

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE

To-day's Celebration - We notice a most creditable desire amongst all classes of the community to join with Americans in observing this day as a general holiday.

School Examination - The annual examination of Victoria District School, Mr. Burr, teacher, was held yesterday.

THE COLLEGE CASE - The furniture of the bankrupt Culverwell was yesterday ordered by the Chief Justice to be sold.

ODD FELLOWS' SOCIETY - At the semi-annual meeting of Victoria Lodge, No. 1, I.O.O.F., held last evening, the following gentlemen were installed as officers.

"SUMMARY" PROCEEDING - B. H. Hunter, the individual who paraded the streets in a state of nature, much to the alarm of certain peaceable citizens, and subsequently started to the aid of a certain hotel at Government street.

THE WINDMILL CASE - Observing yesterday a large flag-staff that bore proudly the colors of the "stars and stripes" in honor of Independence Day.

THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY - held no meeting yesterday; only the Speaker and Messrs. DeCosmos, McClure and Dennis being present.

Volunteer Concert - We understand that a concert in aid of the fund of the Volunteer Corps will take place in a few days.

Resigned Office - W. A. G. Young, Esq., Colonial Secretary, yesterday resumed the duties of his office.

H.M.S. FORWARD left the harbor yesterday morning for Race Rocks with stores for the lighthouse.

CRAIGFLOWER SCHOOL - We are sorry to learn that this institution has been late suffering from the most wretched mismanagement.

BOARD OF EDUCATION - This body met yesterday at two o'clock, Dr. Tolmie in the chair.

LICENSING COURT - A general annual licensing court will be held at the Police office, on Wednesday next, July 12th, at 12 o'clock.

COURT OF REVISION - Messrs. Truince, Stahlenschmidt, and James Lowe have been reappointed members of the Trades License Court of Revision.

THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE - We learn that the popular burlesque of Bombastes Furioso, with local adaptations, will be given by Amateurs during the return matches.

BODIES FOUND - Yesterday the bodies of two men were found, one in the harbor, and the other in the vicinity of Trial Island.

THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL met yesterday afternoon, and after confirming the minutes of last meeting, adjourned till one o'clock to-day.

CRICKET MATCH

The return match between the Navy eleven and the Victoria Cricket Club came off Thursday and resulted in the easy defeat of the former in one innings.

Table of cricket match results for Victoria Eleven vs Navy Eleven, showing runs, wickets, and scores for both teams.

NAVY ELEVEN

Table of cricket match results for Navy Eleven vs Victoria Eleven, showing runs, wickets, and scores for both teams.

FAILURE OF THE SPANIARDS IN SAN DOMINGO

We have at length the gratifying intelligence from San Domingo that the Spanish troops in accordance with a bill proposed by the Spanish Ministry in January of the present year, and since ratified by the Cortes, have been withdrawn from the island.

For the future of the American continent and its position among the civilized nations of the world, the issue of the Dominican War of Independence can have no consequences like those which will follow the restoration of the Union of these States.

It is the most mortifying rebuke which has yet been administered to the European schemes of conquest on this continent, and both here and in Europe it will be regarded as foreshadowing the final issue of all similar attempts.

Not only have they been confined since the middle of 1863 to the occupation of a few seaport towns, not only have they now been compelled to withdraw from the island formally to recognize its independence, but in the bill in which the ministry propose this to the Cortes, they admit that they have been fighting for the annexation to Spain of a country whose inhabitants were unanimously opposed to their dominion, and that now the resources of Spain are exhausted and insufficient to continue the struggle any longer.

One circumstance in this successful war of an American Republic against European aggression deserves special attention: Of the population of San Domingo, one-tenth only claim to be whites; the rest are of African descent, or of mixed African or European blood.

It is, therefore, the American of African descent who, among the populations of Latin America, have set a noble example of devotion to American institutions, and of heroic bravery in their defence.

BOARDING SCHOOL

YOUNG LADIES Mrs. WILSON BROWN, Church Bank House, VICTORIA, V.I.

FOR SALE. One "Hansbrow's" 6 inch Mining Pump, C. KENT'S, Fort and Broad streets, Victoria, V.I.

Sporborg & Ruff, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Importers and Wholesale Dealers.

Groceries, Provisions, Boots and Shoes.

The City of Glasgow LIFE ASSURANCE Company. Established 1868. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE PUBLIC the combined advantages of Perfect Security, Moderate Premiums, Liberal participation in Profits, and great freedom in respect of foreign residence and travel.

SAUCE - LEA AND PERRIN'S Worcestershire Sauce. Only Good Sauce, and applicable to every variety of food.

Caution. Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce. Beware of cheap imitations.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, & CO. BURGOINE & BURBIDGES, EXPORT DRUGGISTS, COLEMAN ST. LONDON.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION, CAMOMILE PILLS. A recommended remedy for indigestion.

Holloway's Ointment. Contracted or Stiff Joints. All the medicines in the London Dispensaries would be of little use.

Scorbutic humors arise from an impure state of the blood, and in most cases the liver and stomach are the organs at fault.

Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone and Gravel. In any of the above complaints more benefit may be derived if twenty-four hours by adopting the following simple means.

It is surprising how quickly a sore, ulcer, or wound, deprives the body of strength, and fits it for the duties of life.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bad Legs, Chilblains, Glandular Swellings, Sore-throats, etc.

BENSON'S WATCHES & CLOCKS. Opinions of the London Press upon Benson's Great Clock and Watches in the Exhibition, 1862.

Watches which Mr. Benson has exhibited, and which have been universally admired for the beauty and elegance of the cases engraved, and which have been the finest quality.

Patent Lever, jewelled, 12 1/2 15 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84 86 88 90 92 94 96 98 100 102 104 106 108 110 112 114 116 118 120 122 124 126 128 130 132 134 136 138 140 142 144 146 148 150 152 154 156 158 160 162 164 166 168 170 172 174 176 178 180 182 184 186 188 190 192 194 196 198 200 202 204 206 208 210 212 214 216 218 220 222 224 226 228 230 232 234 236 238 240 242 244 246 248 250 252 254 256 258 260 262 264 266 268 270 272 274 276 278 280 282 284 286 288 290 292 294 296 298 300 302 304 306 308 310 312 314 316 318 320 322 324 326 328 330 332 334 336 338 340 342 344 346 348 350 352 354 356 358 360 362 364 366 368 370 372 374 376 378 380 382 384 386 388 390 392 394 396 398 400 402 404 406 408 410 412 414 416 418 420 422 424 426 428 430 432 434 436 438 440 442 444 446 448 450 452 454 456 458 460 462 464 466 468 470 472 474 476 478 480 482 484 486 488 490 492 494 496 498 500 502 504 506 508 510 512 514 516 518 520 522 524 526 528 530 532 534 536 538 540 542 544 546 548 550 552 554 556 558 560 562 564 566 568 570 572 574 576 578 580 582 584 586 588 590 592 594 596 598 600 602 604 606 608 610 612 614 616 618 620 622 624 626 628 630 632 634 636 638 640 642 644 646 648 650 652 654 656 658 660 662 664 666 668 670 672 674 676 678 680 682 684 686 688 690 692 694 696 698 700 702 704 706 708 710 712 714 716 718 720 722 724 726 728 730 732 734 736 738 740 742 744 746 748 750 752 754 756 758 760 762 764 766 768 770 772 774 776 778 780 782 784 786 788 790 792 794 796 798 800 802 804 806 808 810 812 814 816 818 820 822 824 826 828 830 832 834 836 838 840 842 844 846 848 850 852 854 856 858 860 862 864 866 868 870 872 874 876 878 880 882 884 886 888 890 892 894 896 898 900 902 904 906 908 910 912 914 916 918 920 922 924 926 928 930 932 934 936 938 940 942 944 946 948 950 952 954 956 958 960 962 964 966 968 970 972 974 976 978 980 982 984 986 988 990 992 994 996 998 1000.

Benson's Illustrated Watch Pamphlet. Will be sent Post Free for Six Shillings.

The Committee Council to wait reference to the gang on the put with His Excellency was unwilling should be direct gave his reasons putation. In the case we can describe in the by His Excellency the City Council attempt at sanitation and it is, therefore power which should strain a party, to accompany. The municipal money, are destined a municipal reformer obliged to come across. That such exist in any B. Incredible. With the observation is pleasant about the B. we cannot find to the deputatio the action of the tion bill. To measure the pre of things is ent other of the Inc before the House become law, we present time the nicipal deputatio for assistance B. advice as to the powers. To come, how Excellency object employed on the that it would, gradation so pu all future efforts second place th the respectabil first reason is or ward on the att on public thor under ordinary amount of we are not ordin chain-gang on p daily through th not occupied i thoroughfare th make them alm tible of that g suit from their condition of th consumed in pi the Government made a second has been in the it is so badly thrown away. gument goes, w they injury to ers by the emp the streets. T restoration of th do much makin putting the e gather in the ch and meet incre placed in this this class an will make a ve their morals. That the po cy states is would become respectability of of the prisoner we think, a m irreparable i Government at them across Ja tion, some o work, and som we really can organs or relat more protecte by the City, O pretive in w force would b able to have respect the u if the respect public servic becom to change the The public ar chain-gang on a period when when the so frequently we it is rarely as its members utilized. Th ization result the occupat to diminish efficient pay.

The Weekly Colonist

Tuesday, July 11, 1865

ENGLISH AFFAIRS

The most important intelligence in the English journals brought by yesterday's steamer is the final debate in the House of Commons on Mr. Baines' Franchise Bill.

The discussion, which had been previously adjourned, was conducted with great spirit, but ended in an adverse vote. On the motion that the question be now put the ayes stood 214, and noes 238, giving a majority against the second reading of 74.

It is not often that five hundred members can be got together now-a-days on a division; and with all the interest attached to the question of reform by members of Parliament, it would have been an exceedingly difficult matter to collect such a House had not a general election loomed up in all its important proportions.

The Duke of Argyll presided at a meeting of the British Freedmen's Aid Association at the Westminster Palace Hotel on Wednesday, May 17th, when Dr. H. M. Storr, of Cincinnati, gave a condensed account of the present condition of the freedmen and the efforts now making in America for their future welfare.

Lord Amberley is in favor of Mr. John Stuart Mill's election for Westminster, and incloses a subscription to his election fund. He expresses at some length and with some pomp his gracious approval of Mr. Mill's claims by the youth in question will do more with many of the Westminster electors than all Mr. Mill's writings.

ENGLISH ITEMS

It is asserted, on apparently good authority, that the dissolution of Parliament will not take place before the 20th of July.

No further evidence has been produced in the Road murder, but it is said Miss Kent will be tried in London instead of Wiltshire, the venue being changed under the Palmer Act on account of local prepossessions.

The music-halls have beaten the theatres. The magistrate having decided that a ballet was a stage play, Mr. Strange, lessee of the Alhambra, appealed to the Middlesex Quarter Sessions, and the Assistant Judge and thirteen magistrates of the county unanimously decided that a ballet did not come within the provisions of the Act compelling theatres to take out licenses.

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE—English papers received yesterday confirm a previous announcement that the 2000 guinea stakes at Newmarket were won by Count Lagrange's French horse Gladiateur, Lord Stamford's Archimedes being a good second, and Mr. Merry's Liddington third.

The celebrated Edmunds' scandal case has at length been brought to a close, and the pension allowed that gentleman for cheating the government revoked. The barefaced nature of the transaction was too much for the House of Lords, and although the offences of Mr. Edmunds were treated rather lightly on account of "his position," it was thought for the sake of public morality, that the pension should be disallowed.

The oath, which has so long been an offensive ceremony to the Roman Catholic members of the House of Commons, is at length to be superseded by one more in accordance with the liberal spirit of the age. The bill which inaugurates the change, passed its second reading by a majority of 56, out of a House of 246 members, and reduces the form of oath to one of simple allegiance.

THE CANADIAN DELEGATION—At a Court held at Buckingham Palace on May 18th the Right Hon. Edward Cardwell presented the Hon. J. A. Macdonald, the Hon. G. E. Cartier, the Hon. G. Brown, and the Hon. Alex. Galt, who had the honor of kissing her Majesty's hand.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA

Revolution seems chronic in the Republics of Central and South America. By our last advices we learn that in nearly all of these petty States disorder and misrule are rampant.

In Honduras the rebels are making fresh head, having attacked several towns and killed the Government officers. In Honduras the rebels are making fresh head, having attacked several towns and killed the Government officers.

There has been a rupture of amicable relations between Costa Rica and the four other Republics. In Peru the revolutionary party under General Prado, is marching on Lima. In Chile the difficulties with Spain still continue unsettled.

From Census returns made out 19th April we note that the population of the district of Valparaiso amounts to 74,402 inhabitants of whom 35,460 are women, and in this number are 4,979 foreigners. The City of Valparaiso itself contains 70,108 inhabitants.

NAVAL

Her Majesty's screw sloop-of-war Mutine, 17 guns, Commander W. H. Blake, left Plymouth on the 5th May, for the Pacific.

Her Majesty's steamer Cordelia sailed from Aspinwall on the 1st instant. This vessel is looking after the pirates who departed from the State of Georgia at Aspinwall recently, and stole Mr. Lyons' schooner. The Cordelia had been to the Honduras Coast in pursuit of the runaways, but was unsuccessful in finding them.

LOSS OF THE BRITISH SHIP EVENING STAR

The British ship Evening Star, Captain Hill, laden with guano and bound from Callao for Cowes, England, foundered at sea 500 miles W.S.W. of Callao, on the 28th April, having started one of her boats on the third day out, and made water so rapidly that the captain and crew were compelled to abandon her in boats.

Good TIME.—A Leech river correspondent informs us that on Thursday evening last Mayor and Mrs. Harris, accompanied by Mr. Huskinson, arrived at Rory McDonald's hotel, Kennedy Flat, Leech river, having left Victoria at 4 o'clock the same afternoon reaching Kibblewhite and Ashe's about seven; taking refreshments there they started again at a quarter past seven, traveling over the mountainous trail, and arrived on Kennedy Flat at a quarter past nine, thus performing the distance from Victoria to the Leech River mining grounds in five hours and a quarter including stoppages.

FLOUR.—In the San Francisco market flour has suddenly declined to seven dollars per barrel. The speculators there say that it will go still lower. Of course it will, if they can continue to control the market. A little while ago they desired to sell, and flour was held at sixteen dollars; they went now to buy, and would be delighted could they succeed in bringing it down to four.

PACIFIC RAILWAY.—A recent Montreal paper says: Edmund Rice, President of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company, has gone to England to further the interests of that road—English capitalists being interested in pushing it on to the Pacific, together with a telegraph line through British America.

ANOTHER IZEMUS RAILWAY.—Our latest English papers state that there seems now no reason to doubt that a railway will in due time be constructed across Nicaragua, from the Mexican Gulf to the Pacific. The concession of the line of route has been made to Captain Pim.

NEW ZEALAND.—Advices from New Zealand, March 11th, tells us that Oboutka has been taken by natives who are friendly to us. The Maories of the coast had captured a schooner, and treated their prisoners with shocking barbarity. A clergyman named Volkner, had been hanged and mutilated by them.

ADMIRAL KINGCOME KNIGHTED.—On May 17th Her Majesty was graciously pleased to bestow the honor of knighthood upon Vice-Admiral Kingcome, along with a number of others, previous to their investiture by the Prince of Wales with the insignia of their dignity in the Order.

BRITISH & FOREIGN

BIBLE SOCIETY. The Auxiliary to the above Society For the Colony of Vancouver Island Established in June, 1863.

PATRON—His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR. PRESIDENT—THE BISHOP OF COLUMBIA. SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT—HIS HONOUR CAMERON, C. J.

SECRETARIES—REV. C. E. EVANS, D. D., REV. A. C. GARNER, B. A. TREASURER—JOHN WRIGHT, Esq., (of Wright Saunders.)

DEPOT at D. SPENCER'S BOOK STORE, Government street.

Hibben & Carswell, BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, VICTORIA, V. I.

HAVE ALWAYS IN STORE, AT WHOLESALE and Retail, the largest and most complete stock in the line in Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Washington Territory and Oregon.

OREGON and CALIFORNIA PRODUCE. FLOUR, in quarter and half sacks; BACON SIDES; LARD, in tins; HAMS; OATS.

There's no use Complaining IF YOU FEEL ALE-ING TAKE BUNSTER.

REMOVAL. THE STEADY INCREASE OF OUR trade has induced us to remove to more commodious premises.

Confectionery & Baking, Ice Cream, REFRESHMENT SALOON!

Fresh Bread Twice a Day—Sundays Excepted. Milk Bread in the morning and ordinary Bread in the evening.

PIPER & ALISKY, Victoria, June 24, 1865.

For Puget Sound! THE STEAMER "ELIZA ANDERSON" D. B. FINCH, MASTER.

Every Thursday Morning, at 5 o'clock, OLYMPIA, and Way-Ports, Taking passengers and freight.

NOTICE. IN THESE VARIOUS BUSINESS transactions and engagements the BRITISH COLONIST PUBLISHING COMPANY, will sign.

SITUATION WANTED

GERMAN WOMAN, ACCUSTOMED to general housework, wishes a Situation in a small family. Enquire of G. LANGE, Watchmaker, 129 1/2 Corner of Yates st. and Oriental Alley.

Wanted a Situation BY AN ACTIVE SOBER YOUNG MAN, who can make himself generally useful. Address "A. B." Colonist Office.

Wanted Immediately, A FIRST CLASS BAKER. Apply to Wilson & Murray, Fort Street.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA ESTABLISHED 1836. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid-up Capital - \$5,000,000. Undivided Net Profit - \$600,000. HEAD OFFICE, - 7 St. Helen's Place, LONDON.

BRANCHES: LONDON, C. W.; BRANTFORD, QUEBEC, TORONTO, HAMILTON, KINGSTON.

AGENTS—Scotland—National Bank of Scotland. Ireland—Provincial Bank of Ireland. France—Marquand, Andre & Co., Paris.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON London, New York, San Francisco, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and all the Branches of the NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND and the PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND GOLD PURCHASED. Interest on Special Deposits of Money allowed at the rate of a quarter of one per cent per month.

ASSAY OFFICE. Gold Dust Melted and Assayed, and returns made within twenty-four hours in Coin or Bars.

MACHINERY FOR SALE. THE PUGET SOUND AGRICULTURAL COMPANY offer for sale a lot of Machinery, which has never been in use.

Cookie's ANTIBILIOUS PILLS. BILE AND INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE, FLATULENCE, HEARTBURN, and all BILIOUS and LIVER AFFECTIONS, are speedily removed by the use of

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS AND FAMILY PEPERENT PILLS. Which have now been held in the highest estimation by all classes of society for upwards of sixty years.

A Card. JOHN GLASSLEY, COLLECTOR OF Rents, Debts, &c.

THE CARIBOO EXPRESS NEWS AND ADVERTISING BOARD! Will be opened at BARKERVILLE on MAY 15th instant.

B. LICHTENSTEIN. Has also on hand the finest stock of Cigars and Tobacco!

The West

His Excellency House of Parliament At one o'clock

Secretary, proceeded. At the doors, under the Vinter, was dr National Anti

Chief Justice C members of the D spectators were its being mail Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Coch

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The Weekly Colonist.

Tuesday, July 11, 1865.

PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

His Excellency on Friday prorogued both Houses of Parliament for three months. At one o'clock Governor Kennedy, accompanied by W. A. G. Young, Esq., Colonial Secretary, and H. Wakeford, Esq., Private Secretary, proceeded to the Council Chamber. At the door a body guard of Volunteers, under Lieut. Elliott and Adjutant Vinter, was drawn up. The band played the National Anthem, while the Volunteers presented arms to His Excellency as he passed. On entering His Excellency was received by Chief Justice Cameron, President, and the members of the Legislative Council. But few spectators were present (owing no doubt to its being mail day), amongst whom were Mrs. Kennedy, Miss Kennedy, Mrs. Wakeford, Mrs. Cochrane, etc. The Speaker and members of the House of Assembly were present, and on passing the Volunteers were also saluted. His Excellency having invited both houses to be seated, spoke as follows:

THE GOVERNOR SPEAKS. Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly. The period has now arrived when I am able to release you from further attendance on your legislative duties. I have in the name and on behalf of Her Majesty assented to the following Acts passed during the Session: An Act for the Election of a Mayor and Councillors for the city of Victoria, on the 8th day of November, 1864. An Act respecting Barristers and Attorneys at Law. An Act to apply the sum of \$298,618 25 out of the general revenue of the colony of Vancouver Island and its dependencies to the service of the year 1865. An Act to amend the Land Registry Act, 1860. An Act respecting Common Schools. An Act to repeal a portion of the First Telegraph Act, 1864. An Act to amend the manner of taking the Verdict of a Jury in Civil Cases. An Act to Impose Landing Permit Dues on the Importation of certain Stock and Carcasses. An Act to amend the Victoria and Esquimaux Harbor Dues Act, 1862. An Act to amend an Act passed in the year of our Lord 1863, entitled "An Act to repeal and amend the laws affecting Trade Licenses." An Act to grant a Supplemental Supply of \$37,608 39, for the service of the year 1864. An Act to apply the sum of \$14,940 out of the general revenue of the Colony of Vancouver Island and its dependencies, to the service of the year 1865. An Act to impose a tax of one-half of one per centum on all real estate within the City of Victoria and for other purposes relating thereto. An Act to impose a Tax on Salaries, and for other purposes. An Act to explain the Chief Justice Salary Act, 1864. I reserved a Bill to appropriate the sum of £1,200 sterling per annum from the general revenue of the colony for the salary of a Chief Justice, and the explanatory Bill since passed will, I anticipate, insure its allowance by Her Majesty. Of these Acts I may more particularly advert to the Act to amend the manner of taking the verdict of a jury in civil cases, and that respecting Common Schools. I anticipate substantial benefits to the community will result from these measures, and I confidently rely on the honor and character of the gentlemen composing the Board of Education for a faithful and impartial administration of their high trust in the spirit intended by the Legislature. Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: The supplies you have granted will be administered with the strictest economy consistent with the efficiency of the public service. I have to thank you for the provision made for a residence for the Governor of this Colony, which I hope to have ready for occupation, if not completed, at a cost considerably less than the sum you have so liberally voted. Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: I now in Her Majesty's name prorogue this Council and Assembly, and they are hereby prorogued accordingly to the 3rd October next.

HEAVY FAILURE.—There has been a reported failure in Bombay for the sums of £3,000,000 and £4,000,000. The news caused a panic in the market, and the Government has issued a circular to all its agents, and to the various banks, to suspend the payment of all bills payable to order, and to call in all bills payable to cash. It is reported that the failure was caused by a heavy loss sustained by the firm in the purchase of cotton goods from the East India Company. The failure is said to be a permanent one, and the firm has been declared bankrupt. The Government is said to be considering the possibility of providing relief to the creditors of the firm, but no definite decision has yet been reached.

THE FUTURE ABODE OF THE POPE.—The Paris Monitor confirms M. Thiers' view that the Pope will leave Rome, by an article lamenting the great probability that he will take refuge either in Malta or England. It is said that the Pope's health is declining, and that he is desirous of visiting the continent. M. Thiers is said to be in favor of the Pope taking refuge in England, as it would be a great advantage to the British Government. It is also said that the Pope is desirous of visiting the United States, but this is considered highly improbable.

HOPE TOLD A FLATTERING TALE, but never even anticipated so divine a preparation for the toilet as that delightful preparation, "Sododont." So cool and refreshingly agreeable to the mouth and teeth, hardens and invigorates the gums; gives a pure and healthy tone to the breath, cleanses, beautifies, and preserves the teeth and arrests decay. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers everywhere, 75 cents per bottle.

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LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY, JULY 8.

DEDICATION OF ODDFELLOWS' HALL.—The new hall of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of this city, in the upper story of the building on the corner of Fort and Wharf streets, was formally dedicated to the service of the Order last night. The hall consists of a spacious apartment 50x26 feet, with two ante-rooms, and is tastefully fitted up with crimson hangings, rich carpets, gas chandeliers, &c., and decorated with the peculiar emblems of the craft. The services were conducted by the leading members of the Order, and were of a very solemn and impressive nature. After the conclusion of the dedication ceremonies the chaplain of the Order delivered an address on the nature and duties of Oddfellowship. The proceedings were enlivened by the performance of some excellent music by members of the Sing Verein, assisted by Miss Julia Gould.

FROM COMOX.—The steamer Sir James Douglas arrived from Comox and way ports yesterday afternoon. Captain Clarke reports that Mr. Franklyn, the Nanaimo magistrate, went up to Comox on the Douglas, to settle the right of way dispute which has caused so much ill-feeling in that settlement. A court was held on board the steamer, at which Mr. Duncan, the owner of the land across which the trail runs, was severely censured. Mr. Franklyn, however, would not decide the question of right of way till he consulted the authorities at Victoria.

THE NEXT MAIL STEAMER was to leave San Francisco for Portland and this port yesterday, and will consequently be due here by Friday or Saturday next. Captain Connor, of the Sierra Nevada, says there is no foundation for the report that the steamer hereafter will not come north of the Columbia.

ARRIVAL OF THE MAIL STEAMER.—The steamer Sierra Nevada, Capt. Connor, with 43 passengers, and the usual quantity of freight, arrived in Esquimaux at 3 a. m. yesterday, having made the run from Portland in 32 hours. Our Portland exchanges to the 4th contain no later Eastern news. The Sierra Nevada left again for San Francisco direct at 4:30 p. m.

FORFEITED.—William Hanson was yesterday before the magistrate, for threatening to shoot an Indian named Bob with a gun. The weapon was ordered to be forfeited.

DISCOVERY OF GOLD QUARTZ.—We were shown yesterday by Dr. Barrow, a piece of quartz containing what he asserts to be gold, in numerous minute specks, faintly visible to the naked eye, but showing plainly under a glass. The Doctor says he has discovered a reef or ledge of the quartz in the vicinity of Leech river, and close to water power. He has made a private assay of the rock, and says it contains about \$100 to the ton. The quartz is a blue porous rock, and the ledge is some four feet thick. The discoverer wishes the citizens of Victoria to take the matter up, and form a company to work it should it prove satisfactory, of which he guarantees the fullest evidence before anything is done. He will undertake to bring in any required quantity of the quartz, to be tested here or in San Francisco, only stipulating that should it prove valuable, he and his fellow-discoverer shall have a certain share free from all assessments. A specimen of the quartz may be seen at our office.

LEECH RIVER.—Barnett, the expressman, arrived from Leech river yesterday afternoon. He informs us that Bishop and Mrs. Hills arrived at Kennedy Flat on Saturday; the Bishop was to preach at the North Forks yesterday morning, and at the Flat in the afternoon. Rev. Mr. Browning had also arrived at Leech on Saturday, and would preach at the North Forks and Kennedy Flat. Miners were still busy getting in their flumes, and several companies would soon be at work. The Cornish Company, Kennedy Flat, had commenced ground sluicing. In a week or two most of the companies will be in active operation.

ASSIZES.—The summer assizes will be held on Thursday next, 13th inst., when the following cases will come up: Peter Legacey, for assault, remanded from last assizes; Thomas Lavery and Joseph Beddard, for forcible entry; G. Cronkhead, for embezzlement; Halsey, for passing counterfeit coin; E. Dillon, for assault; Joseph Hilliard, for arson; Michael Higgins, for perjury; W. Allen, for embezzlement; James Conroy and W. Howard, for larceny.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RIFLE MATCH comes off on Wednesday next, on the Rifle range at the head of Fort street. Our volunteers will doubtless make a vigorous effort to regain their lost laurels, and the contest will excite much interest among our citizens. In the evening a grand entertainment will be given in the theatre to the New Westminister Volunteers, particulars of which appear in our advertising columns.

NEW DIGGINGS.—Mr. Richards and another miner, came in from Leech river yesterday with about four ounces of beautiful coarse gold, which they obtained from some new diggings they have discovered in the vicinity of Leech river. The locality is at present a secret, and the discoverers intend to wait on His Excellency to-day to endeavor to obtain certain privileges before it is made public.

THE FISHERY.—The efforts to raise this vessel are still being continued. Divers were employed throughout yesterday in endeavoring to pass chains under her bottom.

A MODEL ROYAL MOTHER.—A London paper says that Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales might have been seen a short time ago taking an airing in a brougham in Hyde Park, with her baby—the future king of England—on her lap, without a nurse, and accompanied only by Mrs. Bruce. The princess seems a very pattern of mothers, and it is whispered amongst the ladies of the court that every evening the mother of this young gentleman may be seen in a flannel dress, in order that she may properly wash baby, put on his nightclothes, and see him safely in bed.

FAILURES AT THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—According to the Cape Argus, the following are the suspensions which had taken place at Port Elizabeth since the previous mail, chiefly in consequence of the depreciation of the price of colonial wool in the London market: M. H. Benjamin & Co., £80,000; L. Benjamin, £10,000; Wallace & Solomon, £27,000; E. H. Solomon, £4,000; Wright, £5,000; Black & Co., £40,000; A. Crawford, £40,000; Perkins & Ogilvie, £90,000; W. Cowie, Alexandria, £10,000. Making a total of £306,000.

A NOVEL ACROBAT.—The manager of the Cirque at Paris has announced that he has engaged for the summer season, a famous orang-outang, which performs on the trapeze with greater agility than Letord himself, and will not allow any one to mount on his back, thus equipping the fame both of Letord and the famous mule Rigolo.

NEW PAPER.—A new journal, named the Elevator, has been started in San Francisco, to advocate the interests of the colored people. It is neatly got up, and its columns evince considerable ability. Mr. A. H. Francis is agent for these colonies.

A Grand ENTERTAINMENT!

Under the immediate patronage of His Excellency Governor Kennedy, C.B. Will be given at the VICTORIA THEATRE, ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 12, 1865.

By the members of the Volunteer Rifle Corps! The programme will consist of A VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

The Bayonet Exercise, By Members of the Corps, and a POPULAR FARCE, By Amateurs, kindly assisted by MRS. JULIA GOULD COLLINS.

Tickets may be had at the box office this day from 12 to 4 o'clock. Programmes will be issued without delay. DANIEL SCOTT & CO. AUCTIONEERS, AND Commission Merchants, CITY AUCTION ROOMS, Commercial Row, Wharf St., cor. Fort, VICTORIA, V. I.

D. LINDSAY, FORT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I. ACCOUNTANT, AND OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE IN THE COURT OF BANKRUPTCY, REAL ESTATE AGENT, HOUSE FACTOR, ACCOUNTS COLLECTED, LOANS NEGOTIATED, AND A GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

REFERENCES IN VICTORIA: G. M. SPROAT, Esq., Anderson & Co.; JOHN ROBERTSON STEWART, Esq.; E. GRANVILLE, Esq.; JOHN WRIGHT, Esq.; JAMES CARSWELL, Esq. Settlements made every Tuesday.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Five Ounce in the possession of L. Hunter, of Lytton, and late the property of A. Amodeo, deceased, are not claimed on or before the 15th day of August next, they will be sold to defray expenses. L. HAUTIER, Lytton, B. C., July 5, 1865.

NOTICE TO SHIPWRIGHTS. TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL Monday, the 17th inst., to build a STEAM VESSEL. For information and specification apply to the General Manager of the Vancouver Island and British Columbia Spar, Lumber and Saw Mill Company, Limited, at Messrs. Dickson, Campbell & Co., Wharf street. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. EDWARD STAMFORD, Victoria, 10th July, 1865.

OPPOSITION STEAMER DAY! FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Opposition Steamship Line to New York via Nicaragua, CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch a FIRST CLASS STEAMSHIP FOR PASSENGERS, MAILS and TREASURE ONLY on or about the 15th of each month until further notice. J. W. RAYMOND, Agent, Corner Battery and Pine streets, San Francisco, May 1st, 1865.

John Taylor & Co., 512 and 514 Washington St., SAN FRANCISCO, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Assayers' Materials!

LADD & OERTLINGS, AND BECKER & SON'S superior Assay and Bullion Balances, Gold Scales, Melting and Muffle Furnaces, Crucibles, Muffles, Aspid Moulds, Cupel and Crucible Tongs, Acids, Chemicals, &c., including a full and complete assortment of goods in this line required by Assayers, Mining and Mill Companies.

Druggists' Glassware, And Druggists' Sundries, Photographic Stock &c. All orders will receive prompt attention. Goods carefully packed for transportation through the interior or coastwise. San Francisco, March 15, 1865.

Grelley & Fitterre, IMPORTERS, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CHOICE WINES, BRANDIES, WHISKIES, CHAMPAGNE WINES, CLARETS, CORDIALS, AND CALIFORNIA WINES.

Every description of choice Liqueurs to be found in our house in use and used by the trade. All orders will receive prompt attention. HARD WOOD LUMBER.

Carriage & Wagon Materials. WE REG TO CALL THE ATTENTION of Carriage Manufacturers and Dealers to the large and complete assortment of Carriage and Wagon Material we are constantly receiving from the East, specially selected for the California Market, comprising Oak, Hickory and second growth Ash Plank, Hickory Axles, Wagon Poles, Hubbs, Spokes, Fellos, Rims, Shafts, etc., which we offer at the lowest cash prices.

H. W. BRAGG & CO., 22 and 24 Battery street, San Francisco. 17 and 19 Seventh street, Sacramento. C. Waterhouse, San Francisco. H. W. Bragg & Co., Sacramento. J. W. Lester, New York. WHARF STREET, San Francisco, June 1st, 1865.

THE AGENCY OF THE IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY is this day transferred to the undersigned, who is the only authorized Agent of the Company, and by whom all Policies will be issued and receipts given. J. ROBERTSON STEWART, Wharf Street, Victoria, V. I., 1st July, 1865.

Fire Insurance Company, 1, Old Broad Street and 16, Pall Mall, LONDON, INSTITUTED 1803. For Insuring Houses and other Buildings, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in Port, Harbor, or Dock, and the Cargo of such Ships; also, Ships Building and Repairing; Barges and other Vessels on navigable Rivers and Canals, and Goods on board such Vessels, FROM LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

Invested Capital, One Million Six Hundred Thousand Pounds. Rates of Insurance and every information will be supplied at the Agent's office. J. ROBERTSON STEWART, Agent, Wharf Street, Victoria, V. I.

Tobacco! Cigars! WEIL & CO., 226 Front Street. SOLE IMPORTERS OF THE FOLLOWING brands of half pounds, equal in quality to the best Virginia!

PEACH OFFERING. PEARL. GOLDEN CHARM. IMPERIAL. CAMELIA. Besides light pressed Natural Leaf of every description. Also, by every steamer, invoices of GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS, in bond or duty free. WEIL & CO., 226 Front Street, SAN FRANCISCO.

Re-Opening OF THE WILLOWS, CABBRO BAY ROAD, BY AMEDEE VOISARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO announce to the Public that he will re-open this elegant establishment on THURSDAY, June 16th when he will be able to serve all kinds of Refreshments. LUNCHEONS, BREAKFAST, DINNER, TO ORDER. PICNIC PARTIES will be served with every luxury the market affords, in the most elegant style, at the shortest notice. A first-class French Cook is engaged in the establishment. ICE CREAM, STRAWBERRIES, and CHAMPAGNE FRAPE. A. VOISARD. An omnibus runs every Sunday. J18 Sm.

Enterprise CONCERT ROOM, (Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel), GOVERNMENT ST. Open every Evening at half-past Eight o'clock.

THE PUBLIC MAY RELY UPON hearing good Music at the above establishment. The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, served by Waitresses. HENRY V. EDMONDS, REAL ESTATE AND Commission Agent, Auctioneer, Collector, &c., HICK'S BUILDING, COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C. Reference in Victoria—HENRY RHODES, Esq. J1

Hats & Bonnets Cleaned. MISS MOWHA, DOUGLAS STREET second cottage between Yates and Johnson streets, having had considerable experience in the above business, is now Prepared to Clean All descriptions of Straw Hats and Bonnets! FEATHERS ALSO CLEANED AND CURLED. Reference in Victoria—HENRY RHODES, Esq. J1

Dr. Chas. H. Tozer's PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, N. E. cor. Jackson & Kearny Sts., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Established in the city of Sacramento in 1852, and removed to San Francisco in 1862, for the express purpose of affording an Asylum for those afflicted with Chronic and Venereal Diseases, and for the Suppression of Quackery.

TO THE AFFLICTED. DR. TOZER, IN RETURNING THANKS to his patients and friends in the country, would most respectfully inform them that he can be found as usual, at his Institute, N. E. corner Jackson and Kearny streets. Devoting his time and attention particularly to the following Diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its various forms, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture of the Urethra, Nocturnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, &c., &c. From his long experience and extensive practice, he can warrant a perfect cure in all of the above mentioned cases.

No deleterious drugs used in my practice. My charges are moderate and my treatment to my patients honorable. The utmost secrecy observed in all cases. SEMINAL WEAKNESS. Should you be afflicted with any of the following symptoms, such as Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Vision, Nervousness and General Debility, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, and depression of Spirits, &c., consulting Dr. Tozer at once, and he will restore you to perfect health.

TO FEMALES. When you are afflicted with weakness of the back and limbs, headache, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangements of the monthly sickness, Sterility and other diseases peculiar to females—consult Dr. Tozer and you will receive particular attention. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply at once, and save yourselves from painful suffering and premature death. My rooms are so arranged that there is no danger of exposure or of Meeting any one except the Doctor.

TO CORRESPONDENTS. Patients of either sex, residing in any part of the country, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Tozer, can by submitting a written statement of their case to the Doctor, receive all the attention and medicine necessary to effect a cure, without the necessity of a personal interview. All letters strictly confidential, opened and replied to by the Doctor himself. Consultation at the office or by letter—FREE. Cures in all cases guaranteed.

Address D. CHARLES H. TOZER, San Francisco, Cal.

The Weekly Colonist.

Tuesday, July 11, 1865.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Who that has experienced the horrors of a shipwreck in mid-ocean or on a desolate coast will ever forget the wild transport which he felt at the first sight of deliverance? Who that has borne the brunt of the tempest, passed through the terrible ordeal of want, and faced with unprotected head the maddening glare of the tropical sun, will ever lose sight of those feelings of joy and thankfulness that burst forth on the first appearance of the dim outlines of the distant land? There are minutes when we seem to live through an entire existence—there are epochs in our individual life which seem, like the maelstrom, to swallow up everything within their terrible radii. The last four years of storm and disaster in the United States has become an age in its history—the epoch of the war has swallowed up the record of half a century. Like the first Christian year it will become a new starting point, and men who worship liberty will see in it the dawn of a regenerated world. Women will date the birth of their children from the great event, and future historians will speak of subsequent occurrences as such a length of time after the "great American war." When the citizens of the United States assemble to-day to commemorate the anniversary of the Independence of their nation, they will, in spite of themselves, and for the first time in their lives, be compelled to make that recollection subordinate to other events. "Seventy-six" will stand in the firmament of their imagination, calm and beautiful as the evening star, but "eighteen hundred and sixty-five" will swell out in proportion and in glare like the mid-day orb itself. The august features of Washington will beam on the assembled multitude from the misty realms of a remote past, but the figure of Lincoln, not warm and genial as in life, but with the death-pallor of the slain, will, on this Fourth of July at least, occupy the foreground of the present. It is not that Washington and his contemporaries are any less appreciated than in former years; it is not that the magnitude of Lincoln's rule overshadows that of the illustrious "father of his country;" for every year will only make the name of the first great President and the remarkable incidents connected with his life objects of greater veneration to the masses of mankind; but it is that while the nation has just been delivered from the greatest of its dangers, the foremost figure in that deliverance lies in a new-made grave. The shadow of the great departed rests like a dark cloud on the commemorative rejoicing. It is well, however, that it should be so; it is one of the laws of our being to value that most which is most readily purchased; and no liberty has ever been retained that was not baptized at some time or other in human blood. The sacrifice has always been demanded—the price has invariably been paid. When the citizens of America meet this day they will no doubt ponder this well, and while rejoicing over the greatest triumph their country has yet achieved—while breathing forth thankfulness and gratitude to the Giver of all good for their deliverance from an overwhelming danger, will not forget the lesson of humility that is taught.

Standing on this Fourth of July morning, and looking down through the vista of years to that other Fourth of July morning on which were assembled the best and the bravest of Britain's colonists, to declare themselves independent of the mother country, we are struck with the inexorable degrees of fate. We see men with all their patriotism and their bravery fighting for an independence that they themselves were unwilling to give to fellow-countrymen on the same soil, and this little part of the unfinished problem of human liberty was left as a harmless legacy to the white man's descendants. How terribly the oversight on the crime has been expiated the last four years will show. What a price the American people have been called to pay for human slavery. The debt has been liquidated, however, and the United States stands to-day, for the first time during the last century and a half, free from the abomination. It is this which makes the present Fourth of July more significant than its predecessors—more honest and more glorious. When the Declaration of Independence shall be read to-day, whatever American citizens congregate, its noble assertions about the inalienable rights of man to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, will be more believed. No more will the orator have to bluster for the glowing "falsehood" no more will he think of the mangled wretch in the "Dismal Swamp;" the lacerated negro on the plantation, the auction mart, for human flesh, and the blood-hound's bay on the track of the flying slave. That terrible picture of American disgrace is blotted out by the blood of her best sons, and the last remnant of wrong is swept from the land. Washington wrings from a reluctant monarch the freedom of a people, but Lincoln fought for the whole human race.

We have said the last four years is an age in American history. When the Fourth of

July came up for celebration in 1861, no person dreamed that '65 should have seen the slave power hopelessly and for ever crushed. The great desire, the all-pervading anxiety then was reunion. If more terrible trials were in store for the American people at that time, more glorious fruits were, on the other hand, hanging in the distance. In grasping these luscious and health-giving productions, let not the thorns in the pathway be estimated too dearly; let it not be supposed the result is incommensurate with the labor. Human liberty is worth any sacrifice; for where it exists not life is a burden that does not pay to carry. We congratulate, therefore, the American citizens on this important change in their great national anniversary, and we hope that as time rolls round the Fourth of July of 1865 will become as memorable as its prototype of '76.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Later from Cariboo.

The steamer Enterprise arrived yesterday morning, bringing Barrow's Express, with dates to the 24th June. The Sentinel of that date, which by the way appears to be progressing amazingly well, and comes to us on each occasion with a large supplement, contains nothing of intelligence of great importance. The news from Canningham Creek is satisfactory. The Kentucky Co. are reported to have made \$1400 in one week, and on the 22d they washed out 7 ounces in the pan. Little change was noticeable on Williams Creek. Lowhee Creek was looking up, and operations on the other creeks were being pushed forward with commendable vigor. In the market report there is little to notice. Prices continued to decline as fresh arrivals took place. Flour—wholesale, \$20 per 100 lbs.; retail, 22 cents per lb.

News from Kootenay.

Extract from Report of the Gold Commissioner at Kootenay, dated 6th June, 1865.

"All the creek claims are still laid over in consequence of the high stage of the water, and the bench claims, with few exceptions, cannot be worked until the Victoria (Dore, Pitblaff & Co.) ditch is completed, there being no water at present available. Under these circumstances there is but little of interest to communicate as the season can hardly be said to have opened."

There are now on the creek about fifteen hundred men, five hundred of whom are profitably employed.

Among the principal companies at present working are—

The Bassett & Co., who employ eighteen men, sixteen of whom are ground sluicing, and only two clearing up bad-rock, averaging up to last Saturday 12 oz. per day.

The Lloyd Co., who are working with eight men, pays daily from 16 to 20 oz.

The Dore Co., with twenty-five men, produced last week in four days 165 oz.

The Keanan Co., adjoining the above, averaged from 3 to 5 oz. per day to the hand.

The Fisher Co., employ 31 men, and had five sluices at work. They took out last week 324 oz.

Above these there are from fifteen to twenty companies paying from \$10 to \$20 to the hand.

Some little excitement has been caused by a rumor that fresh discoveries have been made on Elk River, which is situated some 50 miles southeast of this camp, but nothing reliable has as yet transpired. A few parties are now flitting out to prospect in that locality.

Notwithstanding the very unfavorable circumstances under which the season is opening, perhaps the most reliable, are sanguine of success, and I think there is every reason for supposing that their hopes will be realized.

Supplies of all kinds are arriving daily from Walla Walla, a large proportion of which are salted and dry goods. The average rate of freight is from 25 to 40 cents per pound.

I have, &c. P. O'REILLY, Gold Commissioner.

LATER IMPORTANT FROM BIG BEND, KOOTENAY, ROCK CREEK, &c., &c.

A gentleman who has just reached town, having left Fort Colville on June 12th, has supplied us with the following interesting and important information:

—BIG BEND DIGGINGS. About 200 men had descended the Columbia for the Big Bend Diggings. The river now presents much the appearance that Fraser River did in 1858. Numbers of canoes and small boats are continually ascending. Captain White's steamer will be ready to navigate the river up to the Big Bend by September next in time for the fall trade.

Our informant saw miners who visited these diggings in the spring and returned for supplies. They reported having found general good prospects. On the bars they could get from four to six bits and on the creeks from 25 cents to a dollar and a quarter to the pan.

The diggings were causing considerable excitement and it is anticipated that there will probably be from 2000 to 10,000 men there this summer. A large stampede will doubt take place from Boise and the neighborhood in this direction. A firm at Colville had sent up boats loaded with provisions.

Our informant thinks that British Columbia will not be able to participate in the traffic with Big Bend or Kootenay mines until the Government constructs a proper road from Fort Hope to Fort Shepherd, and then he does not consider that we can export more than half the trade. The distance is about 200 miles and there are, no engineering difficulties in the way that he is aware of.

—BAZON AT BIG BEND. Bazon, when it could be got sold at \$1.50 to \$1.75 per lb. Beans, 50c. Flour from 75 cents to \$1. Tea about 95c. per lb.

—KOOTENAY MINES. Our informant confirms the report of the discovery of the new creek referred to by Commissioner O'Reilly. He understood that several thousand miners were on their way to Kootenay. Provisions were very scarce and high. Ab Colville flour was retailing at from \$15 to \$25 per 100 lbs., according to quality. Sugar, 60 cents; tea, \$1.75 to \$2.50 per lb. Bazon, none, ruling at 62 1/2 to 65 cents to 40c.

The country by this time is no doubt well supplied with large quantities of goods, except on the way.

—A COMPANY WAS BEING FORMED IN OREGON TO RUN STAGES FROM PRINCE RAPIDS, OR WHITE BLUFF TO THE LITTLE DALLES, 20 MILES ABOVE COLVILLE TO CONNECT WITH CAPT. WHITE'S STEAMER, A DISTANCE OF ABOUT 150 MILES. A

few Chinamen were working and doing well. A party of three took out 7 ounces in a week.

—CHINAMEN'S DIGGINGS. It is estimated that from 1200 to 1500 Chinamen, chiefly from British Columbia, had found their way to Colville and were mining on the bars of the Columbia below Fort Shepherd for a distance of about 400 miles. They can make from \$1.50 to \$3 a day, though some have made as high as \$6 a day, and last season Chinamen were known to have made from \$2000 to \$3000.

THE INTERCOLONIAL RIFLE CONTEST.

8 1/2 lat. Victoria, July 6th, 1865. To the Editor of the British Colonist.—Sir, While we take in good part the lesson received from New Westminster, which a la Americana would be called a "whipping," it is as well that one of the first contests with the late rifle contest should be made sufficiently public, and this simply on the grounds of the known interest in the matter taken by our friends out of the corps, and of the fact that it tends to their honor in our hands.

I allude to the difference in the weapons employed; the Victorians using the long Enfield rifle, and the New Westminsterians the Lancaster carbine, according to the usual practice of the Royal Engineers, lately camped there. Without thrusting forward any personal opinion on this question I will merely quote from a little work—"The Rifle and how to use it," by Haas Bush, 1849, first lieutenant of the Victoria Rifles, entitled the two first volunteer corps ever enrolled in the United Kingdom:

"The following carefully prepared return exhibits the practice at Malta in 1856 of the 1st and 17th companies Royal Engineers, with the Lancaster carbine, bore 0.577, as contrasted with the practice at the School of Musketry, Hythe, with the Enfield Rifle, 1854 to 1857. [Here follow tabular statements.]

"From these tables, it will be seen that during three years practice at Hythe, the highest percentage of first class shots with the Enfield rifle was 63, while at Malta, with the Lancaster carbine, the percentage amounted to 78 1/2.

On the 4th August, 1858, some further experiments were conducted in Cheatham Marshes near St. Mary's, Orkney, expressly for testing the comparative range and accuracy of the Lancaster and the Enfield rifles, the "Lancaster" of the same construction as that used by the Royal and the E. I. Company's Engineers and the ordinary Enfield rifle in use by the troops of the line and at the School of Musketry, Hythe. The persons selected were several non-commissioned officers belonging to the Royal Engineers and an equal number of non-commissioned officers chosen from the depots of the E. I. Company's regiments attached to the 2d Battalion, each of whom had gone through a regular course of instruction in the rifle: 20 rounds of ball cartridge were supplied to each. The practice commenced at 350 yards and was gradually increased to 600 yards. Though the skill of the parties was as nearly matched as possible, at the conclusion of the trial it was found that the "Lancaster" had made 20 points, and the Enfield only 13.881. One man on each side having made 21 points.

On a subsequent trial of 20 rounds between different contestants still at from 350 to 600 yards, the "Lancaster" made 15.60-100 points and the Enfield but 8, one of the former making the astonishing number of 23 points.

Comment is unnecessary, while far from wishing to utter plain complaints in justification of the old saying "A bad workman complains of his tools;" I wish to give a little more publicity to such facts as these, and to suggest that 15 per cent. on the late 209 points would have converted our opponents plus 17 to minus 13, even with our late bad shooting.

Not one of the Ten Victorians.

FROM WHIDBY ISLAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE BRITISH COLONIST.—Sir: Perhaps it may be of some interest to your readers to know something concerning the progress of the people of this island. I therefore write you a few lines upon the subject. It is well known, by those who have been to visit the island but a few years ago, that it was comparatively nothing but a wilderness; its principal lords being the red men of the forest. But this class of inhabitants has fast degenerated in population, and its place has been supplied by the enterprising Yankee, or as the Indians call him, "the Boston man." So where once stood the wigwam of the Indian, now stand the dwelling house and barn of the white man. The hunting ground of the savage is now studded with the emblems of progress, viz, fine crops of potatoes, barley, oats, hay, vegetables, &c. Each settler seems bent on trying to outdo his neighbor in rendering himself independent by means of his own industry, and with this class of energetic, enterprising, and ambitious citizens, our little community is fast becoming one of progress and wealth. I have been pleased to notice within the last few years, the improvement that has been made in the breeds of stock, so well adapted to the climate and pasturage of this country. Many are disposing of their inferior qualities of scrub stock, and replacing them with large and better blooded animals. There have been some good horses imported from Oregon to this island that will talk with the second class horses in any civilized country. Cows and hogs are greatly improved in size and quality. Many are turning their attention to the raising of sheep, which bids fair to be a profitable business. There are upon the island four stores with a prospect of more. I have mentioned some of the many bright prospects attending the enterprising inhabitants of this little community, as is always the case in all countries and communities, there are some whose sole object seems to consist in being a pest and terror to society, but as a whole the inhabitants of this island may be regarded as an enterprising and prosperous people. Owing to the recent frequent showers of rain, which kind Providence has favored this region, crops of all kinds at this season of the year are equal to any that we have ever had in this country.

Yours respectfully, J. K.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN.

Yokohama (Japan), advices to May 27th, report the Tycoon was preparing for an immediate invasion of Prince Negato's country, and the latter, with Satsumo and many other powerful Daimios, was preparing to resist him. The Tycoon had received 10,000 of the troops destined for service, the bulk of whom were armed as of old, with spears and swords. Bargeeving and other Americans and Europeans are with the Tycoon.

Commercial affairs at Hong Kong and Shanghai are represented as being dull.

Nor GUILTY—Felder, the man charged with stabbing a man named Bible at Williams Creek, was recently tried before Judge Begbie and acquitted. Several strictures were passed by the judge on the finding of the jury. The Sentinel says it was in accordance with the evidence and blames the Crown prosecutor.

ARRIVED—The Rev. A. C. Garrett has arrived at Williams Creek.

GITY COUNCIL.

Monday, July 3. Council met at 7:30 p.m. Present: His Worship the Mayor and Councillors Fell, Smith, Jeffery, Thorne and Carey.

THE MAYOR'S DESIRE. The Mayor desired that Messrs. Thorne and Carey, the newly elected Councillors, should be supplied with the Rules of Order, so that they might know how to conduct the business of the Council.

MR. THORNE SAID he wished to give notice of motion on the subject of the Church Reserve.

MR. THORNE SAID he only wished it to be understood that the matter had not dropped.

MR. THORNE SAID he would move that the Mayor appoint a committee of two to wait upon His Excellency the Governor and ask him to allow the chain-gang to clean the streets at once, and also that an advertisement be put in the morning's Colonist stating that all property holders in the city are notified that their sidewalks must be placed in good repair within six days from the date of this resolution, and unless that is done that the parties will be summoned under the provisions of the City Ordinances and by-laws.

MR. THORNE SAID he had much pleasure in seconding the resolution as the matter required immediate attention. The town was in a shocking state, and the sidewalks also much needed looking after.

MR. JEFFERY ASKED whether the Mayor had the power to enforce payment if parties refused to attend to the notice.

MR. JEFFERY SAID he had the power and meant to enforce it. The law officers of the Crown had held that no better laws could exist than the By-Laws and Ordinances passed by the Council with the exception of that in respect to taxing rates.

MR. THORNE SAID he should not be able to do anything with the gentleman over there (Laughter).

MR. JEFFERY SAID it was too late for discussion on that subject as he had already named the committee.

MR. JEFFERY SAID he had thought it his duty to bring forward a resolution that the Council give up the City Chamber and offices, as when little business was done a trader was not justified in keeping up a large front shop but seeing that the Council gave evidence of going more earnestly to work and transacting a larger business he should not at present bring the resolution forward.

COUNCIL ADJOURNED on Monday evening next, the Mayor requesting full and punctual attendance as matters of importance would come up for consideration.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Monday, July 3, 1865. Council met at 3:15 p.m. Present: The Hon. Chief Justice (President), Treasurer, Surveyor General, and H. Rhodes.

THE HON. W. A. G. YOUNG, Colonial Secretary, having taken the customary oath, took his seat in the Council.

A communication came up from the House below, enclosing Marriage License Fees Bill, and Bill to explain Chief Justices' Salary Act, both having passed the third reading in the Assembly.

THE FIRST NAMED BILL was read the first time and the Council adjourned till Thursday, when the Franchise Bill and Estate of Deceased Person's Bill will come up for consideration in committee.

THE NEW COUNCIL—The intrusion of new blood into the City Council has already begun to have a beneficial effect, as will be seen from the report of their proceedings in another column. A notice appears in our advertising columns this morning, calling on property owners to put their sidewalks in order at once, and a committee has been appointed to wait on His Excellency the Governor to procure the services of the chain-gang for cleaning the streets. Both of these things are absolutely necessary for the comfort and health of the community; the state of the sidewalks, what with projecting stumps, holes, ledges, broken planks, and unstable foundations, is most disgraceful and dangerous; and the pestiferous effluvia that rises from them almost every street gives urgent warning that unless proper sanitary precautions are speedily adopted, some virulent epidemic may be engendered. His Excellency could not do a more popular act than to grant the request of the Council without delay.

COURTESY ON PANAMA STEAMERS.—Jacob Schneider and John Kohlfied entered complaints before the United States Commissioner Hostie, on July 1st, against Captain Merry and First Officer Sailey, of the steamship America, charging them with infliction of cruel treatment on the steamer's last upward trip. They say that the officers put them in irons, with their hands tied behind their backs, and tied them up in the hold, keeping them in this painful position for hours. The complainants were bakers on board the ship, and the reason given by the officers for inflicting the punishment was that they made pies and cakes with ship stores, and sold them to the passengers for their own profit.

The Weekly Colonist.

Tuesday, July 11, 1865.

The last act of the present session has proved worthy of a tragedy in which a field of ruthless greed was terribly dealt and Leetles, the King all consigned to another world. The chief the Impoverished Estate of Deceased License Fees, the P Measure bills have stage; the play is on to drop, and the actual departure. W cal representation in all the interesting "Blood" about the House. The "app on what it feeds" is no longer fit for time, supersedes the pondard of the tragedy weapon of more w perpetrates the "sl The Council knows prorogued to-day, the measures which stifled by the pro time has been at last few days to that remained b yesterday only whole of the bill fell swoop, hope killed. We have o the people of Vanco long-suffering lot; has managed to be on the strain. We that before another public treasury, the Government wi a summary termina bills the Lower Ho The question will terests do the mem sent, and if they the colony, as must ground do they opinion? They practically than the they are not the di country, but p form public duties they are many m stated previously, this colony which the capacity to thw the people desire exceeding any enc tive of the town eedent. The Coun his mischievous pl ing is coming swiftly.

The report of th was presented ye will be seen by the question as to the so far as the Com itely settled. The of certain papers i cutive, have not done as they might very good premie instructions of ex-las gave him t appoint a Coroner appointed and ge gentleman has no for over five end of the Treasurer, k now by what an the high increase by the statement an increase came self and that the Committee, and w Department, wou Matter. Whate Executive, we in the common mittee's report, doubt about Dr. there are any sym tive, extraordinary If Dr. Dickson h ed there was a appointment if warrants before effectually decid not qualified for himself in any clearly marked in any circumstance has been wrong that, as there is to the applica ing on Coroners, as soon as possi ly and nume was introduced ence to the co course of event

The Weekly Colonist

Tuesday, July 11, 1865.

THE LATEST TRAGEDY.

The last act of the Legislative Council the present session has taken place, and has proved worthy the character of the play. In a tragedy in which every scene was almost a field of ruthless destruction, the denouement was terribly grand and appropriate. Hamlet and Laertes, the King and the Queen were all consigned at a moment's notice to the other world. The Homestead and the Franchise, the Imprisonment for Debt and the Estate of Deceased Persons, the Marriage License Fees, the Pilot and the Weights and Measures bills, have fallen dead upon the stage; the play is over; the curtain is about to drop, and the audience are ready to take their departure. What a nice little theatrical representation it has been. How full of all the interesting horrors of deep tragedy, "Blood" about Melpomene, and she thrusts the point into the vitals of the Lower House. The "appetite," however, "it grows on what it feeds," and the historic weapon is no longer fit for the occasion. The gallitine, supersedes the headman, and the point of the tragic sword gives place to that of more wholesale destruction which perpetrates the "slaughter of the innocents." The Council knows the Legislature, is to be prorogued to-day, and therefore allows all the measures which are not completed to be stifled by the prorogation. Abundance of time has been afforded even during the last few days to pass every measure that remained before it, but it meets yesterday only to adjourn, and the whole of the bills are therefore, by one fell swoop, hopelessly for the session killed. We have often repeated the fact that the people of Vancouver Island are a patient, long-suffering lot; but we think the Council has managed to bear rather heavily this time on the strain. We have a strong suspicion that before another dollar is voted for the public treasury, this obstructive branch of the Government will either have to come to a summary termination or carry out whatever bills the Lower House may choose to send it. The question will naturally arise—what interests do the members of the Council represent, and if they represent no interests in the colony, as must be clearly seen, on what ground do they run counter to public opinion? They will be, and rather more precisely than they desire, convinced that they are not the dictators in the legislation of the country, but public servants paid to perform public duties. They will learn, before they are many months older, what we have stated previously, that there is no power in this colony which has either the authority or the capacity to thwart the public will. What the people desire must be granted, always excepting any encroachment on the prerogative of the crown or on constitutional precedent. The Council has had its day, the boy his mischievous play, but the day of reckoning is coming, nevertheless, and coming swiftly.

THE CORONERSHIP.

The report of the Coronership Committee was presented yesterday to the House. It will be seen by the document that the vexed question as to the existence of a Coroner is, so far as the Committee is concerned, definitely settled. The members in, the absence of certain papers in the possession of the Executive, have not gone so fully into the matter as they might and no doubt would have done; but they conclude, and we think on very good premises, that the commission and instructions of ex-Governor Sir James Douglas gave him the necessary authority to appoint a Coroner, that Dr. Dickson was duly appointed and gazetted, and that the latter gentleman has indisputably held the position for over five and a-half years. The remarks of the Treasurer, to the effect that he did not know by what authority the Coroner charged the high increased fee of \$20, are disposed of by the statement that the authority for such an increase came from His Excellency himself, and that the documents called for by the Committee, and which were in the Treasury Department, would have fully explained the matter. Whatever may be the opinion of the Executive, we feel certain no person in the community who reads the Committee's report, will have a scintilla of doubt about Dr. Dickson's position, nor will there be any sympathy shown for the Executive's extraordinary conduct in the matter. If Dr. Dickson had not been legally appointed there was a legal way of annulling that appointment if necessary. A writ of quo warranto before the Chief Justice would have effectually decided the question. If he were not qualified for the position or had rendered himself "in any way" unfit, there was still a clearly marked legal course to pursue. Under any circumstance the conduct of the Executive has been wrong. The Committee suggests that, as there are some matters pending as to the applicability of the English act bearing on Coroners, a bill should be brought in as soon as possible to define matters clearly and unmistakably. The bill which was introduced the present session in reference to the coronership was, in the usual course of events, thrown out by the Upper

House; what the real objections to the measure were we are unable to say. So far as we are concerned, however, we are anxious for neither a perpetual nor an irresponsible Coroner, nor one that is not subject to the same rule of re-appointment that governs other public officers; but we can perceive the absolute necessity which exists for a bill that will define the powers of the Crown as well as the duties and authority of the Coroner.

THURSDAY, July 6, 1865. House met at 3:15 p.m. Members present—Messrs. DeCosmos, Franklin, Dickson, Cochrane, Carswell and Denness. The Speaker said he had received a petition from Mr. Colquhoun, but in accordance with the rules of the House it could not be received. OFFICIAL SALARIES. Dr. Dickson asked if any reply had been received to the request of the House for information as to the salaries received by the Acting Attorney General.

Mr. DeCosmos laid before the House the following report of the committee on the Coronership, which was ordered to be laid on the table. To the Honorable the Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: Your Committee appointed to report upon the message of His Excellency the Governor (No. 80), respecting the Coroner, beg leave to report as follows: 1. Your Committee proceeded to enquire into the statements in the message, and accompanying return by citing witnesses to appear before them, and also called on the Honorable the Treasurer to produce two receipts (dated respectively 30th September and 15th December, 1864) for moneys paid to James Dickson as Coroner.

2.—The witnesses cited were, James Dickson, Esq., Coroner; the Hon. T. L. Wood, Acting Attorney General; the Hon. A. Watson, Treasurer; G. H. Cary, Esq., ex Attorney General; and the Hon. J. S. Helmecken, Speaker of your Honorable House. 3. All the witnesses, except the Acting Attorney General and the Treasurer duly answered the citation or request, and their testimony appears in the proceedings of the Committee herewith submitted. 4. The Honorable the Acting Attorney General and the Treasurer declined to appear until they respectively had obtained consent from His Excellency the Governor, and the concurrence of the Honorable the Legislative Council.

5. The Honorable the Treasurer likewise refused to transmit to the Committee the two receipts for money paid to the Coroner (dated respectively 30th September and 15th December, 1864) till he was authorized to do so by His Excellency the Governor. On enquiring whether the address of your Honorable House, praying His Excellency the Governor to instruct the Acting Attorney General, the Acting Colonial Secretary and Treasurer to allow papers and documents in their respective departments, relative to the coronership, to be laid before the Committee, had been sent to His Excellency the Governor, it appeared that such had been in His Excellency's possession for these days before the honorable the Treasurer was cited to transmit or produce the receipts before the Committee; but that up to that time the Hon. the Treasurer had not been notified by His Excellency the Governor to place such papers at the disposal of the Committee.

6. Your Committee then reported to your Honorable House the refusal of the Hon. the Acting Attorney General and the Hon. the Treasurer, to put in an appearance before the Committee, and of the Hon. the Treasurer to transmit the receipts to the Committee. 7. Subsequently His Excellency the Governor signified to your Honorable House his willingness to consider the propriety of authorizing the before mentioned heads of departments to transmit to your Committee papers or documents in their possession, respecting the coronership; but as His Excellency's answer to the address of your Hon. House differed from the spirit and intention of your Hon. House did not grant any further instructions respecting the matter your committee considered that it would be derogatory to the dignity and prerogative of your Hon. House to make any further request of the Hon. Attorney General and Treasurer to put in an appearance or transmit papers without express instructions from your hon. body to that effect.

8. As the sole object for which the Committee was called was with a view to determine whether the allegations in the message of His Excellency the Governor and accompanying return of the Hon. Treasurer respecting the Coronership could be sustained, and if so to suggest a remedy; the position taken by His Excellency the Governor and the Hon. the Acting Attorney General and Treasurer have had a tendency in the opinion of your committee to thwart the object of the enquiry and to render this report less complete than it might otherwise have been, and your Committee have reluctantly been induced to conclude their enquiry and bring in a report respecting the Coronership, based on such oral and written information as could be obtained. Your Committee would further report as follows: 1. That there is only one person in the colony who, at this time, knows, to possess a commission as Coroner. 2. That the name of the person is James Dickson. 3. That his commission is dated January 9th, 1860; was issued by order of the late Governor, Sir James Douglas, and gazetted January 10th, 1860. 4. That the extent of his jurisdiction as Coroner, as set forth in the Statute, is "Victoria and Esquimalt, and the neighboring and adjoining Districts," and which are interpreted by Sir James Douglas to include Victoria City and Esquimalt Town, and Victoria, Lake, North and South Saanich, Esquimalt and Metchoen county districts.

5. The authority to make this appointment during the pleasure of the Crown is, in the opinion of your Committee, contained in the commission and instructions of the late Governor, Sir James Douglas.

6. That Mr. James Dickson has exercised continuously from the time of his appointment to the date of the enquiry, the functions of Coroner within the above districts without question. Many persons have been committed and convicted and punished on the depositions of Mr. Dickson as Coroner; and in no instance has the validity of any such depositions been questioned.

7. He has been continuously and publicly recognised as Coroner by the Executive and medical departments from his appointment to the date of His Excellency's message, and annually the Legislative Assembly have voted money to pay the expenses of the Coroner's department; and whilst this enquiry has been pending he acted as Coroner.

8. There is no local statute affecting the Coroner; and doubts exist as to whether the Imperial Statutes relative to Coroners apply here. The ruling, however, of the Supreme Court in similar cases is favorable to the conclusion that they apply here so far as applicable to local circumstances.

9. Under all the circumstances, the commission and instructions of Sir James Douglas, the appointment, gazetted, exercising the functions of Coroner for five years without question, the trials on the depositions of Mr. Dickson as Coroner, and the palpable necessity for such an officer, in order to further the administration of justice; your Committee are of opinion that Mr. James Dickson is a Coroner, and of right ought to be recognised as such within his jurisdiction.

10. With respect to the statement in the return of the Hon. the Treasurer, accompanying the message of His Excellency the Governor, that he was not aware of the authority under which Mr. James Dickson was paid twenty dollars for each inquest in the latter part of 1864, it was stated in evidence that Mr. James Dickson as Coroner was authorized to draw twenty dollars for each inquest by his Excellency the Governor. If the Hon. the Treasurer had produced the receipts for money paid to Mr. James Dickson as Coroner on the 30th September and the 15th December 1864, the committee would have been able to verify the statement by documentary evidence. Further details respecting the fee paid to Dr. Dickson as Coroner may be found in the proceedings of your Committee.

11. In conclusion, your Committee would recommend that statutory provision be made as early a date as possible, defining the duties of Coroner, and regulating all matters connected therewith. All of which is most respectfully submitted.

A. DeCosmos, Chairman. Committee Room, House of Assembly, July 6th, 1865. RETURNS OF DIVISIONS DURING THE SESSION WERE LAID BEFORE THE HOUSE. WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. The amendments of the Legislative Council to this bill were taken up by the House. The amendment, providing that goods may be sold by bale or bulk, when that bale or bulk is not represented as containing any local or foreign weight or measure, was struck out, as tending to upset the whole principle of the bill. Clause 2 and 7 of the printed bill were reinserted by the House. Amendment numbered clause 20 was struck out, as being covered by clause 4 of the printed bill. Clause 23, allowing an appeal to the Supreme Court, struck out by the Council, was replaced. The remaining amendments, with a few trifling exceptions, were agreed to, and the bill sent back to the Council.

On motion of Mr. Denness, the report of the Coroner's Committee was ordered to be printed, and the House adjourned till to-day (Friday), at one o'clock.

HUDSON BAY CLAIMS.—The Pacific Tribune publishes in full the petition of the Hudson Bay Company to the Board of Commissioners appointed to arbitrate between the United States Government and the Company. The claim is as follows:—First—For their forts, posts, establishments, farms, pasturage, and other lands, with the buildings and improvements thereon, as per schedule set forth, the sum of two hundred and eighty-five thousand three hundred and fifty pounds sterling—\$285,350. Secondly—For the right of the trade, as hereinbefore set forth, the sum of two hundred thousand pounds sterling—\$200,000. Thirdly—For the right of the free navigation of the Columbia River, as hereinbefore set forth, the sum of three hundred thousand pounds sterling—\$300,000. The said several sums making together the entire sum of seven hundred and eighty-five thousand three hundred and fifty pounds sterling—\$785,350 equal to three million eight hundred and twenty-two thousand and thirty-six dollars and seventy-seven cents—\$3,822,036 67c.

The Coroner d'Alene Diggings.—Correspondence published by the Oregonian says of these diggings: "The excitement relative to Coeur d'Alene is still greater. People are coming from Boise, Eagle Creek and other camps in that direction, every day, and fitting out for the new mines. All appear to have profound faith in the new diggings."

Municipal Notice. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT under a resolution passed by the City Council, July 24, 1865, all property holders must have their sidewalks repaired in proper repair within six days, and that unless the same is attended to, parties will be summoned under the provisions of the City Ordinances and By-Laws. Section V.—All foot-paths shall be kept in good repair by the owners of the property fronting the same. Any person or persons failing to comply with the provisions of this By-Law shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding \$50 for each offence. WM. LEIGH, Acting Town Clerk.

Chlorodyne.

CHOLERA, DYSENTERY, DIARRHŒA, COLIC, FEVER, PHEUMIA, TIFUS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, COUGH, &c. ALL PAIN, VOMITING AND DISTRESS. A case in a few minutes after taking a dose of the wonderful remedy, CHLORO-DYNE, discovered by Dr. J. Collis Brown, M.D. (ex-Army Medical Staff), the recipe of which was confided solely to Dr. J. Collis Brown, 25, Abchurch Lane, London. It is a most valuable remedy, and is invaluable. It relieves pain of any kind, soothes the restlessness of fever, and imparts the most refreshing sleep, without producing or leaving any of the unpleasant effects of opium. A sheet of Chlorodyne has been found to be effective in Epidemic Cholera, and with a small quantity given to the patient by Dr. Barks has saved several lives. Dr. Russell commends it to the College of Physicians, that he has received a despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Manila, to the effect that cholera had been raging feraciously, and that the only remedy of any service was CHLORO-DYNE.—See "Lancet," December 31, 1864.

Extract from the General Board of Health London, as to its efficacy in Cholera. "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." From the Edinburgh Medical Reporter. "Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Cholera, Typhoid, and Dysentery." To it I fairly owe my restoration to health after eighteen months' severe illness, which all other medicines had failed.

W. M. SEARBY, Agent for Vancouver Island and British Columbia. AMMUNITION. TARGET. 13 Feet Square. Represents average shooting at 500 yards, with ELEY'S "X" ENFIELD CARTRIDGES.

ELEY'S AMMUNITION of every description for Sporting or Military Purposes. Double Waterproof Central Fire Caps, Felt Wadings to prevent the leading of Guns, Wire Cartridges for Killing Game, &c., at long distances. Breech Loading Cartridge Cases of superior quality for Shot Guns and Rifles, etc. Cartridges for "Lefaucheur" Revolvers of 7, 9, and 12 millimetres. Jacob's Rifle Shell Tubes, Cartridges and Caps for Colt's, Deane's, Trant's, Adams', &c., and other Revolvers. BALL CARTRIDGES. For Remond, Whitworth and Henry's Rifles, also for Westley Richard's, Terry's, Wilson's, Prince's, Deane's, and other Breech Loaders. Cartridges of uniform quality, made by compression.

Drugs and Chemicals. GEORGE CURLING & COMPANY, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 16 QUILM ST., FENCHURCH ST., LON.

H. C. BATEMAN, Importer. BOOK-SELLER & BOOK-BINDER. SAN FRANCISCO. CATHOLIC BOOK-SELLER AND RETAILER.

DAY & MARTIN'S REAL JAPAN BLACKING. 97, HIGH HOLBORN LONDON.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c.

(FREE FROM ADULTERATION.) MANUFACTURED BY CROSS & BLACKWELL, PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON. GROSSE & BLACKWELL'S. Renowned first-class Manufacturers of Pickles and Sauces from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World.

HER MAJESTY'S TABLE. Oxford Shrimps, Patent Preserved Hams, Cheese and Bacon, Yorkshire Game and Pork Pies, Freshwater Oysters in Wine, Salmon Cutlets, Whitebait, Fried Sole, Bologna Sausages, Herrings à la Sardine, Scotch Hens, and Vegetables in Sauce, Fruit in Syrup, also in Noyau and Brandy, Crystal Wine, &c., all of which, as well as many articles too numerous to include in an advertisement, they are strongly recommended. Their Sliced Oil is the finest imported.

Dinneford's FLUID MAGNESIA!

It has been during twenty-five years, emphatically sanctioned by the Medical Profession, and universally accepted by the Public as the BEST REMEDY FOR Acidity of the Stomach, Heartburn, Headache, Gout, and Indigestion, and as a Mild Aperient for delicate constitutions, more especially for Ladies and Children Combined with the ACIDULATED LEMON SYRUP. It forms an agreeable and refreshing Draught, in which its purgative qualities are much increased. During Hot Seasons, and in hot climates, the regular use of this simple and elegant remedy has been found highly beneficial, and it is a most valuable and highly beneficial medicine in all cases of Biliousness.

PEPSINE. T. MORSON & SON, Wholesale and Export Druggists. Manufacture of the far-famed PEPSEINE WINE, are enabled to offer the purest and surest substitute for the Gastric Juice. THIS USE IS NOW UNIVERSALLY ADOPED in all the Hospitals, and is obtainable of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors. MORSON'S PEPSEINE LOZENGES, POWDER, PATENT GELATINE, and all GRANULAR PREPARATIONS, are also Manufactured of Chemical, Pharmaceutical and Photographic Preparations.

T. MORSON AND SON, 19 and 46, Southampton Row, London. The only Prize Medal for excellence of workmanship and new combinations in STAYS, CRINOLINES, AND CORSETS, was awarded to A. SALOMONS, 35, OLD CHANGE LONDON. The Cardinipus PATENT JUPON Collapses at the slightest pressure, and resumes its shape when the pressure is removed. Spiral Crinoline Steel and Bronse, For Ladies' Skirts (Patent), will not break, and can be folded into the smallest compass.

NEW PATENT HARMONON CORSET. Obtainable in Fringe Medal, and in the very best way ever invented. Castle's Patent Ventilating Corset, invaluable for the Ball Room, and for the sick, old, and Warm Climates. To be had, retail, of all Drapers, Milliners, and Stay Makers, and wholesale only of A. SALOMONS, 35, Old Change, London.

Any One can use Them. A basin of water in all that is required to produce the most brilliant and fashionable colors on Silks, Woollens, Cottons, Ribbons, &c., in ten minutes, by the use of JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES. These Dyes will also be found useful for improving colors to a great extent. Bone, Wood, Willow Shavings, and all other materials for Tinting Photographs, and for Bleaching. Wholesale Depot—Isa. Coleman St., London.

The Weekly Colonist.

Tuesday, July 11, 1865.

COMMERCIAL

FROM NANAIMO—The steamer Sir James Douglas arrived from Nanaimo yesterday evening at eight o'clock, with 12 passengers and a small freight. She goes up again this morning.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER—The steamer Enterprise left last night at half-past ten for the above port, carrying a large number of passengers, and a heavy freight.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO—The bark Knight Bruce arrived in the Royal Roads last night, en route to Nanaimo.

FROM SAN JUAN—The sloop John Thornton arrived from San Juan Island yesterday with a cargo of lime.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Saturday, July 8, 1865. Trade continues dull, and prices of flour and grain are declining rapidly. The only imports during the week have been the cargo of the Sierra Nevada, from San Francisco and Portland, of \$9000, and the usual Sound arrivals. The exports consist of some \$2000 per Maria Scott for Tahiti, and a small lot for Crosby for Portland.

Jobbing rates as under: FLOUR—Extra, \$12 @ \$13 per bbl. Superfine and Oregon brands, \$10 @ \$11 do. OATMEAL—\$9 @ \$10 @ \$11 per 100 lb. CORNMEAL—\$7 @ \$8 do. BUCEWHEAT FLOUR—\$7 @ \$8 do. BEANS—White, 4 1/2 c @ 5 c per sack. Bayas and Pink, 4 1/2 c @ 4 c do. RICE—\$7 @ \$8 per mat. SUGAR—Raw—\$9 @ 10 c do per bbl. Refined—12 @ 16 c do. TEA—\$40 @ 45 c per chest. COFFEE—\$25 @ 26 c per sack. BUTTER—22 1/2 c @ 25 c per box. CANDLES—Best Fresh—45 c @ 50 c per dozen; do salted, 40 c @ 45 c per 50 lb. BAON AND HAMS—California, 25 c @ 27 1/2 c do in lots to suit; Eastern do, 18 c @ 20 c do. CHEESE—Single, 27 1/2 c; do in lots to suit, 25 c do. WHEAT—4 c do per sack. OATS—2 1/2 c do. BARLEY—3 1/2 c do. GROUND D.—3 1/2 c @ 4 c do. MIDDINGS—4 c do. BRAN—2 1/2 c do. POTATOES—2 1/2 c do. ONIONS—3 c do. HAY—1 1/2 c @ 2 c do per bale.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

Telegraphed to the Columbian. SAN FRANCISCO, June 29. No material change in Stock market, save Ophi advanced to \$600 and Burning Moscow to \$420. The list between these companies is now on trial.

Flour—Local extras from new wheat have set at \$7 per bbl.; sales 700 or 800 National, 600 do Golden Age, and 200 do Oriental Mill at that figure. Wheat inactive. 150 sacks at \$1 75; 190 do at \$1 60 per 100 lbs; sales 550 sacks coast at 1 1/2 c; 163 sholes do at 1 1/2 c. Barley firm; sales 200 sacks new at 2 1/2 c; 500 do old at 2 1/2 c. Rice—Sales 600 mats inferior No. 1 China; strictly prime would command 10%. Batavia selling in lots at 9c. Sugar—100 bbls Bay Refinery, A. D, crushed, sold at 16 1/2 c.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer ELIZA ANDERSON, from Puget Sound—Judge Lander, Fred Giesblue, Charles Clancy, Sister Agnes, Sister, Ardy Fox, Wm Wren, Thos Hayward, Jacob Peipe, Miss Hatch, Corleton, Miss Stevens, Julian, Lawyer Barrett, Rev W Whitworth, J M Asher, S B Wilson.

Per steamship SIERRA NEVADA, from San Francisco—Capt Chas E Thorne, J Friedlander and daughter, Mrs W Douglas, Mr H W Pickett and two children, H Webster, W Sheffield, A Meyer, W Gangeim, E Heard, Mr H Calbraith, J R Turpin, wife and child, Joseph Spratt, Mrs A R Ashley, Julia Pico, H Ricketts, Miss Sophia Wood, J Engelfeld, M Meyer, J Schroder, C Fenney, David Kuris, Master Calbraith, M Kallon, W F & Co's messenger, Miss R Haner, J W Compton, Bridges, Clarence and child, John Glass Brooks, M Lomis, W Boyles, G Bossie, C Turgoose, V Rergallo, J Bushby, Geo Rickie, J C Clancey, Ah Chong, Quong Wo, John Jackson, and 15 others.

MEMORANDA.

Per steamship SIERRA NEVADA, Francis Conner, Commander—Sailed from San Francisco, June 27th, at 11 a. m. Crossed Columbia river bar at 2 p. m. July 1st. Arrived at Portland July 2, at 3 a. m. Sailed from Portland July 5, at 7 p. m. Arrived at Esquimalt at 3 a. m. July 7th, 1865.

EXPORTS.

Per schooner MARIA SCOTT, for Tahiti, via Freport, W T—19 cs pickles, 5 do mustard, 4 do sauce, 17 do vinegar, 6 do salad oil, 2 do assorted hardware, 46 umbrellas and 31 coats, 5 cases dry goods, 6 cs stoves and fittings, 5 bbls porter, 10 do ale, 4 do pitch, 1 do turpentine, 3 foot baths, 24 nests kettles, 6 doz pans, 27 sauce pans, 15 doz frying pans, 172 tin pans, 11 kgs horse shoes, 2 cs nails, 37 do shingles, 3 do flooring, 3 grindstones—Value, \$1,570 02.

IMPORTS.

Per steamer ELIZA ANDERSON, from Puget Sound—4 bxs eggs, 120 bales wool, 2 do skins, 7 pgs fruit, 3 cows and 5 calves, 3 bxs butter—Value, \$3,953 30.

PER STEAMSHIP SIERRA NEVADA, from San Francisco—16 cs drugs, 6 do champagne, 1 do wine, 12 do tobacco, 9 do muelage, etc, 5 pgs coats, 9 cs glassware, 4 cs glassware, 4 do boots and shoes, 1 do books and stationery, 21 cs machinery and onions, 1 cs butter, 1 case clothing, 2 cs hardware, 1 do bedding, 3 do hats, 7 pgs potatoes, 6 do starch, 1 do cheese, 18 do onions, 382 sks flour, 11 pgs hops, 4 do vegetables, 20 do mdse—Value, \$6,000.

PER STEAMSHIP SIERRA NEVADA, from Portland—14 bxs cherries, 28 cs bacon and eggs, 16 cs butter, 486 sks flour, 11 bxs eggs—Value, \$3,124.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

July 3—Sp Mystery, Hicks, Port Angeles Boat Star, Wilson, San Juan Schr Indian Maid, Greenwood, Nanaimo Schr Surprise, Francis, N West Coast of V I Sloop W B Naylor, Mercer, San Juan Boat Harriet, Dirk, San Juan Schr Shark, Clarke, Nanaimo

July 5—Sloop Francis Byron, Port Angeles Sloop Thornton, Warren, San Juan Schr Meg Merrilies, Pamphlet, Nanaimo July 6—Schr Annie, Elvin, Rocky Point Slip Eagle, Knight, Stekin Schr Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Angeles Schr Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster Schr J K Thorndike, Thornton, San Juan July 7—Schr Sierra Nevada, Connor, San Francisco Schr Eliza, Carlton, Saanich July 8—Sloop Northern Light, Mountfort, Port Angeles Schr Thame, Henderson, Alberal Schr Indian Maid, Greenwood, Nanaimo Schr Surprise, Francis, North West Coast of V I Sloop W B Naylor, Mercer, San Juan Boat Harriet, Dirk, San Juan Schr Shark, Clarke, Nanaimo

CLEARING.

July 3—Sp Mystery, Hicks, Port Angeles Boat Star, Wilson, San Juan Schr Indian Maid, Greenwood, Nanaimo Schr Surprise, Francis, North West Coast of V I Sloop W B Naylor, Mercer, San Juan Boat Harriet, Dirk, San Juan Schr Shark, Clarke, Nanaimo

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IMPORTS.

To the Port of Victoria, V. I., for the month ending June 30, 1865.

Table with columns for goods and values. Includes items like Flour, Wheat, Rice, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Butter, and various oils. Values range from a few cents to over \$1000.

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REMOVAL. In this city, on Saturday, July 8th, Pauline, wife of Captain J. R. Stuart, aged 57 years. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

REMOVAL. Andrew Robertson, TAILOR, HAS REMOVED TO GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE THE "COLONIST" OFFICE.

AND TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY of informing his old customers and the Public that he has just received a new stock of FRENCH CLOTHES, TWEEDS AND DOBSKINS, WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTHS AND TWEEDS, all of the best manufacture and fashionable patterns.

FOR SALE. Orcas Island! ABOUT TWO MILES SQUARE OF LAND, WITH TWO HOUSES & DISTILLERY. ALSO, A FIVE TON BOAT. With Oars and Sails complete.

The City of Glasgow LIFE ASSURANCE Company. Established 1838. Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament. Subscribed Capital, \$3,000,000 Annual Revenue, \$600,000 Subsisting Assurances, 14,415,000

FOR SALE. One "Hansbrow's" 6 inch Mining Pump. AT C. KENT'S, Fort and Broad streets, Victoria, V. I.

NOTICE. BARNARD'S STAGES LEAVE YALE ONCE A WEEK, On Monday Mornings June 6th, 1865.

ICE! ICE! ICE! ALEXANDER PHILLIPS, PIONEER Soda Water and Syrup Manufacturer, FORT ST., NEAR BLANCHARD, Victoria, V. I.

L. BETTMANN, DEALER IN Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, etc. OLYMPIA, W. T.

NOTICE. BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA. A BRANCH OF THIS BANK WILL be opened at RICHFIELD, CARIBOO, on or about the 15th proximo.

PHOENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LOMBARD STREET & CHARING CROSS, LONDON. [ESTABLISHED IN 1782.] For Insuring every kind of Property in all parts of the World from Loss or Damage by Fire.

THE PROMPTITUDE AND LIBERALITY with which its engagements are always met by this Company are well known, and the importance of its relation with the public may be estimated from the fact that, since its establishment it has paid more than EIGHT MILLIONS STERLING in discharge of claims for losses by fire.

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Agents for Vancouver Island and British Columbia. Ex "Sierra Nevada." PURE RUSSIAN CAVIAR!

GEM SALOON, 25 CENTS PER PLATE. TO THE PUBLIC!

EVERY SUNDAY MORNING. "British Columbian" NEWSPAPER.

Persons desiring to ADVERTISE in the "NANAIMO GAZETTE," will find it to their interest to do so in the first number, as there will be one thousand copies issued gratis in this city on or about the 8th of July.

THE ABOVE ASSOCIATION formed by Scotchmen for mutual provident benevolent purposes and social intercourse, and based on the model of the Caledonian Highland Society of Scotland, is now in full working order.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST, LARGEST and most fully illustrated Publication ever issued, having a Greater Circulation than that of any other periodical in the world. Its contents embrace the best works of

THE LONDON JOURNAL.—The Best, Cheapest, Largest and most fully illustrated Publication ever issued, having a Greater Circulation than that of any other periodical in the world.

A NEW WORK, BY THE REVEREND MATTHEW MACFIE, F. R. G. S.

THE HISTORY, RESOURCES and Prospects of Vancouver Island and British Columbia.

EDWARD PHELPS, HOUSE MOVER, and General Contractor.

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

The Infallible Remedy.



Holloway's Ointment.

All the medicines in the London Dispensaries would barely benefit, much less cure, any chronic case of contracted or stiff joints; whereas if this invaluable ointment be effectually rubbed into such parts twice a day, the effects will be immense.

These maladies are so serious and dangerous a nature that the Ointment would not be recommended unless the Proprietor was sure of its effect. It will cure when every other means have failed, if applied immediately, and not delayed until the patient is beyond recovery.

It is surprising how quickly a sore, ulcer, or wound, deprives the body of strength, and unfits it for the duties of life; but it is no less wonderful to watch the effect of Holloway's Healing Ointment, when it is used according to the printed directions.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bad Legs, Chapped Hands, Glandular Swelling, Sore Throat, Bad Breasts, Chapped Feet, Lumbago, Scoury Sores, Cancer, Piles, Sore-heads, Rheumatism, Stiff Joints, Stomachic Ulcers, Stomachic Ulcers, Stomachic Ulcers, Stomachic Ulcers.

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