The Union Advocate.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL

W C. ANSLOW — Our Country with its United Interests. — EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

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Charles J. Thomson,

Solicitor for Bank Nova Scot a
Barrister Pleader for Estates.
Manufactures Accident & Life Insurance Company.
Notary Public, &c.
OFFICE
Engine House, Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

O. J. MacCULLY, M. A. M. D.,
Memb. ROY. COL. SURG., LONDON,
SPECIALIST.
DISEASES OF EYE EAR & THROAT
Office: Cor. Westmorland and Main Street Moncton.
Moncton, Nov. 12, 1888.

Dr. R. Nicholson,
Office and Residence,
McCULLAM ST., - NEWCASTLE
Jan. 22 1889.

Dr. H. A. FISH,
Newcastle, N B.
Dec. 23, 1891.

W. A. Wilson, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
DERBY, - - - N. B.
Derby Nov. 15, 1890.

KEARY HOUSE
Formerly WILBUR'S HOTEL
BATHURST - - N. B.
THOS. F. KEARY, Proprietor.
This Hotel has been entirely refitted and re furnished throughout. Stage connects with trains. Livery connected with the Hotel. Facilities Some of the best trout pools within eight miles. Excellent water bathing. Good Sample Rooms for Commercial men.
TERMS, $1.50 per day, with Sample Rooms $5.

Clifton House,
143 Germain Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
A. N. Peters, Prop'r.
Heated by Steam throughout. Prompt attention and moderate charges. Telephone communication with all parts of the city.
April 6th, 1889.

TUNING and REPAIRING.
J. O. Biedermann PIANOFORTE and ORGAN TUNER,
Repairing a Specialty.
Regular visits made to the Northern Counties of which due notice will be given.
Orders for Tuning etc. can be sent to the Advocate Office, Newcastle.
J. O. BIEDERMANN.
St. John May 21891.,

CANADA HOUSE
Chatham, New Brunswick,
Wm. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.
Considerable outlay has been made on this house to make it a first class Hotel and travellers still find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of Steamboat landing and Telegraph and Post Offices.
The proprietor returns thanks to the Public for the encouragement given him in the past and will endeavor by courtesy and attention to merit the same in the future.
GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS.
Commercial Travellers, and Stabling on the premises.
Chatham Jan. 1.

S. R. Foster & Son,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WIRE NAILS,
WIRE BRADS
Steel and Iron cut NAILS,
And SPIKES, TACKS, BRADS, SHOE NAILS, HUNGARIAN NAILS, &c.
ST. JOHN N. B.

Solid Leather.
Call and examine my stock of SOLID LEATHER Boot and Shoes. No shoddy or paper stock will be kept by me. For sale at a small advance on cost. Also Overshoes.
E. O'DONNELL.
Newcastle, Oct. 3rd, 1891.

J. R. LAWLOR,
Auctioneer and Commission merchant,
Newcastle, New Brunswick
Prompt returns made on consignments of merchandise. Auctions attended to in town and country.

CHATHAM
CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH
WORKS.
The Subscriber has on hand Top Buggies, Concord and Driving Wagons, of different kinds, Truck wagons, Carts, &c., &c. of his own Manufacture. Stock and Workmanship guaranteed, all of which he offers at reasonable prices and on easy terms.
ALSO DEALER IN
Farming Implements
of which he has in stock a very large assortment of different makes of Machines consisting of Buckeye Mowers, 3 kinds; Brantford Mowers; Toron to Mowers; Brantford, Patterson and Massy Binders; Six different kinds of Horse Rakes; Three different kinds of Threshing Machines, Cultivators, Ploughs, Harrows etc. and all other kinds of machinery used in agricultural pursuits. These are all sold on the usual three payment system or a discount for cash.
ALEX. ROBINSON.
Chatham, June 20, 1892.

Dunlap, Cooke & Co.
Merchant Tailors,
Amherst, N. S.
Our representative visits the different towns on the North Shore every two months; and inspection of our samples is respectfully solicited.
Dunlap, Cooke & Co.
Amherst, March 20 1890.

Tailoring Establishment.
OUR SPRING STOCK
is now complete in all its departments;
English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Woteds in Blue and Black
Fancy Pantings,
in great variety
SPRING OVER OATINGS
in several Fancy Colors; all of which we make up to order in Good Style and at Reasonable Prices.
Call and examine. Parties Furnishing their own Goods can have them made up at short notice. Cutting done also at all times.
SIMON McLEOD.
Newcastle, April 16th, 1892.

MAGIC SCALE
—OR—
CUTTING LADIES' GARMENTS
We keep on hand for sale the celebrated
MAGIC SCALE
for Cutting Ladies' Garments
without alteration. Any Lady can learn from Book of instruction or we can give you Lessons.
SIMON McLEOD.
Newcastle, August 25th, 1892.

L. A. GORDON,
Commission Merchant
MONTREAL
Eggs, Oysters, Oil, Fish, Potatoes and General Produce handled to Best Advantage.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
Montreal, April 15, 1892.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.
A recent discovery by an old physician *successfully used monthly by thousands of* LADIES. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, take no substitute; or inclose $1 and 4 three-cents Canada postage stamps in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address POND LILY Company. No. 3 Fisher Block, 181 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Newcastle by E. Lee Street H. H. Johnston and all responsible druggist everywhere.

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JUST RECEIVED
—AT THE—
Newcastle Drug Store
Royal Crown,
Derby,
Royal Worcester,
Belleek, Dysart.
Fine English China,
Terra Cotta,
Parian and Japanese Ware,
IN Pitchers, Butter dishes, Candlesticks, Sugar Bowls, Tea Pots &c., &c.
Also the usual large stock of Sponges, Chamois, Hair, Cloth, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Perfumery and all Toilet Articles
Drugs, Patent Medicines &c. Physicians Prescriptions Carefully prepared.
NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE.
E Lee Street
Proprietor.
Newcastle, August 189 2

IT PAYS
To be cautious in the choice of medicines. Many are injured by trying experiments with compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, the principal recommendation of which would seem to be their "cheapness" Being made up of worthless, though not always harmless, ingredients, they may well be "cheap;" but, in the end, they are dear. The most reliable medicines are costly, and can be retailed at moderate prices only when the manufacturing chemist handles the raw materials in large quantities. It is economy, therefore,
To Use
Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the valuable components of which are imported, wholesale, by the J. C. Ayer Co. from the regions where those articles are richest in medicinal properties.
"It is a wonder to me that any other than Ayer's Sarsaparilla has a show in the market. If people consulted their own interest, they would never use any other; for it is not only the best, but, on account of its concentrated strength and purity, it is the most economical."—James F. Duffy, Druggist, Washington st., Providence, R.I.
Dr. A. L. Almond, Druggist, Liberty, Va., writes: "Leading physicians in this city prescribe
Ayer's
Sarsaparilla. I have sold it for eighteen years, and have the highest regard for its healing qualities."
"Although the formula is known to the trade, there can be no successful imitation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Without having the enormous facilities of the J. C. Ayer Co., it is impossible for other parties to put together such valuable ingredients, at the low cost of Ayer's
Sarsaparilla
It stands at the head of all similar preparations."—Mark A. Jones, 50 years a druggist, 60 Cambridge st., E. Cambridge, Mass.
Prepared by Dr. J. C Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.
Cures others, will cure you

THE GREATEST MODERN HOUSEHOLD REMEDY
DR. KENDRICK'S
WHITE
LINIMENT
For all forms of pain this Liniment is unequalled, as well as for all
Swellings, Lameness, Rheumatism Neuralgia, Sore Throat, Mumps, Headache, Stiff Joints, &c.
FOR MAN AND BEAST.
EMOLLIENT AND COUNTER IRRITANT
AT ALL DEALERS PRICE 25 CENTS
H. PAXTON BAIRD, PROPRIETOR,
WOODSTOCK, N.B.

MILLINERY.
If you want something nice in
Spring Hat or Bonnet
now is the time to leave your order, at the Corner Store, where you will find a beautiful assortment of
SPRING MILLINERY
in Ladies' and Children's Straw Hats, with the necessary trimmings in Silks, Satins, Ribbon Laces, Chiffons, Crape and Velvet, also Feathers Flowers, Steel & Jet ornaments, and fancy trimming Pins. Infant's Muslin Caps & Tam O Shanters! Veilings & Handkerchiefs.
FRAMMED HATS always on hand. All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.
JENNIE E. WRIGHT.
McKeen Building.
Newcastle March 29, 1892.

CAUTION
EACH PLUG OF THE
Myrtle Navy!
IS MARKED
T. & B.
IN BRONZED LETTERS
NONE OTHER GENUINE

SAFE
PLEASANT
THE GREAT
BLOOD PURIFIER

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA
CURES ALL
Taints of the Blood.
RELIABLE
CERTAIN

Selected Literature.

WILLOUGHBY'S GROOM.

It was a chill September morning, not very light yet, and a thin haze clung about the face of all things. Mr. Simpson Willoughy had just finished stabling his horse after returning from a card party. The ride had not been long enough to act as a tonic, and he was still heavy with whiskey and want of sleep, as he went stumbling along through the stackyard.

Suddenly, with all speed of a military projective, a black figure shot down the slope of a small stack, and fetched up sharp just at his feet. The face, the clothes, the hands of this apparition were all black, and its smile, meant to be pleasant, showed like a ghastly grin through the mist.

'Oh, the fiend!' cried Simpson Willoughby, in a tipsy fright, and proceeded to bolt for the house.

'Hi, mister, hi!' shouted the putative demon.

The sound of a human, unmistakably human, voice restored Willoughby to himself.

'What are you doing here?' he thundered, as he strode to the black shape, 'who are you? Why do you stand grinning there? Don't you know I could have you up before the magistrate for this?'

'Not much good, sir. Nothing to get out of me, sir. I'm only a poor sweep as took the liberty of sleeping in your straw.'

'Sweep be hanged! Clear off the premises at once.'

Then Mr. Willoughby strode off again.

But he had a tender heart, and something in the man's face and attitude had touched it.

'Hi, you sweep!' he suddenly shouted, turning round.

'Yes, sir,' with the touch of the hand to the cap

'Where are you going to get your breakfast?'

'Don't know, sir.'

'And probably don't know if you will get a breakfast at all.'

'No, sir.'

'Come with me.'

Mr. Willoughby led the way to the kitchen door; his house-keeper was up and moving about.

'Here, Mrs. Clark, I've brought you a sweep; you said yesterday the chimneys wanted sweeping. Give him a good breakfast—beer and beef—then set him to work.'

'Thank ye, sir,' said the sweep; then, to Mrs. Clarke, with a very humble intonation: 'Fine morning, missis.'

Mr. Willoughby. went to his bedroom kicked off his boots, and drawing a rug over his limbs, lay down on the bed and slept. He was a tall, broad man with a dark face still retaining some traces of early good looks. His youth he had spent in London, none exactly knew how; some said as an artist, others as a novelist; all agreed he had consumed his substance in riotous living. When his father died, and he came to settle at Holt Hill, he came with a bad reputation. As he was forty, and did not marry, the reputation rapidly grew worse. He had some faults, it is true; he played cards freely, drank heavily, and then he had a mysterious past. The clergy and all respectable married people held aloof from him; the young ladies admired him and trembled; the young men said he was much maligned.

When he woke, the sun was high in the heavens. He rose at once, had a cold tub and then a good breakfast 'Now for the sweep,' said he. He found him at work in the dining-room.

'Well, Mr. Sweep, how are you getting on?'

'Tom Sampler's my name, sir. Getting on very nicely, thank ye, sir.'

'Are those all the tools you have?'—pointing a contemptuous foot at a few rods lying about.

'Yes, sir.'

'But they won't go to the top, surely?

'Yes, sir, they will.'

'How?'

'I shall go up the chimney after them.'

'But you might stick.'

'No fear, sir, in a good, old fashioned chimney like this. Besides, if I did, what matter, sir? Its all in a day's work.

Mr. Willoughby turned away. The soft spot in his heart was touched again'

He went out and strolled around the place, in the garden, the foal-yard, the stables. Then it occurred to him that he wanted a groom, a groom who would not object to do a little work in the garden, to sit up for him at nights, to act occasionally as valet, and in other capacities. He returned to the sweep, and found him in one of the bedrooms hard at work, and singing softly to himself.

'Here, Mr. Sweep.'

'Tom Sampler, sir.'

'Well, then, Tom Sampler! Would you like to settle down?'

'How, sir?'

'Take a situation, I mean.'

'As what?'

'As my groom and man-of-all-work. Do you know anything about horses?'

'Yes, sir; I was bred by a jockey.

'Good.'

'But I had to give it up, sir Couldn't train down quickly enough. A very bad job for me, sir.'

'Very good; a month's trial. Consider yourself engaged, fifteen shillings a week, with keep. Will that do?'

'Yes, sir, thank you.'

'And now go on with the chimney's only no more climbing, mind you. I'll go and arrange with Mrs. Clarke.'

And so Tom Sampler settled down. He had been a jockey, and then a vagrant sweep; his antecedents were not reassuring; but clean, regular diet and regular employment reformed him, and perhaps the feeling that he was trusted helped him more than anything. Willoughby took a strong fancy to him, and let him into his confidence in a small way. Tom adored his master. When Willoughby went out shooting Tom carried the game; when he went out to card parties, Tom drove him there and back; when Tom was running the machine over the grass, Willoughby would sit near on a garden seat and chat. At night, when Tom knocked at the door of the smoking room and entered to report his day's work and receive instructions for the morrow, Willoughby would sometimes ask him to sit down. If the weather was cold, he would pour out a glass of whiskey, but he could never persuade him to take a second.

'Come, Tom, you might as well have another—it's a sharp night.'

'No, thank ye, sir.'

'Why not? You must have drank heavily in your time, eh?'

'I have, sir, but never again.'

'How is that?'

'Bad example, sir, to others.'

In this way the worthy fellow strove to lead his master in the right direction, not without some result.

'You have been here a year now, Tom,' said Willoughby, one day. 'Haven't you found out a pretty girl to marry yet?'

'No, sir. I don't intend marrying at present.'

'Not at present, eh? When then?'

'When you do, sir.'

Willoughby laughed aloud; but from that day he understood Tom perfectly.

'He wishes to reform me,' he would sometimes say to himself; 'and perhaps he may. Who knows?'

'I shall want the brown mare up tomorrow,' said Willoughby to Tom one night in the smoking room; 'I am going to Mr. Ferguson's. We'll have the dog cart, and you shall drive me as my ankle is still weak.' He had sprained it about a month before.

'None of them card parties, I hope sir,' said Tom.

'Shut the door and sit down.'

Tom obeyed.

'Look here, Tom, you forget yourself. What is it to you whether I play cards or not?'

'I am sorry to offend, sir. You have been very kind to me, but I cannot help speaking out, and I don't like to see you wasting your money. You know, sir, you have told me as how you lose sometimes.'

'But I win sometimes.'

Tom looked at the floor and said nothing. There was a longpause; Willoughby puffed hard at his pipe. Suddenly he broke out with:

'Do you know what mortgages are Tom?'

'Yes, sir; we call 'em monkeys.'

'Well, Tom, there are a good many monkeys on my farm, and the owners of the monkeys—that is, the mortgagees—will want their interest in a month's time. If they don't get it they will sell me up. I have not the money. Now, do you understand why I am going to play cards to-morrow?

Tom looked at his master sympathetically, but did not speak.

'It's not all my fault,' he went on. 'I had the money in the bank at the beginning of the year, but a relative borrowed $500 to set up in business, and and—But you understand?'

'You mean you won't see the color of that money again, sir?'

'Exactly so.'

'I'm right down sorry to hear it, sir. But is there no way except this card playing? Couldn't you put off them monkeys for a year? Couldn't you tell 'em that you were going to work hard, and save and pull things round? Knock off my wage, sir; I don't want it. And put me on to some harder work; I could do as much again as I do.'

Tom rose to his feet somewhat excitedly, pulling his waistcoat down and stiffening his back, as though to show off his physical capacity for additional toils.

'Rubbish, Tom! Sit down. Kindly meant, but rubbish. I shall play tomorrow night; if I lose I shall stop before much damage is done; if I win I shall follow my luck. There, my friend, let that quiet your fears. Good-night.'

'Good-night, sir. But promise me one thing; if you are lucky, you will never play for money again.'

'I promise.'

'Then may you be lucky, sir, for this once. Good-night, sir.' And Tom disappeared.

'The beginning of the reform,' thought Willoughby. 'I wonder if he will make me sign the pledge next.'

It was late in the afternoon when Tom drove the dog-cart up to the front door.

'Put a little corn in,' shouted Willoughby from his bedroom window, 'and a basket. I shall want you to fetch Lightning up for me in the Bent Garth.'

Lightning was a horse with a good deal of blood in him, very dear to Willoughby, and often entered for steeple chases in the minor race meetings.

In a few minutes they drove away. Arrived at Bent Garth, Tom got down with his basket of corn, and Willoughby sat waiting in the trap on the high road.

The Bent Garth was, as its name implied, a bent field, shaped like the letter L. The horse was not to be seen; it was gone, no doubt, round the bend. —Thither Tom marched through the grass; he had hardly got round the corner and out of his master's sight when he came on two men lying on the ground—two men, one a big hulking fellow, with a dark unshaven face, the other a nondescript of middle height and no particular color. Tom recognized them both—old acquaintances of his vagrant days, and a brace of thorough-going rascals.

'Hullo!' cried Tom.

'Bless me, cried the big fellow, if it aint old sweepy, and looking quite respectable, too! Got a good job on, old pal?

'Yes; I have turned groom.'

'Lord now, to think of that! Old sweepy turned groom. And looks quite reformed, don't he? Well it is pleasant meeting old friends when they're getting on in the world.

And where are you hanging out now?'

'At that big house this side of the village.'

'Mr. Willoughby's! I know him; fond of his glass, and dont mind tipping a poor fellow a shilling when he is on a bit. 'He's a gentleman, he is! What are you going to do now with that basket?

Fetch up that horse for Mr. Willoughby to look at.

'Ta-ta, then, for the present. We shall be at the village inn to-night. Perhaps you will drop in and stand us a glass for old time, Sweepy, won't yer?

'No, I'm just off with Mr. Willoughby, and shan't be home until late.

'Going out for the hevening, I suppose? Got your dress suit in the conveyance, and too proud to look at old mates?'

'Shut up your foolery. We are going to Mr. Ferguson's; I am only driving.'

'Mr. Ferguson's? I have heard tell of him. A card-playing gent. You'll have the cards out to night, I reckon.'

'Like enough.'

'And what time will you be coming home, if I may ask the question?'

A cold shiver ran down Tom's back as he discerned the blackguard's thought.

'Not till daylight, I should think.—Good bye.'

'Good-bye!' cried the two rascals, imitating Tom's voice, and then rolling on the grass with loud guffaws.

'Did I hear voices' asked Mr. Willoughby, when Tom had brought Lightning up to the gate.

'Yes, sir; a couple of tramps, chaffing me a bit.'

They drove on to Mr. Ferguson's; here master and man separated, one going to the dining-room, the other to the saddle-room. There were others there beside Tom, and they made merry together; supper was provided for them in the kitchen, and unlimited beer. Tom was in great request; his stories, his songs, and his straightforward ways had long rendered him a favorite. Retiring once more to the saddle-room the men talked and smoked. Then one by one they succumbed to sleep. At last Tom was left the only one awake; and was thinking of his master. What did his long stay mean? Was he winning, or had he yielded to the seduction of the game and lingered on though losing? In the middle of his speculations he fell into a doze.

'Hullo, Sampler, Mr. Willoughby wants his trap. It is two o'clock; they are all going.'

Tom got his horse in and drove round to the front. There was his master talking excitedly among the other guests; they helped him up into the dog-cart, and then with many good nights sped him on his way.

When they had got out of the avenue and on the high road, Willoughby turned to Tom.

I have done it,' he said; I have won the money, £540; here it is in my pocket, most of it in notes. No more cards, Tom, I swear.'

He reached out his hand to Tom, and their fingers closed in a grip that meant more than many words. The moonlight, escaping from a cloud, fell full on Tom's face; it was radiant with happiness.

'Lord, how he must love me!' thought Willoughby.

'Do you carry a pistol, master?' said Tom.

'No. Why?'

'I do not think it is safe without one, when you have all that money, sir.'

'Bosh!' and he breathed in great draughts of the fresh night air.

They were now nearing a gate. Tom gave up the reins to his master, and got down to open it: he was no sooner on the ground than he saw two figures behind the hedge. He knew them at once—the men he met in the Bent Garth. With a swift rush he made for the gate and flung it wide open.

'Come on, sir!' Quick!' he cried.

And then as the cart came up to him he gave a loud yell and struck the terrified mare on her haunches. She bounded forward, swerved, and then bolted down the road.

'Drive for your life, sir,' shouted Tom. The big ruffian, of whom Willoughby just caught a glimpse, darted forward and made a grab at the footboard of the dog cart. He held it a second, and then was whirled away on to the grass by the roadside. He arose unhurt, and, after picking up something that had dropped from his hand, he joined his fellow-ruffian. Then they advanced toward Tom who stood leaning quietly against the gate. The big ruffian was trembling with rage; he came close up to Tom.

'Take that, and that!' he roared, 'for a blasted sneak, a hound, a cur.'

Tom gave one groan and fell to the ground. The big ruffian bent down to rifle his pockets.

'There is no time for that,' said his nondescript companion; 'you have done for him, and the other fellow will be back soon. Let us be off while we can.'

And so they scambled through the hedge and went away over the fields.

Willoughby had a stiff tussle with the mare. Luckily the road was straight, and there was no danger of a spill in rounding a corner. His weak ankle, however, was much against him, but by dint of hard sawing at the mare's mouth, he broke her into a trot at length.—Then he turned her round.

'Now go like the deuce,' he cried.

He was soon at the gate again. He perceived a body lying in the road.—Scrambling out of the cart, and coming up to the body, he saw by the light of the moon that it was Tom's.

'Tom!' he cried; but there was no answer.

He passed his hand over his breast and felt the wet blood; he knelt in the road and raised Tom's head against his knees. The movement aroused the dying man; he opened his eyes, they looked awful in the moonlight. He was struggling to speak.

'Master,' he said faintly, 'have you got the notes?'

'Yes.'

'Then the farm is safe—remember the promise—master.'

His voice seemed to linger lovingly on the word 'Master.' In a little while came a great sigh—the sigh of the parting spirit.

Willoughby bent down and reverently pressed a kiss on the dead man's forehead; then raising his eyes to heaven, he saw in the east, far away in the direction of his home, the light of the breaking dawn—of the new day.—*Temple Bar.*

A NEW WAY OF DOING IT.

The two men who had been sitting together in the seat near the door of the car became engaged in an animated controversy, and their loud voices attracted the attention of all the other passengers. Suddenly one of them rose up and said:

'Ladies and gentlemen, I appeal to you to decide a disputed point. My friend here insists that not more than three persons out of five believe they have souls. I take a more cheerful view of humanity than that. Will all of you who believe you have souls raise your right hand?'

Every right hand in the car went up.

'Thank you,' he said with a smile. 'Keep them up just a moment. Now will all of you who believe in a hereafter please raise your left hand also.

Every left hand in the car went up.

'Thank you' again, he said, 'Now while all of you have your hands raised, he continued, drawing a pair of revolvers and leveling them, my friend here will go down the aisle and relieve you of whatever valuables you may happen to have. Lively now, Jim.—Chicago Tribune.

As we have given up all hopes of ever getting any cash, we would ask those of our subscribers who are hard up as ourselves to bring in wood, sawlogs, hay, oats, cabbage or anything marketable, in payment for their subscription to the Times. Wood preferred. We would also ask prayerful attention of those who work us for free puffs of entertainments, to the facts that it is usual to pass complimentary tickets to the printer, not that we are anxious to attend your measly one horse shows, but because the customs of the country demand that an editor should be present at everything from a church tea splash to a dog fight.—*From the Clarksburg Ontario Times.*

Temperance.

NEWCASTLE W. C. T. U.

A meeting of the W. C. T. U. is held in the Mission Hall every Tuesday afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock. Visitors from other Unions or any who are interested in the Temperance cause are cordially invited. tf

HOW TO VOTE!

On Thursday, the 29th September, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., a vote will be taken on the question of repealing the Canada Temperance Act, and every friend of Prohibition should feel it to be his duty to deposit his ballot in favor of retaining the law now in force and not go back to the disgraceful system of licensing persons to legally make drunkards, paupers and criminals.

There can be no mistake in regard to marking the ballot properly. The words on the ballot 'Against the Act' means voting for the Repeal of the Act and in favor of license.

The person, whose duty it was to prepare the form of ballot evidently had a correct idea of the traffic when he ordered these words to be printed in RED ink, symbolical of the fact that those putting their cross close to these words wished to license persons to sell that which caused men to imbrue their hands in their fellows' blood, to sell that which takes away men's brains and renders them incapable of taking care of themselves, and in thousands of cases causes death and disgrace and woe.

If you want to vote to license the traffic and perpetuate these evils and become partners in the vile traffic, then place your cross alongside the blood red words—'Against the Act.'

But if you wish to further the cause of total abstinence and prohibition then place your cross alongside the words 'For the Act' which will be printed in black ink. The following is a fac simile of the ballot paper marked as it should be by every

TRUE FRIEND OF TEMPERANCE AND PROGRESS.

Against the ACT. Printed in red ink.	For the ACT. X Printed in black ink.

Counterfoil.

The counterfoil is for the returning officer to number and initial the ballot, which is torn off when the ballot is returned to him and before it is placed in the ballot box. The ballot is a secret vote and no one need know how you vote if you do not wish them to. After having obtained your ballot from the returning officer the law directs you as follows:—

DIRECTIONS FOR GUIDANCE OF ELECTORS IN VOTING.

'The voter will go into one of the compartments, and with the pencil there provided place a cross in the upper space if he votes against the Act and in the lower space if he votes for the Act.

'The voter will then fold the ballot so as to show a portion of the back only with the number and initials of the deputy returning officer and deliver it to the deputy returning officer who will tear off the counterfoil and place the ballot in the ballot box.

'If a voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper he can return it to the proper officer who on being satisfied of the fact, will give him another.

'If the voter places on the ballot paper more than one mark, or places any marks on it by which he can afterwards be identified, his vote will be void and will not be counted.

'If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the polling station, or fraudulently puts any other paper into the ballot box than the ballot paper given him by the deputy returning officer he will be subject to be punished by fine or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months with or without hard labor.

PROHIBITION TRIUMPHS.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 3.—The Prohibitionists of South Carolina, after a brief and incomplete campaign, have carried the state for prohibition by a handsome majority in the next Legislature. Besides working for the Legislature, application was made to the Democratic Executive Committee asking that boxes be placed at every voting precinct in the State in which votes could be cast for and against Prohibition. The primary for the Democratic nomination in this State, under the auspices of white men, and in which only white men could vote, was considered a splendid opportunity for getting the true sentiments of the people upon the Prohibition question.

The returns have not yet all been received, but it is safe to say that the Prohibition majority will reach from 15,000 to 20,000. The returns now in are from 25 counties—there are 35 in the State—and these give a net majority of over 7,000. Every one of the other counties to be heard from is expected to give a Prohibition majority.

Johnstone's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Wild Cherry 50 cts. a bottle.

The Union Advocate

Established 1867.

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1892.

A CHANGE OF BASE.

The *Advance* evidently realises to its great disgust, that the people of Northumberland will not go for a License Law. It is convinced that they will not consent to unfetter the liquor traffic by repealing our local option law. It is perfectly convinced that the fight is hopeless on the lines on which it has so far waged it, and therefore swings round and trots out the prohibitory clauses of the Liquor License Act and informs us that it is as much a local option law as the Scott Act. It glorifies prohibition under the local option clauses of the license law for the county parishes and license for the towns. It quotes the silly utterances of some nameless country parson to show that under such a mongrel system everything would move on as merrily as marriage bells.

We wonder how its backers will relish the new situation. We wonder how even the artful editor is going to make ends meet under the new arrangement. He is figuring upon a large income from the License fund, to relieve the burden of taxation. In the previous issue we were led to believe that the grievous and wrathy Rumsellers were going to pay into the fund prodigious sums that would reduce the contingent taxation to a mere joke. But now the Licenses are to lie for Chatham and Newcastle, while the would be sellers of Boiestown and Blackville and other county parishes will be left to the mercy of the Local Option prohibitionists. A dozen Licenses in Chatham and Newcastle will not yield the financial relief which the tax payers are led to expect. The great scheme of relieving the taxation by the License fund has evidently collapsed.

But the *Advance* knows a thing or two. While it keeps local option dangling before the parishes where it knows prohibition sentiment is strong its editor probably tips the wink to the Rumseller at his back that the local option clauses of the Liquor license act await confirmation. It is true that for the present they are perfectly useless and perhaps may prove to be so permanently. No Municipality has yet attempted to take advantage of them though the law was enacted in 1887. It is already claimed that they are unconstitutional and the question being once raised it can be settled only by the Courts. It is well known that the power of making laws for the regulation of Trade belongs exclusively to the Dominion Parliament. It is claimed therefore, with a show of reason, that any regulations regarding trade made by the Provincial parliament must fall short of stopping it. We do not say that the local option clauses of the Provincial law are positively *ultra vires*, but we do say that any attempt to enforce them will necessarily result in prolonged and expensive litigation pending the issue of which these clauses are practically useless. While for many years these clauses are running the gauntlet of the Courts with their tantalizing delays the gullible temperance people who may lend their aid to the Rumsellers to carry repeal will have a prolonged practical lecture on free rum. If the country parson referred to and his well disposed neighbours, are really in favor of local option, they had better retain the verified and valid provisions of the Scott Act rather than exchange them at the suggestion of the Rumsellers for the Liquor license Act with its doubtful and untried Prohibitory clauses, which for the present are a delusion and in the end may prove a snare.

A Local Election.

The signs of the times point to a general election in this province for the local parliament in the near future, and preparations are being made in almost every constituency for the coming struggle, and government and opposition tickets are being formed in readiness for the conflict.

So far no satisfactory reason has been given by the leader of the government for the unexpected dissolution which all of his followers in the house are opposed to but it will take effect all the same.

Rumor says that Mr. Blair proposes at the next session of the legislature to make arrangements to do away with the re-issue of the ten years leases which are about to expire, and will introduce a measure not so favorable to the northern lumber lords, and in order to prevent any bad effect to his interests from their opposition, proposes to dissolve the house, and with a new legislature at his back, elected partly by the influence of the lumber operators, to spring upon them a change of system not nearly so favorable as the present regulations.

There is every reason to believe that this rumor is true or why would Mr. Blair seek to dissolve a house in which a large majority has been bought over to obey his beck and call, who hardly dare say their souls are their own when they kick at Mr. Blair's overbearing demands, and in which the opposition has had a smaller following than ever before.

The autocrat of New Brunswick is looking out for his own interests and whether or no the interests of the people suffer is a matter of indifference to him. Whether the people will become as subservient to him as the tools he has bought is for them to decide.—Time will tell.

Refining Processes.

The Advance says: — Squibs:—The Advocate's "squibs" of this week are fair specimens of the refining processes operating in Scott Act ranks."

And yet they are a long way ahead of the refining influences of the rum traffic which its editor is endeavoring to have legalized and the business made respectable (?) as if such a thing were possible.

Cooked Figure Work.

The editor of the *Advance* is mighty in arithmetic, and possesses some advantage in his familiarity with municipal affairs. He no doubt makes the best showing he can for his clients, although there is an adage to the effect that figures will not lie, figures in the hands of an expert may lie as nothing else can. The only material point in the statistics of the Advance is that there has been no income from the License fund during the regime of the Scott Act. The Advance strikes an attitude over this fact as if it were an unexpected and tragical discovery. He finds that for some years before the adoption of the Scott Act the receipts from the License fund averaged $2,230.00, that in ten years therefore they would have amounted to $22,300.00. Which by some magical inflation in the hands of the editor of the Advance swell up to $30,421.13. This amount, he says, has been lost to the county through the Scott Act. This reckoning includes an error of $8,121.13, which the Advance no doubt regards as a trifling matter.

Now what of the $22,300.00 mentioned above? Did the people lose this money? No, not at all. The money did not come into the county treasury because it was left in the pockets of the people. When liquor sellers pay for license are they generous enough to take their own money without expectation of recouping it? Not they.—When, under a license law they pay thousands of dollars into the Treasury as a license fund, it is because they take tens of thousands out of the people's pockets under the authority of their licenses. Of all methods of collecting taxes the most ruinous and expensive is to collect them over the rum sellers counters. What is represented as money lost by the people is really money which they were not asked to pay. It did not come into the treasury because it was not collected from the people. But it was not $30,421.13 but only $22,300.00 and the $8,121.13, or more than one third of the whole amount was tacked on to startle and mislead the electors. Would these electors, who are practically the tax-payers of the county feel better pleased about it if they had been made to pay these $22,300.00 during the last ten years? We think not.

The real state of the figures are as follows:—Under the Scott Act the whole amount of the license fund, amounting in ten years to $22,300.00 has been saved to the people. Large expenditures have been made upon various municipal objects, including the new gaol, without increasing the aggregate taxation beyond $8,421.13. This result is attained by the honest use of the figures of the Advance itself.

The Advance labors hard to excite alarm in respect to the accounts of the Scott Act Inspector. He wants to make the electors believe the enforcement of the Scott Act is a losing business. Well, it is to the rumsellers. The Advance insists on the account as it stood on the 1st July. Even then almost enough money had been collected to pay the Inspector's salary and all expenses to date. Since July first still larger sums have been paid in and the account now shows a handsome balance in favor of the county, which if things move at the same pace, will to a moral certainty amount by the end of the year to more than a thousand dollars over and above all expenses. There is far more hope of the Scott Act helping to lighten taxation, than of the license fund.

The Presbytery of Miramichi.

The Presbytery met at Newcastle on the 13th inst. Rev. J. D. Murray occupied the chair in the absence of Mr. McCoy, the Moderator, Rev. T. G. Johnston, N. McKay, W. Aitken, A. F. Carr, Wm. Hamilton, J. H. Cameron, Geo. Fisher, W. J. Fowler, J. M. Sutherland and J. A. Greenlees were present, and Mr. James Henderson, Elder, and Rev. D. Henderson, of Picton Presbytery and Rev. Dr. Morrison, of Owen Sound, were present as visiting brethren and were invited to seats in court.

Elder's commissions were received as follows. Wm. Jamieson, Escuminac; John Menzies, Red Bank; Angus McDonald, New Carlisle; Wm. Maxwell, New Mills; D. Campbell, Bass River; Thomas Scott, Dalhousie, and Wm. Anderson, St. John's, Chatham.

Reports of deputations in the interest of the college were received. Contributions to the amount of at least $300, were reported, with Blackville, Red Bank, Dalhousie, Campbellton, New Richmond and New Carlisle yet to hear from. Arrangements were made to secure the contributions of these congregations, and Rev. Wm. Aitken was appointed Treasurer of the fund.

Reports of the McLaggan and Stephens Trust funds were submitted by the clerk and approved.

Discourses by M. S. McKay, James MacIntosh and J. F. McCurdy, student catechists, were heard and approved.

Session records of Escuminac and Bass River were examined by committees and approved.

Rev. W. J. Fowler was appointed convener of Committee on state of religion, instead of Mr. Rosborough, removed.

A memorial from New Carlisle, asking for a grant in augmentation of stipend, elicited a warm and prolonged discussion. The Presbytery, by a majority, finally decided to recommend a grant of $150 for one year, against which decision Mr. Aitken recorded his dissent.

Rev. P. M. Morrison, Halifax, was unanimously nominated for the Moderatorship of the Synod, which meets in October in St. John. Arrrangements were made for supply of vacancies and it was agreed to hold the next regular meeting in Newcastle, on the second Tuesday of November at 10 (standard).

The Weather.

Fine weather prevailed all of last week with the exception of a shower or two on Thursday morning. Sunday was fine, Monday wet with Easterly wind. The nights have been cold with light frosts. Yesterday was a fine bright day with cool north wind.

Circuit Court Northumberland.

HIS HONOR SIR JOHN ALLAN, CHIEF JUSTICE, PRESIDING.

Court opened on the 13th September, the usual officials of the Court being present.

There were several visiting barristers present among whom may be mentioned Dr. Barker and George Gilbert, Q. C., of St. John, and George F. Gregory, Q. C., of Fredericton.

The following were the gentlemen of the Grand Jury:—

E. Lee Street, foreman, D. G. Smith, John Ferguson, J. D. Creaghan, J. B. Russell, A. Brown, M. Bannon, T. Crocker, J. D. Phinney, C. Sargeant, George Brown, R. Armstrong, E. Hickey, John McKeen, Geo. Parker, C. Crocker, Eph. Hays, Wm. Robinson, R. Gremley, James Mowatt, John G. Kethro, James R. Lawlor, Richard Fairman, John Robinson, Jr.

Proclamation having been made for silence His Honor delivered his charge to the jury. After expressing his pleasure to meet them he said he was glad to say that the criminal business of the court was very small indeed, there being only one case to call their attention to, and that one of not great importance. The case was one of assault on a peace officer and obstructing him in the discharge of his duty. There was also a count in the indictment for Common Assault, and he thought from the evidence that would be adduced before them by the witnesses for the prosecution that they would have little difficulty in finding a bill. The evidence on the preliminary examinations went to show that on the 31st August last one John Cassidy, a constable, with a summons for one John Johnston and in the execution of his duty went to an Hotel of which one H. Murray is the proprietor and where Johnston lived. Murray was sitting on the door step. Cassidy went to go in when Murray told him he could not go in there. Cassidy said he would, that he wanted to see Johnston, that he had a summons for him. Murray told him to clear out, that he was no good and struck him on the mouth. They then had a fight.

The jury retired, but afterwards came into court for information, when his honor told them they could under the indictment bring in a bill for Common Assault if they saw fit, and this the jury did.

Defendant was then arrraigned and pleaded not guilty, was tried and the Jury returned a verdict of not guilty. S. Thomson, Q. C., for prosecution and C. J. Thomson, with L. J. Tweedie, Q. C., for deft.

There was only one civil cause entered for trial, that of Colin C. Turner vs Geo. LeBreton, in which there being no defence the Judge directed the Jury to find a verdict for plff. for $1,136 52.

There were two Equity suits entered viz.—1 Fred'k A. May and Frank May on behalf of themselves and such other creditors of Mary E. McCallough as may become parties to the suit—Plffs., and John Sivewright Deft. The evidence was taken in this cause and the questions of Law involved are to be argued at some future time at Fredericton, W. C. Winslow, Esq., Solicitor, and Dr. Barker counsel for Plffs. and Geo. Gilbert, Q. C., for Deft.

Thomas E. Kenny, & Edward Kenny, doing business under the name of T. E. Kenny & Co. on behalf of themselves and all other creditors of John J. Noonan & Co. Plaintiffs, and Michael Adams, defendant. This was an application made on the part of Plaintiffs to set aside a deed made to defendant, M. Adams, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of John J. Noonan. The deed contained a clause providing that after the payment of dividends to creditors, who signed said deed, the balance, if any, should be paid to the debtor. The deed also contained preferences. The defendant consented to a decree being made and the appointing of W. C. Winslow, Esq., as receiver. The balance in the hands of the trustees to be paid into court. A. K. Nealis, Esq., solicitor for plffs., W. C. Winslow, Esq., solicitor for Gault Bros. & Co.,

To the Electors of Northumberland.

You will shortly be called upon to give your votes either for or against the repeal of the Scott Act.

Statements more plausible than correct may perhaps have been used to show that its continuence means increased taxation to ratepayers and its repeal a better regulating of the liquor traffic.

The following statement will show what has been accomplished by the Scott Act from Feb. 5th, 1892, to Aug. 30th, 1892.

Amount of fines imposed	2,050 00
" " collected	1,045 00
" held by Sup. Court	300 00
" lost by persons leaving the county	200 00
" warrants out at date	505 00

Inspector's salary and legal expenses to that date amounted to a trifle over $800; which (without counting the $300 locked up in Supreme Court cases) is over one thousand dollars over and above all costs so far incurred. Over two hundred dollars have since been levied as fines against violators of the Scott Act, and by the end of the year it is expected that the fines collected will amount to a much larger sum than would be realized from license fees if under license.

There is, however, an aspect of the question which can not be represented by dollars and cents, and we ask that for the sake of your homes and families you will refuse to give the sanction of law or the air of respectability to a traffic which works such ruin to both soul and body as well as to the hard earned possession of the industrious toiler.

Be at the polls on election day without fail to deposit your ballot against repeal and use your influence as far as possible to induce others to do so.

Respectfully submitted,

NEWCASLE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Miramichi Ladies' Auxiliary Bible Society will be held in St. James's hall this afternoon.

Guilty of Murder.

The trial of Robert Olsen, alias Buck, for the murder at Moncton of policeman Steadman, was concluded at Dorchester on Saturday night and a verdict of guilty returned with a recommendation to mercy.

No witnesses were called for the defence and on the conclusion of the case for the prosecution the prisoner's counsel proceeded to address the jury, followed by Attorney General Blair on the other side. Mr. Grant's address occupied 2½ hours and was a powerful appeal that the crime should be considered that of manslaughter and not murder.

Attorney General Blair followed for the crown, and then the Judge delivered his charge which was as follows:—

Gentlemen of the Jury:

(From the Moncton Times.)

Both counsel have addressed you in regard to the matter we have now on trial here; that is the indictment which has been preferred against this prisoner for taking the life of Jos. E. Steadman of the City of Moncton. Both counsel have presented their views to you. The counsel for the accused very ably referred to what he thought would be most for the good of the prisoner. I may say shortly that he wanted to divert the crime of which the prisoner stands charged from murder to manslaughter.

The conclusion was that the verdict he wanted you to give in this crime was one of manslaughter and that he was not at all serious in asking you to find that the crime did not amount to a crime under the law. I will endeavor in the first place to lay down to you what I consider the law bearing upon this question. I entirely differ from the construction he has placed upon that law. To begin with the law he has laid down, whether Marshal Foster and his officers were justified in attempting the arrest of the prisoner at the bar and a man called Jim without having a warrant for their arrest, Mr. Grant contended that the facts were such that they did not justify the arrest without warrants. It appears Mr. Foster had these facts in his possession at the time he went to this house. He had heard of these men being in the city of Moncton. He had read in the newspapers of the burglary in the town of Chatham. It gave an account of the burglary. These particulars are contained in a telegram which have have been referred to you and which I will now read. (Telegram received by Marshall Foster read.)

THAT WOULD CONSTITUTE A BURGLARY,

and in connection with it the Marshal says he received this telegram about 4 o'clock Monday. Acting upon this information he was about to proceed to what is called the Donnelly house, for the purpose of arresting these two persons. Having been informed that the persons had left this house he no doubt presumed they had left Moncton; but subsequently being informed they had returned to the house, he then, about 9 o'clock, proceeded to carry into effect that mission. They were arresting this person on suspicion of having committed this burglary at Chatham. If in his opinion this information caused him to suspect these two persons in town, who could have reached Moncton from Chatham, and who put up at this house, which seems to have been resorted to by persons of the prisoner's class, I think he was justified in going to the house and attempting the arrest for this burglary. In addition to that we had further facts in connection with this, the evidence of Mr. Wilson showing that

A BURGLARY WAS COMMITTED,

that his safe was broken open and the contents taken by some person or other. He told you in addition that when he went into the shop in the morning he discovered there had been tools left, I think he said some burglar's tools, and an empty bottle labelled "Three star shamrock whiskey." The Crown produced evidence that led to the suspicion of these parties. Howard, who keeps a saloon in Chatham, says two persons corresponding with these persons were in his shop and bought liquor in a bottle same as the bottle found in Wilson's shop. The suspicion would justify an officer of the law in arresting these persons. Further we find that one of the parties arrested was one of the persons who committed the burglary. For after being arrested there was found upon his person silver of the description taken from Mr. Wilson's safe. There were two pieces of this money identified by Mr. Wilson beyond a doubt. Therefore, in this case, the silver being found on the prisoner, shows that he was one of the parties engaged in burglarizing the store at Chatham. The circumstances are entirely against the man shall taking a warrant for the arrest. If the suspicions are reasonable he was fully justified in making the arrest; the evidence is very clear and it must be clear to you, gentlemen, that he was one of the parties who committed this crime in Chatham. I am clear on this point; they were justified in going to this house and making this arrest. Steadman was an officer, Foster was an officer, Scott was an officer, and the other persons they took with them were acting officers and and were as much entitled to the same protection as other officers. If they had gone there without the authority of the law and Steadman had been killed, then the killing of Steadman would be manslaughter. First then to be considered is the legality of the deceased in being there. Under the evidence in this case I think he was

JUSTIFIED IN MAKING THE ARREST.

If an officer were attempting an arrest where he had no authority then if he were killed it would only be manslaughter. But in attempting the arrest where he had full power to arrest then it would be a capital crime. His Honor here quoted law on the point of distinguishing manslaughter from murder. To constitute murder the prisoner would have to have some knowledge that an officer was effecting his arrest. The evidence is that the officers were placed around the house, and when the Marshal enters the front door Selina Donnelly gives the alarm that Foster is here or similar notice. The prisoner is sitting on one end of the table in the dining room when this announcement was made. The moment Selina puts her foot in the door and makes this announcement the prisoner at the bar immediately jumps up, puts up his hand with a pistol in it, sings out 'Hi, Jim' and rushes out. It would appear to me, taking a common sense view of it, that that would indicate he had some knowledge that his arrest was being attempted. We find from the evidence of Selina Donnelly, drawn unwillingly from her, that she saw something in the prisoner's hand that looked like a pistol. I do not think that you can have any reasonable doubt in your mind but that he had a pistol and had it in his hand over his head after Selina Donnelly gave the alarm. When it has been found after his arrest that this man has money in his pocket which was taken from this safe at Chatham, and after being shown the Moncton Times in which was

AN ACCOUNT OF THIS BURGLARY,

what would you think was in his mind then? Having the knowledge in his own breast of having committed this crime, when this man jumped up after hearing that Foster was there, is it not a fair inference to draw that he knew the police were after him. We find from the evidence of those who saw Steadman, who was standing at the south side of the house, that he had on his uniform. Several of them say they could see his uniform. Now in view of Buck's going out of the house it is reasonable to assume that he knew he might expect to meet a policeman, and when he saw Steadman the night was sufficiently light to see the person he was coming in contact with was a policeman. He knew there was a policeman there and that he was only there for the purpose of arresting them. That is some of the evidence that bears on the point whether the prisoner had a knowledge they were coming to arrest him. If he knew what their business there was, either expressed from an officer or implied, that would be sufficient notice that he had knowledge they were there to effect his arrest, and the shooting of an officer in this case would be murder. We find that Steadman used his billy and that was reasonable intimation that Buck was being arrested and that the man was a policeman. Then again if anything further was wanting to show that Buck knew the man he was in contact with was a policeman it would be inferred from the evidence of Mr. Carroll. In regard to that evidence it seems to me whatever has occurred here there is very little to justify Mr. Grant in his very strong language used towards Mr. Carrell. If the officers and sheriff knew, as they did, I think it was right and proper to send Mr. Carroll in the cell adjoining those men, because it would only show

THE CHARACTER THOSE MEN POSSESS,

I think Mr. Carroll was quite justified in going there to listen to what would pass between them. It is for you to say whether you believe it or not. But unless there is some reason to lead us believe he is not telling the truth we are bound to believe he is telling the truth. You heard how the conversation commenced, and the evidence shows that Mr Carroll could hear the conversation there. You heard what was said with reference to Mr. Carroll. In reference to Mr. Carroll's telling the story around and not being able to tell the same story twice alike, he may have told it to some curious persons and not as he gave it here. That rather shows caution on the officer's part. He reserves for the jury the full extent of the conversation that took place. It probably leaked out that he had been there and overheard a conversation that took place, and he would probably refuse to tell what the whole conversation was. When you say the 'other policeman,' as the prisoner did in that conversation, it seems conclusive to my mind that he knew he was in contact with an officer of the law. In fact you can have very little doubt in your minds but by that intimation, jumping up in that way, he knew the police were after him and when he met Steadman outside he knew he was there for the purpose of taking him. There is no doubt whatever that Steadman lost his life while in conflict with this man. Now, was the prisoner at the bar the man who fired the fatal shot? The first actual evidence you have on this point is when outside the prisoner was scuffling with the deceased. If you are satisfied on that point, and the evidence is overwhelming, then did the prisoner fire

THE SHOT THAT KILLED THE OFFICER.

If you believe the evidence on this point I do not think you can have reasonable doubt but what the prisoner fired the shot that killed Steadman. I believe and have not the slightest doubt but that he fired this shot. If it is shown that the officers were not justified in going there then the prisoner might have some excuse for committing the crime, but the evidence is that they were justified. Now, when you go to your jury room, gentlemen, and when you come to consider this matter you will take the law as I have laid it down. If I am wrong in regard to that there is always a remedy for it. Then if that be so when you go to your jury room you have got to remember that these officers were justified in proceeding to this house for the purpose of arresting these parties. That they were in the execution of their duty and that the prisoner had notice of their being about to arrest him is sufficient to cover all I have said on that point, to show that the prisoner departed knowing they came there for the purpose of arresting him. I have no doubt in my mind of Steadman's authority to arrest him and that this man had sufficient notice. I do not think upon this evidence you can have a doubt in the matter. It is clear and is perfectly conclusive that the shot fired by the prisoner killed Steadman. If so then in point of law it amounts to the crime of murder.

When he went out with that loaded pistol he went out for the purpose of shooting.—Now if you find this, I do not see how it is possible to find but that it was murder.—It is no doubt a painful duty, but life and property must be protected. If men like these are to roam over the country at will and endanger the life and property of the people then the administration of justice would be an entire failure. All we desire to see done with this unfortunate criminal is that he gets a fair trial. But you have got to decide according to the evidence, and I have got to lay down the law to you. We are both under the sacredness of oath. I feel that I have discharged my duty and I now leave you to discharge yours.

His Honor, in his closing sentences, spoke with some emotion and his utterances throughout were listened to with the utmost attention and amid deep silence.

THE VERDICT.

At the conclusion of His Honor's address the jury was taken to the jury room where they remained for an hour and twenty minutes. During the interval many of the spectators remained in the court room, a number of ladies being among those who were so much interested in the finding of the jury.

The jury returned to the court room a few minutes before 6 o'clock. The word passed quickly around among those who had gone out and when the clerk called the jury roll the court room was packed.

'GUILTY.'

The clerk asked, 'Gentleman, have you agreed upon a verdict? Do you find the prisoner, Robert Olsen, commonly called Buck, guilty or not guilty?'

Amid silence so intense that a pin could have been heard drop, the jury's foreman, Mr. L. W. McAnn, answered 'Guilty' and added 'With a recommendation to mercy.'

HOW BUCK TAKES IT.

When the verdict of the jury was given, all eyes were on the prisoner, but if he was moved in the least by the verdict his face did not betray his feelings. He never changed color nor did the least action on his part betoken the realization of the gravity of his situation.

While His Honor, the Judge, was charging so strongly against him, and when his voice trembled with emotion as he referred to the prisoner in his closing sentences, Buck remained indifferent to his surroundings, and was seen to be playing with a couple of dogs that had gone into his box. It may have been that he was trying to keep up his courage but the general impression among the spectators is that he is a cool customer, and is probably willing as he expressed himself while in Moncton, to 'take his chances with the millions who have gone before him.' While Buck was being taken to his cell after the verdict, in passing Jim's cell the latter asked, 'how is it?' and Buck replied, 'Tough; they run it up to the top notch,' referring no doubt to the sentence. Buck seen in his cell a few minutes before the verdict was given was enjoying a quiet smoke and apparently taking things very easy. He said he had not a fair trial, that he was an American citizen and asked Ald Forbes, who was present, to send the American consul down to him. He said, 'I can change a good many votes in the United States, and am going to see what can be done.' He was very bitter against the sheriff and remarked that if he was hanged he would return and "tear the d—d heart out of him."

Speaking of Carroll he said he was a d—d liar and must think he and Jim were a couple of chumps to talk the way he (Carroll) said they did when they knew there were officers around.

Buck said that he never built up any hope and thought that the jury could do very little else than bring in a verdict of guilty after the judge's charge.

Jim seemed to be the most concerned of the two. He was pacing his cell and doing some swearing against a number of persons. He was particularly bitter against officer Carrol and the sheriff. Speaking of Buck before the verdict he said he supposed he was just as good as dead.

The court adjourned till 10 o'clock Monday morning when Jim will be tried on the following charges.

1. That on the first of August, etc., he did discharge a revolver loaded with powder and ball, at Joseph E. Steadman, feloniously, wilfully and with malice aforethought to kill, etc.
2. The same, to maim.
3. The same, with intent to disable.
4. To disfigure.
5. To wound.
6. To do grievous bodily harm.
7. To prevent the lawful apprehension of one Robert Olsen when suspected of having committed a crime.

It is said Mr. Grant talks of making application for a new trial for Buck on the ground that the Judge charged wrongly on the question of manslaughter.

Provincial Exhibition Affairs.

The business managers of the Provincial exhibition at Fredericton, N. B., are pushing along the construction of the building as fast as possible and probably by Saturday the new building will be completed. In addition to the two large buildings, there will be also a large tent for the accommodation of exhibits and the special attractions which are being arranged for, and will afford ample accommodation for the large exhibit which, in connection with the stock show, is expected to be the largest and best ever held in New Brunswick. Intending exhibitors and others should not forget that the exhibition is held at Fredericton on the 5th, 6th and 7th of Oct. Prize lists are now ready and can be had on application to the Secietary, A. S. Murray, from whom any information required may be obtained.

Camp Hamill.

Good progress has been made during the past week by the Newcastle Field Battery in their camp of exercise at local Head Quarters.

The young recruits have pulled up well on the older men, and although there are fewer gunners than the strength of the Battery provides for, they have never shown up better or made more rapid progress in their drill. The gunners seem to be the very best age and style for the quick and efficient discharge of their duties, and in some of the field movements and gun drill we saw last week on their parade ground there was no room for stiff or awkward men.

Friday morning was very wet, and the Battery was unable to parade for field movements, the afternoon however, was a little finer, and Col. Call improved the opportunity and gave the men and horses two hours hard route marching. They passed through the town going and returning, and their neat soldier-like appearance was most favorably commented on by our citizens and the many strangers in town attending Court. On Sunday there was the usual church parade, part of the corps under Colonel Call marched to St. James' Church and the other under Vet. Surgeon Morrissy marched to St. Mary's. Appropriate sermons were preached in both churches, and for the rest of the day our town was enlivened by natty soldiers in their best clothes and with their best girls. Monday was a bad day for camp life, it poured rain all day but the indefatigable Colonel kept his officers and men busy at marching drill in the large marquee, and at the theoretical part of their work. During the last few years, these camps of exercise have been made real schools of instruction for both officers and men and in addition to the parades and drills, the officers and non-commissioned officers have each year to stand an examination by the Inspecting officer on a series of set questions. Such a day as Monday is no longer an off day, but is used as an opportunity for getting up this part of their work.

This year the camp is also something of a riding school.

The most obstinate pupil so far has been the Colonel's new charger, which at first ojected most decidedly and forcibly to the guns in action. Under the Colonel's management, however, he is fast becoming a steady gunner, and consents to stand, a part of the time at least, with all four feet on the ground.

The new Orderly has also had some rough riding to do, and his grey charger at racing speed with mail bag at his saddle is one of the early morning sights on our streets.

Colonel Irwin, Inspector of artillery arrived yesterday morning, and supervised the range-finding and firing exercise at the old firing point on the Fortune property. The target has been placed at an unknown range on the middle ground near Beaubear's Island, and the battery required to find the range by trial shots.

Colonel Irwin will inspect the Battery on Thursday, and on Friday they will break camp.

The annual gun practice will take place this year at Quebec, instead of at local headquarters and a team of eight men under Lieut. Maltby will leave on Saturday night to take part. They will be pitted against the batteries of Quebec, Montreal and Woodstock, which all fire at Quebec. The Western batteries shot last week at Kingston, and we have no doubt our men will secure a good place on the list.

Northumberland Teachers' Institute.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the Northumberland County Institute was held in the Grammar School, Chatham, on Thursday and Friday.

There were eighty teachers in attendance, the meeting being the largest one that has met in this county since the Institute came into existence.

The meeting opened at 10 a. m. with the President, Mr. Harrison, in the chair. The first business was the election of officers for the ensuing year. Mr. W. J. Loggie was elected President, Mr. E. E. King Vice President, and Mr. C. E. McCullough Secretary.

Shortly after the session opened the Chief Superintendent of Education, Dr. Inch, unexpectedly appeared.

Owing to the recent bereavement of Mr. Philip Cox, the Institute was unfortunately deprived of his presence, so that the question which he was to have taken up, viz., the promotion of the growth of Patriotism in the Public Schools, was introduced by Dr. Inch, and left to a general discussion.

During the second session a paper was read by Miss Janet Rosborough, on the subject—How can composition be best taught from the reading lesson? Also a paper by Miss M. C. Edgar on the subject, How can spelling be taught with the most profit and in the least time? These two papers elicited some discussion from the members.

At the opening of the third session Inspector Mersereau addressed the meeting. He emphasized the matters of thoroughness and uniformity, and the encouragement of self exertion among the pupils.

Miss E. Mersereau read a paper on the Plan of physical exercises in schools. Miss A. Loggie read one on advantages of exercise books over slates. It seems to be the general opinion that exercise books will come into more common use in the schools. All the papers read before the Institute this year were written by young teachers, and the clever manner in which these writers treated their subjects shows the zeal with which they are engaging in the work.

A resolution was passed, tendering a vote of thanks to the Canada Eastern Railway and the Miramichi Steam Navigation Company for the reduction of fares of teachers attending the Institute.

The Institute adjourned to meet next year in Newcastle.—*World.*

Newcastle Division.

The regular meeting of Newcastle Division No 45 Sons of Temperance will take place on Friday evening next, at 7.30, instead of on the regular night—Thursday.

A Coming Struggle.

On Thursday of next week will witness the struggle between two parties in this county, one party working in the best interest of the whole people in endeavoring to curtail the sale and use of intoxicating liquors so that their sons and daughters may grow up into sober men and women. They have no personal interest to serve other than their wish to live among sober people in sober communities, and be enabled to bring up their families in safety from the debasing curse of strong drink. They feel assured that if the traffic in strong drink could be prohibited that the money heretofore wasted thereon would be put to more beneficial purposes and the times would improve. The money worse than wasted by importing and purchasing these intoxicating liquors would be kept in the country, and good times would be amongst us as the result of saving the large amount expended yearly for this purpose, and which now provides an easy living for many too lazy to work but who fatten on the tolls of others.

On the other side of the question are those engaged in the business of making drunkards and impoverishing their customers and robbing their families of their earnings which should go to support their families instead of the families of the rumsellers.

These men, among others, claim that if the traffic is but licensed good times will again exist, but they do not explain to whom the good times will come. But they are selfish and greedy in their desire for the good times which will only benefit themselves, and the more they are benefited and flourish the greater is the poverty and drain caused by their catering to men's appetite for strong drink, and in many cases their ultimate disgrace and death as the result of their indulging in strong drink.

It is between these two interested classes you must judge before you deposit your ballot for or against the repeal of the Scott Act. If you have any proper conception of your duty to further the best interests of the community in which you live and the county at large, then you will vote to keep the Scott Act in force until we have a universal prohibitory law extending from one end of Canada to the other.

But if you have no regard for your own welfare and the welfare of others, if you wish to continue to see the laws of the country set at defiance by men who know no law which interferes with their interests, if you wish to see the traffic legalized which leads men to commit murder and other crimes, if you wish to foster the manufacture of criminals, lunatics and paupers then place your mark against the blood red line on the ballot with the consciousness that you are voting to encourage lawlessness and drunkenness, and to your own conscience must be left this question of voting for the right or for the wrong.

Obstructing A Law Officer.

Blackville, N. B. 19th Sept. 1892.

An incident occurred near the station last week in connection with the Scott Act which I dare say is worth relating.

One of the residents of Blackville who has become notorious for supplying drunkenness travellers with the fire water, was notified to appear before the Coatham magistrate and there to answer for the offense.

Two witnesses had been subpoened but failed to make an appearance; the one taken in Blackville is one of the oldest and most accomplished mechanics in the province. On Wednesday or Thursday morning, on the arrival of the freight train at Blackville station he, learning that the constable wanted him, took refuge on board the train intending to proceed up the line to find a place where he had been accustomed to hide. The constable went on board and finding his man, succeeded, after a little resistence on the part of the mechanic, in getting him out of the car; when out of the car he then asked permission of the constable to go into the hotel to get some clothes,

The constable however went into the hotel with his prisoner where they were followed by the proprietor who attacked the constable with a sawset, threatening to split his head open if he did not get out of the house. The constable then went out of the house and the prisoner allowed to go up stairs and into one of the rooms and lock himself in where he remained for some time, about two hours. After losing his prisoner the constable left and has not yet succeeded in getting him again. He was seen at the Forks last Saturday. Some seem to say it was a made up job between them, that is between the constable and the proprietor of the hotel.

SCOTT ACT.

A Halifax Lady Married.

On August 17th, at the residence of the bride's parents, Leopold Place, Mr. J. A. Russell, of the firm of Yates, Jay & Russell, barristers of Vancouver and Victoria, was united in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Jessie Miller, eldest daughter of James Miller, late of Halifax, N. S., of this city. The knot was tied by Rev. Dr. Smith, in the presence of only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. After the ceremony was performed and the wedding breakfast partaken of, the happy couple drove to the station and left by the eastern express on an extended trip to Toronto, the maritime provinces, New York, Boston and California, and will return about October 1st to Vancouver, where they will reside. The groom was supported by Mr. F. R. McP. Russell, and Miss Jennie Miller, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. The bride was the recipient of a number of handsome presents.—New Westminster Paper.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell New West minster paper, spent a portion of their trip at Mr. Russell's home here. They left on their return on Friday week, followed by the good wishes of of all.

Columbus Day.

As a contribution to this celebration, the popular young people's paper, "Onward," Toronto, issues a special Columbus number, with 16 Columbus pictures and copious sketches, poems, etc., together with a Suggested Programme for school celebration. This programme has been submitted to the Deputy Minister of Education for Ontario, and to other leading educationists, and is by them cordially approved. Price of this special Columbus number, one cent each, in quantities of ten or more. Special copies will be sent free to teachers making application to the publisher.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, Toronto.

Resolution of Condolence.

At the regular meeting of The Children of Mary Sodality, held on Thursday evening last, Sept. 15, the following resolution was read and adopted:—

Whereas, By the Providence of God, this Sodality has been deprived of the service of one of its most useful and esteemed members, Miss Maggie McIntosh.

Therefore Resolved, That we its members, desire to express our sense of the severe loss we have sustained, as well as those to whom she was most dear. As a devoted member of our Sodality, her services will be much missed. To her mother, sister and brothers, who have been so suddenly and unexpectedly deprived by death of a loving member of the household, we tender our most earnest and heartfelt sympathy and trust they will with confidence look up to Him who doeth all things for the best.

Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to her mother and be published in the UNION ADVOCATE.

(Signed) EMMA C. WHITE, Secretary.

Literary Notes.

The Cholera in New York Bay will be the subject of a timely and interesting article in the next number of *Harper's Weekly*, accompanied by three pages of illustrations. The scene at the landing of the *Normannia's* passengers at Fire Island will be shown in a striking picture by R. F. Zogbaum. In the series of articles on the great capitals of the world there will be a graphic description of the city of Berlin written by Antonin Proust, and profusely illustrated. Richard Harding Davis will contribute an appreciative sketch of B. H. Southern, with notes on his new play. The fiction will be, as usual, of the highest order, consisting only of short stories.

Harpers Bazar for September 24th will contain, among many other attractive features, an article by Elizabeth Cynthia Barney giving the history of 'A Girl's Four years at Columbia College.' A series of papers on social and domestic subjects, entitled 'Day In and Day Out,' by Marion Harland, will be begun, the first article being called 'The Mute Angel.' A beautiful and touching poem on the late John Greenleaf Whittier will be contributed by Harriet Prescott Spofford.

PANSY FOR OCTOBER is an excellent number. Its articles are timely, and of a character that this magazine so well knows how to furnish its readers. The two main stories by Pansy and Margaret Sidney, come to a close. The English Literature paper on Macaulay, and the American History paper on St. Louis, are both of extreme interest, and the shorter stories are articles in every particular.

Price $1.00 a year; 10 cents a number. D. Lothrop Co., Publishers, Boston.

The Emeralds.

Don't forget the meetings in the Temperance Hall, Newcastle, on Thursday, Saturday and Sunday evenings. The Emeralds have a great treat for interesting their audiences and a treat is in store for those who attend. Notices of other meetings will be found in their advertisement,

The Paisley Advocate says:—

The singing of Prof. Morgan, the blind musician, was enjoyed by all, but the part that took the house fairly by storm was the singing, playing and reciting of his little daughter Fair

Personal.

Mr. Bertie Wyse is visiting at his home here.

Mr. A. B. Sweezey was in town yesterday.

Mr. Allan J. Wheeler is spending his vacation at his home here.

Mrs. Mc rill, daughter of Mr. W. S. Brown is visiting at her home here.

The brusque and fussy impulse of these days of false impression would rate down all as worthless because one is unworthy. As if there were no moest in sunbeams! Or comets among stars! Or cataracts in peaceful rivers! Because one remedy professes to do what it never was adapted to do, are all remedies worthless? Because one doctor lets his patient [illegible] are all humbugs? It requires a true eye and a finer brain to discriminate—to draw the differential line.

'They say' that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription have cured thousands.

'They say' for a weak system there's nothing better than the 'Discovery,' and that the 'Favorite Prescription' is the hope of debilitated, feeble women who need a restorative tonic and bracing nervine. And here's the proof—

Try one or both. If they don't help you, tell the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., and you get your money back again.

Entertainment.

The entertainment in the Masonic Hall, Newcastle, on Tuesday evening of last week was attended by a fair audience and gave much satisfaction. The pieces were well rendered and all went off smoothly and effectively. The musical comedy "A Loving Couple," was thoroughly enjoyed. We have heard nothing but praise of the entertainment throughout by those who were present. Mr. and Mrs. Porteous proved themselves to be accomplished actors in their rendition of "A Loving Couple."

Uric acid in the blood is the cause of nearly all disease, it visits every part of the body and is liable to fasten disease on any organ; the duty of the kidneys is to extract waste from the blood; a cold will stop this action, a pain in the back follows, and unless relief is obtained, permanent inability of the kidneys to perform their functions follows, which may terminate in liver complaint, dyspepsia, blood disease, dropsy, diabetes or Bright's disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills assist the kidneys to natural work, and cure all complaints and results arising from the same.

A Useful Journal.

In addition to his local newspaper a business man, to keep up with the times, must read some reliable business paper. One that is devoted to trade in general must prove the most valuable to the merchant or manufacturer who [illegible]ed. Such a [illegible]ronto 'Monetary [illegible]andsome special fall [illegible] which is just to hand. Be[illegible]te artistically designed cover in [illegible]n and gold the reader will find a [illegible]ample of the ground that is covered [illegible]tly issue. From the con[illegible]difficult to see how this [illegible] past 25 years, has been universally accorded the leading place which it occupies in Canada.

Entertainment.

An interesting entertainment is advertised to take place in the Temperance Hall, Black Brook, on Monday evening next, September 26th. The advertisement in another column will give you full particulars. In referring to a concert as well as to Mr. A. B. Sweezey, the Moncton Times of Wednesday last says:

It is to be regretted only a small audience was in attendance at the entertainment in the Y. M. C. A. Hall last evening, at which Mr. A. B. Sweezey, formerly of this city, quite surprised the people by his proficiency as an elocutionist, comparing favorably with strangers who have visited Moncton. Mr. Sweezey gave several choice selections, frequently responding to encores.

Reported To Norway.

Mr. A'ex. Robinson has sold one of his open buggies to Capt. Meyer, of the Norwegian barque Ironnlugen, of Lauvrig, who will take it home. He said he could get nothing there that would suit him so well.—*World.*

Clubbing

Any person wishing to subscribe for the UNION ADVOCATE and the Montreal Family Herald or Montreal Weekly Witness can do so by forwarding us the sum of $1.70 for one year's subscription. tf.

School Rate Notices.

School district assessment sheets and School Rate and Poor and County Rate Notices always on hand at the ADVOCATE OFFICE. tf.

Lodged in Gaol

Nora Walsh was arrested and lodged in gaol yesterday afternoon in default of paying the fine and costs recorded against her five or six months ago.

Bengough.

The entertainment by Mr. J. W. Bengough in the Masonic Hall on Monday evening attracted a large audience and was much enjoyed by all present. His cartoons of local men and others were received with hearty applause, while his recitations and songs were most excellent.

Syrup of Figs.

Produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

Eye Water.

The "COMMON SENSE" Eye WATER is unequalled for the cure of weak, sore, and inflamed eyes. After some delay, it is again on sale at E. Lee Street's drug store. Train men and others will find it a grand remedy for extracting cinders or particles of dirt from the eye.—tf.

Died.

In Bangor, Maine, Sept 5th, CATHERINE HENRY, widow of the late William Murphy, of Upper Derby, Miramichi, N. B.

At Boiestown, on the 15th September, WM. CAMPBELL, after a lingering illness, aged 45 years.

At Newcastle, N. B., on Friday, the 19th September, JANE, relict of the late William McMaster, aged 70 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF NEWCASTLE.

ENTERED.

Sep 13—schs Florence May, 74, Breau, Charlottetown, oil, G. Stables; Una, 41, Chevrie, Magdalen Islands, bal. master.

17—sch, Maggie Jane, 35, Stewart, Chatham, oats, E Sinclair.

18—bk. Bruchoe, 580, Gjerulsen, Bristol, bal. G. Burchill & Sons.

CLEARED

Sept. 15—schs, Una, Chererie, Magdalen Islands, lumber, D. & J. R. Co.; Corpora Trim, McArthur, Malpeque, do. do.

16 sch. Martha Jane, Spencer, Buctouche, lumber, E. Hutchison; bk. Parramatea, Gundersen, Belfast, do. Wm. Mckay,

17, sch, Maggie Jane. Stewart, New London, lumber, E. Sinclair.

20. sch, Rose, Bassque Tracadie, flour C. C Turner.

PORT OF CHATHAM.

ENTERED.

Sept. 9—Sch. Reality, 38, Miller, Tracadie, berries, A. & R. Loggie.

10—schs. Levinia, 18, McCarty, Tignish, produce, master; Jennie May, 19, McGrath, Tignish produce, master.

12—schs. Mary Enesie, 47, Vigneau, Magdalens, bal., master; Glen, 20, Hanrihan, Tignish, oats, master; Florence May, 74, Breau, Charlottetown, gen. cargo, J. W. & J. Anderson; Maggie Jane, 35, Stewart, New London, oats, master; bks. Atlantic, 494, Telepsen, Larne, bal, Geo. Watt; N. S. del Monte, 653, Caneda, Trieste, bal. W. McKay.

13—schs. Corporal Trim, 57, McArthur, Malpeque, oats, master; Richard B., 32, Boundreaut, Magdalens, bal., master.

15—sch. Fanny, 26, Doucette, New London, bal., master, Marie, 28, Lewis, fishing mackerel, W. S. Loggie.

CLEARED.

Sept. 9—sch. Reality, Miller, Frog pond, bal. master; bk. Ida B. Cebalo, Cardiff. deals, W. Richards.

10—schs Margaret Ann, Buckler, Charlottetown, lumber, master; bks. Ebba, Paulsen, Dublin, deals, E. Hutchison, Wayfarer, Nickelsen, Cardiff, deals, J. B. Snowball.

12—sch .Marie Enesie, Vigneau, Magdalens, lumber, F. W. Russell.

13—schs. Richard B., Boudreaut, Magdalens, lumber, master; Annie C. Brown, Wade, Richibucto, lumber, master; St. Peter, Gillis, Tignish, lumber, master.

16—schs. Maggie Jane, Stewart, Newcastle, oats, master; Fanny, Doucette, Rustico. lumber, Richards; S. S. St. Andrews, McLean, Picton, towing wreck, master.

Correspondence

THOSE MUNICIPAL STATISTICS

The editor of the *Advance* tries hard to make a point against the Scott Act, and against a Chatham Clergyman by an artful arrangement of Municipal figures; Any one except the ignorant or dishonest can easily see through his misrepresentations. He treats the loss of the proceed of the old License fund as if it was an unlooked for loss under the Scott Act He poses as the astute discoverer of this dreadful leak in the municipal scow He has only discovered what everybody else knew when the Scott Act was adopted, that its adoption terminated the filthy stream of the license fund and saved the treasury from its inseparable pollution. Perhaps he would like to establish a miniature Louisiana Lottery in the county for the purpose of raising municipal funds and easing up the taxation. A wretched thing like that would easily raise more money than the License fund ever yielded.

Men like the editor of the *Advance*, who are not in the least inconvenienced by any sort of conscientious scruples, could readily fall in with such a scheme. But then, it would not secure licenses to sell grog to the political friends of the *Advance*, and, failing that, they might not vote for those he wants to go to parliament.

As for the cost of the new gaol it is simply throwing dust to say that it was not taken from the contingent assessment but from the proceeds of land sales. The monies required for building were taken from the municipal revenues, largely reducing the general income and rendering it necessary in 1885 to very nearly double the amount of the previous year's assessment in order to make ends meet. It is most dishonest to hold the Scott Act responsible for this expenditure, and no one knows it better than the editor of the *Advance*. But to him honesty is nothing but sentiment.

VOTER.

Sept. 17, 1892.

General Intelligence

PAT PURCELL'S WILL.

TORONTO, September 16.—The following was delivered by Mr. Justice Robertson at his judgment in the Purcell will case yesterday.

Judgment declaring (1) that the will of May 14, 1890, and the codicil of March 16, 1891, are together the last will of Patrick Purcell and should as such be admitted to probate; (2) that the effect of the execution by the testator was to revive the will of May, 1890. (3) that the bequests contained in the 42nd, 44th and 46th clauses of the said will, in so far as the bequests are made payable out of lands and mortgages, are void, except the bequest to the Superiorcress of the Convent of the Sisters of Charity of the House of Providence, Kingston. (4) that in all other respects the devises and bequests in the will are good and valid; (5) that the executors who are entitled to probate of said will and codicil are: Alexander LeClare, North Lancaster, merchant; Angus D. McDonald, Fairfield, merchant; and John Bergin, Cornwall, barrister-at-law.

Costs of all parties out of the estate.

Clause 42 gives certain moneys to the Superioresses of the convents of Glengarry County to be expended in the education, support and clothing of poor children, and the support and clothing of indigent men and women of said county.

Clause 44 gives certain moneys to the Superioresses of the Convents of Cornwall and the County of Stormont for the same purposes.

Clause 46 gives certain moneys to the Superioresses of the convents in the Archdiocese of Kingston for similar purposes.

The result of the above decision is that the first will made by Mr. Purcell was revived by a codicil thereto made after he had executed a second will. The widow wanted to have the second will declared the valid one, but failed.

THE BARQUE HOPE DISASTER.

HALIFAX, Sept. 14—Schooner Amelia C. arrived in port this afternoon from Grand Banks with three men, the sole survivors of the crew of the brigue Hope, which left Nash's Creek, N. B., August 15th, for Port Madoc, South Wales. The Hope encountered a heavy gale August 22nd, 40 miles south of Cape Race, during which she commenced to leak. This with a heavy deck load threw her on her beam ends. While the mate was cutting away the lashing of the deck load to send it adrift to right her, the barque suddenly turned completely over. The crew all managed to get on the keel, but a heavy sea immediately carried them into the ocean. A number of deals were floating about, and on to these the men scrambled. Three of them managed to construct a raft, but the others all finally succumbed. The three drifted about on the raft for four days. They sighted vessels at various times and made signals, but it was not until the 25th that the schooner Amelia C. saw their signals and rescued them. During the time they were on the raft the men suffered intensely from hunger and thirst and in order to keep their tongues moist one of the crew, Jolliffe, cut straps from his sea boots into pieces and this they chewed. When rescued they had given up all hope and had become so weak he could not cling to the raft but had to be held on by his two comrades.

The names of the lost are: Captain David Jenkins, Aberystwyth, married, and leaves a family; Mate David Griffiths, Aberystwyth, single; Cook Richard Edwards, Aberystwyth, married, leaves a family; Able Seaman Humphrey Jones, Llanbedroc; Able Seamon Robert Hughes, Port Madoc; boy, James E. James of Pwlheli. The saved are: Boatswain Wm. Rees, Port Madoc; Able Seaman Arthur Frank Jolliffee, Isle of Wight, and Ordinary Seaman John Nicholas, of Fishguard.

The Hope was 276 tons register, and was built at Quebec in 1885, and owned by John Evans of Aberystwyth.

New Advertisements.

Grand Concert,

—IN—

Temperance Hall
BLACK BROOK.
Monday Evening Sept. 26.

Mr. A. B. Sweezey, a pupil of Proctor School of dramatic art, Boston, will give a reading recital assisted by Mr. J. H. Wetmore, (Moncton), Mr. and Mrs. Porteous, Misses Edgar, Miss Loggie, Miss Belyea, Messrs. Farnham, Burr and others in a grand

Musical and Dramatic Entertainment.

Two hours (or more) of solid fun. Piano Solos, Operatic airs, Plantation Melodies. Comic songs and character sketches to conclude with the laughable

MUSICAL COMEDY

"A Loving Couple."

Ferdinand Lovejoy—Mr. Porteous.
Constance (his wife)—Mrs. Porteous.

Doors open at 7.30 commence at 8 o'clock, Admission 25 cents, children 10c.

TUITION.

Mr. Fred. Blair, Organist of St. James' Church, Newcastle, will receive a limited number of pupils for instruction in piano and organ.

Sept. 20. 1m.

TO LET.

A Dwelling House, immediate possession given,

Apply to

Rev. P. W. DIXON.

Newcastle, Sept. 19, 1892.

3 APPLICATIONS THOROUGHLY REMOVES DANDRUFF

ANTI-DANDRUFF

GUARANTEED

D. L. CAVEN,

Toronto, Travelling Passenger Agent, C P R. Says: Anti-Dandruff is a perfect remover of Dandruff—its action is marvellous—in my own case a few applications not only thoroughly removed excessive dandruff accumulation but stopped falling of the hair, made it soft and pliable and promoted a visible growth.

Restores Fading hair to its original color.
Stops falling of hair.
Keeps the Scalp clean,
Makes hair soft and Pliable
Promotes Growth.

Have you ever heard of the Lock Pocket?

A New wrinkle in Ready Made Clothing

(PATENTED.)

The new and ingenious ***Lock Pocket*** is a safeguard against the loss of valuables from out the pockets by means of abstraction or otherwise. As a watch pocket it is invaluable. This Pocket is in use in the United States and other countries and its success in ***preventing the loss of money***, watches or other valuables brings it into universal favor where ever introduced.

When buying Clothing see that the ***Lock Pocket*** is attached to your garment.

T. A. SMALL & CO.,

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS. - - MONTREAL.

SOLE PATENTEES FOR CANADA. 5w.

FARMERS ATTENTION.

The haying season is at hand and we have the largest and best stock of

MOWERS, RAKES and REAPERS

ever offered on the North shore. We do not distract your attention by samples of a dozen different varieties which it is practically impossible to keep repairs for. Our aim is to keep the best and no other. For this reason we have secured the agency for

COSSITT'S HARVESTING MACHINERY,

which is too well known to require any commendation from us. We have their

IMPROVED MODEL BUCKEYE MOWER,

both 2 1-2 and 3 inches cut, Improved

ITHACA HORSE RAKE

—AND—

NEW LIGHT REAPER.

It is very essential to have a full stock of repairs on hand; in case of accident much valuable time is often lost waiting for them to come from the factory. In this respect we claim to be ahead of all competitors. Call and examine our stock and be convinced. We have also the exclusive agency for the celebrated

Gananoque Carriages,

—AND THE—

Chatham and Chautauque Farm Wagons,

together with a full line of farm Machinery, Harness, Organs, Pianos, etc.; all of which are sold at our usual low prices and on favourable terms. Also in stock a supply of excellent Axle and Machine Oil.

Clark & Lounsbury.

Newcastle, July 4, 1892.

For You:

THE LATEST OFFER OF

PROGRESS in the direction of an increased Circulation is a splendid quadruple plate **SILVER TEA SERVICE** of seven pieces—large size—to be presented to the person who sends in the most Coupons cut from PROGRESS during the months of July, August and September. The Coupon will appear in PROGRESS, Saturday, July 9th, for the first time, with a handsome engraving of the Silver Service. Look out for it

New Advertisements.

Rogersville Festivities,

September 27th & 28th,

Programme.

Tuesday 27th Pic-Nic and Bazaar, with all permissable amusements, ancient and modern. Agricultural exhibition and horse races in connection therewith.

An entertainment in the evening by amateurs.

Wednesday, 28th, same as the day before exhibition excepted.

Refreshment tables well supplied and skilfully attended, Prices moderate.

No entrance fee required.

Reduction of fare on the I. C. R. on the 27th from Point du Chene and Newcastle and first class cars attached to the regular freights. The same privilege granted on the Chatham Branch and Kent Northern Railways. This being the last Pic-Nic of the season and as the object thereof is to encourage laudable efforts in the interest of religion and county, the promoters expect a generous patronage.

By Order of the Committee.

NOTICE,

is hereby given that the undermentioned ratepayers of the School District No. 5 in the Parish of Dalhousie, County of Restigouche, are in default of school taxes in the amount set opposite their respective names, and unless the said parties pay the same, with the expense of advertising, within two months from date hereof, their real estate will be sold, or other proceedings taken for the recovery of the rates due by them.

ALEX. FORBES, $16.51,
WALTER ELLIOTT, $18.51.

JAMES MALCOLM,
Sec'y Trustees School District No. 5,
Dalhousie.

Dalhousie 21st Sept., 1892.

THE EMERALDS.

MR. J. PARSONS SMITH,

[Jim Smith, ex boxer.]

SPEAKER AND SINGER.

—ASSISTED BY—

Prof. H. T. Morgan,

THE BLIND MUSICIAN,

—AND HIS—

Wonderful Daughter Little FAIRY,

Will appear in the Temperance Hall, Newcastle, on Thursday and Saturday and Sunday evenings, Sept. 22nd, 24th and 25th. On Friday evening they will appear in the Temperance Hall, Douglastown. Each of the meetings will commence at 8 o'clock.

On Monday evening, Sept. 26th they are billed for the Temperance Hall, Millerton, and on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept 27th and 28th, in the Temperance Hall, Blackville.

Admission 10 cents.

Teachers' Institute

The Restigouche County Teachers' Institute will meet at River Charlo, Sept. 22nd & 23rd. A full attendance of teachers is desired.

PROGRAMME

Thursday.

1st Session.—Usual business routine. Address by the President. Paper—Errors in Teaching, D. S. Carmichael. Object Lesson—Miss H. Cliff.

2nd Session 2 p. m.—Address—Rev. J. A. Greenlees. Paper—Miss Hurie. Best mode of conducting public examination of school, Rev. T. Nicholson. Model Lesson—Miss Barnes. Address—Rev. George Fisher.

Friday.

1st Session 9 a. m.—Lesson on Canadian History with Diagrams—W. H. Robertson. Paper—Importance of Moral Education in school, C. H. Edgett. Spelling—W. H. Robertson. Lesson—Miss Kerr. Some special subject with whole school once a week—Mr. Coleman.

2nd Session 2 p. m.—Illustration of Square Root—C. H. Edgett. Illustration of Cube Root and fractions. Pinnock's Catechism on English History as suitable for oral lessons—Miss Cook. Geographical Readers, English Code, suitable as helps to Teachers.

3rd Session 6 30 p. m. Public meeting in Hall. Address by J. R. Inch, L L. D., Chief Supt. of Education.

C. H. EDGETT, President.

1892 NEW BRUNSWICK 1892

2nd Annual

Provincial Exhibition!

UNDER MANAGEMENT OF

Agricultural Soc., Dis. No. 34,

—ON—

Wednesday, hursday, & Friday,

OCTOBER 5th, 6th, and 7th,

At FREDERICTON N. B.

CASH PRIZES IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Horses, Cattle Agricultural, Horticultural, Poultry, Sheep, Swine, Fruit, Dairy Products, Honey and Apiary Supplies, Fancy Work, &c., &c.

Prize Lists now ready on application to the Secretary.

New and special attractions of which due notice will be given.

RACES AT DRIVING PARK EACH DAY.

CHAS. E. MURRAY. A. S. MURRAY.
President. Secretary.

Fredericton, Aug. 24, 1892.

NEW FALL GOODS

—AT THE—

SALTER BRICK STORE.

—IN—

Black and Colored Velveteens, Sealettes, Astracans, Mantle & Sack Cloths,

DRESS CLOTHS,

Grey, Navy Blue, White & Red FLANNELS.

FLANNELETTES,

White, Blue, Red, Green & Orange.

COTTON WARPS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Jno. Ferguson.

Newcastle, September 5th, 1892.

MIRFIELD DRAUGHTSMAN.

The Thorough Bred Shire Stallion,

"MIRFIELD DRAUGHTSMAN,"

Six years old, imported by the New Brunswick Government, will start for service on Monday the 9th May.

The colts from him which have been dropped up to this time are splendid specimens. He is considered the best working stallion that has been in this county, and being perfectly healthy and sound in every way is the best horse to breed from. Particulars made known by the groom.

Terms for season—with foal $6.00, not in foal half price.

May 10, 18

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in **NEW YORK.**

THE UNION ADVOCATE

$1.00 per year in Advance

See Our Liberal Clubbing Offer

Annual Meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the Miramichi Ladies' Auxiliary Bible Society will be held in St. James Hall, Newcastle, on Wednesday the 21st Sept., at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

NERVE BEANS

NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by over-work, or the errors or excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or six for $5, or sent by mail on receipt of price by addressing THE JAMES MEDICINE Co., Toronto, Ont. Write for pamphlet. Sold in—

For Sale or To Rent.

The old Manse Property. Possession given immediately. Apply to.

J. D. CREAGHAN.

Newcastle, May 9. 1892.

FOR SALE IN BATHURST VILLAGE.

The Handsome Residence and Store of the late MRS. RAINEY,

Together with Stable and Outhouses.

Apply on premises.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

MORE NEW GOODS

at

—Donald Morrison's.—

Old lines getting sold out.

Nothing but new Fresh goods now opening to assort.

5 cases Children's & Men's Spring Heel Boots in Buff Goat and Kid.
11 Cases Women's laced & buttoned Boots & Shoes in Buff, Pebble, French & American Kid, Newest Shapes, Cheaper than Ever.
9 Cases Men's, Boy's & Youth's laced & congress.
2 Cases Men's no. 0 Brogans.
25 pieces new DRESS GOODS, bought at reduced figures, Excellent Value.

ANOTHER CARLOAD FURNITURE CHEAPER THAN EVER.

10 Dozen Fancy Chairs, New Designs.
5 Bales Mattrasses.
1 Case Turtle Cuspidores.
2 Doz. Camp Beds.
6 Doz. Camp Stools &c. &c.

OLD STAND

HEAD OF PUBLIC WHARF

Furniture Warerooms
Building adjoining, lately occupied by B. Falrey.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO STORE KEEPERS, TRADERS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

Peremptory Sale of Spring & Summer Dry Goods

The enormous Stock of SUTHERLAND & CREAGHAN, both at Chatham and Newcastle thrown on the Market regardless of cost or consequences.

$75.000.00 worth of New and Seasonable Merchandize to be, Sacrificed. No reserve—all must go. Having purchased for

Spot Cash

the Stock and Real Estate, at Chatham and Doubled the C[illegible] f the premises. I have decided to continue the business there as well as at Newcastle on my own account. My long business experience of 18 years on the Miramichi and the kindness I have always received impels me to make additional efforts to please the public who will find my Stores at Newcastle and Chatham first-class Warehouses in every respect.

Ladies on the Miramichi will have no cause to send outside for goods, or Samples for the latest can be had on my counters as soon as it leaves the makers' hands. I have just returned from a business visit to the principal Centres of trade in the United States and Canada after Selecting large lots of the latest

Novelties for Spring & Summer Wear.

As Competition is a severe test I respectfully invite the keenest Comparison. No trouble to now goods or give samples.

J. D. Creaghan,

Successor To Sutherland & Creaghan.
Newcastle & Chatham

NEW DISCOVERY by ACCIDENT.

In compounding a solution a part was accidently spilled on the hair, and on washing afterward it was discovered that the hair was completely removed. We at once put this wonderful preparation, on the market and so great has been the demand that we are now introducing it throughout the world under the name of Queen's Anti-Hairine.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS AND SO SIMPLE ANY CHILD CAN USE IT.

Lay the hair over and apply the mixture for a few minutes, and the hair disappears as if by magic without the slightest pain or injury when applied or ever afterward. It is unlike any other preparation ever used for a like purpose. Thousands of LADIES who have been annoyed with hair on their FACE, NECK and ARMS attest its merits.

GENTLEMEN who do not appreciate beard or hair on their neck find a priceless boon in Queen's Anti-Hairine which does away with Shaving, by rendering its future growth an utter impossibility in perfect privacy. Price of Queen's Anti-Hairine $1. per bottle, sent in safety mailing boxes, postage paid by us (securely sealed from observation). Send money or stamps by letter with full address written plainly. Correspondence strictly confidential. This advertisement is honest and straightforward in every word it contains. We invite you to deal with us and you will find everything as represented. Cut this out and send to-day. Address QUEEN CHEMICAL CO., 174 Race Street, CINCINNATI, O. You can register your letter at any Post Office to insure its safe delivery. We will pay $5.00 for any case of failure or slightest injury to any purchaser. Every bottle guaranteed.

SPECIAL—To ladies who introduce and sell among their friends 96 Bottles of Queen's Anti-Hairine we will present with a SILK DRESS, 16 yards best silk. Extra Large Bottle and a sample of silk to select from sent with order. Good Salary or Commission to Agents.

HOME REFERENCES—The Sytle Safe & Lock Co, 146 & 1 Water Street, Edwin Alden & Co., 248 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

Mixed Paint ready for use, Varnish, Brushes, Furniture and Stove Polish, Blind Tape Cord, Chamois Skins, Brass and Iron Tacks, Polishing Paste, and scores of articles in this line

Table and Kitchen Granite Ware

Housekeepers Hardware in Great VARIETY

BURPEE, THORNE & Co.

60 AND 62 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET, St. John. N. B.

FREE CRAYON PORTRAITS & FRAMES

To all our Subscribers for 1892.

We, the publishers of "North American Homes," in order to increase the circulation of our journal throughout the United States and Canada, will spend this year over one hundred thousand dollars among our new subscribers in the form of an artistic Crayon Portrait and a handsome frame (as per cut below), to be made free of charge for every new subscriber to "North American Homes." Our family journal is a monthly publication consisting of 32 pages, filled with the best literature of the day by some of the best authors, and is worthy of the great expense we are doing for it. Eight years ago the *New York World* had only about 15,000 daily circulation; to-day it has over 300,000. This was obtained by judicious advertisement and a lavish expenditure of money. What the proprietor of the *N. Y. World* has accomplished we feel confident of doing ourselves. We have a large capital to draw upon, and the handsome premium we are giving you will certainly give us the largest circulation of any paper in the world. The money we are spending now among our subscribers will soon come back to us in increased circulation and advertisements. The Crayon Portrait we will have made for you will be executed by the largest association of artists in this city. Their work is among the finest made, and we guarantee you an artistic portrait and a perfect likeness to the original. There is nothing more useful as well as ornamental than a handsome framed Crayon Portrait of yourself or any member of your family; therefore this is a chance in a lifetime to get one already framed and ready to hang in your parlor absolutely free of charges.

READ THE FOLLOWING GRAND 30 DAYS' OFFER:

Send us $1.50, price for one year subscription to "North American Homes," and send us also a photograph, tintype or daguerreotype of yourself or any member of your family, living or dead, and we will make you from same an artistic half length Crayon Portrait, and put the Portrait in a good substantial gilt or bronze frame of 8 inch moulding absolutely free of charge; will also furnish you a genuine French glass, boxing and packing same free of expense. Cut this out and send it with your photograph at once, also your subscription, which you can remit by Draft, P. O. Money Order, Express Money Order, or Postal Note, made payable to

NORTH AMERICAN HOMES PUBLISHING CO.,

References—Any newspaper publishers, Rev. T. DeWitt Talmadge, all mercantile agencies and banks in New York City.

World Building, New York.

orF sampe of our work we refer you to the editor of this Paper.

JOB PRINTING

OF

EVERY DESCRIPTION

PERFORMED IN A

PROMPT and SATISFACTORY

MANNER

AT THE

Advocate Office.

Pamphlets,

Handbills.

Circulars,

Catalogues,

Business or Visiting Cards

LABELS—one or more Colors.

Receipt Books,

Notes of Hand,

Draft Books,

Sterling Bills Exchange

Letter Heads in Pads,

Note Heads in Pads

Bill Heads in pads,

Statements in pads,

School & Poor Rate Notices,

RAILWAY

BILLS LADING,

Fish Invoices, etc.,

On hand or printed to order.

Customs,

Lawyers,

and Magistrates'

BLANKS,

of every description

GOOD WORK

AND

FAIR PRICE.

W. C. Anslow

1891 **INFORMATION.** 1892

We will pay the highest prices in cash for any thefollowing RAW FURS:—Otter, Beaver Mink, Martin, Lynx Fox and Rat.

JAMES BROWN.

Newcastle, Oct. 12,

PROPERTIES FOR SALE,

THE following Properties belonging to the estate of the late William Masson of Newcastle, re offered for Sale:—

THE LOT AND HOUSE

hereon, on the corner of Castle and Henry St., near the Ferry

THE WATER LOT,

with buildings thereon, on Castle St., adjoining the Ferry Slip,

THE LOT,

with House, Barn, and Out-buildings thereon situated on Henry St., now occupied by Mr. S. Carruthers.

Ten desirable and pleasantly situate

BUILDING LOTS,

adjoining the residences of A. A. Davidson, Esq, and Mr. T. W. Crocker.

A LOT OF LAND,

in rear of the Railway Buildings consisting of between six and seven acres, in a good state of cultivation.

The above properties are offered for sale.

apply to

WILLIAM MASSON.

PATENTS

Caveats and Re-issues secured, Trade-Marks registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge

With *my offices directly across from the Patent Office*, and being in personal attendance there, it is apparent that I have superior facilities for making prompt preliminary searches, for the more vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time.

FEES MODERATE and *exclusive attention given to patent business.* Information, advice and special references sent on request.

J. R. LITTELL,
Solicitor, Attorney in Patent Causes,
Washington, D. C.,
Mention this Paper, Late U. S. Patent Office

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York.

DR. CATES, DENTIST,

will occupy his dental office over Thomas Russell's store,

The last Week in every Month

further notice. Hoping to meet his patients as formerly, for whom Satisfactory Dental work will be done in all branches.

W. I. CATES.

August 9th 1892.

To Hand & To Arrive.

25 Cases HATS & CAPS,

Latest styles in Men's, Boy's Women's, & Misses.

25 Cases BOOTS, SHOES, & RUBBERS, all Sorts and Sizes.

5cases CLOTHING, Men's and Boy's.

25 Cases STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS of Every Description.

15 BALES COTTON, PRINTS FLANNELETTS,

1 Case LADIES' FRENCH KID GLOVES,

The Cheap Cash Store.

JAMES BROWN.

Newcastle, March 16, 1892.

MILLINERY.

The Subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking her patrons and invites them to an inspection of her

NEW MILLINERY.

Having opened a lovely lot of Ladies,' Misses and Children's Hats & Bonnets, with all the Latest Novelties for trimmings in Gold, Silver, Jet & Chiffon, Ribbons, Laces, Flowers, Plumes, Velvets, Silks, Crapes, &c., I am now prepared to attend to all orders at shortest notice. I will keep always on hand a fine line of

TRIMMED MILLINERY!

Infant's Mull Bonnets, Hats and Caps in the very latest designs, Old Ladies' dress Caps, Handkerchiefs, Veilings, Hamburgs, Belts, urses, and a fine Assortment of D. & A. orsets.

MRS. J. DEMERS.

Newcastle, April 4., 1892

MIRAMICHI.

STEAM NAVIGATION CO'Y.

The Steamers "NELSON" and MIRAMICHI will run daily on their respective routes from and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1st, as follows:

STR. "MIRAMICHI," Capt. DeGrace, will leave Chatham for Newcastle, at 7.30 a. m and Newcastle for Chatham and points down river at 8.15 a. m.

STR. NELSON,"

CAPT. THOMAS PETERSON,

—WILL LEAVE—

Chatham.	Nelson.	Newcastle.
for Douglastown. Kerr's Mill, Newcastle & Nelson.	for Newcastle, Kerr's Mill, Douglastown and Chatham	(Call's Wharf) for Kerr's Mill, Douglastown and Chatham
SOLAR TIME.	SOLAR TIME	SOLAR TIME
9 00 a m	9 40 a m	10 15 a m
11 00 a m	11 40 a m	12 15 a m
2 00 p m	2 40 p m	3 15 p m
4 30 p m	5 10 p m	5 45 p m
7 00 p m or on arrival of Miramichi.		7 45 p m

Carrying freight and passengers between the points named.

The "Nelson" will call regularly at the Bushville Wharf.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

Single fare between Chatham and Newcastle, or Nelson or vice versa. 20 cents. Return Ticket issued on board at 30 cents. Card Tickets good for 20 or 25 trips issued at the rate of 12½ cents a trip.

STR. "MIRAMICHI,"

CAPT. DEGRACE,

will leave Chatham for points down-river, viz Black Brook, Lapham's, Oak Point, Burnt Church Neguac and Point aux Car, DAILY, at 9 a. m. calling at Escuminac on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and Baydu Vin on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, carrying Passengers and Freight between all points named, and the "MIRAMICHI'S" passengers for points up-river will be sent thereto by the "NELSON" free of charge. Meals served on board the "MIRAMICHI" at regular hours and at reasonable rates

EXCURSION DAYS.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays will be excursion days.

Excursion tickets from all points, 50 cents.

☞ Parties having Freight to ship to any points down-river must have it on the wharf in the evening. All Freight charges must be prepaid.

T. DESBRISAY, MANAGER.

BOSTON
Marine Insurance Co.

Capital Paid In - - One Million Dollars
Capital and Net Surplus - $2,222,673.40.

Insurance fixed.

Policies and Sterling Certificates Issued.

Vroom & Arnold,
Agents, St. John, N. B.

For rates and particulars apply to

R. R. CALL.

Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B

May 3, 1892.

UNDERTAKING

The Subscriber is now prepared to attend all orders at undertaking.

He will keep constantly on hand or make order

Coffins and Caskets

all kinds, and he will supply BURIAL ROBES and all the furnishings necessary.

HEARSE SUPPLIED

when required.

GEO BROWN.

Newcastle, Nov. 9th, 1892.

Star Restaurant.

The subscriber has opened a

First Class Restaurant

in the store adjoining the Medical Hall, opposite the Waverley Hotel, where he is prepared to supply

OYSTERS IN ALL STYLES.

LUNCHES from 7.30 a. m. to midnight.

Boned Fowl and Choice Meats, etc.

He has ample accommodation to serve Societies with suppers at short notice.

Give me a call.

NICHOLAS BOWLES.

Newcastle, Nov. 23, 1891.

FARM FOR SALE

All those two lots of land situated on the southerly side of the Northwest Miramichi River, in the parish of Southesk, about two miles above the I. C. R Bridge, and known as the **JOHN HOGAN FARM**. About fifty acres are under cultivation and the rest of the lot is well wooded. There are two good barns on the premises and valuable fishing privileges on the River-front.

Also To Let

The two houses on the easterly side of Henry Street in Newcastle, formly owned by the late John Hogan.

For terms and particlars apply to

ALLAN A DAVIDSON.

Newcastle, April 26th 1892.

TINWARE,
Cutlery, Wire Goods, etc.

The Subscriber would call public attention to his large and varied stock of necessary articles for the household a portion of which is enumerated here. In addition to my usual stock of

STOVES, FURNACES & TINWARE,

I have the following:—

CUTLERY, ETC.

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Carvers and Steels, Spoons, Forks, Razors, Scissors, Butcher Knives, Bread Knives, Cork Screws, Nut Crackers, Dinner Bells, Bird Cages, Potato Pounders, Egg Beaters, Lemon Squeezers, Jelly Moulds, Strainers, Bread and Nutmeg Graters, Scales, Cold Handle and other Sad Irons, Wire Bread Toasters, Tea and Coffee Pot stands etc.

Brooms, Brushes, Feather Dusters and Whisks, Pumps, Wringers, Garden Trowels, Hatchets, Screw Drivers, Monkey Wrenches, Files and Rasps, Hammers, Cattle Cards and Curry Combs, School hat and clothes Hooks, Oil Stoves, 1 and 2 foot Rules 2 and 4 fold, Wood Screws, Flue Stoppers and stove pipe Safes, Excelsior Oil Tanks, Foot Baths, Coal Scuttles, Fire Irons and Stands, Wire Cloth for window screens, small iron Chain, Padlocks, Magnetic Tack Hammers and Drawers, Iron Brackets, Lanterns with white or colered globes, Dust Pans, Matchless Stove Polish. Spice Boxes, Cake Boxes, Cash Boxes, Egg Timers, Lemon Juice Extractors, Fog Horns, Cuspidores, flour Sieves and Sifters, Toy Pistols, Pencils etc.

WOODEN WARE

in Spoons, round and oblong Chopping Trays, Butter Paddles, Ladies and Prints, Rolling Pin, Pastry Board & Rolling Pin combined, Clothes Horses, Step Ladders, Perforated Chair Bottoms, Wash Boards, Clothes Pins, Hat Racks, and other articles two numerous to enmerate.

Call and inspect my stock.

J. H. PHINNEY.

Newcaslet, May 2, 1892.

METEOROLOGICAL

Reported for the Dominion Government by J. F. Connors

AUGUST.

DATE.	observation.	Barometer	Thermometer.	Minimum Thermometer	Thermometer Minimum
Sun. 4	8 a.m.	30 188	59 4		
	3 p. m,	30 087	80 5		
	8 p.m.	30 109	66 4	82 0	50 7
Mon. 5	8 a.m.	30 053	58 8		
"	3 p.m.	29 873	72 5		
	8 p.m.	29 797	64 4	75 6	47 5
Tues. 6	8 a.m	29 710	64 2		
	8 p.m	29 635	72 6		
	p.m.	29 720	60 0	72 9	60 0
Wen. 7	8 a.m.	29 969	56 5		
"	3 p.m.	29 986	63 4		
"	8 p.m.	30 135	50 3		46 0
Thu. 8	8 a.m	30 321	50 0	64 3	
"	3 p.m.	30 236	64 5		
"	8 p.m.	33 282	54 2	66 1	37 5
Fri. 9	8 a.m.	30 316	55 0		
"	3 p.m.	30 278	69 6	71 5	
	8 p.m.	30 332	55 0		37 9
Sat. 10	8 a.m.	30 450	57 0		
	3 p.m.	30 434	62 0		
	8 p.m.	30 457	57 6	63 4	47 3

The maximum and minimum columns show the highest and lowest temperature in the 2 hours.

Miscellaneous.

Just how an alterative medicine cleanses the system is an open question; but that Ayer's Sarsaparilla does produce a radical change in the blood is well attested on all sides. It is everywhere considered the best remedy for blood disorders.

Some men must think that the lamp of life is a spirit lamp, judging from the way they pour in the alcohol.

Shiloh's Consumption cure.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10c., 50c. and $1. If your lungs are sore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by E. Lee Street.

A man who just misses his last train knows what it is to experience a 'gone' feeling.

ALL MIRACLES DO NOT OCCUR AT HAMILTON.

The *whole town* of Glamis, Ont., knows of a cure, by the application of MINARD'S LINIMEMT, to a partially paralyzed arm, that equals anything that has transpired at Hamilton.

R. W. HARRISON.

Health requires eight hours of sleep, and beauty exactly ten.

To rise in the morning with a bad taste in the mouth and no appetite, indicates that the stomach needs strengthening. For this purpose, there is nothing better than an occasional dose of Ayer's Pills taken at bed time.

What is the best way to make a coat last? Make the waistcoat and trousers first.

Minard's Liniment for Sale everywhere.

Mr. T. Steadman, Robaillion, writes:—'My daughter had been attended by four physicians for female weakness, without avail. A course of your Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured her.' Of all dealers or by mail at 50c a box or 6 boxes for $2.50. Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations.

A young man who married a 'butterfly of fashion, was unable, a year later to provide 'grub' for his butterfly.

For stiffness and strains, rub with Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, and then bind in flannel.

'I have always favored the advancement of youth!' exclaimed old Hardcase propelling his would-be son-in-law into the street.

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford, for the sake of saving 50c., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will not cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by E. Lee Street.

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

Washington Irving's father was a Scotchman, while his mother was of English parentage.

Baird's Balsam of Horehound is not an experiment; established over 50 years.

A good Rochester (N. Y.) pastor, a widower, proposed to a young lady a short time since, but was rejected. His feelings had the second severe test when a widow neighbor sent him the following text to preach from: 'You ask and receive not because you ask amiss.'

Answer This Question.

Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation! Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by E. Lee

Johnny Briggs—Ain't you sorry winter is coming so soon?

Tommy Figg—Naw. When it is winter time I git to stay up longer after dark.

A Hacking Cough disturbs rest.—Use Baird's Balsam of Horehound.

Photographer—'Your son, the student, ordered this likeness from me.' 'It is certainly very much like him. Has he paid for it?' 'Not yet.' 'That is still more like him.

Improper and deficient care of the scalp will cause grayness of the hair and baldness. Escape both by the use of that reliable specific Hall's Hair Renewer.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

John Doe.—'Are you carrying a mortgage on your house?' Richard Roe—'Yes! and strange to say, I'm carrying it because I can't lift it.'

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.

A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50c. Sold by E. Lee Street.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, &c.

Youth's Corner.

TWO TO MAKE A QUARREL.

Polly Shaw and Ruby Mills had been playing happily for a long time under the 'Harvey' tree.

They had put a new face on 'Ansa-fire' (Ann Sophia). Polly's great rag dolly. She had two new, black, shining eyes—buttons that Polly cut off her own boots—a fine long nose drawn with a bit of smutty coal which Ruby hunted out of the ash barrel, and Polly had painted her cheeks and mouth with a ripe strawberry, turning up the corners of the mouth a little, which gave her a very sweet expression, so Ruby declared.

But the crowning wonder was her hair. Polly and Ruby had hunted everywhere to find something suitable; then Ruby thought of brother Tom's red squirrel skins in the till of the old red chest in Tom's room over the kitchen.

Forthwith the girls got them, and shearing off the bushy tails, sewed them on Ansafire's head.

Then Ruby arranged the little green table, and sat down to tea with Polly, tired out with her efforts to be hospitable. The dolls all stood in a row against a board.

But the little girls had worked too hard. They were fractious. Polly wanted to begin with the pies—strawberries pressed between two leaves—and the bit of honeycomb, Ruby would not hear to it, and shortly a quarrel arose.

Polly upset the table, dishes and all, into the grass, and Ruby pulled the squirrel's tails from Ansafire's head and threw them, with Ansafire herself, into the top of the 'Pumpkin Sweet' tree, and ran into the kitchen to Aunt Comfort, who was making currant jumbles, while Polly, screaming and stamping in anger, fished for Ansafire with a broken limb.

'Why, I thoughi you were having such a nice time playing!' said Aunt Comfort, quite astonished.

'But P-P-Polly would commence eating b-backwards!' sobbed Ruby, stormily. 'She's just hateful and—and selfish, to want to eat all the good things 'fore I could come up to 'em!'

'Did you ever hear of the fable of the two foxes?' queried Aunt Comfort, turning out a tinful of delicately browned jumbles, and looking at Ruby with a twinkle in her eye.

Ruby stopped crying. The prospects of a fable and the delicious odor of the jumbles soothed her temper at once.

'Well,' said Aunt Comfort 'two foxes once dwelt together in a deep wood, but, strange to say, they never had any quarrels, which one might expect them to have, being, as they were, only foxes. But it seems that one of the foxes got tired and wanted a change. He said to the other one day:

'Let's have a quarrel.'

'Anything to suit you, my friend,' replied the other, sweetly. 'But how shall we begin?'

'It must be easy enough,' said the first one.

'So they tried and tried, but they couldn't come any nearer quarrelling, because each one would give the other his way. Then the first fox brought two round pebbles from the brook near by.

'Now,' said he, 'you say they're your pebbles, and I'll say they are mine, and then we'll scramble and bite and tear each other. That'll be quarrelling, I'm sure. I'll begin it.'

'These pebbles are mine!'

'Certainly,' mildly replied the other fox. 'You are quite welcome to them.'

'Oh, you silly creature!' cried the first fox. 'This will never do! It taxes two to make a quarrel!'

And so they gave it up.

Ruby peeped a moment from the window at poor Polly, who was trying to rescue Ansafire.

Aunt Comfort tucked some currant jumbles into her apron and with her sun bonnet pulled over her eyes she ran away to the orchard.

Not long after two contented little girls sat at the green table 'eating backward' with bald-headed Ansafire between them.—'Presbyterian.'

The Cod That Helps to Cure The Cold.

The disagreeable taste of the COD LIVER OIL is dissipated in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil with HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA.

The patient suffering from CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGH, COLD, OR WASTING DISEASES, takes the remedy as he would take milk. A perfect emulsion, and a wonderful flesh producer. *Take no other. All Druggists, 50c., 1.00.*

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT a Purgative Medicine. They are a BLOOD BUILDER, TONIC and RECONSTRUCTOR, as they supply in a condensed form the substances actually needed to enrich the Blood, curing all diseases coming from POOR and WATERY BLOOD, or from VITIATED HUMORS in the BLOOD, and also invigorate and BUILD UP the BLOOD and SYSTEM, when broken down by overwork, mental worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions. They have a SPECIFIC ACTION on the SEXUAL SYSTEM of both men and women, restoring LOST VIGOR and correcting all IRREGULARITIES and SUPPRESSIONS.

EVERY MAN Who finds his mental faculties dull or failing, or his physical powers flagging, should take these PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them. They cure all suppressions and irregularities, which inevitably entail sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS. They will cure the results of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them. These PILLS will make them regular.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon receipt of price (50c. per box), by addressing

THE DR. WILLIAMS' MED. CO. Brockville, Ont.

PARSONS PILLS

Make New, Rich Blood!

These pills were a wonderful discovery. No others like them in the world. Will positively cure or relieve all manner of disease. The information around each box is worth ten times the cost of a box of pills. Find out about them, and you will always be thankful. ONE PILL A DOSE. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find great benefit from using them. Illustrated pamphlet free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cts. in stamps: five boxes $1.00. DR. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 21 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

THE CHECK OLD TOM SIGNED.

'I'll fill out this check for you, Tom, if you will wait a moment. It is signed, and father told me to fill it out for the amount if he wasn't here. Two-and a half—isn't it?'

Old Tom took up the check in his trembling fingers, and looked at the straight, business-like signature.

'Just to think that his name is good for thousands of dollars,' he muttered, half to himself and half to the brightfaced boy who stood beside the desk with his pen in his hand, ready to fill out the check. 'And yet when we were boys together, I was as good as he was, any day, and my chances in life just as good. It's been drink that made all the difference. Well, it's too late to help it now.'

'No, it isn't too late, Tom,' cried Hugh Evans, earnestly. He knew the sad story of this man's gradual descent from an honorable, respected life to the level of a common drunkard, and he felt an impetuous desire to help him, boy though he was. 'I heard father say only to-day, that if you would sign the pledge he would trust you to keep it, and he would give you steady work and good pay. Do sign it, Tom. I have a blank one here. It will make such a difference, not only to you, but to your wife and children, if you will.'

A gleam of hope lighted up the dim eyes, but it died out in an instant, and Tom shook his head.

'Some other day. Hugh. Some other day. I must treat my friends for the last time, and I'll have a little money to-night, you see, when you give me that check. Some day I will, but not now.'

'Don't put it off, Tom,' pleaded Hugh, putting the pledge before the man, and giving him the pen. 'Why, don't you see, it's as good as a check! Sign it, and it means health, comfort, and a good living, which you could make well enough if you would let drink alone, and respect from every one that knows you. Why, my father's signature could not mean more than that!'

Old Tom was won by the boy's enthusiasm.

'I'll see what my signature is good for,' he cried, with sudden resolution; and grasping the pen firmly, he wrote his name on the pledge.

'There, I've done it; and God helping me, I'll keep it,' he said solemnly. 'Low as I've fallen, I never broke my word yet.'

An hour later he entered his home, with the check in one pocket and the pledge in the other.

The check was a proof to the poor wife of his intention to keep the pledge, for she knew it must have been hard work to come home sober with money in his pocket.

Need I tell you that the signature on the pledge was never dishonored? It meant a happy home, new hope for the despairing wife, respect, prosperity and God's blessing.

And Hugh! He felt as if he had done the grandest temperance work of his life, though he lived to be a successful temperance worker, when he persuaded old Tom to sign the check.—'Sunday School Times.'

Farm and Household.

WHY DO THE LEAVES FALL?

It is generally supposed that leaves fall in the autumn because they die. This is not a correct view. If we break off a leafy branch, the leaves will soon wither, but not drop off. In fact, they will cling to the dried branch with greater tenacity than when they were green and alive, requiring some force to wrench or twist them off. In tropical climates they remain green much longer than in temperate countries, and their fall, when it does take place, is not just before the cold season, but during the hot dry season. Many of our own trees, as oaks and hornbeams, retain their leaves dried and withered till the pressure of the new distending bud in spring displaces them.

As in man, the seeds of his decay are born with him, so in the leaf-bud there may be discovered the rudiments of a very delicate layer of cells, whose plane is at right angles to the plane of the leaf. When the time comes, this upright growth of cells enlarges, pushing from above downwards, cutting through the woody fibres of the stem like a knife blade. Thereafter,

'At every gust, how the dead leaves fall!'
—'Harper's Bazar.

CHOPPED STRAW FOR BEDDING.

A German agricultural journal presents some cogent arguments in favor of chopped in place of whole straw for animal bedding. The first consideration is the economy of it, which experiments have shown to be about thirty-five per cent. Secondly, the comfort of the animal is better secured. In the use of long straw an even distribution of it will rarely occur, and the animal will be treated to a lumpy couch. Furthermore, it is far easier to separate the wet and soiled portions of a cut straw bed from the dry. Also, the chopped bedding is a better absorbent of the animal's droppings, and there is less waste of ammonia by evaporation. It is far more easily manipulated in the compost heap. Again, as the absorption of fertilizing material has been more equal in the short bedding material, so the compost heap in turn becomes more uniform and homogeneous, better fortified against external influences and less given to internal fermentation. This is a point of prime importance, as many will attest who have exposed themselves to serious loss in their manure heaps by burning. Important as is this matter in the stable it is more so in the pigsty. Swine, especially brood sows, should be furnished with cut straw bedding rather than long straw.

BRITAIN'S BREEDING GROUND.

What a wonderful spot of ground from the breeder's standpoint is the Island of Great Britain! Measured by any rule we may choose it has led the world in the production of improved live stock. Take a map of the island and mark the localities famous for horses; go over it again and locate the breeds of cattle; then mark the home spots of the wonderful mutton breeds of sheep, and finally the pigs, and then hold it a little from you and see how the whole is dotted over in a most surprising manner.

SORE THROAT

Bronchitis, colds, coughs, asthma, and even consumption in the early stages, yield to **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.** Singers, actors, auctioneers, public speakers, clergymen, teachers, lecturers, and all who are liable to disorder of the vocal organs, find a sure remedy in this wonderful and well-known preparation. As an emergency medicine, in cases of croup, whooping cough, etc., it should be in every household.

"Two years ago I suffered severely from an attack of sore throat

And Bronchitis

It seemed as if I could not survive, all the usual remedies proving of no avail. At last I thought of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking two bottles of this medicine I was restored to health."—Chas. Gambini, Smith's Ranch, Sonoma Co., Cal.

"There is nothing better for coughs than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I use no other preparation."—Annie S. Butler, Providence, R.I.

W. H. Graff & Co., Druggists, Carson, Iowa, certify that all throat and lung troubles are speedily

Cured By Using

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It leads all others.

"In January, 1889, I was taken down with measles and scarlet fever, and exposing myself too soon, caught a severe cold which settled on my lungs. I was forced to take to my bed and was so ill that the doctors despaired of my recovery, supposing me to be in quick consumption. Change of climate was recommended, but I began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and soon found relief. After using several bottles, I was cured, so that I am now as well and rugged as ever."—John Dillander, Cranesman of Steam Shovel, G. S. & S. F. R. R. Co., Justin, Texas.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1; 6 bottles, $5.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

E. Lee Street, Agent at Newcastle.

Fetching the Doctor

At night is always a trouble, and it is often an entirely unnecessary trouble if

Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER

is kept in the house. A few drops of this old remedy in a little sweetened water or milk, brings prompt relief. *Sold everywhere.*

Have you seen the New

BIG BOTTLE

Old Price 25 Cents.

Of course there are small variations in climate, the different geological formations, and the several aspects of the hills and valleys, without which all these diversities of form and breed would be an impossibility. But it is the English farmer with his English agriculture that has made the possibilities actual and given us the leading types of nearly all of our domestic animals. The continental farmer is a crop grower; the English husbandman yields not the palm in these regards to his neighbor, but rises higher in his love and appreciation for domestic animals. From the Island of Great Britain have gone representatives of the improved breeds of live stock to every quarter of the habitable globe, and so the work of the British stockman has benefited every nation striving to improve its condition.

ANIMAL INSTINCT.

One day, driving the missing horse's mate, he went to visit a stable where horses were sold at auction. As he was driving up to it, but still some distance away, his horse grew uneasy and gave a loud whinny, which a moment after was answered by a whinny from the stable. "My horse was in that stable," exclaimed the man. He got out of his wagon, went in, and there, to be sure, was his stolen horse. The animals seemed over joyed to meet each other, whinnied back and forth, rubbed each other's necks, and indulged in all the demonstrations of equine affection. Now, how do you suppose the horse outside knew that his mate was inside that stable? Was it scent, or instinct finer than any with which human beings are endowed? We cannot tell.

There is no more useful little machine for those who have water to elevate from a flowing spring than a hydraulic ram. It costs only $15 for a size large enough for a family, and with a little attention to keep the air-chamber free of water, it is as near a perpetual-motion machine as will probably ever be devised. It goes or day and night with its musical click, each pulsation driving the water up to any height desired, even to 1 000 feet, if necessary. Only the quantity of course, is in inverse ratio to the height. A fall of seven or eight feet is needed for the drivepipe, which should be as large as the flow will fill, and the larger this is the more water will be delivered.

A RELIEF FOR RHEUMATISM

Put half a large coffee cupful of the best white wine vinegar, the same quantity of turpentine and the beaten whites of two eggs into a wide-mouthed bottle, and shake thoroughly. Pour about a teaspoonful of this mixture over a piece of red flannel and apply wherever the pain is most severe; over the flannel lay a small piece of oiled silk. Relief will be almost instantaneous.

JOHNSTONE'S

BEEF IRON & WINE,

50cts. & $1.00 A Bottle,

—AT—

MEDICAL HALL. Newcastle.

HAYING TOOLS.

In stock—Scythes, Snaths, Scythe Stones Rakes, Forks etc.

Also on hand Picks, Shovels Spades, 3 and 4 pronged Forks and a general assortment of

SHELF HARDWARE,

Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Dry Goods,

etc.

FOR SALE A REASONABLE RATES.

W. MASSON.

Newcastle, July 23, 1892.

NEW GOODS

Shredded Co[illegible]
Hogarth's Pick[illegible]
Hogarth's Marmalade,
Montserrat Lime Juice,
Royal Blacklead.
Bicarb. Soda
Washing [illegible]

JARDINE & CO.

Prince Wm. Street, St. John.

Bolonies, Pressed Ham,

AND FRANKFURT SAUSAGE.

Ask for our WHOLESALE PRICES.

JOHN HOPKINS,
186 Union St. St. John, N. B.

St. John, July 4, 1892.

'Steamer Rustler.'

CAPTAIN JOHN RUSSELL,

Will leave Newcastle for Redbank at 6 o'clock, A. M; and leave Redbank for Chatham at 8.30 A. M. and Chatham at 12.30 and Newcastle at 2.00 P. M. for Redbank; Returning will leave Redbank for Chatham at 3 P. M., on

TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, calling at all intermediate points each trip.

Special Arrangements can be made with the Captain or Manager for the use of the steamer on the remaining days of the week for Pic Nics for Excursions, Towing or carrying of freight to all points on the river.

M. RUSSELL,
Manager.

Newcastle, June 23, 1892.

New Grocery and Provision Store.

The subscriber has leased and opened the store of Mrs. John Niven and will keep constantly on hand a choice supply of

General Groceries & Provisions,

all of which he offers at a

SMALL ADVANCE on Cost.

and hopes by strict attention to business to merit and receive a share of public patronage. He asks an inspection of his goods.

J. J. Savoy.

Newcastle, Aug. 22. 1892. 5wpd.

Job Printing, plain and in colors in first class style at this Establishment.

The "Union Advocate"

Is published every WEDNESDAY Morning in time to be despatched by the earliest mails. The paper was established in 1867, and is now looked upon as the best advertising medium in the Northern Section of NEW BRUNSWICK.

TERMS.

Strictly in advance, per year,	$1
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Single Copies	3 cents

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Transient advertising will be charged at the rate of ten cents per nonpariel line for first insertion, each succeeding insertion at rate of 3 cents per line; or $1.00 per inch for each succeeding insertion, and 30 cents for each continuation.

Professional and Business Cards inserted by the year at the rate of $6.00 per inch.

Special rates to business men who wish to enter into yearly contracts.

Orders for printing and blanks attended to promptly.

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