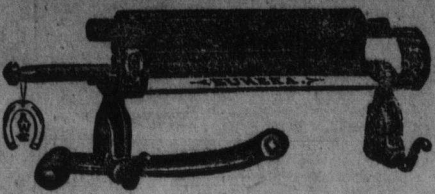


WRINGERS. . .



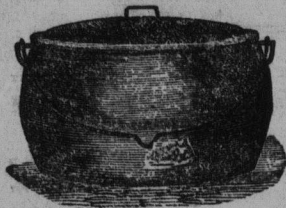
We have nine varieties of Wringers, all of them good.

The Eureka, as shown, best quality American Wringer, 11 inch rolls, guaranteed for three years.

Send for circular.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED. . . Market Square.

Cooking Utensils



For Hotel and Restaurant Use.

Superior, high-grade Sauce Pans, Ham Boilers, Stewing pots, etc. English manufacture, made from steel, the inside lined with tin. They are light, durable, and moderate in price.

EMERSON & FISHER, 75 Prince Wm. Street.

HUTCHINGS & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

First Class Bedding, Wire Mattresses,

Iron Bedsteads and Cribbs,

Invalid Wheel Chairs, Etc.

101 to 107 GERMAIN STREET.

Footwear

For Easter.

Never before have we been able to show our customers such a splendid array of beautiful footwear. Every department is stocked with the best and most fashionable goods made in Canada and the United States.

WATERBURY & RISING,

61 King Street.

212 Union Street.

Annual March

Furniture Sale!

Only a few days left to buy furniture at reduced prices. 20 per cent. discount on all goods.

The assortment is an extensive one. It comprises every grade and style of Furniture, excellent in quality and superior in finish. The prices tell the story most forcibly. Call and examine.

F. A. JONES CO., Ltd., 16 and 18 King Street.

KILLED BY EXPLOSION.

Sudden Death of H. S. Mowbray, Well Known in St. John.

Word has been received by U. S. Consul Myers of the terribly sudden death of Herman S. Mowbray, who for two years was employed at the consulate here.

Mr. Mowbray, whose home was in Indiana, left St. John two years ago last January, and later was compelled to go to Colorado for relief for lung

trouble. Of this he had recently recovered almost entirely and just a few weeks ago accepted a position as superintendent of a big steel working plant in Pueblo, Col. Last Sunday by the explosion of a blast furnace he was instantly killed. While here Mr. Mowbray made many friends, to whom the news of his death after recovery from a dread disease comes as a great shock. He was especially well known among the attendants of Centenary church. He was twenty-three years old.

St. John, N. B., March 28, 1903.

You Will Save Money

By looking through our stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing before purchasing your Spring Outfit, you will have large stock of all new goods to select from. CORRECT STYLES, PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS AND LOWER PRICES at this store than any where else in town.

MEN'S SUITS from \$3.00 to \$14.00
YOUTH'S LONG PANT SUITS 2.50 to 10.00
BOYS' THREE PIECE SUITS from 2.50 to 6.00
BOYS' TWO PIECE SUITS from 1.10 to 4.50
BOYS' SAILOR SUITS, 10c, 25c, \$1.45 to \$2.35.

Store open evenings till 8 o'clock; Saturday till 11.

J. N. HARVEY,

Tailoring and Clothing,

109 Union Street, Opera House Block.

POLICE COURT.

A Small Race War on the Corporation Wharf.

A Boy Dead Drunk—The Young Girls in Martin Case Still Wanted.

On Thursday afternoon, while William Furlong was sweeping the Corporation wharf some remarks passed between him and Clifford Ward, the colored mate of the bark Albatross. Ward was brought to court this morning on the charge of using abusive language. He cross-questioned Mr. Furlong.

"Did not you say in a highly bombastic manner at the extreme end of your voice, when I asked you if you thought your face was prettier than mine, that if it was not you would surely go and bury yourself?"

"I did."

"Is this not a concordance between you and the other man?"

"No."

Mr. Ward had made highly colored remarks about Mr. Furlong's face and the latter remarked that in Virginia a nigger would not dare to speak to a white man in that manner. But Virginia is some few miles away. The magistrate decided that Ward, who had used insulting language and who had kicked about the piles of dirt which Mr. Furlong swept up, should pay eight dollars and forget all about the Southern States. He paid.

Herbert Morgan tried to work the old vein about getting liquor out of a bottle from two sailors whom he did not know, but this story was given a merry ha-ha by the magistrate and Morgan got cold feet. He was found in a buggy on Long wharf, fast asleep, and in the company of a square face of gin. The horse, which also needed a sleep, was owned by Barnett, of Fairville. Morgan was fined eight dollars or two months.

Between eight and nine o'clock last evening Silas Perry swooped like a hawk on a couple of boys who were playing French-foot-and-a-half on Camden street, and arrested King Kerr who happened to be on his way home, and had stopped to watch the fun. Kerr was dismissed this morning.

A seventeen year old boy by the name of Thomas Saunders was found dead drunk on Mill street last night. He said he got the liquor from a man belonging to Golden Grove, who he did not know. The boy was remanded to jail.

Two other drunks paid the usual fines and a sailor for wandering about the streets was remanded.

In the John Martin liquor selling case Mr. Baxter asked the matter be dismissed as the prosecution did not produce witnesses. The police reported that the two girls Goggin and DeLong, who were found in Martin's shop, had not been to their homes for ten days. The police were prepared to go on with the second charge against Martin.

Two witnesses against Martin were heard and the case postponed for a week.

In the charge against Fred McDermott another witness was examined on behalf of the prisoner. He said that McDermott had been under the influence of liquor. The case was dismissed.

THE LEGISLATURE YESTERDAY.

FREDERICTON, March 27.—The house met at 5 o'clock. Hon. Mr. Pugsley, of the committee appointed to nominate standing committees, presented a report with the names of the contingent committee and asked leave to make a further report.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley presented a petition of A. A. Mabey and 89 others for a bill to exempt the woodworking factory of G. & E. Flewelling Company from taxation for 15 years.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley said he regretted to have to inform the house that the premier was suffering from an attack of the grippe, which would make it necessary for the order of the day for the consideration of the address to stand over until Monday.

[Then followed the discussion on the winding ledge dam, referred to elsewhere in the Star.]

TO SCHOOL BY MOTOR CAR.

Parisians are sending their children to school by motor car now-a-days; at least the middle class. It is a new mode of transport, and is being used for that purpose in the French capital for some months past. Ever since the first of the year, the motor car has been running an automobile omnibus daily to bring pupils to the school and to take them home again. Altogether, the daily run has averaged about sixty miles, and the results have been so good that the system is to be extended to other schools.

FISH FARM FROM HOME.

(Chicago Inter-Ocean.)
Redding, Cal., reports that the top of a hill three miles from town was recently covered with small but perfectly developed salt water fish. The hill is one hundred and fifty feet above high water level, and is surrounded by the sea. The night before the fish were found there had been an unusually heavy storm and Redding fishermen surmise that they came with the rain. To prove the truth of the tale, some of the visitors have been preserved in alcohol.

ON THE OTHER FOOT.

"They say Uncle Silas Hopkins got swindled in a gold brick deal in the city last week."

"Swindled! Not much! I guess he did the swindling if there was any."

"How?"
"First he bought five counterfeit \$100 bills for \$20. Then he bought a gold brick for \$250, paid for it with three of the counterfeits and got \$240 in good money for change. They don't swindle your Uncle Silas as easily as all that."

GLASGOW, March 27.—Sir Thomas Lipton and Designer Watson went to Gourock in expectation of witnessing the yacht's trial, but after consulting with Captain Wringe it was decided that it was not advisable to risk injuring her in the severe weather prevailing.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Arrested at Celio, from Liverpool; Philadelphia, from Southampton and Cherbourg.

PUNISHMENT AFTER DEATH.

Bishop Huntington Affirms His Belief in Hell.

Rt. Rev. Bishop F. D. Huntington of the Episcopal diocese of central New York expressed views in Syracuse, Sunday, concerning hell and punishment after death which has caused much discussion. He affirms his belief in hell, and bitterly criticized ministers who figure out an easy time after death for the sinner.

The venerable bishop had these views, in the form of his mid-Leuten sermon, read in the principal Episcopal churches throughout the diocese. He said:

"Do intelligent laymen know what the clergy really believe about the fact of a judgment and retribution after death? Of a hundred average sermons do three positively proclaim it? Our English translation wrote hell because the Lord's word meant hell."

"When a man dies a rebel, a prodigal, a hardened miser, a worldling, dies in cushions and perfumes and is eulogized because he gave some dollars out of millions to widows and orphans and universities I can, for one, see but one of two things for his social set who does not pretend to apply the precepts or principles of his gospel to his business life or club life, drinks freely, swears profanely when he is provoked, likes to hear sermons that insist upon God's love for everybody alike, discards everything in the religious standards, disparages creeds and advocates open Sunday, why shouldn't he like such sermons and dis the preacher and send him to Europe and have his jokes about the parson?"

"A man who has been cheating, lying and lecherous all the week goes to church and is told that hell is a bugbear for murderers and that ministers who preach it are bigots. He will go home to his dinner, with cheer and cheerfully pay his new tax and crush widows' homes and cheat and lecher another week."

"That God loves and will not punish all men is a fact. But the fact is, in fashionable society, in shops, in nurseries, in seminaries, in slave pens, in saloons, in churches and in chambers, I will not believe. Let me rather be a decent atheist."

TOWARD SOUTH POLE.

Discovery Party Got to 82 Degrees 17 Minutes South.

LYTTLETON, New Zealand, March 28.—The sledging parties for the British Antarctic ship Discovery, whose experiences were reported by the relief ship Morning on the latter's arrival here, Wednesday, engaged in much hazardous work. The dash southward of Captain Scott, of the Discovery, as a result of which he reached latitude 82 degrees 17 minutes south, was attended by great hardships. The softened snow told quickly on the dogs, all of which died, the party had only a month's provisions when it left the southernmost depot and therefore it was impossible to continue southward without inviting disaster. The return journey was most trying. The men were on short rations for five days.

ON THE RIVER.

The new tugboat Helen Glaser was launched at Indiantown at noon today and will be ready for work in a week or ten days. She will be used chiefly around the booms.

The Springfield left at twelve o'clock today for Public Landing. No word has been received of the ice in the reach excepting that it still remains solid, but may run out at any time. Gasparaux are not quite so plentiful as they were during the earlier part of the week. The price remains at two dollars per hundred.

YOUNG WOMAN KILLED.

NEW YORK, March 28.—A young woman of evident wealth and refinement, was run down by a cab last night in front of the Waldorf-Astoria. She was taken to a hospital where she died without having recovered consciousness. There was nothing to aid in identification except the initials "M. C." on her underwear. No purse, hand bag, or handkerchief were to be found to aid in identification. The police are inclined to believe that a thief got away with these things.

SIR HECTOR MACDONALD.

PARIS, March 28.—After a conference at the British embassy at noon today between the officials and representatives of the family of Major General Sir Hector MacDonald, who killed himself at the Regina Hotel here, on Wednesday, a statement was issued that the body would be removed to Scotland and expressing an earnest desire for the strictest privacy.

CELTIC ADVICES.

NEW YORK, March 28.—The steamer Celtic, which arrived today from Liverpool and Queenstown, was due yesterday, but on March 24 a valve of the high pressure cylinder of the port engine blew out and the steamer was obliged to steam thirty-eight hours with one engine, while repairs were being made.

ABOUT 1,000 ON STRIKE.

MAHONEY CITY, Pa., March 28.—Refusing to submit their grievances to arbitration as proposed by the twelve breweries controlled by the Anthracite Brewers' Association, the United Brewery Workers, to the number of about 1,000, struck today. The chief demand of the union is for an increase in wages.

AN EXPLOSION.

CHICAGO, March 28.—A 100 pound tank of ammonia exploded at Fulton Market last night. Fire, which ensued, caused a loss of \$100,000. Two men were overcome by the fumes of ammonia and were rescued by the police.

INTERNATIONAL CHESS.

The English university team won yesterday's international chess play in the only game that was decided, but a despatch says the Americans have a fair chance of pulling up today.

CIGARS AND TOBACCOES.

The best place in St. John to buy cigars, tobaccos, pipes, and other smokers' requisites is at R. J. Wilkins, King street. Try his smoking mixture.

ONE KILLED, ONE CAPTURED.

CLEVELAND, March 28.—In a battle between two robbers and officers and citizens in Bedford, a suburb, early today, one of the robbers was killed and the other captured.

In face of severe American and Continental competition, the Vulcan Foundry Company, Newton-le-Willows, England, have secured the contract for a dozen powerful locomotives for the Central South African railways.

IRISH LAND BILL.

Unless the Irish Members Accept it in Generous Spirit.

The Unionist Supporters of the Government May Counsel It's Withdrawal.

LONDON, March 28.—In the lobbies of parliament last night the opinion regarding the Irish land bill was rather less enthusiastic as it was recognized to be a measure of such complexity that its only chance of existence lies in the rather doubtful possibility of all parties consenting to accept in a generous spirit, and that on account of opposition from any quarter must inevitably wreck it. The nationalists already are displaying restiveness. Latterly they have rather consistently supported the government in the divisions, but last night on a private member's bill of little consequence they voted against the government, with the result that the measure only escaped defeat by the narrow majority of thirteen. The Irishmen have been present in their full strength, instead of only fifty-five of them being in the house, the government would have been defeated. This uncertain attitude of John Redmond's supporters is giving the government great anxiety, and it is believed that if the Irish members show a carping spirit towards the land bill many unionist supporters of the government would counsel its withdrawal on the ground of its unpopularity among the British electors, who already are smarting under the burdens of a heavy war taxation.

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 28.—Andrew Carnegie has added \$1,500,000 to his library donations in Pittsburgh. He will give \$1,400,000 in addition to the \$1,500,000 already provided for in addition to the present Carnegie library, and \$1,500,000 for the building of the new east wing. Mr. Carnegie's contributions now total \$5,000,000 to the greater institution. The proposed addition to the Carnegie institute will make it five times larger than the present building, and will contain not only quarters for a museum but also an immense art gallery.

ANOTHER BIG COMBINE.

MUNCIE, Ind., March 28.—It is announced here that a combination is being formed to take in the rolling mills of the middle west and that Muncie is to be the headquarters of the concern. All factories manufacturing bar iron in Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Wisconsin and Missouri, including mills at Muncie, Chicago, Muskegon, Milwaukee and St. Louis are named. It is said the American Rolling Mill Corporation is chiefly interested. The new company will be known as the Annealing Mill Corporation.

A BLOODY RIOT.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 28.—A great strike riot, accompanied by much bloodshed, has occurred at the town of Slatoust, in the government of Oefa, among the Ural Mountains. Twenty-eight were killed and fifty injured. Slatoust (also spelled Slatoust) is the chief town of a mining district and is the centre of the Southern Imperial mines. It has iron works and an extensive manufacturing of damasked scarves and articles of inlaid and embossed steel. Slatoust has an altitude of 1,343 feet and contains a population of about 21,000.

SERIOUS LABOR TROUBLES.

THE HAGUE, March 28.—The numerous separate strikes which are occurring throughout the country are regarded by the government as showing that the present calm is only outward, and it has therefore been decided to keep the reservists with the colors for another month.

STOLEN DIAMONDS.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 28.—Diamonds valued at \$4,000 have been stolen from a Nicollet avenue jewelry store. Two negroes are believed to have been the thieves, but they escaped.

A DISCOURAGING DISCUSSION.

(Brooklyn Eagle.)
The bartenders of Chicago have organized a total abstinence society. From figures presented at the first meeting it was shown that fully one-third of the bartenders and saloon owners of the city are abstainers. Many of the large saloons the proprietors will not employ a man who drinks. There are so many things one might say about this that one is discouraged from saying anything.

STATISTICS AS APPLIED.

(Brooklyn Eagle.)
Then an who makes statistics has figured out that 67,000,000 million passengers were carried on the railroads of the United States in 1902. This, he informs us, is an average of eight rides for every man, woman and child in the country. In view of the fact that I have not chipped in my share, I suppose I must owe about \$2 to Pullman for porters, but I do hope they won't press me for it until after pay day.

HALIFAX MAN APPOINTED.

W. B. G. Hopson, of the firm of Robson Bros., civil engineers, of Halifax, has been appointed engineer in charge of the proposed new aqueduct to supply the City of Greater New York. This aqueduct will be the greatest of its kind in the world, having a daily capacity of seven hundred million gallons, a total length of about one hundred miles and at an estimated cost of \$35,000,000.

EARLY PLOWING.

D. C. Hall at Salisbury Cove, Me., plowed half an acre of land on March 18th, a feat he thinks was seldom attempted before in the State of Maine so early in the season. His furrows were eight inches deep and he only struck frost in two or three inches. The ground was in excellent condition, and on March 18th it was planted with peas.

KILLED IN A MILL.

Charles Robbins, head sawyer at Noyes' lumber mill at West Gouldsboro, Me., was instantly killed on Thursday. He fell across a rotary saw, which severed one leg at the thigh, and entered the bowel. Robbins was about twenty-five years of age, and a young man of promise. He leaves a wife and one child.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED.—Compositor—young lady. Apply at 107 Germain street.

A Word About Men's Hats.

Thinking it over will convince you that despite innumerable tryings on at other stores you can't get a better fitting, more durable, color and shape-keeping Derby at any price than our own make of hat. For some hats you pay largely for the name which nobody sees while you're wearing it. For ours you pay for the hat. If we have nothing in stock to suit you we will make one any width of brim, any height of crown—in fact suit the hat to the face.

James Anderson,

17 Charlotte Street.

Boot and Shoe REPAIRING.

Remember, we are practical shoemakers, and any work entrusted to our care will be done in first-class manner.

We don't cobbler—we repair.

Velvet or O'Sullivan Rubber Heels put on while you wait.

W. A. SINCLAIR,

65 BRUSSELS ST.

NEW STORE.

First-class line of FRESH AND SALT FISH, MEATS, VEGETABLES, Etc. Our Own Make of SAUSAGE MEAT AND SAUSAGES. CROWE & JOE, 31 WATERLOO ST.



YOU

know how "hot under the collar" and over the bosom it makes you when, just ready to dress for an evening's enjoyment you find your best shirt unfit to wear. Why run the risk of such a mishap when we always do your work all right every way!

50 Flat (white) pieces washed and ironed for 50c.

GLOBE LAUNDRY, 25-27 Waterloo St.

LAMPS. . .

Banquet, Table, Hanging and Bracket Lamps. Burners, Chimneys, etc. All kinds at lowest prices.

LAMPS REPAIRED.

J. R. CAMERON, 64 Prince Wm. St.

G. T. WHITENECT,

PAINTER AND DECORATOR,

Whitewashing, Paper Hanging, Etc.

190 UNION STREET.

OUR

Millinery Opening

NEXT WEEK.

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,

Mar. 31, Apr. 1 and 2.

A cordial invitation is extended to the ladies to call.

CHAS. K. CAMERON & CO.,

77 KING STREET.

WALKING THE MOST WHOLESOME EXERCISE.

Walking is the simplest, the most natural and the most wholesome of all exercises. No athlete ever trains for a contest, no matter what its nature may be, without walking a considerable distance in the open air each day. Many keep in vigorous health by this alone, and no matter what other exercise you take, you must walk. But, first of all learn how to walk. A great many people walk in an aimless, shuffling manner, and secure but little benefit from the exercise. In walking for exercise, the effect is better if the mind is directed toward some pleasurable end. Walk with consciously directed movements until you have brought every muscle under perfect control of your will. Moping along in an aimless, aimless manner does little good physically and harms one mentally.

The necessity of maintaining a proper, erect position of the body must, says a writer in the April Cosmopolitan, be borne in mind. Bear the weight on the balls of the feet, keep the shoulders back and down, the chest high, but do not hold the abdomen inward, as is taught by many athletic instructors. Let it be relaxed. For this part of the body should move in and out with each breath. There should be perfect freedom to breathe normally.

THE PACING GAIT.

Side Wheelers Were Popular
in Tennessee as Early as
1830.

Career of Copperbottom—Was Bred
in Kentucky and Imported Into
Tennessee—Was a Natural
Pacer.

The State of Tennessee is justly entitled to the distinction of being called the mother of the present day pacer. That state was settled in 1780 and for many years thereafter the thoroughbred was exclusively used as the pleasure horse of the people. As early as 1830, however, and possibly before that period, an inherent love for the pacing gait seems to have been quite prevalent with the people. At fairs and saddle horse exhibits horses that were not natural pacers were made to pace by means of crudely constructed hobbles and other appliances and before there were any purely bred pacers in that state it was no uncommon sight to see horses going the lateral gait under saddle.

From that early date the pacing gait has been so popular with the people of Tennessee that not only has no attempt ever been made to convert the pacers to trotters, but the effort of breeders has been to breed animals naturally possessing the pacing gait.

In 1790 Thomas E. Turner of Warren, N. C., is said to have imported a pacing stallion of the Narragansett family, called Free and Easy, and thereafter Samuel Williams of the same place brought to North Carolina another stallion of this great family, called Ranger. These statements may well be doubted, as no records of the breeding of these horses, as, according to the direct statements of the Rev. Dr. McSparrow, the breed of Narragansett pacers had become extinct before his death, which occurred more than thirty years before the alleged importation.

In 1843 or 1844 a chestnut roan stallion, called Copperbottom, that was bred in Kentucky, and whose sire came from Canada, was brought from Kentucky to Tennessee, where he made three seasons, and died in 1846. He was the first pacing stallion in the state of which any tangible evidence can be found.

Copperbottom is said to have been a fast natural pacer, and to him Tennessee is indebted for some of its best pacing blood, as before leaving Kentucky he sired Parker's Brown Pilot, who undoubtedly sired Brown (or Stone's Edmonds) Pilot, sire of Brooks, sire of Bonsetter, 2:19, and other saddle and pacing horses of great merit.

While in Tennessee Copperbottom sired Mountain Slasher, the founder of the Slasher family of pacers, which, although not sensational as track performers, are very highly esteemed by the people as serviceable and reliable horses for the saddle and harness.

About the time of the advent of Copperbottom there also came to Tennessee from Kentucky the gray mare Betsy Baker, by a quarter horse of the Whip family, and whose dam was undoubtedly a pacing mare.

Betsy Baker was bred to Sugg's Stump, son of Stump-the-Dealer by Timoleon, in 1844, and produced McMeen's (or old) Traveler, who founded one of the best pacing families the state has known. Many of his get achieved distinction in the stud and upon the race tracks. Prominent among his descendants are the names of Joe Bowers, Jr., 2:18, and Sam Jones, 2:18-2. He died in 1863. One of his daughters was the granddam of Star-Pointer.

Kittrell's Hal was bred in Kentucky, from which state he was brought to Tennessee in 1850, and, like other great pacing sires that have added laurels to Tennessee, his pedigree runs back to a Canadian origin. He was a horse of remarkable power, and the great performances of his descendants upon the race courses of America are familiar matters of history.

The great trio—Copperbottom, Old Traveler and Kittrell's Hal—laid the foundation upon which has been reared the grandest pacing horse structure known to history.

Among other prominent Tennessee pacing stallions was General Hardee, one of the grandest horses ever bred upon the soil of the state. Being by a grandson of Kittrell's Hal, and out of a daughter of Old Traveler, he combined the richest pacing blood in the world, and, although from necessity his speed limit rests in conjecture, yet enough of it was seen and known in his declining days to warrant the belief that Tennessee never had within her borders a horse with greater speed or soundness. When 22 years old, and without training, he paced a well authenticated trial at a 2:08 gait. His descendants possess his great speed element in a remarkable degree.

But Malone, a grandson of Copperbottom, whose sire was out of that grand mare, Betsy Baker, was a horse of great natural speed, and as producing dams his daughters have become among the most distinguished in the state.

Distinguished writers, who have described the paces of England as they existed in and prior to the sixteenth century, as well as those that were exported to Canada, the West Indies and other colonies, all picture them as being "too small for war, with crooked hind legs, steep rumps and a low carriage."

And it is probable that those pictures were fully warranted by the subjects from which they were drawn; but the application of intelligent thought to the scientific principles of breeding, stimulated by a love for this grand and valuable class of horses, has marked as great a transformation as that wrought in any department upon which this great progressive agency has been bestowed.

TWO PULP CASES.

Important Decisions—Question Involved
Export Bounty Paid By Canada.

NEW YORK, Mar. 24.—The board of classification of the United States general appraisers yesterday decided the Canada wood pulp case which has been pending before it. The case has attracted a great deal of attention. There were two protestants in the case, namely F. W. Mayers & Company, acting for Hollingsworth, Whitney & Company, of Boston, and the Sault Ste. Marie Pulp and Paper Company of Michigan.

These two protests served to make up a test case, however, to decide issues in which many other concerns

were interested. Two distinct questions were presented to the board. One related to pulp imported from Quebec and the other to pulp from Ontario. In each case the pulp is made from wood cut on what are called "crown lands."

Under the law of Quebec, the commissioner of crown lands is authorized to grant licenses to cut timber on the ungranted lands of the crown, subject to regulations established by the lieutenant governor-in-council, known as the "stumpage tariff."

This tariff provides that licensees shall pay a tax of 45 cents per cord for pulp wood cut, but a rebate is allowed of 25 cents per cord on "timber manufactured into pulp in the Dominion of Canada."

The United States customs authorities levied an additional duty equal to the 25 cent rebate allowed, under a provision of the tariff for an additional duty equal to the export duty which any country or dependency may impose.

The board of classification now overruled the protest relating to the pulp from Quebec and the action of the collector in that particular is sustained. Precisely the same additional duty had been imposed upon the pulp from Ontario. Under the law of that province, however, no one is permitted to cut pulp wood on crown lands unless it is to be manufactured in Canada, and regarding importations from Ontario the board holds that the province of Ontario "levies no export duty upon wood pulp exported from its limits, and therefore the additional duty imposed by the collector upon the merchandise from that province was improperly assessed and his decision on that point is reversed and he is instructed to re-litigate the entry so as to assess no such additional duty."

The decisions appealed from were made by the collector of customs at Burlington, Vt., and Marquette, Mich., under instructions from the treasury department.

It is expected that the case will be appealed to the federal courts.

WILL TRY LUNHEON SCHEME.

Baptist Ministers to Be Induced to
Attend Weekly Meetings by Appeals
to Stomach.

(Brooklyn Eagle.)

The attendance at the regular monthly conference of the Baptist Ministers' Union of Long Island has grown so small recently that the advisability of changing the day or the hour of the conference was discussed at the meeting in Hanson Place church yesterday afternoon. After a lengthy discussion it was voted to meet next month at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, instead of 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The meeting will be held on the third Monday of the month, as usual, but instead of meeting in the Hanson Place Baptist church, which has been the regular meeting place, the ministers will meet at the Strong Place Baptist church, and after the conference is over they will be served with a collation by the women of this church.

If the new departure is a success the meetings will be held in the forenoon in the future and at different churches. In the future and at different churches, the women of the congregations furnishing the collations. It seems that heretofore the meetings have been but slimly attended, because many Baptist ministers of Brooklyn are connected with the Manhattan Baptist Ministers' Union and attend its meetings, which are held on Monday, while many other ministers have board and committee meetings to attend Monday afternoons. The idea of having a collation was borrowed from the Manhattan Ministers' Union. Some of the Brooklyn ministers decided that the reason the monthly conference across the river was so much more largely attended than the meetings over here was due to the fact that a luncheon was served at the Manhattan meetings.

CAPT. CLARK WAS MODEST.
Commander of the Oregon Omitted to
Mention His Own Ship's Service.

Capt. Clark, who brought the battleship Oregon around the Horn so valiantly in time to participate in the naval battle at Santiago, is a very modest man, and although he waited long for his well-earned admiral's position it came to him at last.

The house and naval committee heard from Mr. Dayton the other day an account of his first meeting with Capt. Clark.

"We had gone over to Philadelphia to inspect the League island yard," said Mr. Dayton, and several naval officers escorted us about the place. Admiral Casey took Mr. Foss in tow and there were general introductions to the several officers, but I did not catch the names. A captain, broad-shouldered and cheerful looking, sidled up to me as we started on foot to look over the premises. We talked about the yards till that topic of conversation became exhausted and finally fell to talking about the battle of Santiago. The captain spoke in praiseworthy terms of the different captains and commanders in the fleet that whipped the Spaniards.

"But why do you not make some mention of Clark, that officer who brought the Oregon around the Horn and requested the navy department not to tie him up with orders, but to leave him to look out for himself, which he promised to do, even if he met the entire Spanish fleet? He is one of my pet heroes."

"The captain politely evaded my inquiry, and not long afterward he began to talk about the guns that worked the destruction of the Spanish fleet. He commented upon the execution of the Iowa, told of the powerful marksmanship on the Brooklyn, and so on."

"Pardon me," I interposed again, "but why do you omit mention of those mighty 12-inch guns of the Oregon? What you have said about the others is all well enough, but I have a chip on my shoulder when you slight the Oregon. Don't you know that Capt. Clark hung close to the enemy in that conflict?"

"You must have misunderstood my name when I was introduced," replied the captain, turning full upon me. "I am compelled to tell you that I am Capt. Clark."

"Then I have no apologies to make," was my reply, "but can earnestly say that I really want to get better acquainted with you."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

All dogs are lap-dogs—at least they drink that way.

The man who is poor by nature is apt to be ruined by cultivation.

Many a courageous man will take water rather than pay for a drink.

It is easier to invent a windmill than it is to raise the wind to make it go.

Lots of men who are wedded to their art depend upon their relatives for support.

The Wideawake Dressers

Are buying now
—they are not to be
caught in Easter Saturday's rush.

At \$10, Men's
Spring Suits

In English Worsteds,
grey and brown mix-
tures, stripes and
checks, cut in the lat-
est styles and best
trimmings.

At \$8.50

Best Canadian Tweed
Suits for Men, stripes
and checks, all desir-
able shades.

Our \$12 Suits
for Men

Are made of best Eng-
lish Striped Worsteds.
Single breasted sack,
square front and single
breasted vest.

Men's Suits

In English Fancy
Worsteds \$8.50 and
\$10.

Best Black Clay
English Wor-
sted Suits

For Men \$12.00.

Canadian
Worsteds,
Black or blue, \$6.50,
7.50 and 8.50.

Heavy English
Serge Suits
for Men, only \$8.50.

Latest styles in
Overcoats
for Men from \$6.50 to
\$14.

Money Back
When Wanted.

WILCOX Bros.,
54 and 56
DOCK STREET

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

What the Montreal Witness Cor-
respondent Says About It.

The Ottawa correspondent of the
Montreal Witness says:—

Very few of those who have expressed views upon the wisdom or folly of the federal government's subsidizing the proposed line of the Grand Trunk Pacific across to the Pacific coast have realized what an immense outlay of public money is involved. The subsidy, if one is granted, will amount to twenty-five or thirty millions of dollars. The government must deal with the proposition as a whole. It cannot well bonus the first five hundred miles and then make up its mind that it has done enough. No wonder, therefore, that the ministers are slow in coming to a decision. The question is will any decision be announced during the present session. A good many think it will not. The premier wants to be assured of the support of members on both sides of the house before making up his mind what to do. He has asked for the counsel of both ministerial and opposition representatives, and no doubt an opportunity will be given to the liberals to speak their mind at the first party caucus. All the influence that the Canadian Pacific, the Trans-Canada, and the Canadian Northern interests can bring to bear will be employed against the granting of assistance to the Grand Trunk Pacific, and every one knows that this means a stern fight. The lobby will play a large part in the issue which ever way it goes, and already it is apparent that both sides will undertake a vigorous canvass.

It is stated by one familiar with the Grand Trunk Pacific's plan that the promoters would not think of running their line for hundreds of miles through an unsettled country for a subsidy of less than ten to fifteen thousand dollars a mile. The maximum subsidy allowed to other railways in Canada of recent years has been \$6,400, and this only where the cost of construction was exceptionally large. But Senator Cox and Mr. Hays want more generous aid than that.

They would like a land grant if they could get one, but on this point the cabinet's mind seems already made up. Liberals say that far too much of the public domain has already been handed over to railway corporations in the west. The balance will be preserved for the actual settler. At least that is the fixed determination of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues. The government is averse to selling land in large blocks even to speculators. So the G. T. R. cannot win on that score. But they may get cash. If Mackenzie & Mann would sell the Canadian Northern to the Cox-Hays syndicate the latter's prospects of money assistance would be materially improved. But the present owners of the Canadian Northern cannot be either coaxed or wheedled into parting with their property. And the fact that the government is almost compelled to assist Mackenzie & Mann in the proposed extension of their western lines is one of the most embarrassing features of the situation from the cabinet's point of view. Would the country approve of a federal bonus to both projects?

THE SWISS REGARD FOR NATURE

Many Americans have noticed with wonder the freedom from depredations which the gardens, orchards, groves and pleasure grounds of the continent of Europe enjoy. This regard for agricultural property is not peculiar to Switzerland, but it has special illustration there. One may walk mile after mile through beautiful groves without seeing a single tree cut or carved with names and symbols. He may sit upon hundreds of public benches, provided in picturesque or shaded places for wayfarers, and find them clean and neat, free from writings and initials, and the ground about them not strewn with paper and broken glass or empty bottles. He may walk among gardens and vineyards and see the most tempting fruit growing undisturbed, and even in the fields and woods fruit or berries or nuts are never touched till they have ripened. Then the children gather the berries and the nuts, as well as the flowers, and eat or sell them to the passing traveler. These children are not dull or stupid. They know the flowers of the field that they gather and the minerals of the mountains; they have good minds in sound bodies, and will make fine men and women. They are compelled to thrift and economy, because their lot is cast in a land where nature is niggardly and stern. Everything that the Swiss have has been gained by severe toil and self-denial, and the children inherit the traits of their ancestors. But honesty, truth, self-respect, manly courage and womanly help in time of need, are the qualities which are to be found in due proportion among the young and old, the rich and poor of Switzerland.—Augustus, in New York Observer.

PROVED HIS CASE.

Two Polite Friends in a City Restaurant.

They were of foreign birth and newly acquired riches. They entered the restaurant with much splendor and mutual deference. When Jacob called for trout, his friend Isaac was too polite to ask for anything else.

The waiter brought in the double order. And one fish upon the plate was large, while the other, by contrast, was pitifully small. It was an emergency foreseen by neither Jacob nor his friend. But the courtesy of both would have equalled any crisis.

Jacob flung himself back in his chair with a generous indifference.

"Isaac, hellup yourselfs."

"Jacob, id iss you who der honorable-leet shall haf?"

"Isaac, I insistings upon id!"

"Jacob, vill you me to shtarve allow?"

With a deep sigh of content, Jacob helped himself to the larger fish.

An awful silence fell. It lasted until the third forkful found capacious im-
molation behind the shrubbery of Jacob's beard.

"Do you," inquired Isaac, with bitterness, "id iss bolltiness imachine, der piggest feesh to take?"

"Didn't you," with elaborate suavity, "me to hellup meinself reekvest?"

"But to der piggest feesh—"

"Vell, if you yourselfs haf first heil-uped, vich vould you took?"

"Me!" with unctious of proud virtue, "it vould haf took ter liddlest feesh."

"Vell, you got id, ain't id?"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Commencing Feb. 15th and until Apr. 30th, 1903.

SPECIAL COLONIST RATES
To North Pacific Coast and
Kootenay Points.

FROM ST. JOHN, N. B.
TO NELSON, B. C.
TRAIL, B. C.
JOSIAND, B. C.
GREENWOOD, B. C.
MINNAY, B. C.
VANCOUVER, B. C.
VICTORIA, B. C.
NEW WESTMINSTER,
SEATTLE & TACOMA,
PORTLAND, Ore. **\$56.50**

Proportionate Rates from and to other points.

Also rates to points in COLORADO, IDAHO, UTAH, MONTANA, WASHINGTON and CALIFORNIA.

For Full Particulars call on W. H. G. MACKAY, City Ticket Agent.

Or Write to C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

HOTELS.

HOTEL DUFFERIN.

E. LeROY WILLIS, Prop.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

VERY CHOICE

Medium Codfish.

JAMES PATTERSON,

19 and 20 South Market Wharf,
8 City Market.

LIVERY STABLES.

HAMM'S LIVERY STABLE

134 Union Street. Telephone 11.

HORSES BOARDED—Clean and Warm Stables, best care and attention. DRIVING OUTFITS and COACHES for hire at any hour.

DAVID CONNELL,

BOARDING, HACK and LIVERY STABLES,
45 and 47 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B.

Horses boarded on Reasonable Terms. Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fitt-outs at short notice.

SHARP'S
TRADE MARK
BALSAM
OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED
FOR
CROUP COUGH COUGHS AND WHOOPING COLDS

OVER 50 YEARS IN USE.

BAIRD & PETERS, St. John,

Selling Agents.

Wasted Opportunity

That's the way to speak of the man who is in the grip of Consumption and fails to use

Park's Perfect Emulsion.

He is wasting the opportunity to get well, for Park's makes well.

Price 50c. a bottle. Large bottle \$1.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Moses Sweetzer, a personal friend of Lincoln, McKinley and Jas. G. Blaine, died in Lynn, Mass., on Wednesday.

He carried the first party of gold hunters to California, via the Isthmus of Panama.

Prof. Dall Osso, inspector of the Museum of Naples, has just published an article in which he affirms that researches and excavations prove that there existed a Pompeii nine centuries before our era.

Yale University numbers among the students taking the post-graduate course a Buddhist priest named Ichino Shibata. He is a soldier and fought with great distinction and great bravery in the Japanese-Chinese war in 1894. He received at the close of the war a bronze medal, presented by the Mikado himself.

"That is the best Silver Polish made," said a young man from the Fifth avenue end of Germain street, whose mother sent him last evening (March 26th) all the way to the foot of Garden street for a bottle of SHORT'S LIQUID SILVER POLISH. A great many of the most careful housewives of St. John and vicinity use this polish to the exclusion of all others. Why do YOU not also patronize this Home Preparation, especially as it is easy to use, economical and considered by experts to be the best—25c, 50c and 75c—large size for Hotels, Fry Short's Furniture Polish too and you will be delighted with the results, 25c and 50c.

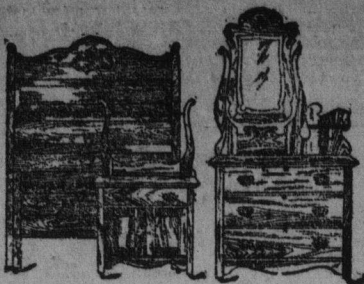
Short's Prescription Pharmacy, Telephone 460.

FREE VACCINATION.

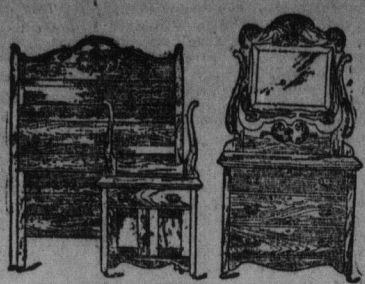
Dr. McGrath, who was appointed by the local board of health to vaccinate all persons at their expense who were unable to pay, has been kept very busy for the last few days, says the Frederickian Gleaner of Wednesday.

City Clerk Beckwith has been besieged with applicants for certificates, which are necessary to procure free vaccination. As many as thirty made application yesterday; a large number of them were colored people. The doctors have not yet started on their tour of inspection of the city schools.

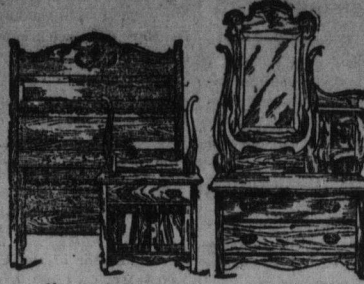
SPECIAL MARCH FURNITURE SALE, 20 Per Cent. Cash Discount for this month only.



No. 33—Bedroom Suite, elm. golden finish, bedstead 6 ft. 2 in. high, 4 ft. 2 in. wide, shaped top bureau, 20 x 26 in. beveled mirror, 14 x 24 in. SALE PRICE \$12.50



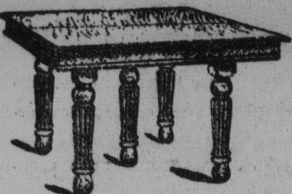
No. 34—Bedroom Suite, elm. golden finish, 20 x 24 in. beveled mirror, bureau has shaped top 10 x 26 in., large washstand. SALE PRICE \$14.00



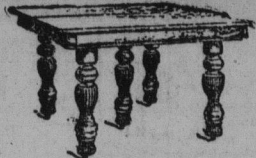
No. 42—Bedroom Suite, elm. golden finish, neatly carved chevron-shaped bureau with shaped top fitted with 18 x 26 in. beveled plate mirror, bedstead 4 ft. 2 in. wide. SALE PRICE \$13.00



No. 51—Sideboard, elm. golden finish, 8 ft. 6 in. high, shaped top 11 x 16 in., beveled mirror 16 x 25 in., 1 large and 2 small drawers and double cupboard, well made and finished. SALE PRICE \$18.50



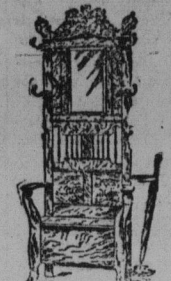
No. 48—Extension Table, elm. golden finish, 5 heavy turned and fluted legs, top 40 x 42 in., extends to 60 in. SALE PRICE \$6.50



No. 54—Extension Table, solid oak, golden finish, polished top, 42 x 47 in., has 6 heavy, fancy turned and fluted legs, extends to 8 feet. SALE PRICE \$9.50



No. 55—Dining-room Chair, hardwood, golden oak finish, finely carved high back, spindle seat, brace arms. SALE PRICE \$1.50



No. 52—Hall Stand, finely cut quartered oak, polished finish, beveled mirror 12 x 16 in. SALE PRICE \$3.50



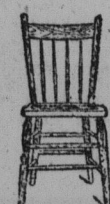
No. 65—Couch, covered with velvet, fringe on both sides, springs edge, tufted top. SALE PRICE \$28.50



Adjustable Go-cart, natural finish, gear, green enamel with foot brake attachment, wheels 16 and 20 in., nutless with rubber tires and rubber hub caps, parson, lace or satin. SALE PRICE \$13.00



Adjustable Go-cart, natural finish, gear, green enamel with foot brake attachment, wheels 16 and 20 in., nutless, with rubber tires and rubber hub caps, parson, lace or satin. SALE PRICE \$13.00



No. 5—Dining-room Chair, hardwood, golden finish, strongly made, brace arms. SALE PRICE \$6c.



No. 6—Dining-room Chair, hardwood, golden finish, strongly made, brace arms. SALE PRICE \$6c.



No. 46—Dining-room Chair, hardwood, golden finish, turned spindle, shaped wood seat, brace arms. SALE PRICE \$6c.



No. 8—Dining-room Chair, hardwood, golden finish, strongly made, brace arms, shaped wood seat with brace arms. SALE PRICE \$6c.



No. 72—Folding Chair, hardwood frame, covered with heavy striped canvas, adjustable. SALE PRICE \$5c.

Most everything in home furnishing here: Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, Linoleums, Oilcloths, Mattresses, Springs, Curtains, Window Shades, Sweepers, etc. Remember, the discount is for March only. Goods purchased during this sale can be stored free until May.

F. A. JONES CO., LTD., - - 16 and 18 King Street.

A STORY WITH A MORAL.

Reminiscent Ghosts From Carleton Exchange Confidences.

Two ghosts wandering aimlessly about in shadowland chanced to meet, and finding that they were kindred spirits, at last began to exchange stories of their former experiences in another sphere of action. Though altered in many other respects from what they had formerly been, their imaginations were unimpaired, and story after story rolled glibly into space, chiefly of the wondrous doings and hairbreadth escapes of the tellers thereof. Each tried to outdo the other, until the question was put by one as to how his companion had ever made up his mind to leave a place which so teemed with opportunities for adventure and distinction.

"Well," said the second shade, reminiscently, "you see I couldn't very well help it. If I had had my own way about it I'd be there still, but I wasn't consulted about it at all, and here I am. Rather an odd thing, too."

He paused, and the other, seeing that a story was bound to come, settled himself comfortably on the corner of a cloud divan, and waited for the inevitable.

"Yes, and as you didn't belong in St. John—never were there, were you?—you'll perhaps not believe me, but it's true nevertheless. It happened in Carleton, in the spring of 1902. Lots of rain they had that spring, and the streets were shockingly bad. Especially on Rodney street, the sidewalks were more like a big ditch than a foot walk, they were so full of deep hollows, and when it rained—oh, my! Well, I had occasion to go to Carleton one of these stormy nights, and that was how it happened. The rain being so persistent, so to speak, had filled these hollows full to overflowing, and the street was almost a river. The wind blew a hurricane, sometime she blew some more," as the Frenchy puts it, and if you'll believe it, it blew every one of the electric lights out. They weren't of any particular use in the way of lights anyway, being only about two-candle power, and not very reliable at that, but they were company, and when the little glimmer at the top of the poles went out altogether it gave one a lone-some kind of feeling. The night was as black as ink, and as I padded up the street I fell into a puddle on the sidewalk. The wind blew my hat off, and I was completely upset, in more ways than one, for, as I said, I fell, and I fell headlong. I struggled to get out of the water; I couldn't swim, for I never had learned how; I had no boat, and it was too deep to wade. I got my head above the surface once more and shouted for help, but none came, and the next that I remember is when I woke up here. So my adventure came to an untimely end, so far as St. John is concerned, unless I decide to haunt 'em, for the sake of the surviving citizens. And that's all."

After a moment or two, in which he was digesting this tale of woe, the second ghost confessed that he too had once been in St. John, and that his too early demise was due to heart fail-

ure caused by being suddenly informed that St. John was to have a new ferry boat.

Then there was silence, broken only by the voice of the wind as it said uncomplimentary things about the two story tellers from St. John.

SITTING BULL'S CAPTOR Has Not Yet Got His Money From Uncle Sam.

(Ottawa Free Press.)

The memorable episode of the capture of the famous Sitting Bull is an event that will recur to readers with interest, as his capturer, Jean Louis Legare, is in Ottawa, a guest at the St. Louis hotel. A Free Press representative interviewed Mr. Legare and he gave a detailed report of the way the arrest of the noted Teton Indian chief was made. Mr. Legare has been keeping a trading post at Willow Bunch, Assiniboia district, since 1871. In 1876, a party of Sitting Bull's tribe reached his place devoid of all means of living, so he was forced to furnish sustenance to them all for five years on account of fear of aggressiveness on their part. He was not in any way protected. At last by this aid he gained the confidence of the Indians, whom he advised to return to the American territory, as the United States authorities promised them food and protection. At the beginning of July Mr. Legare communicated with the American government, which promised him compensation for his disbursements. These promises are not yet fulfilled. There was a petition presented to congress asking for an allowance of \$5,000 for Mr. Legare, but the affair is still in abeyance. However, Mr. Legare induced 200 Teton Indians, among whom was Sitting Bull, to cross to Fort Buford in North Dakota, where General Brotherton was in command, and he accomplished the capture of Sitting Bull.

TIPPED THE LORD PROVOST.

The Lord Provost of Glasgow, whose office corresponds with that of mayor in this country, told at a dinner recently how he was tipped by an American sightseer. A party of tourists from the United States were viewing the splendid municipal chambers in Glasgow and were especially enthusiastic about the great marble staircase. The Lord Provost happened to pass and offered to guide them about. While doing so he gave them some interesting information about the rise and growth of his interesting city. As he was leaving one of the Americans quietly slipped a half dollar into his hand. The provost had not recovered from his amused astonishment when the Americans left the building.

A GREAT HONOR.

Dr. Annie G. Lyle of San Francisco has been appointed assistant to Dr. Eschsch of the university of Vienna, one of the most noted living specialists in diseases of children. This is a branch of study to which Dr. Lyle has given much attention. The honor which has thus fallen to her lot is one of the highest ever conferred upon a female

THE EVIL EYE.

Nid and Nod are the names of those two mischievous imps who play hide and seek with old "Evil Eye" in the performance of the same name which appears at the Opera House on April 3 and 4, and that the game has pleased thousands of people is attested by the number of years that the attraction has circled this glorious continent of America, leaving in its wake a trail of



laughter so hearty that the last chuckle, lingeringly survives until the merry entertainment would again come around and start anew the never ending jollity. Charles H. Yale and Sidney R. Ellis, the promoters and managers of this great success, have so rejuvenated, re-written and re-contained the spectacle that it will be this season entirely new

BURNT THEIR FEATHERS.

The Rev. John Brown is conducting revival meetings in the Wesleyan Methodist church at Wabash, Ind. The other evening he inveighed at length against frivolity and frippery, declaring roundly that no woman who wears plumes on her hat can hope to enter the kingdom of heaven. Four women who were adorned in the manner specified arose and walked to the rear of the church, tore the feathers from their headgear and put them in the

stove. Then they returned to their seats. The preacher commended them, but a cynical bachelor ventured the opinion that "now the hysterical women will have some sort of excuse for buying new feathers when they come to their senses."

Chronic constipation surely cured or money back. LAXA-CARA TABLETS never fail. Small, chocolate coated, easy to take. Price 35 cents. At drug-gists!

THE KIPLINGS AS POETS.

Volume of Verses Published by Rudyard Kipling's Mother and Sister.

The following bits of poetry are taken from a book recently published under the name of "Verses by a Mother and Daughter." English journals have identified the author as the mother and sister of Rudyard Kipling. The American publishers (Doubleday, Page & Co.) have nothing to say on the matter. It is not likely, however, that the English papers, which have been allowed to go uncontradicted, are wrong.

Here is a sonnet taken from the "Mother's" contributions to this pretty little volume.

THRIFT

If you had given me the kiss I craved
At our last parting, placed your hand in mine,
Or even for one moment laid your head
To rest upon the heart that ached for you,
I should have faced my fate with stouter soul.

And walked with firmer feet to meet my doom.
It was not much I asked; Not much for you,
So rich in all I lacked, to give or grant.
Alas, I poor, desolate, and most forlorn,
Should for such grace have blessed you all my days.

Now, neither kiss, nor tender clasping hand,
Nor e'en the gift of your whole self could save

This wanderer, shipwrecked on the sea of life.
Who, passing by your door, says only this—
"You are no richer, dear, for that day's thrift,
While I am made the poorer for all time."

As representing the daughter, let us take the two first and the last stanzas of this pathetic little monody:

SPION KOP, JANUARY, 1900.
Young Never-Grow-Old, with your heart of gold,
And the dear boy's face upon you,
It's hard to tell, though we know it well,
That the grass is growing upon you;
Flowers and grass, and the graveyard mould,
Over the eyes of you, Never-Grow-Old,
Over the heart of you, over each part of you,
All your dear body, our Never-Grow-Old.

Never-Grow-Old, the theft of Time,
His daily stealthily robbing,
Is not for you—slain in your prime;
This one thought stays my sobbing.
Never for you the flagging strength,
The warm young heart grown cold,
You earn your child pet-name at length,
We called you "Never-Grow-Old."

Kissed, and called you "Never-Grow-Old."
Young Never-Grow-Old, with your heart of gold,
And the dear boy's face upon you,
It's hard to tell, though we know it well,
That the grass is growing upon you;
But the trials of earth are a tale that's told,
And your pain is over, Never-Grow-Old,
Peace and long rest for you—maybe it's best for you.

Only remember us, Never-Grow-Old,
One whose love aches for you, one whose heart breaks for you,
Missing you daily, dear Never-Grow-Old.

CARE FOR THE TREES.

Ways in Which a City May Easily be Made More Beautiful.

(From Social Service.)

Among the most notable societies with the purely tree planting motive are those of Brooklyn, Manhattan and New York (1890), the former being probably the best known in this country. Others are to be found in Buffalo (1898), Indianapolis, Rochester and Kansas City, all having made remarkable achievements. In different cases 4,000 to 7,000 trees have been set out through the efforts of a single society in one year. These societies instruct as to the care of trees, their planting,

what variety is suitable, where obtained, cost, etc.

They have obtained legislative measures against advertisements on trees, have enlisted the interest and help of children in the nurture of trees, and, as young crusaders, to destroy their enemies in the form of the eggs of the caterpillar.

Attention of drivers and owners of horses has been drawn, by personal appeals to the damage done by that animal in the gnawing of the bark of trees, and the Brooklyn association advocates strongly the private ownership for street trees, urging the establishment of neighborhood clubs and the employment of foresters as workers over small districts, say of 1,000 lots.

Besides these societies organized with the direct purpose of tree interest, innumerable associations formed for other purposes have taken up tree planting as one department of their activity, such as the various suburban associations of Boston, the Civic Club (women) of Philadelphia, the Metropolitan Public Gardens' Association of London, the Cockburn Association in Edinburgh and the City Improvement Society of Denver. At Alkin, S. C., magnificent work has also been done by a committee of the Village Improvement Society in planting trees.

The idea is developing with interested people that all the apparatus in the street, such as telegraph and lighting poles, rapid transit necessities, flag staffs, shelters, nests, etc., do not, as a matter of course, need to be unsightly, and Belgium, Paris and the United States have each made distinct efforts to give attractive forms to these furnishings. In Belgium such efforts are in charge of L'Œuvre Nationale Belge, and in Paris the municipal officials have the matter in their own hands, while in our own country some of the municipal art societies are trying to achieve a beginning in the same direction.

These societies are comparatively few, however; New York, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago and Baltimore being the leading ones. Among these the New York and Chicago societies have been the most active. The New York Society offered, in 1889, \$300 in two prizes for the most artistic street lamps, benches, flag poles, shelters, etc., and in 1899 \$700 in three prizes for an ornamental flag staff and pedestal in front of the City Hall. The smaller societies, however, in most cases, have only gone as far as protests, which thought at first apparently ineffectual arouse public efforts often succeed in the end.

MRS. O'TOOLE'S BEAUTY.

Mrs. Julia O'Toole of Boston has the satisfaction of knowing that her beauty is a matter of court record. She had been awarded a verdict of \$20,000 against the Old Colony Street Railroad Company on account of injuries sustained. This verdict was set aside on appeal, the supreme court holding that the jury in the trial had been "carried off their feet" through their admiration for the plaintiff. Mrs. O'Toole will carry the case still higher.

STEAMERS, ETC.

EAST-RN STEAMSHIP CO.'Y.

(International Division.)

WINTER REDUCED RATES.

Reduced Rates in effect until May 1, 1903. St. John to Boston, \$2.00; Boston to St. John, \$2.00. Commencing March 18, 1903, Steamers leave St. John Wednesdays at 8.00 a. m. for Lubec, Eastport, Portland and Boston. For Boston direct Saturdays at 6.30 p. m. Returning, from Boston, via Eastport and Lubec, Mondays and Fridays at 8.15 a. m. From Portland, Mondays at 8.30 p. m. Through tickets on sale at principal railway stations and baggage checked to destination.

WILLIAM G. LEE, Agent, St. John, N. B.
A. H. HAMMOND, P. & T. A.
CALVIN AUSTIN, V. P. and Gen. Manager,
Foster's Wharf, Boston, Mass.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

TO LET—Flat 63 Hazen street. Hot and cold water. Modern improvements. Apply to R. J. SHERATON, 63 Hazen street.

TO LET—A pleasant upper flat of seven rooms, at 45 Portland street.

TO LET—A small, self-contained flat of 4 rooms, patent closet, etc., situated 29 Lombard street. Rent \$4.00 per week. Apply to WATERBURY & RISING, 61 King street.

TO LET—Lower flat, No. 29 Sewell street, now occupied by W. S. Rainnie, containing seven rooms and large bathroom, open plumbing. Rent \$10.00. Apply to MRS. WILLIAM RAINNIE, 68 Sewell street.

TO LET—One self-contained flat containing five rooms. Modern improvements. Apply to W. M. HUMPHREYS, 118 St. James street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—The Leasehold Premises fronting No. 90 on east side of Charlotte street, to the residence of James W. Lee. A. C. FAIRWEATHER, Solicitor.

TO LET—From 1st May next, that very comfortable, self-contained dwelling house, No. 150 Germain street, corner Horradell, containing 8 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, etc. Can be seen on Wednesday and Saturday afternoon. Apply to W. TREMAINE GARD, 48 King street.

TO LET—Self-contained flats of four, six, seven and eight rooms respectively. Also a large barn. Enquire of M. J. WILKINS, 201 Haymarket Square.

TO LET—From 1st May next, fine flat No. 31 Cedar street, at present occupied by H. King, Esq. Modern improvements. Rent moderate. Can be seen Tuesday and Friday afternoons.

Money to loan on satisfactory security. Enquire of RUSTIN & FORTER, Barristers-at-Law, 169 Prince William street.

TO LET—From 1st May next, large shop on Mill street. Also a large house, at present occupied by P. Tighe, Esq. Rent moderate. Can be seen Thursday and Friday afternoons from 3 to 6 o'clock. Enquire of W. A. SEGGE, No. 127 Mill street or of Rustin & Forter, 169 Prince William street.

Also modern house, 315 Rockland Road, at present occupied by J. Thompson, Esq. Can be seen Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons from 3 to 6 o'clock. Enquire of W. A. SEGGE, Esq., on the premises. Also money to loan on satisfactory security. Enquire of RUSTIN & FORTER, 169 Prince William street.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—Boy to clerk in grocery store. Apply in own handwriting. V. G. Sun.

WANTED—Stream drivers wanted, to drive the Mispic river and tributaries. Highest wages paid good men. Apply to DAVID CONNELL'S STABLES, Waterloo street, at once.

WANTED—Immediately, first class cook and vent maker. Apply to A. GILMOUR, 45 King street.

WANTED—Machinists—25 Lathes, Planer and Vice Hands. Highest wages paid and steady employment for first-class men. Apply THE JOHN BERTRAM & SONS CO., Limited, Dundas street.

WANTED—A boy to learn the business of printing. Apply at Sun Office.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED in each town for special accident, sickness, identification policies and general insurance business. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write Box 275, Montreal.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

WANTED—A good general servant in a family of three. Apply in the evening to MRS. J. W. MCKEAN, No. 8 Richmond street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. M. A. FINN, 72 Union street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. FINLEY, 78 Sewell street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—Everybody to know of the famous Cascade Treatment, proved itself, for all ailments of the system. Apply to MISS M. HUMPHREYS, 118 St. James street.

NOT FOR AN AD. "I keep all the leading 'Quack Medicines,' but I do not suffer all the lies they tell about them, no, not for a free ad. CHAS. McCREED, 127 Charlotte street.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

FOR SALE—An art lamp, complete, nearly new. Apply to Sun Office.

FOR SALE—A quantity of steam pipes and iron, fifty-six pound weights. Apply at Sun Office, St. John.

FOR SALE—A Metal Furnace, capacity about 600 pounds. It has a fire brick lining, with smoke and ventilating pipes complete. Apply Sun Printing Company, St. John.

BOUGHT AN IRON MINE.

A Parrsboro letter says:—"The iron mine at Gerrish Mountain, Lower Economy, owned by J. H. Gillespie and Jacob A. Johnson, has been sold to W. T. Lindsay, of St. John, and a number of American capitalists. The ore taken from this mine is of excellent quality and it is believed that the property is a first-class mining proposition."

INCENDIARY FIRE.

TYLER, Texas, March 23.—Fire of incendiary origin has destroyed a row of two story brick business houses here together with their contents. Loss over \$200,000. The heaviest losers are Abe Harris & Co., stock and building, 1179-600.

THE ROYAL BANK.

HAVANA, March 23.—The statement emanating from Montreal that the Royal Bank of Canada is planning the absorption of the Banco Espanol and the Banco Nacional at Havana is declared by these banks to be untrue.

GLASGOW, March 23.—The first trial spin of the Shamrock III, which was to have taken place today, has been postponed until Monday, owing to the fact that a gale is sweeping over the Clyde and Captain Wringe feared to risk damaging the cup challenger's new sails.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMFORD POWDERS will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$2.00 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST JOHN, N. B., MARCH 23, 1903.

THE ENLARGED STAR.

As was stated a few days ago, the Star is to be enlarged. On and after Monday it will be a seven-column paper, with an 8-page issue every Saturday.

Readers of today's issue will observe that advertisers appreciate the enterprise and the large and growing circulation of the Star, and this paper commends to every reader the announcements made in its advertising columns. A number of new advertisers will be added to the list next week.

The Star claims to offer the best value for purely city advertising, of any paper published in St. John. It is admitted to be the best printed and best looking of the city dailies. It claims to give more news of purely local interest than any other paper, and its growing circulation is in evidence that the claim is well-founded.

No newspaper can be a complete success unless a cordial relationship is established between it and its readers. The Star has no prejudices and no desire to state its opinions in other than a courteous manner. Citizens with views to express will find its columns at their service, so long as the subject matter is likely to be of interest to its readers.

Today's issue is a fair example of an up-to-date newspaper, and those new readers into whose hands it may fall are invited to consider whether at one cent per copy it is not remarkably good value.

THE ONTARIO SCANDAL.

For the sake of the good name of the province of Ontario the enquiry into the Gagey charges should be prompt and thorough. Mr. Gagey has openly charged in the house of assembly that he was paid some thousands of dollars at the instance of the Hon. Mr. Stratton, a member of the government, and was also given the patronage of the constituency of Manitoulin in payment for his support of the government.

Mr. Gagey says that in order to entrap the government he went through with the whole transaction and got the money, and has it to show to the house, along with a number of incriminating documents. It is admitted that he got the patronage, for one of his nominees, a conservative, was appointed to an office. That in itself is enough to condemn the government, for it was clearly a bribe. Mr. Gagey was elected to oppose them, and they gave him the patronage that should have gone to their own faithful but defeated candidates. There should be no delay, no concealment, no attempt to make the enquiry a farce. It appears that the government has elected to stand or fall with Stratton. There is doubtless method in that decision. If they threw him down he might make it still more uncomfortable for them. But the longer they put off the enquiry and the more they seek to keep out evidence the more firm will the conviction become in the public mind that they are afraid to face the exposure.

Hon. Mr. Stratton of Ontario voted with his colleagues yesterday to keep the Gagey charges away from the privileges and elections committee. The government thus declared a wait of confidence in the house. Doubtless as well as proving that it is afraid to face a full enquiry. The case goes to a commission to be appointed by the government itself.

Aside from a certain satisfaction at the results of scientific exploration, there is likely to be little general interest in the statement by the president of the Royal Geographical Society that the greater part of the Antarctic region is a vast continent. It is a cheerless and forbidding region, not fitted to sustain human life.

Says the Maritime Merchant:—"The time is ripe for creating a great maritime university in Halifax, and the provincial government and the city of Halifax should take the question up jointly. Dalhousie University and the new Catholic college which is to be started here could be made parts of the larger undertaking."

The Hon. H. A. McKeown should rush a bill through the house providing for a secret ballot before he comes back to this constituency for re-election. If he fails to do so he should be ashamed of himself. He knows perfectly well that he did not win fairly last time.

The question of what may be done by the citizens unofficially to make the city more attractive to visitors during the summer may now very properly engage some attention.

If the province has to spend large sums in routing out the smallpox in Gloucester county the question of compulsory vaccination rigidly enforced in that part of the province should become a live question.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley desires to give the promoters of the Fort Kent dam all the consideration possible. That's nice of him.

Merchants who advertise in the Star find it an excellent medium. The people read the Star.

Don't forget that hereafter the Star will be a seven column paper.

The advertisers who do not soon secure a space in the Star will be permitting a golden opportunity to pass. Star ads. yield results, and Star space will be growing in value as the circulation increases.

It is said there are some powerful Quebec influences behind the Fort Kent dam. That will make it harder for the New Brunswick delegates, but they should be able to carry their point.

Are we to have another visit from Mr. Blair and the wad?

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

MR. COSTIGAN AND THE IRISH QUESTION.

To the Editor of the Star:—

Sir,—Mr. Costigan has been about forty years in public life, and during a good many of them has been drawing what some people would consider pretty fair wages for his public service. As he has received them from both political parties, one might almost infer him to be such a valuable public servant that he ought to be paid without charge. Yet with all his long political life and many opportunities, I don't know that he has ever displayed remarkable capacity for looking after any matter unconnected with his own personal and family interests. So far as I am aware the public has paid him pretty well for all that he has ever done for it. Even at the present time, when prominent politicians don't grow in every garden, he is not reckoned a man of very rare talents or gifts or personal force of character.

Nevertheless, as it appears, he is quite ready to give the British government a "lead" in a business that has baffled the abilities of a long series of world-renowned statesmen. The settlement of the Irish question! To say nothing about the lesser political magnitude, it has puzzled Pitt, perished Peel, weakened Wellington, defeated Disraeli, bothered Balfour, and gruelled Gladstone. Yet, it presents no practical difficulties to the all-conquering comprehensions of a—Costigan.

Speaking seriously, would it not be a good deal better if Canadian politicians would confine themselves strictly to the business for which their own country employs and pays them, and let the local governments of other countries alone? Might it not be better if Mr. Costigan in particular, instead of giving grandfaterly advice to the British government as to how it ought to manage its most important affairs, were to make himself a little more prominently and respectfully conspicuous in looking after the interests of his own country, which he is employed and paid to attend to? Even a Costigan cannot serve two masters if he has to serve them both at the same time. If he seriously thinks that he can be of service in managing the government of Ireland, he ought to follow the example of Messrs. Blake and Devlin by going and living in the country itself. It is difficult enough to govern Ireland from a distance no greater than that of London, but to "boss the job" from Ottawa would beat the abilities of all the Costigans in Canada.

BLARNEY.

March 23, 1903.

WELL FOUNDED COMPLAINT.

Editor of the Star:—

Sir,—I would like to enquire through the columns of your paper what is the reason we can get no better conveniences in looking after the public utility. I reside at No. 1 and the nearest light is at the corner of Union, about six hundred yards away. Between my house and the corner there is a hollow in the street, and whenever there is a heavy rain this fills up, making the road very impassable. Now, Sir, Editor, I am an old fellow, my husband, although now by reason of illness almost unfit for work, has paid taxes ever since he was sixteen years of age to the city and I venture to think something ought to be done to remedy the present state of affairs. Thanking you in anticipation for your space, I remain

Yours, etc.,
MRS. JAS. BELYEA.

GOOD SUGAR SEASON IN N. B.

Ross Steeves, one of the leading maple sugar makers of Lutz Mountain, informs the Montreal Times that this has been a good season for the maple sugar maker. Mr. Steeves has some 2,000 trees tapped and says it has kept two men and himself busy since the season opened attending to them. The run of sap has gone as high as 500 buckets in a single day, which means that at intervals they have been kept hustling to make room for the flow of the product of the maple. The past few days have been especially good for sap, and the prospects are that the season will not close for some little time yet.

FAST TRAIN TALKED OF.

The proposed fast train between Montreal and the maritime provinces, it is said, will be put on next month. It is stated that the line between Montreal and Halifax is to be made a through route, and that a fast train is to be put on between Boston and the provinces this summer.—Times.

ICE BOAT SERVICE CLOSED.

The ice boat service between Capes Tormentine and Traversed closed Tuesday, and the mails are now being carried via Pictou and Georgetown by steamer Stanley.

FIRST WILD GOOSE.

Sackville Tribune: The first wild goose of the season was shot on the marsh Saturday evening by James Estabrooks. The bird weighed seven and a half pounds and proved to be a delicious Sunday dinner.

FINE WALL PAPER.

D. McArthur, King street, has imported an immense line of fine parlor, dining-room, hall and bedroom papers which he is offering at great reductions from regular prices.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., March 21.—Jan. Hutton, the Queens College student charged with grave robbing at Landborough, today pleaded guilty to the charge of attempting grave robbing and was sentenced to two months' imprisonment in the common jail. Hutton's father left for Ottawa immediately to attempt to secure commutation of the sentence.

SATURDAY SERMONETTE.

Do the duty that lies nearest thee. Thy second duty will already have become clearer.—Carlyle.

Every day brings its own duties, its own responsibilities, and if we faithfully fulfil these obligations we shall do well. Just so much can be accomplished in one day, of work or play, as even the best of us are not always content with meeting today's requirements. Instead, we look into the future and vex ourselves with the solving of tomorrow's problems, the completion of tomorrow's tasks. Sometimes this is done even to the detriment of today's measure of work. We worry and fret and to-morrow's task which is yet to come; beyond our touch, and fail to see and do those duties which lie at our feet and wait for our immediate attention. It were far better to rather, with a patient and conscientious spirit, take up the obligations of the present and fulfil them faithfully; to unravel today's tangle instead of attempting tomorrow's. As the snarl unravels, and the thread becomes clear in the hours that we hold in trust, we will find that the cord will run straighter tomorrow for today's unwinding. Better than to plunge into the middle of the tangle, thereby only making it worse, is to begin at one end and work through to the last. And what we achieve today in whatever sphere of action, makes more easy the task, and lighter the burden, of what comes after. One duty well done gives us more power and ability to do the next one, by the old rule of "practice makes perfect."

The little light will illuminate only a short distance before us, but, after all, it is only one step at a time that we need to see, and every step ahead lights still another, and so on. Therefore it is always the wiser and the better plan to, leaving the cares of the morrow to lie over until they really reach us, what comes to our hand today of duty, knowing that the way will open more clearly before us with every step ahead and that a hard thing done once is never so difficult the next time.

HALIFAX DRY DOCK.

Objection to Having it Assessed For More Taxes.

(Halifax Echo.)

S. M. Brookfield was seen this morning regarding the dry dock situation and the valuation thereof of \$500,000 for assessment.

"What rate does the dock pay now?" asked the reporter.

"We pay 2.25 cents per ton on every vessel using the dock," replied Mr. Brookfield.

"How would the assessment recommended by the laws and privileges committee upon \$500,000 affect you?"

"It would mean 5 cents per ton upon every vessel using the dock, and we could not compete with American docks."

"Have you ascertained what tonnage they are assessed upon?"

"I have, and as far as I can find out, the amount a former council fixed, \$70,000, is about upon the same basis."

"What did you propose to do?"

"Our position was to continue to pay the same rate as a minimum and at the same rate for any tonnage beyond; then the city would participate in our success."

"Is it a fact that some of the business formerly done here is going to Newfoundland?"

"It is. The Newfoundland dock is exempt from any taxation. The dock in Quebec is exempt also."

"Have you many men employed now?"

"You had better go to the dock and see what we are doing."

"Is it true that you are not equipped as well as some of the American docks for repairs?"

"I think we have not the plant that some of them have, but in a few months we will have. The company are spending the whole of this year's city subsidy for improving the plant. You must bear in mind that the city pays only one-third of the subsidy and receives all the benefit."

THE MOLASSES MARKET.

The situation of the molasses market is peculiar. There is probably not a carload of Barbados in St. John, and at the island the production has been delayed owing to the weather conditions, with the result that prices there have gone away up. But as the delay is only temporary it is believed that prices are at the top notch, though for the moment decidedly firm.

In Porto Rico there is still considerable held over stock, as the sales in January and February fell away short of the estimate, based on last year's business. There is also a cargo of new goods here and several more are said to be on the way. The price in Porto Rico advanced after the opening of the season, and is still firm there, but this market will be governed more by the quantity likely to come here than by present conditions on the island. The market is at present firm.

MARRIAGES.

LEAMAN-LEAMAN—At the residence of Mr. Leaman, of St. John, March 21st, by the Rev. Gideon Swin, Ross Leaman, of St. John, and Miss Minnie Leaman, both of Montreal.

CLARK-LUTZ—At the residence of Smith Brown, Mountain Road, March 21st, by Rev. Gideon Swin, Albert Clark, of St. John, and Miss Lutz, both of Montreal.

CARTER-BLACK—At the house of the bride's father, Tuesday, the 17th inst., by the Rev. James Wheeler, Harcourt, Phoebe Carter, of Montreal, to Miss Amelia Black, daughter of James Black, Trout Brook, Kent County, N. B.

GRUBBS-McPHEE—At Pettitville, March 19, by Rev. Joseph Pascoe, William J. Gordon, of Fawcett Hill, N. B., to Lillian A. Grubbs, daughter of H. C. McPhee, of Kinsar Settlement, N. B.

DEATHS.

CRAWFORD—On the 21st, Isabella Patchell widow of the late James Crawford, in 85th year.

Funeral on Sunday at half past two from the residence of her son-in-law, Charles A. Cram, 15 Hallowell street. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

COUGHLIN—In this city, on March 21st, Mary, widow of the late Patrick Coughlin, leaving three sons and five daughters to mourn their sad loss.

Funeral on Sunday at 2.30 o'clock from her late residence, 41 Portland street.

RUDDOCK—At the homestead, Douglas avenue, Kate, second daughter of the late John and Mary Ruddock, in 70th year.

Funeral on Monday at half-past two o'clock.

WRIGHT—In this city, on March 21st, Clara Gladys, daughter of Florence M. and the late J. Herbert Wright.

Funeral on Sunday at 2 p. m. from the residence of her father, 25 Charles street.

GILCHRIST—Entered into rest, March 20, 1903, James T. Gilchrist, second son of the late Thomas Gilchrist of Carleton, and grandson of the late James Gilchrist of Gifford, Carleton, Scotland.

Funeral from his late residence, 50 Sydney street, on Monday, 23rd inst. Service 11.30 o'clock.

Special sale of Underskirts

ON MONDAY MORNING.

300 Ladies' Black Mercerized Skirts at 85c. Each.

Sizes 38, 40 and 42 inches long.

This line was purchased from the manufacturer at a very low price and cannot be duplicated, consequently this is one of the bargains of the season.

The skirts are trimmed with ruche and frill around the bottom. Sale at Show Counters, back store, near elevator. None of these skirts can be sent on approval.

Boxes for Easter Gifts.

When purchasing goods for presentation purposes, such as Gloves, Belts, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Fancy Neck wear, Braces, Ties, Scarfs, etc., how much more attractive the goods appear when received in Dainty Boxes. Realizing this fact, we have procured a line of suitable boxes, which will be free to all purchasers of Easter Gifts.

Manchester, Robertson, Allison.

-- LIMITED --

HANDSOME TABLE WARE

appeals to every woman of taste. We are showing a great many such "something," decorative, dainty and ornaments to any home. It's like going through an art gallery to look over our wares. You are welcome to the look.

C. F. BROWN,

501-5 MAIN STREET.

OPERA HOUSE

April 3 and 4.

THE EVIL

Merry movements of mirth of CHAS. H. VALE and SIDNEY R. ELLIS. Just follow the bunch.

THE IMPIS NID AND NOD.

This year it's a wonder. 100 Surprises. More wonderful than ever. Nothing but laughs. Every auditor delighted. A world of light, 5000 Sparkles.

EYE.

PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, and \$1.00.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

EASTER EXCURSIONS.

GENERAL PUBLIC RATES.

Tickets on sale April 9th to 15th, inclusive. Good to return until April 15th, at ONE WAY FARE. LOWER FIRST CLASS FAIR. Montreal to Canada East of Port Arthur.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

At the LOWEST ONE WAY FIRST CLASS FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP between all stations, inclusive of good to return until April 15th, inclusive of good to return until April 15th, inclusive of good to return until April 15th.

To points beyond Montreal, at the LOWEST ONE WAY FIRST CLASS FARE TO MONTREAL PLUS ONE WAY FIRST CLASS FARE AND ONE-THIRD FROM MONTREAL. April 9th to 15th. Good to return until April 21st.

For further information apply to nearest Ticket Agent or write

D. P. A. C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

ment is unique and must be labelled as distinctly clever and original."

RECENT DEATHS.

One of the best known farmers of the Nashwaak passed away at Victoria Hospital, Fredericton, Thursday night, in the person of James Craig of Zion. He leaves a wife and five small children.

MORNING'S NEWS.

The fortnightly Club meeting has been postponed till Monday, 24th prox.

Edward Simon has been reported for working in the city without a license.

The ladies aid society of the Queen Square Methodist Church are preparing for a tea and sale to take place just before Easter.

Sch. M. D. 8, which reached this port yesterday from Norfolk, brought up a cargo of crossbred lumber for the J. C. R. A portion of this stuff will enter into the construction of the new railway round house.

As there is a possibility of Sir A. C. Mackenzie arriving in town today the members of the Harris Festival Chorus are requested to attend the rehearsal in the Church of England Institute tonight at 8 o'clock.

A large audience listened to Evangelist Robbins last night in Coburg Street Christian Church, when he discoursed on "The Home of the Redeemed." These meetings will be continued throughout next week. On Lord's day morning his subject will be, "Love the Master Motive. In the evening, "Salvation Through Faith."

A coming event that is being looked forward to with much pleasurable anticipation will be the production of the three-act comedy "Dandy Dick," under the auspices of the Neptune Rowing Club. Rehearsals are going on steadily and those who have had the opportunity of witnessing the work being done are in a position to state that the play will be one of the best, if not the best, ever put on in this line in this city.

HARMONY HALL.

The Jungle Folk at it Again—The Star Loses a Subscriber.

"Fellows," said the President, "I think the fact that Fellow McKeown has got the solicitor-generalship should be a cause for congratulation."

"It certainly is," said Fellow Carleton.

"On what ground?" queried a back-bencher.

"Because," said Fellow Carleton, "it increases the expenditure. When there was only an attorney-general, Fellow McKeown was crown prosecutor and got paid for it. He and Fellow Pugsley both got pay. Now that Fellow McKeown has been given a portfolio he, of course, will have to give up work. I will be the crown prosecutor, and Fellow Pugsley and Fellow McKeown and myself will all get pay."

"Quite so," said the President.

"And where, under this arrangement, do I come in?" plaintively queried Fellow Trueman.

"You've got two jobs now. How many more do you want?" demanded Fellow MacAlpine.

"I want enough to keep me busy," replied Fellow Trueman. "And I am a little curious to know what will be expected of me when Fellow McKeown comes back for re-election."

"You can't be bullied off to St. Martins or Ottawa this time," said a back-bencher. "That's sure."

"Just so," said Fellow Trueman. "But I must speak."

"Oh! Of course," said Fellow Carleton. "We all know that."

"But I do not propose to be suppressed in order to glorify you," retorted Fellow Trueman sharply. "You seem to have got the idea that there is only one person in St. John who can make a political speech, and you are the one."

"I have a most positive idea," replied Fellow Carleton, "that some aspirants for platform honors should be suppressed."

"Are you squirrels at it again?" shouted Fellow MacAlpine. "You've got down hard on my nerves. Stop it—stop it!"

"There's a little matter, Mr. President," said a mild-voiced Fellow, "that I think should be dealt with. I think we should sue the Star for libel."

"The Star! The Star!" cried the President. "My favorite paper. On what grounds, pray, do you hold that opinion?"

"Well," said the mild-voiced Fellow, "we all know there are two vacant offices at the customs house. The Star has only named five persons as applicants for those two jobs—two jobs."

"Only five?" cried the President. "Are you sure? Do you mean to say that the Star says there are only five applicants for two jobs?"

"That's right," said the Fellow. "And I consider that it's an insult. The President," "Only five!" repeated the President. "Five applicants for two jobs. It's disgraceful. Mr. Secretary," turning sharply to that official, "go down tomorrow and cancel my subscription at once. Only five! Why we're all after everything in sight."

"Of course we are," approvingly chorused the Fellows.

RECENT DEATHS.

James T. Gilchrist, of Knowlton & Gilchrist, died yesterday. For three months he had been confined to his house and for some weeks to his bed. He was the second son of the late Thomas Gilchrist, of Carlisle (Scotland), and is survived by his mother, one brother—William, of this city, and one sister—Mrs. Jeremiah Drake, also of St. John. Mr. Gilchrist never married. He had been in partnership since 1891 with F. J. G. Knowlton in the insurance business under the name of Knowlton & Gilchrist, and from 1878 up to that date had been in the office of B. McLeod, now Judge McLeod. Mr. Gilchrist was in the prime of life and had many warm friends who will mourn his death.

Martha Lawton, widow of Edward Lawton, and aged 41 years, was found dead in her home, 373 Union street, yesterday afternoon. About 1 o'clock Thomas Hunter, the baker, called to deliver bread. Receiving no reply to his knock at the door he entered and found the woman in a crouching position on the floor, dead. He notified the police, and Coroner Berryman, after viewing the body, considered an inquest unnecessary. A telegram was received last evening from the woman's sister in Boston, requesting that the body be interred.

The death occurred at Tusket, N. S., yesterday morning of John A. Hatfield, aged 80, a prominent resident of the place.

Cabot White, a well known Acadian citizen, dropped dead at Yarmouth Thursday night while going up stairs. Deceased leaves a widow and four children.

The Orangemen of Nova Scotia lost a valued worker Thursday night in the death of James Miller, of Shubenacadie, who for the last 28 years has been treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia, resigning but a few weeks ago on account of failing health. At the time of his resignation he was presented with a handsome silver service, De-

ceased was one of Shubenacadie's leading citizens, being the senior member of James Miller & Sons, brick manufacturers, of Shubenacadie and Orangevale, C. B. Mr. Miller was an ex-councillor for Colchester county, a member of the Episcopal church and a conservative in politics.

Mrs. Rosa, widow of Ebenezer Ross, of Truro, died yesterday morning, aged 82.

THOSE ENGLISH EMIGRANTS.

LONDON, March 22.—The rush of enquiries at the Canadian emigration offices has slackened largely owing to the impossibility of booking so many passages at once.

The Barr colony are now mobilizing at Liverpool, whence they sail on Tuesday. Barr's work will be continued in England by his new partner, Doctor Robbins, who was formerly a Methodist minister in Ontario, and later a Presbyterian minister at Truro, Nova Scotia. After coming to England he became moderator of the Presbyterian church.

MONTREAL LIQUOR SALOONS.

MONTREAL, March 22.—In the police investigation today some interesting evidence was contributed by ex-Chief Panet, of the provincial inland revenue police. He was placed on the stand to testify that it was the custom to allow saloon keepers to keep open after hours when anything in particular was going on. He went still further and testified that he had allowed saloons to remain open on election days to oblige certain people.

WILL GIVE YOU SOME POINTS ABOUT BREAD MAKING.

The way to make good bread is not known to everybody and yet it seems a simple thing when once you know it. The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Montreal, are anxious that everybody should know how to get the best results from their flour, and if you ask them they will tell you. Trouble to write you a personal letter containing instructions that are sure to help you if you do as they say.

INSURANCE ON FERRIES.

There was a short discussion at the City Hall yesterday afternoon before the treasury board as to the insurance policy which the city decided to take out from the employers' liability company with respect to the ferries. Recorder Skinner stated that the policy only covered accidents among the employees, but the agents have had attached a slip making the insurance include passengers as well. He was satisfied that the whole arrangement would prove satisfactory to the city. Later on the treasury board decided to ask the recorder for a written opinion.

AN ENGLISH ELECTION.

LONDON, March 22.—The Chertsey division of Surrey, a conservative stronghold, has been retained by the Unionists by the result of a bye-election held yesterday for a successor in parliament to S. C. Leigh Bennett, deceased. J. A. Flyer, conservative, defeated H. H. Longman, liberal, by about half the majority obtained by the conservatives at the last election.

MEETINGS.

Rev. W. Beers will address the temperance meeting in Union Hall Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The Forty Hours' Devotion began in the cathedral yesterday morning. There was service last evening, and the devotion will close Sunday evening.

THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

It is understood that the redistribution bill, as far as New Brunswick is concerned, will add Albert county to Kings county. This will provide for the only member which the province will require to drop.—Daily Telegraph.

REAL MAPLE SYRUP SCARC.

There Has Not Been Sufficient Frost to Start the Sap Flowing.

(Toronto World.)

Maple syrup will be a luxury this year. Indications point in that direction. The season is a total failure. The sap has been so little. Reports from all over the province tell the same tale—nothing doing in the sugar line.

What is it? Experts bring forward numerous reasons for a more or less gloomy character. They blame the warm weather. With the assurance that comes of certain knowledge, they say that the farmer that has tapped his sugar bush for years and is used to a certain amount of frost and cold, frosty nights are necessary to enable the sap to run freely. The warm days have been on hand in abundance, but the frosty nights have shown a remarkable tendency in holding out their chilly hands.

SEASON OPENED QUICK.

Spring came on with too much of a rush. The sap and maple began to stir when it was only March. The sap did not think of waiting. It rushed into the recesses of the tree and oozed out. Bright, sunny days were succeeded by equally warm nights. The sap was growing more and more abundant, until at length the collectors returned to find all, and there you are.

It is not thought, however, that the public will realize the future of the sugar crop. It is far from thus. The unsuspecting citizen who smacks his lips over the succulent food, called by the grocer single syrup, will not appreciate the failure. Ninety per cent. of the sticky, amber-colored stuff that he takes with his porridge is unmaple. The nearest approach to ever saw to the real thing was when the packer put the label on his tin. Maple syrup, Maple Syrup Made in Canada. Maple, forsooth! What fools these mortals be!

TO CURE HEADACHE IN TEN MINUTES USE KUMFORT HEADACHE POWDERS.

PRICE OF COAL.

16.50 About the Price Portland, Me., will Have to Pay This Summer.

(Portland Press.)

The coal dealers of this city have received a telegram regarding the prices of coal which will go into effect on April 1st.

Anthracite coal will cost about fifty cents less than at present, but soft coal will be very much higher.

The notice received states that stove, egg and board for \$5.00. With the freight to the port added, the coal will probably be in this city at \$7.50.

This is fifty cents advance in price over one year ago.

The price of soft coal after the first of the month will probably make a sharp advance, jumping from \$1 to about \$1.50 a ton.

This price has not been anticipated, but the dealers have received unofficial information that this will be the difference over last spring. This will make soft coal at least \$5 and perhaps more, as against \$4 one year ago.

The cheaper grades of bituminous coal will probably be less, but there will be sharp advances in all grades.

OHAWA, March 21.—The strike of the employees of the McLaughlin carriage factory, declared on Feb. 16, has been ended, the men returning to labor.

TORONTO, March 21.—The Ontario government has sent H. B. Kyle of Oakville to England to secure farm laborers.

AT THE LONDON HOUSE

SATURDAY, MAR. 28TH.



Late Arrivals in Ladies' Stylish Suits.

New styles in Ladies' Suits coming in every day or two.

We are showing on Monday some of the most popular New York designs—and we will be pleased to have anyone come in to try them on.

New Stole Front Suits of fine black basket weave Cheviot, \$17.50

New Monte Carlo Suits of fine black Venetian—trimmed with broad stitched bands of taffeta, \$15.75

Popular Norfolk Suits of black and white Tweed—stitched straps 1½ inches wide as trimming. Price, \$15.00

Ladies' English Raincoats, Just Arrived Yesterday.

The latest spring designs in Ladies' Broadcloth Coats.

NEW 3-4 FLAKE TWEED COATS, \$6.75.

NEW 3-4 HAM'S TWEED COATS, \$10.75.

NEW FULL LENGTH FLAKE MIXTURE COATS, \$13.75.

NEW Full Length Raglan, with Cape effect, CATTED \$12.75.

NEW FULL LENGTH CATTED COAT, \$9.75.

To get well fitted in a good stylish Corset is necessary before having your Spring Suit fitted.

New Fine White French Corset—straight front—cut in gored—ribbed and lace trimmed. \$1.75 pair.

No. 126 Fancy Brocade Corset—as cut—new "Elect" form—made from rich design silk brocade, \$2.00 pair.



NEW BIAS CUT CORSET, \$1.35.

New Medium Short Waisted Corset—bias cut and gored at bust and over hips—made of fine saten lace and ribbon trimmed, \$1.35 pair.

NEW TAPE "GIRDLE" CORSET. White Soft Tape Girdle Corset for wearing with shirt waists and evening dresses, \$1.00 pair.

New Fabrics in Black Dress Goods.

Good fine stylish black dress materials. Come and take a look at them.

New Black Etamines \$5c., \$1.35.

New Black Voiles with French Knotted Stripes.

Black Knicker Voiles.

Black Silk Gloria for waists, \$5c.

Black Broadcloth, a very fine cloth for price, \$1.35 yd.

F. W. DANIEL & CO.,
London House, Charlotte St.

GERMANY'S EMPRESS

Thrown From Horse and Her Arm Broken Yesterday.

BERLIN, March 22.—While the German empress was galloping through the Grunewald (a forest three and a half miles southwest of Charlottenburg) this afternoon, her horse, startled by a dog that ran across the path, reared and threw her off. She broke the fall with her left arm, and one of the bones snapped just above the wrist. The empress, Prince Adalbert, General von Lowenfeld, Gen. von Wedel and the numerous following of adjutants and aides-de-camp quickly gathered around her. The empress was the first to lift her from the ground. The empress screamed with pain at the first shock, but after that she showed much fortitude.

"Lowenfeld," said the empress, "ride to the hunting lodge and telephone for Dr. Leuthold."

Gen. von Lowenfeld left the adjutants far behind in the dash for the hunting lodge, which was about a mile away. He had some difficulty in locating Dr. Leuthold. Emperor William in the meantime had applied first aid to the injured limb, and made a sling to support the arm. The fractured arm was dressed and bandaged at the hunting lodge, and she was then driven in a carriage slowly back to Berlin. The empress sat in the carriage with her arm in a sling under her jacket, the empress riding beside on horseback. His majesty's close attendance caused some wonder as the party passed through the Unter Den Linden. It was an hour later before extra editions explained the reason. The doctors affirm that the injury is a case of simple fracture which will probably cause no inconvenience to the empress a fortnight hence.

It is recalled that the empress a few years ago broke a bone in her left foot through being thrown from her horse at the health resort of Berchtesgaden.

S. S. FIREMEN STRIKE.

BOSTON, March 22.—A dozen firemen employed on the Eastern Steamship Co.'s steamer St. Croix, who today for an increase in wages, were compelled to stand by and see their places filled by new men obtained by the union to which the firemen belonged, and paid the price which the strikers had demanded.

The men who struck had been receiving \$15 a month. Early this morning, when preparations should have begun for the sailing of the steamer at 10 o'clock, the men announced that they would strike if they were not given \$40. The advance was refused.

Later the men walked on to the wharf. A delegate of the firemen's union being informed of the trouble, interviewed the steamship people. He found them willing to pay the extra \$5, but they did not like the way the firemen had used the company, and absolutely refused to take them back. The strikers had acted without the sanction of the union, and they had not given the company an hour's notice of their intention to strike, so the union decided that the only thing it could do was to insist on the payment of \$40 a month.

Any union men the company cared to engage. Accordingly 12 new men were secured and the strikers took their clothing ashore and went looking for new jobs.

Some of the old men had been with the company nine years.

Because of the strike and the unusually large amount of freight the St. Croix did not get away from Boston until late this afternoon.

IRATE IRISHMEN.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Two hundred Irishmen, whose feeling had been outraged by the performance of the travesty "McPadden's Row of Flats" at the New Star Theatre, rose in their seats in the theatre at a signal to-night and pelted the performers with rotten eggs, decayed vegetables and fruit.

The audience of over 2,000 was thrown into an uproar and the actors were driven from the stage.

The affair was the culmination of a series of attempts to bring the performance of plays that caricature the Irish, to an end.

Not for years has a play been so rotten as the one now being shown. The assertion was made tonight that the allied Irish societies determined to rout the actors burlesquing Irish character and arranged the Star Theatre disturbance.

Five of the disturbers were arrested. They were followed to the police station by a hundred sympathizers.

SMALLPOX EMBARGO RAISED.

HALIFAX, March 22.—The smallpox embargo put into effect by the town of Sydney Mines has been raised. Tomorrow communication between the towns will be resumed.

CABINET ROOM A GYMNASIUM.

His "Department of Physical Culture" President Roosevelt has given a mild shock to the worshippers of historic simplicity and the worshippers of historic association by converting the cabinet room of the renovated White House in Washington into what he playfully calls the administration's "department of physical culture."

A few days ago the president was showing a party of luncheon guests through the new rooms upstairs on the bedroom floor. The rooms formerly occupied by the clerical force have mostly been converted into sleeping apartments for members of the president's family and their guests, and Mr. Roosevelt called attention to the fact that the rooms in which the White House staff and Garfield suffered his long illness have been but slightly changed.

At length the room used for cabinet councils during the administrations of a dozen presidents was reached and when the door was opened all the guests rubbed their eyes and wondered if they were dreaming. The well worn cabinet table, the book cases, maps, globes, bronzes, clocks, chairs, rugs, chandeliers, bronze and marble busts of statesmen and soldiers were gone, and in their places were four mats, sliding door, wire masks, fencing gloves, padded vests, swords and foil, single sticks and other athletic paraphernalia.

White House guests of the future will have this historic room described to them not as the council chamber of days gone by, but as the room in which General Wood thumped the president over the head with a broadsword, raised a jump as large as a bird's egg on the president's forehead, or where the doughty warrior ragged President Roosevelt's wrist with a single stick, putting it out of business for several days, with a few graphic sentences as to what the president on various occasions did to Gen. Wood in the same line of athletic endeavor.

Until the president let his luncheon guests into the secret, it had been generally supposed that the "department of physical culture" was located in the basement of the Executive Mansion in one of the rooms formerly used by the laundry, and so it was temporarily, but the new bodily endeavor quarters of the strenuous young president are now in a more dignified location.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., March 22.—Governor Boyle tonight gave the royal assent to the French Shore modus vivendi bill, which thus becomes a law for the present year. The sailing fleet has not yet been reported. The stormy weather continues along the northern seaboard, which doubtless explains why none of the steamers have yet returned.

POOL ROOM RAID.

Inmates Held at Bay By Detectives With Revolvers.

NEW YORK, March 22.—In effecting an entrance into an alleged pool room in the basement of a six story business building on West Third street today, two detectives were forced to chop a hole through the floor in the rear of a saloon and drop into the room below, where other detectives were holding the alleged proprietors and inmates at bay with their revolvers. The alleged proprietor, William Daly, and a dozen others were arrested.

The place was very cunningly fortified and guarded. An elaborate system of signals had to be given by several sentries, it is alleged, before a would-be better could gain entrance to the room. Pocket telephones, electric buttons, "buzzers," secret slides and a "maze" figure in the story. When the visitor finally satisfied the sentries that he was all right, it is said he was passed along to a room, the door of which was immediately bolted.

Detective Sergeants Kerr and Fogarty disguised themselves as truck drivers and, it is alleged, frequently visited the place where they claim to have placed bets on the races at Benning. They were there today when detectives Sergeants Vailley and Collins dropped through the ceiling.

As soon as the blows were heard in the inner room Kerr and Fogarty drew their revolvers, and, backing to a corner, covered the crowd.

Those arrested besides the alleged proprietor were his alleged manager and employees. The others found in the place were not arrested.

YOUNG CORBETT.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—Young Corbett is having some difficulty in getting down to the agreed weight of 127 pounds for his contest with McKeown. He is now several pounds over weight, and is employing heroic measures in order to weigh in at the required weight at four o'clock next Tuesday afternoon. The champion, however, professes not to be anxious about his weight. Reports from McKeown's camp at Alameda say that the little fellow is now within the required weight, and in fine condition.

McPADDEN'S STOMACH.

DETROIT, Mich., March 22.—Benny Yanger of Chicago was given a well merited decision by Referee Siler to-night over Hugh McPadden of Brooklyn, after ten rounds of fighting in the Light Guard Armory before three thousand people. Yanger had clearly the better of every round after the first, while McPadden's nose was bleeding freely and his body showed the effect of Yanger's punishment. McPadden was in distress several times and hung on in clinches repeatedly, while Yanger forced the fighting throughout. From the first McPadden's stomach was Yanger's objective point, and it was the blows he sent to this point that brought him the decision.

OCEAN RACE.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 22.—The Dominion liner steamer Canada entered the harbor at midnight from Queenstown. Much interest was evinced by shipping men on the voyage of the Allan liner Bavarian and the Dominion liner Canada. The former left Moville last Friday at 2 p. m., and the Canada left Queenstown the same day and hour, but the position of the ports of departure with the southerly route gave the latter a slight advantage. The Bavarian has not yet been signalled. The two steamers between them have 3,000 passengers. The number brought by the Canada to-night is 1,365, of which 321 are boys from Dr. Barnardo's homes in England. Of her passengers the Canada will take 293 on to Boston, the others landing here.

FLOODING THE COLLIERY.

HALIFAX, March 22.—Dominion colliery No. 1 is now being flooded. Yesterday the water in Cadeagan's Brook, which flows nearby, was turned on the burning area through the old workings, and besides this engines are pumping a steady flow from the pond near the pit. Dams are now being constructed with the view of holding this water in the section of the pit containing the burning area and backing it up on the fire.

Fully three-fourths of the pit will be flooded as speedily as possible. Tomorrow two or three eight inch syphons will be put in near the shore and the waters of the Atlantic thus turned into the colliery. It will take several days before the pit is flooded and months before it will be pumped dry.

MARINE MATTERS.

Sch. Georgia has been fixed to load dry cypress at Apalachicola for Bahia at \$7.75.

Bark Robert S. Bismard, Capt. Andrews, at Philadelphia from Rosario, loads there for Buenos Ayres at \$7.

The West India liner Ocampo is reported by last night's despatches to have left there for this port.

The Elder-Dempster str. Lycia, Capt. Jones, has cleared for Cape Town and other South African ports with general cargo. She is expected to sail today.

Bark Avonia, from Buenos Ayres via St. Thomas, has arrived at Shelburne and has received orders to proceed to Hopewell Cape to load deals.

NO JOKE.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., March 22.—A prominent woman of this city has requested Mayor Price to use his influence for the passage of an ordinance compelling husbands to be at home by midnight. She says that the success of the curfew ordinance proves that such measures can be made effective and declares there are a number of wives in the city who would welcome such a measure.

The mayor declines to make her name public and does not say what he thinks of the proposition, but a number of the city officials look upon it as a joke.

MILITIA CHARGES.

OTTAWA, March 22.—Second Lieut. R. Seely H. N. Wood, E. H. Harnett, W. Pugsley and F. Gilman are gassed first lieutenants provisionally.

In the 62nd, Serg. H. D. Pickett, 1st and 2nd Lieutenants provisionally.

6th Regt.—To be Lieut. colonel commanding, A. D. Hartley.

Long service medals have been awarded Capt. Churchill and Lieut. Sterling of the 62nd, and Private Pearson of the 6th Hussars.

Flower growers in southern France and other favored climes find it profitable to send the products of their skill to British markets.

IN WOMAN'S WORLD.

ON EASTER SUNDAY.
(Brooklyn Eagle.)

Three-quarter length coats will be conspicuously fashionable on Easter Sunday. Invariably they will match the skirts with which they are worn. Among the more severe styles the corset coat is a new model. It is sure to be the delight of the girl who is proud of her figure. It is a fitted coat twenty-seven inches long, made with sixteen gores. It has a tailor finish, by the seams being covered by stitched straps of the same material as the coat. But this style of garment will only be one of the many that will appear on Easter morning. The fanciful loose coat will perhaps be the most in favor. It may be short or three-quarter length, according to the fancy of the individual girl who wears it. But it hangs gracefully loose and has sleeves which are worth studying and of course is collarless. These coats are of peau de soie, perfectly black, velvet and lightweight cloth. And they are exquisitely trimmed with silk braids, jet ornaments, rich embroideries and lace appliques. Many of them are made with stole fronts where much of the trimming is displayed.

The blouse jacket will also appear at Easter time, as well as many a fanciful bolero. In the thin materials plaited boleros will be seen, made very short and worn over a lace or embroidered silk blouse.

Then there are new dress accessories being planned right now which will make their first public appearance on Easter Sunday. Chief of these is the extremely deep lace collar. In fact, they are to be among the smartest fashion touches of the spring and summer and will be worn with the loose-fitting coats of black peau de soie or pongee, with cloth costumes, with silk gowns and with frocks of lawn, linen or baptiste. These collars are many of them fifteen inches deep, and are made of two or three different varieties of lace in combination with insets of either silk or linen. They help to accentuate the sloping effect which is so fashionable right now.

Capitale boas with stole ends will also be worn at Easter times and the prettiest are in white and black effects. In white taffeta, decorated with a trailing vine of black chiffon roses, they are new and charming. They are also very soft and lovely of shirred black chiffon with cream lace introduced as a shoulder cape, and lace motifs applied to the long stole ends.

Heavy lace pelerines threaded with chenille cords are also new, quaint and effective. They are draped about the shoulders and then hung down the front in long stoles.

And every gown will be trimmed this Easter time, and the trimmings many times are worth the price of the gown to the lover of things beautiful. There are embroidered bands worth keeping locked up in a cabinet. There are separate lace designs deserving of careful study, so exquisite are they, for many of them are not fashioned of one lace, but many. They represent, for instance, a conventional flower with the stem of one lace, the leaves of another, and the flower itself perhaps of two or more laces, artistically and cleverly combined.

Then, there are silk appliques in all sorts of novel designs, with the centre perhaps of lace, which is either threaded with narrow velvet, chenille or embroidered in silken threads. There is simply no end to the artistic elaboration of these new trimmings. As for the braids, they, too, are out in all sorts of fascinating designs and colors. They show embroidered effects and changeable effects. And there are pendant trimmings, large and small, made not only of silk braid, but jet and mock jewels. But though the Easter girl will wear a gown elaborately trimmed this year, in the general effect of the costume the trimmings will not predominate. So cleverly will it be introduced that it will simply give the finishing touch of style to the gown.

FOR THE FIGURE.

Every woman wants to possess a symmetrical figure, and the honest and certain way to secure and retain it is through rubbing and bathing.

This can be accomplished by devoting to it a few minutes every day.

Rub with the palm of your hand.

Rub your arms, your shoulders, your neck, your chest and your limbs.

Develop your chest and your bust by rubbing from the waist line upward to the shoulder. Rub with the right hand with a gentle, sweeping movement up to the left shoulder, and with the left up to the right shoulder, passing the hands in this way alternately over the chest.

Do this daily. Nothing develops the figure and keeps it graceful and well proportioned like the gentle movement of rubbing, attended to every day.

If your elbows are pointed, rubbing

will round them and make them smooth.

If your neck is thin, rubbing upward and backward will round it out.

Rubbing your arms will make them round and plump, while the flesh will become firm.

Do this rubbing before your bath, and do not fail on any account to bathe every day.

Don't take hot baths oftener than once a week. On other days take your bath as cold as you can.

During periods take a sponge bath in warm water (not hot) water.

Never neglect your bath, whether you are a working girl or a well-to-do society woman.

If you have no bath tub, bathe in a wash bowl with a sponge, but bathe some way every day, after rubbing yourself thoroughly. No matter how hard you work, you must find time for your bath. It is your greatest safeguard against disease. It keeps you sweet and clean. It makes you vigorous and bright.

Your rubbing and your bath will soon become one of your greatest pleasures. You will take a deep interest in it and look forward to it every day. If you doubt this, try it for just one week.

Pride in developing your figure will give you a new interest in life, and you will rather go without your breakfast than your rub and bath.

Rubbing and bathing develop strength, create appetite, promote nutrition, make the skin clear, and keep alive the ambition to be well and strong and beautiful.

Mothers, insist on your daughter following these simple rules. Follow them yourselves.

HANDKERCHIEF LINGERIE.

The ingenious girl is turning her stock of embroidered and hemstitched handkerchiefs to account after this fashion. The first variety she transforms into the daintiest possible corset covers, while the hemstitched ones are covered into more serviceable corset covers.

Two handkerchiefs are required to make one of these. First, fold a handkerchief cornerwise together, and cut it in half. The second handkerchief is cut in half in the same manner and then one of the halves is again cut, thus quartering the section. To put this cover together, take one of the halves and lay it out upon a table, the point upward. Lay another half over it, the point on either side of it, the points downward. The two quarters are then fitted in at each end, the whole forming an elongated strip. Between these sections of handkerchief insert beading and lace, also at the top and bottom of the strip; run a ribbon through the beading to draw up the "cover," when it is worn. For the sleeves make straps of lace and beading. Hollow out the corset cover a trifle for the under arm fitting, and fasten the strap across at this point.

The hemstitched corset cover is made the same way as the embroidered one, only that there is no lace insertion and beading between the sections, this being used only at the top to draw it up by.

The German empress cares far less for jewels than any other European sovereign. However, she has some very magnificent ones, and when she appears at the court balls she is resplendent with jewels. Five million marks, or \$1,500,000, is the rough estimate on the value of these gems. The greater part of them, however, is the property of the Prussian treasury. As consort of the reigning sovereign she is entitled to wear but not dispose of them.

One woman has made a success marketing, not for the wealthy class, but for the woman who has to go to business, yet wants her meals at home. This woman goes every morning to the home of the busy woman and finds out what is needed; then she goes to the large market, and as it sometimes happens several of her customers want the same thing, she is able to buy large quantities at considerable saving to the consumer.

During the past year over forty women have been installed in the offices of architects as assistants, and, what is even more to the point, they are paid the same amount of salary as the men.

A Chicago woman, Mrs. M. H. Knowles, has just been honored by the French government, which has bestowed upon her the much coveted decoration, "Les Palmes Academiques."

For her work in fostering the study of the French language in America, Mrs. Knowles has for more than twenty years been the president of the "Club Francais" of Chicago. From a small social organization, meeting in private parlors, it has grown to such proportions that it now not only gives large receptions to distinguished guests from abroad, but has its own theatre, where French plays are produced.

Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. H. Brown on every box 25c

which are notable social and dramatic successes.

There is a woman in Greater New York who has built up a large trade by decorating old furniture. She takes the pieces and repairs them, even doing the upholstering herself, finding she can get more artistic effects than the regular upholsterer. At first, she worked on a commission basis with a second-hand store, but she has now developed such a thriving business that she is able to hire a ground floor flat and says she has all the work she can take care of.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Always break or twist (never cut) the green top off a pineapple which is not for immediate use, as it absorbs the juice and flavor of a ripe fruit.

Never wash a knife with which a raw onion has been cut in warm water or hot water, as the heat sets the flavor of the onion; always wash well in cold water, using a bit of salol at the same time.

Once every week the ice box should be thoroughly washed with hot suds, in which a little ammonia has been thrown, and the suds dried in the open sunshine; the door should be left open till the entire interior is perfectly dry, then a small plate, with a little potash should be kept in the ice box till the next cleaning, when it should be thrown out and some fresh put in its place.

Kitchen utensils which have become burned and blackened may be easily cleaned by putting in the clothes boiler and boiling with potash and a bit of some washing powder. When they have boiled for a little while (fifteen or twenty minutes) they can be taken out and washed in clear water, when they will be found to be bright and fresh.

A correspondent sends in the following recipe: The best lotion I know of, for the hands, when one has to do rough work and then to try to sew, is glycerin, arnica and lemon. One ounce of the first two, and the juice of one lemon, strained, by Good Housekeeping, is noted by Good Housekeeping. The writer says: "I watched a professional cleaner make a spot on a delicate silk disappear. Instead of attacking the ugly mark at once, he began about ten inches from it. He stretched a scrap of thin white broadcloth on the end of his finger, dipped it lightly in gasoline and worked quickly around the spot in wheel-like sweeps, getting nearer and nearer the stain, which yielded in a few minutes to gentle but steady rubbing. The gradual approach to cleaning the stain, he explained, did away with all danger of leaving the halo one often has to sponge out after a stain disappears."

"To remove oil and grease from carpets," says a writer in the Woman's Home Companion, "spread a layer of French chalk over the spots, covered with a sheet of blotting paper and iron with a warm flatiron. Repeat the process if necessary. Or spread upon the stain a paste made of fuller's earth, brushing it off when dry, and renewing until the stain is removed. Use gall in paste, to preserve the colors of the fabric treated. Remove oil paint spots with very pure spirits of turpentine. The impure spirits leave grease spots. For carpets infested with moths or carpet bugs try spreading a wet sheet in the carpet, then running a hot flatiron quickly over it. The steam will destroy both worms and eggs. If the carpet is not to be taken up it can be wonderfully cleaned and brightened by sprinkling a handful of dry salt over it, then sweeping carefully."

HOME AT LAST.

Now more the bliss of love is felt, Though felt to be the same: 'Tis still our lives in one to melt, Within love's sacred flame.

Each other's joy each to impart, Each other's grief to share; To look into each other's heart And find all solace there.

To lay the head upon one breast, To press one answering hand, To feel through all the soul's unrest, One soul to understand;

To go into the teeming world, The striving and the heat, With knowledge of one lost unfurl'd To welcome weary feet;

A shadow in a weary land, Where men as wanderers roam; A shadow where a rock doth stand—The shadow of a Home.

—George J. Romanes.

HUMOR OF THE POST-OFFICE.
(Daily Mail, London.)

In a lecture on "His Majesty's Mail" at Exeter Hall, Fred J. Melville touched on the amusing side of the work of the post office.

A letter, illustrated on the lantern screen, was directed "To my sister Jean, up the Canoga, Down a Cloud, Edinburgh—she has a wooden leg." A telegram sent to a lady customer was inscribed "overmanner."

Another despatch to the House of Commons was directed to the "House of Correction."

By an error in transmission a pleasure party telegraphing that they had "arrived all right," had their message delivered as "arrived all tight."

A TRIBUTE TO THE QUEEN OF SONG.

If one should hear thee, with his inmost heart, To desperate hope of love devoutly cling— He might take inspiration from thy singing, To fly in dreams from all this world apart; To wake in wonder, with a thrilling song, Mid stars and moons melodiously winging.

Where all the spheres with rapturous song are ringing, Communicant with angels that thou art!

O, sweetest Muse, if when the mournful shades Of dissolution close these mortal eyes, Thy voice should thrill, as, under glimmering skies,

The mocking-bird's in twilight-sombre glades, Thine dear to die, lulled at the parting breath, By thine enchantment, tuned to love and death.

—Henry Tyrrell, in Success.

PATTI A BUSINESS WOMAN.
How She Made Mapleson Live up to a \$5,000 Contract.

"Adelina Patti," said an aged Philadelphia friend of this city when she was eight years old. She was born in Spain—in Madrid—and her public career began at the age of seven. It began, I understand, in Philadelphia, and it was in Philadelphia that she made her first appearance before royalty, singing in Maria at the Academy of Music during the sojourn here of the Prince of Wales. The programme on that occasion were elaborate enough. They were of satin, with a fringe of gold lace.

"Patti was a great business woman. She made sums of money that have not been equalled since by any singer. I'll tell you a story indicative of her ability as a financier. She was being managed by Col. Mapleson, and her contract was for \$5,000 a night. Everything went well, but on a certain day in Boston Mapleson was short of cash. It was Patti's dictum that she must get her \$5,000 on the afternoon of every singing day. This afternoon, when the manager could produce only \$4,000, her secretary went away in great indignation. He vowed his mistress would not sing.

"But later on he returned and got the \$4,000. That night's opera was Traviata, and the secretary said Patti would come to the theatre and dress for the part of Violetta, all but the shoes. She would put her shoes on and appear when the extra \$1,000 was forthcoming.

"She did this. At 7:30 o'clock she sat in her dressing room in her stocking feet, all prepared otherwise to go on. Mapleson, by this time, had taken in \$600, and he sent it back to her. She returned him word that she would now put on one shoe.

"At 8 o'clock another \$400 lot of tickets had been sold. The money went to Patti. And she immediately put on the other shoe, and at the proper moment, smiling and bowing, advanced toward the footlights in an uproar of cheers and applause. The day if the full \$5,000 hadn't been forthcoming she wouldn't have appeared."

A STORY OF BJORNSTERNE BJORNSEN.

One day while in Norway an opportunity was given to me, says a writer in the April Cosmopolitan, to have verified the statement that the name Bjornstjerne means as much as the Norwegian flag. A battalion of Norwegian and Swedish cavalry, infantry and artillery, between three and four thousand strong, were returning from their maneuvers to their post in Christiansia. In passing Alesund, the general in command sent his adjutant in advance to beg Bjornstjerne's permission to bring him an ovation.

With his family and guests assembled about him on the veranda, the monumental figure stood with bare head to receive the military greeting. As each regiment passed in review before him, he bowed to the chief of the staff, and then, in a delectable sound of personal salutation from each of the soldiers, who then joined in singing the national hymn, to whose author they were offering this spontaneous salute. "There was a unique spectacle of men in full military dress, being accorded a military, spontaneous demonstration by the nation's army which a king might envy."

The love of the Norwegians for their poet and writer has its origin in the warm heart of the man himself. Bjornstjerne is close to us," said a Norwegian one day. "He is in all our hearts, and we feel that his own heart and hands are open to us. Both good and great, he would never do anything that was not good and noble, and we must love him." Thus do the hearts of the people go in the direction of their Northern Star, their Bjornstjerne.

"MADE IN ENGLAND."

With the Britishers at the railways of the railways should be mated a Briticism of the hotel, where the bill of fare of the dinner at fixed prices sometimes informs the traveler that a "follow of any dish will be served without extra charge," meaning thereby that he can call for a second helping. This is simply making a noun out of a verb, and giving it an extension of meaning. Actual novelties in words are not frequent, but a few can be met with now and again.

The London Times recently advertised upon the "belated electrification" of the underground railroad, evidently meaning the equipment of this route with electric motors; and the same journal, in reviewing a book on the Origins of Christianity, asserted that much depended "on the historicity" of a certain narrative. The London Spectator recently made use of the continuativeness; and the London Athenaeum remarked that a story was "told in what you might call the dialogical style."

In the London morning Post Mr. Andrew Lang declared that if you want to write good Latin verses you must be watchful, resourceful, and today (up to every dodge). Perhaps the most curious verbal novelty is a Briticism which has been deliberately invented to balance an imported Americanism: In the United States every lawyer is familiar with the meaning of betterment,—which has served as a model for worsement, a word recently made out of hand by the lawyers in Great Britain.—Brander Matthews, in Harper's Magazine for April.

NOT AFRAID.

"Are you afraid to go down stairs and look for that man who is ransacking the house?" asked Mr. Meckton's wife.

"Certainly not. I am perfectly willing to go and look for him. But, Henrietta, I'm afraid you have been making a mistake with me all these years. You ought to have developed my conversational powers more. After I find the burglar I won't know what to say to him. You'll have to stand at the head of the stairs and do the talking."

Coughs, colds, hoarseness and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Crescens Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I have secured a large BANKRUPT SHOE STOCK at less than half of cost to manufacture. I intend to dispose of a large part of it in St. John. I expect to be ready to announce the sale—the greatest shoe sale of the season—on or about April 1st.

REVERDY STEEVES, 44 Brussels Street.

Tapestry Carpets and China Matting.

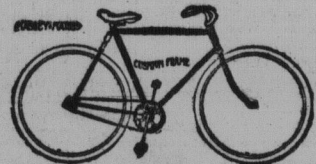
New and beautiful patterns in Tapestry Carpets at 35c. and 50c. per yard.

China Matting in new patterns at 15c., 22c. and 28c. per yard.

E. O. PARSONS,
93 and 95 LUDLOW STREET, West End.

WHAT IS HOME ?

What is home without a bicycle? It's the best thing we know of for exercise, pleasant to take, and as a money-saver it has no equal.



"Massey-Harris"
is a bicycle without a peer. It's the wheel of the people, made for people's comfort, sold at the people's price.

Then there's the **HYGIENIC CUSHION FRAME**—the invention that regenerated wheeling. It is to bicycling what the "Pullman" is to railroading.

R. D. COLES,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
A full line of C. C. M. parts always on hand.

CANADA CYCLE AND MOTOR CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

SKINNER'S CARPET WAREROOMS.

My Spring Stock of Carpets and Linoleums surpasses anything ever shown in this market.

Tapestry Carpets,
Brussels Carpets,
Wilton Carpets,

30c. to 80c.
90c. to \$1.40
\$1.50 to 1.90

Axminster Carpets,
Wool Carpets,
Linoleum, 4 yards wide,

\$1.40 to \$1.60
60c. to 1.10
50c. to 85c.

I carry an immense variety of Squares in all the makes produced, from \$3 to \$150.

A. O. SKINNER.

TREASURY BOARD

Consider the Estimates for the Year 1903.

And Agree to Submit to Council—
Total Levy of \$345,985.—An Increase of Over \$20,000.—The Levy for Schools to be \$90,000.

The treasury board spent the greater part of yesterday afternoon at the City Hall considering the estimates agreed upon by the other boards for assessment during the coming year. The members went very fully into every item and were forced to admit that increases in the assessment were necessary in the various departments. Ald. Robinson said it was expected the increases would result in an addition of 10 to 12 cents on every hundred dollars. The changes sought with reference to the assessment would, Chairman Robinson pointed out, add another five cents. The figures are given here so that it will be an easy matter for the citizens to see for themselves where the additional amounts are required.

Ald. Robinson presided and there were present Aldermen Christie, McMulkin, Baxter, Bullock, Maxwell, Millidge, McGoldrick and Allan.

W. S. Fisher, D. J. McLaughlin and E. L. Rising of the New Brunswick Tourist Association appeared before the board and asked that they be given the same grant as last year, \$750. Mr. Fisher said if the council thought the money had been well and judiciously expended they would expect this grant. The object of the association was to attract tourists to this city and province, and good must result from that. They expected the usual grant from the local government, viz., \$1,000. The number of visitors in June and July was small, but August brought us many tourists. It was the same elsewhere. The number of inquiries and registrations at the office was larger than ever before. St. John had more summer visitors last year than usual.

Mr. McLaughlin was surprised Mr. Fisher had not asked for more money, as the usefulness of the association depended upon the amount of money it had to use. He showed what the association did in the way of advertising the city of St. John and the province of New Brunswick. He hoped the grant would be increased. This year there would be no exhibition, so that the attraction of people would depend largely upon the association.

Mr. Rising assured the board that the association used all funds given them judiciously. It was a great thing for the city to bring people here.

Mr. Fisher spoke of the great benefits which must result from the lectures delivered in the United States and parts of Canada.

Ald. Maxwell saw no reason why the city should not continue this grant.

Ald. Bullock concurred in this view and said the city would not be asked for a grant for an exhibition this year. He moved that the grant be made \$750. This passed and the council will be asked to vote the same.

The Horticultural Association asked for a grant of \$3,000. Last year expenditures were made amounting to \$5,063. The animals must be housed and provision will have to be made to keep the water in the lake. Improvements were necessary to the garden.

Ald. Millidge said it was thought a portion of property would have to be acquired in order to provide a lake in connection with Lily Lake, from which it would draw water.

Ald. Maxwell moved that the board recommend a grant of \$3,000.

This was generally supported and passed.

Ald. Christie inquired if arrangements could not be made whereby Thos. Thompson would supply to the chamberlain the vessels, scoops and rafts which laid at the wharves and slips at the west side. It was known that some people escaped for months payment of any amounts.

The chamberlain reported that the new arrangement as to the collection of harbor dues was working very satisfactorily. Mr. Alward visited Carleton every morning.

An order was given for billing the Elder-Dempster line for half the cost of the additional warehouse space provided for them in connection with No. 8 warehouse, Sand Point.

It was decided to recommend the following district commissioners for appointment:

Guys ward—To be filled.
Brooks ward—To be filled.
Sidney ward—Patrick Griffiths.
Dukes ward—To be filled.
Queens ward—J. R. McFarlane.
Kings ward—G. B. Boyne.
Wellington ward—E. W. Paul.
Prince ward—W. S. Vaughan.
Victoria ward—W. A. Brown.
Dufferin ward—R. C. Brown.
Lansdowne—John Stubbs.
Lorne—M. D. Austin.
Stanley ward—Geo. C. Seeley.

The estimates for the coming year's assessment submitted by the several boards were then considered and it was agreed to recommend the issue of warrants for the following levies, which compared with last year, were:

Fire department, \$35,693 \$32,200 00
Police department, 29,000 26,500 00
Light department, 22,705 21,750 00
Public works dept., 60,000 48,500 00
Sewerage maintenance department, 10,000 9,000 00
Interest and sinking fund, 94,936 1,497 29
Assessment for exhibition buildings, 636 636 00
Free public libraries, 2,650 2,650 00
Public schools, 90,000 89,124 43

Ald. Robinson said the total amount was considerably larger than the assessments of 1902, in fact it was felt that the increase in the rate would be in the vicinity of 10 to 12 cents on every hundred dollars liable to be assessed.

Chamberlain Sandall added that it would be a bigger jump even than that. He and Mr. Sharp of the board of assessors had figured it up, and when the commission for collecting the assessment was added the rate would go up about 15 cents.

Ald. Robinson said, according to his

calculations, the rate this year would ascend from \$1.55 per hundred up to \$1.67. Then it was thought the changes in the assessment law would add another five cents. If this proved so the rate would go up to \$1.70 to \$1.72. The departments generally were considered.

Ald. Christie pointed out that while this appeared to be the case with reference to overdrafts still the city was not in debt, as it would appear to be, for the money had been taken from one account and used in another. Thus a saving was effected in interest.

After the adoption of the above sums it was decided to add \$750 to the amount for the light department for the purpose of providing additional street lights which were felt to be absolutely needed.

Explanations were made as to the increase in the fire department levy. A permanent advance was entailed by the increase in the west end firemen's pay and the increase in Chief Kerr's salary. This jump as first arranged meant \$1,000 and now it was fixed so that \$500 would suffice.

The chamberlain calculated that with the school assessment placed at \$90,000, which it was reported it would be, although the requisition of the trustees had not yet been received, the assessment for this year would be \$345,985. Last year's was \$322,857.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. John's Church.—Rev. J. de Soyres, rector. Services tomorrow at 11 and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10. The Holy Communion will be administered after the evening service.

Mission Church S. John Baptist, Paradise row (Church of England).—Rev. P. Owen-Jones, priest in charge. Fifth Sunday in Lent (Passion Sunday). Holy Eucharist (plain) at 8 a. m.; High Mass and sermon at 11. Choral evensong and sermon at 7 p. m. All seats free.

St. James' Church, Broad street.—Rector, Rev. A. D. Dewdney. Morning service at 11. Preacher, the rector; subject, "Conscience and Curiosity." Evening service at 7. With celebration of Holy Communion. Preacher, the rector; subject, "Life Insurance." All seats free. Strangers welcome.

St. David's Church, Sydney street.—Rev. Dr. J. A. Morrison, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school and Bible class at 2.30 p. m.

Centenary Methodist Church.—Sunday services: 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. G. M. Campbell, morning and evening. Sunday school, 2.30 p. m.

St. John's Methodist.—Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Howard J. Deinstadt in the morning, and the pastor, Rev. Henry Penna, in the evening. Sunday school at 2.15 p. m.

Fairville Methodist Church.—Pastor, Rev. W. J. Kirby. Men's class, 9.30. Rev. W. W. Lodge of Halifax will preach at both services. Sunday school at 2.30. Annual sustentation fund meeting on Monday at 7.30, addressed by Rev. W. W. Lodge and W. E. Johnson, B. A. Collection for fund.

Zion Methodist Church, junction of Wall street and Burpee avenue.—Rev. Dr. Wilson, pastor. Rev. Howard Sprague, D. D., will preach at 11 a. m. Sabbath school at 2.30. The pastor will preach at 7 p. m.

Queen Square Methodist Church.—Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 2.30 p. m. The morning service, and the pastor, Rev. Dr. Howard Sprague, at the evening service. All cordially welcome.

Leinster St. Baptist Church.—Pastor, Chris. Burnett, will preach at the morning and evening services. Men's Baraca Bible class in church parlor at 2 p. m.

Fairville Baptist Church.—Rev. A. T. Dykeman, pastor. Preaching Sunday at 11 and 7 o'clock. Morning subject, "The Character of Christ's Kingdom." Evening subject, "Self-Denial Essential to Discipleship."

Christian Science service Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.; subject, "Unreality." Sunday school at 12.15 p. m.; weekly meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m.; reading room open every weekday from 2.30 to 5 p. m. in Oddfellows' building, corner Union street and Hazen avenue.

Congregational Church, Union street.—Rev. R. R. Morson, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Topic: a. m., "The True Vine"; p. m., "Confession of Christ." Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Prayer service Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

King's Daughters.—A gospel service will be held at the King's Daughters Guild on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. W. Beers will address a temperance meeting in Union Hall, north end, Sunday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

WINTER PORT ITEMS.

The mail str. Corinthian will sail Sunday. Her cargo is rapidly being secured and her live stock is all here now.

Str. Concordia has gone over to No. 4 berth and already taken in some cargo. She will have 550 cattle, some of which are freshly shorn.

The Allan line steamer, from Liverpool for St. John via Halifax, sailed from Merville yesterday.

Str. Manchester Trader will sail for Manchester today. She is filled with cargo and will move a lot of live stock. The Furness str. Florence, from this port for London, arrived at Halifax yesterday.

THE FLEWELLING FACTORY.
A. B. Cowan, the president of Cowan & Co., of Galt, is in town, a guest at the Victoria. Mr. Cowan yesterday entered into a contract with the Flewelling concern of Hampton for the furnishing of a new machinery equipment for the box mill which will replace that recently destroyed by fire.

Mr. Cowan has been going through the lower provinces for many years and he is greatly pleased with the signs of prospects he saw on every hand this trip. The Sydneys he considers in their infancy.

DIED AT SACKVILLE.

SACKVILLE, March 27.—Charles A. Doull, a well known citizen of Sackville, died this morning of a rare complaint, purpura haemorrhagica, after being ill a week. Mr. Doull was a nephew of the Rev. George Butcher, Methodist clergyman, formerly well known in St. John. He was the leader of the choir of the Sackville Methodist church.

FREDERICTON.

Winding Willie and the Winding Ledges Dam.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley Running Matters in His Own Way While the Premier is Sick.

FREDERICTON, March 27.—The attorney general placed himself in an extraordinary position today by his action in regard to Mr. Hazen's resolution against the Winding Ledge dam. Yesterday the premier thought the matter so urgent that he obtained unanimous consent for the consideration of the resolution today, but Dr. Pugsley insisted upon the matter being postponed until next week. The excuse for this was that some one in Madawaska had sent a telegram to Mr. Gagnon and Dr. Pugsley criticizing the action of the government in regard to this bill. The amusing attorney, however, declared that the government had already acted, that Dr. Pugsley himself would vote for the Hazen resolution, and that delaying the matter until next week would, according to the government, not make the slightest change in the situation. It was like a reprieve to a man who was about to be hanged, but with the full assurance that he would be hanged next week. The moment that Mr. Hazen rose to object to this delay it became evident that he had got the government in a hole. The attorney general's leadership had placed him in a position from which there was no escape if the matter had been pressed home. Dr. Pugsley was a member of the government which after serious consideration had declared that the bill before parliament should not be passed, but now as attorney general and temporary leader of the house he was affirming that there must be more delay before coming to a final decision. The order of the resolution, declined to stand by Mr. Hazen in pressing for a vote. Had he stood firm it is beyond question that the government would have been defeated, and Dr. Pugsley's leadership would have been totally discredited.

During the debate a discussion arose on a question of order between the attorney general and Mr. Hazen, which was decided by the speaker in favor of the leader of the opposition.

The city board of health decided that compulsory vaccination in the city must be enforced, and accordingly have given orders that all doctors be appointed vaccinating officers, and that they make house to house visitations. In view of the great difference of opinion among the city doctors in regard to the alleged cases before reported, the board's action seems hasty.

The fact that no new cases have appeared, although the patients now under quarantine mixed freely with hundreds of school children up to a day or two before they were placed under quarantine, lends strength to the assertion of a leading physician who made a minute examination of the patients Wednesday, that the cases in question are nothing more than chicken pox. Public sentiment is strongly of the same opinion.

Hedley S. Murray, who for the past three years has been a popular clerk in the Royal Bank of Canada here, left tonight for Vancouver, B. C., whither he has been transferred. Mr. Murray made a large number of friends during his stay in the city in both business and athletic circles. This afternoon his fellow clerks presented him with a dress suit case in token of their esteem, and a large number of friends were at the station to see him depart. His place is being filled by R. B. Richards of Halifax.

The ice in the river made a start today of about 100 feet, but jammed against the railway bridge. There is now clear water between this bridge and Morrison's mills. At Lincoln there is now clear water to Oromocto Island. The jam at Springfield remains firm at the head of the island.

A prominent lumberman today expressed the hope that the ice would not move for a week, as preparations for stream driving are not yet complete. It will take a warm day or two to effect a movement of all the ice at this point.

ST. DAVID'S CHURCH IMPROVEMENTS.
A special meeting of St. David's congregation was held in the lecture room of the church on Thursday evening. A large representation of the congregation was present. James Seaton presided and F. F. Burpee was elected secretary. The meeting was called to take into consideration certain improvements for the benefit of the church. It was decided to carry out the following work: 1st, to provide increased seating capacity; 2nd, to remodel the interior; 3rd, to remodel the gallery; 4th, to enlarge the space of the choir; 5th, to remove and repair the organ. Estimates for the above work amount to \$5,500, of which \$4,000 has been already subscribed. The following gentlemen were elected a building committee: Jas. Shaw, R. B. Patterson, Neil J. Morrison, Francis Roden, T. H. Sommerville, Jas. Seaton, James Hunter, John Rogerson and Dr. W. S. Morrison.

GAMEY HARGES.

TORONTO, March 27.—The first division on the Gamey charges took place today in the Ontario legislature, when Fry's amendment referring the charges to a committee of the house and placing the ministers named in Gamey's statement on trial was voted down on a strict party vote of 50 to 45. Stratton voted with the government.

The legislature by the vote of 50 to 45 tonight appointed a royal commission to enquire in the charges made by Mr. Gamey, member for Manitoulin, against Hon. J. R. Stratton, provincial secretary.

PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, March 27.—In the house today McCarthy introduced a bill to amend the general inspection act. It provides for the uniform inspection of bridges in cities.

Fitzpatrick's bill to provide increased penalties for offences against the law respecting obscene performances was taken up for its third reading, when Leonard moved an amendment having as its object the definition of the word "immoral," which he proposed to insert after the word "obscene." The amendment will stand until the bill has passed its last reading.

Mr. Fielding introduced a resolution to legalize the action of the government in allowing a fraction of a year over six months to count as a year in cases of superannuation. The auditor general objected to this, despite the order-in-council allowing such procedure passed 32 years ago. The motion intended to confirm the order-in-council.

In answer to Mr. Borden, Hon. Mr. Fielding stated that under the superannuation law amounts paid in only are refunded to persons dismissed for political partisanship.

Borden cited the case of Capt. Stewart of Halifax, who was alleged to have been dismissed for cause, although such was not the case, and an investigation was refused. He thought the retention of the money in this case was an injustice.

Mr. Fielding declined to open the door in such cases, as it would establish a dangerous precedent. He showed in a case of a death of a civil servant under the old law, although the money might have been paid into the fund for years, no return was made to the beneficiaries of deceased. The cases referred to were not urgent.

The resolution was adopted and a bill founded on it was introduced. Laurier brought down his motion to restrict Chinese immigration by imposing a head tax of \$500 for payment of which, vessels carrying such persons will be held liable. He claimed the present tax was insufficient to stem the tide of immigration which was deemed dangerous by the province of British Columbia. The tax proposed would be practically prohibitive.

R. L. Borden asked why the acts passed by British Columbia prohibiting oriental immigration were disallowed, and Laurier replied that it was in the general interests of Canada and the empire. Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick followed and stated that the reason for the government's action was that the act of the provincial legislature was ultra vires.

Laurier promised to bring down additional correspondence relating to the disallowance of the British Columbia act, and the motion was allowed to pass, subject to agreement that discussion on the question may follow later.

Fitzpatrick's expropriation act was given its third reading. The opposition renewed its objection to the short term expropriations as provided for under the act.

After dinner the expropriation bill was put through committee and stands for its third reading.

Costigan's bill to incorporate the Winding Ledges Power and Light Co. came up, but Ingram called attention to the opposition offered to the measure by a large deputation from St. John.

Mr. Costigan seemed surprised when Ingram made the objection that the bill had not been printed in French, thus putting it temporarily out of the court.

In supply the house continued consideration of the New Brunswick estimates for public works.—Adjourned.

NOTES.

Mr. Monk will inquire if it is true, as currently reported, that the Grand Trunk Railway Co. has concluded an agreement with the government since the meeting of parliament to build a trans-continental line from North Bay to Fort Simpson for a subsidy of \$20,000,000; whether it is a fact that members of the government are urging the Grand Trunk to purchase the MacKenzie and Mann railway system, and that the G. T. R. is asking for land grant as consideration for such purpose.



Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?

Vapo-Cresolene
Established 1899.
Cures While You Sleep.

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Is a boon to asthmatics.
Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup, Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever.

The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, \$1.50. Extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Vapo-Cresolene Co.
510 Fulton Street New York 101 Notre Dame Street Montreal

PARIS, March 27.—The British consul, A. P. Inglis, today issued a formal note announcing that the body of Major General Sir Hector MacDonald, who killed himself at the Regina hotel here on Wednesday, will be transported to Scotland, where funeral services will be held.

The Best Liniment is BENTLEY'S

The Modern Pain Cure
It banishes pains and aches of every description and stands unrivalled as the foremost household remedy. Is the safest and surest relief for Cuts, Bites, Bruises, Burns, etc., and is without an equal in all cases where a liniment or pain cure is required.

D. H. McALLISTER, Red Bank, N. J., writes, May 10, 1899: "The best Liniment I sell is BENTLEY'S. For Sprains, Strains and Neuralgia I have seen some marvelous cures among my customers. I can not recommend it too highly."

We guarantee Bentley's Liniment to do all we claim or refund your money. Could we treat you any fairer? Accept only the genuine BENTLEY'S. Sold by all dealers, especially Druggists. 2 oz. Bottle, 10c.

6 oz. Bottle (three times as much), 25c.
The Largest Bottle of White Liniment on the market.
F. G. WHEATON CO., Ltd.,
Sole Props. Folly Village, N. S.

RILEY'S WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR.

Why have Dyspepsia when you can get this coarse, wholesome, easily digested Flour? Ask your grocer for it. 20c. the five pound package.

E. RILEY & CO., - Millers,
CLYDE ST. OFF CITY ROAD.
Telephone No. 553.

Invictus.

Absolutely the best shoe for \$3.50—made by Geo. A. Slater of Montreal—sold, worn, recommended and guaranteed from the Atlantic to the Pacific—it's the best men's shoe we know of selling at

\$3.50.

This shoe comes in all the popular leathers and is made on latest American style lasts—it is, without doubt, a very fine shoe at a very small price.

Sold in St. John by

M. L. SAVAGE, Cor. King and Charlotte.

OLD JANE.
I love old women best, I think
She knows a friend in me—
Old Jane, who totters on the brink
Of God's Eternity.
Whose lips are stiff, whose cheek is lean,
Though you may gather she has been
A little laughing maid.
Once had she with her doll what times,
And with her skipping-rope!
Once, and her heart of hope:
Who, now with eyes as sad as sweet,
Love to look away.
At corner of the dusty street,
Asks, "Buy a pencil, sir?"
Her smile is as the litten West
Nigh while the sun is gone;
She is more fair to be at rest
Than here to linger on;
Hush! hush! her lips the pictures still
Of memories far away.
Her look has not a hint in it,
Of what she sees today.
—T. Ash.

KITCHEN SCHOLARSHIPS
The Efforts of London to Make Good Housewives.

Few of the works of the London County Council are more important or likely to have a more far-reaching effect than the efforts of its Technical Education Board for the making of good cooks and provident housewives.

Yesterday we were able to announce the offer by the board of cookery scholarships to young servants who have been in the service a year. In addition to this admirable scheme, a large number of scholarships in domestic economy, numbering nearly three hundred in all, are now offered by the board to girls nominated by the teachers of the various public elementary schools.

These scholarships are tenable for a full year of not less than forty working weeks, and the scholars will be given a full course of study, including cookery, laundry work, dressmaking and needlework, mending, housework (that including laying the table for meals and washing up), hygiene and first aid, and physical exercises, where possible. The tuition is provided free, as well as meals; and bus or railway fares to those living more than three miles from the school.

Training scholarships for teachers of domestic economy are also offered by the board, and will be awarded on the result of a competitive examination in general subjects, to be held in June next. They will be tenable at the Battersea Polytechnic Training School for about two and a quarter years. Candidates must be daughters of parents

possessing an income of not more than £104 a year, and must be resident in the administrative county of London. They must also be between eighteen and thirty years of age.

A MASON IN DISTRESS.
From the Province Journal.

That is a romantic story from Texas of a colored man who saved himself from lynching by giving the Masonic sign of distress. It was recognized by some one in the crowd, who demanded his release. There will be reason to doubt the tale for the uninitiated are made to understand that white and colored Masons do not fraternize. Besides, one seldom hears of such signs in a public way. Some years ago a hotel keeper was on trial for liquor selling in a prohibition town, and he made a sign to the district attorney prosecuting the case. The official was so indignant that he immediately resigned from the order. It is not likely that black sheep are allowed to profit by any fraternity privileges.

NEW YORK BY GAS-LIGHT.

A story is told of a pastor of a small New England town who went to New York and returned to his home with the idea that he had seen about all there was to see. When he was asked by one of his trusted friends if he had studied the gambling dens and gambled himself, he hesitatingly confessed that he had. "Where," queried his astonished friend, "Well, you see, it was this way. I went down to the Bowery and found one of them gamblin' machines. And, would you believe it, I just stood there and risked pennies in that machine till the gum wouldn't come any more."

ELECTION APRIL 14.

The elevation of Hon. H. A. McKewen to the office of solicitor general makes it necessary for him to come back to this constituency for re-election. The writ for the election was received by Sheriff Ritchie yesterday. Nomination will be on the 7th and voting on the 14th of April.

To Cure Grip in 2 Days
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets on every box. 25c

A Home Without WIM TEA is where we wish to send a Free Sample.
Send your address on Post Card to BAIRD & PETERS, The Tea People, St. John, N. B.

JEWELRY.

We have received a new stock of Belt Pins, Blouse Sets, Chains, Hat Pins, Lockets, etc. These are the goods required for spring. Come and see them, at

41 King St.

FERGUSON & PAGE,

GLASS and PUTTY,

Varnish, Oils, Stains, Turpentine, Spirits, Brushes, Hardware, at

DUVAL'S

Chair Caning and Umbrella Shop.
17 WATERLOO STREET.

HENNERY EGGS

Fresh Every Morning.

CASE EGGS—BOX EGGS
BASKET EGGS.

CELERY, LETTUCE, and RADISH

S. Z. DICKSON
COUNTRY MARKET.

B. & B. Plates.

Another lot of our popular Bread and Butter Plates in French China decorations just received. The finest and most reasonable priced assortment we have ever shown. In Elite-Lemong China—
—you know the brand.

O. H. WARWICK CO.

Limited.

78 and 80 KING STREET.

BRUSHES.

WHISK BROOMS, 6c., 10c., 12c., 15c., to 25c.
CLOTHES BRUSHES, 8c., 12c., 15c., 18c., to 25c.
TOOTH BRUSHES, 4c., 6c., 12c., 15c.

HAIR BRUSHES, 7c., 15c., 22c., 25c., to 60c. each.
NAIL BRUSHES, 2c. each, 2 for 5c., 6c., 7c., 10c. each.
ROOT BRUSHES, 12c. and 15c.
WHITE-WASH BRUSHES, 15c., 22c., 25c., to 50c. each.

STOVE BRUSHES, 12c., 14c., 17c.

PAINT BRUSHES.

RASH BRUSHES, 6c., 7c., 8c., 12c., 15c., 18c., 22c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 40c., 45c., 50c., 55c., 60c., 65c., 70c., 75c., 80c., 85c., 90c., 95c., 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 3.75, 4.00, 4.25, 4.50, 4.75, 5.00, 5.25, 5.50, 5.75, 6.00, 6.25, 6.50, 6.75, 7.00, 7.25, 7.50, 7.75, 8.00, 8.25, 8.50, 8.75, 9.00, 9.25, 9.50, 9.75, 10.00.

ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE,
15 Charlotte St.

A SMALL QUANTITY

OF
BROAD COVE COAL,

NOW LANDING,

LAWSON ROUND.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

J. S. FROST, 11 Union Street.
Telephone 250

WOOD...

DRY HARD WOOD CUT.
DRY HARD WOOD SPLIT.
DRY RICK MAZE.
SOFT WOOD AND KINDLING.
MINUTE COAL.

LAW & CO., [Phone 1346]
OFFICE AND YARDS: Foot Clarence St.

LANDING:

300 Tons SUPERIOR SCOTCH SOFT COAL for house use. Only \$5.50 per ton (delivered) including landing.
SCOTCH and AMERICAN HARD COAL in stock.

GIBBON & CO'S., 57 MYNTE STREET
(Near N. Wharf), 6 1-2 Charlotte St.

S. S. MINTO REPAIRED.

Word was received by the I. C. R. freight department this morning that Diver Henrich had completed repairs to the propeller of the disabled steamer Minto, which will now run with the Stanley from Pictou to Georgetown until the summer change is made. Freight for Prince Edward Island will be taken Monday.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

The revenues from wharfage, slippage and hay scales at Indian town were sold to C. M. Brown for \$415.
James Madigan, a ten year old member of the bucket gang, assaulted Harvey Brown, who was clerk in True-man's grocery store on Waterloo street. Capt. Wm. Cunard, of No. 3 Co. R. C. A. was promoted to the rank of major.

RED ROSE TEA.

The popularity of Red Rose tea grows greater year by year. This tea, which is blended and packed in St. John, is sold from Newfoundland to Vancouver. If you are not satisfied with the tea you are using try Red Rose. It's good tea.

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, March 28.—Forecast: Moderate to fresh variable winds; generally fair, with a few scattered showers, more especially on Sunday. Stationary or a little lower temperature.

Spring.—The weather is generally still this morning in Canada. There is still an immediate prospect of any storm development. The winds promise to be moderate and fresh and variable from the Banks to New England.

LOCAL NEWS.

Honest goods for honest prices at Lemont's, 173 Union street.

The only fault with Lemont's Peanut Brittle is that it tastes morish.

Thos H. Raynes will be a candidate for councillor in the coming election at Lancaster.

Grand millinery opening Tuesday, March 31, and continuing all week. Melaney, Millinery Importer, 461-2 King street.

Registrar Jones reports eight marriages this week. There were 19 births, 10 of the infants being females.

Another oil well at St. Joseph's college was nitro-glycerined on Tuesday last, it is reported with good results.

Read the ads in today's Star. They are full of valuable hints for you, that may save you money.

Millinery opening at L. E. Bartle's, 107 Charlotte street, Friday and Saturday, March 27 and 28, of imported millinery.

Tomorrow will be celebrated as Passion Sunday in the churches observing Lent. It is the fifth Sunday in Lent.

A meeting of commercial travellers in the city will be held this evening at 9.30 at the Turkish Baths on Union street for the purpose of organizing a Commercial Travellers' Club.

Millinery opening at L. E. Bartle's, 107 Church street, Friday and Saturday, March 27 and 28, of imported millinery.

At Chubb's corner this morning Auctioneer F. L. Potts offered ten shares of the stock of the Maritime Mail Co. Ltd. After considerable bidding the lot was knocked down to D. J. Purdy for \$126 per share.

At a meeting of the creditors of the Taylor-Dockrill estate, held recently a dividend of five per cent. was declared. Another dividend of equal dimensions will probably be declared shortly. A further meeting of the creditors will be held on April 9.

Fifty flat white pieces, consisting of table cloths, napkins, towels, sheets, pillow slips and counterpanes washed and ironed at the Globe Laundry for 10 cents. Lace curtains from 25 to 50 cents per pair.

A large shipment of the latest ladies' English raincoat coats just received yesterday at the London House, Charlotte street. These are very attractive coats, being entirely new designs—some of them very pretty tweed effects.

At a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium members last night the basketball team, which will play in Fredericton on Good Friday was chosen as follows: Will Patterson, R. B. Gilmore, T. Leddingham, Kenneth Haley, Percy Howard and Fred Bettie.

BASE BALL.

A Bright Outlook For the Game Next Season.

The outlook for local base ball is said to be brighter this year than ever. Of course the old rivalry between the Roses and Alerts will commence in the early summer season, Victoria Day, May 24. The holiday falls on Sunday this year, and will be observed on Monday, when there will no doubt come the opening try-out games.

It has been suggested that the opening game be played on Saturday, the 23rd, which will be a Saturday half holiday, and will be a warming up game for the crack locals.

The personnel of the Alerts has already been published. Not much has been said of last year's champions, the Roses. They are, however, working quietly. It is rumored that Bannion, a crack second baseman of the New England League, who played here at the close of the season with Haverhill, will play with the Roses this year. The Bannion family is famed in the great American national game, no less than four brothers of that name playing in the National and American Leagues. Walsh, the clever little backstop of last season, will this year fill the same bill for the Roses. That old and strong Tartar aggregation, Tibbels, Howe and Finnemore, will be found in Roses uniform. It is said that Tommy Burns, the silent one from Lower Cove, will be seen in the Roses' outfield. Tommy is a clever batter, sure death to long hits and a great base runner. Then again, it is asserted that Coakley, the great pitcher, will be in the holiday games for the Roses. These players, with others foreign and local to be signed, will make the men backing the Roses' camp feel that they have a good thing.

Much activity is being shown in the South End League. Two clubs, the Franklins and Starlights, have already sent entry applications. Two more teams will be allowed to enter, then the clubs will settle down to business and draw up a schedule for the summer evening games.

THE CLARY CONCERTS.

The dates for the Clary concerts in St. John are April 27th and 28th, and there is certain to be great interest felt in the return to St. John of this wonderful voice which is now conceded to be the grandest contralto known to the musical world at the present time. These concerts are under the entire control and management of the King's Daughters, and the ladies will shortly wait on the citizens with tickets for sale which will be exchanged for seat coupons the day of plan opening, which is April 21st. There will probably be no difficulty in selling a sufficient number of advance tickets to crowd the building both nights, so those who intend hearing the concerts should secure their tickets in this manner.

TO HAVE AN EXHIBITION.

Bridgetown, N. S., is to have an exhibition this year. The various agricultural societies of the county desired an exhibition, and they will have it the last of September. The town of Bridgetown and the county of Annapolis bear the deficit, if there is one, equally between them. Committees have been appointed and arrangements will be made for one of the best exhibitions ever held in the province outside of Halifax. Kings county farmers are also participating.

THE COTTON MILLS.

Trade is Good—Many Improvements Made—A Bright Outlook.

The Cornwall and York Cotton mills have now been in operation for fourteen months, and the results of the work during this period have been most gratifying to those who undertook the management. The different varieties of goods manufactured in the mills are meeting with a ready market and so great is the demand that instructions have been given to the agents of the mills not to book any more orders until further notice. Sufficient orders have been received to keep the both mills running at their full capacity for fully eight months longer, so there is every prospect of a good business in the coming year.

When the mills were first taken over by the present management much of the machinery while in fair working condition, was of out of date patterns and equal to that made by more modern plants. This old machinery is being replaced as rapidly as possible and almost all the time some improvements are being made in one or the other of the mills.

In the Cornwall mill there were thirty spinning frames of a rather ancient type and these have all been taken down and replaced by the newest ones of English manufacture. The inconvenience caused by this work has resulted in the spinning departments being behind in their work and to catch up on orders the mills are frequently kept running for some hours in the evenings. The management, however, find that this is not satisfactory, as ten hours per day is quite as long as any employee can spend in good work, and the custom of running at night will not be adopted, excepting when absolutely necessary.

Besides the spinning frames, many other improvements are being made in the mills and the new, raw machinery is installed as rapidly as it is received. Some delay is met with in getting machines for both the American and English shops say that they are rushed with orders. A number of machines ordered from England in November last have not yet been received.

The tendency of improved plants is to reduce the number of persons required to do the work, and in this respect the new machines in the cotton mills prove no exception. But the mills still give employment to five hundred and fifty persons, and this number will not be materially reduced for some time at least.

LAKE ERIE TODAY.

Steamer With 15,000 Immigrants Expected This Afternoon.

Signals were displayed on the Custom House this morning announcing the passing of a steamer inward past Brar Island. This is probably the Elder-Dempster boat Lake Erie, which left Liverpool March 15, with about 1,500 passengers. She will arrive this afternoon and if no disease is found the passengers will probably come ashore and give the immigration officials at Sand Point a lively time this evening.

THAT SMUGGLING YARN.

The name of A. H. Bell has been mentioned in connection with the story told by Lurchin in Boston about alleged smuggling operations on the border. Inspector Belyea, of the inland revenue department informed the Star this morning, in reply to an enquiry, that it would be impossible for Mr. Bell to receive tobacco in St. John and smuggle it into the states. The department has knowledge of every parcel of tobacco received by Mr. Bell, and of what is done with it at the factory.

DIED THIS WEEK.

There were thirteen deaths in the city during the past week from the following causes:

Heart failure	2
Heart disease	2
Old age	2
Accident	1
Convulsions	1
Pneumonia	1
Euccephalis	1
Uræmia	1
Consumption	1
Gastric Enteritis	1
	13

REV. A. WHITE'S FAREWELL.

Rev. Alexander White will preach his farewell sermon in Main street Baptist church Sunday evening. After the morning service the services of baptism will be administered. Monday evening a farewell service will be held, at which the various ministers of the city will be present and will speak. An address from the congregation will be presented to the retiring pastor.

TO STAR READERS.

The STAR on Monday will be enlarged to a seven-column paper. Every Saturday hereafter it will be an 8-page paper.

The STAR will be delivered for 25 cents per month to any address in the city, including Carleton, or Fairville or Milford.

Subscribe now for the brightest St. John newspaper.

DIED YESTERDAY.

Many friends are mourning the death of Clara Gladys Wright, who died yesterday after a short illness from tuberculosis. She was a daughter of the late J. Herbert Wright, whose family reside at 18 Charles street, and Miss Wright, who was a pupil of Winter street school, had endeavored herself to many who are disconsolate at her loss.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. George's Church, St. John West. Rev. W. H. Sampson, rector—Service at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school 2.30 p. m. Tomorrow afternoon at 4 p. m. service for men, subject of address, "A Bag with Holes in It."

WEST INDIA LINE.

The Ocano left Halifax at 9 o'clock this morning, and she will therefore be due here tomorrow afternoon.

THIS EVENING.

Ping Pong Tournament at W. H. Thorne & Co's.
Rehearsal at Harrier Festival Chorus at the Church of England Institute.

POSTMASTER DISCHARGED

And Office Given to an Ex-American Citizen, at Col. Domville's Instance.

B. C. Williams has been appointed postmaster at Bloomfield station in place of J. E. Titus, who has held the position for the past thirteen years. There has never been any complaint about Mr. Titus's management of the office, but the present change is merely the reward of a government supporter. Most of the people at Bloomfield are conservatives, and when Col. Domville, the defeated candidate was running to defeat in the last general election, he tried to get the office for Williams, who was at that time an American citizen. Liberals were scarce, and Col. Domville had Williams naturalized in order that he might be qualified for the job. But after the election the defeated candidate had not enough pull to give Williams the promised job, and the old postmaster has been undisturbed. But now other influences have been at work and Williams secures the position.

The one solitary liberal at Bloomfield who was qualified for the job did not find favor in Col. Domville's eyes, and in spite of a hot chase has failed to secure the position.

DYKEMAN'S, Two Entrances

97 King and 68 Market Sts.

Ladies, this Advertisement is of value to you. It will be real economy for you to act promptly after you have read it. The story is this: Ten days ago we purchased the dry goods stock of Runciman & Son of Annapolis, and day by day we have been placing the different portions on sale until the greater portion of the stock is now out. The balance will be brought forward in the course of a few days.

The goods on sale at the present time are, dress goods, black and colored, flannelette, waist and wrapper flannelette, shirting flannelette, prints, gingham and muslins. Ladies' wrappers, outside skirts and waterproof coats.

The dress goods offer the greatest opportunity to fit out the whole family with spring dresses that you will have during the whole season. There are excellent double width goods in this lot that can be bought at 15c., 17c., 20c., and 25c., the prices of which were just double what we now ask for them.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

An excellent assortment. There are some all wool fancy poplins that were \$1.00 per yard, are now marked 25c.



F. A. DYKEMAN & CO.

PERSONAL.

R. P. Horton of Calais is in the city. Miss M. J. McFarlane of Crown street left last evening for Boston, where she will spend several months.

J. D. O'Connell has returned to Sussex from a trip to New York and Philadelphia.

David Russell of Montreal is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Prescott of Albert are at the Dufferin.

James Robinson, M. P. for Northumberland, is in the city.

Rev. E. J. Etherington, who had charge of Rotherham school for a time, has been appointed to the charge of St. Thomas' church.

Miss Katherine A. Pauley left yesterday for Sydney, where she has accepted the position of milliner with Fraser, Torrey & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hendershot will leave this evening on a pleasure trip for the Pacific coast. From there they will go to New Zealand and Australia. They expect to return to Montreal in about four months.

Charles O'Regan, now of Brooklyn, N. Y., but for many years resident here, was in the city yesterday and left for home in the afternoon. Many old friends gave him a hearty welcome.

Mrs. Fred. Jones, of Harding street, is home from Gibson.

Rev. L. G. MacNeill is confined to his house with la grippe.

Chas. McCarthy of the I. C. R. Montreal, came to town yesterday on hearing of the death of his sister, Mrs. Mary Coughlan.

P. S. MacNutt arrived home yesterday.

Mr. Justice McLeod arrived home last night.

Mr. Justice Landry is ill of la grippe at his home at Dorchester.

Dr. R. F. Quigley of Montreal arrived in the city yesterday from Chatham, where he had been attending the funeral of Bishop Rogers.

Chas. E. Knapp, of Dorchester, reached his 77th birthday last Sunday, and is still a keen and deeply interested critic of public and municipal affairs.

J. M. Stevens, for many years postmaster at Harvey Corner, Albert Co., has seriously ill at his home at that place with pneumonia, and slight hopes are entertained of his recovery.—Transcript.

Your Easter Gloves

Are here in all the best colorings and black or white

PRICES: 85c., \$1.00, 1.25, 1.35, and 1.50.

"Fownes'" and "Perrin's" celebrated Gloves.

Morrell & Sutherland.
29 Charlotte St. Opp. Y. M. C. A.

DYKEMAN'S, Two Entrances

97 King and 68 Market Sts.

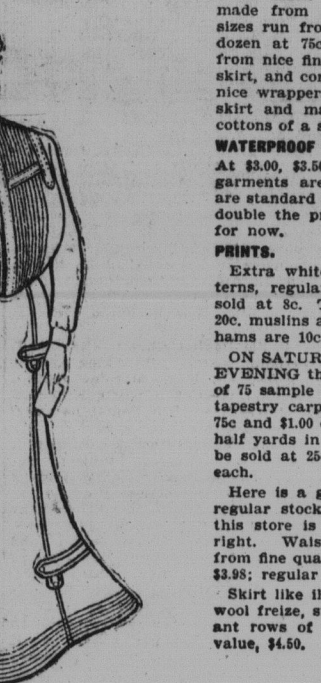
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ALL MONEY LOOKED ALIKE TO "KLEIN."

"I'll tell you a funny story at the expense of Mr. Yale," said G. W. Gallagher, business representative of Chas. H. Yale and Sidney R. Ellis' "Evil Eye" Company, which comes to the Opera House for two days next week.

"We were playing in Montreal and during the action of the piece that genius 'The Evil Eye,' who is the bane of the lives of the rest of the cast throughout the play, has occasion to steal a strong box in which there is a lot of money in coin. The theatre was just breaking in a new property boy called Klein, and he was new. The way the poor fellow had to chase around getting the thousand and one props ready was a sight. He was almost done out, when to his horror and almost at the very moment when the box was to be used, he discovered that there was no money in the box. We had no time to hunt up the little brass discs that are generally used for money, so Mr. Yale sent out to the box office for some real money and about \$100 were sent back to the stage in quarters, half dollars and dollars. Then everything went fine. After the performance was over the money was sent for, so the treasurer of the theatre and myself could count up and make a settlement, but the \$100 had disappeared from the box. No person had seen it until poor Klein, who was delving in a pile of tapestries, boxes, chairs and other properties was yanked out from the pile and questioned. He looked very much surprised and said: 'O' course I know where they is yet. I hid 'em in the property room so' to have 'em the next time we needed money for a play like dis!'"

THEY HAVE 5,500 PASSENGERS.

If the steamers now due arrive on time, fully one hundred and fifty carloads of passengers and freight will be handled through St. John before Tuesday evening. There will be 5,500 passengers in all, and of these about 1,500 will land at St. John.

The Canada passengers were landed in Halifax this morning, and the first trainload will pass through this city about eight o'clock this evening.