

Semi-Weekly Times

V. L. X. XVIII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1900.

NO. 80.

THE WHOLE CHINESE EMPIRE IN A FERMENT.

London, June 15, 4.20 a. m.—Observers at Shanghai and Tien Tsin think there is great deal more trouble ahead for the concert of powers than merely reaching Peking with 2,044 men. Serious disturbances are taking place at Yun Nan Fu and Meng Tze as well as at other points at a considerable distance from the capital.

The whole Chinese Empire seems to be in a ferment. The intentions of the Empress Dowager are still equivocal, with a balance of testimony on the side of a determination to compel the appropriation of a part of her country or to lose her dynasty in the attempt. It is related that on Monday, following the murder of the chancellor of the Japanese legation, she was roused to a sense of danger and went personally to the Yung Ting gate of Peking, where she advised the rioters to disperse. But she took no steps to apply force; and the appearance of things is more threatening than before.

While Admiral Seymour, with the international relief column is forcing his way to Peking, several of the powers are arranging largely to relieve their details at Tien Tsin. Germany proposes sending 1,200 men. Great Britain sent 600 from Hong Kong yesterday and 400 will go Monday. Italy has ordered 1,000 men to hold themselves in readiness. Russia, according to a St. Petersburg despatch of Wednesday has decided to bring her force at Tien Tsin up to 6,000. Thus the combined forces at Tien Tsin will probably soon be about 10,000 men.

The explicit statement made yesterday in the House of Commons by the parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, Mr. Broderick, with reference to the identity of opinion among the powers upon the question of the application of force to the method of applying it is accepted by all the morning papers as quite sufficient for the present; and the hope is generally expressed that nothing will happen to diminish the harmony.

An incident, however, has already occurred, involving the British and French at Tien Tsin, which nearly ended in violence. A despatch from Tsin dated yesterday says:

"For some days the French and Russian authorities here have been jealous because of the supposed facilities given to the British authorities by the British and the French to the Chinese railways. Yesterday (Wednesday) some French marines attempted to take charge of an engine required at the front locomotive engine for Weir refused to give up the engine and a Frenchman attempted to layone him. Weir caught the muzzle of the rifle and the bayonet passed over his shoulder. For a moment serious trouble between the British and French was imminent; but the prompt act of the British and the French, backed by the American consul and the railway officials, prevented a collision. The French consul withdrew his opposition and the British remained in charge of the engine."

Cable from Kempff. Washington, June 14.—The following cablegram has been received from Admiral Kempff, Tong Ku, June 13:

Tong Ku, June 13. Secretary Navy, Washington. Twenty-five hundred men are on the road to Peking for the relief of the legations; 100 are Americans; English and Russians in large majority; all nations here represented. The victory at Tien Tsin gave permission to go there; railroad being repaired as force advances. Russians are now sending soldiers from Port Arthur with artillery. (Signed) KEMPF.

Statement of Seymour's Force. Tien Tsin, June 14.—Railroad communication between this place and Admiral Seymour's international force has been cut three miles beyond Yang Tsun. Two bridges have been destroyed. It is rumored here that the Boxers are determined to burn Tien Tsin station tonight. The international force under Admiral Seymour includes the following: British, 915; German, 290; Russian, 200; French, 128; American, 104; Japanese, 52; Italian, 49; and Austrian, 25. It left Tien Tsin June 10.

Before the Killing Began. Boston, June 14.—The American board of foreign missions received today from the state department at Washington, a letter which was in response to inquiries concerning the safety of the Rev. and Mrs. George H. Ewing, Rev. Horace Wilkin and other American missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu, China. The department of state replies that on the fourth instant Mr. Wilkin was safe; that the situation in China appears to be very serious. Minister Conger is said to be doing all in his power for the protection of American citizens in that country and the authorities there have promised to protect them. No case of violence to an American missionary has yet been reported to the department.

A telegram from Minister Conger, received on the 11th instant, says that the missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu are safe at present, and that the Chinese government has sent troops there and promises protection. Letters from Miss Morrill and Miss May Fly the Stars and Stripes. New York, June 14.—United States Shipping Commissioner Dickey announces that commencing with today Hawaiian ships may fly the American flag after taking out an American register. This is in accordance with an act passed May 11, 1899, facilitating the entry of vessels from Hawaii and Porto Rico in American ports.

Grand Master of Nova Scotia. Halifax, June 14.—At the closing session of the Grand Masonic Lodge of Nova Scotia tonight, Theodore A. Cossun, of Halifax, was elected grand master in place of T. B. Flint, M. P., and U. Murray Lawson, of Yarmouth, was elected deputy grand master.

Enthusiasm Has Accumulated. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—Queen Victoria's birthday was officially celebrated here today under the special arrangement proposed by the celebration from May 21. It was the occasion for an enthusiastic outburst of loyalty. The British warship chartered here a royal salute at noon; at this evening there were fireworks, illuminations and parades.

A New Brunswick Case. Ottawa, June 14.—Lt.-Col. McLean and Dr. Pugsley are engaged in taking evidence here in the case of Lewis and Smellie vs. Snowball. Miss Moratt, official stenographer of the supreme court of New Brunswick, is the reporter.

Dinner in Berlin. Berlin, June 14.—Ambassador White and Mrs. White gave a large dinner this evening in honor of President Daniel C. Gilman of Johns Hopkins University.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

Prospects Good for the Erection of a Flour Mill. Mr. Alexander Little, of York Mills, has begun work on a new woolen mill on the site of the one which was destroyed by fire a few years ago. York Mills promises to be a busy place this summer.

Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

ALL GOES WELL WITH THE BRITISH ARMS.

Buller and Roberts are in Easy and Commanding Situations—The Canadians Again Perform Very Brilliant Work In a Difficult Place.

London, June 15, 3.30 a. m.—That Commandant Gen. Louis Botha should have been able to stand for two days against Lord Roberts and then retreat without losing any guns or having any of his men captured is taken to mean that he has a force which the British must still reckon as formidable when acting defensively. The pacification of the wide spaces from Transvaal, especially the wide spaces from the railways, is looked upon as a business requiring months rather than weeks.

A Boer Bulletin. Meanwhile everything goes well for the British arms. A Boer bulletin issued June 12 at Mochodrus said: "Both wings of the Federal force touched the advancing enemy at 11 a. m. yesterday east of Pretoria. Fighting continued until dark. The enemy, though in overwhelming numbers, were checked along a line of 36 miles, and the burghers succeeded in driving back their right wing five miles. Two burghers were killed and ten wounded."

Another Mochodrus announcement is that the first regiment of General Buller's force to attack Almonds Nek was "annihilated," but as the British were in overwhelming force, the burghers were compelled to abandon the Nek.

Kruger Keeping His Gold. A despatch from Lorenzo Marques dated yesterday, says: "President Kruger is holding on to his gold and issuing paper notes from a press in his executive car. The Boer government's coin stock is exhausted; and the officials are now paying out plain gold discs unstampeded. Some who have declined to accept notes have taken their salaries in gold pieces."

The Boer government is still paying out much gold in that way. Two steamers arrived at Lorenzo Marques yesterday bringing supplies for the Boer army. The supplies consisted of Portuguese merchants, but destined for the Boers. One hundred Americans, Frenchmen, Germans and Hollanders have arrived there by various steamers on route for the Transvaal. Mr. Crowe, the British consul general, has large stocks of clothing for the British prisoners; but he will not forward these until he gets assurance that the Boers will not take them for their own use.

General Buller will be unable to advance further until he gets supplies. He will probably wait until the famine has been cleared. Nearly every farm house his troops passed flew a white flag. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

housewives who were pleased to get so much English money. One woman whose husband and two sons have been fighting said: "You British are unlike our people. They took my horses in exchange for sheep and mules and made me make butter, which they never paid for. I am sending to have my men come home at once."

Usually the first question a Boer woman puts is: "Will my husband be shot if he is captured?" One young man was pulled from under the bed and he went on his knees begging the British patrol not to shoot him.

In the Free State. General Ruddle had a sharp skirmish at Ficksburg on June 12. The Boers had been aggressive along the whole Ficksburg-Senkela line and menaced Ficksburg in force. The British outposts retired to the village. General Ruddle held the attention of the Boers in front with two guns, while Voornoy was sent round to their rear and drove them off, with a loss to the British of three wounded. Two patrols were also wounded.

President Steyn is at Utkoop. His presence there is supposed to account for the Boer activity.

Sick Men and Horses. London, June 14.—The Daily Express correspondent, telegraphing from Mochodrus, 140 miles east of Pretoria, under date of June 10, in connection with the capture and destruction by the Boer general, Dewet, of 3,000 suits of clothing, says: "The British soldiers complain much of the cold. There is much suffering among them and the hospitals are full of the sick and exhausted. The sickness among the horses, too, is increasing, thousands of animals having succumbed at Kroonstad (on the road from Bloemfontein to Pretoria)."

Roberts to the War Office. London, June 14.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office, under date of Pretoria, June 13, 6.30 a. m., as follows: "Mochodrus advanced to Homingspruit yesterday and found all quiet. Kroonstad is strongly held. Mochodrus returned today and held our cavalry on both flanks, but Jan Hamilton, assisted by the Guards Brigade of Pole-Carew's division pushing forward, took the hill in his front, which caused the enemy to fall back on the second position to the eastward. This they are still holding. It is slightly higher and more exposed than the first. The extent of country which has to be covered under modern conditions of warfare renders progress very slow. Details

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

Work Has Been Begun on a New Woolen Mill at York Mills—Business Seems to be Booming in the Milling Line—Big Order From Boston for Lumber. Harvey Station, June 14.—There has been much talk for over a year of having a new flour mill erected at York Mills, and last summer Mr. James Lester, the well-known miller of that place, made considerable preparation for having one built, but did not go on with it as he did not think he had sufficient encouragement from the farmers to go into so large a project. But things have taken a more favorable turn this season, and the indications are that the mill will be built in a short time.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on Belle Island. Yesterday the local magistrates read the riot act. The police are guarding the property with loaded rifles.

The steamer Ganton, which was there to load hematite for Philadelphia, was compelled to leave and to seek shelter here, the strikers having threatened to cut her adrift from the pier if she remained.

Anglican factions. Halifax, June 14.—There was a lively discussion in the Church of England synod today between the high and low church, caused by a motion of Rev. F. H. Almon on the adopting of the cumulative system of voting. In his remarks Mr. Almon claimed that under the present system the low church clergy were boycotted by their high church brethren and deprived of any representation in the provincial synod. A number of prominent laymen took part in the discussion and they stated that unless a better disposition was shown by the high church clergy against the low they would lend their aid to the latter to defeat all the clerical nominees. The motion, however, was defeated.

Police on Guard With Loaded Rifles. St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—There is no change in the strike situation on

The Chinese Are Entrenching Outside of Peking.

London, June 14, 4.20 a. m.—The Chinese are entrenching outside of Peking to oppose the advance of the international column. A despatch from Tien Tsin, dated Tuesday, June 12, says: "I learn that the Chinese garrisons are trained on the American mission and the British legion."

Profits of the Street Railway Company.

The shareholders of the St. John Street Railway Company held their annual meeting Wednesday, President James Ross submitted the directors' annual statement for the year showing a net profit, after providing for the interest on the bonds and all other charges of \$37,792.53, out of which your directors have declared two half-yearly dividends of three per cent. each, amounting to \$20,000, leaving a balance of \$7,792.53, which has been transferred to the credit of profit and loss.

Centenary Can Raise Money in Large Amounts.

At a meeting at 9.30 o'clock Wednesday morning, Rev. Mr. McCully was elected recording secretary, and Rev. J. B. Gough, statistical secretary. Returns were then received from the churches included in the district. The returns total of membership, Sunday schools and Epworth Leagues were similarly dealt with, the work taking up the greater portion of three sessions.

Headquarters Wall Paper and Window Blinds.

All the latest spring patterns in Wall Paper, Window Blinds at a big bargain. Special attention given to out of town orders. A. McARTHUR, 548 Main Street.

Telephone Officers Elected—The Town to Celebrate.

Fredericton, June 13.—Honorable A. F. Randolph arrived home today, but his friends will regret to learn his health has not been benefited by the trip. At a meeting of the stockholders of New Brunswick Telephone Company last evening, the following officers were elected:

Little Hints That Will Help the Busy Housewife.

Freezers of convenient size and good make are to be had so reasonably now that the number of housewives and cooks who choose to make their own ice cream is constantly increasing. Cream takes time to make and is something of an expense, but water ice constitutes but a small item in the household expense book and they are excellent as a dessert or for refreshment between meals.

Midsummer Riot of Color.

Following the appearance of fruit and autumn leaves and sheaves of wheat on spring millinery, the regular midsummer riot of color in women's toilets has already begun. Wherever one goes the fact is too patent to need pointing out. Although it is as yet June, the July and August fashions make a right royal show of the costume of the up-to-date woman all the poppy shades are seen and are as a rule becoming. If they are not there is the royal blue, the black, or the claret purple may serve its votaries while clear fern green is another color that is prominent and popular.

Women's Race at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Man., June 12.—The first contest in the woman's championship six day bicycle race was held at the Auditorium last night. The only entries were Farnsworth, Glaw, Little, O'Brien and W. A. High. A large fashionable audience crowded the rink and the races were very swift and exciting. Farnsworth was the champion, winning the last lap by six inches after an hour and a half's riding in which 30 miles and seven laps were covered, the last lap being made in 8 seconds.

Empress Wants Protection.

Washington, June 13.—Definite official information was received here this afternoon from the foreign office of one of the most important continental powers stating that the Tsung Li Yamen had notified the minister of that power that the Dowager Empress would not object to the presence of foreign troops in China's territory. Vague unofficial rumors to this effect had been current, but the information received here today was from such a high official source as to leave no doubt that the Empress Dowager, who generally constitutes the government of China, had made known its determination not to object to the presence of the foreign troops. This change of front came as a distinct surprise to officials and diplomats, as all the reports up to this time had pictured the Empress Dowager as intensely hostile to the foreigners and as the real spirit behind the Boxer uprising. This supposed attitude was based on the fact that the Empress Dowager is here and at other capitals as it was feared it would eventually into an open declaration by the government of China. This was the result of a complication, placing the foreign forces now advancing on Peking in the attitude of assisting China in a suppression of disorder.

June Weddings.

Adams-Warren. On Monday evening, Mr. James A. Adams, of St. John, and Miss Jessie Warren, of St. Stephen, were wedded by Rev. William Penna at the Carlton Methodist parsonage.

Hostile Officials Appointed.

Washington, June 13.—A cablegram has been received at the state department that Tan, the father of the heir apparent, has been appointed president of the Tsung Li Yamen, also that three other new ministers have been appointed, all affiliated with the party opposed to foreigners. On the whole, Mr. Conger reports the situation not materially improved.

Another Strike Victim.

St. Louis, June 13.—During the course of a heated argument over the strike street Railroad Men's Union was stabbed in the neck and mortally wounded at a late hour tonight by Edward Gandy. Gandy was arrested.

Stole \$10,000.

Montreal, June 13.—The trial of Exchange Hotel, accused of stealing over \$10,000 from the Dominion Express Company's office at Joliette, Quebec, was concluded in the court of the queen's bench this afternoon. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

St. John's Nfld., June 13.

The Allan line steamer Lionian, Captain White, from Glasgow, arrived at Liverpool June 1, for Philadelphia, has been delayed here two days repairing a shaft which became disabled in mid-ocean. The British steamer Concordia, Captain Abernethy, of the Donaldson line, from Glasgow, was anchored off Cape Race for four hours yesterday with disabled machinery. Temporary repairs were made to enable her to continue her voyage were made and she proceeded at half speed for her destination, Montreal.

Fishing in Albert County—Saw Mill Moved.

Hopewell Cape, June 12.—A bear trapped near Albert was on exhibition there today. Several fishing parties from Moncton have passed through here on their way to the trout lakes of New Ireland. The British steamer Concordia, Captain Abernethy, of the Donaldson line, from Glasgow, was anchored off Cape Race for four hours yesterday with disabled machinery. Temporary repairs were made to enable her to continue her voyage were made and she proceeded at half speed for her destination, Montreal.

No Settlement.

St. Louis, June 13.—All negotiations looking to a settlement of the street railway strike are off and the officers of the Transit Company do not expect any further attempt to reopen negotiations to end the trouble. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor is expected here this week and a coming is looked upon in labor circles as a sure sign that the fight against the Transit Company will be pushed to the limit.

Gunboats Sent to the West Coast.

London, June 14.—Five river gunboats have been ordered to go to the west African coast to assist in the operations of the Ashanti relief expedition.

Girl Graduates.

Toronto, June 13.—In today's graduating class at Toronto University there were three women masters of arts, three women bachelors of arts, and 28 women bachelors of arts.

Seasonable Dishes.

Strawberry ice—Mash two pounds of granulated sugar and two quarts of fresh strawberries and let them stand for a day; strain through a cloth, add equal quantity of water to the juice and put into the freezer; when half frozen add the whites of three eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Raspberry ice may be made the same way.

Some Dishes That Should be Found on the Breakfast Table.

During the summer season, what to have for breakfast, involving a problem which even experienced housewives sometimes have difficulty in solving because of a little of the comfort and good health of the family during the rest of the day depends upon the menu that is set before them. It is not a matter of a summer morning, particularly if the weather is sultry. A writer in a London magazine has recently considered the question, "What are the essentials of a good breakfast," and his conclusions may interest some New Brunswick housewives. He says in part: "The first, and most important, item is a preliminary meal of fruit—grapes, grapes, apples, cantaloupe, berries—seasoned with a little sugar and eaten over fruit. Fruit juices, taken early on an empty stomach, are converted into albumen, and are a most valuable element in preventing saturation of the system with uric acid and warding off the storms of suffering which such a condition provokes. Fruit juices act as correctives to the digestive organs, whetting the appetite, increasing the secretion of the gastric juice and stimulating peristalsis. Where fruit is eaten every morning, digestion is satisfactory, the head is clear and an agreeable feeling of general well being is experienced. "Too much emphasis cannot be laid upon this matter of preliminary fruit breakfast. If accustomed to eating a small breakfast, you should lighten the noon meal and 6 o'clock dinner. You will sleep better and rise with appetite. If the fruit does not appear to agree with you at first, try a small beginning. Take only an orange, drink the juice and reject the fibre. Persist, and the stomach will adapt itself. Gradually add a bunch of grapes and an apple. You will be surprised at the far-reaching benefit derived from so simple a practice. "After the fruit, the usual breakfast of a chop and rolls, oatmeal, potatoes, coffee or what not, is in order."

As to Garnitures.

Ribbons are being made exceedingly beautiful and can be applied to many purposes, such as forming an entire vest, or a collar, or a necktie, or a waistcoat. Some are broad with velvet flowers; some are shot; some have gauze lines in between silk stripes; of game edges; some ribbons are entirely gauze enriched with satin spots or floral designs and others are printed all over with paisley patterns. Satin ribbons are still more generally used for belts and ruchings and black satin ribbon is put with the lightest now being made. Gowns of all sorts are also ready for trimmings. Many are worked elaborately with paillettes but

Report to the Committee of One Hundred in New York.

New York, June 13.—The committee of 100 Indian home relief received the following cable today: "Bombay, June 13.—Wm. E. Dodge, New York: "An India-Indian relief fund committee formed. Money used chiefly for four objects—rescue of orphaned children, aid to pending farmers, clothing for the naked, and relief of the blind. Anxiety and distress still increasing. (Signed) ROBERT A. HUIME, Executive Secy."

Stole \$10,000.

Montreal, June 13.—The trial of Exchange Hotel, accused of stealing over \$10,000 from the Dominion Express Company's office at Joliette, Quebec, was concluded in the court of the queen's bench this afternoon. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

No Word.

London, June 14, 5.05 a. m.—Pekin appears to be completely isolated. None of the morning papers or news agencies have a word from there today. The latest message received in London is one announcing that the Chinese are entrenching outside the capital.

Fishing in Albert County—Saw Mill Moved.

Hopewell Cape, June 12.—A bear trapped near Albert was on exhibition there today. Several fishing parties from Moncton have passed through here on their way to the trout lakes of New Ireland. The British steamer Concordia, Captain Abernethy, of the Donaldson line, from Glasgow, was anchored off Cape Race for four hours yesterday with disabled machinery. Temporary repairs were made to enable her to continue her voyage were made and she proceeded at half speed for her destination, Montreal.

No Settlement.

St. Louis, June 13.—All negotiations looking to a settlement of the street railway strike are off and the officers of the Transit Company do not expect any further attempt to reopen negotiations to end the trouble. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor is expected here this week and a coming is looked upon in labor circles as a sure sign that the fight against the Transit Company will be pushed to the limit.

Gunboats Sent to the West Coast.

London, June 14.—Five river gunboats have been ordered to go to the west African coast to assist in the operations of the Ashanti relief expedition.

Girl Graduates.

Toronto, June 13.—In today's graduating class at Toronto University there were three women masters of arts, three women bachelors of arts, and 28 women bachelors of arts.

Wanted.

AGENTS—OUR NEW BOOK ON THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA contains complete and authentic history will be issued as soon as the war ends in one large, handsome volume, at the low price of \$1.75 in cloth, and \$2.75 in full morocco gilt. A large number of copies of this book are being prepared. It is the only book giving prominence to our maritime province volunteers who went to the war, and contains special portraits of many of them. We want Agents everywhere to sell this superb work. Special terms guaranteed to those who act now. Large sample prospectus book and full particulars mailed for 25 cents in postage stamps. Address R. A. Morrow, 50 Garden Street, St. John, N. B.

Wanted.

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for balance of term for Clarendon Station. Apply stating salary to T. A. Allen, Secretary to Trustees, Clarendon, Char- Co., N. B.

Wanted.

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for balance of term for Clarendon Station. Apply stating salary to T. A. Allen, Secretary to Trustees, Clarendon, Char- Co., N. B.

Wanted.

WANTED—Parties to do knitting for us at home; we furnish yarn and machine; good easy work; we pay \$10 per hundred for bicycle hose, and other work according to value. We also want a man in each town to do our work. Send stamps for particulars. Standard Hose Company, 79 Adelaide St., E. Montreal.

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT, containing about 100 acres. The Major Balcon Farm, in the Parish of Musquash, a few minutes walk from Prince of Wales station, on the shore line railway. The dried marsh of about 45 acres out of 60 tons of hay. The upland, about 25 acres, is of superior quality and under proper cultivation can be made very productive. The balance consists of pasture and woodland. A good house and two barns. Can be purchased on reasonable terms. Apply to J. J. Gaudin, 55 Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.

Wanted.

AGENTS—OUR NEW BOOK ON THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA contains complete and authentic history will be issued as soon as the war ends in one large, handsome volume, at the low price of \$1.75 in cloth, and \$2.75 in full morocco gilt. A large number of copies of this book are being prepared. It is the only book giving prominence to our maritime province volunteers who went to the war, and contains special portraits of many of them. We want Agents everywhere to sell this superb work. Special terms guaranteed to those who act now. Large sample prospectus book and full particulars mailed for 25 cents in postage stamps. Address R. A. Morrow, 50 Garden Street, St. John, N. B.

Wanted.

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for balance of term for Clarendon Station. Apply stating salary to T. A. Allen, Secretary to Trustees, Clarendon, Char- Co., N. B.

Wanted.

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for balance of term for Clarendon Station. Apply stating salary to T. A. Allen, Secretary to Trustees, Clarendon, Char- Co., N. B.

Wanted.

WANTED—Parties to do knitting for us at home; we furnish yarn and machine; good easy work; we pay \$10 per hundred for bicycle hose, and other work according to value. We also want a man in each town to do our work. Send stamps for particulars. Standard Hose Company, 79 Adelaide St., E. Montreal.

Farm for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE OR TO RENT, containing about 100 acres. The Major Balcon Farm, in the Parish of Musquash, a few minutes walk from Prince of Wales station, on the shore line railway. The dried marsh of about 45 acres out of 60 tons of hay. The upland, about 25 acres, is of superior quality and under proper cultivation can be made very productive. The balance consists of pasture and woodland. A good house and two barns. Can be purchased on reasonable terms. Apply to J. J. Gaudin, 55 Sydney Street, St. John, N. B.

Great Bargain, Opportunities for Money-Saving People. LADIES' JACKETS At Half Price, and many less than Half Price to Clear

- 15 BLACK CHEVROT JACKETS, sizes 32, 34 and 36 at \$1.00 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$6.00. 12 MIXED TWEED JACKETS, unlined, sizes 32, 34 and 36, at \$2.00 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$8.00. 10 MIXED TWEED JACKETS, satin lining, at \$3.00 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$9.00. 15 NAVY BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, unlined, at \$3.50 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$9.00. 10 NAVY CURL CLOTH JACKETS, same price. 10 NAVY CURL CLOTH JACKETS, silk lined, at \$4.00 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$8.00. 6 DARK GREEN BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, unlined, at \$4.00 each. Some in the lot were as high as \$8.00. 2 BLACK BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS, last year's, very long, size 32, \$2.00 each. One was \$12.00, the other \$16.00. If parcel to be sent by mail add 50c. for each jacket.

DOWLING BROS., 95 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Class Presidenta Prisoner—Escaped Just in Time to Take Part in the Tree-planting Exercises—Got Out Through a Window in a Bicycle Costume.

Wellesley girls, made hale and strong by golf and basket ball and other such things, have taken a hint from the strenuous life of colleges that their brothers attend, says the Boston correspondent of the New York Herald. Twenty-five sophomore, bound hand and foot, and with faces marked with green paint, were left in the dark woods Thursday night until rescued by a man. Their class president, Miss Frances Hughes, of Cornwall, N. Y., was abducted by 140 victorious juniors, carried to Newton and held prisoner until yesterday afternoon. She escaped just in time to take part in the tree-planting exercises in a tutored waist and bicycle skirt.

Class feeling was stirred this week when the juniors discovered that the sophomore class had planned to witness their secret ceremony of "burning forelocks." This usually takes place on the evening of "Tree Day," but in order to outwit the sophomore class it was set one night ahead. Only four different robes the juniors after dark proceeded to a lonely spot in the woods. Their first object was to burn the first party nearest the appointed place, they met a freshman. They were in a quandary for a moment, but finally forced the intruder to accompany them.

Long Chase After Freshman. The captive was tied to a tree near by and a guard stationed about her, while the others began preparations for the ceremony. Sentries were posted to give warning of intruders. Each girl donned a white sheet and a long black and white mask, wood was gathered for a bonfire, and each junior lighted two candles and held them.

Shriek whistles and cries of "She's escaped!" startled the captives, and when the bonfire had been started, every one made a rush to the spot where the prisoner had been left and saw the guards disappearing in pursuit.

The chase was a long one, for it was a mile to College Hall, and the feet foundered in mud only at the college grounds. They marched their captive prisoner back to the tree and tied her more securely.

Exercises around the bonfire were then begun. Silence reigned as each junior, with reverent mien, stepped up to the fire and laid her offering on it. About half the forelocks had been defused when again whistles gave warning and an out-post cried:

"The sophs are coming! 1901 to the rescue!"

Those juniors who had made their offerings rushed to repel the invaders. The others hurried to the fire, piled their offerings upon the flames and junior fellows.

Over an open space a tall, robust sophomore led the way, shouting taunts at the juniors. She leaped at her nearest for a moment to tear off the white robe. She met her match, however, and was soon thrown to the ground and held until a junior brought rope that had been provided for an emergency.

Painted Designs on Faces. The struggle was short. Outnumbered and almost all the young women of the sophomore class were subdued in turn and bound in similar fashion. There was not enough rope to go around at all, but there was brought from a nearby residence.

Then came the marching. A big pot of green paint was brought, and the juniors were painted on the face with green paint. The figures "1901" were put on almost every cheek or brow. A few were artistically striped, and others were found to be suitable objects for hieroglyphics and skulls and bones.

Having seen the last of their parchments burned, the whitesheeted, cloth-masked girls retired, leaving the sophomore class to their own devices. After retiring the juniors ended their celebrations at the door of the head of the English department. There they sang and cheered for the teacher whose duty it had been to initiate them into the mysteries of forelocks.

She outwitted her captors, however, for, through a bribe to a little girl, she had a carriage at the door of the cottage at 2 o'clock. While her guards were not paying attention to her she stepped through a window and slipped to the ground.

One of the juniors was at her heels and

There Has Been a Remarkable Rise in the Price of Copper and a Large Quantity of Coin was Imported into the United States and Melted Down.

The most astonishing sight has just been presented in Boston of copper coins from India and other countries coming as part of a ship's cargo, designed for the great market, because the price of the metal has advanced to such a figure that it is more profitable to melt the coins down and sell them as pure copper than to exchange them for their current equivalent in other money. So steadily has the value of this metal advanced, owing to the great demand, because the price of the supply, that the prophets are making the most optimistic assertions as to the future price of copper. To own a share of the famous Calumet and Hecla copper mine is to be worth enough to go into business in a small way, pay the first installment on a house, or live for half a year, economically, without earning or receiving a cent of money from other directions.

The copper kings of America, with the keen, far-seeing judgment for which American business men are famous, have known for a long time past what an important position copper was destined to take among minerals and they have been getting together with a view to controlling the market of the world in this product. The prices of copper have been advancing and the outlook for the metal is most favorable. Control of the world's copper supply is now in America and not in England, the largest consumer next to the United States and herself but a small quantity.

This explains why the astonishing sight is seen of the copper coins of the British empire being melted down in this country as plain copper. It would be difficult to find a parallel for this state of things.

The reason why copper has become so valuable, and is daily becoming more so, is easy to explain. First, the supply is limited, there being but a few large copper mines, and, second, the purposes of which copper is used in this electrical age are daily increasing in number. Formerly there were but few uses for copper. Now miles and miles of copper wire are coiled on every workshop. Copper wires carry the messages of the world, and the officers to the remotest part of the vessel has its voluminous lengths coiled around machinery in the engine room, and reflects the sun dazzling from fittings and furnishing on deck and under the deck. As vessels are always building, and copper wears out, there is constantly an increasing demand for the metal in connection with shipbuilding industries. By the army copper is wanted in huge quantities. Copper wire trails everywhere around fortifications. It is used for the wiring of mines. It is run under the fives and across the forts and at signaling stations, and it is wanted for telegraph and telephone purposes.

Modern office buildings are coppered from roof to basement. Every telephone messenger call and electric fan has its own particular copper wires. The metal runs in and out of the windows, and in the walls, over the roof, around the windows, up the walls and under the sidewalk. It is everywhere like this, and it is everywhere needed.

The fire was first discovered on the ground floor of the building which occupied a city block. When the firemen arrived the entire building was a mass of flames and smoke. The attention of the fire department was attracted to rescuing the people who were hanging from the windows or who were lying on the sidewalk helpless, and so saving adjoining property.

The building was four stories high and the fire had reached the top floor. Many of these leaped from the windows and escaped. It is said that at least two score of people dropped before the firemen arrived. When they came many were hanging from the upper windows.

August Benedict was hanging out of a window with all his clothing aflame. He held on until the ladder was even up to him, but he was so badly burned that he held half an hour afterward.

John M. Lockwood had his chest crushed by falling timber and died late tonight. The unknown man's body was badly charred.

The Disappearing Gun Carriage. The system of disappearing carriages appears to have originated with Colonel Moncrief, of England, who patented his invention in that country in 1864, though the details were worked out by Sir George W. G. Armstrong & Company. Colonel Moncrief proposed that the enormous energy of recoil, or "kick" of the guns in firing—a pressure amounting to upwards of 25,000 pounds—be used to raise the gun into firing position after it had been loaded.

The "Moncrief" mountings were so designed that a heavy counterpoise tended to keep the gun in firing position. The energy of recoil was absorbed in lifting the counterpoise, and a ratchet and pawl kept the gun in the position to which it finally recoiled. In operation, each time it was fired the gun recoiled to the loading position, in which it was held until loaded, when, on releasing the pawl, the counterweight lifted the gun into the firing position, or, as it is termed, "in battery."—G. H. Powell, in the Engineering Magazine for June.

President Dying. Washington, June 12.—The state department has received the following despatch from United States Minister Wilson, at Santiago Chile, dated June 11: "President Errazuriz had third and dangerous attack of paralysis yesterday. Death simply a question of time. Excuse my personal transfer of message to Prime Minister Albano as provided by consultation." (Signed) "Wilson."

No Casualties. Manila, June 12.—Gen. Grant, who led reinforcements with artillery against the insurgents in the mountains east of Zamboanga, reports the capture of the rebel stronghold after four hours fighting. The rebels were scattered and the Americans are pursuing them.

Health Precautions. Gen. Grant's column had no casualties.

New York, June 12.—Twenty-eight passengers of the Ward line steamer Mexico, from Havana, were transferred to Hoffman Island for observation, this morning.

Almost Seventeen Thousand Dollars Will Have to be Spent to Lay Two Mains Down Erin Street to Supply the Business Portion of the City.

The water and sewerage board grappled with the question of laying down two mains in Erin street and decided to recommend the council to spend \$16,500 in the improvement of the distribution in the low level districts. If the recommendation goes through the two pipes, (10 and 15 inches), on which the low level districts is dependent for its pressure, will be replaced by 20 inch and a 15 inch pipe running up Erin street into the eastern section of the city. The new pipes will give 14 feet additional head pressure.

In calling the meeting to order the chairman, Alderman Millidge, said the important point to be considered was the improvement of the level service which was very defective owing to uneven distribution. The chief business portion of the city is dependent for its water supply on a 10-inch main laid in 1873 and a 15-inch main laid in 1873. The chairman closed by asking the board to give serious consideration to the new 4-inch main up Erin street as proposed in Engineer Murdoch's report.

Engineer Murdoch stated that the 20-inch main which would be 3,100 feet long, would cost \$13,500 and the 15-inch pipe \$8,000. These pipes, he said, would give 14 feet head pressure. The engineer in reply to questions from members of the board said the old pipes were smaller than the original size. The present mains running to the Marsh bridge would supply 100,000 inhabitants, but was greater pressure instead of supply which was demanded.

Ald. Macrae wanted a new supply embodied in the report, but it was pointed out that expert opinion had declared the water in this lake unfit for use. After a long discussion by the members of the board and a lot of explanation by the engineer, Ald. Macrae moved that the board recommend the council to replace the old pipes in the low level districts by new ones of larger capacity—25 and 20 inches.

Ald. Waring fell, despite the engineer's estimates, the sufficient water was coming to the Marsh bridge. Until the engineer's estimates respecting the supply at the Marsh bridge were considered, it would be useless expenditure for the improvement of the distribution if there were not ample water to supply the city. The engineer's move of the board should be to learn if the mains were giving 5,000,000 gallons daily as Mr. Murdoch estimated.

Ald. Macrae's motion was then carried, and then moved that a committee be appointed to inquire into the water supply and report thereon. The committee appointed were: Ald. Macrae, Ald. Waring, Ald. Day, Ald. Macrae, Ald. Waring, Ald. Day, Ald. Macrae, Ald. Waring, Ald. Day, Ald. Macrae, Ald. Waring, Ald. Day.

Adrift in a Dory. Steamer Hartaw arrived at Halifax Monday from Newfoundland. She had on board a Gloucester man named John Hickey, who with a native of Bay St. George, Nfld., got astray in a dory from the American schooner Lawrence E. Munro, Captain Oscar Lyons. The schooner had been out about two months and had returned about a week ago. She was about to leave for home and the last set was just being made. Hickey and Chim went out in a dory to do some work and after a time they were quickly blown out of the vessel. They were about 40 miles off St. George. In vain they rowed about searching for the vessel and after a time they gave it up. In the dory they had no food and only a very little water. Later in the day the wind arose, stirring up a high sea which threatened to swamp their frail craft. As night came they suffered from hunger and thirst, which was made more intense by the continued labor of the oars. All through the night they rowed in the direction they believed the land to be and as the hours passed they became faint for want of food.

St. Stephen News. St. Stephen, June 12.—Chief Engineer Rowley of the Frontier steamboat, who died suddenly at his home in Eastport on Sunday last, was very favorably known here. Last week during the Pretoria celebrations he visited Fire Chief Ryder of this town, and secured in the best of health. A number of friends from this town and Calais will attend his funeral tomorrow, Wednesday.

The Company Claim to Have Won the Battle. St. Louis, June 12.—There was no important developments in the street car strike today. The Transit Company again have the situation practically under control by reason of the protection afforded by the police and the sheriff's posse. The company's officials stated that the lines were running on every line in the city, meeting all demands of traffic.

Reciprocity With Portugal. Washington, June 12.—The president has issued a proclamation formal announcing the establishment of a reciprocity agreement with Portugal.

Frignola of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Strang, of Carleton, congratulated them on the 25th wedding anniversary, Monday, and presented them with an oak hat tree and chair.

British Marines Fought and Chased 2,000 Boxers.

London, June 13, 4.42 a. m.—Sixteen British marines, reconnoitering in advance of the international column marching to Peking, fought and chased 2,000 Boxers Monday, killing 20 or 30. A correspondent accompanying the column, in a despatch dated Tien Tsin June 12 via Shanghai, June 13, 6.15 a. m., says: "While the working parties accompanied by a patrol of 16 British marines, commanded by Major Johnson, were repairing the line Monday afternoon, eight miles beyond Loda, they encountered small parties of Boxers who were destroying the line. The Boxers moved away from the advancing marines and apparently dispersed into the country, leaving the rails covered and the sleepers burning.

"The marines, who two miles in advance of the international column, were suddenly perceived Boxers straggling from a village on their left. It was estimated that they numbered 2,000, some of them armed with spears and swords. Most of them were armed with spears and swords. A few had firearms which they handled awkwardly. "The marines retreated, keeping up a running fight for over a mile and killing between 20 and 30.

"The Boxers pursued the British for some distance. Then, seeing more marines from the iron coming to their assistance, Major Johnson's 16 halted and poured a heavy, continuous fire into the crowd, driving them across the front of the advancing blue-jackets, who punished the Boxers severely with Maxims.

"The Boxers fled, and the Europeans, following up their success, cleared out two villages. The total loss of the Boxers is estimated at 40 killed and wounded. Seven of their wounded were the Sunday and British surgeons. The British loss was nothing.

"Unless their loss causes the Boxers to lose heart, the international column will have much trouble before it reaches Peking. The railway so much damaged that the only route open is the Sunday and Monday and there is reason to fear that the road beyond is more badly damaged.

"Evidence of Gen. Nid's operations was found in headless bodies. The latest reports present a desolate aspect, entire villages having been deserted. "The expedition numbers 2,644, as follows: British, 915; Germans, 220; Russians, 300; Frenchmen, 128; Americans, 104; Japanese, 22; Italians, 49; and Austrians 25."

Washington, June 12.—The following despatch was received at the state department today: "Thinking, June 12—Secretary of state: Large numbers natives organized secret society. Halted here. People very apprehensive. More protection. Wait criteria." Martin, who signed the above despatch, is the United States consul at Chinkiang.

Decision of the Cabinet. Washington, June 12.—The cabinet meeting today was devoted largely to a discussion of the China situation. Secretary Hay led before the cabinet despatches from Minister Conger which indicated that the situation was very critical. The steps that had been taken to reinforce Admiral Kempf were gone over and it was decided to stand by the policy of pushing measures for the protection of the Chinese coast.

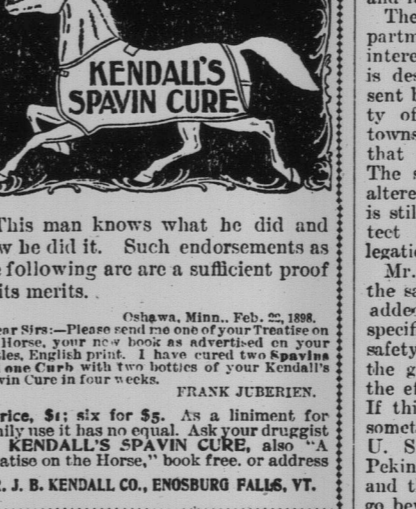
Testimony of a Preacher. Boston, June 12.—In a letter under Peking date just received at the headquarters of the Christian Endeavor Society from Rev. Dr. E. Clark, who is making a tour of the world in the interest of the Christian Endeavor, the statement is made that China seems to be on the ragged edge of revolution. The "Boxers," an anti-foreign society, are becoming very bold and defiant. In some places they completely terrorize the people, parading the streets three times a day with spears and huge knives and compelling all Christians to keep in doors.

There have been several fights between "Boxers" and Christians and many have been killed. The Empress Dowager seems to encourage the "Boxers" or at least makes no effort to put them down. China is going from bad to worse politically. A revolution may break out at any moment which may result in the death of hundreds of foreigners and the overthrow of the present dynasty. Many missionaries are living in extreme peril, but all are bravely sticking to their posts. In spite of these troubles, interest in religious matters is maintained, and the Christian Endeavor meetings in different parts of China have been very successful. Major Conger, American minister at Peking, presided at one of these meetings.

Consul Has Exaggerated. Washington, June 12.—There is an intimation at the state department that the consul at Chin Kiang has exaggerated the danger of the situation and that the mere halting near the town of a number of Boxers is not evidence that they have any hostile intentions against the American consulate. It is probable therefore, that in the absence of more serious developments, no ship will be sent to Chin Kiang. The town is nearly 300 miles southeast of Peking, but fortunately is much more accessible to foreign warships and vessels drawing as much as 25 feet of water can work up the river to that point.

One of the dispatches at the state department this morning was from another consular officer in China but it was stated that its contents were not made public. The pressure upon the president and department of state from the missionary interest is increasing every moment. It is desired that relief expeditions will be sent by the government to secure the safety of the missions in outlying Chinese towns and the intimation is conveyed that troops might be employed there. The state department, however, has not altered its position and Admiral Kempf is still confined to his instructions to protect American lives and the American legation and consulates.

Don't Guess At Results.



This man knows what he did and how he did it. Such endorsements are the following are a sufficient proof of its merits. "Cohasset, Me., Feb. 22, 1898. Dear Sir—Please send me a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure as advertised on your circular. I have a horse with a spavin and have used two bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure and it has cured him." FRANK JERBER. Price, 50c per bottle. A full bottle for Kendall's Spavin Cure, also, is sent free on the horse, look free or address, Dr. J. B. Kendall Co., ENOSBURG FALLS, N.Y.

From the Chinese Coast. Tien Tsin, June 12.—One hundred and sixty-three British landed last evening. An additional twenty British have been sent to Pong-Shan. This morning a special train left Tien Tsin for Yang Tsung to bring General Nid to consult with the victory. Telegraphic communication with Peking is still interrupted.

The Russian warships Petropavlovsk and Komiloff are at Taku bar and the Russian torpedo boats 103 and 107 are in the river Taku. Want of transport prevents the Russians from landing troops. The Russians are very active here today. It is rumored that General Fung Fah Siang, with many thousands troops is at Pong-Shan. The latest news from Pao Ting Fu is that the Boxers, 6,000 strong, are attacking the Catholic convent there. The situation is critical and the officials are evidently inactive.

The United States warships Nashville and Monocacy are expected at Taku. Japanese Official Murdered. London, June 12, 5.20 a. m.—The Times in an extra edition, publishes the following despatch from Peking dated June 12, 2 p. m.: "The chancellor of the Japanese Legation, Sugiyama Akira, while proceeding alone and unprotected on official duty, was brutally murdered by soldiers at Tien Tsin. The favorite body guard of the Emperor, at Manjiate railway station yesterday.

The foreign reinforcements are daily expected. The present isolated position of Peking, the destruction of foreign property in the country, and the insecurity of life are directly attributable to the treachery of the Chinese government."

Both States to be Made into Crown Colonies. London, June 12, 10.05 p. m.—It is learned by the Associated Press that the government has at last decided upon a plan for the civil settlement of South Africa. The details are kept most secret but it can safely be said that the Orange River Colony and the Transvaal will become crown colonies, the latter probably being re-named the Transvaal colony. Sir Alfred Milner, it is declared, is to be high commissioner of South Africa in spite of the opposition he has incurred.

The crown colony form of government can proceed simultaneously and that a possible scattered rising will not seriously retard the progress of reorganization since it is begun. The colonial office is said to be of opinion, however, that the maintenance of good sized garrisons at such centers as Bloemfontein, Kroonstad, Johannesburg and Pretoria will be necessary for a long time after the crown colony system gets in working order. For this reason and others put forward by Sir Alfred Milner, the idea of granting an autonomous form of government has been abandoned. It is believed though it cannot be verified, that a portion of the Transvaal will be partitioned off to Natal.

The whole arrangement may be roughly described as coinciding with the views advanced by the progressives as opposed to those held by the Bondels. The final steps in this decision have been taken during the last few days. Mr. Chamberlain sent for Mr. J. F. Fitzpatrick, author of the Transvaal from Witwaters, who is well known in connection with South African affairs and spent a whole day in consultation with him. Mr. Fitzpatrick will sail for Cape Town June 16 to join the advisory committee which Sir Alfred Milner is forming.

Little but Searching.—Dr. Van Stan's Pleasant Tablets are not big, monstrous doses that contain injurious drugs or narcotics—they are the pure vegetable peppermint, the medicinal extract from this luscious fruit, and tablets are prepared in an palatable form as the fruit itself. The remedy searches out the weak spots in the digestive organs—encourages and stimulates them—60 in a box, 25 cents. Sold by E. C. Brown.

Delightful Relief from Catarrh.—Here is one of a thousand such testimonies. The Rev. A. D. Buckley of Buffalo, says: "I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of Catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy it gave most delightful relief. I now regard myself entirely cured after using it for two months."—50 cents—14. Sold by E. C. Brown.

YEARS OF AGONY.

RESULTING FROM SCIATICA IN AN AGGRAVATED FORM. Many Nights the Sufferer Could Not Lie in Bed, and His Leg was Frequently Swollen to Twice its Natural Size. From the Journal, St. Gallinae. Mr. John T. Benson, stationary engineer at the Ridley College, St. Catharines, is known by most of the residents of the city. For years Mr. Benson suffered acute agony from sciatica, and notwithstanding numerous forms of treatment, found little or no relief, until he began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills speedily restored his health, as they have done that of thousands of others who have given them a fair trial. To the reporter who interviewed him, Mr. Benson said:—"I certainly owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for they have released me from a form of torture that had afflicted me almost continuously for twenty years. The pain began first in my back, then shifted to my hip, and thence down my leg. It became so severe that I seemed as though the very marrow in my bones was being scalded, and at times I could scarcely repress crying aloud from the agony I endured. I tried all sorts of liniments and lotions, but got no relief. I doctored with several physicians, even going to Buffalo for treatment, by a specialist there, but in no case did I ever receive more than temporary relief. It may be easily imagined that the pain I endured told upon me in other ways after I began their use. I could not see that I became almost a physical wreck. At times my right leg would swell to nearly twice its normal size. Then the pain and swelling would shift to my left leg, and the agony was something awful. I suppose that during the period I was afflicted I have hundreds of times laid on my back on the floor with my feet and leg elevated on a chair in order to obtain slight ease from the pain I endured. The muscles and sinews in my legs felt as though they had twisted and tied in knots. The trouble went on in this way until finally nothing but opium would deaden the pain. A few years ago I read of a cure in a similar case through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to try them. For some time after I began their use I could not see that they were helping me, but I decided that I would give them a fair trial. By the time I had used a half dozen boxes, there was a decided improvement in my case, and I continued the use of the pills until I had taken twelve boxes, when I felt my cure was complete. Several years have since passed and I have had no return of the trouble, so that I feel safe in saying that the cure has been permanent. I may also add that my wife has used the pills for indigestion, headaches and dizziness, and has found great benefit from them. Words cannot express the great benefit Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to me, and I hope similar sufferers will profit by my experience. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. If your dealer does not keep them, they will be sent postpaid at 50 cents a box, or by mail order at \$1.00 a box, by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

At ST. JOHN ON Thursday, June 128

THE MIGHTY BOVALAPUS, The rarest, strangest, wildest of all the mighty monsters of the great deep.

RAJAH, The biggest brute on earth, a towering giant. The very lord of beasts. Taller, longer, weighs more, cost more than any elephant ever captured. Bigger than the famous Jumbo.

CAPT. SANTIAGO, High Diver, The world's highest diver; actually flings himself backward from the highest point ever dived from.

LITTLE EDNA, The girl wonder. The only lady taring forward and backward somersaults on a bareback horse. A change of \$100.00 to any one who can produce her equal.

RACING STEERS, A Great Novelty.

WORLD'S MENAGERIE. The only lady 1- and 6-horse rider in the world. Whole droves and herds of Animals, Giant Camel, Long Maned and Tailed Horse, Baby Hippopotamus, Baby Lions, Serpents and birds.

A Grand Free Street Parade Every Entry Day at 10 O'Clock P. M. HIGH DIVE, 10.30 a.m. and 6.30 p.m. Excursions on All Railroads.

ALL TENTS WATERPROOF. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Performances at 2 and 8 p. m.

Save Your MONEY.

To save your money by getting more for it, ask your dealer in medicine to show you the new 50 cent size bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. It contains over three times as much as the old 25 cent size, which is a great saving to those who use this valuable family medicine. The superior quality of this old Anodyne has never been equalled.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Forty years ago this month, Dr. Johnson left his home in the town of Johnson, Vermont, to visit his father in the town of Johnson, New York. He was dressed on that day, I have been told, in a blue coat and a blue hat. He was a tall, thin man, with a high forehead and a long nose. He was a very kind and generous man, and he was very popular in the town of Johnson. He was a very successful doctor, and he was very well known in the town of Johnson. He was a very good man, and he was a very good doctor. He was a very kind and generous man, and he was very popular in the town of Johnson. He was a very successful doctor, and he was very well known in the town of Johnson. He was a very good man, and he was a very good doctor.

As a family remedy it has been used and improved for nearly a century. Every Mother should have it in the home for many common ailments, internal as much as external. Our book on INFLAMMATION free. Price 50 cents. Dr. J. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

MARRIAGES

SHAKESPEARE-PERMAN-At West Fitchburg, Mass., June 12, Clarence D. Shakespear, formerly of this city, to Miss Sarah L. Periman, of Fitchburg, N. Y.
STILLING-BARTER-At this city, on June 14, at the residence of the bride's sister, by the Rev. D. J. Fraser, James Stirling, Jr., of London, A. B., to Miss Sarah L. Periman, of Fitchburg, N. Y.
HARRISON-At this city, on June 14, at the residence of the bride's sister, by the Rev. D. J. Fraser, James Stirling, Jr., of London, A. B., to Miss Sarah L. Periman, of Fitchburg, N. Y.

DEATHS

MOOHAN-At his residence, 616 Main street, on June 12, John Moohan, in the 66th year of his age, leaving a wife, three daughters and one son to mourn the loss of a loving husband and kind father. (Boston and Portland, Me., papers please copy.) Funeral this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at St. John's church. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.
HARRISON-At Kingsville, on June 13th, Alfred Xavier Gallagher, leaving a wife to mourn her sad loss.
Funeral on Friday at 2:30 o'clock, from his late residence, Kingsville.
HARRISON-At Weyburn, South Africa, June 14, of the 35th year of his age, Sutherland A. Nicol, leaving a wife and two small children, aged 2 years and 10 months. Daughter of John and Annie Waters, formerly of Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN

Arrived.
Tuesday, June 12.
Star Bjergin (Nor), 178, Loading, from Montreal via Sydney, Wm Thomson & Co.
Schr Ina, 111, Hanselbacker, from Boston, master, old iron.
Coastwise-Schr Beaver, 57, Tupper, from Canaan, and old; schr Hunter, 41, Wadlin, from Campbell; Thelma, from Annapolis; schr Perry, Canis, 55, Smith, from Campbell; schr Beulah, Benton, 56, Mitchell, from Sandy Cove; schr Point Wolfe, John T. Cullinan, 56, Cameron, from Alma.
Wednesday, June 13.
Barque Olivieri, (Ital), 1098, from Rotterdam, Wm Thomson & Co.
Schr Bartholomew, 222, from New York, Wm Thomson & Co.
Coastwise-Schr Dove, 19, Osings, from Liverpool; Schr 11, Lewis, from fishing; Schr 12, 44, Kohn, from North Head; New Home, 31, Thibodeau, from fishing; Little Annie, 18, Poland, from Campbell; Schr 19, McCullough, from fishing; Alma, 69, Reid, from Quaco; Glide, 80, Mack, from Quaco; Wood Brothers, from Newcomb; Schr 20, 99, Hayes, from Parrsboro.
Tuesday, June 12.
Schr Rowa, McLean, from Boston, A. Cushing & Co.
Schr D. Glend, Thorne, from New York, John S. Moore.
Schr Maggie Miller, Granville, for Bedford, J. W. G. Lee.
Schr Elie, Morrell, for Vineyard Haven, G. Randolph & Baker.
Schr Otis Miller, Miller, for Weymouth, Weston, Cutter & Co.
Schr James Barber, Sprague, for Rockport, master.
Coastwise-Schr Yarnout Packet, Parker, for Yarnout; Prospect, York, for Parrsboro; Temperance Bell, Tutin, for Quaco; schr Percy Cann, Smith, for Campbell.
Wednesday, June 13.
Schr W. H. Waters, Bolyea, from Vineyard Haven, G. Randolph & Baker.
Schr Rowa, McLean, from Boston, A. Cushing & Co.
Schr D. Glend, Thorne, from New York, John S. Moore.
Schr Maggie Miller, Granville, for Bedford, J. W. G. Lee.
Schr Elie, Morrell, for Vineyard Haven, G. Randolph & Baker.
Schr Otis Miller, Miller, for Weymouth, Weston, Cutter & Co.
Schr James Barber, Sprague, for Rockport, master.
Coastwise-Schr Yarnout Packet, Parker, for Yarnout; Prospect, York, for Parrsboro; Temperance Bell, Tutin, for Quaco; schr Percy Cann, Smith, for Campbell.

THE SHIPPING WORLD.

A \$200,000 Prize Vessel Picked Up at Sea.
FIRST CREW DESERTED.
Brisk Season Anticipated in Local Shipping Circles -- Repairs to State of Maine Cost \$30,000-- A Cargo of Ostriches--Charters Reported.

One of the richest prizes ever picked up at sea is now making her way across the Atlantic to Gibraltar, in charge of the crew of the British ship Senator. The vessel is the Norwegian ship Superb, with a rich cargo of ore, which was picked up in latitude 36 N., longitude 98 W., totally abandoned, but in first class condition, vessel and cargo being valued at fully \$200,000. The Superb left Rio Janeiro on February 17, for Middleborough, England, with a full cargo of manganese ore, and was deserted by her crew who became needlessly alarmed in a storm on April 27 in latitude 33 north. The frightened sailors were picked up by the bark Seaforth, from San Francisco, and the bark Seaforth, from Portland, England, by the tug Oceana on May 1. The British ship Senator, from which vessel the prize crew was taken sighted the abandoned vessel on May 6, and an officer on board the vessel found her sound and safe, with the exception of her main mast and foremast, which were broken. About 60 feet of her amidship starboard rail was also gone, but otherwise she was sound and staunch as on the day she was launched. An examination made by the officers from the Senator showed that the vessel had not been in the water for some time. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Richard Glynne, Bart., of Haverton, in 1833. He died in May, 1898. She was a woman loved and admired by the vast circle of those whose names are connected with her history, and had great influence over her husband's actions. Mrs. Gladstone, who was an unconscious patient about 72 hours, died without recovering consciousness.

The news was immediately conveyed to the Queen, the Prince of Wales, the Dean of Westminster, the Duke of Devonshire, William Vernon Harcourt, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Mr. Arthur J. Balfour and others.
In the course of the evening Master William Gladstone, here to Harward, arrived from Boston, shortly followed by two sisters from London. The bells of Harward church rang muffled peals.
By courtesy of the Dean of Westminster and in accordance with an arrangement made in 1898, the funeral will be held in the Abbey church, at 11 o'clock, on Monday, June 19, being of an private character as possible.
A Tame Wind-up.
Indications point to a tame wind-up of the boxing season in New York State. By reason of a recent act of the legislature, prize fighting in this state will be illegal from the first of September. As an admirer of the sport remarked the fighters will then have to take to the tall timber.
When the Horton law was repealed by the legislature, the managers of the local prize fights decided to reap a harvest during the remaining months in which prize fighting was legal. Matches between the leading fighters in the world in the ring, and not wishing to lose that reputation and being fearful of the result, they took the situation in their own hands and as a result several of the most interesting matches have been declared off.
In a matter of some interest, and large financial returns, the two biggest scheduled were 25 round bouts between Tom Sharkey and Kid McCoy, and between Bob Fitzsimmons and Gus Ruhlin. McCoy, whose last fight showed that he was far from being himself, realized that in a draw he would lose the money and, having a wise youth who he declared the match off.

Deaths and Burials.

J. E. Anderson.
A telegram received yesterday morning by Mr. P. Anderson, Hazen avenue, announced the death of Anderson yesterday of his brother, Mr. J. E. Anderson, who formerly was a coal miller in Christie's factory here. He had been away from St. John for about 10 years. A wife and five children survive. The remains will be brought here for burial.
William Christie.
Toronto, June 14--William Christie, the trader in well known brick manufacturing firm of Christie Bros. & Co., and one of Toronto's most prominent residents, died today after a long illness of a species of cancer. Mr. Christie was in his 73rd year and leaves four children: one son and three daughters.
Mrs. William Evert Gladstone.
London, June 14--Mrs. Gladstone, widow of William Evert Gladstone, the English statesman, died at 5.30 p. m. Mrs. William Evert Gladstone was 83 years old and had been suffering for some time from illness. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Richard Glynne, Bart., of Haverton, in 1833. He died in May, 1898. She was a woman loved and admired by the vast circle of those whose names are connected with her history, and had great influence over her husband's actions. Mrs. Gladstone, who was an unconscious patient about 72 hours, died without recovering consciousness.

Edna, the Wonderful.

In speaking of the exquisite and altogether remarkable benchwork of Little's Monument, Edna, the wonder of the world, there is no language too strong to proclaim her merits. Nor is it claiming too much to say that she is beyond all question, the most dashing, the most daring, the most accomplished, and in every way the most finished work of art the world has produced. Beautiful as a hour and as graceful as a lawn, Edna accomplishes on her flying counter nutting, and she is with the Lemen Bros. Circus. The management say they will willingly forfeit \$10,000 to any one who can produce her equal.

Wood-Edna.

The residence of Mr. George Earle, 190 Brussels street, on Wednesday evening was the scene of a pretty wedding when his daughter, Miss Edna, was married to Mr. Robert Wood, a well known painter in the North End. A large number of near relatives were present at the ceremony which was performed by Rev. J. A. Richardson. Miss Bessie Earle, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. Wood, brother of the groom, acted as best man. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Wood will reside at No. 80 City Road.

Suicide at the Asylum.

On Wednesday morning, Violeta Lockhart, a native of Sturbridge, Kings County, and an inmate of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, committed suicide in the institution by hanging herself from the trussion of a door by a cord made from her night dress. The nurse, Miss Bertha Cornman, had left her well and quiet only 10 minutes before. An inquest was held by Coroner Kennedy yesterday and the name of the deceased was pronounced. The coroner has taken to prevent such occurrences in the asylum and that no blame could reasonably be attached to the staff.

Warrant for Strikers.

St. Louis, June 14--Chief of Police Campbell, Attorney Thomas Etip and a number of special deputy sheriffs applied for warrants this afternoon against the 20 street car strikers arrested on Washington street early this afternoon at the time of the shooting. It is not known what the charge against them will be.

Shepherd-McHarg.

Mr. Alfred Shepherd and Miss Ida McHarg, daughter of Mr. Garman McHarg, of Prince of Wales, were united in matrimony by Rev. J. E. Anderson, on Monday evening at the bride's home by Rev. Mr. Bacon. There were quite a number of guests present.

Rush of Shipping Expected.

For this time of the season business is rather dull about the harbor front, but a big rush is anticipated for the next two months at least. Yesterday the vessels in port numbered long steamers, six barques, two barkentines and 23 schooners.
Fitted With New Boilers.
The International line steamer State of Maine has been fitted with new boilers. These, with other repairs to the steamer, cost \$30,000, according to the Post-report.

A Wonderful Medicine.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc.
Beecham's Pills will quickly restore families to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc.
They are the only pills that will cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc.
They are the only pills that will cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc.
They are the only pills that will cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Disordered Liver, etc.

SPOKEN.

Ship Motavia, Smith, from Hopewell Cape for Boston, June 8, lat 42.00, lon 12.43.
Kinsale, June 13--Passed str Mantina, from Chatham for Liverpool.
Mantina, June 13--Passed str Mantina, from Chatham for Liverpool.
Mantina, June 13--Passed str Mantina, from Chatham for Liverpool.
Mantina, June 13--Passed str Mantina, from Chatham for Liverpool.
Mantina, June 13--Passed str Mantina, from Chatham for Liverpool.

Edna, the Wonderful.

In speaking of the exquisite and altogether remarkable benchwork of Little's Monument, Edna, the wonder of the world, there is no language too strong to proclaim her merits. Nor is it claiming too much to say that she is beyond all question, the most dashing, the most daring, the most accomplished, and in every way the most finished work of art the world has produced. Beautiful as a hour and as graceful as a lawn, Edna accomplishes on her flying counter nutting, and she is with the Lemen Bros. Circus. The management say they will willingly forfeit \$10,000 to any one who can produce her equal.

Wood-Edna.

The residence of Mr. George Earle, 190 Brussels street, on Wednesday evening was the scene of a pretty wedding when his daughter, Miss Edna, was married to Mr. Robert Wood, a well known painter in the North End. A large number of near relatives were present at the ceremony which was performed by Rev. J. A. Richardson. Miss Bessie Earle, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. Wood, brother of the groom, acted as best man. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Wood will reside at No. 80 City Road.

Suicide at the Asylum.

On Wednesday morning, Violeta Lockhart, a native of Sturbridge, Kings County, and an inmate of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, committed suicide in the institution by hanging herself from the trussion of a door by a cord made from her night dress. The nurse, Miss Bertha Cornman, had left her well and quiet only 10 minutes before. An inquest was held by Coroner Kennedy yesterday and the name of the deceased was pronounced. The coroner has taken to prevent such occurrences in the asylum and that no blame could reasonably be attached to the staff.

Warrant for Strikers.

St. Louis, June 14--Chief of Police Campbell, Attorney Thomas Etip and a number of special deputy sheriffs applied for warrants this afternoon against the 20 street car strikers arrested on Washington street early this afternoon at the time of the shooting. It is not known what the charge against them will be.

Shepherd-McHarg.

Mr. Alfred Shepherd and Miss Ida McHarg, daughter of Mr. Garman McHarg, of Prince of Wales, were united in matrimony by Rev. J. E. Anderson, on Monday evening at the bride's home by Rev. Mr. Bacon. There were quite a number of guests present.

Rush of Shipping Expected.

For this time of the season business is rather dull about the harbor front, but a big rush is anticipated for the next two months at least. Yesterday the vessels in port numbered long steamers, six barques, two barkentines and 23 schooners.
Fitted With New Boilers.
The International line steamer State of Maine has been fitted with new boilers. These, with other repairs to the steamer, cost \$30,000, according to the Post-report.

THE SHIPPING WORLD.

A \$200,000 Prize Vessel Picked Up at Sea.
FIRST CREW DESERTED.
Brisk Season Anticipated in Local Shipping Circles -- Repairs to State of Maine Cost \$30,000-- A Cargo of Ostriches--Charters Reported.

One of the richest prizes ever picked up at sea is now making her way across the Atlantic to Gibraltar, in charge of the crew of the British ship Senator. The vessel is the Norwegian ship Superb, with a rich cargo of ore, which was picked up in latitude 36 N., longitude 98 W., totally abandoned, but in first class condition, vessel and cargo being valued at fully \$200,000. The Superb left Rio Janeiro on February 17, for Middleborough, England, with a full cargo of manganese ore, and was deserted by her crew who became needlessly alarmed in a storm on April 27 in latitude 33 north. The frightened sailors were picked up by the bark Seaforth, from San Francisco, and the bark Seaforth, from Portland, England, by the tug Oceana on May 1. The British ship Senator, from which vessel the prize crew was taken sighted the abandoned vessel on May 6, and an officer on board the vessel found her sound and safe, with the exception of her main mast and foremast, which were broken. About 60 feet of her amidship starboard rail was also gone, but otherwise she was sound and staunch as on the day she was launched. An examination made by the officers from the Senator showed that the vessel had not been in the water for some time. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Richard Glynne, Bart., of Haverton, in 1833. He died in May, 1898. She was a woman loved and admired by the vast circle of those whose names are connected with her history, and had great influence over her husband's actions. Mrs. Gladstone, who was an unconscious patient about 72 hours, died without recovering consciousness.

Deaths and Burials.

J. E. Anderson.
A telegram received yesterday morning by Mr. P. Anderson, Hazen avenue, announced the death of Anderson yesterday of his brother, Mr. J. E. Anderson, who formerly was a coal miller in Christie's factory here. He had been away from St. John for about 10 years. A wife and five children survive. The remains will be brought here for burial.
William Christie.
Toronto, June 14--William Christie, the trader in well known brick manufacturing firm of Christie Bros. & Co., and one of Toronto's most prominent residents, died today after a long illness of a species of cancer. Mr. Christie was in his 73rd year and leaves four children: one son and three daughters.
Mrs. William Evert Gladstone.
London, June 14--Mrs. Gladstone, widow of William Evert Gladstone, the English statesman, died at 5.30 p. m. Mrs. William Evert Gladstone was 83 years old and had been suffering for some time from illness. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Richard Glynne, Bart., of Haverton, in 1833. He died in May, 1898. She was a woman loved and admired by the vast circle of those whose names are connected with her history, and had great influence over her husband's actions. Mrs. Gladstone, who was an unconscious patient about 72 hours, died without recovering consciousness.

Edna, the Wonderful.

In speaking of the exquisite and altogether remarkable benchwork of Little's Monument, Edna, the wonder of the world, there is no language too strong to proclaim her merits. Nor is it claiming too much to say that she is beyond all question, the most dashing, the most daring, the most accomplished, and in every way the most finished work of art the world has produced. Beautiful as a hour and as graceful as a lawn, Edna accomplishes on her flying counter nutting, and she is with the Lemen Bros. Circus. The management say they will willingly forfeit \$10,000 to any one who can produce her equal.

Wood-Edna.

The residence of Mr. George Earle, 190 Brussels street, on Wednesday evening was the scene of a pretty wedding when his daughter, Miss Edna, was married to Mr. Robert Wood, a well known painter in the North End. A large number of near relatives were present at the ceremony which was performed by Rev. J. A. Richardson. Miss Bessie Earle, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. Wood, brother of the groom, acted as best man. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Wood will reside at No. 80 City Road.

Suicide at the Asylum.

On Wednesday morning, Violeta Lockhart, a native of Sturbridge, Kings County, and an inmate of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, committed suicide in the institution by hanging herself from the trussion of a door by a cord made from her night dress. The nurse, Miss Bertha Cornman, had left her well and quiet only 10 minutes before. An inquest was held by Coroner Kennedy yesterday and the name of the deceased was pronounced. The coroner has taken to prevent such occurrences in the asylum and that no blame could reasonably be attached to the staff.

Warrant for Strikers.

St. Louis, June 14--Chief of Police Campbell, Attorney Thomas Etip and a number of special deputy sheriffs applied for warrants this afternoon against the 20 street car strikers arrested on Washington street early this afternoon at the time of the shooting. It is not known what the charge against them will be.

Shepherd-McHarg.

Mr. Alfred Shepherd and Miss Ida McHarg, daughter of Mr. Garman McHarg, of Prince of Wales, were united in matrimony by Rev. J. E. Anderson, on Monday evening at the bride's home by Rev. Mr. Bacon. There were quite a number of guests present.

Rush of Shipping Expected.

For this time of the season business is rather dull about the harbor front, but a big rush is anticipated for the next two months at least. Yesterday the vessels in port numbered long steamers, six barques, two barkentines and 23 schooners.
Fitted With New Boilers.
The International line steamer State of Maine has been fitted with new boilers. These, with other repairs to the steamer, cost \$30,000, according to the Post-report.

Cuticura

REMEDIES THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVE, to cool the blood, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disgusting skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itching, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

Deaths and Burials.

J. E. Anderson.
A telegram received yesterday morning by Mr. P. Anderson, Hazen avenue, announced the death of Anderson yesterday of his brother, Mr. J. E. Anderson, who formerly was a coal miller in Christie's factory here. He had been away from St. John for about 10 years. A wife and five children survive. The remains will be brought here for burial.
William Christie.
Toronto, June 14--William Christie, the trader in well known brick manufacturing firm of Christie Bros. & Co., and one of Toronto's most prominent residents, died today after a long illness of a species of cancer. Mr. Christie was in his 73rd year and leaves four children: one son and three daughters.
Mrs. William Evert Gladstone.
London, June 14--Mrs. Gladstone, widow of William Evert Gladstone, the English statesman, died at 5.30 p. m. Mrs. William Evert Gladstone was 83 years old and had been suffering for some time from illness. She was the eldest daughter of the late Sir Richard Glynne, Bart., of Haverton, in 1833. He died in May, 1898. She was a woman loved and admired by the vast circle of those whose names are connected with her history, and had great influence over her husband's actions. Mrs. Gladstone, who was an unconscious patient about 72 hours, died without recovering consciousness.

Edna, the Wonderful.

In speaking of the exquisite and altogether remarkable benchwork of Little's Monument, Edna, the wonder of the world, there is no language too strong to proclaim her merits. Nor is it claiming too much to say that she is beyond all question, the most dashing, the most daring, the most accomplished, and in every way the most finished work of art the world has produced. Beautiful as a hour and as graceful as a lawn, Edna accomplishes on her flying counter nutting, and she is with the Lemen Bros. Circus. The management say they will willingly forfeit \$10,000 to any one who can produce her equal.

Wood-Edna.

The residence of Mr. George Earle, 190 Brussels street, on Wednesday evening was the scene of a pretty wedding when his daughter, Miss Edna, was married to Mr. Robert Wood, a well known painter in the North End. A large number of near relatives were present at the ceremony which was performed by Rev. J. A. Richardson. Miss Bessie Earle, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Mr. Wood, brother of the groom, acted as best man. The bride was the recipient of many handsome and useful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Wood will reside at No. 80 City Road.

Suicide at the Asylum.

On Wednesday morning, Violeta Lockhart, a native of Sturbridge, Kings County, and an inmate of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, committed suicide in the institution by hanging herself from the trussion of a door by a cord made from her night dress. The nurse, Miss Bertha Cornman, had left her well and quiet only 10 minutes before. An inquest was held by Coroner Kennedy yesterday and the name of the deceased was pronounced. The coroner has taken to prevent such occurrences in the asylum and that no blame could reasonably be attached to the staff.

Warrant for Strikers.

St. Louis, June 14--Chief of Police Campbell, Attorney Thomas Etip and a number of special deputy sheriffs applied for warrants this afternoon against the 20 street car strikers arrested on Washington street early this afternoon at the time of the shooting. It is not known what the charge against them will be.

Shepherd-McHarg.

Mr. Alfred Shepherd and Miss Ida McHarg, daughter of Mr. Garman McHarg, of Prince of Wales, were united in matrimony by Rev. J. E. Anderson, on Monday evening at the bride's home by Rev. Mr. Bacon. There were quite a number of guests present.

Rush of Shipping Expected.

For this time of the season business is rather dull about the harbor front, but a big rush is anticipated for the next two months at least. Yesterday the vessels in port numbered long steamers, six barques, two barkentines and 23 schooners.
Fitted With New Boilers.
The International line steamer State of Maine has been fitted with new boilers. These, with other repairs to the steamer, cost \$30,000, according to the Post-report.

THE ISLAND RIFLEMEN

Still Champions of the Three Provinces.
A NEW RECORD
Yesterday -- The Highest Score Ever Made in a Maritime Match Was Rolled Up by the Islanders -- New Brunswick Team Finished Second.

Halifax, June 14 (Special)--The intervening rifle match was shot on Bedford range this afternoon and resulted in a victory for the P. E. Island team by 20 points. The weather was fine and the shooting excellent, possible scores being made at several of the ranges. The score of the Island team is the highest that has ever won the trophy.
P. E. Island scored 75.
New Brunswick, 65.
Nova Scotia, 60.
The New Brunswick team scored as follows:
New Brunswick's Scores.
200 500 800
yds. yds. yds. T.I.
Sgt. W. E. Forbes..... 25 34 81 90
Private Bartlett..... 27 28 87 87
Major McRobbie..... 29 29 23 85
Lieut. Frost..... 32 26 27 85
Sergeant Langtry..... 31 29 28 89
Sergeant Campbell..... 28 27 29 84
Major J. T. Hart..... 30 32 29 82
Sergeant J. McGowan..... 28 21 27 86
221 229 225 885

Statement on the Chinese Situation.

London, June 14--The House of Commons reassembled this afternoon. No ring of interest occurred until the statement of the foreign office, which was made by the secretary of the foreign office, William St. John Broderick, made a statement in regard to the position of affairs in the Chinese empire.
"Her majesty's minister at Peking," he said, "has been in constant communication with the Chinese government since the attack by Boxers of peaceful converts and the destruction of three villages about 90 miles from Peking on May 12."
On May 18, Sir Claude MacDonald reminded the House of Commons (Chinese foreign office) of his increasing warning during the last six months of the danger of not taking adequate measures to suppress the Boxers and an imperial edict was subsequently issued. On May 20 a meeting of the diplomatic corps was held at which a resolution was unanimously adopted calling on the Tsung Li Yamen to take more stringent measures. It was not then considered necessary to turn the international guards to Peking, but had been under orders to leave, was detained there.
"News was then received of the murder of Mr. Robinson and the capture of Mr. Norman, who was subsequently murdered. Sir Claude MacDonald continued to urge the Tsung Li Yamen to take more stringent measures to suppress the Boxers and restore order. He stated that the Russian representative at Peking was empowered to support the Chinese authority capable of maintaining law and order in any measures to this end the Russian minister being similarly authorized.

Another 10 Heard From

Recently we published a list of TEN of our students under one roof in the C. P. Office. With another TEN, as follows:
John F. Bullock, Thomas F. Bullock, Norman E. Shaw, H. E. Brown, J. F. Brown, Geo. W. Walters, Miss Annie Farley, S. KERR & SON.

Intercolonial Railway.

On and after Sunday, January 14, 1906, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:
Trains Will Leave St. John.
Suburban from Hampton, 5.3
Express for Campbellton, Pugwash, Pictou and Halifax, 7.25
Express for Halifax, New Glasgow and Pictou, 12.05
Express for Sussex, 16.40
Express for Quebec and Montreal, 17.30
Accommodation for Moncton, Truro, Halifax and Sydney, 22.10
A sleeping car will be attached to the train leaving St. John at 17.30 o'clock for Quebec and Montreal. Passengers transfer at Moncton.
A sleeping car will be attached to the train leaving St. John at 22.10 o'clock for Halifax.
Vestibule, Dining and Sleeping Cars on the Quebec and Montreal Express.
Trains Will Arrive at St. John.
Suburban from Hampton, 7.15
Express from Sussex, 8.30
Express from Montreal and Quebec, 12.20
Express from Halifax, 16.00
Express from Halifax, 19.45
Accommodation from Moncton, 24.45
All trains run by Eastern Standard time. Twenty-four hour rotation.

Simple Paper Holder.

A simple wall pocket for holding newspapers or journals is made from a piece of cardboard fourteen inches square. Cover both sides with cloth, art serge, cretonne, velveteen or any material desired, and finish the edge with a silk cord. Catch the two opposite points together in the centre under a bow of ribbon. Sew ribbon at the ends to make a loop by which to hang the wall pocket and fasten ribbon bows at either side.

For the Bennett Cup.

Paris, June 14--The automobile race from Paris to Lyons for the James Gordon Bennett cup was won by Mr. F. Charren, of France. Mr. Alexander Winston, of Cleveland, Ohio, took part in the race. Mr. Winston's machine was smashed on the road. He was first reported as arriving at Chartres with an axle damaged, and the latest news from him was that he had passed Chartres fourth with his front wheel smashed and the tire of his hind wheel empty.

City Ticket Office.

7 King Street, St. John, N. B.

Advertisement for Beecham's Pills, describing its benefits for various ailments like biliousness, indigestion, and nervous disorders.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills and highlighting their effectiveness for liver and digestive health.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills and highlighting their effectiveness for liver and digestive health.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills and highlighting their effectiveness for liver and digestive health.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills and highlighting their effectiveness for liver and digestive health.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills and highlighting their effectiveness for liver and digestive health.

Advertisement for Absolute Security, featuring Carter's Little Liver Pills and highlighting their effectiveness for liver and digestive health.