

The Union

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLAW.

VOL. XII.—No. 44.

Our Country, with its United Interests.

Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, August 27, 1879.

EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

WHOLE No. 616.

WAVERLEY HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

THIS HOUSE has lately been refurbished, and very possible arrangements made to ensure the comfort of travellers.

LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT, ON THE PREMISES.

ALEX. STEWART, Proprietor.

Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1878.

"MIRAMICHI HOUSE,"

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

WM. McKEEN, Proprietor.

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that he has fitted up in FIRST CLASS STYLE, in close proximity to the I. C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers will be attended to promptly.

Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters served up in every style at short notice.

JOHN FAY, Proprietor.

Newcastle, Oct. 8, 1877.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

THIS HOTEL is very pleasantly situated, has recently been fitted up in FIRST CLASS STYLE, in close proximity to the I. C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers will be attended to promptly.

Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters served up in every style at short notice.

JOHN FAY, Proprietor.

Newcastle, Oct. 8, 1877.

CANADA HOUSE,

CHATHAM, N. B.

WM. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.

CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this house to make it a first class hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing. The proprietor returns thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor to merit the same in the future.

Good Stabling on the Premises.

May 18th, 1878.

ROYAL HOTEL,

KING SQUARE,

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the "CONTINENTAL," and thoroughly renovated the same, making it as the "ROYAL" always had the reputation of being, one of the best hotels in the Province.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation. Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.

THOS. F. RAYMOND.

St. John, July 9, 1877.

VICTORIA HOTEL,

RAINFORD LANE,

JOSEPH A. FOUNTAIN, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Station, and is well calculated to meet the requirements of travellers, as neither time or expense have been spared to secure the comfort of guests. Situated on an elevated site, it commands a fine view of the city, and is a desirable place of residence.

October 24, 1877.

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS,

WATER ST., CHATHAM.

WILLIAM LAWLER, Proprietor.

Importers of Marble & Manufacturer of MONUMENTS, TABLES, HEADSTONES, &c.

A GOOD STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

GRANITE MONUMENTS made to order. CAPS and SILLIS for windows supplied at short notice. EXPERT WORK in all branches attended to with satisfaction.

October 24, 1877.

S. N. KNOWLES,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Trunks, Valises, Satchels, &c.

66 KING STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

CANVAS COVERS MADE TO ORDER. SAMPLE TRUNKS A SPECIALTY.

May 5, 1879.

WANTED.

A SHOP and OFFICE BOY—one willing to make himself generally useful.

Apply to DR. FREEMAN.

Newcastle, Sept. 7.

RUBBER BELTING.

Extra Stretched and Patent Smooth Surface Rubber Belting, in Stock.

Various widths in 3, 4, 5 and 6 Pies.

Best Quality Belting, in Stock.

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Various widths in 3, 4, 5 and 6 Pies.

Law and Collection Offices

ADAMS & LAWOR,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., Real Estate, & Fire Insurance Agents.

CLAIMS Collected in all parts of the Dominion.

OFFICES: NEWCASTLE AND BATHURST.

M. ADAMS, R. A. LAWOR.

July 18th, 1878.

SAMUEL THOMSON,

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

NOTARY PUBLIC &c.

LOANS Negotiated, Claims Promptly Collected, and Professional Business in all its branches, executed with accuracy and despatch.

OFFICE—PUBLIC BUILDINGS, NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

July 17, 1878.

WILLIAM A. PARK,

Barrister & Attorney at Law,

SOLICITOR,

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICE—Over the Store of William Park, Esq.

Castle Street, - - - NEWCASTLE.

May 1, 1877.

L. J. TWEEDIE,

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER,

AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CONVEYANCER, &c.,

CHATHAM, - - - N. B.

OFFICE—Snowball's Building.

May 12, 1874.

JOHN McALLISTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CONVEYANCER, &c.,

CAMPBELLTON, N. B.

May 6, 1879.

A. H. JOHNSON,

BARRISTER AT LAW,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC,

CHATHAM, N. B.

July 10, 1877.

WILLET & QUICLEY,

Barristers, Attorneys,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.,

Princess St., Ritchie's Building, (up stairs).

ST. JOHN, N. B.

John Willet, Esq., LL.B., B. C. L.,

Commissioner for Massachusetts.

CARD.

DR. E. A. FISH,

Has commenced Practice in Newcastle, and can be consulted at his Office.

Mrs. Fowler's Building—two doors above Masonic Hall.

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12,

2 to 5,

7 to 10.

June 16, 1879.

HERBERT T. DAWSON, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

OFFICE—In Mr. John Dalton's House;

RESIDENCE.

At Mr. Wm. Greenly's, opposite Office.

Newcastle, March 26, 1877.

DR. McDONALD,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE: AT MRS. HALEY'S, next door to the Post Office, Newcastle.

RESIDENCE: AT MR. THOMAS MALBY'S, Newcastle, March 26, 1879.

Leather & Shoe Findings.

THE Subscriber returns thanks to his numerous customers for past favors, and would say to all that he keeps constantly on hand a full supply of the best quality of goods to be had at lowest rates for cash. Also, S. B. Foster & Son's Boots, Shoes, Leather, and English Taps as well as home made Taps to order, of the best material. Wholesale and Retail.

No. 65 King St., St. John, N. B.

April 29, 1879.

JAMES G. McNALLY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Furniture, Crockery & Glassware,

LAMPS, TABLE CUTLERY,

Silverware and Fancy Goods,

PETER LOGGIE,

Wood Moulding & Planing

MILL,

Near the Ferry Landing,

CHATHAM.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FINISHING

for House or Ship Work, manufactured to order.

Venetian Blinds, Doors and Sashes, Pine and Walnut Mouldings, Jig Sawing and Planing, a Specialty.

Estimates and Specifications furnished on application.

Orders attended to with despatch.

P. LOGGIE.

A. D. SHIRREFF,

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

Life, Fire & Marine Insurance

AND

GENERAL AGENT,

Chatham, N. B.

August 29, 1878.

To Mill Owners and Mechanics.

THOS. B. PEACE,

MANUFACTURER OF

ALL KINDS OF SAWS,

Is prepared to fill orders from any part of the country. His saws are now being widely used, and are made of the very finest quality of English Steel, and are warranted to be equal to the best English or American manufacture. A fair trial will prove the correctness of these statements.

All Kinds of Repairing Done.

References By Permission:—

HON. WM. MURPHY, Chatham;

D. J. RITCHIE & CO., Newcastle;

J. FLETCHER, Nelson;

BAKER & CO., North End.

SHOP—Water Street, Chatham, N. B.

September 18, 1878.

Carriage Repairing.

The Subscriber has erected a shop on the property lately owned by Dr. J. E. Benson, and is prepared to attend to the Making and Repairing of

CARRIAGES, HEAVY FARM

AND LUMBER WAGGONS, &c.

Prompt attention given to all orders. Good Work guaranteed.

ANGUS McLEAN.

Newcastle, July 23, 1878.

Lamps, Oils, &c.

CHANDLERS,

BRACKET,

TABLE AND HAND LAMPS,

Chimneys, Wicks, &c.,

AMERICAN & CANADIAN OILS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

J. R. CAMERON,

"KING'S GARDEN BLOCK,"

Prince William Street,

St. John, May 7, 1878.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. Freeman,

will attend to DENTISTRY in his various Branches, as his other engagements will permit.

Having procured every appliance and the most improved Dr. F. guarantees all operations and gives special attention to the extraction of teeth.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

Either on Rubber or a new and improved Base called Celluloid.

Being a resident in the County his patients will find no difficulty in having every guarantee made good.

Newcastle, April 18, 1878.

DR. W. W. JOHNSON,

DENTIST,

HAS ARRIVED

and may be found at the

"Waverley Hotel," Newcastle,

and is now prepared to attend to DENTAL WORK in all its branches.

As his stay will probably be short an early call is solicited.

June 30, 1879.

WILLIAM WYSE,

GENERAL DEALER,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant,

CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI, N. B.

Merchandise and Produce received

on Commission.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

AUCTION SALES, and all Business in connection with the same, attended to promptly.

G. A. ELAIR,

Merchant Tailor,

CHATHAM, N. B.

Always on hand a large and select assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, Doekins,

Cassimeres, Beavers, Meltons, &c.

SCOTCH, ENGLISH, and CANADIAN TWEEDS.

Velvet and other Fancy Vestings.

Gentlemen's APPAREL,

Made up promptly, and in the best and most Fashionable Styles.

Orders from a distance will receive Special Attention.

LATEST FASHIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Remember the Stand.

Stone Building, adjoining Dr. Fellen's

Water Street, Chatham.

June 25th, 1878.

CUSTOM TAILORING.

THE Subscriber has opened a FIRST CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT in the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. P. H. Adams, and owned by the Hon. William Mulcahy, near the corner of Water Street, Chatham.

Gentlemen wanting clothes made to order for

SPRING AND SUMMER

will do well to examine his splendid assortment of

ENGLISH & CANADIAN CLOTHS

to select from.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS made up under the general supervision of a First Class Cutter.

Cloth Purchased elsewhere will be made up on the premises.

W. S. MORRIS.

Chatham, April 30, 1877.

FREDERICTON

Custom Tailoring & Clothing

ESTABLISHMENT.

James R. Howie,

MARBLE HALL, QUEEN ST.,

DESIRES to return his thanks to his many patrons in the North and elsewhere, for the generous patronage extended to him, and would assure them that no pains will be spared to retain their custom, and his aim to have all work performed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner. Particular attention is given to all orders from the country.

Now in hand, a

FINE STOCK OF CLOTHS

SUITABLE FOR

Spring & Summer Wear,

which will be made up in the latest styles.

Orders respectfully solicited.

A good fit guaranteed in every case.

I keep on hand a full stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, which will be sold at "Hard Times" prices.

JAMES R. HOWIE.

Fredericton, May 12, 1879.

CUSTOM TAILORING.

T. M. STEWART,

(OF SCOTLAND.)

late Cutter for W. S. Morris, Esq., wishes to announce to the people of Newcastle and surrounding Districts, that he has commenced business over James W. Davidson's store, where he will be pleased to receive the patronage of the public, and the latest New York Fashions, he is prepared to make up Clothes equal to any made abroad.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Reported for the Dominion Gov't by
G. A. Blair, Esq.

AUGUST.

DATE.	Time.	Height of Bar.	Thermometer.	Maximum Thermometer.	Minimum Thermometer.
Sun.	10	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
Mon.	11	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
Tues.	12	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
Wed.	13	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
Thurs.	14	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
Fri.	15	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
Sat.	16	8.20 a.m. 29.82	69.4	72.1	54.2
		5.14 p.m. 29.88	68.4		
		11.45 p.m. 29.88	68.4		

The column for Maximum Thermometer shows the highest temperature for every day.

The column for Minimum Thermometer shows the lowest temperature for every day.

Farm and Household.

How Horses Become Blind.

One of the worst eyestrains known is the abominable hayrack, where the horse has to reach up and pull the hay down, filling his mane, forehead, and the worst of all, his eyes, with hay seed, chaff or whatever may be mixed with the provender. These traps are met with nearly everywhere throughout the land. These throw the horse in the most unnatural position for feeding, as the natural position is to reach down and pull up, not to reach up and pull down, as these hay racks make him do. In reaching up to eat it exposes the forehead, face and eyes to seed, chaff and dirt, which on getting on the head once is liable to get into the eye at any time. We will now speak of the abuse that horsemen resort to in controlling a horse. The worst of it all is in striking him over the head with a leather strap, your fist, a club or whip. Shame on the man that does this to club over the head of the noblest of creation next to man! But I am sorry to say that we find great many so-called good horsemen that take a delight in sitting on their wagon seat and trying to see how close they can send the point of a cracker to a horse's ear or strike some particular spot on the back of the head, neck, or shoulders. But, my word for it, a man who will practice this comes to grief sooner or later. Instinct tells the horse to be careful of his head, and especially of his eyes, for when they are gone that ends his seeing as they can never be restored or new ones put in, as we all know. Therefore never strike a horse about the head. The number of horses eyes hurt by striking the collar over the head would surprise us all if known. A horse's head with a good eye setting out boldly on a square face, is a hard thing to slip a stiff collar over without rubbing and bruising the eye. Next, we have the stable to contend with, and it produces more weak eyes than any other one thing we know of. The gasses arising from the body and from the manure, and from the straw, and from the cracks in the floor. Also put good ventilation high above a horse's head to cause a current of air to carry off this poison as it generates. Always give a horse plenty of light but not through a small hole; make it large so as not to condense the rays as they pass through a small opening. Never whitewash the stall, as white is very bad for the eyes. Take a piece of white paper and hold it before your eyes for a short time and see its effects. But you can turn your eyes away from it and the horse cannot as he is tied up with a white sheet all around him. Never whitewash a stall, but always use blue as it will never hurt the eyes.—Ohio Farmer.

Shooting Horses.

The Rev. W. H. H. Murray, whose advice is worth heeding, says about shooting: "The nails should be quite small and driven in more gently than is the custom. There is no reason why a smith should strike a blow at a little nail head as strong as he would deliver at the head of a spike in an oak beam. The hoof of the horse is not an oak beam, and the delicately pointed and slender headed nail is a wrought iron spike, and yet you will see the nailer whack away at them as if it was a matter of life and death to get them set in at two single blows of his hammer. Insist that the nailer should drive his nails slowly and steadily, instead of using violence. In this case, if the nail is badly pointed, get out of proper line of direction, no great injury can be done. It can be withdrawn and a new one substituted, without harm having been done the foot. But the swift, blind, and violent way prevents all such care, and exposes the horse to temporary, if not permanent injury. Gentleness should be exercised in clinching the nails. Never allow a smith to touch a nail to the outer surface of the hoof. Nature has covered it with a thin filament of enamel, the object of which is to protect the inner membrane and fibre from exposure to water and atmosphere. The enamel is exactly what Nature has put upon the surface of your finger nail, reader. Under no circumstances should it ever be touched. If it is removed nature will be wickedly deprived of her needed covering, and cruelly left exposed to the elements.

PROTECT THE HORSES.—A cotton sheet will be found a great protection to the horse working in the harvest field. It screens them from the heat, from flies, and from dust, and the labor of cleaning them is lessened. It will be found desirable, when horses are washed, to use a soft sponge and water in which carbolic soap has been dissolved. This cools the skin, assuages perspiration, removes the strong, pungent smell, greatly refreshes the animals, and drives away the flies. When there is a river near by, a bath in the evening will be agreeable and safe, if the horses are kept in the water only two or three minutes, are driven home at once and rubbed dry.

CARE OF THE FEET.—Workhorses are subject to have dry and brittle hoofs while ploughing on hot dry ground. Occasional washing and application of glycerine or cod-liver oil to the hoofs will soften them and remedy the brittleness. At this season mischief is done by keeping old shoes on too long. It is necessary to remove shoes to accommodate the growth of the hoof; otherwise there is danger that the hoof may become bound.

Deferred Matter.

Crowded out Last Week.

LONDON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

LONDON, AUG. 2ND, 1879.

An International Literary Congress recently held its first sittings in London, and with Victor Hugo as its President and Alfred Tennyson at the head of the English Committee appointed to receive the distinguished foreign visitors, it may be fairly said that the poetry of the two countries was well represented. As all gatherings of this kind, festivity played its part, the members of the Congress were received at a Mansion House banquet, and afterwards the very Shakespearean Mayor of Stratford-upon-Avon welcomed them as his guests. One of the London clubs opened its portals to all the members, while the more distinguished were the objects of cordial hospitality at some public and many private entertainments.

It is not at all surprising, that the official language of the Congress was French, for no other tongue has acquired such peculiar prominence. English is more widely spread, and Spanish is of greater commercial use in South America and the adjacent seas, while Italian has still an international superiority as the interpreter of the highest kind of music. The Courts, the aristocracies, the statesmen, and the cultivated classes in Europe, however, find French the most convenient common link. It is now what Latin was in the middle ages, had even down to the beginning of the eighteenth century. Russians and Turks, Germans and Spaniards, Italians and Swedes, Englishmen and Dutchmen, all use French in diplomatic or social intercourse. It is the inevitable second language of all who have two. A foolish Chauvinism has recently induced Prince Bismarck to force German into diplomatic use and when he grew angry at Versailles he insisted upon talking to M. Thiers. Yet, though he may thus impose some additional trouble on foreign office clerks in various capitals, he will do nothing to induce other nations to displace French from its international position. Though not the vehicle of the best literature of the world—in this respect second both to English and German—French is the native language of the best modern drama and of the most highly cultivated literary style.

It is curious to note that at this International Congress, mainly concerned with "copyright," the French delegates, who were anxious to make arrangements to secure their rights here, found no authorized representative of the publishers of the United States with whom to carry on negotiations. The fact is that they need not much fear being wronged by reprinting, translation or adoption on our side the water. Though citizens of our great republic travel much and flock to Paris as a paradise, their ignorance of the French language is as great as was the English during the Continental War, when George III. applauded one of his courtiers for refusing to learn French, and when that language was considered a kind of dialect natural enough in the many Briton's sisters, but not to be expected from the Briton himself. Few French books are reprinted in the United States, and as to translations and adaptations, why should American publishers pay native hands for such work when they can get it from their ready-made French publishers. Thus, if the French authors secure their rights in England they are pretty safe from translation and piracy. Nevertheless it cannot be forgotten that in a Congress professing to deal with "copyright," the very word copyright, the invention of the United States, leaves a large gap. It resembles a discussion on Mediterranean piracy by a very clear rate the English books published in Algeria. While "translation" and "adaptation," the two evils from which Frenchmen most suffer occupied the Congress for two days, no one word said about "reproduction." The Frenchman finds himself partially robbed, his ideas are pilfered, piecemeal by the Englishman; but the Englishman is swallowed body and bones by the American pirate. No "translation" or "adaptation" is necessary, for the Frenchman's work is reproduced in its entirety, and the Englishman is left with a mere shadow of the original.

This is a statement from the standpoint of English authorship, but it is not more than right that we should have some reproof for a product of the American brain which England and Europe use in many instances, without price or acknowledgment. I refer to our mechanical and labor saving inventions.

Brother Moody was rowing on a pond at Northfield, Mass., and singing "Pull for the shore," when over went the boat, and the evangelist was compelled to swim for the shore or drown.

Religious.

The Baptists at Beaver River, N. S., are preparing to rebuild the Church which was destroyed by fire last winter. The Church Missionary Society of England secured last year \$237,390 from the children by little collecting books, cards and boxes.

A few days ago the Dean of Toronto received a telegram announcing the death of his brother, Rev. Elliott Grasett, M. A., Rector of Woodhouse.

A Scottish or Irish Cardinal will, it is understood, be created at the next Conclave—either Archbishop Strain of St. Andrews, or Archbishop MacCabe of Dublin.

The United Presbyterian Synod in Edinburgh came to a resolution by 288 votes to 29, approving of the decision of the committee suspending the Rev. David Macrae, Gonrack, from his ministerial functions for his views on eternal punishment, and declaring him no longer a minister of the Church.

The Fishery Question.

North Sydney, C. B., August 8.—Discussing the fishery question, the North Sydney Herald says:—The importance of Canada's position on the fishery question becomes daily more apparent. Notwithstanding the boastful language respecting the value of the fisheries along the eastern coast of the United States, we are fully aware that they are practically worthless as compared with the North American fisheries. Gloucester fishermen cannot profitably prosecute even the bank cod fishery without means drawn from Newfoundland or the Lower Provinces. Fresh fish bankers are now alone profitable, and this involves permission to enter British American ports to either catch or buy fresh bait. Although no amount was awarded for this privilege by the Halifax Commission, on account of a technical plea put in by the United States agent, American vessels have recently been sent to Cape Breton to seine cargoes of squid to be sent to American "bankers." This bait is obtained close in shore, and of course within the three mile limit. If the Washington Treaty clauses were completely carried out, as desired by the United States Government, this right would be withdrawn, and American cod fishery vessels would be compelled to resort to salt bait.

London, August 14.—A despatch received by the Daily News from Madeira gives an account of the meeting of Sir Garnet Wolseley with the Zulu chiefs. The despatch says the result cannot be altogether satisfactory to Sir Garnet, as, immediately after his close, Colonel Clark's brigade was ordered to move forward to Enkela, and to be reinforced immediately by the whole of the 80th Regiment and two galling guns. Another despatch, transmitted from Madeira by cable, and reaching here by ship, is dated Port Dunderry, July 22nd; it states that Cetewayo on that day made another effort to obtain from Sir Garnet Wolseley upon what terms his surrender would be accepted, and what degree of liberty and independence would in future be granted him. "It is said," continues the despatch, "that Cetewayo's warlike and desperate character is impossible, unless the terms offered are so harsh as to compel Cetewayo to reject them, and drive him into the bush, from whence he may for some time continue a desultory guerrilla warfare."

LOUISE, VICTORIA AND MAUD, the young daughters of the Prince of Wales, rarely appear in public but in the simplest of dresses. They are sometimes seen with their mother at the theatre in plain white linen or cotton sailor dresses, with a little red trimming, and they are often met riding and driving in neat sailor dresses of dark blue woolen. They went with their father and mother to the recent French fair, from whence he may for some time continue a desultory guerrilla warfare.

Job Printing, plain and in colors, in first class style at this establishment.



THE CELEBRATED

ESTEY ORGANIST

New and Beautiful Styles.

CATALOGUES FREE.

APRIL 7TH, 1879.

SPECIAL BARGAINS!

L. H. DEVEBER & SONS

Invite Attention to their Large Stock of Goods,

SELECTED IN ENGLAND, FRANCE AND AMERICA,

And arriving here prior to the "New National Policy Tariff" Coming into Operation.

A SAVING IS THEREFORE EFFECTED OF FROM 10 TO 30 per cent.

Cash Purchasers will do well to call at

95 PRINCE WM. STREET OR WATER STREET.

CORNER DOCK AND UNION STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

Lowmoor, Swede, B. B. Refined and Common Bar Iron,

Pig Iron, Russia, Galvanized, G. G., Common Sheet & Hoop Iron,

PIETES EXTRA AXE AND CAST STEEL, SLIGHT-SHOE, TIRE AND TON-CALK STEEL,

TIN PLATES, CHARCOAL AND COKE, BLOCK AND STRIP TIN,

PLOURING-PLATE, MOUNTINGS AND SHEARS, ANVILS, BELLOWS AND VICES,

Y. Metal, Galvanized and Black Ship Spikes, Cut Spikes and Nails, Clinch Rings and Washers, Manilla and Tarred Rope, Anchors and Chains,

Tas, Pitch, Rosin and Oakum, Carriage, Sleigh-Shoe and Tire Bolts, Springs and Axles,

Axe, Horse Shoes and Nails, Square and Hexagon Nuts, Iron Wire and Bessemer Steel Wire

PAY ATTENTION.

THE Subscriber has on hand

BIRD CAGES, BALLOON FLY

TRAPS, CHILDREN'S TRAYS,

EUREKA CLOTHES WRINGERS,

DOVES EGG BEATERS,

MRS. POTTS' PATENT COLD

HANDLE SMOOTHING IRONS,

PRESERVE KETTLES AND

SAUCE PANS,

LINED AND ENAMELED

SPICE BOXES,

JELLY MOULDS,

TEA POT STANDS AND

TEA STRAINERS;

AND A LARGE VARIETY OF

STAMPED & PLAIN TINWARE,

which I will sell at prices to suit the times.

Elevated Oven Cooking Stoves, with

Pa-ant Telescope Lining.

These Stoves are so well and favorably known

both for quality and price as to need no

JOB WORK of all kinds promptly attended to.

J. H. PHINNEY

Newcastle, May 27, 1879.

London House.

1879. SPRING 1879.

WE HAVE RECEIVED

PART OF OUR

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

FROM THE CHIEF MARKETS OF

Great Britain and Ireland,

TOGETHER WITH

AMERICAN AND CANADIAN

MANUFACTURES,

COMPRISING A GENERAL ASSORTMENT IN

EVERY DEPARTMENT.

NOW READY FOR INSPECTION OF

WHOLESALE BUYERS

On Our Usual Good Terms.

DANIEL & BOYD.

BRICK WAREHOUSE—3 Market Square.

STONE WAREHOUSE—Chapman's Hill.

aprs

GOLD LEAF,

Silver Leaf,

Nickel Leaf,

Gold Bronze,

Silver Bronze,

Crimson Bronze,

Tie Foil,

Diamonds for Cutting Glass,

FOR SALE BY

T. B. BARKER & SONS.

85 and 87 King Street.

HAYING TOOLS

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

'SALTER BRICK STORE,'

8 doz. Golden Clipper and

Red Rover Scythes;

10 doz. American Ash Rakes;

2 doz. Hickory Shovels;

2 doz. No. 1 and 3 Hay Forks;

6 doz. Ash Fork Handles;

6 DOZEN SOYTHE STONES,

ASSORTED KINDS.

All of which I am selling at prices to

suit the hard times.

JOHN FERGUSON.

Newcastle, 24th July, 1879. 23

CARD.

NO AGENTS! NO COMMISSION!

The system of employing Agents or Can-

vassers at a high commission has been

strictly abandoned by us, it having proved

very unsatisfactory both to ourselves and

customers. In future we will sell our

Pianofortes and Organs

At Net Wholesale Prices,

direct to purchasers. In this way buyers

of Pianofortes and Organs will save from twenty

per cent. by dealing directly with us,

and, moreover, far better satisfaction can

be had, and at the lowest prices consistent

with first class articles.

We enable us to sell at a

very small advance on cost of manufacture

although to honest and reliable parties we

do not object to allow a reasonable time

for payment.

Parties ordering by mail can rely upon

getting as fine an instrument as if personally

selected by themselves. Any Organ or Pi-

ano not found exactly as represented can

be returned at our expense. We refer with

pleasure to over Fifteen Hundred Pianofortes

and Organs which we have on hand, and

which we can only say that they are

of the very best quality, and we are

satisfied our customers in all their dealings

with us.

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"UNION ADVOCATE"

STEAM

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.

THIS office is now thoroughly equipped

with Jobbing material and the most

modern presses for the rapid and skilful ex-

ecution of

PLAIN & COLORED

COMMERCIAL

—AND—

General Printing

which we can produce to the satisfaction of

all who may kindly favor us with their

orders, both as regards style and price.

ALL ORDERS for the following, or for

other work not mentioned will be carefully

and promptly attended to.

POSTERS, AUCTION BILLS,

PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS,

COMMERCIAL CARDS,

VISITING do.,

ACCOUNT HEADINGS,

STATEMENTS,

MEMORANDUMS,

BALL & CONCERT

PROGRAMMES,

CATALOGUES,

POSTAL CARDS,

Wedding Cards & Envelopes,

(Finest English Make)

LEGAL BLANKS,

MAGISTRATES' BLANKS,

CUSTOMS BLANKS,

SHIP'S ARTICLES,

CORONER'S BLANKS,

RAILWAY BILLS OF LADING,

ENTRY BLANKS for fish exporters,

ENVELOPES, all qualities,

printed to order,

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES,

BEAR BOUNTY do.,

BOUND BOOKS, 100 each,

BILLS OF EXCHANGE,

DRAFTS,

CHECKS,

NOTES OF HAND,

RECEIPTS,

ORDERS, &c.

Particular attention given to the

printing of Reports of Societies.

Orders received for Ledgers and Day Books