

YS SUITS. ED. 2.25 Per Suit. Knickerbockers and \$1 per pair. S & CO. 483 Broad Street.

Harris. AN 1897 BICYCLE IN EVERY RESPECT. ONLY ONE PRICE, \$85.00. Wheels just arrived.

CO., Ltd. Ly. The Power of Manhood.

RASP YOUR FELLOW FIRMLY BY HAND and look him in the eye to know that you are not afraid to stand up for the right.

NDEN, PORTLAND, OREGON.

majority of the house yesterday and very wisely, we think, to the popularistic idea that the

THE CANADIAN PRESS. NO DISMALLOWANCE. far as the Globe is concerned it is to step out of an agitation

THE CASE WELL STATED. indications are that British Columbia is entering upon a period of

COMPLEXION HAS IT COME. for Canadians. — Toronto.

HE IS IN OTTAWA.

Papal Ablegate Welcomed With Enthusiasm by Catholics at the Capital City.

British Columbia Exhibits to Be Sent to Stockholm Exhibition by the Government.

OTTAWA, April 2.—(Special)—The debate on the address was concluded tonight. The chief speech to-day was by the Hon. J. M. Macdonald.

Senator J. W. Macdonald has struck a popular note in his bill to make the Twenty-fourth of May a permanent holiday in commemoration of the glorious reign of Her Majesty; the bill was introduced today.

Mr. Maxwell has presented a numerous petition urging that the residential qualification for Japanese being naturalized should be five years.

Three commissions have been appointed to investigate the affairs of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Col. Berland, of Montreal, offered to contribute \$10,000 towards the expenses of the jubilee regiment to England.

An order in council has been passed renewing the modus vivendi license for this year. It contains the significant statement that negotiations on trade relations and other matters between Canada and the United States are still pending and that it is desired to continue this arrangement for another year.

OTTAWA, April 3.—(Special)—Mr. del Val, the papal ablegate, arrived here today and received a warm greeting from Archbishop Duhaime, of Ottawa, and the Catholic priesthood. A grand programme of religious exercises has been arranged for his stay.

Mr. Edgar, wife of the Speaker, gave a brilliant "at home" to-night from 7 to midnight, hundreds of people being present in brilliant array.

George Simpson, of the Toronto Globe, has been elected president of the parliamentary press gallery.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, will send British Columbia exhibits to the Stockholm exhibition. Lord Aberdeen goes to England in June and will not return.

MOUNTED POLICE. WINNIPEG, April 2.—(Special)—A detachment of mounted police detached from various posts throughout the Northwest will leave Regina next Thursday for the Yukon.

ROSSLAND, April 2.—There was no train out or in over the Red Mountain railway to-day. The freight train which left at 8:30 blocked the track at the S. O. K. trestle, two cars loaded with ore did not get off the bridge.

A STRONG ORGANIZATION. A company, of which Hon. Richard Harcourt, provincial treasurer of Ontario, is president, has been organized in Toronto with a capital of \$2,500,000 for the purpose of carrying on a general mining business.

THE CASE WELL STATED. indications are that British Columbia is entering upon a period of prosperity in a very few years, and new population will mainly be directly or indirectly in mining.

DARK BLUES AHEAD.

LONDON, April 2.—An immense crowd witnessed the annual field and track games to-day at the Queen's club grounds. The 100 yard dash was a dead heat between C. T. Thomas, of Jesus college, Oxford, and F. L. Carter, of Oriel college, Cambridge; time, 10-5 seconds.

OTTAWA, April 2.—(Special)—The debate on the address was concluded tonight. The chief speech to-day was by the Hon. J. M. Macdonald.

Senator J. W. Macdonald has struck a popular note in his bill to make the Twenty-fourth of May a permanent holiday in commemoration of the glorious reign of Her Majesty; the bill was introduced today.

Mr. Maxwell has presented a numerous petition urging that the residential qualification for Japanese being naturalized should be five years.

Three commissions have been appointed to investigate the affairs of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Col. Berland, of Montreal, offered to contribute \$10,000 towards the expenses of the jubilee regiment to England.

An order in council has been passed renewing the modus vivendi license for this year. It contains the significant statement that negotiations on trade relations and other matters between Canada and the United States are still pending and that it is desired to continue this arrangement for another year.

OTTAWA, April 3.—(Special)—Mr. del Val, the papal ablegate, arrived here today and received a warm greeting from Archbishop Duhaime, of Ottawa, and the Catholic priesthood.

Mr. Edgar, wife of the Speaker, gave a brilliant "at home" to-night from 7 to midnight, hundreds of people being present in brilliant array.

George Simpson, of the Toronto Globe, has been elected president of the parliamentary press gallery.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, will send British Columbia exhibits to the Stockholm exhibition. Lord Aberdeen goes to England in June and will not return.

MOUNTED POLICE. WINNIPEG, April 2.—(Special)—A detachment of mounted police detached from various posts throughout the Northwest will leave Regina next Thursday for the Yukon.

ROSSLAND, April 2.—There was no train out or in over the Red Mountain railway to-day. The freight train which left at 8:30 blocked the track at the S. O. K. trestle, two cars loaded with ore did not get off the bridge.

A STRONG ORGANIZATION. A company, of which Hon. Richard Harcourt, provincial treasurer of Ontario, is president, has been organized in Toronto with a capital of \$2,500,000 for the purpose of carrying on a general mining business.

THE CASE WELL STATED. indications are that British Columbia is entering upon a period of prosperity in a very few years, and new population will mainly be directly or indirectly in mining.

MORE BATTLES.

Spain Gains Sweeping Victories Over the Insurgents in the Philippine Islands.

Heavy Losses on Both Sides Including a General and Two Colonels Killed.

MADRID, April 2.—The Queen Regent was attending a concert yesterday when a telegram was handed her announcing the victories of the Spanish troops in the Philippine Islands. Her Majesty called the dispatch to her attention.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Spanish legation has received official dispatches from Manila under date of April 1, announcing the most decisive engagements in the Philippine islands since the insurgents treacherously broke through the lines of the Spanish troops.

OTTAWA, April 2.—(Special)—The debate on the address was concluded tonight. The chief speech to-day was by the Hon. J. M. Macdonald.

Senator J. W. Macdonald has struck a popular note in his bill to make the Twenty-fourth of May a permanent holiday in commemoration of the glorious reign of Her Majesty; the bill was introduced today.

Mr. Maxwell has presented a numerous petition urging that the residential qualification for Japanese being naturalized should be five years.

Three commissions have been appointed to investigate the affairs of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary. Col. Berland, of Montreal, offered to contribute \$10,000 towards the expenses of the jubilee regiment to England.

An order in council has been passed renewing the modus vivendi license for this year. It contains the significant statement that negotiations on trade relations and other matters between Canada and the United States are still pending and that it is desired to continue this arrangement for another year.

OTTAWA, April 3.—(Special)—Mr. del Val, the papal ablegate, arrived here today and received a warm greeting from Archbishop Duhaime, of Ottawa, and the Catholic priesthood.

Mr. Edgar, wife of the Speaker, gave a brilliant "at home" to-night from 7 to midnight, hundreds of people being present in brilliant array.

George Simpson, of the Toronto Globe, has been elected president of the parliamentary press gallery.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, will send British Columbia exhibits to the Stockholm exhibition. Lord Aberdeen goes to England in June and will not return.

MOUNTED POLICE. WINNIPEG, April 2.—(Special)—A detachment of mounted police detached from various posts throughout the Northwest will leave Regina next Thursday for the Yukon.

ROSSLAND, April 2.—There was no train out or in over the Red Mountain railway to-day. The freight train which left at 8:30 blocked the track at the S. O. K. trestle, two cars loaded with ore did not get off the bridge.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Vancouver Asked to Participate in an All-Canadian Jubilee Lacrosse Tournament.

Vernon Fallen Into Line on the Early Closing Movement—Rossland Voters' List.

VANCOUVER, April 3.—(Special)—The erection of new school buildings will take place shortly. The school board held a special meeting yesterday to consult with the architects.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

FROM SOUTHERN SEAS.

Canadian Riflemen May Have to Compete Against Australians at Bislly.

New Zealand's Premier Urges Co-Operation Regarding Pacific Cable.

CANADA is more fortunate than Australia in the matter of its flag. The Dominion ensign has an official existence, but the Australian ensign, being only authorized for ships of the Royal Navy, cannot be flown, at least by vessels.

THE annual meeting of the Vancouver Lacrosse Club took place last night. The reports of the secretary and treasurer were very satisfactory.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.

THE St. Andrew's and Caledonian societies are considering the question of amalgamating with the Victoria Scottish societies in celebrating the Queen's diamond jubilee.

THE McDowell, Atkins & Watson Company, Ltd., have added still another store to their numerous establishments that occupied by R. G. McPherson, of Kamloops.

A \$600 meeting has been held to consider the advisability of starting a new club in the city. Another meeting with the same object in view will be held at the Hotel Vancouver on Monday night.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assured of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

NEW GUINEA MASSACRE.

According to mail advices by the Warimoo yesterday the excitement over the gold discoveries in New Guinea has not dwindled by reason of the massacres of the English resident at Mambare.

THE massacres of the English resident at Mambare, Mr. Green, and two other white men named Charles Fry and Alfred Haylor, details of the massacre of the two white men were brought by the Warimoo yesterday in the shape of an official report which Capt. Ellingwood, the schooner, has furnished to the Governor of New Guinea.

Capt. Whitten states that he had information of the murder of Charles Fry and Alfred Haylor and two boys from two Keraras and two Zo natives, who were employed by the murderer.

On the 7th January Fry and Haylor left the schooner, and two boys in two canoes to descend to the mouth of the river. Fry and Haylor were seen about the 26th. They had reached a large village on the river. Their canoes were made fast to the bank and preparations were made for supper and for camping for the night.

The cook had some taro cooking, and plates were laid out on the platform in one of the houses in front of Fry and Haylor. Fry told the boys to bring their guns from the canoes, as the house was crowded with natives. A rifle and a shot gun were brought and laid aside beside its owner.

Immediately the weapons were snatched up and passed out of the house by the Mambare people. On the time Fry and Haylor got out of the house most of the natives were armed with clubs and spears. The whites, with their boys, made for the canoes. As one of the boys came out of the house he was speared through the side and killed.

Four boys had got into the smaller canoe, and the painter and paddled out into the stream. Haylor swam out to them and got aboard. Fry called to him to take him in the canoe, but they replied that he was sinking. Fry and one boy were in the big canoe, which the two men were holding to the bank, and they were almost immediately clubbed and killed.

Haylor and the remaining boys, now breakfast, canoes were seen coming down one of the branches of the river crowded with natives shouting "okri-ova," which, interpreted, means peace. Haylor and the boys lay on their backs on the ground, endeavoring to escape discovery, but they were soon espied, and the Mambare men gave a shout and ran towards them.

Haylor and the boys lay on their backs on the ground, endeavoring to escape discovery, but they were soon espied, and the Mambare men gave a shout and ran towards them. They found Haylor, caught him by the arms, and clubbed him on the head. They then dragged the body and threw it into the canoe. The four boys managed to avoid the murderers and got down to the coast, where they were picked up by the Ellingwood and from them the foregoing narrative was gleaned.

VANCOUVER, April 2.—The report was current at Harrison station yesterday that Mr. John Brown, of Harrison Hot Springs, who recently set out to stake out some mineral lands near the head of the lake, had been lost. It was stated that some Indians had been seen near the head of the lake, and that Mr. Brown will turn up all right.

Is Consumption Contagious? The question of contagion of this affliction is being widely discussed by the health boards of the cities. Many leading scientists believe this method of clearing the disease impracticable and that the pharmacopoeia must furnish the means of eradication.

WESTMINSTER.

New Westminster, April 3.—(Special)—A report has reached here that the timber investigation, has been arrested at Kamloops on a charge of falsifying the books of his employer, J. Genelle.

THE steamer W. H. Harrison arrived in port yesterday with 1,250 cases of plate for the Automatic Can Company. Captain Latham, of the Harrison, failing to get a pilot after signalling for 30 minutes at the mouth of the river, made the passage himself.

A rumor was afloat when the stage left Alberni yesterday (Friday) that the wall of the ledge on the Minnesota had been struck, but no further information could be obtained regarding it. The tunnel was in 350 feet when the mine was last heard from.

Mr. W. B. Gerard, who has just returned from Alberni, reports that prospecting on the canal had again started actively. There was two feet of snow on the mountains and five feet at the Alberni Canal, but the snow has disappeared on the coast and the last two days has been so fine that a large number of the prospectors have again left for the loy's canal.

VERNON. (From the Vernon News.) A movement looking to the early closing of the city stores has been under consideration for some time, and as a result a petition was put in circulation and was very largely signed. Shoppers will therefore endeavor to transact their business before 7 p.m. in future, as at that time all stores are supposed to close their doors.

ROSSLAND. (From the Rossland Miner.) The south crosscut from the east drift on the 100-foot level of the Commander has come into a solid body of ore. The news of the strike was brought up to town yesterday. The east drift was struck from the shaft on the 100-foot level some time ago and some very fine

WESTMINSTER. New Westminster, April 3.—(Special)—A report has reached here that the timber investigation, has been arrested at Kamloops on a charge of falsifying the books of his employer, J. Genelle.

THE steamer W. H. Harrison arrived in port yesterday with 1,250 cases of plate for the Automatic Can Company. Captain Latham, of the Harrison, failing to get a pilot after signalling for 30 minutes at the mouth of the river, made the passage himself.

A rumor was afloat when the stage left Alberni yesterday (Friday) that the wall of the ledge on the Minnesota had been struck, but no further information could be obtained regarding it. The tunnel was in 350 feet when the mine was last heard from.

Mr. W. B. Gerard, who has just returned from Alberni, reports that prospecting on the canal had again started actively. There was two feet of snow on the mountains and five feet at the Alberni Canal, but the snow has disappeared on the coast and the last two days has been so fine that a large number of the prospectors have again left for the loy's canal.

VERNON. (From the Vernon News.) A movement looking to the early closing of the city stores has been under consideration for some time, and as a result a petition was put in circulation and was very largely signed. Shoppers will therefore endeavor to transact their business before 7 p.m. in future, as at that time all stores are supposed to close their doors.

ROSSLAND. (From the Rossland Miner.) The south crosscut from the east drift on the 100-foot level of the Commander has come into a solid body of ore. The news of the strike was brought up to town yesterday. The east drift was struck from the shaft on the 100-foot level some time ago and some very fine

WESTMINSTER. New Westminster, April 3.—(Special)—A report has reached here that the timber investigation, has been arrested at Kamloops on a charge of falsifying the books of his employer, J. Genelle.

THE steamer W. H. Harrison arrived in port yesterday with 1,250 cases of plate for the Automatic Can Company. Captain Latham, of the Harrison, failing to get a pilot after signalling for 30 minutes at the mouth of the river, made the passage himself.

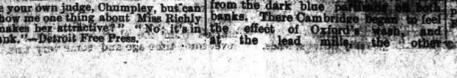
A rumor was afloat when the stage left Alberni yesterday (Friday) that the wall of the ledge on the Minnesota had been struck, but no further information could be obtained regarding it. The tunnel was in 350 feet when the mine was last heard from.

Mr. W. B. Gerard, who has just returned from Alberni, reports that prospecting on the canal had again started actively. There was two feet of snow on the mountains and five feet at the Alberni Canal, but the snow has disappeared on the coast and the last two days has been so fine that a large number of the prospectors have again left for the loy's canal.

VERNON. (From the Vernon News.) A movement looking to the early closing of the city stores has been under consideration for some time, and as a result a petition was put in circulation and was very largely signed. Shoppers will therefore endeavor to transact their business before 7 p.m. in future, as at that time all stores are supposed to close their doors.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.



Be your own judge. Castoria, but don't say so until you see the effect of it on the baby. — Detroit Free Press.

THE RAILWAY POLICY.

Legislation Asked for \$2,500,000 to Aid in the Construction of Railways.

Subsidies Are Hedged Around With Safeguards Necessary in the Public Interest.

The following is the full text of the bill which Premier Turner introduced yesterday in the legislature providing for assistance to railways:

An act to authorize a loan of two million five hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of aiding the construction of railways and other public works.

Whereas the existence of extraordinary mineral wealth has been substantiated in many parts of the province, and there are valid reasons for believing that there are numerous districts in the province as yet unexplored, which will also prove rich in mineral wealth, and that an extensive immigration and increase of population may be anticipated by the early construction of railways, roads and other works for developing the natural wealth which exists both in minerals, timber and farming land.

And whereas it is expedient that the trade and commerce of British Columbia accompanying such development and increase in population should, as far as possible, be retained in the Dominion of Canada, which will be best effected by the early construction of railways, roads and public works.

And whereas the addition of every unit of population will give an increase of revenue, both to the Dominion and Provincial governments, but in a proportion of approximately two to one in favor of the Dominion as compared with the province, while the charges on the province for administration and other expenses resulting from such increase in population are greater than those upon the Dominion, and the advantages accruing from the execution of such works would therefore constitute a strong claim upon the Dominion for assistance therein.

And whereas it is expedient that this legislature should make immediate and adequate provision for subsidizing railways and other public works, and with that end a loan be authorized:

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative assembly, enacts as follows:

1. This act may be cited as the "British Columbia Public Works Loan Act, 1897."

LOAN.

2. The Lieutenant Governor in council may (in addition to all other moneys authorized to be raised or borrowed by any other act of the province) borrow or raise from time to time in any amount, in such manner, and at such times as may be deemed expedient, any sum of money not exceeding two and one-half million dollars, or the issue and sale of British Columbia stock, under the provisions of the "British Columbia Stock Act, 1891," or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise.

3. All moneys borrowed or raised pursuant to this act shall be repaid at a rate not exceeding three and a half per cent, per annum, to be fixed at the time of sale, and to be paid half-yearly, and shall be repayable at a rate to be fixed at the time of sale, not being less than twenty-five nor more than fifty years after the time of sale. Both principal and interest shall be payable in London, England.

4. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor in council to appoint the Minister of Finance, or other persons from time to time, the agent of the government for the purpose of negotiating any such loan, and the minister or other duly appointed agent may arrange all details and do, transact, and execute all such deeds, matters, and contracts as may be requisite during the conduct of negotiations, or for the purpose of placing the loan.

5. The Minister of Finance shall, in conformity with the provisions of any act of the province, from time to time, cause to be paid out of the general revenue of the province, or out of any other source, any sum of money which may be named in any such order in council, provide for the redemption of such money by authorizing and directing the Minister of Finance to appropriate yearly such sums of money out of the general revenue of the province as may be named in any such order in council, and as may be deemed necessary for the creation and maintenance of a sinking fund, and may by the same order in council, provide for the investment of any surplus over and above what may be necessary, with accumulations, to repay any loan at maturity.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council shall, from time to time, by order in council, to be made before the raising of any sum of money under authority hereof, of which may be named in any such order in council, provide for the redemption of such money by authorizing and directing the Minister of Finance to appropriate yearly such sums of money out of the general revenue of the province as may be named in any such order in council, and as may be deemed necessary for the creation and maintenance of a sinking fund, and may by the same order in council, provide for the investment of any surplus over and above what may be necessary, with accumulations, to repay any loan at maturity.

7. All moneys raised under this act shall be paid in such manner as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council shall prescribe to the Minister of Finance, and shall be placed to the credit of an account to be called the "British Columbia Public Works Loan Act, 1897, Account." To be applied, first in payment of the interest on the loan, and secondly, and other expenses of the loan, and the balance to be applied to the purposes and in the manner hereinbefore provided; and all moneys to be raised under this act shall be accounted for in the same manner as if they formed part of the current revenue of the province.

RAILWAY SUBSIDIES.

8. There is hereby granted for and in aid of the construction of the following railways, and to be paid out of the moneys raised under this act, a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars for each mile of railway, of the uniform gauge of four feet eight and one-half inches, viz.:

(a.) For a railway from Penitence to the Boundary Creek district, approximately five hundred miles in length:

(b.) For a railway from Batu Lal to Quenelle, approximately two hundred and thirty miles.

9. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may enter into all agreements with any company or companies formed for the purpose of constructing any railway to which a subsidy is hereby attached, which may be necessary or convenient for the construction and operation of such railways, which agreements shall, in every instance, in addition to the following provisions, be subject to the following provisions:

(1.) That unless work is commenced on the railway within two years from the passing of this act, it is duty and diligence of the contractor to cancel and forfeit:

(2.) That the aforesaid subsidy shall not be payable until the railway is completed and in running order, to the satisfaction of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, nor until security or guarantee, satisfactory to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, is or are given for the continuous maintenance and operation of the railway, and no subsidy shall be payable or paid until after such security or guarantee has been given and accepted by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, and laid out and registered as townships.

(3.) The plans, specifications and conditions of any proposed contract for the construction of the railway shall be subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, and the contracts shall be submitted to public tender and competition under such conditions as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council shall think fit.

(4.) No company in receipt of a subsidy under this act shall be entitled to collect tolls or charges for the carriage of freight or passengers, and the tariff fixing the rates thereof has been submitted to and approved by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, and such tariff shall be in force until it is altered or amended by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, and any alteration or amendment shall be similarly approved, and at or before the conclusion of such alteration or amendment, the revised and again approved for a further period, and so on from time to time.

SMELTER AND FILTERS SILICIOUS GOLD ORES.

Extraordinary Results of the Tests Lately Made of Low Grade Gold Ores.

It Means a Tremendous Impetus to the Mining Industry of British Columbia.

Two very important matters will occupy the attention of the city council at a special convocation called by the Mayor for 8 o'clock this evening. The first business that will be taken up is the letter of Mr. William Selover, submitted in regard to the construction of a smelter in the Victoria area.

The second matter which will be taken up is the report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme in more places than at the filter beds.

Mr. Selover's letter is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

WILL BE DISCUSSED AT THE CITY COUNCIL MEETING TO BE HELD TO-NIGHT.

Mr. Jorgensen Says Mr. Herring's Report Was Based on Incorrect Information.

Two very important matters will occupy the attention of the city council at a special convocation called by the Mayor for 8 o'clock this evening.

The first business that will be taken up is the letter of Mr. William Selover, submitted in regard to the construction of a smelter in the Victoria area.

The second matter which will be taken up is the report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme in more places than at the filter beds.

Mr. Selover's letter is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

The committee on the waterworks improvement scheme has also submitted a report which is of great interest to the city council.

The report of the committee on the waterworks improvement scheme is a most interesting one, and contains a great deal of information regarding the possibilities of the Victoria area for the production of gold.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY.

Prayers by Rev. W. D. Barber.

Hon. Mr. Martin presented the Surveyor-General's annual report.

Mr. Booth, as chairman of the private bills committee, reported that with reference to the petition of H. C. Weston, a Bill in relation to the boundary, leave should be granted to above named to present a petition for a bill incorporating the public company for the purpose mentioned in the petition.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

THE CITY.

The case of Richards v. Price, involving the ownership of the Metehosin copper mine, occupied the attention of the court during the quarter ended March 31st.

The inland revenue returns of the port of Victoria for the month of March are as follows: Spirits, \$18,476.11; malt, \$1,645.22; tobacco, \$5,854.99; cigars, \$78.24; methylnated spirits, \$68.98; and inspection petroleum, \$24.70; total, \$26,143.44.

ANNIE, the eight-year-old daughter of William and Ann Robertson, of "Salt Creek," was brought in by the Victoria police, and is now in the Victoria hospital, suffering from a severe case of diphtheria.

At the regular monthly business meeting of the Congregational church, held last evening the secretary, Mr. William Seweroff, on behalf of the donors, reported the following: T. Popp, \$100; J. F. of Farnham, \$100; and others, \$100.

The declared exports from the consular district of Victoria to the United States during the quarter ended March 31st were: Coal, \$1,626.89; copper and gold ore, \$2,855; furs, hides and skins, \$21,070.64; gold bullion, \$47,312.82; iron, \$1,000; and other goods, \$5,848.10; returned American goods, \$2,192.55; tin plates, \$3,152.50; wool, \$1,697.50; yellow metal, \$37,500; miscellaneous merchandise, \$488.80; total, \$22,807.89; total for same quarter in 1896, \$100,677.09; decrease, \$77,869.20.

In the police court yesterday the Chinaman who was brought down on the Danube in charge of the provincial police was arraigned on the charge of attempting suicide in this city about six weeks ago. He pleaded guilty and was sent up for trial. An Indian named Harry of the Saanich tribe, who with culpable negligence was found with two bottles of square fire in his pockets in the Victoria police court, was arraigned on the charge of giving the usual offence of one month in jail.

REV. SOLOMON CLEVER, of the Metropolitan Methodist church, and Rev. Mr. McCrossen, who has for the past year or so had charge of the James Bay Methodist church, leave Victoria in June next. Mr. Clever goes to Winnipeg to take charge of his interior economy, and his present pastor will be Rev. Mr. Swinerton, Toronto. Rev. Mr. Swinerton, a '96 graduate of Victoria University, succeeds Rev. Mr. McCrossen. Mr. Swinerton has no idea yet where he will be placed, his new appointment being dependent on the result of the one conference at Winnipeg, which he attends.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

Mr. Booth also presented a report from the same committee recommending that the time limited for receiving petitions had expired. The committee recommended that the standing orders be suspended accordingly.

THE EXPENDITURE OF THE PROVINCE.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

THE EXPENDITURE OF THE PROVINCE.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

The expenditure of the province for the year ending 31st March 1897, was \$1,166,332. This was an increase of \$1,166,332 over the expenditure of the year ending 31st March 1896, which was \$1,166,332.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. RATCLIFFE IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF EASTORIA

Eastoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell anything else on the plea or promise that it is just as good and will answer every purpose. See that you get O-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

WHO VISITS HOME. How a physician can travel throughout the country; this little article goes to show that Doctor Ratcliffe speaks to you. He asks the following questions: In person or by letter?

WOMEN. How you feel, how you look, how you are getting on. Do you have a headache? Do you feel tired or languid? Do you feel nervous or irritable? Do you feel dizzy or giddy? Do you feel weak or exhausted? Do you feel that you are getting on better or worse? Do you feel that you are getting on better or worse?

More prominent beauty of womanhood that you have lost. Examine Ratcliffe, who is recognized living specialist on men and women.

713 FIRST AVENUE, Seattle, Wash.

RATCLIFFE CO., LTD.

Mining Machinery a Specialty.

Manufacturers of all classes of Machinery, including all kinds of pumps, engines, hoists, crushers, rollers, etc.

Wholesale and indiscriminate stocking lines which is going on over the island. It is believed that this will be an injury to them an assistance to legitimate business as it shows a tendency to intensify speculation and prospecting.

Company's office stationery and printing at the Colonist office.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

Sir Donald Smith Wants Views of Canadian Cities to Educate the English.

Nineteen More Officials Discharged - Debate on the Address Still in the Senate.

OTTAWA, April 1.—(Special)—Hon. Mr. Blair informed Mr. Maclean to-day that it is not the intention of the government to disallow the B. C. Southern Railway act of last year, as it was purely a local measure and had not been complained against.

Mr. Maxwell continued the debate on the address and twenty other members spoke. The Senate is still discussing the address.

Mr. Maclean will ask if the government intends to allow the Canadian Pacific to build the Crow's Nest Pass line before coming to a settlement with them.

The announcement of a few weeks ago has been confirmed that Don Sheppard, of Toronto Saturday Night, is going to South Africa as commercial agent for Canada.

There have been nineteen acceptances for Bisleigh out of the first twenty on the list. Sir Donald Smith is again here, and he says he is anxious to procure views of the leading cities to show in England to disabuse people of their backward ideas as regards Canada.

James A. Smart commenced his duties as deputy minister of the interior to-day.

Nineteen officials of the post office department were discharged to-day.

FOUR MORE. HAMBURG, March 31.—The British steamer Marca, Capt. Adams, from Norfolk on March 10 for this port, which signalled the Lizard on March 27 that she had picked up the captain, chief engineer and two of the crew of the French line steamer St. Nazaire which foundered in a gale on March 7 while on a voyage from New York to West Indian ports.

Arrived to-day with the four survivors. Their boat containing nine persons drifted until March 18, when the four men mentioned were picked up by the Marca at three o'clock in the afternoon. The five other occupants of the boat died from the effects of drinking sea water. Of these three negro men died on the second day and the steward and two others died on the fourth day after the sinking of the St. Nazaire. The survivors suffered badly and were helpless from exhaustion when picked up. They were treated with the utmost kindness on board the Marca and have recovered their health.

ONE OF HER OWN. ROSSLAND, April 1.—The Rossland stock exchange opened yesterday with great eclat. The sales first day were 10,000, and to-day over 4,000 changed hands.

Justice McColl held a session of court to-day and disposed of Grand Jury cases. His decision was in favor of the original locators. The Grand Jury case will therefore get a certificate of improvements at once. A. St. G. Hammersley was counsel for the Grand Prize.

The Great Western claim, which adjoins the townsite, is developing finely. The east shaft is down sixty feet and averages over \$10 a ton. Sir Charles Ross arrived from Victoria to-day, via Spokane.

A strike is reported to-night on the Flossie L., one of the properties acquired by the Grant Gavin London syndicate.

SYNOD APPOINTMENTS. TORONTO, March 31.—(Special)—The Presbyterian home mission committee to-day made the following appointments to the synod of British Columbia: R. C. Gallup, D. A. Fowle, P. Scott, T. Menzies, F. D. Muir, A. S. Reid, Charles E. Peacock, A. W. D. Reid, M. L. Leith, A. A. Gray, S. A. Wood, S. H. Gray, R. A. King, R. S. Scott, R. C. McAdie, D. Lyman Thompson, Geo. H. Menzies, H. A. Grant, Jos. N. R. Hall, D. N. Cockburn, E. G. Shaw, J. N. Brunton.

TURKEY STRUTS. BERLIN, April 1.—The Frankfort Zeitung has received a dispatch from Constantinople saying that Greece has submitted to the Turkish government a proposition to purchase the island of Crete. The dispatch adds that the Porte declined to undertake separate negotiations, declaring that Turkey remains in accord with the European concert.

SHOO! LONDON, April 1.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon publishes a despatch from Constantinople which says that, acting upon the instructions of their respective governments, the ambassadors of the powers have opened negotiations with the Turkish government for a definite withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete.

PLENTY OF SPIRIT. NEW YORK, April 1.—A special to the Journal from Athens says it can be stated authoritatively that the Cretan committee will not accept the \$50,000 roubles offered by the Czar for the families of refugees. They ask no aid from the Czar while Russian warships take part in the blockade.

ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN. DUBLIN, April 1.—The most Rev. William Plunkett (Lord Plunkett), Protestant archbishop of Dublin, died here this morning after a brief illness.

VOTED DOWN.

LONDON, March 31.—The resolution moved by Mr. Edward Blake, Irish Nationalist member for the south division of Longford in the House of Commons, on Monday last to the effect that it has been established by the report of the royal commission that there existed an undue burden of taxation upon Ireland constituting a great grievance, and making it the duty of the government to propose remedial legislation as an early day, was negatived to-day by a vote of 317 to 197, against Mr. William P. L. Locky, Unionist member for Dublin University, and Mr. John Morley, Liberal member for the district of Montrose, had supported Mr. Blake's resolution. Mr. Geo. J. Goschen, first lord of the Admiralty, replied that the government could not accept the commission of the royal commission on the financial relations between Great Britain and Ireland without considering the set-off in other directions. The government did not admit that Ireland was unduly burdened. Irishmen individually, he explained, were paying less than Englishmen, but so soon as the government has proofs of injustice it will rectify them.

BEHRING SEA COMMISSION. MONTREAL, March 31.—The British commission before the Behring Sea claims commission have completed, signed and forwarded to the members of the commission and the United States counsel their written factum of argument in the case pending before the commission. The American counsel will again reply to this argument before the meeting of the commission in Montreal in June. The factum covers over 200 printed pages and claims and arguments separately, the introductory remarks covering over thirteen pages. The claims upon which interest is charged at the rate of seven per cent from dates mentioned in particulars until payment are twenty-six in number, aggregating total amount of \$857,702 exclusive of interest, and the seizures of 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1892. The factum is signed by Hon. Frederick Peters, F. L. Beagle, Q.C., Ernest V. Bodwell and Sir Charles Herbert Tupper.

AUSTRALIAN FEDERATION. ADELAIDE, South Australia, March 31.—The Australian convention which has been in session here for some time past practically concluded its work to-day. Resolutions were passed providing that the powers, privileges and territory of the various colonies are to remain intact, that the executive power of imposing and collecting customs and excise duties and military and naval control be vested in the federal parliament; that trade intercourse between the federal colonies be absolutely free; that the parliament which will be established is to consist of a senate and a house of representatives; that the executive is to consist of a governor-general appointed by the Queen, and that a supreme federal court, which will also be the highest court of appeal of the colonies, be established, were unanimously adopted.

A WASTE OF WATER. GREENVILLE, Miss., April 1.—Ten thousand people are homeless in the flood, three hundred towns and cities are submerged and desolation reigns over this lovely valley. A dismal waste of water now covers the sugar country on every side of Greenville and the city is to-day a desolate island connected with the outside world by one long telegraph line, running from here to Winona. The water from the mound crevasse is within half a mile of the city on the north, and from the lake crevasse is one mile south and eastward. The Black Bayou, Deep creek and Fish Lake are all out of their banks and rapidly filling up the entire country and communication is cut off.

WANTS TO RECOGNIZE CUBA. WASHINGTON, April 1.—The Cuban question was revived in the senate to-day, after a long period of comparative calm. Four distinct Cuban resolutions were brought forward in rapid succession. The last and most important one came from Senator Morgan, of Alabama. He declared that a state of war exists in Cuba and announces the policy of the United States, to accord both parties to the conflict full recognition as belligerents. Mr. Morgan gave notice that he would call up the resolution at the next meeting of the senate with the expectation of securing final action.

HAND IN HAND. MONTREAL, April 1.—General Passenger Agent Davis, of the Grand Trunk, says there is no rate war on between the Grand Trunk and C.P.R. in regard to the Kootenay business. Negotiations are under way with a view to secure a uniform rate on both lines between East and West, and he expects they will be successful and that uniform rates between these companies will be in operation at an early date.

SO GLAD. WASHINGTON, D.C., April 2.—The Japanese legation received a dispatch to-day from the consul-general at San Francisco saying that recent reports of the death of the Crown Prince of Japan and the succession of Prince Arisugawa, heir-apparent were entirely unfounded. It is believed that the dispatch is the result of an official inquiry by the consul-general.

GETTING RESTIVE. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 2.—The fighting between the Christians and Mussulmans, which is daily reported from Crete, is creating a very bad impression here, and it is believed that the Turkish government will soon propose to the powers that Turkey herself be permitted to take action against the insurgents.

A PROTEST FILED.

Charges of Bribery Made Against Lawson as a Member of the Manitoba Legislature.

The Immigration Stream is Setting In Strong to the Northwest Territories.

WINNIPEG, April 1.—(Special)—Joseph Roy and Joseph Berthiaume filed a protest in the Manitoba courts to-day against the election of J. B. Lawson, a member of the legislature for St. Boniface. H. M. Howell, Q.C., is agent for the petitioners, who charge that Lawson was guilty of numerous acts of bribery, both directly and by agents. They also charge that the Archbishop of St. Boniface and a large number of his clergy were acting as Lawson's agents, and that the withdrawal of persons of the right faith and privileges of church and spiritual benefits arising therefrom in order to induce them to vote for Lawson, and to prevent them from voting for the Liberal candidate, also that the archbishop and his clergy used spiritual and temporal intimidation against many voters, threatening them with penalties if they did not vote for the respondent.

There is a small fight on between the school publishers as to which shall secure the right to publish new text books for Manitoba. Messrs. Gage & Co. submitted a proposal to the government to-day in which they offer to provide a complete line and to supply every pupil in Manitoba with a free copy.

Railway commission with the south is almost completely cut off owing to serious floods in North Dakota and Minnesota. The heavy snowfall followed by rains has caused the tracks to be inundated. The largest party of colonists of the north reached the city this afternoon from the East by special trains having on board over 500 new settlers for the province and Territories.

The Liberals to-night in the school of the school publishers as to which shall secure the right to publish new text books for Manitoba. Messrs. Gage & Co. submitted a proposal to the government to-day in which they offer to provide a complete line and to supply every pupil in Manitoba with a free copy.

Chairs and counter chairs and cries of "shame" punctuated the questions, and the speaker, Mr. W. W. Macneil, anti-Parliament member for South Douglas, moving to adjourn in order to call attention to the absence from Kootenay, as the Marquis of Salisbury at the present critical period. The motion was negatived without a division.

OUR GLORIOUS EMPIRE. Sentiment, Force and Institutions of Imperial Patriotism Must Be Kept Alive.

LONDON, March 31.—The annual banquet of the British Colonial Institute was given this evening, the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain presiding. In the large and distinguished company were representatives of almost every colony of the empire. After the usual loyal toasts the Marquis of Lorne proposed: "The naval and military forces of the empire." Mr. Chamberlain, in proposed the toast of the evening, "The property of the institute," sketched the growth of the British empire and the development of Imperialism in Great Britain. He said: "We have now reached the true conception of our empire, for I think we may speak of our colonies as part of ourselves. I feel moreover that our rule over the territories dependent upon us is justified only as it adds to the happiness of the people of those territories. There are always people who sympathize with the Premphs and the Lobengulams, but you cannot have colonies without slave trading and slave raiding without the use of force. (Hear, hear.) Benin, Nupce, Ashanti and Nyasaland, it is inevitable that there should be some loss of life, but for every life that is lost there comes prosperity to a hundred. We are convinced that we have and shall continue to have the strength to fulfill our high mission. We shall protect our self governing colonies with all our strength against foreign aggression. (Cheers.) As for myself, I believe in the probability and practicality of the British race, but it will not come by pressure. It will come by a universal desire. If Great Britain remains united no other empire in the world will ever surpass it. Our motherland is still vigorous and the cohesion of our sister nations may one day equal and even surpass her greatness. That will depend largely upon ourselves. Let us be our task to keep alive the sentiment, force and institutions of imperial patriotism, so that in every vicissitude of the future the British Empire may present an unbroken front in support of our glorious traditions and of our flag." (Cheers.)

DEAD AMERICANS. NEW YORK, March 30.—The Post's London dispatch says: Stock markets opened flat to-day on account of politics, but closed slightly better on the rash of Argentine securities, due to the announcement by the Argentine government of the resumption of the full service of the foreign debt, thus putting by a year the date on which by what is known as the Rothschild scheme full service was, if possible, to be resumed. Americans were lifeless.

ONLY ROAD RIGHTS. TORONTO, March 31.—At the Ontario legislature to-day bill granting the same road rights to bicyclists as those enjoyed by the drivers of vehicles passed the first committee stage. The measure will not meet with serious opposition in the house.

CROSS PETITION FILED. TORONTO, April 1.—(Special)—At the meeting of the Methodist conference the following transfers were effected: Rev. S. G. Smith, from British Columbia to Manitoba; Rev. G. E. Turk from Winnipeg to Toronto; Rev. J. C. Spears, Toronto to British Columbia; Rev. G. Smith, Hamilton to British Columbia.

HOUSE IN AN UPROAR.

Cheers and Cries of Shame Punctuate Mr. Curzon's Statements About Crete.

Scotch and Welsh Members Object to the Troops Helping the Turks.

LONDON, April 1.—There were loud cheers from the Irish benches in the House of Commons to-day when the parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, Mr. George N. Curzon, confirmed the report from Crete that a detachment of Turkish Bashi Bazuks at Retimo had fired upon a flag of truce, subsequent to the refusal of the insurgents to accept autonomy and upon their insisting upon annexation. Continuing, Mr. Curzon said the government was doing everything possible to accelerate the withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete, though he explained until the powers were in a position to replace the garrison, which they are now endeavoring to do by the despatch of reinforcements, they were not justified in exposing the refugees at the seaports to the risk of a successful attack.

There was great excitement and uproar in the House of Commons while Mr. Curzon was replying to the questions regarding Crete. The Scotch and Welsh members objected to the employment of the Scotch and Welsh troops as "A service repugnant to the whole of Scotland and Wales."

Cheers and counter cheers and cries of "shame" punctuated the questions, and the speaker, Mr. W. W. Macneil, anti-Parliament member for South Douglas, moving to adjourn in order to call attention to the absence from Kootenay, as the Marquis of Salisbury at the present critical period. The motion was negatived without a division.

SAILED FOR THE NORTH. Heavy shipments of freight and crowds of passengers went north on the steamship Danube last night. There had been tickets at the C.P.R. office for the voyage of the ship Mr. J. Moffat, R. Johnston, C. Johnston, Mr. Wadhams, B. O. Mess, Mr. Brewster, Mr. Thomas and wife, Mr. Donaldson, Mr. Fenel, Mr. Lucas, Mr. O'Brien, L. H. A. Seth, Mrs. S. Noble, B. Brewster and family, H. Mott, H. Camp, H. Humphrey, John Spoggen, W. L. G. Gough, J. Wilson, John Spencer, John Anson, H. B. Christiansen, C. Sutter, A. Holmes, F. Hickey and T. Robinson. Messrs. Wilson and John Spence are part of the crew of the Hudson's Bay steamer Caledonia which is soon to commence running on the Skeena and Bulkley rivers.

March has been a light month in shipping business, but the last of it has seen the commencement of what promises to be a season of particular activity. The Northern tide has just nicely begun, the Alaskan stir is well under way, the Oriental business shows signs of improvement, and in fact all steamship lines appear to herald a season of prosperity. The deep sea entries during March were only 90; the deep sea clearances, 108; the entire coastwise, 97; and the clearances coastwise, 102.

The British ship Silberhorn, with a general cargo from Valparaiso, sailed for Victoria and Vancouver, was spoken in latitude 50 N., longitude 8 W. The Silberhorn, it will be remembered, had to put into Barrie in distress on March 3.

The cargo of the German bark Ardgowan, which has just finished loading at Vancouver for Valparaiso, consists of 1,024,924 feet of round and squared lumber, valued at \$10,384.

The O. M. & N. steamship Monmouthshire is expected from Portland to-day, on a route from the Orient. She has considerable freight and 60 Chinese passengers for Victoria.

After returning from Texas island, the steamer Maude went out to Telegraph Bay yesterday with a quantity of powder. She left for Texas again in the evening.

HUGH JOHN ACCEPTS. WINNIPEG, March 31.—(Special)—After the prorogation of the Manitoba legislature, the opposition members requested Mr. Hugh John Macdonald and Mr. Hastings, the organizer of the Conservative party for the province, to meet them. A short address was read to Mr. Macdonald by the Conservative members who tendered him the leadership of the party in local politics. Mr. Roblin resigned his position and tendered his allegiance to Mr. Macdonald who formally accepted the offer. The question of a seat in the legislature was discussed, but nothing definitely settled.

STOCK CERTIFICATES. ST. GENEVIEVE, Que., March 31.—(Special)—The nominations of candidates for the Dominion elections at Champlain took place to-day. Dr. Marcotte, Conservative, the late member, and Dr. Trudell, Liberal, Marquette's opponent in the election last June, were nominated. Geoffroy, Tullien and other prominent politicians spoke.

MIGHT ASK WYLLER. WASHINGTON, March 31.—In response to the invitation of President McKinley the government will send the Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa to represent the Queen Regent, King and people of Spain at the ceremony of dedicating the Grant mansoleum on April 27.

NOT YET. HAWAII, April 2.—The report sent out from Key West that General Rives was shot at sunrise this morning is untrue. The trial by court martial of General Rives is being proceeded with behind closed doors at San Cristobal.

THE SMELTER SCHEME.

W. H. Remington, of Salt Lake City, who is one of the parties interested in the smelter proposition which is now before the citizens of Victoria, is staying at the Draxler. In conversation last evening Mr. Remington stated that although the first outlay on a complete smelter plant would represent something in the neighborhood of \$400,000 still that was by no means the total outlay represented as in all cases it was found necessary to add to a plant year by year. Then, too, the number of hands which would find employment in connection with the works could not be stated with any degree of precision as in addition to the two or three hundred directly employed there would be the charcoal burners and coke roasters as well as others which would bring the total directly and indirectly employed close on to five or six hundred hands. This would be the case in a plant capable of handling 400 tons a day. With respect to the advantages which Victoria could offer, there was the fact that coal and coke the latter which would actually pay a profit to use, instead of having to pay out money for them, as would be the case of a smelter located in Kootenay. Coke, it may be stated, costs about \$11 per ton in Kootenay, while the English article, the very best obtainable, can be laid down for a little over \$7, and the Union coke for very much less. This difference alone ought to bring all the Kootenay ores to any smelter located on the coast of British Columbia. All the smelters, both on the Sound and in Kootenay, had all the work they could handle even with the mines at their present state of development, and with the Island mines on a shipping basis there was the very best guarantee in a constant work of a large establishment. The fact of Victoria being situated on an island would not cut an ore in the matter of freight rates on figures from Kootenay, as the railways were ready to guarantee a toll which would practically make no difference on that score. Mr. Remington, who is accompanied by his sister, has been through the Kootenay country and is thoroughly familiar with the mining business, as well as all of smelting ores, having been interested very largely in smelting concerns in Nevada and Utah. Of late years he has devoted most of his time to the development of mining properties, and proposes to look over the field here with a similar object in view.

SAILED FOR THE NORTH. Heavy shipments of freight and crowds of passengers went north on the steamship Danube last night. There had been tickets at the C.P.R. office for the voyage of the ship Mr. J. Moffat, R. Johnston, C. Johnston, Mr. Wadhams, B. O. Mess, Mr. Brewster, Mr. Thomas and wife, Mr. Donaldson, Mr. Fenel, Mr. Lucas, Mr. O'Brien, L. H. A. Seth, Mrs. S. Noble, B. Brewster and family, H. Mott, H. Camp, H. Humphrey, John Spoggen, W. L. G. Gough, J. Wilson, John Spencer, John Anson, H. B. Christiansen, C. Sutter, A. Holmes, F. Hickey and T. Robinson. Messrs. Wilson and John Spence are part of the crew of the Hudson's Bay steamer Caledonia which is soon to commence running on the Skeena and Bulkley rivers.

March has been a light month in shipping business, but the last of it has seen the commencement of what promises to be a season of particular activity. The Northern tide has just nicely begun, the Alaskan stir is well under way, the Oriental business shows signs of improvement, and in fact all steamship lines appear to herald a season of prosperity. The deep sea entries during March were only 90; the deep sea clearances, 108; the entire coastwise, 97; and the clearances coastwise, 102.

The British ship Silberhorn, with a general cargo from Valparaiso, sailed for Victoria and Vancouver, was spoken in latitude 50 N., longitude 8 W. The Silberhorn, it will be remembered, had to put into Barrie in distress on March 3.

The cargo of the German bark Ardgowan, which has just finished loading at Vancouver for Valparaiso, consists of 1,024,924 feet of round and squared lumber, valued at \$10,384.

The O. M. & N. steamship Monmouthshire is expected from Portland to-day, on a route from the Orient. She has considerable freight and 60 Chinese passengers for Victoria.

After returning from Texas island, the steamer Maude went out to Telegraph Bay yesterday with a quantity of powder. She left for Texas again in the evening.

HUGH JOHN ACCEPTS. WINNIPEG, March 31.—(Special)—After the prorogation of the Manitoba legislature, the opposition members requested Mr. Hugh John Macdonald and Mr. Hastings, the organizer of the Conservative party for the province, to meet them. A short address was read to Mr. Macdonald by the Conservative members who tendered him the leadership of the party in local politics. Mr. Roblin resigned his position and tendered his allegiance to Mr. Macdonald who formally accepted the offer. The question of a seat in the legislature was discussed, but nothing definitely settled.

STOCK CERTIFICATES. ST. GENEVIEVE, Que., March 31.—(Special)—The nominations of candidates for the Dominion elections at Champlain took place to-day. Dr. Marcotte, Conservative, the late member, and Dr. Trudell, Liberal, Marquette's opponent in the election last June, were nominated. Geoffroy, Tullien and other prominent politicians spoke.

MIGHT ASK WYLLER. WASHINGTON, March 31.—In response to the invitation of President McKinley the government will send the Spanish cruiser Maria Teresa to represent the Queen Regent, King and people of Spain at the ceremony of dedicating the Grant mansoleum on April 27.

NOT YET. HAWAII, April 2.—The report sent out from Key West that General Rives was shot at sunrise this morning is untrue. The trial by court martial of General Rives is being proceeded with behind closed doors at San Cristobal.

NO DENTIFRICE EQUALS CALVERT'S

Carbolic Tooth Powder

Carbolic Tooth Paste

For Preserving the Teeth and Strengthening the Gums. Each is prepared with Calvert's purest Carbolic—the best dental preservative. They sweeten the breath and prevent infection by inhalation. Avoid imitations which are numerous and unreliable. From NEWTON CHASE, Esq., late United States Consul, Manchester: "Your Carbolic Tooth Powder is the best I ever used. In my opinion I am joined by all the members of my family."

The Largest Sale of Any Dentifrice. F. O. CALVERT & CO., MANCHESTER. Awarded 75 Gold and Silver Medals, etc.

Langley & Henderson Bros., Victoria, B.C.



STATE ORE P. S. BAILY, Pres. Established Sampling Works. A general Ore Market, Largest Works in Colorado, Modern Mills and Machinery at Denver, Idaho Springs and Black Hawk. Write for our reference book. Address STATE ORE SAMPLING CO., Denver, Colo. Gold bulletin monthly.

FOR CATARRH. Colds, Sores and Burns. Pure Eucalyptus Oil. Post Free. Eucalyptus Oil. Stamps Taken. FLITTON Prop., Vancouver.

PAINT YOUR BUGGY FOR \$1.00 J. W. MELLOR Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Plaster, etc. VICTORIA, B.C. 125-126

BC STEAM DYE WORKS. Ladies and gent's clothing cleaned, dyed or pressed equal to new. 41 Yates Street, Victoria. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, thence easterly along the shoreline to the place of beginning. CLAYTON PATRICK & TRADING CO. LTD. March 2, 1897.

NOTICE. We, the undersigned, sixty days after date, intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, of land situated on Clio Bay, Douglas Channel, Northwest Coast, commanding at a point marked S. E. Corner Post, thence north 40 chains, more or less, to the shore of Tofino Inlet, th

The Colonist. MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897. Published Every Monday and Thursday. The Colonist Printing and Publishing Company, Limited, Proprietors.

TERMS: THE DAILY COLONIST. Published every day except Monday. Per year postage free to any part of Canada. Per week, if delivered, \$1.00. THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST. Per year postage free to any part of the Dominion. Per month, \$1.00. Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES. LOCAL COMMERCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS. All advertisements inserted in this paper are charged at the following rates. For the first insertion, 10 cents per line; for each subsequent insertion, 5 cents per line. For long advertisements, 50 cents per line for the first insertion, and 25 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

THE ATTACK ON THE GOVERNOR. The matter of the Columbia & Western railway security concerning which the Times became so melodramatically solemn last evening, is in point of fact a very simple thing and is of itself not worth five lines of explanation, but as it was greatly magnified by Mr. Williams in the house and will probably be misrepresented by the opposition press throughout the Province, it is desirable that it should be treated in some detail.

What are the facts of the case? Briefly, they are that the Columbia & Western railway, by the terms of its charter was to give a bond of \$50,000, conditions for the completion of its line within four years. Mr. Heinze, on behalf of the company, offered to give first mortgage bonds chargeable upon the portion of the railway between Trail and Rosland. The government agreed to accept these bonds provided the amount deposited as security was made \$75,000. This was satisfactory to Mr. Heinze; but as it takes time to have bonds engraved, executed and put through all the necessary formalities, a conditional bond was accepted from Mr. Heinze personally for \$50,000, for which bond he agreed to substitute the \$75,000 of the railway bonds as soon as they could be got ready. As these have not yet been accepted, because they came so recently that there has not been sufficient time to examine into the matter of title. In the meantime the government holds both Mr. Heinze's bond, which is in full force and effect, and the bonds of the railway company, which will be accepted, presumably, if everything in regard to them is strictly regular.

Such are the facts of the case so far as the Province is concerned, and we defy any one to point out a single particular in which the public interests have not been fully safeguarded. There is no doubt anything in all this that smacks of conspiracy or can be properly characterized as "terrible." The connection of the Lieutenant-Governor with the subject arises in this way. Some months after the arrangement had been made between the company and Mr. Heinze had given his bond as above stated, the Hon. Edgar Dewdney became a director of the company. Subsequently when the Union Trust Company of New York, the trustee for the bondholders of the company, asked for authority to hold \$75,000 of the bonds in trust for the government of British Columbia, a resolution of the board of directors was passed granting such authority.

interim, except so far as his formal assent to the act of his advisers was necessary. At that time he was not a director of the company. His whole personal connection with the transaction was to join with his fellow directors in passing a formal vote to enable the Union Trust Company to carry out Mr. Heinze's agreement with the government. The man who claims that there is anything censurable, suspicious or even in need of explanation in the whole transaction, from beginning to end, simply betrays his ignorance or puts himself on record as unable to credit his fellow men with ordinary honesty. We may add for the information of those who do not understand the practice of governments that, although the expression Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council is used in describing executive action, the Lieutenant-Governor never meets with the Council, and is not consulted by his advisers on questions of policy or on the details of administration. He is not responsible to his advisers for what he does in his personal capacity, and has the right to be the sole judge of his own conduct in any affairs not coming directly within the scope of his official position.

OUR EXPORT OF SALMON. The Colonist has not thought it desirable to reprint the attack upon the quality of British Columbia salmon which appeared in the London Globe and Mr. Robert Ward's very able reply thereto. What seems to be of more importance is to devise some means of protecting the consumers of British Columbia salmon from being imposed upon by unscrupulous dealers. To this subject we have given some consideration, and have consulted some of the cannery men about it. What seems to be necessary is an official inspection of the canneries, and the use of a brand to show that the fish has been put up in an inspected British Columbia cannery. This could only be done satisfactorily by arranging the brand stamped in the tin. If an arrangement of this kind can be perfected, undoubtedly the Imperial government would provide for the imposition of penalties upon any salmon being exported for sale in the United Kingdom as from British Columbia without this brand and for the prevention of its fraudulent use. Something of this nature has already been done in regard to Canadian cheese.

We are not quite sure whether this is a matter properly within the scope of the local legislature or whether in part at least it ought not to be dealt with by the Dominion government. Probably the matter of inspection of canneries could be dealt with by the provincial legislature. The other branch of the subject as it would affect commerce, would come more properly within the scope of the Federal authorities. The whole subject might, however, be dealt with by the legislature by an act authorizing the inspection of the canneries, and by a resolution asking the Dominion ministry to attend to the other branch of the case.

AN EXCELLENT SPEECH. The speech of the Attorney-General yesterday on the motion to go into supply was an admirable effort. He spoke with great clearness and force, presenting an irrefragable answer to the attack made yesterday by Mr. Williams. Indeed, the government and its friends are to be congratulated upon the opportunity afforded by Mr. Williams' speech. That gentleman found a rare's nest in a few days ago and patiently sat in incubation upon it. He hatched out an April Fool's joke, but failing to realize the exact nature of the animal, imagined it was a colt upon which he and his associates on the left of the Speaker would ride in power. The Attorney-General stripped the hide from the creature, which turned out to be only a stuffed imitation. The Hon. Mr. Eberts did more than this for, by the review of his own career in office, which the speech of the member from Vancouver compelled him to give, placed himself in a light before the house and the country, which is highly creditable to himself personally and the government of which he is a member.

There is no doubt as to the adaptability of the soil and climate of the Coast region of the Pacific Northwest to the cultivation of flax. Hon. Mr. Turner made a brief reference to this subject in the house on Thursday. It may be of interest to mention that during the last two years experiments in the production of flax have been tried in the State of Washington with very great success, both as to the yield per acre and the quality of the fibre. At a test made last year of a number of samples of flax fibre that, from Washington took the first place. The test was made by blind girls whose sense of touch had been developed to a high degree. Samples of flax grown in different countries were submitted to them, and they were asked to select those which were of the finest texture. In every case the Washington flax was selected. There is no doubt that the conditions for flax culture are just as favorable in this Province as in the neighboring state. The matter is worth attention, for flax culture is a highly profitable industry.

There are too many people with prematurely grey hair, who they might avoid by applying that reliable and effective preparation, Hall's Hair Renewer, which restores the hair to its natural color and prevents it from falling out.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S CRITICISMS. The reference in the Colonist to the fact that the Lieutenant-Governor does not meet with his council has been a most surprising one. It is possibly a further reference to the matter which is visible in order that the fact may be driven home. It is not correct to say that the Lieutenant-Governor is a mere figurehead. In him are vested certain prerogatives, but it may be stated as a general proposition that these are only exercised in emergencies. For instance, the Lieutenant-Governor, if he saw fit to take the responsibility of the act, could dismiss his advisers to-morrow morning and summon any voter in British Columbia to form a new government. He can refuse to sign an order in council, but if he did so he would bring about a crisis as once his advisers would forthwith resign. Lieutenant-Governor Gordon, uncle of the present Governor-General, dismissed his advisers in New Brunswick and called on Charles Fisher to form a government and appeal to the people on the Confederation issue. If we wish to see the Lieutenant-Governor frequently avail himself of the political prerogatives of his office, let us see the Lieutenant-Governor, but with consultations with them for such a purpose are purely unofficial, and he is not in the slightest degree responsible for advice which he may give. A Lieutenant-Governor might suggest a certain line of action to his advisers; they might act on it and be defeated. It would forthwith become his bounden duty to summon as his advisers the former advisers for acting upon his advice thus given. This illustrates what is meant by the maxim, "The King can do no wrong," which applies to Governors as well as to the Sovereign.

As a private individual the Lieutenant-Governor has the full measure of liberty enjoyed by every other British subject. He may invest his money in such enterprises as he likes. He may accept the presidency or a directorship of companies incorporated by the legislature. In fact there is nothing which he may not legally do that anyone else may legally do in a private or business matter. In fact every governor of every province in Canada, who has any money to spare, uses this very thing. We do not wish to say anything that can be construed as a defence or any apology for Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney's connection with the Columbia & Western Railway Company, for to defend or apologize for that would be to admit that it needs defence or apology, and we call for neither. Such reference as we make to it is simply to expose the base and infamous character of the opposition's attack upon him. He became a director of that company as he had a perfect right to do, since it had obtained all the legal sanction of the legislature. To deny him the right to do this would be to single him out from among all Her Majesty's subjects and abridge his citizenship. And yet a member of the legislature, who claims to be learned in the law, and who aspires to the position of Attorney-General, has the effrontery to allege, as a reason why the present advisers of the Lieutenant-Governor should be dismissed, and he and his associates put in their places, that the Lieutenant-Governor ought not to have become interested in that railway. His complaint is so monstrously impertinent that it can only be characterized as a gross breach of the privilege of the legislature. Would Mr. Williams have presumed to say to the Lieutenant-Governor's face what he said in the legislature? Would he have dared to insinuate that the Lieutenant-Governor personified "some piece on the floor of the house"? We do not believe it. However, the member from Vancouver has this to his discredit. He will go down into the political history of the Province as the first man whose conception of integrity and honesty are so paltry that he was not above insinuating that the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province could be bribed with a dinner. That is not the sort of fame that Mr. Williams set out from Vancouver a few years ago to win; but if it suits him, no one need mind the country has found out his actual value.

The Times last evening made another attack upon the Lieutenant-Governor. If the questions which it propounds in regard to that gentleman's interest in the Columbia & Western Railway are proper, there is a place where they can be properly asked. They are not matters with which the legislature of British Columbia has anything whatever to do. If they are proper matters for enquiry as the only place where they can be brought up is on the floor of the Dominion parliament. There is no method by which they can be properly brought before the local house, for that body has nothing whatever to do with the matter. Let the "charge" against the Lieutenant-Governor be formulated and let it be brought forth parliamentarily. If a man who professes to believe he has more than a scanty knowledge of the law does anything wrong by anything more than a scandal-mongering. If this is done they will probably be told in very short order to mind their own business.

Anyone who knows anything about public matters is perfectly well aware that governors, premiers, ministers and other officials of the world never hold office in their own right, but are appointed to them by public appointment. Every body knows that. It is quite natural that men who have ability to come to the front in politics should also come to the front in business enterprises. Narrow little men that are too small to grasp a business proposition never come to prominence in politics. If they happen by accident to get into the legislature they are strong in opposition. They smell a rat in every appropriation and corruption in every official act. If they could purify their own small souls they would find the political atmosphere sweeter. They pollute their own environment and then imagine the universe is full of rotteness.

JONAH AND HIS WHALE. The religious world, or at least some sections of it, are periodically affected by fads. Some sensation-loving minister revamps an old notion and palms it off upon an unsuspecting congregation as a brand new "heresy." Straightway some other minister comes up to the defense of the faith, and there ensues a heated controversy, which spreads to the magazines and the daily papers and finally dies out in the comic weeklies. The latest fad in the discussion of Jonah and the whale. One clerical detachment labors to prove the story of Jonah, or anything in short except the allegorical truth, while the opposite side advances arguments, which, when summed up, amount to this: "If the story of Jonah and the whale is not true, then the Bible is not true, and if the Bible is not true, there is no real basis for Christianity, and if Christianity has no basis, then modern civilization is without warrant and man is without hope in this world or the next. And so the melancholy business goes on to the unsettling of many minds and the replenishment of the pulpit of some of the dissenters. We submit it is time for the secular press to enter a protest against such unmitigated rubbish. But it may be asked: There the story is what are you going to do about it? For answer we would ask: Why do anything about it? The duty of a man towards his fellows would not be altered a hair's breadth if the story ran that instead of Jonah swallowed the whale, it was the whale that swallowed Jonah. The reference is to the insinuation that because Mr. Heinze invited these gentlemen and others to dine with him, they must be understood as having been induced thereby to grant him un-conditional authority over the Columbia & Western Railway. The people of British Columbia have little use for public men who are capable of the exquisite meanness of such an insinuation.

SOME of the questions propounded to the government are absurd—that is they are absurd when put with all the formality required by the rules of the house. Many of them the questioners could answer themselves if they would take the trouble to look into the departmental reports; others could be answered at once by ministers if asked privately, and others could be raised in committee on supply.

There will be no disallowance of the British Columbia Southern Act. We are rather glad the matter was mooted for it made some people, who have been posing as champions of provincial rights, come out in their true colors.

THE BRITISH SHIP STIERA BLANCO, which left here in ballast, reached the harbor after the remarkable quick passage of 60 days from Chemulpo. The Hawaiian bark Rosalie, which lumbered into the harbor on February 24, having sprung a leak on the 24th of that month, has been condemned twice. The Hawaiian Star, once nine years ago and time, she may, however, go to sea again after having been repaired.

CHANGERS from the temple. We can easily imagine how He appeared to the people by the memory of their fathers, glory of their history, to recognize the hand of God in all things, and we believe His teaching, we destroy the sense of His doctrine, if we raise questions as to whether any reference in any address is to a literal fact or to an ancient myth. What would we say to-day if an orator should say of someone that, Shylock-like, he wanted the pound of flesh, and a critic should object that Shylock never really lived? We do not desire to make too close a parallel; but we do say that if it should be proved beyond a shadow of contradiction, not only that the white never swallowed Jonah, but that Jonah himself never had an existence, the value to humanity of the Gospels and the eternal foundation of the principles of Christianity would not in the least be affected.

THE Times asks if any of the advisers of the Lieutenant-Governor are stockholders in the Columbia and Western. We can answer this question in the most distinct and positive manner. No member of the executive council of the Province of British Columbia, that is Lieutenant-Governor or any of the advisers of the Lieutenant-Governor of this Province has or has not directly or indirectly in any way, shape, manner or form any interest whatever in the franchises, stock, bonds or any other property, rights, privileges or appurtenances of the Columbia and Western Railway company, or of any corporation, organization or syndicate in connection therewith.

THE Tacoma Ledger says: "The Northern Pacific Steamship Company has issued a new time card to cover the period from May, 1897, to May, 1898, for the sailing of regular liners. The first westbound steamer will leave Tacoma according to the new schedule, June 12. Every third Saturday thereafter a regular liner will depart for Hong Kong and a port of call. Friday has heretofore been the date of departure from this end of the line. The new card bears the name of two vessels that are strangers to the port. One is that of the steamship Pathan. The other of the steamer Columbia. The Pathan is chartered to carry one trip in place of the steamer Bremar. The Columbia is a property of the Northern Pacific line and will be retained on the Pacific line and will be retained on the Pacific line. With her acquisition the company will have five steamers of its own in the trans-Pacific line. The other four are the Olympia, Victoria and Tacoma. The Columbia is somewhat similar in construction and size to the Olympia, she was formerly owned by Donald, Currie & Co., and was known as the Master Caspary, having run between London and the Cape of Good Hope. The Columbia was built in 1888 and is 335 feet long, 32 feet beam, and 72 feet deep. Under the new schedule, which is virtually a continuance of the old one, the date of departure of the one on which the sailing dates of one day, the first steamer, the Pathan, will follow her 21 days later, beginning with her departure for the Tacoma, Victoria, Olympia and Columbia will sail regularly from Tacoma for the first time August 24, and new schedule allows for a departure from Hong Kong every 21 days, the first vessel to leave there May 4."

JOINS THE HOME FLEET. The steamer Advance, a New Wharfedale vessel, came into port yesterday to register under the British flag. She has been purchased by Munn, Holland & Co., and will go shortly to port to the Skeena river here. The Advance is a fine, spacious deck fitting her well for the carrying business. She was built as a packet about four years ago and has pretty much ever since been doing jobbing work for four months ago she was extensively overhauled, but was purchased with a view to her ownership, the biggest claim having been held by a man at Whatcombs. It is unauthorizedly stated that the price paid for the vessel was \$750.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. THE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing also correct all disorders of the stomach, regulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured.

SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing also correct all disorders of the stomach, regulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured.

ACHE. The Tacoma Ledger says: "The Northern Pacific Steamship Company has issued a new time card to cover the period from May, 1897, to May, 1898, for the sailing of regular liners. The first westbound steamer will leave Tacoma according to the new schedule, June 12. Every third Saturday thereafter a regular liner will depart for Hong Kong and a port of call. Friday has heretofore been the date of departure from this end of the line. The new card bears the name of two vessels that are strangers to the port. One is that of the steamship Pathan. The other of the steamer Columbia. The Pathan is chartered to carry one trip in place of the steamer Bremar. The Columbia is a property of the Northern Pacific line and will be retained on the Pacific line and will be retained on the Pacific line. With her acquisition the company will have five steamers of its own in the trans-Pacific line. The other four are the Olympia, Victoria and Tacoma. The Columbia is somewhat similar in construction and size to the Olympia, she was formerly owned by Donald, Currie & Co., and was known as the Master Caspary, having run between London and the Cape of Good Hope. The Columbia was built in 1888 and is 335 feet long, 32 feet beam, and 72 feet deep. Under the new schedule, which is virtually a continuance of the old one, the date of departure of the one on which the sailing dates of one day, the first steamer, the Pathan, will follow her 21 days later, beginning with her departure for the Tacoma, Victoria, Olympia and Columbia will sail regularly from Tacoma for the first time August 24, and new schedule allows for a departure from Hong Kong every 21 days, the first vessel to leave there May 4."

FOUR STEAMSHIPS. The Northern Pacific Have Acquired More Steamers for the Oriental Trade. The New Time Card Shows One Trip Every Three Weeks—The "Advance."

WESTMINSTER. Farmers' Alliance held a meeting on Saturday last resolutions were passed and a gate tax should be repealed. In the opinion of this meeting to be fully supported, the purpose of inducing the Legislature to pass a law which would allow farmers already who have pledged to abandon their farms to have the same law repealed. Eight prisoners of the moon class have been brought from jail to New Westminster. Among them are Manson and Alged murderers.

DUNCAN. DUNCAN. The ment still goes on vigorously. Mr. Vermont Living sent English capitalists a notice with a cablegram with the commencement of the copper claims in the Sans on the west side.

SOOK. April 5.—A high course of ambulance lecture for the past two months, was a close on Wednesday evening largely attended concert. The management of Mr. H. Lloyd appreciated, consisting of a rally humorous; a scene for Killy Club and orchestra; Messrs. Lloyd, Brandon, and Percy Robinson, on guitar, banjo and mouth-lantern views were both beautiful and afforded much especially to the young for the course of the evening. Brandon, who conducted it, made the recipient of a rhapsody, bearing on one cross of the ambulance while on the other was a scribble on the class in this as verbally testifying their of the instruction received in a manner in which it by their teacher.

LANGLEY. LANGLEY. April 2.—During of March rain fell upon snow upon 6 days. The rain falling to 5.247 inches. The rain for the first week in March with frosty frost with no rain; second week, fell with 3.5 inches of snow, 1.737 inches of rain, and 4 snow, and during the third month there fell 2.357 inches of snow. A botanical club has been here under the patronage of a royal society of Canada, will gain more definite knowledge and also the favor of the officers of the club are

THIRTY-NINE NEWS OF THE PROVINCE. DYNAMITE HANGS FIRE AND PHODES WITH DISASTROUS VANCOUVER'S SHELTER. TROUT LAKE SO CROWDED SPACE TO SLEEP OR SCARCE.

VANCOUVER, April 7.—(S) Salvation Army have established a shelter home in Vancouver Patterson, formerly of Victoria. The public are being assisted, and the building known as the British Columbia Waters street, has been changed to a new home. The island revenue collector March amount to \$20,089.71 over March 1896 of \$8,228.58. A man named Wilks, injured from the accidental dynamite, was brought from yesterday and placed in the He was drilling a hole away a blast had been made. The dynamite had not exploded. The cause of the accident is under investigation. On Monday night \$40 or \$50 cigars and cigarettes were stolen from a store on Hastings street. The store was owned by Mr. Harry Hooper, a well-known store on Hastings street. The store was owned by Mr. Harry Hooper, a well-known store on Hastings street. The store was owned by Mr. Harry Hooper, a well-known store on Hastings street.

WESTMINSTER. Farmers' Alliance held a meeting on Saturday last resolutions were passed and a gate tax should be repealed. In the opinion of this meeting to be fully supported, the purpose of inducing the Legislature to pass a law which would allow farmers already who have pledged to abandon their farms to have the same law repealed. Eight prisoners of the moon class have been brought from jail to New Westminster. Among them are Manson and Alged murderers.

DUNCAN. DUNCAN. The ment still goes on vigorously. Mr. Vermont Living sent English capitalists a notice with a cablegram with the commencement of the copper claims in the Sans on the west side.

SOOK. April 5.—A high course of ambulance lecture for the past two months, was a close on Wednesday evening largely attended concert. The management of Mr. H. Lloyd appreciated, consisting of a rally humorous; a scene for Killy Club and orchestra; Messrs. Lloyd, Brandon, and Percy Robinson, on guitar, banjo and mouth-lantern views were both beautiful and afforded much especially to the young for the course of the evening. Brandon, who conducted it, made the recipient of a rhapsody, bearing on one cross of the ambulance while on the other was a scribble on the class in this as verbally testifying their of the instruction received in a manner in which it by their teacher.

LANGLEY. LANGLEY. April 2.—During of March rain fell upon snow upon 6 days. The rain falling to 5.247 inches. The rain for the first week in March with frosty frost with no rain; second week, fell with 3.5 inches of snow, 1.737 inches of rain, and 4 snow, and during the third month there fell 2.357 inches of snow. A botanical club has been here under the patronage of a royal society of Canada, will gain more definite knowledge and also the favor of the officers of the club are

LANGLEY. LANGLEY. April 2.—During of March rain fell upon snow upon 6 days. The rain falling to 5.247 inches. The rain for the first week in March with frosty frost with no rain; second week, fell with 3.5 inches of snow, 1.737 inches of rain, and 4 snow, and during the third month there fell 2.357 inches of snow. A botanical club has been here under the patronage of a royal society of Canada, will gain more definite knowledge and also the favor of the officers of the club are