

The West.

SHOES

WORK
We are clearing out several lines of Men's Strong Work Shoes. You will not kick about the wear or the price. Make your feet glad.

H. GORDON & CO.

Vol. 12 No. 31

REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1908

Subscription, \$1.00 Per Year

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Farm Lands and City Property

FIRE INSURANCE—We represent some of the oldest, largest and wealthiest Fire Insurance Companies in the World, and their rates are no higher than those charged by the "weak ones"

FOR SALE
FARM LANDS CITY PROPERTY PLATE GLASS INSURANCE HEALTH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE BONDS

P. McARA, Jr.
1837 South Railway Street Phone 118

Imperial Bank of Canada FARMERS!

Bring your BUTTER, EGGS, CHICKENS, PORK AND BEEF HERE.

We Pay the Highest Cash Prices

The Star Provision Co. Ltd.
11th Ave. Darke Block
Groceries, Meats, Bread and Pastry

WALL PAPER At Half-Price

To make room for Holiday Goods we are Clearing Out our Wall Paper at Half-Price.

Sale Will Last Until Oct. 31

SALES FOR CASH ONLY

Canada Drug & Book Co.

FOR LADIES WATCHES FOR LADIES

You Promised Your Wife a Watch if the Wheat Was Not Frozen. We have selected the best assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Watches that it is possible to get. Our Special is a Gold 14k. Alled with 15 jewel movement. Ladies' size for \$15.00. Gents' size, \$10.00 to \$15.00.

M. G. HOWE, Jeweller and Graduate Optician, Regina

Heating Stoves

**Souvenir Hot Blast
Souvenir Air Tight
Souvenir Oak
Cole's Hot Blast**

See our Souvenir Base Burner (self-feeder). It gives great satisfaction.

Armstrong, Smyth & Dowswell LIMITED

REGINA RETURNS

Nearly All Boxes for this Constituency Are Now In—The Ballot Box from Poll 76 Not in Yet—Martin's Majority.

The returns for the federal election in Regina constituency are now all in with the exception of two polls. These are poll 26b, which gave Martin 40 and Wilkinson 25 and poll 75 which gave Martin 18 and Wilkinson 23. Counting these two polls, Martin's majority is 760. The total vote for the constituency is 7417, leaving out the two polls made up as follows:

Martin	4,346
Wilkinson	3,496
Rejected	83
Spilled	42

Later—Poll 26b is now in and certifies the above as correct.

The vote in each poll was as follows:

Poll	Martin	Wilkinson
1 South Slager	4	0
2 Slager	35	8
3 East Goose Lake	23	8
4 West Goose Lake	11	1
5 Scoria Valley	22	1
6 Mayville	16	1
7 Big Meadow	3	1
8 Russell	3	1
9 McGrath	3	0
10 Aldred	16	1
11 Meadow Brook	21	1
12 Weyburn Plains	36	7
13 Prospect	24	2
14 Brokenhill	19	7
15 Buckhorn	18	4
16 Boyholm	20	4
17 Vall	8	3
18 Mitchell	5	3
19 King	5	3
20 Hemlock	24	14
21 Schwindt	19	16
22 Fordyce	23	26
23 Burnside	16	11
24 Ramsay	31	17
25 Beautiful Plains	17	22
26a Yellow Grass	49	43
26b Yellow Grass District	49	43
27 McTaggart	49	43
28 Beem	57	25
29 Bowling Green	16	6
30 Maiden	18	38
31 Lang	107	46
32 Menzies	30	41
33 Thompsons	23	33
34 Tuttle	19	10
35 Rose Bud	22	10
36 Sunshine	43	35
37 Sanderson	14	19
38 McAndrews	15	19
39a Milestone Town	49	68
39b Milestone Rural	33	71
40 Bailey	19	7
41 Smiths	23	17
42 Baker	17	17
43 Davis	6	6
44 Wilcox	25	27
45 Amherst	14	23
46 Bonlean	65	124
47 Iowa	21	20
48 Krovan	23	18
49 Boyles	25	26
50 Hastings	6	9
51 Drinkwater	38	31
52 Belle Plaine	38	38
53 Foss	26	26
54 Grand Central	55	63
55 Sherwood	14	68
56 Spring Dale	13	34
57 Gaudin	3	34
58a Katherinshall	26	15
58b Hokevale	14	27
59 Balgonie	47	43
60 New Ontario	19	31
61 Pilot Butte	30	36
62 Boggy Creek	33	61
63 Herohmer	64	25
64 Wascom	27	35
65 Ootsonwood	29	34
66 Fairville	17	68
67 Disley	50	46
68 Lundan West	78	90
69 Lundan East	85	44
70 Tr Garva	16	45
71 Foxleigh	39	50
72 Arat	37	38
73 Edenwold	27	35
74 Oraven	27	49
75 Donaldson	33	33
76 Palmer	31	31
77 Marston	18	21
78 Longlakston	22	28
79 Longlakston	17	15
80 Fairy Hill	7	30
81 Penarth	20	12
82 Southcott	31	11
83 Strasburg	28	29
84 Blythe	31	33
85 Earl Grey	68	59
86 Baiterton	38	5
87 Lizard	5	5
88 Southey	37	39
89 Mackintosh	40	50
90 Lovn Creek	3	19
91 Wilsavry	16	14
92 Bathune	37	60
93 Buffalo Pound	9	17
94 Findlater	21	11
95 Chamberlain	20	24
96 Frolik	35	38
97 Foots	29	39
98 Aylebury	47	47
99 Crak	39	61

TRAFT FOR PRESIDENT

Republicans Win in U.S. Presidential Elections—Democrats Did Not Make as Good Showing as Expected.

From the returns to hand of the presidential elections held in the United States yesterday, it would appear that the Republicans carried the country with a substantial majority. William Taft will succeed Roosevelt as president.

Taft made a better showing than Roosevelt did four years ago. While Bryan shows up stronger in some states the Democratic vote was not so strong as was expected.

The states carried by the Democrats were, Arkansas, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, N. Carolina, S. Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Oklahoma, Nebraska and Nevada.

The Republicans carried New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, N. Dakota, South Dakota, California, Montana, Oregon, Idaho, Wyoming, W. Virginia, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Maine, Ohio, and Vermont.

Kentucky, Wyoming, Missouri and Colorado are in doubt. New York, Nov. 3.—Wm. Howard Taft was today elected president of the United States for the ensuing four years.

His election was a virtual landslide. At midnight Taft was assured of two eighty-three electoral votes with 27 more altogether probable and the possibility of still more.

Several days before nominated at Chicago, Frank H. Hitchcock, chairman of the Republican National Committee made the prediction that he would get on the first ballot 704 votes. He received 702.

Hitchcock, several days ago predicted Taft would receive 325 electoral votes and indications at this writing are that Hitchcock was as good as a prophet in New York as he was in Chicago.

Taft has carried all the New England states many of them by increased majorities over those given Roosevelt in 1904.

REGINA CITY

Residents on the north side have asked J. M. Young to stand for mayor of the city for 1909. Other names mentioned are P. McARA, J. J. Ald. Feyerick, and J. McDonald and one from Pennsylvania, making them a net gain of one.

The senate retains its present representative Republican majority. There were seven national tickets

in the presidential race represented as follows:

For President
Republican—Wm. H. Taft, Ohio.
Democrat—Wm. J. Bryan, Nebraska.

Prohibitionist—Eugene W. Chafin of Illinois.
Socialist—Eugene V. Debs of Indiana.

People's Party—Thomas E. Watson of Georgia.
Independence party—Thomas L. Higgs of Massachusetts.

Socialist-Labor—Augustus Gihaus, New York.
For Vice-President.

Republican—James S. Sherman of New York.
Democratic—John W. Kern of Indiana.

Prohibitionist—Aaron S. Watkins, of Ohio.
Socialist—Benjamin Hanford, New York.

People's Party—Samuel Williams of Indiana.
Independence Party—John Temple Graves of Georgia.

Socialist-Labor—Donald L. Monroe, of Virginia.

The ballot boxes for the constituencies of Mackenzie and Qu'Appelle, not being all in, the returning officers for those constituencies have not officially announced the result of the vote.

In Saskatchewan, McCraney, Liberal, has a majority of 1470. In Saltcoats McNutt's majority over Miller is 678. Paynter, who ran as a candidate of the Comrades of Equity, loses his deposit.

Mr. Bryan received a plurality of 175,000 in Texas, 55,000 in Alabama and 50,000 in both Mississippi and South Carolina.

House of Representatives
As nearly as can be estimated at this hour, the next house of representatives will be practically unchanged.

The Republicans lost one representative each from California, Colorado, Indiana and New Jersey. They gained one from Illinois, one from Minnesota, two from North Carolina and one from Pennsylvania, making them a net gain of one.

The senate retains its present representative Republican majority. There were seven national tickets

The Newest Shirts and Neckwear

Our stock of Shirts and Neckwear for this season is very complete and correct. We sell the W. G. & R. Shirts—well known for their perfect fit and splendid wearing qualities. The newest soft-bosomed shirts have cuffs attached and darker colors predominate. Hair-line checks on tan or blue grounds are very popular.



THE NEW TAN NECKWEAR

Very handsome Brown and Tan Silk Ties, in stripes and fancy patterns. These are very correct just now.

W. G. & R. Shirts
\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75

50c, 60c, 75c
\$1.00

Special Line of Heather Socks

Made of Scotch yarn, in black and heather colors. Card of mending with each pair. Splendid to wear; smooth and comfortable. Per pair, 35c; 3 pairs for..... \$1.00

R. H. Williams & Sons, Limited
THE GLASGOW HOUSE

Purity Naptha

THE LAUNDRY SOAP WITHOUT A RIVAL

WASHES THE MOST DELICATE FABRIC WITHOUT INJURY

Purity used in conjunction with Young Tom Washing Powder, there is nothing to equal the results. 4 bars of Purity for 25 cents.

IRISHMEN SYMPATHIZE

Members of Irishmen's Association Send Message of Condolence to Family of Deceased Brother -- Arrangements for Open Meeting.

A general meeting of the Irishmen's Association of Regina was held in the McCarthy hall on Monday evening at which there was a good attendance.

Among other business attended to was the provision made for future meetings. On the fourth Monday of this month there will be an open meeting to which the gentlemen members may bring their wives, sisters or other lady friends. A good program of music, both vocal and instrumental is being prepared.

Since the association last met several members have crossed the Great Divide. Among them was Mr. D. McCusker.

The following resolution was unanimously passed:
Moved by Geo. S. Houston, seconded by James Williams, and resolved:
"That the members of the Irish Association of Regina in meeting assembled this day, desire to express the deep sense of irreparable loss that they have sustained through the death of Brother Daniel McCusker, in a frost."

an Irishman possessed in an eminent degree of those exalted qualities which constitute the best in brotherhood and citizenship. Further to convey to the members of the bereaved family their affectionate sympathy earnestly praying that a large measure of divine grace may be vouchsafed them in these hours of their profound sorrow. All of which is hereby unanimously and solemnly endorsed by the members of this association.

Heelers Are Busy.

Prince Albert, Sask., Nov. 2.—The Dominion election in this constituency on the 10th promises interest. Jas McKay, K.C., the popular Conservative candidate, is going strong and the Liberals are urging the cry that the district will receive no favors at the hands of the government unless it returns a government member.

They have already reached a separate stage and imported on this evening's train W. E. Knowles, M.P. of Moose Jaw; J. T. Brown of Moomsion; Geo. Ens, of Rosthern; Hon. J. A. Calder and Hon. W. R. Mothorwell of Regina; Hawkes and W. L. Lawlor arrived to assist them. J. T. Brown is trying to influence the working men on the labor question this evening, and a Liberal meeting is called for the skating rink tomorrow night; with the thermometer rapidly falling, it looks like being a frost.

ins!

We have the low prices

Dept.

25c

Small Checks and

25c

Carbo Magnetic advertisement for a razor with features like 'NO NEW BLADES' and 'NO ANNUAL TAX'.

Armstrong, Smyth & Dowse and Peart Bros. Hardware Co.

ROYAL COAL

FROM LETHBRIDGE

The Best Domestic Coal

No Clinkers No Dust Thoroughly Screened

Steam Coal

The HUNTER COAL CO.

Office: Regina Flour Mill Co. Phone 74 1721 Scarth St.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING

All kinds of blacksmithing done promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Horse Shoeing a Speciality.

J. A. NELLY, BROAD ST., opposite Waverley Hotel

GALT COAL

CLEANEST AND BEST

The Smith & Fergusson Co. Sole Agents Phone 45 Smith Block Rose St.

Advertisement for a boiler and radiators with a 15% discount and 'Sovereign' brand name.

WRIGHT BROS.

Undertakers and Embalmers.

Day Phone 53 Night and Sunday Phone 141

Regina, Sask.

PROGRESS IN CHINA

China to Work out a Parliamentary System of Government in Nine Years—What is Hoped to Attain.

The constitution under which it is planned to lead China from her present form of despotic government to a parliamentary system of administration is a remarkable and interesting document.

The phraseology is always oriental, poetical in some places, while in others it typifies the strivings of the westerners to make clear to hesitating minds the outline of a political future of a new and untried variety.

It is an effort to arouse from passivity the toiling masses of the interior. The subject is approached in a most serious not to say prayerful attitude.

The fact that China is granted this constitution "by the imperial will" is reiterated again and again. It is set forth that the imperial government, under constitution, shall not be criticized on the principle that the "sacred majesty of the sovereign may not be offended against," and that the leaders of the political parties are to be appointed by the throne.

Full government under this constitution will become effective only at the end of nine years. In the meantime the country is to be led step by step to preparedness for the great boon. There are many evidences that the proposed system is called "constitutional," it is far removed in many particulars from the best institutions of popular government in the west.

Broadly speaking the document follows the constitution of Japan. Some of its most striking features are: "We took to our emperor dowager and emperor to see that they take the measure of heaven and earth as their measure and the heart of the people as their heart."

"The establishment of constitutional government in China has been by imperial will. It must be carefully prepared, for the beginning and the end must both be carefully planned; there must be no empty verbiage without real substance."

"In regard to opening parliament, it is like building a house; workmen and material must be gathered. The house may then be planned and worked out. The work must be watched day and night without intermission from the beginning to the end, and so it may reach completion. Or it is like making a journey. Clothing, food, boats, carts must be got ready and the traveler must press on day after day without stopping for rest, and so he will reach his destination."

The framers of the constitution are apprehensive and "beg, as the condition of the country is perilous and the hearts of the people uneasy, trouble within and calamity from without, danger threatening and no parliament at the side to investigate matters, that urgent measures may be taken to overcome half-heartedness and procrastination; that there may be peace above and completion below."

"We have therefore, laid down the general principles of the constitution and the programme for the work of getting everything in readiness in nine years. "There will be boundless daily improvement. May the 'silken sounds' descend to inform the emperor and fix the road for 10,000 years, comforting the hopes of the myriads who long for peace."

Fourteen laws are then submitted, as follows: 1. The Ta Ch'ing emperor will rule supreme over the Ta Ch'ing empire for 1,000 generations in succession, and be honored forever. 2. Majesty of the sovereign. 3. Rights of promulgating laws. 4. Convocation, suspension, extension, and dissolution of parliament. 5. Appointment, payment, promotion, degradation of officials. 6. Command over army and navy. 7. Power to make war, peace, and treaties, to receive and appoint ambassadors. 8. Martial law. 9. Rewards and pardons. 10. Right over judges and the administration of laws. 11. Injunction. 12. Right of raising funds when parliament is not in session. 13. Right of fixing the expenses of the imperial household. 14. Respecting authority over the imperial clan.

"Mercy is from above," the document goes on. "Officials below may not arrogate it to themselves. Officials and people who keep within the law will have freedom of speech, of the press, and of assemblies; or shall not be liable to arrest or restrictions or punishment except as prescribed by law. They shall not be disturbed without cause in their possession of property, nor interfered with in their dwellings, and they have the obligation to pay taxes and render military service and the duty of obedience to the law of the land. "Members of parliament shall not speak disrespectfully of the court nor slander others. Violators of this law will be punished."

BULGARIA YIELDED

Foreign Powers Presented an Ultimatum and 60,000 Reservists were Disbanded—Compensate Turkey.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 28.—The decision of Bulgaria to disband its reserves and make financial compensation to Turkey, was brought about by the presentation of what was practically an ultimatum by Great Britain, France and Russia, supported by Germany and Italy.

Sofia, Oct. 29.—The Bulgarian government has informed a representative of the foreign powers here of its acceptance of the principle of paying compensation to Turkey, which has been the burden of persistent diplomatic representations during the last fortnight on the part of all the great powers.

THE RUSSIAN PARLIAMENT St. Petersburg, Oct. 28.—The Russian parliament will re-open tomorrow for the autumn session which promises to be the most fruitful since the establishment of the duma. A number of important forms which were in the committee stage are now ready for consideration.

SERIOUS DEPLETION IN FUNDS

HARD TIMES HARD ON THE POOR CONSUMPTIVE

Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives Makes an Urgent Appeal for Money.

\$35,000 Required to Cover Bank Overdraft and Provide for Maintenance of Poor Patients.

These head-lines tell the story of our needs.

They are heavy and urgent.

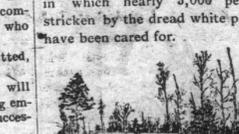
Many times during the past twelve months the question has pressed itself upon the Trustees, "Can we continue the work further?"

Every month brought its quota of accounts for salaries and wages of staff, bills of butcher, milkman, eggs, groceries, heavy coal bills—a serious item—and other uncontrollable expenses so long as the doors were kept open.



These had to be paid somehow. Contributions—especially after the turn of the year when the financial depression was felt at its keenest—fell off to such an extent, that each month the burden became heavier.

During all this period there was only one thing to do, and that was to lean on our banker—swelling the bank overdraft. The trial was the severest in the history of these Muskoka Homes, in which nearly 3,000 persons, stricken by the dread white plague, have been cared for.



But never for a single hour did the doors of the Free Hospital fail to swing open, and give a welcome to suffering ones without money and without price.

The good news has gone forth of a rich harvest the wide Dominion over. Friends, we come to you at this time, when the clouds of depression are being lifted, asking that you now—in the direness of our extremity—help to lift the burden being carried—not for any personal gain, but solely, alone, only on behalf of suffering sisters and brothers.

Our plea is on behalf of the sick ones. What will you give? Do not say nay. Help generously. Help all you can. Help now.

Contributions may be sent to W. J. GAGE, Esq., Chairman Executive Committee, 84 Spadina Avenue, Toronto; or J. S. ROBERTSON, Sec.-Treasurer National Sanitarium Association, 347 King Street West, Toronto, Canada.

PRECEPTORY INSTITUTED

Knights of United Templars of Malta for Saskatchewan—Officers Elected—Visitors Entertained at Banquet.

Wascana Preceptory of the Knights of United Templars of Malta was instituted in Regina last Thursday afternoon at the Masonic temple. The officers of the new preceptory are: Presiding Preceptor—H. V. Bigelow Constable—Dr. J. M. Shaw. Marshal—L. Morris. Chaplain—Rev. W. B. Tate, Qu'Appelle.

Registrar—D. G. Ramage. Treasurer—Chas. O. Hodgkins. Sub-Marshal—F. W. Logan. Captain of the Guards—E. J. Wright. Almoner—J. A. Webb, Prince Albert. First standard bearer—J. McCauly, Moose Jaw. Second Standard Bearer—E. W. F. Harris, Arcola. Assistant Standard Bearer—Mr. McVickar, Woleseley. Sword Bearer—F. B. Lean, Saskatchewan. Organist—H. N. Scott, Estevan. Guard—F. Dymott, Regina.

The Bell Telephone Co. has started a gang of men at work to complete the telephone line from Rosthern to Duck Lake. The poles are set up for a distance of three miles out of Rosthern and from this point work was started. The company will finish the line to Duck Lake and if weather permits will continue towards Prince Albert the objective point. At the south end it is intended to extend the telephone line from Esque to Saskatchewan, giving direct communication from this point to Prince Albert. R. A. Choquette of Regina, is supervising the construction work here. The Bell Co. has not signified its intention of putting in a local system at Duck Lake, but it is altogether likely that this will be done if a sufficient number of subscribers can be secured.—Rosthern Enterprise.

LEGAL FISTIC FIGHT

Winnipeg, Oct. 28.—An aftermath of the bitter election contest here took place this afternoon on Main street when E. L. Howell, K.C., a son of Chief Justice Howell, attacked Hon. John Campbell, attorney general, who has sworn out a warrant for Howell's arrest. The matter arose from a conversation over the telephone between Howell and the attorney general last Sunday night, when the former demanded admittance to two Liberals arrested and placed in the provincial jail on bribery charges. Howell stated that the attorney general called him a "blatherskite" in the course of this conversation. Campbell was walking down Main street when Howell stopped him and struck him. The case was first adjourned for a day, and on the final hearing Howell was fined \$20 and costs.

BALLOON BURST

Berlin, Oct. 29.—The Parseval military rigid, dirigible balloon, which made an ascent today, burst while at a height of 2,000 yards, and while a rapid descent. When close to the ground its pace slackened, and it landed gently in a tree. The occupants were uninjured. The balloon was making its second flight before a military commission appointed to deliberate whether it was suitable for military purposes. Major General Parry, the inventor, was present. Within the past few months the Parseval balloon has made several unofficial trips. On Sept. 10 while it was attempting a flight from Tegel, Berlin to Dobritz, it was struck by a squall and the gas bag collapsed, the balloon coming down on the roof of a villa. Count Zeppelin's reconstructed airship No. 1 had a most successful trial today, lasting three hours. The air ship is now altered, and is an improved small edition of the one that was burned at Echternghausen. Wood is substituted for aluminum in many parts, and the motors are of 48 horse power instead of 110. The crew number 12. The airship performed wonderful manoeuvres, notwithstanding the fact that the wind was blowing at a lively rate. It soared, gyrated and turned angles with ease, and then returned to the shed under perfect control. Experts say that it is the best airship Count Zeppelin has yet built.

SAVE THIS, ANYWAY.

Put it in Some Safe Place, for It May Come in Handy Some Day. Here is a simple home made mixture as given by an eminent authority on Kidney diseases, who makes the statement that it will relieve almost any case of kidney trouble if taken before the stage of Bright's disease. He states that such symptoms as lame back, pain in the side, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, painful and discolored urination, are readily overcome. Here is the recipe. Try it: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one half ounce, Compound Kargon one ounce, Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Take a teaspoonful after each meal and at bedtime. A well known druggist here in town is authority that these ingredients are all harmless and easily mixed at home by shaking well in a bottle. This mixture has a peculiar healing and soothing effect upon the entire Kidney and Urinary structure, and often overcomes the worst forms of Rheumatism in just a little while. This mixture is said to cure all blood disorders and cure the Rheumatism by forcing the kidneys to filter and strain from the blood and system all uric acid and foul decomposed waste matter, which causes these afflictions. Try it if you aren't well. Save the prescription.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 28.—Col. H. H. McLean, M.P. elect for Queens-Sunbury, has good news to back up his claim of his election to Canadian parliament. The cable tells that his son Lieut. C. W. McLean of the Imperial army, has been promoted to a captaincy in the Royal Horse Artillery, British crack corps, and transferred from India, where he has been two years, home to England. Capt. McLean was the youngest officer of the Canadian contingents to the Boer war and distinguished himself there, and on Lord Methuen's recommendation was given a commission in the Imperial army. He is now only 27 and has forged ahead rapidly.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—When Thomas E. Fox, after a terrible struggle with D. J. Reardon on the edge of a cliff at Primrose Hill on Sept. 3rd threw him over, he did the proper thing, and was warmly commended by Magistrate O'Keefe this morning. Fox was walking with his sweetheart on a moonlight evening, when Reardon, who was a married man, insulted her. A desperate struggle ensued, during which Reardon was thrown over a forty-foot cliff. Fox fell with him. Reardon was instantly killed, but Fox falling uppermost, was only injured. The straight forward story he told the coroner's jury, said the magistrate, entirely exonerated him of any charge of having caused the death of Reardon. Fox was acquitted.

Edmonton, Oct. 31.—Frost and snow have tied up the grading operations on the G.T.R. west of Edmonton, when one week more of fine weather would have seen the completion of grading from Edmonton to

STRAYED

On 16 my premises, S.E. 1/4, 22-16-16, W. 2nd, one young mare; bay with star on forehead; no brand. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and remove same. E. C. SHAW, McLean, Sask. 274

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent Business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Montreal and Washington, D.C. U.S.A.

D. A. Macdonald Dealer in Carriages, Twine, Harness, Agricultural Implements, Cream Separators, Oils, Greases, etc. Harness Making

PATENTS 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. A person sending a sketch and description may obtain our opinion free whether an invention is really novel and patentable. Communications strictly confidential. H. MUNN & CO. Patent Attorneys, 351 Broadway, New York. A. H. MUNN & CO. 351 Broadway, New York. Agents—1700, 200 F St., Washington, D. C.

FELT SHOE WEATHER

has arrived and so has our splendid stock of Felt Shoes. We have Felt Footwear for the man, the woman, the lady or the child.

SKATERS! This should be your headquarters for shoes just the shoe you want. Our Skating Shoes are noted for their strength and comfort.

WE DO REPAIRING PROMPTLY AND AT A MODERATE PRICE.

ENGEL BROS., Scarth St., REGINA

Balgonie Flour Mill

RUNNING STEADY

Chopping and Gristing Done Promptly

OUR FLOUR IS GUARANTEED

W. J. HYDE'S MILL & ELEVATOR Balgonie Sask.

For Bargains in Furniture

GO TO THE CORNWALL ST. FURNITURE STORE

A Few of Our Snaps

5-piece Stuff-over Parlor Suite for \$85.00 5-piece Polished Mahogany Suite for \$100.00 Arm Chair and Rocker at \$8.00, \$10.00 Conchoses, from \$8.00 to \$40.00

We Have Exceptionally Good Value in Upholstered Goods

Our Beds, Springs and Mattress are the best value in the city.

St. Edwards, Chairs, Dressers, Kitchen Cabinets, Tables and numerous articles of Furniture at wonderfully low prices.

We Give Re-upholstering and Repairing Our Special Attention

L. E. WEAVER & CO. 1719 Cornwall St., Regina P. O. Box 899 Phone 883

The West

THE WEST COMPANY, LIMITED
1773 ROSE STREET, REGINA, SASK.

R. J. WESTGATE
Editor and Managing Director

This paper is published every Wednesday.
Subscription price: One Dollar (\$1.00) per annum to all parts of Canada and the British Empire. To United States and other foreign countries, One Dollar and Fifty Cents (\$1.50) per annum. All subscriptions payable in advance. Arrears charged at Fifty Cents per year extra.
Advertising rates furnished on application.
Address all communications to the Company.



WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1908

Organization Needed

The result of the general election shows this province to be strongly Liberal and such is not what was expected by the Conservatives. It was not thought that the Liberals could carry more than six at the most of the ten seats.

Under ordinary circumstances and the election being held at the same time as the rest, Jas. McKay, K.C. would carry the Prince Albert constituency by a big majority. What effect the deferring of the elections is going to have we cannot say. The majority R. S. Lake has in Qu'Appelle was so small that the wonder is that even he was elected.

One reason for the defeat of the Conservatives in this province was their lack of organization to combat the influences which two governments with their immense patronage can bring to bear about election time. Three times since July has the country been enumerated. Three voters' lists have been made, the one on which the provincial election was held, then the regular provincial lists provided by the election law to be printed and used in future, and the Dominion list which was used in the recent election. In very many cases the enumerators were active Liberal workers, who did not feel they were doing anything amiss when they canvassed in the Liberal party's interests. This feature alone, especially in foreign settlements had its effect on the vote in Saskatchewan.

As we said it would take a splendid organization to counteract the work done by government officials and employees, and that organization the Conservative party did not have, and furthermore they did not have the necessary money to pay enough men to bring about good organization.

The question for the future should be to remedy this state of affairs. Organization work must be taken in hand at once. Representatives from all parts of the province should be called together to discuss ways and means and some method employed whereby the party can redeem itself in this province the next time. Organizing for a campaign is not the work of a month before polling day, but a work which requires a much longer time. In fact, in this province where there are so many new comers settling, organization to be effective must be active all the time.

We trust that the Conservative party, which has stood and stands for so many good principles in this province at least undertake more vigorously and more systematically to see that those principles for which they stand may prevail.

Probe the Charges

Now that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been returned we trust he will at once look after his black sheep and he has many of them in his party who were elected by the good will and work of the Liberal machine. His first attention should be turned to the Minister of Public Works, Mr. Pugsley. The Mayes charges should be cleared up. Dealing with this subject the Toronto News says:

According to the sworn statement of the contractor, \$35,993 were stolen from the public treasury by means of a collusive arrangement with the Public Works Department. Incidental to this statement is the charge that a loan of \$2,000 was forced out of the contractor by Mr. Pugsley himself. Mr. Pugsley alleges that the

\$2,000 was received as the price of legal services, and The News at least is prepared to accept that statement until further support appears for the contractor's story. On the other hand it must be remembered that Mr. Pugsley is a deft and quite remarkable statesman, and that his dealings with the New Brunswick treasury admit of no defence.

What it is necessary to declare, however, is that the result in the election at St. John does not dispose of the Mayes charges. They must be sifted to the bottom. Proceedings should be promptly initiated by the Minister of Justice and the Minister of Public Works. McAvity should be either fairly acquitted before the country or should be sent to the penitentiary and forced to disgorge every dollar which was corruptly taken out of the treasury. It is whispered that this particular job leads on to many other transactions, and there must be a searching and wide investigation into the whole system of dealing with public contracts and with Intercolonial supplies in the eastern provinces.

Reward System

We regret to see that some of the papers of Canada are preaching the doctrine of reward for political work done. Here is what the Halifax Chronicle says in speaking of the result in Halifax where Mr. R. L. Borden and Mayor Crosby were elected:

"They have declared by their votes that they do not want these things, and if the government is disposed to take them at their word and extend these favors to other constituencies and other parts, which have been loyal to their interests, the Tories of Halifax and their dupes will have themselves to blame."

Because a constituency elects a member of the opposition is that a reason why the people of that constituency should be deprived of its rights? Such a doctrine would indeed be a very bad one for the country. If government work and government institutions were not placed in constituencies represented by opposition members it would be a strange system. Why should any constituency be deprived of its public need, because the people have voted as they felt inclined they should vote?

We trust that in the doing of a public duty the government of the day will not be influenced by any such consideration but that if a necessary work is required in any constituency it will be done irrespective of party.

Editorial Notes

Both parties should insist on their being no "saw-offs" in case there are protests entered.

It is expected that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will commence his black sheep crusade after Thanksgiving Day.

If Messrs. Fowler, Lefurgy, Pope and Bennett were Conservative black sheep, the party did well to let them be defeated. It is regretted that the Liberals did not treat their black sheep in like manner.

The seniority of the House runs about as follows: Hon. William Patterson, 1872; Hon. John Haggart, 1872; Sir Wilfrid Laurier, 1874; Sir Frederick Borden, 1874; Dr. Sproule, 1878; Hon. Geo. E. Foster, 1878; G. Taylor, 1882; David Henderson 1888; Dr. Reid, 1891; Col. Hughes, 1892; W. F. Maclean, 1892.

We trust that in the election of councillors for local improvement districts that the Hudson's Bay Railroad will not be an issue. It has been an issue, so Mr. Scott and his organs say, in the last two elections and the people now surely have reason to expect that something be done by the Liberals to redeem their pledges.

If Sir Wilfrid Laurier does not "finish his work" it will not be for lack of a majority in parliament. If ever a public man was entitled to claim the result of a contest as a great personal victory, Sir Wilfrid can make that claim today. After making every allowance for the causes, legitimate and otherwise,

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil is the means of life and enjoyment of life to thousands: men, women and children.

When appetite fails, it restores it. When food is a burden, it lifts the burden.

When you lose flesh, it brings the plumpness of health.

When work is hard and duty is heavy, it makes life bright.

It is the thin edge of the wedge; the thick end is food. But what is the use of food when you hate it and can't digest it?

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the food that makes you forget your stomach.

Send this advertisement, together with name of paper in which it appears, your address and four cents to cover postage, and we will send you a "Complete Handy Atlas of the World."

SCOTT & BOWNE
120 Wellington Street W., TORONTO, ONT.

which led to the return of the government with a majority of more than fifty, one fact stands out pre-eminent, namely that it was the premier's commanding personality that won the day.—Victoria Colonist.

"Lake's majority is in keeping with the man" says the Regina Leader. This remark is in keeping with the picaresque politics of that paper. Mr. Lake's reputation will not be injured by such contemptible remarks. Not a slur can honestly be cast upon him and the Leader knows it. In making such a remark it lowers itself below the meanest Liberal in this riding for every voter and worker on the Liberal side recognized him as a gentleman. This is one point Qu'Appelle is proud of that it had two gentlemen in the field.—Qu'Appelle Progress.

Press Comment

(Ottawa Citizen)

The Laurier government is entitled to regard the verdict as one of approval of its administration. At the same time Sir Wilfrid Laurier must appreciate that there are good grounds for the criticisms that have been aimed at the grating element which of late years has fastened itself upon the government. It will be an act of wisdom to purge the government of this reproach, and to re-ward the confidence of the electorate by the establishment of an administration that will be free from suspicion of complicity in jobbery and questionable transactions. This he will have to do if he is to finish his work with honor to himself and advantage to Canada.

(Moose Jaw News.)

Eight Liberals and one Conservative, which is the standing of the parties in Saskatchewan should set the Conservatives thinking. How does it come that the party which carries British Columbia and Manitoba by large majorities, and practically breaks even in Alberta, can carry but one seat in this province? The matter should cause serious reflection. There is something very wrong with the Conservative party in this province. To blink at the fact is useless. Not only have the Liberals carried eight seats; but they have carried them by majorities which, in more than one instance, are overwhelming. How is it that in Alberta the Conservatives could make the contest very close in all but one constituency, while in Saskatchewan they have been beaten out of their boots? Conditions in the two provinces are approximately similar. It will be admitted that owing to the presence of a large foreign population and the large number of homestead holdings the government exercises a stronger direct influence in this province than in Alberta; but these two influences do not account for the great difference in the strength of Conservatism in the two provinces. Candid Conservatives in this province must confess that the fault is not in their stars but in themselves that they are so far in the minority. They are disorganized. As a matter of fact there is no central organization. True, certain organization work has been entrusted to certain persons who have done the best they could; but unbacked by substantial support they have been unable to do effective and permanent work. The result is chaos. Could one take comfort in the thought that in the recent campaign the Liberals had the better argument, then one might trust to time to improve conditions through its natural operations. But in no province had the Conservatives a better case than in Saskatchewan. Not only had they in common with the whole Dominion, suffered through the maladministration of the Laurier government; but they had a special grievance in that their constitutional rights had been curtailed, and upon them had been foisted an incapable and corrupt provincial government, performing no other function than registering the decrees of its Ottawa trustees.

(Greenfell Sun.)

One great lesson of the election just over, in the electoral district of Qu'Appelle and others throughout the west is, that the political future of western Canada, is in the hands of our foreign born, and lately enfranchised population. They are our future rulers. Wholly unacquainted as many of them are of British institutions and even of our language, they can be depended upon in the vast majority of cases to almost solidly go with the party in power. Influence which would not for a moment weigh with an intelligent British born and English speaking electorate, can be used with perfect success amongst them. We say this with no intention of disrespect but with a fair knowledge of its truth. It could not well be otherwise. Coming from countries where constitutional government as we understand it are unknown and where the government is always supreme, they are subject to pressure that others are not. It is not a very cheering prospect for the future of this country and points to need of a campaign of intelligent education to bring about a better condition of things.

(Winnipeg Telegram.)

The significance of the result of the elections in Manitoba is that the political methods introduced by Clifford

Sifton into Canadian public life will not be tolerated.

The overwhelming popular vote in the last election can be given no other meaning. Siftonism has not been as close to the electors of other sections of Canada as it has been to Manitoba. But the man and his methods have emphatically declared that such a man and such methods will not, if they can prevent it, be permitted to govern the development of western Canada.

The question the people of Manitoba are asking themselves today is whether they have been able by their action to eliminate the influence of Clifford Sifton and his crowd of hangers-on from the government of Canada.

Their opinion has been decisively expressed, but they are not the whole of Canada, and if the people of Canada are going to accept those whom the people of Manitoba decisively reject, that is their right and privilege. Still it is worth the while of our fellow citizens to remember that these men were rejected because of matters concerning which we had more intimate knowledge and a closer and keener personal interest.

It will be very hard on western Canada if Sifton can recover through the general verdict what he lost through the verdict of his own province. That is a fair issue to take as between the people of Manitoba and the west and their fellow citizens.

It can be said reasonably and fairly that the campaign in the west was entirely made to rid the government of Canada of influences which have been robbing the resources of the west, Canada's great empire, and, by the corroding influence of unblushing corruption weakening the foundations of our national life.

When the extraordinary power of an entrenched government over constituencies is considered can it not be said that the people of western Canada have made a noble response which is not merely a response to a campaign for decent government, but an appeal to the whole people not to neglect their interests because they are less numerous now, but to remember that the interest of one is the concern of all.

That is the message of western Canada to all Canada. The defeat of the Conservative party was a national mistake but it does not jeopardize the nation unless the west's message goes unheeded. Whether party is in power let us keep corrupting influences out of our public affairs.

(Ottawa Citizen)

Eight Liberals and one Conservative, which is the standing of the parties in Saskatchewan should set the Conservatives thinking. How does it come that the party which carries British Columbia and Manitoba by large majorities, and practically breaks even in Alberta, can carry but one seat in this province? The matter should cause serious reflection. There is something very wrong with the Conservative party in this province. To blink at the fact is useless. Not only have the Liberals carried eight seats; but they have carried them by majorities which, in more than one instance, are overwhelming. How is it that in Alberta the Conservatives could make the contest very close in all but one constituency, while in Saskatchewan they have been beaten out of their boots? Conditions in the two provinces are approximately similar. It will be admitted that owing to the presence of a large foreign population and the large number of homestead holdings the government exercises a stronger direct influence in this province than in Alberta; but these two influences do not account for the great difference in the strength of Conservatism in the two provinces. Candid Conservatives in this province must confess that the fault is not in their stars but in themselves that they are so far in the minority. They are disorganized. As a matter of fact there is no central organization. True, certain organization work has been entrusted to certain persons who have done the best they could; but unbacked by substantial support they have been unable to do effective and permanent work. The result is chaos. Could one take comfort in the thought that in the recent campaign the Liberals had the better argument, then one might trust to time to improve conditions through its natural operations. But in no province had the Conservatives a better case than in Saskatchewan. Not only had they in common with the whole Dominion, suffered through the maladministration of the Laurier government; but they had a special grievance in that their constitutional rights had been curtailed, and upon them had been foisted an incapable and corrupt provincial government, performing no other function than registering the decrees of its Ottawa trustees.

(Greenfell Sun.)

One great lesson of the election just over, in the electoral district of Qu'Appelle and others throughout the west is, that the political future of western Canada, is in the hands of our foreign born, and lately enfranchised population. They are our future rulers. Wholly unacquainted as many of them are of British institutions and even of our language, they can be depended upon in the vast majority of cases to almost solidly go with the party in power. Influence which would not for a moment weigh with an intelligent British born and English speaking electorate, can be used with perfect success amongst them. We say this with no intention of disrespect but with a fair knowledge of its truth. It could not well be otherwise. Coming from countries where constitutional government as we understand it are unknown and where the government is always supreme, they are subject to pressure that others are not. It is not a very cheering prospect for the future of this country and points to need of a campaign of intelligent education to bring about a better condition of things.

(Winnipeg Telegram.)

The significance of the result of the elections in Manitoba is that the political methods introduced by Clifford

Sound principles are a splendid possession; but unsupported that cannot in Saskatchewan place an opposition party in power. The day may come when, delivered from the bonds of necessity, public opinion may, at the call of duty, express itself fearlessly; but that day is not yet in this province. The homestead inspector is a power in the land. The lonely settler lacking conveniences in the power of the government to grant, votes for its promising candidate, not because he believes that all the promises will be fulfilled, but through hope that something good will fall. If an opposition would make headway against such influences it must have an effective organization. It must have a strong press. Its headquarters must be within the province not at Winnipeg. This implies radical changes in the present methods. To speak thus plainly may seem bold; but the justification is that affairs could not be more unsatisfactory than they are now. To build rightly the ground must be cleared; and those who do the clearing render the party a service.

In the light of election returns the Provincial Rights party appear a numerous and strong body. True, it is much the weaker body numerically but good judges admit that it is the able. Numerically its strength must be estimated by comparison with the Saskatchewan Conservative representation at Ottawa. Moreover, had the recent provincial campaign been of six instead of three weeks duration, it is doubtful if Mr. Haultain would not now be premier. Again the provincial Conservative organization, while with its hands tied it had to fight two governments. But in spite of these disadvantages it is numerous and influential. That it has done so well as it has in comparison to the straight Conservative party is a tribute to its leader and the cause it represents. At the same time it is a standing proof that there is something wrong with the provincial Conservative party.

The Liberal government is a well disciplined body, and can be only fought successfully by an organization equally effective. That it can be fought successfully has been demonstrated by the returns from Alberta, Manitoba and British Columbia. What has been done in these provinces can be done in this province; but cannot be done with the present system. Most Conservatives will agree that reorganization must come; but some may think that it can be postponed without loss. They are mistaken. The work must begin at once. To wait till the issue of the writs, as has been done in the past, would be suicidal. It must also be remembered that the government organization is vigilant, while its strong press is daily inculcating Liberalism into the minds of thousands of new settlers who are ignorant of our political conditions. If this province is neglected by the Conservatives it will become so strongly Liberal that to change it will be next to impossible. The formative period is, relatively, the most important in the history of a country. In such a period are we in Saskatchewan now living.

(Moose Jaw News.)

Eight Liberals and one Conservative, which is the standing of the parties in Saskatchewan should set the Conservatives thinking. How does it come that the party which carries British Columbia and Manitoba by large majorities, and practically breaks even in Alberta, can carry but one seat in this province? The matter should cause serious reflection. There is something very wrong with the Conservative party in this province. To blink at the fact is useless. Not only have the Liberals carried eight seats; but they have carried them by majorities which, in more than one instance, are overwhelming. How is it that in Alberta the Conservatives could make the contest very close in all but one constituency, while in Saskatchewan they have been beaten out of their boots? Conditions in the two provinces are approximately similar. It will be admitted that owing to the presence of a large foreign population and the large number of homestead holdings the government exercises a stronger direct influence in this province than in Alberta; but these two influences do not account for the great difference in the strength of Conservatism in the two provinces. Candid Conservatives in this province must confess that the fault is not in their stars but in themselves that they are so far in the minority. They are disorganized. As a matter of fact there is no central organization. True, certain organization work has been entrusted to certain persons who have done the best they could; but unbacked by substantial support they have been unable to do effective and permanent work. The result is chaos. Could one take comfort in the thought that in the recent campaign the Liberals had the better argument, then one might trust to time to improve conditions through its natural operations. But in no province had the Conservatives a better case than in Saskatchewan. Not only had they in common with the whole Dominion, suffered through the maladministration of the Laurier government; but they had a special grievance in that their constitutional rights had been curtailed, and upon them had been foisted an incapable and corrupt provincial government, performing no other function than registering the decrees of its Ottawa trustees.

(Ottawa Citizen)

Eight Liberals and one Conservative, which is the standing of the parties in Saskatchewan should set the Conservatives thinking. How does it come that the party which carries British Columbia and Manitoba by large majorities, and practically breaks even in Alberta, can carry but one seat in this province? The matter should cause serious reflection. There is something very wrong with the Conservative party in this province. To blink at the fact is useless. Not only have the Liberals carried eight seats; but they have carried them by majorities which, in more than one instance, are overwhelming. How is it that in Alberta the Conservatives could make the contest very close in all but one constituency, while in Saskatchewan they have been beaten out of their boots? Conditions in the two provinces are approximately similar. It will be admitted that owing to the presence of a large foreign population and the large number of homestead holdings the government exercises a stronger direct influence in this province than in Alberta; but these two influences do not account for the great difference in the strength of Conservatism in the two provinces. Candid Conservatives in this province must confess that the fault is not in their stars but in themselves that they are so far in the minority. They are disorganized. As a matter of fact there is no central organization. True, certain organization work has been entrusted to certain persons who have done the best they could; but unbacked by substantial support they have been unable to do effective and permanent work. The result is chaos. Could one take comfort in the thought that in the recent campaign the Liberals had the better argument, then one might trust to time to improve conditions through its natural operations. But in no province had the Conservatives a better case than in Saskatchewan. Not only had they in common with the whole Dominion, suffered through the maladministration of the Laurier government; but they had a special grievance in that their constitutional rights had been curtailed, and upon them had been foisted an incapable and corrupt provincial government, performing no other function than registering the decrees of its Ottawa trustees.

(Greenfell Sun.)

One great lesson of the election just over, in the electoral district of Qu'Appelle and others throughout the west is, that the political future of western Canada, is in the hands of our foreign born, and lately enfranchised population. They are our future rulers. Wholly unacquainted as many of them are of British institutions and even of our language, they can be depended upon in the vast majority of cases to almost solidly go with the party in power. Influence which would not for a moment weigh with an intelligent British born and English speaking electorate, can be used with perfect success amongst them. We say this with no intention of disrespect but with a fair knowledge of its truth. It could not well be otherwise. Coming from countries where constitutional government as we understand it are unknown and where the government is always supreme, they are subject to pressure that others are not. It is not a very cheering prospect for the future of this country and points to need of a campaign of intelligent education to bring about a better condition of things.

(Winnipeg Telegram.)

The significance of the result of the elections in Manitoba is that the political methods introduced by Clifford

R. E. MICKLEBOROUGH

General Implement Dealer

We carry the McCormick Line of Implements

The McCormick Mower and the McCormick Rake cannot be excelled.

P. & O. Flows.

Bissell Disc Harrows.

Wm. Gray & Sons Carriages.

The Hamilton Wagon cannot be excelled for strength and durability.

DeLaval Cream Separators.

A complete line of Mechanical Rubber Goods.

Harness, Oils and Greases.

R. E. MICKLEBOROUGH

ROSE STREET REGINA

Qu'Appelle Flour Mills

Wholesale and Retail Quality the Best

RETAIL PRICES: Per sack

Hungarian Patent	\$2.20
O.K. Patent	1.90
Strong Bakers	2.45
Western Gem	2.40
Brass	1.00
Shorts	1.00
Chop Wheat fine for Hog Feed	1.00
Middlings	1.25

Every Sack Guaranteed. Prompt Delivery

THE MOORE MILLING CO., Ltd.
Eleventh Ave., between Rose and Broad Sts.
Phone 368.

REGINA EARTH LOOKS GOOD

— TO —

The North American Life!

This Company, which is solid as the continent, has assets of eight million dollars, and is prepared to lend on first mortgages on good farms in this district.

They will insist on your having fire insurance on your buildings. Is your life not much more valuable? Certainly. Then see us at once about a policy that will protect your family and your home.

W. D. McBRIDE, Provincial Manager. H. T. CROSS, City Agent.
Northern Bank Offices. P.O. Box 1028

Seasonable Goods

BIG REDUCTIONS

IN ALL LINES OF

HEATING STOVES

See our Window for Prices

Felt Weather Strips, 10c each

WOOD WEATHER STRIPS with felt insertion the best and cheapest thing to use; once on always on; equally as good to keep out dust as to keep out cold. 2c per foot

BOSELY'S SPRING DOOR BOTTOMS—Guaranteed to keep out all cold air, as they shut tight to floor when door is closed. You can't afford to be without one or more of these cold excluders. Sold in 36 inch lengths. 55c each

ACME STORM SASH HANGERS—The latest and best device for Hanging Storm Sashes. 20c set of 2 pairs

SIMPKINS BROTHERS
Importers and Retailers of China, Glassware and Hardware
Scarth Street, Regina

COAL IS KING

BANFF HARD COAL IS KING OF COALS

Banff Hard Coal

For

Large Furnaces
Small Furnaces
Ranges
Stoves
Heaters

Banff Briquettes

is just the dandy coal for use in the kitchen. Easy to light; gives a quick, hot, steady fire; made from screened coal—ensures Briquettes being absolutely all fuel, therefore no waste. Briquettes are economical—the cheapest and the best coal for kitchen purposes. Per ton \$9.00

WHITMORE BROS., General Agents
Office in Regina, Pharmacy 1719 Scarth St.

Cold

Com

C

Glo

Fir

Over 3,000 Students

The "FEDERAL" Business College

commends the best situation but the most successful in the past is a sure guarantee taking a course of study with the management, as it gains admission at a little experience will be added to it.

Our Spe

is prepared for those who through correspondence, in the interests of Home S

GEO. S

Bank of Ottawa Building

THEIR

Among men who

men. The job

others as to price

this bold statement

day you're this wa

BUR

THE TAILORS

Gro

Groceries

at the

spec

All kinds

We handle

of our goods.

Regina

SHIDE P

BLAC

WATERPR

Fam

RE-PAVING

RE-PAVING

PICTURE in your mind the living room of a comfortable home, a chilly night, and a bright fire is burning. Seated by the fireside are the olde folks enjoying the luxury of large Upholstered Chairs. A pretty picture, is it not? Yes, and that same picture is drawn on imagination of a large number of young people in Regina. They know a great debt of gratitude is owing to that father and mother, and their greatest desire is to see them enjoying all the comforts of life. If we could only afford it? That is the obstacle you cannot overcome. As a rule the price of Upholstered Chairs in Regina has been beyond the average person's means. But prices are no longer an obstacle. We have a New Stock of Upholstered Chairs and Rockers, the prices of which are within the reach of all; also all other lines of Furniture which is necessary to make the home both comfortable and attractive. We cordially invite you to call on us and inspect our stock. We think we have what you want--if we haven't, we can get it. No order too large for us to fill. No order too small for our prompt attention.

You should take advantage of our Special Offer of TEN PER CENT. OFF our Spot Cash Prices for the NEXT TEN DAYS

ALL GOODS GUARANTEED. ALL ORDERS GIVEN OUR MOST CAREFUL ATTENTION. PICTURE FRAMING A SPECIALTY

J. H. JOHNSTON

THE FURNITURE MAN

Darke Block Eleventh Avenue REGINA - SASK.

Cold Night

Comfortable Chair

Glowing Fireside

Over 3,000 Students Trained for Business

The "FEDERAL" Business College has now entered upon its eleventh year of practical educational work. Its graduates are to be found in all the large centers of Canada, where they have been successful in our history. The splendid success of our students in the past is a sure guarantee for the future. Young people who intend taking a course of study in business subjects should at once communicate with the management, as from present indications it may be impossible to gain admission at a little later date. Several new teachers of lengthy experience will be added to the "FEDERAL" staff.

Our Special Home Study Course

is prepared for those who cannot attend college, instruction being given through correspondence, and by teachers who will visit the various centers in the interests of Home Study Students.

GEO. S. HOUSTON, Manager, Bank of Ottawa Building Regina, Saskatchewan

BAPTISTS GROWING

Churches Being Established Among the Foreigners--Handicapped for Finances--Easterners to Render Assistance.

Ottawa, Oct. 30--The Baptist convention discussed western missions. Reports on the committees stated, that though checked by stringency, the splendid crops would undoubtedly cause the tide to rise again. It was suggested as being only in harmony that Ontario and Quebec, with which the greater part of the western business was done, should help the west as far as the Baptists are concerned through financial contributions from the Ontario and Quebec conventions.

After pointing out that the financial situation is a serious one, the report uses this language: "There is an association in each province with a capable missionary in charge of the details of local home missionary work. Three of these associations have met in annual gatherings during the year, and report the following accessions to the church. "Alberta 119 baptisms and a total increase of 271; and Manitoba over 500 baptisms.

"Since July 1, 1907, two new churches have been organized, making a total of 200 with a membership of upwards of 13,000.

"In work amongst foreign speaking people, the results continue to be most encouraging, though at some points churches have suffered badly from removals, owing principally to the financial depression. There are now twenty-one German churches, with 1,800 members, eighteen Scandinavian churches, with a membership of 544; of which 84 were baptized during the year; three Russian and two Galician churches with a total membership of 171. There are thus at the present time in the Canadian west a total of 44 foreign speaking Baptist churches with a membership of 2,415."

The report was explained in a comprehensive speech by H. F. Perry, D. D., Toronto, who urged the fulfilment of the obligation of the east in regard to the carrying on of mission work in the west.

Saulte Ste. Marie, Ont., Oct. 23--What has been the most miraculous rescue on Lake Superior for the present season of navigation was made Thursday noon when Captain Charles Auterson of the steamer Hoover and Mason picked up George Mutart of Munising on Lake Superior. Mutart left Munising, Mich., in a small row boat, with a party going hunting up the north shore of Lake Superior on Monday afternoon. It was a very thick and smoky day and quite a sea was in a launch which was towing the row boat. Later in the afternoon Mutart dozed off to sleep and when he awoke about nine o'clock at night he found himself adrift. His boat had broken loose from the launch. On account of the dense smoke he was unable to learn his locality and drifted about all night. The next day passed and still there was no sign of help. All Tuesday night, Wednesday and Wednesday night, up to Thursday noon, he worked energetically and against seemingly hopeless odds to keep his small craft afloat. About noon on Thursday along about fifty-one miles due north of Grand Island the captain noticed close alongside a boat full of water and the man wrapped in a blanket, lying in it. Boats were lowered and Mutart was picked up and carried for until brought to the Soo. He was hurriedly put under the care of a physician. The unfortunate man is in a precarious condition of mind on account of the harrowing experience. He had been without food all the time he was afloat.

COMIC AND SERIOUS

He--I say, Dolly, may I take your photograph? You look so pretty that I could eat you. She--Oh, I see, that's why you want me on a plate, eh? Philadelphia Inquirer.

"Now, Johnny," said the Sunday school teacher, "can you tell me one of the most remarkable things Moses did?" "Yes, ma'am," responded the bright youth. "He broke all the commandments at the same time."--London Opinion.

"Talking about inventions," said the business man, "I have a little machine in my place that would make me a millionaire if I could keep it going all the time." "What is it?" "A cash register."--Catholic Standard and Times.

Visitor--That was a beautiful letter I had from your mother yesterday, Tommy. Tommy--Yes, but I had to help her with it. Visitor--Help her with it! Tommy--Yes, I licked the stamp.--Circle.

"Mr. Huggard caught me in the dark hall last evening and kissed me," said Miss Passay, with affected indignation. "Oh!" remarked Miss Pepprey, "I wouldn't blame him if I were you." "You wouldn't blame him?" "I say if I were you."--Catholic Standard and Times.

Hostess--Are you a musician Mr. Jones? Jones (who is dying to give an exhibition of his powers--Well--er--yes, I think I can claim some knowledge of music. Hostess--I am delighted to know it. My daughter is about to play, and I should be very glad if you will kindly turn the music for her.--Royal Magazine.

"I don't believe in that doctor." "Why?" "He didn't tell me everything I wanted to eat was bad for me."--London Opinion.

"I was very angry just now when Bleeker asked me for \$10 that I owed him." "But why did you get angry?" "I found it much easier to get angry than to pay."--Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Bill--What's the difference between an umpire and a referee? Jill--Why the referee doesn't usually have things thrown at him.--Yonkers Statesman.

BABY'S WELFARE MOTHER'S CHIEF CARE.

Every mother is naturally anxious that her little ones shall be healthy, good natured and bright. Every mother can keep her little ones in this condition if she will give them an occasional dose of Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, break up colds, destroy worms and make teething easy. Equally good for the new born baby or the well grown child. Mrs. W. E. Stewart, St. George, N.B., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little ones for several years and have found them reliable in all emergencies. I cannot praise the Tablets too highly." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., of Brockville, Ont.

MCCARTHY'S MAJORITY 699

Calgary, Nov. 1--The returning of feet's official figures for this riding are as follows: McCarthy, 4,105; Sherman, 743; Stewart, 3,416; rejected 73, spoiled 106. Majority for McCarthy, 699.

VETERANS AFTER LAND

Department of the Interior Issues Scrip and Warrants for Land Grant to South African Veterans--All Want Land.

Ottawa, Oct. 28--The interior department is now rapidly issuing warrants for land grants to South African veterans as applications come in. This morning 250 warrants were made out, and so far over 600 of the veterans have applied for and received their warrants. As yet no one has applied for scrip instead of land. As soon as the department receives an application for scrip or land a warrant is issued. For the information of veterans entitled to receive a grant under the bounty act it may be stated that applications must first go to the militia department. A certificate is then issued by that department and the interior department is then notified that the volunteer is entitled to bounty. The latter department then on notification from volunteer as to whether scrip or land is desired, issues a warrant for land or pays over \$100 in cash scrip as the applicant desires. In making application for land location must of course be stated.

Westward Ho.

The Nov. issue of this magazine presents that variety of subjects which makes its contents so piquant. The fiction ranges over nearly all the themes with which it is ever interestedly concerned, and the style of the contributions is of the most commendable order. "The Expiration of John Reedham" is a serial story by Annie S. Swan, which, notwithstanding its sadness and its sorrow, is fraught with rapid interest, and each new transition until its final culmination. Patrick Vaux gives another of his rapid sketches of the arts and antiquities of war, under the title "Where the Eagle Flies Seaward," and by the prowess of those who ride the main is illumined by the perky which the author shows often, to exist among recreants there. "She Tested him" forms the subject of a variegated domestic story by Mrs. J. H. Skinner; "Fox and Hound" by L. Hayward; and "A Guilty Conscience" by H. A. Black. All of these are high in their class and sure to be appreciated.

The number is particularly strong in articles. Bonycastle Dale is fresh as usual in his description "Following game with camera, rod and gun." Capt. G. Godson Godson takes us on a tour in an automobile through the Transvaal, the Free State and Cape Colony; and his fine photographs enhance the value and interest of his descriptions. Under the head of "Potential Canada" there are three articles--one on "High River, Alberta," another on "Summerland, B.C.," and another on "Calgary, Alta.," and another on "The Nechaco Valley." All these are intensely interesting as exemplifications of "Potential Canada." The whole number is, in fact, essentially Canadian in the higher sense of an enlarged horizon.

Medicine Hat, Nov. 1--At the fall sitting of the supreme court on Saturday, J. T. Bell and his son, Thos. were found not guilty of the charge of cattle stealing preferred against them and both were honorably discharged by Mr. Justice Scott. The case aroused great local interest, the family being plowmen of the district, and having large land and cattle interests. A steer was found in one of their corrals which did not belong to them. Satisfactory proof was adduced to show that the steer had been driven in with cattle belonging to the Bells. Its owner had advertised a reward for the holding of cattle bearing his brand. P. J. Nolan of Calgary and D. G. White, of Medicine Hat were retained for the defence, and the prosecution was conducted by W. A. Begg.

BUSINESS CARDS. EMBURY, WATKINS & SCOTT, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc. MONEY FOLGON Regina Office: Northern Bank Building, Scarth Street. Branch office at Lumsden. J. F. L. Embury, Wm. B. Watkins W. B. Scott.

ALLAN, GORDON & BRYANT BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Imperial Bank Chambers Regina. J. A. ALLAN, L.L.B., A. L. GORDON, J. F. BRYANT, L.L.B.

ROSS & BIGELOW. Barristers, Advocates, Notaries H. V. Bigelow, M.A., LL.B. Alex. Ross: Regina, Sask.

HAULTAIN & CROSS Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Office: Marsh Block, Scarth Street, Regina, Canada. F. W. G. HAULTAIN, R.C. J. A. CROSS

JOHN C. SECORD Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Money to Loan--Collections. Office: Smith and Ferguson Block, South Railway St., REGINA, SASK.

STOREY & VAN EGMOND ARCHITECTS Top Floor, Northern Bank Bldg SCARTH STREET Office P.O. Box 1344 Facing Elevator Telephone 498

Hutchinson-MacGlashen Co. Architects Masonic Temple, Regina. P.O. Box 1176 PHONE 696

G. E. Hutchinson, R.A.A., I.A.C., Chief Designer E. MacGlashen, Supervising Architecture

W. A. THOMSON, M.D., C.M. Fellow Trinity College. Office hours, 9-10, 1-3, 5-8, 7-8. Office and residence next door to City Hall, Scarth Street

W. B. COLES, M.D., C.M., Post Graduate Chicago Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat College. Special attention given to Diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Office and residence, three doors north of Lands' Office.

JAMES McLEOD, M.D., C.M. (McGILL) Late of London and Vienna.

EAR, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT EXCLUSIVELY Office--Northern Bank Building, Regina, Sask. Phone 374. Office hours: 9 to 12; 2 to 5; 7 to 8.

HARRY MORELL, M.D. Trinity, Victoria and Toronto Universities Surgery--SUITE "A," Masonic Temple, Regina.

DR. F. J. BALL M.B., Tor. Univ.; M.D., C.M., Trinidad Univ.; M.B., C.S., Eng.; F.R.C.P., Lond.; M.C.P. & S.O. Office and Residence--Cor. South Railway and Scarth Sts., over the Dominion Bank. Phone 865. Regina

DR. JOHN WILSON Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. Residence--Rose Street, Regina. Three doors south of Peart Bros. Hardware

NAY & JAMES Municipal Debentures REGINA - SASK.

PEVEETT & HUTCHINSON General Agents, Representing--The London Assurance Corporation of England; The London Guarantee and Accident Co.; The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Co.; The Royal Trust Company; The Sovereign Life Assurance Co.; Commercial Union; Hartford Fire; and other first class companies. Phone 135, P.O. Box 710, Regina, Sask.

GEO. STURDY CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

House Mover and Raiser. All kinds of Moving done on short notice. Mail orders promptly attended to.

OFFICE: SOUTH RAILWAY ST. OPPOSITE ELEVATORS P.O. BOX 98 PHONE 268 REGINA, SASK.

Farmers coming to Regina can't do better than come for a joint of meat to John Ferguson & SON Model Meat Mart Rose Street Phone 543 Highest prices given for Poultry.

MORTGAGE LOANS I have a large amount of funds available for immediate investment in Farm Mortgages. No waiting to submit applications. Loans passed in my office.

J. ADDISON REID 301 Darke Block Telephone 448

Carload Apples

CARLOAD Plums Green Gages Peaches Pears

WILLIAMSON'S FRUIT EXCHANGE Headquarters for Winter Apples

THERE IS ENVY



AMONG men who see their fellows clothed as we clothe men. The jealousy isn't confined to looks--we shame others as to prices. How are you going to know beyond this bold statement, fact as it is? Come in here the first day you're this way.

BURTON BROS. THE TAILORS SCARTH STREET

Groceries

Groceries of the best quality at the lowest price. We cater specially for the Farmer.

All kinds of Fruits in Season

We handle Fish of All Kinds FRESH EVERY DAY

Give us a call and test the quality and price of our goods.

Regina Fruit and Produce Co.

RALSTON'S FAMOS THE KING OF ALL SHOE POLISHES. Shines in a Minute Shines for a Week 100 Shines 10 cents ASK YOUR DEALER--HE KNOWS

Dealer... Supplements... Formick Rake... for strength... Goods... UGH REGINA

Hour Mills Quality the Best... Prompt Delivery... CO., Ltd. Rose and Broad Sts. 303.

KS GOOD... Life!... on your buildings. Is Then see us at once our home. CROSS, City Agent. O. Box 1028

Goods... Prices

10c each... Guaranteed to keep out door is closed. You of these cold ex-linders 55c each

THERS... Regina

NG... NG OF COALS... Coal

ettes... kitchen. Easy to... absolutely all fuel, economical--the \$9.00... neral Agents 1719 Scarth St.

SUBFRAGETTES MAKE STIR

Again They Get Into the British House of Commons and make a Disturbance and have to be Removed by Force.

London, Oct. 28.—The House of Commons was the scene tonight of the most extensive and best organized subfragette raid yet. By a preconcerted arrangement, disturbances were created simultaneously in the ladies' gallery, the men's gallery and St. Stephen's hall outside the precincts of the chamber. Two young subfragettes, Muriel Matters and Helen Fox got tickets from a member to whom they were strangers and who therefore obtained a pledge on their honor that they would do nothing contrary to the rules of decorum. Having secured two seats some distance apart in the iron row of the ladies' gallery, up against the ornamental brass grill that separates the gallery from the house, they proceeded silently to attach a stout steel chain which had already been made secure around their waists. Then Miss Matters interrupted the proceedings by shouting "votes for women." The janitors rushed into the gallery to remove her, but after prolonged attempts, during which the proceedings of the house degenerated into chaos, the section of the grill to which the young women had chained themselves had to be unscrewed and removed bodily, together with the shouting, gesticulating, subfragettes. Just as the women were being taken out a man sprang up in the strangers' gallery at the opposite end of the chamber, dashed to the front with a ceterous turn of the wrist and sent a shower of subfragette proclamations rattling over the heads of the members. A little later another man in the same gallery shouted "votes for women." His neighbors seized him and nearly choked him before the janitors could rescue him.

About the same time other subfragettes jumped from their seats in St. Stephen's Hall, leading to the central lobby, screaming "votes for women." The police promptly seized and flung them into the streets. It took ten minutes to tie through the chains that gripped Misses Matters and Fox to the grill. The operation was performed in a committee room. They then were marched off the premises by the police. On reaching the sidewalk they raised a disturbance and were taken to the police station.

All the galleries of the house are now closed to visitors and will remain closed until parliament passes a short act enabling disturbers to be punished by magistrates like ordinary offenders. The speaker of the House of Commons has power to deal with them, but only by bringing them to the bar of the house and giving them an opportunity to make speeches, which they ardently desire to do.

The members of the house of Commons are in a sort of panic for fear some of the still more hysterical women may fling bombs on the floor. It was Mrs. Despard's organization which arranged tonight's manifestations, and the bitter rivalry between

BURGLARS' PAPER

Moscow has a Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Vagabonds and Thieves—Mystery to Police.

This is the age of specialization in journalism, as in other things, the world over. Nearly every trade or profession has its organ. But in the ancient city of Moscow, an editor has discovered an entirely new field for newspaper enterprise, which appeals to a numerous clientele. His paper made its first appearance only a little while ago, and is called, the *Bosetasha Gazette*, which interpreted means, "The Barfooted Man's Gazette." It is a weekly sheet, consisting of one double sheet printed matter. It is ostensibly run by vagabonds and thieves.

The bulk of its contents consists of contributions from burglars and others who prey upon society, in which they describe their successful exploits. Its tone is humorous and raucous. The text is enlivened with comic sketches, some of which are uncommonly well done. Unless the police suppress it, it bids fair to have a prosperous career.

It is not lacking in advertisements, most of them of a decidedly unique character. In one issue, for instance a young man announces that, "being full of energy and temperament, and having a loving heart, he seeks a life partner in the shape of a young lady with small means." The advertiser goes on to say that "having practiced house breaking from his tender youth, he is now at twenty-five, an expert burglar as any in Moscow, and can, therefore, guarantee his wife comfort and even luxury."

The "office" is situated in the Nikitinska, a shabby enough street, opposite a small theatre. It is a private flat, and its small dimensions—a room overlooking a courtyard—seems too big for the table, chair and stove which furnish it. The chair is occupied by a shock-headed youth with long black hair, intelligent eyes, and an odor of greasy soap and stale tobacco. He always says the editor is out, and contributors are invited to leave their offerings on the table, where he has an empty vodka bottle, a tea-stained piece of blotting paper and a few cigarette ends. In a word the management of the paper is wrapped in mystery. Nobody knows where it is printed, not even police, who have been on its track since the first number appeared. It comes out once a week and costs 5 copecks (about 5 cents).

Florence Nightingale's First Patient.

Miss Nightingale was the daughter of the proprietor of Embury Park Romney, Haunts. Nearby lived an old shepherd, Robert Snelgrove, with his dog Captain. One day while tending his flock the old man was accosted by the squire, who was accompanied by his little daughter, Florence. The child observed that Captain was missing, and on enquiring about him was grieved to find that owing to a serious injury to his foot he was to be killed that night. Slipping away from her father, Florence hurried to the shepherd's cottage, where she found the dog stretched on the floor with a badly swelled leg. She lit the fire, boiled a kettle of water, and with her own hands chief bathed the injured foot until the swelling began to subside. "Massie," called her ministrations, going to the cottage each day, until finally she was able to restore her first patient quite cured to his delighted master and to sheepfold.

Betting on Taft

New York, Oct. 29.—In the financial district this afternoon there was a strong Taft and Hughes sentiment amongst the people who wanted to bet on the outcome of the election. Odds of 5 to 1 on Taft were freely offered. One man, a customer of a large brokerage house who had just come to New York from his home in the west, heard of this and said: "It's all paper betting." He went out with a friend to look for some Taft money and was soon accommodated. He found a man who put up \$5,000 to his \$1,000 on Bryan. But even at this there was little Bryan money in sight. Around the curb market there was some little betting but not in large sums. There were some offers of small sums at six to one on Taft.

Commemorate Batoche Dead.

Toronto, Oct. 29.—At the armories tonight a handsome tablet was unveiled in memory of the members of the Batoche column killed in the Riel rebellion. The names include those slain at Fish Creek and Batoche, and among them are Lieutenant Swinford, Corp. Code, and Privates Ennis, Ferguson, Hutchins, Wheeler, Fraser, Hardisty and Watson of the 90th, Winnipeg. Sir Mortimer Clark performed the unveiling in the presence of the members of the garrison and many invited guests. Col. Jas. Mason presided, and told of the events leading up to Batoche battle. Sir James Whitney and Col. Grassett also spoke.

SOME OF THE MEMBERS

Who Will Sit in the Eleventh Parliament

When the cannons boom on Nepean Point for the opening of the eleventh Parliament of Canada there will be many changes in the personnel of the house, says the *Winnipeg Telegram*. Many of the old familiar faces, prominent for years in the debates, will be gone; in their places will be new men with all the hopeful anxiety of new members. Of those who are gone, some have retired, but more have gone down to defeat in the heat of battle.

The most prominent Conservative members who will be missing are George Fowler, "Billy" Bennett, W. H. Cookshutt, J. H. G. Bergeron, and Jean Baptiste Morin. On the Liberal side, Han. W. Templeman will be gone from his desk under the leadership of Alex. Johnston, one of the most famous of the blockers' brigade, is another of the fallen, while Peter McKenzie, the government's agricultural expert, Adam Zimmerman of Hamilton and George Grant of North Ontario are the most prominent Liberals defeated in Ontario.

In the last house the Conservatives had but one lone member from Nova Scotia, John Stanfield of Colchester. He has been returned and will have with him on the speaker's left five other Conservative members. Major Crosby of Halifax will be a partner in the shape of a young lady with small means. The advertiser goes on to say that "having practiced house breaking from his tender youth, he is now at twenty-five, an expert burglar as any in Moscow, and can, therefore, guarantee his wife comfort and even luxury."

The "office" is situated in the Nikitinska, a shabby enough street, opposite a small theatre. It is a private flat, and its small dimensions—a room overlooking a courtyard—seems too big for the table, chair and stove which furnish it. The chair is occupied by a shock-headed youth with long black hair, intelligent eyes, and an odor of greasy soap and stale tobacco. He always says the editor is out, and contributors are invited to leave their offerings on the table, where he has an empty vodka bottle, a tea-stained piece of blotting paper and a few cigarette ends. In a word the management of the paper is wrapped in mystery. Nobody knows where it is printed, not even police, who have been on its track since the first number appeared. It comes out once a week and costs 5 copecks (about 5 cents).

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—It is understood that Major-General Lake, inspector general of the Canadian militia, may leave Canada any moment to take an important post in the imperial service. Gen. Lake, who is a brother of R. S. Lake, M.P., has been in England since 1904, and spent years as quarter-master general. He has been post-inspector general for about a year.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. In Quebec the two most prominent faces mission on the opposition side will be J. G. H. Bergeron and Jean Baptiste Morin. There will be universal regret at the defeat of Bergeron, and no place more than in the west where Bergeron made such a hit in Borden's western tour. Jean Baptiste Morin, who did not seek re-election in Dorchester was one of the most picturesque characters in the house. He was a typical habitant with all of the habitant's quaint humor and hard-headed common sense. He has had a very interesting career. He went to the United States when only fifteen. He worked in the lumber camps and on railway work all over the states finally accumulating a fortune and returning to spend his age in his native land. Many are the stories that are told of Jean Baptiste. As for his maiden speech in the house it is a matter of history. He was speaking on the building of the C.N.R. to the Yukon, claiming that the contractors were simply after the enormous subsidy. In his broken habitant dialect he emphasized his points with quaint stories and humorous illustrations. Finally he wound up by exclaiming, "They will take your money and say to hell with the road" amid cheers of the house and roars from the gallery. Jean Baptiste was an uncompromising John A. Macdonald Conservative of the old school and the allegiance of Quebec to Laurier has always been a heart break to the old man. No face will be more sincerely missed around the parliament corridors.

BURGLARS' PAPER

Moscow has a Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Vagabonds and Thieves—Mystery to Police.

This is the age of specialization in journalism, as in other things, the world over. Nearly every trade or profession has its organ. But in the ancient city of Moscow, an editor has discovered an entirely new field for newspaper enterprise, which appeals to a numerous clientele. His paper made its first appearance only a little while ago, and is called, the *Bosetasha Gazette*, which interpreted means, "The Barfooted Man's Gazette." It is a weekly sheet, consisting of one double sheet printed matter. It is ostensibly run by vagabonds and thieves.

The bulk of its contents consists of contributions from burglars and others who prey upon society, in which they describe their successful exploits. Its tone is humorous and raucous. The text is enlivened with comic sketches, some of which are uncommonly well done. Unless the police suppress it, it bids fair to have a prosperous career.

It is not lacking in advertisements, most of them of a decidedly unique character. In one issue, for instance a young man announces that, "being full of energy and temperament, and having a loving heart, he seeks a life partner in the shape of a young lady with small means." The advertiser goes on to say that "having practiced house breaking from his tender youth, he is now at twenty-five, an expert burglar as any in Moscow, and can, therefore, guarantee his wife comfort and even luxury."

The "office" is situated in the Nikitinska, a shabby enough street, opposite a small theatre. It is a private flat, and its small dimensions—a room overlooking a courtyard—seems too big for the table, chair and stove which furnish it. The chair is occupied by a shock-headed youth with long black hair, intelligent eyes, and an odor of greasy soap and stale tobacco. He always says the editor is out, and contributors are invited to leave their offerings on the table, where he has an empty vodka bottle, a tea-stained piece of blotting paper and a few cigarette ends. In a word the management of the paper is wrapped in mystery. Nobody knows where it is printed, not even police, who have been on its track since the first number appeared. It comes out once a week and costs 5 copecks (about 5 cents).

Florence Nightingale's First Patient.

Miss Nightingale was the daughter of the proprietor of Embury Park Romney, Haunts. Nearby lived an old shepherd, Robert Snelgrove, with his dog Captain. One day while tending his flock the old man was accosted by the squire, who was accompanied by his little daughter, Florence. The child observed that Captain was missing, and on enquiring about him was grieved to find that owing to a serious injury to his foot he was to be killed that night. Slipping away from her father, Florence hurried to the shepherd's cottage, where she found the dog stretched on the floor with a badly swelled leg. She lit the fire, boiled a kettle of water, and with her own hands chief bathed the injured foot until the swelling began to subside. "Massie," called her ministrations, going to the cottage each day, until finally she was able to restore her first patient quite cured to his delighted master and to sheepfold.

Betting on Taft

New York, Oct. 29.—In the financial district this afternoon there was a strong Taft and Hughes sentiment amongst the people who wanted to bet on the outcome of the election. Odds of 5 to 1 on Taft were freely offered. One man, a customer of a large brokerage house who had just come to New York from his home in the west, heard of this and said: "It's all paper betting." He went out with a friend to look for some Taft money and was soon accommodated. He found a man who put up \$5,000 to his \$1,000 on Bryan. But even at this there was little Bryan money in sight. Around the curb market there was some little betting but not in large sums. There were some offers of small sums at six to one on Taft.

Commemorate Batoche Dead.

Toronto, Oct. 29.—At the armories tonight a handsome tablet was unveiled in memory of the members of the Batoche column killed in the Riel rebellion. The names include those slain at Fish Creek and Batoche, and among them are Lieutenant Swinford, Corp. Code, and Privates Ennis, Ferguson, Hutchins, Wheeler, Fraser, Hardisty and Watson of the 90th, Winnipeg. Sir Mortimer Clark performed the unveiling in the presence of the members of the garrison and many invited guests. Col. Jas. Mason presided, and told of the events leading up to Batoche battle. Sir James Whitney and Col. Grassett also spoke.

SOME OF THE MEMBERS

Who Will Sit in the Eleventh Parliament

When the cannons boom on Nepean Point for the opening of the eleventh Parliament of Canada there will be many changes in the personnel of the house, says the *Winnipeg Telegram*. Many of the old familiar faces, prominent for years in the debates, will be gone; in their places will be new men with all the hopeful anxiety of new members. Of those who are gone, some have retired, but more have gone down to defeat in the heat of battle.

The most prominent Conservative members who will be missing are George Fowler, "Billy" Bennett, W. H. Cookshutt, J. H. G. Bergeron, and Jean Baptiste Morin. On the Liberal side, Han. W. Templeman will be gone from his desk under the leadership of Alex. Johnston, one of the most famous of the blockers' brigade, is another of the fallen, while Peter McKenzie, the government's agricultural expert, Adam Zimmerman of Hamilton and George Grant of North Ontario are the most prominent Liberals defeated in Ontario.

In the last house the Conservatives had but one lone member from Nova Scotia, John Stanfield of Colchester. He has been returned and will have with him on the speaker's left five other Conservative members. Major Crosby of Halifax will be a partner in the shape of a young lady with small means. The advertiser goes on to say that "having practiced house breaking from his tender youth, he is now at twenty-five, an expert burglar as any in Moscow, and can, therefore, guarantee his wife comfort and even luxury."

The "office" is situated in the Nikitinska, a shabby enough street, opposite a small theatre. It is a private flat, and its small dimensions—a room overlooking a courtyard—seems too big for the table, chair and stove which furnish it. The chair is occupied by a shock-headed youth with long black hair, intelligent eyes, and an odor of greasy soap and stale tobacco. He always says the editor is out, and contributors are invited to leave their offerings on the table, where he has an empty vodka bottle, a tea-stained piece of blotting paper and a few cigarette ends. In a word the management of the paper is wrapped in mystery. Nobody knows where it is printed, not even police, who have been on its track since the first number appeared. It comes out once a week and costs 5 copecks (about 5 cents).

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—It is understood that Major-General Lake, inspector general of the Canadian militia, may leave Canada any moment to take an important post in the imperial service. Gen. Lake, who is a brother of R. S. Lake, M.P., has been in England since 1904, and spent years as quarter-master general. He has been post-inspector general for about a year.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. In Quebec the two most prominent faces mission on the opposition side will be J. G. H. Bergeron and Jean Baptiste Morin. There will be universal regret at the defeat of Bergeron, and no place more than in the west where Bergeron made such a hit in Borden's western tour. Jean Baptiste Morin, who did not seek re-election in Dorchester was one of the most picturesque characters in the house. He was a typical habitant with all of the habitant's quaint humor and hard-headed common sense. He has had a very interesting career. He went to the United States when only fifteen. He worked in the lumber camps and on railway work all over the states finally accumulating a fortune and returning to spend his age in his native land. Many are the stories that are told of Jean Baptiste. As for his maiden speech in the house it is a matter of history. He was speaking on the building of the C.N.R. to the Yukon, claiming that the contractors were simply after the enormous subsidy. In his broken habitant dialect he emphasized his points with quaint stories and humorous illustrations. Finally he wound up by exclaiming, "They will take your money and say to hell with the road" amid cheers of the house and roars from the gallery. Jean Baptiste was an uncompromising John A. Macdonald Conservative of the old school and the allegiance of Quebec to Laurier has always been a heart break to the old man. No face will be more sincerely missed around the parliament corridors.

Sask-alta Range



How a Sask-alta thermometer earns its money.

By indicating when oven is ready for baking. By cutting out the "peeping" into oven. By showing on its face what is going on in the oven. By saving "door-opening" heat. By substituting certainty for chance in baking results.



"Sask-alta" range thermometer was tested for six months before one range was sold. "Sask-alta" thermometer is to the housewife what the compass is to the ship captain.

McClary's

London Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, Hamilton, Calgary PEART BROS. HARDWARE CO. Ltd. Local Agent

DIED IN POVERTY

Lady Curzon Who Was Heir to Millions, Could not Open Magnificent Town House After Returning from India.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Revelations showing the poverty of Lord and Lady Curzon, who was Mary Lett, after their return from India, where they had lived over millions of people in regal splendor, and disclosure of the actual sum of \$9,000,000, that "Joe" Lett, dropped in his famous plunge in the wheat pit, were made public for the first time yesterday in the *Chicago Herald* against the Zeigler Coal Co. for \$110,000 on trial in Judge Eberhardt's court.

Because of Lett's unfortunate speculation, as was shown, his allowance is now only \$50,000 a year, while both his sisters are receiving more than twice this amount. Lady Curzon's poverty followed her to her grave. "When she and Lord Curzon returned to Europe they could not open their magnificent London house, but were forced to take rooms in a hotel and live inexpensively while waiting for funds to arrive from America.

In a few months Lady Curzon died, but in a letter which was produced in court, she wrote that until she knew whether she was to receive the full income from her father's estate she could not open her town house.

At this time, however, Lord Curzon had sufficient money for his and his child's needs. He is receiving \$9,000 a year from the Levi Z. Lett estate. When Joe Lett dropped the \$9,000,000 in the wheat pit his father came to his rescue and assumed \$7,000,000 of the burden. When he died, however, he charged each one of his children up with the money they had received from him before his death.

Lady Curzon's letter in which she told of her financial straits, was written to Hugh Crabbe in February 1907. A short time after this Lady Curzon died and Lord Curzon received a settlement in part of the L. Z. Lett estate. It appears that he was paid too much money, and because of this he was informed that his income from the estate would be forwarded to him less \$10,700. His lordship expressed his "horror" at this and said so plainly in a letter to Crabbe.

Crabbe says that the trouble between him and Joe Lett which finally led to the young millionaire dismissing him from the employ of the Lett estate, arose over the fact that Lett knew there was a spie in the office of the estate who was keeping Lady Curzon informed re-

Kennell

The hard frost of the last week has stopped all work on the land, and the farmers are now preparing for winter.

Victor Gere and his uncle George are away on a hunting trip north. We all hope they will bring home lots of game.

Mathias Foley, Oh City, Ont.

Joseph Snow, Norway, Me. Charles Whodten, Mulgrave, N.S. R. B. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N.S. Pierre Landers, sr., Pokemouche, N.B. Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N.B.

THANKSGIVING EXCURSIONS

VIA THE CANADIAN NORTHERN RY. FARE ONE-THIRD For the Round Trip between all Stations on the Canadian Northern Railway in Canada.

TICKETS ON SALE November 7th to 9th, inclusive. Valid for Return until November 15th, 1908.

Any Agent of the Canadian Northern Railway will be glad to furnish information, or write to— C. W. COOPER, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Can. Nor. Ry., WINNIPEG. FRED. J. HURRETT, Agent, REGINA

Boiled Asparagus

Cut off an inch from stalks and scrape them with a sharp knife, taking care to remove the stalks must be of them into a bunch asparagus of boiling water, just deep enough to be the tips out of water about the base of the stalks from slipping over on the saucen to see how you feel that the water is just boiling. Take up the asparagus, drain the water, and immediately slip to heat. Cover with a good draw. This might be called than boiled asparagus, sure of the process but steamed and then boiled the boiling water. If the red and state, cook for

Boiled Asparagus

Cut two inches from stalks. The thirty never throws these away, scraping off the wood, and adding a little length in a saucen pan of salt and a heaping t. Cook for fifteen minutes. Boiled and then steamed drawn butter based on beaten egg has been at the minute, season to salt and pepper.

Boiled Asparagus

the stalks about 1/2 inch and cook

We Are Leaders

FOR

Job Printing

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY GIVEN

OUR Job Department is replete with the most up-to-date materials and appliances for the production of First-class Work. We are thus enabled to handle Job Work of every kind, and undertake to produce the highest grade of work in conjunction with the least possible delay to our customers.

OUR Prices for all classes of Printing are the very lowest compatible with high class work and good stock.

Noteheads
Letterheads
Billheads
Statements
Memorandums
Envelopes
Business Cards
Professional Cards
Entertainment Tickets
Shipping Tags
Invitations
Posters
Handbills
Receipt Books
Typewriter Circulars
Letter Circulars
Receipt Forms
Township Maps
Blotters
Counter Check Books
Menu Cards
Meal Tickets
Auditors' Reports

Prize Lists
Price Lists
Municipal By-laws
Pamphlets
Lodge Constitutions
Catalogues
Window Cards
Real Estate Mortgage
Writ of Summons
Mortgage Agreements
Promissory Notes
School Debentures
Municipal Debentures
Agreements of Sale
Transfers
Chattel Mortgage Forms
Transfer Forms
Agreement Forms
Mortgage Forms
and almost every other kind of Legal Form carried in stock.

THE WEST COMPANY, Limited
ROSE STREET REGINA

New Bicycle and Gun Shop

REPAIRS KEPT FOR ANY BICYCLE OR GUN MADE

Wheels Exchanged, Bought or Sold

Nickle, Silver or Gold Plating

All Sorts of Small Machine Work Done

JAMES REID, Proprietor
Rose Street, Opp. R. E. Mickleburgh's

Ita

ask-alta nometer money.

en is ready for
the "peeping"
its face what
By saving
substituting
ty for chance
king results.

-alta" range
ometer was
for six months
one range was
"ask-alta"
ometer is to
ousewife what
mpass is to the
captain.

ry's

John Hamilton, Calgary
Ltd. Local Agent

management of the Lei-
ght that the apple was
he saw the letter from
in his sister's hand-
dressed to Crabbe. An
get these letters before
Attorney Elias Mayer,
representing Crabbe, was
checked by Attorney Miles
nce.

Kennell

frost of the last week has
work on the land, and
are now preparing for
pre and his uncle George
in a hunting trip up north.
they will bring home

MINARD'S LINIMENT
ley, Oh City, Ont.
ow, Norway, Me.
hötten, Mulgrave, N.S.
Armstrong, Mulgrave, N.S.
ders, sr., Pokemouche, N.B.
asson, Shemeld, N.B.

THANKSGIVING EXCURSIONS

VIA THE
CANADIAN
NORTHERN RY.

FARE
AND
ONE-THIRD

TICKETS ON SALE
November 7th to 9th, inclusive.
Valid for return until November
15th, 1948.

Any Agent of the Canadian Nor-
thern Railway will be glad to fur-
nish information.

or write to—
C. W. COOPER,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.,
Can. Nor. Ry.,
WINNIPEG.

FRED J. HURKETT,
Agent,
REGINA

PT FOR ANY
GUN MADE
d, Bought or Sold
or Gold Plating

Machine Work Done
oprietor
ieborough's. Phone 404



Different Ways of Preparing Asparagus



THE high rank of "Asparagus officialis" awarded to this child of the early spring-time justifies us in making it the subject of a paper entirely given up to its nature, works and ways. It was in high favor in imperial Rome. The epicurean patriarch—when the modern master would say, "Be quick about it!" and the city connoisseur would growl, "Step lively!"—enjoined his slave to "do it in less time than is needed to cook asparagus!"

Most of us are familiar with the tale of the two French gourmets who quarreled over the rival merits of oil and butter in cooking asparagus, finally compromising by sending word to the cook to prepare half of the vegetable with butter and half with oil. The friends chatted amicably for awhile after the point was settled. Suddenly the advocate of butter, who was the guest of the other, fell down in a fit. The host raised him and saw that he was dead. Whereupon he laid down the lifeless body, ran to the head of the kitchen stairs and shouted to the chef: "Do it all in oil! The butter-man is dead!" An American lover of the table avers that Asparagus officialis "is an aristocrat from tip to stalk." All of which goes to prove that the owner of the high-sounding title differs utterly from his human upstart. He is an aristocrat, nevertheless, and the further he gets away from his native soil the less worthy is he.

AT ITS BEST IN VIRGINIA
In Virginia, where our aristocrat of the kitchen-garden is at his best, he is systematically kept under the surface of the ground. Asparagus is planted in rows, and as it peeps above the earth, it is hand-cut out of sight, the long lines of rich mould rising steadily to keep pace with its growth. As a result, when the asparagus is cut for the table it is

bleached from root to tip and tender throughout. It took me a long time to learn to accept the spindling green stalks offered in Northern markets as asparagus. Sometimes German green-grocers and market-women called it "grass." This was said to be a perversion of the stately name. Indeed, country folk often spoke of it as "sparrowgrass." A half century ago, Frederick Cozzens, genial and loving humorist, made us laugh with him at the bucolic ambitions of Mr. Sparrowgrass and his spouse. We quote him to this day.

PREJUDICE AGAINST "GRASS"

I own, frankly, to a rooted prejudice against the "grass," which time and usage have not overcome. My heart still turns fondly to the plump and pale columnettes grown in Southern market-gardens. Yet I am told that what medicinal virtues are inherent in asparagus are more potent in the green spindles than in the bleached larger stalks. I am quite ready to believe the further assertion that these virtues are eliminated from straw asparagus and that the delicate straw-color of the closely packed stalks is due to chemical agents. We all know hot-flavored the canned imitation is by comparison with the fresh vegetable.

Like other succulent growths, asparagus depreciates quickly when drawn from the earth. If cooked within an hour or two after it is cut, the twenty minutes' boil recommended by cook-books will send it to the tender and good. It has long been my custom to cut off half an inch from the lower part of asparagus bought in the markets and to set the stalks upright in water as I do with cut flowers. It responds gratefully to the treatment, growing crisp and plump in a few hours. A damp cloth should be thrown over it and the vessel in which it stands.



Asparagus Makes a Good Luncheon Dish
It is very good, prepared in either way.
A Scallop of Asparagus (Swiss Style)
Leave but an inch of the stalk below the tender part of the tip. Cook tender in boiling water salted, adding a bit of butter at the end of ten minutes. Drain and dip in a well-buttered biskuit, then serve with a little cream, stick bits of butter to it, pepper and salt. Parmesan cheese over all. Bake for fifteen minutes, covered, in a brick oven, then uncover and brown lightly.
Curried Asparagus
The tips are used for this dish. Make a roux by frying a sliced onion in three tablespoonfuls of butter, until the onion is slightly colored. Strain it out, then return the butter to the pan and add to it a heaping tablespoonful of flour, a tea-



spoonful of lemon juice, a dash of paprika and a tablespoonful of curry powder. Have ready heated in another saucepan a cupful of milk (adding a pinch of soda), and stir it gradually into the roux, removing it from the fire to do this. Set again on the range, stir for a few seconds and pour over the asparagus tips, which have been scalded tender in salted boiling water. Strain the mixture into a deep dish. A delightful side dish when cold lamb or cold chicken is the piece de resistance.



spoonful of lemon juice, a dash of paprika and a tablespoonful of curry powder. Have ready heated in another saucepan a cupful of milk (adding a pinch of soda), and stir it gradually into the roux, removing it from the fire to do this. Set again on the range, stir for a few seconds and pour over the asparagus tips, which have been scalded tender in salted boiling water. Strain the mixture into a deep dish. A delightful side dish when cold lamb or cold chicken is the piece de resistance.

terly. Some people think fairy stories better for children than Bible histories. I do not agree with them. If one is wise in one's selection of Scripture stories.
C. E. W. (Providence, R. I.)

Packing Eggs
If a little flour be mixed with the salt used in packing eggs, it will prevent the hardening of the salt about the shells. But I have not tried it.
May I come again?
G. H. P. (Holland, Mich.)

A Suggestion
(Continued.)
I have taken the recipe of the "Marion Harland Compo" sent in by a constituent. We pronounce it "very good." But may I suggest that half the quantity of water (or none at all) be put into the bake dish with the apples, as the water draws the flavor from the apples?
There is enough juice from the apples when they are baked, covered, to keep them from burning, and when it is retained by the apples it brings the compote to perfection.
A READER (Berwyn, Ill.)

Recipes (Contributed)
Crackerjack
Four over unsalted popcorn the molessest taste gives herewith, and crackerjack far superior to the ordinary variety will be the result.
One cup of New Orleans molasses; four cups of sugar (granulated for light taffy, brown for dark); butter, the size of an egg; one cup of vinegar.
Boil hard until it threads, or drops brittle in cold water. Remove from the stove and stir in as much soda as will lie on a dime.
Chop-a-Corn
Four hot crackerjacks, four unsalted popped corn.
J. M. (Manitowish, Mich.)

Apple Tapioca
Pare, wash and core carefully tart apples. Grate apples well, not do. Arrange in a deep dish. Fill the interstices with a half-cupful of sugar; stick a bit of butter in each apple; squeeze half a lemon over the apples, then pour in gradually a cupful of cold water. Cover the dish and bake until the apples are soft.
Four hot crackerjacks, four unsalted popped corn.
J. M. (Manitowish, Mich.)

Four Cream Chocolate Cakes
Beat two squares of chocolate in one-half cup of sour cream. Beat together the yolks of three eggs, one and a half cups of sugar and a half cup of flour. Add the chocolate and sour cream. Bake in a square tin, and when cool pour a boiled icing over it.
To make this last: Beat a cupful of sugar with one of water until it "threads." Beat the white of an egg until it is stiff, add a teaspoonful of cream of tartar; pour the syrup over this slowly, and whip all light. When the right consistency is gained, spread upon the cake. The cream of tartar makes the icing light and thick.
C. E. S. (River Forest, Ill.)

Your patient consideration for an over-weighted editor is as soothing as it is unexpected. The veriest dullard in figures can guess at the impossibility of crowding his letters per day into a corner that would hold but twenty at most. I am so used to tart queries as to the reason that letters, demanding replies within two or three days do not appear under that number of weeks and why

The Housemothers' Exchange

READ the letter in yesterday's paper from "Gismonette," and your answer, and your ideas so entirely coincided with mine that I want to write and tell you so, and thank you for the answer you gave her, and in a way to others who hold her views. I suppose she is not to blame because she never had a chance to learn how to take care of a house, but how does she know she does not like it when she has never tried it? Of course, there are things about housework not entirely pleasant, but so there are about office work. I don't like to clean my typewriter and get my hands all stained, but I have it to do just the same. Neither is it to scrub floors and wash up a lot of kitchen dishes, but I think the enjoyable parts of housework more than compensate for these unenjoyable things.

I am just like her, I love housework, and all that pertains to it, and for a girl who has worked in an office for four years after completing a high school course I think I have a pretty good idea of what housework means. My mother was not taught housework when a girl—that is, to make a study of it—and she never liked it, and she determined that her daughters should be taught housework clear through, and I know I have been, and my little sister is making a good start.

It seems to me that no boarding-house life can make up for a home life. It may be a little more aristocratic, as she seems to think, but no boarding-house would satisfy me, and I know whereof I speak, for I, too, am going to be married before many months, and nothing but a home, even though it be only a small flat, would satisfy me, and I know from things my fiancée has said that is what he wants, too. He has never had a home, being an orphan, and he looks forward to our having a home with a great deal of pleasure. I don't see what she can be thinking of deliberately to put aside home life, and be content with a boarding-house. I don't believe she would be, either, after giving it a trial.

What is more, pleasant than the washing and wringing of dirty clothes and glassware, and the cooking and serving of a good meal that is just enough for two, or the arranging and cleaning of a house? Maybe I am a little too far the other way, but it seems to me that when I am through my work and am in my own home my joy will be full.

that while there are just the two of them they might be contented in a boarding-house, probably some time there will be one more, and making a boarding-house they would want a home. I think it is a girl's highest privilege, being queen of a home, so master her own life.

Your good letter confirms me in the belief I love to cherish—namely, that the heart of American womanhood is still true to the "real things." With the discouraged prophet of Israel, I may say sometimes, when weary with braining myself against the stone wall of prejudice, as fighting away the vapors of frivolity:

"I have been very jealous for the truth, and the women of this generation have forsaken right ideals and thrown down the family altars which their mothers served, and I even I only am left."

With the return of strength and the power to reason again comes the confident faith that there are seventy times seven thousand in the land which is our goodly heritage that have not bowed their knees to the Beal of worldliness nor kissed him with their lips. I shake my head at but one line of your protest. I do not think a boarding-house life in the least "aristocratic." Nor do I think it is so rated by people who know the best side of social life. I am sure that I have never felt myself to be so low in the social scale as during the few months spent in a pending change of residence made boarding expedient. It was at the end of this period that I met the special "John," who has a mind of his own and a fair command of nervous English declares that he "would rather live upon beefsteak and boiled potatoes in his own house than sit down, day after day, to a ten-course dinner in the finest hotel in the land." I have never yet seen a sane man who did not hold kindred opinions.

I can make room for, not because I agree with the writer in her contention, but that other women, and particularly mothers, may ponder upon her ideas and express their individual views. For myself, I own, without a blush, that I cried out "Fool!" at dear Peter Pan's appeal: "Don't you believe in fairies?"

Nor have I ever found that my children confounded the true and the false in everyday life and working hours for having been fed, as a dessert after lessons and real tasks, with the blessed old fairy tales. Jean Jacques Rousseau (of whose private life we will say nothing in a family paper) considered that the parent who told his child that birds and beasts talk and have dramas, etc., after the manner of humankind, did his offspring great harm.

If I am sorry that I cannot recall the author of a rhyming reply to the French theorist that I once knew by heart, it began:

"It will not ask Jean Jacques Rousseau, if he is a philosopher or no. If he is a philosopher or no. The child who reads and takes for true 'The story of a cock and bull' must have a most uncomely skull."

Many children annoy their parents by trying to have wonder if reading fairy tales to the little ones and making up stories to entertain them had anything to do with this untruthfulness. Children cannot understand why they may not make up stories, too, without being called wicked and being punished.

For my part, I see no sense in talking children about the cock who "clumped over the moon," while the mother reads every with the spoon."

It would be far better to read something sensible to them; something that will help them to grow up with noble thoughts and make them kind to their fellows.

Some fairy tales frighten children. I know of a child who was afraid to go into the garden because some one read to him of a little girl who was turned into a but-

thers never see the light, that your gentle appreciation of my difficulties, and my honest desire to mete out justice to all, is like a poultice to an inflamed surface. Not that I lay unreason and intemperance to heart. The intemperance is but skin deep, yet bright and dry and mud is unlight until it is dry enough to rub off.

A Suggestion
(Continued.)
I have taken the recipe of the "Marion Harland Compo" sent in by a constituent. We pronounce it "very good." But may I suggest that half the quantity of water (or none at all) be put into the bake dish with the apples, as the water draws the flavor from the apples?
There is enough juice from the apples when they are baked, covered, to keep them from burning, and when it is retained by the apples it brings the compote to perfection.
A READER (Berwyn, Ill.)

Recipes (Contributed)
Crackerjack
Four over unsalted popcorn the molessest taste gives herewith, and crackerjack far superior to the ordinary variety will be the result.
One cup of New Orleans molasses; four cups of sugar (granulated for light taffy, brown for dark); butter, the size of an egg; one cup of vinegar.
Boil hard until it threads, or drops brittle in cold water. Remove from the stove and stir in as much soda as will lie on a dime.
Chop-a-Corn
Four hot crackerjacks, four unsalted popped corn.
J. M. (Manitowish, Mich.)

Apple Tapioca
Pare, wash and core carefully tart apples. Grate apples well, not do. Arrange in a deep dish. Fill the interstices with a half-cupful of sugar; stick a bit of butter in each apple; squeeze half a lemon over the apples, then pour in gradually a cupful of cold water. Cover the dish and bake until the apples are soft.
Four hot crackerjacks, four unsalted popped corn.
J. M. (Manitowish, Mich.)

Four Cream Chocolate Cakes
Beat two squares of chocolate in one-half cup of sour cream. Beat together the yolks of three eggs, one and a half cups of sugar and a half cup of flour. Add the chocolate and sour cream. Bake in a square tin, and when cool pour a boiled icing over it.
To make this last: Beat a cupful of sugar with one of water until it "threads." Beat the white of an egg until it is stiff, add a teaspoonful of cream of tartar; pour the syrup over this slowly, and whip all light. When the right consistency is gained, spread upon the cake. The cream of tartar makes the icing light and thick.
C. E. S. (River Forest, Ill.)

Your patient consideration for an over-weighted editor is as soothing as it is unexpected. The veriest dullard in figures can guess at the impossibility of crowding his letters per day into a corner that would hold but twenty at most. I am so used to tart queries as to the reason that letters, demanding replies within two or three days do not appear under that number of weeks and why

quar taste of old Newdays in wanting to own those "Eric Cromax crocks." Two were at once put up as flower-jars for the dining table. The third was filled with a brass tank and burner. After a somewhat lengthy search a blue and white shade that toned in beautifully with the rich colors of the base was found in a junk shop, and a remarkably handsome lamp was given a place of honor in the drawing room.

So much admired was this lamp that one of the other jars was converted to the same use. As a second lucky find of a suitable porcelain shade did not materialize, a queer hammered brass shade of Oriental design was substituted with equally good effect. Any one owning such a jar would have no difficulty in turning it into a new and interesting use as a base for a lamp.

A clever young bride, whose grandfather was a mate on a Chinese trading-ship back in the forties, recently found three of these charming blue and white jars in her grandmother's attic. Regrettably she displayed them first, to the old lady's vast amusement at the

A Ginger-Jar's Transformation

LUCKY indeed, is the woman who owns one of those fascinating old ginger jars from China that were so popular half a century ago. Many a fascinating couple, caught by the rich color and glaze of the blue and white jars, looked them up for a few cents just to show his womanfolk at home what pretty wares the heathen furniture could turn out. And the wife or mother, after due wonder, would probably utilize the rare vase to hold her pickles or even to the ornate display of her "sets" for bread.

Little did either realize that their grandchildren could value those vases among their greatest treasures, which to buy would cost almost their weight in gold.

These old Canton ginger jars, not content with masquerading in their old age as flower holders, are now being put to new and interesting uses as a base for a lamp.

A clever young bride, whose grandfather was a mate on a Chinese trading-ship back in the forties, recently found three of these charming blue and white jars in her grandmother's attic. Regrettably she displayed them first, to the old lady's vast amusement at the

Women and Ideas

I insert as much of your best letter as

Local and General

J. R. Agar of Balgonie, was in the city on Monday.

A. P. Humphrey of Craik was in the city yesterday.

G. H. Shaw, traffic manager, C.N.R., spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. E. Meadows, of Watrous, is in the city at present visiting friends. Born in Regina on Sunday, Nov. 1st, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Golinick a daughter.

Geo. Speers of Speers, Marshall & Boyd, leaves tonight for Toronto on a business visit.

E. Marshall Young left yesterday for the States where he will make a life contract for himself.

Regina defeated Moose Jaw at Rugby in the city on Saturday. The score was five to nothing.

The annual harvest festival and entertainment of St. James Church, Condie, takes place tonight.

During October there were 19 births, 16 marriages and 10 deaths in Regina if all were registered.

The Regina Excelsior Band will hold their first dance of the season in the city hall on November 11th.

A. E. Whitmore, M.L.A., left last week for Banff and other western points to recuperate after his illness.

Hon. C. W. Cross and Hon. W. H. Cushing, members of the Alberta government were in the city on Sunday.

The Star Provision Co. have disposed of their bakery to the Crown Bakery who will continue the business.

The next luncheon on the Canadian Club will be addressed by Hon. F. W. G. Haultain. The date set is Nov. 14th.

Ethel Conway, the editor of the Watrous Weekly News, is visiting in town and will return to Watrous in a few days.

Chas. H. Gordon and V. Gordon returned on Thursday from Owen Sound where they had been attending the funeral of their mother.

Mrs. Boyle, wife of the manager of the Bijou Theatre received word last week of the death of an uncle in Australia leaving her a legacy of \$250,000.

The custom returns at Regina for October show that \$22,100 was collected. This is somewhat lower than the amount collected for the same month last year.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the police court tomorrow night. The question of cheap power for manufacturing concerns will probably be discussed.

The government have notified the contractors, the May-Sharp Construction Co., that if they do not hand the new Land Titles Building over by next Saturday, the penalty clause will be enforced.

Capt. Geo. H. Young has been stationed in Regina as inspector of customs for this province. Mr. Young has been an official of the customs department for several years being located at Winnipeg.

G. B. Salmon who has had charge of the stationery department of the Canada Drug & Book Co., for the past year has resigned his position. He will probably open in business for himself in the province.

St. Paul's W. A. intend having a sale of fancy and useful articles on Dec. 11th in the afternoon and evening. The Regina Comedy Company will give a performance. Full particulars will be given later.

The votes cast in the recent election in Regina City totals 2219. There were 2284 cast in the provincial election. Bole's majority in the provincial election was 264, while Martin's majority in the city was 493.

The Crown Provision Co. have purchased the grocery business of A. McDougall at the corner of Lorne Street and 14th avenue. The building has been remodeled and made up to date. A butcher shop will be run in connection.

J. O. Nolin of Battleford, has been elected to represent the constituency of Athabasca in the Saskatchewan legislature. His opponent only received about a dozen votes. There were not many over half a hundred votes polled.

F. Cockshutt, of Brantford, president of the Cockshutt Plow Co. and E. A. Mott, western general manager of Winnipeg were in the city this week on a visit of inspection to the company's branch here of which D. J. Taylor is local manager.

Among the new student arrivals at the Federal Business College this week are Miss Perkins of Nutrie, Sask., and Mr. Gordon Pearce of Condie. Misses Russell and McPherson and Mr. Jessitt of Regina are also among those who begin a college course this week.

Miss Mary Gamble left on Monday to join her parents at Armstrong, B. C. On Saturday she was the guest of the members of the staff of the Public Works Department at the residence of J. M. Smith on Smith St. where she was made the recipient of a handsome gold chain, pearl pendant and a pearl ring.

The death of Daniel McCusker, a well known farmer, just north of the city, took place in the hospital at Rochester, Minn., last week. The remains were brought to Regina and interment took place Monday morning from St. Mary's church. The Knights of Columbus, of which deceased was a member, attended in a body.

Subscription time has come around again and we are sending out statements to our subscribers and trust that there will be a good response. It is not much for each but a large number of them when collected together would make a goodly sum. Last year owing to a failure of the crops the unpaid subscriptions were unusually heavy and as this was a good year, the results are good enough to expect a settlement for a little subscription account.

CANADA VOTES SOLID.—There may be a difference of opinion amongst the voters of Canada regarding political matters, but when it comes to a question of a newspaper to suit the Canadian people the vote is solid for the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. It is marvelous what popularity that paper enjoys. It is well deserved too, for it is beyond question the best dollar's worth to be had. Every home in Canada should receive that great weekly, when it can be had for one dollar a year. In this section it reaches almost every home, and not one of them would think of letting their subscription expire. The Family Herald and Weekly Star is too good to miss even a single copy.

The winter time table of the Canadian Pacific went into effect Sunday, Nov. 1st. Trains 97 and No. 1 will still run through to the coast. The following changes affect Regina: Eastbound, No. 2, same time 4.55k; Moose Jaw-Winnipeg local No. 13, (formerly No. 4) leaves 6.53k; No. 98 leaves at 17.59k; Westbound No. 97 arrives at 10.25k; Moose Jaw local, No. 11 (formerly No. 3), leaves at 19.40k; No. 1 leaves at 1.21k. Arcola branch trains leave and arrive at the same time, leaving at 7.00k, and arriving at 22.20k. The train numbers have been changed from No. 23 and 24 to Nos. 9 and 10. The Moose Jaw local eastbound now arrives in Regina in time to make connections with the Arcola branch morning train.

The International Harvester Co. of Hamilton, Ont., and Chicago, Ill., will locate in Saskatoon. This morning the deal was closed by which lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 in block 165, come into their hands. The land is trackage property adjoining the C.P.R. Block 165, fronts on 23rd street and arena A, and is good property. The new buy of the International Co. fronts on the C.N.R. switch, the side of Lot 1 being on 23rd street. It is the intention of the company to build at once on the newly acquired land. The extensive and rapidly increasing business of the company in Saskatchewan and Alberta will lead the big corporation to build offices and warehouses which will be commensurate with the trade they are doing. The company handles a complete line of farming implements, gasoline engines and power farm machinery and thrif coming to Saskatoon is at once a tribute to their business sagacity and a prize for the city. It is expected that a staff of from 25 to 50 will be put to work with the opening of the building. It is the purpose of the company to have their new warehouse ready for the spring business. —Saskatoon Phoenix.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

HURON & ERIE LOAN CO. AND THE ONTARIO LOAN & DEBENTURE CO. MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage Security at reasonable rates and easy terms of payment. Apply at Office of Balfour & Broadfoot. OHAS. A. BARNES, Manager.

Corporation of the City of Regina

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that a by-law for closing or selling or leasing certain lanes in Block 269, 268 and 278 in the City of Regina, and those portions of Robinson Street, Rae Street and Retallick Street, between Tenth Avenue and North Railway Street, and the opening up of a continuation of Tenth Avenue eastwards from Retallick Street to North Railway Street in said city, according to the plan of the City of Regina, will be passed by the City Council after the expiration of two weeks from the date of this notice.

Any person who claims his land will be injuriously affected, and petitions to be heard by the Council, will be afforded an opportunity to be heard by himself or his agent in relation to the proposed by-law.

Dated at Regina this 26th day of October, 1908.

J. KELSO HUNTER, City Clerk.

REGINA MARKETS

WHEAT—	
No. 1 Northern	80
No. 2 Northern	77
No. 3 Northern	74
No. 4	71
OATS—	
C. W.	28
PRODUCE—	
Butter	36
Eggs	36
Potatoes	39

THE TRADING CO. WEEKLY STORE NEWS

FURS OF QUALITY

MODERATELY PRICED

A short time spent in looking over our Fur Stock will prove to most people that our claim to the Fur Leadership is no idle boast

Ladies' Furs See our Ladies' Fur-lined Coats at \$65.00, \$75.00 and \$100.00. Note the special and exclusive style features. Note the full, wide sweeping skirt—a special feature to be had in no other make. All our Ladies' Fur-lined Coats are hand-tailored, and we guarantee each and every coat as to workmanship and wear.

Many Pretty Novelties in Mink Many pretty styles and novelties in the popular fur now being shown. You will find the style and quality of the best, and the prices as low as possible, consistent with quality.

Popular-Priced Small Furs Included in our Fur Stock is a complete and well-assorted range of the cheaper lines of Small Furs, such as Marmot, Sable, Squirrel, Thibet, Fox, etc.



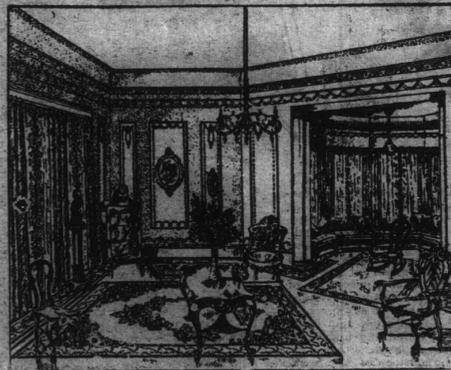
.. HOUSE FURNISHINGS ..

Reversible Union Carpet

3 pieces of Union Carpet, full yard wide and reversible, splendid bedroom patterns, in rich patterns—the kind that gives good wear. Sells regularly at 65c yard. Our Special Price, per yard **50c**

Lace Curtains

100 pairs of New Lace Curtains to be sold at less than two-thirds of their regular value; 3 or 3 1/2 yards long; finished all round with the Famous Patent Edge. Worth \$2.25, \$2.35 and \$2.50. The entire lot, per pair, **\$1.50**



Tapestry Carpet

3 pieces (150 yards) of \$1.10 Tapestry, 27 inches wide, excellent new designs. On sale, per yard **90c**

Cottage Rods

100 Cottage Rods, white, 4 feet long, white or brass ends and brackets. Complete, special, each **15c**

Window Shades

Combination colors, green and white or cream, full size, fixtures complete. Worth \$1.10. Special **95c**



FOR STRENUOUS BOYS
We Do Not Care How Strenuous They Are

Lion Brand CLOTHING

is built to stand the test of time and the play ground. It's cut and shaped with care; double seats and knees on the trousers; double elbows on the sleeves; hand-shaped collars, etc. That's why "LION BRAND" lasts so long and gives complete satisfaction. The New Winter Styles are here now, and a prettier lot of colors and patterns never graced our tables.

Suits, \$3.90 to \$10.00
For Boys 10 to 16 years

Overcoats, \$6.75 to \$10.00
For Boys 9 to 17 years

Heavy Wool SWEATERS For Men and Boys

Some extra good values in Men's and Boys' Sweaters are now shown on our tables. In the lot are a great many samples, at from one-quarter to one-third less than regular prices.

A Special All Wool Heavy Made Sweater for **\$1.00**

Boys' Heavy Wool Sweaters at **65c, 75c**

Boys' Wool Sweaters with laced fronts at **75c, \$1.00**



A True Shoe

When you buy an ordinary shoe you have to find out by actual wear whether it is good or not.

GOLD BOND SHOES

Buyers of GOLD BOND SHOES know that they are good before they buy because they are stamped with the trade mark which guarantees them.

They are perfect in style, fit, finish and comfort, because all "GOLD BOND" Shoes are made by mechanics who are skilled shoemakers. When they buy "GOLD BOND" Shoes they are sure of long wear and shape-holding shoes. All leathers.



\$4.50 to \$6.00

Saturday Special Sale

Linen Towels

100 dozen Linen Towels, in White Huck and Damask. We have too many of these lines. Saturday next we will offer the entire lot at

One-Third Off Regular Prices
SALE STARTS AT EIGHT O'CLOCK
Not more than One Dozen to Any Customer.

The Regina Trading Co. LIMITED

Western Canada's Greatest Store

Sec
Sa
C. H.

Vol. 12 No. 82

MONEY
On Improve

FIRE INSURANCE
panies in the World, and "weak ones"

FARM LANDS CITY HEALTH ANTI

1837 South Railway

Imperial Bank of

HEAD OFFICE, TO

Capital Authorized
Capital Paid Up

D. R. WILKIE, Pres.
HON. ROBT. JAFFRAY, M.P.

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN
Bank, Ltd., 71 Lombard Street

BRANCHES IN PROVINCES
MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN,
SURREY, ONTARIO, BRITISH

Columbia and general business

Savings Bank Department
allowed on deposits, from
and credited quarterly.

REGINA BRANCH
J. A. WETMORE, M.P.

WAL

At H

To
Goo
our

Sale W
SAL

Canada

FOR LADIES

You Promised Yo
We have selected th
it is possible to get
Ladies' size for

M. G. HOWE, J.

Head

So
So
So
Co

See our

Armst