

CANADA IS BOUND TO BE A GREAT NATION, SAYS TAFT

Declares United States Will Not Grow Jealous of Us

Speaks at Champlain Celebration--Taft from Lemieux

Canadian Troops on Parade Win Lots of Admiration

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., July 7.—New York state's share in the centenary celebration of the discovery of Lake Champlain reached its climax today. Tomorrow pagentry, the parades, the speech-making, the interchange of compliments among the three nations of France, Great Britain and the United States, which shared in the historic-making of the Champlain country, will all be transferred across the lake to Vermont, and Burlington will have its day.

President Taft, Ambassadors Jusserand and Bryce of Great Britain, and Governors Hughes and Prouty, again today occupied the center of the celebration stage. Each made three speeches, concluding with a brilliant banquet at the Hotel Champlain tonight. Senator Root made the historical oration of the celebration at the ceremonies at Plattsburg barracks. Postmaster General Rodolphe Lemieux and with Senator Root and the others again tonight at the banquet, where the expressions of friendly goodwill among the three great nations participating in the territorial struggle were emphasized. Mr. Lemieux, who was accompanied by his wife, Mrs. Lemieux, and a daughter, gave his equal prominence with Champlain. Mr. Jusserand declared that there should be a filial affection between the president and Champlain, for each knew what it was to plant a flag in a far-away land.

Canada had a large share in today's celebration and on the American military reservation at Plattsburg barracks this afternoon the president and the other guests witnessed a parade of American and Canadian troops, which was spectacular to a degree never attained in this country. A regiment of Highlanders in scarlet uniforms, fur hats and plain kilts and another regiment of the Governor General's Foot Guards in uniform of almost equal brilliancy, all fully equipped with bands playing British and Scotch marches, and melodies, participated in the military display. Two regiments and a squadron of the American army formed a company of the vivid lines of color which the foreigners presented.

In the Plattsburg barracks ceremonies Governor Hughes spoke first and was followed in turn by Governor Prouty, Ambassador Jusserand, Ambassador Bryce, Postmaster General Lemieux, Senator Scott and President Taft. Mr. Jusserand delivered a part of his address in Canadian vernacular. He declared he felt very much at home, for he recognized in Mr. Taft a neighbor from Murray Bay in the province of Quebec. Amid great applause he declared that if after eight or possibly twelve years in the White House the president should have been worn thin and frail, all that was necessary was to send him back to Murray Bay and he would be returned after a few months "as stout as a horse and as hardy a specimen of humanity as he appeared before us today."

President Taft, in the course of his speech, said: "My friend, the French ambassador, could not give his place without going around me, so he dwelt upon me. And while I value deep in my heart the compliment that he paid, I must attribute it to circumstances rather than design. And so, too, with my friend, the postmaster general from Canada, who has just spoken around me either, and so he had me for a subject. Well, there is a good deal in being a subject. He spoke of Murray Bay and my knowledge of Canada. I am delighted to say that for sixteen years I have spent most of my summers in Canada and have learned that north of us is a growing and rising people, a people bound to be prosperous, bound to be great, and whose prospect and all that we know that Americans are great enough not to be jealous of but welcome."

At the banquet tonight President Taft, speaking to the toast "the United States," declared that the United States constitute the most conservative nation in the world.

CLAIMS MRS. CURREY WAS NOT DISCREET

Dr. Currey Relates Incidents of Unhappy Married Life

His Wife Collapses on Hearing Report That Her Cottage at Westfield Was Destroyed by Fire Last Night

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 8.—Mr. Currey continued his testimony this morning in the divorce court. There were many interruptions. Mr. Teed claiming that the witness talked too much in answer to the questions put.

Mr. Currey said that his wife used on several occasions to come home late at night and when he asked her where she had been for any decent woman to associate with. The witness was very angry and he went to his wife and said: "You must leave this man's company at once or I will leave you, because he is a blackguard." She paid no attention to him. When they arrived at Eastport the witness fully intended to leave his wife but she came to him and begged forgiveness. The only thing that prevented him carrying out his intention was for the sake of the children. There were three then. This event happened in the year 1901.

Mr. Currey related in detail the evidence given on the former trial as to the rights of the children and how Mrs. Currey went among St. John and tried to injure him about his clients and fellow lawyers, a thing which she did in the year 1901.

The witness finished his direct evidence at 11 o'clock and was taken in hand by Mr. Teed. Shortly after the cross examination began, Mr. Hainington received a telegram announcing that Mrs. Currey's house at Westfield with all its contents had been destroyed by fire last night. Mrs. Currey, who was in court, was greatly overcome. Everything she had in the world, she cried, was in that house. His Honor expressed sympathy and the court took recess for a few minutes. Mrs. Currey said the house was vacant as she had all her family here.

On the cross-examination, Mr. Teed continued his cross-examination, being very strict and thorough. The cross-examination was still on when court adjourned for dinner.

The Star endeavored to secure, from various stations along the line, further particulars of the destruction of the cottage. Mr. Prime at Westfield stated the story was evidently incorrect as his man had been over by the Currey place this morning and saw nothing wrong.

MARRIAGE AT BATE VERTE ON TUESDAY MORNING

SACKVILLE, N. B., July 8.—At Bate Verte an event of more than usual interest took place on Tuesday morning. At half-past six at the home of Cornelius Turner, when his grand-daughter, Miss Helen Grover McLeod, was united in marriage to Rev. Leon H. Jewett, B. A. The ceremony was performed by an uncle of the bride, Rev. E. C. Turner, assisted by Rev. A. E. Jewett, B. A. The ceremony was performed by an uncle of the bride, Rev. E. C. Turner, assisted by Rev. A. E. Jewett, B. A. The ceremony was performed by an uncle of the bride, Rev. E. C. Turner, assisted by Rev. A. E. Jewett, B. A.

"For," he declared, "we have had the longest experience in self-government." The president expressed the thanks of the American people to Canada for having sent her troops to take part in the Champlain celebration, and pointed out the spirit of amity which made possible the spectacle today of the troops of two great nations marching in parade under one command—Colonel Calvin Coyles of the Fifth Infantry.

The other speakers at the banquet and their subjects were: Ambassadors Jusserand, "The Dominion of Canada"; "The French Republic"; Ambassador Bryce, "Britain and the British Empire"; Postmaster General at Lemieux, "The Dominion of Canada"; Sir Lomer Gouin, "The Province of Quebec"; Governor Prouty, "The State of Vermont"; and Governor Hughes, "The State of New York."

HALIFAX TROOPS TO GO TO GLACE BAY

Strike Situation in Colliery Districts is Alarming

Several Clashes Between Police and Strikers--Duggan Injured

Several Mines Closed Down--Arrests Made Yesterday

Mayor Refuses to Order Troops, but They Go Today

GLACE BAY, N. S., July 7.—Riotous scenes at the collieries, an assault on General Manager Duggan, the reading of the Riot Act, several workmen injured, twelve arrests and the refusal of the collieries to accept the terms of the strike, were the chief features of the day of the strike of the United Mine Workers in the employ of the Dominion Coal Company. The strike took its first violent turn this morning at number two and number three. Duggan was commenced at number 2 at six o'clock, just as soon as the first man appeared for work. An enormous crowd had assembled at the colliery, composed of strikers, women and children, waiting for the men who were expected to go to work. All were armed with stones, sticks and eggs, and when the first man appeared they bore down on him, surrounded him and the riot broke loose. General Manager Duggan and a posse of police charged the crowd to open up a way for the workmen to escape. Duggan was struck and slightly wounded on the side of the head, and several women and children were knocked down and a number injured. After sharp struggle between the strikers and the police and the place was finally cleared and the rest of the workmen were allowed to go into the mine without further interference. Twelve persons were placed under arrest, charged with breach of the peace and taken down and a number injured. After sharp struggle between the strikers and the police and the place was finally cleared and the rest of the workmen were allowed to go into the mine without further interference. Twelve persons were placed under arrest, charged with breach of the peace and taken down and a number injured.

STRIKERS STILL IN CHARGE.

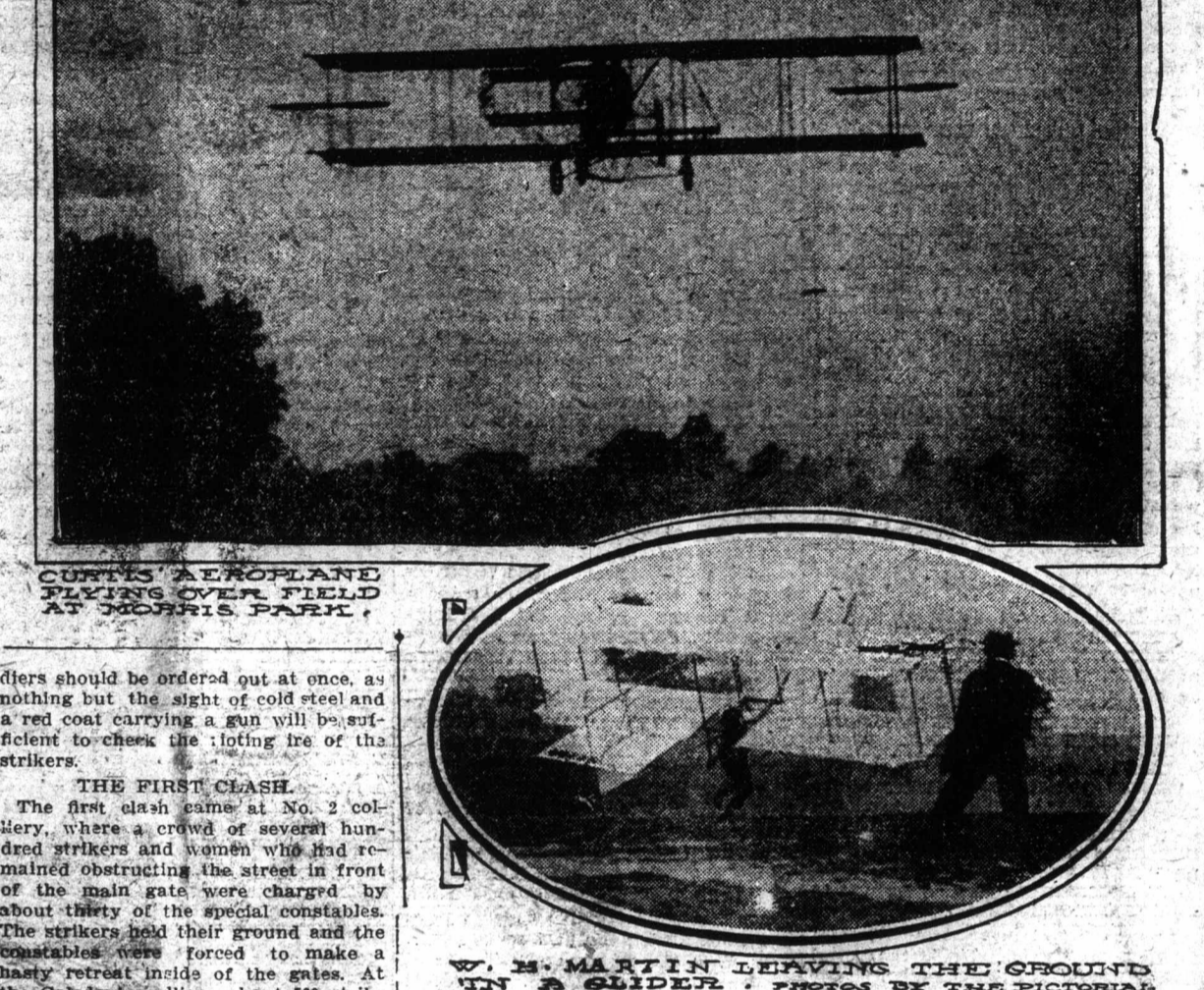
Conditions were even more serious at number three, where at the time of writing the strikers are still in charge. The strikers, assisted by women and children, attacked the police who were reported for work and armed with sticks, stones and eggs, prevented all but a very few from entering the mine. A number of heads were cracked, and the strikers assumed such a threatening attitude that the police were forced to draw their revolvers to defend themselves. Two thousand strikers surrounded the jail in which the prisoners are confined, and it was thought that an attempt would be made to storm the jail and liberate the men. This, however, did not occur. The police are practically powerless to control the men, many of whom commit depredations and get away without being caught. It was expected early today that the strikers had set fire to the fence around number two and that the plant was in danger, but later it was learned there was no foundation for such a story. The men, however, are in an ugly mood, and almost any act of violence would be unexpected. A coal train from number three was held upon its way from the pit and derailed by the strikers.

DUGGAN APPEALS.

General Manager Duggan has appealed to the town of Glace Bay and Dominion and the municipality of Cape Breton for protection for his men and property, and each of these towns will swear in special constables today. It is widely stated that the Royal Canadian Regiment stationed at Halifax is ready to leave for Glace Bay at a moment's notice, and if the rioting continues an order is expected to be sent any moment, ordering them to the affected districts.

Yesterday the saloons were closed, but today they are wide open and liquor is flowing freely. As a result the passions of the men are inflamed and they are ready to commit almost any deed of violence. The peaceably inclined hold that the riotous

GLEN CURTISS FLIES MORE THAN A MILE AT MORRIS PARK, N. J.



CURTIS' AEROPLANE AT MORRIS PARK, N. J.

MANY OUT TO SEE FLIGHT

Curtis' Flight Longest Yet Made at Morris Park

NEW YORK, July 7.—Those who left the Morris Park race track last night before sunset, saying unpleasant things about flying machines and aeroplanes, missed the three most interesting aeroplane flights ever made in this country, aside from those made by Orville Wright at Fort Myer. After eight o'clock when the electric lights were blinking all around the park, Glenn H. Curtiss took his new aeroplane into the air, soared jauntily down past the grandstand, turned to the left in front of the club house, and flew over the field and up the track until the machine was lost to view in the darkness. It was the longest flight yet made at Morris Park, covering probably a little more than one mile. Prior to the long flight he had flown up and down the straightaway stretch in front of the grandstand to "feel out" the wind. These flights were not made until after half-past seven o'clock, but the two thousand persons whose faith had held them until that hour suddenly grew enthusiastic and were quite eager to remain for the more spectacular performance that came thirty minutes later.

When the sun went down the flags ceased to flutter and Mr. Curtiss made his flight. It had been his intention to try for the Scientific American prize, which requires a flight of twenty-five kilometres, or about fifteen and a half miles, but as the rules require that the flights shall be made between sunrise and sunset no effort was made to do more than five exhibition flights. It is possible that in the longest flight he won the president's prize of the Aero Club of America if Cortlandt P. Bishop, the donor of the prize, is willing to waive the sunrise to sunset rule. This prize requires a flight of only one kilometre.

LONDON, July 8.—The meetings of the international bankers so far as London is concerned have been concluded without arrangements for the participation of Americans in the Pankow-Soo-Chun Railroad Loan of £2,500,000 being agreed upon. The negotiations however are still going on and further meetings will be held in Paris and probably Berlin. It is understood that the meetings of the foreign bankers was adjourned to allow the representatives of the continental powers to consult with their governments.

Mr. Thurber thinks that the strength of the United Mine Workers is being misrepresented and that they are not possessed of sufficient numbers to fight successfully.

At all events, thinks Mr. Thurber, the Dominion Coal Company is determined to fight to the last ditch and will be prepared for every emergency. Every colliery has been equipped with a high speed once-strug-with live electric wires which are proving most efficacious in keeping the strikers at a respectable distance. Within the enclosing sheds have been constructed, and provisions stored, making every colliery dependent only on itself, and all admirably equipped for a long siege. The rioting had not broken out when Mr. Thurber left Dominion, but there were indications of it and he was not in the least surprised to hear of the first spilling of blood.

STOLE WHOLE SHIP LOAD OF GOODS AND SAILED AWAY

Most Colossal Theft Ever Committed on Atlantic Coast

Rancher Caught Near Vancouver After Long Hunt

One Nabbed in Honduras--Escaped by Diving from Ship

VANCOUVER, July 7.—Today E. B. Kirkconnell, a farmer at Whinnock, B. C., appeared before Judge McInnes on extradition proceedings. He is wanted in New York City.

It is alleged that in the spring of 1908 Kirkconnell and his brother committed the most colossal theft in the history of the Atlantic Coast, boldly sailing away with whole shiploads of goods obtained under false pretences from eastern merchants. The vessel sailed for Honduras and arrived safely from the pursuit with little misadventure. Then began the pursuit which finally ended in the capture though not till the ship containing the alleged stolen goods had landed them safely.

Both alleged thieves were apprehended in Honduras, and one of them, alleged to be the man captured here, escaped by risking his life at night by diving from the boat on which he was being brought to New York.

Since his escape search has never been given up. Several weeks ago Detective Wilmer got trace of Kirkconnell and finally located him in this city. Wilmer arrested quietly a few days ago and confirmed his suspicions and the arrest followed last night.

Kirkconnell is the owner of a splendid ranch at Whinnock and is reputed to be very wealthy.

BAPTISTS BENEFIT BY GENEROUS BEQUESTS

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 8.—Letters of administration in the estate of Mrs. Mary Ann Fraser were granted to Mrs. W. G. Clark of this city, the late consists of an interest in the Cherry Moore estate valued at \$33,000. The will of the late Mrs. Annie E. Leary was admitted to probate and W. G. Clark, of this city, and Mrs. H. B. MacDonald, of Chatham, are the executors. The estate is valued at \$18,000. Bequests include \$500 to be used in temperance work in this city, and other public bequests including the following: \$1,000 to the trustees of the United Baptist church at Newcastle; \$500 to the governors of Acadia College, Wolfville, N. S.; \$200 to the United Baptist Brunswick street church of Fredericton for its extension fund; \$500 to the Baptist Anniversary Association of New Brunswick; \$200 to the association of the United Baptist churches of New Brunswick for Home Mission. The balance of the estate is left to relatives.

GHATHAM WOMAN DEAD AS RESULT OF DEBAUCH

GHATHAM, N. B., July 7.—A police court case which will never be forgotten was the charge of drunkenness laid against Mrs. Mary Lloyd, wife of Lawrence Lloyd, of this town, for Mrs. Lloyd died at the Hotel Dieu yesterday and the cause of her death was given by a coroner's jury as excessive use of alcohol and absence of proper nourishment.

Last Saturday week Mrs. Lloyd and her husband were placed under arrest for the charge of drunkenness and it was reported that blood poisoning had developed from bruises received by Mrs. Lloyd at that time and that this caused her death.

The inquest was held on the information of Chief Lawson, who was represented at the hearing by R. A. Lawlor, Crown Counsel, presiding, and the following were the jury: Chas. A. Cassidy, Henry Broecker, Wm. P. Troy, Chas. Dickens, Walter Staddon and H. D. Gunnison and J. H. Fullen. Dr. Marvin was the only witness. He testified that he had attended Mrs. Lloyd continually during the last week and that she was in a state of intoxication all that time, taking no nourishment whatever. She went to the Hotel Dieu Sunday morning and began to vomit, but took a bad turn Tuesday morning and collapsed. He attributed her death directly to the prolonged use of alcohol in absence of food. There was a bruise on her knee, but this was only local. Her hands had been cut on a broken bottle the night of her arrest. The jury reached their verdict in a very short time and were discharged.

GENUINE
Kosher and Guaranteed
The only reliable in
the world.
W. TOOTHACHE
Dental
Manufacturers
17 DAVENPORT
London, S. E.

NOLAS HAS UP COURAGE

ter Palace Pre-
for Imperial
family

URG, June 23.—The
taken a decisive step
Winter Palace here
for the Imperial fam-
his foreign tour
in the Crimea. It
the Winter Palace
to the exclusive use
and a considerable
of the capital
in their pockets
of festivities
Romanoff palace and
families, whose so-
is modelled upon that
of the Czar at
after its reconstruc-
intends to pay an
instantly to greet
the court party at
this to the Czar at
the active role of a
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in the Czar and the
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of the Court. The
showed the Kaiser's
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in Woodburn, two
boats were in collis-
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presence of govern-
empire as have to
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moved common law
in the military
this week and re-
civil courts. The
has also been
of political strikes or
tion.

20 LOST
DROWNING

Her Brother
their Canoe

At Ont, June 23.—
bride of J. Lough-
Wm. Ward, were
Antiqua River, about
Kaministiquia, Falls,
Loughlin, his wife
Law went out on
the very deep, but
the boat, and while
paddle from one
the current swung
and capsized. He
died his wife until
and the eddies
from his arms. He
men whose names
as he was going
time, and it was
before he recovered
and Mrs. Lough-
married but a few

ORLA
Kind You Have Bought

ORKS
WELL
IN
HOP
OR
WATER

JOHN N. B.

CANADA'S BEST AGRICULTURAL PAGE

"RE-CREATE!" TIME SPENT IN RECREATION IS GOOD INVESTMENT

BY J. W. BURGESS.

Before me lies a letter from the wife of a farmer in which is this passage: "It is seldom that my husband and myself take a vacation. We do not feel that we can afford it. I cannot understand how so many afford it. They usually come home more tired than they go. I can rest better in my own home than I can in any of the resorts."

Oh, the pity of it! Can you not see the colorless lives of those two; the ceaseless grind, grind, grind, days merging into weeks, weeks into months, months into years, with life and the whole world circumscribed by the boundaries of their little farm and the clanging setting of the sun? They even question the economic right of other people to get out of the plow handles and put away the dish mop for a little while. They regard such action as sheer waste of time. They have fallen utterly to grasp the problem of life in its larger aspect. Not consciously selfish, they are living for themselves alone, and for themselves not well. They are a type. In the busy part of the day they have heard men boast they had not been away from business for a day in twenty years, and when asked why, the answer has been invariably the same: "Can't afford it."

Hardly less pathetic than the above letter is this one from another part of the country: "In my twenty-two years of married life I have had two vacations. When we had been married two years we took a carriage drive of forty miles, taking in a fair and visiting relatives on the way; we were gone six days. Eighteen years later, when my husband was in the legislature, I went back with him and stayed a week. Thirteen days away from home in twenty-two years!"

But even worse than this is a third letter: "I have been married twenty-four years and have never made a visit of more than a day away from home, with one exception, when I visited my sister for one week." Think of that! One week in twenty-four years!

It has never occurred to these people to look at this question from the other view-point. It is not a question of whether they can afford to take recreation, but whether they can afford not to take recreation. "Wear out but do not rust out," is good as far as it goes. But a lot of people are wearing out and rusting out at the same time and the dual process brings an early ending.

Recreation is as essential to the mental, physical and moral development of the human being as is food, drink and proper protection from the elements. The life of the locomotive which seldom gets to the shop for overhauling and repairs is short, while the life of the locomotive which goes into the shops at the end of every run is almost indefinite. The human machine is not different from any other machine. To secure its greatest efficiency it has got to be well oiled, well handled and protected from undue strains and neglect.

Recreation comes from the word re-create—to make new. It does not necessarily mean an expensive trip, but rather a change of scene, or occupation, the inspiration of new thoughts and putting aside of old thoughts and commonplace, everyday duties for something quite out of the monotonous routine. Perhaps what this means cannot be better expressed than in the following extract, a letter from one of our Western farm wives:

"At times during the summer we find leisure for a several days' fishing trip with friends, a very pleasant diversion during the season of hard work. Last summer we spent a week with the children camping. Every five years my husband and I enjoy a trip for pure pleasure and sightseeing. This usually of several weeks' duration. The children will have such opportunities later in life. Just now occasional visits to some friends in the city, picnics, or a day or afternoon off for fishing, are sufficient reasons for better and more willing service."

Make this woman's experience your own. You owe it to your health, Mr. Farmer, you owe it to your wife, you owe it to your neighbors, to take some form of recreation and to see that your wife participates in it.

It is commonly stated that people are rated by their bank account only. This is largely true, up to the detriment of society.

We wish to call your attention, especially the attention of young men, to the bank account and its significance.

Start a bank account, even if you have but a few dollars to put in now and then. The young man hand has little expense and his earnings should be almost clear profit. The place for every dollar of surplus is in the bank. When it has accumulated in sufficient amount then buy land. But you will never get the land unless you have first formed the habit of saving by putting money in the bank.

Banking has a peculiar influence upon a man. It creates a desire to see his account grow. He at once begins to save money although his necessary expenses are the same as before he opened the account.

With money in the pocket one is sure to spend it foolishly, unless he be a miser by nature. With money in the bank the temptation is removed and the little foolish spending is almost stopped.

The wage earner's money is not lost or spent in large sums. It simply slips away in little driblets that are unnoticed at the time. Stop the leak by opening a bank account, and then see if you can't get up a rivalry with some other young man to see who can show the most money in the bank in a year.

When enough has been saved to make a safe investment in farm lands then do that, but refrain from spending it for a horse and buggy, dressy traps and sensuous habits. You will be a man in your own estimation and in the eyes of all who know you, a great deal quicker by carrying a bank book than by having the best horse and buggy in the country.

It is generally conceded that the farmers of this country are very conservative and clear thinkers. They have won the name because the ones who do the thinking are so conspicuous and because those who do not think stay in the background.

One would naturally suppose that the life of a farmer would develop thinking, and it does in many cases, yet there are many who do not learn how to think clearly. They seem to go along in a rut, doing things as the fathers did before them. They will not read—and right here is the secret. Reading stimulates thought. He is dull indeed who is a constant reader of good farm papers and does not have a clear thinker.

You will find men who swallow everything they read until they have mental dyspepsia and suffer financial loss. They become sworn enemies of advanced agriculture, the press and the school. Instead of their reading doing them good it has done them harm.

One has to do some thinking along with his reading. He must reason things out, see if they fit his conditions. While he rides the plow or harvests he can be digesting the things he reads in his farm paper.

There is much room for improvement in arranging buildings, and planting trees and shrubs on the grounds about the farmhouse. A lack of division between the farm home grounds and the barn yards is one of the chief causes of lack of attractiveness about so many farm houses. If buildings are already in place, it is possible in most instances to locate the hog yard, calf pens and poultry yards at a point most remote from the house. Then put a street three or four rods wide between the house and the barns and plant shrubs or low growing trees along border of street next to barns. In time a permanent screen will be provided that will shut out any objectionable view from the house.

Where grounds are being laid out an arrangement is to have the home lot on one side of public highway and the barnyards and business side of the farm on the other, not directly in front of each other, have a slope if possible from house toward barns.

This is a good time to use paint liberally. Remember that a well kept country home means from \$5 to \$10 more per acre when it comes to the selling price. More home beauty, brethren, means a more contented and happy family. Think on these things now.

Watch the growing crop for indications of lack of soil fertility, in a general way one may know what parts of a field need manuring; but a walk through the growing grain will tell the story in very plain language. Every spot where plant food is lacking shows in both color of grain and height of straw; places that should have been drained are called to one's attention; places that need more water, which can be furnished in a way by supplying plants of vegetable matter to the soil, all these have their story to tell.

"I'll make a note of all that when harvest time comes," do you say? No, you won't; you'll be too busy.

He felt that he was working too hard for the pay received; he knew better than the boss how the work should be laid out; he carried on Sunday was dead to the world Monday; he was jealous of the other hired men—he got fired.

He had no regular hours; he shifted teams from one man to another; he spent his time in town; he had plenty of spare room in the house but gave the bread man the best bed in the "hay loft"; he grumbled about trials—the "old man" quit.

DAIRYING TAKING CARE OF THE HEIFER CALF— BREEDING HINTS

Chicago Milk Dealers in Hold-Up Game.

COWS AS FERTILIZERS.

BY T. C. KARNS.

Wm. T. Read wants to know how to feed the calf for milk production and the age for dropping her first calf.

In reply I would say that plants or animals result in best specimens or proportion to the perfection of their feeding system. A starved plant or starved calf will be stunted and make a run.

Give the calf whole milk for at least ten days if not two weeks. Feed three times a day for that period and then twice, but increase the quantity. In reduce skim milk gradually, a pint at a time, till the change is made. Stir a teaspoonful of fat-free meal and oil meal into each skim milk feed to take the place of the absent butter fat.

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HORTICULTURE THIS YEAR'S CARE WILL HELP NEXT YEAR'S CROPS

Handle Fruit Tenderly and Avoid Killing Buds.

SOMETHING IN STRAWBERRIES.

BY WESLEY J. GRIFFEN.

Now when nature is putting forth every twig, leaf or bud, it is not located to suit the system of training. It should be removed. The wound will soon heal and a new bud will put out in another place, which will, when developed, make the tree a shapely one.

The surplus buds if rubbed off just as they start out will leave no scar. This is a good time to examine the cherry trees, plum and quinces for aphides (plant lice). These soft bodied insects, of which there are many colors and which prey on nearly all fruit trees, shrubs and vines, are easily destroyed. A solution of tobacco made of stems boiled down until a dark brown extract is attained, put on with a sprayer with a fine nozzle. One thorough application is sufficient.

Be careful in picking the cherries that the fruit buds for next year's crop are not injured. A great deal of the crop may be destroyed by pulling off the stems in bunches. The best way to pick them is to have a small pair of blunt pointed scissors and clip the stems.

Recreation is as essential to the mental, physical and moral development of the human being as is food, drink and proper protection from the elements.

Make this woman's experience your own. You owe it to your health, Mr. Farmer, you owe it to your wife, you owe it to your neighbors, to take some form of recreation and to see that your wife participates in it.

It is commonly stated that people are rated by their bank account only. This is largely true, up to the detriment of society.

We wish to call your attention, especially the attention of young men, to the bank account and its significance.

Start a bank account, even if you have but a few dollars to put in now and then. The young man hand has little expense and his earnings should be almost clear profit.

Banking has a peculiar influence upon a man. It creates a desire to see his account grow. He at once begins to save money although his necessary expenses are the same as before he opened the account.

With money in the pocket one is sure to spend it foolishly, unless he be a miser by nature. With money in the bank the temptation is removed and the little foolish spending is almost stopped.

The wage earner's money is not lost or spent in large sums. It simply slips away in little driblets that are unnoticed at the time. Stop the leak by opening a bank account, and then see if you can't get up a rivalry with some other young man to see who can show the most money in the bank in a year.

When enough has been saved to make a safe investment in farm lands then do that, but refrain from spending it for a horse and buggy, dressy traps and sensuous habits. You will be a man in your own estimation and in the eyes of all who know you, a great deal quicker by carrying a bank book than by having the best horse and buggy in the country.

It is generally conceded that the farmers of this country are very conservative and clear thinkers. They have won the name because the ones who do the thinking are so conspicuous and because those who do not think stay in the background.

One would naturally suppose that the life of a farmer would develop thinking, and it does in many cases, yet there are many who do not learn how to think clearly. They seem to go along in a rut, doing things as the fathers did before them. They will not read—and right here is the secret.

You will find men who swallow everything they read until they have mental dyspepsia and suffer financial loss. They become sworn enemies of advanced agriculture, the press and the school. Instead of their reading doing them good it has done them harm.

One has to do some thinking along with his reading. He must reason things out, see if they fit his conditions. While he rides the plow or harvests he can be digesting the things he reads in his farm paper.

There is much room for improvement in arranging buildings, and planting trees and shrubs on the grounds about the farmhouse. A lack of division between the farm home grounds and the barn yards is one of the chief causes of lack of attractiveness about so many farm houses.

This is a good time to use paint liberally. Remember that a well kept country home means from \$5 to \$10 more per acre when it comes to the selling price. More home beauty, brethren, means a more contented and happy family. Think on these things now.

Watch the growing crop for indications of lack of soil fertility, in a general way one may know what parts of a field need manuring; but a walk through the growing grain will tell the story in very plain language.

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POULTRY LATE HATCHERS NOT ALTOGETHER UNPROFITABLE

Turkeys Will Be Late and Scarce; Keelson's Used.

SITTING HENS IN SUMMER.

BY LIDA E. TILSON.

Late Hatches.—These are not generally advised, but this season has been so peculiarly late, cold and unpropitious that many must raise late chicks, or none.

Turkey Lice.—Turkeys will be late and scarce. Much creasing of turkey poulters sometimes kills the poulters quicker than lice. Use only kerosene and not creosote. Dip poulters to keep the pests away, and keep the poulters away from common fowls. Chickens naturally have more lice and can stand them better than do poulters.

Rescue of Kerosene.—Kerosene is deadly to mites and lice, if sprayed on walls, roosts, and corners. Except when setting the henhouse, keep the bottom of nest boxes with it, and cover with a heavy coating of straw. If kerosene is used freely on roosts once a week, there will be no scaly lice, either. Apply in the morning, so there will be no trouble with the birds.

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AGRICULTURE CO-OPERATION THE KEY TO SUCCESS IN IRRIGATION

Good Drainage Necessitates Joint Action by Neighbors.

MAKES FOR CHEAPER PURCHASE.

BY OTTO O. UHLHORN.

By drainage is meant not the digging of one or two open ditches for the purpose of carrying off surplus water, but the installation of a good and efficient tile drainage system.

Drainage is a common attacking enemy. They should consider that the way to combat a common enemy is by uniting their forces and making a common defense. They should co-operate by laying a main tile large enough to carry both surface and ground water of the whole basin.

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS

NOTE.—Not more than one question from one correspondent can be considered at one time. Questions should be specific, clear and concise, and should be addressed to the Editor of the Agricultural Department of this paper. Any person requiring a notice by mail must enclose stamped envelope.—Editor.

Heaves.—J. F. S.: "A mare five years old shows signs of heaves. What can I do for her?"
Ans.—Taken at this time a few months' run on grass will probably cure her.

Pig Ailing.—T. C.: "Pig was taken sick suddenly, got down and couldn't get up; has been down two weeks."
Ans.—Feed store made of shovels and no corn; help her onto feet each day.

Rheumatism.—Subscriber: "What can be done for a mare that has rheumatic lameness? She is unable to work."
Ans.—Give some salicylate in 1-2 oz. food in feed three times daily for some weeks.

Swelling Sheep.—Subscriber: "What can I do for a sheep whose lip is swollen so badly as to prevent its eating. Both nostrils are swollen and show thick yellow matter."
Ans.—If the swelling open and wash out pus with carbolic acid.

Lame Back.—Subscriber: "I have a mare eight years old that hurt her back last winter by slipping while pulling. She is in good condition, but can't do any work. She is worked some."
Ans.—Mares will do more than medicine for her if she can be carefully used or turned in pasture.

Mare Has Dead Colt.—Subscriber: "Mare with foal did not make bag and showed no signs of foaling until three days before the time, then dropped the foal. Should I try to save it?"
Ans.—There is nothing in your description to indicate cause. She may never have trouble again.

Mare Won't Breed.—Subscriber: "I have a mare 12 years old that has never raised a colt. She is well. Is it possible that she can't get with foal?"
Ans.—There are mares which will not breed. In many cases the mare is often with the stallion, the mare has lots of exercise and try using impregnation.

Blood Poison.—C. J. L. E.: "Colt I bred will pull one week old. He came lame in the front foot and shoulder, the knee and shoulder were very hot and the navel matured. He was able for five days, then died. What was the matter with him?"
Ans.—This was a case of blood poison, due to infection through navel.

Thoroughbred.—T. M.: "What can I do for a young mare that has been through a used iodine and a blister, but without success?"
Ans.—Continued use of iodine and camphor will tend to reduce the enlargement, but it cannot be entirely removed. The mare is not lame there is little need for treatment.

Raising Motherless Colt.—B. D.: "What is best to feed colt that has no mother? I am giving cow's milk diluted with water and some sugar; have commenced adding a little linseed oil. The colt is fed five times a day."
Ans.—Do not use linseed oil, but increase gradually the quantity of milk and add a part of an egg beaten up with water. This is the most necessary.

Sore Shoulder.—Subscriber: "Horse's shoulder is very sore. I have treated it with iodine and camphor, but it now has an offensive odor and is very sore. What can be done?"
Ans.—Apply a good lot of putty zinc ointment to the sore; this will kill some of the diseased tissue, repeat the application as often as is necessary to remove all unhealthy growth, then apply Parke-Davis compound salicyl powder.

Tuberculosis.—Subscriber: "I have a horse with cough, is it the sign she has tuberculosis?"
Ans.—Cough is not necessarily a sign of tuberculosis. It may be caused by irritation of the throat and matter run out. There is sufficient enlargement of the lungs to show that tuberculosis was done in. What will do the three ingredients which must be renewed through the medium of manure, natural fertilizer, or artificial fertilizer, one which does not furnish an actual plant food to the soil. By its stimulating action renders available some plant food which previously existed in the soil in an insoluble or unobtainable condition.

In breeding profitable horses care should be taken to select animals known to possess desirable qualities. Vicious mares should not be bred. Every year had-disposition horses should be sent to a number of persons to prepare graves and cripple others, while the sire should be selected.

Capped Hook—H. B. Bond, etc.—Subscriber: "How can I cure a horse's hoof which is capped? The horse is a yearling and the hoof is very sore. What is a remedy?"

KAISER WILL SAIL NORTH

Not to Abandon Summer Trip

Three Persons Are Named as Successors to Von Buelow

BERLIN, July 8.—In spite of the internal political situation Emperor William has decided to take his customary summer cruise in Northern waters, which it was recently reported he would forego. There is nothing in the situation that he cannot deal with by telegraph. He will leave for the North after meeting the King of Sweden at Samsitz July 6, where the two monarchs will inaugurate a new steamship line between Sweden and Germany.

Opinion in the higher political world is settling upon one of three persons to succeed Chancellor Von Buelow. These are Dr. Bethmann Hollweg, Minister of the Interior, and Vice Chancellor Baron von Hohenhausen, Prussian Minister of State and Finance, and Count Von Wedel, Governor General of Alsace Lorraine. The report sent to London that Count Von Schwarzenstein, the Ambassador to Japan, have been mentioned as possible successors to Von Buelow appears to have originated in a rumor of non-consumption. There is no knowledge of such a rumor in responsible quarters.

HUNTING FOR BANDITS IN A WILD COUNTRY

RAINY RIVER, July 4.—The hunt for the bandits who robbed the Bank of Nova Scotia branch here was vigorously prosecuted all day yesterday in a rough and dangerous country north of here where the robbers are believed to have their camp and where the difficulty of following them is so great that few can appreciate it who have not traversed the wilds. The trail of the bandits was lost in Muskoka Friday night and although Indian trackers have been successful in securing further traces. However, bloodhounds have been telegraphed for and will be placed on the trail as soon as possible. Several expert detectives have also arrived to direct the pursuit. The international boundary and railways are being closely guarded.

Closely Watched

The Galician with whom the bandits made their headquarters, while in town today, is being closely watched, as some of the authorities are of the opinion that he does not know more than they do about these erstwhile guests. Today he is reported to be in a very nervous condition, having been burglarized last night and a quantity of provisions stolen and given to him by the bandits. He had, however, to provide himself with food, but the police are, in consequence, watching him very closely and attempt to throw them off the pursuit of the men to the north. The robbers, which constantly have planned carefully and to have a camp somewhere secluded in the woods where they may remain in hiding for a considerable period. If they do not know the country well, escape in woods would be impossible, as none may venture in there in safety without guides. This is the danger which constantly faces the posse who are in pursuit, but the big lumber company are giving all the aid they can and sending battalions to aid searches.

\$9,080 Stolen

TORONTO, July 4.—Discussing the daring robbery which took place in the branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Edley River when Manager Templeton was held up by three bandits, who covered him with revolvers, "I have learned," said General Manager McLeod, "that the desperadoes are in the bush and that special police and Ontario forces are on the trail. I have also been advised that the men had been seen in Upper Canada and that they were seen sufficiently to enable the bank manager and several others to identify them when their capture is effected. Apart from these few facts there are no new developments."

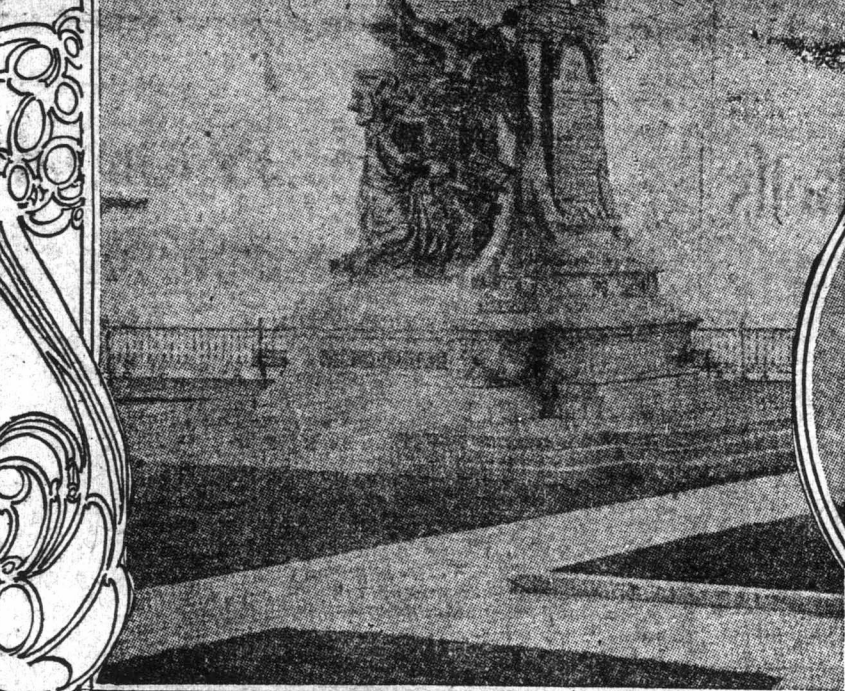
GOVERNOR'S PLUCK ADVERTS CALAMITY

EDMONTON, July 3.—Lieut-Governor Evelyn, Hon. Chas. Murphy and Dr. McIntyre, M.P., figured in a mix-up yesterday which might have been serious but for the horse-manship and pluck of the Lieutenant-Governor. He was driving the Secretary of State and Dr. McIntyre about the exhibition grounds when a plank run over by one wheel up-ramp, threw the side of the carriage, throwing the Lieutenant-Governor to the ground. He pluckily clung to the reins and brought the excited team to a halt, still after being dragged some distance. No one was injured.

RUINS OF FORT TICONDEROGA

NEW YORK, July 2.—President Taft, with members of his cabinet and other federal officials, the governors of New York and Vermont and the officers of the Canadian government, will begin on July 4, participants in services at various places on and near Lake Champlain in commemoration of the discovery of that beautiful body of water three hundred years ago by Samuel Champlain, soldier, sailor, explorer and colonizer.

July 5 the first of a series of pageants will be given at Crown Point, the second at Fort Ticonderoga on the 6th, the third at Plattsburg on the 7th, the fourth as Burlington on the 8th and the fifth and last at Isle La Motte on the 9th.



STATUE OF CHAMPLAIN AT QUEBEC



ARNOLD'S POINT

RIPPER ALERT IN LIVERPOOL

Three Women Are Stabbed

MAN ARRESTED

Detective Disguised as "Blind Man" Makes Capture

LONDON, July 4.—Early on Saturday the hunt for the author of the Jack-the-Ripper outrages, which have caused something approaching a reign of terror among unhappy women in the West Derby district of Liverpool, saw a dramatic development in the arrest of a foreigner named Harry Robert Voight, aged thirty-six, who had been residing at a house in Brookwood, Bootle. He was, subsequently brought up at the City Police Court, and remanded.

The outrages, eight in number, have been committed over the past week. All, with the exception of the last, have been committed between nine and ten o'clock at night. A woman, while walking the street, has been accosted by a man.

Having gained her confidence, he has decoyed her into some dark place, where there is the slightest warning, stabbed her in the body. Then he has speedily vanished in the darkness. In some cases the victim did not realize that she was stabbed until she noticed blood upon her clothing.

To a miscreant of this character the district where the outrages have been committed offers exceptional means of escape. Behind almost every row of houses there is an open passage, which sometimes branches off into as many as four or five exits. At night-time scarcely a ray of light can penetrate into these dark recesses.

What wonder, then, that the police have found this Jack-the-Ripper to be so extremely elusive? Since the first outrage was committed on May 3 they have been persistently at work trying to trap him. From time to time their zeal has been stimulated by some fresh instance of his activity. One night no fewer than three women were stopped within the space of fifty-five minutes.

After that a large number of additional plain-clothes men were drafted into the district. Detective-inspector Moore, who has had charge of the operations, showed the utmost ingenuity in his methods. He sent out a band of officers arrayed in all kinds of disguises. So well were they "got up" that, when mixing with the general public, they were unrecognizable even to their most intimate friends.

MONUMENT FOR THE FOUNDER OF THE G. A. R.

President Taft the Principal Speaker at the Unveiling—Pays High Tribute to Work of Stephenson

WASHINGTON, July 3.—President Taft today, as the principal speaker at the unveiling of a monument to Dr. Benjamin Franklin Stephenson, founder of the G. A. R., paid a glowing tribute to the organization and those who have contributed to the cost of the memorial. President Taft said he was present in his official capacity.

The ceremonies attending the unveiling were simple but impressive, and were more or less official in their character. The president spoke in the highest terms of the organization as an efficient and loyal union. They are growing organizations and those belonging to them may well pride in them. But the grand army of the republic knows no limitations but service to the government in the civil war, and therefore it is that congress, recognizing the usefulness of such an organization in preserving patriotism properly contributed a memorial to this memorial and recognized the grand army of the republic as an institution which may well have national recognition.

The president spoke in part as follows: "We are met to dedicate a memorial to a union soldier, who served four years as a surgeon in the civil war and who also aided an injured man by which there should be united in the bonds of fellowship all the sweet association, all the deep lesson of loyalty, and all the pride of patriotism that such a civil war as that could arouse in millions of hearts. What men at the formative period in life from 18 to 22—are associated in an hour and a day, those who survive in the church or otherwise, they carry with them afterward the fondest memories and associations because they have passed through a common mold."

"But how much greater must be the bond of union between men who for four years passed through the dangers of the civil war; those who survive in the thinking of the tender memories of those who gave up their lives, and carried the appearance of an Englishman; and the stories of courage, I conceive no bond stronger than that which united the men who fought in the grand army."

BOSTON HAS A QUIET FOURTH

BOSTON, July 5.—The Sunday evening quiet was hardly broken in greater Boston this morning by the advent of the fourth of July holiday, as the responses were the youth and so vigilant the police over the police restrictions which called for the curbing of all patriotic impulses until 4 a. m.

Some fourteen bonfire piles for which the authorities had granted permits sent their beacon flames into the sky promptly on the stroke of 12 in as many parts of the city and here and there a giant cannon cracker started the omniscient patrolman, but the crowds of the old-timers "light before" and hoodlums and dim were absent. The blue suits of the sailor boys from the many battleships in the harbor were more numerous in the streets in the heart of the city than civilian attire and the visiting "jackies" found a night, a lame one for the display of their pent-up patriotism. Up to midnight no serious accidents had been reported.

CANON NEALES THE PREACHER

Catholics at St. Francis Xavier

D. O. C. INSPECTS

Inspection by General Drury Takes Place Tuesday

SUSSEX, July 4.—The annual church parade was held this morning, and in spite of the threatening weather a large number of the congregation gathered for the service. The parade was led by the St. Francis Xavier church, and as soon as the companies were formed they proceeded to the church grounds. The companies were formed by the St. Francis Xavier church, and as soon as the companies were formed they proceeded to the church grounds.

The band of the 4th regiment furnished the music for the service. After the service the troops marched to their respective lines, where Colonel White, D. O. C., and staff inspected the men and their tents and found everything most satisfactory.

The Roman Catholic soldiers, headed by the 7th band, and under command of Capt. McNaughton, marched to St. Francis Xavier church on Church street, where the Rev. Fr. McDiarmid preached an eloquent and instructive sermon. The choir under the leadership of Mrs. M. Sweeney sang special music for the occasion.

GENERAL BOTHA TO OFFER LARGE SUM FOR RHODESIA

CAPE TOWN, July 4.—It is reported that General Botha, premier of the Transvaal, at the request of the South African National Convention, will offer the Chartered South Africa Company \$100,000 for the purchase of Rhodesia, by United South Africa.

LONDON, July 4.—General Botha is on his way to England and it is expected that he will open negotiations for the acquisition of Rhodesian territory south of Zambesi. It is understood that the chartered South African Company is willing to sell this territory and retain northern Rhodesia for future development. It is not believed, however, that General Botha will offer anything like \$100,000.

WILL CREATE A SENSATION

American Commission's Report

British Encroaching on American Rights in Liberia

NEW YORK, July 3.—The Prestown African correspondent of the Times declares that the official report of the American commission recently appointed to inquire into the question of alleged British encroachments in Liberian territory will create a sensation. This correspondent's information is gathered from conversations had with various members of the Liberian government who accompanied the American commission to Sierra Leone.

It is not believed in London, however, that any grave diplomatic complication can arise from the report, for there appears to be a tacit understanding that the British government upon finding that there is patent proof of the alleged encroachments, will recede from them with as good grace as may be possible, laying the entire responsibility upon the local colonial officials.

The Prestown correspondent states that the commission found that the British pushed their colonial authority as much as 25 miles beyond the recognized boundary of Liberia, thus making a tentative annexation of some 200 square miles of territory. Moreover, he says it has turned out that the English officer in charge of the Liberian frontier forces, which mutinied in February last on account of arrears of pay, placed himself on record in a letter to the president of the African Republic just prior to the outbreak as countenancing the disposition of the troops to violence toward the latter's person in the event of the demands not being granted. The testimony given at a military court of inquiry into the mutiny held at Camp Johnson, Monrovia, fully confirms this view of Major R. Mackay Cadell's remarkable course. The correspondent adds: "Prior to the British assuming sovereignty over the region of the Liberian colonial troops forced those of Liberia out of the districts then in Liberia district commissioner and finally the Liberian customs collector. The rights in the premises are beyond doubt, the Liberian government, because the boundary between Sierra Leone and Liberia was surveyed by a joint commission in 1903, and the Liberian constitution in 1906, and the Liberian government has been recognized as such among the nations by the British government."

HEAT TOO MUCH FOR SIR ARTHUR STEPNEY

Naturalized American Dies Suddenly at Yuma, Arizona

YUMA, Ariz., July 3.—A second coroner's inquest was held today over the body of the man supposed to be Sir Arthur Cowell Stepney, baronet, of London, who died suddenly in the Southern Pacific station here yesterday. It was proved he had suffered greatly from the heat arriving here, and that coupled with a weak heart action had caused his sudden end.

Examination of the papers found among the dead man's luggage shows him to have been born in Germany of English parentage about seventy years ago. He was a naturalized American, papers having been taken out at Los Angeles in 1906. No letters from relatives have been found among his possessions, but a mass of correspondence shows him to be an entomologist of note, brought to the desert at this season by the desire to increase an already extensive collection of beetles. His relatives have been received to cables sent yesterday to the London solicitors, and in all probability the body will be returned to England for local interment.

DIVORCES ON THE INCREASE

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 4.—Leo McGowan of Fredericton Junction, who was brought here to be operated on at Victoria Hospital for appendicitis, died this morning. He was 25 years old and unmarried. Body was taken to the Junction on the 5.40 train this afternoon.

The July sitting of the New Brunswick divorce court will open here on Tuesday morning next, when Judge McKewen will take his seat for the first time. The docket is said to be the largest ever entered in the history of the court, and in all probability the session will last several days. Up to the present time five cases have been entered, two of which are defended. Two other cases may be entered before the court opens on Tuesday.

Archdeacon Newnam of St. Stephen preached at both the services in the Cathedral today. Next Sunday Rev. Canon Neales will occupy the pulpit at this church.

HAIL STORM LIKE

Record Storm Strikes Sussex and Plays Havoc

Horses in Camp Start to Stampede; Checked With Difficulty

SUSSEX, July 5.—One of the worst storms in years and one which many of the oldest citizens of this town claim to be the worst they ever saw, took place shortly after dinner today. Hailstones as big as marbles fell so thickly that it was impossible to discern any objects at a distance of fifty yards. Tents were flooded and some who are not so fortunate as to have a cot, will have to stay awake tonight or else sleep on the cold, wet ground.

Started to Stampede

The horses on the 8th Hussars and other companies started to stampede and were checked with great difficulty. The ground around them is covered with hail stones, and it looks more like winter than summer now.

A company of red coats, headed by the 7th band, had just marched out on the parade grounds this afternoon and practiced the march past for about an hour. The 8th Hussars were also practicing around the camp grounds nearly all afternoon.

Seven Patients

There are now seven patients in the Army Medical Corps Hospital and one in the Isolation Hospital with chicken-pox.

Handbills are around the camp announcing a race between Jerry Stubbs of St. John and Cripps of the 13th regiment, who recently won the 5 mile race in Chatham. The race will take place on the track near the exhibition grounds.

Col. Jones, medical officer, arrived yesterday and went through the medical corps lines today.

Another corps of guides from St. Stephen are expected to camp tomorrow afternoon. This corps includes 20 officers and five men.

REFUSAL TO BE SLAVE CAUSED THEFT CHARGE

CHICAGO, July 5.—"I want you for a man in French Lick Springs. He will give you lots of money."

Ella Gingles, the 18-year-old Irish lace-maker, testified in Judge Brennan's court here today that the above remark was made to her by Miss Agnes Barrett, proprietress of a lace store in the Wellington Hotel, at the time the Gingles girl was found gagged and found in a bathroom of the hotel January 5.

"I was taken to a room by Miss Barrett and Mrs. Kenyon," said the girl, speaking of a visit prior to the blinding and gagging incident. "Later a man came into the room and I cannot tell what he happened. I only know a man of the name of Charlie called up the man in the room."

Miss Gingles claimed on the stand that the lace-maker against her was part of the plot to drive her into going to French Lick Springs. The revelation of this story visibly agitated the witness, and at one time she seemed on the verge of a breakdown. She was able to regain control of herself, however, and answered all questions promptly and clearly.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. REFUSAL TO BE SLAVE CAUSED THEFT CHARGE. DIVORCES ON THE INCREASE. PILES. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain cure for hemorrhoids, piles, itching, bleeding, and all other ailments of the rectum. It is a sure and safe remedy, and is sold everywhere.

ALL CREATE A SENSATION

American Commission's Report

YORK, July 8.—The Freetown correspondent of the Times...

TOO MUCH FOR ARTHUR STEPIEV

Arizona

REFUSAL TO BE SLAVE CAUSED THEFT CHARGE

CHICAGO, July 6.—"I want you for a man in French Lick Springs...

PILES

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

HALF STONES LIKE MARBLES

Record Storm Strikes Sussex and Plays Havoc

SUSSEX, July 5.—One of the worst storms in years and one which many of the oldest citizens...

DEATH TOLL WILL REACH HIGH MARK

Several Dead Hundreds Injured—Not Particularly Strenuous in Boston

SOLDIERS AT CAMP SUSSEX ATTEND DIVINE SERVICE

Church Parade at Camp Sussex

Wedding Bells

NUGENT-DANAHAN. The wedding of Michael J. Nugent and Miss Maude Elizabeth Danahan...

Provincial News

HARTLAND, N. B., July 4.—A terrific thunderstorm passed over Carleton County Saturday evening.

LOSES HER LOVE, ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Herbert Lee, a clerk employed by Andrew Movatt, proprietor of Lily camp, McAdam, attempted to commit suicide Saturday night...



MONCTON, N. B., July 8.—As it has been in the past, the excursion to St. John de Beupre this year promises to meet with every success.

SACKVILLE, July 4.—Last summer was a pretty busy one in the building line in Sackville...

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., July 5.—On Saturday Alexander C. Gallant, a fisherman, was drowned in Egmont...

Winnipeg, July 4.—Despatches from the west of the province...

AN OLD TIMER Has Had Experience

ST. JOHN, N. B., July 5.—While two young men were repairing James McAllister's motor boat...

NEWHAM, N. B., July 4.—Led by Frederickton Junction, brought here to be operated in a hospital for appendicitis...

LEON BOARDED GERMAN STEAMER

ably Shipped as Cook on Board the Helen Richness

YORK, July 6.—In the hope of finding Leon Ling, the accused slayer of the late Mrs. Helen Richness, the police have just returned to several cities on the Atlantic Coast and to points through the canal and Indian Ocean to hold German steamship Helene Rickers for search for the fugitive.

CHAMPLAIN CEREMONIES OF A WEEK BEGUN

YESTERDAY ADDRESSES BY GOVERNOR HUGHES, SETH LOW AND OTHERS

ANOTHER MONUMENT—PRESIDENT TAFT ON HAND TODAY

PORT HENRY, N. Y., July 5.—At historical Croton Point where, three centuries ago, Samuel de Champlain with his Algonquin allies engaged in battle against the Iroquois, a struggle which has been described as one of the cardinal events of American history, were begun today the ceremonies of a week, undertaken by the States of New York and Vermont in celebration of the tercentenary of Champlain's discovery of the lake.

ST. PIERRE MERCHANT MURDERED BY FISHERMEN

HALIFAX, N. S., July 5.—The French mail steamer St. Pierre Miquelon, which arrived here this morning, brought news of a blood-thirsty murder committed at St. Pierre on Friday last. The victim was Lucie Lebon, one of the most prominent merchants of the place. He was engaged in the doorway of his place of business by a fisherman. The murder of Lebon was the outcome of the trouble with the members of the crew of a French fishing vessel which had been consigned to the firm. The fishermen had gone to Lebon's store and becoming boisterous and creating a disturbance were ordered out by the merchants. The fishermen refused to go and were forcibly ejected by the clerks of the store. When in the street they swore vengeance on Lebon, shortly after leaving the premises they returned with a companion, who assumed the leadership of the quartette and sought to enter the store. They were met at the door by Lebon, who again ordered them away; they refused to leave, however, and when Mr. Lebon, who held a small stick in his hand to push the leader back, the leader drew his big sheath knife and plunged it into the merchant's groin. With a groan Lebon sank to the floor and just as he was falling his assailant made another plunge at him with the murderous knife, but missed his victim by a hair's breadth.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY MAN MURDERED BY A TRAMP

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., July 5.—While a clerk in J. A. Wade's book store in Calais was exhibiting some fireworks one piece became accidentally ignited and fell among other pieces. An explosion followed that blew out a large plate glass window. A fire followed and damage amounting to over \$1,000 resulted. Six captains of schooners sailing out of Calais, but who resided on this side of the line, have received peremptory orders to move to Calais or forfeit their commands. These men were born on this side, but had been naturalized in the States in order to command American vessels. Now they have to leave the homes that they own over here and move across or lose their employment. This is a policy that is somewhat persistently followed in Calais without retaliation over here, though ten from that side are employed in St. Stephen and Milltown to one from this side employed in Canada.

CAPE BRETON MINERS LEAVE PITS, PERHAPS NEVER TO RETURN

IMPOSSIBLE TO ESTIMATE STRENGTH OF U. M. W. UNTIL TODAY

COLLIERIES TO BE KEPT GOING WITH AID OF P. W. A. MEN

ST. JOHN'S LONGSHOREMEN MAY STRIKE IN SYMPATHY

IN THE RUINS OF OLD FORT

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ONLY ONE CURE FOR A BAD STOMACH

INDIGESTION AND SIMILAR TROUBLES MUST BE TREATED THROUGH THE BLOOD

INDIGESTION can be treated in many ways, but it can be cured in only one way—through the blood. Purges, cathartics, and other remedies are of no use unless they move the food on its way through the system.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION TO THE SOUTH OF US

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, July 5.—A private cablegram from Buenaventura, Colombia, states that a revolution has broken out at Bagranquilla, the most important commercial city of Colombia, against General Jorge Holguin, who is acting president in the absence of President Reyes and in favor of Gonzalez Vaneles.

INTER IS DEAD IN MONCTON

MONCTON, N. B., July 6.—The death here this morning of John F. Inter, aged eighty years, after a week's illness, was a sad event. He was able to be about and active, considering his age. He was born in Devonport, England, and has been in Canada about thirty-five years. He came to St. John, where he lived for several years, and then to Moncton, where he resided for the last few years, building the old block and Bellevue are now remaining there ten years after his present stay. He was survived by a widow and two sons, John and John.

RECONSTRUCTION WORK ON THE NEW BRUNSWICK SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Reconstruction work on the New Brunswick Southern Railway which was started two years ago is again being actively carried on. Practically all of the important bridges have been rebuilt or repaired to meet the requirements of heavier traffic.



On June 23rd a group of friends and admirers presented the premier of Quebec with a beautiful 60-horse, six cylinder automobile as a token of their friendship and esteem.

GREAT COAL STRIKE INAUGURATED TODAY

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COLLIERIES TO BE KEPT GOING WITH AID OF P. W. A. MEN

ST. JOHN'S LONGSHOREMEN MAY STRIKE IN SYMPATHY

LONDON INVADDED BY ARMY OF 'CROOKS'

LONDON, July 5.—Hundreds of the cleverest sharpers and "crooks" from various parts of the world have lately invaded London for the purpose of preying on those very innocent people who do their work so neatly and so efficiently that at times even the "state" themselves do not know they have been swindled.

SHOOTING HERSELF AT ROOM OF STUDENT

NEW YORK, July 5.—Marie Montheau, a young French woman, shot herself today outside the room of George Peyer, a dental student in the University of Pennsylvania. She will recover.

FINAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR BIG CELEBRATION

Final arrangements are about made for the Orangemen's celebration and monster parade to be held on July 12th. With twelve bands and thousands of members, representing one hundred and thirty-four lodges in the Maritime Provinces and border towns of Maine, that demonstration should prove the greatest of its kind in the province in many years.

WORKS EQUALLY WELL EITHER HOT OR COLD WATER

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Advertisement for 'The Soap' by The Wellcome Soap Co. St. John N.B. Includes an image of a soap box.

Advertisement for Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. 'The ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE!'

I. C. R. OFFICIALS SEEK ADJUSTMENT OF RATES

Here to Settle Long-Standing Dispute With City re Water Rates

FASTER TRAIN SERVICE FOR THE SHORE LINE

Line Being Thoroughly Repaired and Equipped and Will Soon Rank With the Best

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The Enormous Demand WHICH HAS BEEN CREATED FOR Kumfort Headache Powders

Since their introduction in 1896 has been built up on Merit and Merit alone. This has caused a number of imitations to appear but they lack the merit of the Genuine. Avoid substitutes, which you know nothing about and which often contain opiates and other dangerous drugs. Demand and insist on KUMFORT Headache Powders and avoid cheap substitutes. Remember there is nothing "just as good," as in that case the article would be good enough to sell on its own Merits. Kumfort Headache Powders are not an unknown quantity, but are endorsed by physicians who are familiar with the formula.

TESTIMONIALS:

Mrs. J. P. DAVIDSON, Burnt Church, N. S., writes: "I have used Kumfort Headache Powders, and my experience is that they will cure nervous headache in a few minutes."

MR. JOHN D. BUCKLEY, merchant, Hopedale, N. S., writes: "The best remedy for headache that I have ever used is Kumfort Headache Powders. They cure in a few minutes; create no habit, and I have found them safe and harmless."

MR. JAMES COLLINS, Newcastle, N. S., writes: "I use Kumfort Headache Powders and find they always cure and are safe and pleasant to use."

MR. F. H. P. DEWIS, Cape d'Or, N. S., writes: "I have used Kumfort Headache Powders and find them most excellent."

MR. A. V. SAVEY, Neguac, N. S., writes: "The most satisfactory and perfect cure for headache I find are the Kumfort Powders."

MR. W. C. BALCOLM, Hantsport, N. S., writes: "I used Kumfort Headache Powders recently and found them a marvellous cure."

MR. W. A. FILLMORE of Fillmore, & Morris, Amherst, N. S., writes: "I have used Kumfort Headache Powders and can recommend them highly."

MR. H. R. MILLER, Newcastle, N. S., writes: "I can safely recommend Kumfort Headache Powders. They are a good remedy for my headaches."

MR. JAMES H. McDONALD, merchant, Bridgetown, N. S., writes: "I have used Kumfort Headache Powders when required and have never known them to fail. I can cheerfully recommend them as a good article."

MR. A. S. HOOD, Agent Imperial Life Insurance Co., Truro, N. S., writes: "I have for years been a great sufferer from headache and have always found Kumfort Powders a reliable and effective cure."

MR. M. HENNESSEY, merchant, Joggins, Mines, N. S., writes: "I find Kumfort Powders all right. They will check a headache for me in a few minutes."

MRS. COLIN MCKENZIE, Kenton, N. S., writes: "I have been using Kumfort Powders when needed, and they never fail to cure me. They create no habit, and I find no ill effects from their use. In fact I suffer less frequently from headache since I have used Kumfort."

MR. A. H. MACKAY, Sta. Agt., West River, N. S., writes: "I have used Kumfort Powders with good results."

The REV. W. R. HARVEY, formerly of Economy, N. S., writes: "Although not in the habit of giving testimonials, I have great pleasure in testifying to the good qualities of Kumfort Powders. Being subject to nervous headaches I am always able to find relief by using Kumfort Powders."

F. T. WHEATON CO. LTD., - Amherst, N. S. Sole Proprietors.

ST. JOHN BOY ROSE TO BE MILLIONAIRE

Robert D. Evans Was Killed in Boston Wednesday Last

BOSTON, July 6.—Robert D. Evans, the landlord of President Taft and his next-door neighbor in Beverly and a director in a large number of mining companies, died at the Massachusetts General Hospital tonight of injuries received by being thrown from his horse last Wednesday.

Mr. Evans was born in St. John, N. S., and was 47 years old. He leaves a widow and three children.

BOSTON, July 7.—A phenomenal rise to fortune from comparative poverty to many millions and a commanding position in the financial world is the career of Robert D. Evans, a native of St. John, N. S., who passed away yesterday from the effects of injuries received in a riding accident.

About fifty years ago Mr. Evans came to Boston a poor boy. He left his birthplace at St. John when a lad to seek his fortune. After a varied career he became interested in rubber work and set about to master the details of the industry. With other men who like he was made president of the young Evans became a quick competitor. Within a few years he had organized a firm of his own. When the American Rubber Co. was organized he emerged from the process of organization with a controlling interest. Later he was made president of the United States Rubber Co.

Mr. Evans next turned his attention to mining. He bought up large blocks of the stock in the United States Mining Company. Then followed a bitter contest with a rival faction for the control of the company, ending in Mr. Evans disposing of his interests for an enormous sum. Mr. Evans organized Yuba Consolidated Gold Mines Co., for gold mining in California, and in this property alone he has been realizing an income of nearly a million dollars a year.

MOTHER HAS NO RIGHT TO CHILD, SAYS JUDGE

Even Though She Did Not Agree When Father Gave Son Away

NEW YORK, July 7.—Where a child has been reared by foster parents since infancy and the foster parents love the child and want it to stay with them, they have rights prior to the mother, according to the decision of Judge Morschauer, of Newburgh, in the case of Mrs. Matilda Woolsey, who sought her four-year-old son, Clinton.

The fact that Mrs. Woolsey was not responsible for his surrender to others and did not know until recently that he was living did not move the court in its decision.

When Clinton was born, four years ago, Mrs. Woolsey's mind became temporarily unbalanced. She was sent to a sanitarium, and her husband, after giving the boy to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Van Wagner, relatives living near Newburgh, went away with another woman. Mrs. Woolsey recovered later, but was told her boy was dead.

She went to Denver, and there met her husband more than a year ago. He persuaded her to forgive, and they are living together again. It was only a short time ago that she learned where Clinton was. Then she came east after him, but the Van Wagners resisted.

They were the only parents the child knew, they said. He had a good home and should not be subjected again to the danger of want.

The judge was sympathetic with Mrs. Woolsey, but he sided with the Van Wagners. When the mother pleaded with him, he said: "I shall look after the boy as if he were my own. You, Mrs. Woolsey, may visit him at any time, but to his foster parents, I give the right of keeping him as their own." When Mrs. Woolsey, in despair, tried to throw her arms around the child he drew back afraid.

TWO GOLD STRIKES ON PACIFIC COAST

Within a Day's Travel of Vancouver and Victoria

VICTORIA, B. C., July 7.—By a frank coincidence placer gold discoveries, both of which promise important gold mining camps, have been made simultaneously within a day's travel, respectively, of British Columbia's two chief cities, Victoria and Vancouver.

Seymour Creek, where J. L. Marriott, an Australian, has made the lucky strike, is indeed but five miles distant from the first provincial city, and already it is staked virtually to its source, Marriot, and his seventeen associates have been panning five weeks near Seymour Canyon, the gold running 20 cents to the pan.

The Vancouver discovery is at Port Renfrew, on the south-western coast, just across the divide from Leechtown. The new finds are on Sombrio River, seemingly a continuation of the same deposits which at Leechtown returned \$60,000 in the first month's working. It is claimed there is plenty of gold there as coarse as wheat.

FREDERICTON, July 7.—The local government met this afternoon and the members left on this evening's train for St. John.

WIFE OF VICTIM A ST. JOHN WOMAN

John McAsh, Who Was Stabbed to Death, Married Miss Spellman

Stabbed without provocation by John McAuliffe, a criminal, John McAsh, aged 30, the husband of a St. John woman, lies dead at his home, 5 Garland street, Boston, the victim of a fatal error.

McAuliffe, from whom a confession was obtained, was sitting at a window in a house opposite that occupied by McAsh, and was in the company of a woman on Monday night. At about midnight two men came down Garland street and to settle a dispute fought in an alley adjacent to the McAsh home. The female companion of McAuliffe shouted at the duo to terminate the quarrel, when one of them challenged McAuliffe to fight and swore at him. He went to the street, and in the meantime the men vanished. When McAuliffe reached the door, McAsh, accompanied by a friend, departed from his apartment. Neither had heard the previous interchange of words and were surprised when McAuliffe, who concealed a knife in his coat sleeve, ran threateningly toward them. According to McAsh he shouted, "You called me that name, did you?" and before the unfortunate man had opportunity to realize the meaning of McAuliffe's advances, he was stabbed in the heart.

The man drew back, screamed out one cry of agony and toppled to the sidewalk, his friend stooping down over him, while other persons who had been seated on neighboring stoops having gone there following the struggle in the alley, rushed up to view this new trouble.

McAuliffe started away, but was followed by several young men, and police officers appeared and placed him underground. An ambulance was secured and McAsh was rushed to the Boston City Hospital, but was dead before it reached the gates of that institution, and his body was taken to the morgue.

McAsh married Miss Nellie Spellman of St. John, thirteen months ago, and her parents and relatives received the news of the tragic death this morning. Mrs. McAsh has been in Boston for two years.

HER VERSION.
—Mr. Highbrow — It was Mitchell, I believe, who observed that "women in the suit of man's life." Miss Koen — Quite true. Young men aren't half so fresh after they get married.

KING MAY HEAR SUFFRAGE PLEA

Women's Freedom League Plans Descent on Buckingham Palace Today

LONDON, July 7.—A deputation from the Women's Freedom League presented itself at the entrance to parliament, tonight, and renewed the demand for an audience with Premier Asquith to discuss the suffrage question, claiming the right to such an interview under a statute of Charles II.

The premier again declined to receive the deputation, and the league is now determined to seek an audience with the King at Buckingham Palace on Thursday.

The deputation remained at the door of the House of Commons, and the league has decided to send relays of women, every three hours to relieve those in waiting. A deputation will thus remain in front of the House until Thursday morning unless the premier consents to receive it.

BUSY DOCTOR
Sometimes Overlooks a Point

The physician is such a busy man that he sometimes overlooks a valuable point to which his attention may be called by an intelligent patient who is a thinker.

"About a year ago by one of my patients," says a physician of Cincinnati, "At the time my own health was bad and I was pretty well run down, but I saw at once that the theories behind Grape-Nuts were sound and that if the food was all that was claimed, it was a perfect food."

GREAT BRITAIN HAS WONDERFUL AIRSHIP

Night Flyer is a Reality and All Her Own

LONDON, July 4.—The Daily News, which has been one of the chief ridiculers of the mysterious night flying airship which alternately scared and amused England, a couple of weeks ago, now prints a story asserting that it was a real and great vessel which, it has accomplished all the fear of England falling behind in the race for aerial supremacy.

The News says the mysterious vessel is now housed in a huge shed, which is big enough to hold three ordinary airships in a private park, about an hour's ride by auto from London.

The owner and inventor of the mysterious vessel is Dr. M. B. Boyd, who has spent \$100,000 in money and eight years' time in experimenting with dirigible balloons. He began the trials of the present vessel on March 9, and made his first voyage on May 9. It was on May 18 that the mysterious flyer was reported from Belfast, and according to Dr. Boyd it was not an imaginary vessel but his airship.

"What night," he says, "we flew across the Irish Channel on a line which is about ninety miles from shore to shore. It was a continuous flight at an average speed of thirty-two miles an hour."

The doctor says he has also made a trip of 300 miles with only one descent. Dr. Boyd describes his dirigible as being oval shaped, divided into three bags, the works being placed between them. It has wings like an aeroplane on each side. There is no suspended car. The ship is only 120 feet long. The motors are of 300 horse-power.

Dr. Boyd has submitted his invention to the War Office, which will send officers to see him fly when certain conditions have been made in the vessel. These include its lengthening to 300 feet and the increasing of the horse-power to 600.

PRESBYTERY ALSO OBJECTS TO THEM

A meeting of the presbytery of St. John was held yesterday in St. Andrew's church. The Rev. L. B. Gibson of St. Stephen's was in the chair.

Rev. Dr. Morton, missionary at Trinidad, addressed the meeting on the importance of the missionary work and of the generous help which should be given this branch of work. The reverend doctor spoke of his labors in Trinidad, of the obstacles which would be to overcome, and of the eventual success. The idea of the present missionary work was to get as many teachers as is possible, with the view that ultimately they would become ministers. The work was advancing ahead of the hope, to uphold it, and a special effort should be made in New Brunswick to help. This could be done, the reverend gentleman said, in a quiet manner by placing the needs before the individual congregations, and they would not stint the work so good and noble.

A motion was made and seconded, thanking Dr. Morton for his address. Rev. Mr. Gibson thanked the doctor. A report was made by the Rev. Dr. Bell stating that the two candidates for the ministry, Messrs. Powers and Fulton, had received as ministers. But as neither of the gentlemen would present, a motion was made that the power of receiving the candidates be transferred to those courts under whose jurisdiction such was called.

Reports of sessions were then read and adopted.

Nominations of an assistant and successor to Dr. Curry, teacher of Old Testament exegesis at Pine Hill, was next considered. Rev. Dr. Murray of Glassville nominated Rev. Dr. W. H. Smith of Fredericton. The motion was seconded by the Rev. Samuel Ross. The nomination was unanimously carried.

A request from Lorneville was then read, urging the presbytery to secure for them a pastor, as the Rev. C. G. Townsend is about to resign. This matter, on motion, was left in the hands of the home mission committee.

The request of Rev. L. G. Macnell was then brought before the meeting. Mr. Macnell asked to be placed on the retired list. The matter was placed in the hands of the convenor. A petition was read from Fredericton in which the congregation asked for the continuation of their present code under the new act of the church. After some discussion the meeting voted itself not to oppose the matter at the general assembly.

TRY TO "FIRE" THE INSPECTOR

York County Council Meets

SCOTT ACT MATTERS
Inspector Says He Paid \$200 Out of His Own Pocket to Get Convictions

FREDERICTON, N. S., July 6.—The county council had an important session this afternoon. A by-law was passed placing a license of \$30 on foreigners employed at McAdam Junction.

The Scott Act Committee reports that there had been eight convictions since January 1st and amount of fines \$181.46. The inspector, McFarlane, was called and stated that during the period he had paid \$300 out of his own pocket in order to procure convictions and that in some cases had taken notes in lieu of payment of fines.

Warden Hincley claimed that this was illegal. A motion was made asking for the inspector's resignation. This was out of order on the ground that McFarlane in January had been appointed for the year.

The question of paying the members of the highway board caused considerable discussion. Finally a motion made by Councillor McKean that each be paid \$10 was carried by a vote of 15 to 12.

Away With Weariness
Brace Up—Get Strong—Get Fat.
The Cure is Simple.
You're nervous and uneasy. Appetite is poor. Sleep is hard to get. Still worse, you are thin and fagged out. Make your blood nutritious and you'll have lots of strength. You're only getting nervous, an instant blood-maker, blood purifier, blood-enricher. It brings back appetite, digests food and supplies nutrition for building up all the bodily tissues. Ferrozene makes muscle and nerve fibre, increases your weight, instils a reserve of energy into the body, defies weariness or exhaustion from any cause. For men who toil and labor, for the office man, the minister, the teacher, to these will Ferrozene bring a new life of spirit and robust health. For growing youths, women of all ages—a tonic is more certain. Sold in 50c. boxes by all dealers.

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PRESBYTERY ALSO OBJECTS TO THEM

A meeting of the presbytery of St. John was held yesterday in St. John's church. The Rev. L. B. Gibson of St. Stephen was in the chair.

Rev. Dr. Morton, missionary at Trinidad, addressed the meeting on the importance of missionary work and of the generous help which should be given this branch of work.

A motion was made and seconded, thanking Dr. Morton for his address. Rev. Mr. Gibson then read the doctor's report...

The request of Rev. L. G. Macneil was then brought before the meeting. Mr. Macneil asked to be placed on the retired list. The matter was placed in the hands of the convenor.

A petition was read from Fredericton in which the congregation asked for the continuation of their present code under the new act of the church.

FASHIONABLE WEDDING AT BRISTOL JUNE 30

Contracting Parties Were Miss Eva Caldwell and Barrie Tweedie

BRISTOL, N. B., July 6.—A largely attended marriage was solemnized in the Presbyterian Church, Bristol, on Wednesday, June 30, by the Rev. W. Murray of Grandville. The contracting parties were Miss Eva Caldwell, daughter of Mrs. Matthew Caldwell of Bristol, and Barrie Tweedie, of Lakeview, Me., formerly of Wicklow, N. B.

The ceremony took place at high noon. The bride was dressed in white satin en traine with bridal veil and carried a shower bouquet of white roses. The maid of honor, Miss Eva Bradley, of Harland, was in pink Swiss mail with black picture hat with black plumes.

The wedding march was beautifully rendered by Prof. Gordon Emery, of Lakeview, an intimate friend of the groom. The church was handsomely decorated with begonias, hydrangeas and other potted plants, with festoons of field daisies and white ribbon.

JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF LETTER CARRIER

Man Injured in I. C. R. Depot Here Awarded \$400 by Judge Cassels

IN THE CASE OF JOHN J. GIBSON v. THE KING EMPLOYERS OF OTTAWA, the Judge Cassels gave judgment for the plaintiff, awarding him the sum of four hundred dollars.

The plaintiff was a letter carrier of Watertown, Mass. Some four years ago he was injured in the St. John station hospital in Massachusetts for an operation. There were two commissions for the taking of evidence, one in Boston and the other in Cleveland, Ohio.

MR. WALKER WEDS MISS VIOLET BUTLER

At the residence of Mrs. E. V. Burwell, Sussex Ave., Toronto, on Saturday evening, the marriage was celebrated by Rev. Mr. Dickie, of the late H. T. Butler, of Stratford, to Edward Blake Walker, of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Paris, son of Dr. Thos. Walker, of this city.

The bride was given away by E. V. Burwell. She wore a beautiful princess robe of ivory tulle, with a high collar and long sleeves. Her hair was styled in waves and she wore a crown of white flowers.

WON'T EXTEND THE HOLIDAYS

Board of Education Says No TO CITY'S REQUEST

But Country Schools Get Increase—Mr. McLean Appointed

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 6.—The Board of Education met this afternoon. The full board being present with the exception of Chancellor Jones. Chief Superintendent Carter took his seat for the first time. The board declined to extend the summer holidays for city schools, but decided to extend those of the country schools from six to eight weeks.

This morning Premier Hazen, Chief Commissioner Morrissey and Hon. Robt. Maxwell were appointed a committee to confer with the members of the way Company management relative to arrangements for street cars to cross the Suspension bridge at St. John.

INJURIES MAY PROVE FATAL

Young Man From Bathurst Falls From a Train

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 6.—A committee of the Provincial Board of Health, consisting of Judge Barry, Dr. Stiles and Dr. Fisher, met this afternoon with the local government officials. For some time past the administration have felt that the expenses in connection with smallpox in this province have been excessive and that curtailing the expenses is satisfactory.

Tomorrow afternoon at St. Peter's Church, Kingsclere, the rector, the Rev. Mr. Shaw, will unite in marriage Miss Violet Butler, daughter of W. F. Hatheway of Springhill, Miss Alice Pickup of Annapolis, and Barrie Tweedie, of this city.

COLONEL DODGE INSPECTS CORPS

CAMP SUSSEX, July 6.—An account of the rain today things were very quiet in the camp. The Army Medical Corps were going to march out this afternoon and pitch a station and stay all night, but were unable to do so on account of the rain.

The 3rd battery defeated the Army Service Corps baseball team last night by a score of 10 to 9, and the 74th Regt. defeated the R. M. C's.

KIDNAPS HIS OWN DAUGHTER

Lively Scene in Union Alley

FATHER TAKES CHILD Runs Down Union Street Followed by Howling Mob

Frederick Adams (colored) said to be a ticket-of-leave man, living near the Marsh Bridge, sauntered into Union alley last night for the stated purpose of having a quiet talk with Thomas Marsh, his father-in-law, and others of his immediate relatives.

Adams became angered at something that was said, picked up the little one, who had been playing in the yard, and headed for down town. The small army of denizens that Union alley could number, and that means no few.

CHATHAM HAD 17 FIRES IN YEAR

Regular Monthly Meetings of Town Council Held on Monday

CHATHAM, July 5.—In the absence of the Town Council on Monday evening was presided over by Ald. Haley. The report of Chief Fitzpatrick of the fire department was read and showed the department to be in first class shape. There were 17 fires during the year. The report was referred to the committee on fire.

Mr. Gates of the N. B. Telephone Co. was heard and declared the company was about to give the town a place for the poles. The town superintendent and Ald. Cassidy were appointed a committee to deal with the matter with Mr. Gates.

WOMAN TRES TO MURDER PRIEST

BURLINGTON, Vt., July 6.—An attempt to assassinate the Rev. Joseph P. Gillis, a priest connected with St. Mary's cathedral, was made early today as the priest was on his way to celebrate early mass at St. Mary's Academy, and tonight the police arrested the woman.

The woman, according to Rev. Father Gillis, came out of her house as he was passing through. Loomis street and fired a revolver at him, the bullet passing through the umbrella he was carrying.

MRS. CURREY'S A MONOMANIAC

Dr. Walker Repeats Assertion

THE DIVORCE SUIT Nurse Again Testifies—Dr. Currey to Go on Stand Today

FREDERICTON, N. B., July 6.—The regular July sitting of the New Brunswick divorce court opened this morning. Mr. Justice McKeown presiding. The docket consists of five cases. Lawyers interested in the suits outside of the Currey one, urged strongly upon His Honor to take their cases first. The Currey lawyers as strongly objected.

His Honor said that the Currey case had precedence and he could not allow any other case to come first unless those engaged in the Currey case consented. As the latter would not agree the Currey suit was taken up and the others set down for next week.

FAILED TO GET JOB AFTER ALL

Dr. Lafleur Says He Put Up Money for Alderman Nault

MONTREAL, July 6.—Before the commission today Dr. Lafleur under oath stated that two years ago he attempted to get the position of stationer for the city. He had seen several aldermen regarding this position and had been told to go and see Ald. J. H. Nault. He asked for the position, but the matter did not seem to go ahead very quickly.

At the end of his testimony the witness said: "I swear solemnly that all this is true, and I defy anybody to come into this box and swear to the contrary." Alderman Nault was then called and swore that he knew nothing of the affair in any way. "Do you swear that what Dr. Lafleur said is not true?" "I do not remember the affair."

MADE RECTOR OF ST. JAMES

TORONTO, July 6.—Rev. Henry Pemberton Plumtree, M. A., rector of Redlynch, in the diocese of Salisbury, Eng., and one of the rising men in the Anglican church, was selected as rector of St. James' cathedral today in succession to Canon Welch, who goes to England July 17 to become vicar of Wakefield. The choice was made as a result of consultation held between Bishop Sweeney and authorities of St. James' cathedral.

SIX-YEAR-OLD FIREMAN. The centre attraction at the display given by the London Fire Brigade at Victoria Park a short time ago, was the six-year-old son of Captain Hamilton, the chief of the brigade, in brass helmet and every other detail of fireman's dress.

Answer This Question. When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Gleanford Station, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years and never found any medicine to compare with it. I had ulcers and falling of the uterus, and doctors did me no good. I suffered dreadfully until I began taking your medicine. It has also helped other women to whom I have recommended it."

Another woman says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best remedy in the world for women. Fox Creek, N. B.—"I have always had pains in the loins and a weakness there, and often after my meals my food would distress me and cause soreness. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me much good. I am stronger, digestion is better, and I can walk with ambition. I have encouraged many mothers of families to take it, as it is the best remedy in the world for women. You can publish this in the papers."

Many would give the same answer. Ab American Who Couldn't Give a Reason for Celebrating Fourth. (New York Sun.)

SEATTLE, Wash., July 6.—Charles A. Beebe, of this city, and Miss Margaretta Hall, of Lewiston, Mont., were married in a balloon flight at the Alaska-Yukon Exposition, the ceremony being arranged by the Red Men's Day Association, which had its celebration at the exposition.

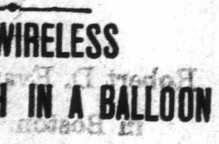
WEEK MAN RECEIPT FREE. Any man who suffers with nervous debility, weak back, falling memory or deficient manhood brought on by excess of dissipation, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free, in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. Dr. A. E. Robinson, 302 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE IS NOT CLOSED IN SUMMER. Why waste the summer months? Two or three months wasted at this end of your course, may mean loss of that many months' salary at the other end.

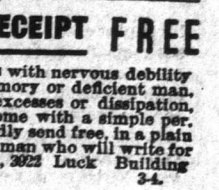
NO SUMMER VACATION. We would greatly enjoy one, but as many of our students are from long distances, and anxious to be ready for situations as soon as possible, our classes will be continued without interruption. Then, St. John's cool summer weather makes study as pleasant as any other time.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM



MARRIED BY WIRELESS



W. J. OSBORNE, Fredericton, N. B.



S. Kerr, Paris

