.P. for Ottawa, Alfred Boultbee, M.P., and D. B. Woodworth, M.P for Kings, N.B., were also at this meeting.

A reform meeting was held in the evening at Odessa, the leading speaker being James A. Proctor of this city. Mr. Proctor is a great stump speaker, and is always armed with facts, figures, blue books and the law. These he carries in a gripsack. He drove out to Odessa from Napanee, leaving his gripsack in the Campbell house. He returned to Napanee in time to see the hotel in flames, and to learn that his gripsack with its precious contents was beyond rescue Twice he essayed the rescue and twice he fell back unsuccessful. Some bad conservatives were heard to laugh. But Mr. Proctor feels his loss quite keenly Peter Ryan has sent him his warmest sympathies.

Sir Richard Cartwright ought to be in town to-night on his way to the South Huron convention.

MRS. LANGTRY'S FAREWELL.

On Saturday night, after having given a most successful matinee in the afternoon, Mrs. Langtry gave her first representation of Julia in the Hunchback.

The house was crowded with the many friends the beautiful actress has made during her short stay in Toronto. "Real friends!" she asked them after the play was over, and their answer seemed to content her.

Toronto has seen Adelaide Neilson and Mrs. Rousby in the Hunchback, and though every appearance of the Lily on the stage was the signal for loud applause, the universal verdict seemed to be that Mrs. Langtry was most perfect when she was not acting at all—that is when she came before the curtain after each act in response to loud repeated calls, and bowed her happy thanks to the audience in a charming school girl fashion, which was absolutely irresistable.

The acting in itself was promising enough and there was a care and anxiety in Mrs. Langtry's rendering of the part which at times was painful and was always interesting to witness.

There is no need to pass severely on the matter. It was very interesting to observe the sincere efforts that were made by the actress to be successful, and it was delightful to witness the almost childish joy which she exhibited on seeing her efforts appreciated.

That she had completely won the hearts of her audience was evident at the close of the play when in answer to the repeated calls for a "speech," she came before the audience and made thanks with the utmost hesitation, dropping her eyes the while. "I thank you from my heart for the way in which you have received my first representation of a difficult—and to me very difficult play.

It was very good of you, and I am afraid I have done the part very scant justice.

I will never forget you. I am sorry to leave Toronto—as I was last time.

I hope I leave some real friends behind me this time. I remembered you before, but *now* I shall never forget you.

When I come again I hope you will welcome me as the actress, nevermore as the beauty."

On the contrary, when we see Mrs. Langtry again we hope to welcome her both as the actress and the beauty.

The Marshes on Fire.

People passing along the Kingston road and Eastern avenue opposite the marshes on Saturday evening just before dark witnessed a wholesale illumination of the waters of Ashbridge's bay and vicinity. The marshes were set on fire by boys, and the flames extended over acres and acres of rushes before they died out.

WHAT THEY ARE SAYING.

A Prince's Prizeman to be treated thus—Adam Crooks.

You're not the only one—Honest Alex. Mackenzie.

By any means—Gordon Brown.

I've felt the pang myself—Sir Richard.

Oh, don't I know—Old Mr. Beaty.

We run government, Globe and Grip—Edgar and Jaffray.

AT THE TUG.

Pull, peelers, pull with care,
Pull across the line the bold militare.
—Policemen's Chorus

Woe is me—The Adj.

Divil the fut will I pull for ornament agin—Big John Reid.

Tir-um-ti-ra, Tar-an-ta-ra—Sergeant Stark.

The peelers greased the rope—The Grenadiers.

Manley wouldn't have me on the team, though I'm as good a "pulier" as there is in Toronto—Lieut. and Dentist Trotter.

Tum-tir-um-tir-um-tir-um—The Bobbies All.

THE WORLD WOULD LIKE TO KNOW

If Mr. Crooks and Mr. James Beaty the elder intend forming a left centre.

What the B. A. after the name of the associate editor of Grip means.

Which of his lady friends will send The Editor his monogram for the inside of his New Hat.

If Freddie Gebhardt liked the performance of the Lily on Saturday night.

If Adj Manley and his men are open to the next taffy pull.

If they really did put soap on the Adj's boots.

Why he did not hitch on his horse.

SAFE OVER THE SEA.

Date.	Steamship.	Reported at	From
Nov. 24	Belgravia	Liverpool	New York
Nov. 24	Waldensian	Boston	Glasgow
Nov. 24	Polda	New York	Bremen
Nov. 24	Assyrian Monarch	New York	London
Nov. 24	City of Richmond	Liverpool	New York
Nov 24	Ethiopia	Liverpool	New York
Nov. 24	De Ruyter	Antwerp	New York
Nov. 25	Switzerland	New York	Antwerp
Nov. 25	Donau	New York	Bremen
Nov. 25	Britannic	New York	Liverpool
Nov. 25	Germanic	Liverpool	New York
Nov. 25	Frisia	Hamburg	New York
Nov. 25	P. Caland	Antwerp	New York

LANGTRY AND GEBHARDT

MASTER FREDDIE PAYS TORONTO A VISIT.

He Goes to See Mrs. Langtry—He Does not Smile—A Glorious Little Supper on the Road.

Frederick Gebhardt, the owner of the famous racehorse Eole, and noted as the "Freddie" whose devotion to that ancient and almost obsolete sort and species of friendship which is designated "Platonic," has attracted now for eighteen months the attention and admiration of American reporters, was present in the Grand opera house on Saturday evening to witness Mrs. Langtry's initial presentation of Julia in the Hunchback.

Mr. Gebhardt has seen the Hunchback acted before; in fact Sheridan Knowles' popular play has been frequently put on the boards in New York, with scenic effects that Toronto (groaning under an N. P.) can hardly hope as yet to rival. It was therefore paying a special compliment to Mrs. Langtry, and displaying an especial admiration of her histrionic qualities which induced Mr. Gebhardt to undergo a 20 hour tedious journey by rail for the sake of seeing this play again.

He arrived by the 4.25 train (standard time) from Suspension Bridge in the afternoon. At about the same time O. B. Sheppard, manager of the Grand opera, was contemplating the following instructions he had received from Mrs. Langtry: "Get me the best seat you have in the house for this evening."

Mr. Sheppard sighed at the peremptoriness of actresses in general—of "stars" in particular—and then sent down to the American hotel the following message: "Can you let me have back orchestra chair No. 123?"

At 8.10 in the evening a World reporter was standing at the door of the Grand opera when a tall, dark young man, six feet high, with a slight stoop in his shoulder and coal black hair and slight moustache, approached him. "Is this the academy of music?" he asked.

"No," answered the reporter, "this is the Grand opera."

"But is this where Mrs. Langtry acts tonight?"

"Yes; it is."

The stranger seemed about 23, he wore a morning coat and yellow calfskin gloves.

Then he passed in amongst the orchestra chairs, and at the same time a gentleman who had met Mr. Gebhardt several times in New York approached The World reporter.

"I wonder who that was?" asked the reporter.

"Pshaw! don't you know?"

"No."

"That was Freddie Gebhardt."

Mr. Gebhardt handed his coupon to an usher without saying a word, and the usher taking him down the centre aisle showed him his seat.

It was orchestra chair No. 123.

Mr. Gebhardt hardly glanced round the house. All his attention was devoted to the stage.

It was a great compliment to the youthful actress, and Mrs. Langtry felt it. In Toronto such almost painfully painstaking acting has never been witnessed, and perhaps such perfect and maiden gladness at having triumphed; at having braved the ordeal and won from it; at having brought down a house to her feet, has not yet been exhibited at the Grand opera.

Mr. Gebhardt, however, with that grave and taciturn demeanor that of itself would make him recognizable anywhere scarcely gave a smile during the entire performance.

He watched every motion with attention but never either applauded or expressed any interest whatever. At the end of the play when Mrs. Langtry came forward and made one of the prettiest and most winning little expressions of thanks that has ever been heard in Toronto, Mr. Gebhardt just rose in his seat and listened gravely; and the next moment he was outside the theatre striding swiftly with a cigar in his mouth to Union station where Mrs. Langtry's private car was drawn up and coupled to the train going west.

The steward and cook of Mrs. Langtry's special car had meanwhile been engaged in deep and solemn consultation.

Their mistress had ordered a special little supper that night and their mistress had a special and very critical taste in the matter of suppers, and if she did not admire that supper it would be no excuse to give her that "there was nothing to be got in Toronto anyway."

Then they heard a step on the platform as Mr. Gebhardt entered the car and they flew to see that the little supper was complete as could be in a place like Toronto.

Five minutes after the porter opened the car door again to Mrs. Langtry, it being then just 11 o'clock.

Then a whistle was heard, the engine gave a snort and steamed ahead, and the special car attached to the regular train which had been delayed for the purpose steamed away for Louisville, Kentucky.

PORT PERRY IN FLAMES.

Aid Asked from Toronto—Ready for the Journey.

At 1.15 this morning Ald. Farley, chairman of the fire and gas committee, received a telegram from the reeve of Port Perry stating that the whole of that village was in flames and asking for aid. Mr. Farley at once gave orders for a detachment of the brigade to get ready with the Bay street steamer. Word was sent to the Grand Trunk offices for a special train, but an answer was received that it would be 3.30 before a train could be supplied. Ald. Farley then telegraphed the reeve, with instructions to reply if a train leaving at that hour would be of any use.

At 3 a.m. Ald. Farley received a second telegram that the fire was spreading. It had reached the telegraph office, and no further telegraph communication could be had. The telegram asked for aid immediately. At 3 30 Assistant Chief Graham and four men, with the steamer and a reel of hose left by special train. The Grand Trunk people promised a straight run to Whitby, where an engine would be in waiting to take them to Port Perry. Port Perry is 44 miles from Toronto via Whitby.

Blazes at Brougham.

BROUGHAM, Nov. 24.—W. Matthews implement shop, Dr. Freel's and W. Fuller's residences and Granger's hall were destroyed by fire here to-day. Mr. R. Vernon owned the implement store and the doctor's store, which were insured for $1200 in the Waterloo Mutual; W. Matthews has an insurance of $500 in the Royal. His loss is $700 The aggregate loss is about $3000.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE TORONTO, Nov. 26 1 a.m.—*Lakes and upper St. Lawrence: East to south gales with mild, cloudy

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MONDAY MORNING, NOV. 26 1883.

PUBLIC AND SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

We noticed a few days ago the demand of the London Record—an avowed organ of the Roman catholic hierarchy—for certain changes in the school law of this province. The changes asked for amounted to the complete extinction of our public school system and the substitution for it of two separate and distinct systems—one protestant and the other catholic. Since that time the demand of the Record has been in substance endorsed by the Toronto Tribune, another avowed organ of the Roman catholic hierarchy.

As in the case of the Record we do not deem it necessary just now to argue the matter with the Tribune, though we are prepared to do so whenever the occasion arises. We do not believe that the great majority of the people of Ontario need to be convinced of the expediency of maintaining their public school system as far as possible from further encroachment. What they need is warning, and the best warning they can have is the demand of the hierarchy as made public in the organs named above.

If the assumption that the Record and Tribune are merely voicing the opinions and wishes of Archbishop Lynch and his fellow-ecclesiastics is unwarranted it may soon be set at rest by a disclaimer; if no disclaimer is put in the public will be justified in assuming that the demand for the entire abolition of the public school system is made by the recognized authorities of the Roman catholic church, and that in their opinion the time for pressing that demand has come. The sooner the matter is forced to an issue the better, for nothing can be gained in the public interest by postponement.

One point in connection with what has already taken place is too significant to be passed over. The Toronto Tribune is now edited by the Hon. T. W. Anglin, who was for many years the editor and proprietor of the St. John Freeman, a journal holding a position in New Brunswick analogous to that occupied by the Tribune here. Some years ago the people of New Brunswick undertook to reconstruct their school system and make it more efficient, they altered the mode of levying taxes for the support of public schools. Mr. Anglin for years bitterly and strenuously opposed this change and was a party to various attempts to get the school law of New Brunswick overruled, both in the dominion parliament and by the judicial committee of the privy council. The efforts of himself, Mr. Costigan, and others, were in vain, however, and the public school system of New Brunswick still remains comparatively intact—much more so indeed than our own.

Now i the Tribune is not speaking under the order or at the instance of the Ontario hierarchy it is speaking the opinion of its editor, Mr. Anglin. The latter can choose for himself which of these positions he wishes to be placed in, and it is a matter of perfect indifference to us. The public will note, however, the consequences of each alternative. If Mr. Anglin, who is avowedly a trusted Nestor in the inner councils of the liberal party, is speaking for the hierarchy on this question, how can the public be sure that he is not speaking for them on all others? And if he is simply their mouthpiece the liberal party had better consider whether his present position in their councils is conducive to their ultimate triumph. On the other hand, if Mr. Anglin is uttering his own views when he demands through his paper the abolition of the public school system then, as before, the liberal party had better take stock at once of the situation, and ask themselves what they had better do about it?

And both Mr. Anglin and the hierarchy had better follow their example. There is such a thing as the possibility of a demand for further concessions leading to the withdrawal of those already granted. There are some questions that cannot bear discussion, and we should say that, from the point of view of the Roman catholic church no less than of the liberal party, this is one of them.

A FOOLISH EXPEDITION.

The conflicting rumors received day after day concerning Hicks Pasha and the False Prophet—now ascribing victory to one and then to the other—caused a doubt as to the truth of the news of the final battle and subsequent annihilation of the army under Hicks Pasha, but later despatches confirmed the report. The expedition which ended thus disastrously was nothing short of a fool's errand. A small force of men—poor soldiers the best of them, and many of them regarding their service as a punishment for the part they had taken in Arabi's revolt—was sent to conquer a densely-peopled country, the natives of which were physically superior to their invaders, besides being excited to the highest pitch of Moslem fanaticism. The expedition at the outset had nothing like adequate supplies, and after several weeks of weary marching and fighting on short rations fell easy victims. The pity of it is that men of the stamp of Hicks Pasha—who was no mere adventurer—and his staff should have been sacrificed to such a cause.

STATESMEN AND POLITICIANS.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland, in his remarks at the Trinity medical school banquet on Thursday night undertook to draw a distinction between the statesman and the politician—the mere politician—very much to the disadvantage of the latter. It is to be regretted that a gentleman of Dr. Sutherland's ability should publicly conform to the very bad practice of degrading a noble term, thus violating both etymology and correct usage. The terms "statesman" and "politician" are as nearly as possible synonymous, and it is no excuse for an educated man treating them as anything else, whatever the crowd may do. The contrast which Dr. Sutherland drew in his own inimitable manner was really one between the statesman or politician on the one hand and the mere factious partizan on the other.

It may be said that so long as the speaker is fairly understood the use of one mode of expression rather than another is a mere matter of definition. So from one of point of view it is, and no doubt Dr. Sutherland can fall back upon popular usage for his justification. But it is easy to show that incalculable mischief has already been wrought by the degradation of the terms "politic" and "politician," and that the obscuration of their real meaning leads to a most pernicious and prevalent confusion of thought. We often hear, for instance, that politics should not be allowed to interfere with municipal government, or with the administration of the educational system; and yet both municipal government and the educational system are not merely comprehended under the term politics" rightly understood, but are amongst the most important matters so included. To attempt the severance of politics from education would be as impossible as to play "Hamlet" and omit the *role* of the Prince of Denmark.

Nothing is more common than the class of Pecksniffs who are constantly declaring that they "cannot bear to have anything to do with politics," and Dr. Sutherland in his speech came perilously near the border land of Pecksniffism. Politics is the science of government, and on the correctness of the principles underlying the practice of government defends very largely the character of that practice. It is easy to rail at the politician, but those who do so confess themselves unworthy of a freeman's birthright if they content themselves with turning up their noses at what they call "the dirty pool of politics." The distinction between politics and statesmanship is not merely factitious, but misleading, and the sooner these terms are used in their correct senses by those who are able to understand them the better. We have no more toleration for the blind partisan than Dr. Sutherland has, but we believe such remarks as his will do about as much harm as good, unless he takes the trouble to use his terms correctly, and leave no room for confusion of thought on the part of his hearers.

AN OLD WARFARE BEING REVIVED.

At a meeting of the educational society of the methodist church in Ottawa last week the president of the general conference, Dr. Rice, and the president of Victoria college, Dr. Nelles, delivered addresses strongly opposed to the demand of the Toronto university for additional aid from the legislature. Dr. Rice denounced Upper Canada college "as one of the most unquestionable frauds that was ever perpetrated on a free people." They have an eye to a new methodist university in Toronto to aid in the foundation of which Mr. Gooderham of this city announced, at the opening of the Methodist theological college of Montreal, that he was prepared to give in Toronto.

The Montreal Witness justly remarked, "there is nothing of which Canada stands less in need than universities, and particularly denominational ones. England has five universities, Scotland four, and Ireland three. Canada has more than all these countries put together, and most of them are denominational, besides having a number of theological schools possessing, or about to possess power to grant degrees. If instead of having half a dozen institutions in every town, we could concentrate our means on a few christian but non-denominational institutions, the money already invested would accomplish twice as much." The people of Ontario should never forget the keen warfare through which they have passed to secure the benefit of a provincial university of a high character instead of a number under denominational bias and control. The great bone of contention at our political elections, for many years, was, who should get the largest share of the landed endowment of the provincial university, and coincident with that, a share also of the lands, or their proceeds, given for the support of a protestant clergy. Those two objects in the hands of irresponsible government, were used with great power, corrupting the ministers of religion and for a long period evading the recognition of popular rights. Let the electors of the province be on their guard to avert the machinations of sectarianism to revive that strife, and to supplant our excellent provincial university by a number of institutions to uphold the religious opinions of various denominations. The University, formerly King's college, was released from sectarian control after the toils of an age.

BEECHER ON THE STUMP.

Henry Ward Beecher presided in New York on Thursday night over one of the biggest free trade mass meetings that has yet been held in the States.

The last time Beecher actively interested himself in national politics was during the agitation for abolition. He seems to consider his present cause as holy as his cause of thirty years ago. The reports say that he was full of fire, fun and free trade.

Evidently the question of free trade is being seriously considered at present by the democrats as a plank in next year's platform. The serious difficulty in the way is of course the existence of the Pennsylvania protectionists in the democratic ranks. Another difficulty is want of backbone in the democrats themselves.

At present they seemed to have determined on the election of Randall of Pennsylvania as speaker of the next house. This means that they are unwilling to disturb the present tariff system.

The question of free trade in the States is an interesting one for Canada.

THE SPIRITUAL EFFECTS OF DRUNKENNESS.

A writer in the Century has an instructive article under this head. Too much attention, he says, has been paid to the economical side, the statistics. It is in the spiritual realm that the ravages of drink are most terrible.

Body and mind are so closely related that when the one suffers the other must share the suffering; and the injury of the physical health resulting from intemperance must, therefore, be accompanied by similar injury of the mental and moral powers. But the inclination of the popular thought is so strongly toward the investigation of physical phenomena that the spiritual consequences of drunkenness are often overlooked. Degeneration of tissue is more palpable than degeneracy of spirit; a lesion of the brain more startling than a breach of faith; but the deeper fact, of which the senses take no note, is the more important fact; and it would be well if the attention of men could be fixed upon it.

The phenomena to which we have referred often report themselves to the quickened perceptions of those who stand nearest to the habitual drinker. Many a mother observes, with a heart that grows heavier day by day, the signs of moral decay in the character of her son. It is not the flushed face and the heavy eyes that trouble her most; it is the evidence that his mind is becoming duller and fouler, his sensibilities less acute, his sense of honor less commanding. She discovers that his loyalty to truth is somewhat impaired; that he deceives her frequently, without compunction. This effect is often observed in the character of the inebriate. Truthfulness is the fundamental virtue; when it is impaired the character is undermined; and strong drink makes a deadly assault upon it. Coupled with this loss of truthfulness is that weakening of the will which always accompanies chronic alcoholism. The man loses, little by little, the mastery over himself; the regal faculties are in chains. How many of his broken promises are due to a debilitated will, and how many to a decay of his veraciousness, it would be impossible for the victim himself to determine. Doubtless his intention to break off his evil habit is sometimes honest, and the failure is due to the paralysis of his will; doubtless he often asseverates that such is his purpose at the moment when he is contriving how he shall obtain the next dram. It is pitiful to mark the gradual decay of these prime elements of manliness in the character of the man who is addicted to strong drink.

This loss of self respect, the lowering of ambition, and the fading out of hope are signs of the progress of this disease in the character. It is a mournful spectacle, that of the brave, ingenious, high spirited man sinking steadily down into the degradation of inebriety; but how many such spectacles are visible all over the land? And it is not in the character of those alone who are notorious drunkards that such tendencies appear. They are often distinctly seen in the lives of men who are never drunk. Sir Henry Thompson's testimony is emphatic to the effect that "the habitual use of fermented liquors to an extent far short of what is necessary to produce intoxication injures the body and diminishes the mental power." If, as he testifies, a large proportion of the most painful and dangerous maladies of the body are due to "the use of fermented liquors, taken in the quantity which is conventionally deemed moderate," then it is certain that such use of them must result also in serious injuries to the mental and moral nature. Who does not know reputable gentlemen, physicians, artists, clergymen even, who were never drunk in their lives, and never will be, but who reveal, in conversation and in conduct, certain melancholy effects of the drinking habit? The brain is so often inflamed with alcohol that its functions are imperfectly performed; and there is a perceptible loss of mental power and of moral tone. The drinker is not conscious of this loss; but those who know him best are painfully aware that his perceptions are less keen, his judgments less sound, his temper less serene, his spiritual vision less clear, because he tarries every day a little too long at the wine. Even those who refuse to entertain ascetic theories respecting these beverages may be able to see that there are uses of them that stop short of drunkenness, and that are still extremely hurtful to the mind and the heart as well as the body. That conventional idea of moderation, to which Sir Henry Thompson refers, is quite elastic; the term is stretched to cover habits that are steadily despoiling the life of its rarest fruits. The drinking habit is often defended by reputable gentlemen to whom the very thought of a debauch would be shocking, but to whom, if it were only lawful, in the tender and just solicitude of friendship, such words as these might be spoken: "It is true that you are not drunkards, and may never be; but if you could know, what is too evident to those who love you best, how your character is slowly losing the firmness of its texture and the fineness of its outline; how your art deteriorates in the delicacy of its touch; how the atmosphere of your life seems to grow murky and the sky lowers gloomily above you—you would not think your daily indulgence harmless in its measure. It is in just such lives as yours that drink exhibits some of its most mournful tragedies."

Lieutenant-Governor Robinson at the medical banquet the other night, in speaking of his own office, defined it to be a non-partizan one, and went on to say that he had never hitherto had any occasion to differ in opinion from his ministers. It was a noticeable fact that he did not give any hint, not to speak of a promise, for the time to come. Everything he said on that occasion would be quite compatible with his lending himself to be used as a catspaw by Sir John Macdonald for the purpose of pulling the Ontario administration chestnuts out of the fire, and this thought seemed to be in the mind of the provincial secretary, whose face was a study as he listened to the lieutenant-governor's speech. We do not mean to insinuate that Mr. Robinson has any intention of performing over again the Letellier trick; all we want to say is, that he did not give any assurance to the contrary, when such an assurance would have come naturally from him.

Modern newspaper requirements and enterprise have brought before the world a notable class of men peculiar for their courage, endurance and tact, and of these one of the most famous was Edmund O'Donovan, supposed to have fallen in the late disastrous engagement in the Soudan. His was a strange career of adventure. He studied for the medical profession at Trinity college, Dublin, but this life was too tame for him, and at the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war he enlisted in the French army. From that time to the present he has led a stirring, adventurous life. He followed the Carlist war from beginning to close (the scene of his first labors as a war correspondent), was next sent to the Herzegovina, and then to the scene of the Russo-Turkish war. At the termination of the latter he was ordered to explore Central Asia—before that time considered to be an almost impossible undertaking—which he succeeded in doing in the face of innumerable dangers, hardships and difficulties. Since the Carlist war he has been connected with the London Daily News, and the newspaper world will regret that such a man has been cut off from the profession.

It is not often that princes and potentates discern true goodness and ability, and reward them. That there are exceptions to the general rule of neglect has been proved in the case of Mr. Nicholas Flood Davin, who has been made Hawaiian consul at Regina. As the organ of Hawaii the Leader will be able to extend its influence, and the mounted police will think several times before confiscating the pocket flask of the representative of a foreign power. Beneath the shadow of his consular flag Mr. Davin will be able to think and utter big things, with none to make him afraid.

The Quebec government are in a bad way financially, and morally they appear to be no better. The extravagance in the conduct of public affairs there is delectable. One of the scandals is a free bar connected with the legislative chamber during the session for the benefit of members and their friends, and maintained at the expense of the province.

The Canadian Pacific will issue the remaining $45,000,000 of $100,000,000 stock forthwith, or rather $10,000,000 will be sold and the rest deposited with the government and sold in blocks as the road approaches completion.

The pope has conferred a title on a Charleston editor for condemning dueling through the columns of his journal. This will tend to discourage one of the most healthful of our field sports.

A convention of railway men will shortly be held to draw up a uniform system of railroad signals. At present every road appears to have its own method of signalling.

"OBSTROPEROUS."

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: The word "obstreperous" Mrs. Langtry pronounced "obstroperous," with a big, prominent, full-toned "o," at the matinee on Saturday. I would suggest that she should consult a dictionary before again assaying this somewhat formidable, though quite common jawbreaker. LOGOS.

THE READER QUESTION.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: I noticed in your issue of Nov. 20 a communication from Mr. Gage on the above question. He seems to dread the authorisation of the Royal Canadian series, and states that they have been rejected by the central committee. Mr Gage need not fear if his books are as superior as he claims them to be, and as to their rejection he should not forget that his so called Canadian series—compiled from Campbells, Meikejohn & Co., Scotland—were rejected not once but several times by that same committee. The ownership of a series of books is of very little moment What the people want is the best book at the lowest price. Mr. Gage's fear of monopoly is very amusing. The same gentleman has for years, and is now, enjoying almost the entire monopoly of the school book trade. I hope you will open your columns, Mr. Editor, to a discussion, not only on the Reader question, but the entire school book management by the educational department. It will bear ventilating.

BOOKSELLER.

Brampton, Nov. 23, 1883.

LIFE INSURANCE.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: Your correspondent of yesterday, "M. D." while disclaiming any "intention of seeking a controversy" and saying, "I only wish to ask a question or two," goes on to make statements which in all fairness he ought to substantiate. While grandiloquently boasting of the "$150,000" men who "guarantee" the payment of the $2000 in the A.O.U.W. he asserts that in a stock company the "less than a dozen men neither healthy nor insurable" guarantee at death only "40c on every dollar paid in by him."

Will M. D. kindly name the "guarantee" in the former case? Is it not simply an agreement to take up a collection? and in the latter case will he kindly name a single company which writes a policy of the kind he mentions? Failing this I submit he stands convicted of writing on a subject—to say the least of it—new to him. In reply to agents query asking "how many assessment companies of life insurance standing there are in North America?" his reply is amusing, coming from one who knows you know. Let him answer it like a little man—naming the companies—and then we can all go into these veteran concerns over fifteen years old—if we like. He then tells of a wonderful report he has "before" him, telling of terrible failures. Well, we admit that, and then say that with all this no financial system in the world has ever equalled the system of life insurance in soundness of management. We will undertake the proof of this statement if contradicted by any one whose standing is such as to challenge attention. He also says "there are many societies of the kind—assessment kind—over 100 years old." Strange we never heard of them! Will M. D. please name a few, say 3, or if that is too large a number, let him give us the name of one. We will give him another chance. Let him name five of more than 25 years old. Let him name one of 25 years old, leaving out those, if any, connected with secret societies.

If M. D. can not do this, I think it fair to conclude that his effusion is out of place in a live paper like the world, and that if his knowledge of physic is no greater than of underwriting there are other letters in the alphabet more appropriate as a nom de plume than M. D. Awaiting M. D.'s reply,

ENQUIRER.

Toronto, Nov. 24, 1883.

ASSESSMENT SOCIETIES.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: It seems too bad to allow your correspondent A. O. U. W. to mislead and delude the unthinking class of our fellow citizens by his mis-statements re life insurance companies. Bad as the Canada Life company is in collecting dividends for themselves, they are a thousand times better than any pretended insurance society on the assessment plan; for although the stockholders take a large per cent on their capital invested, they give along with others of their line a substantial guarantee that at death the families of the insured will receive the stipulated sum paid for. Whilst, if I understand human weakness and human decay, in connection with the regulations and principles of the assessment societies, they (the assessment societies) pay the families of the deceased, providing there is money in the "locker," only so long as the members respond to the assessments made; and just here is where human weakness comes in. So long as men are young and healthy but few calls will be made, because but few comparatively will die during the first few years. In consequence of this fact in the assessments societies assurance (such as it is) will be cheap. But the regular line of insurance companies recognize the fact of human decay and that as members become older and sickly after insuring their lives a greater proportion die; and for the payment of these excessive claims the regular insurance companies have money that the insured in most cases have paid in, which has accumulated by compound interest to the amount stipulated to be paid. But in contrast with this foreseeing principle of the old line insurance, the assessment companies make but little or no provision against the excessive death claims which, in common sense, as well as experience, must surely come. And those of their members who, like your correspondent, have a weakness for cheap insurance, if then young and healthy, will refuse to pay the then too frequent calls made upon them. Consequently the sickly and the aged that cannot then get, but could have gotten their lives insured in the regular companies, will be, on account of weakness for cheap insurance in others, the only ones to respond to the then numerous calls. According to the ratio of cost, which means the ratio of deaths, as A.O.U.W. and kindred societies which I believe have no substantial reserve fund men would have to live, on an average, one hundred years from the date of their joining the society in order to pay into the funds at $20 a year the amount they expect to draw out, viz.: $2000. The absurdity of the statement if plainly made would be so apparent that none could be deceived.

Again statistics of assessment societies show that in the last eight years 408 have failed, and the present position of some of the best that are still struggling for existence in Pennsylvania proves the fallacy of the cheap theory. I give example: From the Monetary Times, July 13, 1883

The Temperance Mutual Benefit cost for $2000 in 1874	$ 8 54	And in 1882 it cost	$41 80
The Oddfellows' Mutual cost in 1874	$13 62	" " "	$34 00
The United Brethren Mutual Aid cost in 1874	$16 48	" " "	$61 20
The Southern Tier Masonic cost in 1870	$13 00	" " "	$34 00

If I had insured in—say the United Brethren—a non-sectarian company in 1870 for $2000 the average cost would have been $25.84, and if the company's rates stood as favorable as last year my yearly out go would be for the future $61.20, with the uncertainty of not knowing whether if I should die those that survived me would respond to the call or not.

AN OBSERVER.

THE RAT PORTAGE RACKET.

The True Story of the Recent Phase of the Troubles.

Attorney-General Miller and his bodyguard of provincial police arrived home from the Rat Portage campaign last evening, says the Winnipeg Free Press of Nov. 21. From Mr. Miller and other gentlemen who arrived by the same train the following account of the course of the recent event in the disputed territory was gleaned. The cause of the trouble was the attempted arrest of Malcolm McQuarrie on a charge of selling liquor without a license. McQuarrie, however, held a license issued by the Ontario government, which it appears the Manitoba authorities refused to recognize. He was summoned for five o'clock on Monday afternoon, but failed to turn up The next morning four Manitoba officers, headed by Mr. Creighton, chief of the Manitoba police, went to McQuarrie's store, and proceeded to arrest the unfortunate man. A number of the Ontario police had been watching for the attempt, and the result was that at the critical moment they pounced upon the Manitoba peelers and locked up Officer Creighton on a charge of assaulting McQuarrie. About an hour afterward, as McQuarrie was proceeding to lay an information against Creighton, he was tackled on the street by Constables Campbell, Noxan and Brethour of the Manitoba contingent, who essayed to run him in. A posse of Ontario constables, however, happened to be handy, and at once rescued McQuarrie and locked up Noxon and Campbell. Later on they were released on bail, Mr Miller putting up $40 each for the two latter officers to appear on Wednesday, 28th. Creighton was left in the jail, and an effort will be made by the Manitoba authorities to have him released on a writ of habeas corpus. The Ontario men will probably refuse to yield up their prisoner, in which case it is understood that the sanguinary attorney-general will marshal the field battery once more, and lead them on to the scene of strife.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES CAREFULLY FITTED AT CARNEGIE'S,

57 KING STREET WEST.

P.S.—Watch Repairing a Specialty.

SCRANTON COAL.

The only importer and dealer in Scranton Coal in Toronto offers for the present the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company's Unrivalled Coal. Consumers will please remember that I am the only dealer in the City who has this celebrated Coal for sale, and those appreciating the best Anthracite Coal mines will please call on

P. BURNS

OFFICES:

Corner Front and Bathurst sts., 51 King Street East, | *Yonge street Wharf, and 532 Queen street West.*

Telephone Communication with all Offices

BUTLER PITTSTON COAL

BEST QUALITY.

COAL AND WOOD--LOWEST PRICES.

OFFICES—Dominion Bank Building, Cor. Yonge and King Streets, 413 Yonge St., 536 Queen St. W.; Yard. Cor. Esplanade and Princess Sts; Yard, Niagara and Douro; Yard, Fuel Association Esplanade St., near Berkely.

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ESTABLISHED 1847.

ASSETS - $4,500,000.

Canadian investments over $400,000.

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Claims and Bonuses paid $8,000,000.

J. E. & A. W. SMITH, Gen. Agents,
OFFICE—15 Wellington St.
F. STANCLIFFE, Montreal,
General Manager, Canada.

London Guarantee & Accident Co.

(LIMITED,)

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL - - - $1,250,000.

The time to insure is when you are safe and uninjured. To-morrow may be too late. Read the list of accidents in the daily papers and convince yourself of the necessity of procuring an Accident Policy from this well-known British Company, which, through its liberal dealings with its Insurers has attained unrivalled popularity and success.

Head Office for Canada:

72 King St. East, Toronto.

ALEXANDER CROMAR, City Agent. A. T. McCORD, Resident Sect

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND NO. 55.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of four per cent. for the current half year, being at the rate of eight per cent. per annum upon the paid up capital of the Bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Sunday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

D. COULSON, Cashier.

Toronto, 24th October, 1883.

SEE WHAT YOU CAN BUY AT

213 YONGE STREET.

6 Medium Lamp Chimnies	$0 25
4 Large " "	0 25
Shelf Paper, per dozen sheets	0 07
Kitchen Clothes Horse	0 50
Coal Hods, Japanned	0 40
Six-barrelled Revolvers	1 00
Silver plated Cruets, 5 bottles	3 50
Kitchen Slop Buckets	0 40
Silverplated Pickle Castors	1 25
Best Egg Beater made	0 15
Stereoscopes, good	0 50
Thirteen-inch Silver Vases, per pair	0 60
Beautiful Toilet Sets, three pieces	0 50
Matches, per box, full count	0 13
Iron Bootjacks	0 15

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

You can get harness at No. 55 Jarvis cheaper than any other shop in town. No shoddy nor cheap machine work sold. Note prices:

Russet Lines from	$1.55
Black Lines do	1.25
Bridles do	1.75
Saddles do	1.50
Express Saddles	2.00
Nickle Harness	$14.00 upwards
Rubber Harness	16.00 do

Harness sent into the country C.O.D. for inspection.

Remember we warrant all our work. Store and repairing shop No. 55 Jarvis street.

STEVENSON & ASHTON

THE

Bolt & Iron Company

OF TORONTO

Have instructed the undersigned to offer by private sale at his office, No. 15 Wellington street east, the remaining

SITES FOR

DWELLING HOUSES

and others for manufacturing purposes on their property. The building lots are all staked and laid out according to a registered plan made by Messrs Unwin, Brown & Saukey, P.L.S., and lie south of Bloor street overlooking the Humber Bay, and one hundred feet above its level.

The land is picturesque in the extreme, having Lake View Park with its trout ponds near to the north side, High Park on the east, and the beautiful Humber Bay to the south, with a small park and Humber River on the west side

The Grand Trunk Railway Company run low priced suburban trains all the year round between this property and the city, making it as accessible as other places within the city by street cars. This service is to be further improved by making a regular station for the trains, and they now have telegraph and telephone offices at the Bolt Works.

The property is within a few minutes' walk of the Junction of King and Queen streets.

The Company intend to erect a number of dwelling houses, and the lots on which they propose to build are marked off on a plan which may be seen.

The most liberal inducements are offered to intending purchasers.

For her particulars on application to

ALFRED W. SMITH,
15 Wellington Street East.

GRAND OPERA RESTAURANT

WEST OF YONGE STREET.

Six dinner tickets only $1. Board by the week $3, Sunday included. Ladies' and Gent's Dining Room a specialty. Best Oysters always on hand. Restaurant open from 6 a.m. to 12 p.m.; on Sundays 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.

GEORGE SUTHERLAND, Prop.

THE SPORTING WORLD

The new American Turf club, New York, has a hundred members, mostly substantial bookmakers.

Macedonicus, the horse formerly owned in Prince Edward county, is being driven as a roadster at Winnipeg.

Lovers of venison are having a feast these times. Reports from everywhere say deer was never so plentiful.

S. Leary of Saintfield, Ont., offers to pitch six-pound quoits against any man in the dominion, so a local paper says.

The Peterboro lacrosse club, champions of central Ontario, have presented the Gildersleeve cup to their president, Mr. H. Lebrun.

About one hundred race horses will go from Brighton Beach to New Orleans to participate in winter races. Verily, they earn their oats.

The Plunger paid 220 guineas for the two-year-old chestnut colt Moudamin by Uncas—Fairweather, that won the Juvenile plate at Lewes Nov. 2.

Dr. Zukertort played eight simultaneous games of chess blindfolded on Friday against the strongest players in the Manhattan chess club, New York, winning five, losing one and drawing two.

A match for $50 a side took place last week at Woodbine, Mr. George Johnson backing his mare Elsie to trot in 2 50, the owner of Russian Spy backing time. Time was a strong favorite and won easily, the following being a summary:

Time	1	1	1
Elsie	2	2	2

Time—3.04, 3.00½, 3.01.

A meeting of the Union league of baseball clubs was held in Baltimore last week. The new Boston club was admitted to the league. Applications from Wilmington and Harrisburg were laid over until the next meeting which will be held in Philadelphia early in January

Endymion, Mr. Case's new purchase, is said to resemble the famous Jay-Eye See in several points. He is a black, weighs 1050 lbs, and is said to have trotted a mile in private without special training in 2 25, although his four-year-old record is only 2.32. As a five-year-old he is expected to equal Director's 2 15¼.

The officers of the St. George's snowshoe club, Winnipeg, are: President, William Harder; first vice-president, G.H.R. Wainwright; second vice-president, J. Hingston Smith; secretary, A. Halloway; treasurer, A. G Ross; committee, M. J. Feron, H. F. Prince, T. A. Anderson, A. H. Buchanan and C. Blanchard.

An offer has been made to back John Flood, the man who fought Sullivan on a barge and was whipped, to fight Joe Pendergast, who lately fought Capt. J. Daly at Staten island for $1000 a side. Preliminary arrangements have been made, and the place and time of meeting were arranged on Saturday at the Police Gazette office, where both men and their backers were on hand

Ed. McLaughlin of Philadelphia and Randolph Heiser of New York have been matched to play three games of billiards for $250 a side each. The first game is to be 1000 points, unlimited rail-play, and the other two 600 points, one at the balk line game and the other at the champion's game. The dates are Dec. 12, Jan. 17 and Feb. 14

The annual winter trotting meeting will probably be held at Ottawa Jan 23, 24, 25 and 26. Overtures have been made to several owners of trotting horses in this city to be present, but it is doubtful if any will accept. They don't relish the wintry trip, with probably rheumatism or kindred affections for both man and beast.

Mr. Duggan is determined that his track shall be in the best possible condition for the spring racing. He has had a new cedar culvert ninety feet long of square timber put in on the back stretch in place of the one that has sunk, and is raising the turns and the back stretch in some places by a foot and a half. He is also top-soiling the front stretch and fixing up the steeplechase ground.

John Forbes has probably the largest string of racehorses at Woodstock, Ont., the Newmarket of Canada, ever in a single stable in the dominion. It includes Beccarat, 3 yrs., by imp. Bonnie Scotland, Miss Monisey, aged, by Baywood, Fanny Wiser, 6 yrs., by Terror, George L, 3 yrs., by Vigil, Boatman, 4 yrs., by Bonnie Scotland, Blanton, 6 yrs., by Bonnie Scotland, Disturbance, aged, by Terror, and Bonnie Bird, aged, by Judge Curtis.

At St. Patrick's bazaar in Ottawa, just closed, was tried the money making scheme of a public vote at so much per head for the most popular athletic club. At the close of the poll the vote stood as follows: Metropolitan lacrosse club 1187, 'Varsity football club 1036, Ottawa baseball club 970, Ottawa football club 14, Young Men's amusement club 20. It was thus evident that the members of the Metropolitan lacrosse club had more spare nickels than the adherents of the other institutions.

Daly Defeats Garnier.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 24.—At the close of today's play between Daly and Garnier, the total score for the four days was: Daly 2400, Garnier 2379.

Brighton Beach Races.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The first race, three fourths of a mile, Gray Bonnet won, Ranger second, Columbia third. Time 1.21½.

The second race, one mile, was a dead heat between Hotachimie and Frank E. Time 1.46½. On the second trial Hotachimie won, Frank E. second, Little Fred third. Time 1 48¼

The third race, mile and a quarter, Wandering won, Haledon second, Lytton third. Time 2 15½

The fourth race, mile and three eighths, Henry B won, Joe Mitchell second, Delilah third. Time 2 30½

The Convention at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 24.—The turf convention has adjourned. Rules were adopted to allow no reinstatement after being ruled off. Rubbers, attendants and stablers are excluded from the pooling grounds on penalty of expulsion. Any one giving money to a jockey, trainer or attendant of any stable, without permission of the owner, is liable to exclusion. Gambling upon the grounds by employees will be punished by exclusion or suspension. Ten of the fifteen associations adopted the above rules. The stakes of the different clubs close January 1. Ben. G Bruce was elected secretary. The association will meet in Chicago the second Wednesday of November, 1884.

The Hunt Club's Run on Saturday.

The hounds met at the Dutch farm. There was a large turnout, the master, Dr. Smith, Huntsman, Dr. Campbell, H S. Ward, J. H Mead, R. Myles, J Akers, W. T. Murray, A. W. Gadson, J. A Donaldson, A. G. Taylor, W. Copeland, H. Cooper, G. Hastings, and others being on hand. The hounds were laid on by the huntsman at Mr. Heber's and crossed Gates' racecourse, Bell's Corners, Whitney's, Thompson's, Watt's, and Patterson's along the lake shore to Victoria park. Here the scent laid north across the Kingston road to Smith's, where reynard was killed. Mr. H. S. Mara on Grey Cloud got the brush and Mr. J. A. Donaldson on Jasper the pate. It was a gloriously long run, the fences being high and the timber stiff.

Toronto University v. Agricultural College (Guelph).

Toronto university and Agricultural college football teams came together last Saturday in Guelph, but the latter team was worsted to the extent of 77 points to nothing. The university students proved themselves to be much stronger than their opponents in every particular, except perhaps in kicking, but the Guelph men had but little chance to exercise this gift as the university forwards were very active in behalf of the interests of their club. In spite of the unpropitious state of the game from almost the first five minutes the school men played a very plucky uphill game, but all to no purpose as the 'Varsity half-backs proved themselves impregnable in defending their goal. Bruce kicked five goals and three posters for the 'Varsity, whilst four tries and three rouges completed the total score of 77 points. The following were the teams:

Toronto University—Back, Owen; half-backs, Gordon, Hughes, Wigle; quarter-backs, McLaren, Smith, Henderson; forwards, Brown, Bruce, MacLaren, MacLean, Cronyn, Elliott, Davidson, J. Gordon.

Agricultural College—Backs, Rutler, Cutting; half-backs, Joyce, Ramsay, Wroughton; quarter-backs, Rose, Bell; forwards, Morris, Malcolm, Slater, Cowley, McGregor, Courbarrow, Reglio, Fuller.

Umpires—Messrs. Skaife and McCulloch; referee, W. W. Vickers.

An Ideal Drink.

From the Medical Times

After all that has been said and done that can be said and done in the cause of total abstinence and on the subject of alcoholic beverages after the fever and fashion of this our day has changed and subsided, we believe that beer will still be found to be the national drink of the future, as it has been of the past, in this country. The reason of this is that it is, in fact, economically and physiologically a drink combining so many useful qualities that nothing, it is clear, can be provided for the price which is at all likely to supersede it. Tea and coffee, if universally drunk—solutions of tannin with a small and varying amount of more or less harmful alkaloid—would cause such an increase of national dyspepsia and nervous troubles that a new crusade, with the Dean of Bangor perhaps as its Peter the Hermit, would soon drive them from their positions as national beverages. Neither they nor milk can be provided in sufficient quantity nor at the price required; and milk is not always tolerated by grown-up stomachs. Oatmeal and water would soon pall upon the most enthusiastic palate. Sweet syrups or acid effervescents can scarcely be habitually consumed without derangement of the gastric function. And as for water—the best of drinks when at its best—sanitation will have to make very long strides indeed before it can be regarded as anything but the most perilous of thirst-quenchers. If a committee of unprejudiced scientific men had been appointed to compound and recommend a perfectly aseptic drink, combining the qualities of nutrition and palatability, with such small amount of alcohol as should act as a preservative to the fluid itself, an aid to digestion, and a mild and innocuous stimulant to the whole system, it is probably upon a light bitter beer, brewed from good malt and hops, that the seal of their approval would be placed. Formed as it is, from wholesome and indigenous materials, easily concocted, and at a small cost, tonic and nutritious, harmless except in almost impossible quantity, it is just such an ideal drink as we should pine for if we did not already possess it. All questions of adulterated, fortified, or dishonestly compounded malt liquor, and all question of injury by excess, in this as in every other ailment, are beside the present issue.

—Mr. Geo. Tolen, druggist, Gravenhurst, Ont., writes: "My customers who have used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, say that it has done them more good than anything they have ever used." It has indeed a wonderful influence in purifying the blood and curing diseases of the digestive organs, the liver, kidneys, and all disorders of the system.

A New Game.

"I'll take whisky—what will you have, Fred?" said a man in a saloon yesterday. "I don't feel like drinking," said Fred. The first speaker poured out a gorgeous glass of whisky, drank half of it, and handed the rest to his friend, remarking, with a wry face, "There's something the matter with that stuff. Try it." Fred finished the liquor. The first speaker laid five cents upon the bar, and they walked out. "That's a new game," remarked the bartender.

—If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from "torpid liver," or "biliousness." In many cases of "liver complaint" only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures. At all drug stores.

Himalaya (the abode of snow from the Sanscrit "hima," snow, and "alaya," abode) is the most elevated and stupendous system on the globe. The tea plant can be cultivated along the entire southern face of the Himalaya to an elevation of 5000 feet, but the best is produced at from 2000 to 8000 feet above the sea, and the best only is sold by the Li-Quor Tea company at 39 cents per lb

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Flour—Receipts 24,000 barrels, strong, sales 11,000 brls., No 2 $2 80 to $3 20, superfine, etc. $2 90 to $3 40, St. Louis $3 50 to $6 75, others unchanged. Rye flour firmer at $3 50 to $3 90. Cornmeal steady and unchanged. Wheat—Receipts 103,000 bush, spot, stronger, options fluctuated, closed firmer, sales 5,216,000 bush future, and 83,000 bush spot; exports 40,000 bush; No. 2 red $1 13 to $1 13½, No. 1 red and white state unchanged, No. 2 red November $1 10½ to $1 10⅝, December $1 10½ to $1 11½. Rye firm, western 60c to 71c, state and Canada 74c to 74½c Barley steady, western 70c to 74c. Malt nominal. Corn—Receipts 205,000 bush spot, firm; options low; sales 240,000 bush future 219,000 bush spot; exports 75,000 bush; No 2 60⅞c to 61c. No. 2 white 61c, No 2 November 60½c, December 60⅞c to 61c. Oats 132,000 bush, lower, 68,000 future 64,000 bush spot; mixed western 35c to 37c, white state 42c. No. 2 November 36½c, December 36⅞c to 36¾c. Hay firm and unchanged. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar firmer, standard A 7 9 16 to 7⅝c, cut loaf and crushed 9c to 9½c. Molasses and rice firm. Petroleum unchanged. Tallow firm at 7⅜c to 7 3-16. Potatoes and eggs unchanged. Pork firm at $12 75 to $13. Beef firm. Cut meats steady. Middles nominal. Lard higher at $8 17½. Butter firm and unchanged

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat easier, Nov 95c to 95⅝c, December 96c to 96⅜c, No 2 spring 95⅝c to 96c, No. 2 red 98½c to $1 00. Corn easier; cash 49½c to 49⅝c, December and year 49½c to 49⅝c. Oats easier; cash 29⅝c to 29¾c, November 29½c to 30½c. Rye dull at 58c. Barley quiet at 62c. Pork activ; cash at $11 85 to $11 90 for old, $12 75 to $12 87½ for new, November $11 70 to $11 85, December $11 75 to $11 95. Lard active; cash $7 75 to $7 87½, November $7 67½ to $7 80, December and year $7 70 to $7 77½. Bulk meats firmer—Shoulders $5 15, short rib $6 75, short clear $6 85. Whisky steady and unchanged. Freights—Corn to Buffalo 4c. Receipts—Flour 18,000 brls., wheat 137,000 bush, corn 218,000 bush, oats 176,000 bush, rye 9,000 bush, barley 77,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 9,000 brls, wheat 16,000 bush, corn 198,000 bush, oats 106,000 bush, rye 3000 bush, barley 91,000 bush.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

An equatorial telescope has just been completed in Cleveland for the high school in Hartford, Conn. The instrument has a height of sixteen feet as it points to the zenith; the focal light is eleven feet and six inches. Attached to the telescope is a small instrument with a three-inch aperture, known as the finder. They are also making in Cleveland, for the university of Virginia, a dome that will weigh ten tons and measure forty-five feet and four inches at the base. It is said to be the largest observatory dome on earth.

What it Has Done.

Mrs. George Simpson, Toronto, says: I have suffered severely with corns and was unable to get relief from treatment of any kind until I was recommended to try Holloway's Corn Cure. After applying in for a few days I was enabled to remove the corn, root and branch—no pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it. I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from corns.

Sir Stafford Northcote's political visit to Ireland was successful, if nothing else, in once more giving a good stir up to the miserable antagonism between orangemen and Roman catholics which had of late years so happily subsided, and may very likely cost the taxpayers a very handsome sum in the cost of special police and troops to keep order in Derry and Belfast.

—"I had been for eight months unable to work, and felt as though I would as lief die as live, through dyspepsia and indigestion. I weighed at the time of getting a bottle of McGregor's Speedy Cure 130 lbs; used 3 bottles and now weigh 165 lbs. and never was better in my life. It was McGregor's Speedy Cure that brought me round." So says Wm. Fell, Hamilton. Go to F. T. Burgess' drug store, 364 King street east, and get a free trial bottle or the regular size for fifty cents and one dollar.

According to "Gath" Ellen Terry has four living husbands. It is to be hoped that she is not compelled to support them all.

—The star dyes are unexcelled for cheapness and fast colors.

"Rough on Rats.

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

"There are six authors of the first rank, and I am one of them," once wrote old Dumas to a general who complained of not having received a visit from him. "There are six marshals of France, and you are not one of them. It seems to me, therefore, that it was for you to call first upon me."

—Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain.

—Mrs. Robt. Oxtoby of Vroomanton, Ont., suffered several years with dyspepsia, without permanent relief, until a friend recommended National Pills. After taking one box she recovered her health and weighed twenty-five pounds more than before taking them.

Holland, in the last three centuries, has recovered from the sea at least 90,000 acres. The lake of Harlem became terra firma between 1840 and 1852, and the Zuyder Zee is in process of transformation into 500,000 valuable acres. Holland has now 1,479 000 oxen and cows, and her present output of cheese is estimated as worth $3,000,000.

Facts and Figures.

—The first year's sales of that popular blood and liver purifying tonic—Burdock Blood Bitters—was upwards of 50,000 bottles; the second year it exceeded 100,000, with rapid and constant increase. It is a meritorious medicine.

In Hertford, N.C., on Friday, Nov. 2, Cloud Saunders and a friend were playing ball. They were standing about twenty feet apart. Saunders threw the ball with considerable force, and the other struck it with a cypress pale about four feet long. The pale broke near the centre, and the broken end struck Saunders in the eye, penetrated the forehead and entered the brain. Saunders pulled the stick out and then fell back, and died in about two hours.

—The constant feeling of being "played out" and "used up" can readily be removed by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"Buchu-Paiba."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

By an ingenious automatic contrivance, telephone subscribers in Boston are furnished with Harvard observatory time every minute, whenever they choose to listen at their receiver. Suppose the time to be 11.39, the listener will hear eleven clicks given slowly, then three, and then nine more slowly, with short intervals after each series. When the minute hand is exactly upon the point there is a short buzzing sound, in order to fix the time with precision.

—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. See that you take no other and you will be satisfied.

A Georgia dog fell into a Georgia well during the summer. Not being a very good dog no fuss was made about it. Seven weeks after the fall the owner of the well went down into it to see why there was no water in it. He found the well dry as a horn and the dog feeling well with the exception of being hungry.

Another Editor Heard From.

—Headache is one of those distressing complaints that depends upon nervous irritation, bad circulation or a disordered state of the stomach, liver, bowels, etc. The editor and proprietor of the Canada Presbyterian was cured after years of suffering with headache, and now testifies to the virtue of Burdock Blood Bitters.

One night in the early days of San Francisco a party of men were winding up a spree in a saloon, when of the members dashed the liquor from his glass, and said: "I dash it away forever." From this incident the Dashaway society was formed, and it did incalculable good in the cause of temperance and charity.

More Than All Others.

—T. Kennedy of Dixie sells more of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam than any other cough remedy. His wife having been cured of a severe cold by its use, he has since recommended it to his customers. It cures all throat and lung troubles leading to consumption.

Among the notable bridges of the world is the one of Langang, China. It crosses an arm of the China sea. This structure is some miles long, and has not less than 300 arches. Over the pillar of each arch reclines a lion made out of a single block of marble, and yet twenty-one feet long. The roadway of this bridge is seventy feet wide.

"Mother Swan's Worm Syrup."

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

An English bride, Miss Jessel, has had a wonderful wedding cake. On the top, done in sugar, was a representation of the meeting of Rebekah and Abraham's servant at the well, the grouping modeled after Vernet's celebrated picture. The cake was four feet high and weighed 227 pounds. The cover or top lifted off so that the cake could be cut.

Kram's Fluid Lightning

—Wife—What is the matter now, John? Husband—Oh, that neuralgia and headache near kills me.

Wife—Why don't you go to F. T. Burgess' drug store, 364 King street east, and get a bottle of Kram's Fluid Lightning, you know it cures all such things as toothache, neuralgia, headache, lumbago, earache, sore throat, etc. It gives instant relief.

"Miss Q.," said a professor at the Normal, "you will have an oration next Friday and you may take as a subject 'The King of Spain.'" "Oh, professor, I cannot. That would be impossible." "Impossible! Why?" "Because it is impossible for a king to be a subject." Intense excitement in the class.

Salt Rheum Cured.

—Are you troubled with salt rheum, rough skin, pimples or canker sores; if so go at once to F. T. Burgess' drug store, 364 King street east, and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. Price twenty-five cents. It was never known to fail.

—Ayer's pills are a convenient remedy to have always at hand. They are sugar coated, easy to take, effective to operate, sure to bring relief and cure. They are effectual in a wide range of diseases, which arise from disorders of the stomach and digestive organs.

An illustration of the ridiculous and annoying way in which a church choir will sometimes run together the words of a hymn is afforded by the remark of a small boy in one of the front pews of a church in Boston. The hymn beginning, "The consecrated cross I'd bear," had just been sung, and in the momentary quiet which followed the perplexed youth turned to his father and asked in an earnest whisper: "Say, pa, where do they keep the consecrated cross-eyed bear."

Remarkable and True.

—Aloazo Howe of Tweed was cured of a fever sore of thirty-five years' duration by six bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters. He had suffered terribly, and tried many remedies in vain. He considers Burdock Blood Bitters a marvellous medicine.

A correspondent of the Lancet describes the following as the method employed in China for determining paternity: A basin or cup of clean water is obtained; the supposed father's finger is cut, and then put into the water till some blood trickles; then the child's finger is cut and placed in the water, and if the bloods immediately unite, the proof is complete. The magistrate is sometimes bribed and the water tampered with.

A Fact Worth Mentioning.

—Mrs. Ira Mulholland of Oakville was cured of dyspepsia and oft-recurring bilious headache by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the great blood purifying, system regulating tonic and matchless liver regulator.

A cave-in occurred near Logan colliery seven hundred yards in length and six hundred yards wide along the main line of the Lehigh Valley road. A large amount of property is jeopardized.

—Mr. Wm. Boyd Hill, Cobourg, writes: "Having used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for some years, I have much pleasure in testifying to its efficacy in relieving pains in the back and shoulders. I have also used it in cases of croup in children, and have found it to be all that you claim it to be"

MANITOBA EXHIBIT OF GRAIN AND ROOT CROPS.

The Canada Northwest Land Company (limited), have on exhibit in the York Chambers, Toronto street, a portion of the Manitoba grain and root crops that were shown at the St. John and Boston exhibitions. The Inspector of the Company, a practical Manitoba farmer, is in charge of the exhibit, and will be glad to give information as to Manitoba and the Northwest, to all who may desire it. The collection also includes samples of the soil and the coal of the Northwest, and of flour manufactured from Manitoba wheat. The Company invite farmers and others to call and see for themselves what Manitoba can produce.

E. B. OSLER.
W. B. SCARTH,
Managing Directors

PERRY'S PRINTING HOUSE
124 BAY STREET.

SIX CARLOADS
NO. 2 SHINGLES
(6 in. butt) to be sold cheap.
FRED. PERRY, Agent.

J. R. BAILEY & CO.,
DEALERS IN
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69 YONGE ST.

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STOCK BROKERS,
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Buy and sell on Commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the
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Stocks — Ontario, Northwest, and General Real Estate bought and sold for cash, or on margin.
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A. T. KERR,
Member of Toronto Stock Exchange,
British America Assurance Buildings,
Buys and sells on commission Stocks, Bonds, and Debentures. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention.

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WHO'S YOUR HATTER WHO'S YOUR HATTER
Fall and Winter Styles.
New York and London Styles.
Just to hand, all the Leading Hats for Gents, Boys and Children.
Ladies' Fine Seal Sacques.
Ladies' Astrachan Jackets.
Men's Fur Overcoats.
Fine Black Bear Sleigh Robes.
Ladies' Fur Capes in large variety.
A Fine Lot of Fur Trimmings.
Call and see our large stock before you buy.
J. & J. LUGSDIN,
Manufacturers and Direct Importers,
101 Yonge St., Toronto.

SPECIAL EXCURSION
THE NEW POWERFUL AND FAVORITE
S. S. ASSRYIAN MONARCH
WILL LEAVE
New York for London
Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1883.
A limited number of steerage passengers will be taken at a Reduced Rate.
Apply at once to
SAM. OSBORNE & CO.
40 or 50 Yonge Street.

KINGSTON ROAD
TRAMWAY.
TIME TABLE.
On and after Monday, November 19th, 1883, the cars will run as follows:—

DON. DEPART.	BEN LAMOND. DEPART.
7.45 a. m.	8.30 a. m.
9.15 "	10.00 "
10.30 "	11.15 "
12.00 noon.	1.00 p. m.
2.05 p. m.	2.50 "
3.30 "	4.15 "
5.00 "	5.45 "
6.30 "	7.15 "
9.00 " on Saturday night only.	9.45 " on Saturday night only.

SUNDAY SERVICE.

10.00 a. m.	10.45 a. m.
2.00 p. m.	2.45 p. m.
4.45 "	5.30 "

The Company reserve the right to cancel or alter the above without notice.
JOHN B. LeROY, Manager.

THE
New Suburb
EVERY MAN
Can become his own Landlord and the happy possessor of a choice Building Lot, 25 x 160 feet, at
West Toronto Junction
Upon the payment of $5 premium and $1 per week for 18½ weeks.
This will become the Great Railway Centre of Ontario.
The Canadian Pacific Syndicate have purchased 40 acres opposite this property for the purpose of building workshops, etc.
TICKETS BY THE YEAR
Are now issued at the rate of
4 cents each way; School Tickets 2 cents each way.
For full particulars and a choice of lots, an early application should be made to
295 YONGE ST.,
OR AT
720 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

A BARGAIN.
Upright ENGINE and BOILER for sale cheap. Six to seven horse power, in first-class condition. Boiler just inspected and found A 1. MUST BE SOLD to make room for a larger one. Easy on fuel and requiring little attention. Can be seen running any day. Apply to WESTMAN & BAKER Engineers, 119 Bay street, Toronto.

PHIL. PEARSON
DEALER IN
Stationery, Fancy Goods, Xmas Cards, Cigars, Etc.,
490 YONGE ST.
I beg to call your attention to the fact that I have opened the above store with a choice assortment of
Fancy Goods, Stationery, etc.
XMAS CARDS a Specialty.

Telegraph Students' Instruments,
Railway and Telegraph
SUPPLIES
AT
T. J. FRAME & CO.
120 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO.

CHRISTMAS
CARDS.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
The Toronto News Company
42 Yonge Street, Toronto.

GUNS.
Guns, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Camping Goods, Boxing Gloves and Sporting Goods of every description.
Prices greatly reduced during exhibition.
McDOWALL'S GUN STORE
Cor. King and George Sts.
One minute's walk east of market.

NEWEST DESIGNS.
CRYSTAL, BRASS, GILT AND BRONZE
GASALIERS AND BRACKETS
A Full Assortment of Globes and Smoke Bells.
91 KING STREET W.
(ROMAINE BUILDING.)
RITCHIE & CO.

SCROLL SAWS
The Prize Holly Saws and the Prize Demas. Saws and Lathes combined. Also, Sheets of Patterns, Saw Blades, Drills, etc
RICE LEWIS & SON,
52 & 54 King Street East,
TORONTO

$3 PER DOZEN
FOR ALL STYLES OF
CABINET PHOTOS
And the most substantial proof of their superior artistic qualities is that I have made more sittings during the past year than any other studio in Toronto.
THOMAS E. PERKINS,
Photographer, 293 Yonge street

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THE WORLD is to be had at TOLTON'S, Queen street terminus, every morning at 6 a. m.
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WEATHER STRIPS
JUST ARRIVED.
Save half your fuel by getting the Felt Weather Strip.
P. PATERSON & SON,
24 KING ST. EAST.

COMPLETE
Is every lady that is wearing Our Styles in Waves, Bangs or other Head Dresses, no matter what shape or size your head is or what color or condition your hair is in, we can suit you all, $5. For a few dollars every lady, no matter, if they are young or old, nice looking or not, can be made to appear as desired. Water Waves Langtry Waves, Bangs Water Frizettes, Coquettes, Switches, Wigs, etc., in endless variety.
Satisfaction guaranteed in every case. A. DORENWEND, Paris Hair Works, 105 Yonge street.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING
EPPS' COCOA
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in packets and tins only (½-lb. and lb.) by Grocers labelled thus
JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

NEVER AND ACUE
Do not throw money away on wholesale remedies when NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS will cure you. Use one and you will find immediate benefit. Every one is guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BABY
Can be kept quiet and comfortable by wearing around its little neck one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES. They are better than all the soothing syrup in christendom. They give no shocks and are comfortable. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Ask for them and take no other.

CRYING BABIES.
Babes cry because they suffer. Their little gums are inflamed, and their bodies are more or less feverish. If you will tie around their necks one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES you will see a wonderful change for the better; their suffering will cease and their general health improve. Ask for Norman's, take no other, and you will be pleased. Price 50c.

CONSTIPATION
is entirely overcome by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. No injury can result, and they are pleasant to wear. Try one and be cured. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BILIOUSNESS
And all disorders of the stomach and liver are corrected by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. Try one and be convinced. Guaranteed genuine. Circulars and consultation free. A. Norman 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

FEMALE TROUBLES.
Ladies are benefitted more by NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS than by all the science of medicine. They are comfortable and durable. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

LUMBAGO.
Those who are suffering from this disease will find a friend in NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS when all other remedies fail. Ask your druggist for it. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

WEAKNESS
And lassitude yield to the influence of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT when all other remedies fail. Try one and you will suffer no longer. Every belt guaranteed. Circular and consultation free A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE.
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of diseases arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
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BEFORE. DR. DYE'S AFTER.
ELECTRO VOLTAIC BELT, and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES. We will send on Thirty Days' Trial, TO MEN, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, and those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address
VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

FREE! FREE!
Don't suffer with the ASTHMA another hour. We have left at the principal drug stores a few FREE trial bottles of Dr. Taft's Asthmalene, the world renowned Never-Failing Asthma cure. Send to Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Toronto, Ont., general agents for Dr. Taft's remedies.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S
G AND G CURE
A Guaranteed Cure Gonorrhœa and Gleet. Safe pleasant and reliable. No bad effects from its use. Does not interfere with business or diet. Price $2 per box or 3 boxes for $5. Written guarantees issued by every duly authorized agent to refund the money if three boxes fail to cure. Sent, postage prepaid, on receipt of price.
DR. FELIX LE BRUN & CO., 58 South Halsted street, Chicago, Ill., Sole Proprietors.
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Private Medical Dispensary
(Established 1860), 27 GOULD STREET, TORONTO, ONT. Dr. Andrews' Purificantia, Dr. Andrews' Female Pills, and all of Dr. A.'s celebrated remedies for private diseases, can be obtained at the dispensary. Circulars free. All letters answered promptly, without charge when stamped enclosed. Communications confidential. Address M. J. Andrews, M.D., Toronto, Ont.

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NERVE BRAIN Dr. E. C. WEST TREATMENT
DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5 00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.
WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES
To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by A. B. EADDIE, Druggist, 227 King Street East, Toronto. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Sole Proprietors, Toronto, Canada.

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THE LEADING UNDERTAKER,
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TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION.

W. H. STONE,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
Yonge 187 Street.
The best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the City.

THE TORONTO WORLD

MONDDAY MORNING, NOV. 26, 1883.

A JOB ROOM JOB.

The Last Great Deal of Edgar and Jaffray —Grip Buys the Globe Job Room and Gets the Government Printing.

The Globe have decided to abandon a practice, now obsolete as far as first-class papers are concerned, viz., that of hanging out a sign "Job Printing Done Here." They have sold their job printing department to Grip, and all the type and presses will be moved into a building on Front street, and the accumulation of years in the Globe office, and the remains of the Grip fire, together with some new material, will be combined into a "mammoth book and job printing house."

They do say that a job has taken place in the deal, the movements whereof may be described thus:

1. The Ontario government have a printing contract of $40,000 a year for five years to let—to put where it will do most good.

2. S. Franc Wilson is a speculating bidder for this printing and therefore puts in the lowest bid.

3. Grip Printing company is an ambitious bidder for the same and puts in the next lowest bid.

4. The Globe Printing company is a concern not out of trouble, with a non-paying job room on its hands, and very anxious to get rid of it.

5 Mr. Edgar and Mr. Jaffray are political managers of the reform party, and directors in both the Globe company and Grip company.

Now here are five points and these two clever men set their heads together to effect the purposes of each of the five movements That is to be effected of course by combination. And Grip being the middle movement is chosen as the basis.

Accordingly Grip goes to S. Franc, the speculating bidder, (contract broker is what the Globe used to call Charley Mackintosh of the Ottawa Citizen) and offers him $5000 to turn the contract over to them. He accepts. Then the wily two turn the other way and see the poor Globe languishing under the load of its job room. So they send Grip to the Globe and offer a great price for the job room, which is greedily accepted. But before making either of these combination moves they of course have an understanding with the Ontario government that Grip will be given the printing contract at S. Franc Wilson's figures.

So the whole deal has been about consummated.

For the Ontario government have put the contract where it will do most good.

S Franc has made a haul.

Grip will get lots of printing and there will be no more bad pictures of the grits. Indeed they have ordered a new heading "Grit."

The Globe will get rid of its unproductive job room.

And Edgar and Jaffray will be entitled to the thanks of all the other four for their tact and qualities for combination.

And all the other job printers will be pleased that instead of Grip opening a new job office there will be two less in the city.

But what will the public say, and the preachers of morality say?

RED COATS AND BLUE.

The Police Prove About Six Hundred Pounds Too Much for the Grenadiers.

After a great deal of diplomacy and bickering the great tug of war between teams from the 10th Royal Grenadiers and the police force came off at the Adelaide street rink Saturday night in presence of a large number of people. Mayor Boswell, Chief Draper and ladies were in attendance. The tug resulted in a hollow victory for the police. Previous to the first pull Adjutant Manley, captain of the Grenadiers' team, marshalled his men in one corner of the rink and put them through a series of mysterious manœuvres. They were halted, half-turned, dressed, eyed-right, quick-stepped, and an order which sounded something like stand on your heads was given. As the men did not stand on their heads it is possible that something else was meant. Then the gallant adjutant wheeled them round once more, and marched toward the spot where they were to meet with such an inglorious defeat.

Sergeant Stark, captain of the opposing team, was in readiness with his 2700 pound weight of police bone and muscle. The Grenadier team weighed 660 pounds less. Three straight lines were drawn on the east side of the rink. These lines were twelve feet apart Immediately over the middle line a ribbon was tied around the rope. Sergeant Stark won the toss and chose the south end of the rope. P. D. Ross, the referee, gave the word to go and away they went. The citizen soldiers were pulled towards the police line with comparatively little effort on the part of the latter, and in just 13 seconds they were landed two feet past the winning goal. After a minute or two of breathing time ropes end was changed. The second heat lasted less than 20 seconds and the grenadiers were nearly as easily handled as in the first heat. The third and deciding heat lasted 12 seconds The crowd cheered for all it was worth, the adjutant and his defeated heroes hastily disappeared through a postern gate. Ald. Walker kindly placed the rink at the disposal of the team and in addition facilitated matters by illuminating the scene with his electric light. Following are the names of the tug teams:

Police—Detective Reid, Policemen Anson, Stormont, O'Connell (109), Mills, Geddes, Wallace (76), Ball, McDonald, McRae, Patterson, Coulter.

Grenadiers—Sergeants Cusick and Metcalfe, Corporals Sinclair, Walker, Herbert, and Robert Dodds, Privates McLaughlin, Muirhead, Richard Dodds, Thomas Dodds, Ross and Blackwell.

MR. CROOKS' TROUBLES

Bounced by his Colleagues and Thrown Overboard by his Partners—A sad Experience.

Mr. Crooks was forced out of the Mowat cabinet. Indeed one of his friends said last night that the first intimation he had of it was on Thursday when on his way to St. Thomas a fellow passenger handed him the Globe. Mr. Crooks thereupon got off the train at Harrisburg and wrote a long telegraphic despatch to Governor Robinson to the effect that he had not resigned his position in the cabinet, did not intend to resign his seat, and that his colleagues had no right to dismiss him He at once returned to Toronto, and so it is said gave the Mail a copy of his despatch to the governor, which that paper ought to publish to-day. A reporter called at Mr. Crooks' house last night and was told that he was out of town and would be ten days or a fortnight

But Mr. Crooks' troubles are not only with his late colleagues in the government. His partners in the law business which he was head gave him the bounce so to speak, in July last, though the announcement thereof was not made till a few days ago. The best client of the firm is the Canada Southern railway, and Mr. Crooks, it is said, was on his way to St. Thomas to put in a remonstrance with the railway officers against the action of his late partners, when the Globe announcing his retirement was given him.

Those who ought to know say that Mr. Crooks has lost his head.

A Series of Incendiary Fires.

Three or four fires occurred Saturday night, all of which are supposed to be incendiary. A 6 30 box 65, Bay and Richmond streets, was sounded. Fire was discovered in Joseph Westman's bellows factory in rear of 40 Richmond street west. About $300 damage was done before the flames were put out. Insured. At. 7.30 Dr. Ferguson's stable in Cecil street, near Spadina avenue, and its contents were damaged to the extent of $70. Within an hour of before and after midnight two attempts were made to fire the row of old frame buildings at the southwest corner of Queen and John streets. Box 21 was rung for the first fire, and a man passing at 12 20 discovered fire in two different parts of the buildings. He gave the alarm at Queen street hall. None of the fires amounted to much.

Osgoode Hall Briefs.

J. M. Kilbourne and G. R. Sanderson were sworn in as barristers, and W. A. McLean as a solicitor in the queen's bench Saturday. In the plasterer's case of Hynes and Fisher an order was obtained Saturday to examine Henry and Redwood at Guelph, the two workmen who were persuaded by McCord and Jenkins to break their engagement. A writ was issued Saturday at the instance of Brown Bros. against the insolvent estate of Willing & Williamson for $1500. There are at present writs of execution to the extent of over $40,000 in the sheriff's hands. By agreement, however, with the bank of Commerce all judgments that were obtained within 15 days will be paid proportionately.

The Queen's Lace Handkerchief.

Strauss' clever opera has been doing well everywhere, at least such is the report. Light and pleasing, with some exceedingly droll effects, it delights its audiences and sends them home regretting that it is over, and with an often expressed determination to see it again. A feature is the chorus, which is stated to be exceptionally well drilled. That the Queen's Lace Handkerchief will be a success in such a musical centre as Toronto is certain, and intending visitors would therefore be well advised to secure their seats ahead, the first performance not being given until Wednesday.

Provincial Appointments and Revocations

D. E. Thompson, Toronto, and T. W. Chapple, Whitby, barristers-at-law; R. A. Coleman, Toronto, solicitor supreme court of Ontario; R. M. Browning, Bracebridge, to be notaries public for Ontario. Andrew Botsford, Windsor, to be bailiff seventh division court of Essex county. G. S. Miller, to be a license commissioner for East Northumberland, vice Robert Cook, left limits. The commission, dated Nov. 18, 1880, appointing John Nott of Port Perry police magistrate for the said village of Port Perry is revoked.

"Always With You."

The Ontario government has granted $500 to the Conway street destitute immigrants. The money will be disbursed by the combined charities and house of industry board. Mr. Joseph Simpson has sent $100 to Mayor Boswell for poor relief.

The Great Liver Remedy.

Large bottles 50 cents. For sale by G B. Smith & Co., 356 Yonge street, Toronto.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

Vital statistics last week: births 53, marriages 13, deaths 28

The county council finished its business on Saturday at noon.

Mr. Walter S. Andrews is again about after his recent severe attack of blood poisoning.

An additional teacher will be appointed in Bathurst street night school, the attendance being exceptionally large.

At a meeting held on Friday night the Sixth Fusileers of Montreal decided to accept an invitation to be present in Toronto at the semi-centennial.

Rev. I. Tovell, pastor of the Berkeley street methodist church, has received a unanimous call from the George street church of Peterboro.

Police court Saturday: Geo. Ferguson beating his wife, $50 and costs. Charlotte Guelph, 44, and Mary Combe, 27, were committed as lunatics.

Mr. Powell Martin, who has been confined at Longue Point asylum, near Montreal, for a number of weeks, was brought to this city Saturday by his friends.

The common pleas divisional court Saturday denied Mr. Bigelow's application to release Mattie Flint on the ground that she was convicted on a sufficient evidence.

Zetland masonic lodge haf elected the following officers. J. B. Hay W. M., I G. Routh S. W., J. A. Carlaw J. W., J. W. O'Harrow treas., G. E. Corvey secy., Dr. McCarroll chap.

Judge Gwynne is still in the city watching at the bedside of his daughter. Owing to this illness of the young lady the judge will be unable to return to Ottawa to-morrow to attend the opening of the supreme court and an adjournment will be made.

The compositors of the News presented an address to Mr. Wm. J. Hambly, mechanical superintendent of the Mail, on the occasion of their leaving the building for new quarters. The address was complimentary in its terms and handsomely illuminated. Mr. Hambly was of course happy in his reply.

Miss Charlotte McLean, known in religion as Sister Christiana, of St. Joseph's convent, died of consumption last Friday. Sister Christiana was one of the leading teachers of music in the convent She came from London, and she has a sister attached to St. Mary's convent, Hamilton.

Policeman Sleemin was walking on Queen street in plain clothes last night. Hattie Davene, a street walker, hailed him and invited Sleemin to her room at 16 Elizabeth street. When the door was reached the officer intimated that they might go a little further up street, and they kept on walking until Hattie reached No. 2 police station, where the woman was locked up.

Elliot & Co's. drug warehouse on Front street had a narrow escape from destruction by fire Saturday morning The firemen found a blaze in the cellar adjacent to a spot where a quantity of paints, oils and varnishes were stored. They managed to put the fire out before it reached this inflammable matter, thereby saving the building from ruin. Spontaneous combustion caused the blaze.

Oliver, Coate & Co. sold the following real estate Saturday: Nos. 205, 207, 211, and 213 King street east, with 71 feet frontage on Frederick street, to the Federal bank for $6975, and Nos. 231, 233, 237 and 239 King street east to the Federal bank for $9401 57. Both properties were covered by a heavy mortgage, which accounts for their apparent cheapness.

DOMINION DASHES

The Latest and Best News Found in Our Canadian Exchanges.

Hamilton is invaded with ghosts.

A now curling rink has been established in Berlin.

St. John, N.B., merchants have ordered upwards of a hundred electric lights.

A man in Lindsay offers to keep the sidewalks clear of snow all winter for $100.

Hanlan proposes to give an exhibition at Victoria, B.C., before leaving for Australia.

Mr. Wilcox, an English gentleman, has bought a farm of 250 acres in Puslinch township for $11,500.

Bradstreet reports 24 failures in Canada last week, an increase of six over the corresponding week last year.

Fenelon Falls did not observe thanksgiving day, because, a local paper says, the people did not know the date.

Montreal is the muddiest city in Canada so the people who live there say. There is comfort in that for Torontonians.

A goose belonging to Mr. A. McArthur of Fenelon Falls is said to have laid an egg forming a perfect jug handle in shape.

A. Herschey's machine shop and saw mills at Ridgeway, Ont., were destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $7300. No insurance.

The people of Haliburton complain of irregularity of the Midland railway and hope that the Grand Trunk will give them better service.

It required a special meeting of the Lindsay town council to decide whether the local chief of police should have a red stripe down his trousers or not.

Mr. C.J. Brydges, who is now at Ottawa, has asked the government for a grant of land at Winnipeg on which to erect exhibition buildings.

John Blenkinsop of Stellarton, N.S., has won the first prize—the Queen's—at Newcastle-on-Tyne for applied mechanics from twenty competitors.

The department of marine and fisheries is considering the propriety of adopting the system of gaslight buoys for the coasts and harbors of the dominion.

On Wednesday last a 11-year old son of John Ambrose of the 9th concession of Puslinch fell from a beam in a neighbor's barn and was instantly killed.

The farmers of the townships of Waterloo and Wilmot have organized themselves into an association called the Union Horse company for the prevention of horse-stealing.

George McDowell, a young man, embezzled $55 from the Railway News company at Hamilton. On Saturday he was sent to jail for 30 days. He returned $45 of the money.

The Royal Scots of Montreal are to give an entertainment, the proceeds of which will be devoted towards the purchase of a feather head-dress in order to complete their highland equipment.

A young man named Boyce out shooting with a companion in Minden was mistaken by the latter for a deer and duly brought down. The wound, though very serious, will not be necessarily fatal.

A lad named Johnnie Smithson, aged 9, was seen recently at Shakespeare, Ont., wheeling his drunken mother home in a barrow. He upset his load, and two young men helped him through with his sorrowful task.

A little girl 6 years old, daughter of Mr. Jos. Ellsworth of Clifford, Ont., was so badly burned on Saturday by her dress catching fire while she was putting wood into the stove that she died a few hours later.

Watty Bonnell has returned to town from Montreal and will prepare himself for the proposed championship snowshoe races at the commercial capital. Watty's triumph would be a subject for congratulation in two cities.

A commission, composed of Judge Clarke and Messrs. C. J. Brydges and A. L Light has been formed at Ottawa to consider the claim of Messrs. Manning, McDonald and McLean, section B contractors, against the government.

Two handsome stained glass windows have been placed in the west gable of St. Paul's church, Kingston. They were erected by the Sunday school children as memories of the boys and girls of the school who have died.

John Kelly, a railroad foreman, and three workmen were riding on a hand-car on the Hamilton & Northwestern road in Hamilton Saturday morning. An engine came along, and three men sprang from the car. Kelly, however, was not quick enough and was instantly killed.

Lieut.-Col. Ross of the Governor-General's Foot Guards, Ottawa, has received a complaint against Major Wetherly of the same regiment, charging him with conduct unbecoming an officer. An investigation will be ordered The father of the woman in the case is the complainant.

Miss Martha Graves (colored) of St. Thomas, being troubled with toothache took a large dose of laudanum, and nearly succumbed to its influence. Her friends, noticing her appearance shortly after she had taken the dose, called a doctor, and he saved her life only by using energetic means.

A serious perplexing disease is reported to have broken out among the horses in the northern portion of the county of Lambton. The animals grow dull and stupid and are taken with severe spasms of purging, quickly affecting the nervous system. Animals in good condition, within twenty-four hours after the attack of this disease are reduced almost to skin and bones, the eyes sink and the hair falls out of the mane and tail, and death in some instances takes place in two or three days.

One of the clerks in a fashionable dry goods establishment on the north side of Dundas street, London, is a beautiful "slim." Recently he had himself done in crayon by a skilful artist, and himself in the portrait look lovelier than ever. Thursday he yielded to temptation to place the portrait in the store window, along with the flowers and ribbons and silk hosiery. Unobserved, one of his associates attached to a conspicuous part of the frame a white card bearing this legend: "This donkey will be raffled on the 27th inst. Tickets for sale at 25 cents each." The picture and motto remained on exhibition several hours before the slim discovered them.

PROMINENT PERSONS

Mr. John Casimir-Perier, lately appointed under secretary for war in France, a new office which some think has been specially created for him, is one of the few republicans who come of an official family. His grandfather was the well-known minister of Louis Philippe, and his father a diplomatist, and subsequently minister of the interior under Thiers.

Bishop William Fitzgerald, D.D., died in the episcopal residence at Killaloe, Ireland, Saturday, aged 69. He was long a professor of Trinity college, Dublin, and a well-known writer. He was appointed 1862 at a salary of £3,130.

De Lesseps left London for Paris on Saturday. Replying to an address from the workingmen in the great metropolis, he said: "Great as has been our success in the Suez canal, I see more good for the future in the proposed Panama canal."

The Duke of Marlboro' is the leading London masher.

OUTWITTING THE POLICE.

Demonstrations That Were Prohibited and yet Took Place.

DUBLIN, Nov. 25.—The authorities forbade a procession to the cemetery announced for to-day to commemorate the execution of Allen, Larkin and O'Brien. Crowds, however, marched to the cemetery in small groups and walked around the graves.

LISTOWELL, Nov. 25.—The town was thronged to-day with people who came to witness the unveiling of a memorial to Allen, Larkin and O'Brien. Special trains from Limerick and Tralee brought many visitors. Two magistrates and a body of police were ready to enforce the government's proclamation prohibiting a demonstration, but the promoters evaded them by unveiling the memorial earlier than the specified time.

SLIM HOPES OF HICKS PASHA.

A Report That the False Prophet has Been Killed.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A Khartoum despatch says Hicks' defeat occured on Nov. 4. A correspondent of the Daily News at Cairo sends the following: "The governor of Khartoum telegraphs that two chiefs report the defeat of Hicks Pasha as false; that Hicks is at El Obid, and that El Mahdi has been killed."

CAIRO, Nov. 25.—It is believed the report sent by the two chiefs that Hicks Pasha had not been defeated refers to the state of affairs at the close of the first day's fighting.

THE OLD WORLD IN BRIEF.

James & Co., merchants, of Manchester, England, have failed. Liabilities £110,000.

The Greek consul at Khartoum telegraphs Greek merchants not to send goods to Khartoum.

De Lesseps does not think the Suez canal is in danger from the False Prophet's forces.

Rouz de Fraiseinet, a prominent banker at Paris, has failed; liabilities 18,000,000 francs.

James & Co., merchants and contractors of Manchester, Eng., have failed; liabilities $550,000.

At the forthcoming banquet to be given in Dublin to Mr. Parnell, speeches will be delivered in the native tongue by two members of the Gaelic union.

There were twenty deaths from yellow fever at Havana the past week, including Signor Sala, tenor of an Italian opera troupe. The weather continues sultry.

The French chambers have decided that neither a deputy nor a senator shall hold any other office under government than that of minister, under secretary or ambassador.

Serrano, Spanish ambassador to France, presented his credentials to President Grevy Saturday, and both of these officials, speaking for their respective countries, vouched for their good will, kindly feelings, etc.

At the close of the opera at Madrid Friday evening the German national anthem was performed amid tremendous cheering. The crown prince acknowledged the compliment by bowing repeatedly to the audience.

In a note to the porte United States Minister Wallace insists that persons guilty of the recent assault on American missionaries shall be tried at Constantinople as the governor of Bitlis cannot be trusted to punish them.

The khedive has solicited the friendly offices of England in the questions at issue with Abyssinia. He has intimated his readiness to rectify the frontier between Abyssinia and Egypt if King John of Abyssinia remains tranquil.

It is thought probable that the decree forbidding the importation of American pork into France will soon be withdrawn, in conformity with the report of the Hygienic committee. The cases of trichinosis in Saxony were produced by German meat.

Cardinal Jacobini, pontifical secretary of state, gave a banquet yesterday in honor of the American bishops. Among the guests were the cardinals belonging to the congregation propaganda, the rectors of American colleges, and several foreign prelates. The Americans met with a cordial reception.

The Corean government, in order to raise funds, tried to negotiate a loan for $3,000,000 with Japan, pledging certain mine security. Investigation proved the mines to be a myth. It is now said the Coreans propose to offer the mines to New York capitalists, with whom they hope to succeed.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The late rain storms in Randolph county, Ill., caused $300,000 worth of damage.

The Chicago and Northwestern railroad on Saturday declared a dividend of 3½ per cent.

One man was killed and two injured by the fall of D. J. Carroll's lumber pile in New York.

Mrs. Richard Fullerlove, aged 18, was shot dead by a former lover at Patterson, N.J., yesterday.

The Pottsville, Pa., postoffice was entered Friday night by burglars, who blew open the safe and stole $5000.

Linneman & Kaup, general store keepers, Brainard, Minn., have failed; liabilities $150,000, assets $140,000.

Secretary Frelinghuysen has cabled the commander of the Asiatic fleet to protect American interests in China.

A train on the Southern Pacific was robbed by cowboys of $700 after being wrecked. The engineer was shot and killed.

At Wilmington, Del., Lewis F. List has been sentenced to death and his father to penal servitude for life for murder.

George Trenwith, a professional thief, shot Henry Smith of the same persuasion to death yesterday in a Philadelphia saloon.

A. J. Leo, a member of the Texas legislature, was bitten by a fly. He suffered terrible agony for three days and then died.

Aggie Hill, who claimed to be the wife of Senator Sharon of California, and her attorney, have been indicted for forgery, perjury and conspiracy.

Four white women and twenty-two men, among them some well-to do merchants, were arrested in a Chinese opium den at New York on Saturday.

Very extensive damage was done to the lumbering interests in New Hampshire by the recent gales In Chatham alone the loss will reach $100,000.

The postal letter carriers of Chicago have decided to memorialize congress to pass a bill granting them men in the carrier service a vacation of thirty days each year.

The laying of the corner stone of the Washington statue on the steps of the subtreasury at New York took place Saturday afternoon. There were no formal ceremonies.

Three colored prisoners and two white men were whipped at Wilmington, Del., yesterday. One man also stood an hour in the pillory. They received from 10 to 20 lashes.

John Scullin, a half-witted New York cigarmaker, aged 58, says he felt a sudden inclination to shoot somebody and accordingly shot Owen F. Plunkett, a fellow workman, dead.

The creditors of Rosenberg & Co., suspended New York tailors, offered to settle for 75 cents on the dollar. The head of the firm declined the offer, saying they could pay in full and would.

At Little Rock, Ark., three colored men have been sentenced to death and twenty-nine to imprisonment for from five to eighteen years for a single murder committed several months ago.

A robber in Texas went to the store of Chas. O. Keuffle and ordered him to give up his money. As he was complying the thief shot him dead and subsequently served his clerk in the same way.

The Prussian authorities inform the Boston, Mass., police that Nathan Szkalny, 55 years old, of Mowraslaw, is wanted on a charge of falsifying bills of exchange to the amount of $10,000. A reward of fifteen per cent. of the amount stolen is offered.

The report of the life saving service shows the number of disasters during the year exceeds by 71 the number of the preceding year, which was considerably larger than any previous year. The amount of property involved was $2,476,000 greater than the preceding year. The number of lives lost was seven more than the preceding year.

Congressman Finnerty at a meeting in Chicago in commemoration of the hanging of Allen, Larkin and O'Brien, the fenians, said he would be glad to hear that the dynamiters had blown London off the face of the earth. He was sorry to hear that they had attempted to do so and had made a miserable botch of it. The Irish people would be justified in doing anything to avenge the death of their martyrs.

Can Join Betty and the Baby.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The president has pardoned Sergt. Mason, who attempted to shoot Guiteau.

Sergeant Mason was sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary and was putting in the time at Albany.

When He Became an American.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 25.—O'Donnell, the slayer of Carey, took out his naturalization papers before Judge Thowan of this county, now a civil service commissioner, on April 7, 1879.

A Berlin Minister Killed.

NORTHVILLE, Va., Nov. 24.—The Chicago express demolished a wagon last evening at Lanesville, and William McIntosh, wife and daughter and Rev. Joseph House of Berlin were killed.

To-day Farley & Co. will offer over 10,000 yards of dress goods worth 30 cents a yard and upwards for 15 cents. 63 King street west, Moorehouse & Godson's old stand, Farley & Co., dealers in bankrupt stocks.

Change of a Society Name.

In consequence of the many brakemen who are annually promoted to the positions of conductors and still wish to continue their connection with the Brakemen's association, the name has been changed to "The Conductor's and Brakemen's Benevolent association, and hereafter both conductors and brakemen will be comprised within its membership.

—Families not taking up housekeeping for the winter will find it to their advantage to consult the winter rates at the American hotel, which is being remodelled and refurnished, making it the best family hotel in Toronto. 3-1-2

Mr. Alfred Joel, the manager of Brooks & Dickson's Romany Rye company, who commence an engagement at the Grand opera house here on Dec. 3, is in town.

A band of Sioux Indians are said to be starving a few miles from Moose Jaw. Government aid is being served out. The summer's hunt was a failure.

Some men are afraid of one thing and some of another, but all men are afraid of badly fitting shirts. Quinn, the shirtmaker, Rossin Block, York st., pays greater attention to the wants of his customers than any shirt-maker in the land. The largest stock of shirts, collars and ties in Toronto.

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you, SCROFULA AYER'S SARSAPARILLA will dislodge it and expel it from your system.

For constitutional or scrofulous Catarrh, CATARRH true remedy. It has cured numberless cases. It will stop the nauseous catarrhal discharges, and remove the sickening odor of the breath, which are indications of scrofulous origin.

ULCEROUS "Hutto, Tex., Sept. 28, 1882. SORES my children was terribly afflicted with ulcerous running sores on its face and neck. At the same time its eyes were swollen, much inflamed, and very sore. SORE EYES Physicians told us that a powerful alterative medicine must be employed. They united in recommending AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A few doses produced a perceptible improvement, which, by an adherence to your directions, was continued to a complete and permanent cure. No evidence has since appeared of the existence of any scrofulous tendencies; and no treatment of any disorder was ever attended by more prompt or effectual results.

Yours truly, B. F. JOHNSON."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

A MEETING

of the annual subscribers to the funds of the Toronto General Hopital of $20 and upwards will be held pursuant to the statute in that behalf, on Tuesday, the 4 h day of December next in the Board of Trade Rooms, Imperial Bank Building, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of a Trustee for the ensuing year.

A. F. MILLER, Secretary Hospital Trust.

Toronto, Nov. 20, 1883.

LOST OR FOUND.

DOG LOST—SUNDAY MORNING FROM 236 Wellesley street, a young Newfoundland dog with heavy leather collar and half the kennel chain attached to collar. A good reward will be paid upon return of dog to the above address. Any person found in possession of the animal after this notice will be prosecuted.

PERSONAL.

AT 72 QUEEN STREET WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast-off clothing, carpets, &c.; parties called on at residence by dropping a card. Cleaning and repairing neatly done. H. YANOVER.

I WILL GIVE WRITTEN GUARANTEE THAT my moustache grower will produce heavy moustache inside ten weeks or money refunded. Price of receipt $1. Address J. MURRAY McNEIL, London, Ont.

NAMES NOW REGISTERED FOR EVENING Shorthand class, commencing Tuesday next, 27th inst., at 8 p.m. For complimentary tickets, terms, &c., apply BENGOUGH'S SHORTHAND ATHENÆUM, 29 King Street West, Toronto.

BETRAYING CONFIDENCE.

It is to be very much regretted that the large majority of so-called regular M. D.'s will persist in discouraging poor sufferers whom they have failed to cure in trying the specialist in whose hands lies their last and only chance to get well. Many placing implicit confidence in their family physician even after he has failed to cure them, will, by his selfish advice, abandon all hope and in despair lie down and die. We can give you the names of thousands who in spite of such advice have, secretly and timidly, for fear their physician would know of it, put themselves in the hands of the Specialists of the International Throat and Lung Institute of Toronto and Montreal, where the Spirometer invented by Dr. M. Souvielle of Paris and Ex-Aide Surgeon of the French army, is used, and got entirely well when everything else had failed. Any one suffering from Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Catarrhal Deafness or Consumption in the first or second stage should consult these Specialists personally, if possible, if not write for list of questions and copy of "International News," published monthly, to 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Philips' square, Montreal, P.Q.

AMUSEMENTS.

HORTICULTURAL GARDENS

NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC CLUB TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

O. B. SHEPPARD - - Manager.

Four Nights Only and Saturday Matinee, commencing Wednesday evening, Nov. 28.

NEW YORK OPERA COMPANY

In Johann Strauss' Beautiful Opera

The Queen's Lace Handkerchief,

Which has just closed a brilliant season of 300 nights in "The Casino" in New York.

New and Beautiful Scenic Effects, Costly Costumes, Enlarged Orchestra, Large and Effective Chorus.

Conductor of Orchestra—Herr Hans Kreisig.

Box plan now open.

ROYAL MUSEUM,

Cor. Adelaide & Bay Sts.,

H. L. MONTFORD, - - MANAGER.

GRAND OPENING TO-DAY,

MONDAY, Nov. 26.

Special Engagement of Prof. Barry's Great London

GHOST MYSTERY

And a Star Company of Novelty Performers.

Two performances daily at 2.30 and 7 p.m.

Doors open one hour previous.

ADMISSION, - - 10 CENTS.

TO LET.

STORE AND DWELLING TO LET, 128 CHURCH street; good stand. Apply 88 Richmond street east.

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SELLING CITY LOTS or farm lands, for business chances, stores and houses to let and quick transactions of business, call upon THOMAS UTTLEY, real estate agent, corner of Adelaide and Victoria streets.

LEGAL.

GEORGE B. BOYLE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Notary, 15 Wellington street west.

ROBINSON & KENT, BARRISTERS, ETC—office: Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street Toronto

JOHN G. ROBINSON, H. A. E. KENT.

W. J. HARPER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, Notary Public, &c. Offices No. 39 King street west. Rooms 5 and 6.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES

ANTIQUE AND MODERN STOVES—TERRY'S Museum, 95 Jarvis street.

THE PHONOGRAPHIC TOMAHAWK MONTHLY JOURNAL of Shorthand and Letter Press. Issued solely in interest of phonographers; $2 per annum, 20 cents per copy. THE TOMAHAWK CO., 3 Adelaide St. East, Toronto.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE BEST PRICE PAID for cast off clothing, carpets, etc., you will find at 230 Queen street west. Please try and send postal card to MAX JACOBS, 230 Queen street west.

THE FREEMASON—THE ONLY INDEPENDENT masonic monthly in Canada: 50 cents a year; agents wanted; send for specimen copies. COWAN & CO., Toronto

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BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. M. LESSLIE, CORNER ST. PATRICK and McCaul streets.

J. H. MACMULLEN. J. D. RIDDELL.

J. H. MACMULLEN & CO., OFFICE—36 KING St. east, first floor, or after 4 o'clock 449 Yonge street, accountants, estates settled, books balanced, rents and accounts collected, real estate agents. Money loaned on real estate security.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON. Diseases of all the domesticated animals skilfully treated. Horses bought and sold on commission. 32 and 34 Richmond street west, Toronto.

H. WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET EAST successor to Hodge & Williams. Roofer and manufacturer of Roofing Materials and dealer in Carpet and Building Papers. Agents for Warren's Natural Asphalt Roofing, not affected by climatic changes, thus being very durable and fireproof.

STEAM FORGE AND BOLT WORKS, J. H PENDRITH, 60 Adelaide street west. Bolts, gratings, builders' iron work, engine and machine forgings. Spout hooks, eave trough nails 5½c. per lb.

HOTELS

ALBION HOTEL — GREAT ALTERATIONS have taken place at this hotel for the reception of travelers and agricultural people in general. It has long been felt that there was not sufficient room to accommodate the increasing trade of the hotel, and to meet this demand the proprietor has, at an expense of over $18,000, purchased the late premises occupied by the St. Lawrence coffee house association adjoining the Albion, and has now 125 bedrooms, accommodation for 250 guests. The house has been re-modelled and re-furnished throughout at an outlay of $5000—gas in every room, new dining-room 40x60, capable of seating 200 people at one time. The house is the best $1 house in the Dominion.

BIRT'S, 18 ADELAIDE STREET EAST IS noted for first class chops, steaks, lunches meals, Welsh rarebits, Melton Mowbray, pork pies, English jams and pastry. Oysters, fresh daily at reasonable prices.

KING'S HOTEL, TORONTO, THE BEST ONE dollar a day house in the city, corner York and Front streets. Porter to meet all trains. The most convenient house to all railroad stations. J H RIGG, Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE—THE ROSSIN IS THE largest hotel in Canada, only two blocks from Union station, corner King and York streets, finest situation in Toronto. Its thoroughly first class appointments, large corridors, lofty ceilings, spacious, clean and well ventilated rooms (the whole house having been painted, frescoed and decorated this spring), detached and en suite, polite and attentive employes in every apartment, together with unexcelled cuisine, make it specially attractive to the traveling public. Elevator running day and night. Hot and cold baths on each floor. Electric bells in rooms. Fire escape in each bed room. Prices graduated.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, YORK STREET, TORONTO, immediately opposite Union Station. Terms, $1.50 per day. A. G. HODGE, Proprietor.

THE

CABLE

Is the Oldest and most Reliable Brand of Cigars in Canada.

Nearly a Quarter of a Century in the Market.

Smokers are cautioned to see that every CIGAR is stamped, as unscrupulous dealers are in the habit of palming off inferior goods as our make, **because it pays them a larger profit.**

Manufactured Only by

S. DAVIS & SON,

Factories — MONTREAL.

TORONTO BRANCH—34 Church Street

AUCTION SALES.

SAFES FOR SALE.

1 Small Size with Combination Lock.
1 Large Size with Key Lock.
1 Large Size, suit a jeweler.

Can be seen and purchased at

A. O. Andrews & Co's.

AUCTION ROOMS,

151 YONGE ST., South of Richmond.

FOR SALE

BY PRIVATE BARGAIN AT

A. O. Andrews & Co's.

AUCTION ROOMS,

151 YONGE ST., South of Richmond.

1 Organ, 10 stops, grand organ attachment in elegantly carved walnut case, made by Clough & Warren, Detroit, cost $250.

2 very stylish elegantly carved Organs, 10 stops, by Kilgour, cost $200 each.

2 9 stop, very chased style, sweet toned, richly carved cased Organs, lamp stands, grand organ attachment, etc., by Williams, cost $150 each.

These organs are being sold to wind up an estate and to pay advances. Can be bought at extraordinary low figures. Call and see them.

A. O. Andrews & Co., 151 Yonge St.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

AT

Edward McKeown's

Popular Dry Goods House.

In order to reduce our immense stock in Staple Department, we will offer for the next two weeks at the following reduced prices:

Canton Flannels 8, 9, 10, 12½, 15c.
Heavy Grey Flannels, 20, 22½, 25, 30c.
Scarlet Flannels 20, 25, 30, 35c.
White Flannels, 25, 30, 35, 40c.
Grey Cottons, 4½, 5, 6, 7, 8c.
White Cottons, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10c.
Winceys, 5, 7, 8, 10c.
Towellings, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8c.
Towels, 50, 75c, $1 doz.
Cream Table Napkins, 50, 75c, $1 doz.
Cream Table Linens, 20, 25, 30, 37½c.
Bleached Table Linens, 50, 62½, 75c, $1.
Heavy Grey Sheeting, 20, 25, 30c.
Heavy Croyden Sheeting, 25, 30, 35c.
Heavy Bleached Twill Sheeting, 25, 30, 35c.
Feather Ticking, 12, 15, 17, 20, 25c.
Heavy Oxford Shirting, 10, 12, 15, 20c.
Fancy Flannel Shirting, 25, 30, 37c.
650 Pairs Blankets, $2, $2 50, $3, $3 50, $4 up.
25 Bales Comforters, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1 75 up.
Lace Curtains, 75, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $175, up.

A Specialty in MANTLES and MANTLE CLOTHS.

Edward McKeown

182 YONGE STREET.

LAUNDRY.

BOND STREET LAUNDRY, No. 84. GENTS' work a specialty. Work sent for and delivered.

GENTLEMEN'S AND FAMILY WASHING done in first-class style. Washing delivered to any address.

DOMINION LAUNDRY, 160 Richmond street west.

FINANCIAL.

AT 6 PER CENT—PRIVATE MONEY TO lend on large first-class mortgages. W. JAMES COOPER, 25 Imperial Bank Buildings.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE AT lowest rates. LEITH, KINGSTONE & ARMOUR, 18 King street west.

MONEY LOANED ON PERSONAL PROPERTY. Houses furnished. CHICAGO LOAN, 391½ Queen street west.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST CURRENT r