Huron Signal.

WEEKLY EDITION.

W. F. COX, Editor and Proprietor.] The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number.

$1,50 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE! GODERICH, C. W., THURSDAY, OCT. 19, 1865. VOL. XVIII.—NO 38

Business Directory.

Dr. P. A. McDougall,
WILL BE AT HOME FOR CONSULTATION up to 11 o'clock, a.m., every day. Will visit patients at any hour afterwards, night or day.

G. C. Shannon, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c., GODERICH, C.W. 13:40-1y

DR. McLEAN,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CORONER &c. Office and Residence third door east of Central School

Dr. Cole,
LATE OF STANLEY—CLINTON, HURON Road. (Mr. Thwaites's former Store) July 1, '62.

DR. A. WORTHINGTON,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., will attend, particularly, to diseases of and surgical operations upon the eye.
MOWICK VILLAGE, Dec. 15, 1862. [w47-1y

Ira Lewis,
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-Law, and Solicitor-in-Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Canada West. Office a Court House. v14n40

M. C. Cameron,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c., Kingston street, Goderich, C.W.

Sinclair & Walker,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c. Office, over the Store of J. V. Detlor & Son, Goderich.

Henry McDermot,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Notaries Public, &c., West Street, Goderich. 10:1

John Davison,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c Office, Market Square, Corner of Kingston Street, Goderich. 9:42

Lefroy & Patterson,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Notaries, Conveyancers, &c. Office Mc Kay's corner, West Street, Goderich. 9:42

John B. Gordon,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., &c., Goderich, Canada West. Office—in the South side of West Street, third door from the Court-House Square.

William T. Hays,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., Goderich, C.W.—Office, over H. Gardiner & Co's Hardware Store. v15n29

Money to Lend on Real Property.

D. Shade Gooding,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR, &c., GODERICH, C.W.—OFFICE: Up Stairs Watson's Block, West St.; entrance First Door west of Glasgow House.

Toms & Moore,
ATTORNIES, SOLICITORS, &c., Goderich, C. W. Office—CRABB'S NEW BLOCK
A. G. P. TOMS. LEWIS C. MOORE.
Goderich, August 27th, 1864. sw103w31

H. L. Doyle,
ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR &c. OFFICE Crabb's New Block, Goderich, C.W. v15sw51y

A. P. YEOMANS,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, ATTORNEY, NOTARY, CONVEYANCER, &c.—Office over the new Post Office, Goderich. sw18.

J. F. CASSADY, M. D., C. M.,
(Graduate of McGill College, Montreal)
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.—Office—Stuart's old building, Office, Dungannon, C. W. w17

J. V. Elwood,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, CONVEYANCER, &c., Clinton.
Office—a few doors north of the Post Office.
MONEY TO LEND.

William Fraser,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Walkerton, C. W. of Bruce. v16n15y1y

D. Wilson Ross, B. A.,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Notary Public, General Land Agent, &c., &c., Kincardine, County Bruce. vIN w12-1y

Frederick Proudfoot,
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, CONVEYANCER, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. Southampton, Co. Bruce. [w42-6m

Thomas Weatherald,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND PROVINCIAL Land Surveyor. Toronto Street, Goderich. v15n3

A. Bay,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR AND Civil Engineer, Clinton. July 1, '61.

L. B. Hamlin,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR Land Agent and Conveyancer, Kincardine

JAMES SMAILL,
ARCHITECT,
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS of Buildings, &c., got up in a neat and correct style. Office at the Huron Auction Mart, Market Square, Goderich. [sw v1n7ly1y

G. M. TRUEMAN
LAND AGENT,
Market Square, Goderich.
Sails CLINTON every Wednesday, from 11 a.m to 4 p.m. 8:110

DENTISTRY.

Dr. PHELPS,
SURGICAL & MECHANICAL DENTIST, (successor to T. B. Montgomery,) Goderich, C. W.
Rooms over Mr. F. Jordan's Drug Store
January 13th, 1865. sw28-y1y

D. McDougall,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER, BAYFIELD, County of Huron. Sales in village or country punctually attended to. w9-1yr$o

Alex. Findley,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER for HURON and Bruce. Sales punctually attended to. Address, Bodwin P. O. w50-1yr$o

John Campbell,
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT Commissioner in Queen's Bench, for taking affidavits, Conveyancer, &c., &c., Office on Broad way, Village of Kincardine, C.W. 9:9

Peter M'Rae,
FORWARDER AND COMMISSION Merchant, INVERHURON, C. W. Notes and Accounts collected. Business of any kind entrusted to him will receive prompt attention. w40-1y$o8x

British American Assurance Co.
FIRE & MARINE.
JOHN ESSON Agent.
Bayfield, C. W., April 16, 1865. w12

Business Directory.

JOHN BRETT,
Tin, Sheet-Iron, and Copper Smith
EGMONDVILLE, C. W.
Stoves, Cultivators, &c., for Sale.
Repairing Done at Short Notice.

MAITLAND HOTEL, GODERICH
E. HOSKER, PROPRIETOR. THE above is most pleasantly situated on an eminence 120 feet high, overlooking the Harbor and Lake Huron;—good Orchards, Gardens and Rural Walks attached. Board $1 per day; single Meals or Beds, 25 cents. v15n10v1y

HOTEL NOTICE.
JOHN DONOGH takes this means of informing the public that he has entered into the Hotel business in the stand formerly known as the Fulton House, where he will be happy to receive old friends and customers
Goderich, June 6th 1865. w19

DAYS' HOTEL,
WROXETER.
IS situated on the Gravel Road running from Seaforth to Southampton, one mile north of where it leads off to Wroxeter, and any one travelling to
Belmore, Walkerton, Southampton,
or any places that direction, will find accommodation such as he only expects to find at first class city hotels in all respects.
ICE ALWAYS ON HAND FOR HIS
Trout-Fishing Friends!
THE BUILDINGS COVER A LENGTH OF
A HUNDRED AND FIFTY FEET
CHARLES DAYS,
w46-1y. Proprietor.

Commercial Hotel Mitchell C.W
JOHN HICKS, Proprietor. This is the largest and best Country Hotel in Western Canada, and charges as moderate as any Hotel in Mitchell. Stage Proprietor. Good stabling for 100 Horses. Horses and Carriages for Hire, on the Shortest Notice 14-7

J. & J. SEEGMILLER,
TANNERS!
DEALERS
IN
LEATHER FINDINGS!
&c., &c.
GODERICH. C. W.
February 12, 1864. w47w

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE partnership hitherto existing between William G. Smith and Alexander Smith, Tanners, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to the said firm are requested to settle immediately with W. G. Smith who is authorized to collect all outstanding debts, and also settle all liabilities of said firm.
W. G. SMITH.
A. SMITH.
Goderich, Sept. 25th, 1865. w36-tf

In reference to the above the business will be carried on as usual by W. G. Smith.—Hides will be taken on account of debts due or the Highest market price in Cash paid for Hides and Skins delivered at the old stand.
W. G. SMITH.
Goderich, Sept. 29th, 1865.

RIFLES, SHOT GUNS,
PISTOLS, &c., &c.

FOR SALE!
AND
MADE TO ORDER,
BY
J. C. M'INTOSH.
Opposite the Market.
All kinds of repairing done on most reasonable terms.
Goderich, August 2n 1864. sw94

FARM for SALE.
FOR SALE, East half of Lot No. 17, con 3 Township of WAWANOSH, comprising
ONE HUNDRED ACRES,
no clearance. Terms liberal. Apply to the Executors of the Estate of the late Wm. Harris, Dungannon P. O
Dungannon, Oct. 1st, 1864. w37-tf

HENRY GRIST,
DEPARTMENTAL
AND
Parliamentary Agent,
QUEBEC,
TRANSACTS BUSINESS WITH THE Crown Lands and other Government Departments; Takes out Patents for Inventions.—Drafts and takes charge of Private Bills during the Session, &c., &c., &c., for Parties residing in Upper Canada, or elsewhere. sw1m

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF LANDS.
United Counties of Huron and Bruce, To wit: } Y virtue of the power invested in me by the creditors of Henry Cox Pugh, an Insolvent, under the Insolvent Act of 186 , as Assignee, I will offer for sale the Tavern Stand with all the property connected thereto with other Village lots in the Village of Bluevale, in the County of Huron; which property I shall offer for sale at James Johnston's Hotel, Bluevale Village, on the 5th day of November next, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon.
THOS. FARROW, Assignee.
Sept. 5th, 1865. 5tw33

Money to Lend.
UPON Mortgages. Apply to D. Shade Gooding, Solicitor. Office over R. Booth's store.
A few hundred dollars to be loaned on personal security.
Goderich, 18th May, 1865. sw74tf

Poetry.

Written for the Signal.

Our own Beau Nash.

AIR—*The Brave old Oak.*

You know Beau Nash of the Lake Shore
The prince of our rural beaus, [range,
With his sleek black hair curled up with care
And the swellish cut of his clothes—
With a rose in the breast of his saffron vest,
Round his waist a scarlet sash,
And a peacock plume in his Jim Crow hat:
Say, who's like our own Beau Nash?

His nose is of the Grecian type,
Twixt aquiline and pug,
And he puffs from a savory Meerchaum pipe
Well stuffed from his neighbor's plug.
For a pipe of clay, or plug he must pay
Would profane his oral gash:
They would soil the teeth, and corrupt the [breath
Of our exquisite Beau Nash!

Our Beau is a batchelor—no one knows
If old or young is he:
He was born in a perfect state, we suppose,
Of full blown maturity!
Perfection sits on his ample brow
And shines in his eye's proud flash:
There are none of our syvan rarities
To compare with our own Beau Nash!

Whilst other beaus have each one belle,
Our favorite hath a score;
There are some of a vernal April green
And some, an October hoar;
For the green and the gray are the easiest
To the lures of coxcomb flash; [prey
And that Plebian weakness, honest love,
Never toil'd our own Beau Nash!

Our beau, like other gents we have known,
Is both a prig and snob,
And wears a massive tinsel chain
Without a watch in his fob!
His pompous airs he oft sustains
On the strength of another's cash;
Whilst the lion's share of courtesy
Oft falls to our own Beau Nash!

At our rural sprees with a flunkey grace
He serves the viands round,
And twirls his sash with gallant air,
And makes his dinns to sound;
For like more wags who thrive by their wits
When bent on a raise of cash,
His mother's chicken roost off times
Supplies our own Beau Nash!

Our beau, like the fabulous jackdaw,
Of his borrowed plumage vain,
May strut for a while in his bogus pride—
Then turn jackdaw again!
Like the frog of old in the fable too,
Who would rival the bull so gash,
He may burst with the wind of his own conceit—
Then adieu to our own Beau Nash! [ceit;

THE MAN WITHOUT THE HEAD.

Feinianism near Ballymoney—Amusing Occurrence.

A circumstance occurred lately within a short distance of Ballymoney, County Antrim, Ireland, which has occasioned some merriment, and as it illustrates the state of feeling which Feinianism has excited among simple-minded country folks, even in Protestant localities, we cannot refrain from giving it publicity, suppressing names and dates for obvious reasons. In one of those beautiful nights when the harvest moon shone in all her queenly beauty, a "dense" country farmer, tormented, doubtless, by the calmness and sublimity of the scene, walked forth a few steps in grateful mood from his happy homestead. Perhaps it was to behold the treasures of grain piled up in graceful sheaves in his richly cultivated fields. But a fearful sound saluted his ear, like the sharpening of a sword and spear, of pike and battle-axe. He looked towards the spot whence the noise proceeded, and "horror! horror! horror!" he espied a body of Fenians performing their evolutions in a neighboring field. There was no time to be lost. To rouse the members of his family from their peaceful slumbers was the work of a few moments. They fled from the house as speedily as possible to a place of safety. But, oh, treachrous memory! In the hurry of flight the good man had forgotten a precious family relic—his mother's silver spoons! Would he have time to secure them before the impending attack? Would he run the risk of meeting the "bloody Fenians" face to face as he emerged from the house with the spoons in his pocket? Affection prevailed—the spoons were obtained without wound or scar. But should he not give the alarm to a neighboring farmer? Fast as his limbs would bear him he hastened to the house of his friend and shouted "the Fenians are coming! the Fenians are coming!" Up the family rose likewise, and hurried to a place of safe retreat. Still the noise of sharpening steel continued, but no attack was made. Why? A number of respectable young men having resolved to cut down the corn belonging to two elderly ladies (who were kept in ignorance of the matter in the neighborhood) they selected a splendid moonlight night for the purpose; and instead of our good friend seeing a band of Fenians under drill, or hearing them furbishing their implements of warfare, he saw a noble band of benevolent youths preparing to cut the golden grain, and heard the sharpening of scythe and shearing-hook. May such Fenianism ever be found near Ballymoney.—*Ballymoney Free Press.*

THE Roman Catholic Bishop of Tyrawney, in his sermon on Fenians, said:—

"Who are the so-called Fenians? Even though it were lawful to take up arms against England, where are to be found the disciplined hosts that are to confront on the red battle-field the greatest empire in the globe? England is at peace with all the world. Is it not the merest mockery, then,—the extreme of ignorance and idiotcy—to entertain for a moment the idea that a multitude of undisciplined tradesmen of the lowest class, united with a crowd of young peasantry, determined no doubt, but still unfit, in every way, backed by an undefined mass of American-styled heroes—is it not, I say, the rankest nonsense, a libel upon the possessor of the least reason, to fancy that this horde of undisciplined men, without arms, without commissariat, without leaders, can meet in fair fight legions, that in far less propitious times felled the Gaul at Waterloo, and smote the Czar far away from their beloved England on the slopes of Alma?

☞ The cattle plague continues to increase. The London cow houses are completely devastated. In Belgium the plague has now attacked not only the poultry, but also the pigeons of Brussels. These birds are dying in numbers, and decomposition sets in after death with extraordinary rapidity.

A Midnight Railway Ride.

On Wednesday, at the police court, Taunton, Wm Stevens, cleaner of railway engines, was charged with wilfully causing damage to an engine to the extent of more than £100. The facts connected with the charge were of the most extraordinary character. The evidence showed that the duty of the defendant, who was employed on the Chard and Taunton Railway, was to clean an engine called the Busy Bee, every evening, after the work of the day, and at three o'clock next morning to fight the fire, so that steam could be got up by six o'clock. On no account was he to meddle with the machinery, or attempt to move the train. The cleaner, however, took a singular freak into his head, and determined to have a midnight ride. Accordingly, about midnight of the day named in the warrant, he lit the fire in the engine, he being the only passenger. Up and down the line he tore for two mortal hours, and not exactly knowing how to compress the steam, it flew off in all directions, shrieking fearfully, and alarming the inhabitants living near the line of railway. The watchman on one of the bridges was sorely affrighted at seeing an engine tearing along, backwards and forwards, with a solitary white face upon it, and he came to the conclusion that either a ghost or the Evil one himself had obtained mastery over the line. In one of the wild excursions the prisoner was about to enter on the main line of the Bristol and Exeter Railway, but he fortunately heard the noise of an approaching night mail from London. A minute or two longer and the consequences would have been fearful to contemplate. Tired at length of his race, he took the Busy Bee back to the station, and lay down by the side of it to await the arrival of the driver. At half past four the driver approached, but when within about a hundred yards of the engine it blew up with a terrible explosion, the cleaner having neglected to put more water into the boiler. Strange to say, Stevens, though close to the engine, was uninjured, but as the driver stated he looked dreadfully frightened. For this dangerous railway freak he was sentenced, by way of warning, to a month's imprisonment with hard labor.

A Clue to a Crime Followed Up.

A short time ago, a boy, not fifteen years of age, entered a jeweller's shop upon the Boulevard, and showing a small ingot of metal stained with mud, demanded to know it it was gold or silver, stating at the same time that he had found it in the street. The ingot was of silver, and its value the jeweller estimated at 44 francs. "Very well," said the boy, "hand me over the money and keep the silver." "The law won't let me do that," replies the cautious jeweller. "All objects found in the public way must be left with the commissaire de police, and if at the end of twelve months they have not been claimed, they are yours by the law." The boy, not liking the turn things were taking, would have made off, but the jeweller stopped him and handed him over to the police. His confession was soon made. After much sharp questioning, he owned to having purloined the ingot out of a box which his father, a baker, kept in a cellar. That a baker should keep ingots of silver in his cellar at once excited the suspicion of the authorities, and some police officers called upon him to announce their intention of making certain perquisitions in his cellar. The baker changed countenance, and it was with the most evident reluctance he descended with the police into the "cave." The search resulted in the discovery of several boxes containing guaranteed silver, and also many ingots similar to the one offered for purchase to the jeweller. After much prevarication the baker confessed to having received the silver as a deposit from a friend who was employed in a chemical manufactory. The clue thus given was quickly followed up, and this *employee* was also arrested. By further confession it was discovered that the latter person had been in the habit for years past of stealing from his employers large quantities of silver, which were melted down by his friend the baker, and with the produce of such robberies he was on the eve of completing an arrangement to take a large manufactory for himself. Thus the dishonesty of the son has led to the ruin of the father, and will doubtless conduct his father's friend to the galloes.—*Scotsman.*

THE story of "The burglar and his box"—one of the most remarkable in the annals of crime—will be read with interest. A modern dark Shepperd, with a view to becoming possessed of the property of a Liverpool jeweller, had an accomplice conveyed in a box to the shop of an unsuspecting tradesman. Here the fellow lay concealed for upwards of nine hours, after which he commenced operations on the trinkets, collecting upwards of £600 worth, with which he was about to decamp. But fortunately, "the best laid schemes" of burglars "gang aft agley." An impudent policeman laid hands upon the cunning thief, who now ruminates in Walton Jail on the failure of his plans.—The most singular part of the singular story is, that the prisoner, who is a ticket-of-leave man, had been convicted and sentenced to 5 years penal servitude for an attempt to commit a burglary at the same premises.

STRANGE CASE.—An inquest was held at Congleton, recently, on the body of Mary Blackshaw, a girl 15 years of age, the daughter of a painter, who committed suicide by taking laudanum. The mother of the deceased said her daughter was a strong willed girl. She was a Sunday School scholar, but contracted a passion for light literature, and romances of a morbid and sensational character, recently she had been reading a romance called "Rose Mortimer, or the Jilted Girl's Revenge." On Saturday evening, she came home late from a private dancing class, and she was taken to task for staying out so late. On the following morning she was found in bed, in the last agonies of death, having taken a dose of laudanum which she had purchased at two different shops on the previous Thursday and Friday. The bottle of poison was found on her dressing table, along with a roll of numbers of the romance referred to, and also some letters to her parents, informing them of what she had done. Two days before her death, she wrote to a youth with whom she was acquainted, telling him that by the time he got the letter, she should be dead. She always seemed fond of stories of love, murder and suicide. She was not dead when found, but, though medical aid was called in, all efforts to save her life were fruitless. The jury returned a verdict of suicide whilst in a state of unsound mind.—[English Paper.

The Army and Navy Gazette says:—"Mr. Donald McKay, the well known American shipbuilder, is at present in this country, and is in close communication with the Admiralty on the subject of torpedoes. It is the intention, we understand, of the authorities to entertain seriously the question of having on hand a stock of these destructive missiles, with a view of laying them down, in the event of a war, in the different channels leading into our harbours, thus leaving our fleet, to a great extent, free to proceed to sea."

A Chinese thief, having stolen a missionary's watch, brought it back to him the next day to be shown how to wind it up!

INDECENCY OF THE AMERICAN PRESS.—The London Spectator says that "Mr Horace Greely wrote of some ladies at the fashionable watering place of Saratoga that their 'limbs and chest challenged the marbles of Canova,' and falling from this style, described one particular individual as 'scraway and bloodless,' and another as having 'large and badlike teeth.' The same charming writer went on to say that his countrywomen were very attractive in person until they arrived at womanhood, when 'the sweet and delicate budding girl becomes either a monstrously fat and sensual old whale of a woman, or, more probably, a scraggy, thin, skinny, shrivelled old skeleton.'" The Spectator says they never write like this in England, and that it evinces a very low standard of politeness on the part of Mr. Greely and Americans generally. The Spectator is also rather astonished at the Tribune's recent article on German girls' ankles; and if it had seen a still later disquisition of Mr. Greely's journal upon French girl's chemises, its wonder, we dare say, would have been much increased. It is really remarkable that a newspaper with such pretensions to a high morality as the Tribune, can at times be so exceedingly indecent.

CHINESE TREATMENT OF ANIMALS.—They never punish; hence a mule that, in the hands of a foreigner, would not only be useless but dangerous to every one about it, becomes, in the possession of a Chinaman, as quiet as a lamb and as tractable as a dog. We never behold a runaway, a jibbing, or a vicious mule or pony in a Chinaman's employment; but found the same rattling, cheerful pace maintained over heavy or light ground by means of a *turr* or *cluck-k*, the beast turning to the right and left, and stopping with but a hint from the reins. This treatment is extended to all the animals they press into their service. Often have I admired the tact exhibited in getting a large drove of frightened sheep through narrow crowded streets and alleys, by merely having a little boy lead one of the quietest of the flock in front; the others steadily followed without aid either from a yelping cur or cruel goad. Cattle, pigs, and birds are equally cared for.—*Travels on Horseback in Tartary.*

Another Robbery in London.

A SAFE BLOWN OPEN AND $208 STOLEN.

The London Free Press gives a long account of a robbery and two attempts at robbing, in London, on Saturday night or Sunday morning. Our cotemporary says:—

Three places were entered or attempted to be entered, at the time named, viz: the office attached to the grain store of Mr. E M Yarwood (formerly Mr. J. Learey's), beside the Great Western track, and between Richmond and Talbot streets; Aid J. Cousins' dwelling house, Bathurst street, only a few rods distant; and the grain store of Mr. F Rowland, York street, between Clarence and Wellington sts. Mr Yarwood's office itself is situated at the east end of the grain store; is built of brick, and the windows are protected by thick iron shutters, which swing upon hinges very securely fastened in the masonry by stout iron brackets. The way of reaching it is through a lane leading from Bathurst street, where the waggons come up, or over the fence which divides the premises from the railway. On either side of this lane are residences, one not more than four rods from the office, a fact which ordinarily would increase the danger of detection. The interior of the office is divided into two apartments, the first a large one, where the general writing is done, and the second—dimensions, about 6 by 10 feet, containing the safe, a private secretary, &c. The latter is in the northeast section. The entrance was effected by knocking away the brickwork, and wrenching off one of the iron shutters, thus enabling the robbers to raise the window, and through it to gain the smaller apartment. At it they go with hammer and cold chisel to pry off the thick iron plate which spans the door and binds the lock with ten bolts, each half an inch in thickness, and firmly clenched at each end. The force used in this operation of itself has been tremendous, as the plate, which was 3/4 of an inch in thickness, was torn in every place where it had been secured by the bolts, the shreds being twisted in various directions, resembling broken and worn out button holes. When the plate had been wrenched off, a large hole appeared beside the door knob, and into this a large quantity of powder was poured, a fuse set, and shortly the explosion completed. The safe stood in a corner and on the explosion, was forced almost the to middle of the room, while the wall was blackened by the powder. The door is entirely ruined, the plates being burst asunder, and the cement, or "filling," broken up into a thousand fragments. Besides a lot of valuable papers, &c., the safe contained the sum of $208, all in silver—$100 by itself, and remainder in $5 and $10 rolls. All the money was stolen, and the papers scattered about the floor. No trace of any description was left behind, by which the thieves might in future be identified. Even the footprints made in the earth under the window have been so effectually effaced as to betray no clue whatever. Now as to the time of the night. Between eleven and twelve o'clock, Master H. Mackintosh heard a noise in the neighborhood of the office, which was sufficient to induce him to make an investigation, but which did not result in finding anything unusual. One of the railway switchmen says he heard a dull heavy "thug" at about two o'clock, resembling the falling of some ponderous article upon the floor, but at the time did not consider the matter at all remarkable. This was, without doubt the actual time of the explosion, though preparations might have been making a long period before. It is quite certain that the work was not accomplished much short of the two hours, if within that time. The safe is Silas C. Herrings' patent, New York.

At the residence of Mr. Cousins, an attempt was made to enter at a basement window, but an alarm was given, and the party or parties fled. The premises of Mr. Rowland were forcibly entered, strong doors being wrenched open for the purpose. Fortunately, however, the burglars found nothing in the way of valuables which they could carry off with them.

In Chicago a petition signed by a large number of respectable citizens, setting forth the danger incurred by allowing females in the city to carry firearms, has been presented to the police commissioners, with the request that they may take action thereon and have all females disarmed.

NORTH "BRITISH REVIEW."—This Quarterly for September contains:—Mr. Mill's Examination of Sir W. Hamilton's Philosophy; Burlesque Poetry; Carlyle's History of Frederick the Great; Sir Benjamin Collins Brodie, Bart; Mr. Russel on the Salmon; Sensation Novelist; Miss Braddon; "Frost and Fire."

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—We learn that on accident occurred on Friday morning last, to the night express west on the Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway, in consequence of the breakage of one of the bolts supporting one of the truck of a passenger car attached to the train, which caused the truck to become detached and to run from under the car. We are happy to learn, however, that although the passenger cars were badly smashed, none of the passengers were very seriously injured.—The train was delayed several hours in consequence of the accident.—*Hamilton Times.*

A traveller announces as a fact (and though he is a "traveller," we believe him) that he once in his life behold people "minding their own business!" This remarkable occurrence happened at sea—the passengers being "too sick" to attend to each other's concerns.

HARRY LESLIE BALLOONING IT.—Harry Leslie finds rope-walking at Suspension Bridge tame work. On Saturday last he went up in Prof. Lowe's balloon, at New York, and when up about 200 feet he vaulted from the car, and came down about 40 feet, and there performed various acrobatic feats to the admiration and wonder of the crowd below.

☞ It is reported that the Empress Eugenie has published a little pamphlet on Mexico, for circulation among her friends, called "Mexico from a Providential Point of View."

☞ The London *Times* suggests that the Prince of Wales should visit Ireland occasionally, and points out that the Royal Family have passed more time on the continent than in the sister kingdom.

☞ Gen. Morris' (U.S.A.) system of infantry tactics is to be tested at Aldershott this Autumn, with a view to its adoption by the British army.

☞ The Comtess de Paris had given birth to a daughter at Twickenham, near London. A large number of the royal family of France were present on the occasion.

☞ An old man named Martin, of Dundee, Scotland, lately met his death in a singular manner. He had gone up into a garret in his house for some purpose, and while coming down a trap ladder his foot slipped and he fell. His necktie caught in some spike or projectile about the ladder, and before he was discovered life was extinct.

STANLEY.

(From our own Correspondent.)

The Exhibition in connection with the Branch Agricultural Association of the township of Stanley came off at the Village of Varna last Tuesday, the 3rd Oct. It rained heavy the night previous, and the morning dawned wet, cold and cheerless. To all appearance, at 7 o'clock in the morning, this show was to be spoiled as it has been several times before by a wet day. At 8 o'clock, however, the heavy clouds broke—the blue sky shone through, and Varna was in luck once more. The day continued damp and cold throughout, although but little rain fell. As usual, a large crowd of people attended, and, considering the weather, a good sprinkling of ladies. It appears to me that the ladies of Stanley take a deeper interest in these Exhibitions than any other township whose shows I have attended in the County. The Good Templars allowed the Association the use of their large and commodious Hall, in which was exposed the grain, roots, &c., &c. Through the kindness of the President, Geo. Anderson, Esq., and the Directors, I was allowed to take a peep at the interior while the Judges were at work and before the general public were admitted. I found the judges in this department busy at work.—They were F. Knell, of Zurich; W. McAllister, of Hay, and W. Cooper, of Tuckersmith, Esqs. A glance was sufficient to satisfy any one that very little care or taste had been exercised in arranging the various articles; there was accommodation enough if it had been taken proper advantage of to have made the whole affair look 50 per cent. better.

The most conspicuous articles were some very good furniture, by Geo. Diehl, of Varna, some well finished, substantial looking, oval, revolving dash churns, by Mr. Armstrong, of Varna, and something very nice in the picture line by Miss Elliot, of Stanley. There was a splendid show of grain, both in quantity and quality. 6 entries of Fall Wheat; 11 of Spring Wheat; 7 of Barley; 7 of Peas; 8 of Oats; and 5 of Timothy seed. The Fall Wheat shown by Mr. Campbell—the Spring Wheat and Barley by D. McDermand—the Peas by T. Cooper—Oats by H. Love, sen.; o. Hay, and the Timothy seed by T. Thomson, were all fine samples, and were very much admired. A fine sample of California wheat by E. Roy, of Stanley, attracted much attention. 8 varieties of Potatoes—all first-rate. The show of Fruit was good, if it had been got up in any kind of shape; but it was huddled up in corners, in boxes and in tubs, and made a very poor appearance. Mr. McGuire was entitled to credit—although I see he got no prize—for showing 14 varieties of Apples, neatly labeled and named, as all fruit should be. The show of roots and vegetables was meagre in the extreme—it said little for the farmers of Stanley; they know that good root crops are the very foundation of successful farming, and therefore ought to figure prominently at their Exhibitions. The show of Dairy Produce was capital—butter especially. A silver medal by I. Secord, Merchant, Varna, brought out 13 competitors; and another silver medal, given by J. Wilson, Merchant, Varna, excited strong competition for cheese. Of Domestic Manufactures I am not much of a judge; but these appeared to be a good collection and considerable variety. I particularly noticed something in the Blanket line by J. Cox and T. Wells that were suggestive of comfort in the nights that will be three months hence. I think there must be over 200 entries inside.

Outside, I find Geo. Sprout, of Tuckersmith, A. McLaren, of Hay, and W. Biggins, of Stanley, Esqs.—not sitting—but walking and standing in judgement on the animals and implements. I counted over one hundred and twenty head of cattle in the field, and on inquiry am told that it is quartely fair day also. I notice some tall strangers, from tother side, trying to buy, but appear to make little headway. The turn out of Horses is not large, but some very good young animals are shown. Messrs. Turner, Forrest, Mitchell, and Campbell, appear to be successful breeders. Amongst the cattle, the Galloways are noticeable; and Geo. Anderson shows some very nice stock of this breed. He also shows a Durham Bull calf, 11 months old, from the famed herd of Snell of Edmonton, for which he paid $150 at the late Exhibition in London. It is a splendid animal, and is admired by all. Anderson is entitled to the thanks of his brother farmers for introducing these "Thorough Breeds" into this part of the County. Jno. Rattenbury of Brucefield shows a beautiful Devon Cow.—Working Oxen, and Steers and Heifers, amongst the grades, are well represented. The show of Sheep was good—superior in quality to anything I have shown here before—some splendid imported rams which must have cost the Judges considerable mental labor to tell which was best. Geo. Pieves, of Tuckersmith, shows some sheep that would be hard to beat;—his shearing rams are much admired. A. Duncan, of Stanley, also shows some capital sheep. Some good Pigs are shown by A. Mitchell and R. Reid, and T. Simpson shows a Berkshire Boar from the famed stock of Pearson, near London, C.W. But the show of pigs, as a whole, is not what it should be, or could be, if the farmers interested would bring out their stock.

I have paid particular attention to this Exhibition for the last 5 or 6 years, and must say that upon the whole this one is an improvement upon its predecessors: there may have been more entries, but in many respects it is one is ahead in quality. More energy on the part of the farmers interested—a greater determination to bring out whatever good things they have got, and the Stanley exhibition at Varna would be a complete success. Nothing unusual took place during the day—the people were too busy for fun and the weather was too inclement for folly. I may make an exception to this, in the conduct of a respectable farmer, who so far forgot himself as to publicly impugn the ability of the "out of door" judges to their face. Such conduct should be determinedly frowned down. Men coming from a distance on a labor of love deserve different treatment. In striking contrast to this was the conduct of the President, Secretary and Directors, who are gentlemen in every sense of the word.—The Judges, Directors, &c., finished the day by an attack on friend Turner's larder, and were most hospitably entertained. Turner, on occasions like this, can get up a "spread" with the best, and his liquor is always good. Just before leaving, I noticed a couple of blades stripping their shirts for a "set too," but the cold raw air coming in contact with their bare skin seemed to have a mollifying effect on their tempers, for after a considerable noise the shirts were put on again, and "nobody hurt."

I forgot to mention the Wagons and Harrows shown by W. Purdie, of Varna; and the splendid, well finished assortment of Ploughs by R. Runciman & Co; of Goderich, and also a new invention that attracted considerable attention by Messrs. Maxwell and Hudson, of Stanley, of a "double stock wheel," for a crank or pitman. The model shown was very neatly got up—some think it is a great improvement. A patent has been applied for. There were 259 entries out of doors.

The following is the Prize List:—

HORSES.—Best Brood Mare and Foal, M. McNaughton, 2nd M McNaughton; best two year old Filly, Sam Turner, 2nd A Mitchell; best two year old Gelding, Jas Forrest, 2nd John Reid; best yearling Filly, Malcolm Campbell, 2nd Sam Turner; best span working Horses, P McLavish, 2nd M Campbell.

THOROUGH BRED CATTLE.—Best Milch Cow calved in 1865, Geo Anderson, 2nd Jno Rattenbury; best two year old Heifer, Geo Anderson; best Spring Bull Calf, G Anderson; best Spring Heifer Calf, John Rattenbury.

GRADE CATTLE.—Best Milch Cow calved in 1865, John Rattenbury, 2nd Joseph Calloway; best two year old Heifer, A Elcoat, 2nd Wm Evitt; best one year old Heifer, R Reid, 2nd Geo Anderson; best Spring Bull Calf, Jas Campbell; best Spring Heifer Calf, Wm Evitt; best yoke of working Oxen, M Smith, 2nd S Reid; best yoke two year old Steers, Sam Turner, 2nd John Rattenbury; best yoke two year old Steers, John Rattenbury, 2nd J Rattenbury; best fatted Cow or Heifer, John Rattenbury, 2nd, Chas Logan.

SHEEP.—Best Ram two shears and over, Wm Wise, 2nd Geo Anderson; best Shearling Ram, Geo Plewes, 2nd G. Plewes; best Ram Lamb, Appleton Elcoat, 2nd J Duncan; best pair of Ewes lambed in 1865, A Elcoat, 2nd And Duncan; best pair of Shearling Ewes, Geo Plewes, 2nd A Duncan; best pair of Ewe Lambs, A Duncan, 2nd David Yule; best pair of fat Sheep, Geo Plewes.

PIGS.—Best Boar, small breed, R Reid; best Sow, littered in 1865, large breed, Alex Mitchell; best Sow, littered in 1865, small breed, Robt Reid; best Boar under one year old, R Reid; best Sow under one year old, S Turner.

DAIRY.—Best 10 lbs Butter, Silver Medal by J B Secord, Varna, Mrs Turner, 2nd Mrs Thomson; best 10 lbs Cheese, silver medal by James Wilson, Varna, Mrs. Laing, 2nd Mrs Yule.

GRAIN AND SEED.—Best bushel Fall wheat, Malcolm Campbell, 2nd Jas Wambaugh; best two bushels Spring Wheat, Donald McDermaid, 2nd T Cooper; best two bush Barley, Donald McDermaid, 2nd John Dowson; best two bushels Oats, Hugh Love, sen., 2nd Jas Duncan; best two bush Peas, Thos Cooper, 2nd J. Campbell; best two bushels Timothy Seed, Jas Thomson, 2nd Hugh McGregor.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.—Best bag Potatoes for table use, Jas Duncan; best 1 bush Onions, Thos Wells; best bushel Apples not less than four varieties, Michael McGuire, 2nd Isaac Errit; best 12 Roots, Thos Wells; best 6 head Cabbage, Thos Wells; best half bush Carrots, Thos Wells.

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES.—Best 10 yards Domestic Cloth, Michael McGuire, 2nd John McNaughton; best 10 yds Flannel, J McQueen, 2nd Alex Mitchell; best pair woolen Blankets, Thos Wells, 2nd John Cox; best pair Socks, Thos Wells; best pair Mitts, Alex Mitchell; best pair Quilts in Patch-work, M McGuire; best Skein of woolen Yarn, Hugh McGregor; best Skein Stocking Yarn, Thos Simpson; best assortment Cooper Work, W Armstrong; best assortment of Cabinet work, Geo Diehl.

IMPLEMENTS.—Best Lumber Wagon, wooden axle, Wm Purdie, Varna; best Iron Plow Runciman & Co., 2nd do; best wooden Plow Runciman & Co., 2nd do; best pair Harrows, wooden, Wm Purdie; best two horse Cultivator, Runciman & Co

☞ A young fellow was taking a sleigh ride with a pretty girl, when he met a certain minister, who was somewhat noted for tying the knot matrimonial at short notice. He stopped him, and asked hurriedly, 'Can you tie a knot for me?' 'Yes,' said brother B., 'I guess so; when do you want it done?'—'Well, right away,' was the reply; 'is it lawful, though here in the highway?' 'Oh yes, this is as good a place as any—as safe as the church itself.' 'Well, then, I want a knot tied in my horse's tail to keep it out of the snow,' shouted the wicked wag as he drove rapidly away.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, OCT. 19, 1865.

☞ We issue a day ahead in order to 'pull up' for Thanksgiving Day.

The North Wentworth Election.

THE election for this constituency is appointed to take place on the 27th and 28th insts., and, as it is the centre, for the time being, of political excitement, it is but natural that much interest should be felt in the result. The remains of the lamented Mr. Notman, whose death renders the present election necessary, were hardly consigned to their last resting-place ere Mr. Alexander Brown, with a haste that amounts under the circumstances to positive indecency, rushed into the field. Mr. Brown is an out-and-out tory, but he understands electioneering tactics well enough to tack to his address statements to the effect that he is in favor of the Coalition, of Confederation, of the Government policy generally, and hence his friends claim that the Reform party cannot consistently oppose him. It is somewhat cool indeed for the *Leader*, *Spectator* and other conservative papers to talk so loudly against the alleged iniquity of anything like opposition to the candidate they delight to honor. North Wentworth is a Reform constituency, and if the liberal electors wished to render themselves a laughing stock to the Province all they would have to do would be to allow Mr. Alex. Brown to go in *without opposition*. The electors of Bruce returned Mr. McPherson at the last election for the Legislative Council; and the *Leader's* thanks was the assertion that Liberalism in that County was *dead and buried!* So would it be in North Wentworth, were the Reformers to neglect the performance of a plain duty. Mr. Brown supports the Coalition and Confederation, indeed! Why the merest tyro in politics must know that it has been fashionable for years back for conservative candidates to borrow planks from the Reform platform, and if it was a brilliant idea for an aspirant to declare that he could not be averse to Rep. by Pop., why should it be bad policy just now for a gentleman of the same stamp to declare for Confederation, &c., if he can thereby hope to gain a few good votes? The Reformers of North Wentworth, no doubt, are favorable to Confederation, and they accept the Coalition as an improvement upon the former *hoi polloi*, but they think very properly that it would be better to commit their interests to Mr. McMonies, who in addition to giving the Government of the day a general support, is likely to remember the interests of the party from whose ranks he is selected. We believe they are perfectly right in opposing a man whose principles they look upon with suspicion, and we sincerely trust they will allow nothing short of a defeat at the polls to deprive them of a sound reform representative.

FALL ASSIZES.

The Civil business transacted although, of course, important to the parties immediately concerned, is almost totally devoid of public interest. The following cases were disposed of:—

Clark *vs.* Scanlan, ejectment. Verdict for pltf. Damages 1s. Sinclair for pltf.

McCay *vs.* Millar, ejectment. Verdict for pltf. Sinclair for pltf.

Trust & Loan Co. *vs.* H. McMath, ejectment. Verdict for pltf. Sinclair for pltf.

Trust and Loan Co. *vs.* Clark, ejectment. Verdict for pltf. Sinclair for pltf.

Canada Per. B. S. *vs.* Hart & Ellison, ejectment. Verdict for pltf. C. Robinson

Stanley *vs.* Cantelion. Verdict for pltf. by consent $656.00. L. C. Moore and Jno. Davison for pltf.

Cameron *vs.* Gunn, ejectment. Verdict for pltf. Toms & Moore for pltf.

F. Martin *vs.* McCharles, ejectment. Verdict for deft. Toms for pltf.

Daniel *vs.* Brown. Plaintiff to pay costs of subpœing witnesses, residue of defendants costs to abide event in accordance with Judge's order signed. Ross for pltf., A. Shaw for deft.

McPhee *vs.* Wilson.—This was an action brought to recover damages in the matter of a delivery of a lot of withs at the Goderich harbor, to be used for rafting purposes. The care, which only involved a difference between the parties of some $15 or $20, was a very tedious one, taking up nearly the whole day for trial. Verdict for pltf. $15.00. Sinclair for pltf., C. Robinson for deft.

Carter *vs.* Ryan, defended issue. Verdict for pltf. Cameron for pltf., Toms for deft.

Parsons *vs.* Hays.—This was an action for damages brought by the pltf. for false imprisonment. It appears that Mr. Hays, as attorney for one Clark, got a judgement against Mr. Parsons, which was returned "no goods," upon which, after sundry proceedings in the Division Court, the pltf. was arrested at Southampton about three months ago. The pltf. therefore brought the present action to recover damages for such imprisonment. Verdict for deft. Moss for pltf., Robinson for deft.

Grummett *vs.* Longworth.—This was an action brought by pltf. to recover damages for the seduction of his daughter, Anne Longworth, who lives at Clinton, in the summer of 1863, by one Francis Longworth. The parties had not been long acquainted, and there was no promise of marriage on the part of delt. The child was born in March, 1864. At the time of the seduction pltf. was 17 years of ae, and deft. 22. Verdict $100 damages. Sinclair for pltf., Toms for deft.

The Queen *vs.* John McKinnon.—The prisoner was put upon his trial for stealing two ewes and three lambs from one John H. Thompson of the township of McGillivray, about 18 months ago. The sheep were sold to a farmer in Stephen, and suspicion was thrown upon Mr. McKinnon, one of the likeliest looking subjects we have seen for a long time. Verdict, guilty. Robinson for prisoner.

The criminal business, owing to some unaccountable delay on the part of the crown officer, was not entered into until Thursday afternoon. On Friday morning, however, the cases were brought up with more promptness.

The Queen *vs.* John Gillies.—The prisoner, a lad about 14 years of age, was charged with stealing $65.00 from one John McCowan, of the township of Stanley, on the 16th of September last.

John McCowan, sworn. Lives in Stanley, knows prisoner, who was hired with him. Witness left home on the 16th of December last, between 7 and 8 o'clock. Told him to go to a threshing, but on his return found that his trunk had been opened and the sum of $65 stolen, for which the prisoner was arrested on suspicion. Witness identified the money now shown as similar to that stolen from him, three of the gold pieces being marked. The trunk had been broken. Had known nothing against the boy except, "rumor going about his handling things."

Peter Philips, testified that he knew the prisoner. On 16th December last he was sent with prisoner, as a special constable, to Morris, he (prisoner) having stated that there was another boy with him in the money business. At the magistrates trial witness asked prisoner if he wished his mother to know of it.—The magistrates were Messrs. Sills and Gibson. I was sworn in as special constable to go with prisoner to Grey to look for one John Wilson, his alleged accomplice. Not finding him, witness told prisoner he was lying and he thought it would be better to tell where the money was.

His Lordship, at this point, stopped the witness, of course, and no confession made by the boy was allowed to be put in as evidence. The Jury being so directed, returned a verdict of not guilty, and His Lordship, after giving the boy a good talking to, discharged him.

The Queen *vs.* Peter McIlroy.—Assault with intent to commit murder. The prisoner was put on trial on three counts, for assaulting one James Smith on the 10th of Oct., 1865, in the township of Wawanosh. James Smith, sworn. Resides in the township of Wawanosh, remembers a sale at the widow Boyd's in that township in October, 1864; prisoner was present, and asked him for a chew of tobacco. He laid his arm around his (witness') shoulder in the afternoon when the sale was nearly over, and said, "James, I want to speak to you!" taking him to the rear of a stable. Can't recollect whether prisoner spoke to him or not, as he was instantly stunned by a blow and knew nothing afterwards for several hours. Had Dr. Tamlyn to attend to him. His lip was cut to the bone in three places; had a cut above one eye; also a severe cut on the side of the nose.

Cross examined.—It was not at a tavern. People from the house could see the affair. A few weeks before the assault prisoner tried to quarrel with him, but he and Barnard M Cabe pacified him. Witness didn't think he was very quarrelsome, and had not been in many fights.

Duncan McShannock, testified that the sale was not over when he saw McIlroy and Smith going behind the shed. Being suspicious of something wrong, he and several others went over to the dwelling house where they could see what was going on; they saw the prisoner and Smith standing talking, when McIlroy knocked the latter down, seized him by the hair, struck several blows in the face with his foot and then, still holding his head up by the hair, kicked him in the face. They went over to take McIlroy off, when he was stopped by one Thomas Doyle, who drew an axe and said he would split the first man who should go to Smith's assistance. The affair occupied only a minute or so. McIlroy struck and kicked with all his force, which was great, he being a large powerful man.

To Mr Sinclair—we were prohibited from following, but were prevented by the Doyles and others, who said they were not to interfere. They then went over to the house. Smith was so drunk he did not know what he was doing.

John Mainprize, sworn, corroborated the evidence of last witness in every particular.

The learned judge charged the jury against the prisoner on the third count, that of intent to do grievous bodily injury. Verdict, guilty on the 3rd count; M'Dermott and Sinclair for prisoner.

The Queen *vs.* Andrew Berry, arson. The prisoner was arraigned on an indictment for burning the dwelling-house of one Geo. Murray, in March, 1865. Verdict, Not Guilty. Robertson for prisoner.

THE DUNGANNON MURDER CASE.

The Queen vs. William Wooley, murder.—In this case the prisoner was put upon his trial for the murder of Angus McCurdy at the village of Dungannon on the 22nd day of June last. On his arraignment the prisoner pleaded *not guilty*. Eighteen jurymen were challenged, the jury being selected from Tuckersmith, McKillop and neighboring townships.

Mr. Lewis opened the case for the Crown, stating the nature of the evidence to be brought before the jury.

Catherine McCurdy, sworn, testified that her deceased husband was alive on the 21st of June last. He left home about 2 o'clock in perfect health, going in the direction of Dungannon. That was the last time she saw him alive.

James M'Donogh saw M'Curdy, deceased, in Charley Black's tavern on the evening of the 21st of June last. My brother was with me in the bar-room, as was also the prisoner. My brother, prisoner, and McCurdy went out of the tavern about 1 o'clock to go home. The road of Wooley and McCurdy lay west; ours towards the North. Deceased and prisoner in going home would have to pass over a bridge, defended by a parapet. Wooley, who was not the worse of liquor, had a kitten in his arms; McCurdy appeared stupid as though he had some trouble on his mind.

Robt. McDonogh.—Saw prisoner and deceased after dark at Black's tavern, Dungannon, on the 21st June. When we left to go home there were only, besides Mr. Black's family, my brother, Wooley, McCurdy and myself in the house. There was no quarreling that I saw.

Susan Ann Hall, sworn.—On the 21st of June last lived at Swift's tavern. Saw McCurdy coming from the direction of his own place in the afternoon. Saw him about sundown in Swift's tavern, and playing quoits with a number of men afterwards for nearly an hour beside the garden. He was in Swift's bar about 10 o'clock with Wooley and a number of others, but went out soon after that hour. Witness went to bed about 11 o'clock, but was awakened about 2 o'clock by a child's crying. Heard voices, one of which she recognized as William Wooley's, who was saying, "G—d d—n you, will you do it again?" when the other voice would answer "no." Heard the sound of blows. Afterwards heard Wooley ask the other to "get up and see what's here." The only answer was a moan; heard the noise of blows for, she thought, half an hour, at least. Could not see what was being done from her bed-room window. It was daylight in a little while after. Felt quite convinced then and now that the voice she heard was that of Wooley. Saw deceased lying dead in the corner of the fence at 8 o'clock next morning. There are three trees on the road near the spot where the body was found, and blood was found on the road a piece down from the tavern.

Wm. Mallough, sworn. I live near Dungannon. Was called on on the 22nd June last to see the body of a murdered man. On going up I did not at first recognize the body. It was naked, with the exception of the boots, trowsers and the wrist-bands of a shirt, and covered with blood from a great number of wounds all over the body. Took the body into Black's tavern, and on going back, found a pool of blood about twelve paces from the tavern. The next trace of blood was opposite a little further down, and further still the marks of a struggle. We found a number of beech limbs, some of which were twisted and covered with hair. On the South side of the road further down were the marks of a struggle and pieces of clothing lying about. That was about a rod from where the body was found. Where the body lay there were no marks of struggling. We found a coat, hat and portions of a flannel shirt all torn to pieces and covered with blood. A plan of Dungannon was shown to the jury.

Charles Black, sworn. Live in Dungannon; keep hotel there. Examined the ground where the murder was committed, with Mr. Mallough; found some of the rods mentioned. Drew the attention of Mr. Mallough to a brick, which had blood on it. It was about three paces from where the first blood was found. The limbs we handed to the doctor. I do not remember seeing any hair on the brick. The pieces of limbs now produced are those which were cut from the trees, from which those found on the ground were taken. On those found on the ground there was blood and hair. It is half a mile from my tavern to the river.

Dr. McDougall, Coroner, sworn. The prisoner was before me at the time of the investigation. He was anxious to make a confession. I gave him the usual warning, but he still insisted, and I reduced his statement to writing. The prisoner signed it in my presence. The confession of the prisoner was here read, as follows:

My name is William Wooley. I am a framer. I do not recollect leaving the two McDonogh's. I recollect after starting away from the bar-room meeting Mr. McCurdy. I wanted him to go home with me and he said he would not go home. I tried to get him home; he sometimes fell and dragged me down with him. I recollect getting the switches and beating deceased. I kicked him. I believe myself the cause of his death. I left life in him and he told me he would not go home. I also struck him with a piece of board about the hips. I suppose the large wounds were the effects of the kicks I gave him. He was a quiet man. I had no spite against him. I have known deceased for about two years, and never met him away from home. I was drinking that day. I acknowledge that I beat and kicked him. I took the board because I thought the switches were not sufficient. I remember cutting the switches from a tree with my knife. I didn't strike him with a stone or brick. McCurdy got a heavy fall on the gravel road full on his face. I used no knife or other sharp instrument, and had no intention of killing him. I would sooner have died myself. I was drinking in both Black's and Swift's. This would not have occurred only for the drink. I was not capable of taking care of myself. Deceased drank that night and I drank with him.

(Signed) WILLIAM WOOLEY.

Dr. J. McKay, sworn. I assisted Dr Cassady to hold a *post mortem* on the body of the late McCurdy. There were several wounds on his head, and a great number on the body. Those on the head were of a lacerated character. The scalp was cut. The back from the small of it to the shoulders was literally covered with stripes. There was a lacerative wound one inch long, ¾ of an inch wide, about four inches behind the left ear; also a small cut on the middle of the forehead; one an inch and a half long on the right eyebrow; one an inch long below the right eye; one on the left elbow two inches long, ¾ of an inch wide; also several on the head beside; one small one above the left ear. Internally, there was nothing to cause death. The brain was sound; no effusion; the scull was not fractured. I should consider the cause of death was by the shock to the nervous system, for which there was not sufficient vitality to repel. I think the amount of flogging he received was the cause of death.

Cross-examined.—This is the second *post mortem* I have held. I looked at the stomach, and it appeared healthy and full. I could not say whether there was alcohol in the stomach. I did not examine particularly for alcohol. I undertake to swear that there was no appearance of McCurdy having died of apoplexy. There was a slight effusion of blood on the brain, which *might* have been caused by the inordinate use of liquor. Should think that the constitution of deceased was not of the strongest. I think death was produced by the shock to the nervous system, of which the brain is the principal part.

Dr. Cassidy, sworn. I assisted Dr. McKay in the *post mortem* examination of the body of Angus McCurdy. We found a large contusion behind the left ear, a lacerated wound four inches behind the left ear, brain healthy. The evidence was substantially the same as that of last witness. From al I know the man might have died of poison. The wounds must have been inflicted before or immediately after death.

That closed the case for the crown.

Dr. McDougall, recalled, could not swear positively to the cause of death in a case where a *post mortem* examination had stopped short of an examination of the stomach and its contents.

Dr. Shannon, sworn. I heard the circumstances of the *post mortem* examination alluded to, and I could not swear as to what was the cause of death under the circumstances.

Constant Van Egmond, sworn. I have known Mr. Wooley since the year 1836. He lived five years with me and I never knew him to act wrongly.

James Dickson, M. P. P. I have known the prisoner since 1839. At that time he was 14 years of age, and known as a smart, steady boy. Until he left Egmondville he was known as a quiet, steady man.

Alex. Broadfoot, sworn, testified to the general good character of prisoner during his 30 years' knowledge of him.

George Sproat testified to the good character of Wooley since the year 1844.

George Rumball swore that he had known prisoner for 18 years as a quiet, steady man, not addicted to drink as far as he had seen. Believed that he had supported some of his friends.

Wm. Chesley, have been acquainted with prisoner for 29 years. We were brought up together and never knew anything but what was creditable with regard to him.

Mr. McDermott, in opening his speech on behalf of the prisoner, said it had been stated by some person that society was a chain of obligations, and its links must support each other. They were all members of society, and one of the obligations resting upon them as such was the necessity of submitting to personal sacrifice. An occasion had arisen that day calling upon them, as jurymen, in the sight of God and man, to fulfil one of the most onerous and solemn duties that mortal man can be required to discharge in this world of doubt and error, where every effort to arrive at truth but served to show our own weakness and imperfection, and teach us at times how unsubstantial—in reality are the foundations of our most cherished convictions. This was the teaching of all history, and we were inevitably led to the conclusion, however diligently we might search after Truth, that we were in point of fact but groping in the dim twilight, and however much we might accumulate evidence, *probability* was the utmost, at times, that we could arrive at. If he was true in saying that; if it was the teaching of all history, of all experience, and of all observation—with what an awful sense of responsibility should a jury approach a number of facts, connected with motives that could not be seen without reaching the inmost recesses of the human heart. He did not offer these remarks because he thought the gentlemen of the jury were not impressed with a proper sense of responsibility, but in order that that responsibility might not be for a moment lost sight of. It was their duty to decide this case upon the evidence brought before them, and to divest their minds of all ideas that might have been formed previous to entering the jury box. He believed one or two local papers had expressed opinions with regard to this subject, the circulation of which, in the interest of the prisoner, he hoped was very limited and comparatively harmless. He had no desire to appeal to the prejudices of the jury, but he would say that this was one of the most extraordinary cases he had ever met with in his observation or reading. He would first suggest to them that there was no evidence to satisfy them upon their oaths that this McCurdy came to his death by blows inflicted by Wooley, the prisoner. In the second place, supposing the evidence to be sufficient to show that McCurdy's death was precipitated by the prisoner, the utter absence of all malice was a fact the consideration of which was of much importance, for if the jury took this view of the matter the prisoner would only be convicted of manslaughter. Indeed, it was evident that the unfortunate prisoner never intended to do more than commit a common assault. Of course voluntary drunkeness could not be accepted as an excuse for the commission of crime, yet when they came to enquire whether that crime originated in malice, the attendant circumstances were very necessary to be considered. The most remarkable thing in the evidence of Dr. McKay was that a gentleman of his experience was not better up in his profession and able to give them clearer evidence than he did. He (Mr McD.) maintained that this evidence was utterly unreliable, and could not be weighed for a moment with that of the gentlemen coming after him. He did not think it would be safe to hang a dog upon such evidence. When he said that McCurdy died from a shock to his nervous system he (Mr McD.) felt satisfied he did not know what he was talking about, and he should not have dared to come up there and throw his slight knowledge into the scale when a man's life was in the balance. His opinion was that McCurdy died of this theory that he speaks of, but he did not tell them where the nervous system centered, and when, in fact, an answer was dragged out of him, it was directly contrary to the expressed opinion of some of the most eminent medical men in Britain. If he had any regard for his own reputation he should have taken care before he came there to throw his small voice into the balance to satisfy himself as to the evidence he was about to give. Any good doctor under the circumstances would not have neglected to make the proper investigation, in order to satisfy himself and others as to the cause of death. The whole of this evidence for the crown was worthless and unreliable, because it was palpable that this gentleman of little experience and less reading knew nothing about it. Dr. McDougall had utterly denied the statement of his brother doctor. He said it was perfectly well known that in some cases men die of apoplexy whose brains are perfectly healthy—Dr. McKay said the contrary of this, and if his skill was not of a certain calibre his evidence was utterly contemptible. Then came Dr Cassady, upon whose evidence the crown wished to obtain a verdict of murder. They should respect the evidence of Dr. Cassady—his answers were plain, and when he was not certain upon a point he was candid enough to say so. He, certainly, did not back up Dr. McKay's theory, for he said that the man *might* have died from the effects of poison. Now, he would ask, was the medical evidence such as would warrant a verdict of murder? There was a learned County Attorney in whose hands was the power to procure anything in the way of medical evidence that was desired. Why did not the County Attorney, who had told them that he was at the inquest held by Dr. McDougall, seeing the important interests at stake, employ such men as Drs. Shannon, M Lean or Coy, whose skill and learning would have guaranteed accuracy? When Wooley was arrested there was not a loaf of bread or a shilling in his house, and he was brought up to be tried for murder on such evidence as he had been speaking of. If the jury were satisfied that he did not commit the crime as charged against him, he should be discharged and went back to his family, confident that he would not cease to suffer for the wrong he did under such unfortunate circumstances. His confession should be considered as a whole or not at all. If he confessed that in his opinion he was the cause of poor McCurdy's death, he also said that he was drunk and did not intend to kill the man at all. If he wished to kill him, would he not have used his knife, or have seduced him to the bridge mentioned in the evidence, to throw him into the current, and thus give to the deed the semblance of an accident? But he did neither; all he did being the effort of a drunken man to make his companion go home. In cases of insanity men sometimes would take a stone and hammer away with it for a whole day, and he thought drunkenness frequently manifested itself in a similar fashion. Perhaps Wooley, having struck the man once or twice, worked himself into such a state of excitement that he had not the remotest idea of what he was doing. There was reason in the evidence to take this view of it, and if the jury were led to doubt as to the propriety of returning a harsh verdict, he hoped and trusted that that doubt would, according to the genius of British law, lead them to lean to the side of the accused.

After the Crown officer had spoken at great length in answer to some of the arguments of the learned counsel for the prisoner, His Lordship summed up the evidence with extreme care, telling the jury it was their duty to find the prisoner guilty of murder or manslaughter, or acquit him altogether.

After a short absence the Jury returned with a verdict of "guilty of manslaughter."

The Court Room throughout the trial was densely crowded by a throng of deeply interested spectators.

The countenance of William Wooley, which betrayed much anxiety during the trial and while the jury were deliberating, cleared up when the verdict was read like a gleam of sunshine after a storm. He seemed to consider the prospect of even Penitentiary for life, as infinitely preferable to the gallows and its horrid concomitants.

THE CASE OF WILLIAM JOHNSTON.

This case was entered into the first thing on Saturday morning, the case for the Crown being opened by the County Attorney. The prisoner stood charged with the murder of his wife Charlotte Johnston on the 10th day of August last.

Mary Hedger, sworn—I knew the late Mrs Johnston. On the 8th day of August last, being called on a little after 7 o'clock I washed and bathed Mrs Johnston, and sent for Dr McDougall. Her husband was present. I though she would sleep the sickness off. I thought she had been taking liquor, but that by the Doctor's assistance she would recover. When the Dr came he could not get her to take anything. I remained with her until she died, which was next morning.

To Mr McDermott—I had been acquainted with her for 5 or 6 years. She was very much addicted to liquor. Have seen her fall and receive marks as bad as those which were upon her when she died. Saw her drank on the 2nd of August.

Prudence Shanklin, sworn.—I know the prison and his wife deceased. Last saw her alive on Tuesday 8th August last. She was crossing to Mr Murray's. She remained about 5 minutes, was followed by her husband; they came out together, and both went home. Just as they came out of Murray's prisoner gave deceased a kick, and struck her in the back with his out fist. She fell on her seven nines. The distance from Murray's to Johnston's house is about the length of two town lots; when deceased reached home, she took hold of the sides of the door and dragged herself in as if she had been disabled by a kick he gave her in the thigh.—They were both intemperate. Have often seen her with marks before. He seemed to strike her with his fist as hard as he could between the shoulders.

To Mr. Toms.—Have known deceased five years. Could not say that the marks I speak of were produced by Johnston. Have known her to be addicted to liquor for the last 10 months. Never exchanged liquor with Mrs. Johnston for vegetables.

Sarah Donelly, sworn.—Was acquainted with deceased. We live about five miles in the country. They did not live on good terms. Heard him, one day last winter, say that if she didn't stop the way she was doing he would take down his gun and shoot her. That was at my sister's on the Bayfield Road. I think he referred to her drinking and his being jealous of her.

Wm. McMaster, sworn.—I know the prisoner at the bar. Recollect the 8th day of August last. Heard the noise of Johnston striking his wife on that day, and heard her cry "murder." I was in the shed attached to prisoner's house. Saw her on the following day in bed. She had a black eye. Have seen them both intoxicated, but her most frequently.

Cross examined.—I brought her whiskey three or four times last winter.

Catherine Murray, sworn.—Knew deceased by sight, saw her on the 8th of August at my father's house. She came in in the afternoon; her husband came in before she had been in more than five minutes. He ordered her out of the house; could tell that she had been drinking liquor. He commenced beating her with his fists about the head till she reached the door, but I did not see what took place outside. He appeared to strike her with great force. Saw her after death, the marks on her were the same she had on her when in our place.

Mary Shields, sworn.—Knew deceased. Had a conversation with Johnston in July last. He said he would banish her in less than three weeks.

Dr. McLean, sworn.—I am a medical practitioner here. I was at the *post mortem* examination on the body of Mrs. Johnston, deceased. Described the external appearance of the body. On opening the skull found a considerable extravasation of blood on the surface of the brain, the veins were turgid with blood, and the texture of the brain was firmer than is found except in habitual drunkards. In persons so predisposed the external injuries would be likely to produce or hasten death by apoplexy. Was satisfied from the appearance of the brain that she had been addicted to drunkenness.

To Mr. Toms—The extravasation was chiefly on the surface, which would lead to the conclusion that death was caused by excitement, but not always. In her state I cannot imagine how such injuries could be inflicted without doing harm. The contusion on the right parietal bone appeared to have been inflicted with some blunt instrument.

Hugh McGrattan, sworn.—Saw prisoner and deceased on Tuesday, the 8th of August. Saw prisoner walking behind deceased who was going towards home. He kicked her twice on the thigh, as she was going into the door; she took hold of the sides of it, as if stiff, and he kicked her in the lower part of the back, sending her into the house. Have heard them quarreling before that.

Wm. Bray, sworn.—I reside in Goderich. Knew prisoner and deceased. They lived on bad terms, quarreling, &c, but never saw him strike her. Was in the house when deceased died. Saw blood and a little hair on the floor, on the 11th July, I think. Heard Johnston say he would either kill or get rid of her—can't exactly say which. Mrs. Shanklin said he would get his neck stretched if he did. He said no constable would touch him.

For the defence, Mr. McDermott called Dr. McDougall, who testified that he acted as coroner at the inquest on the body of deceased. Had subpœned Drs. Shannon and McLean to make a post mortem examination.—Was acquainted with Mrs. Johnston for some years, frequently saw her intoxicated. Was called in to see her on the 8th of Aug., found her in a comatose state, unable to swallow, and that she had taken an inordinate quantity of liquor. The fumes from her breath made it very disagreeable to stand by her beside

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August 1st, 1865.

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IAS SLOAN,
Township Clerk,

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All the members

bottom, seconded

by Mr. Warner, That the application made by the Trustees of S. S. No. 3 at the last meeting of Council, not being entertained be now given up by the Clerk to the Trustee Corporation.—Carried.

The by-law for raising and levying the necessary amount for County and School purposes for the present year was read and passed.

2. Moved by Mr. Warner, seconded by Mr. Longbottom, That this council do now adjourn to meet again at Londesboro', on the 16th day of December, at the hour of 10 o'clock, a. m.—Carried.

THOMAS SLOAN,
Township Clerk.

TUCKERSMITH.

MELANCHOLY AFFAIR.—A sad accident took place here last Thursday, the 12th inst., whereby Stewart Smillie, a respectable farmer living on the London Road, received mortal injuries, which resulted in his death on the following day. Mr. Smillie was returning from the funeral of an infant grandchild, the child of his son, James Smillie, Esq., Deputy Reeve of Hay, in a one-horse waggon, the horse became restive, and striking out with his hind feet struck the old man in the abdomen. He was conveyed home at once and medical aid procured, but it was of no avail, and death put an end to his sufferings the next day. The deceased was some sixty years of age, a native of Ireland, and emigrated to Canada when a young man, and settled in the County of Terrebonne, in Lower Canada. Allured by the superior lands of the west he came here, and succeeded by his industry and perseverance in making a splendid farm out of the bush, and securing a good home for himself and family. By this untoward accident a large circle of relatives and friends are thrown into mourning.—COM.

RODGERVILLE.

(From our own Correspondent.)

The Exhibition of what is known as the Hay Branch Agricultural Associa'n came off at Rodgerville on Thursday, the 5th October. A large number of the farmers of Usborne, Tuckersmith and Hay, with their wives and daughters, appeared upon the ground, to see the *sights*—the storm and wet of the preceding days, had given place to a clear sky; and a pleasant autumn day graced the proceedings.

There were not as many entries as have been at former shows, but taken all in all, it was equal, if not superior to any past show, in quality. A glimpse at the most prominent of the stock and articles exhibited, might be interesting to your readers. A mare and foal shown by T. Nairn, were first class animals; so were the team horses of G. Westcott and W. Bell; the young horses of all kinds were above the average—no better stock can be turned out in the County of Huron. The turn out of cattle was not what might have been expected, as to number, but in some respects the quality was good. Especially worthy of remark were some well bred Devons, owned, I believe, by Messrs. Westcott and Fanson. The show of sheep was splendid—such a collection of well shaped, good wooled sheep, is seldom to be met with at a township show. An aged ram, by W. Arbuckle, was very good; G. Plewis, of Tuckersmith, showed a yearling ram that had already this year taken prizes at Harpurhey and Varna, and must be No. 1 here also; but W. Stoneman is ahead of all—he has a whole pen full of really good, profitable looking sheep—they are well worthy of prizes. I hear the grunt of swine but have not time to examine the pork. Some well finished waggons, got up by G. Greenslade, of Rodgerville, finish by Notes of the outside department. The Judges outside were Geo. Anderson, of Stanley; John Rattenbury, of Brucefield, and A. McLean, of Hay, Esqrs.

Of the Inside Department, I find the Judges are: W. Case, Esq., of Hay; W. Cooper, Esq., of Tuckersmith, and H. Love, Senr. of Hay. The door of the Hall is not open as usual, inviting a crush, but a guard politely asks a few cents for admission. This is an improvement, I think—it tends to regulate the jam and gives all an opportunity of seeing. Like the outside, the entries are not numerous, but generally good and well selected. The grain might be an exception to this—there was little shown and the quality of that but middling. But the deficiency was more than made up for by the fine display of Roots—potatoes, turnips, carrots, mangel wurtzel, &c. To decide which were the best potatoes appeared to be a poser for the judges. I would recommend that in future every competitor have a boiled one on top of their bag. The few apples shown were very good, and one or two competitors showed good sense and taste in naming their varieties; it is to be hoped that all will follow this good example in future. I noticed some excellent grapes grown by the Messrs. Bell and R. Patterson; it is established that we can grow good grapes in this part of Canada. Can we convert them into good wine? The gude wives, profiting by the hint, or rather scolding given them last year by the secretary, for the scarcity of dairy produce, came out strong in butter, there being fourteen entries. It was rather ludicrous to witness the contemplative attitudes into which the judges threw themselves when going through the process of tasting; it must have been a hard matter to decide which was best, if the decision was not quite satisfactory to the makers they might solace themselves by knowing that no better butter could be made. I have not time to go into the dry goods department; and will only notice some excellent home made cloth finished by D. Wanless, the present lessee of Bell's woolen factory. So well does Mr. W. do up his work, that a piece of Sattinett was mistaken for all wool, to the amazement of some and the no small amusement of many.

It has been generally understood that our old host, Matthew Rogers, of Rodgerville, was dead in hotel keeping, but he and his worthy lady are still alive and kicking, and able and willing, as all who sat down that day to the substantial dinner prepared for the directors, judges, &c., can testify.

At a meeting of the directors in the evening, it was unanimously agreed to meet the directors of the Zurich Society on the second Thursday in November, to take steps to form a union of the two Societies. May the effort be successful!

The President, T. Lamb, and the Sec'y, W. Wilson, Esqs., vied with each other in getting everything in the right place and everybody comfortable. I am indebted to the Secretary for the annexed prize list.

PRIZE LIST.

Judges for Out-Door Exhibition—John Rattenbury, Esq., Brucefield; George Anderson, Esq., Stanley; and Alex McLaren, Esq., Hay.

Best Brood Mare Richard Fanson, 2nd T Nairn; best Foal Thos Nairn, 2nd Alex McLaren; best two year old Filly Nicol Shirray; best two year old Colt Duncan McEwen, 2nd Wm Traquor; best yearling Colt Alex McLaren, 2nd David Dick; best team Horses in harness Geo Weistcot, 2nd Wm Bell; best Milch Cow R Fanson, 2nd Geo Weistcot; best two yr old Heifer G Weistcot, 2nd Wm Traquor; best yr old Heifer G Weistcot, 2nd A McLaren; best yoke of two year old Steers G Weistcoat, 2nd R Fanson; best yoke of yearling Steers D McEwen, 2nd R Fanson; best heifer Calf A McLaren, 2nd Rich'd Marquis; best yoke Oxen W Cooper, 2nd Alex McLaren; best aged Ram William Arbuckle, 2nd Wm Elder; best yearling Ram Geo Plewis, 2nd Wm Stoneman, best Ramb Lamb Wm Stoneman, 2nd Wm Stoneman; best pair breeding Ewes W Stoneman 2nd W Stoneman; best pair yearling Ewes W Stoneman, 2nd W Stoneman; best pair Ewe Lambs W Stoneman, 2nd D McEwen; best pair fat Ewes Geo Plewis; best pair fat Wethers Geo Weistcot; best aged Boar R Marquis; best aged Sow Robt Laing, 2nd Jas Swinerton; best Spring Boar R Marquis; best Spring Sow Robt Laing; best iron axle Wagon Geo Greenslade.

INDOOR EXHIBITION.

Judges—Wm Case Esq, Hay; Hugh Love sen, Esq, Hay; Wm Cooper Esq, Tuckersmith.

Best 2 bushels Fall Wheat Robt Bell, jr, 2nd Wm Bell; best 2 bushels Spring Wheat, Jas White, 2nd W Arbuckle; best 2 bushels Barley N Shirray, 2nd Wm Arbuckle; best 2 bush Potatoe Oats W Arbuckle, 2nd Wm Bell; best two bushels common Oats Duncan McEwen, 2nd Wm Elder; best 2 bush large white Peas W Arbuckle, 2nd W Elder; best 12 ears Indian Corn Wm Stoneman, 2nd Wm Traquor; best bag Potatoes Jas Laing, 2nd M Rodger; best 12 Onions Wm Arbuckle, 2nd R Fanson; best 1 doz Carrots William Arbuckle, 2nd N Shirray; best 1 doz Turnips W Arbuckle, 2nd Wm Traquor; best Apples Wm Elder, 2nd Jas Bonthron, 3rd R Paterson; best Plums R Paterson, 2nd R Paterson; best Grapes Wm Elder, 2nd Robt Bell, jr; best one pair of Socks R Paterson, 2nd Wm Wilson; best Quilts Geo McLeod, Hay, 2nd R Paterson; best Coverlets Wm Arbuckle, 2nd Wm Wilson; best 10 yards Fulled Cloth R Paterson, 2nd W McShirray; best 10 yds Sattinet John Traquor, 2nd Wm Wilson; best 12 lbs salt Butter R Paterson, 2nd Jas Swinerton; best 5 lbs fresh Butter N Shirray, 2nd Jas White; best 15 lbs of Cheese Wm Elder, 2nd R Bell, jr.

There were samples of Tobacco, Pears, Peaches, Beets and Cabbage, (for which there were no premiums), which were highly recommended by the Judges.

☞ The U.S. President has abandoned his contemplated trip to Richmond and North and South Carolina and has notified the Secretary of the Navy that the vessel in waiting for him will not be required.

Capt. Prince Re-instated.

We are happy to be able to announce that Captain Prince has been re-instated in office. This is no more than what we anticipated would be the case, on the return of Recorder Duggan from Europe. That gentleman, we understand, arrived last Friday. Being rather indisposed, the meeting of Police Commissioners yesterday was, at his request, held at his residence. The object of the meeting was, of course, to consider the case of the Chief of Police, and the result is what we have just stated. The Recorder sided with the Police Magistrate against the Mayor, who opposed the re-instatement. We congratulate the citizens of Toronto on the restoration of the Chief to his office, from which he should never have been suspended. Captain Prince is an efficient officer, and we are sure his efficiency will not be lessened by the ordeal through which he has honorably passed, and the knowledge that an unscrupulous faction is watching an opportunity to secure his removal from office.—[Globe.

SUBLIMATION OF "BREAD AND BUTTER."—Hall, in his Journal of Health, gives as the following bit of wisdom:—"Bread and butter are the only articles of food of which we never tire, from early childhood to extreme old age. A pound of fine flour or Indian meal contains three times as much meat as a pound of butcher's roast beef; and if the whole product of the grain and fat, were made into bread, fifteen per cent more of nutriment would be added. Unfortunately the bran, the coarsest part, is thrown away; the very part which gives strongness to the teeth, and strength to the brain. Five hundred pounds of flour gives to the body thirty pounds of the bony element, while the same quantity of bran gives more than one hundred and twenty five pounds. This bone is lime, the phosphate of lime, the indispensable element of health to the whole human body, from the want of the natural supply of which multitudes of people go into a general decline. But swallowing phosphates in the shape of powders or in syrups, to cure these declines, has little or no effect. The articles contained in these phosphates must pass through Nature's laboratory, must be subject to her manipulations in alembics, specially prepared by Almighty power and skill, in order to impart their peculiar virtues to the human frame; in plainer phrase, the shortest, safest, and most infallible method of giving strength to the body, bone, and brain, thereby arresting disease, and building up the constitution, is to digest more bread out of the whole grain, whether of wheat, corn, rye, or oats."

Sound Doctrine for Canada.

"PAY AZ YU GO."—This little maxim has bin modestly at the sarvise ov the wurld for ages, supported by no perticler pretensiums tew rheterick, cadense, or pompus period, but brimful and running over with practikal philosophee and plebeian sense, adapted tew the latitude and longitude of every human critter. It kontanes within its fore blessed monosillishles an analasis ov wealth; it is fortun's steppin stone, and a letter ov credit nun kan distrust wherever it goes. It is the right bower of ekonomee and maid of honour tew plezzure—fillz the day hours with kwiet and drives the bakiff from the nite dreem. "Pay az yu go," and yu wil kno how fast yu are a going, how fur you have gone, and when it is time tew stop. Tradesmen will bow when they meet yu, and det with its hungary wolf tred will starve on yure trail. "Pay az yu go" temperz luxury and chastens want, adds dignity tew the poor man, and grase tew the ritch man, wronge nun and iz justiss tew all. Here iz an antidote for much that iz the philosopher's stone; here iz a motto for manhood; here iz a leaven for enny sized lump. Yung man, pay as yu go, and whin yu gits old yu will not depart, from it; other vartues will sartainly cluster about yu; and whin natur hands in her last bill yu will be awl the better prepared to "pay az yu go."

Three Murders in Philadelphia!

PHILADELPHIA, October 7th.—Three murders have been committed since 10 o'clock last evening. Bernard F. Kane, aged 19 years, was shot by Edward Simons in the northern part of the city, and a member of the 24th U.S colored regiment, killed another in the cars near Havre de Grace. The regiment has just passed up Chestnut street with assassin under guard.

Burglars were secreted in White's dental depot, Arch street, this morning at 6 o'clock, when the store was opened by a boy. The burglars seized the boy, and strangled him to death with a rope, and then escaped with a portion of their plunder which they had piled up ready for removal.

The victim in the Arch street murder was a colored man aged 40 years, instead of a boy. The burglars took from the key of the safe, and plundered it of $2,500 in notes.

MAKE IMPROVEMENTS THAT PAY.—I could recall instances where farmers went ahead with improvements, without counting the cost till it took the farms to pay for them. Improvements are a nice thing, if one has the ready cash to make them; if not, beware of the temptation. Only those should be made at first that will return the outlay again. Farming should be conducted on business principles. If a merchant is not able to own a store, he rents one. If a farmer has no money to erect new buildings, he had better get along with his old ones. If a merchant invests money, he expects to get it all back and more too. If a farmer buys manure or Merino sheep, he should be careful that they are so used that they return the original cost and a profit. If a farmer lays out money ditching, he should do it where two or three crops will pay it back with interest.—[New Yorker.

HOW FOLKS DIFFER.—We chew tobacco, the Hindoo takes to lime, while the Patagonian finds contentment in a bite of guano.—The children of this country delight in candy, those of Africa in rock salt. A Frenchman goes his length for fried frogs, while an Esquimaux Indian thinks a stewed candle the climax of dainties.

☞ The question was recently proposed to a Down East Editor: Are hoop skirts dangerous? He immediately answered that they are always very dangerous when they had anything in them.

☞ Crime in Ireland is decreasing. A Donegal grand juror writes to the London Times, boasting that in his assizes there was not, among two hundred and forty thousand people, a single case to try.

☞ A married man who was recently at a whist party, when he proposed to go home, was asked to stay a little longer. "Well," he replied, "perhaps I may as well; my wife is probably already as mad as she can be."

PADDY TO HIS MISTRESS.

Arrah, Kitty, I love you to madness,
I swear by this cross o'er and o'er—
If you let me, I'll kneel down with gladness,
And your beautiful self I'll adore;
The ancients, we're told by Herodotus,
Used worship to cowld statutes of stone,
Then surely less guilty and odd it is,
To worship the pale flesh and bone.

When Paris loved Leda's fair daughter
(Oh, he was the deuce of a boy),
Away from her husband he brought her
To lofty and wide streeted Troy;
But I don't intend for to carry
You over the ocean for to roam—
But, darlin', I'd ask you to marry,
And be Queen of your own little home.

You tell me to wait till the Shrovetide,
But to waste time, you know, is a sin,
And always in summer the love tide
Far stronger and warmer sets in.
Och! look at the birds in the bushes,
O how each has a husband though coy;
Then, Kitty, away with your blushes,
And make sure of your own little boy.

A MAN KILLED.—On Thursday night or Friday morning last a railway accident occurred at Bothwell, by which a man named Joseph Stanley was killed. Deceased was a native of Derbyshire, England. He had been having a "big time" at a wedding, and it is supposed that he mistook the railway track for his bed.

The London dairymen are cunning fellows. Having first sent round circulars to their customers, declaring that they have had no disease among their cattle, they now send round a second circular, announcing that in consequence of the prevalent cattle disease, they are compelled to raise the price of milk twenty-five per cent.

☞ The Hamilton Times states that butter in that city is now ranked among the dainties of the season. The light supply offering in the market was held firmly at 30c per lb.

A very old lady named Cornell has lately died in Preston, England. Her parents were among the first to embrace the doctrines of John Wesley, who, on his visit to Preston, preached in their house. Her father was the first class leader in the Wesley connection in Preston, and she herself was christened by John Wesley.

A HARD HIT.—A half famished fellow in the Southern States tells of a baker whose loaves had been growing smaller by degrees and beautifully less, who on going his rounds to serve his customers stopped at the door of one and knocked, when the lady within exclaimed—'Who's there?' 'The baker,' he answered. 'What do you want?' 'To leave your bread.' 'Well, you need not make such a fuss about it—put it through the key-hole.'

☞ The Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia, Sir Richard McDonnell, left for England on the 29th Sept. Major General Doyle was sworn in as administrator on the same day.

☞ Sir Winslow Peto and party have visited Montreal and Quebec. At the latter city they were entertained at lunch by the Premier, Sir N. F. Belleau.

☞ A person named Hudson has been arrested at Montreal for throwing a cat into a boiler on a stove. He then took some cabbage that was in the boiler and threw it on a child, scalding it severely.

☞ Detective Armstrong arrested two more counterfeiters on Saturday at Belleville, making in all five of the rascals arrested.—Additional counterfeiting tools were found with the last prisoners.

☞ Two New York Regiments were being inspected at a place called Ralston, last week, when a disgraceful fight occurred, in which both regiments participated; missiles and the butt ends of rifles being freely used.

☞ *Le Journal de Quebec* says that the raspberry plants in that neighborhood have bloomed again, thus preparing another crop of raspberries not at all likely to ripen before the frost sets in.

☞ Yesterday Montreal bakers added another halfpenny to the price of the loaf, thereby causing a good deal of grumbling among frugal housewives. The charge is now eleven pence per loaf.

☞ A singular threshing machine accident happened in East Flamboro' on Monday last to Mr Jacob Wright. He was caught in the machinery and every stitch of clothing except his boots was whisked off him in an instant.—He received severe injuries and is now in a precarious state.

HORSES SAVED.

The lives of thousands of horses have been saved during the past year, and the credit is due to "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine." This preparation is being extensively used, and exacts from all the highest praise. Nothing of the kind has ever before been half as successful or given such universal satisfaction; it cannot be equalled. We can confidently recommend it, and would advise all who own horses to keep a supply of it on hand—it may be the means of saving your horses life. Remember the name, and see that the signature of HARD & Co., is on each package.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., Proprietors for the Canadas. Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle, and F Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; Jas Benthum, Roger ville; J Pickard, Exeter; J H Combe, Clinton; E Hickson, Seaforth; and all medicine dealers.

THE ERIE CANAL.—This Canal is 360 miles in length, and the Tolls collected upon it for 1861 amounted to over three million dollars, which is nearly double the amount collected in any previous year; and while our neighbors have so much reason to be pleased at this result, it is gratifying to know that the sales of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises, rheumatism, frost-bites, chilblains, &c, is increasing much faster. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts per bottle.

YOUR APPOINTMENT HAS BEEN CONFIRMED. Such missives are now all the fashion, over the telegraph wires, and they are good news for some, and bad news to others. For one box of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers you pay 25 cts. They cure a cold, hoarseness, sore throat, croup, etc., in a few hours. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE MARKETS.

GODERICH, Oct. 17, 1865.

The market on Saturday was splendid, large quantities of wheat passing off at $1 40 for Fall and $1 10 for Spring.—Prices are not so high this week, but still they are good:

Fall do	$1:18	@	1:20
Spring Wheat,	1:02	@	1.02
Oats,	0:22	@	0:00
Flour	5:25	@	6:00
Barley	0:55	@	0:60
Peas	0:45	@	0:50
Wool	0:35	@	0:40
Sheep	3:00	@	4:00
Lambs	2.00	@	0.00
Hides (green)	2:75	@	0:00
Butter	20:0	@	0:22
Potatoes	0:20	@	0.25
Wood	1:75	@	0:00
Eggs	0:00	@	0:12½
Hay, new ₩ ton	8:00	@	9:00

SEAFORTH, Oct. 17th, 1865.

Fall Wheat, ₩ bushel	$1:15	@	1:20
Spring Wheat, ₩ bush	0:98	@	1:00
Oats	0:20	@	0:00
Barley	0:60	@	0:62
Peas	0:50	@	0:52

New Advertisements.

Messrs. Galt & Hoskin,
Solicitors-in-Chancery
Messrs. Galt & Henderson,
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS.
Over the "Royal Insurance Offices," Toronto.
THOMAS GALT, Q. C.,
JAS. HENDERSON, JR.,
ALFRED HOSKIN.
Toronto, October 13, 1865. w38

New Advertisements.

A GOOD THING!
TRY IT.
THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
is a Medicine for the immediate and permanent removal of all pain from the system.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Cures Rheumatism, Pleurisy, and Pains in the Back and Sides.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Relieves Pain in the Head, and Sick Headache.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Cures Bilious Colic and Cramp in the Stomach.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Bowel Complaints.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Cures Sudden Colds and Sore Throats.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Cures Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites and Scalds.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
Cures Neuralgia, Tic Douloureaux and Toothache.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer
is also an excellent thing for Wounds, Bruises, Sprains and Strains; it takes away all pain the moment it is applied.
No Family should be without a bottle of
The Canadian Pain Destroyer!
PRICE.—25 cents per Bottle. All orders should be addressed to
NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.
☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan, Gardiner & Co., Bayfield, James Benthum, Rogersville, J. Pickard, Exeter, J. H. Combe, Clinton, E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. [w38-6m

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.
This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on
TO MARRIED LADIES
it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.
Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain to prevent counterfeits.
CAUTION.
These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.
In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.
Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.
Sole agent for the United States and Canadas,
JOB MOSES, Rochester, N.Y.
N. B.—$1.00 and six postage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent will insure a bottle containing fifty Pills, by return mail.
NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W., general agent for Canada.
☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; James Benthum, Rogersville; J. Pickard, Exeter; J.H. Combe, Clinton; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w38-1y

Relief in Ten Minutes!
BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS.
The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all diseases of the
Chest and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza,
Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.
These Wafers give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, when persevered with according to direction a never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health, who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are a blessing and require none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or how severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not beyond really decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.
TO VOCALISTS & PUBLIC SPEAKERS
these Wafers are peculiarly valuable; they will in one day remove the most severe occasional hoarseness and their regular use for a few days will, at all times, increase the power and inflexibility of the voice, greatly improving its tone, compass, and clearness, for which purpose they are regularly used by many Professional Vocalists.
JOB MOSES, sole Proprietor, Rochester, N.Y.
Price 25 cents per box.

Vocalists and Public Speakers	
Vocalists and Public Speakers	Will find Bryan's Wafers
Vocalists and Public Speakers	Will find Bryan's Wafers
	Will find Bryan's Wafers
Invaluable to remove	Hoarseness and Sore Throat
Invaluable to remove	Hoarseness and Sore Throat
Invaluable to remove	Hoarseness and Sore Throat
And give clearness to the Voice.	
And give clearness to the Voice.	
And give clearness to the Voice.	
	They relieve in ten minutes.
Coughs, Colds, and all diseases	They relieve in ten minutes.
Coughs, Colds, and all diseases	They relieve in ten minutes.
Coughs, Colds, and all diseases	They relieve in ten minutes,
	of the Chest and Lungs,
	Of the Chest and Lungs,
	Of the Chest and Lungs,
Sold by all Druggists,	
Sold by all Druggists,	At 25 cents a box.
Sold by all Druggists,	At 25 cents a box
	At 25 cents a box.
Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, General Agents for the Canadas.
☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; Jas. Benthum, Rogerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all medicine dealers. jw26-6m

VALUABLE
FARM LANDS!
FOR SALE
ON LIBERAL TERMS.
(WANLESS PROPERTY.)
PART of Lot 24, North of the Bayfield Road, in the Township of Stanley, containing 74 acres, more or less. This is a valuable property, and forms part of the Village of Bannockburn.
Also—IRA LEWIS' PROPERTY.
Part of Not No. 10, in the First concession of the Township of Goderich, 110 acres, more or less, and which said part consists of Park Lots Nos 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 16, as shown in the sub division of Lot No. 10 aforesaid. Registered, in the office of the Register of the County of Huron. A very valuable property, having a frontage of about half a mile on Lake Huron, with a view of the harbour of Goderich, from which rising Town it is only distant about two miles on the Bayfield Gravel Road. Can be sold in art or whole.
Apply to the Commissioners Trust and Loan Co. of Upper Canada, Kingston, or to
G. M. TRUEMAN, Auctioneer,
and Land Agent, Goderich,
Who will show the lands,
October 16, 1865. w38 2m

COLT ESTRAY.
STRAYED from the undersigned, lot 33, Hullett, on the 9th inst., a small darkish gray mare foal, with a star on the forehead, was seen near Smith's Hill between the 9th and 12th. Any person giving information leading to its recovery will be suitably rewarded.
AUGUST KRUSE.
Blythe p. o.
Hullett, October 16th, 1865. w38

VALUABLE FARM
FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale that valuable farm, being Lot 11, con 9, W.D. township Colborne, containing 100 acres of excellent land, 48 acres clear of stumps, under cultivation, with good fences; log house, with frame kitchen, and an orchard of Apples, Plums, &c. The farm is situated on the Gravel Road, within 5 miles of Goderich and 3 miles of two saw mills. Terms:—$500 to be paid on time of purchase, and the balance in instalments to suit the purchaser. For particulars apply to M. C. Cameron, or to the proprietor.
DAVID CLARK.
Colborne, Sept. 4th, 1865. w32-tf

New Advertisements.

COUNTY of HURON AGRICULR'L
SOCIETY'S

PLOUGHING MATCH
A PLOUGHING MATCH connected with the above Society will be held on the Farm of Samuel Carnochan, Esq., Lot 20, 2nd con., Tuckersmith, one mile and a quarter west of Harpurhey, on
TUESDAY, 31st day of October inst.,
when the following Premiums will be awarded:—
MENS' CLASS.

1st. Reaper, donor Mr. Bell, St. George, less $30.00,	$70.00
2.—Iron Plough, by Jas. Dickson, Esq., M. P. P.	40.00
3.—Fanning Mill, McTaggart & Co.	30.00
4.—Cash prize	25.00
5.—Cash prize	20.00
6.—Cash prize	15.00
7.—Cash prize by John Gray	10.00
8.—Plough, —— Campbell	10.00

BOYS' CLASS.

1st. Cash prize	$40.00
2.—Iron Plough, R. Runciman & Co	36.00
3.—Cash prize	30.00
4.—Culivator, Glasgow, McPherson & Co.	22.00
5.—Cash prize	17.00
6.—Plough, Searle & Davis	15.00
7.—Saddle, Horace Horton	12.00
8.—Neckyoke and Whipple-trees, Fulton, Rudd & Co.	6.00

RULES.
1st. Boys competing must not be over 18 years of age, and if required must produce satisfactory proof of age.
2nd. Ploughmen to be on the ground at 9 o'clock, A. M. Ploughing to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and finished within five hours.
3rd. The quantity of land to be ploughed to consist of one-third of an acre.
4th. No person will be allowed to assist the Ploughman except to set and regulate the stakes.
5th. Entries can be made with Mr George Laycock, Clinton, previous to the day of the match. If from any unforseen causes any intending competitor has not been able to make his entry previous to the day of the match, the Secretary will be on the ground on that morning and receive entries.
6th. An entrance fee of one dollar will be required from each competitor in the men's class, and seventy five cents from each competitor in the boy's class.
N. B.—There will be DINNER provided at Knox's Hotel, Harpurhey, immediately after the match.
R. GIBBONS, President.
G. M. TRUEMAN, Secretary. w38

ALBUMS, ALBUMS.
JUST RECEIVED, a large lot of Photograph Albums! from 50cts. upwards, at the
Signal Office.
A LARGE SUPPLY OF
FAMILY BIBLES
POCKET BIBLES,
CHURCH SERVICES,
HYMN BOOKS,
AT THE SIGNAL OFFICE.
BLANK BOOKS!
Day Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Minute Books, Bill Books, Copying Letter Books, Memorandum Books, Note Books, Pass Books, Indices, &c., &c., cheap for Cash, at the
SIGNAL OFFICE.
October 3rd, 1865.

Mortgage Sale.
UNDER a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by John Miller of the Township of Ashfield in the County of Huron, default having been made in the due payment thereof, and notice been given to all parties interested, there will be sold on Monday the 25th day of September, A. D. 1865, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Auction Mart of Geo. M. Trueman, in the Town of Goderich, the following property, namely, the South half of the North half of Lot Number Seven in the Ninth concession, Eastern Division of the said Township of Ashfield, containing by admeasurement Fifty Acres of Land more or less. Terms cash—Deed under Power of Sale.
SINCLAIR & WALKER,
Solicitors for Mortgagee.
Goderich, 6th Sept., 1865. 32w3t

The above sale is postponed until Monday the 16th October prox. w35

The above Sale is further postponed until Monday, 13th November, 1865, at same time and place. w38td

MORTGAGE SALE
OF LAND!
UNDER A POWER OF SALE contained in a Mortgage made by James Ballantine, of the village of Sconeville, in the County of Bruce, Wagon-maker, and Hiram Borland of the township of Wawanosh, in the County of Huron, Yeoman, and Charlotte Ballantine, wife of said James Ballantine, and Ann Jane Borland, wife of said Hiram Borland, for the purpose of barring their dower, default having been made in the due payment of the principal and interest moneys thereby secured, and notice having been duly given to all parties interested, there will be sold, on Monday, the sixteenth day of October, A.D. 1865, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the Auction Mart of George M. Trueman, in the town of Goderich, the following property, namely:—The south-west quarter of Lot Number Twenty-two, in the first concession of the township of Wawanosh, containing by admeasurement fifty acres, be the same more or less. Terms cash. Deed under Power of Sale.
SINCLAIR & WALKER,
Solicitors for Mortgagee.
Goderich, 27th September, 1865. w36

The above Sale is postponed until Monday the 23rd October, instant, same time and place. w38td

Insolvent Act of 1864.
WILLIAM DARLING, PLAINTIFF,
versus
JOHN STEWART, DEFENDANT.
A WRIT of Attachment has issued in this cause, of which all persons interested in the Estate of the defendant, and all persons having in their possession, custody or power any portion of the assests of the defendant, or who are in any way indebted to him are required to take notice.
JOHN MACDONALD,
Sheriff, H. & B
By S. POLLOCK, Deputy Sheriff. w36-3t

NOTES LOST.—Lost or mislaid, four notes of hand given by Otman Deserly, for $80 and $17, and Joseph Laport, sen., for $28, and Joseph Laport, jr., for $9, bearing date the 9th day of October, payable one year after date in favor of the subscriber. This is to forbid any person or persons purchasing or negotiating said notes as payment has been forbid.
PROSPER TESSIE.
Stanley, Oct 16, 1865. w38-3t*

IT IS NOT TRUE!
THAT STOCKS
Of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.,
ARE LOW AND PRICES HIGHER THAN THEY HAVE BEEN, AS YOU can prove for yourself by calling at the
EMPORIUM!
Where J. V. DETLOR & SON will be happy to show to their old friends and the public generally, a large and varied stock of
FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
&c., &c.,
Purchased in the Best and Cheapest Markets, and which they are determined to sell at the
VERY LOWES TPRICES For CASH.
They deem it unnecessary to state the nature of their stock in detail, as they feel satisfied that their long experience in business in Goderich enables them to anticipate the wants of the community.
ALL THEY WISH IS A CALL,
AND AN INSPECTION OF THE GOODS.
CLOTHS IN GREAT VARIETY.
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
DRESS GOODS.
AN UNUSUALLY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF EXCELLENT
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
A Large Stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Tea from 50 Cents upwards.
J. V. DETLOR & SON.
September 19th

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS! FOR TAXES

United Counties of Huron and Bruce, To Wit: } By virtue of a Warrant issued by the Treasurer of the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, bearing date the Eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and to me directed, for the collection of Arrears of Taxes due upon the following Lands in the said United Counties of Huron and Bruce, I shall on

Tuesday the Fourteenth day of November

next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, at the Court Room in the Town of Goderich, proceed to sell the following lands or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of such arrears of taxes unless the same with all lawful charges thereon be sooner paid,

(All the lands in this Schedule are Patented.)

TOWNSHIP OF ASHFIELD.

Lot.	Con. or Street.	Acres.	Amt. Tax.
5	1st E D	200	$10 92
N½ 6	do	100	34 62
3	2nd "	200	35 36
E½ 4	do	100	107 00
N½ 6	do	100	99 05
N½ 1	3rd "	100	67 42
5	do	200	153 14
6	do	200	118 09
W½ 6	6th "	100	91 05
" 10	do	100	23 50
" 4	7th "	100	17 08
E½ of E½	2 3rd W D	45	55 00
W½ of E½	2 do	45	41 41
S½ of W½	6 8th "	50	21 59
N½ of E½	2 9th "	50	37 12
E½ part	17 North town plot	41	27 59
N½	35 do	77	27 59

VILLAGE OF PORT ALBERT
In Ashfield.

25 Et Arthur		½	3 00
26 "		½	3 00
27		½	3 00
31 "		½	3 00
38		½	3 00
39 "		½	3 00
40		½	3 00
41 "		½	3 00
22 Wt Arthur		½	3 00
23 "		½	3 00
24		½	3 00
25 "		½	3 00
26		½	3 00
40 "		½	3 00
41 "		½	3 00
18 Et Colborne		½	3 00
29 "		½	3 00
30		½	3 00
31 "		½	3 00
39		½	3 00
41 "		½	3 00
25 Wt Colborne		½	3 00
26 "		½	3 00
27		½	3 00
39 "		½	3 00
40		½	3 00
41 "		½	3 00
42		½	3 00
25 Et Huron		½	3 00
26 "		½	3 00
27		½	3 00
37 "		½	3 00
38		½	3 00
45 "		½	3 00
37 Wt Huron		½	3 00
38 "		½	3 00
2 E London Rd		½	3 00
1 Et London Rd subdivided Park lots 5 & 6 Et London Rd	1-5		3 00
2	1-5		3 00
3	do		3 00
4	do		3 00
5	do		3 00
6	do		3 00
7	do		3 00
8	do		3 00
9	do		3 00
10	do		3 00
11	do		3 00
12	do		3 00
1 S E William			3 00
2	do		3 00
3			3 00
4	do		3 00
5			3 00
6	do		3 00
7			3 00
8	do		3 00
1 N W William			3 00
2	do		3 00
3			3 00
4	1-5		3 00
5	do		3 00
6			3 00
7	do		3 00
8			3 00
1 S Ann	do		3 00
2			3 00
3	do		3 00
4			3 00
5	do		3 00
6			3 00
7	do		3 00
8			3 00
1 N Ann	do		3 00
2			3 00
3	do		3 00
4			3 00
5	do		3 00
6			3 00
7	do		3 00
8			3 00
30 Et Sydenham			3 00
39 Wt do			3 00
40 " do			3 00
26 Et Wellington			3 00
42 do			3 00
25 Wt Wellington			3 00
26 do			3 00
27 do			3 00

VILLAGE OF DUNGANNON
In Ashfield.

4 Mallough's Survey			3 00

TOWNSHIP OF COLBORNE.

3 2nd E D		100	87 80
N½ 9 8th W D		50	60 05
E½ 3 Lake Rd Et		50	87 01
4 "		100	114 14
5 "		100	114 14
N part 16 "			6 71
N W pt 16 "			7 47
2 Lake Rd Wt		100	120 93
2 Lake shore		53	65 36
Block A with the exception of the Northwesterly pt 80 acres and also of a portion of 31 acres in the centre of the South front		478	495 40

TOWNSHIP OF GODERICH.

Park lot 1 Subd of lot 4 in 1st con		5	14 37
2 do		5	14 37
3 do		5	14 37
4 do		5	14 37
5 do		5	14 40
6 do		5	14 40
7 do		5	14 40
8 do		5	14 40
9 do		5	14 40
10 do		5	14 40
11 do		6	15 75
12 do		7	15 75
13 do		5	14 40
14 do		5	14 40
16 do		4½	12 80
17 do		4½	12 80
18 do		4½	12 80
19 do		4½	12 80
20 do		4½	12 80
21 do		5	14 40
22 do		4	13 55
23 do		10	22 46
24 do		5	14 40
25 do		5	14 40
26 do		5	14 40
W½ 40 3rd		50	55 75
40 4th		50	53 93
N part 7 B			22 71
N W pt 5 Maitland		5	6 95
N part 13 do		1½	10 60
N W pt 100 do		6	19 62
S or S E pt 2 Bayfield		20	45 49
N W pt 4 do		26	38 11
S part 5 do		85	73 87
6 do		94	103 27
7 do		84	95 78
8 do		71	80 76
9 do		50	60 85
10 do		120	134 07
71 do		123	98 22
72 do		67	77 53
73 do		72	83 01
74 do		105	116 15
75 do		104	116 03
76 do		120	123 79
77 do		50	87 56
Village lot 36 Subd of lot 4 in Bayfield con		½	3 85
do 101 do		½	3 97

TOWNSHIP OF GREY.

N½ 107 Village of Ameleyville		½	12 06
S½ 107 do		½	9 55
120 do		½	14 85
155 do		½	17 01
196 do		½	13 10
200 do		½	20 80
201 do		½	20 80
205 do		½	20 80
210 do		½	19 21
211 do		½	19 21
216 do		½	4 16

TOWNSHIP OF HULLETT.

1 Village of Manchester		½	$1 [illegible]
2 do		½	1
6 do		½	1
8 do		½	1
9 do		½	1
13 do		½	1
14 do		½	1
16 do		½	1
19 do		½	1
20 do		½	1
23 do		½	1
24 do		½	1
39 do		½	1
40 do		½	1
44 do		½	1
52 do		½	1
56 do		½	1
63 do		½	1

MANCHESTER—Continued.

Lot.	Con. or street.	Acres.	Amt.
64 Village of MANCHESTER		½	$1 [illegible]
70 do		½	[illegible]
76 do		½	[illegible]
78 do		½	[illegible]
79 do		½	[illegible]
3 Village of ALMA		½	[illegible]
4 do		½	[illegible]
5 do		½	[illegible]
8 do		½	[illegible]
10 do		½	[illegible]
12 do		½	[illegible]
13 do		½	[illegible]
14 do		½	[illegible]
15 do		½	[illegible]
16 do		½	[illegible]
17 do		½	[illegible]
18 do		½	[illegible]
19 do		½	[illegible]
21 do		½	[illegible]
22 do		½	[illegible]
23 do		½	[illegible]
24 do		½	[illegible]
25 do		½	[illegible]
26 do		½	[illegible]
27 do		½	[illegible]
28 do		½	[illegible]
29 do		½	[illegible]
30 do		½	[illegible]
31 do		½	[illegible]
32 do		½	[illegible]
33 do		½	[illegible]
34 do		½	[illegible]
54 do		½	[illegible]
55 do		½	[illegible]
58 do		½	[illegible]
1 in Village of LONDESBORO		½	[illegible]
3 Village of SUMMER HILL		½	[illegible]
13 do		½	[illegible]

TOWNSHIP OF HAY.

N pt 11 Lake Road west		25	18 02
S pt 11 Lake Road west		73	44 11
63 Village of Zurich		½	9 46

TOWNSHIP OF MORRIS.

N½ 14 5th		100	10 12

TOWNSHIP OF McKILLOP.

Part 30 2nd, R Chisholm			29 30
7 part of 25 in 1st con Village of Seaforth		½	10 03
11 part of lot 1 in 1st con Village of Carrounbrook		½	6 80
12 do do		½	10 93
13 do do		½	10 93

VILLAGE OF ROXBOROUGH
In McKillop Dickson's survey.

Lots 11 12 14 17 20 23 24 25 26 27 30 32 acre each at $4 per lot			48 00

TOWNSHIP OF STANLEY.

3 Bayfield Rd N		$3	87 67
4 do		70	81 64
2 Range A		7½	15 00
8		11½	18 72
9		12	20 85
10		19	19 50
11		9½	19 40
12		19	30 35
13		21	32 50
10 Range B		6½	8 43
11		9	11 40
12		17	17 12
13		17	17 95
6 Range D		6½	7 15
4 Range H		10	18 60
5 do		11	19 13
7 Range K		26	18 17
2 Range M		11½	20 78
2 Range N		7½	18 37
4 do		7½	18 52
5 Range N		do	18 52
10 do		do	19 14
11 do		do	19 14
12 do		do	19 14

VILLAGE OF BAYFIELD
In Stanley.

21		½	3 37
31		½	19 03
64		½	55 01
186		½	13 60
211		½	16 21
226		½	12 86
232		½	11 08
253		½	12 91
266		½	12 28
282		½	10 56
291		½	11 96
289		½	14 90
278		½	19 45
320		½	12 89
324		½	8 40
329		½	13 97
333		½	6 46
334		½	6 46
337		½	12 06
338		½	9 98
342		½	12 19
343		½	11 14
344		½	11 14
345		½	5 38
346		½	5 38
381		½	18 33
382		½	18 23
383		½	18 23
384		½	18 23
385		½	18 23
386		½	18 53
387		½	18 35
388		½	18 23
389		½	18 23
390		½	18 23
391		½	18 23
392		½	18 23
393		½	18 35
394		½	18 23
395		½	18 23
396		½	18 23
397		½	18 23
398		½	18 23
399		½	18 35
416		½	24 74
417		½	21 71
418		½	24 74
511		½	40 70
539		½	17 17
570		½	18 16
572		½	18 16
573		½	18 16
574		½	18 16
575		½	18 16
576		½	18 16
577		½	14 14
578		½	18 16
579		½	18 16
670		½	28 80
695		½	17 12
696		½	17 12
697		½	18 67
698		½	18 67
699		½	18 67
775 Subd of lot 9 Range N		½	13 84
776		½	13 65
777		½	9 88
778		½	9 88
779		½	9 88
780		½	9 88
781		½	9 88
782		½	9 88
783		½	13 88
784		½	10 06
785		½	12 83
786		½	12 83
787		½	12 83
788		½	12 83
789		½	12 83
790		½	12 83
791		½	12 83
792		½	9 88
793		½	9 88
794		½	12 83
795		½	4 42
796		½	4 42
797		½	12 83
798		½	9 88
799		½	9 88
800		½	9 88
801 Subd of lot 9 Range N		½	12 83
802		½	9 88
831 Subd of lot 8 Range N		½	9 51
832		½	12 52
833		½	12 52
834		½	8 16
836		½	12 52
837		½	9 52
838		½	9 52
839		½	9 52
840		½	9 52
841		½	9 52
842		½	9 52
843		½	12 52
844		½	10 36
845		½	12 52
846		½	12 52
847		½	9 52
848		½	9 52
849		½	9 52
850		½	9 52
851		½	9 52
852		½	9 52
853		½	12 52
854		½	12 52
855		½	12 52
856		½	12 52
857		½	12 52
858		½	12 52
859		½	10 26
860		½	10 26
861		½	12 52
862		½	12 52
863		½	5 21
Gore A		½	51 28
" L		½	28 93
Lot 6 Subdivision of lot 222		½	5 82
19 do do		½	5 82

VILLAGE OF ST. ANDREWS
In Stanley.

10 McTavish Street		½	2 62
E River Street		½	14 33
2 do		½	3 58
4 Bayfield Road		½	12 17
5		½	12 17
6		½	12 17
7		½	12 17

VILLAGE OF GRANTON
In Stanley.

9 Subd lot 30 in 1st con		½	3 08
10 do do		½	1 53

DINSLEY TERRACE
In Stanley.

15 Subd lot 36 in 1st con		2	10 80

TOWNSHIP OF STEPHEN.

N E pt 25 2nd		1	11 80
15 6th		100	25 22
E½ 6 10th		50	74 14
W½ 6 "		50	52 22
7 "		100	111 70
8 "		100	111 70
N½ 6 12th		50	25 10
S½ 12 13th		50	44 77
4 17th		100	66 26
N W pt 9 South Boundary		50	15 95

VILLAGE OF EXETER.

39 Atheson & Carling's survey subd lot 20 in 1st con		½	$3 81
54 do do		½	12 87
55 do do		½	4 00
65 do do		½	4 72
83 do do		½	4 50
92 do do		½	4 50
N½ 11 Sander's survey subd of lot 2 in 1st con		½	2 90
1 Main st W Gidley's survey subd lot 22 1st con		½	7 75
2 do do		½	7 75

VILLAGE OF FRANCISTOWN
In Stephen.

12		15	2 76
16		1½	1 01
21		½	0 93
22		½	6 26
23		½	1 84
28		½	4 43
29		½	4 43
30		½	4 43
31		½	4 43
32		½	1 41
33		½	3 68
42		½	3 92
49		½	1 17
50		½	1 17
54		½	4 00
59		½	0 89
62		½	0 88
63		½	1 42
78		½	1 08
89		½	3 19

TOWNSHIP OF TUCKERSMITH.

Centre pt 16 1st H.R.S.		4½	26 18

VILLAGE OF HARPURHEY
In Tuckersmith.

17 Fowler's survey		½	16 17
18 do		½	16 17
Cash's survey		½	16 79
9 do		½	17 45
10 do		½	17 45
23 do		½	21 32
24 do		½	4 55
30 do		½	12 34
18 Worsley's survey		½	4 71
29 do		½	6 02

VILLAGE OF BRUCEFIELD
In Tuckersmith.

14 Armstrong's survey		½	24 69
17 "		½	11 52
18 "		½	18 96

TOWNSHIP OF USBORNE.
VILLAGE OF EXETER.

47 R Taylor's survey subd of lot 16 in 1st con		½	15 50
48 do do		½	15 50

TOWNSHIP OF WAWANOSH.

W½ of E½ 25 1st		50	37 34
E½ 16 4th		100	273 12
W½ 35 "		100	45 81
W½ 24 "		100	84 19
E½ 16 6th		100	58 70
E½ 31 "		100	36 20
W½ 13 7th		100	81 30
16 8th		200	43 30
14 9th		200	153 21

VILLAGE OF MANCHESTER
In Wawanosh.

12		½	1 99
15		½	1 99

VILLAGE OF BLYTHE
In Wawanosh.

17		½	24 40
18		½	24 40
19		½	17 42
21		½	20 93
22		½	17 09
23		½	21 85
24		½	9 32
25		½	6 51
28		½	18 60
33		½	17 64
35		½	14 62
36		½	20 93

VILLAGE OF DUNGANNON
In Wawanosh.

34		½	9 76
43		½	4 56
51		½	12 13

VILLAGE OF ST HELENS
In Wawanosh.

5 Mather's survey subd of lot 18 in 11th con		½	20 82
12 do		½	18 15
15 do		½	17 18
20 do		½	13 01
24 do		½	12 78
26 do		½	10 81
2 Gordon's survey subd of lot 19 in 11th con		½	12 34

TOWN OF GODERICH.

Running No. 7 Canada Co's survey		½	60 15
54 do		½	23 18
108 do		½	6 29
128 do		½	37 36
145 do		½	15 20
146 do		½	19 44
149 do		½	18 35
194 do		½	16 57
195 do		½	16 57
202 do		½	9 77
210 do		½	19 50
239 do		½	14 62
292 do		½	14 52
293 do		½	14 52
294 do		½	16 04
305 do		½	19 90
315 do		½	16 86
425 do		½	4 84
486 do		½	4 84
569 do		½	3 86
570 do		½	3 86
595 do		½	13 30
661 do		½	2 89
687 do		½	2 90
726 do		½	12 53
762 do		½	24 86
871 do		½	21 33
901 do		½	36 99
959 do		½	30 44
984 do		½	2 90
993 do		½	13 53
1022 do		½	7 73
1065 do		½	3 73
1151 Keys & Cameron's survey		½	6 25
1182 do		½	5 21
1335 Robertson's survey		½	9 67
1312 do		½	8 00
1344 do		½	15 67
72 Subd of lots 2 and 3 con A Wilson's surv		½	5 64
1 con C		½	23 36
2 "		10	72 75
N½ 9 "		5	43 76
1 Subd of lot 3 con C		1	6 65
2		1	6 65
3		1	6 65
4		1	6 65
5		1	6 65
7		1	6 65
8		1	6 65
9		1	6 65
10		1	6 65
1 Subd of lots 17 & 18 con C			8 74
2			8 19
3			8 19
4			8 19
9			8 19
11			8 19
12			8 19
14			8 19

VILLAGE OF CLINTON.

Running No. 13		½	1 56
213		½	8 59
N½ 298		½	25 57
302		½	16 54
310		½	23 15
477		½	4 36
481		½	16 21
497 or 424		½	13 20
501 or 421		½	25 06
528		½	33 80
530		½	24 41
531		½	24 41
616		½	25 90
617		½	25 90
618		½	25 90
658		½	19 42
660		½	4 36
661		½	3 98
732		½	19 06
802		½	25 49
834		½	25 04
917		½	19 37
918		½	11 46
No. 30 Gordon's new survey		½	13 00
84 do		½	11 62
102 do		½	4 55
104 do		½	12 86
Building lot 4 Subd of lots 15 16 45 and 46			5 32

TOWNSHIP OF ARRAN.

24 Indian reserve A all in stup 100		½	$9 43

VILLAGE OF INNERMAY
In Arran.

23		½	4 40
24		½	4 40
83		½	4 40
84		½	7 42
96		½	7 09
159		½	4 40
161		½	4 11
162		½	4 11
163		½	4 11
164		½	4 11
165		½	4 11
166		½	4 11
167		½	3 11
171		½	4 40
172		½	4 40
173		½	4 40
178		½	4 11

TOWNSHIP OF BRANT.

29 1st N D Rd		50	29 84
59 do		50	27 64
43 3rd do		50	8 81

VILLAGE OF WALKERTON.

28 S Durham st J Walker's surv		½	0 69
29 " "		½	0 69
13 N Durham		½	5 14
8 Range 1 Bilkey's surv		½	2 40
8 2 "		½	2 40
1 E "		½	0 50
5 Bay st W, Bolton's Estate		½	0 44
19 " "		½	0 44

TOWNSHIP OF ELDERSLIE.
Village of Paisley.

9 Subd of Park lot 3 E Queen st		½	14 44
1 " 5 Et do		½	21 47
4 " do do		½	14 44
7 " do do		½	14 44

TOWNSHIP OF KINCARDINE.

5 1st S D Rd		50	56 67
6 1st do		50	41 50
35 do		50	38 61
41 do		50	15 89
42 do		50	12 75
5 2nd do		50	24 95
W part 16 A		25	24 25
W part 17 "		25	24 25

VILLAGE OF PORT HEAD
In Kincardine.

1 Harbor S		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
4		½	1 00
5		½	1 00
6		½	1 00
A		½	1 00
1 Harbor N		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
3		½	1 00
4		½	1 00
5		½	1 00
6		½	1 00
11		½	1 00
1 Harbor W		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
3		½	1 00
4		½	1 00
5		½	1 00
6		½	1 00
7		½	1 00
8		½	1 00
9		½	1 00
10		½	1 00
1 Main S		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
3		½	1 00
4		½	1 00
5		½	1 00
6		½	1 00
7		½	1 00
8		½	1 00
9		½	1 00
10		½	1 00
1 Main N		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
3		½	1 00
4		½	1 00
5		½	1 00
6		½	1 00
7		½	1 00
8		½	1 00
9		½	1 00
10		½	1 00
11		½	1 00
12		½	1 00
14		½	1 00
15		½	1 00
1 King S		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
3		½	1 00
4		½	1 00
5		½	1 00
7		½	1 00
8		½	1 00
9		½	1 00
10		½	1 00
11		½	1 00
12		½	1 00
14		½	1 00
15		½	1 00
1 Argyle S		½	1 00
2		½	1 00
10		½	1 00
2 Argyle N		½	1 00

VILLAGE OF MOUNT FOREST
In Kincardine.

3 Queen st W		½	6 62
4 do		½	5 30

TOWNSHIP OF SAUGEEN.

35 Lake Range		59	33 44

VILLAGE OF PORT ELGIN
In Saugeen.

Lot 115 Block 39		one fifth	6 20
12	49	"	10 11
13 "	"	"	10 11
87 "	"	"	3 95
88 "	"	"	3 95
43 "	59	"	7 78
44 "	"		11 65
51 "	58	"	18 10
52 "	"		14 70
53 "	"	"	14 70
66	60		17 86
67 "	"	"	17 86
89	65		7 05
96 "	66	"	8 40
107	68		9 27
6 "	73	"	9 14
160	75		4 55
161 "	"	"	4 55
162	"		4 55
148 "	77	"	10 55
149	"		10 55
150 "	"	"	10 55
151	"		10 55
152 "	"	"	10 55
174	"		9 43

PORT ELGIN—Continued.

Lot.	Con. or st.	Acres.	Amt.
176 Block 71	one fifth	½	$10 78
176 "		½	5 88
177 " "		½	9 43
138 "		½	13 05
191 " 80		½	8 47
192 " 81		½	18 26
167 " 82		½	3 70
40 " 84		½	5 78
41 " 87		½	5 78
15 " 89		½	9 75
53 " 100		½	6 85

VILLAGE OF SOUTHAMPTON.

26 Augusta N		½	16 70
38 do		½	16 36
40 do		½	16 36
18 Alfred N		½	11 88
19 do		½	17 18
30 do S		½	8 46
31 Alice S		½	12 65
32 do		½	12 65
25 Arthur N		½	6 12
27 do		½	6 12
27 do		½	16 65
32 do		½	10 97
55		½	15 94
56 do		½	15 94
57 "		½	15 94
58 do		½	15 94
60		½	12 39
Park lot 3		½	12 07
22 Arthur S		½	14 75
24 do		½	14 87
25		½	16 82
26 do		½	16 63
27		½	16 58
28 do		½	16 58
29		½	16 58
30