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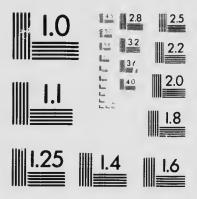
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BUDGET SPEECH

DELIVERED BY

HON. H. T. DUFFY

PROVINCIAL TREASURER

.. IN THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF QUEBEC

MARCH 8th, 1901



Contract of

BUDGET SPEEC.1

DELIVERED BY

HON. H. T. DUFFY

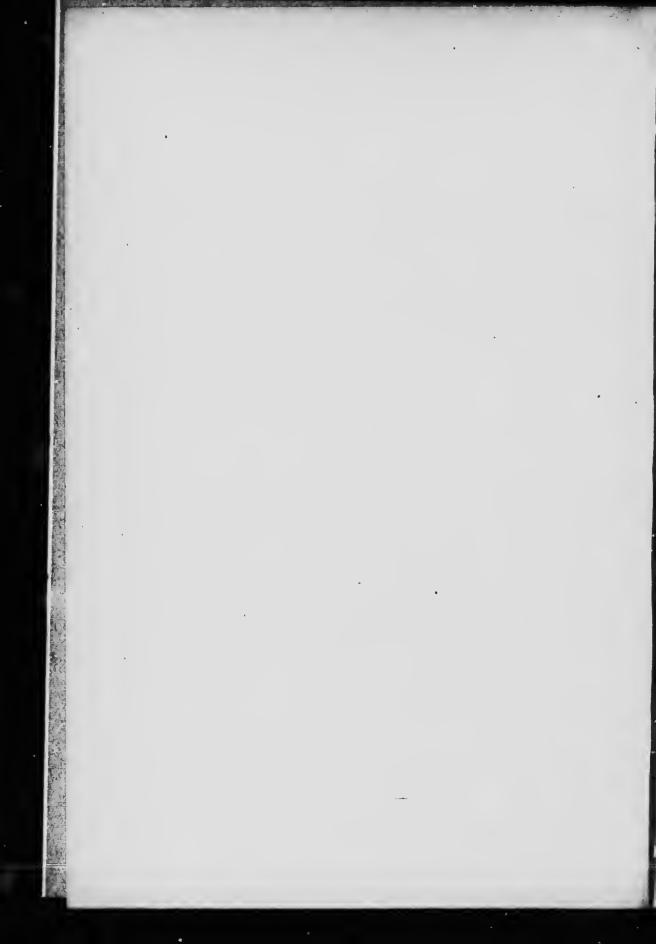
PROVINCIAL TREASURER

.... IN THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF QUEBEC

MARCH 8th, 1901 X





BUDGET SPEECH

DELIVERED BY

HON. H. T. DUFFY

PROVINCIAL TREASURER

-- IN THE ---

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF QUEBEC

MARCH 8th, 1901

Mr. Speaker,

DEATH OF MR. MARCHAND

On the 25th of September last the hand of Death struck down the late Treasurer of this Province before he had had an opportunity of explaining to this House the history of the last financial year, over which, amidst failing health, though with unfaltering care, he had so successfully watched.

One of the newspapers of this city, a political opponent, announced his death with the heading "A good man has gone to his reward," and the people of this Province irrespective of political party, amidst universal sorrow mourned his death as that of a man whose life had been absolutely devoted to duty, and to the best interests of the Province.

RESULTS OF MARCHAND ADMINISTRATION

Before entering into the consideration of the financial year which has just closed, I may be permitted to pause for a moment to glance at the results achieved by the Marchand Administration compared with the results of the former Administrations during the five years which immediately preceded his.

The results of the five years Administration previous to July, 1897, were briefly as follows:

1.	The public debt increased by	S	3,869,081	10
٧.	The funded debt increased by		9 021 334	07
3.	An annual delicit of		291,481	
4.	A total deficit for the 5 years of		1,457,408	
ð.	Increased taxes amounting annually to		452,490	
6.	Total increased taxes for the five years		2,262,452	
7.	Total of deficits and new taxes for the five years		3,719,861	
8.	Annual interest charges increased by		123,082	

I do not cite the foregoing state of affairs for the purpose of casting blame upon any one, but simply for the purpose of showing the difficulties with which the Marchand Government was surrounded.

In addition to this the financial difficulties of that Administration were further increased by the diminution of the revenue, and by the increase of the expenditure by certain fixed charges, as follows:

1 By the chalition of author the	444
1. By the abolition of certain taxes amounting to the	الدائث
enm of	
snm of	04
2. Diminution of annual interest on C. P. R. investment 32,214	00
3. By the increase of our expenditure of:	•
(a) Interest on public debt \$60,893 04	
(b) Additional grant to education 50,000 00	
(c) Civil Government resulting from the	
organization of a new Department,	
with increase of salaries 16,249 01	
(d) Additional expenses arising from the	
increase of the sums granted for the	
maintenance of the insane, under 60	
Victoria, chapter 6 22,000 00 149,142	05

Forming together...... \$ 454,076 09

The Public Accounts for 1896-97, showed a deficit in Ordinary		
Receipts and Expenditure of	810.484	20
And in the total Receipts and Expenditure of	984 013	01

as ets

7,

0.07161515

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5

less gu	arantee deposits and railway subsidies.
During t i	the first year of the Marchand Adminis- ration ending 30th June, 1898, the deficit
to	was reduced from
	10/.USU XX in 1895
penng ar	improvement to the extent of \$ 623.453.87
During (d a	the second year of that Administration the effects entirely disappeared and gave place to
Desert	xpenditure of
y girring.	as a surplus in ordinariation there
· ex	tpenditure of \$ 23,192 57
A11 i	this was accomplished practically without the imposition of any es, and without increasing the sources of revenue.
	as the result of strict economy in expenditure and of carefully after the receipts.
In in brilliancy that if it	anaging the financial affairs of the Province there—no scope for but it may be fairly claimed for the Man hand Administration did not surpass, it was at least equal to any of its predecessors.
	FINANCIAL YEAR ENDIN '30TH JL 'E, 1900.
The I he Ordin	Public Accounts for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1900 show ary Receipts and Expenditure to have been as follows:
Ord	linary Receipts
	Surplus \$ 23,192 57
The to uarantee o	otal Receipts, less railway subsidies and repayment of railway deposits, but including Trust Deposits, have been as follows:
D.	eipts
Exp	enditure
Exp	Surplus\$\\$4,502,445 83\\4,465,833 24\\\$36,612 59

O

ESTIMATES.

The Estimates for the same year were:

ReceiptsExpenditure		42 97	
Estimated surplus	\$	49,143	45

Included in the estimated receipts was an item of \$30,000.00 from Railway Subsidies Tax, of which only \$644.83 have been received. This practically amounts to the difference between the estimated and actual surplus.

The estimate of Ordinary Receipts, including the estimated amounts to be collected from Sheriffs and Revenue Collectors, and disburse I by them, was	4.7.*	4.204,899 4.451,578	42 29
More than the estimate by	s	246,678	87
The estimate of Ordinary Expenditure was	\$	4,155,755	97
To which must be added the amount disbursed by the Sheriffs and Revenue Collectors from receipts		29,861	31
The Actual Ordinary Expenditure has been		4,185,617 4,428,385	28 72
More than the Estimates by	Š	242,768	44

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE EXPLAINED.

It will be seen from the above that there is considerable difference between the Estimated and the Actual Ordinary Receipts, but almost the same difference exists between the Estimated and the Actual Ordinary Expenditure, and the results are therefore to produce a surplus very little different from that which had been estimated.

Certain services show increases over that estimated, amounting in all to	\$ 374,740 128,061	59· 72
So that the actual receipts have exceeded the estimates by	\$ 246,678	87

from This etual

8 87

5 97

1 31

8 44

IPTS

rence t the Ex-

The chief increase has been in the following services:
Lands, Forests and Fisheries\$ 249,371Direct Taxes on Commercial Corporations26,598Duties on Successions45,865Maintenance of the Insane12,713
The chief falling off from the estimates has been in the item of Licenses, amounting to
PAYMENTS IN EXCESS OF ESTIMATES
The principal payments which have exceeded the estimates are the following:
Civil Government \$16,096 16 Administration of Justice, proper 54,657 06 Public Instruction 20,198 37 Agriculture 21,109 97 Lands, Forests and Fisheries 20,704 13 Colonization and Mines 55,845 00 Lunatic Asylums 20,400 00 Miscellaneous Services 40,455 57 And the principal payments which have been less than the estimates are:
Public Debt
COMPARISON OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF 1899-1900, WITH THOSE OF 1898-1899.
ORDINARY RECEIPTS.
The total amounts of Ordinary Receipts for 1899-1900, was
Being an increase for 1899-1900, of \$ 227,998 86.
The chief items of increase are the following:
Lands, Forests and Fisheries\$ 256,126 06

Mines	7,835	55
Law Fees	5,552	67
Direct Taxes on Commercial Corporations	13,972	35
Lunatic Asylums, Municipal Contributions	32,473	59

The increases are explained as follows:

This increase has been due to the increased demand for timber, and especially for pulp wood arising from the general prosperity of the country, and from the establishment of large pulp mills in our Province. There was a successful sale of timber limits during the year.

The receipts from Crown Lands include an item of \$26,000.00 from the sale of the Seigniory of Mingan.

MINES...... \$7,835 55

This increase is owing to the increased number of prospecting licenses, and to the increased sales of mining property.

Direct Taxes on Commercial Corporations... \$13,972-35

This increase arises from the increase of capital employed in commercial and industrial undertakings. The nature of the different companies contributing this tax, and the amount of their contribution, is as follows;

Banks	*	35,026	67
Insurance Companies		49,266	05
Incorporated Companies		71,682	30
Loan Companies		4,013	31
Navigation Companies		2,659	86
Telegraph Companies		223	00
Telephone Companies		-1.609	56
Tramway Companies		-4.646	0.0
Railway Companies		18.885	55

MUNICIPALITIES FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE INSANE \$32,473 59

This increase consists to a considerable extent of arrears due for previous years collected in 1899-1900.

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS FOR 1899-1900.

LESS THAN IN 1898-1899.

The main items of decrease under this heading are the following:

Dominion of Canada	\$ 41,145	46
Incenses	20,307	21
Duties on Successions	17,130	05

EXPLANATION OF DECREASE

DOMINION OF CANADA...... \$ 41,145 46

In his Budget Speech last year the Treasurer called attention to the abnormal increase in the Receipts from the Dominion for 1898-1899 arising from the payment of arrears of interest on Trust Funds during that year, which accounts for the apparent falling off in 1899-1900, when the payments assumed their normal proportions.

LICENSES...... \$ 20,307 21

The decrease in revenue from Licenses, which is mainly outside of large cities, is caused by the increased numbers of rural municipalities which have adopted prohibitory by-laws, or have restricted the number of licenses. In more than two-thirds of the rural municipalities such by-laws are in force, and the revenue from these municipalities has in consequence been steadily decreasing. This speaks well for the moral condition of the people, but the revenue has suffered accordingly.

Dufies on Successions...... \$ 17,130 05

The revenue from this source is entirely determined by the amount of the estates left by parties who die during the year and is beyond the control of the Government.

ORDINARY EXPENDITURE.

Showing an increase of...... \$ 238.421 62

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or, and of the

,835 **55**

,55**2 67** ,9**72 3**5

473 59

icenses.

ommernpanies ollows ;

35

.473 59

due for

PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF INCREASE.

Legislation \$ 9,535 87

Civil Government	16,221	65
Administration of Justice	17.111	
Public Instruction	63,743	
Agriculture	18.341	
Colonization	45,000	00
Lands, Forests and Fisheries	28.135	
Miscellaneous	44,676	
EXPLANATIONS OF INCREASES	•	
Legislation \$ 9	,535 87	
Increases:		
Legislative Council	\$ 481	97
Legislative Assembly	2.419	20
Printing and binding (both Houses)	10.055	
Printing, &c., the Laws	2,000	
	\$14,955	77
Decreases:		
Expenses to Elections \$ 3,099 05		
Indemnity of Revisors	5,419	90
	\$ 9,535	87

CIVIL GOVERNMENT \$ 16,221 65

Increases:

Salaries	\$	4,221 12,000	65 00
	-	\$16,221	65

The increase of \$12,000.00 for Contingencies is divid	ed	as folle	ows
Lands, Forests and Fisheries Department. Lieutenant-Governor. Provincial Secretary. Public Instruction. Colonization and Mines. Public Instruction.		\$ 8,000 800 500 200 1,000 1,00	00 00 00 00
		\$12,000	00
Administration of Justice \$ 1	7,1	111 28	
Increases: Salaries and expenses of Sheriffs, Prothonotaries, etc., Criminal Prosecutions, Miscellaneous.			
etc Reformatories	\$	17,487 $1,200$	
	\$	18,687	82
Decreases: Police		1,576	54
	\$	17,111	28

The increase practically arises from the increase of salaries and contingencies in the offices of the Sheriffs and Prothonotaries in Montreal, and \$2,849.25 paid to the City of Hull, being the amount of the Cttawa District Court House tax, under the Statute 60 Vic., cap. 7, collected through Law Statute through Law Stamps.

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	\$63,743	56
Increases:		
Polytechnic School Montreal	\$ 500	00
DOORS for Friges	9 000	00
Journals of Public Justruction	1 550	
1eacner's Pension Fund	4.000	
Elementary Schools (60 Vic. ch. 2)	59 Ace	
Di. Rumuaja College	500	
Council of Arts and Manufactures	128	
	\$64 749	58

\$04,743 56-

Decrease:

R. C. High School, Montreal	1,000	00
	\$63,743	56

The increased expenditure for the Polytechnic School Montreal, Books for Prizes and Journals of Public Instruction was voted in the Supply Bill for 1899-1900. The increase of the grant to the Teacher's Pension Fund was made under the Education Act, 62 Victoria, chapter 28, article 513. The expenditure under 60 Victoria, chapter 3, in 1898-1699, was \$13,133.28, and in 1899-1900, it was \$66,198.37. These amounts are exclusive of the amounts expended under the same Acts for Night Schools in both years and charged under other heads.

AGRICULTURE\$ 1	2941 =+
Increases:	0,041 (1
Agricultural Societies Farmers' Clubs. etc Horticultural Society, Quebec Agricultural Schools. Veterinary Schools. Dairy Associations and Inspection of Butter and Cheese Syndicates. Dairy Industry. Culture of Fruit Trees. Lectures on Agriculture. Provincial Agricultural Merit. La Métairie St. Joseph, St. Hyacinthe Improvement of rural roads. Paris Exhibition	6,455 52 116 12 94 37 96 92
Decreases:	26,341 76
Arbor Day. \$ 05 Agricultural Exhibitions 3,000 00 Compton Model Farms 5,000 00	8,000 05
. \$	18,341 71

Colonization Increase: Colonization Roads\$ 45,000 00	•••••••	\$ 4 5	,000 00	
Lands, Forests and Fisheries Increases: General Expenditure Fisheries and Game Protection of Forests	••••••	\$	16,900	00
Decreases:	**********	\$	9,600 3,000 29,500	00
Suspense Account\$ Publication of Maps Laurentides National Park	1,010 349 4	51 58 19	1,364	28
The increase in General Expenditure was pro		\$	28,135	72

l, Books Supply Pension article 99, was e exclulools in

9

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The increase in General Expenditure was provided by Special Warrant, the Report of the Commissioner stating that it was required for expenses in connection with explorations of timber limits and water powers. The increase under Fisheries and Game is stated to have been caused principally by taking over the Fisheries from the Dominion.

MISCELLANEOUS	
MISCELLANEOUS \$44	676 86
Increases:	
Miscellangons Commun	6 1 100 00
Provincial Board of HealthQuebec Official Gazette	\$ 1,133 29
Quebec Official Gazette	4,000 00
Quebec Official Gazette	646 68
Collection of Licenses 8-	2,516 36
Arbitration under 54 Via Cl	49,957 60
Tenure of Land Magdalan I.	260 50
Inspection of Repoyelers I stands	172 89
Inspection of Benevolent Institutions	1,204 16
Claim of Joseph Dussault. Neville Estate, re interruption of its	24,818 48
	ndille
Payments by Sheriffs out of collections	7,962 24
ding and Jury Fund	460 11
. \$	92,932 31.

Decreases: Municipalities Fund		36 96 119 757 1,637 100 1,551 250	25 15 77 00 60			
Revenue ont of Collections for Licenses.	4	13,706	83	43,255	45	
•			\$	44,676	86	

The increase in the Provincial Board of Health arose from the expenditure in connection with the outbreak of smallpox, and the expenses of two members of the Board to Paris.

The increase in the costs of collection of Licenses paid by Warrant, \$49,957.60, is compensated to the above amount of \$43,706.83, decrease in the amounts paid by collectors out of their revenue.

The system now is that the collectors must pay into the Treasury the gross amount of their collections and obtain warrants for the expenditure in connection with the License service.

DECREASE IN EXPENDITURE

The chief item					
amounting	to	 	 \$	20,263	83
e x plained a	s follows:				

Decreases: Redemption of debt Discount and charges on conversion			2,725 30,080	
		\$	32,806	08
Increases:				
Interest on Funded Debt	\$ 3,140	12		
Interest on Unfunded Debt	6,226	41		
Sinking Fund	2,823	26		
åc	21	93		
Premium, Discount and Exchange	325	53	12,542	25
		*	20,263	83

There is no pretence that the money has not been prudently expended, and the only fault probably that any one will find with this expenditure is, to express the hope that we had the means to make it still larger.

The Increase of...... \$ 28,135 72

in Lands, Forests and Fisheries was such as must be expected in a department of ever increasing importance, and where there has been such au extraord nary increase of revenue.

THE CURRENT YEAR

The statement of the Receipts and Payments for the current year up to the 25th of February, 1901, have been brought down and laid before the House. They show that certain extraordinary payments have been made which were not mentioned in the estimates, the principal of which are the following:

In connection with the fire at Hull For the funeral of the late Hon. Mr. Marchand. Election expenses, about		
Making for these three items	\$	74,383 33
All the election expenses except for one county are in, and have been paid, and the amount is		
When the amount still unpaid is taken into account the total will not exceed		
The expenses of the General elections in 1897, were.		75,379 60
Showing a saving at the last elections of	\$	35.379 60
Elections by acclamation have many	m'	,

Elections by acclamation have many advantages, not the least of which is that of economy.

In the Receipts so far there is a considerable falling off under the head of Succession Duties, of about \$130,000.00.

This is a matter of course beyond the control of the Government as has already been explained. It may be mentioned however that there is

nds of

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reason to suspect that the law is being evaded by many persons by the disposal of their estates by donation inter vivos, even in contemplation of death, rather than by will.

In England and other countries where the succession tax exists, this has been guarded against by providing that transfers of property within a certain period of the owner's death, by donation, are regarded as equivalent to transmissions owing to death. It may be necessary to consider whether similar provisions should not be placed in our own law.

It is yet too early in the financial year to forecast with any degree of certainty the exact results.

It may not be amiss, however, to mention that our expenditure, even when kept down to the closest limits, is ever on the increase. Our increase in population carries with it a heavy increase of expenditure in the administration of Justice, in Asylums, in Colonization, in Education, and in fact it affects every branch of the service. Above all we have ever with us the interest on the Public Debt, amounting to more than \$1,500,000.00 per annum.

Our income on the other hand, is not an expanding one, but is largely fixed.

While the population increases and commerce expands, our subsidies from the Dominion always remain the same.

It is useless to disguise the fact that economize as we will, the question of more revenue must present itself to every Treasurer.

ESTIMATES FOR YEAR 1901-1902

The following are the Estimates of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1901-1902. They have been carefully prepared from the information obtained from the different Departments and with a due regard for strict economy:

I estimate the total Ordinary Receipts atand the total Ordinary Expenditure at	\$4, 4.	$\frac{321,761}{267.643}$	89 28
Surplus of Ordinary Receipts over Ordinary Expenditure Extraordinary Expenditure	*5;	54,118 33,300	
Total estimated surplus of Ordinary Receipts over ordinary and extraordinary expenditure less Railway subsidies	\$	20,818	61

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS 1901 1902.

ESTIMATES RESERVED 1807 1402,		
Dominion of Cay Da ;		
Subsidy under B. N. A. Act	72,848 41	
Interest:		
Interest on Price of sale Q. M. O. & O. Røilway	300,000 00	
Lands, Forests & Fisheries		
Mines		10,000 00
Administration of Justice:		
Law Stamps. Law Fees. Building and Jury Fund. (Gross revenue). Maintenance of Prisoners. Gaol Guards, Montreal and Quebec. Fines. Montreal Gaol. Other Gaols—Prisoners' earnings. Montreal Court House. High Constable's Fees, Quebec.	195,000 0 16,000 00 50,000 00 9,000 00 4,000 00 200 00 1,500 00 200 00 6,000 00	
Registration Stamps (including fees of salaried Registrars) Licenses. (Gross revenue). Direct Taxes on Commercial Corporations. Dirties on Successions. Percentage on Fees of Public Officers. Percentage on renewals of Mortgages Maintenance of Insane. Maintenance of Inmates of Industrial and Reformatory Schools. Legislation		262,400 00 70,000 00 650,000 00 180,000 00 265,000 00 5,300 00 210 00 75,000 00
Official Gazette Rents of Public Buildings, &c. Casual Revenue Provincial Insurance Companies—Contributions Contributions to Pensions, Civil Service Premium, Discount and Exchange	••••••••	8,000 00 20,400 00 1,500 00 6,800 00 400 00 5,000 00 1,500 00
Railway Subsidies Tax		4,306.761 89 15,000 00
	\$	4.321,761 89

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE, 1901-1 02.

	\$ cts.
Public Debt	1,557,776 02
Legislation	198,644-70
Civil Government	280,561_00
Administration of Juscice, &c	512,658-55
Public Instruction, &c	461,560 00
Public Works and Buildings-Octionry	100,107-26
Agriculture	189,750 00
Lands, Forests & Fisheries	141,000 00
Colonization & Mines, &c	136.750 00
Lunatic Asylums, Reformatories, &c	413,825 00
Charities.	45,210 75
Charges on Revenue	127,500 00
Miscellaneous Services	102,300 (0
	4,267,643 28
Public Works and Buildings-Extraordinary	33,300_00
	4,300,943 28
Railway Subsidies	191,534 (0)

\$4,492,477 28

CASH OPERATIONS 1899-1900.

	CASH OF ERATIONS 1899-1900.
	Cash in Banks 30th June, 1899 From which have been paid outstanding Warrants at 30th June, 1899
\$ 114,493 87	
	The Receipts from 1st July, 1899, to 30th June, 1900, were:
	Ordinary Revenue \$4,451,578 29 Trust Deposits 50,867 54
	\$4,502.445 83
	The payments (exclusive of Railway Subsidies and Railway Guarantees Deposits) from 1st July, 1899 to 30 June, 1900, were:
\$ 36,612 59	Ordinary Expenditure\$4,428,385 72 Extraordinary Expenditure 5,000 00 Trust Deposits
	Excess of Receipts
	The Payments of Railway Subsidies and Rail-
	way Guarantee Deposits from 1st July, 1899, to 30th June, 1900, have been:
123,348 34	Rallway Guarantee Deposits from 1st July, 1899, to 30th June, 1900, have been: Rallway Subsidies
\$ 27,758 12	Rallway Subsidies
	Rallway Subsidies

Approximate statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Province of Quebec at 30th June, 1900.

LIABILITIES.

Funded Debt or	itstanding as	existing before conversion	833,345,870 67	
	lue	rease of capital by conversion	1.726.156 76	
		-		35,072,027 43
				700,000 00
				348,366 05
				132.666 93
Railway money	subsidies aut	horized but not yet earned	8267,183-87	
Railway land su per aere, at	ibsidies conve ithorized but	rted into money subsidies at 52½ cents not yet earned	458,483 58	
		_		725,667 45
		Lawrence		250,000 00
	•	xit		25,218 75
Quebec Court H	onse bonds			176,000 00
		ASSETS.		\$37,429,946-61
Part of price of	Q. M. O. & O. I	Ry., deposited in Banks \$377,390-00		
do	do	invested in \$29,000 Pro- vince of Quebec bonds, loan of 1878, bought at		
		109°,		
do	do	nivested in Quebec Court House bonds 176,000 00		
do	do	invested in City of Quebec bonds 15,000 00		
Balance of price	Q. M. O. & O	O. Ry., unpaid 7,000,000 00		
			-7,600,000,00	
Province of Que	bee 3°′ Inseri	bed Stock	55,646 38	
Railway grant v	inder Dominic	on Act 47 Vie., Cap. 8	2,394,000 00	
Cash in Banks			160,425 05	
		l, Montreal, to be repaid from sale of	5,391-11	
Claim in relate	Honble, Thor	nas McGreevy	100,000-00	
Advances to var	ious parties		159,332 89	
Quebec Court H	ouse tax, und	er 45 Vic., Cap. 26, and 48 Vic., Cap. 16.	176,009-00	
		-		10,650,795 43
Excess of Liabil	ities over Ass	ets at 30th June, 1900	••••••	\$26,779,151 18

bec

Excess of Liabilities over Assets at 30th June,	1899	\$26,625,562	47
The following changes have been made in the and Assets during the year, by the preceipts:			
Increase of Liabilities			
Capital of Funded Debt (by Conversion) Trust Deposits Outstanding Warrants Grant in aid of Bridge over the St. Lawrence	\$10,729 04 18,420 02 45,190 75 250,000 00		
	\$324,339 81		
Decrease of Liabilities	ਹੁ ਰ ਜ ਜ,000 ਹ1		
Funded Debt (by redemption) \$67.549 33 Railway Guarantee Deposits 33,072 12 Railway Subsidies 90,276 22 Quebec Court House Bonds 24,000 00	214,897 67	109,442	14
		\$26,735,004	61
Increase of Assets		н	
3 per cent Inscribed Stock	23,898 43		
Decrease of Assets			
Advances \$2,500 00 Cash 41,545 00 Quebec Court House Tax 24,000 00	68,045 00	44,146	57
Excess of Liabilities over Ascets at 30th June,	1900	\$26,779,151	18
Excess of Liabilities over Assets 30th June, 189	99	\$26,625,5 6 2 26,779,151	47 18
Increase of Excess of Liabilities Increase of Capital of Funded Debt by Convers	ion	153,588 10,729	
Accounted for as follows :	•	\$ 142,859	67
Amount by which the Asset for Advances has been reduced Amount by which the Liabilities have been Increased by the Grant to the Bridge over the St. Lawrence	\$2,500 00 250,000 00		

Less	•
Surplus of Ordinary Revenue over Ordinary and Extra- Ordinary Expenditure, in- cluding redemption of \$67.549.33 of bonds of the loan of 1880 and purchase of \$23,898.43 of Inscribed Stock for Sinking Fund Amount by which the liability for Funded Debt has been diminished	
Exclusive of \$10,729.04, by which the been increased by Conversion, and the sconstruction of the bridge over the St. Lawhas been reduced during the year by the sconstructions.	\$250,000 granted in aid of the
FUNDED DE	EBT.
At 30th June, 1899 the funded debt outstand At 30th June, 1900 do	anding was \$35,128,847 72 do \$5,072,027 43
Reduction of Funded D	9ebt 56,820 29
Accounted for as follows:—	00,020 20
Bonds of loan of 1880 redeemed Bonds of various loans redeemed in Carrion of Dake	Con-
version of Debt	59,957 34
Less:—	\$127,506 67
3 per cent Inscribed Stock issued in coversion	on- 70,686 88 56,820 29
The Funded Debt at 30th June, 1900, co bonds outstanding of the various	us loans of the
Against which the Sinking Funds inv	25,072,027 43
to	

Leaving the balance of Funded Debt unprovided for... \$25,022,381 05-

UNFUNDED DEBT.

At 30th June, 1900, consisted of:—	
Temporary Loans Trust Deposits Outstanding Warrants Railways Subsidies granted but not earned Grant to Bridge over the St. Lawrence Loss on Exchange Bank deposit	700,000 00 348,366 05 132,666 93 725,667 45 250,000 00 25,218 75
Against which there are:	
Claims against individuals and Corporations for loans and advances. 264,724 00	425,149 05
Leaving a balance of unfunded debt to be provided for Which is \$234,307.43 more than last year.	
Amount of Funded debt unprevided for	\$25,022,381 05 1,756.770 13
Total debt unprovided for	\$26,779,151 18
CONVERSION OF DEBT, UNDER 60 VICT., C	AP. 2.
The following bonds have been converted during the the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, London:	year through
the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, London: Loan of 1874	year through \$ 2,433 34 31,244 00 26,280 00
Loan of 1874	\$ 2,433 34 31,244 00
Loan of 1874	\$ 2,433 84 31,244 00 26,280 00 \$59,957 34 7,194 73 \$67,152 07
Loan of 1874	\$ 2,433 34 31,244 00 26,280 00 \$59,957 34 7,194 73

37

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The total amount of bonds converted up to 30th June, 1900, is For which has been issued 3 p. c Inscribed Stock for	\$7,393.254 9,119,411	
Increase of principal of debt by Conversion	\$1.726,156	76
bonds was	\$331,256	39
of Inscribed Stock is		
principal of debt, by the 1st April 1937, is	296,495	11
Annual saving by Conversion until the date when the original bonds will have commenced to mature	\$34.761	28

Against these annual savings is the commutation of stamp duties on the \$9,119,411.41, amounting to \$56,996.32.

ARBITRATION.

COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

At the time of the last session of this Legislature, progress in the statement of the accounts of this Fund had been arrested pending the decision of the Supreme Court on an appeal by Ontario from the awards of the Arbitrators of the 6th March, 1896, and of the 21st October, 1899.

The House has in previous years been informed of the nature and effect of these awards, which made Outario liable to the Common School Fund for the amount of the reductions in price and rebatements of interest allowed to purchasers of Common School lands by the Government of Ontario, under the authority of an Act of their Legislature of the 2nd March, 1872.

This Act provided that these reductions and rebatements were to be made by paying the amounts ont of the Cousolidated Revenue Fund of Ontario and that Quebec's interest was not to be affected, but, it was found on examining the books, that the full amount of these deductions and abatements had been allowed out of the Common School Fund collections, and Ontario attempted to justify this action which was in direct contravention to the above mentioned Statute, but the Arbitrators adjudged Ontario liable for the full amount of all reductions and rebatements except in cases where they could be shown to have been made in a fair and prudent administration of the Fund.

On the 1st May, 1900, this appeal of Ontario was, on the motion of the Counsel for Quebec, quashed by unanimous decision of the Court, and, after a meeting of the Arbitrators held on the 2nd June, two accountants, Messrs. Robert Forsythe, nominated by Ontario, and Albert Swindlehurst, nominated by Quebec, were appointed to revise and correct the nems composing the statements prepared in 1894 by Mr. John Hyde, of the amounts for which Ontario was liable to the Common School Fund by reason of deductions in price and interest allowed to purchasers of these lands by the Government of Ontario.

These accountants only completed this work in the month of January of this year and the revised and corrected statements are now ready to be submitted to the Arbitrators. There are a few items on which the accountants could not agree, reserved for the decision of the Board.

It is, therefore, expected that at the first meeting of the Arbitrators the amounts for which Outario is indebted to the Fund in respect of collections on account of sales to 31st December, 1892, will be determined. This amount will approximate \$275,000.00, which added to the amount already in the hands of the Dominion will make the Fund on which the Dominion pays interest to Ontario and Quebec, in proportion to their respective populations, amount to \$2,803,484.00.

The Fund will be further increased by the amount for which, under the above mentioned awards. Ontario is hable for interest on collections retained until 1889 instead of being paid half yearly to the Dominion in accordance with the award of 1870. The preparation of this interest account will probably be done jointly by accountants agreed upon by the Provinces or appointed by the Arbitrators.

The foregoing will complete the accounts of the Common School Fund as regards the collections to the 31st December, 1892, from sales of lands. There is, however, an amount of over \$500,000.00 still outstanding, due by the purchasers of these lands who, we are informed, are able to pay their indebtedness in full without hardship, the lands being situated in the finest portion of Canada for Agricultural purposes, and their farms being with few exceptions extremely valuable.

It does not appear that Ontario, although by the terms of the award of 1870 allowed six per cent commission on the amounts—serived, has for thirty years made any effort to collect the balance due of these land sales but on the contrary, by changing the terms and conditions of the sales, has admit in the interest of the parchasers to refrain from paying.

Under the circumstances it has been deemed by this Government its duty to make a claim before the Arbitrators that the nucollected balances of princip in admiretest on these rates, or such proportion of them as is

right, fair and just, should be treated as monies due by Outario to the Common School Fund at the 31st December, 1892, or that the Arbitrators should fix and determine a proper date at or by which Outario should be considered as having received the said balances.

This claim was made and argued at the meeting of the Arbitrators held on the 2nd June last and on the 13th September the Arbitrators, proceeding upon their view of a disputed question of law, made their award, ordering and adjudging that they have no authority or jurisdiction to entertain the said claim. This award being made without prejudice to the rights and interests of Quebec in the uncollected balances.

In view of the serious amount involved and, judging from the past administration of Ontario, the probability that the said balances would remain uncollected, in disregard of Queboo's interests and to the detriment of this Province, it was decided to appeal from this award to the Supreme Court.

It was expected that this appeal would have been heard at the last term of the Supreme Court, but the unavoidable absence of the Chief Justice, Sir Henry Strong, prevented there being a quorum to hear the appeal, Mr. Justice Gironard being disqualified from sitting owing to his having been of counsel in the Common School Fund case. The appeal will probably be heard at the next term of the Court.

It was considered that whether our appeal was sustained or dismissed it was most important that an exact statement of the amounts of these uncollected balances shoul be made out and recognized as correct by both Ontario and Quebec and a proposal was made to Ontario to unite in having a joint statement prepared by the same accountants who had prepared the joint statement of deductions &c. under the award of the 21st O tober, 1899, they being now freshly familiar with the accounts and records connected with the Common School land sales. The Government of Ontario, however, declined to join in the preparation of such a statement. At the same time they offered access to the books and records of the Crown Lands Department to any one Quebec might appoint to make the statement exparte.

It was then determined to instruct Mr. Swindlehurst, who had proved himself thoroughly competent and reliable to go on and prepare the statement of these outstanding balances and he is now engaged on this work.

ACCOUNTS WITH THE DOMINION

PROVINCE OF CANADA ACCOUNT

At the meeting of the Arbitrators on the 2nd June, a statement of the account between the Dominion and the late Province of Canada, now

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represented by Ontario and Quebec, from Confederation to the 31st December, 1892, in the settlement of which so may and so difficult questions had arisen, having been agreed on by the representatives of the three Government was submitted to the Board. The amount of the liability of the Provinces for the increased annuities of the Indians of the Lakes Superior and Huron, and the amount fixed on as a capital sum, the payment of which relieves the two Provinces from all liability from and forever after that date having been approved by Orders in Conneil of the three Governments, were carried into the account, the balance to be debited to the individual accounts of the Provinces with the Dominion, in the proportion established by the Arbitrators in 1870 for the division of the excess of debt over \$62,5000,00,00 of the late Province of Canada, amounted to \$213,904.04, of which Quebec's share is \$100,553,51.

QUEBEC ACCOUNT WITH THE DOMINION

The account between the Dominion and the Province of Quebec from Confederation to the 31st December, 1892, has also been completed but not yet submitted to the Arbitrators.

The balance of this account as it stands is \$1,096.325.11 in favour of the Dominion, which is practically the amount of the two advances of \$500,000 and \$125,000 made by the Dominion to the Province in 1878 and 1879 respectively with interest thereon at five per cent.

On the other hand the Dominion hold certain Funds the property of this Province, amounting to \$412,314,25, and the share of Quebec in the Common School Fund held by the Dominion in trust for the two Provinces amounts, on the basis of population, according to the census of 1891, to \$1,044,653,86, on both of which sums the Dominion pays interest semi-annually at the rate of five per cent per annum.

Quebec's share of the Common School Fund will be increased by certainly more than \$100,000 when the amounts for which Ontario is liable under the awards of the 6th March, 1896 and of the 21st October 1899 have been paid into the hands of the Dominion and there remains to be collected our share of the \$500,000 of outstanding balances on sales of the Common School Lands.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, Mr. Speaker, I have to thank this Honse for its kindness in listening with such patience to the detailed statements which I have felt it my duty to give of the financial affairs of the Province. The story of our financial history during the last three financial years is, on the whole, a pleasant tale to tell. After long years of deficits an equilibrium has at last been established between our Receipts and Expenditure, and we have modest surpluses to show. The rapid increase of the Public Debt.

has been arrested and we have during the last three years, paid the sum of \$225,131.99 in reduction of that Debt.

Practically no new sources of taxation have been imposed. It is true that large subsidies have not been voted as in the past, but the people of the Province have learned self reliance and no branch of any industry has suffered.

Agriculture has been more prosperous than ever before. The exodus of our population to the great Republic to the south of us has ceased, and

Canadians now find a home in their native land.

Colonization has been encouraged in the highest degree. The Natural resources of our Province are becoming known abroad, and foreign capital is flowing in as never before. The capital brought into our Province to be invested in the pulp and paper industry is counted by millions. Our magnificent water powers are destined to make of the Province of Quebec one of the great manufacturing centres of the world.

Our people are united and happy. Party spirit, which has sometimes been acrimonious in the past, has practically disappeared. The people, irrespective of nationality, creed or party are united in their determination to make of the Province of Quebec not only one of the foremost Provinces

of the Dominion, but one of the foremost countries of the world.

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STATEMENT A.

Year	Payments.	Receipts.	Deficit.	Surplus.
1896-97	\$4,907,281.71	\$3,923,238.70	\$984,043.01	·
1897 98	4,449,045,48	4,236,015,14	213,030.34	
1898-99	4,234,410,81	4,249,589.99	********	\$15,179.18
1899-00	4,465,833,24	4,502,445,83	*********	36,612,59

STATEMENT B.

1896-97.

T) 4	7.	3.5	TAKE	PTI .
PA	. 1	M	\mathbf{r}_{N}	15

Ordinary Expenditure (including \$84,680 for of 1880, redeemed) Extraordinary Expenditure (Public Buildings Purchase of Property Payments on Trust Funds Tax on Railway Subsidies: Costs of Collection.	s)	\$4,677,095 176,832 30,000 14,999	$\frac{28}{00}$
Refunds of Taxes Collected	\$ 413 17 7,942 03		22
RECEIPTS:		\$4,907,281	71
Ordinary Revenue	\$ 3,874,803 18		
Tax on training substitutes.	48,435 52	3,923,238	70
Deficit,.		\$984,043	01
1897-98. PAYMENTS:			
Ordinary expenditure (including \$87,307 9 Loan of 1880 redeemed) Extraordinary expenditure (Public Buildings) Payments on Trust Funds		\$4,364,686 50,683 33,675	70
RECEIPTS:		\$4,449,045	48
Ordinary Revenue	4,176,139 63		
	59,875 51	4,236,015	14
Deficit	- =	\$ 213,030	34

 $\frac{22}{71}$

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PAYMENTS:	1898-99,		
Ordinary Expenditure (inc Loar of 1880, redeeme Extraordinary Expenditure Payments on Trust Funds, Tax on Railway Subsidies—	(Public Building	(s)	. \$4,188,641 1
RECEIPTS:			\$4,234,410 8
Ordinary Revenue Trust Fund Deposits Tax on Railway Subsidies.	26,010 56 2,734 70	\$4,220,844 73	
Ī		28,745 26	
	Surp!	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4,249,589 99
	1899-00,		
PAYMENTS:	2000-00,		
Ordinary Expenditure (inclu Loan of 1880, redeemed Extraordinary Expenditure (1 Payments on Trust Funds	D. 1.11 TS 15.4))	32,447 52
RECEIPTS:			\$4,465,833 24 ·
Ordinary Revenue. Trust Fund Deposits Tax on Railway Subsidies	FO.00-	\$ 4,45 0 ,933 46	
		51,512 37	4 500 447
	Surplus	_	4,502,445 83
			\$ 36,612 59

STATEMENT C.

RECEIPTS.

	1895 96	1896.97	1897-98	1898-99	1899.00
	.; '/s	ė	i W	ن ن	ಪ
Dorinion of Canada Grown tands.	1,231,798 59	1,257,183 70 879,893 96	1,236,413 48	1,329,137, 28	1,278,991 82
Mines. Morests and fisheries.				1.043,245 67	E 000
Law Statuts				4,125.93	24 16 1
Registration Stanms	146.078	17,456.86		195,570 50	194,410 10
Buikling and Jury Find	61,338 :1	63,875 90		68,850 95	65 200 89
Law Pers	E X X X Y	52 (36) SS			S (25) (F)
Municipalities for maintenance of prisoner.	# (F/S/+)	Sc 100'6		97 (No. +1	34 SSC 45
Montreal Court House	1,350 th	96 [5]			E 976'8
Montreal Gaol	ti: 1887	1, 123 SS			St. 670.7
Gaol Guards, Montreal and Onebec	2.374 35	70 940 77			20.00
Prisoners' earnings, Quelyce Gaol	1.5, table (K)	P.SIMI (MI			
obastione	TO 24	149 73	98 761	169 61	
Gaol Farm, Quebec.			3 22		
Fines, Justice.	06) 61				
High Constable's tees, Ouebec.	F 72	5 5	3: 3:		
Ottawa District Court House Fund.	7 27		683 E	26 OFF	3735 46
License				263	
Direct Taxes on Commercial Cornerations	04 780 500 1 10 10 10 10	186, Lto 45	615,043 83	法	
	18,043 SC	131 THE 131	194,312,36	17,686 0	
Direct Taxes on certain persons	ラーはいずの	05 9CS'T'	2,025 81		
Manufacturin, and Trading Licenses	10 191 0	7' 'NE''S	1,3% Lx	685 43	
Duti s on Successions		10,888	#1 978'Si	7.347 64	1,483 (6)
Percentage on fees of Public Officers	105,505,501	21 H 183	163,451 25	551.901.03 51.901.03	270,865 58
Percentuge on renewals of Mortgages.	6 68 6		8,500 m	0847 69	18.19.16
Legishtion	# 3 :		= %	106 76	151 96
Lunatic Asvlums, Maniginal Contributions	To 164'11		S. 180 10	9,349 13	12.572 63
do Paving Patients	55,045,65	7,703,39	(5,744 (5)	44,722,66	120 251
Reformate; v and Industrial Schools	(H) S'		多品品	2,140 61	29 110 0
10	17,366 76		36,3%6 84	19,677 44	23.1.6 22
Casual Devenue	23,182 65			18 544 56	EX 577 11
Civil Service Contributions for Pensions	S (S)	21 0101	8, 151, 49	× 367 44	1280
Provincial Insurance Companies, towards companies of insuration				5,322,72	
	() ((W)) ¹	376 33		120 33	146 81

		٠	— 88 —			
1,783 47 108 00 18,836 24 2,511 65 300,084 18	4,450,933 46	716 71 184 10 184 10 160 00 160 00 16,804 00	644 83 15,000 00 1,027 11	24,600 00	67,152 07	4,771,567 95
1,062.9 60 106 000 18,847 58 4,023 86 300,827 85	4,221,108 56	948 173 140 140 140 140 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 16	2,734 70 5,000 00 10,000 00 1997 19	4,249,589 99	4,389,322,30	9,129,575 88
1,060 60 72 00 40,452 29 2,916 72 300,833 34	4,176,139 63	1,622 70 173 84 173 84 100 00 886 10 6,864 00 568 00	1,516 72 5,000 00 25,000 00 968 15	17,781 004,236,015 14	738,676 28 1,391,428 65	6,366,120 07
785 69 204 00 35,556 71 2,141 15 299,395 07	3,874,803 18 2,500 00	3,951 21 167 63 100 00 884 50 6,683 00 1,000 00	17,976 14	3,923,256,70	1,124,20° 00 1,224,000 00 3,015,853 86 784,799 49	10,772,092 05
1,063 60 492 00 11,437 79 29 00 333,057 98 21,897 81 290 00	4,327,910 55	7,789 57 163 40 160 00 880 50 7,221 00 1,508 17 10,000 00	3,985	4,358,858 81		7,246,628,28
Public Works and Buildings, Rents. Railway Inspection Fees of Interest on Loans and Deposits Prenium, Discount and Exchange Interest on price of sale, Q. M. O. & O. Ry Refunds Queboc Fire Loan Dominion of Canada, General Account	Sale of property in QuebecTRUST FUNDS, REPAYMENTS, &c.:-	Teachers Pension Fund City of Hull Sinking Fund Pointe a Gatineau Sinking Fund Heirs and Estate F. E. Roy Marriage License Fund Security Deposite Public Officers Deposit, St. Lawrence Fire Ins. Co. Aylmer Court House Fund	Reimbursement Railway Subsidies Fund Deposits under 59 Vict., cap. 34 do do Gi Vict., cap. 39 Hull Court House Debentures Sinking Fund Building and Jury Fund District of Rimouski; Instrance on Court	Quebec Court. House Tax. Temporary Loans.	Proceeds Loan of 1896. To end do 1896. Proceeds of Inscribed Stock issued in conversion of Debt. Cash on hand at 1st July of each year.	

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7,368 L3

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Front cial Insurance Companies, towards expenses of inspection, ...

STATEMENT D.

EXPENDITURE

		EXPENDITU	RE		
	1895-96	1896 97	1897-98	1898-99	189900
	8 с.	\$ e.	\$ c,	\$ c.	\$ c.
Public Debt	195,549 2 253,401 6	7 288,623 41 9 277,247 91	210,910 19 282,585 08	190,027 22	199,563 09
Administration of Justice. &c. Public Instruction Agriculture	568,544 2 382,759 7	6 410,060 00	618,379 65 434,260 00	609,131 09 389,014 81 175,418 26	626,242 37 452,758 37 193;759 97
Colonization Immigration Public Works and Build	286,814 0 97,544 6			4,250 Co	4,249 63
ings : Ordinary	58,485 3 326,078 2	176,832 28	50,683 70	11,059,11	5,000 00
Asylums and Charities Lands, Forests & Fisheries Surveys and Mines				121,568 41 57,243 00	384,970 75 149,704 13 60,845 00
Miscellaneous (including payments by Revenue officers out of collections)	433,099-6	558,527 67	453,038-28	271,474-85	316,151-71
ions)	4,099,707 0	1 4,853,927 48	4,415,370 38		4,433,385 72
Purchase of property Repayment Railway Gua-		30,000 00			
rantee Deposits. Trust Funds. Reimbursement Railway Subsidies Fund, Costs of	268,241 39 17,459 09	14,999 01	33,675 10		33,072 12 32,447 52
Collection and Refunds.	29,861 11	8,355 22		1,323 00	
Railway Subsidies and Q. M. O. & O. Railway	4,415,268 5: 250,186 59		4,686,517 34 198,645 14	4,334,041 18 100,079 17	4,498,905 36 90,276 22
Temporary Loans repaid Redemption of debt by con-	4,665,455 11		4,885,162 48	4,434,120 35	4,589,181 58
version: Part of Loans 1874 & prem. do do 1876 do	1,750,000 00)	5# 049 00	015 (20.40	0.700 .7
do do 1878 do do do 1880 do do do 1882 do	***************************************		56,048 90 64,794 80 163,584 00 24,079 04	915,420 48 981,409 77 178,491 23 913,373 98	2,599 47
do do 1888 do do do 1894 do do do 1896 do			322,849 80 107,319 74	771,470 89 315,494 00	34,059 87 30,492 73
		3,015,853 86			
Add: Payment of Warrants outstanding at 30th June, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899	6,425,455 11	9,650,798 20	5,623,838 76	8,823,442 65	4,656,333 65
	209,495 96	173,122 28	443,257 08	191,639 36	87,476 18
Deduct: Unpaid Warrants outstanding at 30th June, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899,	6,634,951 07		6,067,095 84	9,015,082 01	4,743,809 83
9	173,122 28	443,257 08	191,639 36	87,476 18	132,666 93
`	6,461,828 79	9,580,663 40	5,875,456 48	8,927,605 83	4,611,142 90

STATEMENT E.

ESTIMATEL EFCEIPTS 1901-1902.

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Dominion of Canada:		
Subsidy under B. N. A. Act Interest on Trust Funds Special Subsidy, 47 Vict., chap. 4. Interest on Railway Subsidies under 47 Vict., chap. 8.	\$959,252 80 72,848 41 127,460 68 119,700 00	
Interest:		1,279,261 89
Interest on price of sale Q. M. O. & O. Railway	300,000 00 7,000 00	307,000 00
Lands, Forests & Fisheries		1,139,000 00
Mines		1,100,000 00
	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	10,000 00
Administration of Justice:		
Law Stamps Law Fees Building and Jury Fund. (Gross revenue). Maintenance of Prisoners Gaol Guards, Montreal and Quebec. Fines. Montreal Gaol Other Gaols—Prisoners' carnings. Montreal Court House High Constable's Fees, Quebec	195,000 00 16,000 00 50,000 00 9,000 00 4,000 00 200 00 1,500 00 200 00 5,000 00 500 00	
Registration Stamps (including fees of salaried Registrars)		262,400 00 70.000 00
Licenses. (Gross revenue) Direct Taxes on Commercial Corporations. Duties on Successions.		650,000 00
Duties on Successions		180,000 00 265,000 00
Percentage on renewals of Mortgages		5,300 00
Maintenance of Insane	• • • • • • • • • • •	200 00
Maintenance of Inmates of Industrial and Reformatory Schools	• • • • • • • • • • •	75,000 00
		20,000 00 8,000 00
		20,400 00
Casual Revenue		1,500 00
Provincial Insurance Companies—Contributions. Contributions to Pensions Civil Service	• • • • • • • • • •	6,800 00
Contributions to Pensions, Civil Service. Premium, Discount and Exchange	•••••••	400 00
Premium, Discount and Exchange.		5,000 00 1,500 00
	_	
Railway Subsidies Tax		4,306,761 89 15,000 00
	-	
•	3	4,321,761 89

STATEMENT F.

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURE, 1901-1902.

	\$ cts.
Public Debt	. 1,557,776 02
Legislation	. 198,644 70
Civil Government	. 280,561 00
Administration of Justice, &c	. 512,658 55
Public Instruction, &c	461,560 (0)
Public Works and Buildings-Ordinary	
Agriculture	
Lands, Forests & Fisheries	
Colonization & Mines, &c	
Lunatic Asylums, Reformatories, &c	,
Charities	
Charges on Revenue	.,
Miscellaneous Services	102,300 00
	4,267,643 28
Public Works and Buildings—Extraordinary	33,300 00
	4,300,943 28
Railway Subsidies	
	\$4,492,477 28

STATEMENT G.

Approximate statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Province of Quebec at 30th une, 1900.

LIABILITIES

Funded Debt	outstanding as	existing before conversion		\$33,343,870 6	7
	In	croase of capital by conversi	on	1,726,156 7	8
Tonings wit I					25 070 00*
Trust Denceit	oans	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	700,000 0
Outstanding 1	Warranta	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	348,366 0
Railway mone	or subsidios and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	132,666 9
Railway land	subsidiar coun	thorized but not yet earned.	••••••	\$267,183 87	, ·
per acre,	authorized but	erted into money subsidies anot yet earned	at 52½ cents	458,483 58	
					725,667 4
Loss on Excha	inge Rank day	Lawrence	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••••	950 000 0
Quebec Court	House houds	sit	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		25,218 7
Q	Troube notices.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••	176,000 0
		ASSETS.			\$37,429,946 6
Part of price o	of Q. M. O. & O. 1	Ry., deposited in Banks	20 an an		
do	do	invested in \$29,000 Pro- vince of Quebec bonds.	\$511,590 UU		
		loan of 1878, bought at 109%	31,610 00		
do	do	invested in Quebec Court House bonds	176,000 00		
do	do	invested in City of Quebec bonds	15,000 00		
Balance of price	ee Q. M. O. & (). Ry., unpaid	7,000,000 00		
		_		7,600,000 00	
Province of Qu	ebec 3% Inscri	bed Stock		55,646 38	
Carly ay grant	under Dominic	on Act 47 Vic., Cap. 8		2,394,000 00	
Cash in Banks,		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • •	160,425 05	
property.	S Cartier Schoo	l, Montreal, to be repaid for	rom sale of		
Claim in re late	Honble, Thon	nas McGreevy	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5,391 11	
Advances to va	rious parties		•••••••	100,000 00	
Quebec Court I	louse tax, unde	er 45 Vic., Cap. 26, and 48 Vi	1C	159,332 89	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, 10 / 101, Oap. 20, and 48 V	c., Cap. 16.	176,000 00	10 050 500
_		-			10,650,795 43
Excess of Liabi	lities over Asse	ts at 30th June, 1900			26.779.151 19

