

HOTELS. QUEEN HOTEL, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REBUILT AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE MANNER... HOTEL, Fredericton, N. B.

M. WILSON, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

RAILROADS. CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

New Brunswick Division. ALL RAIL TO BOSTON AND MONTREAL, &c.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON. 4.42 P.M.—Mixed from Woodstock, and points north.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY. 1889 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after Monday, June 10th, 1889, the Train of this Railway will run daily.

NEW YORK STEAMSHIP CO. THE IRON LINE.

VALENCIA, 1600 tons, (Capt. F. C. MILLER), will leave COMPANY'S WHARF, Rear of Custom House.

ST. JOHN FOR NEW YORK. FRIDAY AT 3 P. M.

CHEAPEST FARES AND LOWEST RATES.

COOKED CODFISH. Ask your Grocer for COOKED SHREDDED CODFISH, And Try It.

HEALTH FOR ALL! HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

THE PILLS. PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, &c.

STEAMSHIPS. 1891. Summer Arrangement, 1891.

ADAMS BROS. FUNERAL AND FURNISHING - UNDERTAKERS.

Special Prices for Country Orders. Residences in the City or Country attended to with promptness.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED LIME.

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. Ready for use in any quantity.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FOR BOSTON. ON and after MONDAY, May 26th, the Steamship "CROSBY" will leave for Boston.

R. C. MACREDE, Plumber, Gas Fitter, AND TINSMITH.

W. M. THOMSON CO., Agents. ST. JOHN N. B. June 19.

ST. JOHN FOR NEW YORK. FRIDAY AT 3 P. M.

WANTED. RELIABLE PUBLISHING MEN to sell choice...

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN PATENTS.

PUBLIC WORKS SCANDAL. McGreevy's Intimacy with the Contract Letting Proceedings.

So far as the enquiry has gone, it has resulted in the discovery of a great mass of suggestive material. Leaving out of the question for the moment McGreevy's testimony...

THREE MEN FLOGGED. Scene at the Gaol - Cooney Weakens Under the Lash.

MONTECAL, July 12.—An unusual sight reigned in the vicinity of the Montreal gaol this morning. At seven o'clock the yard where the prisoners are daily engaged in breaking stones was still deserted...

A MODERN JONAH. A Sailor who Lived Thirty-six Hours in a Whale's Stomach.

The New London, Conn., correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, gives the following vivid and strange experience of a sailor of New Bedford in the South Atlantic.

MANUFACTURE OF MIRRORS. A Trade that Has Many Closely Guarded Secret Processes Unpatented.

Probably few of those who find the mirror so essential an article in the home know that its manufacture is one of the most closely guarded secrets in the industrial world.

A PETRIFIED GIRL. Remarkable Discovery Made in Indiana.

Mary Anna Grier disappeared from her father's home, two miles south of Wamata, Ind., nearly forty years ago.

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OTTAWA SCANDALS.
We think the Tarte investigation has reached, if it has not passed, beyond the stage at which Sir Hector Langevin should personally be heard from under oath before the committee. So much incriminating evidence in the way of letters and documents, not to speak of the sworn testimony given by Murphy, Connolly and Valin, has already been adduced, that the most painful impression with regard to government methods in Ottawa is settling down upon the public mind. There seems, unhappily, no room to doubt that the public works and other departments at Ottawa have been literally under the control of a gang of robbers. The details as they are unearthed revive our recollection of the New York scandals in the worst days of Tweed. We do not anticipate that anything Sir Hector Langevin can say will restore public confidence in the administration of his department, but it was due to the people of Canada, and due to himself, that he should have sought the earliest opportunity of denying under oath that he had personally received the amounts sworn to by Murphy or had connived at corrupt payments to others. That Sir Hector has not done so before this, affords strong ground for believing Murphy's testimony to be true as respects himself, as we now unhappily know it to be true as respects Perley the chief engineer of his department. We have until now refrained from making any comments upon this painful affair from a sincere wish to treat Sir Hector Langevin and the government with fairness. We have acted upon the presumption that these trusted leaders of the people were innocent until they should be proved guilty, but we are not called upon to continue the presumption beyond the time when the evidence bringing home their guilt is not met with a prompt and speedy denial by the minister personally implicated. If it is said that the prosecutors are not through with their case, and it will be soon enough for Sir Hector to speak when that time arrives, we assume that to an innocent man anxious to vindicate himself and his party, the strain and torture of resting one unnecessary hour under such a stigma, would be more than he would willingly bear, and it would have been quite open to the leader of the house of commons to make his statement before the committee at any time, at all events covering the personal charges, if he did not wish to go further at present.

The conservative press has been holding Murphy up to public contempt, apparently with the idea that the testimony he has given would be thereby disproved. No doubt Murphy is a very bad man. He admitted on his cross examination with the most charming candor, that before coming to this country he belonged to the New York hoodlums gang, and fled from that city on account of his embezzlements. But with all this malodorous taint upon him, he is received by the other members of the firm of Larkin, Connolly & Co. as a suitable partner and by Sir Hector Langevin and the department as a suitable contractor for public works. As his known thievish propensities did not seem to disqualify him in the eyes of the dispensers of public contracts and patronage, we do not see why they should disqualify him as a witness. It is doubtless true that if all such incriminating facts are explained and his sworn evidence explicitly denied on oath by reputable witnesses, no person would believe Murphy but the explicit denial by reputable persons must precede the wholesale rejection of his testimony.

There seems to be some public sympathy felt for Henry F. Perley who has been suspended, we presume, pending further consideration of his case. His offence was a serious one in accepting large gifts from public contractors who were constantly looking for concessions and favors from the department and who appear, by the way, to have as constantly succeeded in getting them. But is Perley's offence any graver than that of his chief? The latter was the recipient of a testimonial from public contractors of many thousands of dollars in value and greatly in excess of that of his chief engineer, the only difference being that the gift to the minister was presented without any attempt at secrecy, while that to his subordinate was not made public. The offence of the proprietors is quite flagrant in both cases with this allowance to be made for the subordinate: that he had the example of his superior before him, and he might very naturally reason that if his chief could accept twenty-three thousand dollars from contractors under the government as a personal gift, he might be permitted to accept of twenty-three hundred.

Mr. Perley unfortunately appeared to great disadvantage before the committee in other respects. His testimony will be found in another column, and it appears that in the first instance he stated that he had a year ago repaid the value of the plate and jewelry, \$1,885, to the donors, having realized the indiscretion of what he had been guilty in accepting it. On further examination it transpired that he had not taken alarm until the Tarte charges were threatened, and on being closely cross questioned was obliged to admit that he had not repaid the money in value at all but had simply given his i. o. u. to Connolly, which was not due for months, and which he would not be able, and did not expect, to pay.

The outlook, we should judge, is very alarming for the government. They seem to realize the gravity of the situation and are afraid to go into supply. Absolutely no progress has yet been made with the items; the votes passed being only credit votes used to enable the government to keep the machine running. The session will, therefore, necessarily be prolonged until September. Sir Hector, it is said, will not go down alone, and will not consent to be sacrificed that others may have a chance for their political lives. His friends say that if he did get the money, other members of the government knowingly shared in the benefit and why should he consent to be made the scapegoat? The tone of the better class of conservative journals, as well as that of the liberal press, would seem to show that it is now too late to restore public confidence by throwing Sir Hector overboard. While we have always had a very great respect for Sir John Thompson's integrity, our confidence recently received a rude shock when we read his statement the other day that the government had employed the lawyers now engaged for the defence before the committee, the people were paying them and that the instruc-

tions to the lawyers, and it was the government's determination, that these transactions should be probed to the bottom and wrongdoings fully exposed. We doubt if anything more childlike and blind has ever before been suggested. It would not be human that the members of a government should allow, if they could prevent, disclosures which would destroy themselves. Now and then the world may possibly have contained a specimen of that kind, but none of them have in recent years been holding portfolios in the conservative government at Ottawa.

SHOULD THE COUNTY COUNCIL BE A POLITICAL BODY?
It will be conceded on all hands that it should not, and yet there is ground for more than a suspicion that it is. Nothing but a political bias against the provincial government induced the majority of the council to refuse repeatedly to appoint a local board of health as required by the public health act of 1887. All other counties in the province, without exception, promptly accepted the act and appointed their local boards. York county alone preferred to regard the law as objectionable, and as likely to impose an excessive and unreasonable tax upon the county to maintain the board. That this view was not honestly entertained but was used as a mask to cover other motives is abundantly apparent. It was known that there could be no considerable expense incurred by the local board unless an alarming epidemic had broken out or was threatened, and in such a contingency the expenses would be borne by the provincial government. As the county council would not constitute the local board, and in order that the health law should not be altogether suspended in the county, the governor in council made the necessary appointments, and the local board thus appointed organized for its work.

During the two years and upwards it has been in operation there have been expenses incurred in travelling and other necessary charges, to the enormous sum of fifty or sixty dollars, and when the chairman of the board rendered the bill and asked for payment a majority of the council contemptuously threw it out.

Another instance of the political bias of the council is supplied in the treatment meted out to Mr. Wilson—that he was dismissed solely upon political grounds is not denied, and the recent effort to make public opinion a model of administrative honesty in the county accounts, which had been immediately rectified by Mr. Wilson when they were brought to his knowledge, was in keeping with the spirit which had prompted his dismissal.

Without pretending to enumerate all the instances available in proof of this regrettable state of affairs, we may mention one incident which occurred at the July session. The provincial government, with a view of enabling the counties to procure copies of the new highway law, at a trifling cost, had a number printed, which the municipal council were offered at the mere cost, and at a very much lower figure than they could possibly themselves print the few needed by the county. The provincial secretary's bill for \$5 for the copies taken by the county secretary was refused payment at the recent July session. This may possibly be a course of conduct which will commend itself to the people, but we greatly doubt it. York county, in our judgment, has nothing to gain in the good opinion of other counties by such an exhibition of petty political feeling, nor do we believe the majority of the members of the council are reflecting the wishes of the people in acting in this way.

CONDEMNED BY THEIR FRIENDS.
It is refreshing to note that there are some conservative newspapers in Canada not entirely controlled by party prejudice as not to be able to speak their minds upon the corruption which is now being laid bare at Ottawa. Party organs like the Montreal Times and Halifax Herald, which are run for revenue only, appear to be not only blind, but deaf and dumb to the numerous details brought out by the Tarte committee; such however, is not the case with the better class of the conservative press. The Montreal Star has given forth no uncertain sound as to these revelations and now we find Le Canada, one of the strongest supporters of the government in Quebec, striking out in this fashion in an editorial headed "Demoralization":

After expressing surprise at Mr. Perley's downfall, it still maintains that Sir Hector's department is a model of administrative honesty, but refers in scathing language to other departments. "Nepotism, favoritism, malversation, speculation, injustice, robbery are the order of the day. Let us look around upon the administrative surroundings of ministers, the political heads of which owe their advancement to political influence or to other unmentionable means. We find there bureaucracy installed deep-rooted with all its surroundings. It leaves everywhere traces, it reigns by corruption, it lives for pillage, it debases in its methods, despotism and impotence. That is what rules certain ministers at Ottawa. That is the cursed system which takes root in the offices of state, thanks to certain stupid ministers incapable of seeing what is evident to everyone. We have percentage bloodhounds, yet, who attach themselves to their victims with the tenacity of wild beasts. They commence by burrowing, then propose a division of profits and at last threaten with brazen effrontery if the former means do not succeed. We write these lines in song field and knowing perfectly the weight and gravity of these accusations. We confine ourselves to-day to generalities. Later will enter into details."

What would be thought of such language as this if it had appeared in some liberal newspaper instead of the pocket organ of Sir Hector Langevin?

THE ROAD MAKING MACHINE.
There will always be some people found to oppose everything like innovation, and it was therefore to be expected that the government could not escape criticism for encouraging the introduction and use of the new road-making machines. They have, notwithstanding the inexperience of the persons operating them, demonstrated their utility to the satisfaction of all reasonable men, and have come to stay. Those who have been the loudest in complaining of the state of the roads in the past, now grumble because the money granted for road repairs will be expended through these machines, and they will be deprived of the opportunity of earning money or expending it as commissioners, as they have been able to do heretofore. To some extent this will be the case no doubt. The same grant of money will now do from three to five times the amount of work capable of being done under the old methods, but we would fain believe that those who prefer getting the money rather than have good passable roads, are in the minority.

The revolution in Chili is reported stationary, and famine is prevailing.

THE GRAND STEAL
The Tarte-McGreedy Investigation.
THE WHIRLPOOL OF CORRUPTION GRADUALLY DRAWING SIR HECTOR TO ITS CENTRE.
Engineer Perley Dealing in Silverware.
A painful sensation was caused throughout Canada last week, when Henry F. Perley, chief engineer of the public works department, went on the stand in the McGreedy investigation before the privilege committee of parliament and confessed to having accepted the gift of \$1885 worth of jewelry from the notorious Murphy who was interested in the government contracts of which Perley had the oversight. Murphy had told the story, but his evidence was not credited until Perley himself owned up everything. The story he told was substantially as follows:

In January, 1887, Murphy came to his house at Ottawa and warmly expressed his appreciation of the able management of the Quebec works. Murphy said that Mr. Perley had been placed in charge of the harbor works when everything was in confusion and the works were going to pieces through the bad engineering of his predecessors. By his skill and knowledge, Mr. Perley had made it possible to bring the harbor works from their shattered and dangerous condition to a successful conclusion, averring that the work of the contractor and the utter destruction of the harbor works. Murphy handed Mr. Perley a parcel which, he said, was a token of the firm's appreciation of his management. When informed of the contents of the parcel, Mr. Perley

Murphy pressed him strongly and went so far as to cross the room and put the envelope under the music on the piano. The witness ordered him to take the money away, and when still more strongly urged to accept a souvenir, he said, "Well you may send me a ring or some such thing and a present for my wife." Murphy went and soon after a box arrived with articles of jewelry and silver. He had no idea that the value of these articles was what it subsequently appeared to be, but considered it much too large, and when he saw Murphy next he told him so very clearly. Some time afterwards he got from Murphy a statement of the cost of the articles. He was astounded when he learned that the present cost nearly two thousand dollars. It preyed upon his mind and led him afterwards to make up his mind to pay for the articles. In September, 1890, he gave Michael Connolly his note for the amount of the jewelry bill.

Questioned by the minister of justice, Mr. Perley admitted that he had not made any repayment for more than two years after his receipt of the articles. He had not money to make the payment, but he could have returned the articles. "I acknowledge to the committee," he said, "that this is what I ought to have done. I confess that I have done wrong, and it has preyed upon me ever since." He had made up his mind to pay for the goods before the disclosures in respect to the public works department, but not before the charges were made last session.

Diamonds and Silver Goods.
Here is the list of the jewelry and silver which he represents quite an array of very elegant articles.

Bought of HENRY BIRKS & Co.,
Jan. 26.

To—	
1 case silver fruit knives and forks	\$120 00
1 dozen silver tea spoons	19 50
1 dozen silver dessert spoons	17 50
1 dozen silver table spoons	26 50
1 dozen silver knives	18 50
1 dozen silver table forks	25 20
1 silver butter knife	4 00
1 fruit spoon	1 65
1 sugar spoon	2 95
1 pair salt cellar	2 25
1 sugar ladle	4 35
1 cream ladle	3 35
1 ice cream service	10 75
1 fruit spoon	11 35
6 napkin rings	60 00
1 fruit bowl and spoon	50 00
1 soup ladle	41 00
1 brush and comb	28 00
1 water set	55 00
1 diamond bar pin	245 00
1 pair diamond ear rings	600 00
1 sapphire and diamond bracelet	170 00
1 diamond ring pin	387 50
1 diamond ring	92 50
1 diamond set	167 00
Total	\$2,110 55
By discount	225 55
	\$1,885 00

In the face of Perley's confession, the government promptly suspended him, and his dismissal met follow.

Tuesday's Proceedings.
Further revelations were made in the public accounts and privileges and elections committees to-day, which have increased the disturbance in the Tory ranks as well as public indignation against ministers.

At the opening of the Langevin inquiry, two engineers, Walter Shanley and Mr. Jennings, of Toronto, were selected as experts to report upon the manner in which tenders for several contracts had been figured out, and the amount of work actually performed. Mr. Tarte said he had a letter in his possession signed by Thomas McGreedy, showing that Larkin, Connolly & Co. obtained all necessary information from Mr. Boyd, government engineer, before the tenders were called for.

H. V. Noel, manager of the Ottawa branch of the Quebec bank, was then sworn. He said he was treasurer of the Langevin testimonial fund, and identified a receipt given by him in that capacity for \$1,000 contributed to that fund by Larkin, Connolly & Co. The chief promoters of that testimonial were Henry J. Morgan of the local service; J. A. Gouin, now postmaster, and L. N. Carrière. The fund amounted to \$23,000. The subscription from Larkin, Connolly & Co. was received on the 4th June, 1888, and Noel said he was not aware that the firm had received a contract for the cross wall a few days before that date. He remembered other contractors, including the late

James Goodwin, contributing to the fund. When the fund had been deposited with him he had a conversation with Sir Hector Langevin in regard to the rate of interest to be paid upon the money while it remained on deposit in the Quebec bank. Hector agreed to accept four per cent interest and the money, with accumulated interest, was still in his credit there. He was not aware whether Larkin, Connolly & Co. contributed more than once, but promised to produce to-morrow all records in his possession relating to the testimonial fund.

Simon Peters, a Quebec contractor who did some dredging in Quebec harbor in 1880, testified that he would gladly have done for twenty cents per yard, dredging for which Larkin, Connolly & Co. received thirty-five cents per yard. He also submitted, simply allowing the extra clerks to be paid, that his tender for the cross wall contract was the lowest, and that he had been "figured out" in order to give the contract to Larkin, Connolly & Co.

In the public accounts committee a lot of evidence was given showing extensive frauds and the payment of money without any value being given. Permanent clerks Nelson, Kinloch, Brough and others were shown to have induced extra clerks to render accounts for large sums, certifying such accounts as correct, and then producing the bulk of the money thus obtained, simply allowing the extra clerks small amounts for the use of their names. Harry Palmer paid Frank McCabe \$5 for the use of his name in rendering an account for alleged services. McCabe also swore that he had to share money received by him for extra work, with Nelson, Brough, head of his branch. This system of sharing such money, he said, had been going on for years. In some cases Frank Nelson, a permanent clerk, got the whole proceeds of accounts rendered in McCabe's name for extra work. Thousands of dollars were drawn in this way. Noel would certify that McCabe's account was correct. Palmer corroborated McCabe's story as did Nelson.

There were some lively incidents during the sitting of the committee, clerks calling each other names and all witnesses were removed from the room.

Nelson stated that Alfred Ogden, ex-M.P., who left the department to contest Gueybore in the Tory interest last March, and who was appointed fishery inspector a few weeks ago, had borrowed \$100 from the accounts subscribed to the Langevin testimonial fund, but all the names of the contributors were not given. The book containing the names of all the contributors was sent either to Sir Hector or given to the secretary of the testimonial fund. The contribution of Larkin, Connolly & Co. was thought to be included in a draft for \$1,800, drawn upon Thomas McGreedy.

It was ordered that Mr. Carrière, secretary of the testimonial fund, be summoned as a witness.

F. C. Lightfoot, clerk of the public works department, to whom Murphy said he gave \$100, was called and admitted the accuracy of Murphy's statement. He said he was hard pressed for money and asked Murphy for a loan. He knew Murphy was a public contractor. Murphy had never asked for money.

Nicholas Connolly was recalled and was shown letters from himself to Murphy in 1886, urging the latter to go to Ottawa and see Sir Hector Langevin about the proposed changes. He said Robert McGreedy was to put some capital into the case should the tender be put, but could not dispute the statement in the letter from his brother to Murphy that Robert was not to put any capital into the firm and that consequently the share given to Robert was too large. Pressed for an answer he had said that like sum early in the case should not be disclosed unless those of the other were.

Mr. Ames said Robert McGreedy had no objection to an examination of his books.

His Davies said Thomas McGreedy and the Connollys might refuse to produce their books. It was ordered that Thomas McGreedy and the Connollys produce their bank books forthwith.

A fight occurred in the lobby of the house of commons to-night, between Tarte and Curran, two members. The difficulty began at the meeting of the privileges and elections committee to-day. An order commanding Thomas McGreedy and the Connollys to produce their bank books was under discussion when Curran, in a

menacing tone, suggested that Tarte's bank account be produced also. Tarte retorted excitedly that he was not afraid to have his bank books examined and that there would be found therein no account of monies received as "testimonials." This reference to a present of \$7,000 raised by subscription for Curran made the Montrealer angry. When the men met in the lobby this evening the dispute was resumed and after some hot words Tarte struck Curran in the mouth and received a blow on the head in return. Tarte is a much smaller man than Curran, but more active. He struck Curran a second time in the face, when bystanders interfered and put an end to the fracas.

There was no meeting of the public accounts committee to-day, but it is called for to-morrow. There is a rumor current tonight to the effect that Senator, superintendent of government printing, has absconded to avoid an investigation into his accounts. Inquiry by his assistant tonight, elicited the information that Senator was away in the United States, but his assistant thought he intended to return.

At a meeting of the sub-committee of the privileges and elections committee this afternoon Robert McGreedy declined to submit his banking and other accounts for examination until Thomas McGreedy and the Connollys had produced their accounts. It was decided to report the fact to the main committee.

Thursday's Proceedings.
In the privileges and elections committee to-day, the examination of Nicholas Connolly was concluded. He failed to recollect anything about a conversation with his partners about the checks of \$5,000 each given to him for "donations" and entered in the book in that way. He could not remember whether Laforce Langevin (Sir Hector's son) had come to him and asked for \$5,000. Witness having reiterated the statement that Thomas McGreedy did not know before 1880 that his brother was a member of the firm of Larkin, Connolly & Co. Mr. Geoffrin produced a letter written from Thomas to Robert some years before, indicating his knowledge that Robert was a partner in the firm. He could not explain what he did with the proceeds of a check for \$2,000 given to him and charged in the firm's book as a "donation," neither could he give any information about checks aggregating \$50,000 which were signed and issued by himself and charged as "expenses," "donations," etc.

Mr. Tarte asked Nicholas if he expected the committee to believe that he remembered nothing about such large disbursements of money made by means of his own checks. Connolly said he had no explanation to give except what Mr. Murphy told him.

Mr. Tarte—Then though you say you had suspicions about Murphy you entrusted him with the disbursement of thousands of dollars without asking vouchers or explanations?

Connolly—I got no explanations.

Continuing he said that his firm was not dissatisfied with Bennet, the government engineer on the British Columbia dock.

Mr. Davies then read a letter written by Michael Connolly to Nicholas denouncing Bennet in violent terms.

Mr. Verrett, for some years secretary of Quebec harbor commission, gave testimony with respect to the substitution of an uncertified check for a deposit receipt as securely for the cross wall contract. A letter was produced before the committee as the one brought to him by Murphy from Thomas McGreedy authorizing him to make substitution, but the letter produced before the committee read, "I see objection," whereas in the genuine letter the words were, "I see objection." Sir Hector Langevin and McGreedy always seemed very intimate. McGreedy frequently used Sir Hector's name in speaking of contracts and changes and Sir Hector frequently visited the works in McGreedy's company. In cross-examination Verrett alleged that he had had the word "no" in the letter he received from McGreedy in reference to the substitution of a check for the deposit receipt. He had shown the letter to Mr. Valin, chairman of the harbor board, who was a party to the substitution. At the conclusion of Verrett's evidence the committee adjourned.

Friday's Proceedings.
P. V. Valin, ex-M.P., ex-chairman of the Quebec harbor commission, but still a commissioner, gave his evidence in French. Witness said he had several conversations with Sir Hector as to the leading part Thomas McGreedy was taking in the committee and spoke of certain views Mr. McGreedy was taking. The minister said: "Follow Mr. McGreedy and everything will be all right." The minister added: "Whenever you are in trouble, why do you not follow Mr. McGreedy? You know that we meet frequently and that we consult together. From that time witness considered that he had the views of the minister in the person of Mr. McGreedy, and on each important vote he consulted Mr. Greedy. He spoke frequently to the minister and his answers were always to the same effect. Witness asked him if the contractors had given him money for the elections. McGreedy answered that they had been very generous, that they were good fellows and that they ought to be taken care of, that they had largely subscribed, and that Sir Hector was well pleased with them." (Sensation.) Witness had himself received subscriptions for political purposes from Larkin, Connolly & Co. During the local elections of 1886 Murphy sent him either \$100 or \$250. After the elections there were claims amounting to \$250, and Murphy told him he would take charge of them. He denied receiving the sum of \$3,000 set opposite his name in the books. He never received a dollar for himself. He asked McGreedy for money for his election. McGreedy gave witness money in times and each time took receipts. My election agents at the last moment informed me that unless they had more money my election was in danger. I applied again to McGreedy and to Murphy. Murphy told me he had left in McGreedy's hands all that was needed and Murphy said he had recommended witness particularly for help. He particularly mentioned the county of Quebec, both federal and local, and said, "Caron is always after me. (Laughter.) I have not enough to satisfy him. (Laughter.)" We have Sir Hector at Three Rivers." (Laughter.) I also spoke to Sir Hector about money and Sir Hector replied, "I have seen McGreedy this morning. Go and see him; he is in charge of the distribution committee."

Mr. Geoffrin put in a statement showing that from March 1st, 1889, to April 5th, 1890, Larkin, Connolly & Co., and Gallagher & Murphy had drawn \$239,183 on account of the harbor works.

Mr. Fitzpatrick cross-examined the witness, but he got little out of him. Indeed, the witness merely strengthened his direct examination. When asked why he signed a document he knew to be false, stating that the charges against the harbor commission were untrue, he replied by asking why a minister of the crown asks him to sign a document which the minister knew to be false. He signed it without reflection. Asked if he had the promise of a senatorship, witness replied that when he was in the field in Montmorency against the present the lieutenant

governor (Angers) Sir Adolphe Caron came to him, deputed by Sir John Macdonald and Sir Hector Langevin, to offer him an appointment to the senate if he should retire from contesting the county. Cross-examined as to payments of money from Larkin, Connolly & Co. for electoral purposes, witness confirmed his previous evidence, and added that at the last elections he received also a subscription from the firm by Michael Connolly. He received about \$500 on each of three occasions from McGreedy. He received a salary of \$1,000 as chairman of harbor board, but had to contribute about \$1,500 for electoral purposes.

Chabot testified that the steamer Admiral was bought in his name in 1882 with \$2,000 advanced by Thomas McGreedy, which was the first payment upon \$16,000. The balance was paid by McGreedy shortly afterwards. The subsidy received from the government each year went to McGreedy. Contract with the government for the subsidy was made in his (Chabot's) name, because McGreedy was a member of parliament. The vessel was mortgaged to Nicholas Connolly in March last, but no money was received from Connolly, so that Thomas McGreedy is still the owner of the vessel and the recipient of the government subsidy. The profits made by the vessel reached \$10,000 a year, including the government subsidy, so that less than two years local profits paid McGreedy, the cost of the steamer.

Bank books of Thomas McGreedy, N. K. Connolly and Larkin were produced and the committee adjourned till Tuesday.

Chabot's evidence makes it clear that McGreedy has forfeited his right to sit in parliament and made himself liable for enormous penalties.

THE GAMESTER'S TOOL.
Progress is a newspaper which cannot be accused of unduly favoring the local government. It is about as independent of party as any journal well can be. We think Progress strikes the nail fairly on the head when it says:

"We like to enquire on the part of any newspaper, but there is a line beyond which the publisher cannot go with propriety. It may be possible that Messrs. Robinson and O'Brien have violated the independence of parliament act, and it was quite within the field of the active Gleaner to show this, and if possible, prove it. To us it seems rather an evidence of weakness for any newspaper publisher to appeal to the courts to right a wrong. There is only one bar of public opinion, and that is the bar of public opinion. If it fails to convince the people it should have nothing to do with the courts and if it convinces the people they will right the wrong. Publisher Crockett's act makes him appear rather the tool of politicians than the champion of the people."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE CITY FOR SALE.
The Subscriber offers for sale his lot on the corner of Bay and Charlotte Streets, in the City of Fredericton, containing One Quarter of an Acre, with House and Barn thereon. The buildings are in first-class repair. The house is heated by gas. Possession given on the 1st day of May. The premium can be inserted between 10 and 20 on any week day. For further particulars apply to the undersigned at HERBY'S, 15, BALDWIN STREET, Fredericton.

ROBERT H. RAINSFORD, Fredericton, February 11, 1891.

MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION.
Cash Reserve Surplus, \$3,000,000
Paid in Death Claims, \$10,500,000
Insurances in Force, \$200,000,000
\$100,000 Deposited at Ottawa for Special Protection of Canadian Members.
Insurance in Force in Canada, \$15,000,000
Paid Death Claims in Canada over \$300,000
Agents wanted at all points in New Brunswick. For further information address
THOS. ROBERTSON, General Manager, Royal Hotel, St. John, N.B.
JOSEPH G. GILL, Agent at Fredericton.
FEED, - SEEDS, FERTILIZERS.
Just Received, a choice lot of Feed, Seeds, and Fertilizers, consisting of CHOICE CANADIAN TIMOTHY SEED, NORTHERN RED CLOVER SEED, ALBISKE CLOVER SEED, RED TOP GRASS SEED, CANADIAN VETCHES' SEED RYE, SEED BARLEY, CARLETON COUNTY SEED BUCKWHEAT, P.E. I. SEED WHEAT, GREEN SEED PEAS, CANADIAN FIELD PEAS, LARGE POTATO PEAS, PURPLETOP TURNIP SEED, BRADLEY'S X. L. PHOSPHATE and POTATO MANURE, LIME, LAND and CALCINED PLASTER
ALWAYS IN STORE: HAY, Oats and Feed. Hard and Soft Coal.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES: CAMPBELL ST. Above City Hall.
JAS. TIBBITS.

GRAND DISPLAY
ART GOODS
JOHN J. WEBB'S.
New Brunswick Foundry and Machine Shop.
McFARLANE, THOMPSON & ANDERSON, MANUFACTURERS OF
Buckeye Automatic Cut Off Engines, CELEBRATED DUNBAR IMPROVED SHINGLE MILLS
Improved Rotary Saw Mills, Mill Machinery, Enclosed Gear Mowers, Ithaca Horse-rakes, Stoves and Furnaces, Railway Castings.
One 50 Horse-power Buckeye Engine on Hand. One Rotary Saw Mill in hand.
212. CURTAINS. 212.
White and Cream Lace Curtains, Curtain Nets, Blind Nets, Lambrequins, Jute and Damask Curtain material, Cretonne and Art Muslin, in new designs and colorings, QUILTS.
White Honeycomb Quilts, White Marsella Quilts, White Quilts, with colored borders, Fancy colored Quilts, -ALSO- Toilet covers, Table covers, fancy and plain, Table Napkins, in White, Colored and White, and Cream with colored borders. JOHN HASLIN.
BUY THE IMPROVED WATCH SPRING CORSET, STYLE A.
DEVER BROS.
Tin and Granite Iron, Tea, Coffee, and Water Pots, Porcelain lined Preserve Kettles, Glass and Earthen Fruit Jars.
ASK TO SEE THOSE LARGE BAMBOO BASELS, ONLY \$1.00.
LEMONT & SONS.

LOCAL NEWS.

A LARGE QUANTITY.—Henry Brathwaite of this city, returned from the Tobique region on Saturday last, bringing with him a large quantity of furs.

RESIGNED.—W. C. Sterling, manager of the Sun, (St. John) has resigned his position. He will probably begin business in St. John on his own account in the course of a few weeks.

AT THE WATER STATION.—The steam fire engine, Alexandria, has been supplying the city with water during the week. The repair engines are shut down in order to have the well cleaned out.

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE.—One of the handsomest residences in this city is that of W. T. Whitehead. The building has been completely renovated and presents an elegant appearance, the lawn in front showing it off to a great advantage.

ON A TOUR.—This morning, the members of the St. John Bicycle club to the number of about twenty, went by train to Woodstock from there they will go by wheel to Grand Falls and then to this city.

PARTIALLY RECOVERED.—John Woods, who it will be remembered was severely injured by a runaway team some time ago, has so far recovered as to be able to be out around the streets this week. Woods had a very close call.

ENGAGED TO A HALOONIAN.—The engagement is announced of Mr. Fraser, superintendent of the blind asylum, and Miss Hunter of Fredericton, N. B., the wedding is to take place in the coming autumn.

SILVER IN ABUNDANCE.—Edward Jack, who has lately returned from Nepisiquit, Gloucester Co., reports that the section is very much excited over the discovery of a rich vein of silver, and traces of gold. Copper is also found in abundance.

ACCIDENT.—Mrs. J. H. Barry, and her sister, Miss Owen, had a narrow escape from being killed the other day. They were out driving, and the horse becoming frightened, ran away throwing them both out. Neither were seriously injured.

BASE BALL.—The R. S. I. base ball club suffered their second defeat of the season at the hands of the Margville team on Saturday last. Jim Cunningham pitched for the Margville team and succeeded in shutting out the R. S. Infantry's six innings.

THE NEW SCHOOL BUILDING.—Work has been actively begun at the new school building on York street, and the work will be pushed along as rapidly as possible. It must be a matter of great satisfaction to the work in such hands as Mr. Limerick's.

MARRIED IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.—Horace Hume, son of George Hume, Fredericton, and Miss Irvine, daughter of David Irvine, ex-M. P., Knoxford, were married at Rivestoke, British Columbia, last Wednesday. They are both natives of this country.—Press.

NEW HALL.—On Monday evening last, the corner stone of the new hall at Morrison's mills was laid. Rev. Canon Roberts performing the ceremony. This hall has been built by the Tilley branch of the C. of E. temperance society at the mill, and will be a credit to the place.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—A meeting of the board of education was held yesterday afternoon, when the newly installed chief superintendent, Dr. Inch, met his colleagues for the first time. Dr. Harrison and governor Tilley were present. The usual routine business was transacted.

HYMNICAL.—James Miller, a former resident of this country, who has been living on the Pacific slope for twenty years past, returned home on Thursday and met Miss Henry, a well known lady of Prince William, were married. They started for their new home on the other side of the continent to-day.

COMING.—Arrangements have been completed with the Bijou opera company to give one performance in the city hall on the 23rd inst. They are a first class company and have been playing to crowded houses at St. John for some time. They are very highly spoken of by the press in all parts of the country, and should be given a good reception by our citizens.

LECTURE.—Rev. Theo. E. Dowling, domestic chaplain to the Anglican bishop in Jerusalem and the East, delivered an interesting address at the church hall on Thursday evening, on Daily Life in Palestine. The lecture was illustrated by maps and drawings, and the style of delivery with which it was delivered added much to the interest of the discourse.

RAYMOND EXCURSION.—The Raymond excursionists to the number of about thirty arrived in this city on Tuesday. In the afternoon, a number of them visited the points of interest in and around the city, and on Wednesday went to St. John by steamer. The weather interfered greatly with their enjoyment of things while in this city, they being very rainy.

A BILL OF FARE.—A Fredericton hotel-keeper, noted for giving good dinners, could not explain the broad smile which illumined each guest's face the other day, until he examined the printed bill of fare, until he had inspected the bill himself. Then he found that the intelligent printer had served up apple and strawberry pie under the head of "vegetables," placing sliced beef, cabbage and green peas under "pastry."

THE CENTRAL RAILWAY.—The adjourned annual meeting of the central railway company was held at the office of W. T. Whitehead, Wednesday afternoon, when the following officers were elected: C. Ford Stephens, Philadelphia, president; John P. Haley, and Stephen E. Hays, of Philadelphia, Count de Bury, C. N. Skinner, M. P., and F. E. Barker, Q. C., of St. John; and W. P. Fiewelling, of this city, directors.

FRUITFUL.—It is currently reported that an up-town clerk, who was fishing the other day on the head waters of the Miramichi, sent home word that he is meeting with great success, and writes that he has caught thirteen dozen in a half an hour. From other sources, it is ascertained that instead of catching thirteen dozen in a half an hour, he has been able to secure in a half a day, as many as three fish, one bass and two "suckers." This speaks volumes for the young man's veracity.

OUT ON THE WATER.—The boat-houses were well patronized on Sunday afternoon last, owing to the excessive heat. The river was dotted with sail boats and canoes, while row boats were rather in minority. The occupants of a canoe, two young men, were gently rolled into the water near the mouth of the Nashwaakias. As both were able to swim, they were none the worse for their "ducking" with the exception of suits of very damp clothes. They say that the next time they go out on the water, it will be in something more substantial than a bark canoe.

SENNADE.—The air at Margville was enveloped on Wednesday evening, by the music of the Fredericton brass band. It was on the occasion of the marriage of Bradford Bond, a member of the B. band, to Miss Ella Wheeler. After the serenade, the band were invited into the house, when Hugh O'Neil, in a few well chosen words presented the bride with a handsome escort. The boys then sat down to a table well loaded with the good things of this world to which they did ample justice. Both of the young people are very popular, and every one wishes them a happy married life.

Farewell Address.

At the Gospel temperance meeting in the temperance hall last Sunday evening, the following farewell address was read to Rev. Mr. Shenton, who removes this week to his new pastorate in St. John:

Dear Sir,—The temperance bodies of this city, the names of whose representatives are hereto attached, before your removal to your new pastorate, beg to present you with an expression of their regard and esteem.

We feel we owe it to ourselves individually to say that we regard you highly for your work's sake and, on behalf of the societies we represent, to thank you for your readiness at all times to aid us in forwarding the cause of temperance. Since your residence in Fredericton you have not ceased both privately and publicly in a straight forward and manly way to defend and support the Canada temperance act and constantly to denounce the causes which lead to the violation of the law and increase of intemperance.

We wish to thank you also for the ready compliance with the request of the temperance societies to preach a temperance sermon in your church on the anniversary of her majesty's birthday, which was by your temperance friends highly appreciated, and will, no doubt, have a beneficial and lasting effect upon all who heard it.

The temperance organizations of this city your most indebted, in conjunction with other faithful workers and advocates for the present comparatively favorable condition of the temperance cause in this place.

Had it not been for a few staunch and decided temperance workers, with whom you stood shoulder to shoulder, the cause of temperance would have been crushed and the drink traffic again let loose upon society, to be only regulated by license and the sale of intoxicating liquors not prohibited as now under the Canada temperance act.

We regret that the rule of your denomination made it necessary for you to leave this city, but we regret it somewhat modified by the knowledge that you will not cease your labors in this good cause, but like Paul will continue to reason of righteousness, temperance and judgment to come.

Our prayer is that you and your wife may be spared to prove to the world the advantages of a well ordered life and a Godly conversation.

We are satisfied you will not forget the temperance cause here; that not only in your prayers, but if need be in your presence, you will assist the work and cheerfully give the workers here a helping hand.

Wishing you success in your new field of labor, in the bonds of temperance and christian union, we subscribe our names as the representatives of our respective orders in this city.

IN BEHALF OF
Star Council, R. T. of E.—C. F. Frazier,
J. W. Purdie,
D. Richards,
Rhosmore, L. O. T.—H. F. Staples,
Wm. Rossborough,
Prohibition, L. O. T.—A. Cochran,
Jas. Parke,
Fredericton, I. O. G. T.—Chas. Wallace,
John Brown,
Fredericton, S. of T.—H. H. Pitts,
Jennie Sampson,
Albion, I. O. G. T.—N. J. Smith,
Fredericton, W. C. T. U.—Mrs. Steadman,
Mrs. Sampson.

Mr. Shenton made a very touching reply, and after thanking the several lodges for the testimonial, spoke for some time on the temperance question.

Board of Trade.
At the regular quarterly meeting of the Fredericton board of trade at the city hall, Monday afternoon, a communication was read by the president, John M. Wiley, from the Kingston board of trade, as follows:

"The people of Kingston have decided that a monument to the right honorable Sir John Macdonald shall be erected in the city that he represented in the parliament of Canada for the whole period of his long public life, and they respectfully ask your co-operation in this national undertaking. We feel that Canadians in every land should be asked to join in raising to the memory of one, who had so much to do with the making of Canada, a worthy tribute in the city where he was nurtured and spent the greater part of his life, and where he rests beside the graves of his kindred. We are arranging to organize committees here and elsewhere, but of course we leave it to yourself to decide how you should interest your fellow-citizens in the subject. We most earnestly trust you will place it before them in the best way as soon as possible, and on hearing from you, our secretary will give all the information that you may require, while any views that you may suggest will receive our full and immediate consideration."

Geo. A. Kirkpatrick, M. P., Pres.
John McKelvey, Vice Pres.
John Kirkpatrick, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Beckwith, seconded by Mr. Lemont, the communication was received, with instructions that it be handed to the papers for publication.

Knights of Pythias.
At the regular meeting of the Fredericton lodge, No. 6, K. of P., Tuesday evening, the following officers were installed by deputy grand chancellor James D. Fowler, assisted by grand lodge officers:

A. D. Freeman, P. C.
John Palmer, C. C.
George N. Bookout, V. C.
Alonso Staples, (P. C.) P.
A. J. Powell, K. of E. and S.
R. B. Phillips, M. of A.
George Adams, M. of A.
John Ferguson, I. S.
Samuel Mackay, (P. C.) O. G.

A uniform rank of the order is soon to be established here to be called the Fowler order after James D. Fowler of this city, who takes a live interest in the order. Other preparations are in progress for the picnic which the lodge intends holding during the first week in August, and it will, no doubt, be the picnic of the season.

Literary Notes From The Century Co.
Pontifex Bigelow, who was a schoolmate of the German Emperor, will contribute to the Midsummer (August) Number of the Century on the first three years of the Emperor's reign—the third anniversary of his ascent to the throne having taken place on the 15th of June. Mr. Bigelow believes that "since Frederick the Great no king of Prussia has understood his business like this Emperor." And in this article he gives what he considers the secret of the power of William II. with his people, and accidentally contributes many facts regarding his life.

This number of the Century will be especially rich in illustrated articles and complete stories, and the illustrations of Mr. Bigelow's paper will include a number of views of the palaces at Berlin and Potsdam, and engraved portraits of the Emperor and Empress will form a double frontpiece.

Two Fredericton Youths on a Tramp.
Two youthful but adventurous pedestrians were taken to the police station for protection last night by officer Woods. The eldest, Adolphus Pheneay, whose parents are dead, is a nephew of Bernard Pheneay, an employee of Jewett's mill in Fredericton, and says his uncle was rather hard on him and he decided to get out and look for work. The other boy, who is only 11 years of age, is the son of a widow in Fredericton, and he also decided to shift for himself. Together the boys left Fredericton Friday night and started on their long tramp to St. John. They rode on the train for several miles, but most of the distance to this city was covered on the leather and bare soles. They will probably be sent back to-day.—Wednesday's Sun.

APPOINTMENT.—Miss Mary K. Tibbitts, B. A. of this city, has been appointed principal of the Gagetown grammar school, in room of John R. Dunn, resigned.

Social Amusements.

The Fredericton brass band discoursed an excellent program of music at the court house square, on Friday evening.

The ladies of the F. C. Baptist church at Margville held a festival at that place on Thursday evening, which was very largely attended.

Rosmore lodge, No. 21, L. O. A., of St. Marys held a social in their hall at that place on Monday evening. Several addresses were delivered, and light refreshments served.

The St. Marys firemen held their postponed festival on the green at the end of the bridge on Thursday evening. The L. C. band was present and furnished music for dancing.

The third picnic under the auspices of the St. Marys Altar society will be held on Tuesday evening at "Hayes" field. The Margville band will be present during the evening, and discourse music.

The ladies of the Churchwomen's aid association, of Gibson, held a strawberry and ice cream social in the church hall at that place on Tuesday last. Ice cream and cake, etc., were in abundance, and every one enjoyed themselves to the utmost.

The Salvation army held their annual picnic at Grosvenor, on Thursday last. The steamer Florenceville conveyed the picnic party down river, and a large number went down for the sake of the sail on the river. Meetings were held on the grounds, and the band played some selections. The picnic was in commemoration of their first anniversary. Court Walcott, No. 106, independent order of foresters, held a grand picnic at Hartland on Wednesday evening. The picnic was a great success, and those who attended from this city say that it was a very enjoyable affair.

A very small number from this city attended the temperance demonstration and picnic at Doaktown, on Tuesday last. The 71st battalion band was present and furnished music. Public meetings were held on the grounds, and platform addresses made by several members of the R. T. of E., under whose auspices the affair was held.

The Fredericton brass band will hold a festival on the grounds of the F. A. A. A. on Monday evening, July 27th. The committee of the band hope to make this one of the greatest success of any of the festivals they have yet held. All lovers of good music should attend and give the band a good benefit. The Mayor's band will also be present, and the two bands will amalgamate under the leadership of bandmaster Williamson. Refreshments of all kinds will be for sale on the grounds, and a good opportunity afforded for those who wish to trip the light fantastic.

The Star Social club will hold their fourth annual moonlight excursion on Monday evening next, and a great many are looking forward to the event with eager anticipation, as the "Stars" excursions in the past have been very enjoyable affairs. The Fredericton brass band will furnish excursions, and the music for those who do not care about dancing, while the popular organization, the F. O. M. W. orchestra, has engaged to furnish the music for the dancers. The sail on the river on a fine night will also be worth the price of the tickets, and no doubt the excursion will be well patronized. The boys are determined to make this the most successful they have yet held, and no pains will be spared to make it such.

News Notes.

The Westmorland circuit court opens on Tuesday.

There was no business at the Albert circuit court this week.

Furlong, the boy who deserted from the I. S. corps has returned to barracks, and on Friday, the I. S. corps went to Fern Hill, where they will be encamped for the next three weeks.

Rev. Mr. McLaughlin is to occupy the Methodist pulpit during Rev. Mr. Weddall's absence in England.

Extensive repairs have been made to the Gregg property on Carleton street, occupied by Dr. Crockett, Dr. McLean and A. J. Gregory.

Edward Stickney, the strong man who gave exhibitions on Phoenix square last week, is now performing at the Palace rink, St. John.

The clerks in the hardware stores in St. John are in luck. They have been granted a half holiday on Friday afternoons during July and August.

Rev. Dr. Sutherland has declined the presidency of Mt. Allison college, left vacant by the appointment of the former president, Dr. Inch, to the position of chief superintendent of education.

The annual fair of the Kincardine agricultural society will be held on their show grounds on the 9th of October, when there will be exhibited the usual variety of seeds, roots, farm stock, dairy produce, etc.

The Twelfth.
The orangemen of this city and the surrounding parishes, including Margville, Kingsfield, Douglas, Kingsfield, etc., marched in procession to the Baptist church, in command of county master Wm. Rossborough, past county master Wm. Anderson, senior deputy grand master George Collin, M. P., P. P., and past grand master Wm. Wilson, M. P. An excellent sermon was delivered to them by Rev. W. B. Thomas, the grand chaplain of the order, who took his text from Deuteronomy 27 chapter and 2nd verse. After the service, the procession reformed and marched back to the orange hall where they dispersed. There was no band in the procession, and everything was conducted with strict observance of the Sabbath.

Police Penalties.
The Scott case of Hugh Edgar and Andrew McCoy, of St. Marys came up Wednesday morning at the police court for trial; J. A. Vanwart, Q. C., for the defence and J. W. McCreeley for the prosecution. In the Edgar case four witnesses were called, but neither of them proved the sale of liquor by Edgar between the 20th June and 10th July, the dates specified in the information. McCoy was convicted on the testimony of George Curtis, who M. P., to buying and paying for liquor in defendant's premises between the dates mentioned; a fine of \$50 or three months' imprisonment was the sentence. The Edgar case will come up again on Wednesday.

Heavy Storm.
The heaviest thunder-storm that has been known here for years, passed over the city on Tuesday afternoon. The thunder was at times exceedingly boisterous, and at the commencement of the storm, hail stones fell, some of them being as large as good size peas. Some damage was done by the lightning to a house on George street, owned by Mrs. Stevenson, being struck and the attic about ruined. Advice from Kingsfield state, that the hail storm in that vicinity was most severe, the hail falling for about a quarter of an hour, the hail-stones being considerably larger than those that fell in this city. On the day previous, the storm was so severe as to blow some of the sails out of Jess Water's woodboat so it was obliged to put into Ormococt badly crippled.

Assault on the Bridge.
Two young men, well known to the police, are liable to get into trouble on account of a little circumstance that happened on the bridge the other evening. Two young ladies were crossing the bridge, returning from a drive, when the young men referred to, stopped the carriage. The young ladies shrieked at the attention of some soldiers at the drill hall, who also had the effect of causing the young men to hasten their movements. They escaped, but it will not be long before they are caught.

Footwear Reduced.—During the two weeks, commencing Wednesday, July 22nd, in order to reduce his large stock of boots and shoes, A. Lottimer will offer the great reduction of 20 per cent for cash.

Some Plain Facts.

To the Editor of THE HERALD:
Dear Sir.—In looking over the report of the council inquiry, I notice that councillor Pinder has been airing himself before that body. He is not satisfied with Mr. Wilson's explanation, and openly charges him with using the county monies for his own private purposes. It is not my intention to defend Mr. Wilson, as I believe he has done what every honest man should do—he discovered errors in his account and he manfully acknowledges them and makes good the amount. This would satisfy any reasonable man, but councillor Pinder could not do so. He wrongfully managed the Southampton by robbing money a few years since, and because Mr. Wilson did not screen him, he has been after his scalp ever since. A person unacquainted with the history of this district would suppose, on hearing him utter those words, that he was a great patriot, zealous for the public good and honorable in his own dealings. Those who have studied the career of this man, and who know his private life, can well tell that his whole career as a representative of Southampton, has been such as would deter any other than the notorious James from making a charge against any body. His whole life and that of his family, from bootle, bootle, bootle, and so on, until the present secretary-treasurer, he succeeded in getting his name erased from the defaulter's list. He has done more than any other man in the county auditors report for 1884, 1885, 1886 and 1887, has been wiped out, but the council on Wednesday night was not so. I am positive that the immaculate James never fully accounted for those large sums; but how did he get his name erased from the defaulter's list? Perhaps the present secretary-treasurer can explain.

During the summer of 1888, Councillor Pinder called on the secretary-treasurer for the bye road monies for his parish. He stated that as soon as he got home, he would send down the bonds. The bonds never arrived. A short while afterwards councillor Hartley called on Mr. Pinder and asked him if there was any bye road money. Mr. Pinder answered: "No; that the government was not to be credited with that money this year for the bye roads." This, it will be remembered, was three weeks after James had drawn one hundred and thirty dollars from the secretary-treasurer. The rumor spread throughout the parish that there was no bye road money, and the Blair government was denounced by councillor Pinder and his faithful constituents. Councillor Hartley by charge of one of these reports, and judge his surprise in looking at the item "Daniel Hartley, \$80; no account." He called on councillors Pinder and James for an explanation, and Pinder still insisted that the money of the Blair government caused the trouble and no bye road money was granted. A public meeting was called at which councillor Hartley was present, and he stated that he had been appointed to find out, if possible, where the money went to. Mr. Wilson was secretary-treasurer at the time, and the chairman of the committee learned from him where the money went to. Councillor Pinder has never forgiven him for this, and that is why he would blacken his character, and, if possible, bring him on a level with himself. The parish of Southampton, a few years ago, was out of debt, but the management of councillor Pinder it has now the largest debt of any parish in the county. He is always very volubrious about the public money when handled by any other person, but when it comes to his hands on it and it is perfectly safe from the public, Of course the fact beaves that he kills and feeds to the electors on taking the money for himself, and in some way, and the action of the government in paring the expenditure of the bye road monies out of the councillors hands, reduces the possibility of any contribution from that source with Mr. Wilson.

It might be well as Mr. Pinder is investigating county affairs, to give the public some information as to the party who furnished the shingles for the barn recently erected at the gaol, and also in regard to the \$50 which stands in favor of John Ferro in the auditor's report.

By inserting the above, you will know our obligations. One Wm. Knuch.
Fredericton, July 15th, 1891.

The Mill.
The third of the Dominion telegraphic league matches came off on Saturday last, Fredericton cannot, of course, produce such teams as are to be found in the larger cities of the Dominion, though a few of its marksmen are of the highest rank. Another drawback is the range over which the local shooting is done, which, though in other respects a good one, is greatly exposed to the wind, whereby fine scoring is made difficult. In Saturday's match a baffling fall wind prevailed which bothered the cracks greatly. Local interest in these matches chiefly centres in the contest between the 71st battalion team and that of the Infantry school. The school won the first match of the season, lost the second, and gained the third on Saturday, through their superior shooting at 400 yards, though headed at both the other ranges. Follows is the official score:

Table with columns: Team, 200y, 400y, 500y, Tl. Includes teams like Maj. T. G. Loggie, Lieut. J. D. Perkins, etc.

Infantry School.
200y, 400y, 500y, Tl.
Sergt. W. H. Walker, 36 24 20 70
Sergt. A. Long, 17 35 16 68
Pte. E. Doyle, 22 19 20 61
Sergt. J. V. Johnson, 32 29 15 64
Corp. C. Shaw, 24 21 12 57
Pte. A. Young, 22 27 28 72
Major Buchan, 26 24 20 70
Sergt. A. G. Powell, 28 28 21 61
Sergt. W. Duncan, 22 19 27 61
Pte. D. Curtin, 22 18 19 59

PERSONAL.
Concerning People Known to Most Readers.
D. G. Smith, of the Miramichi Advance, was in town this week.
Robert Conners of Upper St. Francis, was at the Barker's this week.
Miss McKenzie, of St. James, is the guest of her friend Miss Annie Risteen, Smythe street.
Stenographer Rasteen left on Monday to attend the Albert and Westmorland circuit courts.
Rev. Chalmers Jack, of Maitland, N. S., supplied the pulpit of St. Paul's church on Sunday evening last.
Miss McKenzie, of St. James, is the guest of her friend Miss Annie Risteen, Smythe street.
E. S. Carter, of Progress, was in town on Sunday last. Mrs. Carter is spending the summer with her parents at Linden Hall.
It is expected that ex-president Cleveland will pass through this city some time next week on his way to the fishing grounds of the Lottimer's.

Rev. R. W. Weddall, John J. Weddall and C. H. B. Fisher sailed from Monrovia on Tuesday for a trip to England and the continent.
C. H. Hawthorne formerly of this city, who has been express agent at Vancouver for some time, has been transferred to the run between Bangor and Vancouver.
Wm. Wilson, M. P., P. Wm. Rossborough, Joseph Walker, and Wm. Lipsett, leave Monday for Toronto, to attend the grand orange lodge of British North America.
Joe Pickard and Bert Fowler, formerly of this city, are here on a visit. They have ridden from Bangor to this city on bicycles.
At Calais, Fowler was obliged to stop for a few days on account of an accident to his bicycle.
KNOCKED INSENSIBLE.—During the heavy thunder-storm on Wednesday last, R. Babbitt, of Gibson, was knocked insensible by a shock of electricity. Not knowing that it would be charged with electricity, he went to his telephone and immediately received a shock that sent him back upon the floor insensible.
CONSULATIONS.—The Herald extends its congratulations to manager Racy of the Merchants' bank on the birth of a son.

Surprises are now in order. The late election was a great surprise to many people, but one of the greatest surprises is how spring tweed can be manufactured into such

NOBBY FITTING SUITS,
At the establishment of
JOSEPH WALKER,
Practical Tailor,
QUEEN ST., FREDERICTON.

Next door above W. H. Vawar's grocery store. To be convinced of the above facts call and examine and you will find a greater surprise awaiting you when you see that prices are so low this season.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

A crown of tartar baking powder. Highest of all, in pure strength.—Largest U. S. Government Food Report.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
Pine Oil.
JUST RECEIVED!
5 BARRELS Pine Oil,
2 Cases Castor Oil,
10 Barrels Southern Pitch,
1 Case Air Gun,
From New York by Steamer.
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

NOTICE.
To Allons Grant, of the Parish of Kingsland, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, a notice is hereby given that the said Allons Grant, of the Parish of Kingsland, in the County of York and Province of New Brunswick, has been appointed by the Court of the said Parish of Kingsland, to be the receiver of the said Parish of Kingsland, and to receive the same from the said Parish of Kingsland, and to pay the same to the said Parish of Kingsland, and to do all such things as may be required of him in that behalf.

Hardware.
JUST RECEIVED!
1 CASES general Hardware, 4 dozen Horse Forks.
And for sale by
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Per S. S. "Hibernian."
JUST RECEIVED!
165 O' of the old fashioned three legged Iron Stove, the best ever made.
And for sale by
R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THE FREEHOLD PROPERTY on Charlotte Street, formerly owned by Alexander Mitchell, Esq., 31 foot frontage 111 feet.
Fredericton, Feb. 10th 1891.
BLAIR & BARRY.

SEALED TENDERS.
ADTENDED to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public Buildings," will be received at this Department on and after Monday, 29th June.

JUST LANDED.
200y, 400y, 500y, Tl.
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Pte. E. Doyle, 22 19 20 61
Sergt. J. V. Johnson, 32 29 15 64
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Major Buchan, 26 24 20 70
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Butter Firkins,
Tubs,
Pails,
Indurated Pails,
Clothes Pins,
Coffees in 10 lb. tins, all grades,
Rice in sacks and half sacks,
Bright yellow Sugar,
Granulated Sugar,
Spices.

And for Sale by
A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.



Spring Tailoring.

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Bright yellow Sugar,
Granulated Sugar,
Spices.

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POETRY.

THE SIN OF OMISSION.

It isn't the thing you do, dear,
It's the thing you've left undone,
Which gives you a bit of heartache

SELECT STORY.

HER UNRULY TONGUE.

"Look you, Miss Palmer! If you stick
yourself in the way again when Mr. Allen
is here you'll be likely to get your walking-papers!"

"And with this Irene Minturn swept
proudly on her way, thereby running into
the arms of her mother, who had entered
the room while she had been speaking."

"Lizzie Palmer—just now called Miss
Palmer by Irene—was a blue-eyed,
golden-haired girl of nineteen, rather below
the medium height of a woman, but of
perfect form, light and graceful, with
bounding health and vigor in every motion

"Lizzie was a sort of Cinderella in the
merchant's family. In the other years
when she had been but a child, her father
had been Mr. Minturn's partner in business.

"Nine years had passed away since that
time. James Minturn went into the new
business very shortly after the death of his
former partner, and he had prospered in every way.

"Oh, my child! my child!" the mother
cried when the other girl had disappeared
"why will you not curb that unruly tongue
of yours? Why should you speak to Lizzie
in that manner? Since when you have
come to call her 'Miss Palmer'?"

and you know it. When she came into
the hall last evening she had no idea that
she would meet Charles Allen there. In
fact, I do not think she knew he was in
the house."

"Oh, you needn't tell me that! You
don't know how much duplicity the little
mix can carry beneath that pink-and-white
complexion of hers. Mamma, don't you
want me to marry Charles Allen?"

"My dear child," the mother replied
with extraordinary energy, "that event is
the dearest wish of my life. When I can
see you the willing wife of Charles Allen
I shall be content, so far as your earthly
interests are concerned. I do not think
of his wealth of gold and silver—"

"No, no," she answered, as soon as she
could sufficiently control her emotions, "I
feel with no accident. I am very foolish,
and—O! forget it. There! I will
weep no more."

"Irene Minturn was sitting in the small,
vine-clad arbor, in the garden, weeping
bitterly, when the words fell upon her ear,
and on looking up she beheld Charles Allen.

"No, no," she answered, as soon as she
could sufficiently control her emotions, "I
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for that man every time he comes here."
And as she spoke, she gave the shrieking
girl a blow upon the cheek, with the flat
of her hand, that staggered her.

At that moment Mrs. Minturn came out
and Lizzie flew away to her own chamber,
leaving mother and daughter to themselves.

But there had been another witness of
the scene. Charles Allen had found his
room, and on his way back, he reached the
piazza, when glancing through the glass
door, he saw Irene come out from the
rear drawing-room. At sight of her he
stopped, simply to wait until she had
passed, and thus he was an unwilling
witness to the scene that followed.

On the next day Charles Allen called
upon Mr. Minturn, at his counting-house,
and asked for a private conference. With
the doors closed, and the keys turned in
the locks, he told the old merchant that
any thought of marriage between himself
and Irene must be forever put away.

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THE PRINCE'S COURTSHIP.

A Romantic Courtship.

A story is related, on credible authority,
of the manner in which the little brass
pipes and silver tobacco bags, filling the
kiser, and inhaling one or two fragrant
whiffs of the delicate Japanese tobacco,
writes Edwin Arnold in Scribner's.

Prince Albert Edward, so it is
said, was to be willing away part of a long
summer afternoon with two or three
consanguineous young men of rank and
position near enough to his own to make
even discussions on domestic questions
possible, and the matrimonial outlook for
one of the party was brought up. Colonel
—drew from his pocket the photograph,
as he supposed, of his fiancée, to show
it proudly to his companions.

But instead of Lady —'s likeness
there appeared rather poorly taken carte
de visite of the most charming girl the
prince's eyes had ever rested upon—a
girl wearing a simple little white gown
and loose white jacket, with a black and
yet ribbon circling her throat, and her
hair smoothed back from her brow, leaving
the beautiful young face to be admired
for itself alone.

The eyes and lips seemed to be smiling
at the prince, who gazed at the picture,
demanding to know who in the world this
lovely "country girl" might be. "The
daughter of the prince of Denmark,"
was the answer, and, naturally enough,
the carte de visite changed owners.

The prince showed it that evening to a
confidential friend—one who knew of the
matrimonial designs of the Queen for the
Prince of Wales, a brother-in-law of one
of the well known German nobles having
wisely seen the value of the photograph
had not left the prince's keeping when a
few days later he again, and quite by
chance, encountered at the house of a
certain Duchess the same noble young
home, this time exquisitely painted in
minutiae, the property of a lady who had
just returned from Denmark.

However the matter was contrived I
cannot say, but certain it is that the German
alliance was frowned down, and the
prince's confidential friend was despatched
to Denmark to report truly on the prince's
daughter. The messenger had his
credentials for the court of Denmark,
but there was nothing about him to suggest
his peculiar and romantic mission.

He found at Copenhagen the simplest
sort of a royal family—a prince who lived
in a plain sort of dwelling, and an income
which was less than that of many
country gentlemen in England. On being
invited to dine at the modest little "palace,"
the English courier was presented to the
most beautiful girl in Europe, who wore
her gown of simple white muslin, and a
wreath of flowers as royally as though
they were the velvet and the crown which
later would be hers, yet who was as simple
in manner as though she had indeed been
the little "country girl" for whom the
prince had at first taken her.

Here was a mission worthy carrying to a
successful issue. Whatever the Danish
prince suspected, it is certain that the
young man, who had been the friend of the
prince's, had no time in reporting to his
master Alexander's bewitching loveliness
of person; and he could conscientiously
add to it a most favorable account of her
accomplishments—for the prince of Denmark,
unlike the prince of Wales, had no
ambitions to have his daughters any
splendor in their lives, had seen to it that
their education was such as befitted the
rank he well knew would one day be
offered royal girls of such surpassing
loveliness.

HOW JAPANESE SMOKE.

They Use Small Pipes, Which Hold Enough for Only One Whiff.

To be quite Japanese we will begin by
taking from our girls the little brass
pipes and silver tobacco bags, filling the
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whiffs of the delicate Japanese tobacco,
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ROOM - PAPER.

WE HAVE NOW IN STOCK OVER

30,000 Rolls Room Paper,

And a large consignment of Fine Felts and Ingrains, with
Borders to Match, now on the way from New York,
which we will sell at Lower Prices than ever
known in the history of Wall Paper.

CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK AND PRICES.

M'MURRAY & CO.

P. S.—On hand, a large stock of

PIANOS, AND THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN

WHITE S. MACHINE,

Which took First Prize, the Gold Medal, from all competitors at the World's Exposition at Paris.

Prices Very Low, and if not satisfactory after using them three months, money Refunded.

We Employ no Agents, but give the Large Commission paid Agents to the Buyer.

Call and see us or write for prices.

M'MURRAY & CO.

ROOM PAPER. Fresh GARDEN, FIELD, and FLOWER SEEDS

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received his usual
large supply of Garden, Field, and Flower
Seeds for the Season of 1890, imported
direct from the most celebrated houses in
Holland, Belgium, and France, and whose
seeds have given such universal satisfaction
last season.

At the meeting of the Farmers' Convention held
in this City during the past winter, the residents
in the course of his remarks said that the seeds given
by the Globe Brothers Co., of Toronto, were best
adapted to the soil and climate of New Brunswick
than any other.

ALL THE LEADING VARIETIES OF
Beans, Peas, Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, Onions,

and all small seeds, either in bulk or in packages—
Wholesale and Retail.

My Onion Seed for this year is the first I ever
imported.

Yellow Dutch Onion Sets.

Special discount given to Agricultural Societies
and Country Dealers.

REMEMBER THE OLD STAND.

GEO. H. DAVIS,

Druggist and Seedsman, CORNER QUEEN AND REGENT STS. FREDERICTON.

TEA. TEA.

Direct from London per Str. Damara.

119 Packages Tea.

These Teas are of a superior quality and fine flavor.

G. T. WHELPLEY, 310 Queen St. Fredericton.

June 9th, 1891.

\$50.00 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY.

THE publishers of the FREDERICTON GLOBE will
present \$50.00 in cash as a first, \$10.00 as second
and \$5.00 as third prize, to be given to the persons
sending in the largest number of words made up
from the letters contained in the words FREDERICTON
GLOBE. This offer is open to paid up subscribers
only, and parties desiring of competing for these
Cash Prizes must send in their names and P. O.
address, accompanied by \$1.00 for one year's subscription
to the GLOBE. No letter will be considered unless it
is accompanied by a recent photograph of the sender.
In case of a tie the first reader will be entitled to
the prize. Send your list to early.

Write on one side of the paper upon which you
send your list. Webster's Unabridged Dictionary
will govern the contest. Address:

CROCKETT & MACIUM, Proprietors, Fredericton, N. B.

Assets, 1st JANUARY, 1889, - \$39,729,909.56

Assets in CANADA, " " 870,525.67

Fire Insurance of Every Description at LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

W.M. WILSON, Agent, P. O. Box, 315 Fredericton, N. B.

General Groceries. QUEEN STREET, OPP. CITY HALL, FREDERICTON, N. B.

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the carte de visite changed owners.

The prince showed it that evening to a
confidential friend—one who knew of the
matrimonial designs of the Queen for the
Prince of Wales, a brother-in-law of one
of the well known German nobles having
wisely seen the value of the photograph
had not left the prince's keeping when a
few days later he again, and quite by
chance, encountered at the house of a
certain Duchess the same noble young
home, this time exquisitely painted in
minutiae, the property of a lady who had
just returned from Denmark.

However the matter was contrived I
cannot say, but certain it is that the German
alliance was frowned down, and the
prince's confidential friend was despatched
to Denmark to report truly on the prince's
daughter. The messenger had his
credentials for the court of Denmark,
but there was nothing about him to suggest
his peculiar and romantic mission.

He found at Copenhagen the simplest
sort of a royal family—a prince who lived
in a plain sort of dwelling, and an income
which was less than that of many
country gentlemen in England. On being
invited to dine at the modest little "palace,"
the English courier was presented to the
most beautiful girl in Europe, who wore
her gown of simple white muslin, and a
wreath of flowers as royally as though
they were the velvet and the crown which
later would be hers, yet who was as simple
in manner as though she had indeed been
the little "country girl" for whom the
prince had at first taken her.

Here was a mission worthy carrying to a
successful issue. Whatever the Danish
prince suspected, it is certain that the
young man, who had been the friend of the
prince's, had no time in reporting to his
master Alexander's bewitching loveliness
of person; and he could conscientiously
add to it a most favorable account of her
accomplishments—for the prince of Denmark,
unlike the prince of Wales, had no
ambitions to have his daughters any
splendor in their lives, had seen to it that
their education was such as befitted the
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offered royal girls of such surpassing
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HOW JAPANESE SMOKE.

They Use Small Pipes, Which Hold Enough for Only One Whiff.

To be quite Japanese we will begin by
taking from our girls the little brass
pipes and silver tobacco bags, filling the
kiser, and inhaling one or two fragrant
whiffs of the delicate Japanese tobacco,
writes Edwin Arnold in Scribner's.

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At the meeting of the Farmers' Convention held
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by the Globe Brothers Co., of Toronto, were best
adapted to the soil and climate of New Brunswick
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Beans, Peas, Beets, Carrots, Parsnips, Onions,

and all small seeds, either in bulk or in packages—
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imported.

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THE PRINCE'S COURTSHIP.

A Romantic Courtship.

A story is related, on credible authority,
of the manner in which the little brass
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