SAINT JOHN, NEW-BRUNSWICK, THE FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1848.

Weekly Chronicle.

"Res Sacra, Res Populi, Res Regnque."

Number 16.

[illegible] STAGE [illegible]

[illegible] 18. [illegible] CHRISTY.

[illegible] STAGE.

[illegible] PASSAGE to ST. ANDREWS.

THE subscriber being under contract to convey one of Her Majesty's Mails between St. John and St. Andrews informs his friends and the public that he leaves the former place every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, and leaves saint Andrews on each succeeding day.

Stage books kept at the Saint John Hotel in this City, and at Pheasants' Rail Road Hotel, Saint Andrews.

Passengers travelling on this route will receive every attention from the Proprietor, and to ensure comfort, will be driven in COVERED COACHES, with five changes of horses on the road.

Aug. 18. W. H. WILLIAMS.

Chains, Anchors, and Iron.

Now landing ex ship *Queen*, from Liverpool:

TWO 60 fathoms each ¾ inch Proved Studd CHAIN CABLES;
2 60 fms each ¾ inch do. do. ditto;
2 60 do. ⅝ inch do. do. ditto;
1 75 do. 1 inch do. Close Link, do;
1 60 do. ¾ inch do. ditto, do;
1 60 do. ⅝ inch do. ditto, do;
2 60 do. ¾ inch do. ditto, do;
2 60 do. ⅝ inch do. ditto, do;
2 75 do. 7-16 inch do. ditto, do;
2 75 do. ½ inch do. ditto, do;
2 75 do. 5-16 inch do. ditto, do;
5 Wood-stock ANCHORS, fm 6 to 10 cwt. ea.;
10 Iron-stock ditto from 1½ to 5 cwt;
537 bars and 25 bundles Refined IRON, well assorted.—For sale by

THOS. F. RAYMOND.
224 sept. Nelson street.

ANCHORS, CHAINS, &c.

Now landing ex ship *Unicorn*, from Liverpool:—

3 BEST Proved Short Link CHAINS, 7-16, 5 8, and 3 4 inch;
7 best proved Stud Chain CABLES, 30 fathoms each, ass'd. 15-16, 11-16, ¾, ⅝, ⅝, ½, and ½, in.
1 best Wood stock ANCHOR, 34cwt. 3qrs. 1 lb.
6 best Blacksmith's ANVILS.

Ex ship *Thomas* from Liverpool—
20 Tons Bolt IRON, well assorted; for sale cheap for approved payment WM. CARVILL.
July 27.

Shirting Cottons.

220 PIECES Shirting COTTONS, ex *Queen*, for sale cheap
29th sept. VAUGHANS & LOCKHART

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Copy of a Letter from His Grace the Duke of Portland to Mrs. Ann Mutty, *one of his Tenants, whom His Grace was pleased to send as a Patient to the Proprietor of this Extraordinary Medicine.*

Madam,

If Mr. Holloway will undertake to cure you perfectly, when the Cure is complete I will undertake to pay him £2 10s. You may show him this Letter.

(Signed) SCOTT PORTLAND.

Welbeck Abbey, May 31, 1842.

Copy of a Letter from the Most honorable the Marquis of Westminster, K. G.

Lord Westminster has just received Mr. Holloway's Medicine, for which he returns him his best thanks.

Eaton Hall, Cheshire, Feb. 12, 1842.

This inestimable Medicine being composed entirely of medicinal herbs, does not contain any mercurial, mineral, or deleterious substances. Benign to the tender infant, or to the weakest constitution, prompt and sure in eradicating disease from the most robust frame, it is perfectly harmless in its operations and effects, while it *searches out and removes Complaints of every character*, and at every stage, however long standing or deeply rooted.

Of the Thousands *cured by its agency*, many who were on the verge of the grave for a considerable period (by *persevering* in its use) have been RESTORED TO HEALTH AND STRENGTH, *after every other means failed.*

All Diseases (and whatever may be their symptoms, however they may declare themselves, yet one cause is common to them all, viz., a want of purity in the blood and fluids) are cured by this wonderful Medicine, which cleanses the stomach and bowels, while its Balsamic qualities clear the blood, give tone and energy to the nerves and muscles, invigorate the system, and strength to bone and sinew.

The Afflicted need not give himself up to despair, as one without hope, but let him make a proper trial of the Mighty Powers of the astonishing Medicine, and he will soon be *restored to the blessings of Health.*

Time should not be lost in taking this Remedy for any of the following Diseases:—

Ague,	Indigestion,
Asthma,	Inflammation,
Bilious Complaints,	Jaundice,
Blotches on the Skin,	Liver Complaints,
Bowel Complaints,	Lumbago,
Colics,	Piles,
Costipation of Bowels,	Rheumatism,
Consumption,	Retention of the Urine,
Debility,	Sore Throats,
Dropsy,	Scrofula, or King's Evil,
Dysentery	Stone and Gravel,
Erysipelas,	The Doulloureux,
Female Irregularities,	Tumours,
Fevers of all kinds,	Ulcers,
Fits,	Worms of all kinds,
Gout,	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Headache.	

These truly valuable Pills can be obtained at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, near Temple Bar, London. And are sold by PETERS & TILLEY, Provincial Agents, No. 2, King St., St. John, N. B.; James E. Gale, Fredericton; W. J. Baird, Woodstock; Alexander Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend Petitcodiac; O. R. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Billsborough; John Currey, Canning; and James E. White, Belleisle.

In Boxes at 1s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 7s. each.

N. B. Directions, for the guidance of Patients in every Disorder, are affixed to each Box

NOTICE

NOW preparing for [illegible], by Thomas Hall, and will be [illegible] as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers are obtained a new work entitled

"The History and Defence of Oranges."

This work will be found embellished with all possible [illegible], it will be neatly bound, and contain about [illegible] pages. It will contain a sketch of the History of Orange from the Revolution of 1641, down to the present time; also numerous extracts relative to the Orange Institution of 1798—it will contain another [illegible] of the rise and progress of Orangeism [illegible] the character [illegible] and so thoroughly [illegible] the history of the Parliamentary enquiry concerning that institution, in 1835. The subscribers [illegible] will be [illegible] and [illegible] and the conduct of its members, upon all occasions whenever their country required their services; especially in the years 1798 and 1848.—The history of the rise and progress of the Association in the British North American Colonies will also be given, and the malignant attack made upon the Institution in March last, in the New Brunswick House of Assembly, by James Brown, Esquire, refuted. In fact this work is intended as a book of reference, which every true Protestant would do well to possess himself of.

Subscriptions received by Thomas Hill & John Bowes, St. John: George Anderson, Fredericton: Joseph Connell, Woodstock; and Joseph L. Mullin, Gagetown.

Terms: 100 copies for £15; 50 copies for £8 15s; 20 copies for £3 15s; 5 copies for £1; and single copies 5s. each. Dec. 1.

LONDON HOUSE,
Market Square.

New Fall GOODS!
September, 1848.

"Per THEMIS," from Liverpool:—

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, Swansdowns, Serges, CLOAKINGS, Various Materials for Dresses, Camlets, Velvets, Parramatta Linens, Lawns, Diapers, Linings, Moleskins, Kerseys, Kerseymeres, Doeskins, Vestings, Mufflers, Cotton Cloth, Lastings; Grey, White and Printed Cottons; Jeans, Aprons, Moreens, Bed Tick, and a stock of Haberdashery, &c. &c.

—Also—

Per *Bethel*, from Glasgow, and *Kent*, from London:

An assortment of Shawls, Woollen and Gala Cloakings, M. de Laines, Cashmeres Velvets, Silks, Satins, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Lace, Neck Ties, Silk and Satin Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, &c.; Pilot Beaver, and Broad Cloths, Kerseymeres, Doeskins, Vestings, Braces, Carpets, Hearth Rugs, Russia, Crash, &c. Also, a variety of Muffs, Boas, Victorines, Cuffs and Cardinals, with a stock of Fur and Cloth Caps.

Oct. 6, 1848. T. W. DANIEL.

Patent
Gutta Percha Soles,
For Ladies' and Gentlemen's
BOOTS & SHOES.

THE subscriber has received a supply of the above named article, which he is prepared to cement to Boots and Shoes of all sizes at the shortest notice.

Invalids and persons of delicate constitution will find the Gutta Percha Sole a sure preventive to damp feet, as it renders the bottom of the shoe perfectly waterproof, and also prevents the cold from penetrating to the foot.

S. K. FOSTER.
29th sept. *Corner of King and Germain sts*

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC!

Smith's Exterminator,

For the total annihilation of Rats, Mice, Beetles, Cockroaches, Crickets, Ants, &c.

THIS preparation will be found invaluable to House Keepers, Proprietors of Dwellings, Warehouses, Mills, &c., in the EXTERMINATION of ALL KINDS OF VERMIN, without any of the unpleasant consequences frequently attending the use of arsenic and other poisons.

IT IS WARRANTED NEVER TO FAIL.

The following Certificate from parties of high respectability, in Canada, will place its efficacy above suspicion:—

We, the undersigned, do certify that we have made use of "Smith's Vermin and Insect Exterminator," with wonderful success, and can recommend it as a valuable preparation for the pests.

C. P. Baillargeon Pere,	John Mann,
Frenchette & Frere,	Thomas Gibb,
J. Chabot, M. P. P.	Judge Bowen,
Christian Wurtele,	John Fraser.

☞ Smith's Vermin Killer may be had, by appointment of the Proprietor. For sale by S. L. Tilley, St John; John W. Beatley, Fredericton; where dealers can be supplied in large or small quantities at the lowest prices. Oct 31

Winter Styles in Dry Goods.

LEEDS HOUSE.

The Importation of Winter Goods *for this season will in part consist of*—

CLOAKINGS in Gala and Woolen Plaids; French and Anglo Merinos; short, striped and Checked Mohairs, Lustres, and Coburgs; Saxonies; Checked Flannels; Orleans swansdowns, satony Welsh and Lancashire Flannels, Serges, Barad Cloths, Tweeds, Doeskins, Cap Matts, &c &c.

FANCY GOODS—Velvets, Cap and Bonnet Ribbons, silk Trimmings, Gloves, Watered and Brocade satin, Gro de Naples, Berlin Wools, shawls in fancy plaids, Cashmere, Celestial, and Cloth; Neck Ties, Mufflers, Pembroke Boas, Children's Hoods, &c. &c. Also in

Hosiery,	Cotton Goods,
Haberdashery,	FURS,
Small Wares,	Blankets,
	Silk Mercury.

the usual well assorted stock.

BENJAMIN CROWTHER.
Prince Wm. street. 27th sept.—2m

Spruce Saw LOGS,
WANTED.

THE subscriber will pay CASH and the highest price for 1000,000 superficial feet spruce SAW LOGS.

JOHN B. TRAVIS,
Oct. 13, 1848. Indian Town.

Miscellany.

A P[illegible] SAGE.—There has [illegible] Paris a sale of [illegible] graphs, belonging to [illegible] Antoine Vandyck, who engraved [illegible] Bishop of Arras, *in caribus*. The sale was [illegible] the management of [illegible] Bonnefonds, [illegible] most celebrated auctioneers of Paris. Among a vast quantity of historical papers was [illegible] autograph of Mandrin, the famous [illegible] last century, which was knocked down for [illegible] francs (£10) to [illegible] members of the National Assembly who had [illegible] sufficiable courage to give his vote for M. Pe[illegible] motion—namely, M. Greppo. The following [illegible] the circumstances that gave rise to [illegible] autograph, and which are sufficiently curious [illegible] to be laid before your readers:—In the year 1758, Mandrin made his appearance at the gates of Montbrison, and being numerously escorted, no one ever thought of offering the least resistence. He then took up his quarters in the town, and levied no contributions on the inhabitants, and maintained the strictest discipline among his troops, even ordering one of his companions to be shot for having stolen an object of trifling value. After laying his plans for the safety of himself and his band, Louis Mandrin, having dressed himself elegantly, in a richly embroidered coat, suit, repaired to the house of M. de Palmaroux, the receiver of the gable excise, accompanied by two men in livery. "*Monsieur le Receveur*, I have come to sup with you, if you will allow me," said Mandrin, bowing profoundly, and placing his hat and feathers under his left arm, with all the ease of one who has graduated at court. "May I know, sir, whom I have the honour of welcoming?" stammered forth M. de Palmaroux, half surprised and half frightened, though he did not know the name of his terrible guest. "Certainly, sir; my name is Louis Mandrin."—The *Receveur* was thunderstruck, but his visitor proceeded with great coolness. "Do not be precipitate in your exclamations, my dear sir; we cannot judge those whom we only know from afar, and that is why I have come personally to visit you, and to settle our affairs at your social board." "I protest I do not know what affairs we can have to settle," replied the man of taxes, trembling from head to foot. "Oh," said Mandrin, "we shall have to discuss the matter at any length, and you will only have to sign. But, first of all, let us sup. Where are the ladies? Hidden, I suppose—as if I were not a man of the world! I have heard that Madame de Palmaroux is very musical, and I should be delighted to hear her; for one of the drawbacks of my profession is to be deprived of music." "Certainly, sir, only I am afraid ... ... I believe that madame is indisposed." "Indisposed—for my company, perhaps. ... ... This comes of my reputation. I am doubly desirous of personally convincing her there is no cause for fear." The lady, however, was not so frightened but that curiosity got the better of her fears; nor did the alarming anticipation of meeting so renowed a brigand face to face make her forget the cares of the toilet. Louis Mandrin presented a snow white hand, ornamented with a diamond ring to conduct Madame de Palmaroux into the supper room, where his two pretended lacqueys placed themselves behind his chair, and attended upon the host and his wife most officiously. During supper the conversation turned upon the court, the theatres, the last new novel; in short, on every topic except the motive of Mandrin's visit. At the end of the meal, after emptying his glass for the last time, and having vainly requested the lady to retire, as they were going to talk on business matters, Mandrin requested the *Receiver* to tell him what were the contents of his coffer. "Very little, Monsieur Mandrin, very little indeed," said his host; "the collecting has scarce yielded anything this month. The tax payers resist, and even go the length of beating overseers." "That's right," cried Mandrin, "I see that I shall finish teaching them their duty, and when they are properly trained, I can retire from business; but to return to the subject on hand: how much cash have you on hand?" "Seven or eight thousand livres at most." "Mind what you are saying, my dear sir," quoth Mandrin, "for your accounts may give you the lie.—Do not imagine I mean to act like a vulgar robber; I shall give you a receipt for your cash. So tell us candidly, granny Palmaroux, what is the amount of the balance in the general ledger?" "6000 livres, upon my conscience." "Louis Mandrin then drew forth a small paper, and said, "6790 livres you mean—but 790 is a trifle in the conscience of a financier?" Then, turning to his accomplices, he added, "Accompany this gentleman to his strong box, and get him to give you 6790 livres; but recollect that I only touch gold, as silver would dirty my fingers. Meanwhile, I'll write my receipt here, not to leave madame alone. I have always stamped receipts about me, for I like to transact business regularly." Then, lifting up a corner of the tablecloth, not to soil it, Mandrin wrote as follows:—"I, the undersigned, Louis Mandrin, merchant, acknowledge having levied the sum of 6790 livres (wrested violently from the taxpayers) upon the strong box of M. Palmaroux, the receiver of gable excise; at the same time, I declare the said receiver exempt from being called upon to pay the said sum by either the Farmers of public revenues or their agents, in testimony whereof I have left the present receipt, in be used by the said accountable party as a valid discharge." Mandrin then took leave of his hosts, who, though little flattered by his visit, could not but do justice to the exquisite politeness of the far-famed robber. —*Galignani.*

THE ISLAND OF CEYLON.

From the earliest ages Lanka Diva, or Ceylon has been renowned for the wealth of its marine, vegetable, and mineral productions: the sea yielding costly pears, and a plentiful supply of various and delicious fish, fit for the sustenance of man.—The vegetable kingdom teems with riches of another nature, equally valuable—the coffee bush, from the berry of which the fragrant decoction is made; the cinnamon laurel, the bark of which furnishes delicious spice, and from whose leaves a pure oil is obtained; the nutmeg tree, with its aromatic spice; the clover tree with its fragrant blossoms; the sugar-cane with juicy pulp and spiral slender leaves; and the tobacco plant. The graceful cocoa-nut tree, which will spring into existence where there is scarcely soil sufficient to cover the root; the green fruit furnishes a cooling and delicious beverage, the ripened nut food, the shell fuel, the fibres are woven into coir or rope, and from the old nut a pure oil is extracted; the leaves when plaited form a shelter from the elements; the [illegible] yields a juice from which, [illegible] fermented, a spirit is distilled; [illegible] sugar extensively, and the stem, [illegible] past bearing fruit is [illegible] down. [illegible] beautifully variegated timber is made into articles of furniture. The Jack tree, with its enormous fruit of an oval shape, measuring more than eighteen inches in diameter, affording nourishment; while its yellow trunk when hewn, is made into articles for domestic use.—The magnificent bread-fruit-tree, with its splendid foliage and fruit; the orange pomegranate, lime, shaddock, and fig, with their luxuriant verdure, flowers and delicious fruit; added to these, we find the Malay apple, cashew-nut, fig, papaw, jambo, almond, guava, custard apple, rambutan, and mangoe trees, and all distinguished for their size and umbrageous foliage.—Amongst the minor denizens of vegetation, we find the elegant banana or plaintain tree, with its broad young leaves, folded trumpetwise one within the other; the superb amethyst, bell shaped flower, with yellow petals, and the pendant clusters of yellow, ripened, and luscious fruit; the amber ananas, or pine-apple, with its green crest, and the grenadilla melon with its mottled rind. Amongst culinary vegetables are bringals, yams, sweet potatoes, occus, a species of cucumber, pumpkins, and rice; whilst European vegetables and fruit, such as strawberries, peas, beans, potatoes, and cabbages, have been introduced into Kandy and Newera-Ellia since 1823. In the forests, the noble talipot, ebony, calamander, bayman, arekanut, surlya, and many other trees, whose names are totally unknown to Europeans; but were we to attempt to give an account of all the riches of the botanical produce of Ceylon, it would occupy volumes.

The fruitfulness of the earth is here developed in the production of the ruby, emerald, sapphire, onyx, amethyst, opal, moon stone, cat's-eye, jacynth, and topaz. The precious gems here enumerated are found at the present day, and gold was formerly found on the island.

NICOLAS'S DREAM OF ROME.

There was once a village lad whose name was Nicolas, and whose dream was Rome. This was no idle dream with him, for he had painted from his childhood.—He would paint—he could not help it; and at Paris, to which he found his way, that he might look at better pictures than he could see at home, he copied some engravings from Raphael, which gave a still firmer bent to his genius. A gentleman who admired the arts took him with him to Poitou, from which he returned moneyless, painting his way as he went along, to Paris. He became unwell, and went home to his native place—the village of Andeli on the Seine—and dreamed of Rome as he lay on his sick-bed. When he got better, he actually set out for Rome, and painted his way as far as Florence; but not a step could he get beyond that, and he returned almost in despair to Paris. Here at length he accidentally found a patron, who encouraged him to turn his face once more towards Italy; and in 1624 he did arrive at Rome. The result is thus told:—Here Nicolas lived for a long time, miserably poor, but supremely happy; starving his body, and banqueting his mind. He fell in with a sculptor called Francois Flamand, whose circumstances were similar to his own, and these two lived and laboured in a corner together, surrounded by the dreams and monuments of genius, and stealing out every now and then to sell their works for any pittance that ignorance or avarice would afford. But the pictures of Nicolas at length began to attract attention; and the humble artist was drawn from his solitude. This change of fortune went on; for although poverty or envy may retard the rise of genius for a time, when once risen, any attempt to repress it, however powerful, is like opposing a tempest with a fan.—Every tongue was now busy with the new painter's name, every eye was fixed upon his face or his works; all Rome was shaken with his fame. This was soon told at Paris; and he who on former occasions had travelled thither a lonely, friendless, half-starving youth, was led to the capital of France in triumph, and overwhelmed by Cardinal Richelieu and the King with honours and distinctions.—After the minister's death he returned to Rome, and died there in the 71st year of his age, leaving the illustrious name of Nicolas Poussin a rich and glorious legacy to his country.—*Chamber's Journal.*

The Queen has presented to two brothers, named Thomas and Francis Bullock, working men, at Cheadle, Staffordshire, a sum of £10, to enable them to publish a work which they have jointly written, and which they have entitled, "Popular Education; an antidote to juvenile delinquency, and a great security of national virtue."

The refined young ladies of a fashionable boarding school in Massachusetts, have discarded the vulgar term *Dic*-tionary, and adopted *Richard*-tionary instead of it.

CHRISTMAS TALES.

FOR NEW MARRIED PEOPLE.

OUR story begins—as most other stories terminate—with a wedding. And yet how often is marriage the entrance gate of life, when the romance of life must inevitably merge into the thinking and acting woman, and she who has hitherto lived within herself, and for herself, must learn to live for another. She steps from the altar into a new existence, acquiring new energies and new feelings; she enters on a path as yet untried, in which there is much to be overcome, and in which she has need of all help from her own heart and from Heaven.

Sir Stratford the rich banker, gave away at the marriage feast, on the eight day, his only daughter and his eldest son. The fortunate bridegroom who won the former was Sir Francis Lester, a baronet of ancient and honorable family. The husband of the latter was of lower standing in society—plain Henry Wolferstan, a gentleman whose worldly wealth consisted in that often visionary income, a "small competence," added to an office under government which yielded a few hundreds per annum. These were the two who carried away in triumph the beautiful heiress and the graceful but portionless niece of Mr. Stratford.

With the usual April tears, the two young brides departed. A stately carriage and four conveyed Sir Francis and Lady Lester to the Hall of a noble relative; while the humbler railway whirled Henry and Eunice Wolferstan to an antique country mansion, where a new mother and sisters awaited the orphan. And thus passed the honeymoon of both cousins, different, and yet the same; for in the lonely abode, and in the comfortable dwelling of the English squire, was alike the sunshine of first, young, happy love.

In a few weeks the two couples came home. How sweet the word sounded 'Our Home.'—What a sunny vista of coming years does it open to the view, of joys to be shared together and cares divided—that seem when thus lightened, no burthen at all. Sir Francis Lester forgot his dignity in his happiness as he lifted his young wife from her downy cushioned equipage, and led her through a train of smiling, bowing, white ribboned domestics, up the noble staircase of his splendid house in ——— Square. Hand in hand the happy pair wandered through the magnificent rooms, in which taste refined and increased the luxuries of wealth. Emily was never weary of admiring, and her husband only looked in her eyes for his delight and reward. At last, exhausted with pleasure, Lady Lester threw herself on a damask couch. 'I can do no more to-day; I am quite wearied.'

'Wearied of home—of me—of what?' said Sir Francis smiling.

'No no,' answered the bride, looking proudly at her husband, and playing with his jeweled fingers, 'only with being so happy.'

'I hope you may always have that excuse, dearest. But now we must not give way to laziness, my mother is coming to night, you know; and I want my Emily to be brilliant and beutiful. More than usual, if possible.'

'Indeed I do not care; all the mothers in the world would not induce me to rise and have the fatigue of dressing and dining in state to-night.'

Sir Francis looked annoyed; but he had been married too short a time to do more than look.—

'As you will Emily,' he said. 'But I wished ——'

There was someting in his tones that made the wife look up. She saw the expression and repented. 'You wished—and I will do anything you wish, now and always,' whispered her beautiful lips in his ear, and shadow was swept away from between the two—swept away by the touch of love.

Half a mile from the abode of Sir Francis Lester was the home of Mr and Mrs Wolferstan. It was one of those pleasant houses that a generation now past used to erect in the suburbs of London. White, modern-built terraces and formal squares have risen up around, but the old houses still remain here and there, with their barrier of trees, or low privet hedges, against the dusty road; their little gardens and brown walls covered with ivy, or woodbine, or thick-leaved vines. To one of these pretty dwellings Henry Wolferstan brought home his bride.

It was an evening in September, chilly enough to make a fire welcome, when Henry and Eunice sat for the first time by their own hearth together. The ruddy firelight gleamed on their young wife's face at she presided at the tea-table; while her husband, resting at his ease in an arm-chair, watched with his affectionate eyes every movement of the delicate little hand that flitted about in maternly dignity. How happy they were! After all the trials of love whose course had been often ruffled by worldly cares and hindrances, to find themselves at last in a still haven—a happy, wedded home! Eunice looked round the cheerful room the books, the well chosen prints, silent beautiful companions, which they both loved so much; and the open pianoforte—all seemed to speak of future happiness. And then she saw beside her the face that had been for years the sunshine of her life, and knew that he was her husband; that they would never be parted more; that the love between them would be as an ever-living fountain, daily springing up anew to freshen and brighten their united life. All this came upon the full heart of the young wife, and she fairly burst into tears—Happy, blessed they were, quickly kissed away, and changed into smiles.

Many and many a time in after-years did the young couple call to mind that first happy evening in their own home—how they looked over their treasures, their household gods! and Eunice touched her new piano, and sang; but her voice trembled; so at last they came and sat by the fireside—like John Anderson and his spouse, as Henry laughingly said—and built castles in the air; the jests always ended in earnestness, for they were too happy to be very merrily.

Time glides away fast enough with every one; and most of all with those whose life is untroubled. Eunice had been married six month s before she began to think how long it was since she had resigned her hand into Henry's loving keeping.—Yet short as the time seemed, it was sufficient to make the former life of both appear like a dream. They had already settled down into a calm, sedate married pair. Sometimes people jested with them upon restricted freedom and marriage fetters; but Henry Wolferstan only laughed—he was ever in a merry mood—and asked if any man or woman, single or not, could ever truly say they had their *liberty*. And in good truth it is well it should be so; for such liberty would be a sore burden sometimes.

Mrs Wolferstan still kept up her intercourse with her cousin, for Emily was of too generous a disposition to make the difference in station a bar to such old friendship. Still there was in the world's eyes a distinction between the wife of a rich baronet and of a gentleman of limited income;

POOR COPY
MUTILATED ISSUE

and, still more than this, there was the difference of habits, thoughts, feelings, which the position of the two cousins naturally brought about; so that, if the intercourse of the two wives gradually narrowed, it was not very surprising. Eunice never returned from the square, which breathed the very atmosphere of gaiety and splendour, without feeling a sense of relief on entering the quiet precincts of her own home.

One day she came earlier than usual to visit Lady Lester, whom she found still in her dressing-room. Emily lay seemingly half-asleep; but when Eunice drew aside the rose-coloured curtains, and in the warm noon sunshine, she saw the pale face and swollen eyes that were beneath the rich lace cap. Before she had time to speak, Lady Lester observed, 'Well Eunice, my husband and I have had our first quarrel.'

'I am sorry—truly sorry. And Sir Francis——'

'Do not speak of him: he is unkind, proud, obstinate.'

'Hush!' said Eunice, laying her finger on Emily's lips; 'you must not speak thus—not even to your cousin.'

'I must tell you—I will not be contradicted,' answered the young beauty resolutely. And Mrs Wolferstan thought that to listen would perhaps be the wisest course, though she knew the evil of such confidences in general.

'I do not see half enough of my husband,' continued Emily. 'He is always going out—not with me but that disagreeable mother of his, whom I hate to see in my house; yet she makes it like her own, and I am thought nobody,—I, the wife of Sir Francis! I entreated him this morning not to ask her so much, to let her leave us alone together, and that he would stay at home a little more. But he was very angry; not passionate, for that he never is—I often wish he were—it would be better than his cold formal manner when he is displeased.

'Was that all?' asked Eunice.

'Not quite. I told him he ought not to leave me so much—that I would not suffer it. And he answered in his quiet way, 'When Lady Lester makes her society not quite so dull, it will have more charms for her husband. And so he went away. I will make him repent it, though,' said Emily, while the hot flush mounted on her brow. Eunice saw at once that it was even no time for gentle reproofs, and besides, Emily was not all in the wrong; there was much to be laid to the charge of her husband also. Scarcely had Mrs Wolferstan succeeded in calming her friend, and just as she was beginning to think how she might frame salutary but tender advice, the mother-in-law of Lady Lester entered:

The hasty greeting between the wife and mother of Sir Francis, showed mutual dislike.—Eunice contrasted the tall, harsh-voiced, frigid lady before her with the gentle woman who was Henry's mother, and her own, too in love, which made the formidable title of mother-in-law but a name for a most sweet bond. Thinking of this, how much she pitied Emily! Had she not heard the confession of her cousin, the one half-hour during which she listened painfully to the abrupt, coldly polite, or sarcastic speeches that passed between the lady and her son's wife, was enough to convince Eunice that she was in a house of strife. She rose to depart; for it was vain to hope for more conversation with Emily. As she bade her cousin adieu in the antecoom, Eunice could just find time to whisper. Dearest Emily, when I married, a wise and true friend said to me, 'Take care of the first quarrel!' I did so: Henry and I have not had our first quarrel yet. Listen to me. At all risks, and yours; make any sacrifices to be friends, and never, never have another. God bless and help you! and good-by.'

The wise Solomn says, 'The beginning of strife is like the letting out of water.' Alas! if they who first open the fountain did but know into what a fearful river of wo it soon swells, sweeping away everything in is overwhelming tide. Emily Lester was wise enough to follow her cousin's advice; she did make up the quarrel, as a loving and still beloved wife almost always can, and no other tie has the same influence. But Sir Francis, though gifted with many high qualities, was a difficult temper to bear with and guide. His character and pursuits were fixed before he married; his wife must mould her nature to his, for he would never bend his to hers. He loved Emily fondly, but he regarded her, probably from the difference in their years, more as a plaything than an equal. After silken fetters of the lover were broken, he would never brook the shadow of control. To give him an idea that he was ruled, was to lose that power for ever. Emily had truly called him obstinate, for the same quality that made him firm in a good purpose, made him, resolute in an erring one. To thwart him was but to strengthen his iron will. Yet he was a man of high principle and feeling; but he required to be lured by smiles to a cheerful home, instead of being driven away by frowns and murmurs.

Let us pass over another year and again visit the two homes. A mother's bliss had come to both: the heir of Sir Francis Lester was received with triumphant joy, and cradled in satin and down; while the first-born of Henry Wolferstan was laid in its mother's bosom with a tearful but not less happy welcome. Life had become very sweet to Henry and Eunice, their cup of joy was running over. Too much bliss is a snare to the wisest; and therefore, perhaps, it was for the best that before many months had passed over the babe whose advent had given much happiness, a shadow gathered on the path of the young parents.

[Conclusion next week.]

Communication.

PRESENT STATE OF THE PROVINCE.

LETTER IV.

In concluding my remarks on the state of the Province, I would direct a few questions to our Representatives. Gentlemen, are you aware of the distress of the Country to its full extent? If not, make it your business to inform yourselves, before the sitting of the Legislature;—Go to the Mill owners, ask them to what extent they are now doing business, compared with what they did a few years since—Ask them what has become of the swarms of men formerly employed by them. Their answer will be, they have LEFT THE PROVINCE!!! Go to the Ship yards, where melancholy silence reigns supreme: the axe and hammer are no more heard,—the men have LEFT THE PROVINCE!!! Visit the various Foundries in and about the City, and mark what a falling off is there;—ask how is this? You will be told, having little or no business to do, we have discharged most of our hands, and that the men have LEFT THE PROVINCE!!! Traverse the streets of the City and mark the number of shops that are closed; and ask where are the occupants? any child in the street will tell you they have LEFT THE PROVINCE!!! See the hundreds and thousands that are crowding departing steamers and sailing vessels, ask who are these men and where are they going, and you will again meet the cuckoo cry, they are Mechanics about to LEAVE THE PROVINCE!!! Now, gentlemen, I think it perfectly idle in me to inform you that this state of things must in a very short period bring this Province to an uninhabited wilderness; nor do I think it news to you, when I inform you that the business of arresting our downward tendency lies WHOLLY AND SOLELY WITH YOU. A heavy responsibility rests upon you, and be assured that the Country look to you for the resuscitation of its wonted energies. Have you thought of this? If so, what schemes have you fallen upon for the retrieving of our fallen fortunes? Call a public meeting, and tell your Constituants what you are prepared to bring forward at the coming session; and if you have not thought of any thing for the improvement of the Country and the employment of the people, like honest and determined men, ask advice from those you represent and go to the House with a firm and fixed resolution to apply the public money in Bonus and Bounties on such things ONLY as will make this a manufacturing country, and fill it with industry and joyfulness. The country has been so long sickened with the waste of public monies, by the time of the Legislature being occupied in disputes as to Responsibility and Irresponsibility of the Council, that it is to be hoped at this particular crisis the business of the country only will be the business of the session, leaving those abstruse questions and electioneering speeches for better times and an increased revenue. The people of the province are exceedingly good natured as well as being very gullible—and if the times are only good, will not look too searchingly, as to who gets the largest share of the loaves and fishes. The revenue of this province for its number of inhabitants is immense—and as is usual in such cases, when there is abundance there is generally a waste. FISHING, FARMING, and MANUFACTURING, being the three cardinal points of this Country's prosperity the Revenue might well be divided into two equal parts, and applied, a moiety for their encouragement, and the remainder in ROADS, EDUCATION and LEGISLATION. I am perfectly aware that such an arrangement will find little favour in the eyes of those of our Representatives who look upon the Revenue Law as the Wand of Midas, and brought into existence for their only USE AND BENEFIT FOR EVER. But they must remember that the *times are changed*, the golden dream has past away, the question now is, province or no province? Without employment no people; without people no revenue; without revenue no country. Again then in sober seriousness I would urge the propriety of a public consultation of the people and their Representatives, when such resolves might be passed as would go to the Legislature in the tangible shape of the wishes and wants of the people. What has been achieved by our immediate western neighbours, *can be imitated by us*. In point of soil and freedom from taxation we have decidedly the advantage of the United States, yet they, by Legislative encouragement, aided with a determined perseverance on the part of the people, have risen from a deplorable state of dependence to wealth and prosperity. ALLEN, an American writer on Agriculture, says, "The indispensable necessity of Agriculture to the comfort and wealth, and indeed to the *very existance* of a great nation, renders it an object peculiarly worthy the attention and regard of the Legislative power. In looking to history, both ancient and modern times, we find that whenever a people have risen to enduring eminence, they have sedulously encouraged and protected this right arm of THEIR strength.

"Our country has not been wanting in a moderate regard for Agriculture, by wise Legislation, in the National Congress every item of Agricultural productions within the United States with the single exception of the inferior wools, is believed to be fully protected from foreign competition, by an unyielding and perfectly adequate impost on all such articles as would otherwise enter into successful rivalry with them from abroad. Many of our State Legislatures have also by liberal provisions given such encouragement to various objects, as they deemed necessary to develope the Agricultural resources within their jurisdiction * * * * with gratuities to encourage the formation and support of State and County Agricultural Societies." The same policy has marked the rise and progress of their manufactures, and now instead of being dependent on Great Britain for the production of the Loom, they are enabled to meet her successfully with many of their productions in foreign ports, where England formerly held an undisputed monopoly. With these remarks, Messrs. Editors, I shall close, satisfied that in this time of absolute necessity it was the duty of every good subject, to suggest what to him might seem a remedy for existing evils. I have therefore endeavoured to fulfil the last command of the immortal "NELSON"—"England expects that every man will do his duty."

I remain, Sirs, yours obedtly,

A BLUE JACKET.

FOR THE CHRONICLE.

MESSRS. EDITORS, Gentlemen—

I feel it to be of importance, under existing circumstances, that you should endeavour to procure for publication, in your paper, a list of the names of the Members of the "Reform Club, with the office-bearers, their occupations, &c. (Chubb having omitted them in his Almanack for 1849) in order that the Legislature and the people may know to whom they are individually indebted for the talented and patriotic suggestions purporting to emanate from that body. I am induced to give you this hint, in consequence of the *immense* influence the body is exerting, not only in York Point, Carleton, Musquash, and Loch Lomond, but in many other places, many of them of more importance—so that His Excellency our Governor—Earl Grey—and President Polk are, no doubt led to make enquiry of the existence and organization of that body: particularly when we take into consideration the occurrences that have taken place since the formation of the Club, the subscriptions, debates and essays. Among the occurrences, on which this body must have exerted an extraordinary influence, are the death of two eminent statesmen—Lords Bentinck and Melbourne, to say nothing of the illness of Lord John Russell; Saunders, too, has gone to England; Woodward has been to Washington; the Pope's Palace has been attacked, and he has lost his temporal power; the Gold Mines have been discovered in California; the Electric Telegraph in St. John; Wisconsin is developed; Cass has lost his election, and Taylor is elected President of the United States; Partelow appointed Provincial Secretary, in connexion with the Commissionership of the Dredging Machine. All these events have brought the "Reform Club" of St. John into prominent notice,—and the time has now arrived, when each member should be known, in order that the exertions of that Body may be appreciated. Your's, &c.

SPECIFICATOR.

N. B.—It would be as well to have only the names of *living* members,—and the names of such of them particularly intentioned who are capable of taking places of *trust* and *emolument*.

New Brunswick.

House of Assembly, 8th March, 1848.

RESOLVED, That no Bill of a private nature, or Petition for money or relief, shall be received by the House after the fourteenth day from the opening of the Session, both inclusive; and that the Clerk of this House do, one month previous to the meeting of the Legislature, cause fifty printed copies of this Rule to be sent to each of the Clerks of the Peace in the several Counties for distribution, and cause the same to be inserted in the Royal Gazette, and two Newspapers in such County where Newspapers are published.

CHAS. P. WETMORE, *Clerk*.

Minerva Life Assurance Office,

King William-street, London.

NO extra charge for residence in British North America, or sea risk to or from Great Britain.

All Assurances effected,—proposals for which are made to this Agency prior to the 1st January, 1849,—will acquire an additional year's standing at the Third Division of Profits, which will take place in June, 1852.

Tables of Rates of Premium and every other information can be obtained by application at the Office of RANNEY, STURDEE & CO.

Dec. 22. Agents for New-Brunswick.

FURNITURE, &c.

THE Subscriber has on hand at his Warerooms Prince Wm. street, opposite the Bank of British North America, an extensive assortment of CABINET FURNITURE, of his own as well as American manufacture, consisting of Drawing Room, Parlour, Kitchen and Bed Chamber Furniture; Looking Glasses, &c., which he offers at reduced prices for Cash or good paper.

Nov. 10. JOHN J. HOGAN.

THE CHRONICLE.

SAINT JOHN, DECEMBER 29, 1848.

THE COMING YEAR.—The close of the current year being so immediately at hand, it may be expected we will say something either by way of *moral, encouragement, or congratulation*. We regret to say, however, such is the gloom with which the Province at this time is overspread, that after canvassing carefully passing events, we cannot find a subject on which to base a hope of returning prosperity. Our whole system, social, commercial, and political, appears to be abstruse, unpropitious, and undefinable. Such are the fruits of operation without system, and expenditure without consideration. In most of our commercial relations "we have done the things we ought not to have done, and left undone the things we should have done." The solid and inexhaustible resources of the country have neither been developed by the pe[illegible] encouraged by [illegible] legislature, while [illegible] and rapidly [illegible] business, (the tim[illegible] has been the all engrossing pursuit This, together with the destructive policy of the British Cabinet, with regard to the *so called* Free Trade, while it has made shipwreck of our hopes in all commercial transactions in all the Colonies, has brought us at the close of 1848 completely to a stand, with the no very pleasing task of [illegible] beginning the world "*de novo*." We can[illegible] a period precisely define what shall in to[illegible] the business of the people of this Prov[illegible] can we say whether their operations shall be in this country or in the neighbouring Republic. All at present seems "CHAOS." Our only hope being in that kind Providence that has heretofore tempered the breeze to the shorn lamb.—We had fondly hoped that it would have been in our power to have ere this presented our Patrons with an enlarged edition of the Chronicle—but such has been the depressed state of business generally, that we have been deprived of the positivity of carrying out that so much desired arrangement—We are not however without a hope, that at an early day we may yet be enabled to redeem our pledge in that particular. All we can do at this juncture is to return our sincere thanks to such of our patrons as have by their support enabled us so far to bear up against the general distress, and to wish them and their connections in the meantime a HAPPY NEW YEAR, and to hope for a speedy return of the country generally to its wonted prosperity.

CHRISTMAS CHARITIES.—The following amounts were collected on Christmas, for the poor, in the several Churches named;—

Trinity Church, (Episcopal,)	£22	5	11½
St. John Church, (ditto,)	12	2	8½
St. Malachy's Church, (Catholic,)	32	1	7
Germain St. Church, (Wesleyan,)	11	12	0
Centenary Church, (Methodist,)	8	12	10
Wesleyan Church, Portland,	2	10	0
Grace ditto. Portland, (Episcopal,)	14	0	0
St. Peter's Church, do, (Catholic,)	9	0	0

COLONIAL RAILROADS.—Next Monday being New Years day, there will be *no* lecture at the Institute in the evening.

At the special request of the Directors of the Institute, M. H. Perley, Esq., will on Tuesday evening next, continue the subject of Colonial Railways, and give the most recent information on the Halifax and Quebec railroad, and new and interesting matter relative to the St. John and Shediac Railway.

The Pictou papers states that the interest made to commute the punishment of McFayden, for the murder of James Kier, has proved of no avail, and that he was executed at that place on the 20th instant. He maintained a sullen indifference till the moment of his death.

FISHERY DRAFT.—Persons entitled to a Draft in the Fishery, must not forget that MONDAY next will be the last day for taking names. The books will be kept open until 6 o'clock.

The Italian proverb says—"CURSES, LIKE CHICKENS, GENERALLY COME HOME TO ROOST."—We find this proverb fully verified in the frequent remarks of the "Reformers" of the present day; and we now beg to call the attention of the observing public to the circumstance, that the brave old hero of Burmah, while he did in a manly and unflinching manner, save this Province from the destructive policy of the Legislative demagogues of the day, and by his firmness and honest policy call down the ire of nine-tenths of its misled inhabitants,—those self-same parties who now pay the "tribute of regard to departed worth, then stood ready to hoot him out of the country, and his remarks of those shallow pated politicians seemed too vulgar with which to assault his ear. It is pleasing however, even now, to find that these political puppies have passed their ninth day, and that their eyes are opening to the injustice which Sir Archibald for his honesty of purpose, and we of the Chronicle for lending our support to the truly laudable measures of his administration, suffered at that time. Let one of them speak—

"It is unnecessary to refer your Excellency to a more remote period of our history than the days of Sir Archibald Campbell, to find the state of our trade and finances in the most flourishing condition. Our commerce was then in its zenith, and our finances all that could be desired. Merchants and lumberers were remunerated handsomely for their labours, and in the public chest was always to be found enough and to spare, while the worthy old gentleman who governed the province—perhaps with more sagacity than talent—took good care never to allow the public money to be expended till it had first been earned and collected. Sir Archibald could see the extravagant propensities of those around him, but his prudence always gave a wholesome check to their prodigality. I pay this tribute of regard to the memory of departed worth, believing that not a man in the province, will either gainsay or question its truth."

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.—The New York Journal of Commerce contains the following notice of two important subjects now before the Senate:—

The resolution offered by Mr. Miller, calling on the President for any instructions to our Minister to Spain, or any correspondence between him and the Spanish government relative to the *purchase of Cuba* by the United States, came up today, and its passage was opposed on the ground that it would interfere with the President's prerogative, &c.; and advocated, on the ground that the public mind was much agitated on the subject, and that it was necessary to give it repose. The subject was passed over. There has probably been some offer from our government to negotiate on the subject, and refused by Spain.

The bill to admit the articles of the growth and production of *Canada* into the United States, free of duty, upon the condition that like articles of the growth and production of the United States be admitted into Canada free of duty, is before the Senate. It passed the House last session, and, as the business of the last session was continued over at the same stage where it was left, it will become a law as soon as the Senate pass it, and the President approves it.

The Thermometer at Woodstock on Friday morning stood at 17 below zero.

HALIFAX AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.—The Halifax Sun of Wednesday last, contains the first part of the Report of the Commissioners on the proposed line of Railway between Halifax and Quebec. The part published occupies three columns of the Sun, and the remainder is promised in succeeding numbers as rapidly as possible. The document is dated at Halifax on the 31st of August last, and points out three principal lines or routes for a trunk line; and by combining portions of two of these lines together, a fourth and fifth route may be formed. The first principal route, commencing at Halifax and crossing the Province of Nova Scotia to a port in the Bay of Fundy, from thence by a steamer to St. John, and then by Fredericton, along the St. John River, to the Grand Falls; thence by the best practicable route to the Riviere du Loup on the St. Lawrence, and by the right bank of the St. Lawrence to Quebec. This route is termed a mixed route—by railway and steamboat—and by it the distance from Halifax to Quebec would be 600 miles.

The second route, commencing at Halifax, and running to Truro at the head of the Bay of Fundy, thence over the Cumberland mountains to Amherst, and along the coast from Bay Verte to Shediac, thence by a northwesterly course, crossing the Rivers Richibucto and Miramichi above the flow of the tide, so as not to interfere with the navigation. Then by the valley of the north-western Miramichi to Bathurst on the Bay Chaleurs.—along the coast of this Bay to the Restigouche River, and by it and the valley of the River Metapedia to the St. Lawrence, and by the right bank of the St. Lawrence to Quebec. This route is called the Halifax and Eastern or Bay Chaleurs route; the distance by it is 635 miles.

The third route, commencing at the harbor of Whitehaven, near Canso, at the northeastern extremity of Nova-Scotia, thence along the Atlantic coast to Country Harbour and the valley of the River of St. Mary, thence by or near to Pictou, and along the northern shore to Bay Verte. From Bay Verte to or near to the Bend of Petticodiac, thence across to Boiestown, and northerly to the Restigouche River, crossing it several miles to the east of the Grand Falls. From thence by the most direct and practical course to the Trois Pistoles River; and along the right bank of the St. Lawrence to Quebec. This is termed the direct route; the distance is put down at 652 miles.

Of the combined routes, two are pointed out. The First, combining the Halifax route through Nova-Scotia, and the direct route through the centre of New Brunswick, the distance by which would be 595 miles; the other, combining the Whitehaven route through Nova-Scotia, with the Eastern or Bay Chaleurs route through New-Brunswick to Quebec—the distance being 692 miles.

The Commissioners consider the intervention of the Bay of Fundy as fatal to the first route.

The report goes on to state that "as it will be seen in the end that only one of the lines, viz. the second, has been explored and carried out successfully from its terminus on the Atlantic quite through to Quebec, it may perhaps be considered superfluous to enter upon the discussion of rival lines."

The Report is understood to have been received by the Executives in each of the Colonies interested in the Railroad, and is accompanied by a Despatch from the Colonial Office, stating that the money to carry on the work is ready in England so soon as each Province guarantees its proportion of the interest of the outlay at five per cent. per annum.

There is therefore little doubt but that this great work will be proceeded with, and, consequently, the necessity of the proposed Railroad from St. John to Shediac must be at once apparent, if our City is to benefit by the former undertaking. Let all who are interested in the matter be up and doing.—*Courier*.

ASTRONOMICAL LECTURES.—On Thursday evening, the Rev. H. Pickard gave the first of a course of lectures on Astronomy, at St. Stephen's Hall. The lecture was replete with interesting facts respecting this important science, and the exhibition of the Dissolving Views, of various scenes in the Holy Land, at the close, added to the interest of the audience.—*New-Brun*.

The Rev. Gentleman gave his second lecture on Friday evening, and concluded the course on Saturday evening.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that on Monday morning last, Mr. William Kitchen, a respectable farmer, residing at Crock's Point in the Parish of Douglas, fell before a loaded sled which he was conducting home, when one of the runners passed over his bowels, by which the unfortunate man was so severely injured that he expired about twelve o'clock the same night. Mr. Kitchen was about sixty-five years of age, highly respected in the country, and has left a family to lament their loss.—*Fredericton Head Quarters*.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY MEETING.—The Anniversary of the Halifax Branch Wesleyan Missionary Society took place in the Brunswick Street Church, on Tuesday evening the 12th inst. A large and respectable congregation filled the Church. After singing and prayer, Leonard Shannon, Esq., was called to the chair, and presided over the business of the meeting with distinguished ability. An interesting report was read by the Rev. Mr. Smallwood, one of the Secretaries of the Society. A number of interesting addresses were made.—*Halifax Herald*.

The Packet Brigs *Acadian* and *Halifax* sailed for Boston on Monday, with apparently *as usual* full fares of Passengers. During the present year there have been four regular packets sailing between the two ports. According to our estimate these vessels have carried from this city about four thousand five hundred persons. It would be we think somewhat within the mark to assert, that *two thousand* more have left in transient vessels which have sailed hence for the several ports in the United States.—*Halifax Courier*.

THE BERMUDA ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—By advertisement, the public are informed that the beautiful steam-propellers *Osprey*, and *Falcon*, will keep up the communication between this port and the "Summer Islands," once a month during the present season. The clock-like regularity with which those splendid ships have performed their work, since they have been on the line, added to their elegant accommodations, and obliging Commanders, render them valuable auxiliaries to trade, and indispensible to the travelling public.—*Ib*.

REVENUES OF THE BRITISH UNIVERSITIES.—From the University Calanders and Commissioner's Reports, and from an able article on Universities in the Encyclopædia Britannica, we learn that the revenue of the two universities of Oxford and Cambridge directly applicable to educational purposes amounts to £323,938, besides the indirect encouragement in the benefices at the disposal of these Universities, the annual value of which amounts to £212,800. The revenues of the five universities of Scotland for Professors and Bursars amount to £29,000, with the patronage of nine churches.—*Halifax Guardian*.

The honorary Degree of D.C.L., has been conferred upon the Venerable Archdeacon Willis, D.D., Rector of St. Paul's, Halifax, by the Governors of King's College, Windsor.

A fire which recently occurred at the Kingston (Canada) Penitentiary, is ascertained to have been occasioned by an act of incendiarism, and the work of one or more of the convicts. Damage estimated at about £2000.

The Park Theatre in New-York was discovered to be on fire about 6 o'clock on Saturday evening 16th inst. and the building was speedily reduced to ashes. Earl's Hotel, and several adjacent buildings, were partially damaged. The loss of Mr. Hamblin, manager of the Theatre, is estimated at $25,000, upon which there was but a small amount of insurance. Building insured for $30,000. The fire was caused by the upsetting of a can of turpentine, by the 'gas man,' which having taken fire, the flames rapidly spread in all parts of the building.

The Public Examination of the Collegiate School took place pursuant to notice, on Tuesday and Wednesday last, with its usual success.

On the former day the whole school was examined by the Lord Bishop and Venerable Archdeacon Coster, in English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic, after which various classes in History, Astronomy, Latin Grammar, and the Junior Mathematics were successively tested, and received much commendation.

On Wednesday, the attendance of the English Department and of the Junior Latin Class being dispensed with, the remaining portion of the School underwent a thorough and very satisfactory examination by the two examiners of the previous day, aided by the Master of the Rolls and two of the Professors of King's College. In order to facilitate as much as possible the proceedings of this day, and to afford each class a fair opportunity of showing its capabilities, a simultaneous examination was carried on in both rooms, and it must have been highly gratifying to the master of the Institution to perceive that on no previous examination had the classes shewn themselves so much at home with their subjects, nor done so much justice to the instructions they have received.

Besides the Latin and Greek, French and Senior Mathematical Classes which were examined, *viva voce*, several specimens of English and Latin Composition were produced, the former in the shape of original English Essays on a given subject, and the latter in Translations from English into Latin, all of which deserved and received much commendation.

The prize for the best English Essay was awarded to Master G. G. Roberts, and for the best Latin Translation, to Master Wm. Murray. The second best English Essay written by Master T. Gregory, and the second best Latin one by Master C. Street, were also rewarded by prizes; while the prize for the best Latin Translation, left undecided at Wednesday last, was now presented to Master Thomas Johnston.

The Essays of Master G. Fisher, B. Hart, C. Street and F. Parker, as well as the Latin Translations of Masters Johnston, Gregory, and Hart, were likewise considered as possessing much merit.—*Fredericton Reporter*.

We have, indeed, a melancholy duty to perform, in announcing the death of the Honorable Thomas Wyer, which sad event took place at his own residence, in St. Andrews, on Saturday last, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The deceased was in the 69th year of his age, and was much and deservedly beloved in the County, in which he had occupied a conspicuous position for many years. By this event the Lieutenant Colonelcy of the Second Battalion of Charlotte County Militia, a seat on the Bench of the Court of Common Pleas, and at the Board of Directors of the Charlotte County Bank, with several other offices, will become vacant. The hon. gentleman was also a member of the Legislative Council.

This melancholy bereavement will throw a gloom over many a Christmas table, and create a regret in our community, as general as it is sincere—*St. Andrews Gazette, Dec 25*.

A NOVEL STEAM-ENGINE.—WATER IN THE SPHEROIDAL STATE USED AS A MOTIVE POWER.—From some experiments which have recently been conducted in Paris by a young engineer named M. Testud de Beauregard, we are led to anticipate some most important improvements in the employment of heat as motive power. M. Beauregard has constructed a small steam-engine of one-horse power, the boiler of which is so small that it can be conveniently carried in the pocket, and the vapour of water in its spheroidal state has been employed to move it.—This condition of water is produced by its being projected upon a metal plate of a dull red heat, in which case it forms itself into a sphere, and rolls over the heated furnace, evaporating much more slowly than when *boiled* in the usual manner. In the experiments of M. Beauregard, the boiler is placed in a bath of melted lead, and the water in small quantities at a time, is projected upon its surface, which is sufficiently heated to produce the spheroidal condition. The elastic force of the vapour given off is said to be far superior to that of steam in its ordinary conditions.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT.—This light, of late so much talked of, was exhibited in London lately, between 8 and 9 o'clock, p. m., from the portico of the National Gallery. The moment the experiment commenced, the large open space in front was filled with a flood of light, which paled the lamps, not only in the square, but some distance down Whitehall. So intense was it, that when thrown upon the people, one could scan the countenance of those who were most distant from the gallery, and discern the cut of a man's coat or the pattern of a lady's dress at the outskirts of the crowd. Every now and then a strong pencil of light would be thrown upon the Nelson columns, bringing it out from the surrounding obscurity, from its base to its summit. The light was as steady as it was intense, and the shadows which it cast were as deep and positive as those which accompany the strongest sunlight. On the whole, the experiment appeared to be successful in the hands of the operator, and satisfactory to all who witnessed it.

LATE FROM THE WEST INDIES.

Accounts from Porto Rico represent that island to be in a dreadful state of alarm, the people being every minute in expectation that the slaves would revolt, and perhaps massacre the free inhabitants. [The slaves, we believe, constitute but about one-tenth of the whole population.—There are, however, a large number of free blacks—four times as many as there are slaves. The slaves and free blacks together make about half the population of the island, which is not far from 400,000.] The militia and regular troops were constantly on duty, and intercourse with the island was prohibited as much as possible. The Spaniards, it is said, feared that the slaves would receive assistance from the Heytians; and a report was current that the Heytians had threatened to make a descent upon Porto Rico.

There is also a report, by way of Jamacia, that the Haytien Government was making secret preparations to march upon the island of Dominica.—The Dominicans having consented to receive under their flag three hundred families of the Haytien refugees.

ARRIVAL OF THE ADMIRAL.—The line of battle Ship Wellesley, bearing the flag of Vice Admiral the Earl of Dundonald, G. C. B., Capt. Goldsmith, from Halifax, arrived on Friday last The Wellesley was accompanied by H. M. Steamer Scourge, commander A. Wingrove.—These vessels left Halifax on Sunday week, and kept company the whole time, occasionally towing each other. We are informed that the Wellesley towed the steamer for some time at the rate of ten miles per hour!!—*Bermuda Gazette*.

INTERESTING FROM BAHAMAS.—His Excellency Governor Mathew of the Bahamas left Nassau, in the Schooner Henrietta, on the 23rd ult., on his way to Turks Island.

We observe that the Hon. G. P. Wood has been suspended as an Executive Councillor, as also from the Office of Procurator General to the Court of Vice Admiralty; the Hon. John Pinder, as a legislative Councillor, and William G. Marriott, Esq., from the list of Magistrates. The cause of the suspension of the two first named gentlemen is not stated, but that of the latter was for some insult offered the Governor through a public notice connected with horse racing.

We also observe by the Nassau Royal Gazette of the 25th ult., that the Honorable and Venerable John McCameron Trew, D. D., Archdeacon of the Bahamas, has likewise been suspended from his duties as a member of Her Majesty's Legislative Council; the reason is not given.—The Venerable Archdeacon was to leave immediately for Jamaica; and a very complimentary address has been presented to him by the inhabitants generally.

BARBADOES, November 23.—Accounts from the Garrison are still very deplorable. Yellow fever has carried great numbers of the men to the grave, and several officers have fallen victims to this awful disease. On Saturday we heard that there were sixty cases in Hospital. On that day five soldiers were buried. Several Officers have been dangerously ill, amongst whom were Colonel Walcke, and Major Throndyke, but both these gentlemen, we are happy to hear, are convalescent. We hope the violence of the epidemic is beginning to decrease. Fever is not only in St. Ann's; there are several cases in town, but whether it is yellow fever or not, we cannot say, except in the case of Captain Ross, residing on the River road, with his whole family, are now suffering from severe attacks.

Having had several years of great healthiness, in this island, we cannot be surprised if there should be now a change. We have lately experienced several very damp nights and mornings, followed by extremely oppressive heat in the day, such transitions of weather being very likely to produce sickness.

We deeply regret to hear from a gentleman who has just come into town from Garrison, that two officers more have sunk under the violence of the yellow fever—one died last night, and the other the day. Both these gentlemen were residing at Worthing. We are informed also that two other officers are in a very low state, and likely to fall. One of the deceased officers, we learn, is Captain Hope, the other Lieut. Lindsay, or Lindhay.

THE FRENCH ISLANDS.—It appears, by the recent advices from Martinique, that the *brave citoyens* of that republicanized colony are, even now, in a state not one whit better or less discouraging, than when the fatal standard of their vaunted *Liberte, Egalite, Fraternise*, was first displayed amongst them. Numbers of the inhabitants have fled, numbers still departing, from the fearful disorder and insecurity attendant on the new system, seeking a home under governments more genial to the civilized feelings of the age.

Died on Monday evening, the 6th inst., at Government House, Mary Ann, the beloved wife of His Excellency Charles Henry Darling, Lieut. Governor of this Colony, in the 33rd year of her age. The lamented lady died of fever, and had been but a few days ill, the rapid inroads of the malignant disease being but too fatally accelerated by the tenderness of her constitution, which at the period of the attack was peculiarly delicate.—*St. Lucia Palladium*.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.—The Royal Mail Steamer Great Western, Captain Clark, Lieut. Coll, R. N., Admiralty Agent, arrived on Sunday evening last. She left Tampico on the 13th Nov., Vera Cruz on the 15th, Havana 26th, and Nassau at 11 a. m., of the 29th. She has brought but few passengers, but has $2,576,674 in freight.

The Great Western will proceed hence to England, in consequence of her having such a large freight of specie. It was intended that she should relieve the Thames, and her Captain, (Clerk,) to exchange Ships with Capt. Moss, of the Canway, at St. Thomas, next time.

ELOPEMENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.—The very remarkable and very "mysterious disappearances" of young ladies, form their homes in this city, which we have been chronicling, at the rate of two or three a week for a whole month past we see are equally prevalent in other quarters of the State. Mr. Ray Marsh, of Buffalo, offers One Thousand Dollars reward for the recovery of his daughter, Amarillius Ann Marsh, aged 18 years, who left her father's house in that city, on the 17th inst. supposed to have been enticed away by some villain She is described as being small in stature, acquiline nose, blue eyes, light hair, and easy and graceful in manners. The Buffalo Commercial Adveriser, sensibly remarks;

Elopements and enticings away of this description are becoming alarmingly frequent of late throughout the country. There must be some cause for this, and in our opinion, it may be found in the character and tendency of such of the so called literature which enters into the reading of girls and young ladies. It is vitiating in its character, both in the mind and morals and excites a morbid taste for the mock sentimental—undermines principles, and prepares many to become an easy prey to the wiles of the seducer. It is an invidious poison, and makes its approaches and developes its effects so gradually as to be almost imperceptible until its work of ruin is accomplished. The country is flooded with such "literature," and those having charge of the young of either sex, cannot be too vigilant in guarding against its introduction into their houses—for it is one of the most effectual instruments in the hands of the improve in accomplishing their purposes.—*New York Paper*.

TAKING A SHOWER BATH.—Doctor—"Well, how did your wife manage her shower-bath, Deacon?" Deacon—"She has had real good luck. Madame Moody told her how she managed. She said she had a large oiled silk cap with a cape to it like a fireman's, that came all over her shoulders and ——." Doctor—"She's a fool for her pains—that's not the way." Deacon—"So my wife thought." Doctor—"Your wife did nothing of that sort, I hope." Deacon—"Oh, no, Doctor; she used an umbrella." Doctor—"What! used an umbrella? what the mischief good did the shower bath do her?" Deacon—"She said she felt better. Her clothes weren't wet a mite. She sat under the umbrella for half an hour, till all the water trickled off; and said it was cool and delightful, and just like a leetle shower in Summer. Then she took off her things, and rubbed herself for half-an-hour arter."

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

Louis Phillipe attended High Mass on Sunday, at the Chapel of Richmond, Surrey, accompanied by the members of his suite. The Count declined the offer of a chamber overlooking the altar, from which he could have heard mass unobserved—remarking that he "preferred to sit among the people."

At the Church Missionary Jubilee meeting, held in Exeter Hall, on the 1st of November, the Bishop of Oxford eulogized in the strongest terms the noble exertions of the great Founder of Methodism, and exclaimed, with an energy of manner and voice that drew forth a loud burst of applause from the assembled thousands, "That blessed Saint of God, John Wesley."

Goverment have instituted an inquiry into the Customs' department, to investigate what reductions can be made in that part of the public service.

Industrial economy is being carried out in every department of the Carlow workhouse, so as to be really a House of Industry, not a receptacle for idle and lazy paupers—men, women and children are all employed.

Every steamer that leaves the quay of Dublin is crowded with emigrants on their way to the United States. It is difficult to estimate the number that have taken this route to America, but they must amount to many thousands, for the tide of emigration is fully as large at this unusual season as it ever has been in the [illegible] year.

Among the emigrants who [illegible] Dublin, were many from the [illegible] and each family carried with [illegible] amounting from £20 to £200 [illegible]icle.)

The *Sligo Journal* states—[illegible] a clergyman in Leitrim who [illegible] out-door relief—two other ge[illegible] of Militia; the other having [illegible] £600 or £700 per annum, [illegible] pauperism in an adjoining [illegible] for years defrauded by his con[illegible] instance of reverse of fortune [illegible] of a lady candidate as inmate [illegible] this melancholy victim of forti[illegible] to a gentleman once possessed [illegible] ing to £9,000 a year."

So rigorously is the prese[illegible] their Regiments enforced by t[illegible] too, that one of his own A[illegible] the Marquis of Worcester, [illegible] ached from his Grace's Staff [illegible] doing duty with his troop in [illegible]

Mr. Robert Chambers, the [illegible] and publisher, was proposed [illegible] Edinburgh, but rejected on ac[illegible] gical opinions.

American cheese sells in C[illegible] pound.

The defalcation of Salmon [illegible] runaway collectors of the [illegible] ascertained to be £979, and [illegible] Their sureties have either fled [illegible] insolvent!

Beneficial Bath [illegible] will be given at the Public [illegible] MONDAY Evening 1st Janu[illegible] for which may be obtained at [illegible] HENRY NAGE, in Carleton, [illegible] that evening. Carleton

☞ The Annual Meeting o[illegible] WICK AUXILIARY BIBLE S[illegible] place, by appointment of the [illegible] mittee, on Wednesday evenin[illegible] of the Mechanics' Institute. [illegible] open at half past 6 o'clock, [illegible] commence precisely at

as it ever has been in the spring of any former year.

Among the emigrants who sailed lately from Dublin, were many from this county and Limerick, and each family carried with them sums of money amounting from £20 to £200.—(Clonmel Chronicle.)

The *Sligo Journal* states—"We happen to know a clergyman in Leitrim who has been receiving out-door relief—two other gentlemen, one Capt. of Militia; the other having had a property of £600 or £700 per annum, being now reduced to pauperism in an adjoining county, having been for years defrauded by his tenantry. Another and instance of reverse of fortune and station, is that of a lady candidate as inmate of the workhouse—this melancholy victim of fortune's frowns, is sister to a gentleman once possessed of property amounting to £9,000 a year."

So rigorously is the presence of officers with their Regiments enforced by the Duke of Wellington, that one of his own Aides-de-Camp, Capt. the Marquis of Worcester, 7th Hussars, is detached from his Grace's Staff, for the purpose of doing duty with his troop in Kilkenny.

Mr. Robert Chambers, the distinguished writer and publisher, was proposed for Lord Provost of Edinburgh, but rejected on account of his theological opinions.

American cheese sells in Cork at six-pence per pound.

The defalcation of Salmon and Carroll, the runaway collectors of the Nenagh union, are ascertained to be £979, and £1,033 respectively. Their sureties have either fled to America, or are insolvent!

Benefit Ball.—A Benefit BALL will be given at the Public Hall in Carleton on MONDAY Evening 1st January, 1849, Tickets for which may be obtained at the store of Mr. HENRY NASE, in Carleton, any time prior to that evening.
Carleton, Dec. 29, 1848.

The Annual Meeting of the NEW-BRUNSWICK AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY will take place, by appointment of the President and Committee, on Wednesday evening next, in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute.—The doors will be open at half past 6 o'clock, and business will commence precisely at 7.

Dr. Wistar still triumphant.

Nanda, Livingston Co., N. Y.
June 29, 1848.

Dr. S. W. Fowle—Dear Sir—Prompted by a sense of gratitude from benefits received from the use of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, I submit the following statement: Previous to my taking the Wild Cherry, I had been obliged to give up my business in consequence of a severe affection of the lungs. In this distressed state I was ordered to try your remedy for CONSUMPTION. I did so, and in the course of a few weeks, I was restored to comparative good health, so that I have since been able to attend to ordinary business. Indeed, my present state of health far exceeds my sanguine expectations.

Your's truly, JOHN BURNS.

None genuine unless signed I. Butts, on the wrapper.

For sale by S. L. Tilley, King Street, St. John New Brunswick.

Brown's Shakers'

PURE FLUID EXTRACT OF ENGLISH VALERIAN,
(Valerians Officinalis.)

Manufactured by the United Society of Shakers, on a process peculiarly their own, from the pure green root, imported from England and raised by themselves, and from which only, and active property of the Valerian can be obtained. It is highly approved of by the Faculty. Physicians and others are respectfully invited to give it a fair trial.

Price, twenty five cents a bottle, or two dollars and fifty cents a dozen, with liberal discount to wholesale dealers. Directions accompany each bottle.

FRIEND SAMUEL BROWN, ENFIELD, N. H.

You ask me to give my opinion of the Fluid Extract of Valerian, which you prepare. When it a secret remedy or a patent medicine, I certainly would not reply. But from the honourable ground which you have taken in this matter, and knowing also the labor you have bestowed upon this preparation, I am willing to give publicity to my opinion of the preparation referred to. Ever since our knowledge of organic chemistry has been so much increased, we have found out that many very excellent remedies are in the natural state so combined and associated with other principles as to render them in a great degree useless to us. This was remarkably the case with the Valerian. We could not use it as often as we wished, because of the great bulk both of powder and infusion which it was necessary to throw into the stomach in order to get a full effect. Nausea and even vomiting resulted from the large doses. This compelled us to abandon its use. Chemistry showed us that the active principle is a peculiar acid (the Valerianic acid) which exists only in small quantity in the root. In your method of preparation this active principle is detached from the nauseating constituents of the root, and obtained in solution. We may then look upon your Fluid Extract of Valerian as a solution of Valerianic Acid. The action of this article upon the nervous system is most happy in all cases where the sum total of nervous energy is below the healthy standard, and it hence becomes a most important remedy. We owe you and others many thanks for putting so valuable a remedy as the Valerian into a convenient shape for use.

Yours respectfully,
EDWARD E. PHELPS M. D.

Prof. Therapeutics and Mat. Med. in Dartmouth college.
Windsor, Vt., March 15, 1848.

The above invaluable Preparation is signally efficacious in all Nervous and Hysteric Affections, Sleeplessness, and Sick Headache, producing quiet and tranquil sleep, and leaving no unpleasant sensations after its use,—the inevitable result of Opiates, Camphor, and the many articles usually administered.

Having had an opportunity of giving a thorough trial to Brown's Shakers' Fluid Extract of Valerian, and having seen its good effects especially manifested in a severe case of Tic Douloureux, I have no hesitation in saying that I consider it superior to any other form in which the Valerian is ever used, and as eminently deserving the attention of the medical profession.

THOS. R. CROSBY, M. D.

Manchester, N. H., April 25, 1848.

For sale by E. Brinley of Boston and S. L. Tilley, Druggist, St. John, New-Brunswick.

OBSTRUCTIONS OF THE LIVER, BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DR. HALSEY'S GOLD AND SILVER PILLS.—Out of the "thousand and one" disorders which are the means of hurrying mankind to their final doom, more than one half arise from obstructions in the liver. This important organ, when in a healthy condition, secretes the bile and blood, but, if unfit to perform its proper functions, excess of bilious matter accumulates—the worn out principle of the blood continues in the circulation, and like a slow but malignant poison, diffuses itself throughout the whole system, finally giving rise to some dreadful malady. It may break out in the form of some dangerous Fever or Liver Complaint, Jaundice, or Rheumatism, or Scrofula, or some prevailing epidemic; in fine, a morbid state of the liver stomach, and bowels, is the great cause which predisposes the system to every class of disease.

DR. HALSEY'S GOLD AND SILVER PILLS are known to be the most excellent remedy in the world to bring the liver to the performance of its proper functions, and to cleanse from the stomach and bowels all viscid and putrid matter. Were Dr. Halsey's Pills always resorted to when symptoms of sickness, or excess of bile are apprehended, a vast amount of suffering would be prevented, and many lives saved who otherwise, from the use of bad medicine, would go prematurely to the grave.

As there are many bad pills in the market, the public should bear in mind that unless Dr. Halsey's signature is on the label of each box, they cannot be genuine, and that they are only for sale by H. G. Kinnear, 20, Dock street, and at Dr. Halsey's office No. 2, Courtland street, New York. Price, only 25 cents for the box, containing both the Gold and Silver Pills.

Dr. W. P. Evans's Pain Killer.

No medicine has been discovered that is so happily adopted to the internally as drops to be taken and yet perform such wonder when applied externally, as a wash, bath, or by friction.

"THIS PAIN KILLER" may be used with a success that will astonish the beholder, in such cases as the following:—Distressing Dysentry, Pain in the side and stomach, Corns, Cuts and Bruises Cholera, Infantum, Bronchitos, Healing sores on man or beast.

Children Teething, Raising Blood, Hoarseness, Quinsey in a few hours, Chilblains and frosted feet, Spasms, prevent a Blister from Burns, broken Breasts, Measles, Cramps, hurts, scratches or torn Flesh, bites or stings.

In very foul stomachs it may cause vomiting.—So much the better, the stomach will be cleansed and the next dose will settle the sickness.

CERTIFICATES to fill a volume might be published, showing the wonderful effects of the "Pain Killer" but they are too common, and used for articles of no merit. We insert but a few but they are to be depended upon:—

This will certify that I have used the "Pain Killer in my family for headache, toothache, rheumatism, dysentry, &c. and believe it to be a first rate medicine. JOHN P. SMITH.
Manchester, N. H.

I have used the "Pain Killer" for burns, and found it applying it immediately, to prevent even a blister. I would recommend it to the confidence of the public. H. A. REEBE.
Editor of the Westfield Standard, Westfield

I have been selling the Pain Killer for a few months past, and find that it gives as good satisfaction as recommended. I have used it in my own family also, and believe it to be one of the best family medicines now in use. J. H. COBB.
Littleton Mass.

This will certify that I have used the Pain Killer in my family for the last six months, and can safely say that it has proved the best family medicine I have ever used, especially for coughs, colds, burns, bruises. I take pleasure in recommending it to the public. JAMES WILLIAMS.

Chloroform Toothache Drops.

It is well known that "CHLOROFORM" has superseded (in a great measure,) the use of EITHER as an ahayet of pain and is now used by the best Surgeons and Dentists in preference. A Celebrated Chemist, (and one of the first manufacturers of Chloroform) has discovered that "Chloroform" with other simple preparations, will instantly cure the TOOTHACHE. After testing it in many cases has never failed to give instant relief; there is no possible danger in using it, as it will not injure the sound teeth a particle. All that is necessary in using these drops is to saturate well a bit of cotton or lint, and place it in the cavity of the tooth. Relief will be immediate.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

Alternate paleness and flushing of the countenance, a dull expression of the eyes, drowsiness, itching of the nose, a swelled upper lip, tongue whitely furred and thickly speckled with red points, fœtid breath and enlarged belly, a partial or general swelling or puffiness of the skin, a starting in the sleep, and grinding of the teeth a gradualwg ween of the flesh, a sensation as if something were loding in the throat, sickness of the stomach, vomiting, a short dry cough, appetite sometimes voracious, at other times feeble, an unnatural craving for chalk, dirt or clay, bowels sometimes too costive, fits, convulsion, and palsey. No mother who suspects her child has worms should ail to produce the Vermifuge. Sold only genuine, at 19, Tremont row, and by our agents, S. L. Tilley, late Peters & Tilley, W. O. Smith, & J. H. Chipman, St. John, N.B.

Dr. Kingley's Universal Family PILLS.

The most safe effectual, and economical remedy for diseases of the human constitution, that has ever been discovered. These Pills are composed entirely of materials extracted from medicinal plants, and are warranted not to contain one particle of Mercury or any mineral substance.

The Family Pills are a sure remedy for the Jaundice, sick and nervous Headaches, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, sickness of the stomach, Heartburns, all Bilious complaints, Fevers of all kinds, and, if taken at the commencement, will invariably check their progress, and save the patient from a protracted and dangerous sickness. They are invaluable in nervous and hypochondrical affections, loss of appetite, Cholic, Cholera Morbus, Gout, Rheumatism, scrofula, white swelling, Ulcers, Erysipelas, salt rheum, Cough, Colds, Influenza, Dropsy, and all complaints to which females alone are subject. They operate as a mild and speedy purge, and are a safe and certain remedy for worms in Children.

Females will find that two or three of these Pills taken at bed time, and continued for a short time will remove any irregularity or obstruction, and restore nature to her usual course.

For sale by Ross & Poor, 19, Tremont row, Boston; and by our appointed agents, S. L. Tilley late Peters & Tilley, W. O. Smith, J. H. Chipman St. John, N. B.

Married.

On the 26th inst., by the Rev. Robert Irvine, Mr. Thomas Johnston, to Miss Esther Stephenson, both of the parish of Portland.

On Saturday evening last, by the Rev. B. G. Gray, D. D. William Starr, Esq., of Halifax, N. S., to Mrs. Eliza M. Wilber, fourth daughter of the late William Wilber, Esq., of St. John, N. B.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. John Applebay, to Miss Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. Lewis Stutts, all of this city.

At St. Andrews, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Alley, Mr. Thomas Wren, of St. Andrews, to Elizabeth Rudolph, third daughter of Mr. John DeWolfe, of the same place.

Died.

On Wednesday, the 27th inst., after a short illness, Capt. William Wilson, of London, G. B., Mariner, in the 41st year of his age.

On Monday, the 25th inst., after a short illness, Mary, relict of the late John Holman, in the 56th year of her age.

On Sunday morning, Jane, wife of the late Philow Thorp, in the 64th year of her age, much regretted by all with whom she was acquainted.

On Monday morning, Catherine Mahoney, daughter of Mr. Patrick Mahoney, aged 3 years and 7 months.

On Monday morning, after a few days illness, Mary Ann, wife of Mr. John Austin, lately from Halifax Nova Scotia, leaving a husband and three small children to mourn their sudden bereavement. Also at the same time, Mrs. Mary Ann Dutley, formerly of Nova Scotia, leaving one child to mourn her loss. In the midst of life we are in death.

On Friday morning, at Alwington Manor, Westfield, K. C., after a short illness, in 17th year of his age, Barrin Butler Britaim, yougest son of James Britaim, Esquire.

At Nashwaak, on the 13th inst., Mr. Thomas Goodspeed, aged 86 years. He came to this Province in the year 1782, and has been a resident ever since that period.

Marine List.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED.

Friday—Schr. Mariner, Wells, Lubec—John Murphy, calcined plaster.

Monday—Barque Java Duffy, New York, 9—Jas. Kirk, ballast.

Schr. Charles, Cooper, Halifax—G. & J. Salter, sugar.

Wednesday—Schr. Olive Branch, Thompson, Boston, 4—master, assorted cargo.

CLEARED.

Dec. 22d—Ship Admiral, Crisp, Port Glasgow, timber and deals; Schr. John Hastings, James, Boston, fish and shingles.

26th—Schr. Dolphin, Holder, New York, scantling; Peruvian, Flemming, Boston, boards.

27th—Brig Charles McLauchlan, Crosby, Belfast, deals and laths.

Arrived at Providence, 19th inst., brigt. Casilda, Grant, hence, via Boston.

At New Orleans, 9th ships Charles Chaloner, Valpley; Courier, Mellin; and Harmony, Jameson, Liverpool.

At New York, 20th, barque Susan, Crook, Newcastle.

At Portland, 21st, Schr Kate, Holdor, hence for New York. 22nd, schr. Mary, Catharin, hence for Boston.

Cleared at New York, 18th, schr. Isabella, Hilton, this port.

At Alexandria, 16th, brigt. Itaska, Baily, this port.

Sailed from Richmond, (Vir.) 18th, brigt. Odessa, this port.

Bark Kate Kearney, of this port, Hue, master, from New York for Cork, put into Boston, 21st inst., in distress. On the 13th and 14th inst. lat. 40 lon. 66, in a gale from E.N.E. to E.S.E. sprung a leak and was obliged to throw over part of her cargo.

SAINT GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

THE regular Quarterly Meeting of the above Society will be held at the Saint John Hotel on MONDAY Evening the 1st January, 1849, at 8 o'clock.

By order of the President,
T. E. G. TISDALE,
Dec. 29. *Secretary*

Diocesan Church Society.

A MEETING of the Executive Committee of the Diocesan Church Society, will be held at Fredericton, at the Madras School Room, on Wednesday the 3d of January next, at 12 o'clock.

W. Q. KETCHUM,
Secretary of the Executive Committee.
Fredericton, December 21, 1848.

VESTRY MINUTE,
29th November, 1848.

RESOLVED, that on the 10th day of January next, all PEWS in Trinity and St John's Churches, on which one year's rent shall then be due, shall be forfeited and sold by Public Auction.

By Order,
GEO. WHEELER,
[Courier] *Vestry Clerk*

High Price for Music.

JOSEPH PRICE, Master of the Queen's New-Brunswick RANGERS' BAND, begs to return thanks to his numerous patrons for the encouragement he has hitherto received at their hands, begs to inform them that he is now prepared with an excellent QUADRILLE BAND, to attend

BALLS, EVENING PARTIES, &C.

and having engaged the services of some first rate Musicians, he is confident of giving satisfaction to those who employ him. Any number of Musicians can be furnished from 2 to 8.

Mr. Price will also give instructions on all instruments of music, at moderate prices.—Please apply at his residence, Carmarthen street.

December 29, 1848.

CABIN, 5s. Forward, 3s.

FOREST QUEEN.

THE Subscriber tenders his thanks (as well as the thanks of all concerned) to the Public, for the good feeling and patronage extended to the *Forest Queen*, during the short time she was plying on the River this Fall. She is now laid up for the Winter, and will be fitted up in good style, and ready to commence her regular trips as soon as the River is clear of ice in the Spring—leaving this City EVERY MORNING, and Indian Town every evening (Sunday excepted), at the reduced rate of 5s Cabin and 3s. for Forward passage.

F. W. HATHEWAY.
Fredericton, 13th December, 1848. (4w)

TAKE NOTICE!

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and friends in general that he has removed his line of business in the

SHOEMAKING TRADE,

to Dock street, to the Shop lately occupied by John Rodgers, Tailor, and he returns his sincere thanks to the public in general for their kind patronage that he has received since he commenced business, this several years past; and hopes by strict attention that the public will favour him with a call. Trial is better than report. A few good Journeymen wanted.

Dec 29. WILLIAM McAFEE.

India-Rubber, SHOES, Castor Oil, &c.

By the *OLIVE BRANCH*, from Boston—

4 CASES containing 260 pairs Lady's India Rubber Buskin SHOES;
2 Boxes Ground CINNAMON;
8 Mats CASSIA; 40 doz. CASTOR OIL.
For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.
Dec. 29. Prince Wm.-street.

Sugar and Cocoa Nuts,

RECEIVED this day—12 Barrels of British SUGAR; 500 COCOA NUTTS.
Dec. 29. THOS. HANFORD.

CAMBOOSES.

THE subscriber has on hand a few ship's CAMBOOSES, a superior article, which he offers at very low prices for cash.
Dec. 22. W. WESTLOTORN.

Torryburn House,
RE-OPENED.
SEVEN MILES FROM THE CITY.

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has fitted and furnished it in a superior manner, and rendered it in every way comfortable and convenient for those who may favour him with a call.

Private families can be accommodated—and all who visit his house may rest assured that every attention will be paid to them.

Dec. 15. PETER DRAKE.

White Lead, Putty, &c.
EX RENT—

5 CASKS Brandram's best WHITE LEAD,
4 do. do. PUTTY.
6 Casks Raw and Boiled OIL.
EX THEMIS AND QUEEN—
50 Packages containing a general assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season.

L. H. DEVEBER & SON,
October 20 Prince Wm. street

Humberfield Academy!

THIS Institution was opened on Tuesday the 3d of October, under the superintendence of

C. H. TUCKER.

The course of Instruction is comprised in the following Branches:—*READING, Writing, Arithmetic, Algebra, Practical Mathematics, Mensuration, Navigation, Surveying, English Grammar, Geography, with Mapping, and the Use of the Globes, Natural Philosophy, Composition, and Book Keeping*;—together with the most simple and correct Course in the

French Language.

FEES.—English, from 10s. to 20s.—French 25s per Quarter.

If Having had several years' experience as Teacher of a GRAMMAR SCHOOL in the adjoining Province of Nova Scotia, and at present holding a Lectureship in this, Mr. TUCKER confidently but humbly offers his services in this community, and would refer to W. D. W. HERZMAN, Esq., and to the parents of his present pupils, for particulars respecting his capacity to teach a well regulated and properly disciplined School.

Parents and Guardians may be assured that no pains have been spared to make the building comfortable, particularly for the female classes.

*** The above Institution will be closed during one week of Holidays, and re-opened on Tuesday the 24 January, 1849—alike for the Evening Class and Day School.

For further particulars, please apply to the Teacher, during School hours, or at his residence, opposite the Humberfield Academy, in Charlotte Street.

St. John, Dec. 23, 1848.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!
For Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts—

THE subscriber has received per Kent from London, and Marriot, from Liverpool—a good assortment of TOYS and FANCY ARTICLES.

Also—a very superior assortment of Gentlemens Meerchaum PIPES, Fancy Pipe Stems, and amber Mouth pieces.

TOYS—wholesale and retail.
December 8. WM. MAJOR.

Printing Ink.

JUST received, and for sale by the subscriber,—(manufactured expressly for this market,) a superior lot of PRINTING INK, which will be disposed of in any quantities to suit purchasers, by
Oct. 13. T. A. PADDOCK.

NEW BRUNSWICK.
BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY,
AND
SAVINGS' FUND.

NOTICE to INVESTORS & BORROWERS.

SUCH persons as intend to become members of this Society, and avail themselves of the facilities for joining now offered, with the present *low entrance fee*, will make application for Shares, on or before the 30th Dec., to the Secretary at the Office of the Society, or at the several Agencies.

CHARLES L. STREET,
December 8. *Secretary and Treasurer.*

FISHERY DRAFT.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Common Council, the Subscribers, Directors of the FISHERY on the Eastern side of the Harbour, will commence taking in the names of Freemen, and others entitled to a draft in the Fishery, on Tuesday, the 26th instant, in the City Court Room, at the Court House.

The Book will continue open every day during the week, from 10 o'clock, a.m. to 4 o'clock p m., and also Monday the 1st of January, on which day it will be kept open until 6 o'clock p.m. after which time no names will be received. The draft will take place on MONDAY the 8th January.

WILLIAM HAGGERTY.
JAMES STOCKFORD.
ROBERT M KELVEY
Directors

St. John December 8, 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Common Council, the subscribers, Directors of the Fishery on the Western side of the Harbour, will commence taken in the names of Freemen and others entitled to a Draft in the Fishery, on TUESDAY, the 26th inst.

The book will continue open every day during the week from 10 o'clock a.m. to 4 o'clock p.m., and also Monday the 1st. of January, on which day it will be kept open until 6 o'clock, p.m after which time no names will be received. The Draft will take place on MONDAY the 8th January.

JOSEPH O. DUNHAM.
JOSEPH BEATTEAY.
Directors.

Carleton Dec. 8, 1848. [Cour. Obs.]

HATS, CAPS, &C.
LATEST STYLES.

R. & A. MAGEE respectfully requests the attention of their friends and the public generally to their stock of HATS, CAPS, &c, and they take this opportunity to inform them that one of the firm has returned from a visit to the United States, where he has made a selection of Satin Plush, Hat Trimmings, and Blocks, all of the latest style, and of the very best description; and they are now prepared to furnish HATS of superior manufacture, which, in point of style, material and finish, cannot be surpassed by any one in this city, together with a superior assortment of Silk Glazed Fur Caps, Glazed HATS, &c, all of which are ready for inspection, at their store, a few doors below the St John Hotel, King street. Oct. 18.

SPRUCE AND PINE DEALS,
BOARDS and Scantling.

The Subscriber offers for sale:—

1,000,000 FEET Bright Gang-sawed Spruce DEALS.
200,000 feet first, second and third quality Arostook PINE DEALS;
200,000 feet fourth quality SPRUCE DEALS;
50,000 feet fourth quality PINE DEALS;
50,000 feet Clear & Merchantable Pine Boards;
50,000 feet Merchantable SPRUCE BOARDS;
100,000 feet Merchantable Pine and Spruce SCANTLING;
100,000 feet refuse PINE AND SPRUCE BOARDS and SCANTLING.

JOHN B. TRAVIS,
Nov. 10—3m. *Indian Town.*

CARLETON UNION, No 767, (on the Registry of England,) will meet in Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening next, 7 o'clock. By order of W. M.

County Grand Black Orange Lodge.

THE "*Royal Orange Black Knight Companions*," of New Brunswick, will meet for the despatch of business, on the second Friday in each month, where appointed.

Office Bearers are requested to be punctual in their attendance.

By order of the County Grand Master.

THE Quarterly Meeting of the Saint John District Orange Lodge of Odd Numbers, for the Election of Officers will be held in the Lodge Room Portland, on Monday the 15th day of January, at seven o'clock, p. m. The members thereof are requested to be punctual in their attendance.

By Order of the D. W. M.
December 29, 1848.

HARDWARE!

T. R. GORDON,
Corner of Market Square and Dock Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Offers for sale at *reduced prices*, for Cash, a large and good assortment of CUTLERY and HARDWARE, consisting of

TABLE and Dessert KNIVES and FORKS, Carvers, Steels, Pen and Pocket Knives, Ivory-half Knives in sets or dozens, Scissors and Shears, *Elliott's* and *Rodgers'* RAZORS and Pocket Knives; Butcher, Shoe and Sheath Knives.

Kitchen and Parlor Fire and Hand Irons, Dust Pans, Cinder Sifters; copper, brass and iron Coal Scuttles and Hods, Fire Pans; Tea, Bread and Knife Trays; BRITANNIA METAL Coffee and Tea Pots, Sugar Basins, Cream Ewers, Urns and Tea and Table Spoons; covered Hot Water Jugs; Silver-plated Candlesticks, Snuffers & Trays, and Castors.

GERMAN SILVER Tea and Table Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c. Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Kettles, Dish Covers, Candlesticks, and Kettles on stands.

BRASS Kettles, Snuffers and Trays, Table and Chamber Candlesticks, Curtain Bands and Pins, Table and Hall Lamps, *Gas Pendants and Brackets*; Lamp Glasses, Foot Tubs, Water and Slop Cans, Plate Baskets, Plate Warmers, Preserving Kettles.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS, viz.: Hand, Tenon, Keyhole and other Saws; Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Plane Irons, Compasses, Rules, Bevels, Pincers, Hammers, Augers, Auger Bits, Axes, Hatchets, Drawing Knives, Squares, Chalk-lines, &c.

BLACKSMITHS' Bellows, Vices, Anvils, Tyer Irons, Hammers, Sledges, &c.; Borax, Lead Pipe, Glue, Curled Hair, Hair Cloth, Chair Web, Girth and Straining Web, Kettle Ears, Candlestick Springs, Brass and Iron WIRE, (assorted.)

Brass, Japan'd and Plated Harness and Saddle Mountings, SLEIGH BELLS, SKATES and Straps, Gig and Cart Hames, Horse Traces, Ox Chains; Breeching, Halter and Dog Chains, Whip Thongs.

Sheet BRASS and ZINC, Spelter, Wire cloth, Sadirons, Frying pans, Griddles, Pots, Ovens, Spoons, Stewpans, Saucepans, Teakettles, Tea kitchens, Soup Digester, Fishkettles, Hair and Wafe Seives; Brass, Wire and Painted Fenders; Steelyards, *Large and small Scale-Beams*; Patent Weighing Machines up to 2 cwt., Weights, Door Scrapers and Knockers; Hearth, Horse, Shoe and Paint BRUSHES; Horse and Ox Cards, Currycombs, Wheelheads, Wool-cards.

Carpenters' Patent Rim and Brass Mortice Locks; stock, pad, chest, till, trunk and book-case Locks; a few of *Chubb's*" Patent Detector Locks, Letter Pad Locks, &c.; American Mortice Locks and Latches; Norfolk and Night Latches; Brass and Iron Butts; Strap, T Chest, and other Hinges; Brass and Iron Screws; Mineral, Rosewood, Mahogany, Brass, and Japanned Knobs; Brass and Iron Bolts; Carriage Bolts; Carriage Lace; American Patent Shutter and Gate Hinges and Latches.

Gas Pendants, Brackets, Joints, Burners, &c.; Hall and Table and Shop Lamps, Lamp Glasses, Glass Lamps, &c.

Hoole, Stamforth & Gray's Cast Steel Mill, Cross-cut, Pit, Circular, Hand, and Tenon SAWS and FILES.

VICKER'S flat, round, half-round, square, and three square bastard, hand, and smooth FILES,—three square taper (3 to 9 inches), Pit and Circular Saw (4 1-2 to 12 inch), double and single cut Mill (6 to 15 inch) FILES; Horse and Shoe Rasps; *Stub's* best Files.

Sanderson, Brothers & Co.'s Cast, Blister, German, and Spring STEEL.

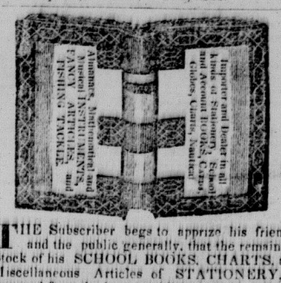
Warranted CHAIN, 1-4 to 1-2 inch.

Copper Boat NAILS; Butt and Wrought Nails; Spikes, Horse and Ox Nails; Whale Boat, Clout, Bellows, and Scupper Nails.

CANADA STOVES, 20 to 26 inch.

CROWN GLASS, 8x10 and 10x12.

Market Square, St. John, Dec. 1, 1848.



THE Subscriber begs to apprize his friends, and the public generally, that the remaining Stock of his SCHOOL BOOKS, CHARTS, and Miscellaneous Articles of STATIONERY, is removed from the long established stand in Cross-street, to his own Shop, South side of *Queen Street*, fitted up, near the vicinity of the Custom House, St. John, N.B., where he will be, at all times, happy to serve all his friendly customers, and the public generally, with all articles in the line, as usual, (see the advertisement above.) *On hand besides.*—Annuals; Rose Wood Tea Caddies; Work Boxes and fitted Dressing Cases, suitable for Ladies' Christmas and New Year Presents; Carpet Bags, Valises, &c.—*Also*, two SHOP STOVES, rivitted corners, at reduced prices for *Cash*.

Entrance through the front door for the present.

W. REYNOLDS.
Queen Street, St. John, Nov. 28th, 1848. } 3w.

BUTTER.

Ex schr. *Sackville Packet*, from Sackville:

20 FIRKINS choice Family CUMBERLAND BUTTER.—For sale at Hammond's Buildings, 20, Dock street, by H. G. KINNEAR.
November 21.

Ladies' Shoe Store,
GERMAIN STREET.

Just received per ship *Portland*:—

LADIES' Superfine Black Cloth BOOTS,
Do. Do. Grey (Queen's Pattern) do.
Do. French Merino BOOTS—a beautiful article,
Do. *Rich Black Satin Dress BOOTS.*
Do. White and Black Satin SLIPPERS,
Do. Fancy SLIPPERS—new styles,
Do. Kid and Enamelled Opera SLIPPERS,
Do. French SLIPPERS—various patterns,
Do. Fashionable Bronze Opera Kid Slippers.
Girls' Cloth BOOTS, and Prunella Walking Boots,
Do. white and black Satin, black and bronze Kid SLIPPERS.

Together with a great variety of BOOTS and SHOES of the Finest description, and Warranted.

—ALSO—

A very large assortment of the Cheapest BOOTS and SHOES for sale in this City.

Dec. 5, 1848. S. K. FOSTER.

Boston-made Stocks.

SELF-adjusting SATIN STOCKS;
Long-end ditto ditto;
French Bombazine STOCKS, with bows,
Do. Plain Satin and Bombazine ditto,
Do. Plaited with Silk Velvet ditto,
Do. Fancy imitation Handkerchiefs do.

The above are superior to the English make in fit, durability, and appearance.

GARRETT & SKILLEN.
Pantechnetheca, Dec. 12.

Canada Top Coats!

JUST finished, and ready for inspection, a lot of very superior Canada TOP COATS, same quality as those sold by us last winter, and inquired so much after during the last month.

GARRETT & SKILLEN.
Pantechnetheca, Dec. 12.

GENTLEMENS' superior large size blue-gray Lambs' Wool UNDER SHIRTS, made by the Shaking Quakers—For Sale by

GARRETT & SKILLEN.
PANTECHNETHECA, December 12.

Wrought Nails and Window Glass.

By the Portland from Liverpool—

46 KEGS assorted kinds Wrought NAILS, 191 boxes assorted sizes Window GLASS.—For sale by
Dec. 12. JOHN KINNEAR.

New FALL and WINTER GOODS.

Liverpool House, Prince William Street.

The subscribers have completed their Fall importations per ship *Persician*, of London, Manchester, and Glasgow Goods, which they now offer Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest possible prices:—

FRENCH SATINS, Gro de Naps, Orientale, and Persians;
Black and colored SILK VELVETS;
Black CRAPES, PARAMATTA;
New Fancy Bonnet Ribbons, Laces and Edgings,
Ladies' FURS,
A Large variety of HOSIERY & Winter Gloves;
Ladies' and Gent's White, Black and col'd French Kid GLOVES;
New Fancy PRINTS, Cotton VELVETS,
Black and Fancy Orleans, Coburgs, Alpaces and Mohairs;
Woolen and Gala CLOAKINGS and SHAWLS;
Superfine BROAD CLOTHS, in Black, Blue Invisible, Rifle, Mulberry and other colours;
Beaver and Pilot Cloths, in Black, Brown, Blue, Drab, Claret,
Black and Fancy CASSIMERES and Doeskins
Satinetts and Tweeds;
An assortment of Gent's Fancy Silk VELVET and Barathea VESTINGS,
Gent's Plain and Fancy Satin Stocks, Handkerchiefs and Scarfs;
Best Witney BLANKETS, White and Regatta Shirtings;
Bleached Cotton and Linen Sheeting;
Grey Cottons, Linens and Dimpers; Knitting Cottons, Linen Threads;
1 case BUTTONS and Fancy Coat Binding;
Fancy woollen and Cotton Druggett, 3 ply superfine CARPETING.

Also—1000 Bundles Cotton Warps;
100 Pieces Homespuns, and 100 pair Stout Country Socks.

VAUGHANS & LOCKHART.
November 10, 1848.

NEW GOODS.

Just received per QUEEN, from Liverpool:—

A LARGE assortment of Fall Goods, consisting of—Coburgs, Orleans, Fancy Dress Materials; Broad Cloths, Kerseys and Doeskins, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Canada Cloths, Grey, white and Printed Cottons, Cotton Warps, &c. &c.

London Goods daily expected per *Kent* and *Columbia*, all of which will be offered for Cash at prices corresponding with the times.

JOHN HASTINGS.

P. S.—50 chests of Good Congou TEA is now offered very low for Cash only. J. H.
23th sept.

TO RENT.

THE COTTAGE and Premises in Princess Street, Carleton, recently owned by George Wheeler, Esquire, with all the grounds attached to the same, comprising Eleven City Lots, beautifully situated and commanding a view of the Falls and fine scenery in that neighbourhood.—The House is nearly new—is thoroughly built and finished in the most modern style, and provided with every requisite for the comfort and convenience of a genteel family.

The premises can be viewed at any time on application to the subscriber, and possession will be given forthwith.

JOS. H. LITTLEHALE.
Carleton, Nov. 10, 1848.

To intending EMIGRANTS from New-Brunswick!

THE CANADA COMPANY would submit to the serious consideration of all parties who may contemplate leaving New-Brunswick, whether the Western section of Canada, (formerly the Province of Upper Canada,) does not offer every inducement for them to settle there, rather than that they should proceed to the United States. In Upper Canada they will find a most healthy climate, the soil very fertile, and abundance of excellent Lands, to be obtained upon easy terms, from the Government and the Canada Company. The great success which has attended settlement in Upper Canada is abundantly evidenced by the prosperous condition of the Farmers throughout throughout the Country; and is also shewn by the success of many natives of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, who have settled in many Townships of the Country; and the individual progress made by several thousands of people, who have taken Lands from the Company, corrobates the success which has attended settlement in Upper Canada.

The Canada Company's LANDS are offered for sale by way of LEASE for *Ten Years*; or for SALE, CASH DOWN. *The plan of 1 5th Cash, and Balance in Instalments, being done away with.*

The Rents payable 1st February each year, are about the Interest at 6 per cent., upon the Cash Price of the Land. Upon most of the Lots, when Leased, NO MONEY IS REQUIRED DOWN: whilst upon the others, *according to locality, One Two, or Three Years Rent* must be paid in *advance*, but these payments will *free* the settler from *further* Calls, until the second, Third, or Fourth Year of his Term of Lease.

The Settler has secured to him the right of converting his *Lease* into a *Freehold*, and of course *stopping payment* of further Rents, before the expiration of the Term, upon paying the purchase of Money specified in the Lease.

The Lessee has thus *guaranteed* to *him* the *entire benefit* of his *Improvements* and *increased value* of the Land he occupies, should he wish to purchase.—But he may, if he pleases refuse to call for the Freehold: the *option* being *completely* with the *Settler*.

A Discount, after the rate of Two per Cent. will be allowed for anticipated payment of the purchase Money for every unexpired year of Lease, before entering the Tenth Year.—The Lessee has also secured to him the benefit of the SETTLERS' SAVINGS' BANK ACCOUNT.

The Canada Company have published "*A Catechism of Information for Intending Emigrants, of all classes to Upper Canada*:" copies of which, as well as further information, may be obtained *gratuitously*, by applying at the Office of G. BLATCH, Esq., Barrister at Law, Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

Commissioners of the Canada Company's office
Canada West.—Toronto, 20th Nov. 1848.

To Let.

THE House in Duke Street, next above Charlotte Street, at present occupied by Mr. Halsall.—Enquire of Mrs. E. DURANT.
October 13.

Mr. James P. P. Lester,
SURGEON,

HAS taken an Office in Charlotte Street, on his Father's Premises, opposite the residence of R. F. Hazen, Esq. Oct. 27.

Type for sale.

169 Lbs. good BREVIER, but little used; 5 pairs Cases. Apply at the Chronicle Office.
December 8.

GANG SAWED Shipping Boards—100 000 Feet "Superior" Gang Sawed Pine Shipping BOARDS, sawed in June last and stock, for sale low by
Nov. 24. C. & W. H. ADAMS.

ALE! ALE!!

JUST received by the Subscriber—20 Barrels "*Redmond's*" Superior PHILADELPHIA ALE, the best lot ever imported to this market. On draught or by the barrel.
Dec. 1.

Poetry.

THE MARCH OF TIME.

WRITTEN ON HEARING THE CHRISTMAS BELLS RING A MERRY PEAL ON THE TYROLESE ALPS.

The march of Time, the march of Time,
Bending with giant step sublime
O'er cultured field and gilden dome,
Grinding to dust palace and tomb;
O'er tower and temple sowing weeds,
Effacing nations, blotting deeds;
Mountains that were when he begun—
What matters it to you now Time his course has run?

His wearing step upon your heads
Leaves no trace of where he treads;
No wrinkle can his iron plough
Furrow on the mountain's brow:
Those snows that dare the burning day,
Are sighs of might, but not decay:
Mountains eternal and sublime,
What matters it to you the march of Time?

By the clock's voice the trader rules his day,
By the clock's voice the seaman steers his way;
War waits its mandate, hunger owns its power,
Pride reckons moments, Love has e'en *his* hour:
In all his acts, man needs the bell's dull tongue:
What skill it, mountains, *your* blue thrones among?

Or must it be, that ere time finds an end,
Your heads, ye ancient giants, too must bend?
That for you also comes th' appointed hour?
And that each bell, fraught with prophetic power,
Proclaims the nigh inevitable change
Of each existent thing through nature's range?
If so, strike on, strike on! thou mighty chime,
Amongst these mountains is thy voice sublime.

SAINT JOHN FOUNDRY.

The Subscriber has on hand, at his Establishment (adjoining the Custom House,) an extensive assortment of

COOKING STOVES, of the most approved patterns;
FRANKLINS;
Close Wood and Coal STOVES;
Air Tight ditto.
Register, and half Register GRATES;
PLOUGHS of various patterns, with and without Wood Work;
Ship's Patent Windlass Gears, Hawse Pipes, Cylinders and Pails;
Stove Pipe, Tinware, House pumps and lead pipe to suit:
Boilers, Furnace Doors and Bars;
Patent Oven Doors;
Sash Weights;
Pots, Bakepans, Tea Kettles, Griddles, Grid irons, Frying pans, Sad Irons, Saucepans, Preserving Kettles;
Bells; Nails and Spikes;
Deep Sea, Hand and Net LEADS, &c. &c.

All of which is offered to his friends and the public at the lowest rates; and he would respectfully solicit the attention of purchasers

☞ Orders for *Mill and Ship Work*, and Iron, Brass, and Leak Castings, executed at shortest notice.

Sept. 8. 1848. THOMAS C. EVERETT.

CHARLES E. POTTER,

Carver, Gilder, Looking Glass, Portrait, and Picture Frame Manufacturer,

BEGS to inform his friends and the Public that he has taken a Shop in Mr. Sears' House, *Corner of Germain and Princess Streets*, and is now prepared to execute in the neatest manner and at the shortest notice, all orders with which he may be entrusted, and he hopes by strict attention and moderate charges, to receive a share of Public patronage.

Looking Glass, Portrait and Picture Frames of every description, Plain and Gilt, made to order at the shortest notice. Mouldings of every pattern, always on hand.

Particular attention will be given to SIGN PAINTING, in Plain, Gilt, and Fancy Lettering. Orders in this line respectfully solicited.

☞ SHIP GILDING, of every discription, shall receive prompt attention at moderate charges.

N. B. Old Frames repaired and re-Gilt, Borders for Rooms, &c. &c.

St. John N. B. September 1st. 1848.

Paper Hangings, Looking Glasses,

Just received on Consignment:—

2000 PIECES handsome French Paper Hangings;
500 yards BORDERING for ditto;
30 Ceiling Centres and Fire Screens;
100 Toilet and Dressing GLASSES;
35 doz. Assorted Looking GLASSES;
15 boxes assorted sizes Looking Glass Plates;
60 doz. Musical Fruit;
60 doz. Shaving Boxes; 20 sets Dish Covers;
3 setts Fire Irons; 15 assorted FENDERS;
50 quires Grass PAPER;
33 dozen Drawer Knobs;
26 pair Brass CANDLESTICKS;
59 dozen Knives and Forks;
81 dozen assorted Brushes;
21 dozen Razor Strops.—For sale by
JOHN KINNEAR,
14th sept. *Prince Wm. street.*

PAINTS AND OIL.

Ex Kent, from London—

500 KEGS Bradram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD;
200 kegs Green, Red, Black, Yellow and Brown PAINTS;
1 ton Powder of RED LEAD;
20 hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL.

For sale at North Side the Market Square, cheap for cash. [Oct 7, 1848] W. O. SMITH.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

(Just received, per 'Widow,' from New York:)
A LOT of fancy Air-Tight Parlor STOVES for burning coal.—Also, a lot of Diamond Empire Cooking Stoves, Charcoal Furnaces, Water Urns, Hollow Ware, &c. &c.—For sale low, by JOHN S. WESTLOTORN.
Sept. 8. *King's-Square.*

By the COLUMBUS, from Liverpool:

20 THOUSAND feet English Crown GLASS;
290 boxes Steele's SOAP; 10 Brls. Pot Barley.

Also—from Boston:—

No. 1 4, and 5, Boston Coal STOVES, which with No. 2 and 3 on hand before, makes up the sizes in use of this Pattern.

Also—6 Bales Cotton BATTING.
October 27. JOHN KINNEAR.

Boston Made STOCKS.

SELF adjusting SATIN STOCKS; Long end ditto, French Bombazine do. with bows; Plain Satin and Bombazine ditto; Pleted Silk Velvet Stocks; Fancy imitation Handkerchief ditto.

☞ The above are superior to the English make in fit, appearance, and durability.

GARRETT & SKILLEN.
PANTECHNETHECA. Dec. 5.

Castor Oil, and Axes.

Just received, and for sale—

26 DOZEN pint and half pint bottles of CASTOR OIL;
& 12 dozen NARROW AXES.
JOHN KINNEAR.
Dec. 8. *Prince Wm. street.*

ST. JOHN COFFEE HOUSE,
AND GENTLEMEN'S

Oyster Saloon,

THE Proprietor most respectfully informs the Public of saint John, that he has taken that Commodious House in Cross street, (nearly opposite his old stand,) and formerly known as Mrs. Brook's Boarding House, and that he has, at a very great expence, and a disregard of time and trouble, fitted it up in the most approved manner, after the style of similar establishments in Great Britain and the United states. He flatters himself that he has among his friends and well wishers, a great number of highly respectable gentlemen, and to them he would now tender his most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received from them. To those who may henceforth honor the ST. JOHN COFFEE HOUSE with their patronage he will pledge himself to give every satisfaction both in the quality and style in serving up of the viands which he may place before them; as also to have at the earliest moment any and every variety which this and the American markets can produce.

Families can be supplied with the choicest **Oysters**, raw or cooked in any style, delivered at their own dwellings, the quality of which shall be unquestionable.

Clubs and Dinner parties attended to with the least possible delay and at the most reasonable charges.

☞ Gentlemen will please call and judge for themselves and they will have a proof positive.

Dinners, Lunches, &c. prepared. Gentlemen accommodated with private rooms.

☞ *A prime lot of Oysters, (real natives) just received by the Admiral.*

June 2. T. W. HENERY.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,
MARKET SQUARE.

The subscriber has received a variety of New and Fashionable Spring Goods, consisting of—

NEWEST Materials for *Ladies' Dresses*, in Printed Cashmeres and Delaines, Ginghams, Poplin de Soie, COBURGS; Silk, striped and Figured *ORLEANS*; Printed Muslins; SHAWLS and SCARFS in Barege, Cashmere, &c; Fancy Printed Calicoes; Furniture Prints; BONNETS in great variety, latest style; Bonnet Ribbons; Parasols, Gent's Gingham GRAVATS, satin Stocks, Bed Ticking, Regatta Shirting, Irish Linens, Lawns, Diaper, Hollands, 8 4 Damask, 8 4 and 10 4 Sheetings, Moleskins, Cotton Drills, white and fancy COUNTERPANES, Carpets, Rugs &c.

100 Chests superior Congo TEA, 1 ton Madras INDIGO.

☞ A further supply daily expected.

May 26. WM. HOWARD.

BRANDY, GENEVA, WINE, &c. &c.

Now Landing ex *Kent* and other vessels from London, &c.

30 HHDS. old Cognac BRANDY—*Martell's Hennessy's and Otards;*
10 hhds. finest PALE ditto;
30 hhds. finest PALE GENEVA;
5 hhds. and 10 qr. Casks Choice OLD PORT;
10 hhds } *Choice PALE, BROWN, and*
10 qr. casks } *GOLDEN SHERRY;*
5 hhds. and 10 qr. casks L. P. MADEIRA;
2 hhds. very old and choice old Jamaica RUM,
5 puns. Islay and Cambelton WHISKEY;
10 cases finest SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE,
10 cases Liqueres, Cherry Brandy and Maraschino,
40 casks best PORTER and Brown Stout—in pint and quart bottles;
In Store:—Choice Old Wines, &c. of every description, in wood and bottle.

RANNEY STURDEE & CO.,
Oct 6. *Wine Merchants, Prince Wm street*

On Consignment,

And for Sale by the Subscriber:—

6 CASES, containing 200 Pieces Superior IRISH LINENS;
12 Pieces LINEN SHEETING;
20 dozen Cambric HANDKERCHIEFS;
35 pieces LINEN DIAPER;
4 Casks, 10 cases and 4 Bales, containing Patent Shoe Hemp, Tailor's Thread, Shop Twine, Packing Cord, and fine tooth Combs;
70 dozen Black, Blue, and Red Writing INK;
100 Gross Black Lead PENCILS;
30 dozen Martindale's Shoe BLACKING;
84 dozen Whip Thongs, ass'd 4, 6, and 8 Plat;
30 Pieces Oiled TABLE COVERING.

WILLIAM CARVILL.
Nov. 24. Nelson street.

Baths! Baths!

AS the Bathing season is now drawing high the Subscriber would call the attention of those who have not provided themselves with a Bathing apparatus, to call and examine his varied assortment of BATHS, namely—Shower, Stretching, and Slipper Baths; Roman or Hip Baths, Children's do.; Foot Baths, &c.

ROBERT WALLACE.

A few doors North Trinity Church, Germain st.
St. John, N. B., April 7, 1848.

☞ The above are all manufactured from the best material and warranted.

FURNITURE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has ready for inspection at his Ware Rooms in Germain street, a select assortment of Mahogany Sofas, Couches, Centre Tables, Rocking, Lounging, and Drawing Room Chairs. Also, a variety of Butternut Furniture, together with a large stock of Cane and Wood seated Chairs, Birch Tables, Post and French Bedsteads, &c., all of Domestic Manufacture, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

DANIEL GREEN, JUNR.
June 2, 1848.

☞ **NOTICE.**

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of TISDALE LYON, late of Sussex Vale, Yeoman, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within twelve months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to MARGARET A. LYON, *Administratrix.*

Sussex Vale, 21st June, 1848

☞ **NOTICE.**

THE Copartnership hitherto existing under the firm of JARVIS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Creditors are requested to present their demands to E. L. JARVIS, who is authorised to collect all debts due to the said firm.

EDWARD L. JARVIS,
G. MURRAY JARVIS.
11th July, 1848.

☞ **REMOVAL.**

MR. HENRY CARD, Organist and Professor of Music, has changed his place of residence from Mecklenburg, to Dorchester street, opposite the residence of D. Scovil Esq., where he will be happy to receive applications from his friends and the public in general for employment in the branches of his profession. May 5th, 1848—tf

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At reduced Prices:

COOKING STOVES; Air-Tight; Franklins; Box Stoves; Chamber and Cylinder Stoves; all new and complete, for sale.

☞ Please call at the store between H. Chubb's and W. Major's, Prince Wm. street.

JOHN KINNEAR.
29th sept.

Long Handled Spades.

100 DOZ. Long Handled Spades;
200 doz. Miner's SHOVELS;
For sale cheap for approved payment, by
May 26. WM. CARVILL.

SALT!—Landing ex ship *Thomas*, and for sale by the subscribers—6000 Bushels Liverpool SALT. J. & H. HAMM.

Iron, Tin, Anchors, Chains, &c. &c.

Now landing ex ship NEW ZEALAND—

100 BOXES TIN PLATES, assorted, ICW, IC, IX, IXX, DC & DX.
60 bundles Sheet Iron, assorted, Nos. 20 & 22;
6 pairs FORGE BELLOWS, 30 to 34 inch;
10 M. English FIRE BRICK;
157 bolts best Navy CANVAS, ass'd. Nos. 1 & 7.

Ex "Orleans" from Liverpool—

2 best proved STUD CHAINS, 60 fms. ⅝ in, with Shackles complete;
4 best proved Stud Chains, 75 fms., ⅞ & 1 inch with Shackles complete;
1 best proved Stud Chain, 90 faths., 1¼ inch, with Shackles complete;
7 best proved short link Chains, assorted, from ¾ to 1¼;
6 best iron stock Anchors, ½ to 8 cwt;
8 best wood stock Anchors, from 10 to 27 cwt;
200 kegs diamond deck and rose head SPIKES, ass'd, 5 to 10 inch;
12 best *Blacksmiths'* ANVILS, 12 do. do. *Vices.*

—IN STOCK—

50 tons English Bar and Bolt IRON, well assd.;
150 tons refined do. do. (Hunt & Brown's);
— tons 'Swedes' IRON, assorted;
20 tons small round refined IRON, ½ to ⅞ inch;
5 tons HOOP IRON, assorted;
5 tons Plough Plate IRON, assorted 2 to 5 in.;
5 tons 'Sanderson's' best CAST STEEL.
2 tons 'Naylor's' best do., do.;
3 tons best Blistered Steel, Hoop L & CCND
2 tons spring and shear STEEL, assorted;
400 share Moulds and Anchor Palms;
250 bolt COPPER, assorted, ⅜ to 1⅜ inch;
150 bolts PATENT METAL, 5-8 to 1⅜ inch;
5 tons Liverpool OAKUM;
100 doz. Long handle Irish SPADES;
100 Miners' Shovels, 30 doz. Ballast do.;
60 dozen Griffin's SCYTHES, ass'd. 28 & 36 in.;
6 tons HOLLOW WARE, consisting of Pots, Pans, Bake Ovens and Covers, and Griddles;
140 TEA KETTLES, assorted, Nos. 1 to 6;
50 bundles Iron WIRE, Nos. 6 to 18;
100 pieces Irish LINEN, (very superior).

Daily expected per ship *Commodore*, Pritchard, master:—

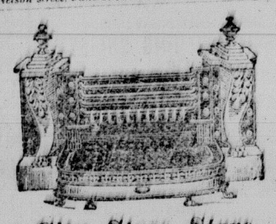
50 tons BOLT IRON, assorted sizes;

Per *Caroline Lesure*, Pation, master:—

40 tons No. 1, Gartsherrie PIG IRON.

All of which the subscriber offers for sale at low rates for prompt payment.

WILLIAM CARVILL.
Nelson street, June 6, 1848.



City Store Store,

14.—Dock Street.—14.

JUST received at the *City Store store*, a general assortment of Cooking and other STOVES, as a glance over the following imperfect list will shew, —and amongst which will be recognized the names of some too well and favourably known to need note or comment:—

FRANKLINS—various sizes;
Prism and Wager's Airtight;
HATHEWAY—three sizes;
VICTORY, 3 do.; Diamond Empire, 4 do;
Atwood Empire, 2 ditto;
Hartshorn and Ames, and Charles 1st, for wood or coal;
Box and Cylinder Stoves, of various patterns;
Ships Cabin and Forecastle do.;
CAMBOOSES;

Together with a general assortment of Hollowware

☞ All articles in Copper, Tin, sheet Iron, lead zinc made and repaired at the shortest notice, and on reasonnable terms.

Oct. 15. W. WESTLOTORN.

Commercial HOTEL.

Head of King-street, Saint John, New Brunswick!!

THE Subscriber begs leave to announce to his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has re-leased the above Establishment for a term of years. This Hotel has recently undergone a thorough repair, and neither pains nor expense have been spared to render it equal to any in the Province. The walls of the old part have been torn down and new one substituted, besides which very extensive additions have lately been made to the Establishment—fourteen entirely new rooms have just been thrown open, finished and furnished in a superior style.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received the subscriber pledges himself that no effort on his part shall be spared to render the stay of those visiting the "Commercial" pleasant and agreeable. —The Travelling Public and others are respectfully invited to call and make trial for themselves.

Families visiting this City can always be accommodated with Private Rooms, &c. &c.

Commodious Stabling for Horses, and a superior Hostler always in attendance.

ROBERT WETMORE,
St. John, June 9, 1848. *Proprietor.*

Sand's Arcade, Prince Wm. street.

Marsh, late Drury.

Importer and Retail Dealer in Cutlery, Family HARDWARE, and Carpenter Tools.

IS now opening by the *Wanderer*, a complete assortment of Carpenter's Door Locks, and Hinges; an extensive variety of Table and other CUTLERY; Scissors; Tin Ware; Brass Taps; Hand saw Files, and a general stock of shelf Goods suited for the season,—all of which are offered at lowest Cash prices. June 2.

Exchange Re-opened.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs the Citizens of Saint John, and Vicinity that he has opened the EXCHANGE, No. 17, Church street, as a RESTAURANT.

Breakfasts, Dinners, and Suppers served up at all hours.—Clubs and Parties waited upon at shortest notice.

A constant supply of Boston and New York **OYSTERS**, always on hand, and he trusts by strict attention to his business, to merit a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM H. GARDENER.

COOL RETREAT!

In the Old Custom House, nearly opposite the Bank of British North America.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform the Public that he is now prepared to accommodate those who may please to favour him with a call, with *Lunches, Dinners*, and *Suppers*, every day, (Sundays excepted), on the cheapest terms possible, and in usual good style which cannot be surpassed by any house in New Brunswick.

Sept. 1. JAMES SORLIE.

☞ Meat Pies &c. made to order and sent home

GIN! GIN!

DAILY expected per schooner 'Eliza Jane,' from Halifax, and for sale by the subscribers—20 Hhds. Holands GIN, (very superior.)

July 11. J. & H. HAMM.

CUMBERLAND BUTTER.—12 Firkins prime Cumberland Butter received and for sale by

Nov. 10. T. HANFORD.

MINERVA
Life Assurance Company,

84, King William street, Mansion house, London

TRUSTEES.

Thomas Halifax, junior, Esquire,
Francis Mills, Esquire,
Thomas Heath, Esquire,
Claude E. Scott, Esquire,

DIRECTORS.

FRANCIS MILLS, Esquire, *Chairman.*
THOS. HEATH, Esq., *Deputy Chairman.*

John Leach Bennett, Esq.	William Lyall, Esq.
Wm. Chippindale, Esq.	Thomas Morgan, Esq
Edward S. Codd, Esq.	John Stewart, Esq.
John Harvey, Esq.	R. F. Watson, Esq.
Edwin Leaf, Esq.	J. J. Zornlin, Esq.

AUDITORS.

Robert Wells Byles, Esquire,
Charles R. Hartford, Esquire,
William Scott, Esquire,

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Tweedie, F. R. S., 30, Montague Place, Bedford-square, London.
Dr. John Paddock, saint John, N. B.

SOLICITOR.

John Saunders Bowden, Esq., 66, Aldermanbury.

BANKERS.

Messrs. Glynn, Halifax, Mills & Co.
Sir Claude Scott, Bart & Co.

AT the FIRST division of Profits for the five years ending 31st December, 1841, the Reversionary Bonus averaged 31 PER CENT. *on the Premium paid during the preceding five years!* The equivalent reduction of Premium averaged nearly 17 PER CENT. *on the Annual Premiums payable during the succeeding Five Years.*

The SECOND division of Profits, was made on 23d June, 1847, for the five years ending 31st December 1846. The clear divisible surplus was then £39,269 7s 9d, four-fifths of which, have been distributed according to the provisions of the Deed of settlement, among the Policy holders an AVERAGE REDUCTION ON THE PREMIUMS PAYABLE until the next division in 1852, of 31½ per cent.; or gave an equivalent REVERSIONARY BONUS, averaging £8 13s 5d per cent. on the sums assurred, or 53¼ per cent. on the *Premiums received thereon, during the last five years.*

Among the advantages of the Company are the following:—

Four fifths of the profits given every *five* years to the Assured by the participation scale.

Persons assured with this Company are allowed to reside in the colonies of *British North America, New South Wales*, and *Cape of Good Hope*, WITHOUT extra charge upon payment of sea risk only for the two latter.

No appearance before the Court of Directors required.

Loans are granted on deposit of Policies for five years standing, to the extent of their value.

WM. THOS. ROBINSON,
Actuary and Secretary.

The Quinquennial division will be made in June, 1852; and all persons assuring by the participating scale prior to 31st December, 1850, will be entitled to share therein.

WM. THOS. ROBINSON, *Actuary and Secretary.*

☞ Tables of Rates of Premium, and every information can be obtained by application at the office of

RANNEY, STURDEE & CO., St. John,
August 4. *Agents for New Brunswick.*

Fancy Goods, ex Kent.

Received at the LIVERPOOL HOUSE, *Prince William Street*, ex Kent, from London—Selling CHEAP:

LADIES' CARDINALS, MOFFS, BOAS, Victorines and COFFS—in French Sable, Stone Martin, Fitch, Grey Squirrel, Ermine, and British Sable Furs.

Paris Blond Net, Black Silk LACES,
Egyptian, American, and German LACES,
Thread and Narrow Edgings,
Crape Puffing, Blond, Silk Rouche,
Cambric Handkfs., French and Mourning FLOWERS.

With a large assortment of SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, CLOTHS, Trouserings, Vestings, Blankets, &c.

To arrive per Peruvian—Cloths, Blankets, Wrappers and a variety of FANCY GOODS—latest London fashions.

VAUGHANS & LOCKHART.
October 13th, 1848.

S. K. FOSTER'S

Ladies' & Gentlemen's SHOE STORE,

Corner of King and Germain streets, and

LADIES' SHOE STORE,

Next store but one South of corner store in Germain street.

THE subscriber has just received per ship *Queen*, from Liverpool the first part of his Fall supply of Fashionable BOOTS and SHOES, suitable for the present and approaching season.—Comprising every variety that may be required for Dress as well as for Service.

S. K. FOSTER.
sept 22.

COPPERSMITH'S WORK.

THE subscriber takes the following method to inform his friends interested in the management or construction of Steam Boats, that he carries on the Coppersmith business in all its branches.—Milt and Steamboat repairs punctually attended to.

The subscriber pledges himself that all work in the above line committed to his charge, shall be executed in a substantial and workman like manner.

N. B.—Brass Castings of every description punctually attended to.

ROBERT WALLACE.

A few doors North Trinity Church, Germain st
April 7. 1848

Chains, Spikes, and Nails.

Ex ship *Peruvian* from Liverpool, on consignment:

50 CASKS, each 2 cwt. 1 4 5 16, 3 3, 7 16 and ½ inch CHAINS.
50 casks, each 2 cwt 4d, 5, 5d, 6, 6d, 7, 7 1 2, and 9 inch DECK SPIKES.
15 do. do. 5, 6 and 7 inch Rose head SPIKES.
15 do. 2 ¾, 3, 3¾, and 3 1 2 Boat Nails.
14 do. (400 lbs. each 4d. and 7d. Ox and Horse Shoe NAILS.
5 do. (240 lbs.) 12d. and 14dy. fine clasp wro't NAILS.
27 do. (assorted qualities) 8 10, 12, 14, and 28d. wro't BOARD NAILS.

Which with his Stock on hand of intermediate sizes, and articles of the best description, will enable the undersigned to supply every call on as advantageous terms as any in the market.

Nov. 7. H. G. KINNEAR.

SHOT, CASTOR OIL,

By the PERUVIAN, from Liverpool:—

HALF-A-TON BB, No 3 4 and A SHOT;
25 dozen bottles CASTOR OIL;
Half a chest SWEET OIL; 1 chest CASSIA;
5 bundles of weight Servants' Friend,
5 do do ALUM, 10 boxes PIPES;
100 gross Long CORKS;
20 kegs Superfine MUSTARD;
5 kegs Queen's BLUE.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.
Nov. 7. *Prince Wm. Street*

SHIP STORES.

20 BARRELS MESS PORK;
15 ditto Prime ditto;
30 barrels Mess BEEF, 5 do. Prime ditto;
75 do. NAVY BREAD.

For sale at Hammond's Buildings, 20, Dock street in or out of bond by

22d sept H. G. KINNEAR.

Coals! Coals!

50 CHALDRONS best quality GRAND LAKE COALS.—For sale by,

JOHN S. WESTLOTORN.
Sept. 8, 1848. *King's Square.*

EMPORIUM OF FASHION,

Selling Off, 25 per cent. Cheaper, than any other Store in the City, at the

St. John CLOTHING MART,

Water street—Old Stand, Stephen's Brick Building

10 BALES of West of England, Beaver, Pilot and superfine Broad CLOTHS, of various colours and textures;
Cassimeres, Buck and Doeskins, latest styles;
20 Bales of WINTER CLOTHING, consisting of fine & superfine plain diamond Pilot Cloth COATS, Bedford, Albert, Polka and Athol styles, and improved shapes richly trimmed silk velvet COLLARS, CUFFS, and Trimmings, to suit.

CLOTHING MADE IN THE ESTABLISHMENT:

A Great Variety of Fine and superfine FROCK and Dress COATS; Do. Beaver, Pilot Frock, and OVER COATS, of every shade and quality, get up by Olivers new style of cutting, richly trimmed;
PANTALOONS in great variety—plain and figured Cassimeres, Checks and stripes;
VESTS—In rich Silk Velvet, Satin, Cassimere Valentia, Tollinett, and Plaid;
SUPERFINE BROAD CLOTH JACKETS—In blue, black, brown, and Invisible Green. Ditto, fine beaver, Doffield and Pilot Cloths Youth's Clothing, of every description, made to order, Mackintosh and Water proof Coats.
Lambswool Shirts and Pants, plain and ribbed; Regatta and heavy striped SHIRTS; White Cotton, with linen fronts; white red and blue Flannel, plain and twiled;
Gents' silk and satin Handkerchiefs and Scarfs; satin stocks, plain and figured; 3 cases of capes for sealskin, cloth, plush and sealette caps;
Beaver, silk and gossamer HATS; glengarry and blue bonnets; umbrellas;
Travelling Bags and Trunks; silk, india rubber and cotton braces; Hosiery, in great variety.

SEAMEN'S CLOTHING:

Beaver, pilot, reefing, pea and monkey jackets oil skin south westers; mattresses;
Hammocks and clews; sheaths and belts; mitts gloves, socks, and heavy stockings; boots shoes, &c.
Various other Articles, too numerous to mention.

☞ Gentlemen leaving their Orders and selecting their Cloth, can have them executed on the shortest notice, quick despatch, latest fashion, and newest style.

☞ Those wishing to purchase, would find it much to their advantage to call and judge for themselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

F. NEILL.

H. S. SCRIBNER,
Tailor,

Prince William Street—St. John, N. B.

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and TROUSERINGS—of various colour and pattern.

A variety of VESTINGS—consisting in Satins, Quiltings, & Fancy Stuffs, suitable for the season, which he will make up to order at very low prices for satisfactory payments;

He would also call attention to his stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

which he is making up under his own inspection, and offering at very low prices for cash.

—ALSO—

Fine Lambswool, Merino, and Cotton SHIRTS and DRAWERS;
Fine Linen Shirt Fronts and Collars;
Fine White Shirts; Satin Neck Ties, Scarfs Stocks, Cravats; Cotton Socks; Silk and Indian Rubber Braces; knit do.; Web do;
Pocket Handkerchiefs; Scarlet and White Night Caps, &c. &c. &c.

July 13

JAMES AGNEW,

Corner King and Cross Streets, St. John, N. B., June 12th, 1847.

HAS just received per Royal Mail Steamer, via Halifax, an extensive assortment of Gold and Silver WATCHES, SILVER PLATE rich JEWELLERY, NAUTICAL and PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHRONOMETERS, &c., which together with a large and well assorted Stock on hand, is offered Wholesale and Retail, at his usual moderate prices, for good payment.

P. S.—Chronometers repaired and rated with the utmost accuracy.—Watches Clocks, Nautical and Philosophical Instruments corrected and adjusted in the most scientific and mechanical manner

---

CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully intimate to the public that he has commenced business as

STOVE DEALER,

in the Brick Building on the North side King's square adjoining the British American Hotel where he offers, at Wholesale and Retail, every description of STOVES, FRANKLINS, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

J. S. WESTLOTORN.

N. B. Orders received at the above establishment for all kinds of *SHIP and MILL Castings.*

St. John 4th August, 1848.

COFEIN WAREROOMS.

Second door North Trinity Church, Germain street, St. John N. B.

THE subscriber would beg to acquaint the public, that he keeps constantly on hand

MADE COFFINS

of every size and quality, which will be sold at very reduced prices, from what has been formerly charged in this City, and as the subscriber has spared no pains in getting up a well finished article, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ A Hearse may be obtained on applicat on as above.

Nov. 5, 1848. M. N. POWERS

FALL GOODS.

Just received per ship "Themis" from Liverpool—

THE Subscriber is just opening his Fall Stock of Winter Goods, consisting of West of England Broad, Beaver and Pilot Cloths.—Also, a large quantity of Fancy Trowsers' Stuffs, and Vestings, which he offers at Reduced prices, for Cash only.

J. H. has also on hand a large Stock of Winte Clothing, which he offers at the lowest Cash prices

JAMES HOWARD.
Oct. 6. *King street.*

IRON & SPIKES.

Now landing ex ship *Ion* from Liverpoopool:

30 TONS common Bolt IRON, assorted;
60 bags Deck Spikes, 4 to 10 inch.

Daily expected per *Unicorn* and *Thomas*—50 Tons Common and Refined Iron, assorted; 100 Bags Deck Spikes, 4 to 10 inch.

July 11. THOS. F. RAYMOND Nelson st

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

150 STOVES, consisting of Stewarts, Washington, Hathaway, Knickerbocker, Victory, New England, Rotary, Economist's Friend, Yankee Premium and Trogan Pioneer Cooking Stoves, sheet Iron, Air Tight, Close, and Cylinder Stoves.

H. G. KINNEAR.
22d sept. 20, *Dock street.*

GENTLEMENS' real Macras Grass Cloth NECKERCHIEFS, a fashionable wear,—For sale by GARRETT & SKILLEN.
PANTECHNETHECA. Dec. 15.

By the Queen's patent.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS OF

Buchan's Hungarian Balsam of Life,

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR

Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and Consumption.

THE most celebrated and infallible remedy for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, and every form of Pulmonary Consumption, is the HUNGARIAN BALSAM OF LIFE, discovered by that eminent medical chemist Dr. Buchan, of London, England, and extensively known as the "Great Eastern" Remedy.

It has been tested for upwards of seven years in Great Britain and on the continent of Europe, where it is universally considered the great, and only remedy for this awful malady, and now introduced to the public under the immediate superintendence of the inventor. Within three years it has been distributed from Maine to Florida, and from Canada to Wisconsin, and its effects are every where alike ASTONISHING AND TRIUMPHANT.

As a preventive medicine, and an antidote to the consumptive tendencies of the climate, it is invaluable. As a remedy for severe and obstinate coughs Inflammation of the Lungs, cromp, &c. it is unrivaled. But the Proprietors so confident of the merit of this great remedy, in the worst forms for consumption, that he prefers to have it used by the DYING INVALID, rather than by persons afflicted with some simple and less dangerous disorder of the throat and lungs:—this may seem strong language, but it is the result of experience in thousands of cases, sustained by the most intelligent and unimpeachable testimony. It is not pronounced an infallible remedy in all cases, but it is THE MOST INFALLIBLE remedy known to the civilized world. It is the best preventive of hereditary consumption—it is the best defender against the influences of climate—it is the best remedy for incipient consumption—and it is the great and only remedy for that fearful *softening of the lungs—inflammation of the membrane, and tuberculous decay*, which are the last effects of that dreadful scourge, and which are erroneously supposed to be beyond the reach of medical aid;—the agent or proprietors of other and farther beyond the reach of hope.

Such is not the case with the Hungarian Balsam It is always salutary in its effects—never injurious It is not an opiate—it is not a tonic—it is not a mere expectorant. It is not intended to lull the invalid into a fatal security. It is a great remedy, a grand healing and curative compound; the great and only remedy which medical science and skill has yet produced for the treatment of this hitherto unconquerable malady. It is in fact the *best remedy in the world!*

[From the John Bull, newspaper, London.]

There is certainly some mysterious and occult virtue in the famous "Hungarian Balsam of Life which the medical faculty are unable to discover of Dr. Buchan would not be permitted for so many years to enjoy the magnificent monopoly of the treatment and cure of Consumption in Great Britain. No satisfactory analysis of this famous compound has ever, to our knowledge, been offered to the public.

Sold by McDonald & Smith, Sole Agents for the United Kingdom.

By special appointment PETERS and TILLEY, No. 2, King street, St. John, Sole Agents for the Province of New Brunswick. Aug. 10

DR. MANLY HARDY'S

JAUNDICE BITTERS,

For Jaundice and Bilious Complaints.

German Pain Killer,

One of the best remedies ever offered to the Public *for Cholic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Pain in the side or Back, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Burns, &c.*

There are several kinds of PAIN KILLER in use, of little or no real value. On each label of the GERMAN PAIN KILLER may be found the signature of WM. G. HARDY.

Hardy's Columbian Anodyne Liniment, or,

Liquid Opodeldoc,

An article which has been for several years before the Public, and tens of thousands of Bottles of it have been sold, and it is pronounced by all who have used it superior to any other for sprains, Bruises, stiffness of the Joints, Cramp, Rheumatism, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Bites and stings of insects, Flatulency, Cholic, Internal strains, spitting of Blood, Coughs, Weakness of the Lungs, and many complaints consequent on injuries of the Chest and Debility. Each label contains the signature of R. K. & W. G. HARDY.

Marden's Horse and Ox Liniment,

An invaluable remedy for Scratches, Harness Galls, stiff and sprained Joints, Bruises and Flesh wounds, Wind Galls, and all other tumoured affections.

Each label contains the signature of R. K. & W. G. Hardy.

☞ For sale by Mr. S. L. Tilley, King street, saint John, N. B. June 30.

Flutinas and Accordeons.

A FEW of the above Instruments, (selected for tune finish and durability, by Mr. Myers, the Accordeon Melodist,) for sale by

Oct. 6. VAUGHANS & LOCKHART.

GROUND PEPPER.—Per *Charlotte* from Halifax:—25 boxes best Ground PEPPER, in bulk and in pounds and ½ pound papers, Mott & Son's manufacture.—For sale at Hammond's Buildings, 20, Dock street, by

August 11. H. G. KINNEAR.

FOR SALE, a superb toned Patent *Equal tension* Piccolo PIANOFORTE, by WORNUM [Patentee] in handsome Rosewood case.—Apply at this Office. August 4, 1848.

BALANCE SCALES.—Ex Schooner Eliza Jane from Boston, on Consignment—12 Balance Platform Scales, calculated to weigh 320 lbs each.—For sale at Hammond's Buildings 20, Dock street.

August 2. H. G. KINNEAR.

Window Glass and Sugar.

BY the *Themis* from Liverpool: 8000 feet Window Glass, 7x9, 8x10, 10x12, 12x14 in 25 and 50 feet packages; 6 tierces Crushed Sugar.—For sale by (sept. 22.) JOHN KINNEAR.

SHIPS' CAMBOOSES.—For sale by the subscriber 4 large sized ship's Cambooses, superior article, with double grate and feeder and with oven suitable for ships of the largest class.

August 25. J. S. WESTLOTORN,
King's square

Tea, Tobacco and Oatmeal.

PER Senator from New York—20 chests fine Congou TEA; 20 boxes (Grant & Williams) best Honey Dew Tobacco. *From Sackville*—10 barrels late Ground Oatmeal; for sale by

November 3. H. G. KINNEAR.

COOKING STOVES.

25 BEST Pioneer Cooking Stoves at two thirds price for sale by

Oct. 27. H. G. KINNEAR.