

# The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XIII

CHATHAM ONT., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1904

NO 223

## "LET US HEED THE CALL TO CONSECRATED CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP"

—R. L. BORDEN TO THE PEOPLE OF KENT

### MAPLE CITY'S WARM WELCOME TO WORTHY AND ILLUSTRIOUS CANADIAN

Hearty Greetings Extended to Mr. and Mrs. Borden and Their Party of Distinguished Visitors

### MAGNIFICENT MEETINGS AT BLENHEIM AND CHATHAM

Rev. Mr. Brown Submits the Temperance Problem in Blenheim—  
"Every Man is Entitled to Ask for the Stand of the People's  
Representatives on Public Questions," Declared the  
Leader—Mr. and Mrs. Borden Entertained.

The visit of Mr. R. L. Borden, leader of the Liberal-Conservatives in the Dominion Parliament, and his loyal and charming wife to Kent County yesterday will prove a memorable one. Mr. Borden has left the impress of a strong and winning personality with the people of this district. He has stamped himself as a statesman of broad outlook, sterling integrity with a great mission to perform in Canadian public life. Very rarely has he won his way into the hearts of the people, irrespective of politics. He commands esteem and respect and is spontaneously accorded a loyal and earnest affection.

Following the morning reception, noted in yesterday's Planet, came the Blenheim trip and the grand meeting there. Then the return to train. A hearty approval of the greeting was given by those who heard it, and few there were—if any—who would not have said the same thing after the meeting.

The rain was all over when the party reached Blenheim and Blenheimites and yeomen from the surrounding district turned out in force and gave Canada's coming premier and splendid orator a most fitting welcome. Among the many to extend the glad hand to Mr. Borden were:—Dr. S. G. Storey, Dr. Lang-

were:—Dr. S. G. Storey, Dr. Lang-  
ford, Dr. Hanks, S. Wodehouse, Mr. Coupland, W. E. Biggar, David Tedford, T. W. Pierson, James McVittie, W. C. White, Mr. Fetham, Thos. Rumble, Ben. W. Willson, T. G. McCallum, C. F. Gibson, while some of the Chathamites who couldn't stay

"Between the Canadian Producer and  
any other I stand for the Canadian.  
Between the British and foreign producer I am for Briton every time."

Chatham and the enthusiastic reception here. From seven till eight o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Borden received at the Garner, where hundreds of ladies and gentlemen called upon them.

The mass meeting in the Grand at night was a magnificent one, and a busy day was fittingly brought to a pleasant close by the delightful entertainment of Mrs. Borden by the ladies of the Victoria block, while Mr. Borden and his colleagues enjoyed the hearty hospitality of Mr. J. M. Pike at his home on Murray street.

Mr. Borden was next introduced, and his introduction called forth the wildest enthusiasm.

When quiet was restored, Dr. S. G. Storey read an appropriately worded address on behalf of the people of the town and district, and little Miss Edythe Hanks presented him with a beautiful bouquet of flowers.

The speaker said the presence of such a large number of ladies augured well for the chances of Mr. Clements in the coming election, because the gentlemen always do as the ladies tell them. Mr. Borden's address was a capital one and brought out in a straightforward and convincing manner the points on which will be the issue. It was listened to with the most rapt attention, and the only fault found with it was that it was too short.

The meeting itself was a "rouser,"



"A BRITISH SUBJECT I WAS BORN;  
A BRITISH SUBJECT I WILL DIE"

of the present tour of Mr. R. L. Borden developed at the Blenheim meeting in the afternoon, when the Conservative leader was questioned as to his own attitude and that of the

### MR. BORDEN'S MAGNIFICENT APPEAL FOR HIGHER STANDARD OF PUBLIC LIFE

Keynote of a Grand Address to the People of Kent County at the Great Mass Meeting Last Night

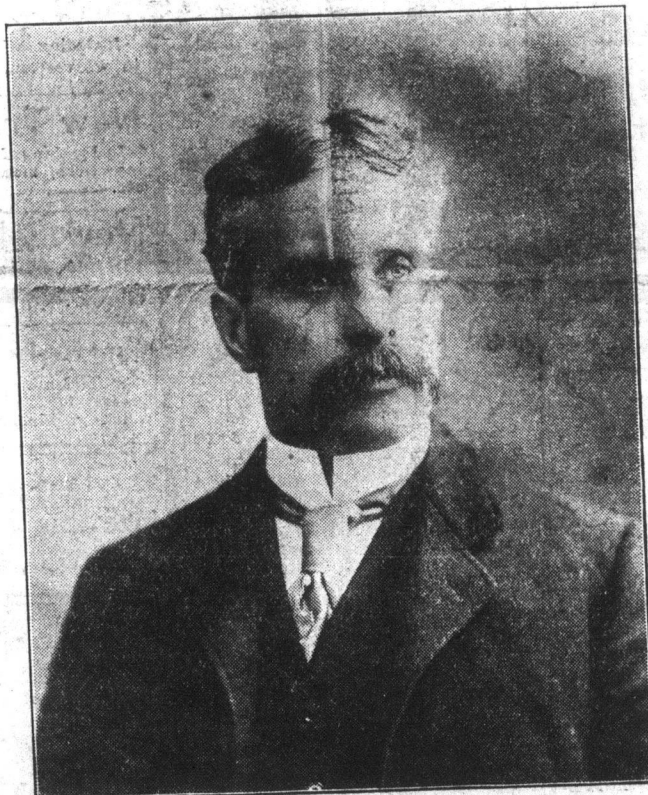
Brown, pastor of the Baptist church here, and one of the most active of the temperance workers, whose efforts here succeeded in the enforcement of the local option law in this vicinity. Amidst a scene of considerable excitement and some show of opposition on the part of an element in the audience, Mr. Brown asked the leader what he would do in the way of prohibition legislation in the event of being returned to power?

### PEOPLE TO OWN THE NEW RAILWAY FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Such is the Leader's Pledge if Endorsed at the Polls—The Policy of Canada for Canadians—An Appeal to Raise the Standard of Political Controversy—A Memorable Speech by a Great Man.

R. L. Borden, "the great leader of the great Conservative party," as Dr. Thornton expressed it, was the magnet that attracted an immense crowd to the Grand Opera House last evening. Mr. Borden is an argumentative and convincing orator. He has a clear and distinct enunciation and a voice that carries without any apparent effort on the part of the speaker.

Mr. Borden prefaced his remarks with a few words of thanks. He said that he desired to express on behalf of himself and Mrs. Borden their sincere appreciation of the kindness extended and also the tribute expressed towards him by the presence of such a vast audience. As far as he was personally concerned, he was afraid that the enthusiasm of his friends had led them on to say too much and they apparently placed him on too



R. L. BORDEN, K. C., M. P.,  
The illustrious Liberal-Conservative Leader Who Yesterday  
Visited the Maple City.

"It is for the people of Canada to say:  
Shall we have a Government-owned  
railroad or a railroad-owned Govern-  
ment?"

high a pedestal. After all, he was only a man. He warmly thanked Mr. Angus for the solo that had so delighted all and hoped to hear clear of any "wobbling" such as specified in the song. His introduction to Chatham in the morning had been of a somewhat lurid character. He was reminded of the incident concerning Sir John A. Macdonald, who was once caught in a thundershower and who, turning an eye up at the sky, remarked expressively, "another case of a drop too much."

His friend Mr. Clements had dealt briefly but exceedingly well with the affairs of this county.—Applause. Having listened to Mr. Clements and having observed by the applause the high esteem in which that gentleman was held he could not but feel the

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DR. A. W. THORNTON  
The Eloquent President of the West Kent Liberal-Conservative Association

Herbert S. Clements was the first speaker called upon. He was met with round after round of applause, showing the popularity and renown of the Conservative candidate for Kent. Little Miss Margery Spackman presented him with a lovely bouquet. Mr. Clements' address was a fine one and was exceedingly well received.

Mr. Borden was next introduced, and his introduction called forth the wildest enthusiasm. When quiet was restored, Dr. S. G. Storey read an appropriately worded address on behalf of the people of the town and district, and little Miss Edythe Hanks presented him with a beautiful bouquet of flowers.

The speaker said the presence of such a large number of ladies augured well for the chances of Mr. Clements in the coming election, because the gentlemen always do as the ladies tell them. Mr. Borden's address was a capital one and brought out in a straightforward and convincing manner the points on which will be the issue. It was listened to with the most rapt attention, and the only fault found with it was that it was too short.

THE PROHIBITION QUESTION.  
One of the most important events

party upon the prohibition issue. The question was propounded at the close of the leader's address, which had been listened to with the closest attention by a large audience.

It came from the Rev. G. B.

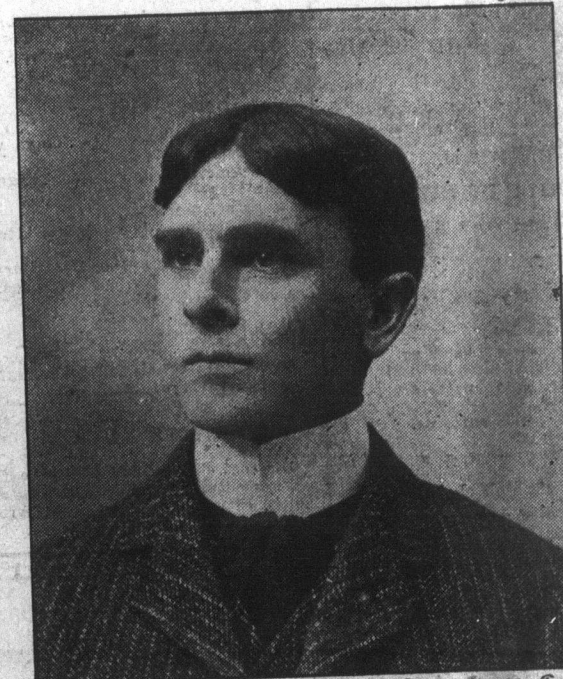
If the Conservative party should be returned to power, without repudiating any contract the Government would have the right, if the whole people so declare at the polls, to expropriate the undertaking of the Grand Trunk Pacific, and build the line as the people's line from the Atlantic to the Pacific. (Applause.)

"That, then, is the issue. The door is not closed. I believe the people will decide in their own interest. I don't ask them to decide anything unfair or unjust, because vested rights must be observed and the sanctity of contracts must be respected, but the door is not closed, and once more I declare to you it is for you to say whether we shall have in Canada a Government-owned railway or a railway-owned Government." (Applause.)

point. "Let me tell you," said Mr. Borden, "my friend has a perfect right, the right of every man in this room, to ask me, as a public man, what I have to say about that. I say to you, in the first place, that by the decision of the Privy Council, so far as I understand that, that question has been removed practically altogether out of Dominion politics, and the question which he propounds is one which he ought in the first place to propound to the Hon. G. W. Ross, as far as this Province is concerned."—Tremendous applause.

"I have something more to say," he continued. "I say to him that the Conservative party has never undertaken to make any pledge upon that subject or any other subject which it is not prepared to carry out; but I say to you that the first thing the prohibitionists have to do is to so educate public opinion in this country that any law passed for the purpose of prohibition would be carried, and I say further that any prohibitionists in this country who see fit to support a man who made a solemn pledge to the people in this country that he would, if his party came into power, pass a prohibition law if the

Continued on Page 4.



HERBERT S. CLEMENTS  
The Liberal Conservative Standard Bearer in West Kent



## The Planet.

Business Office ..... 53  
Editorial Room ..... 102  
S. STEPHENSON ..... Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, '04.

## THE SITUATION

Mr. J. S. Willson, life-long Liberal and biographer of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, writes as follows in the Toronto News:—

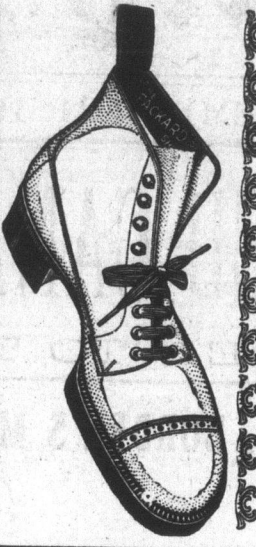
The reputation of the Liberal party has been greatly shattered by recent events. The time was when Liberals stood out as the guardians of public morals in Canada. Even thousands of Conservatives who boasted and frankly believed that their leaders had an inherited genius for government, half-confessed that they represented lower ideals and a poorer code of ethics than Baldwin and Brown, and Mackenzie and Blake, and Laurier and Mowat, and their associates in the leadership of the Liberal party. But that day has gone and with it the chief glory of a great historical organization. The determination of the Liberal government of Ontario to retain power at any cost has compromised the party for a generation. There is nothing in the history of the Conservative party which outranks in deliberate villainy the gross scandals which disgrace all the recent history of Liberalism in this province.

Two and a half years ago the government came out of the general election with one of a majority in the Legislature, and facing a majority of seven or eight thousand of the popular vote recorded in favor of its opponents. The government was morally, if not actually, defeated, and should have promptly resigned and thrown the responsibility of the situation upon the Opposition. For thirty years the Liberal party had governed Ontario, seized every appointment, and absorbed every office of honor and emolument, and in all decency could not afford to resort to unfair methods in order to prolong a tenure of office, which was then unparalleled in the history of free institutions. But the official managers of the party, the patronage-mongers, and the secret service workers determined otherwise, and deliberately set themselves to carry the Ross Government through another parliamentary term at any cost to the reputation of the Province and at any sacrifice of the traditions and pretensions of Liberalism. The story which follows is one of almost incredible infamy.

Conservatives were unseated in North Norfolk, North Perth, Centre

Bruce, and Sault Ste. Marie, but in every case excepting the Sault only trifling irregularities were discovered. In Centre Bruce something very like a craft and a cold disregard of fair play was brought home to the Liberal organization. In South Oxford a deliberate attempt was made by the Central Liberal agency, which it must be understood, acts under the direct orders of two or three of the Ministers, to purchase the evidence necessary to unseat the Conservative member. In North York a Minister of the Crown, not daring to face the election court, confessed judgment and handed over ten or twelve hundred dollars to his opponents. The net result up to the first meeting of the Legislature after the general election was that North Norfolk and North Perth were recaptured by the Liberals, that they won the bye-elections in North Grey and North York where Liberals had been unseated, that Sault Ste. Marie, where the Conservative member was unseated, and North Renfrew, where the Liberal member had died, were kept vacant, and thus the Government was enabled to struggle through the session with three or four of a majority.

The session was made memorable by Mr. Gage's charges, backed by conclusive proof, documentary and circumstantial, that he was purchased by agents of the Government, and that in ratification of the transaction he was vested with control over the patronage of his riding, and by the abortive work and unsatisfactory judgment of the Royal Commission, which was arbitrarily and improperly substituted for inquiry before a Parliamentary committee. But the Government survived the session, and thus had another twelve months in which to increase its majority in the Legislature. The Sault was vacant, and later Muskoka became vacant through the death of the Liberal member. Bye-elections in these constituencies were finally ordered, with the result that the Sault was won by the Government, and Muskoka carried by the Opposition. At length North Renfrew also, which for a year and a half, in gross violation of public decency and constitutional principle, the Government had kept disfranchised, was likewise permitted to resume its right of representation in the Legislature, and returned a Conservative by a substantial majority. Protests were entered in North Norfolk, North Grey, North Perth, North York, the Sault, Centre Bruce, Muskoka and North Renfrew, and dates of trial were fixed. But the Government in sheer desperation, and again in flagrant defiance of constitutional principle, called the Legislature for the very day on which the first of



## HERE'S THE NEW SHOE For Men —THE— PACKARD

The most stylish, best wearing and biggest selling Shoe in America. See our East Window for styles.

Mostly \$4 a pair.  
Two lines at \$5.00  
All Rock Oak Soles.

## PEACE SOLE AGENT for Chatham

these protests was to be heard, and thus under the provision of law which secures a member in his seat while Parliament is sitting suspended the action of the courts, forced the judges to fix new dates of trial, and secured the Government in a majority of three for the session. At every step there was fraud, trickery and abuse of constitutional prerogatives. We are now learning how this majority was obtained. In North Perth, the Liberal member confessed judgment and surrendered the seat. In Sault Ste. Marie the seat has been voided after one of the most sensational election trials in the history of Canada. In North Grey, which has witnessed an amazing exhibition of perjury, the trial is still in progress.

What we now most desire to say, however, is that the responsibility for the distressing revelations of political immorality which we have had during the last few weeks rests primarily upon the Government. The machine, whose tracks in North Perth the Ministers dare not have uncovered, and which devised and engineered the purchase of the Sault, is nothing less than an outside department of the Administration. The agents in Toronto are appointed by Ministers, its funds are collected by men in confidential relations with the Government, often under the direction of Ministers themselves, and mainly from office-holders, contractors for supplies to the public institutions, and the receivers of pulp and other public concessions.

In the Sault, as was established at the election trial, there was a compact between the Government and the representatives of the Sault industries which made every dollar paid out to workmen and officials contribute to the election of the Ministerial candidate. Fourteen or fifteen hundred dollars were paid directly to the candidate by Mr. Connors, who had a great financial interest in the resumption of the bold plan for the demoralization of the constituency were laid by these outside agents, who are the absolute creatures of Ministers acting under the nominal control of the central party organization. This organization, as has been said, receives its character and takes its instructions from the Government. The Sullivan and the Sutherlands simply interpret its spirit and carry out its orders. It is, therefore, sheer hypocrisy to denounce the creatures and shield the masters, and simple treason to the country to curse the machine and defend the Government under

whose inspiration and authority its works are conceived and performed. It might be unfair to hold a Government or a leader of Opposition responsible for the operations of individual candidates, or for the proceedings of local workers, but they cannot evade responsibility for the character of their central organization and the methods which it employs in the constituencies. This is surely beyond dispute, and yet all over this Province preachers and public journals, and pious partisans will pour out their wrath upon the instruments and embrace the authors of such infamies at the Sault has revealed.

There may be some efficacy in compulsory voting, in legislation against the outside worker, and in enforced publicity of election contributions. But surely we have lived long enough to know that there is no adequate remedy except in a sensitive and energized public opinion, and the summary overthrow of politicians and Governments which profit by electoral corruption. We are so bedevilled by party that our pulpits are dumb, our press shackled, and our publicists habituated to cant and subterfuge. The instruments which perform the tasks of the central organization expect to be denounced. That is part of the service for which they receive their wages. They merely shrug their shoulders and chuckle at the transparent hypocrisy of their accusers. So the Government stands firm as the storm goes by, well content to have its agents pilloried and callously cynical at the moral attitude of people who profess a consuming zeal for integrity in public affairs and yet burn with indignation at the suggestion that a Government which appoints the agents of corruption and profits by their infamous practices should suffer the natural penalty of ejection from office.

## THE STAGE

"All he world's a stage  
and all the men and women  
merely players."

Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Seats on sale at Brisco's.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

At Chatham Grand.

Mack & Armour's Comedians—Sept. 19, 21.

Romeo & Juliet—Sept. 25.

Geo. F. Hall in "A Ragged Hero"—Sept. 28-29.

Real Widow Brown—Oct. 1st.

Princess Chick—Oct. 4.

(Supplied to The Planet, by Press Agents.)

ROMEO & JULIET — A PLAY TO PLEASE ALL.

Shakespeare's genius was at its best in his creation of the marvelous characters in this play. How skilful is the contrast of the Nurse's subtle humorization with Mercutio's scoffing cynicism, a creation of high comedy, with the fragrant innocence of Juliet, and the romantic enthusiasm of her lover, Romeo. All the very best features of dramatic composition and poetry are to be found in Romeo and Juliet. The interest is absorbing, the pathos most deeply touching, while the humorous element, never so prominent, affords that contrast so essential to a really great drama. Simvel's production carries all new scenery complete, properties and electric effects, and will be given in its entirety at the Grand Opera House on Monday, Sept. 26th.

## THE PROPER TREATMENT FOR A SPRAINED ANKLE.

As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or three months before he has fully recovered. This is an unnecessary loss of time, for in many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some cases within three days. For sale by all druggists.

## LEGAL

McGillivray vs. Township of Lochiel—Judgment (C.) on appeal by defendants from the judgment of report of Drainage Referee, in an action for damages caused to plaintiffs' land by flooding, owing, as alleged, to ditches constructed by defendants. The Referee found plaintiff entitled to \$500 damages and an injunction if defendants failed to provide an outlet within nine months. Appeal allowed with costs as to defendants sued as parties to third and fifth award drains. Appeal dismissed with costs as to defendant sued as party to first and second award drains, but damages reduced to nominal damages. Appeal by defendants, who were dismissed from action by referee in respect of their costs, also allowed with costs, and action dismissed as to these defendants, with the usual taxable costs. MacLennan, J. A., dissented, holding that the appeal should be altogether dismissed with costs. M. Wilson, K.C., E. H. Tiffany, (Alexandria), and F. T. Costello, (Alexandria), for appellants. J. Leitch, K. C., for plaintiff.

# FALL MILLINERY OPENING

## TO-DAY and TO-MORROW AND FOLLOWING DAYS OF THE WEEK

As a fashion event you will find the Northway Millinery Opening an Exposition of the most Charming Millinery Styles—a display of Millinery that is replete with art and grace—the culmination point of miles of travel and months of search through Europe and American fashion centres and weeks of preparation by our expert Milliners and Designers. From a practical point of view you will find this Fall Exhibition of Millinery a most exclusive showing and a vast wealth of millinery materials in all its branches, and by no means the least attractive feature is the very moderate scale of prices

## A Striking Feature....

In this magnificent display will be our New York Ready-to-Wear Hats. Never before has there been such a gathering in any one store in Chatham. Hundreds of chic styles to select from—styles that will not be shown elsewhere in the city. These hats were personally selected by our buyers when in New York. Bought direct from the largest and best manufacturers, you will find the prices surprisingly low

## Other New Goods

That await your inspection  
In addition to our millinery there will be

### Grand Display of New Dress Goods

Including all the latest novelties in weaves and colorings.

## New Trimmings

In Persian effects, braids, appliques, insertions, laces, Gimpures, all-overs, etc.

## New Silks

In taffetas, Louisines, Peau de Soie, Grosgrain, Liberty, Surah, Merv, Gros de Tour.

## French Flannels

An immense range of new and novel designs in rich, color effects for waists, kimonoes, etc.

## New Kid Gloves

We are agents for two of the best French makes, "Trefousse" and "Rouffion." Every pair of these gloves are fully guaranteed. Our present showing includes all the latest styles and colorings.

## New Waists

In silk, flannel, lustre, satana and other fancy waisting materials in great variety, all made in latest styles; you will be agreeably surprised with our prices.

## New Skirts

We are safe in saying that no store in Western Ontario has such a fine showing of ladies' tailored skirts as we have at present. Every garment our own make and fully guaranteed in every respect. All sizes for ladies' and girls in stock.

## New Furs

Of every description; our buying and selling of furs in seven store quantities enables us to buy and sell furs at lower prices than any firm hereabouts; see our immense range of stylish furs; get our prices before you buy.

### New Fall and Winter Coats

For ladies, misses and children, hundreds to select from, every garment new and of latest cut, Northway made, the best values your money can buy.

You are Invited to Come and inspect, admire and criticize this Exhibition of Fashions, latest dictates. Bring your friends with you, all will be made welcome.

# The Northway Co'y., Limited.

Seven Stores and Two Factories.

## TENDERS

Tenders will be received for repairing the roof of the Chatham Collegiate Institute subject to the instruction of the Architect, Mr. Rutley. Also tenders for painting the said roof one coat of oxide of iron. Tenders to be sent to T. R. Harris, Secretary C. I. B., up to 24th September, 4th

## NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Bulk and separate tenders will be received by the undersigned architects, addressed to C. Bechard, Esq., up to seven o'clock p. m., Saturday, Sept. 24th, 1904, for plastering, carpenter work, plumbing, heating, wiring, gas fitting, painting and glazing, for two brick veneered dwellings to be erected on St. Clair street. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. BECHARD, ESQ., Prop.  
JAMES L. WILSON & SON, Architects,  
Chatham.  
Chatham, Sept. 15th, 1904.

## PEACHES

Persons desiring peaches of the celebrated Crosby will please leave their orders with my agents, C. D. Williamson and Thos. French, or personally to myself. Special attention paid to putting up orders for shipping away. The season will open about the 20th of September.

MILTON BACKUS.

# STOVES

WE HAVE THEM.  
Geo. Stephens & Co

OUR ADVERTISEMENTS PAY.

## IMPORTANT

## Sale of Household Effects

H. P. NAYLOR, who is about to leave for Winnipeg, has instructed Mr. Andrew Thomson, Jr. to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his residence, WEST STREET, head of Cross Street, on THURSDAY NEXT, SEPT. 22, commencing at One O'clock, all his household effects, without reserve. This will be a fine chance to procure Carpets, Furniture, Stoves, etc., and no one should miss the opportunity

### Carpets, Rugs, Linoleum.

25 yards fine English tapestry carpet.  
3 all wool bedroom carpets.  
28 yards wool carpet.  
One hall carpet and stair, almost new, pad, stair plates, etc.  
20 yards best quality Scotch linoleum.  
One American moquette rug.  
One Axminster rug, large size, finest quality.  
One Japanese verandah rug.

### Dining Room Furniture.

One extended oak extension table.  
Six oak dining chairs, upholstered in leather.  
One walnut sideboard.

### Bedroom Furniture &c

Three bedroom suits, springs, mattresses, etc.  
One iron bed.  
One lounge.  
One fine solid walnut wardrobe.  
One child's cot.  
One baby Go-Cart.  
One Singer sewing machine.  
One umbrella stand and hall tree.  
Eight pairs lace curtains, poles, trimmings, etc.  
One pair chenille curtains.  
One parlor lamp.  
Three hanging lamps, a number of small lamps.  
Two children's high chairs.  
Number of nice pictures.

### Parlor Furniture

One large chair upholstered in blue silk.  
Two rocking chairs, upholstered, fancy chairs, tables, etc.

### Back Parlor Furniture

One book-case and secretary combined, almost new, quartered oak.  
One open book-case, four shelves, one Morris chair, upholstered in brown corduroy.  
One quartered oak reading table.  
One bamboo table.  
One small student's secretary.  
Number of fancy chairs, etc.

### Kitchen Furniture

One Happy Thought Range with water front, good as new.  
One American Jewel Gas Range.  
One large size fine American Refrigerator, new.  
Two kitchen tables, chairs, kitchen utensils, fruit jars, etc.  
One Royal Peninsular Base Burner.  
One Jewel Heater, coal or wood.  
One Oil Stove Heater.

## Books

50 volumes Choice Books—fiction, travel and adventure.

### Carpenters' Tools

One tool chest, filled with the finest carpenter's tools, one carpenter's bench, with vise, garden tools, screen doors, etc.

Remember the day, Thursday Next, Sept. 22nd.

Andrew Thomson, Auctioneer.

H. P. NAYLOR, Prop.



## The Best

The Chatham Business College  
CHATHAM, ONT.

It is unquestionably Canada's greatest business school.  
No other school gets such RESULTS.  
It is now current talk throughout the country that the student who wants the best training and a good position when graduated must attend this school.

250 students placed in year 1900  
350 " " " 1901  
375 " " " 1902  
375 " " " 1903

If these were placed in positions worth \$3 or \$4 per week, the showing would not be worth the space in this paper that it takes to tell it. But when the salary averaged \$500 per annum, a few of them over \$1000, the public should know that no other business school in Canada publishes such lists and gets such RESULTS.

Many of our former graduates are now commanding salaries from \$2500 to \$5000 annually. WHY SHOULD IT NOT BE YOU?

We pay your railway fare up to \$2.75. Good board in Chatham, 2.50 to \$2.75. For the handsome catalogue published by any business school in Canada, write

D. McLAHLAN & Co., Chatham, Ont.

## YOUR ESTATE

will not receive that close attention from an executor with other business to look after, which it will have at our hands where the only business undertaken is the care and management of estates

The London and Western  
Trusts Co., Limited.  
LONDON, ONT.

## FOR SALE

Large Frame House on Selkirk Street, North Chatham, well located, double parlors, four bedrooms, city water, brick foundation, size of Lot 50 ft. x 133 ft. price, \$1,000. Apply to

E. E. PARROT & SON  
Real Estate Agents,  
Chatham.

## DO YOU WANT A VERY HIGH-CLASS SEWING MACHINE?

Inspect the Wheeler & Wilson Machines. Madam West, who is agent for these machines in Kent County, will be pleased to show you how perfect in construction and how very rapid in movement, is the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine. Call and see MADAM WEST regarding this perfect machine at Thibodeau & Jacques, or room 73, Carters' House.

## Fire, Life and Accident.

Money to loan at lowest rate of interest. . . . .

GEO. K. ATKINSON

Phone 346  
5th Street, Next Harrison Hall.

## FORGET THE HEAT

and live easy, by baking delicious rolls, biscuits, etc., on a

**GAS STOVE.**

It makes a coal or wood stove look like 30 cents.

THE CHATHAM GAS CO  
Limited.

King St. Phone 81

## Glenn & Co.,

WILLIAM ST  
Import direct the finest Ceylon, Assam and China Tea, Black Gunpowder and Young Hyson, Best English Breakfast Tea, 35c and 40c.

CONTRACTING  
BUILDING

Are You Undecided  
where to buy Lumber? If so, all you have to do is to look at the prices we are quoting for HIGH GRADE LUMBER.

The Blonde Lumber & Mfg Co'y  
LIMITED.

Builders and Contractors.

CHATHAM FARMERS' HOUSE  
Opposite the market.

25 well ventilated rooms. Weekly or table boarders. Special rates, \$1 per day

J. W. MILES, Proprietor.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

## ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE.

FOR DIZZINESS.

FOR BILIOUSNESS.

FOR TORPID LIVER.

FOR CONSTIPATION.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents

Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

Ladies' Favorite.

Is the only safe, reliable

regulator on which woman

can depend "in the hour

and time of need."

Prepared in two degrees of

strength. No. 1 and No. 2.

No. 1—For ordinary cases

is by far the best dollar

medicine known.

No. 2—For special cases—10 degrees

stronger—three dollars per box.

Ladies—ask your druggist for Cook's

Cotton Root Compound. Take no other

as all pills, mixtures and imitations are

dangerous. No. 1 and No. 2 are sold and

recommended by all druggists in the

Dominion of Canada. Mailed to any address

on receipt of price and four-cent postage

stamp. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont.

No. 1 and No. 2 are sold in Chatham by all Druggists.

**\$75 A Month**

AND

**EXPENSES**

2.50 PER DAY TO INDUSTRIOUS MEN

in every locality introducing our goods

by distributing our advertising matter.

Steady employment to reliable men. No

experience needed. Write at once for

particulars.

THE LINSKOTT COMPANY

Brantford, Ont.

The Chatham Loan and Savings Co.

Capital, \$1,000,000.

INCORPORATED, A.D. 1881.

Money to Lend on Mortgages

Apply personally and secure best

rates and low expenses. Deposits of

\$1 and upwards received and interest

allowed.

Debentures issued for three, four

or five years with interest. Coupons

payable half yearly. Executors and

Trustees authorized by Act of Parliament

to invest Trust Funds in the

Debentures of this Company.

S. F. GARDINER, Manager.

Chatham, November 30, 1903.

No Extravagance About

the Price of Our . . . . .

**Ladies' Fine**

**Walking Shoes.**

The Prices are Right.

The Goods are Right, and

they are Honest goods in

every respect. Some are

Bargains, many are Snaps.

**Ladies' Fine**

**Oxfords, \$2.00 for**

**\$1.50.**

BARGAIN LOTS, regular

\$2.25, closing at 50c.

Call before they are gone.

At the Sign of Big Clock.

**A. A. Jordan,**

**Jeweller,**

Issuer of Marriage Licenses

**LUNCH BOX PAPER**

Pure parchment paper, suitable

for lunch box wrapping, for sale at

The Planet Office.

Ten Cents worth will be

enough for an ordinary family for

weeks.

The Planet Office.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

## THE DOMESTIC GOOSE.

Its Value as Market Poultry—Feed For Goslings.

The price of geese in the eastern

markets during the past winter ranged

from 9 cents per pound for the lower

grades to 35 cents per pound for the

very finest, as sold in the best meat

markets in the large cities. Between

the lower and the higher prices they

quoted along 16, 20, 24, 28 and 30 cents

per pound, according to quality, says

the Feather. Those that are known

as mongrel geese demanded the higher

price. The mongrel geese are the re-

sult of crossing the wild Canada goose

with the African. This produces a

fine, large, high flavored table fowl,

and this variety of geese brings the

highest prices when properly raised

and nicely presented for sale.

Geese will lay from twelve to as high

as thirty eggs in a season. It is always

better to permit the goose to hatch her

own eggs. When there are more eggs

than the goose can take care of, they

can well be hatched under very large

chicken hens and the goslings turned

over to the goose to care for them.

Buffed hominy and rice are very good

for the young goslings. Never feed

them any whole corn or corn of any

kind. Let all their food be mixed or

mashed food, rather dry, with a plenty

of supply of cooked vegetables in

same. Always provide plenty of grazing

on good grass or clover. After the

goslings are fairly well started they

will need but little attention or feed-

ing, provided the grazing grounds are

rich and plentiful.

When fattening time comes the

young geese that are intended for mar-

ket should be confined in close quarters

and fed plentifully on fattening foods

of all kinds. Good diet to start

them is ground oats mixed with water;

after this some barley meal may be

added to same, and steamed or cooked

potatoes mashed up and mixed with

barley meal and water. All of these

mash foods may be fed warm, but not

hot.

**Large Flocks.**

It is generally believed that fowls do

better and lay better in comparatively

small flocks, say twenty to fifty, than

in a mob; the theory being that the

food is more evenly distributed and

individuals have a better opportunity.

We have seen a thousand Plymouth

Rock hens running together, but they

divide up into flocks of about fifty in

the twenty roosting pens on the main

floor of the poultry house; they were

all in the basement of the house when

we saw them together. These were on

the farm of Mr. Prescott, near Boston.

On Mr. Henry Van Dresser's farm,

Cobleskill, N. Y., there are 1,200 White

Leghorns housed in the long house,

and all run at large together over a

fifty (or more) acre pasture when let

out; in the house they are in flocks of

about fifty in the twenty-four pens.

We saw on a highly prosperous poultry

farm in Maine 240 fine looking

Barred Plymouth Rock pullets, all in

one house. The owner said she cleared

annually about \$2 profit per head on

her birds; she has only seven cocks

and cockerels running with that num-

ber of pullets, and last year the eggs

from a flock kept in similar condition

averaged 90 per cent fertile and

"hatched splendidly."—Reliable Poultry

Journal.

**The Buff Leghorn.**

Bufs are now among the most popular

of the Leghorn race, but there is at

the present time a boom in buff plumed

fowls, says a correspondent of the

Feather. At the Copenhagen show

both Bufs and Chamois Leghorns were

exhibited, and it was the reports of

that exhibition which led English

breeders to take up this variety. Since

that time a great deal has been done

for improvement, but it will take sev-

eral years of further effort ere they

attain anything like perfection. It is

no easy thing to secure evenness of

tint or tone, even with so old a race as

the Buff Cochins, and it must be more

difficult with a newer breed, as buff is

not a natural color by itself in poultry.

There can be no question that the Buff

Leghorn is an excellent layer, and

claim is made that it is the best of

this race on the table.

**Grift For Chickens.**

The New York experiment station

ascertained that the addition of

ground rock phosphate to rations both

with and without animal food was fol-

lowed by better growth and, on the

whole, from less food than the addition

of finely ground oyster shell.

Food mixed with finely ground oyster

shell was less healthful and less effi-

cient than the same food mixed with

fine sand.

Mixing bone ash and ground oyster

shell in the food resulted in more rap-

id growth than the mixing of sand

alone, but injury attributed to ground

oyster shell made the feeding less

profitable.

**Food For Goslings.**

The best kind of food for the young

goslings is a mixed food or well pre-

pared mash food of some kind, which

may be fed to them in moderation at

first and thereafter as much as seems

necessary to keep



## MAPLE CITY'S WARM WELCOME

Continued from Page 1

people by their voice in a plebiscite demanded it, and after he came into power deliberately violated that bargain, alleging for the first time a secret understanding which was never placed before the earnest people of this country who fought that battle—I say, if there be any prohibitionist in Canada who stands for these men and for that party, after being treated in that way, I don't want his vote, the Conservative party don't want his vote, because they treat regard him as a man who is taking the course which will tend to elevate public life in this country. I contend that there was a deliberate promise made to the people of this country in that regard, and I say that that promise was as deliberately violated. And I heard Hon. Geo. E. Foster charge that in the House of Commons to his face, and there was no answer to it.

"I respect the temperance workers," went on Mr. Borden, "I respect the cause for which they work. I am not a total abstainer myself, although I very seldom indulge in anything that would be regarded as intoxicating liquor, not so much from principle as for other reasons. I could not do my work. I do not believe it is a good thing for me. I do not regard it as right for me. I use my own judgment in that regard. But I say that for the sake of removing an evil, I would be glad to sacrifice my own individual liberty. But I do not believe in this Canada of ours, in passing any law until public opinion has been brought up to the standard of enforcing it."

"But it has been done here," said some one from the audience, referring to the enforcement of the local option law in Blenheim.

"Well, you have done a very good work, then, if it is done," replied Mr. Borden. "This matter is very largely altogether, so far as I understand the law—a matter for the Provincial Legislature. It is true that we have the decision with regard to the Canada Temperance Act, before us. But those who have studied it—and I have studied it to some extent—say that that decision will be regarded as something which cannot be expressly overruled, but which will not be acted upon by the Privy Council in the future. So far, practically, the whole jurisdiction is concerned, the matter rests with the Provincial Legislature. They can carry it, and it is for that reason that I suggest that it is much more a proper question for the Prime Minister of Ontario, who has power to deal with it, than it is for the leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons, who, at the present time certainly has no power whatever to deal with it."

Tremendous and long-continued applause greeted the speech at its conclusion.

At the close of the meeting, Rev. Mr. Brown and other ministers advanced to the platform to heartily applaud and pleasure. He referred to the magnificent and instructive oration of the popular, and deservedly so, leader of the Liberal-Conservative party. It was without equivocation and left no room for doubt or escape. He spoke in the highest and most complimentary terms of Mr. Clements.

As train time was drawing near, the meeting had to be called to a close, with cheers for the King, Mr. Borden and the candidates.

On their arrival in Chatham on the return from Blenheim, Mr. Borden and party were met at the C. P. R. station by a large number of ladies and gentlemen, and were taken to the Hotel Garner under the escort of the Citizens Band. After supper a reception was held at which Mr. and Mrs. Borden received hundreds of the Maple City ladies and gentlemen. After the reception the party proceeded to the Opera House, where an immense gathering awaited to hear the honored leader of the great Conservative party. The hall was appropriately decorated with banners and flags. Streamers bearing the mottoes "Borden-Clements, both winners," "The old flag and the old policy with a new leader," and "Canada for Canadians" and pictures of Mr. Borden and Mr. Clements adorned the walls. Dr. Thornton, president of the Association, occupied the chair and he was surrounded by a large number of representative Canadians, amongst whom, besides R. L. Borden and James Clancy, M. P., were: H. S. Clements, David Henderson, M. P., Halton, Hon. Wm. H. J. S. Fraser, Dr. W. R. Hall, J. W. Sharpe, Dresden; Dr. Mitchell, Wallaceburg; Sandy McVean, Dresden; W. W. Everitt, J. M. Pike, J. Beverley Smith, Dr. J. L. Bray, John Turner, W. S. Marshall, A. B. Hutchinson, Rev. R. McCosh, Neil Watson, Mull; A. Cooper, Dr. A. Dunn, Geo. G. Martin, Thos. French, S. B. Arnold, M. J. Wilson, S. Stephenson, G. G. Taylor, Warren Lambert, Rev. Mr. Eddy, W. Stanworth, and others.

The lower boxes were occupied on the right by Mrs. R. L. Borden, Mrs. T. J. O'Keefe, Mrs. J. E. Armstrong and Mrs. H. S. Clements; on the left by Mrs. A. W. Thornton, Mrs. M. J. Wilson, Mrs. S. B. Arnold, Mrs. Chas. Dunn, Mrs. W. G. Merritt and Miss Lily Green.

Dr. Thornton, in opening the enthusiastic meeting, said: Ladies and Gentlemen—Will you permit me, as President of the Conservative Association of this County, to thank you most heartily for this magnificent demonstration in honor of the leader of the Conservative party of Canada. It augurs well for the future of this country, for the representative men of both political parties unite to honor the men

who have been chosen to stand in the front ranks in the political life of the nation.

The Conservative party certainly has no cause to feel ashamed of the part it has taken in the development of this country since Confederation. Our honored guest of this evening has no doubt a just sense of the high degree of confidence which has been placed in him in being chosen by his conferees as their leader, and this honor must be enhanced as he thinks of the men who previously filled the position, for in future years when the history of the first fifty years after Confederation comes to be written there shall be no names to stand with greater lustre than those of Macdonald, Abbott, Thompson, Bowell and Tupper. As we think of the great men among the nations of the world almost unconsciously our minds are focused upon some simple or simple, and these men have become inseparably associated with the history of the nation to which they belonged.

It was Napoleon, I think, who, during his Egyptian campaign, when he wished to inspire his men and thrill them with enthusiasm, said, pointing to the pyramids, "Thirty centuries look down upon you." It was Nelson at Trafalgar that flashed from his lips the immortal message to his men that since that time has been the inspiration of every British soldier and sailor, "England expects that every man this day shall do his duty."

When the thirteen colonies were dealing with the question of taxation without representation and their relation to the mother country, it was Patrick Henry who said "Give me liberty or give me death."

And when the Liberal party of Canada pinned their faith to the doctrine of commercial union, or unrestricted reciprocity, a doctrine that the Hon. Ed. Blake said would lead inevitably to political union, when in the mind of that great statesman was outside the pale of practical politics, it was at that crucial moment that that great statesman and father of Confederation, Sir John A. Macdonald, reaching not only the climax of his speech but having reached also the climax of his life spent in the interest of his country, exclaimed with all the fervor of his soul, "A British subject I was born, a British subject I will die."

And, ladies and gentlemen, the man man who is with us to-night, the leader of the great Conservative party of Canada, has brought into existence an expression which is bound to work itself into the history of the nation, an expression which I believe will become the strategic point about which will be waged the battles of the coming campaign, and that expression is "shall we have a government owned railway, or a railway owned government."

And we do not have to draw very largely on our imaginations to discern the meaning of this "railway owned government" means, for during the past week we have read the sworn testimony regarding the machinations of a government kept in power by the corporations and steamship lines and great corporations prostituting the free institutions of this province on a scale and to a depth never before dreamed of in this Dominion.

I am not going to take up your time but I have just one suggestion to make. When the time comes for the Conservative party to regain the reins of government, I trust that they will put a duty so high, as to be absolutely prohibitive on a certain class of American products.

I refer to the thugs and toughs and pluggers brought over from the American Soo and from Buffalo to debauch the free institutions of this country and I would suggest, sir, that a picture of that famous vessel, the miniature copy of the ship to be added to the Canadian emblem, along side the Maple Leaf and Beaver and that under it, there be written that motto, that we see under the Scotch Thistle, the emblem of Bonnie Scotland, "Nemo impune laesit" which is being freely interpreted, "You'd better leave me alone or you're liable to be hurt."

Dr. Thornton then introduced H. S. Clements, the Conservative standard bearer, who struck a popular vein. He was splendidly received. He said:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen, Mr. and Mrs. Borden:

You will understand, I think, how difficult I feel about speaking on occasions such as the present. I know perfectly well that this magnificent audience is simply a tribute to the distinguished gentleman who is present with us to-night. A gentleman who has commanded the admiration and the respect of the people more rapidly, perhaps, than any other man in the political life of Canada. I assure you, Mr. Chairman, I join with you and the good people of this city and vicinity, regardless of any political ties in extending to our distinguished guest the heartiest greetings and the most cordial welcome. I realize, ladies and gentlemen in appearing on this platform this evening that I am in the company of two gentlemen, one of whom by his ability as an orator and evident mastery of public affairs has proven himself worthy of the confidence as leader of the great Conservative party of Canada; and the other, Mr. Clancy, both in parliament and out of parliament has shown debating ability and keenness of intellect far beyond the ordinary. So you'll understand it would be very unwise for me to occupy very much of your time. Some time in the future I trust I may have the opportunity of meeting the electors and discussing with them the political issues of the day, more especially those issues which effect the welfare of the people of this constituency. Let me say this, however, that I am proud to be permitted by any way, however humble, to be associated with any man who enjoys to so large an extent the confidence and respect of the people as does Mr. Borden. He has not departed from the old landmarks. His motto is, "The old flag and the old policy," and we are glad to add to the old flag and the old policy, the new leader. It would seem, sir, that we are

on the eve of a general election and as the candidate of the Conservative party in this constituency, I am glad of this opportunity of pledging my support to the leader who has risen to himself so worthy and to those principles which under the Conservative government developed Canada and raised her up to the magnificent position now occupied. I must say, Mr. Chairman, in behalf of the citizens of Chatham and vicinity, we extend to that amiable woman who accompanies Mr. Borden a most hearty welcome, and our only regret is that she cannot remain longer with us and thus become better acquainted with what we consider the finest and best looking women of Canada.

In conclusion, while I want to be as brief as possible, I will state to you what I believe in, a policy of Canada for the Canadians. I believe in building up Canada at the expense of foreign countries, and not building up foreign countries at the expense of Canada, as we are doing at the present time. I believe in applying the same duty to foreign countries, especially to the United States, that we apply to all other things that affect us, and especially upon American farm stuff, thereby giving to the Canadian farmer the Canadian market to himself, as the American farmer has the American market to himself, and giving to the Canadian mechanic and laborer the work and wages that justly belong to them as Canadians. I believe in equal rights for all and all classes being treated alike irrespective of color, creed or nationality. While I would like to go into the many questions pertaining to this constituency I will defer it until some future time. As I know a great many of our Kent farmers are present to-night, I want to compare the United States duty against the Canadian upon a few articles pertaining to farm stuff:

Now, sir, I could continue this comparison upon every solitary thing produced upon our West Kent farms and I would ask any sensible farmer if he would throw partyism aside and ask himself from a financial standpoint if he is getting justice under the present policy adopted against him. I distinctly state that there is a farmer nor a mechanic or laborer, or any other artisan, that can afford to support the present policy adopted against him.

Now, sir, while in the presence of Mr. Borden, I want to state to him and the audience my position as the Conservative candidate for Kent. I did not seek the position I hold in the party, but the position sought me. I was tendered the unanimous nomination of the Conservative Convention, and while I appreciated the honor and the kind words spoken of me, I will repeat the words that I uttered to my convention before accepting my nomination. I said I could accept only on conditions, and the conditions were these: that I did not believe in hide-bound partyism, that I considered partyism the curse of Canada and I wanted the privilege of supporting just measures for West Kent, irrespective of politics, and upon the measures that I have stated, I pledge myself to support those measures I care not by whom they are advocated.

Before resuming my seat I wish to say that I would appreciate the hearty support of every independent elector present to-night when the time comes for you to decide who will represent you in the next parliament. R. W. Angus was called upon for a solo and sang a sparkling parody on "The Rambler" in which he many idiosyncrasies of the Liberals were forcibly pointed out. He was heartily encouraged.

The chairman gracefully introduced the speaker of the evening, R. L. Borden. This was the first time that Jessie Thornton and little Dorothy Arnold to present handsome bouquets to the great Conservative leader and Mr. Borden respectively. Each respondent gave the pretty little donor a kiss.

The Secretary, S. B. Arnold, then read the following address: R. L. Borden, Esq., K. C., M. P.: Eminent historians tell us that the history of a country is largely the biography of its great men. Such an occasion as this enables us to recall with pride and reverence the great contribution which the Liberal-Conservative party has made to the history of our fair Dominion in the long line of illustrious, earnest, forceful and upright statesmen who have assisted in the guidance of our ship of state since Confederation.

We believe that Canada to-day is just at the threshold of national greatness. Her boundless wealth, her forests and her streams are attracting the attention and commanding the thought of the people of all nations. Because of this, statesmen of broad outlook, farseeing minds and clean hands must be found to guide the affairs of the nation, if Canada is to attain the position which we all know she should occupy.

The people of Kent County are proud to greet you, sir, because they know your name already stands synonomous with purity in public life, breadth of outlook and earnest zeal in the advancement and welfare of our country and its people.

It is particularly pleasing to us, too, that we have the privilege to-night of extending a warm welcome to Mr. Borden, who so heartily we greet the loyal lady whose consecration to the cause of good government is as real, as earnest and as arduous as that of her illustrious husband.

We bid you welcome to Chatham; we bid you welcome to Kent. We are proud to have you with us—and we shall look forward to the time, not far distant, when we shall again have the privilege and pleasure of

greeting you—our Leader—then as First Minister of our great Dominion. Signed on behalf, etc.

Chatham, Sept. 20, 1904. David Henderson, M. P. for Halton, made a brief speech in which he crystallized the arguments of the fiscal policy as outlined by Mr. Borden by a comparison of Windsor and Detroit. He thought that after the splendid speech of Mr. Borden that the best thing for the people to do would be to go home and think over what the leader had said.

Joseph Armstrong, M. P. for East Lambton, also spoke for a very few minutes and impressed a few of the facts put forth by Mr. Borden and speaking in the highest terms of H. S. Clements, the candidate for West Kent.

The meeting concludes with the singing of God Save the King, followed by rousing cheers for the Conservative party, for R. L. Borden and for H. S. Clements, the candidate for West Kent.

### PROBABILITIES.

Special per G. N. W.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—11 a. m.—Moderate with sun, and decidedly cool, frost in many localities to-night. Thursday, fine, not much change in temperature.

## THE LOCAL BUDGET

Briscoe's bicycle repairs and livery. Miss Heath, of Windsor, is visiting at, Albert Moody, Edgar St.

Miss Burns has reopened classes in china painting; studio Thames street. To-night Mack & Armour again at the Grand, prices 10, 20 and 30 cents. Do not be neglectful; seats on sale to-morrow for "Romeo and Juliet."

Toronto Fair sample suits worth \$17.50 and \$18.50 for \$12.50 at The 2 T's.

J. Sanford Hulm, of Penfield, N. J., is visiting his brother, Otis B. Hulm.

Ten smart boys, about 15 years of age, are wanted at once at Mahler's apple factory, Park avenue west.

Miss Piper, London, is in the city, the guest of her brother, A. M. Piper, architect.

Something very nice in Clothing. Call! It will pay you. Webb the Tailor.

Mrs. Harry Weaver has returned from visiting her daughter, Mrs. Judah, Toronto.

Band concert and promenade at Curling Rink Thursday night; Regimental Band. Admission, 10 cents.

Mrs. W. F. Smith arrived home yesterday, after spending a week the guest of Mrs. W. A. Wilson, London.

Miss Sarah Dauphin, Head St., is going up north, where she has accepted a position.

Misses Jennie and Maggie Ogle, of Rondeau, have returned home, after spending a few days the guests of Miss Lottie E. Hulin.

Miss Louise Hillman will resume her musical studies on Wednesday, 21st inst. Pupils intending to resume their studies will please call at once at the studio.

J. W. Aitken, A. M. McKishnie, Dr. Kerr, and J. G. Kerr, spent Monday at the West Kent house, Mitchell's Bay. They had a good day and bagged 28 teal.

Remember St. Andrew's concert on Monday evening, 26th inst., at eight o'clock. An "At Home" will be given in the Sunday school rooms after the concert. Admission to both 25 cents.

Lost! Monday afternoon, between Northway's store and Library, a sum of money and a number of papers. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.

Rev. M. Martin, Brantford, will conduct the anniversary services in St. Andrew's church on Sunday, 25th inst., and on the following evening a concert and "At Home" will be given.

The trial of Louis Tremblay and Stanley Boyd on the charge of burglary was to have been continued today but was laid over till Friday.

Fred. Berston, who pleaded guilty to the charge of which the other two are also accused, was remanded till Friday.

The reserve seat sale opens to-morrow at 10 a. m. at Briscoe's for "Romeo and Juliet" attraction, which appears at the Grand on Monday with an adequate acting company, including Leland Webb as "Romeo" and Hortense Van Zile as "Juliet."

Lost, on Saturday last, between Thomas Stueck & Son's and the Market, a parcel containing forty milk skins. Finder will be rewarded by returning to this office.

Fred. Bartlett has traded his \$50 gun for two English pheasants and now he's afraid the pheasants will die. He also has to buy three of those 40 cents each cigars for John Pleasance if Port Arthur has not fallen in nine days more.

Miss Mabel Orr, who has been visiting here, returns to her home at Wingham to-day, and is accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Samuel Orr, of "Bleak House," this city, who will make a two weeks' visit with friends in Wingham and vicinity.

Napoleon Larin, the barber, calls attention to the card in the rear of his shop. It is a fierce sight, littered as it is with paper and other refuse. Mr. Larin says that they have at different times had the police, and the fire department in an effort to keep the yard clean.

The horse belonging to Mr. Carey, gardner, ran away this morning. Mr. and Mrs. Carey were delivering vegetables on Princess street. Mr. Carey had gone into a house and Mrs. Carey was sitting in the rig when the horse became frightened and ran as far as Murray street, where the rig was upset and Mrs. Carey was thrown out and quite badly shaken up. She was taken to the residence of Mrs. Wm. Mann, Murray street, where it was found that her injuries were not serious.

**DRS. CORNELL & FISHER**  
**DENTISTS**  
Corner Sixth and King St.  
Over the Bee Hive.  
Phone 317.

Judge Bell heard the appeals re the voters' list this morning. About 30 changes were made.

Vital Goodreau, who has been ill in the hospital for the past two weeks, is able to be out again.

House to rent—Fine frame house Lydian Avenue, Apply to J. C. Fleming, Victoria Ave., or County Treasurer's office, Harrison Hall.

George James has returned to Wingham after a short visit with friends in this city. Mr. James has charge of the wall paper department of the Hudson's Bay Co., and has been in New York on a purchasing tour.

Messames J. Chalmers and J. Cowan have opened a dress and mantle establishment on Queen street, opposite R. C. church, and kindly solicit the patronage of the Chatham vicinity.

Miss Minnie Newton, of Orangeville, who has been the guest of Mrs. J. W. Mann, 4th Con, Raleigh, for the past week, returned to the city Tuesday evening, and is now the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Wm. Mann, Murray street.

### ADMIRER BY LIBERALS

Mr. John Piggett, Sr., one of the most active and yet fair-minded Liberals of the city, congratulated the officers of the Conservative Association on the magnificent political meeting held in the Opera House last evening. Speaking of the meeting, Mr. Piggett said:

"I could scarcely refrain from rising to my feet at the close of the meeting and congratulating those in charge on having given to the people of Chatham one of the clearest and cleanest cut political meetings that it has ever been my privilege to attend. It was altogether free from anything like personal abuse, and was certainly a moderate and other political meetings might profitably be patterned."

### TO-NIGHT'S BILL

Mack & Armour's Comedians returned this morning from Blenheim, where they played last night to an enthusiastic audience. They will present "A Colorado Girl," one of Mr. Mack's most successful melo-dramas, to-night, and the reputation they established last Monday evening assures a packed house.

"A Colorado Girl" bristles with pleasant comedy situations and thrilling dramatic incidents, and scenes being laid in a banker's office in New York City and among the canyons of Colorado. An entirely new list of spangles will be presented between acts, and these promises to be the best ever seen here.

Miss "Dolly Armour," the leading lady of the company, is being received with great enthusiasm throughout Canada, her native home. It is a matter of local interest that she was reared near Wallaceburg, Ont., and although her reputation was made in the States, her many friends in the Dominion are proud of her career, she having won enviable recognition in the best vaudeville houses of the east. A number of her relatives and friends from Wallaceburg and other points have visited her at different points along the tour.

For children's cloaks, ladies' sacques, etc., big variety of fancy colored stripes, 27 inches wide, special per yard 40c.

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For infants' coats, heavy nap, 50 inches wide, per yard \$1.50, \$2.00, and \$2.75.

Good heavy Scotch and Irish linen crash towellings, popular widths, 10c, 12 1-2c, and 15c.

For the purpose of the tour, she having won enviable recognition in the best vaudeville houses of the east. A number of her relatives and friends from Wallaceburg and other points have visited her at different points along the tour.

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### Grey Flannels</



## HIS MAGNIFICENT APPEAL

Continued from Page One.

take part in the political affairs of Canada by affiliating with the Liberal party—with whose principles he did not altogether approve—than to see him stand aside and take no part at all. If he was too good a young man to take part with any political party because it was so bad, then let him join the party that appealed to him as the best and exert himself in righting that which he considered wrong. It was the highest compliment that could be paid to Mr. H. S. Clements that he was a young man. Any young man who intended to do his duty and act according to his conscience was to be admired. If he acted solely for his own selfish interests he would keep out of politics altogether. No man would be justified in putting aside a call of the kind Mr. Clements had received, a call which could only come from either one of the political parties and the people of Kent ought to be proud that Mr. Clements, a young man, had come forward in response to the summons to serve his country. Mr. Borden was glad to see his friend Mr. E. W. Wilson, the Liberal-Conservative candidate for East Kent on the platform. He was a man also well worthy of support.

Mr. Borden had come a long distance to speak upon the public questions of the day. He would say that the issues between the two political parties were never more clearly defined than at the present time. Never had the conservative party better battle cries nor better politics than they had on the eve of this contest. One reason that they had so much to say was because there was so much that might be said. In the course of a single evening it was almost impossible to deal effectively with all. One part had been referred to by the speaker's friend Mr. Clements and he desired also to impress upon the gathering that it was not wise to support men who made promises which they never carried out and in fact never intended to.

Everyone knew of the pledges the Liberal party had made in the good old days regarding navy matters. It was not necessary to remind anyone that Sir Richard Cartwright, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the late Hon. David Mills had promised a reduction of from one, two, three, even five millions in the public expenditure. They had declared that the fifty-eight millions spent by the Conservatives during their last year was excessive. Compare this with the sixty-six millions spent by the Liberals in 1903 and seventy-eight millions spent in 1904. They had accomplished this by bringing down the estimates at such a time as to render discussion almost impossible. Now, as to the old professions of the Liberal party. They had often, when in opposition, expressed a desire for purity in politics. Their motto had been "Trust in the machine." They had also cried that the senate should be reformed, that the cabinet should be reduced in members, that the relatives of the cabinet ministers should not be appointed to public offices. One of the Liberal cabinet ministers, who used to do most of the complaining, now had his relatives enjoying government offices to a number not expressed by single figures—the number required double figures to express it. When Hon. G. W. Foster called attention to this, the answer from the government had been, "We are here, you are there, what are you going to do about it?"

"The Government have not only the opposition to face," said Mr. Borden, but they have also got to face the people of Canada and they have to give an account to the electors of Canada of how they have kept the pledges they made when they came into power. What is the difference between the pledges of a private citizen and the pledges of a political party? If a party goes to you with certain pledges and fails to fulfil their promises when you return them to power, what can you expect? Can you expect them to respect their own pledges when after they do not fulfil

their promises you treat them as honorable men and continue them in power."

Mr. Borden then referred to the Liberal system of appointing men to public offices.

"I do not deny," said he, "that there are many measures advocated by the Liberal party upon which they failed to act, and it is well for them that they did not. —Laughter. For instance, their policy of Free Trade."

In their neglect to act in this measure and others, they remind me of the Irishman who went to work as a gardener. He got along well and the lady of the house advised him to get married. He deferred and she instanced the case of Adam in the Garden who shortly after he was placed in the garden, took Eve as his wife. "Yes," replied the Celt, "but you notice that he didn't hold his job in the garden long after he took her" (laughter) and so the Liberals might not have held their jobs so long if they had carried out all of their pledges, and the Liberal party realized this."

He then referred to McKenzie and the good promises that he had made. He respected such men, but he did not respect the frauds that have been smothered by the Laurier government.

"We well remember the promise from the Liberal leaders that these frauds would be investigated, and that this investigation would be speedy, and judges were appointed. Looking back on the light of the last eight years we say that the promise of the Liberal party has increased. I claim that the appointment of men to the judicial bench should not be the subject of intrigue. That is one thing which we must place to the credit of Sir John A. Macdonald. He always sought the best man for any judicial position which was vacant. This was as it should be. The judges on the bench have our lives, liberties and our fortunes in their hands and we must choose the very best men for those positions that we can find. Judges are but human and men who have faults at the bar will have faults on the bench, and the client must suffer in silence any shortcomings on the part of the men at the bar or on the bench; therefore we must select the best men. I do not say that we should overlook party services, but there are good men in both parties."

"There are two judicial appointments vacant at the present time, one of them in my own province of Nova Scotia, and the Liberal government is afraid to make these appointments. This is not to their credit. I ask you is it any credit to have J. R. Jackson representing us in the Mother Country? This Jackson has been charged openly of frauds and upon the oath of three men he has gone to them and offered them money for evidence to unseat a Conservative member, and of intimating to them that they would not necessarily have to swear to the truth. Sir Richard Cartwright, in the House, said that he knew nothing about this and said that Mr. Jackson might have been indiscreet. And in the face of this Mr. Jackson was appointed to the position he now holds. The motto of the Liberal leaders seems to be, 'If you are not indiscreet you will not be found out.'"

"You find no reference of this in the Government proceedings. At that time I made a motion that should have been received with favor by every Liberal. It was to the effect that in making appointments to offices, party services should not alone be considered, but some attention should be paid to capacity and personal character. Is that not a resolution which even if it is moved by a Conservative, should be received with favor by the Liberal Government? What was the answer? The resolution was voted down by 30 or 40 of a majority. That is not too high a standard for public officials. It is an ordinary plain standard of every day life, but these gentlemen who are the leaders of the Liberal party and the followers of the old school of Liberals say that party services shall come first and no matter what man's personal character is he shall receive favor if he has been a good worker for the Government. This is not a principle which will commend itself to the people of this country, and I would say that the Conservative party are prepared to appeal to the country now on this question.—Applause."

"Another matter on which I wish to speak is the contrast between the Liberals to-day as compared to the Liberals of by-gone days. Let it be understood that by the Liberals I mean the Liberal leaders in the House. I should despair for this country if I did not believe that there is a majority of the Liberal members of Canada who do not approve of the methods followed by the present Liberal leaders.—Applause. And of the men who have received stolen goods brought by machine men whose operations have been altogether too prominent in the management of the affairs of this fair province.—Applause. All Conservatives recognize that Alexander McKenzie, apart from his shortcomings and we all have our shortcomings—was at least a true Canadian. He did one great thing. During his regime between 1874 and 1878 he established certain safeguards in the treasury department in appointing a man to watch the Government. This man was not to be under the control of any party. He appointed a good man to this position, John Lorne McDougall, a Liberal of the old school and able man. When Sir John A. Macdonald came into power he had no desire to dismiss Mr. McDougall, as he was always cordial with him, and Sir John knew the worth of a man like Mr. McDougall's stamp, to a public man."

"I do not deny that Mr. McDougall had a few frictions with the Conservatives, but he entered upon his thorny path in 1896 when the Liberals came in power. Soon afterwards he recommended to the Liberals that he should have greater powers, and that in 1904 he said that if he did not have more power he would be forced to resign his position, as he felt that he could not, under present conditions, safely guard the public treasury. What was the result? More restrictions were added to his office."

"I looked into the matter and asked the Government to submit the following resolution: 'Resolved, That in the opinion of the House the Auditor-General should have more powers, and ample to allow him to protect the public treasury.'"

"Is there any Liberal in the audience who will speak against this motion? Is that not fair and just? What was the response? The division bell rang. The Liberal who would not even listen to the debate trooped in and the motion was voted down by their full majority.—Applause."

"I ask you to send Mr. Clements and Mr. Wilson to Ottawa to help the Conservatives to protect the treasury.—Cheers."

"There is another question which is occupying the public mind that I wish to speak on, and that is the so-called trans-continental railway. In 1903 Sir Wilfrid Laurier introduced the question. I suggested in the interests of Western Canada that a commission be appointed to consider the question of transportation, which is of vital importance to this country and especially to the Northwest. In May, 1903, in the address from the throne they said that they would, and that the question was such a complex one that no scheme could be carried out until such a commission was appointed. At that time Mr. Laurier was in negotiation with the Grand Trunk Railway. I asked him to say against the Grand Trunk, but I do say that if the Government have a railway the Grand Trunk should not have free access to it."

The Liberal leaders had drawn an alarming picture of the state of affairs under present conditions. He said Canada was at the mercy of the great republic to the south through the privilege they had of carrying goods in bond through Canada. Mr. Borden didn't think this worth a great deal, as he knew that the United States was good at making a bargain, and if they were at any great disadvantage through the agreement, they would have repealed the argument long ago. Sir Wilfrid had entered into a bargain behind the back of his Minister of Railways and the latter had resigned his seat rather than support the argument. The Government was now in a peculiar position in regard to the Hon. Mr. Blair.—Laughter. Sir Wilfrid Laurier had given him a very high certificate as a man high in the knowledge of transportation matters. The Liberal-Conservatives criticised the scheme which the Government brought down in reference to the Grand Trunk Pacific, but it was possible in one evening to enter into the details of that criticism. It was pointed out that the scheme would involve an expenditure of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars, at least, in return for which Canada got no control of the railroad. The province of Manitoba was held up as an example where assistance was granted, but where laws were passed giving the province control over the railroads so that excessive freight rates could not be charged. The G. T. R. with terminal at Portland and Chicago, was John A. Borden, by the Grand Pacific and without one line of a written agreement compelling them to prevent them carrying freight from Northern Canada to the terminus of the G. T. R. at Portland and Chicago. That place as they had done at the past."

Canada was a young country, it was urged, and the prospect of it should go by an all-Canadian route to the coast. How could Sir Wilfrid Laurier, a man of such experience in transportation, be expected to make a good bargain with the men at the head of the G. T. R., men who had spent their lives in the trade of transportation. He had warned Sir Wilfrid in 1903 or 1904 of the danger that the freight arriving at Quebec would go to the seaboard via Portland instead of via St. John or Halifax. Mr. Borden had, at that time, told Sir Wilfrid Laurier that Portland was nearer than St. John. Mr. Borden, by the Grand Trunk time table, had shown that it was only 317 miles to Portland. Then Sir Wilfrid, when shown his mistake, had said he was very sorry, "but the geography could not be helped." The contract had been made so that the G. T. R. might not be hampered so far as the Portland traffic was concerned. At North Bay, Winnipeg and Quebec the Grand Trunk will continue to pick up the freight from Northern Canada and carry it to Portland, Me. In the past even if the Grand Trunk Pacific was built, then it was learned that twenty-five millions of common stock had been handed over to the G. T. R. for their financial support. This, too, after the Liberal-Conservatives had argued that this stock should be paid for in cash. The Liberals said in 1903 that the G. T. R. would not be allowed to part with this stock. It was well known what took place in 1904. The contract was altered in the interests of the corporation and not once in the interest of the country, and by no means the least alteration was the permission given the G. T. R. to dispose of that twenty-five millions of common stock. What financial service did the G. T. R. give that enterprise? He had the statement given by Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, in which he declared to the shareholders that he would assure them that the guarantee of five million dollars that the Grand Trunk Pacific would be built through Canada, would not cost the G. T. R. a farthing. Furthermore the G. T. R. was not paying any interest. Cash and credit to the amount of between one hundred and fifty-five millions and one hundred and seventy millions was furnished by the Government. The G. T. R. were to supply only fourteen and a half millions, while Canada had to supply between one hundred and fifty-five and one hundred and seventy millions. How much of the twenty-five million common stock did the country get? Why should not the people of this country who were providing nine-tenths of the cash and the credit for building the railway—why should the country not provide the other one-tenth and control the railroad? That was the proposal which the Conservatives had submitted to parliament."

and that was the proposal which they submitted to the country."

When the Government were charged with changing the original agreement, the Hon. Mr. Fielding had said that he would very much have preferred to have left the original agreement as it was, but the G. T. R. insisted on the alterations and the Liberals had been obliged to make them. No government should be in a position to be coerced by any corporation. Mr. Borden said he might again use the language he had been quoted as saying and say, "Shall we have a government-owned railway or a railway-owned government?" The railway corporations have great powers in Canada, because they are in reality the commercial highways of the country. The railways were a necessity of modern commerce, but except so far as the Intercolonial Railway was concerned, they were not regarded as public highways in Canada, although this was so in other countries.

Looking backward upon the course pursued by the Government, we feel that the people should have a voice in the decision of this most important question. Knowing that we are on the eve of an election we do not think it right that this door should be closed to the people, so we have brought the Conservative party together into power. The National Trans-continental Railway will be owned by the people as well as paid for by them.—Cheers. The will of the people will be carried out in this issue, and the Conservative party will have two men who will assist the Conservatives in the carrying out of this great National Transportation policy—cheers and cries of we will—and at the end of the building up of the National Policy, which has done so much good in years gone by.—Cheers."

Mr. Borden then dwelt on the fiscal policy of the Liberal leaders. The fiscal policy of the Liberal leaders is not very clear, said he. It is very indefinite. It reminds one much of the schoolboy exercise. The boy was asked who was the greater general, Caesar or Hannibal. The boy replied that the question must surely be answered in the affirmative. —Laughter. He had begun a free trade policy, but he had not decided to be definite. Mr. Fielding announced that the Conservative party is in favor of a high tariff and the Liberal party is in favor of a low tariff. While those words were on his lips, Mr. Prefontaine was telling another audience in Montreal that he was in favor of adequate protection, and was ready to support the resolution which I moved in the High House when Mr. Prefontaine voted against at the time.—Applause."

Mr. Laurier explains the situation thusly: He says that he started as a protectionist and ended as a free trader, and that I had begun a free trader—the first I had heard of that—and had ended a protectionist. I have said no attention to this, but have been satisfied to allow him to be welcome to his self-congratulation. We are not sure in the House that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will adhere to the same fiscal policy for two sessions. Now he has lastly announced himself neither a free trader nor a protectionist, but a practical man. I admire his grace and eloquence and long experience in public life, but I have never looked upon his practicality as one of his striking features. What is Sir Wilfrid Laurier's fiscal policy? Does anyone in the audience know what it is? If you do, I will take my seat while you explain it to me for my enlightenment. I have asked that question many times, but it has never been answered. It is a policy of expediency. He appeals to both free traders and protectionists with the hope that he will receive the support of both, and I hope he will be disappointed."

The Conservative party is not so. It submits a policy of adequate protection. The farmers are entitled to their own market. The laboring men should desire a policy of adequate protection, for then they would have stability of material and wages; the manufacturers because they would have stable conditions to invest capital. Suppose that Chatham became an industrial centre of 200,000 population, what would that man in the house in the city, the farmers, the laboring men? The farmer would get double the price for his land and the merchant would get twice the price for his goods. We have resources, raw material, and good men, capable of developing Canada. We have capital—why not develop our own country? Why not make the articles we now buy from the United States? Shall we send them raw material, labor and money, and then buy the goods they make from it? For the year ending 1904 our imports from the United States have increased from one hundred and fifty million dollars to one hundred and seventy million dollars, while our exports have decreased from sixty-seven million dollars to sixty-six million dollars.

"It is to be hoped that the people of Canada will wake up. It is not deemed advisable to slavishly adopt the tariff of the United States. We will look at things from 'the business interests of Canada as a whole' point of view, and then give adequate protection to all and give the home markets to our own people. In other words, a Canada for the Canadians. The policy of Chamberlain of reciprocity and preferential trade is supported by the Conservatives. Sir Wilfrid Laurier being assured of the Conservative vote in this direction refused to put a motion in the house sanctioning Mr. Chamberlain's policy. "Some are afraid of the reciprocity with the United States in the Empire. They were not afraid of the United States and why then be afraid of the Mother Country, over which the Union Jack is over-spread. Who are our enemies? The United States. Where is the market? Great Britain. The Conservative party is prepared to enter into negotiations for this policy.—Applause."

Mr. Borden concluded with a strong and telling appeal to the electors of West Kent and as he took his seat he was given round upon round of applause."

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- \$1.00 Waterproof Flaked Tweeds 54 in. wide, 50c. yd.
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- \$7.75 Dark Grey Raincoats with 2 capes, for \$5
- \$18 Light Grey Raincoats (newest coat in stock) \$12
- 65c Taffata Silks for 50c
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## THIBODEAU & JACQUES



PAGE SIX

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By Martha McCulloch-Williams

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Denise came into the rose garden in a  
little willful run, a pout on her lips, her  
pretty arched eyebrows trying vainly to  
swoon. But her face cleared magically  
at sight of Trent, who had come in by  
the farther gate, invisible from the  
front piazza. He swung his hat to her  
joyously and as soon as she came with-  
in easy hail said huskily: "Great larks,  
foot; great larks! But, say, can you  
keep a secret?"

"I think I can keep one—going. That  
is what most secrets are for," Denise  
answered, with the least toss of the  
head. Trent gave her an injured  
glance. "I take that as personal," he  
said. "You know how I hate to have  
you 'spoil yourself' attempting epi-  
grams."

"Dear, dear! Can't one speak frozen  
truth in the shortest possible fashion?"  
Denise apostrophized, sticking out her  
pretty chin and making herself insult-  
ingly tall. Normally the top of Trent's  
head came just level with the part of  
her bright hair, but when she thus ex-  
aggerated her stature his shrunk inch  
by inch. Luckily he was not sensi-  
ble on this point. He smiled quizzically  
as he said: "Nature was kind to  
save me so much trouble. You know,  
one always looks up to what one wor-  
ships." By Denise answered him  
with a grimace and turned half about,  
then all at once demanded: "What is  
this trumpety secret? If I knew any-  
thing I wouldn't take all day to tell  
it."

"Not even if it involved 'treasons,  
stratagems and spoils,' eh?" Trent an-  
swered tranquilly. "This does involve  
all of them. Billy Mason is running  
away to marry, but treason to you,  
since you are not the bride. Instead

WHILE THE MINISTER HURRIED THROUGH  
HIS OFFICE.

you are the stratagem, in part at least.  
You are to go right off and ask Ma-  
linda's aunt."

"It's never Malinda! Malinda Ma-  
loney!" Denise ejaculated, clapping her  
hands. Trent nodded emphatically and  
ran on. "You're to get Malinda out of  
dress—say you want her company in-  
to town or any other thing you please.  
The point is to get her. She must be  
in Courthouse square by 11 sharp to-  
morrow morning. I shall be there to  
look after the spoils. Belding Bros.  
will be paying off their mortgage—\$10,  
000 that is rightly Malinda's money.  
Unless she marries before Mrs. Ketch-  
am gets a chance to reinvest the  
cash she may whistle for it until she's  
rising thirty. You see, by old man  
Maloney's will Malinda's husband is  
to have no control of her estate except  
so much of it as may be represented  
by cash in bank upon the wedding  
day. Everything else is tied up hard  
and fast at the discretion of Aunt  
Ketcham. I had better say at her  
temper. She hasn't got a thing in the  
world against Billy except that his  
mother cut her out with his father, a  
matter of thirty years back."

"That's good and plenty! How stu-  
pid you men are," Denise said sagely,  
"but Sister Ketcham wouldn't let an  
archangel have Malinda with her good  
word, because her bad word means  
keeping a clutch on the money, and  
she's so stingy she even grudges her-  
self a good long breath."

"You'll bring Malinda?" Trent asked.  
Denise nodded confidently, but all  
at once cried: "Oh, I forgot! Maybe  
I can't. The Baxters are coming.  
That's why you found me in such a  
taking."

Trent whistled. "The Baxters?" he  
repeated. "How many strong?"  
"Old madam and Son John and Sis  
Sarah," Denise answered. Trent whis-  
tled again. "I don't think we quite  
deserve that," he said. "Your mother  
is, I dare say, delighted, but how  
about the squire?"

"Dad would be swearing if he dared,"  
Denise said, sighing. "Poor dear! He  
knows if he did mother would turn on  
the waterworks, go to bed and stay  
there a fortnight. And then all my  
next season's party frocks would go up  
in doctor's bills. We bear one ano-  
ther's burdens—dad and I. But for  
what he'd have to suffer over it I'd run  
away from home whenever anybody  
said Baxter."

"You'll have to do it in the end. Why

now now?" Trent said persuasively,  
trying to take her hand. She pulled it  
away, but not angrily, saying with a  
little sigh: "Not just yet. I must find  
out—things."

"What things?" Trent persisted.  
Denise looked away. "They are—  
whether I want the freedom and the  
—the money you would stand for," she  
said at last, "or whether I truly  
like you yourself."

"Settle it either way, just so you  
take me," Trent said joyously.  
"However, am I going to get Malin-  
da?" Denise broke out.

Trent chuckled. "Tell Sister Ketch-  
am you're going to be married and  
want Linda for bridesmaid. Then, of  
course, she won't mind letting her go  
along to help select wedding finery."

"That she will," Denise interrupted.  
"She doesn't believe in weddings, hard-  
ly in marrying. I reckon she's 'frail if  
Linda sees too much of the holy in-  
stitution there'll be no chance of her  
keeping single or devoting her and her  
money to the missionary cause."

Notwithstanding Denise was certain  
she could fetch Malinda. She was al-  
ready rehearsing a fairy tale of bar-  
gains that would, she knew well, ap-  
pear nightly to the thrifty Ketcham  
soul. And all would have fallen out ex-  
actly as she had planned if there had  
been no Baxters; whom she had left  
wholly out of account. Unluckily Mad-  
am Baxter overheard enough of talk  
between Denise and her maid Rena to  
let her guess pretty well how the land  
lay. So Denise was hardly away from  
the Ketcham place, with Linda trem-  
bling and happy at her side, than mad-  
am was telling Sister Ketcham over  
the phone a deal more than all she  
knew or even suspected. And thus it  
fell out two hours later that as Billy  
and Linda stood up before the minis-  
ter, hearing, but not heeding, his sol-  
emn exordium, the door was filled with  
a blocky figure, red faced, gasping and  
for the moment speechless.

Amos Trent was no big man; still he  
had a grip. Before Sister Ketcham  
found voice he was beside her, holding  
her fast with one hand, the other laid  
firmly over her mouth. And there it  
stayed, while the minister, sensing the  
situation, hurried through his office.  
Billy said afterward he "beat the time  
of every parson south of the Ohio riv-  
er." At the "I pronounce you man and  
wife" Amos let go, not suddenly, but  
with a suave relinquishment that left  
Sister Ketcham still upright. As she  
glared at him Denise ran up to them,  
holding out her hand and blushing like  
a rose. "We have made such a dread-  
ful scandal, Amos, let's get the worst  
of it," she said. "Yes, you may have  
me if you will take me. I shall never  
feel taller than you any more."

So then and there the minister had  
another job cut out for him. He did it  
with a flourish and always said he was  
proud of the day's work. Sister Ketch-  
am was for making him trouble, but  
found she had no case; also that since  
she had seen her niece married in the  
law's eye she had consented to it  
and thereby lost control of the prop-  
erty. As for Denise and her husband,  
they lived happy ever after, chiefly,  
said Denise, because Amos could make  
her mind him, but had the wit never to  
try doing it.

## Pleased Himself.

A certain head gardener, whose work  
is admired by thousands of visitors  
every summer, is as outspoken as he  
is capable.

Not long ago he was summoned  
before the directors of the establish-  
ment where he is engaged to explain  
why he had made certain alterations  
without consulting the board.

"Well, gentlemen," he remarked, "the  
alterations is a success, and that satis-  
fies me."

"But that isn't the point," said the  
chairman. "Why didn't you consult  
me in the matter?"

"Because, sir, I'm satisfied with my  
place at present, and intend to keep  
it."

"I don't think you are going the right  
way about it," said the chairman.  
"Well, I do, and that's where we dif-  
fer," returned the gardener boldly.  
"I've had the job five years, and be-  
fore I came you'd had four gardeners  
in twelve months. Why? Because  
the first tried to please the chairman,  
the second tried to please the board,  
the third tried to please the manager  
and the directors, and the fourth tried  
to please the whole board, and so ran  
afoul of the manager and the secretary.  
The fifth—that's me—pleases himself  
and keeps his job!"

And, be it remarked, the gardener is  
still "pleasing himself" at the same  
place.—London Truth.

## The Earth's Journey.

The earth does not travel at the same  
rate all through its journey. Its orbit  
being elliptical, it must at some time  
approach nearer to the sun than at oth-  
ers and will take less time in moving  
through one part of its path than  
through another. In winter the earth  
is nearer the sun than in summer and  
moves through space more rapidly. On  
Jan. 1 the earth is about 3,000,000 miles  
nearer the sun than it is on July 1,  
and as the velocity of a planet in-  
creases with its nearness to the sun the  
earth passes over one half of its orbit  
in less time than over the other half.  
Between the vernal equinox, which  
happens on March 21, and the autumn  
equinox, which falls on Sept. 23, the  
earth is 183 days in accomplishing that  
half of her journey round the sun,  
while the other half occupies only 179  
days. It has been said that owing to  
the friction caused by the tides and  
other reasons the earth is moving more  
slowly than it used to do and that the  
days are consequently lengthening, but  
as this is only to the extent of half a  
second in a century it will be a long  
time before there will be any apparent  
difference.

BABY QUIRK'S  
QUICK CUREOf Torturing Eczema  
by CuticuraWhen All Else Had  
Utterly Failed.NOT THE SLIGHTEST RETURN  
SINCE CURE.

"My baby, Owen Herbert Quirk, was  
afflicted from the age of six weeks with  
a loathsome running eczema, almost  
covering his face. I took him to Drs.  
— and — of Victoria Road,  
Aldershot, and he was treated by them  
for three months, but got much worse,  
and was a sickening sight to behold.  
I saw an advertisement of the Cuticura  
Remedies, and got the Soap, Ointment  
and Resolvent."

"We noticed an improvement at  
once, and within a fortnight the run-  
ning had ceased and the scales were  
nearly all dried off, and in a month his  
face was perfectly clear, not a spot left.  
I have enclosed photograph of him when  
he was thirteen months old. He is now  
two years and four months, and has  
never had the slightest return of it. I  
am very grateful for the benefits de-  
rived from your remedies, and shall  
feel it a pleasure to make their value  
known."

For corroboration of this  
statement you may refer any one to  
Mrs. Williams, 45 Michaels Road, Alder-  
shot, or Mr. Gunstone, 40 Victoria  
Road, Aldershot, to whom we recom-  
mended the remedies for a skin humor,  
which they also cured. You are at  
liberty to do what you like with this  
statement, as I should like all to know  
of the value of Cuticura."

**WILLIAM HERBERT QUIRK,**  
No. 1 West End Cottages, Ryewood  
Road, N. Southampton.

Cuticura Remedies, liquid and in the form of Chocolate  
Cream, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap are  
sold throughout the world. Depot: London, 11, Finsbury  
Square, E.C. 2, and 2, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4. Agents: J. B. &  
Co., Sydney; Boston, 222 Columbia Ave.; New York,  
107 Nassau St.; San Francisco, 107 Market St.; Portland,  
Maine, 107 Commercial St.

Send for "How to Cure Eczema."

## How the Mussel Travels.

Of all the absurd forms of locomo-  
tion practiced by the creatures of the  
deep the most preposterous is that of  
the mussel. Squids will startle you by  
darting backward, crabs hustle off  
sideways at a lively gait, but nothing  
saves the dull brain of "some kind of  
clam critter," pondering over the trans-  
portation problem in those remote  
epochs when time was no object, could  
have evolved so slow and cumbersome  
a method.

You may often see mussels climb up  
the pile of a wharf toward the high  
water mark. Notice the black threads  
attached to the clam. They do the work  
of gelatinous stuff in the direction he  
wants to go and this hardens into  
those black threads. He lets go the  
old ones and climbs up by the new.  
You can trace his progress up the pile  
by the bunches of old threads, which  
he leaves behind at intervals. It has  
never been figured out whether he  
could go a mile in less than a year,  
but it would be safe to back the mus-  
sel in the animals' "slow race."—Coun-  
try Life in America.

## French and English.

The celebrated Mrs. Tickness un-  
dertook to construct a letter every  
word of which should be French, yet  
no Frenchman should be able to read  
it, while an illiterate Englishman  
should decipher it with ease, and wrote  
it.

"Pre, dire sistre, comme & se us, &  
gasse the de here if yeux canne, &  
chat tu mi dame; dine here, & yeux  
mai go to the faive if yeux please; yeux  
mai have fche, mutin, porc, buter,  
foule, hair, fruit, pigeon, olives, sal-  
lette for ure dinner, & excellent te, cafe,  
port vin, & liqueurs; & tel ure bette &  
poli tu comme; le go tu la faire &  
visite the baron. But if yeux dont  
comme to us, le go tu ure house & se  
uncle, & se house he does; for mi dame  
as he bean it. But deux comme, mi  
dire; yeux canne if here, yeux nos—if  
yeux louve musique, yeux mai have the  
harp, lutre, or viol here. Adieu, & si  
dire sistre."—London Globe.

## The Earth's Journey.

The earth does not travel at the same  
rate all through its journey. Its orbit  
being elliptical, it must at some time  
approach nearer to the sun than at oth-  
ers and will take less time in moving  
through one part of its path than  
through another. In winter the earth  
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the friction caused by the tides and  
other reasons the earth is moving more  
slowly than it used to do and that the  
days are consequently lengthening, but  
as this is only to the extent of half a  
second in a century it will be a long  
time before there will be any apparent  
difference.

Has stood the test for nearly sixty years  
as a cure for  
**Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps,**  
**Colic, Cholera, Cholera Morbus,**  
**Cholera Infantum, Pains in the**  
**Stomach, Sea Sickness, and all**  
**forms of Summer Complaint.**  
Don't experiment with new and untried  
remedies, but procure that which has  
stood the test of time.  
We have yet to receive a complaint as  
to its efficacy.  
Refuse Substitutes. They're Dangerous

difference.

## RAISING TURKEYS.

How to Care For and Feed Poultry to  
Get Good Results.

About the twenty-fifth day dust the  
hen thoroughly with a good insect pow-  
der, and after eggs begin to chip close  
the nest up tight, for as soon as the  
first poulters are out a few hours they  
will get out of the nest and stroll off,  
sometimes causing the hen to follow  
with perhaps a few poults, says H.  
Simmons in Western Poultry Journal.  
I take them from the nest about two  
hours after all are hatched. After tak-  
ing the poults from the nest I put  
them in a dry, warm coop with a small  
pen in front of the coop about 10 by 10  
feet, for if the pen or yard is too large  
when the hen is confined in a coop  
poults may hobble too far to the cor-  
ner of the yard and not find their way  
back to the hen, and if left so for a  
few hours, even on a fine day, will be  
chilled almost to death.

I think it best not to feed the first  
day. For the first few days thereafter  
good, sweet breadcrumbs, slightly  
moistened with sweet skimmed milk—  
now, remember I say "sweet," not milk  
that has stood around for a half day or  
more on a hot day. Feed very lightly  
three or four times a day for the first  
few days. In the morning I give a  
little skimmed milk to drink in a shal-  
low clean dish, being careful to remove  
before souring. After they are three  
or four days old I put the hen with the  
poults in a lot or pen of about 32  
by 16 feet, using 16 foot boards and  
having the pen about 2½ feet high,  
making the pen tight, so as to hold the  
poults in, leaving the hen free to fly  
in or out at her will. In this way I  
have had my successes. The hen will  
not go far from the pen, and poults  
will be happy and contented if they  
have grass in the pen and proper at-  
tention is given.

It is best to give the hen, before  
feeding poults, a feed of corn or other  
coarse grain to satisfy most of her hun-  
ger, so she will not eat the more costly  
feed of her young. After the poults  
are four or five days old I commence  
feeding with milk curds or cottage  
cheese mixed with breadcrumbs and  
steed cut oatmeal. A little coarse shorts  
may be added; also commence once a  
day to feed a little cracked wheat, and  
after two weeks old wheat may be fed  
whole. On very fine days I leave them  
out of the pen a part of the day, but  
get them up in the pen by at least 4  
o'clock.

After I get the hen in the dark  
pen I leave her to herself until after  
dark. I then take a fair sized A shaped  
coop and put it over her gently and  
close up well for the night. As soon  
as warm days come be sure to pro-  
vide some sort of shade for them in  
their pen. Old boards fastened to south  
side of pen and sloping to north is fine  
and also makes a fine protection from  
sudden showers. After the poults be-  
gin to fly over this pen they must be  
given the run of the fields.

**Fowl House For a Back Yard.**  
The plan herewith shown, reproduc-  
ed from the Feather, is an excellent  
one for the fancier who has a back  
yard and desires a special house for

his birds. The dimensions of houses  
may be varied to suit the size of yard,  
running from fence to fence. The  
framework should be substantially  
built and boarded on the outside with  
tongued and grooved siding. The in-  
ner side should be boarded also with  
the same kind of material, and if pos-  
sible the space between the walls  
should be filled with sawdust.

The floor should be made of tongued  
and grooved material securely nailed  
to the timbers below. The underneath  
part of the roof should be lined with

FLIGHT HOUSE P.

GROUND PLAN OF FOWL HOUSE.

the same material as the sides, and the  
outside of the roof should be shingled  
or covered with tin. Where the house  
joins the fence the cracks should be  
well covered to prevent rain from  
leaking through, and every precaution  
should be taken to keep the interior of  
the house free from dampness.

Remedy For Sour Crop In Chickens.

Use half a teaspoonful of tincture of  
nut vomica in each quart of drinking  
water, allowing the birds no other  
drink. See that they have a plentiful  
supply of green food daily; also keep  
grit and granulated charcoal always  
before them.—Reliable Poultry Journal

Poultry Notes.

The demand for turkeys always ex-  
ceeds the supply.

Incubators should be watched if best  
results are expected.

Let pease go to grass and they will  
be prettily self sustaining.

Fertile eggs do not keep as well as  
those produced by an unmated hen.

Old hens and tough roosters make  
good chicken salad during the picnic  
season.

Refuse Substitutes. They're Dangerous

## Sunlight Soap is a well made Soap

The making of soap is no longer a chance mixture of miscellane-  
ous fats. Expert chemists carefully watch and test every step in the  
making of

## Sunlight Soap

The fats and oils must be perfectly pure and at every stage of the  
process the soap must come up to Sunlight standard. That is why it  
cleanses your clothes perfectly, makes your blankets soft and fluffy,  
does not destroy your most dainty linens or injure your hands.

Sunlight Soap washes equally well in hard or soft water. Your  
dealer is authorized to return the purchase money if you are not  
satisfied.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO

1002

The Sunlight Males are through their washing by noon—that's  
the Sunlight wayCleveland Hard  
Galvanized WireA Special Price is Offered for this  
Falls Trade

—AT—

## PATTERSON'S HARDWARE STORE

The very best Cleveland Hard Wire, Fence  
Hooks, Fence Staples for Fencing Material.  
We will guarantee to save you money on it,  
as we have a large stock of Fence Wire.

Call and get prices before you buy.

## A. H. PATTERSON

THREE DOORS EAST OF MARKET

Superior  
Sarnia Salt

Direct from our own well

\$1==Per Barrel==\$1

The Canada Flour Mills Co.,  
Limited.

PHONES 18 or 19.

BEAVER  
Brings  
Business

The merit of flour is a matter of comparison. Beaver  
is naturally better than the ordinary run, be-  
cause it is made in an absolutely Ideal Mill  
under the most favorable conditions.

PEOPLE  
PREFER IT

T. H. Taylor &amp; Co., Ltd.

PHONE 1.

ADVERTISE IN THE PLANET



FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE

cheap, containing about 57 acres of first-class land, near Dover Centre, has on it a good brick dwelling and barn, stable and other out buildings with abundance of water and new windmill, apply to SMITH & SMITH, Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE

Frame house, two storeys, brick foundation, seven rooms, \$900.  
Frame house, two storeys, brick foundation, eight rooms, \$1,100.  
100 acre farm in Raleigh, brick house, large barn, stable and other out buildings. All cleared. About four miles from Chatham, \$7,500.  
100 acre farm in Harwich, good frame house, barn, stable and other out buildings, \$8,500.  
50 acre farm in Tilbury East, good frame house and barn, \$2,500.  
50 acre farm, River Road, Dover, brick house, stable and granary, \$3,200.  
50 acre farm, River Road, Raleigh; one of the best, good frame house, barn, stable and other out buildings; a large orchard of various fruits; land all till drained, \$6,000.  
Hotel premises in Chatham, \$7,500.  
Six vacant lots, \$4,000.  
Money to loan. Lowest rates. Terms to suit the borrower.  
W. F. SMITH, Barrister and Solicitor.

MONEY TO LOAN

FARM FOR SALE—One of the very best farms in the Township of Dover East, 100 acres more or less, belonging to D. H. Williams, Bear Line, Dover. I also have several other farms for sale which I will sell cheap and on easy terms. Apply to Henry Dagnieu, office over Dr. Rutherford's office.

MONEY TO LEND

ON LAND MORTGAGE ON CHATELAIN MORTGAGE OR ON NOTE To pay mortgages. To buy property. Pay when desired.  
J. W. WHITE, Barrister  
Opp. Grand Opera House Chatham

MONEY TO LOAN

—ON MORTGAGES— 4-12 and 5 per cent. Liberal Terms and privileges to Borrowers. Apply to LEWIS & RICHARDS

WE HAVE ON HAND

A LARGE SUPPLY OF LIME, CEMENT, SEWER PIPE, CUT STONE, &c. All of the best quality and at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES  
J. & J. OLDERSHAW  
A Few Doors West of Post Office.

TIME TABLE

MONDAY, SEPT. 12TH THE Steamer City of Chatham will make Return Trips to Detroit Every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Leaving Rankin Dock at 7:30 a.m., returning leaves Detroit 3:30 p.m. Detroit time or 4 p.m. Chatham time.

ONE WAY TRIP—THURSDAY

Leaving Chatham 9:30 a.m., returning leave Detroit Friday 3:30 a.m. Detroit time, or 9 a.m. Chatham time.  
Single Tickets, 50c. Return " 60c.  
JOHN BORKE, Captain

Lime, Cement and Cut Stone.

We keep the best in stock at right prices.  
JOHN H. OLDERSHAW, Thames Street, Opposite Police Station.

"Child's Play Wash Day" Means: To make the dirt drop out, not be rubbed in, use Surprise Soap



the "Surprise" way without boiling or scalding the clothes. Its a new way and a clean, easy method of doing the wash.  
Surprise is all Soap; a pure Soap which makes a quick lather.  
Read the directions on the wrapper.

NORTH YORK PROTEST TRIAL

Additional Charges Filed Against Return of Hon. E. J. Davis.  
Toronto, Sept. 20.—The following additional charges against the Hon. E. J. Davis were filed yesterday afternoon in connection with the North York protest trial, which opens this afternoon in Newmarket. The petitioners charge that the respondent collected a large sum of money to be used, and which was used to assist in electing him at the said election, and that such money, being an amount far beyond what the respondent has accounted for, received by the respondent from various sources prior to election day and was used by him for corrupt purposes in connection with the said election, and the petitioners say that one of the sources from which the said money was collected was from a company called "The Lake Superior, Long Lake and Albany River Railway Company," which said company procured charter for the building of a railroad through Northern Ontario. The said company were desirous of having the Ontario Government vote them a land bonus, and in order to procure such bonus the two of the members of the said company, namely, Messrs. Eugene Cane, an agent of the respondent at Newmarket, Ont., and Andrew Yule, another agent in the same place, approached the respondent to secure his influence in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, but the respondent demanded as his consideration for his assistance in this regard from the said company the sum of ten thousand dollars as a subscription from the said company to his campaign in the said bye-election, and the said Eugene Cane, did thereupon pay to the respondent the sum of five thousand dollars in cash for the said purposes, but by reason of the fact that the balance of the amount demanded by the respondent and not forthcoming, the said respondent and his associates in the Ontario Cabinet did not support the granting of a bonus to the said railway, and the petitioners charge that the said sum of money received by the respondent, very much used or very much used in corrupting the electors in the north riding of York at the said bye-election.

THE OTHER WAY

Visitor—What a beautiful binding you are putting on your new novel. Publisher—Yes. It's bound to succeed.  
"Why did mamma spank you today? Because you are bad?"  
"Nope; fause mamma was bad."—Houston Post.

DANGER OF LIVING WITH CONSUMPTIVES

Is real danger, because the spoutum of affected persons diffuses itself through the air and finds lodgment in the systems of others. If exposed to consumption use fragrant, healing Catarrhazone, the most efficient germicide known. No case of catarrh can withstand Catarrhazone, which cures this loathsome disease thoroughly. Cold in the head is cured in a few minutes, and bronchitis, asthma and lung trouble are cured to stay cured if Catarrhazone is employed. "I don't know any remedy so good for catarrh and bronchitis as Catarrhazone," writes N. T. Eaton, of Knowlton. "It cured me after years of suffering and saved me from consumption. Two months' treatment \$1; trial size 25c.

THE ROBIN

A Beverly (Mass.) man, who has maintained a feed box for the birds for several years, reports that while the box has been liberally patronized by other species close observation has failed to detect the presence of a robin in the flock.

THE SMALL-POX QUESTION

Any intelligent physician will admit that you don't catch small-pox because someone else has it, but because your condition favors it. Low vitality always encourages sickness, and at this season especially, everyone should take Ferrozene, which destroys disease germs and makes the system so strong and healthy that sickness can't exist. Ferrozene is a vitalizing tonic that makes rich, red blood, builds up the nerves, cures nervousness and drives away tired, languid feelings. To get strong and keep strong use Ferrozene; it assures health and costs but 50c. at all druggists.

SELLING CATTLE AT SIGHT

The liking for a gambler, though the odds are all against them, seems inveterate in English farmers. They prefer, when selling fat cattle, to pit their experience against the butcher and to sell at sight instead of by weight.

IS YOUR DOCTOR BILL LARGE?

Best way to keep it small is not to call the doctor, but use Nerviline instead. For up to the minute ailments like colds, coughs, chills, cramps, headache, and stomach trouble Nerviline is just as good as any doctor. It breaks up a cold in one night, cures soreness in the chest, builds up the nerves, toothache and rheumatism you can't get anything half so good as Nerviline. The fame of Nerviline for cramps, colic, and pain in the stomach extends far and wide. Good for everything a liniment can be good for and costs but 25c. for a large bottle.

SCIENTIFIC CURETY

George Jandt, a teacher of Halberstadt, Germany, who was sentenced to two years' imprisonment for ill treatment of schoolboys, used to burn their hands by means of a burning glass when he wanted them to confess a misdoing.

THE CAUSE OF PILES

Is invariably constipation, which is quickly remedied by Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Sure relief, and no griping pains. For a remedy that never fails use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Price 25c.

IF YOU WOULD FLATTER A MAN, ASK HIS ADVICE

Gentlemen—While driving down a very steep hill last August my horse stumbled and fell, cutting himself fearfully about the head and body. I used MINARD'S LINIMENT freely on him and in a few days he was as well as ever.  
J. B. A. BEAUCHEMIN, Sherbrooke.

LOVE NEVER JOINS IN THE CHORUS WHEN MALICE SINGS

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

DISTRICT DOINGS

BLENNHEIM

Sept. 21.—The Conservatives of Blenheim and Harwich turned out well yesterday to greet the leader of their party in the Dominion House, Mr. R. L. Borden, K. C. He was met by a large number of constituents at the Pere Marquette R. R., and the Band of Chatham, marched from the station to the town hall, where the crowd cheered their chieftain, after which Mr. Borden and party were entertained at luncheon by Dr. S. G. Story, the president of the local Conservative Association. The band paraded the streets after dinner, their music being much enjoyed by a large crowd. Punctually at two the meeting opened, the President introducing Mr. H. Clements, the candidate for West Kent, who made a brief speech, followed by others. The speaker of the afternoon, Mr. Borden, dealt with the question of the day in a masterly manner, his speech being thoroughly enjoyed by all present.  
W. R. Fellows, Jr., has left for Winnipeg. He expects to locate in the West.  
Miss Carrie Devlin, of Toronto, is visiting relatives in town.

DRESDEN

Sept. 21.—Miss Wilcox, who has been visiting in London, returned last night.  
The Misses Ethel and Grace Huff, of Toronto, are the guests of friends in town.  
About 75 local enthusiasts attended the Conservative rally in Chatham last night, when Mr. R. L. Borden defined the policy of the great party of which he is such an able and worthy leader. Mr. Borden made a straight-forward, clear-cut statement of public affairs and the position of the Liberal-Conservative party on all the crucial questions of the day. All who attended were delighted with the leader and his speech, and very favorably impressed by the large, enthusiastic and attentive audience which gathered to meet and hear the coming premier of our land.

TILBURY

Sept. 20.—Tilbury was represented at the Borden meeting in Chatham yesterday.  
Fred Poulton has purchased a house and lot on Queen street from Jacob Hyatt, and will move from Tilbury East to the village.  
Methodist harvest home will be held next Sunday, on which occasion the English Church will be closed at both services.  
Corn-cutting has commenced.  
Large quantities of ducks are being shot on the plains.  
The tax rate this year will be struck at 28 1/2 cents on the mill less than last year.  
The Misses Prendergast, of Detroit, are the guests of their sister here, Mrs. Edmunds.

MISTAKEN FOR A BEAR

Patrick Healy of Whitefish Valley Badly Wounded By P. A. Young.  
Fort William, Sept. 20.—While lying in a clump of bushes near the railway track, Patrick Healy was Sunday mistaken by P. A. Young of this place, for a bear, and as a result the young man is now in Port Arthur hospital, dangerously wounded. The accident occurred in Whitefish Valley, 25 miles west of here.

PAIN CROSS THE STOMACH

Can Always be Relieved by a Few Doses of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.  
"I could not take the simplest food without a pain across my stomach." That was the miserable condition of Marie Ann Bujold, of Maria Cap, Bonaventure County, Que., was in, throughout the summer. She was in a state of despair, for they knew just how miserable she was. They are that way themselves. But listen to the rest of Miss Bujold's experience: They did me no good. Then an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. One box completely cured me."  
No one can appreciate the amount of condensed happiness contained in a box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets till they have suffered as Marie Ann Bujold did, and found the relief that came to her. That relief can always be found in Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Crossing the Knees

Don't keep your silver where there is anything made of rubber. Silphur is used in the finishing of rubber, and enough is given off to form a sulphide with the silver, which blackens it and can only be removed by a strong acid. Even a rubber elastic used to hold tissue paper in place will make a black ring around the silver.

Former Aylmer Woman Dies

Aylmer, Sept. 20.—Mrs. Hattie Worchester, formerly Miss Hattie Beebe of this place, but who has been residing in Cogswell, Dakota, met with an accident one day last week which cost her her life. It appeared that gasoline, mistaken for kerosene, was put into a lamp by the unfortunate woman when it exploded and set the house on fire, and her clothes becoming saturated with flame, causing her to be suffocated as well as badly burned. The remains, accompanied by the grief-stricken husband, arrived here on Saturday via the M.C.R.

When you want an artistic design

call up or visit Victoria Ave. Green Houses. Phone 181.  
The biggest signs are the ones for which we have no appetite.  
Ask for Minard's and take no other.

This label in all genuine "Progress" Clothing Sold by Leading Clothiers Throughout Canada



Our LINE OF



Autumn Shoes...

are ready for your selection today; as usual you'll find them stylish, servicable and affordable in every way.

Our aim is to give every man, woman and child opportunities of dressing the feet becomingly in shoes of an up-to-date character, at prices consistently low for qualities offered.

Our Trunk and Valise Department is well stocked with the latest novelties in the Trunk and Bag line.

J. L. Campbell BOSTON SHOE STORE

DR. A. W. THORNTON DENTIST  
Office over A. I. McCall & Co's Drug Store, Cor. King and Fifth Sts.  
Telephone, Office 164, Residence 285.

WOODS REMEDY

The woods of northern British America are still infested by hundreds of queer species of bison known as the woods buffalo. He is much larger than the bison of the plains, which formerly abounded in such numbers.

He who is a respecter of persons

cannot respect himself.

FIRST DOSE WENT RIGHT TO SPOT

Commercial Traveller Talk of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Gives Valuable Advice to Those Who Use the Railroad Train Frequently

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 19.—(Special).—Mr. J. H. Ireland, one of the oldest and best known commercial travellers on the road, has come out with a statement for the benefit of his fellow travellers.  
"It is with pleasure," says Mr. Ireland, "that I endorse Dodd's Kidney Pills. While on a trip through the Maritime Provinces Dodd's Kidney Pills completely cured me of a severe pain in my back that had bothered me for some time. The first dose seemed to go right to the spot and removed the trouble so effectually that it has not and is not likely to return."  
"Dodd's Kidney Pills are just as advertised," Mr. Ireland concludes. "They cure to stay cured."  
Travellers, railroad men and others who ride on the railway a great deal are subject to Kidney Troubles. They will find Mr. Ireland's statement valuable reading.

A fellow man tell his girl she is his queen, but he still wants to be the ace.

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.  
Higher education is all right if it isn't purely ornamental.

When you do not relish your food

and feel dull and stupid after eating, all you need is a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They will make you feel like a new man and give you an appetite like a bear. For sale by all druggists.

THEY MAKE YOU FEEL GOOD

The pleasant purgative effect experienced by all who use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, and the healthy condition of the body and mind which they create makes one feel joyful. For sale by all druggists.

"CROWN HURON"

although practically a new range on the market it has won a great many friends. We sold this range last year, sold a pile of them and sold them on a positive guarantee of satisfaction or your money back. But we did not have to return any money. Every one was perfect. We want to show you one of them. Better still, let us send you one. We know you will be delighted.  
We have them with or without reservoir, high shelf and high closet, anyway you want them.  
Prices from \$25 to \$50

J. C. Wanless, 4 Doors East of Market, King St

MILLER'S REMEDIES

"Made in Canada," and right here in Chatham, and are unexcelled by any other preparations

TRY THEM!

- Miller's Compound Iron Pills
- " Worm Powders
- " Liver Granules
- " Grip and Headache Powders
- " Drink Cure
- " Kidney and Bladder Pills
- " Backache Plasters

CENTRAL DRUG STORE

C. H. GUNN & CO., Manufacturing Druggists

WABASH

WESTERN EXCURSION

On September 22, 23 and 24 the Wabash will sell Round Trip Tickets at Single First-Class Fare, good to return any time before Oct. 10th, 1904, from all stations to Detroit, Chicago, Columbus, Cincinnati, Bay City, Saginaw, Grand Rapids, Dayton and Indianapolis.  
All tickets to read via the Wabash, the short and true route to the above point.  
For further particulars, address any Wabash Agent, or J. A. Richardson, District Passenger Agent, N. E. Corner King and Yonge Sts., Toronto.  
W. E. RISPIN, C. P. A., Chatham, J. C. PRITCHARD, Depot Agent.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

LOW RATE EXCURSIONS  
Going Sept. 22, 23 and 24th. Detroit, \$1.50; Pt. Huron \$2.45; Chicago, \$7.75; Saginaw \$4.45; Bay City, \$4.75; Columbus, \$9.00; Dayton \$9.50; Indianapolis \$8.70; Cincinnati \$8.80; Grand Rapids \$5.85; Cleveland via Detroit and D. & C. Steamers \$6.50, via Lake Shore \$8.50; St. Paul or Minneapolis, via Chicago or St. Louis, \$11.40, via Northern Navigation Co. \$35.90.  
Return valid returning until Oct. 10.  
HARVEST EXCURSIONS, \$30 to \$40, to points in Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta, good going 27th, valid returning until Nov. 28th.  
TO THE WEST—Reduced one way rates to points in British Columbia, California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Utah, Washington, on sale until Oct. 15.  
WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, \$15 for Round Trip, with stop over privileges at Chicago, Detroit and intermediate Canadian stations.  
For tickets, illustrated literature and full information call at city office, 115 King street, Chatham, or at depot ticket office.  
W. E. RISPIN, Agent, Chatham, Ont.

First Mortgage Gold Bonds

We offer, subject to prior sale, Grand Valley Railway 30 year first mortgage 6 per cent. Gold Bonds. Bonds are in coupon form from \$500 and \$1000 each. Interest payable half yearly. Bonds at par for short time only, after which the price will be 1.05 and accrued interest. Call for prospectus. Also a few shares of Canada Wood-Grain Company Stock for sale. This is a gilt edged proposition Office 2 doors West of King's Hardware Store, King St., Chatham. Telephone 420. DUNN & CHARTERS, Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agents

WANTED

COOK WANTED—Good cook wanted at the Merrill House.

AGENTS. The best is not too good. You want goods you are not afraid to recommend. Write Cooper, Drawn 53, London, Ont.

HOUSE KEEPER WANTED—Man and wife to work on farm. Apply to A. L. Bisnett, Blenheim.

GIRL WANTED—Girl wanted for general housework. Apply to Mrs. Thos. Scullard, Thames St. 10

WOMEN WANTED—25 women wanted at once, clean work, good wages. The Kent Canning Co., St. George street.

GIRL WANTED—For family of two one willing to go to Toronto. References required. Apply to Miss Stephens, King street west, between the hours of two and four.

WANTED—Men wanted to learn barber trade; only eight weeks required by our system of constant practice; tools furnished; diplomas given. Full tuition \$25. Call or write. Detroit Barber College, 21 Roland Street, Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT

OFFICE TO RENT—Single room in Sheldrick Block, centrally located, King St., hot water heating. Apply Houston & Stone.

HOUSE TO RENT—Modern, bath room, hot and cold water, double parlors, four bedrooms, storm doors and windows, etc. Apply to Mrs. Wm. Knight, Poplar street.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT—About 160 acres of choice land, within 300 rods of city limits, has for the last ten years and is now being used as a dairy farm, fronting on a main travelled road, plenty of good pure water, first class buildings and fences, enough firewood for use of place, good dairy outfit, cattle and implements on the place could be bought. If desired, on easy terms. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to S. T. Martin, city.

SALE OF STOCK

The undersigned hold for purpose of sale, eight shares—fully paid up—of the capital stock of The Sutherland and Innes Company, Limited. Intending purchasers will please enquire promptly.  
LEWIS & RICHARDS, Oddfellow's Temple, Chatham, Ont., Sept. 12, 1904.

FOR SALE

2 1/2 h. p. Gasoline Engine, everything ready to run. Cash \$100 or would exchange for a small City Lot.  
H. OHURON, At Brisco's

FOR SALE

A new house and lot in excellent location containing 8 rooms and bath, basement, furnace, electric lights, gas, range, large verandah, bakery above, built of first-class material throughout; can be seen in course of erection; paved driveway. Will sell at cost or less. Also new cottage in good location containing 6 rooms and bath, verandah, etc. Price right.  
We have houses in all parts of the City for sale. See us before buying.

DUNN & MERRITT, Fifth St., Phone 295.

NOTICE

The Board of Directors of the Chatham Gas Company, Limited, have decided to offer for public subscription at par \$25,000.00 of the treasury stock of the company, in shares of \$20.00 each, for the purpose of extending and improving the Gas and Electric lighting plants.  
Full particulars in reference to this stock may be obtained at the office of the company.  
Subscriptions will be received for limited period only.  
P. S. COATE, Secretary.

BINDER TWINE

The M. J. Wilson Cordage Co. has on hand Binder Twine of a special make for corn purposes, which will be sold at bottom prices. Those in need would do well to call and see us.

The M. J. Wilson Cordage Co.

CHATHAM

\$800 A Year

AND EXPENSES

For men or energetic women to visit our Agencies, to establish new ones, procure the names and addresses, to advertise our Goods. Experience not necessary, honesty and industry.  
The Bradley-Garrett Co., Ltd. Brantford, Ontario.

SETTLERS' LOW RATES WEST

Via the Chicago and North Western Ry., every day from Sept. 15th to Oct. 15th, settlers' one way second-class tickets at very low rates, from Chicago, to points in Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, also to Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Roseland and other points in the Kootenay District. Correspondingly low rates from all points in Canada. Full particulars from nearest ticket agent or B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

Warner in West Kent



## WM. FOREMAN &amp; CO., Importers

We take Great Pleasure In announcing Our  
**Fall  
Millinery Opening**  
—FOR—  
**Wednesday, Sept. 21st**  
and Following Days

We take advantage of this opportunity to thank our patrons and friends for their past patronage. We cordially invite the ladies of Chatham and vicinity to witness this display of Autumn Millinery.

## New Kid Gloves

for Autumn wear

We have the pleasure to announce the arrival of the new Alexandra Kid Gloves in all the rich Autumn shades at per pair \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.  
Pewny's Albertine Gloves per pr. \$1.

## New Fall Dress Goods

Our showing of Dress Goods for Fall 1904, surpasses any previous display we have ever made. We have gathered novelties from the looms of the best French, German and British weavers, not forgetting an exquisite range of Dress Goods the product of Canadian Mills, which we have confined to us.

## Wm. Foreman &amp; Co

**\$12.50**

IS NOT MUCH TO PAY FOR

**A SUIT Worth \$17.50**

While they last, Toronto Exhibition Suits, worth \$17.50 and \$18.50, for **\$12.50.**

**The 2nd TRUDELL & TOBEY**

FURS FURS FURS FURS

**ECHOES**

—FROM THE—

**Urban Store**

We are as strong on  
**WALKING SKIRTS** as  
we are on **FURS**. Sooner  
you buy the better we like  
it.

**THE URBAN STORE**

GARNER HOUSE BLOCK

FURS FURS FURS FURS

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE

MONDAY, SEPT. 26th

The Elite Legitimate Presentation of the season.

**SIMVELL'S**

Elaborate Scenic Revival of Shakespeare's Immortal Tragedy of Love and Passion

**ROMEO and JULIET**

Special Electric Effects

Scenery, Properties, etc., carried complete for the entire 6 Acts.

Magnificent and Historically Correct Costumes. An Adequate Acting company, including

Leland Webb as "ROMEO"

Horace Van Zile as "JULIET"

Prices—\$1, 75c, 50c, 35c, 25c

## MILITARY TATTOO

Chatham's big fair opens evening of Sept. 25th, Wednesday. The directors have arranged with the 24th Regiment to have a military tattoo given on the grounds.

The brass and bugle bands will take part. Band concert during the evening. Watch for the programs, and 21st & 22nd.

## CHEAP NEW YORK EXCURSION.

September 29th via West Shore Railroad \$9.00 round trip from Suspension Bridge and Buffalo. Tickets good for return up to and including October 5th.

Hudson River trip included in either direction if desired. For full particulars regarding train service, reservation in sleeping cars, etc., call on or write L. Drago, Canadian Passenger Agent, 69-1-2 Yonge street, Toronto.

## WORLD OF SPORT

## FOOTBALL

C. B. C. vs. EMERALDS.

Last evening the football season was opened on Tecumseh Park by a very close and exciting game between the C. B. C. team and the Emeralds, a fast and promising organization from up the river. The play was fast and clean from start to finish. Both teams showed fine condition. The effectiveness of the splendid combination work of the C. B. C. was checked only by the sturdy and excellent work of the Emeralds' defence, who saved their goal from some dangerous shots. Brady, Martin and McGavin for the Emeralds did good work on the forward line.

The game ended 0 to 0. The lineup was as follows:—  
C. B. C.

Goal—Davidson.  
Backs—Elison and Ferguson.  
Halves—McLachlan, McPhail and McMillan.

Forwards—Mills, Williamson, Neah, Brownlee and Love.  
EMERALDS.

Goal—Holmes.  
Backs—Courtney and Trotter.  
Halves—McMillan, Parrott and Parrott.

Forwards—McGarvin, Williamson, McQuarrie, Martin and Brady.  
Referee—M. F. Jaques.

## GIRLS STRIKE

Dining Room Girls of Count Alexis Von Eberts go out on him.

Count Alexis Von Eberts, like many other capitalists, runs up against the labor proposition, in the shape of a strike, once in a while. The Count's turn came yesterday, rather unexpectedly to the Count, to be sure, but he was right there with the goods. Seven dining room girls at the Garnier House went out on strike yesterday morning. The trouble, it seems, had been brewing for some time, and reached the climax yesterday.

The Count brought a head dining room lady from Detroit to run his eating department, or rather, the eating department of his hotel. The young ladies, who have delighted the patrons of this popular hostelry for some time past, took offence at the alleged overbearing of their new boss. The girls intimated to some of the boarders yesterday morning that they were going to strike, and they struck. The patrons of the Garnier were served all right, however, but there are not so many pretty waitresses around, although the vegetables arrive on time.

## G. T. R. KICKS

Corporation Declines to Do Anything to Assist Mr. Borden in His Campaign for the People's Rights

An interesting sidelight on the feeling of the Grand Trunk railroad corporation against Mr. Borden in his campaign for the people's rights against the big railroad corporation is revealed in the comedy in the received by J. E. Armstrong, M. P., who spoke in Chatham last night.

As the public are aware, the Pere Marquette railroad courteously made arrangements and ran a special train for the Wallaceburg and Dresden visitors. Mr. Armstrong endeavored some days ago to make similar arrangements with the Grand Trunk corporation for the Borden meeting at Sarnia. The following response is interesting when read between the lines:—

Petrolia, Ont., Sept. 17.  
J. E. Armstrong, Town:

Dear Sir:—Referring to our telephone conversation of this morning I regret, special train to Sarnia Monday evening cannot be arranged for. The passenger department advise me that a special train for political purposes cannot be arranged for on less than one week's notice.

AGENT.

## HUGH CLARK CAN BOAST

Says Chief Justice in Dismissing Petition Against Him.

Liberal Petitioner Had No Evidence Whatsoever to Support His Charges of Corruption—The Court Congratulates Major Clark, M.P., Upon the Purity of His Election and Absence of Outside Interference.

Walkerton, Ont., Sept. 21.—Major Hugh Clark, M.P., for Centre Bruce, is confirmed in his seat. The hearing of the protest against his election only occupied ten minutes yesterday morning.

Mr. Hartley H. Stewart, K.C., appeared for the petitioner, Dr. M. Stewart, of Chesley, the defeated candidate. Mr. E. A. Du Vernet and Mr. Arthur George, of Chesley, with Lieut.-Col. Scott, of Walkerton, represented Major Clark.

Chief Justice Moss and Mr. Justice Street, presided.

Unable to Prove Corruption. Mr. Stewart informed the Court at the outset that the petitioner, while satisfied there had been corruption, was unable to prove it and would offer no evidence.

Mr. Du Vernet took issue as to any evidence of corruption. "I have gone into the evidence carefully," he said, "and have been unable to find anything to support any charge of corruption. Mr. Clark's expenses were only \$73.19. He took the precaution of allowing no outsiders to interfere with the campaign. He thought the people of this community should attend to this matter themselves, and he feels they did so without interference and in most cases without canvass."

Mr. Justice Street—"What was his majority?"

Mr. Du Vernet—"Forty-four."

Congratulated By the Court.

"In view of the statements of counsel," said the Chief Justice, "nothing remains for us to do but order the dismissal of the petition with costs. The result shows the value of the prudence that has been pursued by the respondent in this case by relying on the support of his friends and the voters and not seeking outside assistance, or, as perhaps it may be termed in some cases, interference. It must be gratifying to him to find that by his own unaided efforts he has succeeded in carrying the constituency. With regard to what has been said about corrupt practices we have to assume that none can be proved or they would be presented to the Court. There is a purity of character, and as far as we can see the respondent can boast of it. The fact that the petitioner had no evidence to offer contradicts the idea of there having been any corruption."

Major Clark was warmly congratulated by his friends. He makes the second consecutive victory against the protest proceedings have failed in the present series.

## NORTH YORK PETITION.

Hon. E. J. Davis on the Stand—How Elias Pegg Lost Money and Others Found It.

Newmarket, Sept. 21.—The trial of the North York election petition against the return of Hon. E. J. Davis was begun here yesterday before Chancellor Boyd and Justice Teetzel.

Hon. E. J. Davis on Stand.

The first witness after the purely formal proceedings as to date of election, reading of writ, etc., was the respondent, Hon. E. J. Davis, who stated that he was returned at the bye-election on Feb. 29, 1903, by a majority of 449. In the course of his examination, Mr. Davis accepted responsibility for Duncan Marshall, but knew nothing of the Central Liberal Association.

The denial of agency of bribery, of corrupt practices, the forgery of all the incidents of the election campaign that were not wholly pure, were the means adopted by the Minister to meet the assertions of petitioners' counsel.

A number of witnesses gave testimony as to who were Liberal workers.

Lieut.-Col. Lloyd knew George Heise, but had not canvassed voters with him. In reply to Mr. Aylesworth, Col. Lloyd explained the tenancy of the room in which the committees met, and which he had rented and sub-let to the association, and for the rent of which and for fuel he had been paid \$47.25.

Sir William on the Stand.

The court adjourned at 1.10 for an hour, and on reassembling, Sir William Mulock was called. A Dominion election in North Ontario was being conducted concurrently with the North York election. He did not know J. D. Thompson. Mr. Blackstock undertook that any further charge against Sir William would be withdrawn, and did not require his further attendance.

W. C. Widdifield, secretary of the Reform Association, stated that there was no specific membership. He had to rely on the assistance of such prominent Liberals as volunteered. He knew Somerville, who was a member of the central committee, Heise, Cane, Pegg, Winch and William Macleure he knew, as workers. Others also testified to the names of those who took an active part in the election.

Elias Pegg's Story.

Elias Pegg swore he had heard the day of the election that a statement was made that Henry Hodge had got \$6 from him to vote for Davis. Pegg had gone to him and asked him if he had made such a statement. Hodge admitted he had, and Pegg said he had lost \$5, and if Hodge had found it he wanted it back.

Henry Hodge swore that by an arrangement with Pegg the latter had come over to his place the next day and Pegg said he had got the money. They went into the stable, and

## SATCHEL OF THE SATELLITE

He came; he saw; he conquered.

Say, Mr. Stephens will need 500,000 men on that dredging work now.

Now then, bring on your elections, Mr. Laurier. We "foreigners" are ready for you.

Well done, Hugh Clark! I fancy the people are beginning to realize which is the party of purity now.

Everybody, Tories, Grits and Independents, are praising Borden to-day. Won't he make a splendid Premier!

And when the bouquets are being passed round don't forget President Thornton and Secretary Arnold. They both did grand work.

When Mr. Borden alluded to promises and performance last night the man next to me whispered that that was a fine armory George Stephens built on the park three months ago when he promised it.

I've got it, Laurier's holding off that promised armory because he's got onto the fact that the lead and sturdy militia man at the head of our Regiment is a "foreigner."

I'm expecting every day now to hear that Dun Lamont has been appointed Canadian representative to England at a few thousands per. Surely Sir Richard Cartwright won't slight Dun after the handsome way he treated J. B. Jackson, the other reported election crook.

## COLONIAL PREFERENCE

Rosebery Declares There Was No Offer From Colonies.

Former Liberal Premier Asserts That the Chamberlain Policy is Discredited—Says the Agitation Has Been Proved to Be But the Baseless Fabric of a Dream, and That It Is Becoming a Little Ridiculous—The Food Tax.

London, Sept. 21.—Lord Rosebery, speaking at Lincoln yesterday, said that Mr. Chamberlain began by ringing the Imperial chime and telling the country it would be criminal to neglect the offer made by the colonies, and, in the second place, that the preferential tax included a tax on food. All the evidence was entirely against this hypothesis. If the colonies had come to the motherland and asked us, in the interests of Imperial unity, to consider whether it was not possible to find some method for the mutual exchange of our products and theirs that would have been worthy of the consideration of the committee of experts.

There was no offer from the colonies, and the leading authorities of Canada and Australia had given no evidence that they intended such. The leader of the Opposition in Canada had declared in favor of Mr. Chamberlain's policy, which implied that the Laurier Government was not in favor of the scheme of Mr. Chamberlain. The agitation had been proved the baseless fabric of a dream. He considered a tax on the food of the people would not found an Empire, but would be the most dissolving and disintegrating influence that could be applied to the Empire. The agitation was becoming a little ridiculous when it left the region of argument and entered into the region of farce. This was not the way to raise great Imperial issues. It was not Imperialism but Empiricism.

Figure of Imagination.

The Standard, referring to Lord Rosebery's speech, says he had no difficulty in showing that the so-called offer from the colonies was a figment of the protectionist imagination. "We agree that a serious and definite demand from the colonies for an Imperial preferential tariff would deserve to be seriously considered by this country, though we might not accept it. We have positive evidence there would be strenuous resistance on the part of the Canadian manufacturers to any further lowering of the tariff imposed on British competitors. The mere suggestion would raise a storm in Canada, and so long as this is the Canadian policy we may in vain make an offer."

The Graphic said if Lord Rosebery read the colonial newspapers he would have been saved making so many absurd misstatements.

On Drummond's Speech.

The Daily Chronicle, referring to Mr. Drummond's speech, calls the preference advocated by him a delusion, Britain receiving nothing in return for a preference on food and raw materials.

The Times, combatting Lord Rosebery's statement, that the colonial offers only on the conference of 1902 says it rests on the visible evidence of preferential treatment accorded by more than one of the self-governing colonies, also avowed the colonial readiness to enter into negotiations and, lastly, on Mr. Drummond's speech. Mr. Chamberlain's policy is based on a policy already adopted. The colonies are not to be dismissed by flouts and jeers.

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