

Volume 5. SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1838. *Number 46.*

USEFUL MEMORANDA.

Average time of Sun rise this day 58m. after 5
Do. Sun set --- 26m. before 8
Moon's First Quarter, on the 24th at 1h. 45m.
Do. Full --- 1st 40m. before 8
Do. Last Quarter --- 8th—56m. before 1
Do. New --- 17th 12m. after 1
High Water at Full Moon—28m. after 13

EUROPEAN SUMMARY.

From papers by the Great Western.

ENGLAND.

It was reported that a short extra session of Parliament would be immediately held, in consequence of Lord Durham's resignation, of which intelligence was carried out by the Great Western.

The *Right Hon. Gazette* says—On the arrival of despatches from Canada by the Great Western on the 15th, Lord Melbourne came from Windsor, was in Downing-street a few hours, and hurried off to Windsor again. The Liverpool steamer was detained two hours on the 20th, to convey a Canada despatch, in answer to those brought on the 15th. On the 22nd, Earl Spencer had an interview with Lord Melbourne and immediately proceeded from Downing-street to Windsor. On the 23rd there are rumors in London of the resignation of Lord G. and of the appointment of the Duke of Richmond or Sir Wilmot Horton to succeed Lord Durham. On the same day the *Journal* announces that Lord Brougham and Vaux is at Dover; and a general impression prevails that Parliament will be speedily called together.

A new commercial treaty has been entered into between Great Britain and Austria, which is spoken of as highly advantageous to the interests of British commerce, and otherwise of importance.

One of the principal provisions of the treaty places Austrian ships arriving at British ports, from ports on the Danube, on the same footing, in respect to ship and cargo, as British vessels—that is to say, dispensing with the British navigation laws. Another allows the transportation of the productions of Africa and Asia, direct to British ports, in Austrian vessels; English vessels being permitted to return to carry cargoes to any Austrian port, not only from Great Britain, but also from foreign countries.

An arrangement has been effected between the Turkish and Egyptian governments, through the intervention of England, by which the difficulties heretofore existing between the Sultan and Mehmet Ali, have been adjusted; and what is more important, the influence of England with the Porte has been greatly strengthened by the operation, and that of Russia proportionally diminished. In connection with this subject and the affairs of Persia and India, there are rumors of an approaching war between Russia and England. That Russia is making very extensive military preparations in the Southern Province of that Empire, is abundantly confirmed;—but they may be, and probably are, intended only for the most vigorous prosecution of the war against the Circassians.

Letters from Turkey state that the British and Turkish fleets had met, and repaired to the assistance of the Dardanelles; and it was believed that they would pass into the Black Sea, to watch the proceedings of the Russians.

It is suggested that the interference of the English and Russians in the affairs of Persia, which are at this time in great confusion, may lead to a war between those powers.

With respect to the new commercial treaty between England and Austria, the *Courier et Français* remarks—

"We are ignorant of the details of this treaty, but a commercial alliance between England and Austria would be without object, if it did not contemplate, before all things, the free navigation of the Danube and the Black Sea. The English wish, without doubt, to throw obstacles in the way of the establishment of the Russian empire at the mouth of the Danube, on the island of Sulina. This could be done efficaciously, however, only by the alliance and concurrence of Austria. This treaty is the first step of the Austrian Cabinet towards emancipating itself from the species of tutelage in which Russia holds her allies of Vienna and Berlin."

In reference to this subject, the following paragraph is worthy of attention.

The *Augsburg Gazette* of the 15th contains a letter from Constantinople of the 20th ult. in which reference is made to the issuing of a firman by the Sultan for opening a canal to join the Danube and the Black Sea, which would abridge by several days the transit to Constantinople and the harbors of the Black Sea, insure liberty of communications with the East by the Danube, and render unavailing the possession of the Delta of that river by Russia, as the latter could no longer (in such case) subject to trade carried on in that quarter to the payment of a tribute. The correspondent of the same *Gazette* adds, that this project, which would be received with joy by the population settled on the banks of the Danube from Ulm to Silistria, had been adopted by the Sultan at the suggestion of England and Austria.

TURKEY.

London, Oct. 17.

Our correspondent confirms our previous account of the arrival of the British and Turkish fleets in the Dardanelles. On board each Turkish ship was an English officer "commanding," and "observing only his own superior." Under Admiral Sempford's orders the Turks were daily and regularly exercised. Two additional British ships of the line were expected.

It appears that the amount of tribute received in Constantinople from Mehmet Ali had been \$920,700 and not \$1,700,000 as our correspondent had in his last communication stated by mistake.

Oct. 20.

The *Courrier Français*, after stating that the projected treaty of commerce between G. Britain and Austria had been concluded, observes that England had recurred the Porte from the protectorate of the Czar by drawing close the commercial ties which bound the Ottoman empire to the powers of the West.

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St. Petersburg, Oct. 7.

The probability of a war between Russia and England appears to increase daily. A courier from Tiflis has just arrived with the following intelligence:—

Lieutenant-general Golovine, commander of the army of the Caucasus, has received from General Perowski, Governor of the Khanat of Erivan, official notice of the departure of the British troops from Akouchy, and of their entrance into Schiraz, reinforced by a number of individuals, who had revolted against the reigning Schah. There prevails at present in Persia a panic much greater than that which seized the country in 1835, on the accession to the throne of Mohammed Schah. General Perowski has marched troops to the Araxes, in the direction of Bakou, in order to reassure the Schah, by showing him that Russia was ready to assist him in case the English should invade his dominions. General Golovine has sent a reinforcement of 5,000 men to the corps of army of Armenia, and has called for precise instructions to direct his future conduct. The Government waits the arrival of the Emperor to forward orders to that General.

"On the other hand, we are informed that Count Potoski, the Russian Ambassador in Sweden, has opened negotiations with the Government of that country, having for their object to insure the co-operation of the Swedish fleet with that of Russia, in the event of a war or a hostile demonstration against England."

London, Oct. 24.

There is a very strong and general impression in the commercial circles that the French blockade of Mexico, is about to be brought to a close. Mr. Pakenham, the British Charge d'Affaires, is about to return to Mexico, and it is understood that the blockade is not to last very long.

LOWER CANADA.

On Thursday four ordinances were published, by order of Sir John Colborne and his special Council: one authorizing the Montreal and City Banks, the Bank of British North America and the Banque du Peuple to suspend specie payments until the 1st of June, upon certain conditions, with which all the latter have complied; the second authorizing for a limited time the seizure of gunpowder, arms, lead, and munitions of war; the third empowering Sir John Colborne to erect tribunals for the trial and punishment of rebels; and to take such other measures as he may deem necessary for the suppression of rebellion; and the fourth authorizing the arrest and detention of persons charged with treason or treasonable practices, and suspending for a limited time, as to such persons, the provisions of the habeas corpus act.

On Wednesday a party of police came in from an expedition to Valerius, in which they took three prisoners and a small piece of cannon.

The 71st regiment, a company of the 93d, two squadrons of Hussars, six companies of the Guards, a large force of artillery and other troops, under command of Sir John Colborne and Sir James McDonnell, proceeded to St. John on Wednesday and Thursday. The remainder of the Guards arrived on Thursday evening from Quebec.

The insurgents have evacuated their head quarters at Napierville, which were found abandoned by Sir John Colborne on his arrival there on Saturday.

Beauharnois has been retaken, and all the prisoners rescued. There seems to have been a fight, for although the despatch announcing the retaking of Beauharnois gives no other particulars, it mentions that the loss of the troops were one man killed and three men wounded. The passengers of the Brougham were found at Beauharnois and rescued. The boat was a good deal crippled in her machinery, and was towed down to Lachine. The mail bag had not been discovered by the rebels, and was found on board unopened.

Mr. Ellice and the other gentlemen made prisoners by the rebels at Beauharnois, arrived at Montreal on Sunday.

The affair, or rather affairs, at Lacolle, were of more consequence than we had supposed. It appears that the whole strength of the rebels were engaged in it, and that they were equally discomfited. The first attempt

where the rebels had a schooner, on board of which was their principal supply of arms, consisting of sundry muskets and a six pounder. The attacking force consisted of about 400 men; and the attack commenced about 10 o'clock on the morning of the 6th. The defeat of the rebels was complete, and they left in the hands of the volunteers their six pounder, about 250 stand of arms and a quantity of ammunition. Their loss was 11 killed and 8 prisoners. The wounded escaped over the lines. Two of the volunteers were killed and two wounded.

As the firing was distinctly heard at Rousseau's Point, and it was not long before the defeated rebels were seen making towards the lines the small United States force, some thirty men, stationed there, turned out to prevent any violation of the neutrality, and picked up seventy five muskets which the refugees had dropped on entering the United States territory. The same party also seized the vessel and rebel munitions of war, consisting of ammunition and cannon balls.

On the morning of the 9th the attempt was renewed by Nelson himself, with 500 well armed men from Napierville, and 200 more who had swords and pikes. The attack this time was upon Odelltown, which was defended by 200 volunteers under command of Col. Taylor.

After an action of about two hours and a half, during which several brilliant sallies were made by the volunteers, the insurgents retreated, leaving fifty dead, and carrying off several wounded.

Capt. M. Allister and four men have fallen and Lieutenant Odell and nine men have been wounded—none of the latter however, are seriously injured.

A report reached us that Nelson reached the other side of the lines on foot, soon after the battle, and immediately procured a horse, to obtain medical aid for his wound, and that he had gained the day, and that Odelltown was in his possession.

Van Rensselaer is at Chamblain, endeavoring to collect the scattering rebel forces, and he says he will give the regulars something to do yet."

The rebels who had assembled in arms in the District of Montreal, have been entirely dispersed by her Majesty's troops and the volunteers."

We regret to learn that an American soldier was shot near Cornwall on Wednesday last, by some of the volunteers stationed in the vicinity. A gentleman just arrived in the district, states that ten barges, apparently filled with men, were seen passing down the river, he hailed, and did not stop or make any satisfactory reply; and the volunteers taking them for rebels, fired. It proved, however, that the men were American soldiers bound for some part of the country below. An American officer came to Cornwall the following day, making bitter complaints respecting the circumstance. We have no doubt every satisfaction that can reasonably be required will be given. If the boats were hailed and did not heave to, in times like the present, no blame whatever can be attached to the volunteers. They did no more than their duty.

THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY NOV. 24 1833

Charlotte County Bank.

HARRIS HATCH, Esq. President
Directors next week, J. M. A. J. J.
Discovery Day, THURSDAY
Hours of business, from 10 to 2
BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before Wednesday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Alms and Black House.

Commissioner next week—Thos. Sims.

Saint Stephens Bank.

WILLIAM PORTER, Esq. President
Directors next week, J. M. A. J. J.
Discovery Day, THURSDAY
Hours of business, from 10 to 2
BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before Wednesday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

LATEST DATES.

LONDON	Oct. 26
LIVERPOOL	Oct. 27
EDINBURGH	Oct. 27
PARIS	Oct. 23
FOREST	Oct. 19
MONTEBELL	Nov. 15
QUEBEC	Nov. 12
MALIBAT	Nov. 12
NEW YORK	Nov. 19

ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT WESTERN.

Twenty Days Later from England.

The Great Western arrived at New-York on Thursday the 15th inst. from Bristol, having sailed on the afternoon of Oct. 27th, as advertised. She has brought out one hundred and fourteen passengers.

The Liverpool steamer sailed from Liverpool at the appointed time, Oct. 29th. She was seen on the 21st, at 6 A. M. with her engine stopped, and blowing off her steam. She was seen again on the same morning at 11 A. M., Tuskar bearing W. N. W. distant about nine miles, going at between nine and ten knots and hour, against a strong wind and sea. The Liverpool had fifty-one passengers.

Her non-arrival at New York creates some apprehensions for her safety; but it is conjectured that owing to storms and other detentions, her coal has become exhausted, and that she has borne up for some nearer port, or is making her way with sails merely.

The news of Lord Durham's determination to abandon the government of Canada, reached England Oct. 17th, by the Great Western. It of course produced some excitement. The *Sun* says, "we are less surprised than grieved at his resignation."

in which he announced his intention to return to England, is published. Three per cent. consols receded from 1-4 to 1-2 per cent., on the 18th, in consequence. Among the passengers in the Great Western, where Lord Arthur Lennox, and lady—Hon. W. H. Cavendish, Aide de Camp to Lord Durham—and Mr. Wilson, bearer of special despatches. The following speculations on the question of Lord Durham's resignation, are from the *London Sun*, of the 19th:

"Some hopes" are expressed in the *Chronicle* today, and are largely shared in the city, according to the communication from that quarter in the morning journals, that Lord Durham will yet be induced to retract his threatened resignation, and retain the Government of Canada. Her Majesty, it is reported, has written to Lord Durham, requested him to do so; while the Ministers more immediately connected with him Lord Melbourne, and Lord Glenelg, have written to him to express their perfect approbation of his conduct. At the same time a very strong popular demonstration in his favor has been made in Canada. A requisition, speedily and unanimously signed, the spontaneous production of the alarm felt by the inhabitants of Quebec, has been presented to him not to resign. Opposing parties are said to have laid aside their hostility, in order to unite in supporting him; and even the newspapers have suspended their quarrels to express their regret at his anticipated departure, and a hope that he will not carry his resolution into effect. Such a very flattering and soothing homage will, if any thing can, induce Lord Durham to remain in Canada; and when to this we add the desire he must naturally entertain to complete his great and his good work, it seems not impossible that the noble statesman may get over his first deep sense of mortification, and remain in Canada. The private account, too, do not speak so favourably of the situation of the Colony, as his Lordship's addresses, and it is really exposed to considerable danger, independently of his resignation, a noble and duty may prevent him from immediately leaving his post. These circumstances seem to be the foundation of that hope which is felt in the city, and expressed by our morning contemporaries—but which, after the expressions of Lord Durham, in his address in relation to the Parliament and the Minister we cannot share."

The news from the East is of considerable interest. We copy the following from the *London Sun*.

Advices from Constantinople of the 27th ult. announce that on the 25th, letters were received at the British Embassy from Tabriz, which stated that the Schah, alarmed by the arrival of English troops off Bushire, had despatched a messenger after Mr. McNeil, which promises his acceptance of the ultimatum, and praying his Excellency's return in his official capacity to Teheran. The messenger had overruled Mr. McNeil at Tabriz, where he prevailed upon him to remain, till further command of the uncertainty of the Schah. The necessary proofs were to be for the coming in a week, at the expiration of which time the British Ambassador was either to return to Teheran, or to continue his journey to the Turkish frontier.

In addition to the above important intelligence, we copy the following extract from a letter from Constantinople, dated the 27th ult., which contains a summary of the news of the Turkish Capital:—

"The general topic for several days has been the reported determination of the English Government to put an end to all the difficulties in which the Egyptian question is involved, by obliging Mehmet Ali to disarm his land and sea forces, and to give up hostile demonstrations against the Porte. On this condition he is to be maintained in his present possessions, in conformity with the treaty of Keutay, but such as a vassal of the Grand Seigneur, but in case he should refuse, force is to be used. According to some, a communication to this effect has been made to the Viceroy, and Admiral Sir, Lord has been ordered to appear with his fleet before Alexandria, to enforce the demand, should it not be complied with. What faith is to be given to this statement we cannot say, but it gains credit here. The decision of Mehmet Ali to pay the arrears of tribute due to the Porte has been announced. M. Lefevre, agent of two houses at Alexandria, charged with providing the funds, arrived here on the 24th, to negotiate bills on Europe to the amount of between 10,000,000 and 12,000,000 piastres. A steamboat arrived two days ago from Trebizond, and she brings no news of importance of interest from Persia. A courier extraordinary from London had embarked in the steamer which left on the 21st for Trebizond with urgent despatches for Mr. McNeil. On the 24th, M. de Boutenoff had an audience of the Sultan previous to his return to St. Petersburg on temporary leave of absence. His Highness presented the caviary with a silver snuff-box, enriched with diamonds, and charged him with the expression of his friendship and attachment to the Emperor. On the 24th, a grand *Fete* was celebrated at the French Embassy for the birth of the Count de Paris. Salutes were fired from the French flag and the Ambassador's residence were brilliantly illuminated in the evening. The first number of an Italian Journal entitled *Lo Standard*, has just appeared at Pera. It has adopted this motto—*Hemi soit mal y passet*.

When the disastrous result of the British arms in Spain, under the sacrificed Sir John Moore, awakened the sense of the nation to a jealousy of its compromised honour, and drew down on the ministry a suspicion of their having immolated the country's interests on the altar of party cabal—there was one warrior distinguished by the experienced eye of the hero of Corunna, and with that hero's dying breath he implored that due merit should be done to him. That warrior is now in the Chief command of the British forces in Canada—His Excellency Sir John Colborne. The vacillations of radical rule do not appear more obnoxious to censure in any one particular case than in the treatment shown to this much injured gentleman, and we are inclined to impute to the general conviction of this fact in the public mind, the rumours which so widely prevailed of a discordance of feeling between him and Earl Durham, but which have been lately so exposed by the mainly declarations of the Governor-General.

combined power; and in the Lower the successful operations of the troops who have crushed the insurgents regular troops could get a sight of the goals are crammed with hundreds of wretched on whom the last an exemplary chastisement.

After Sir John Colborne's administration in Upper Canada had endeared him to the people, as much on account of the fine moral tone which the example of his family infused into society, as by his firmness tempered with conciliation to its proper extent, he resigned his trust into the hands of Sir F. B. Head, and had arrived at New York on his way to the home and repose he long'd for, when his task-masters ordered him back to Canada. His command was thenceforth to be strictly military and his Head Quarters Montreal, and on his progress thither from Toronto, it must have been some alleviation of the hardship of the illustrious veteran's retrocession, to find the way strewn with the laurels of the people's love, and every stage of his progress distinguished by a spontaneous rivalry to hail him with demonstrations of respect and honour. Lord Gosford's removal called Sir John to Quebec, and the Earl of Durham's appointment put him in a new position of power. His proclamation of martial law was not only decried by Lord Durham's political opposers at home, but abrogated by the Earl himself as soon as he arrived in Canada. Sir John sued for release from his labours, but there seems to have been a fearful looking to the day when he should leave the colony, and he believed every dispassionate head and loyal heart will respond to the candid avowal of the Governor-General in his address to the Guards when he expressed his sentiments in these words:—

"In leaving them behind him he had the satisfaction to reflect that he left them under the charge of one of their most distinguished compenions in arms, Sir John Colborne. No one could doubt that in his hands not only would the military defences of the country be placed in a state of the utmost efficiency, but that the civil government would be administered with vigour and wisdom."

The intentions of the ministry to send Sir Wilmot Horton or some other gentleman "armed with extraordinary powers" to supersede Sir John Colborne, came to us with an ominous intimation of their utility. Had Sir John been allowed to follow up his measures last winter, there would have been no disturbance now. When the colony shall be in a condition to adopt and obey the equitable laws and liberal institutions which it is the disposition as well as the interest of the House Government to bestow: then some great and comprehensive mind like that of the Earl of Durham will be wanted as a civil capacity in Canada, to carry such measures into effect; until then its affairs should be left to a military commander; and from the promptness, energy, clear and decidedness of Sir John Colborne, and the great confidence reposed in his high character, we should not wish to see the destinies of the country suddenly wrested from his hands.

Copious details will be found in preceding columns of the outrageous acts of the insurgents in Canada assuming the sacred name of patriots, a term totally inapplicable to such a mode of levelling themselves. It is needless to recapitulate the numerous circumstances attendant on the progress of this bandit rebellion, or to enquire on the numerous interference of strangers under the sanction of a pretence of sympathy, but it is difficult to repress the conviction that the unfeeling Canadians have been mainly misled by reckless demagogues in concert and alliance with large parties of people in the United States. We even find the released convicts from Bermuda received by assembled multitudes in New York, and one of them whose whole family have been nurtured and educated by the proceeds of the public chest, glorying in his treason and vowing to abide in it. It is said that the best understanding subsists between the two governments, and we hear of Gen. Maccomb and Col. Worth with United States troops being stationed on the frontier to enforce the relations of strict neutrality; but we cannot overlook the fact of their total inadequacy to do anything efficiently when these relations are violated. When the rebel Gagnon's corps fled from Napierville, thirty American soldiers, on the lines, picked up seventy-five muskets that the fugitives threw away to facilitate their flight into the States, and a schooner was seized which was in the service of the rebels. Now when we know that the American agents, from Buffalo to Detroit, were plundered of their arms for the invasion of Canada, and the most marked demonstrations of enmity to Britain openly displayed, what confidence can be placed in the integrity of these troops, or what reliance can we have on their preventing the muskets and the schooner from passing back into the possession of the rebels? There is one consoling circumstance that the events of last fear excited, and those of the present day confirm; namely, that the phalanx of loyalty drawn forth on this occasion makes the conquest of Canada next to a moral and physical impossibility. Foot to foot and hand to hand, every inch of ground would be contested; and there would not remain an arm to wield a falchion, a claymore or a shillelagh, before the country would be yielded to a rebel or a foreign foe. But we have still another consolation in the wise and vigorous measures of the Governor:—in the Canada the precautionary array of

combined power; and in the Lower the successful operations of the troops who have crushed the insurgents regular troops could get a sight of the goals are crammed with hundreds of wretched on whom the last an exemplary chastisement.

The Commissioners upon the North 2 dary line returned to this City on Satur We understand that they found very d had highlands at the point where the between the St. Lawrence and the At and all the country north of the St. J tremely mountainous. The country v ters divide is not level and swampy represented and believed by many, mountains and dividing highlands, to the terms of the treaty of 1783

The Seminoles in our ne Prince Edward Island (Hera The Members returned to seral Assembly are—for Charles Francis Longworth junior and George Town, Messrs Thomson at for Princeton, Messrs Monty Clark; for Queen's County, Mes and Macfarlane, in the first polls in the 23 and 34 districts closed.

Mr. Swarzwort the late Col Port of New York, is said to be to the amount of \$1,250,000 c roneys.

The legislature of this Provin on the 15th of January next, for of business.

We observe an account in t ten *Scotsman*, of some discontent expressed, or rather got up, agai misapplication of the money to to the inhabitants who perfo duty when the regular troops we and it seems that this complain ed as a reason for the people's turn out on the present occasio also that a capitious disposit evinced on the allegation that Governor held back from insp litia at last training. On last rumour was in circulation. If immediately ordered out the d them in his trunks and expla ined how they had been in gretted by three hearty cheer Minchen, when the Exce ground called out the officer two explanations, for the sake under their command. The properly remarks:—"We ad forward course of proceeding to prevent those bickerings which mischievous persons a found to foment."

The 65th Regt having be Sheddie, the 11th are still in

The several Saint And throughout the Province ha officers for the ensuing year, measures to celebrate the tes ten Saint on the 20th inst

A letter from Ogdenha gives a florid account of the of armed insurgents at Pies da, and of their various a Wellington; but the whole ly lapped up in sympathy, get a peep at any inuenu truth. Ogdenha is on a below the Lake on the lake Lake Ontario, and directly o our side. The winter tial view his windows show the river above and below, and, where doubtless he can every witnessing the busy fray. He adds that "a rebel forces occupied a man station of the association, in view of bringing to mind, o resources of the renowned cha! He confesses that t 400 loyalists from Erie rapidly marching to the t getting too numerous to whence they came; the d and the value of the price ed them, according to his Verily, there have need of

There is an old Irish that "the bow huries ale ditch," and we are will merit to the secure observ But to show that we do to a kind of levity, whi spoke of our better feeling we would ask him, and i entertain similar senti equally to consider the lo noancement, by a Britis but just retribution; for learn a lesson of forbear it they prize the good c cares more than the in political passions:—

From the Montreal On Sunday evening, the try above Lachine present us vast sheet of lurid flar not a single rebel leuse I God only knows what is to Canadians and their wives approaching winter, as no hunger and cold stare the

MARK On Wednesday last the Richard Vereker, Mr. T third daughter of Mrs. O F

On Thursday morning few days illness, Mr. Eri years. He was a native and came to this Provin has ever since resided; an irrepressible charact respectably family, with widow, a wide circle of avowed benevolence. Mr industrious, and peren was a frequent converser and his aid and advice w He was a friend of the

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ations of the Go-

se's administration
learned him to the
of the fine me-
le of his family in-
is firmness temper-

proper extent, he
hands of Sir F. B.
New York on his

pose he long'd for,
dered him back to
was thenceforth to
his Head Quarters

gress thither from
some alleviation
ustrious veteran's re-
strewed with the

re, and every stage
ished by a spontane-
with demonstrations
Lord Gosford's re-
Quebec, and the

ment put him in a
his proclamation of
ity decreed by Lord
ners at home, but

abse- as soon as he ar-
John sued for release
there seems to have
o the day when he

and so believe every
loyal heart will re-
of the Governor
to the Quads when

ments in these words:
hind him he had the
hat he left them under
er most distinguished
in John Colborne. No

u hands not only
lences of the country
the utmost efficiency,
routest would be ad-
and wisdom."

ne ministry to send Sir
some other gentleman
linary powers" to super-
ne, come to us with an
their utility. Had Sir

follow up his measures
id have been no disur-
he county shall be in a
id obey the equitable

which it is the
the interest of the House
we then some great
like that of the Earl of

ed in a civil capacity in
h measures into effect;
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ad from the promptness

redness of Sir John
rest confidence reposed
we should not wish to
t the country suddenly

id be found in preceding
geous acts of the magis-
trates assuming the sacred
arm locally inapplicable

levelling measures. It
nates the numerous cri-
t on the progress of this
to enervate on the narra-

strangers under the au-
thority of sympathy, but it is
dis- conviction that the un-
have been mainly misle-

gues in concert and al-
lities of people in the United
find the released convicts
sided by assembled multi-

and one of them whose
been nurtured and educa-
le of the public chest, glo-
and vowing to abide in

at the best understanding
the two governments, and
the account and Col. Worth
troops being stationed on

force the relations of strict
cannot overlook the fact
legacy to do anything ef-
ficient relations are violat-

Gagnon's corps fled from
y American soldiers, on the
seventy-five markets that
the way to facilitate their flight

and a schooner was seized
service of the rebels. Now
hat the American armory,
Detroit, were plundered of

displayed, what confidence
the integrity of these troops,
can we have on their pro-
tectors and the schooner from

to the possession of the re-
s one counseling circumstance
of fast fear evoked, and those
lay confirm; again, that the

ly drawn forth on this occa-
sion of Canada next to a
sical impossibility. Foot to
o hand, every inch of ground

ested; and there would not
to wield a falchion, a clay-
sable, before the country would
rebel or a foreign foe. But

neither consolation in the wise
measures of the Government:—in
the precautionary array of

combined power; and in the Lower Province,
the successful operations of the volunteers,
who have crashed the insurgents before the
regular troops could get a sight of them; and
the goals are crowned with hundreds of in-
statuted wretches on whom the law will deal
an exemplary chastisement.

Bangor, Nov. 19.
The Commissioners upon the North Eastern
Boundary line returned to this City on Saturday evening.
We understand that they found very distinctly mar-
ked highlands at the point where the waters divide
between the St. Lawrence and the Atlantic Ocean,
and all the country north of the St. John river ex-
tremely mountainous. The country where the wa-
ters divide is not level and swampy, as has been
represented and believed by many, but lies in
mountains and dividing highlands, corresponding
to the terms of the treaty of 1763.—Possible?

The *Seminar* in its next
Prince Edward Island (Herald) Nov. 14.
The Members returned to serve in Gene-
ral Assembly are—*for Charlottetown*, Messrs
Francis Longworth junior and Palmer; *for*
Georgetown, Messrs Thomson and Dingwell;
for Prince George, Messrs Montgomery and
Clark; *for Queen's County*, Messrs Alcornell
and Macfarlane, in the first district; the
polls in the 22 and 34 districts are not yet
closed.

Mr. Swarzwort is the late Collector of the
Port of New York, is said to be a defalcator
to the amount of \$1,250,000 of the public
moneys.

The legislature of this Province is to meet
on the 15th of January next, for the despatch
of business.

We observe in an account in the *Frederic-
ton Sentinel*, of some discontent having been
expressed, or rather got up, against an alleged
misapplication of the money voted last year
to the inhabitants who performed garrison
duty when the regular troops were withdrawn;
and it seems that this complaint was assigned
as a reason for the people's reluctance to
turn out on the present occasion. It appears
also that a capacious disposition had been
evinced on the allegation that the Lieutenant
Governor held back from inspecting the mi-
litia at last training. On learning, that such
rumours were in circulation, His Excellency
immediately ordered out the militia, address-
ed them in his frank and open manner, ex-
plained how they had been misled, and was
greeted by three hearty cheers.—*Lieut. Col.*
Minchin, when His Excellency left the
ground, called out the officers and issued
two explanations, for the satisfaction of those
under their command. The *Sentinel* very
properly remarks:—"We admire this straight-
forward course of proceeding, so calculated
to prevent those bickerings and jealousies
which insouciously persons are every where
found to foment."

The 65th Regt having been detained at
Shediac, the 11th are still in St. John.

The several Saint Andrew's Societies
throughout the Province have elected their
officers for the ensuing year, and have taken
measures to celebrate the festival of their pa-
triarch Saint on the 25th instant—excepting here.

A letter from Ogdenburg of Nov. 11,
gives a florid account of the landing of a body
of armed insurgents at Prescott, Ogdensburg,
and of their various acts before Fort
Wellington; but the whole story is so luck-
ily lapped up in sympathy, that we cannot
get a peep at any material evidence of its
truth. Ogdenburg is on the American side,
below the Lake of the lakes at the foot of
Lake Ontario, and directly opposite to Prescott
on our side. The writer exists in the usual
view his windows should be of Prescott,
and the river above and below for two or three
miles, where doubtless he sympathizes in ac-
quitting the heavy current of the
fray. He adds that "at 6 o'clock, P. M. the
rebel forces occupied a sand hill," etc. uncon-
scious of the association, which he did not
intend to bring to mind, of the cant about ad-
ventures of the renowned knight of La Man-
cha! He continues that at 6 o'clock, a body
of 4000 loyalists from Brockville came in view,
rapidly marching to the rescue, equally for-
getting the talismanic name of the town from
whence they came; the disparity of the forces,
and the value of the principles which pos-
sessed them, according to his own authority.—
Verily, there have been good memories.

There is an old Irish proverb which says
that "the best lures always stinks on the
ditch," and we are willing to concede that
merit to the secure observer of Ogdenburg!
But to show that we do not wish to indulge
in a kind of leniency, which his absurdities
in spite of our better feelings have called forth,
we would ask him, and all his associates who
entertain similar sentiments with him, to
annoy themselves by a British Editor, of extreme
bias just retubation; from which they should
learn a lesson of forbearance and humanity,
if they prize the good of their fellow crea-
tures more than the indulgence of their dis-
tasteful passions.

From the *Montreal Courier* Nov. 13.
On Sunday evening, the whole of the back coun-
try where the rebels presented the awful spectacle of
one vast sheet of land flame, and it is reported that
not a single rebel house has been left standing.—
God only knows what is to become of the surviving
Canadians and their wives and families during the
approaching winter, as nothing but starvation from
hunger and cold stare them in the face.

MARRIED.
On Wednesday last the 21st inst. by the Rev.
Richard Verker, Mr. Thomas Cullen, to Ellen,
third daughter of Mrs. O'Brien, all of this place.

DIED.
On Thursday morning the 22d instant, after a
few days illness, Mr. Erasmus Wilson, aged 66
years. He was a native of Stirling, Massachusetts,
and came to this Province 22 years ago, where he
has ever since resided; maintaining for himself
an irreproachable character, and rearing a large and
respectable family, with whom and his surviving
widow, a wide circle of friends condole on their
sudden bereavement. Mr. Wilson was an ingenious
mechanic, and persevering artisan; his genius
was a frequent resource in mechanical difficulties,
and his aid and advice were always freely accorded.
He was a friend of temperance and observed in

rules. The breach which the removal of such a
man must cause in society, will always with dif-
ficulty be filled up; and this truth is now strongly
felt in our community on the death of Mr. Willard.
The friends and acquaintances of the deceased
are informed that the Funeral will take place
Tomorrow (Sunday) at 2 o'clock P. M. from the
family residence in King Street.

Shipping Journal.
PORT OF SAINT ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
Nov. 17 Brig *Depper*, Gwynn, Demerara, Ballast,
J. Wilson.

22 *Bryn Wm Walker*, Grandemara, Boston,
Gen. Cargo, P. Smith,
" *Emily*, Carick, do. do. Carick,

Nov. 17 Ship *Emmanuel*, Demerara, London, Deala
23 *Brig Ma the Ann*, Melony, Barbados,
Lumber.

23 *Brig Yarrico*, M. Master, Martinique, Bal-
last, Garnet.

SAINT STEPHEN. Arrived.
Nov. 8 *Bgn. Cassir*, Hill, Barbados.

14 *Bgn. London*, Scott, Yarmouth, N. S.
Cleared.

10 *Brig Helen Marks*, Murchie, Barbados.
10 *Brig Orient*, Wilson, Campbellville.
14 " *Industry*, do. Barrington.

SHERIFF'S SALES.
To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the 4th
day of June next, at The Hay Scales in Saint
George, in the County of Charlotte, between the
Hours of 12 and 4 o'clock P. M.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, and demand
of JOHN M'KEAN, of and into a certain
tract or parcel of land situated on the
Myline, on and near the Digdigash Lake in the
Parish of Saint Patrick, in the County of Charlotte,
together with the Mill Privilege and Saw Mill there-
on, with the rights and appurtenances thereto be-
longing. Also a certain other tract of land con-
taining 50 Acres situate on the Western side of the
River Maguadavie near the Lower Falls, and ad-
joining. The farm of Robert Hudson.

Also a certain other tract of Land in the Parish
of Saint George, in the said County containing 50
Acres more or less, and situate on the Road lead-
ing from the Lower Bridge at the first Falls of the
River Maguadavie, to the Mouth of the River and
Saint Andrew's; purchased by the said John M'Kean
from Joseph Wetmore and Wife: the same
having been taken by virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*
issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province,
to satisfy George Hobbs and Isaac Hobbs in a debt
of £250 0 0 and interest from 5th August 1837.
£5 10 0 Costs, &c. for Memorial, besides Sheriff's
fees and poundage against the said John M'Kean.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, Nov. 20 1838.

To be sold at public Auction at the Court House
in St. Andrews, on Friday the 31st day of May
next between the hours of noon and 4 o'clock
p.m.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand
of THOMAS MURPHY, in and to a certain
tract of land on which he now resides, situate in
Passapatan Bay, and lately the residence of
Cavalier Lt. Joseph Larp, together with the Dwelling
House, Out House, and all and singular the Im-
provements thereon, the same having been taken by
virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme
Court of this Province to satisfy Moses H. Foley
in a debt of £210 12 5, together with Sheriff's fees
&c.

COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, Nov. 12 1838.

STRAYED COW.
Strayed into the pasture of the subscriber at
Chamcock adjoining the farm of Mr. Peter
Stimac, a small cow about 5 years old; the
owner may have her on paying for her keep and
this notice.

JAMES CRAIG.

COOKING STOVES.
Received by the subscribers per schr. *Emily* from
Boston.

—On Consignment—
11 *Rathbone* Cooking Stoves, Copper apparatus
complete.
3 *Singh* do do do do do do
5 *James* do do do do do do
5 *Half* do do do do do do
WM. BABCOCK & SON.
St. Andrews, Nov. 22 1838.

COALS TO ARRIVE
By the Brig *Frederick*, hourly looked for,
150 TONS warranted best ORRELL.
J. M'CLACHLAN.
Nov. 17 1838. 45w

HERRINGS.
40 *Parrels* Grandmann HERRINGS to
be sold by
JOHN LOCHARY.
St. Andrews, Nov. 16 1838.

REVISED EDITION
OF THE
PROVINCE LAWS.

THE Subscriber having been reduced by
several applications from different
sections of the Province, to publish an addi-
tional supply of the above valuable work, for
the use of those not entitled to copies from
Government, such persons as may be desirous
of procuring them, will have the goodness to
leave their names and places of residence, at
an early period, at the Royal Gazette office, or
with either of the undersigned gentlemen
where copies of the work may be seen:—

Hon. E. C. Chandler, *Dorchester*,
Thomas Wier, Esquire, *St. Andrews*,
J. W. Wilson, Esquire, *Richibucto*,
George Kerr, Esquire, *Chatham*,
H. W. Baldwin, Esquire, *Bathurst*,
J. M. Connell, Esquire, *Woodstock*,
Mr. David N. Milne, *Saint John*,
J. SIMPSON, *Queen's Painter*,
Fredericton, 16th October, 1838.

CROSSKILL'S
GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY
OF NOVA-SCOTIA.

From the discovery of America to the
Reign of Queen Victoria. With a Map of
Nova Scotia, Cape Breton Prince Edward
Island and part of New Brunswick, price
eighteen pence to be had of

JOHN LOCHARY.
St. Andrews, Sep. 22 1838—37dps.

The reputation of this elementary
work is fully established, and the matter it
contains is more varied and useful than in
any similar recent work.

EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS

TO THE

VICTORIA HOUSE.

WILLIAM DOUGHERTY, Jnr. begs most respectfully to announce to his Customers and the
Public, the arrival per *British Queen*, *Glasgow*, and *Esperanza*, of part of his
FALL SUPPLY.
THE FOLLOWING CONSTITUTE PART OF THE STOCK:
Bright black and coloured GRO DE NAIRS,
Plain and figured silks, satins, and Irish poplins,
Checked, striped and washing SHIRTS,
Fascinating de Laines, plain and figured CHALLI DRESSES,
Coronation, Victoria, and Orleans dresses,
Muslin, cambric and Swiss prints,
Something quite new and rich in fancy and shaded Grecian SATINS, and
Lustrous for bourets, and an immense variety of Ribbons to match,
Velvets in every shade, for bonnets, with trimmings to match,
French blond laces and edgings,
Thread, lisle, and gimpe edgings,
Sewed caps, collars, and cuffs,
Nets, in all the different colours, breadths, and qualities,
French broadened satins and velvets, for vests,
Hosiery and gloves in great variety,
Gentlemen's lumps' wool, merino, and shawny vests and drawers,
Gentlemen's silk handkerchiefs, stocks, collars, shirts and braces,
French and English stays and umbrellas,
530 Printed DRESSES,
1500 Pieces printed CALICOES,
200 sets FURNITURES, with linings to suit,
300 sets Gray cottons and sheetings,
150 ditto striped and checked shirtings,
250 ditto bleached sheetings and shirtings,
A very extensive and varied assortment of FURS.
And daily expects, per ships *Jane Walker*, *Forch*, and *Mozambique*, the remainder of his
Fall GOODS, among which are the following:
500 pairs of BLANKETS,
400 pieces 3 4 and 6 4 Melinos,
500 ditto white and coloured Flannels,
200 ditto Cloths, in every shade and quality,
100 ditto fancy Kerseys, Doenkins, and Buckskins,
100 ditto Pilot Cloths, petserhams, and heavy Cloths,
Which, together with his present assortment, will guarantee the best Stock for extent and variety ever
before offered in this province, and as they have been all selected in the best markets for cash, he is
enabled to sell them at such prices as will defy competition.

No Goods allowed to leave the Establishment without being paid for.—45 w.

Saint John, 20th October, 1838.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold by Public Auction at the Public Land-
ing in St. Stephen, on Wednesday the 1st day of
May next, between the hours of noon and 4
o'clock p.m.
ALL the Right, Title, Interest, claim and demand
of WM. F. LIBBY, of in and to all that
certain piece or parcel of Land on which the
said Wm. F. Libby now lives, lying between the
new street running from Mr. J. Frink's corner to
Basswood Ridge road, and the road from the Public
Landing St. Stephen to Mill Town, together with
the House, Barn, and other improvements thereon.
ALSO.
All the Right, Title, interest, claim and demand
of JOSEPHUS MOORE of in and to a certain Lot
of Land in the Parish of St. James, described as fol-
lows: commencing at a cedar tree standing on the
Southern angle of a corner to John Buchanan, and
thence running S. 21° E. 20 chains of 4
pikes each, to marked Birch tree, thence N. 69° E.
30 chains to a marked cedar stake, thence S. 62° E.
20 chains to the place of beginning, containing
2.25 Hectares more or less, and
having been granted to Duncan Barber on the 1st
February 1836, and by the said Barber sold and con-
veyed to said Moore on the 1st day of May 1837.
The same having been taken by virtue of a writ of
Fieri Facias issued out of the Supreme Court of this
Province, to satisfy John Robertson in a debt of
£253 5 3, and interest on £240 0 0 from October
1837 and paid by Sheriff's Fees, &c.
against said Wm. F. Libby and Josephus Moore.
COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Stephen, October 20, 1838.

To be sold by public Auction at the public
Landing in St. Stephen on Sunday the
6th day of April next between the hours of
12 and 4 o'clock.
ALL the Right, title, interest claim and
demand of ELISHA SHEARMAN,
of in and to a certain part of a certain mill
and all privileges with his share or portion
of all the appurtenances thereto belonging.
The same being situate in the parish of St.
David, and having been taken on an Execu-
tion in favour of Thomas Mitchell issued out
of the Supreme Court of this Province for
£97 5 5.
COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Stephen Sept. 20 1838.

To be sold by public Auction on Friday the
26th day of April next at the Court House
in St. Andrews, between the hours of 12 and
4 o'clock.
ALL the right Title Interest, Claim and De-
mand of JUSTUS SEIGER and Jacob Clarke
in and to two undivided Shares of the re-
estate of the late Stuart Seeley's situate in the
Parish of Saint George, and also the right and
title of the aforesaid Jacob Clarke in and to a
Dwelling House and Lot of land opened by him
and partly, the same described premises
having been taken by virtue of an Execution
issued out of the Supreme Court of this Province
to satisfy a debt of James Moran for £69
16. 11 with Costs.
COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, Oct. 19 1838.

TO be sold by public Auction at the Court
House in St. Andrews on Wednesday the
20th of February next, between the hours of
12 and 4 o'clock p.m.
ALL the Right Title Interest, Claim and De-
mand of SYLVANUS L. BLAKE in and to
the House where he now resides at the Upper
Mills or second Falls of Maguadavie
River, together with the Lot on which it is
erected, Store, Barn and other Outbuildings,
an unfinished two Story House, and Lot of land
opened by virtue of several Executions mis-
sued out of the Supreme Court of this province
to satisfy George and Isaac Hobbs in a Debt of
£164 7 2, John Parkinson and Robert Roberts
in a Debt of £43 5 3, the Rimeon House in a
debt of £194, besides Interest, Sheriff's fees
&c.
N. B.—The Sale of above described property
will be subject to an Extent issued by Her Ma-
jesty's Attorney General at the suit of the
Queen for £31. 10 and Costs.
COLIN CAMPBELL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, August 16th, 1838.

JAMAICA RUM.
For sale by the Subscriber.
8 paunches High proof Jamaica Rum.
ALSO.
6 casks 4 dozen double Brown stout porter,
W. S. TRILET.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

The good Brig *Frederick*.

J. M'LAGHAN.

17 Nov. 1838. 45
WANTED
A good Journeyman Shoemaker, to whom
steady employment and liberal wages will be
given on application to S. MCFARLAN.
St. Patrick, N. Y. 2. 1838. 45
HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT
with Stabling &c.
BERNARD SHARKEY respectfully informs
the public that he has opened the House
ately occupied by Mr. Peter Sime as a
TAVERN and BOARDING HOUSE
to which is attached good Stabling; and an ex-
perienced groom will be in constant attendance.
Every attention will be paid to the comfort of
TRAVELLERS and BOARDERS; and the
establishment conducted on principles which
it is hoped will secure the favour of the public.
The wines, spirituous and malt liquors will be
of the best quality, and great care taken to pro-
vide well for the table.
St. Andrews, 25th August, 1838. 33 w
To Trustees, Directors of Turnpikes, and
others, interested in the construction of
Bridges.

WITTY'S NEW PATENT BRIDGE.

Mr. Witty offers to the public his New Pa-
tent Bridge. Its superiority over others may
justly entitle it to a national consideration.
For crossing deep rivers, rapids or falls, it is
unparalleled; since it can be placed across any
them, without Piers, and at a much less ex-
pense than on any other system at present
used. It reaches from bank to bank in a right
line, and cannot be affected in the least by freshet
or ice, or change of temperature. At the same
time, there is a durability and safety which cannot
be warranted by any other bridge now in
use.
Several of them have been erected in the
State of Missouri, one of which upwards of
100 feet in length, and others are in progress
Advantages Offered.
1. Mr. Witty offers to build Bridges over
the most difficult Falls or Rapids, deep Rivers
or Ravines.
2. His Bridges cannot be swept away by
freshets or large masses of ice.
3. They are more safe, and possess a much
greater durability than those in present use.
4. The expense can be reduced, in many
instances, to less than one half that of any other
bridge whatever.
5. A Bridge upon Mr. Witty's plan can be
put across a river, in many cases, in a few days,
and will not cost so much as the expense of the
Piers upon the old system of bridge-building.
6. This is now being extensively adopted in
Europe, both for bridges and roads, since it is
equally calculated to support heavy loads, or
waggon-roads, or for running wharves or jetties.
In one instance, Mr. Witty, sen'r, has sus-
pended an iron road of upwards of twenty tons,
with one beam; the span of the road is fifty feet.
Any communication, post paid, can be ad-
dressed to Mr. R. J. L. WHITTY, Civil En-
gineer, City of Lowell, and will meet with at-
tention.
THE MEDICAL
DISPENSARY.
Water Street, St. Andrews.

W. C. MACSTAY, Surgeon, &c.

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the
public in general that he has received a
fresh supply of Medicines, Drugs, Oils,
Paints, Varnish, dye-stuffs and every article
connected with the

Apothecary Business.

which he will continue to sell at fair prices.
He has also furnished his store with a choice
assortment of the most approved cosmetics,
and other descriptions of
PERFUMERY
and will be enabled, by connections he has
entered into to keep on hand a constant sup-
ply of articles in this line, to which he has
lately added the best kinds of

CONFECTORARY.

From Dr. Macstays long and extensive
practice and general acquaintance through-
out the County, he flatters himself he will con-
tinue to receive that generous share of patron-
age he has hitherto experienced; and he
will make it his study to procure every article
in his line of the first quality and sell them
on the cheapest terms. He offers his services
in cases of difficult operative Surgery
and in those of dangerous Parturition.
This Dispensary will be open from an ear-
ly till a late hour every week day, and on
Sundays at particular calls.

St. Andrews, 11th August, 1838. 31 u.

LANDED PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
Consisting of Settling and Timber Land
tract of valuable land containing Two
A Thousand Five Hundred Acres, situate on
the west side of Digdigash River, in the
vicinity of the St. Patrick Lake and granted for
sale on equitable terms in quantities to suit par-
chasers. A plan of this tract may be seen and
conditions of sale learnt by applying to the Sub-
scriber at St. Andrews.
A. D. McMASTER,
St. Andrews 25th August, 1838.—33d.

The Colonial Churchman.

This Periodical devoted to the interests
of religion in general, and of the Church of
England in particular, is published every 10
night at Lunenburg, N. S. It contains eight
quarto pages; terms, ten shillings per annum
—exclusive of postage. (1s. 3d.) half at less
to

CAUTION.
WHEREAS it hath come to my knowledge that Mr. Isaac Garcelon of Saint David has asserted that he holds a note, or notes of hands agreed by me in his favour; and whereas if there be any such in existence, they have been given without consideration or value received, I hereby forbid any person from purchasing or negotiating the same, and I am determined to resist payment.
ROBERT TOWERS.
Town Hill, St. David, 29th May, 1838.—21m.

ST. ANDREWS and ST. JOHN MAIL STAGE.
RUNS every way, three times each week, leaving St. Andrews on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings at 6 o'clock, and returning on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings at 7 o'clock, and go through in one day.—Fare each way TWENTY FIVE Shillings.
WAY FARES.
From St. Andrews to Maguadavie, 7s. 6d.
From Maguadavie to New River, 6s. 6d.
From New River to Musquash, 6s. 6d.
From Musquash to Carleton, 6s. 6d.
Stage Books will be kept in St. Andrews at Mrs. McLeary's, and in St. John at the Hotel. Careful and experienced drivers have been engaged, and first rate Carriages provided.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.
This line connects with the United States Mail line at Robinstown, from which a Stage starts every morning at 9 o'clock for the Westward. Travellers taking this route will meet with no impediment or delay in getting to any part of the United States.
L. L. COPELAND.
Agent for the Proprietors.
St. Andrews, Dec. 16, 1837.
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Incorporated in 1810—with a Capital of \$150,000.

THIS long established Institution has for more than twenty six years transacted its extensive business on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with honorable promptness.—During this period have settled all their losses, without compelling the insured, in any instance, to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to maintain the high reputation of the Company.—It insures for the most favourable terms every description of property against Loss on Fire, and takes no marine risks.
Application for insurance may be made either personally or by letter to the Secretary of the Company, or to its Agents, who are appointed in many of the principal Towns and Cities in the United States, and in the British Provinces.
PRESIDENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Elphinstone Terry, Samuel Williams,
James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington,
S. H. Huntington, Elsie Colt,
M. Huntington, Jun. R. B. Ward,
Albert Day.
Elphinstone Terry, President
James G. Wells, Secretary
The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for St. Andrews for the above mentioned Company is now prepared to take risks on every description of property against loss on Fire, and on Marine risks, but takes no marine risks.
THE GUARDIAN.
A Newspaper published in New York and devoted to News, Trade, Morals, City Matters and Police Reports, is edited by George W. FOSTER, No. 16 Chamber Street. The affairs of the British N. American Colonies constitute an essential feature of this publication, and should render it acceptable to the important dependencies of the Crown.—The terms are lower than those of any other print, being for the DAILY IMPRESSION only, \$5 per annum; \$3 for 6 months; and \$1.25 for 3 months, payable in advance. Persons desirous of obtaining this very cheap periodical will please leave their names with Mr. W. Leen, Market Wharf.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.
R. FOULIS intimates to his friends that he has now begun on a commodious Room in Mr. F. Hay's building, Prince William Street, where he will commence in a few days his proposed course of Lectures on PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY. He will also open Classes for teaching Figures, Architectural, and Mechanical Drawing, the principles of perspective, and the Elements of Mechanics.
Those persons who wish to attend either of the above Classes, will please make early application.
St. John, August 4th, 1838.

NOTICE.
ALL Persons having legal demands against the Estate of Eliza Jarvis late of St. Andrews deceased are hereby requested to render the same duly attested, within three months from the date hereof, to Mr. William Garrett of St. Andrews, and those indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make immediate payment to the same person.
ANN JARVIS, sole Admrs.
St. Andrews, 25th July 1838. 29m.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.
THE HOUSE and Premises, including about One Acre or Land in the central part of the Village of Saint John, St. Andrews, now occupied by the subscriber. Terms of sale made, apply to G. S. HILL.
St. John, May 20, 1838.

NOTICE.
Is hereby given that as he is about to leave the Province, all those who are indebted to him are called on to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against him will please present them for adjustment.
ROBERT JOHNSTON.
St. David, 4th August 1838.

TO LET.
THE HOUSE, Garden and Lot formerly owned by the late Mrs. Dunn, and lately occupied by the Rev. Dr. ALLEY, possession given immediately.
Also, That well known Farm at Joe's Point occupied by Mr. D. D. Morrison, less than one mile from the Town, containing one hundred and sixty five acres, two thirds of which is meadow, having on it two Dwelling Houses and three Barns—may be occupied by two or one Tenant, with some stock to suit applicants. Possession given on the first of November next. Apply to
Rev. JOHN DUNN.
St. Andrews, July 2, 1838.—24m.

TO BE RELEASED.
By the year, or for a term of years if desired.
PART of the Lands forming the Chamcook grant pleasantly situated partly on the great road from St. Andrews to St. John, and partly on the shore, consisting of twenty two acres and a half; seventeen of which are under meadow which may be made to cut twelve tons of hay, being convenient to rock weed; there is also a cottage opposite to the entrance, the house of John McLachlan Esq. half of which will be let with the land. There is about half of the remainder of the land well covered with wood, and about four acres prepared for a crop. The whole is under good fences. Application may be made to Mr. John Townshend at Chamcook, and any enquiries as to preliminaries may be learnt from the Editor of the Standard.
JOHN TOWNSHEND.
Chamcook, April 30, 1838.—17m.

P. DUFF King Street, St. John May 10, 1838.
Just received per Hawk from London, the subscriber's usual Extensive supply of LONDON GOODS consisting of—
Silks, Crapes, Bombazines, Shawls, Crapes, Handkerchiefs, Red and Lace Gloves, silk, mohair, merino and cotton Hosiery; silk Umbrellas and Parasols; Indian rubber, silk and cotton Braces; new styles VESTINGS and TROUSERS; Stuffs; best quality black silk and ducape Cravats; new styles silk and satin STOCKS; silk pocket Handkerchiefs; CARPETS, Hoarings, Rugs; Indian damask Carpet and egg Covers; best 4-4 Irish Strong Linens, Lawns, French Cambrics, damask Doilies and Table Napkins, Fringes, Orres, Laces, Bell Palls, &c. &c. &c.
Also—per Clyde from Liverpool:
2300 Pieces COTTON GOODS, consisting of—Prints, printed Muslins, Furniture Prints, Regatta Stripes, apron Checks, Scotch Homespuns, plain and fancy French Ginghams, white and grey Shirtings and Sheetings, rolled Jacquets, black and fancy Sleeve Linings, new styles fancy Summer Trousers, socks, Hosiery, Canteens, canteens, white and color'd Counterpanes and Quilts, &c.
320 Pieces WOOLLENS, consisting of—very fine black, blue, and fancy colors Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Satinets, new styles fancy Cassimeres, Paddings, fancy Druggists for Floor Cloths, fine Welsh Flannels, common do.; Shalloons, Merinos, Lastings, black and fancy water'd Moreens, point and rose Blankets, Green Baze, Carpet Bindings, &c. &c.
For sale at the subscriber's usual low prices, for Cash only.
P. DUFF.

NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscribers have received from the Clerk of the Peace for this County, Warrants of Assessment, requiring their forthwith to raise the sum of two hundred and fifty eight pounds, sixteen shillings and six pence, within the Parish of St. Andrews. All persons liable to assessment are therefore requested to furnish the Assessors with statements of their property and income pursuant to the directions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
S. FRYE, Assessor of Rates.
D. W. JACK, Assessor of Rates.
G. D. STREET.
St. Andrews, April 20, 1838.—16m.

STEAM-BOAT NOTICE.
STEAMER NOVA SCOTIA, THOMAS REED, Master, will, on and after Wednesday the 27th inst. extend her trips to Saint Andrews and St. Stephens, returning on Thursday, touching at St. Andrews and Eastport.
Will leave St. Stephens at Six o'clock in the morning—should it be low water at that time she will leave sooner, of which due notice will be given.
St. John, 27th June, 1838.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Subscriber has put all the accounts of those indebted to him into the hands of his lawyer to be collected forthwith. Having for many months past given repeated intimation of his intention to enforce payment from those that disregarded his applications for a settlement they will have themselves to blame if they suffer themselves to be sued.
BERNARD SHARKEY.

WANTED TO CHARTER.
Two or three vessels from 200 to 300 Tons register to take Lumber to a port in the West Indies—Apply to
WM. BIDCOCK & SON.
St. Andrews, September 1st, 1838.

FOR SALE.
320 Tons red Pine Timber averaging ten per stick 75 Yellow do. do. do. 60 feet
8 Red Pine mast timber, of large size,
50 Tons hard wood Timber, of large size,
250 m. feet deals principally 11 inch.
Lumber and deals end for broken storage
300 m. ft. boards suitable for the W. I. Market.
300 m. Pine and Cedar shingles.
Deliverable from the Wharf and Dock of the Subscribers.
WM. BIDCOCK & SON.

TO BE LET.
An excellent and commodious House in Par Street, near the Roman Catholic Church, opposite the house of the Rev. Mr. Cunningham and lately in possession of the Rev. Mr. Desbray.—It contains 4 rooms on the first floor, two bedrooms in the attic story and two good cellar Kitchens on the ground floor with other accommodations. Immediate possession can be given—Apply to
SAMUEL GETTY.
St. Andrews, June 2, 1838. 21m

CHEAP TO BE NEW WINTER GOODS.
The Subscriber has received part of his fall supply, among which will be found 50 pair 24 1/4 and 11 1/4 Blankets; Bells of Plumes, assorted colours; Scotch spunges; new article for pantaloons; 6 4 and 4 1/2 d. and 1/2 d. Merinos; large assortment of printed Calicoes; Bales of slop—The remainder of his supply, daily expected.
D. BRADLEY.
St. Andrews, Sep. 29, 1838.—33m.

SAINT STEPHEN HOTEL AND LIVERY STABLES.
MRS. ATHERTON begs to announce that she has fitted up the House for her TRAVELLERS and BOARDERS, Who will be accommodated with the best Fare, Wines &c. and every attention paid to their convenience and comfort.
SPACIOUS STABLES are attached to the premises and a Groom will be in constant attendance.
Information may always be obtained at this Establishment of the sailing of the Packets and Steamers—Departure of Stages &c.
St. Stephen, 21st July, 1838.

BLANK FORMS FOR SALE AT THE STANDARD OFFICE.
AND PRINTED TO ORDER.
SUPREME COURT.
Subpoena; Common process; Bailable process; Non-bailable process; Bailable writ Declarations; Pleas; General Issue; and Notice of set off.
COMMON PLEAS.
Summary process, bailable and non bailable; Executions, Ca. Sa's and Fi Fas blanks.
MAGISTRATES.
Summons, Subpoena, Ticket, Juror's summons, Writs subpoena, Defendants bond, Capias Committment, Ship-master's complaint warrant-commital and discharge.
MISCELLANEOUS.
Deed of land; Warranty deed; Letter of administration; Letter of appraisement Confined debtors notice for maintenance, and for discharge. Indemnures. Bond to pay money. To enter up judgment. Timber. Land petitions.

To be Sold.
A FARM consisting of 100 acres, of which about 40 are in a high state of cultivation and about two thirds of the lot is in excellent pasture. There is a house of one story 27 by 33 feet, a barn 40 by 32, besides sheds, out-houses and other conveniences. A superior perennial well of water is within a few rods of the house, and there is a thriving young orchard and garden elegantly situated. This farm is on the road from Moore's Mills to St. Stephen, within half a mile of a Grist Mill, Saw Mill, Carding Machine; Carpenter and Wheelwright Manufactory; Blacksmith's Forge &c. 6 miles from Oak Bay, and 7 miles from Saint Stephen. Application as to terms, which will be easy, may be made to Mr. J. S. Phillips on the premises, or to the Editor of the Standard.
St. James, Charlotte Co. 25th April, 1838.—17m

FLOUR, RICE, &c. &c.
JUST RECEIVED.
Per schr. Mary Elizabeth from New York, via Eastport.
20 BLS. fresh Rye Flour, 4 kegs fine quality Barley's Tobacco, 16's.
1 Tierce and 2 half tierces Rice,
10 half barrels superfine Flour,
6 do. do. Butter Crackers,
1 box patent Crackers and Gales.

SHIP TIMBER FOR SALE.
ON the Bank, ready for delivery at Money Cove near the North End of Grand Manan, the hard-wood part of a Ship's Frame of 400 tons—all lugged-sid. Apply to the Rector or Church-Wardens of this Parish.
Grand Manan, Dec. 1837. Sit.

TO SHIP MASTER.
The articles of agreement between Masters and Crews of Ships, designated by an Act of the Imperial Parliament passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of King WILLIAM the Fourth, are required to be drawn up in a Form which is strictly adhered to in the British Dominions. Blank Forms are carefully drawn up from the aforesaid Act, and to be had at the
ST. ANDREWS STANDARD OFFICE.

HASTE MAIL STAGE BETWEEN St. John and Fredericton.
THE Subscribers intend running a Stage between St. John and Fredericton three times a week, to commence on Monday next, the 15th inst. The Stage will leave the Saint John Hotel, King street, at 8 o'clock every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Morning, and Fredericton every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Morning, at the same hour.—The Subscribers having made arrangements for the comfort and speedy conveyance of passengers, having four changes of Horses upon the road, trust that their exertions will meet with a share of public patronage.
FARE THROUGH—Twenty Shillings. Books will be kept at St. John, at the St. John Hotel, and at Fredericton, at Jackson's Hotel, and at the Albion Hotel.

TO BE SOLD.
THE Two Story HOUSE, in Water Street, lately occupied by the Subscriber. It has two Stores, and is fitted up for the accommodation of two families.
ALSO.
The two story House with a good stone cellar, in Pagan Street, which is adapted for four families.
ALSO.
A Lot with a good Barn on it, fronting partly on Water Street, and extending to low water mark, purchased from the late Mr. Jas. Paul.—Terms easy, and made known at sale Apply to Mr. HUGH M'GRATH.
SAMUEL WOODSIDE.
St. Andrews, May 23, 1838. 20m.

SAINT STEPHEN HOTEL AND LIVERY STABLES.
MRS. ATHERTON begs to announce that she has fitted up the House for her TRAVELLERS and BOARDERS, Who will be accommodated with the best Fare, Wines &c. and every attention paid to their convenience and comfort.
SPACIOUS STABLES are attached to the premises and a Groom will be in constant attendance.
Information may always be obtained at this Establishment of the sailing of the Packets and Steamers—Departure of Stages &c.
St. Stephen, 21st July, 1838.

EXTENSIVE FRESH SUPPLY Of warranted Herb, Flower, Field and Garden Seeds.
SAMUEL GETTY, has received his usual supply of Seeds, as enumerated below, to which he calls the attention of his customers and the public, trusting that the satisfaction he has heretofore offered, will induce his friends to supply themselves at his store.
Beans, broad Windsor, Squash, early orange, early white dwarf, early bush, or scallop, white kidney dwarf, Tomato, common, Horticultural pole, love apple.
Ternip, white flat, early white duck, yellow stone, early garden stone.
BET, large blood, Ego Plant, white, early orange, purple.
Broccoli, early white, early purple.
Cauliflower, early, late, dath.
Celery, white solid, large scotch.
Carrot, early Dutch, imperial head, long green prickly, white cost, of long green globe savor, white cost, of long green globe savor, large cape savor, early sugar loaf, and below, scotch kale.
Parsnip, at skin, large Dutch, Parsley, dwarf, double curled.
Cucumbers, early frame, Peas, earliest dwarf, early Washington, dwarf blue imperial, early hotspur.
Radish, long salmon, dwarf marrowfat, cherry, turnip rooted, do. sugar extable, white, turnip rooted, prussian blue, and her varieties raised under the venter's own inspection.
Sweet and P of Herbs.
Lavender—Lemon balm. Herbs given—Clove Mignette—Horehound. Large white English Rosemary—Summer savory.
Ruta Baga—Mangel Wurzel.
Thyme—Saffron. One hundred and fifty Field Seeds, varieties.
The above articles, as it is well known to be customary, can only be sold for cash.
St. Andrews, April 6, 1838.—14m. wvs.

New and Fashionable GOODS.
The Subscriber respectfully informs the Public that he has received by late Arrivals, an elegant assortment of New and Fashionable Goods—among which are—
BLUE, black, brown, and olive Broadcloth plain and figured satinets, Calvase and Pading, plain and figured Molestins, bleached and unbleached Cottons, Regatis, Apron, Cloves, Tickings, white and colored, Jettis, blue, white and red Flannels; Merinos, Linen and Diapers, and filled cloth Shawls, Ladies white and colored, Groes, white and colored, Ladies white and colored Gloves; Hosiery, blond, gauze, and black lace Veils; cotton and silk Velvets, Ladies Robes and Shoes, book, mull, and jaconet Muslins; Bobinet, Lace quilting and Edging, a new and fancy Bonnets, together with an assortment of Ready-made Clothing; all of which will be sold at very low prices for cash.
All Persons having unsettled accounts of over three months standing, are requested to call and settle the same immediately. Regaly, otherwise they will be left in the hands of proper persons for collection.
HUGH QUIN.
192a p.a.
May 17, 1838.

PAINT & OIL.
Just Received per Schooner Force st from
2 PIPES boiled and raw 1 inced Oil,
10 cwt. first quality London White Lead which will be sold low.
March 30, 1838. J. W. STREET. 13y

SAINT STEPHEN Marine Mutual Insurance Association.
THE above Association will effect Insurance on Vessels and Cargoes belonging to, and owned in the County of Charlotte, not exceeding £2000 currency, on any one risk including both Vessel and Cargo.
The affairs of the Association are conducted by the following Board of Directors.
James Frink, Robert M. Todd,
Geo. M. Porter, Esq., Robert Lindsay,
Alexander Grant, William Porter,
George S. Hill.
All applications for Insurance to be made to WM. T. ROSE, Broker
St. Stephen, Jan. 1, 1838. 10 m 1r

CROSKILL'S NOVA SCOTIA.
EVERY effort has been made to render this elementary work acceptable to the public, and especially to the instruction of youth. It contains more matter than was originally intended, with a good Map, and is now the continuation of the History of the Province to the Coronation of Queen Victoria.
For sale at the Booksellers in town, at one shilling and six pence each. Wholesale price for a dozen and upwards, fifteen shillings per d. Orders from the country will be answered by Booksellers, or the publisher, J. CROSSKILL.
Halifax, August 15.

Notice.
ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of John M'Master, late of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Merchant, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to
JAMES ALLANSHAW, Administrator.
St. Andrews 5th May, 1838. 17m

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
Ex. Wakefield and Clyde from Liverpool via Saint John, Bolts Canvas No. 1 to 7; 30 ends broad Cloth, blue, black, green, rife, dahlia claret, mulberry, olive and roman purple.
18 pieces Grey mixed Cloth; 20 " Plain and fancy Cassimeres; 23 " fancy Buck and Doe skins; 60 " unbleached Cotton; 55 do. bleached do
—Ex Francis Landon—
150 tins best white Lead, 28lbs. each.
50 " do do do 14lbs. each.
50 kegs do do do 56lbs. each.
50 tins red, blue and green Paints, ground in oil, 14 to 30lbs. each.
2 Rhds. raw Paint Oil; 4 do. boiled do.
10 cases Champagne.
Ex Brig Northumberland from Sunderland, 21st June.
200 chaldrons Newcastle house Coal,
10 casks Lambblack in lbs. 1-2lb. 1-4lb. papers, 24 barrels coal Tar.
75 crates glass bottles, 8 half pint and pint, 1 gross in each crate,
6 crates Crockery Ware, blue and printed, assorted, a lot of brown Earthen Ware.
Ex Barque Lady Campbell from Liverpool 22d. June.
10 crates painted crockery ware, assorted, 9 do. painted and printed do., 7 do. blue printed do., 48 kegs wrought Nails, 200 10lb. 8d. 41. 2 do. sheathing Nails, 1 do. Pump Tacks, 30 Bales Spikes 4 5 6 7 8 inch, 15 boxes sh. r. pipes, 10 gross in a box, 125 do. long do. 5 do. 4 coils Cordage from 6th d. to 4 inch R-p; 30 coils spun; arm, marine, house-line and amberline; 1 bale deep sea lead lines, log do., pollock do., cod and mackerel do.
15 ewings h and r
cask paint line hoop iron nails and handles, bar do.
4 do. Aspic, 2; 20 lbs black paper.
4 casks double cranks, 2 do. 41.
230 boxes of Soapfined Sugar,
2 tons iron 20s 56 and 112lb Boxes, extra covers, Kettles, Wess pans and 1 cask Tea Kettle do.
1 case Charles's, Sancerre, Stew do.
St. George's, C. J. Bay Family, West Indies general Charthamnel, coat of Ireland, and riles Epitomes, with direction book; No-parallel rulers; Navigation, Quadrants, passes, rechoon, dividers, ships brass compass, 25 black, 25 white do., 41 do. case blue, 14lb. olive, bronza brown and black smokers, oxford mixed, drab, 35 d. fancy Buckskins, 15 do. d. printed cassimeres, 20 do. Merinos, and Fastuas, 10 do. Cassinets, fancy e. dours; 50 lb. Saffron do., 50 pieces fancy Handkerchiefs; 200 do. printed Calicos, 20 doz. Linen broad black, brown 10 hanks Ravens sewing silk and and 4 5 ems face. 5 cases of St. Peter's, 20 do. Quiltings and Valenciennes for 5500 linsies Salt, 10 bags the butter, 4 70 chaldrons Peabody's C. 4, 5 100 lbs flat, bar, and bolt iron.

ON HAND.
50 quintals Cod and Pollack Fish;
10 lbs. Molasses; 50 lb. chain Cables, Rope Oskum; Window Glass; plate Glass; 6 casks assorted Glassware.
All of which will be sold low for approved payment.
A general assortment of Hardware suitable for the Retail Trade.
WM. BIDCOCK & SON.
St. Andrews, May 25, 1838.—20m.

ON CONSIGNMENT.
And hourly expected in the Schooners Emily and Thomas Weyer, from HALIFAX.
300 BLS. Fresh ground Flour, 200 hbls. Hamburg do., 100 Sacks Bran and Pollard, 20 pancheons Jamaica Rum, 200 very superior Bannan Ayres Hides, 100 hbl. and Half-barrels No. 1, inspected Newfoundland Herrings,
10 boxes sperm Candles,
All of which will be sold low for cash or good paper.
JAMES BOYD.
Saint Andrews, 30th March, 1838. 13y.

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber is constrained to take this mode of informing those indebted to him by note, book account, or otherwise, many of which are of several years standing, that he now calls on them for payment; and that all claims, which may remain unsettled on the 6th day of August next will without exception be put into an Attorney's hands for collection.
St. Andrews, June 25, 1838. 14m.
JAMES McCARTY.

NOTICE.
THIS is to caution all persons from purchasing a Note of hand drawn by us, in favor of George Eaton, for one hundred and fifty pounds due in August 1838, as we have not received value for the same.
ISAAC DAVIS
JAMES DAVIS,
NOAH DOWDELL.
St. George, 23d July, 1838. 21d

THE STANDARD.
Legal notices by individuals who have no account with the Office to be paid for in advance. Blanks, Handbills, &c. struck off at the shortest notice.—to be paid for on delivery.
AGENTS
St. Andrews, Mrs. S. Connick, Wang Chamcook.
St. Stephen, Mr. H. Purvis, Salt Water Milltown.
St. James, Mr. W. Campbell, Salt Water Milltown.
St. David, Mr. D. Barber, Oak Hill.
St. John, Trist Moore Esq., Deas Hill 15.
St. Patrick, Mrs. Brown Esq., Tower Hill.
St. George, Mrs. Charles Turner, Oak Bay.
St. John, Mr. John M'Gill, Digby.
St. George, Mr. John Rogers, Lower Falls.
St. Patrick, Mr. S. L. Blake, Upper Falls.
St. John, Joshua Knight Esq., Knights M the Willford Estate Esq., White Corn.
St. David, D. M'Millan Esq., Deas Hill 15.
St. James, W. J. Layton Esq., Upper Falls.
St. George, A. D. Sheriff Esq., Bookers.
St. Patrick, Joseph Reid Esq., Bathurst.
St. John, Mr. F. Haverley, Haverley.
St. David, Mr. Wm. Grant, Thomas Brown.

THE ST. ANDREWS STANDARD.
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY SAINT ANDREWS, NEW B. GEO. N. SMITH.
TERMS
15s. a year, delivered in town 17s. 6d. do. when forwarded.
ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted according to written order 1d. for each line in the Standard. First insertion of 12 lines and each repetition of 10 lines. Each repetition over 12 lines. Advertising by the year as may be.

THE STANDARD.
SAINT ANDREWS Wednesday, N
The communication, respecting proceedings of certain SEMINOLE, which we acknowledged the printer of the 17th instant, we publish on Saturday last; but interesting matter furnished by the Standard from Europe, and the Standard presented to us by the Standard claimed immediate attention, as from inserting our correspondence—although in type. We now our Readers with this solitary hour rest brethren, throughout have been as communicative to get calling himself an English have been to Mr. H.—as at L—we should not be inclined to be emulates the praise of prudence only wonder, under such circumstances their plans have hitherto been carried out.
St. Stephen Hill.
Dear Sir,
Wonders I believe will be who ever have dreamt of seeing in this quarter, particularly at a time as the present! But I have seen a Seminole but a "Hickam" the prosecution of the business a ready destined me in this, much longer time than when I the slightest degree contemplate the other day to go up to as far as the Grand Lake, and much delighted with the beauty of the scenery, although the river was tedious and fatiguing. (I had a friend with me.) tried to take the American side of the greater ease of travelling in this advice, and on our way good fortune accidentally to the Island the property of an Indian his family, resides there in a state which few places of much greater can boast of. We were polite est manner, and were most agree to find every thing about the farm—the dress and manners of the cultivation of the soil, and the most decided English character was in a source of much pleasure, partaking of the good cheer which was put before us, and extending of note about the place, in little time to spare, we sat down to a most interesting conversation, and on our way home we were accompanied by two of the strangers were seen other a Chickasawie, the three of the purpose of treating with the Indian tribes throughout the States, and about it, possibly, a gentleman of the Brethren against the Americans—that such talk was reversed the whole of the country talk" with all the civility and less had succeeded in their object most sanguine expectations—no were now preparing to return to homes.
I could not help feeling great in these strangers, with whom I unexpected manner brought in and so intense was the look we scanned their persons that, but I feel breeding, I must have given They were the finest looking men particularly the Mickasawie, freedom of action and ease of mard a loftiness of carriage that we degraded a descendant of the Richard.
Our time not permitting a stay, and suspecting that by might be in the way of their co freely among themselves, we too and in due time reached our form at Mrs. A.—where we had a of meeting some acquaintances here, with whom we passed an evening.
I have since, now and again, straying back to the Island, and thousand things as to the issue of a oner as a union of the Indians due to so unargued a country as States; and I have been helped of thinking by the perusal of a de Fort Brook, Tampa Bay, of sep in which it is stated that Sam

THE STANDARD.
SAINT ANDREWS Wednesday, N
The communication, respecting proceedings of certain SEMINOLE, which we acknowledged the printer of the 17th instant, we publish on Saturday last; but interesting matter furnished by the Standard from Europe, and the Standard presented to us by the Standard claimed immediate attention, as from inserting our correspondence—although in type. We now our Readers with this solitary hour rest brethren, throughout have been as communicative to get calling himself an English have been to Mr. H.—as at L—we should not be inclined to be emulates the praise of prudence only wonder, under such circumstances their plans have hitherto been carried out.
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Dear Sir,
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