

# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

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## British Battle Cruisers Make Attack On The Germans, And Sink Three Of Their Cruisers--Damage Many Others

**Part of the British First Fleet Delivers a Smashing Blow at the German Fleet Sheltered Beneath Heligoland Fortifications and Wipes Out All the Enemies' Ships Opposed to it—Three German Cruisers Are Sunk, While the British Do Not Lose a Ship—Casualties on the British Warships Are Light—The Lion, Queen Mary, Princess Royal and New Zealand Battle-Cruisers in the Thickest of it.**

London, August 29.—A glorious victory has fallen to the British fleet. With all the courage and fearless enterprise that have distinguished British officers who many times have gone into the very jaws of their enemies, Admirals Beatty, Christian and Moore conducted combined operations in the fight off Heligoland in which the enemy had all the strength at his command.

Their triumph was complete. The German light cruiser Mainz and another of Koelir-class and a third whose name is known were destroyed as well as two torpedo boat destroyers. The tale is probably not complete.

Evidently the concerted attack was planned just as the seamen of the old world have planned it to begin in the dark and reach its decision point at dawn.

The attacking force comprised a battle cruiser squadron, a light cruiser squadron and destroyer and submarine flotillas.

Rear Admiral, Sir David Beatty, the youngest flag officer afloat, commanded the first battle cruiser squadron which comprised the flagship Lion, the Queen Mary, the Princess Royal and the New Zealand.

To Sir David Beatty fell the opportunity and the honor which will make him and his officers envied of the whole fleet, for to him fell the conduct of operations, under the direction of Sir John Jellicoe, Commander-in-Chief.

Sir David Beatty is one of the most brilliant of the navy's officers and with him were Rear Admiral A. G. W. Moore, Rear Admiral Christian, Commodore Reginald C. Tyrwhitt and Commodore J. Goodenough.

Complete as was the victory, the British suffered but little, all their ships being afloat and in good order.

What is to be especially noted is the high efficiency of the British gunnery.

Not a German cruiser escaped and the torpedo boat destroyers fled wildly in search of shelter.

Not only were two of their number sunk but not a few others were damaged by the British fire.

In addition to not losing a single ship the British loss of life was not heavy.

London, August 28.—It has been announced here that the British fleet has sunk two German cruisers and two German torpedo boats off Heligoland, while a third cruiser was set on fire and left in a sinking condition.

Several German torpedo boats were also damaged. No British ships were lost in the battle and the loss of life on the British warships was not heavy.

London, August 29.—The first important naval action was fought yesterday in Heligoland Bight, resulting in a smashing blow being delivered by the British cruisers, destroyers, and submarines to the German scouting squadron.

The officer in chief command was Rear Admiral Sir David Beatty, who told in dry, laconic phrases of the engagement in an Admiralty official despatch. The story is succinct and thrilling.

The following text was issued last night by the Official Press Bureau: "Early yesterday morning a concerted operation of some consequence was attempted against the Germans in Heligoland Bight.

"A strong force of destroyers supported by light cruisers, battle cruisers, and working in conjunction with submarines attacked the German destroyers and cruisers guarding the approach to the German Coast.

Two German cruisers were sunk and many damaged.

The enemy's cruisers were engaged by the British cruisers and battle cruisers.

The first light cruiser squadron sank the Mainz, and in return only received slight damage.

The first battle cruiser squadron sank one cruiser of the Koeln class, and another German cruiser disappeared in the mist heavily on fire and in a sinking condition.

All the German cruisers thus engaged were disposed of.

The battle cruiser squadron although attacked by submarines and floating mines successfully evaded them and is undamaged, while the light cruiser squadron suffered no casualties.

The flotilla cruiser Amethyst, and destroyer Lavotis are damaged.

The British loss of life is reported not heavy.

The importance of this daring raid is the fact that the British fleet passed behind Germany's heavily armed outposts on Heligoland Island, and engaged with signal success the German mosquito fleet guarding the entrance of the Kiel Canal.

### INDIA EAGER FIGHT BATTLES OF THE EMPIRE

Wave of Enthusiasm For Great Britain Sweeps Whole Empire

### PRINCES GIVE BIG DONATIONS

And India's Soldiers Will Be Used in the European Struggle

London, Aug. 29.—Lord Kitchener, Secretary of State for War, announced in the House of Lords today that in addition to the reinforcement which would be received from this country the Government had decided that the British army in France should be increased and the troops to increase the forces were now on the way.

He said that all the gaps in the army of France were being filled up.

### Troops From India.

That the employment of native Indian troops was meant by Kitchener was later confirmed by the Marquis of Crewe, Secretary of State for India.

The Marquis said it has been deeply impressed on the Government that the wonderful wave of enthusiasm and loyalty at the present time passing over India was largely due to the desire of India's people that India's soldiers should stand side by side with their comrades of the British army.

India was aware that the employment of African troops to assist the French army would have been a disappointment to India if they had been debarred taking part in the war in Europe.

### Good Fighters.

Our army will be thus reinforced by soldiers who are high souled men with first-rate training and I am certain, said the Marquis, they will give best possible account of themselves.

I venture to think this keen desire of our Indian fellow subjects to co-operate with us is little less gratifying than the same desire shown by the self-governing Dominions, some of whose soldiers in due course will no doubt also be round fighting side by side with British troops and Indian troops in the war.

### Not Inexhaustible

Of course we all know India does not possess an inexhaustible reserve in troops. The defence of India must itself be a primary consideration not only of India itself but also of us, and I am able to state that so far as external aggression is concerned, of which I hope and believe there is no prospect, I should like to say there is scarcely a possibility, in spite of these heavy drafts from the Indian army, the Indian frontier will be fully and adequately secured as regards risks of internal trouble.

I believe the enthusiasm which pervades all classes and races in India will render anything of the sort impossible.

### Liberal Gifts.

That enthusiasm found vent many different ways. In some cases by gifts of great liberality for the service of the troops in the field.

It was told only yesterday by the Viceroy of India that some principal Indian Princes had sent a gift of \$2,500,000 for the troops in the field.

I feel confident, therefore, that the action we now take will meet with a most enthusiastic reception in India. I believe it will be approved by Your Lordships, by the Commons and by public opinion here generally.

### WHOLE BRITISH COMPANY OF 2,000 WERE WIPED OUT.

London, Aug. 29.—The Chronicle's Boulogne correspondent gives the story of a wounded soldier, arrived here, who declared he was one of thirty survivors of a British Company of two thousand who were practically wiped out by the German artillery.

### THREE GERMANS TO ONE BRITON

Germany is Making the Most Desperate Efforts to Crush the British Expeditionary Force

London, Aug. 29.—A Daily Mail editorial concerning the concentration of Germany's immense strength to crush the British Expeditionary force says Germany has brought the stupendous odds of 3 to 1 against the British soldiers, of whom we may well feel proud, but the situation is most critical.

France has done everything in her power; Russia cannot help except by indirect pressure.

Great Britain alone can find more men and find them she must. The nation must prepare on a colossal scale and must send every gun that can be spared here and now to the decisive point in France.

### MORE PRIZES IN THE EAST

Taken by British and French Warships in Report From Hong Kong

Hong Kong, Aug. 29.—The German steamer Senagambia with a cargo of cattle and coal was made a prize yesterday jointly by the British cruiser Hampshire and the French cruiser Duplex.

The German steamer C. Fedin and Lacisse from Yokohama for New York arrived here last night a British prize and reported the German steamers Yorck and Prinz Waldemar has also been captured and were being brought here.

### AUSTRIA AT WAR WITH BELGIANS

Formal Declaration Made Yesterday and Ambassador Gets Passports

Vienna, Aug. 28.—Austria today declared war on Belgium and the Ambassador was handed his passports.

Until today Belgium was the only one of the allied powers at war only with Germany.

### BRITISH SINK A TORPEDO BOAT

German Torpedo Boat 'S. 90' Is Sent to the Bottom of the Sea

Chefoo, Aug. 28.—The British torpedo-boat Welland engaged and sank the German torpedo-boat destroyer S. 90.

### BRITISH TAKE 7 GERMAN SHIPS

Chefoo, Aug. 29.—Three German merchant ships and the steamers Frisia, Haramel, Alons and Paklat, have been captured by the British fleet and taken to Wei-Hai-Wei.

### WOUNDED MEN BROUGHT HOME

And Taken to the Various Hospitals Throughout Great Britain

London, Aug. 29.—Virtually all the wounded men brought back to England from the front will be disembarked at Southampton, and from there sent to various hospitals in the country.

Nearly all the big hospitals appear on the official list as hospitals which have made arrangements for the reception of the wounded men.

### GERMAN CRUISER WAS CAPTURED

And the Crew All Taken Prisoners by the Russian Fleet

London, Aug. 29.—The Post's St. Petersburg correspondent wires that the crew of the German cruiser Magdeburg which went ashore in the Baltic were captured.

It is not known whether ship can be brought to port or not.

### GERMANS FIRE ON RED CROSS

France Swears They Killed Two Nurses Deliberately and Wounded One

Washington, Aug. 28.—France has submitted to the United States and other neutral governments a sworn statement that after an engagement at Moncel a German officer fired on three red cross nurses, killing two and wounding the third.

Portia left St. Mary's at 8.50 a.m.

### ANTWERP FEARS MORE ATTACKS FROM THE AIR.

Rotterdam, Aug. 29.—The Nieuwe Courant says the people of Antwerp fear another visit, not merely by one but by many Zeppelin dirigibles. The inhabitants of the houses in the vicinity of the Royal Palace have left their homes.

Steam is kept up constantly on the Royal yacht and at the first sign of trouble the Queen and Princess will be taken to England, the paper states.

### BELGIANS FEEL PINCH OF WANT THROUGH WAR

Foodstuffs Getting Scarce And the Military Seize All the Supplies

### ALMOST EVERY MAN IS WITH THE ARMY

And Even Boys of Sixteen Have Been Called to the Colors

Quebec, Aug. 27.—A letter, probably the first one to come from the scene of activities in Belgium since the declaration of war, was received here yesterday afternoon from a lady teacher of Beveren-waas, a town of 13,000 population. Beverenwaas is the centre of distribution of uniforms and arms for the Belgian army, and striking details of the situation are given in the letter.

Salt is getting scarce and food stuff is rapidly being exhausted, so the military authorities have taken over the control of stores, controlling prices, and even quantities to be given each family which is only entitled to two pounds of food each day.

### Shortage of Food.

Some groceries have been closed on account of shortage of goods while others have been closed and seized, their proprietors having over-charged the population. At Beverenwaas, says the letter, almost the entire male population is gone, and while the strongest of the women, old men and children work in the fields, the children, old men and women are at work preparing bandages and clothes for the wounded.

All available horses, wagons, autos, even bicycles, have been requisitioned by the military authorities.

In part the message says that wretchedness reigns throughout Belgium. All soldiers from the classes, ranging from 1890 to 1915 are called, which means that boys now under 16, who were to enter the army next year, are now fighting for the colors.

### GERMANS BURN AND LAY WASTE

Spare Nothing in Wreaking Vengeance on People of Belgium

London, Aug. 28.—The official war bureau declares that Louvain is now a heap of ashes and twisted ruins.

Even the beautiful buildings many of them of historic importance, were not spared by the ruthless invaders, everything having been destroyed.

The Germans set fire to the city at a hundred points by using explosives and bombs.

All the inhabitants were taken prisoners and are now in concentration camps, guarded by German soldiers.

### GERMAN ARMY MUCH WEAKENED

Call Halt on Advance and Evidently Has Suffered Great Deal

Paris, Aug. 29.—An official communication issued by the War Department tonight says the situation on our front from the Department of Somme in North-West France to the Vosges remains the same today as yesterday.

The German troops appear to have slackened their march.

### NEWS OF VICTORY CHEERED BRITAIN

And Confirmed the Faith of the People in the Superiority and Invincibility of Their Great Fleet

London, Aug. 29.—The city rang from one end to the other with cheers when the news of the victory in the North Sea was announced. All the gloom of the last few days over the disheartening messages of German advances was instantly dispelled.

"Wait till we hear of the fleet," has been the one expression heard on every lip since the war began. You could not make anyone believe anything could happen to England while the fleet was on the sea, but like every other move in this war, England has had to keep its movements secret.

All knew that the fleet was where it would do most good, but the public did not know where that particular place was.

### BANKS DONATE FIFTY THOUSAND

Banks of Nova Scotia and Montreal Help Patriotic Fund

Montreal, Aug. 28.—The Bank of Montreal has voted twenty-five thousand dollars to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and a similar amount has been subscribed by the Bank of Nova Scotia.

### RUSSIAN ARMY HITTING HARD

Is Chasing Austrians and is About to Attack City of Lemberg

St. Petersburg, Aug. 28.—The Russian army has driven in the outlying Austrian defences and is now in a position to attack Lemberg, the capital of Austrian Galicia.

The Russians are only twenty miles off the city in heavy force.

### BOMBARDED TOWN NOT FORTIFIED

Germans Barbarously Shell An Absolutely Defenceless Position

London, Aug. 29.—A correspondent of Reuter's at Antwerp sends the following official statement:

"On Thursday the Germans, contrary to the laws of war bombarded Malines, an open and undefended town.

"The enemy also bombarded the region about Heystopdenberg, a town seventeen miles South-east of Antwerp, and not occupied by the Militia.



## To The People of Newfoundland:

### FELLOW COUNTRYMEN:

The Mother Country has been compelled to go to war to preserve, among other things, the rights and liberties which we all enjoy as citizens of the Empire.

Newfoundland, in common with the other Oversea Dominions, has pledged itself to assist the Mother Country with material help in the present extremity.

This is to take the form of an increase of the Naval Reserve from Six Hundred to One Thousand men and the raising of a Regiment of Five Hundred men for land service abroad, and the Colony has further undertaken to assume the full cost of this contingent of Five Hundred men during the course of the war.

It is our duty and privilege, as loyal and patriotic citizens of the Empire, to voluntarily assist in supporting this movement, and to raise a fund for that purpose. This Patriotic Fund will be applied primarily in making provision for the dependent relatives of those who undertake to fight the battles of the country and the Empire by land and sea and afterwards to such other objects connected therewith as may be deemed desirable.

The need is great and in the confident expectation that this appeal will evoke a prompt and generous response, we respectfully but strongly urge all who can, to give as liberally as possible towards this most deserving object.

The undersigned, on behalf of the Patriotic Committee appointed to undertake the organization and despatch of this regiment, appeal for subscriptions toward this Fund. Contributions may be sent to the nearest magistrate, to the branches of any of the Banks doing business in the Colony, or to the Treasurer, J. S. MUNN, ESQ., and they will be gratefully acknowledged.

W. E. DAVIDSON, Governor.  
E. P. MORRIS, Prime Minister.  
J. M. KENT, Leader of the Opposition.  
E. R. BOWRING, Chairman Finance Com.

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## GREAT CARDINALS MENTIONED FOR THE PAPAL CHAIR

The Outstanding Figures of the Sacred College of Cardinals

### CONCLAVE OF 1903 BROUGHT SURPRISE

Late Pius X. Was Not Voted For in the First Balloting

THE eyes of all Christendom will be fixed upon the Vatican when the cardinals of the Sacred College will meet in conclave early in September to elect a successor to the late Pope Pius X. It is taken for granted, of course, that the new Pope will be an Italian ecclesiastic, following the tradition of the Church.

Of the thirty odd living Italian cardinals, a dozen at least can no longer be considered candidates for the Pontificate on account of their advanced age. Cardinal Di Pietro is 86, and Cardinal Agliardi is 82.

A conclave never considers as a possible candidate a cardinal over 70. The usual age is between 58 and 70, but there is no fixed minimum age limit.

The outstanding figure in the Sacred College for many years was Cardinal Rampolla, who died on December 17, 1913. His election to the chair of St. Peter was prevented in 1903 by the exercise of the veto at the instigation of the Emperor of Austria. This veto was abolished by Pope Pius X. shortly after his election. Had he lived, Cardinal Rampolla might have reached the papal chair on this occasion, for his following was powerful, and his friends are a factor to be reckoned with in the Sacred College. This group includes such men as Cardinals Agliardi, Rinaldini, Gasparri, Lorenzelli, Di Pietro, Martinelli, Falcone, Granito del Belmonte, and Vice.

**Merry del Val's Position.**  
Cardinal Merry del Val is not mentioned as a candidate while he has against him the tradition according to which never in the history of the Papacy, has a Secretary of State succeeded directly to the Pope under whom he has served.

In addition to those mentioned, seven other cardinals are ineligible. They are Cardinal Boschi, Archbishop of Ferrara, aged 76 years; Cardinal Prisco, one of the last survivors of the Leo Cardinals, and also Archbishop of Naples, who is 78; Cardinals Vincenzo and Serafino Vannutelli, who are respectively 81 and 80; and Cardinal Gotti, the strenuous perfect of the Propaganda, who is 80.

This also explains why many of those who, in 1903, were regarded as most likely to succeed in the final selection of a new Pope, are today no longer available as candidates. Cardinal Gotti, who was then the candidate of the Rampolla party, polling in the first ballot twenty votes against twenty-nine given Cardinal Rampolla.

**The Conclave of 1903.**  
The outcome of the 1903 conclave was a complete surprise to all. Cardinal Sarto had never been spoken of as a possible "papabile." However, after Cardinal Puzze registered the veto against the election of Cardinal Rampolla in the name of the Austrian Emperor, the conclave looked around for a man who had no programme and no known ideas as to the management of church affairs. Cardinal Sarto was then chosen out as a compromise candidate. But he did not want the exalted office. In the conclave he put aside those who proffered their support and begged that they find another candidate. When the ballots began to turn strongly his way, he became his own most strenuous opponent. He took the floor to entreat the Sacred College to desist from the idea of electing him, and strove to show wherein he lacked the requisite necessary to equip him to occupy the papal throne. But his word had a contrary effect. In the dignity, the humility and the great breath of learning disclosed in these discourses the Patriarch of Venice stood before his colleagues as the one man to be placed at the head of the Church. He was chosen on the sixth ballot.

**The Chancery Group.**  
Cardinal Maffi, the scholarly Archbishop of Pisa, seems to have little chance. His first lieutenant, Cardinal DeLai, has been mentioned, but is not considered a strong candidate. Cardinal Ferretti, Secretary of the Congregation of the Holy Office, belongs to what in Vatican circles is known as the Diplomat or Chancery set. This set comprises the most influential Cardinals, who for years have been entrusted with the most delicate missions abroad, always working under the direction of Cardinal Rampolla who made their fortune, and who, from

time to time, called the Pontiff's attention to their work in the interest of the Church.

**The Academy Group.**

Another group to be considered is the co-called Academy set, which comprise the theologians and those who have served the Church in the high seats of culture. It is a small but powerful group of men who, under Pius X. have defended the dogmatic integrity of the Church from the attacks of the revisionists. Cardinal Gotti, the venerable Carmelite Father, Perfect of the Propaganda, is considered the most learned of them all. At 35 years of age he occupied the most important post of theologian to the Vatican Council, and since 1904 had been directing the work of codification of the Canonical Laws. Around him we find Cardinal De Lai, energetic, active, Patron of the Pontifical Theological Academy; Cardinal Loualdi, Archbishop of Palermo, Professor for many years at the Milan Seminary; Cardinal Maffi, who at 21 was already Professor of Philosophy at the Paris Seminary, and who afterwards acquired a great reputation as a naturalist and a meteorologist. The elevation in 1911 to the red hat of Cardinal Billot, Professor of Theology at the Gregorian University in Rome, and of Cardinal Lugare, Assessor to the Holy Office, the most important congregation presided over by the Pope himself, has greatly reinforced this party.

For a long time Cardinal Maffi's rival in Cardinal Gotti's sympathies was Cardinal Richelmy, Archbishop of Turin, who is also considered a moderate, combining the best qualities of the Priest with those of the diplomat. His old friendship for the Royal House of Savoy, ruling in Italy, however, has utterly ruined his chances, and today he is considered a safe man from the point of view of the Vatican tradition. Cardinal Ferrari, Archbishop of Milan, is also known as a "papabile." He is sixty-four.

As to the foreign members of the Sacred College, it is quite impossible to say which of the strong Cardinals they will individually support. Generally they are classified by nations. German and Austrian Cardinals are supposed to be with Cardinal Gotti, while France, Spain and South America are regarded as supporters of the late Cardinal Rampolla's group.

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Pain Remover will relieve all forms of Rheumatism. It has cured others, why not you?  
These reliable remedies are put up and are for sale by  
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Its no use waiting till somebody else gets ahead of you. Now is the time to advertise in The Mail and Advocate.

## GERMANS GOT BIG SURPRISE

When They Saw British Troops in the Field in Belgium—Had No Idea They Had Crossed Over—Numerous German Spies

London, Aug. 25.—While the movements of the British soldiers on the Continent are enveloped in secrecy the newspapers publish extracts from letters written by some of them at the front which throw an interesting side-light on the situation. For instance, a sergeant writes:

"The Germans seem to have pushed their worst troops on the firing line in Belgium, under the impression that anything was good enough to beat the Belgians."

A private writes:  
"Our great trouble is to get away from the French villagers, who offer us wine. After what Kitchener said most of us are strict teetotallers, and will remain until the war is over."

Another private says:  
"German prisoners were astonished to see our uniforms. They never imagined that we had crossed."

A corporal writes:

"German spies are plentiful. They come in all disguises. One was a travelling monk; another a commercial traveller. A third wanted to be attached to our force as a camp follower. They were quickly dealt with by the French."

## PRICES OF FOOD HIGH IN BERLIN

Wheat Sells at 120 Shillings per Quarter (28 pounds) or Three Times as Much as is Asked in London—Poor Hard Hit

London, Aug. 25.—The French fleet's bombardment of the Austrians at Cattaro was presumably part of some combined Anglo-French naval plan in the Mediterranean. The commander of the French fleet, Admiral de la Peroye, having been Minister of Marine, is highly regarded by the British Admiralty, possessing a cool judgment, great courage and immense resource.

**High Prices in Germany**  
The German papers received in London show what wheat was selling in Berlin ten days ago, at 120 shillings per quarter, which is three or four times what Londoners are paying. Messrs. Pathgate & Co., the well known English millers, in a weekly report, say:

"Imagine what would have happened if we had been in the position of Germany, with practically all our immediate and prospective imports cut off in a fortnight."

## GERMAN ARMY TOO HARD HIT TO MOVE AHEAD

Casualties Very Great in Sunday's Battle—French Are Confident

Paris, Aug. 27.—No official communication concerning the progress of the war has been issued this morning.

This lack of news is generally attributed to the supposed inaction of the Germans who are thought to have been too hard hit to resume the general advance.

The French take their check in Belgium quietly and seem to have gained confidence by the reinforcement of the Ministry as announced last night as well as by the strong stand taken by the French forces in Lorraine.

**Relief For Sufferers**  
Do you suffer from any form of stomach complaint?  
Then you are assured of relief and cure, if you take Herb Root, a positive cure for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. Price, \$1.00 per bottle.  
Pain Remover will relieve all forms of Rheumatism. It has cured others, why not you?  
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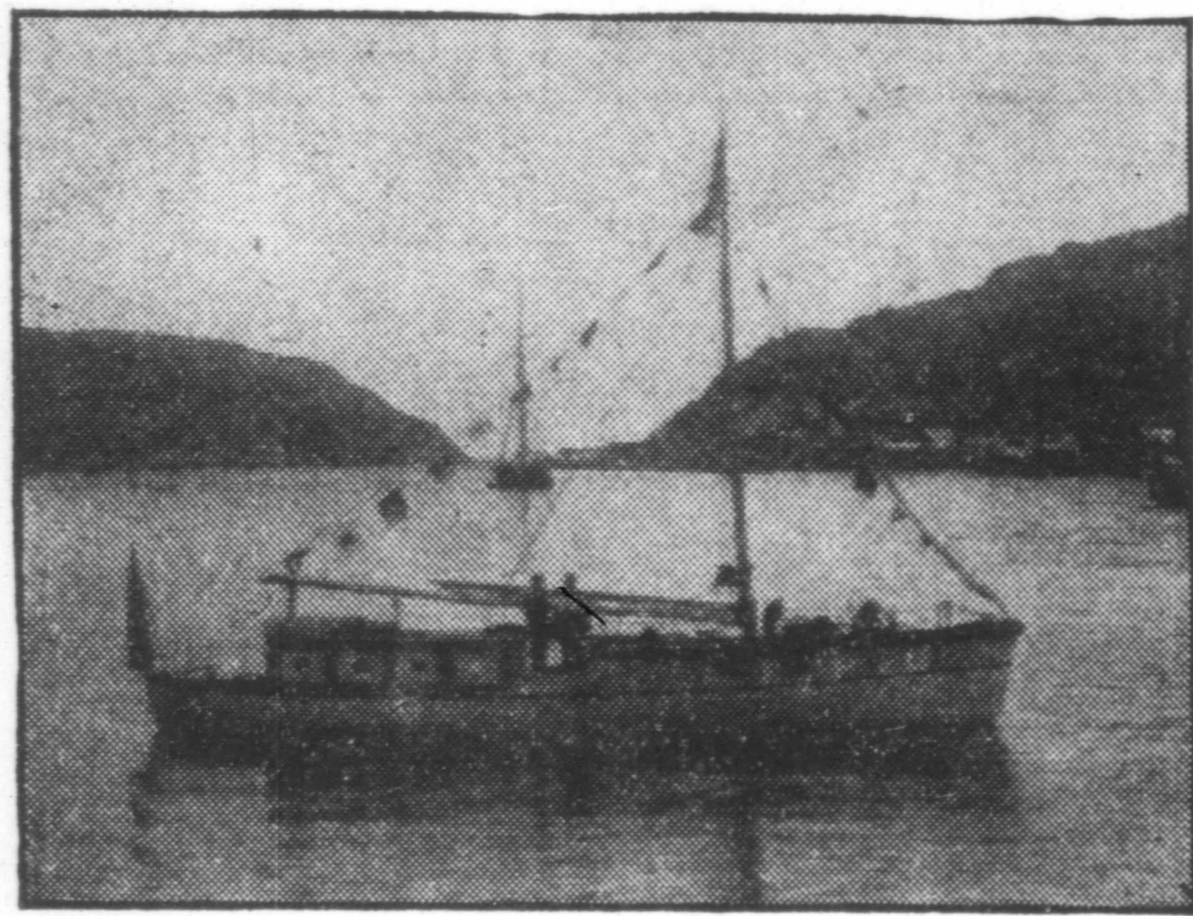
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## For Sale! Motor Boat F.P.U.

Built for R. H. Silver, Esq., at their premises, Greenspond, in 1912. Used by President Coaker the last two summers during his cruises North.

Boat is fitted with a 27 h.p. Fraser Engine, which has given splendid satisfaction. The boat is 40 feet long and 9 feet wide, and would make an ideal mission boat.

She contains sleeping accommodation for four, and tanks for 250 gallons of fuel. Nineteenths of the fuel consumed by the engine is Kero oil.

The reason for selling is, the boat is not large enough for the purpose she is now used for.

The boat cost about \$1800, and is well fitted in every respect. She is provided with sails. She would make a fine boat for collecting bait or for fishery uses. Apply to

**W. F. Coaker.**

### THE PRICE OF A NATION'S HONOR

Sermon by Canon White in the C. of E. Cathedral on Sunday, August 16, Being the Tenth Sunday After Trinity.

Isaiah xxx. 15—"In Returning and Rest Shall Ye Be Saved; In Quietness and Confidence Shall be Your Strength."

It is hardly possible for a congregation composed of citizens of the British Empire to meet together to-day without a thought of the great national crisis confronting us. What is in all parts and upon all lips during the week cannot be quite thrust on one side even in those solemn moments when we meet to worship or to implore God's guidance and blessing for the ordinary duties or trials of our daily life.

It is not however necessary that I should dwell upon the causes nearer or more remote which have resulted in the outbreak of a war of unprecedented magnitude in which our own Empire has to struggle for its very existence. It will suffice if I say in this connection that England could not have held aloof excepting at the risk of her national honor; and for that her wisest and most place-loving statesmen have felt she must be willing to pay even the heaviest price.

England has counted the cost. There is ample proof of that. Any one who is at all aware of what transpired in those days of awful suspense which preceded the declaration of war, must have felt how keen was the sense of responsibility experienced by the King and his Counsellors—how earnestly they desired and laboured to preserve the peace of Europe.

Whatever be the outcome England's hands are clean as she takes the sword. She seeks no acquisition of territory; her efforts are defensive not offensive; her integrity and her life are at stake. This is the conviction that is calling out the whole-hearted response of the Empire from one end to the other, and this is the conviction that will at once check flippant talk of England's superiority, and demand and receive the large measures of sacrifice which loyalty implies.

OUR own Colony is precluded from talking what might be regarded as an important share in the defence of the nation—here are signs that we shall not withhold what is in our power to give. We ought not to desire immunity from our share of the burden which circumstances have been forced upon the nation. Although our actual participation in the struggle may be comparatively slight it is certain that we in common with Britishers everywhere must be prepared to bear our part as worthily as they.

This is neither the time nor the place to discuss the question as to how and to what degree we are to be represented amongst the forces of the Empire. Here and to-day we meet as those who share a common burden imposed by the stern reality of a horrible war. It is an hour of trouble and danger, in which we surely must feel that there is great and pressing need to implore Divine guidance for our rulers, and all authority; Divine protection for those whose duty it is to place themselves in positions of imminent peril with all the possibilities of suffering and loss; Divine consolation for those who have been, or shall be called upon to mourn the loss of precious lives on land or sea.

Whatever besides we may yet be called upon to do, this is a time when those who believe in God—God who hears His people's prayer—should betake themselves to prayer. It might not be God's will that the scourge of war should be speedily withdrawn; it might not make for a lasting peace if it were; but there is need for us to pray.

God does not send war: He permits it. Human self-will has to be disciplined by suffering; but in such times of anxiety we may discover those secrets of our inward peace those sources of strength and endurance which are not and cannot be secured by the most perfect equipment of armed forces. "In returning and rest shall ye be saved; in quietness and confidence shall be your strength."

A moment's consideration ought to make it plain how wide a scope there is for earnest prayer at such a time as this. Even if we were convinced that there is no justification for England's interference—the consequences of such interference are at once evident. I have already suggested that those directly concerned in the conduct of war from the King down to the rawest recruit impose upon us Christians the duty of prayer on their behalf. Some of our own sons may possibly have to be included amongst those on active service. But whether they are or not the scope of our prayers is not narrow-

ed, nor should they be confined to those alone who are directly concerned with this struggle.

The presence of a national crisis of such proportions is bound to effect—already effecting every part of our national life—domestic—social—industrial. Rich and poor are affected. Abnormal conditions obtain—much anxiety and it may be suffering, are hardly avoidable. We want all the help we can get to meet these changed conditions calmly, quietly, resolutely, confidently, and to carry ourselves in them not only as Britishers should, but as Britishers who wait upon God.

And further, we cannot hope for unbroken success. If victory comes, we must pay the price: if it be denied us: we must face defeat humbly and without losing heart.

What I plead for is, that in victory or defeat, in the inevitable trials and anxieties, personal or national, of such a time as this, we may not forget God; but may with penitence for past neglect use the opportunities which are ours day by day and Sunday by Sunday and in Common Prayer and Eucharist, seek the presence of God.

Let us try to realize that we are to face with great realities. Nothing was more striking in England the other day, when people saw that nothing could avert war, than the calm quiet manner in which preparation was being made. There was little or no excitement. Still less was there any wild boasting of England's might upon the seas. It was felt that in front of the nation stood the grim realities of a fierce life and death struggle and all the horrors that must accompany it.

THE people of England have known, and do not forget what war means; now they feel that they have to face a war to save the Empire from being broken up. We have to learn amidst the smoke of battle that the future is to be. If the Empire is to be saved, it has to be done at a tremendous sacrifice—it means tears, and blood, and widowhood, and fatherless children, and pain and death. And these are great realities. It is well that we should ponder over the price we have to pay for our honor's sake.

But, it seems to me that such a sacrifice constitutes the strongest possible appeal to the Christian and the Church. It challenges us all to put into exercise our constantly repeated profession of faith in love and mercy of God.

I believe England was never more justified than she is to-day in going to war. It is for justice, for freedom, for righteousness. And therefore we Christians should definitely, regularly, seriously make our prayers to God to overrule for good the evils which war brings.

We may be sure that nothing will be left undone to maintain and preserve intact the heritage we have so long enjoyed; but perhaps the best contribution many of us can make is to show that we believe in God by fixing to Him in prayer on behalf of all who are effected by the war.

Why should it be regarded as an unnatural thing for Christians to do so deliberately turn to the God they worship and supplicate His guidance and protection in a time of Peril? The act itself would go far to remove the danger of panic, or of excitement, and would bring about a calm, quiet, confidence that is so necessary in times of stress.

"Quietness and confidence!"—These are the possession of people who count the cost and determine that some what may they will try to do their duty. But more truly still do they belong to those who have committed their cause to the judgment of God, believing that perfect wisdom and perfect love are working for the best.

#### READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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I make a specialty of Mail Order Tailoring and can guarantee good fitting and stylish garments to measure. A trial order solicited.

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MERCHANT TAILOR,  
ST. JOHN'S.

(Next door to F.P.U. office.)  
Jan 20, tu, th, sat

### RUSSIA UNITED TO GRAPPLE WITH GERMAN MENACE

Peasants Enthusiastic in Offering Their Lives For Their Country

#### NONE FOR PARTY ALL FOR THE STATE

Every Class and Every Nationality Actuated by Common Patriotism

London, Aug. 24.—"It is impossible to relate a title of the amazing things that have happened in Russia during the last ten days," says a letter to The Daily Chronicle written in St. Petersburg on August 12. It continues:

"Russia is not recognizable, or rather that haunting beauty of Russia which those of us who live here gropingly and often sadly feel and love has suddenly shone forth radiantly from out of the heavy clouds of failure and defeat that have bidden it for so many years.

"Russia is full of moral energy. She has never displayed it with the same vigor as now at any period of her history. Russia feels herself for once to be morally in the right.

#### No Rioting in Country.

"Russia's internal condition was deplorable," says the correspondent. The Poles, Finns and Jews were embittered by the Government's policy of oppression. The Duma was divided and helpless. Strikes were spreading. There were serious riots in St. Petersburg.

All Russia is mobilizing; the peasants, the workmen and the strikers of the week before, students, teachers, and lawyers—all dropped their work without a murmur and joined the ranks.

"I had half expected mobilization riots in the country districts like those which occurred during the Japanese war, but friends from the south, the west and the east declare that all Russia is as one man. Everywhere the people are going to war to die for our country, as the peasants say.

#### Drink Shops Closed

"The drink shops were closed, and all went soberly and sternly expecting no easy victories, and prepared for a long and hard struggle.

"For the first time in his reign the Russian Emperor is cut off now from these German influences which egged him on to ruinous reaction. His Majesty came out on the balcony of his palace to greet an immense throng of his people.

"The Duma gave stirring expressions of the nation's feeling. The fanatical reactionary Pourishkevitch actually shook hands with his bitter enemy, the Cadet leader, Milioukoff. Representatives of various nationalities, the Poles, the Letts, the Lithuanians, the Russian Germans and most striking of all, the Jews, stood up and declared whatever they had suffered they would lay aside their grievances in this hour of great trial and fight side by side with the Russian people. Will the Government be capable of seizing this splendid opportunity for making a permanent peace with all its peoples?"

#### FREE TO BOYS AND GIRLS

Watches, Printing Outfits, Cameras, Footballs, Fountain Pens, etc., for selling 25 of our Beautiful Art Pictures, size 16x20 at 20c. each. Write for some today. Address GOLD MEDAL ART CO., P.O. Box 63, St. John's.

### For Sale!

#### ONE MOTOR BOAT

Very pretty model, in good condition, with 8 horse power Motor Engine, new this year. The Boat and Engine will be sold at a bargain if applied for immediately.

**SMITH CO., Ltd.**

## Come Up to DEVINE'S on the Corner

### BIG TEN DAYS OPENING SALE.

See the Men's Shirts at 50c.

75s. Shirt for 50c., Negligee, daintily striped—they're all talking about them.

See the Boots for Men, \$3.00 and \$3.50 regular for \$2.50. Good stuff.

See the Ladies' 4 strap Oxfords with a four dollarish look for \$2.70.

Take a glance at the beautiful Baby Beds. Regular \$20.00. Now \$16.00.

Wall Papers with Borders to match from 20c. up.

Come right along to this great event.



New Stock Winchester, Eley's and Kynock's

### Rifle & Shot Cartridges

Double & Single Barrel Breech Loading Guns

Double & Single Barrel Muzzle Loading Guns

Single Shot and Repeating Rifles.

Also, the above can be supplied in damaged stock, which we are selling at very low prices.

P.S. All the above can and will be supplied in new stock unless otherwise ordered

### Also a stock of the FAMOUS "ROSS" RIFLE Martin Hardware Co. Ltd.

Front and Rear Next West of Old Store

## A Between-Seasons Suggestion

We have in stock just a very few exquisite Evening Gowns, one or two actual Paris Models, others exact copies of Paris Gowns. As these are decidedly advance style they will be the correct mode for the Fall Season, and we are selling them off at greatly reduced prices to make room for our large Autumn Stock. Two particularly lovely Gowns are briefly described below.

¶ Gown of Sheer White Lace mounted on fine Brussels net lining. It has the new three tier skirt; Waist and Sleeves of Lace, in soft, graceful draping; Vest caught with tiny crystals; and wide crushed girde of Pale Blue Satin

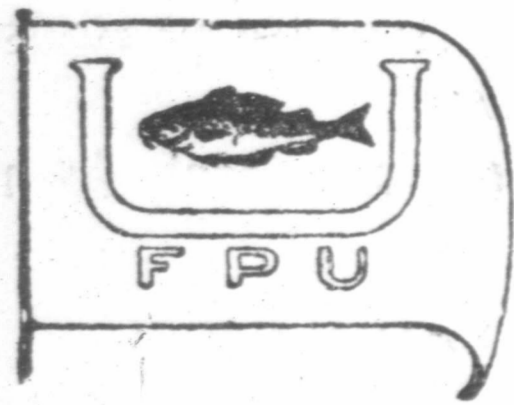
¶ Elegant Gown of Black Chiffon over soft White Lace, lined throughout with White Silk; handsome and effective trimming of rich Helio Velvet.

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at import prices.  
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(To Every Man His Own.)

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The publication of any letter does not signify that the Editor thereby shows his agreement with the opinions there in expressed.  
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ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., AUG. 29, 1914.

**OUR POINT OF VIEW**

**A New Government**

THE topic of the city conversation last evening and this morning was the proposal of the Union Party to Sir E. P. Morris to resign and form a new government embracing all political opinions in order to secure unity and harmony in Newfoundland during the continuance of this tremendous war. The proposal was almost universally favored and supported by the citizens of St. John's, and many of the Government's supporters openly favored it. Many consider it is the only cure for existing evils and the only possible alternative to a divided country even during the ensuing period of war.

It is apparent that the North will not accept any suggestion from the present Government and will bitterly resent any attempt to increase the taxes of the poor man even as a war tax. Their chief objections are based on the fact that so much of the public moneys have been so outrageously wasted during the past five years and the certain knowledge that no reforms can be expected from the men comprising the present Government.

An appeal made by or through the present Government to the men of the North will fall on deaf ears. Nothing will induce them to support any movement coming from the men comprising the present Government.  
We know the Northern people and we know their feelings better than any other man in the Colony and this paper speaks for them and it expresses their wishes, and what we state may be taken by all as coming from the solid body of Unionists in the country.

It is not Coaker's ideas as so many imagine and assert, that we express. Mr. Coaker is but the mouthpiece of an organization that embraces three-fifths of the Colony.

MR. COAKER is in constant communication with 225 harbors weekly. He communicates with every Council every week. He knows exactly what they need and how they think and what this paper advances is but a mirror of the feelings of the 22,000 men composing the F.P.U.  
We assert and we defy successful contradiction, that the people of the

North are more indignant over public affairs to-day than they have been at any time since the Union was established. It is impossible for men residing here to grasp the situation as it appears to the fishermen.

The fishermen of Placentia Bay, Burin District and Fortune District are now strongly sympathetic with the F.P.U. movement and are in constant touch with President Coaker and are following his advice in commercial matters; consequently the F.P.U. has a far greater hold upon the toilers than it did last fall and when we proposed, as we did yesterday, a solution of the terrible condition existing in "our country" at this time, we proposed what would be acceptable to the toilers and what we felt was in the best interest of the country and the Empire.

The fishermen of this Colony are loyal subjects of the King and love the Empire, and are willing to die to defend it, but they will not be convinced that what the present Government proposes is in their best interests or that of their country, because they have absolutely no confidence in the doings of the Government.

Our fishermen are not like laboring people or tradesmen or toilers who derive their living from working on the land as employees. Our fishermen have always been their own masters and free to act and think as they wish and they recognize no such thing as discipline or being bossed as serfs once were.

They must be led and not driven. They are as brave as any body of men living. They can endure hardships and privations that would knock out an ordinary tradesman of any nationality. They can work for 20 hours out of 24. They have been drilled from youth into making two hours sleep suffice out of 24 hours during the caplin school.

NO body of men in the world are better fitted for serving on warships as reserves, but we warn all concerned that it is useless to expect to get the best out of a fisherman if he is driven and bossed and abused and his feelings outraged.

The ordinary British naval officer do not understand a fisherman's disposition. There is no man living that will take affront more readily than a fisherman if he is not treated properly and to treat him properly one must recognize the peculiar circumstances surrounding a fisherman from his boyhood up.

THOSE who have libelled the Naval Reservists and scattered those unfounded rumors about their conduct during the past few weeks are not the proper ones to judge their actions or are capable of understanding them.  
The officers on the Calypso will have to mend their manners and their haughty attitude towards our fishermen who come under their instructions or the Naval Reserve movement will soon be a dead letter.

Some of those officers regard the fishermen just as they would a squad of chaps picked up in the cities of the great English towns. Therein lay their chief mistake.

Newfoundland fishermen will fight for the British flag as stubbornly and as freely as any soldiers of the King but they must be allowed to do it in their own way and under officers they respect and have confidence in.

We venture to assert that men like Capt. Will Winsor, Geo. Barbour, Jesse Winsor, Baxter Barbour, Jos. Kean, Bob Bartlett, Ed. Bishop and Dan Bragg would handle crews of Newfoundland fishermen on a warship under trained supervision in a manner that would amaze the world.

We venture to assert that if Britain's naval hour of need called for the aid of all her suitable sons to smash a Germany navy, that 10,000 fishermen in Newfoundland would respond in 48 hours.

It is on the sea our fishermen feel at home and when the naval situation requires their aid they will be found eager to engage the foe.

REFERRING to our proposal of yesterday, in our humble opinion Sir E. P. Morris must accept some such solution of the present situation or he will soon be confronted with a solution one hundred per cent. worse than that which he now faces.

We have done our duty and offered to meet him half way and upon him must fall the responsibility of all that must ensue in event of things continuing as they are.

**Britannia Triumphant**

EVIDENTLY tired of waiting inactively for the German commanders to muster up courage enough to come out from their hiding-place at Heligoland, the British Admirals made up their minds to at least "scotch" the Kaiser's fleet.

And very effectively they did it. The Germans thought they were quite secure beneath the frowning batteries of their much-vaunted North Sea base.

**Just Read Over This Programme at the Nickel for the Week-End**

A PATHE PLAY IN TWO PARTS

**THE DEATH SONG.**

With the celebrated Actress ASTA NIELSEN in the leading role. She was just his wife until she found she had a voice—but then she became an artist with a career, it brought her money and fame and the love of a celebrated composer. The husband was left behind—until he realized it. What he did and how it affected the other two—that's the crux of this big, effective picture.

**The Widow Maloney's Faith.**

A beautiful Irish drama produced in two parts

**The Price of Thoughtlessness.**

Produced under the Auspices of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Childrens safety Crusade. Let the children see this picture "DYED, BUT NOT DEAD," a Biograph Comedy "CANALS OF VENICE—ITALY," Interesting travalogue

And by special request we will repeat

OUR OWN BIG LOCAL FEATURE—H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AT THE OFFICIAL OPENING OF BOWRING PARK AS USUAL THE CHILDREN'S BUMPER MATINEE SATURDAY EXTRA PICTURE.

**WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION**

Lady Davidson appeals to the Women of Newfoundland to do their utmost to aid the sick and wounded of the British forces and their allies at the Front.

For this purpose a meeting will be held at the British Hall ON MONDAY, AUGUST 31st, at 4 p.m., to organize working parties, and other ways of helping the defenders of the Empire.

All are earnestly invited to attend.

A Fund will ultimately be started to pay for materials, and donations, however small, will be gratefully accepted.

The names of those appointed to receive donations will be published after the meeting Monday.

**WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION.**

But they weren't. British ships were off there; British officers commanded them and the "Jackies" were all of the same indomitable class as those who, under Nelson and other admirals, of immortal memory, made Great Britain "Mistress of the Seas."

MAYBE Germany never heard of the spirit of dare-devil courage which led Drake to sail into Cadiz harbor in the days of the great Armada and singe the King of Spain's beard so notably.

It is traditions such as these which impel the officers and sailors of our British Navy to notable deeds. It was doubtless the inspiration and the lessons of the glorious past that led those serving under Jellicoe to beat the German's in their own waters and teach them what British courage and British genius can accomplish on the High Seas.

So the British ships in the words of the brief official announcement, delivered a "smashing blow" at the German fleet.

Three German cruisers were sunk. Also "many others were damaged," in fact "all the German cruisers thus engaged, were disposed of."

The victory was complete. The flagship Lion was in the thickest of the fight. She is a battle-cruiser of 27,000 tons. Her supporting cruisers were the Queen Mary, the Princess Royal and the New Zealand, all ships of the same class as the Lion, but the latter of less tonnage.

All honor to Beatty, Moore, Christian, Tyrwitt and Goode-nough, "Admirals All," who have earned the right to be classed with Drake and Nelson and the numerous other great forbears of the British Navy.

**TO THE EDITOR**

ACT FAIR.

(Editor Mail and Advocate)  
Dear Sir,—Now that the House of Assembly is about to open and the matter of raising money will have to be faced, I would suggest two ways whereby a considerable income could be raised without bearing unduly hard on our people.

One is a stamp tax. Let the Assembly pass an Act whereby no receipt would be legal unless a stamp was affixed. The denomination to be graded from 1/2 to 10 cents in proportion to the amount involved. The other is death duties. Before an heir could take possession of a bequest, he would have to pay a certain percentage to the revenue.

Further, I cannot see why the



**The Best Carbon Paint**

Everjet is a lustrous black carbon paint that combines the qualities of cheapness and durability. It is a bituminous product and is elastic, adhesive; will not rub, peel or scale; will not become brittle and crack; is impervious to moisture; can be used in any climate; resists all action of acids, alkalis, gases, steam vapors, etc.

Everjet is suitable for use on all exposed iron and woodwork.

Booklet on request.

**Colin Campbell,**  
85 Water Street.

**LOOK OUT NOW!**

Everybody's doing it now! Doing what? Why, reading The Mail and Advocate of course. It's surely the house paper now! Without doubt the most widely circulated in the country.

**A Suggestion**

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

Dear Sir,—Now that the baseball season of 1914 is over and the championship is won by the Shamrocks, I would ask that the league consider the advisability of holding another series on the knockout system, to be played during the remaining holidays. I, as an ardent follower of the game, must congratulate the Shamrocks on their wonderful work and without mentioning any player in particular, must compliment the manager, Billy O'Neill, who, to a great extent is responsible for the champions' showing. His work in forming the club and bringing it to the top of the league in the second year of its

**KING WILLIAM THE MURDERER!**

We know of William the Conqueror, and history has no great quarrel with him. He is over nine hundred years ago.

But William the Murderer is in Berlin to-day, and all the world thinks of him as the most blood-guilty man of modern times; and as one who for the murder of thousands of his own subjects and of thousands of inoffensive Belgians during the past three days ought to be hanged first and tried afterwards!

And all for what? To feed his own insatiable lust for power and dominion realized over a million corpses and untold of cruelties inflicted on millions more of innocent women and children!

Any revolution started in Berlin to depose or remove this Moloch, this Demoniac of our day would be supported by that civilization of which he is the curse.

The ghoul fed on corpses, the vampire on human lives; the madman in Berlin is the Ghoul and the Vampire of All History!

And we arraign the German peoples for allowing this Madman to pursue, for another day, his unholy lust, and if they fail to stop him, then of being the craven tools thereof.—Toronto World.

existence is very praiseworthy. The team is, with one exception, all natives, all born in Newfoundland, and next year we will look forward to further successes.

I understand the prize is a silver cup and I think the league should provide gold medals as individual prizes.

—A FAX.

St. John's, Aug. 26.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

S.S. Frederick Joseph, Capt. Wold, arrived at Clarendville yesterday with rails for the R. N. Co.

**DR. LEHR,**  
DENTIST, 203  
WATER ST.  
BEST QUALITY  
TEETH AT  
\$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED—PAINLESSLY—25c.

**BOYS' CLOTHING.**

**Lowest Prices. Largest Stock.**

We wish to call your special attention to our Boys' Department which is well stocked with the best and leading patterns in Boys' Suits.

**Clyde Suits.**

This very smart School or Sunday Suit is very much sought for. Two Garment Suit with Belt on Long Coat and Fancy Collar.

For Boys age 2 to 8 years, according to Size & Quality

**\$1.40 to \$4.40**

**Boys' Suffolk Suits.**

This make of Suit is quite the latest out, but is already a great favorite and with the Sham Vest looks exceedingly smart.

For Boys age 4 to 13 years, according to Size & Quality

**\$1.90 to \$3.50**

**Norfolk Suits.**

Two Garment Suits always sure to please the most exacting tastes made in the very latest Scotch and English Tweeds, \$1.60 to \$5.00, according to Size and Quality. For age 2 to 13 years, Navy Serge,

**\$2.60 to \$4.80**



**Conway Suit.**

A beautifully Cut Three Garment Suit to fit Boys age 3 to 6 years, exceptional value; usual price \$4.00 to \$4.50. Special Price

**\$3.00 to \$3.30.**

**Rugby Suits.**

Suitable for all weathers and occasions, can be had in Long or Short Pants. Tweed Short Pants, \$2.90 to \$7.40. Navy Serge, \$3.50 to \$6.10, for age 10 to 17 years.

Long Pants Suit for age 13 to 17 years, according to Size and Quality

**\$2.90 to 7.90.**



**Kensington Suits.**

About a dozen Suits we are offering at giving away prices for Boys age 3 to 6 years; usual price \$1.50 to \$3.60. Special Price

**90c. to \$2.40.**

**Sailor Suits.**

Navy Blue Serge, very strong and durable, and always looks smart and dressy for age 2 to 8 years, according to Size and Quality

**90c. to \$4.40.**

**GEO. KNOWLING.**

## The Daily Short Story

### MAN OF BUSINESS

By Selma Elizabeth Higgins

"DONT stand in your own light, Hilda. Mr. Armitage is a rising man of business, and many a girl would consider herself lucky to receive the attentions he has shown you."

"Mother, his attentions are more than distasteful to me. I cannot bear to even have him speak to me."

"There are a good many reasons why you should encourage him," declared Hilda Marson's stepmother.

The girl's lips closed tightly. A worried, anxious look came over her face. She put on her wraps and left her humble home for her daily work.

The worldly advice of her stepmother had made little impression upon Hilda. Mr. James' Armitage was practically her employer. He was in full charge of the silk factory of Meserve & Co., one of several operated by that wealthy firm. Hilda's father had been engineer of the plant half his life time. Her brother, Bob, was in charge of the shipping room. A smaller brother was grand boy in the office. Hilda had light agreeable work in the sample department.

It was only recently that the Meserves had felt that prospects were brightening for them. A strike, sickness, the failure of a bank carrying away their savings, had brought about a hard experience. Now, with all hands at work the future looked encouraging.

Armitage had come to the plant about a year previous. From the first Hilda had felt repelled by him. He had a hard, cynical face. He was pitiless in his exactions with the workmen. He was a widower, and Hilda had heard that his wife had died of a broken heart.

Armitage had seemed to take a fancy to Hilda, as the thoughtless Mrs. Mason put it in her shallow way. When on two occasions recently he had asked permission to take Hilda to places of entertainment, she had not enjoyed his company, and was glad to get home again.

"I wouldn't wipe my shoes on the wretch," a discharged office girl told Hilda, meeting her on the street. "He is a snake, a tyrant. He discharged me out of sheer meanness, and all the girls despise him. One good thing—he won't be here long."

"Why not?" asked Hilda.

"I shan't tell you, but you'll see. I do hope you are not falling in love with him."

Hilda protested indignantly. She evaded Armitage, and twice when he called managed to be out of the way. Hence her stepmother's advice.

A new interest came into the life of Hilda one day. Armitage passed through the sample department accompanied by a bright-faced athletic young man. The latter seemed interested in everything he saw. Something about the neat graceful Hilda held his glance. She noticed it and flushed, but his look was so pleasant she could not feel offended.

"He is a Mr. Harold Macy," a companion told Hilda. "He has come well recommended to Mr. Armitage, and is going to be a kind of a overseer."

Armitage was absent for several days inspecting another mill. It was a happy week for Hilda. The new employee passed through her department frequently. From the first he had a pleasant word for her. Then he began to question her about her work and its details. One evening he was strolling past her home when he met her. There was a band concert going on in the public square. The young man asked for her company there. Both enjoyed the concert.

Mrs. Mason gave Hilda a great lecture when she got home. "Spoiling her chances," "out of respect for Mr. Armitage," were some of the pointed phrases she used. But Hilda could not help thinking of the many young fellow whose bright natural ways had opened a new chapter in the book of her young life.

A few evenings later young Macy called at the Mason home. But for the glum looks of Mrs. Mason, it was a second happy occasion for

### A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN

Every successful business man can give reasons for his prosperity. Most essential to any success is a careful and ceaseless attention to details. Every well conducted office or store in the world finds that simple and effective filing systems are an absolute necessity. No employer will waste his own time or allow waste with his staff by using old fashioned methods. The benefits derived from the time and money-saving system which "Globe-Wernicke" devices encourage are self-evident. Not a paper can go astray when the "Safeguard" method of this Company is used. And no matter how complicated your filing problem, no matter how peculiar, no matter how small or how large, the "Globe-Wernicke" can provide you with the equipment that will place every record at your finger tips. Why not investigate? Mr. Percie Johnson represents the "Globe" in Newfoundland.



We unhesitatingly recommend Magic Baking Powder as being the best, purest and most healthful baking powder that it is possible to produce. CONTAINS NO ALUM. All ingredients are plainly printed on the label.

**MAGIC BAKING POWDER**

E.W. GILLET CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT. WINNIPEG - MONTREAL

Hilda. It made her happier still when she fancied she noted something in his eyes, that told her was thinking of her with a warmer sentiment than of simple friendship.

Armitage, returned, came into the room where she sat at work next morning. He was pale and stern looking. He forced a smile, as if asking a welcome. Hilda reluctantly touched the hand he extended. He tried to retain it, but she arose to her feet.

"I heard of your having quite a social time during my absence," insinuated the manager. "Hilda," and he came a step nearer, and his eyes had an eager, sinister glow. "The time has come when circumstances force me to reveal my feelings towards you. I have spoken to your mother; I wish you to become my wife."

"Oh, Mr. Armitage!" breathed Hilda tremulously. "You must not—that is, I cannot—cannot ever marry you."

"Because, I suppose," sneered the manager with a dark scowl. "You have taken up with this new employee, Macy?"

It was coarsely said. Words and manner were offensive. Hilda bridled.

"Mr. Macy is a gentleman and a dear friend of mine," she said staunchly, as though defending him from aspersion.

"He shall not remain here long to cross my path!" cried Armitage savagely. "Come, Hilda, be reasonable." He added in a pleading tone. "At least consider my appeal. I truly love you. I can give you comfort, luxury, a social position far beyond your own."

He could not but note firm denial in her eyes; more than that, positive aversion. It maddened him. Armitage sprang towards Hilda and threw an arm around her.

"You shall become my wife," he cried. "I am not used to being crossed in my plans. Girl, do you understand that I hold the welfare of your

family in my hands? I can turn you and your father and brothers out of your positions. Only love me, and they shall be well taken care of."

In an excess of emotion the manager attempted to kill Hilda. With a scream she beat his face with both her hands.

"That will do," spoke a calm but masterful voice, and Armitage was hurled to the other end of the room.

"You!" panted the manager recognizing young Macy, his eyes blazing with fury. "You are discharged from my employ. Out of here at once, or I will have you thrown out."

"Your employ?" repeated young Macy. "My man, I advise you to get to the office and be ready for an accounting, which will be demanded of you by my father, the owner of this business. I have telegraphed him and he will be here to-morrow. A discharged girl employ gave us a hint of your double dealings in dividing sales profits with our clients. I came here under an assumed name to get the details. My correct name is Victor Meserve."

Like the craven he was, Armitage slunk from the room. With a slight twinkle in his eye, young Meserve turned to the astonished Hilda.

"Miss Mason—Hilda," he said, "judging from what you just told that man, you intend to remain a spinster. Still, recalling your kind words about myself, I must hope that you will allow me one favor."

"What—what is it?" faltered Hilda, red as a rose.

"To ask your parents if we may become engaged," was the earnest reply, and Hilda did not say him nay.

### NICKEL PROGRAM SPECIALLY GOOD

The programme at the Nickel Theatre as will be seen by this paper is one which will afford pleasure to all patrons.

There are two two-reel pictures, each of which is a work of great art, and have been highly praised by the press abroad.

One is a Pathe play, "The Death Song," in which the celebrated actress Asta Nielsen is in the leading role. The other two-reel film is, "The Widow Maloney's Faith," a beautiful romantic Irish drama, all the photographs being taken in the Emerald Isle.

"Canals of Venice, Italy," is a delightful travelogue. "Died but not Dead," is a Biograph comedy.

By special request the big local feature H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught at the official opening of Bowring Park will be repeated.

### FISHERY BETTER AT EXPLOITS

Exploits, Aug. 17.—Fish is a little better with hooks to-day than last week but bait is very scarce; most of the traps are taken up. No traps here got anything like a voyage.

The schr. "Y Whom" is back from Halifax again. She will take another load of herring for that city.

Schr. "Diver Jack," owned by Josiah Manuel & Sons, arrived to-day. The crew have been paid off and the schooner is lying up.

Just a sign of squid to-day. Sea is so high that it is no time for fishing, so most of the boats are gone getting mussels for bait.

Fishing boats are all out to-day, the sea having gone down but blowing a strong breeze from the South and rain.

Mr. Ches. Bowden, of St. John's, accompanied her as far as Lewisporte.

Miss Brett from Morton's Harbor arrived here this morning to take charge of the Exploit's Methodist School.

Miss A. E. Sceviour also left for Pouch Cove to take charge of a school there. This is Miss Sceviour's first experience teaching and we wish her every success. Miss A. M. Sceviour left for home to-day by the Clyde. He has spent his week off here and returned to take up his work again at Ayre & Sons.

### STORMY WEATHER VERY LITTLE FISH

Exploits, Aug. 22.—Weather has been very stormy for fishermen to do much. Some of the boats got a barrel yesterday. There seems to be a little fish, but no bait.

Five dollars is offered for fish here now, but the E.P.U. offers \$6.00.

Flour is selling for \$8.00 per barrel—Five Roses; sugar about 8 cents per pound.

Almost everyone is awaiting the arrival of the E.P.U. flour to procure their winter's stock.

S.S. Earl of Devon arrived here from North to-day and Prospero yesterday. Seems strange for two steamers to be chasing one another a year like this when a smaller one could carry all the freight.

His Excellency has been notified that at the regular meeting of Lodge "Empire" No. 270 Sons of England, Benefit Society, held on the 18th inst., it was unanimously passed—"That this Lodge do hereby guarantee that if any of its members volunteer for active service to the King, we will arrange to keep the brother in good standing in this Lodge."

The annual flower service at the C. E. Cemetery takes place to-morrow afternoon at 3. The C.L.B. Band will be in attendance.

### ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

The **S. A. College** Re-Opens **TUESDAY, September 1st.**

### HERRING NETS!

Just received: A large stock.

Star Nets, all sizes, Standard Nets, all sizes.

Wholesale and Retail.

**BURRELL'S** English Mixed Paints

Highest quality obtainable at a very low price.

**FELT.** 1, 2 and 3 Ply.

**SHEATHING PAPER**

**STEER BROS.**

## Hosiery!

EVERY LADY, desirous of a keen bargain in Hosiery, should pay an early visit and inspect our stock.

Large quantities of **FANCY EMBROIDERED HOSE** from **25c. to 65c.**

**OPENWORK HOSE** **35c. to 90c.**

**CASHMERE HOSE** Plain and Ribbed.

At Prices to suit all Purses.

All Sizes in Children's Hose.

**Anderson's,** Grace Building.

## CANNED MEATS!

are at present being quoted at a considerable advance over last years prices.

We offer at a reasonable figure:

500 Cases	24 1's	Cooked Corned Beef
450 "	12 2's	Cooked Corned Beef
650 "	24 1's	Roast Beef
250 "	12 2's	Roast Beef

You will save money by stocking from this shipment which was **Secured Before the Advance.**

**HEARN & COMPANY**

**ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.**

THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROTCHILD, C.V.O. Chairman  
ROBERT LEWIS, General Manager.

**TOTAL ASSETS Exceed \$120,000,000.**

Fire Insurance of every description effected.

**LEONARD ASH, Carbonear,** Sub-Agent for Carbonear District.

**BAINE, JOHNSTON & CO.** Agents for Newfoundland.

## Stoves! Stoves!

Tinware! Tinware!

We have received a shipment of **STOVES** "Star Stirling," "Improved Success," "Improved Standard."

We also carry a large stock of **Tin Kettles, Boats Kettles, Measures and Funnels.**

Local Councils and Union Stores requiring such goods should order at once.

**Fishermen's Union** Trading Co., Limited.

# Invictus SHOES

Only at this Store can the far-famed **Invictus Shoes** Be Purchased

More Handsome Shoes or More Satisfactory Shoes are not to be had at any price.

Our New Stock Has Just Arrived.

All styles, shapes and leathers may be had in **Invictus Shoes**

**MARSHALL BROS.**



NEWS OF THE CITY AND THE OUTPORTS.

'MONITOR' SAILS WITH 3,000 QTLS.

General Fishery Reports Have No Improvements To Relate

Schr. Monitor left Blanc Sablon yesterday with 3,000 qtls. of green codfish for the Gorton Pew Co., Gloucester.

Aug. 22.—From F. R. Denham, Eagle Point to Mall Bay.—The total catch is 7,735 qtls. but for the last week nil. No traps, dories or skiffs are fishing. Prospects are exceedingly poor and there is no sign of squid yet.

Aug. 22.—From H. R. Clinton, Boxey Point to Pt. Euragee: Ballebram and Point Enragee excluded—No traps are out but thirty dories are still fishing. Three bankers have arrived here. Prospects are fair and if bait could be obtained something might be done with cod by trawlers. There is fair fishing with nets. The total catch is 7,295 qtls. and for last week 1,650.

Aug. 22.—From W. Cunningham, Caplin John North to Indian Burying Place—Prospects are very poor, bait being scarce. Stormy weather and fog has hindered the fishermen and very little is being done along this shore. There is no squid yet. The total catch is 1,260 qtls. with 150 for last week. Eighteen traps and fifty boats are fishing.

WEEK END SHOWS WELL PATRONISED

The week-end performance at the Nickel Theatre last evening was witnessed by a large number of citizens.

The two two-reel films "The Death Song" and "Widow Mahoney's Faith" were splendid pictures and were watched with the greatest interest.

"The Price of Thoughtlessness," which was produced under the auspices of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Children Safety Crusade should be seen by everyone, particularly the children.

Bowling Park was reproduced. This evening the programme will be repeated.

Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer acknowledges the following amounts:

Already acknowledged	\$5,000.00
His Ex. the Governor	500.00
Messrs. Harvey & Co., Ltd., and A. J. Harvey & Co. (being first instalment of joint subscription of \$5,000, the balance to be paid within three months)	2,500.00
A. Sheard	100.00
The Hayward Family: Agnes P. Hayward, \$10.00; Harold C. Hayward, \$10.00; Isabella Hayward, \$10.00; Fred W. Hayward, \$10.00	40.00
S. J. Tucker	10.00
	\$8,150.00

J. S. MUNX, Hon. Treas.

K. Winiarski, who hails from Galicia Germany, previously referred to, left for New York by the Florizel today.

Return Home

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Outerbridge, who were visiting the Old Country, have returned. They crossed to Botwood by the Parthenia.

Pleaded Guilty

A clerk in an up town office was arrested yesterday on a charge of having taken \$600. He pleaded guilty to-day and was remanded for eight days.

One Rejected

Fifty volunteers were examined by the medical men last night. Forty-one were accepted, eight were told to stand aside for further examination and only one was pronounced unfit for foreign service.

Quartermasters Met

The Quartermaster's Department of the Patriotic Committee met last night and opened the tenders for the supplying of provisions, clothing, etc. At 10 o'clock they adjourned. The Camp Officers' Committee then met until midnight.

LOST

On Thursday night, a Gold Chain Bracelet, with attached Locket, bearing initials "B.G.," containing two photos. Will the finder kindly return same to this office.

COMMISSIONERS HOLD SESSION

Peace Reigned For a While and Then Came a Sharp Conflict

The weekly meeting of the Civic Commissioners held their weekly meeting last night, Messrs. Gosling, Withers, Anderson, Morris, McGrath, Mullaly, Bradshaw, McNamara, Ayre and Harris.

It was a peaceful session until near the close when Com. Mullaly brought up the collection of the Nickel taxes and a warm but brief argument followed with the Secretary. The Chairman threw oil on the troubled waters, promising a report for next meeting.

It was agreed that the water and sewerage committee and the office committee meet on Monday and Tuesday nights of next week to discuss special business.

Want Services

Residents of Macklin Place applied for water and sewerage services. The engineer will report on street line, but in the meantime the Council will attend to the application.

W. Strong and other residents of Golf Avenue and Mundy Pond Rd., asked that the Council re-consider its decision re laying water service in the interest of the public health. There is nothing to re-consider in the matter.

W. Ring complained of damage caused through oil sprinkler to his home. He was offered an amount, and if not accepted he can take action.

M. Connolly, butcher, Duckworth St., asked permission to instal a refrigerator. Referred to the Engineer. Jas. Crowder offered to supply a small quantity of hay, at the market price. Tender accepted.

No Action.

The Solicitor reported on the application of the Furness Withy Co. to have refund of taxes made the S. S. Fairhaven. The matter, he said, rested with the Board. No action can be taken.

Some discussion arose as to the sanitary condition of Cuddihy Street, and Codner's Lane, and the Chairman suggested a public closet. The Engineer will report.

S. Goss, Sudbury St. submitted plans of proposed dwelling referred to the Engineer.

The Chairman informed the meeting that a copy of the present rules and bye-laws would be forwarded the members next week to be followed by a meeting to discuss them as to their amendment or otherwise.

The Engineer reported that he had finished the work of repairing the pipe on Cochrane Street at a cost of \$240. Tenders for the work, varying from \$340 to \$960 had been received. Com. Mullaly asked if the Nickel taxes were being collected daily as the rules order. A report will be made next meeting.

MRS. HUDSON'S FUNERAL HELD

The funeral of the late Mrs. Geo. T. Hudson took place yesterday afternoon, interment being at the General Protestant Cemetery.

Undertaker Collier had provided a pretty casket which was literally covered with beautiful flowers sent by loving friends. Many prominent citizens attended the funeral.

The service at the graveside was conducted by Revs. Dr. Curtis, Dr. Fenwick and Mr. Hemmeon, Pastor of Gower St. Church.

Pleasantville Camp

A score of tents have been erected at Pleasantville under the direction of Quartermaster Sergt.-Major Dicks. The volunteers who have passed the medical exams will attend the C.L.B. Armoury Monday night at 8 to be sworn in.

Many citizens intend visiting Pleasantville to-morrow.

Damaged Trestle

The trestle near the gas works was injured last evening by the express as it left. The train suffered no damage, however.

The incoming train last night stopped at the mill bridge where the passengers landed. Repairs have been made.

Consider Protest

The Football League met last evening to consider the Star protest re their match with the C.E.I. The point was debated for over two hours.

The Stars, B.I.S., St. Bon's, Collegians, C.E.I., Casuels and Pelicans were present. The captains of the teams and Referee Meehan were also present.

GIVES PRESENT TO VOLUNTEERS

Anglo-Nfld. Development Co. Supplies Pipes and Tobacco

Grand Falls, Aug. 29.—Lord Rothmere, President of the Anglo Newfoundland Development Co., cables asking that arrangements be made to supply each man of the five hundred Newfoundland Contingent with a pipe and tobacco, value two and a half dollars, as a gift from the Anglo-Newfoundland Development Co.

Case of Typhoid

Only one case of typhoid fever was reported during the week.

At present in hospital are four diphtheria patients, and the one of typhoid is being nursed at home. A case of typhoid was reported yesterday from a residence in Leslie St. The patient, a twelve year old girl, is being treated at home.

COMMITTEE ADOPT THE ROSS RIFLE

For Arming the Members of the Newfoundland Volunteer Regiment

The council of the Musketry Committee met at Mr. W. H. Rennie's office yesterday, and decided on the Ross rifle. His Excellency the Governor has approved of them and 500 have been ordered. They will be obtained through the courtesy of Lt. Col. Winter, the War Secretary of Canada, who visited here a few years ago with Earl Grey. They are the latest type of rifle and the same as to be used by the Canadian volunteers.

At last night's meeting a programme of training was arranged. The volunteers will be divided into three classes, viz.: those who are experienced in the use of the rifle; those who know a little of its use; and those who have had no training in shooting.

The first mentioned will receive theoretical training at Pleasantville, and then be taken to the Southside range for three days practice under Sergt.-Instructor Moore and other officers.

The squads will consist of sixty-four members and each will visit the range in turn, returning to Pleasantville to complete their training.

Before the close of the meeting the members of the Rifle Association who have offered their services as instructors were given instructions by Mr. Moore.

SHIPPING

S.S. George Pyman has sailed from Botwood for Montreal in ballast.

S.S. Nicosian has left Botwood with 5,500 tons paper and pulp for Browhead, for orders.

Sails To-day

S.S. Gloria de Larrinaga which arrived Thursday with her cargo of grain shifted, resumes her voyage this evening.

'Morwenna' Sails

S.S. Morwenna left at 1 p.m. taking Miss J. Herder, Miss E. Herder, Miss L. Thompson, A. C. Fitzpatrick, Miss Welhelm, Miss Rennie, Miss Rudolph, Miss Duprez, Mr. Fortune, Mr. O'Driscoll, Miss Carroll and 6 steerage.

'Strathcona' Clears

The Strathcona cleared yesterday from Sandy Point for Halifax with 1,017 brls. of herring, 87 qtls. of codfish, 9 brls. of salmon, and 3 casks of cod-oil from various ship pers.

'Florizel' Sails

Florizel leaves at 3 p.m. taking in saloon: Miss Flynn, Mrs. Fury, Mr. Barter, W. L. Holmow, J. J. Ferguson, N. Kean, A. F. Buddington, Miss Kenny, Miss May Baddock, Miss K. Devine, Miss G. Landrigan, Sister Samuel, Sister Thomas, Miss F. Dunphy and 23 steerage.

PERSISTENT!

Ha! That's the kind of Advertising that bring you Results, providing, of course, you have it accomplished through the right medium. The Mail and Advocate has the largest circulation and is a sure result getter.

SIXTY MORE MEN VOLUNTEER FOR SERVICE ABROAD

Bring the Present Total Strength of Nfld. Force Up to 395

The enlisting of volunteers for active service abroad continues most satisfactory. Last night sixty signed the roll, bringing the total up to 395.

One of the applicants last night was only sixteen years of age. He was very sorry when he learned that because of his youth he could not enlist. He was promised a place on the Home Defence Squadron.

Those who entered last night were: Wm. S. Anderson, Fred C. Mellor, Jas. T. Mahon, Wm. Geo. Coish, James Drover, Jno. S. Cleary, John J. Morrissey, Walter Thomas, Ed. G. Wyatt, Jno. E. Fox, Jas. P. Houlihan, Allan A. Sellars, Leon J. Barrett, Chas. P. Martin, Fred. Curran, Jas. Reid, Art. Tucker, Peter Barron, Robt. H. Tait, Harold Macpherson, Jno. F. Chaplin, Chas. Curran, Jos. F. Mahoney, Sydney W. Evans, Jno. Thompson, Walter Thompson, Jno. Cliff, Cecil B. Chit, Wm. Haggood, Gordon C. Bastow, Eric McKenzie Robertson, Park, J. English, Jas. Sears, Wm. V. Knight, Jno. Lewis, Fred. Hallett, Jas. J. Hynes, Jas. Pittman Watts, Ashton J. Joliffe, Wm. P. Evans, Peter J. Halleran, Albert J. Myer, A. Leo Summers, Jno. Fogers, Thos. J. Smyth, Jno. J. Kelly, Jno. J. Johnson, P. J. Grace, Harris C. Hill, Wm. C. Sheppard, Hy. Duffett, Hubert Randall, Leonard Evans, S. Constantine, Arch. Gooby, Herb. Taylor, Ed. C. Saunders, Ron. Curtis, Hy. C. Noonan, Stan. J. Squires.

Up to Thursday night when the total was 335, they were made up as follows:

C.L.B.	85
C.C.C.	85
Guards	37
Highlanders	39
Legion Frontiersmen	41
No Training	64
Training Abroad	20

LIVE NEWS FROM CHANGE ISLANDS

Change Islands, August 17.—Things are looking pretty dull around here now. The hook and line fishery to date is the worst known for years, the average catch being from five to ten quintals, but the report from little Fogo Islands the past week is a little better.

Friday and Saturday were two very stormy days and the men could do nothing the way of fishing.

Thursday, Aug. 20.—Two boats arrived from the French Shore—Capts. Joseph Peckford and Henry J. Ginn in command—with about 100 qtls. each. They report a bad fishery on the French Shore. They are our first two schooners to arrive from the Northern fishing grounds. We are glad to see friends Peckford and Ginn and their crews arrive safely.

Friday, Aug. 21.—The F.P.U. flag went up again on the S. U. F. Hall. Some of our merchants are wondering what is up now, but we want to let them know that we have a President at St. John's who is looking out for fishermen's affairs.

Called a meeting and read letters from President Coaker, whose actions are the daily topic of interest.

People here are furious over the actions of Governor Davidson and Morris and are ready for the first call to petition for his recall.

If Governor Davidson and Premier Morris had been in the hall here on Friday night they would have discovered just how the tollers take their actions at St. John's.

Some of our "big bugs" here have been talking about the Union Trading Co. Beware, gentlemen, what you are saying, for we will not hesitate to show you up in your true colors even if you do talk to women about it. This is just a warning to you now and if you don't keep your mouths closed re the Trading Co. we will show you up just as you deserve.

Now fishermen on the West and East Coasts, we realize more than ever the good of W. F. Coaker and the F. P. Union.

Let us be men, now, and back Pres. Coaker every time, or the time will come again that we will have to bow to those gods of the earth and be their slaves as did our forefathers.

SCOTCH LAD LAID TO REST

The young Scotch lad, Thomas Boyle, who died at the General Hospital, were tenderly laid to rest at the General Protestant Cemetery yesterday afternoon. Undertaker Carnell was in charge of the funeral arrangements.

A number of prominent members of St. Andrew's Society attended the funeral. Rev. J. S. Sutherland, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, officiated at the graveside.



SAMPLE COATS.

In our Show Rooms in the Upper Building we are showing some exquisite models of the New Styles for Fall

The designs are entirely different to anything we have hitherto shown, and are striking examples of the style tendencies of the season.

Owing to the war, later shipments of such goods are problematical, and it would be wise for our patrons to secure what they want in these garments NOW.

SEE WINDOW!

Full Line of NEW COATINGS and SUITINGS in our Dry Goods Store



NFLD. MAN NOW WITH THE ARMY

Lieut. A. W. Jackson In Belgium With the Royal Engineers

There is at least one Newfoundland man now at the front, and his many friends are confident that he is keeping up his end of the plank.

We refer to Second Lieut. A. M. Jackson, son of John Jackson, Esq., Lieut. Jackson is with the Royal Engineers in the 12th Division, having proceeded to the front from Chatham with the expeditionary force.

He left England for Belgium and his party is known to be at the front, but his exact position is of course unknown.

We hope he will come through all right.

GERMAN HATRED OF THE BRITISH

London, Aug. 26.—A correspondent just returned from Berlin says:

"Everything foreign has been eradicated from Berlin in the last fortnight. A shop in Friedrichstrasse which was called the Prince of Wales was well nigh demolished by a mob. Everywhere French signs are torn down. A restaurant in Kurfuerstendamm was destroyed by a crowd after the orchestra had played a Russian air. No French word is allowed to appear anywhere, even on a bill of fare.

"I asked a waiter in a restaurant for a certain English cauce. He replied angrily: "We no longer serve that cursed English stuff."

MORE CHARGES AGAINST GERMANS

Paris, Aug. 26.—In addition to the specific allegations of brutality toward wounded and non-combatants, the French Government this afternoon also prepared for submission to the powers signatory to The Hague convocations another protest.

In this it is alleged that German troops, without warning, fired on the fortified and undefended town of Port-a-Couason, west of Metz, which has 13,000 inhabitants. The French complaint alleges that

BERLIN IS HIT HARD BY WAR

Many Are Out of Employment and Some Are in Actual Distress

London, Aug. 26.—The German newspapers to hand, although evidently under an iron censorship, make interesting reading. They indicate, for one thing, that the economic disturbance in the Fatherland is already having disastrous effects.

The pinch of scarcity is being felt acutely in Berlin and other large towns. The police have had to intervene in some places between provision dealers and the customers.

Not only is Germany practically cut off from postal communication with the rest of the world, but various parts of the German Empire are suffering from an entire dislocation of the railroads. Even between the most important centres only one mail train is possible in forty-eight hours.

No goods are forwarded from Berlin to Stettin or any western centre without a special permit, and in the Rhenish provinces businesses in a number of cases have had to close owing to a lack of supplies.

In Berlin the labor bureaus are unable to find employment for the

crowds of women who besiege them. Right and left people are dismissing their domestic servants, and crowds of girls are now offering their services in exchange for bare board and lodging.

Efforts were made to ridicule the Czar's historic proclamation promising autonomy for Poland, and Professor Ernst Haackel, the well known Darwinian, who not long ago celebrated his eightieth birthday, has written an angry fulmination against England's "blood guiltiness."

The Elite Tonsorial Parlor,

Prescott Street, near Rawlins' Cross, F. ROBERTS, Proprietor,

Mr. F. Roberts, of the Elite Tonsorial Parlors, begs to announce to his many patrons, that he has installed the very latest Massage machines for face and hair; also that he will carry full assortment Choice Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

On and after to-day the Parlors will be open each weekday from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m.