# THE HOME MISSION JOURNAL 

## Chriationity as Grace

An essential distmetion hetween Christianity and the ethnic faiths is that every other : 1 ligh in says: "Do good. practice righteoments, in mit: $\mathbf{r}$ that you may obtain the favor of Ced." Claistianity is primarily a revelation of the grace of Gol to sinful men and oniy those who ace pt this grace can be responsive to the distinctively Christian motive. "Work out wos awn a hattion with fear and trembling." writes the Apestle Paul, not that God may woth in yon, but lacanse He is working in you. Again the wries, Having, therefore, these promises, beioved, ht is cleanse ourselves from all sidfikment of the-li and spirit. perfecting the liozs in the fear of God." He does not say, let as shame otise.ises in order that we may obtain the promises, bit lae makes the present possession of them the :reusd of appeal for a purity that corresgonds to then,
No one can overemphasize the importance of personal righteousness. Certaindy Jenn Clitint of motive and act than any moral Wachet has done. But not for an instant did Jesas givethe impression that He was a legalist or that He believed that any man could be saved by his goord works. On the contrary. He insisted that the came to bring the Gospel. In the thought of Jesus deeds of righteousness do not win the eternal life. Eternal life is the gift of God, and personal righteousness is the evideace thath that gift has been accepted.
As a matter of fact the principal obstacte to the acceptance of the Gospel is the difficulty of making men believe in the grace of Gicd. It is very easy to make men beieve that they shall sow what they reap. All their observation of life, their sense of the ralation of catse and effect, and their scientific conceptions corroborate that statement. But to make, men believe that eternal life is a gift; that the forgiveness of sins and acceptance with Sod are offeed without price is a difficult matter. Their predilect is and habits of thought are all again-t it. Because of this there is a strong and inevitable tendency at work in every community in which Christianity has long been preached to relapse fronrthe basis of grace to that of worls, and men almost unconsciously get in the way of conceiving of the Gospel as a moral discipline effected through sympathy with the ideal character of Christ, rather than as a supreme and overwhelming gift of redemption and salvation to sinful men.

Because this essential message of Christianity is obscured the prevailing type of Christian life becomes pale and joyless, and loses the note of confidence and exultation. It does not make any difference how good a man is, he will find comparatively little in his own character upon which to build assurance of acceptance with God, and triumph over death. But the poorest simner who feels that he has accepted "the unspeakable gift," that Christ has forgiven his sins and accepted him as one of His own has a basis of confidence that fills his heart with heavenly joy and peace. Too many of our failures in Christ an service can be traced back to the fact that a sublimated paganism and a legal righteonsuess has taken the place of the good news of Christ's message.

The Immo talitg of the Soul.
by E. J. FOote.

MAN'S future existence is not so much an assertion in the Old Testament as it is an assumption. It seems to be regarded by all the writers as an assumed fact-a great truth not needing to be proved. Enoch was not, for God took him, did not extinguish his life, did not put him out of being, but took him-carried him away to some other place. It logically follows that he still existed. Noah, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, were all
cathereil to their fatisers. - gathered, not anmis-
 babln an eatered shack of ripened com, taken (o) their fathers wh: had wone tr fore them, an mants rable bout who extisted somewhere. fibt ather conception can we have than the rames of life to ether life, the living bronk ht into the company of othors whos are livigg, life to hife
bud and $S$ fomon st-pt with their fathers: hep in mot extinetion. It is a serm used by the our that (t) give a mataer tionght to death, to ead the mind away from the idea of extinction i i ing.
Whatever mation w miv la we the witeh of I:... $r$ seme, it is bacel ag the cotamon betief of 0: T Tishane:at witcre of the co tinned life of the dat in the other wert.t. This was the
 pertol. We think this camat he sell donbted: "econtor read tie Od Teatement writers with ans ofler view. And this hamonizes with the mai cran desire of the human wont, and it cannot
 bee mol, wond has this e:sat hope by sending man out at hast hato the bachatess of an eternal aigh
"For I kwow that my Redeemer liveth:"
Adoister I shall awake though this body Fe dshoned, , et ont of my flest shall I see Gom," (anarginal rentering), "What in shall see for myoulf, ant mine eycs shall teinold, and not anot ler."

Trinton, N. J.

## The Anyelus Eird.

When traveling in the forests of Cutiana aud Paraguav, it is not uncommon to meet with a bird whose music greatly resembles that of an Angelus belt when heard from a distance. The Spaniards call this singular bird Campanera, or bell-ringer, though it may still be more appror priately designated as the Angelus bird, for, like the Angelus hell, it is heard three times a daymorning, noon and night. Its song, which defies all description, consists of sounds like the troke of a bell, strcceding one another every two or three minutes, so clearly and in such a resonant manner that the listener, if a stranger, imagines himself to be near a chapel or convent. But it turns out that the forest is the chapel, and and the bell is a bird. One writer (Mr. Wai ton has declared that the bird tolls with so sweet a note that "Actacon world stop in midchase. Orpheus himself would drop his lute to listen," while the clear note can be heard be heard at a distance of three miles! The beanty of the Ancelus bird is cqual to his talent; he is as large as a jav, and as white as sions, levides being graceful in form and swift in motion. But the nost curious ornament of the Angelus bird is the tuft of arched feathers on its beautiful head; it is conical in form and about four inches in length.

The following from Rev. S. C. Moore was not written for publication. But we take the liberty of putting it in this issue, as his many friends in the province will be pleased to hear of his work in British Columbia where he $h$ is been for over a year:

## Waterside, January 2nd, 1902,

Rev. J. H. Hughes:
Dear Brother Hughes, I have returned from the West to my home in the East. I had fourteen months of hard work out there, but I trust, in many ways successfn!. I fonnd a new church at Lodner of about 16 members, all from the East, some who had formerly been members of my congregation at Salisbury, one young lady who was converted in my meetings held on the Steeves Mountain, but her parents thought her too youtg to join the chureh, but after the lapse
of neatly 20 years I had the privllege of leading her down in the Baptismal waters in obedience to the Divine command. It has been up-hill work, but our comgregation has increased from about thirty to the largest in the town and numbers now 26 . Just think to members agreed to raise $\$ 300$ and did it, puying every month. The Board gave sfoo. In addition to that, the chure' vithout askine ontside aid, raised $\$ 300$ for a beiding lot and hal when I left $\$ 250$ towards the berilding, but they are going to have a hard tim. to c.mplete the buikding without making a cibt. It will cost $\$ 2000$. I have beell requested to ask for sonte assistance down here, and any who from theirabundance will contribute to the assistance of that field, will be giving to the Lord. The coaditionsout there are altogether different from the East. I opened a new station at Steeveston with good prospects, but since I left a terrible stora has swept away the dyke and Steeveston is under water. How it will effect the chureh I do not knows. The prospects for the Baptists in B. C. is good but they have up-hill work for the present. I left with the Idea of returning in the spring, but my wife's health with the difficulty of selling my home for anything near what it is worth may prevent me from going as early as I expected.

I inclose st no. I am sorry I neglected to send it so long. Vou can send the paper to Waterside, my old address. Pray for the brethren in B. C. Wishing yon the conapliments of the season, I remain

Yours in the gospel,
s. C. Moore.

## The Day of Complete and Aisolute Victory.

When the long and fierce campaign shall end, when every wrong shall be righted, every fortress capturnd, every foeman vanquished, and at the name of Jesvs every knee shall bow;" whe he, who through all the struggle has been the central figure, shall stand forih arrayed in glory and might. Upon the bleeding soil of earth the victory has been won. Here he trod 'the winepress lone;" here he went down to dark Gethsemane, and in that agonized hour of awful passion took the cup of woe and drained damnation dry; here he climbed that "green hill far away," and amidst the unfathomable mysteries of human woe and redeeming love, his dyidg head drooped, his tender heart broke, and having "overcome the sharpness of death," opened "the kingdom of heaven in all believers.
But in that day of everlasting victory, " He shall see of the travail of his soul, and shall be satisfied," when rurrounded by all who have loved and served him-patriarchs who saw his day and were glade, prophets who, through the darkness of the ages, foretold the eternal dawn, ap stles who forsook all for his sake. fathers, confessors, reformers, missionaries trophy laden, pastors with their flocks, teachers with their lambs, the great array of devoted workers, the unknown and the well known, the lofty and the lowly, who, constrained by his love, have led wanderers to the cross-when, enthroned amongst the "sacramental host of God's elect," there shall salute his ears the grateful and triumphant song bursting from a world redeemed and a heaven enriched-

## All hail the power of Jesus' name

Let angels prostrate fall;
Bring forth the royal diadem
And crown him Lord of all.'
Rev. E. G. Gane.

The so called "dead litue" in the minietry is not determined by years. As in every other calling, so in the ministry, there are old men of thirty, and young men of seventy.

## Che Fome mission Journal.

A recurd of Mi..ionary, Suniay. *chool and Temperance work. and a teporter of church? and ministerial nctivities, and general religious ghterature. Pubbished semi monthly. All combunications, except uobrey remittances, are tol be adtressed to

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Ra.lteading with Christ.
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## CHAPTER V.

尔O the principles which he had adopted in his talk with his mother, after the merchant's address to the Sab-bath-school. Joe steadily adhered during the years immediately following, while in various ways he usefully employed himselfnow helping his mother in the house, and again going out to work for a period: sometimes obtaining a taste of schooling, and at other times doing what he could with his books, between the intervals of labor at this or the other job that offered. This was in many respects a discourag. ing experience and yet it served splendidly to develop Joe's faculties and character, and thus proved really a blessing in disguise.

By the time Joe came of age, however, it seemed essential for him to find some steady line of employment; and as he happened just then to receive the offer of a position as freight brakeman on the railroad on which his father had rum as an engineer, he thought it best to accept the place, although the work was not very congenial to him. Ves the times were hard, and a young man with as little capital as Joe possessed was not in a position to pick and choose among occupations. And so it came to pass that Joe Benton began a railroad career by running regularly on the through freight which pulled out of Carter City daily, serving as a member of the crew which took the train as far as Hammerville, on the other side of Ciant Mountain.
Thongh at first certain phases of this railroad life interested Joe, the novelty of it all soon wore off: and there remained only the weary round of such menotonous and oftell dangerous work as the seeing to couplings, ruming along the roofs ef cars, or crossing tracks to open or shut switches. In warm weather the work seemed simple and light enough, but when the tops of the carswere coated with ice, or fierce gales swept down the mountain gorges, it was no laughing matter to work the handbrakes, or to forward signals to the engineer. But Joe steadily and pluckily kept at his work, $\boldsymbol{j}$ avoiding the extreme of senseless recklessnews on the one hand, and of cowardly indecision on the other.
Naturally during his runs on the road, when his presence was not required elsewhere, Joe spent a considerable portion of his time in the caboose, where the brakeman would sometimes collect (as for example during long waits at
sidings) for shelter from summer heat or wintry storm. These railroad men were many of them very rough in their ways. Vet a number of them soon came to respect Joe for his simple manliness and sterling Christian character. While there was nothing of cant or pretense abont Joe he did not hesitate to let his companions feel that he disapproved entirely of what was low and coarse in conversation or behavior: and sometimes by judicions and significant silence. and again by a word of pointed but uot unkind rebuke, he gradually made his mates comprehend that questionable words and ways would win no applanse from him. Of course Joe himself, in consequence. becane atarget for ridicule at the hands of some of his associates, who did not fail to taunt him with being "tied, to his mother's apron strings."

But Joe Benton hore all this raillery with patience, and eventually, with but one exception, wot over those who were at first his worst foes and most persistent ridiculers to a hearty respect for his character and principles. He was even allowed to hang up in the caboose a religious motto or two, in place of some of the coarse cuts that had before disgraced it, and to adorn the car in a few other tasteful ways-so that after a time it lost a little of its former ugly roughness. and took on somewhat of the aspect of a plain. but not cheerless, rolling home.

The one man of the train crew who refused to be won over to a respect for Joe, or even to a barecivility of treatment of him, was a surly young fellow, who when a boy, and for a time one of Joe's playmates, had missed few opportumities that offered for teasing and annoying the latter. It was this same Jake Summers, the son of Bill Summers, the engineer whose sudden and mysterious disappearance has been already referred to. who had attempted to upset the dinner pail which Joe was one day carrying to his father in the round-house. Joe and Jake from that date on had never seemed to agree. This, however, did not appear to be Joe's fault. He always treated Jake squarely, and often went ont of his way to do little favors for him-yet he conld never win his regard. Jake acted all the while as though he treasured a grudge against Joe. Conld it have beenon his father's account? Vet, for a time, no open rupture occurred between the two young brakeman, though Joe suspected that Jake (who was the older) put little difficultics in his way, and imposel on him as much as he could. If anything went wrong with the couplings of the ears, for example, it was alwass Joe was blamed. And more than once it happened that Joe patiently endured a sharp reprimand, when he was morally certain that the fault was entirely due to Jake Summers: carelessness.

But there was a limit to the extent to which Jake's exactions and persecutions could he endured. It was all very well while only Joe's personal feelings were hurt: but when Jake's carelessuess and misrepresentation threatened to involve the whole train crew in grave difficulties with the authorities, patience ceased to be a virtue. Then, too, Joe had his brave little mother at home to think about. The larger share of his earnings regularly went to her, and thus Mary Benton was supported in comparative comfort-blessing the while the noble lad whom she proudly loved to call his "father's boy." Joe could not afford needlessly to lose his place and thus involve his mother, who had already struggled so hard, in sore want again.

Accordingly, when one day it happened that Jake had been culpably negligent, and yet tried f to make it appear that the fault was all Joe

Renton's. Joe told him distinctly that he could stand no more notisense of that sort.
"Well, what are yon going to do about it ?" returned Jake, with a stupid, insulting leer on his coarse face. "I can knock you out in two rounds any time !"
"Summers, yon know well enough that that is not my way of settling disputes!' calmly replied Joe Benton. "But I have warned you now in advance: and if when negligent yourself, you try to pass the blame off on me again, be sure that the truth will find some honorable way out for itself. So beware !'
"Oh, you'll blab on a fellow, will you?" streered Jake.

Joe made no answer: but the locomotive giving a warning whistle just then, he hurried off to his station on the train.
(To be continned.)

## The Emmaus Conversation.

$\overbrace{}^{H 1:}$
H1: revelation to Mary seems to have been designed primarily to establish the fact of our Lord's resurrection ; the appearance to the two disciples journeying to Emmaus probably fulfilled the added purpose of indicating the future relation of the Risen I.ord to his disciples.

Is not this the salient feature of this revelation? The disciples did not see Him, except for one brief moment when their eyes were opened, an! then He vanished; but beneath the commonplace conditions of an afternoon walk, a mutual disappointment, and a sympathetic conversation, He was revealing Himself, He made one of their company, though they did not know Him. He taught them, though they did not know who it was who spoke to them. Most of us time and again have shared the experience of which this is a type. In some hour of sorrow or of meditation, during sone conversation with a friend, in the services of God's House, the Master has drawn vear, and we have been aware of a presence and a fellowship hreaking through the ordinary event, as, on the Mount of Transfiguration; the glory of His body transformed His raiment. The events of life veil Christ, but they do not wholly conceal Him, and through them we may cone into fellow. ship with Him.
The special instruction tha! our Lord gave these disciples bore the closest affinity to the method of the revelation. The method taught them that He was using the exp, riences of life as a channel of communication, the instruction showed them that the Scriptures were instinct with Kim. The Stranger does not seem to have been content with calling the attention of the two friends to a few scattered passages in the Scriptures that might be interpreted as referring to Himself. He found those references in every part of the Scriptures. They were permeated and suffused with the witness to Him. There is reason to believe that the least understood writings in the world are the Old Testament Scriptures. If we had the right insight into them, we should see, as those friends saw, that there runs through them, like a beam of light, the verifying principle of wituess to Christ.

And both the method of the revelation and its message bring us to the larger generalization that human history has behind it the divine life and force of the Son of God. Events are something more than happeniugs, they are shaped by divine forces, and the channels of divine communications. Woodsworth could see in all the phases of nature the revelation of the Primal I,ife, Christ tells us to ste not only in nature, but in the events of life, and in the sweep of history Him who is the

## VALUE OF MOMENTS.

Ouly think how much may lee achieved in a little while. The atonement for a world of perishing sinners was accomplished bxtween the sixth hour! and the ninth hour on dakened Calvary. That flash of divine electicity from the Holy Spirit which stauck San of Tarsus to the ground was the work of an instant: but the grand electric burner of the conserted land has blazed over all the world for centurics. A hall hour's faithful preaching of Jesus by a poor. itinerant Methodist exhorter at Colcheser brought the boy Spurgeon to a decision, and hanched the mightiest ministry of modern times. Lady Henry Somerset iells us that a few minutes of solemn reflection in het garden decided her to exchange a life of fashionable frivolity for a life of consecrated phitanthropy. Why cite any more cases when every Christian can testify that the best decisions and deeds of his or her lifeturned on the pivot of a few min-utes?-T. L. Guvier.

## IF I WERIS YOU, MY BOV.

I would learn to be polite to everyhonly.
I wouldn't let any other hoy get ahead of me in my studies.

I would never make fun of chithren who are not well dressed.

I wouldn't go in the company of had boys who use bad language.
I wouldn't get sulky and pout whenever I couldn't have my own way.

I would see if I couldn't get prople to like me by being civil to everybody.

I would keep my hands and face clean and hair brushed, without being told to do so.

I would try to see the little things that I could aio to help my mother: and do them without being asked.

1 wouldn't conclude that I knew more than my father before 1 had teen more than sixty miles away from home.

## UNANSWERABIE ARGUMENT.

Canghey tells of a poor and illiterate voung man who went to a large city where he was thrown much in the company of infidels. They ridiculed the Bible, and him for studying it. They propounded many objections to the book which he was unable to answer. They proved to their own satisfaction that thr Bible was a bad and useless book, and the young man kept silent. Being asked if he would not give it up, he refused. "No," said he, "I know that if it is not true, as you say. I shall be a much better man for living according to its teachings and so it will be better for me in this life. And if it should be true, as $t$ believe. it will be better for me in the next life. So I am going to stick by the Bible; for whether true or not I stand to benefit by it, in this life surely, and the next dife, probably." "You will ${ }^{3}$ be disappointed about the next life," persisted his tormentors. "for there is no life after this." The young man considered for a moment and for the first time gained a point in the dispute by saying, "How can I be disappointed, if, as you say, I shall not exist ?

## Quarterly Meeting.

Carleton, Victoria and Madawaska Co.'s Quarterly gathering cousened with Centreville Baptist church on the 13th. Rev. A. A. Hayward preached the opening sermou which was well received.
The business meeting was preceded by a season of prayer. Rev. B. S. Freeman was elected president. Rev. C H. Henderson, vice-president for Vietoria and Madawaska. Deacon Gregg of Centreville, vice president for Carleton county a.d R. W. Demmings, Sec'y.'Treas.

It was moved, seconded, and carried, that the above meeting would begin on the second Tuesday of the month at 2.30 oclock, instead of on the and Friday at 7.30. As au offset to the
moner that is usually collected on the Sahhath, it was s"gested that each church take an offerev their delegates to the Gartetly Mceting, and $i^{\prime}$ the achoostedgemeat of the same by the See' $s$, each church will receive due eredit.

Th. Comfertace service was of a diep. spirizal character and very much et joved. Res. C. H. Hend ren preached a helpful and eneoraging sernen on Sunday evening which was greatly ap receat st. Satboth morning the quarterly serm in was prached by R. W. 1 . mmings.

In the afternon Rev. Haywar! gave us an excellent sermon and in the evening one of the sume chatacter was delivered hy Rev. Mr. Blyea, of Cabis, Milltown, Me. Fhorencevilie Baptist chareh has given an invitation for the bext quarterly which is accepten.
R. WV. Dicumintis, Sec'y.-Treas.

## NOTICE

It will be a great relief to us if our subecribers who are in arrears for thin puper for the hast year or more wifl please remit os the amount due. Sou will motice the date to which your payment was made, of the time when yon began raking the paper, affixed to yaur name on this number of the paper. If any mistakes are made please let Ins kitow at once and we will rectify is. It will be seth by some that we have extented their time for sone two, three and four months, in this way. All whase subeription legan at ally month atter Janary in any year, we have made their date at July: and any whise sabscription was made in any month after July of any year. we have made the date at Januaty following. We have done this to make ail suliseriptions begin either at the first of the yeat or at the middle of the year, and we make no charge for the extra months that we in this way give in. We hope that all our subscribers will continue to give ts their supporthy renewing their subscrip. tion for this year. And to any one who will send us six subseriptions with three dollars, ( 50 cents for each) we will send the paper fres of charge for one year and we will give the back mumbers from first of Dec.. 1901.

## Religious News.

Work encouraging. Baptized a promising young man, who is connected with the Bank of Nova Scotia, last Sunday. Have received two by letter siuce last report.
W. Cimp.

## Carieton, <br> St. John,

for the ordi ance. pastor are encouraged.

On Simday, Dec. 8 sth, one wan-the head of a home was baptized. Another has made request of the pastor By so much both church and
B. N. Nobt.hs.

In the last church service of Brussil.s Streer. the ofd year the home and the church home of one of our deacons nere made glad through the baptism of Gordon Kierstead who is thankful for the Christian influences of his home and of Acadia College in which he is our representative.
H. F. W.

We have had a very blessed
Camnktoge, N. B. reviving here and at McDonald's Corner. Rev. Mr.
Martin was with us for some four weeks and it pleased the Lord to greatly bless his labors. The churches are greatly renewed in spirit and seventeen have joined us by baptism and letter and mo e are expected in the near future. To God be all the glory. The Christmas season has come and gone but it has left behind it a very nice fur coat to remind the pastor of the kindness of heart of the people all over his field and a handsome dinner set to enable the pastor's wife to bear witness to the same.
R. B. Smith.

## Dorchester, N. $B$.

The absence of items from The absence of items from
Dorchenter doess not mean the absetice of encouraging news. Since the last report the
First church has been making history especially in things material. Immediately after the rerpening of the property at Woodhurst the Fair View section of the church began the work of remodelling their hotse of worship on a large scale. The work was completed early in November and on Sabbath, Nov 17 th , the rededication services were held. The Rev. Dr. Brown of Havelock preached morning and afternoon to large andicnces and the house was thus reopened for worship amid enthusiasm. In the town a delt hav been hanging like a pallover the chureh elifi e sitice its dedication more than 20 years ago. This tiebt has been cancelled. During the year 35 have been added to the membership roll. Int a word the work is in a healthy condition, although we have suffered from the exodus of our yotug people. The people have been tuiformly kiid to us. The pastor received from the ist church a beautiful and expensive fur coat as a Xmas gift. Many of the citizens subscribed also as an evidence of good will Among our gifts which were maty was a barrel of At apples and a turkey from Mrs. A. R. Emmerson, the Minister's Friend. Mr. P. J. Palmer, who is not a Baptist, sent us a generons donation of about three cords of wond. We thank our Heavenly Father for friends. On Jan. $3^{\text {rd }}$ the church will observe a roll call and reunion. An extensive programme has been arranged. There is not a church in the Maritime Provinces doing more for Home Missions that the First church in Dor-chester--visit any or all of the seven outstations and you will be convinced of this. We are plansing for the renovation of our chutch property in the early spring. Let me mention also the fact that we have received a number of generous presents from former parishioners in Digby. May the lord bless and prosper all our friends. We need the prayer of the Lord's own people.
B. H. Thomas.

Oar chureh work here moves steadily forward. The Mission Sunday school conducted by Bro. Sullivan and Sister Floyd is a very hopeful feature. The B. Y. P. U. moves steadily on. Bro. Floyd, our indefatigable superintendent, presses our Sunday school work to the front holding it Baptist in all things. Sister Mrs. J. A. Floyd keeps the mission well to the front. The church las kept the pastor's salary paid ahead ever sirce we came here and every yeat gave nearly double what they promised. On New Year's evening they kindly gave a donation which, including gifts before and since given, amomuts to \$40.00.
R. M. Brron.

We are still pressing on toPrinere Withiam ward the mark for the prize and 2nd Kines- of the high calling of God in cleak. Christ Jesus. During the past few weeks we have been holding special services. Five or six have expressed a desire to be Christians and the church has been revived for which we thank God. On Saturday eve preceeding Christmas the Prince William church held the closing exercises of the Sunday school for the winter consisting of a concert and Christmas tree. The church was full and the exercises were a grand success. The pastor and family were not forgotten. On New Year's eve the members of the Prince William and and Kingsclear churches and friends were invited to a social in the Hammondville hall. After tea had been served the meeting was called to order. Mr. M. B. McNally was elected chairmav.

Rev. Joseph Holyoke was called upon for an address. After expressing his pleasure at teing present. he called the pastor, Rev. C. W. Sables to the platform, and on behalf of the members of the churches presented the pastor with a
beautiful fur coat and cap, a pair of slippers and a very handsome slumbering robe.
The pastor's wife was also remembered by being presented with a purse containing $\$ 16.50$ and other useful and ornamental gifts.

The pastor in behalf of bimself and wife replied thauking them for the beautiful gifts, also for the
expression of go-dwill and frien/ship that existed between thenen as pastor and ; phe-ani ex oressed the cese that hy their united eff.ints the king dom of 6 ad might be alvanced on the field. After remarks by the Res. ). A. Cahill, a womer pastor, also by Bros. leverett Iistalso ke and Jas. Kirk of Prince Willian and Bro, lox of Jas. Kirk of Prince Whilian and Bro, $\cdots x$ of
Kitgechar the exercises closel by the chomman extending the compliments of the scasom and the audieue foining in singing God Save the King. Rev. C. W. Sumbs.

The Sohath schent held their Christmas tree festiv ities in the pars thage whete
St. Andrews. a large gathering of young and whd wer made
happy by Santa Clats who distributed his tavors happy by Santa Claus who distributed his tavirs
lavishingly overlooking to one. His fan tor the pastor and wife, being a beantithi and costly willow rocking ciair. He would not tdll us what it cont hing, but we have ont suspicions.

The praye- meetings and other services of olate have ben quite encouraging.
Jan. 1902.

## Calvin CUkrir.

## Home Courtesy.

WHY should we treat thove whom we love and with whom we asoociate fanil iarly every day with less constesy than those who are almost atrat: gers? A few homes we have seen where pleasant whiteness and uniform contery was the rul: : but usually, the more constant our intercound with a pervon, the less is the cate to be consteous. This is not because we love the strangers we ne or do not wish to retain the goon opinion a tove of out friends and family. It seems to paceal rather from an ahmost unconscions ferecption that the only opportunity we shall hase to make a good impression on strangets is by ont courte ons manner in the few occasions we have to meet them: while we feel secure in the love of our families, and we are not impressed with the need for treating them with even the ordimary fo:m of politeness. In many families where 8 .thine respect and love prevails the habiteal mantaer of the members toward each other is such as to seem to visitors really rude. Think over cardilly your usual manner of speaking to the ment of of your own household circle, and compare it fairly with your manner toward thow whom wos meet elsewhere. Perhaps yon may be startied at the contrast. If yon are try the effect of a 1 is somable and easy adaptation of your " rociets manmers' to the taembers of your own family. Thes also may be startled at first; but you $\mathrm{i} \cdot \mathrm{y}$ y b . surprised again to find how well they will line it.

Here is another letter that was not written for the public eve. But as our much ent med brother Murray has many friends here who would like to hear from him in his present ciocam stances we give his letter in its entirety. It in good for any one to read whether acquainted with him or not.

## Dorchester, Jan. Ist., Igoz.

## Dear Brother Hiciass:

I have owed you a letter ever since the word contest; have put it off from month to month. My hand is very shaky from that shock, so :anch so that I dread the thought of trying to write. I will begin my letter by reminding you that forty five years ago today you marrien us. Where have all these years gone, tonly our life is but a spath. I feel that I have outlived my usefulness, if $I$ ever had any, so 1 aan just staying here indefinitely. My general health never was better, eat pretty well, sleep well, and tong, have not an ache or a pain, but pretty helpless. My wife is pretty well, but not so young as she was. The rest of the family are very well. Allen is in Maine, pastor of the South St. George charch. We spent last July with him; he is fairly success. ful in his work, and we enjoyed it much. His wife has still to be assisted in and out of bed,
but she is such a worker: it is woudersul what she can do; she has a mission band. They meet at her room once a weck. It is really wotiderind what she toes. John is living in Weymonth, ten miles from home: they spent Claristmas with us: they have one chik. Susic, four years ohd: very smart. I think so. Millidge is living with us; they occufy the upper roons, we the lower: they have a boy fouteen months: a great comfort Dian. Monsand El., like chackens, come hane to Fonst each night. and we enfoy it very mach. I am really pending my hapert dass. When 1 awoke on Christhas morming one of my stockinse was mising I fomst it after a time hathg. ing to the mante, and in it a gold watch and chain. I toht them I feared ther were overdoing the thing: but 1 think 1 am about as prond of it as a boy with his first watch: it is a good one. I ako hat a little no e with a dollor in it, and as I have to ure for money I entone it to you fot that little paper that cones on regubaty, and thar 1 appreciate oo much. I bope you may ine ablo lefore long to make it a weekly.
Sow 1 should like much to hear from yon and Mrs. H. and fanily. I had a very encotraging ami happy letter from you some years ago, telling the how good the Lord was to you, how he provided for yon. supplied your wants and was near in every trouble. I an happy to say that I cancmborse it all. He has heen good to me, O. so frood. We hope to hear from you very soon. My wite joius in love to yourmif and Mis. Hughts
Wishing you all the compliments of the season I remaib as ever

Yours in Clhristian fellowship,
N. H. Mtrem.

## marrich.

Cionvas-Wal:b-At the revidenee of David Ward, Bliwetietd, by Pa tor M. I: King, Dec :2, id, Nathaniel Cuthors of Hacknhle to titacie D. Wand of Blisshi-bld.

ATKINoox-Townens-At Juifues, N. B., 2th He., by Hev, D. A. Steele, Byren atkimon to Nethe

CHapma-Surti-At the patamaze, Cumbrialie, $\mathbf{N}$. B., wh H.a 23rd, by Hev, R. Barry Smith, Walter s. Chapm on of Port Elcin, N. B, and Eipanot Kany. ecoad davinater of the officiating momater.
finwov Cow- - At Freduricton, N. B. Bue, is, Dy Kev. f. II. Mactbonali, Milton Cibisom and Lientha Cluer, buth of Kimge bar.
Othetrab McCheaby - At the brih' O home, Dackrenville, bu Dea, 25 h , by Rev. Jus. A. Cahill, Hesbort I. O!mstead, of Wicklow to Mi-s Miry M. Mctieatig.

Prace Whiciss At the Buptist parobage, 11 imp. tin, X B., bee. 1-th, by liev. H. s. shaw, domeph N. Pickle to Mary 6 : Wiggias, all of Nortous.
Whas Metasax at the Baptist chuch, Itamp wh. X. E., bee. \#3 d, by Rev. H. S shaw, Eden M Wilson, B. B. S. of St. John to Lela M. Meleath of Hampton.
 parcate, Bee esth, by Rev. F. B. Bavident. Hariy W. Hoseat of Montvale, Mas, U. S. A, and Satah A. second daughter of dohat M. Tingl y of I ope cil Hill, Abbert Co., N. Ih.
dienain bowne-At the Find Buptint ehares, Harsey, Abwit county N. B. Dece 25\%h. by Rev. 3 E. Fletcher, James H. Gioggo of Millstram. Kiug courty toclaras. Downte, daughter of Beacom Eza Domaie of Havey, Alhert county.
Tinglev-Oceton-at the residenee of Mr. Afbet E. Oulton, Point De Bute, th Dec. 25 hth, by Rev. If. H. Thomas, assinted ty Rev. Chomas Marshalt, K. Frank T ngley of Cpper bas huster an Laly T. Oulton of Point be Bute.

Si-son Mabntex-At the Baptest church, Sisson nidge, Victo in Co. on thee. 23, by Rev. C. Sterling, Michard $\Lambda$. mssou to Mianie Pearl Marstene Buth of Siswon Mulge.

Williams-Wilila Ma-AI Mreth Kerwirk, York
 E. Williamesto Mise Margaret A. Williatux hoth of Muth Kow wick, York Co.

 Reubon s. Giusuing, of Cowordtip, Albort Cis, athei

Hatal Kiva-At Free Butiot Parmanse, sumax Dec, 2h. by Rev, B. H. Nowhe Elward iv. H, II of Jo dan Mountain and Mary Alse King of st, Mirtines

At the Free Baptist prexonuge, Mon toe, De. 25 h, by Rev. Gideon swin, henken s. tianning of Civer. dath, Nitwert Con, und Neilie (G. Strever, of Epper Diner, W. Cor.
At the First Baptist Church, Harver, Dee esth, by
 ${ }^{\text {Cin. }}$

At the residenee of the briders parents, D.e. 25. by Pav, F. D. Dividen: Hiwy W. If sea of Montvale, Mas* U. S. A., and Sarah A., werond daughter of John M. Tingley of Hopewell hat, Alburt Co, N. U.

At the rexidenee of the bride's parentes, A. county, Dec. 2sth, by Kev. B. M-Satchory, tuncle of the bride anminted by Rov. J. K. King, Markaret t.., second daghter of R.C Athiness, to Tra tan E. Bishop. M D, of Noston, Kug's ( m . $\mathbf{N}$. B., formerly of Harrey.
Tresen Nheler -At the par-onage, St. Geoge, N B., Dees 30th, by A. II Lavers, Albert A. Tucker of ie IT to, Callott-Co, and Misw Eva I. Milief, formerly of Guynaro Co., N. S.

Charsan-MeVheat-At the Kuge, Queen's Co., on 3iat in-t, by Rev. W. E. M.Lutyr: Harvey Chapm in of Catang, to Alice Mc Vicar of Waterboron, h.

## Died.

Akbas-At Blisfledt, Nuv. If, Allen Arban, in the nixtreath yeat of has age.
Acons - At Amh rat, Dec. at, after a lingering ill. ness, teake Acon, a native of I'. E. INand, in his Geith year.

Hhasemas-At Hillshor, Allert Ci, N, B., Bee ith, satah Horemat. aged sa years. she died in the faith.

Wigains. - At the resilence of her brother, Eben Wikgine, Nemton Centre, Mass, Nov 13th, of Consump. Limp, hillianc:., fourth daughter of the late Giltwen Wigkins of Wiggins iove, Qu-cns county, N. Is. De naard 17as bom Nov 4. 1872. Was ,win an by the later kes. i. W. Spinger and unted with Wugtis Cur Baytiot church. s me t meater. Gme to ",aitham, Mas and united with the Be Eden Bapti-t chur h, Walham, where she lived labored in many wavs for the cuse she loved much, of did thating in the savi ur whim she thie sermon preached by I er former pastor. Rev. J. mille", from I John :3, a text of her own choosing Our sister los her tirght havpy dismosition athd str thistian haracter won for her a hoat of friends, w cance to pay the bast trihata of respect to the one they ioved.

Hr7entivs, wathew 3. Tutehins, 3ged 71 years foimed embet co, it Hampton, chured when a young man, and has teen fathful unto death. For the pas cwoyears he has been living with his daunhter Hampton, where ho died. His remains were buried fumbelland Bay. say God bless those of his fam is who are left to mourn.
Estabmerok-At Chipuan, N. B., on 20th inst, An!, reliet of the lite Josaph Estabrooks, aged 09 years, 3 months. Deceaved professed rel gion when a little giri ten years of age and was baptized by her uncle, Elijah Estabrools, then pastor of the Canning church. She had been over 89 years a member of thg Bupti-t chucch, and her consistert and humble lifg gave evidence of her Christian hope and her compietc acceptance of christ. Two daughters, two sistere and a large number of grandchildren and great-grand. children survive her.

