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London Advertiser

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42ND YEAR. NO. 17678 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1905.—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TURKS ENRAGED AT EUROPE; SULTAN MAY DEFY POWERS

May Plunge Balkans in War Rather Than Give In to Demands for Macedonian Reforms.

New York, Nov. 22. — A Constantinople dispatch to the Times says: No answer has been received to the demands of the powers relative to reforms in Macedonia, and although the diplomatists still believe that the Sultan will give way at the last moment, the signs are all the other way.

There can be no doubt regarding the resentment the Turks feel at the attitude of the European cabinets. Even among the people most sincerely desirous of reforms the hope is expressed that the Sultan will resist to the bitter end. The Turks are especially bitter at the sight of Russia herself in the throes of a revolution produced by Turkey. It is sarcastically suggested that the powers would have been much better employed had they sent fleets to Odessa to stop the massacre of Jews instead of planning a naval demonstration in Turkey's waters.

It is obvious that the Sultan would be enthusiastically supported by his people were he to defy Europe and take the consequences. The popular feeling he might easily disregard, but he is not likely to be indifferent to the consideration that sooner or later he will have to fight to keep Macedonia, and that such a good opportunity as the present, with Russia powerless and Austria weakened, is not likely to recur.

POLICE CLUB LAVAL STUDENTS

Unruly Youths Made Demonstration Before House of Canada's Editor.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—The Laval students, who have been quiet since the recent occurrence at Prof. Mage's meetings, again had a turnout last night and made things lively for a time. After the disturbance at the Mage meetings the Canada, of which Mr. Godfrol Langlois, M. P. P., is editor, criticised the students for their unseemly conduct. This incensed the students, and after a period of quietness, they turned their attention to Mr. Langlois.

Several hundred students assembled about 6 o'clock last evening in front of Laval University, and armed with billiard cues, to which were attached the college colors, and carrying an effigy of Mr. Langlois, they marched shouting and singing, up St. Denis street to Mr. Langlois' residence on Laval avenue.

The police had received word previously of the demonstration, and when the students arrived at Mr. Langlois' house they found a squad of policemen drawn up. The rioters proceeded to burn the effigy of Mr. Langlois on the street, and caused such a disturbance that police reserves were called to the scene, under command of Inspctor Leggett. The mob of students attempted to jostle the police and threw sticks, whereupon Inspector Leggett had his men charge the mob, and succeeded in dispersing the students. One of them, Maxime Raymond, who it is claimed was one of the ringleaders, was arrested on a charge of creating a disturbance and inciting a mob.

He was later taken to the police station, but was subsequently released on bail.

IN BRAND NEW CLOTHES

Local Policemen Are Inspected by Chief Williams.

London's burly policemen paraded in front of the police station yesterday afternoon, attired in their fine new winter clothing. Their appearance was such that remarks of admiration came involuntary from spectators who were near by.

"I never saw a body of policemen who looked more like policemen than those do," said an old citizen, who has seen considerable of the outside world.

The line-up yesterday was to allow the chief to inspect the new uniforms. Particularly the overcoats differ from the last consignment made four years ago. The new ones are longer and have a decidedly natty appearance. They are double-breasted, and are heavier than those just discarded.

The policemen naturally big, present a formidable aspect when arrayed in these big coats. And though their appearance goes a long way, they have proven beyond a doubt their efficiency in case of emergencies. Temperate in their habits, jovial in disposition, applying themselves strictly to their work, there isn't a finer bunch of policemen in Canada—and this country stands among the first in the preservation of law and order.

Chief Williams was fully satisfied with his men yesterday afternoon. The clothes fit well, and speak volumes for the ability of the maker. The winter caps have been distributed, also, but may not be seen on the street for a few days yet.

The new overcoats must last the men four winters.

PAVEMENT WILL NOT BE FINISHED

City Engineer Stops Work on the New Richmond Street Roadway.

The bitulithic pavement on Richmond street, between the C. P. R. and Oxford street, will not be completed this year.

Manager King, of the street railway company, with Superintendent Break, had an interview with City Ingineer Graydon today, and the above decision was the result of the conference.

Mr. Graydon told Mr. King bluntly that if the company had made an earnest eoffrt to lower the levels of its tracks, in accordance with the instructions of the city engineer's department, the pavement would have been completed this fall. But now the matter has dragged along so late that he is afraid to allow the contractors to go further with the work.

Mr. Graydon has since learned that the Warren Company, which has the contract, has run out of stone, and after considering all points of the case, he has notified the Warrens that the city does not want the pavement north of the C. P. R. completed this fall. Work will be resumed on it when the frost is out of the ground in the spring.

A $1,000,000 SHIPMENT

Four Special Trains With Thoroughbreds for New York Auction.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 22. — Four special trains, operating on passenger schedules, are carrying to New York the shipment of horses from the Rancho Del Paso, John MacKey, superintendent of the Haggin ranch, accompanied by General Agent Snedker, of the Illinois Central Railroad, traveled in the last car of the fourth special.

The shipment, it is understood, is valued at $1,000,000, and is insured for practically that amount.

The cost of the transportation of the six hundred horses to New York was about $60,000. There will be a foreman for each train and two grooms to each car.

A CALL FROM VANCOUVER

Rev. A. J. MacGillivray Notified That He Is to Receive One.

Rev. A. J. MacGillivray, pastor of the New St. James Presbyterian Church, stated today that he had received a letter from Vancouver, B. C., stating that the congregation of St. John's Church there had extended a call to him. The call has not yet reached Mr. MacGillivray, but it is likely to come in a few days.

Mr. MacGillivray says that he will very seriously consider the question of going to Vancouver. He has been at New St. James for nearly eight years, and feels that with the work so well advanced and the congregation in a prosperous state, he could now lay it aside for another.

The matter will come before the Presbytery on Dec. 5.

Carlos at Paris.

Paris, Nov. 22. — King Charles of Portugal arrived here today to return President Loubet's visit to Lisbon. His majesty was met at the Dauphin railroad station by President Loubet and Premier Rouvier, and was escorted with imposing military honors to the foreign office, where the royal quarters have been established. The king will remain here three days, and will be entertained with state dinners, a gala performance at the opera, a military review and a hunt. The streets and public buildings are elaborately decorated.

AWAITS TRIAL ON SERIOUS CHARGES



THOMAS E. FLEXEN,
Youth Who Recently Shot Policeman Green and Attempted to Shoot Others. The Cut is Made From a Photo Taken by the Local Police.

DOWNSHIRE TO SELL OUT

Will Sell $15,000,000 Irish Estate to His Tenants.

London, Nov. 22.—The Marquis of Downshire has agreed to sell his agricultural lands in County Down, Ireland, to the tenants. The estate is the largest in Ireland, and is valued at about $15,000,000.

BANK MAN SUICIDES

Reported He Was Involved to the Extent of $480,000.

Leavenworth, Kansas, Nov. 22. — W. E. Thomas, an associate of the late C. J. Devlin in his extensive coal mine enterprises, and one of the principal stockholders in the defunct First National Bank, of Topeka, drank carbolic acid last night, and his life is despaired of. Mr. Thomas had been in ill-health since the failure of the Topeka bank, and the failure of the Devlin interests, as he was heavily involved, his liabilities being about $480,000, and his assets about $175,000. It had been planned that he was to start for Hot Springs, Ark., for treatment today.

EDMONTON TO THE HILLS

Grand Trunk Pacific Route Mapped Out by Mr. Schreiber.

[Special to The Advertiser]

Ottawa, Nov. 22. — Collingwood Schreiber has prepared his report on the location route of the Grand Trunk Pacific from Touchwod Hills to Edmonton. The whole question has to be referred to a meeting of the cabinet before the plans are adopted.

They have been carefully looked over by some of the ministers and the route has been practically agreed upon. When in the west Mr. Schrieber got the views of Mr. Emmerson. The principal change will be that the line will go nearer Saskatoon than shown in the plans. It is not likely that the route will be very materially changed at Edmonton. As soon as the cabinet passes upon the plans they will go to the railway commission. The railway commission has already decided that it cannot greatly change the plans once they are adopted by the council.

"ON WINGS," SAYS SARAH

Bernhardt Special Train Gets to Chicago in Fast Time.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Sarah Bernhardt arrived at 4:20 Monday afternoon, 9 hours and 20 minutes from Buffalo. Her special made occasional spurts of 80 miles an hour, and after the ride of her life the actress was in ample time for her opening performance.

The schedule was 30 minutes less than that of the eighteen-hour Twentieth Century. As she stood on the rear platform as the train rolled in, Bernhardt said with enthusiasm: "The trip was fine. I felt much of the time as though on wings."

THE SUITCASE MYSTERY

Woman Who Nursed Dead Girl May Convict Three Under Arrest.

Boston, Nov. 22. — A new and important witness who will appear against the three men under indictment in connection with the death of Susanna Geary, the Winthrop suitcase victim, has appeared, the police say, in Miss Sarah Elizabeth Griffiths, a nurse, who it is alleged attended the Geary girl while the latter was dying. This nurse has made statements to the police, which, the authorities claim, will be of material assistance to the Government in the trial of the cases against Dr. Percy D. McLeod, William Hunt, and Lewis Crawford, the accused men. The police say Miss Griffiths has satisied them that she is in no way criminally liable in the case, having been called in as nurse after a second operation, intended to save the Geary woman's life, had been performed.

Hanged to a Tree.

Coahoman, Miss., Nov. 22.—Dave Sims, the negro who shot and killed R. F. Jones at his home near Baugh Station, in this county, on Sunday night, was captured last night by a posse and immediately brought to this place. Several citizens interviewed the negro, and they say he made a full confession. Sims was then taken to Baugh and hanged to a tree.

Saunby Case May Again Be Referred to Privy Council

Owing to Difierence of Opinion as to Clause Relating to Damages.

The city of London and the city solicitor, Mr. T. G. Meredith, do not agree with Mr. Ivey, solicitor for Mr. Saunby, that the judgment recently handed down by the privy council means that the city must pay Mr. Saunby damages for a period extending from six months before the entering of the suit to the present day.

After a careful perusal of the record of the judgment which reached the city yesterday, Mr. Meredith has informed Mayor Campbell that he has no reason to change his views that Mr. Saunby has merely been awarded damages for a period of six months, instead of for nine years, as alleged by Mr. Ivey.

In speaking of the matter today, the mayor stated that it will in all probability be necessary for the matter to be again referred to the privy council in order to clear it up.

Will Mean a Delay.

This will mean a delay of several months, and, of course, the city is not averse to this, as the corporation will be in a better position next year to consider the expropriating of the mill property than it is at present. Under the ruling of the privy council the city has the power to expropriate the mill property any time it desires.

Of course, law is a costly luxury, but sooner than pay the nine years' damages claimed by Mr. Ivey, the city will again carry the case for a ruling on the meaning of the judgment to the privy council. As a sample of what this action of Mr. Saunby's has meant to the city, it might be said that but a short time ago the mayor signed a check for $1,200, which was Mr. Aylesworth's fee for arguing the case for the city before the privy council.

There is not much talk of expropriation around the city hall now, though Ald. Gillean is out flat-footed to buy the mill property, and turn it into a plant for lighting the city, instead of paying $30,000 a year for light as at present.

An interesting point in connection with the suit is that the court of revision today is hearing an appeal from Mr. Saunby against the assessment of his property made by Assessment Commissioner Grant. It is understood that Mr Grant placed the valuation of the property at about $12,000, and this, Mr. Saunby thinks, is too much. Mr. Saunby's appeal and the action of the court of revision may have quite an influence in determining the value of the property if the city decides to expropriate it.

CASTRO'S BLUFF FAILS

France Will Give No More Explanations as to Offensive Act.

Paris, Nov. 22. — Inquiry at the foreign office today brought out the statement that the report that France accedes to President Castro's request to indicate what portions of the Venezuelan note to M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires, are offensive, is incorrect. The officials say the President has heretofore been completely informed regarding the offensive features of the note, and therefore, the report, that France will give further explanations, is characterized as a bluff intended to delay and confuse the situation.

UNDER ARREST TRIES SUICIDE

Man Charged With Incendiarism Stabs and Gashes His Throat.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Barrie, Ont., Nov. 22. — Alfred E. Carscallen, arrested yesterday on a charge of firing his premises, attempted to commit suicide this morning and will probably die. He stabbed himself in the breast and gashed his throat horribly, almost severing the windpipe. He was found weltering in his own blood about 8 o'clock this morning. He left a pitiful letter protesting that he was not responsible for his actions. He has four small children.

FASTED TOO MUCH

Eccentricities Cause Death of Back to Nature Preacher.

Chicago, Nov. 22. — Unable to retain nourishment, due to long periods of fasting, John Kleinst, the back to nature preacher, died yesterday. Kleinst, who was 50 years old, had traveled all over the country on foot, wearing only sandals and clad in the thinnest and coarsest garments. When he did not fast he lived on roots and herbs. One of his beliefs was that the day of judgment was at hand, and frequently he would stop persons on the street, and with uplifted fingers warn them to prepare for the last day.

He wore no underclothing, and for a few months he was a familiar figure in the down-town streets, in which he sold pamphlets advocating his ideas of going back to nature.

He was committed to the Dunning insane asylum three months ago by the Cook county court for the insane. A friend in Peoria, Ill., it is said, procured his release and took him to that city. He walked to Chicago and arrived here two weeks ago in an emaciated condition from fasting.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Milder.

London, Wednesday, Nov. 22.
Sun rises..7:20 a.m. Moon rises..1:59 a.m.
Sun sets...4:47 p.m. Moon sets...2:43 p.m.

Toronto, Nov. 21—8 p.m.

The weather remains everywhere fine, the lowest temperatures occurring in Ontario and Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 38—46; Edmonton, 18—28; Calgary, 10—46; Qu'Appelle, 28—36; Winnipeg, 26—42; Port Arthur, 26—40; Parry Sound, 12—40; Toronto, 20—38; Ottawa, 16—34; Montreal, 20—36; Quebec, 16—32; St. John, 22—42; Halifax, 24—42.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 41°; lowest, 13° above.

FORECASTS.

Wednesday, Nov. 22—8 a.m.

Moderate to fresh southwesterly to southerly winds; fair and a little milder today and on Thursday.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	36	30	Fair
Winnipeg	28	24	Fair
Parry Sound	36	26	Rain
Toronto	32	26	Rain
Ottawa	28	26	Fair
Montreal	32	28	Rain
Quebec	22	20	Rain
Father Point	34	28	Rain

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather remains very fine throughout the greater portion of the Dominion, temperatures continuing unseasonably high in the Northwest Provinces.

GOOD FOR RUSS WOMEN

Will Be Admitted to Colleges on Same Condition as Men.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 22.—The admission of women to the universities on the same conditions governing the admission of men is declared by Count John Tolstoi, the new Minister of Education, in an interview published this morning, to be part of his policy.

The minister says he is also in favor of instituting reforms in the universities and the higher schools, which he declares are in "an abominable state." It is his purpose, he says, to call a conference of rectors and professors for the elaboration of permanent rules permitting organizations of students and professors.

CITY MAY HAVE TO EVICT ROAD

Unless Grand Trunk Agrees to Abandon Siding Now Held By It.

The old feud between the Grand Trunk Railway and the Pere Marquette over the siding on Bathurst street which is owned by the city, has again broken out.

The Grand Trunk secured possession of this siding in 1873, when it signed a 20-year lease of the L. and P. S. R., but when the Grand Trunk gave up the road in 1893, through some mistake, it was allowed to keep possession of the siding.

The Pere Marquette is badly in need of more siding accommodation, and the company has frequently asked that the city eject the G. T. R. from the siding in question.

The city has done all it can do to have the siding given over to the Pere Marquette, but so far all efforts have been in vain. It is said that the G. T. R. claims the siding now, as it has occupied it and maintained it for a period of over ten years, its possession having been undisputed during that time.

Mayor Campbell has had the city solicitor look up the matter, and he finds that the siding is situated on the street, it is said, and that the city can eject any or all claimants. In the meantime, the city will again try to get the Grand Trunk to give up the siding. Failing this, it is likely the city will try an eviction process on the big trunk line.

MAY MEAN WEDDING

Alfonso and Princess Ena Will Visit Algeciras.

Paris, Nov. 22.—The Madrid correspondent of the Eclair says that the Princess of Battenberg and her daughter, the Princess Ena, will winter in Gibraltar and Algeciras, and that King Alfonso will probably visit Algeciros.

The Madrid correspondent of the Echo de Paris reports that he has had an interview with Senor Gallon, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, in which the minister stated that King Alfonso was highly pleased with his visit to Berlin, Vienna and Munich, and delighted with his subsequent informal visit to Paris. Nothing, the minister said, had been decided as to the marriage of the King.

SPECIAL JAP SQUADRON

Will Cruise in Southern Seas and as Fas as Singapore.

London, Nov. 22.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that the naval plans of Japan include the formation of a special squadron to cruise in the Southern Seas as far as Singapore. The same correspondent says:

"The details of the negotiations at Seoul show that the Koreans had no alternative but to accept the treaty drawn by Japan. The premier tried to escape from the palace, but was prevented by Japanese gendarmes. He still persisted in his refusal to sign the protocol, whereupon the Emperor dismissed him. Several other ministers resigned, but the Emperor refused to accept their resignations. Gen. Hasegawa, now commander of the Japanese troops in Korea, will be the Japanese governor-general of Korea.

CHEAP FOREIGN LABOR CAUSE OF CANADIANS' DIFFICULTIES

Enamelware Manufacturers Say It Makes It Hard for Them to Compete With European Concerns.

MORE CHANGES IN THE TARIFF ARE SUGGESTED

The sessions of the tariff commission came to a close in the board of trade chambers yesterday afternoon at five o'clock, after a very busy day in which the commissioners had but about half an hour for lunch. In the absence of Chairman Fielding, who was compelled to leave early, Hon. Mr. Paterson heartily thanked the president and secretary of the board of trade, as well as all the individual members, for the preparations which had been made for the hearings and he also paid a compliment to the intelligent presentation of cases which had been made by the deputations. The commission sits in Windsor this afternoon, and in Chatham on Thursday.

Yesterday afternoon's session was principally taken up with complaints and suggestions from manufacturers, but none of the gentlemen heard claimed that their cases were of a very serious nature. In fact, the concensus of opinion of the manufacturers appears to be that the Liberal tariff is a very fair and equitable one.

The McClary Manufacturing Company asked for an increase in the duty on stoves; and in conjunction with other firms, for the rigid enforcement of the tariff on shipments of enamelware from other countries; the Columbia Handle Company and other handle factories in this district, want a specific valuation placed on the goods of their American competitors, so that it will be impossible to enter goods at a low figure and compete with the Canadians; Mr. A. B. Greer, carriage manufacturer, wants the Government to stop the importation of secondhand American carriages, which are brought in at a very low valuation, and the Theatrical Association of Canada want the duty taken off stage paper, scenery and costumes coming into this country. These were the more important of the cases presented, in which local interest is centered. The other cases are interesting, but of minor importance.

A very significant statement for a manufacturer was also made by Mr. Greer, who bluntly told the commission that he does not fear American competition, and that if the American duty was taken off he could undersell the Americans in their own markets.

Enameled Ware Industry.

Mr. John McClary, president of the McClary Manufacturing Company, London, introduced the argument of the enameled ware industry, or "so-called combine," as he laughingly termed it. He said that if the arguments of the deputation did not carry weight he would be greatly disappointed.

Mr. A. E. Kemp, of the Kemp Manufacturing Company, Toronto, took up the arguments in detail. He read a lengthy memoranda, which stated that these industries of Canada were founded about 25 years ago. Foreign enamel ware was at this time making inroads into Canada. And since that time every dollar which has been earned has gone into wages and other expenses for the purposes of the business. It is with difficulty that the Canadian manufacturer can get the cost price out of the enamel ware, but they were driven into the industry through the demand for unware falling off. At the present time the difficulties confronting the manufacturers are very great, owing to the increased cost of labor in Canada and because labor costs so little in foreign countries who compete with the Canadian manufacturer or enameled ware. Careful investigation upon the subject has demonstrated the following conditions regarding the production of enameled ware:

Cheap Foreign Labor.

In the pickling rooms in Europe women are employed to do work at $3 per week and at longer hours, than the work done by men in Canada at $12 per week.

Rivetting—Done by women, $2 50 per week, against similar work done by men at $9 per week in Canada.

Dippers—This work is done by women at from $2 to $3 50 per week, against wages paid to men in Canada of from $9 to $12 per week.

Labeling—$2 per week in Europe, against $6 per week in Canada.

Burners—Men in Europe, 5 to 7½ cents per hour; in Canada, 27½ to 30 cents per hour.

An authority states that labor in Austria and Germany can safely be calculated to be 20 cents where a dollar is paid for the same labor in Canada.

Another authority states that a very safe estimate would be 25 cents on the dollar of what is paid in Canada.

Customs Valuation.

The tariff calls for a duty of 35 per cent ad valorem upon enameled ware. It is difficult to say what the actual protection is under the mode of operation of those who represent the Austrian product in Canada. It is not likely that the protection actually afforded can be much more than half what the law calls for. As an example: A man who represents the Austrian manufacturer has his office in New York City. Goods are brought into this country by this party, which are called by him "second quality," and passed by him at so much per kilo, while they are not second quality at all, and the value is so low at which he enters them for customs purposes, that the duty when computed according to the law becomes infinitesimal.

The under valuation applies also to the other goods besides those which he terms "second quality."

In Canada the department's attention was called to these irregularities as far back as 1902. Some action was taken at the time to overcome them, but no sustained action was taken, and the irregularities still exist; thus we have dumped into Canada, from the most congested districts of Europe where labor is a drug upon the market, goods upon which it seems impossible to operate the dumping clauses of the tariff.

Enforce Maximum Duty.

Mr. Kemp said that those representing this industry were not asking for any exorbitant rate of duty upon the wares which they make. They ask that whatever the maximum ad valorem duty is which is recognized in the tariff, be applied to this line of goods, and that the law be enforced in respect to valuation. These industries

Continued on Page Two.

THREADED WILDS WITHOUT GUIDE

Wallace First Man After This Manner to Conquer the Labrador Wilderness.

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 22.—Letters today from Dillon Wallace, the Labrador explorer and New York lawyer, contained the news that he had successfully crossed Labrador. Mr. Wallace is the first white man who has ever crossed Labrador without either guides or Indian assistance. With the lawyer was one companion named Easton. The letters said that both were well and had plenty of provisions when they reached the province of Ungava on Oct. 16.

In 1904 Mr. Wallace went with Leonidas Hubbard's unlucky expedition. Mr. Hubbard, whose purpose was also to cross Labrador, lost his life from starvation, and Mr. Wallace was found by the rescuing party after he had fallen exhausted in the snow.

Although the most perilous part of the New York lawyer's trip is completed, he still has before him a winter of travel by snowshoes before he reaches civilization. He and Mr. Easton at the time when the letters were written were planning to start westward through Ungava for Georges River post, and thence to reach Fort Chimo, which is one of the most northerly points on the mainland of North America. Here the two will wait until the coast waterways are frozen over. Then they intend to start southward toward Quebec on the frozen rivers, traveling with dog sleds and snowshoes. Mr. Wallace said that he expected to reach Quebec in April.

Anti-Government Plotters.

Havana, Nov. 22. — Sixty rifles were seized by the police last night in a raid on a house near San Juan De Martinez, Province of Pinar Del Rio, in which 50 anti-government plotters were meeting. A dozen of the latter were captured. Col. Julian Cruz, a prominent citizen of Pinar Del Rio, and at present in Havana, had been arrested in connection with the anti-government movement and will be taken to Pinar Del Rio for trial.

RUSS WORKMEN HOLD UP PAPER

At Point of Revolvers Compel Novoe Vremya to Print 30,000 of Their Organ.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 21.—The Novoe Vremya was the victim of a remarkable holdup by social revolutionaries last night. Three editors of the Workmen's Gazette, the official organ of the workingmen's council, boldly entered the composing-room of the Novoe Vremya with revolvers in their hands and compelled the compositors to set up their paper, and also compelled the pressmen to run off 30,000 copies of it.

M. Souvorine, editor of the Novoe Vremya, in an editorial article on the subject says sarcastically:

"If men can with impunity raid a newspaper in the heart of St. Petersburg today, tomorrow they may make a prisoner of Count Witte."

"YOU'RE A LIAR" SAID CORPSE.

Stillwater, Ohio, Nov. 22. — A passenger on a C., H. and D. train notified the coroner that he had seen a dead man lying in a field near the city as the train passed, and Coroner Kline took a wagon and hurried to the place.

The body was carefully lifted in and covered with a blanket. Just then a late-comer hurried up. "Is he dead?" he asked.

"Quite dead," answered the coroner, seated on the tailboard of the wagon. The next instant he was sprawling on the ground with a rapidly swelling lump marking the spot where the "corpse's" fist had been stopped. The supposed dead man was hopping about in the wagon.

"You're a liar!" he yelled.

British General Staff Plan of Arnold Forster

London, Nov. 22. — H. O. Arnold-Forster, secretary for war, today issued an important minute embodying the decision of the army council for the formation of a general staff, such as possessed by other European powers. The minute is addressed to Lieut.-Gen. Sir Neville Gerald Lyttelton, who on the advice of the Lord Esher committee has already been appointed chief of the general staff." Secretary of State Forster lays down as the aim of the reform, the gathering together "of the ablest men in the army to place the fortunes of the army always in their hands, thereby to form a school of military thought which shall be abreast or ahead of that of any other army."

The minute provides that the officers of the general staff shall be selected according to their qualifications, and not according to their rank, that they shall be in the prime of life and be appointed for four years, the appointments to be renewable quadrienlally.

CHEAP FOREIGN LABOR CAUSE OF CANADIAN DIFFICULTIES

(Continued from page one.)

give employment to about 2,500 hands in this and kindred lines and pay annually in round numbers, in wages, $1,000,000

As To a Combine.

Continuing, Mr. Kemp said that during the course of the development of this industry the manufacturers in Canada have consulted with each other, and have worked together in an association, the objects of which have been to adopt such methods in respect to manufacture as would lead to the greatest consumption of the wares which could be produced in Canada, with a view of having their plants occupied. There has at no time been an attempt made to restrict production, but on the other hand, the controlling factor which has determined the policy of the manufacturers is, that the amount of their product which could be sold was capable of being increased indefinitely by cheapening the cost.

Canadians Are Satisfied.

"We venture to say," Mr. Kemp concluded, "that the trade in Canada, as well as the consumer, are thoroughly satisfied with the dealings of the Canadian manufacturer, who realizes fully that he does not possess any monopoly, but that he is desirous of so conducting his business that he may win the approval of the Canadian people by fair methods; he is also aware that whilst the sentiment of 'Canadians buying Canadian goods' is a sound one, yet in the course of business he knows that the purchaser will buy the piece of goods which suits his or her own fancy and taste, wherever he likes, regardless of whether it is manufactured in Canada or elsewhere. He feels then doubly anxious to produce the best quality of goods and offer them at the lowest possible prices, in order that he may have his home market."

Mr. Kemp also submitted a list of minor changes on certain articles which he would like to see made in the tariff.

What It Means.

"Then you suggest, Mr. Kemp, that the articles you have mentioned be placed under the maximum tariff, whatever that may be when we revise the duties?" Mr. Paterson asked.

"Yes, that's our idea," Mr. Kemp answered.

About Copper Sheets.

Continuing, Mr. Kemp complained of the condition of English-made copper sheets, the finish of which is not equal to the finish of American copper. The Canadians are anxious to buy from Great Britain, but the British apparently cannot deliver the goods. He also drew attention to the practice of American firms who ship into Canada so-called copper kettles, which are partly made of tin. As there are no makers of copper sheets in Canada, and as the British cannot supply the Canadian trade he thought the present duty on the American product excessive.

The deputation then spoke of the demand of the brass manufacturers who had asked for a duty on all brass goods.

"They should not ask for a duty on brass goods which cannot be turned out in this country," said one of the delegates.

Duty on Stoves.

Col. Gartshore, manager of the McClary Manufacturing Company, then addressed the committee. He said that the chief competition in stoves, which are largely made by his company, comes from the United States, and it is extremely hard to apply the dumping clause. Labor in Canada in the manufacture of stoves is quite as high as in the United States, and the Americans make them in such bulk that Canadians cannot keep up with them. He asked that a specific as well as an ad valorem duty be placed on stoves, as it is very hard nowadays to get at the value of such articles, and the customs is easily deceived.

Col. Gartshore spoke of the many hardships Canadian manufacturers are compelled to undergo. There is the expense of patterns. The big firms on the other side of the line, change these as often as the styles of ladies' bonnets are changed, and of course the Canadian stove maker with a smaller market to deal with, is hard hit. Then there are the freight rates to be considered, in which the American firm has the advantage. It costs from 25 to 40 per cent of the cost of the stove to market it and get a return on its cost.

A Dumping Case.

He read a letter from an American firm offering to sell certain classes of stoves in Canada at 2½ cents a pound, "in order to advertise" its goods, and at the same time get rid of surplus stocks. This firm's freight rate to Winnipeg on stoves was 55 cents, and from London to Winnipeg, 75 cents a ton.

"As stoves go into every household, anything like a heavy increase in the tariff would not be advisable would it?"

"I think the competition in Canada will keep the prices down," was the Colonel's reply.

"Were not Canadian manufactures at first reluctant to make sheet iron stoves?" asked Mr. Paterson.

"No, we have always made them," Col. Gartshore replied.

Cannot Compete.

"If the Americans can sell stoves 10 per cent cheaper in the west than a Canadian firm they will get the trade," interrupted Mr. John McClary. "If the Americans can meet the Canadians on an equal footing they will get the trade, too."

Continuing, Mr. McClary said there is no branch of business in Canada in which the competition is so great as in stoves. In Canada there are very many small manufacturers who make practically but one line of stoves, and they make competition for the big manufacturers very keen."

A Cement Grievance.

The cement dealers of London were next heard. They were represented by Mr. Geo. E. Mann and Mr. Ben. V. Hole. Mr. Mann asked that the duty on cement bags, which are returned, should be refunded. He said that the Canadian manufacturers of cement now enjoy a protection of 12½ cents on the cwt., and 25 per cent on the bags. He thought this protection was too high. Since July last when this tariff was put in force trade in American cement has fallen off.

"But you only pay the duty on the bag once. When you send it back and have it filled, you do not pay duty on it again," Mr. Paterson said.

"We have imported 100,000 bags this year," Mr. Mann said, "and we have been able to identify only 3,000 bags. We paid duty on all the rest."

"Are we in a position to supply the Canadian demand now—can the Canadian cement mills do it?" asked Mr. Paterson.

"I think they could," Mr. Mann said.

"Is there competition?"

"I don't think so. All the prices are the same."

The request will be considered.

The Handle Industry.

Mr. John Stevely, of the Columbia Handle Company, waited on the commission on behalf of the handle manufacturers of the country. He asked that when the tariff is revised the present duties on handles be made the minimum. He alluded to hammer, sledge, axe, pick, fork handles, etc., etc. He asked for certain classifications of these goods so that no underhand games can be worked on the customs officials. The Canadian manufacturers cannot compete with the big factories of the United States, especially those of the south and southwest, where timber and labor are very cheap.

"Do you ask for a specific duty?" asked Mr. Paterson.

"No, a specific valuation," explained Mr. Stevely. "We want the Government to place average values on all different lengths of handles, and then collect the present duty on these goods This would do away with any deception upon the customs authorities."

"But," said Mr. Paterson, "this would mean that the poor grade handles and the high grade handles would pay the same duty?"

"Yes," assented Mr. Stevely.

Four companies were represented. London, St. Thomas, Strathroy and Tilbury. A valuation list was submitted, and Mr. Stevely stated that all four companies had agreed on these valuations of American handles.

Printers Object.

Mr. A. Talbot, printer, protested against the duty on calendars asked for by the local lithographers in the morning. He said that a duty of 15 cents a pound on lithographs would be prohibitive.

To Mr. Hyman Mr. Talbot said he was also alluding to art chromo cards. In conclusion, he asked that the present tariff be not interfered with.

To Mr. Brodeur, Mr. Talbot stated that what the lithographers had asked for would amount to practically a duty of 100 per cent on the value of the goods.

The Drug Trades.

The London Drug Company introduced the matter of a revision of the tariff on drugs, Mr. James Mattinson appearing before the commission. He informed the commission that as secretary of the new drug merger, he appeared before them to indorse the representations made by the drug trade to the commission at Montreal.

"You are sure that what the drug trades ask will not increase the price of drugs?" Mr. Paterson inquired.

"Quite sure," Mr. Mattinson replied.

Wire Fences.

Mr. E. Sutton drew the attention of the commission to what he called the injustice done his fence manufacturing firm in being compelled to pay $7 a ton duty on 16 gauge 5-8-inch hoop steel. This steel is not made in Canada and he thought it should enter free.

"But you have protection on manufactured goods and you are allowed to bring in certain wire free, so that one thing evens up the other," Mr. Hyman said.

To Mr. Hyman, Mr. Sutton admitted that the duty on the steel only amounted to about $14 on $700 or $800 worth of fence.

"Well, every little bit helps," said Mr. Paterson. "And we'll have to see the steel men and see why they do not make this class of steel in Canada."

Theatrical Men Complain.

Mr. J. E. Turton, manager of the Grand Opera House, London, on behalf of the Canadian Theatrical Association, presented a resolution re the duty on lithographs, costumes, scenery etc., used by theatrical productions, which he declared is keeping very many attractions out of the Dominion. Canada, owing to its limited population, does not inaugurate or initiate theatrical productions, and as the companies, after paying the duty, go back again into the United States, the resolution asked that the duties complained of be abolished. The resolution was signed by all the theatrical managers of Canada. Mr. Turton instanced the fact that this week he had paid $10 50 duty on lithographs for a show playing in his house, the lithos being invoiced at $6 00.

To Mr. Paterson, Mr. Turton stated that the customs officials are for the most part fair in appraising the value of scenery costumes, printing, etc. The duty is nominally paid by the owner of the company, but in the end the Canadian theater manager pays it, as he is simply taxed for the duty when the playowner names the percentage he wants to play in a Canadian town.

Consideration was promised.

Duty on Crockery.

Mr. J. L. Johnston, a crockery importer, asked that the present duties of 15 and 20 per cent on crockery imported from Britain, be changed to a flat single rate on all classes of crockery.

A Carriage Grievance.

Mr. A. B. Greer, carriage manufacturer, complained of the flooding of Canada with second-hand landaus and cabriolets. He told of having been called upon some time ago to value one of these vechicles for the customs. He said it was worth $450. It was entered at $150, and was sold a short time after by auction for between $400 and $500. These second-hand carriages from the United States are killing the Canadian trade. He explained that a great many people in the United States depend upon liveries for their carriage, and when a landau becomes a little shabby, it is sold. And then it finds its way into Canada.

Mr. Hyman explained that it is a rule of the department to appraise such articles, so that if the rule is carried out a stop can be put to the evil.

"In Toronto we had a case of this kind, and we seized the landau and collected duty on the appraised value," said Mr. Paterson.

Asked Specific Duty.

Mr. Greer thought that a specific duty should be placed on second-hand landaus and cabriolets coming into Canada. But Mr. Greer said that if the duty was taken off by the United States he would be pleased.

"I sell a landau here for $900 which is sold for $1,100 or $1,200 in the United States," he said.

"Then you don't need much protection," said Mr. Hyman.

"No; it is no good to me," replied Mr. Greer.

A Little Different.

"Some of the farmers think the duty on buggies is too heavy," said Mr. Paterson. "They say the Canadian manufacturer is charging too much."

"We don't make the cheap buggies here that are made in the United States," Mr. Greer said.

"If it were not for the second-hand American coaches coming in to Canada," he said, "he could employ fifty more men.

Mr. Frank Westlake brought up the question of the combine of photographic goods of the American manufacturers. He said the agencies in Canada are all controlled by the trust, with the exception of one anti-trust house in Toronto.

The commissioners pointed out that they had no jurisdiction in such matters.

This ended the hearings.

RATS' HAVOC IN ROMAN ARCHIVES

Documents in Lateran Palace May Be Rescued at Government's Suggestion.

Rome, Nov. 22. — The Italian Government officials have just called the Pope's attention to the fact that an immense number of important documents is stored in some rooms of the Lateran palace. Many of these papers are of great importance in settling disputes of succession to estates which are brought by descendants of the old inhabitants of Rome and of the Pontifical States. It seems that soon after the occupation of Rome in 1870 the natatorial archives of the city of Rome were intrusted to the care of three notaries who were in sympathy with the Papal views of the rights of the popes to the temporal power. These notaries were the direct descendants of ancestors who had held the same positions for centuries under the popes and they continued to exercise their rights as papal notaries and kept the documents which had accumulated in their offices for centuries.

The late Pope toward the end of his pontificate, was made aware of the fact that some of the documents contained in the archives were of the greatest importance to students of archaeology and history and to the descendants of the former inhabitants of the Pontifical States, who could there find the records of all the transactions made by their ancestors under the regime of the Popes.

Leo XIII. was much impressed by the information and made up his mind that the documents contained in the archives would be better placed under the ownership and custody of the Vatican authorities. Therefore he ordered the purchase of the archives in a body and ordered them sent to the Lateran Palace with the view of appointing some experienced archivist to the work of the classification and indexing of all the documents in order to make easy future researches. It happened, however, that no funds were then provided for the purpose and the documents have been for many years under layers of dust in some of the Lateran rooms. It is even said that rodents have played havoc with the collection and that because of this the Italian Government officials have thought it advisable to notify Pius X. It is probable that the Pope will order the immediate classification of the collection and that the notarial archives of the Holy See will now be formally installed in the Lateran Palace under the jurisdiction of Cardinal Satolli.

$40,000 TO CHURCHILL

Will Get That Sum for Biography of His Celebrated Father.

London, Nov. 21.—It is stated that Winston Churchill is to receive $40,000 down and royalties for his biography of his father, the late Lord Randolph Churchill. It is said by those who have been privileged to read some portions of the proofs that it is a very clever book. People marvel how he has found time to write it, considering what a busy man he is.

When John Morley wrote the life of Gladstone, for which he received $50,000, it took him three years to complete it, and he practically shut himself up for that period, keeping away from public life.

Two of the most important works in preparation in this country—strange to say, for it is a most unusual thing—have their source in Germany. Dr. Otto Weininger is the author of a work on sex and character, the authorized English version of which is announced by Heinemann. It is said of this work that it differs profoundly from all previous books that have dealt with sex and character.

All previous writers have accepted the view that the great mass of mankind is divided into men and women. Dr. Weininger does not believe in this division. He sets out from the known fact that the dstinction between male and female does not exist at an early stage of individual development of most living things, but is only gradually assumed during the process of growth.

Frederick Whyte, an accomplished translator, has just finished an English version in two volumes of one of the few works of sport and adventure which Germany has produced of a class to compare with English works. This is "With Flashlight and Rifle in Equatorial East Africa," a record of hunting adventures and of studies in wild life by C. G. Schillings.

This book is to have an introduction by Sir Harry Johnston, and is illustrated with 300 of the author's photographs. Eight thousand copies of the original edition were sold within a month of its appearance, and the sale now reaches in Germany 16,000. Almost every important species of beast or bird met with in equatorial Africa is included — lions, elephants, rhinoceroses, hippopatami, giraffes, zebras, antelopes, hyenas, vultures, flamingoes, etc.—and many of the pictures were taken at night by flashlight.

Lady Ridley, wife of Justice Ridley, has written a book for children which Smith & Elder will publish soon. It is a story of a child who is transported into the kingdom of fairies by the agency of a sparrow with one white feather. Lady Ridley has already written books, but not verse, like her husband. This one is illustrated by Mrs. Adrian Hope.

Bad Blood

Is responsible for most of the diseases and ailments of the human system. It seriously affects every organ and function, causes catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak, tired, languid feelings and worse troubles. Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which purifies and enriches the blood as nothing else can

For testimonials of remarkable cures send for Book on the Blood, No. 3.
C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

Intricate Economics.

London, Nov. 21.—Walter Runciman, M. P., addressing a Liberal meeting at Liverpool, said it had been argued that a vast amount of British capital invested abroad might be invested in England, so as to provide for our own people, but he could prove it would be more profitable for our working classes when invested abroad.

Three million dollars were recently borrowed from England by Canada in payment for machinery from the United States for farmers for the west, but Canada did not want golden sovereigns; only credit. The credit was transferred to the United States, who owed a good deal to Japan, and the credit was transferred to Japan. Japan in turn wanted to buy cotton in India, and our credit went to India, but India did not want golden sovereigns. She has been buying piece goods from Lancashire and she asked us to pay Lancashire direct, and so the loan to Canada resulted in a transference of three million dollars' worth of Lancashire goods to India. Could they wonder that men, whose economics were so close as to say that the three million dollars were lost to us, were protectionists.

Children's Coughs.

That nasty hacking or croupy cough will quickly vanish under treatment of Angier's Emulsion. A fifty-cent bottle is generally sufficient. It contains not an atom of nauseating or injurious matter, and relief comes with the first dose. The little ones like it, and it agrees with and strengthens their stomachs.

How Is Your Cold?

Every place you go you hear the same question asked.

Do you know that there is nothing so dangerous as a neglected cold?

Do you know that a neglected cold will turn into Chronic Bronchitis, Pneumonia, disgusting Catarrh and the most deadly of all, the "White Plague," Consumption.

Many a life history would read different if, on the first appearance of a cough, it had been remedied with

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

This wonderful cough and cold medicine contains all those very pine principles which make the pine woods so valuable in the treatment of lung affections.

Combined with this are Wild Cherry Bark and the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other pectoral herbs and barks.

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pain in the Chest, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness or any affection of the Throat or Lungs. You will find a sure cure in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Mrs. C. N. Loomer, Berwick, N.S., writes: "I have used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup for coughs and colds, and have always found it to give instant relief. I also recommended it to one of my neighbors and she was more that pleased with the results."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup 25 cts. per bottle at all dealers. Put up in yellow wrapper, and three pine trees the trade mark. Refuse substitutes. There is only one Norway Pine Syrup and that one is Dr. Wood's.

As You Would Make Them

If you knew how to make fine Chocolates, and wanted to make them better than Chocolates had ever been made before, you would make them like

Stewart's Delicious Chocolates

ASK FOR STEWART'S.
The Stewart Co. Limited, Toronto

GILLETT'S



HIGH GRADE

CREAM TARTAR

ABSOLUTELY PURE.
SOLD IN PACKAGES AND CANS.
Same Price as the cheap adulterated kinds.
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY —Fair and milder.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

A Stirring Event in Tweeds and Cheviot Suitings

Eyes on this announcement! Why, what's happened to the prices? Surprised, are you? Looks like as if there had been an explosion of prices—don't it? Biggest part of them appears to have been blown away. Prices that sound a call to the saving women to attend a stirring event in the Suiting Section. Prepare to rise early on the morrow, for these goods will march out quickly—likely go almost on the run—and, of course, you want your share.

In this collection are goods suitable for tailored suits and separate skirts, children's dresses, boys' suits.

About 225 yards Tweeds, Cheviot Weaves and Black Basket Cloth, 54 inches wide. Cheviots in gray, green, brown and castor. Tweeds in mixtures of green and brown, castor and brown, black and red. Our regular prices 85c to $1.00 yard. Thursday morning for only, per yard..... 48c

About 200 yards Blue Twill Cheviot and pretty Tweed Mixtures, 54 inches wide. Sold regularly for $1.25 to $1.50 yard. Thursday morning's price only..... 68c

16 Suit Lengths—6 yards in a piece—not more than two alike. Consisting of all-wool tweeds in mixtures of gray and black, brown and castor, red and black, etc.; plain blacks and browns in Cheviots and Zebeline weaves. Worth from $10.00 to $15.00 a suit length. Thursday morning's price, just..... $4.50

On Sale Thursday Morning in Mantle Section, 2nd Floor. See Window Display.

Ruffs and Stoles

To start the Season with

The first Furs to make their appearance on the streets are those that we throw around our necks to protect our throats against the coldly penetrating winds of late fall and early winter. While we haven't the space to spare to list our entire collection of **Ruffs and Stoles** these few items may prove helpful to you. We might say, though, that our prices range from $3.25 for an Opossum Ruff to $47.00 for a Mink beauty.

A Ruff of Isabella Fox, made with fur on both sides, no linings, trimmed with tails and claws, costs..... $21

Another Isabella Fox Ruff is lined with satin and trimmed with chenille fringe. Price..... $21

This Isabella Fox Ruff is a beauty. Satin lined. Smartly trimmed with bushy tails and neat little claws. Price..... $23

Rich Sable Stoles, collars made of fur and fronts lined with satin, trimmed with tails and fancy braid ornaments. Prices range from

$22.50 to $33

Sable Stoles, made with fur on both sides, trimmed in a variety of ways with heads, tails and fancy braid trimmings. Prices

$12 to $40

Get Into Warmer Underwear

At this season of the year it is usually cold and shivery enough to make one feel as if he or she must wear warm Underwear. But this is a queer season. Suddenly it gets colder, and then, just as you make up your mind to throw off the light underwear and get into heavier, more comfortable garments, it changes back again to milder weather and you decide to let things go as they are for a while. Now, that's a mistake. You are taking big chances of becoming sick. Colds are more easily caught in variable weather than at any other time. Ask the doctor if this isn't so. And nice, warm, winter Underwear is a safeguard and preventive against the easily caught and nasty, disagreeable, hard-to-get-rid-of colds. No better place in town to buy that Winter Underwear than here. Qualities and values are very excellent. These moderate priced items today:

For 75c you can buy nice winter underwear made of wool with a slight mixture of cotton to prevent it from shrinking.

At 85c there is a line of pure wool underwear, fancy ribbed, open front, nicely trimmed, fine ribbed wrist.

$1.00 buys a little better quality of pure wool underwear, fine ribbed wrist, red, white or natural.

And a Warm Flannelette Wrapper

is very desirable at this season of the year, when chilly drafts find admission into the house in various different ways, and make one shiver at times. These drafts are very persistent. If they can't come through open windows and doors they sneak in by the sides of the windows and under the doors. They're bound to get in somehow. These flannelette wrappers are nice and warm and comfortable; very sensible garments to wear around the house at this season of the year—whether to work or rest in.

A good quality of Flannelette in this wrapper. Stripes or polka dots in colors of red and black. Nicely made with yoke front, full skirt and deep flounce. All sizes. Price..... $1.00

Good Heavy Flannelette, pretty patterns in brown, navy and red. One noticeable wrapper has a red ground, with a narrow white stripe and extra wide paisley stripe. Yoke and front finished with frill, full sleeve, wide skirt and flounce. Price, each..... $1.25

For elderly ladies: A special line in black and white patterns, nicely trimmed with frills and black and white gimp. All sizes. Splendid value at..... $1.50

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street.

Wake up Your Liver

Not too much, just a little, just enough to start the bile nicely. One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime is all you need. These pills act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick-headache. Sold for 60 years.
We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The patterns which adorn cashmere shawls are copied from the leaf of the begonia.

A WIDE SPHERE OF USEFULNESS.—The consumption of Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil has grown to great proportions. Notwithstanding the fact that it has now been on the market for over thirty-six years, its prosperity is as great as ever, and the demand for it in that period has very greatly increased. It is beneficial in all countries, and wherever introduced fresh supplies are constantly asked for.

In the Czar's palace, Tsarkoe, near St. Petersburg, one room has a floor of ebony inlaid, with mother-of-pearl. Another has walls of carved amber and the walls of another are laid with beaten gold.

There is nothing that a rat will not eat. They have bitten off the legs of living birds, eaten their way through a live pig and have gnawed off the thick skin growing about the nails of elephants' feet.

The walnut and peach came from Persia.

A LINIMENT FOR THE LOGGER.—Loggers lead a life which exposes them to many perils. Wounds, cuts and bruises cannot be altogether avoided in preparing timber for the drive and in the work, where wet and cold combine, as of daily experience, coughs and colds and muscular pains cannot but follow. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, when applied to the injured or administered to the ailing, works wonders.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

BIRTHS.

AITCHISON—To Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Aitchison, on Oct. 30, 1905, a daughter.

DEATHS.

COULTHARD—In Ekfrid, on Thursday, Nov. 9, 1905, Robert J. Coulthard, husband of Isabella Hotson, and youngest son of the late Andrew Coulthard, in his 45th year.

Woodstock and Stratford papers please copy.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND THIS WEEK

MATINEES FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Crocker's Educated Horses

"A slick lot of animals."—Free Press.

Eve., 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Mat., 10c, 15c & 25c.

BENNETT'S

Popular Family Vaudeville Theater.

Farmer Jones' Wonderful Trained Pigs

Most unique and interesting animal act in Vaudeville. The greatest yet. Several other star acts. 761

GRAND CONCERT

AUDITORIUM, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 22.

Artists: Douglas Bertram, pianist; Dan Vinsanska, violinist; Mrs. Mackelcan, contralto. Tickets, 75c and 50c. Plan at Nordheimer's, Nov. 18. 721-15,18,20,21,22

..VIRGINIAN..

Christmas ship, Allan Line, sails from Halifax, Dec. 11. Low rate to the Old Country. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, old stand.

JUBILEE RINK—ROLLER SKATING. Ladies free tonight. Five instructors. Lessons free. Open every afternoon. b

CUNARD LINE—CHRISTMAS SHIPS, New York to Liverpool: Umbria, Dec. 9; Carmania, Dec. 16. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street.

MISSIONARY EXHIBIT AND SALE OF work, Askin Street Methodist lecture room, conducted by Mission Circle, Thursday, Nov. 23, afternoon and evening. Coupon tickets, 10c, good for 10c on any purchase. 76u-zx

TONY CORTESE — THE ORIGINAL London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1,570.

DANCING — BEGINNERS' CLASSES, next week: Genlemen, Monday; ladies, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Terms moderate. Call or phone 1,774. Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY R. B. Millard. Waltz, Two-Step. Lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 845 Princess avenue.

625 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY Music last year. Mr. Barron hears all pupils play, and gives reports.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 1,265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

GRUBER'S HARP ORCHESTRA, OR pianist for all engagements. 245 Talbot street. Telephone 1050.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS — NEW baths now open. Everythig new.

MEETINGS.

ANNUAL CONVOCATION OF ST. John's R. A. Chapter, No. 3, this (Wednesday) evening. Election of officers. Visitors welcome. J. A. Tancock, Z.; O. Ellwood, S. E. b

LOYAL LONDON LODGE, MANCHESTER Unity, Oddfellows, meets Thursday, 8 p.m., Albion block, Richmond street, 8 p.m.:-h18iw.wuEETAOHSNIRD street. b

COURT HOPE, NO. 1, I. O. F., WILL meet this (Wednesday) evening, 8 o'clock, I. O. F. Hall, Albion Block, Richmond street. Visitors welcome. Charles H. Peacock, C. R.; Harry E. Stiles, recording secretary. b

HEAR MR. AND MRS. PHILPOTT, OF Hamilton, tonight, at the Christian Workers' Mission, corner Adelaide and South streets. 76c

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR SCHOOL Section No. 12, West Nissouri, for 1906; state salary, qualifications. Apply to J. J. Ruble, Belton, Ont. 76u bw

WANTED—TEACHER FOR SCHOOL section No. 6, Stephen, for the year 1906. Apply David Mawhinney, Crediton P. O. 70m

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN OR LADIES; $800 per year and expenses; permanent position; experience unnecessary. M. A. O'Keefe, 157 Bay street, Toronto. tx

TRAVELER WANTED FOR AND RESIDING in Western Ontario, to handle a first-class line of horse clothing; services Jan. 1; salary or commission; state connection and references. "Horse Clothing," Advertiser, London. 76n

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY earn a good income corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—CHESTNUT MARE. APPLY Brunswick House. Owner must pay expenses. 76c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GOOD BUSINESS FOR SALE—ANY person already having a small shop can obtain an additional branch with very little expense by applying at 94 Askin street, Nov. 23 and 24, between 7 and 8 p.m. 78u

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

COTTAGE FOR SALE—EIGHT ROOMS and w.c., hard and soft water, gas for cooking; half block from St. James' Presbyterian Church. Apply 252 Oxford street. 78k

FOR SALE—70 BLACKFRIARS, 1½-story frame house, 4 bedrooms, front room, two halls, dining-room, kitchen and pantry; large corner lot. Apply 73 Wharncliffe road. 73tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4¾ to 5½% on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rate. Buchner & Gunn, 83 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN — EASY TERMS, lowest rate. Avery Casey, barrister, 98 Dundas street (upstairs), London.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES —M. P. McDonough, barrister, 418 Talbot street.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT, CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

…HYSICAL CULTURE SCHOOL, 619 Richmond street—Complete equipment. …pecialties: Lung weakness, functional …eakness of heart, corpulency, constipa… removed, lateral curvature, any …ical defect eradicated, boxing, …ng. Office hours, 10 to 11 a.m., and … p.m. Shower baths.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY AS CLERK in a business office; must write a good hand, also stenography and typewriting. Address Box 46, this office. 77c

WANTED AT ONCE—A CHAMBERMAID. Apply Hodgins House. 77tf

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CAP OPERATORS; will guarantee steady employment; highest wages in city paid. Apply at once, John Marshall & Co. 76c

WANTED—PANT AND VEST MAKERS. Appply 360 Richmond. 76c

WANTED—COOK, AT ONCE. APPLY Hotel Balmoral, Thamesford. 77c

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 417 Dufferin avenue. 77c

WANTED — CAPABLE GIRL, FOR general housework; good wages. Apply Mrs. J. W. Jones, 241 Queen's avenue. 75c-tzx

WANTED—COOK. APPLY BRUNSWICK House. 77c

WANTED — WRAPPER BOOKERS; highest wages. Brener Bros., 184-190 Horton street. 71tf

EARN JUST DOUBLE YOUR PRESENT salary and be in direct line for promotion by qualifying for a position as telegrapher with one of the Canadian railways. Our handsomely illustrated new telegraph book tells how. It is yours for the asking. Address B. W. Somers, Dominion School of Telegraphy and Railroading, Toronto. 78tf-x

WANTED—YOUNG LADY APPRENTICES to learn the trade that pays ladies better wages than any other in the Dominion. Brener Bros. 184-190 Horton street. 68tf

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Frank Love, 562 Wellington street. 62tf 80tf

50 GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIATELY for the Biscuit and Confectionery Departments. Good wages. Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited, city. 20tf

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A SECOND WAITER, WITH some experience. Apply to the Steward, London Club. 78u

BOY WANTED TO MAKE HIMSELF useful around grocery store; must be able to drive horse. Apply Fred H. Traver, 548 Piccadilly. 77c

TWO SMART MEN IN EVERY CITY and town to call on physicians; good pay; permanent; write today. Orford Manufacturing Company, 46 Colborne street, Toronto. 75c-txt

WANTED — BOY, FOR DELIVERY. Jolliffe, 470 Dundas street. 76c

WANTED—A FOREMAN MOLDER, TO take charge of the brass foundry of a large manufacturing concern; must be capable and self-confident; state age, experience, expected remuneration, etc., and furnish testimonials. Address P.O. Box 488, Montreal, P. Q. 76n

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FARM hand, single, to hire by the year. Robt. McEwen, Byron. 75n

TRAVELERS WANTED. APPLY 355-357 Clarence street, London.

PRINTERS—TWO GOOD JOB HANDS immediately; steady work. Apply Box A, Advertiser. 65tf

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

NEW BRICK HOUSE, 1½-STORY, 753 Hill street; eight rooms; rent, $12 50. 78k

TO RENT—NICE LARGE FRONT room, well furnished; central. Apply Box 47, Advertiser. 78c

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT. 66 King street. 77c

COTTAGE AND TWO-STORY BRICK. Apply 49 Evergreen avenue. 77c

TWO NEW MODERN HOUSES—RENT reasonable to desirable tenants. Corner Princess and Adelaide street. 76n

TO LET AT A BARGAIN—SOUTH LONDON; seven-room house, all modern conveniences; gas and electric light. Apply 74 King street. 76n

HOUSE—EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE, 853 Hellmuth. Apply 339 Simcoe street. 76n

TO LET—FRONT ROOM, WITHOUT board. Apply 411 King street. 76n

ROOMS TO LET. APPLY 426 PRINCESS avenue. 75n

FOREST CITY IMPROVED MOVING vans—W. Broughton, 340 Central avenue. Phone 1,444.

A PAIR OF GOOD TWO-STORY FRAME houses, in good order, rented for $9 each. Easy terms. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VANS. Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce streets, South London. Phone 310.

PEOPLE'S MOVING VANS—LARGEST in city. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Cheapside. Phone 1,724.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL OVERDUE ACCOUNTS MUST BE settled at once. Pay at the old stand, 385 Talbot street. Wm. Wyatt & Son. 78bc-xvz

MISS J. GOSNELL, TRAINED OBSTETRICAL nurse, 388 Adelaide street. Phone 1991. 67bu

TRY OUR PERFECT-FITTING WIGS or toupees. Miller's Hair Store, 223 Dundas street, London.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

TENNENT & BARNES, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 137 King; residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 688; house, 278. Treatment of dogs a specialty.

W. R. KINCAID, VETERINARY SURGEON—Twenty years' experience. Office, 117 King; residence, 365 Ridout. Telephone 455.

C. S. TAMLIN, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, 351 Talbot; phone 965. Residence, 354 Oxford; phone 768.

STENCILS AND STAMPS.

RUBBER STAMPS AND STEEL DIES made to order. W. F. Horton, 179 Dundas, London.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

OSTEOPATHY.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1,572.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL.

MODISTES AND HOME DRESSMAKERS—Why not save time and money by taking a course of tuition at the London Cutting School? Special arrangements for evening pupils. 243½ Dundas street, London, Ont.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING, pressing, repairing. 253 Dundas street. Phone 1,721. Wagon calls.

INSURANCE.

LIVERPOOL LONDON & GLOBE

ED. TOWE & CO.—Office, 216 (second floor), Masonic Temple. Fire, Life, Accident, Employers' Liability Insurance and Fidelity Bonds, Real Estate Loans. Phone 245. Residence phone 1,107. zxt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—THREE-SPRING single wagon; good as new. 400 Victoria street. 76c

FOR SALE—GOOD, SOUND HORSE, about 1,100 weight, good driver; also strong spring wagon, nearly new. Apply 355 Wharncliffe road, West London. 76c

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE OPENING of a City Creamery and Dairy at 276 Dundas street (opposite McCormick's factory), where the citizens of London can get good whipping cream, coffee cream and purified milk. Price, fresh skim milk, two quarts for 5c. Buttermilk will be supplied to our customers. We solicit your patronage. Phone 1708. 741

FOR SALE — LONDON LOAN COMPANY'S stock. Phone 693. John Wright, stock broker, London, Ont.

CUT PRICES ON COUCHES THIS week at Patten's, the Upholsterer, 247 Dundas street.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER — LARGE colored pictures of the Premier, in tubes ready for mailing, only 5c. For sale at the business office of The Advertiser.

SUNGLEE IS GUARANTEED TO RESTORE hair. Accept no substitute. Sole agent, James T. Gleeson, 205 Dundas.

FOR SALE—LADIES' TAILORMADE suits, half price; also theater blouses. 180½ Dundas street.

SIX-H. P. LEONARD BOILER, $60; 8-h.p. Winnett upright boiler, $75; 12-h.p. Leonard threshing engine and boiler, $100; 18 foot by 4 foot boiler shell, $60. Bargains, as we have no further use for them. The London Soap Company. 68tf

LUMBER.

As we are about to remove to our new yard and planing mill, Rectory street, we are offering our stock at reduced prices in order to clean out our old yard. Call and see us for prices. GEO. H. BELTON, corner Clarence and Bathurst streets. xt

LADIES' WHEELS ALTERED TO GENTLEMEN'S—Best workmanship; $5. J. H. Cunningham, 658 Dundas street.

$150 WILL BUY A FIVE-HORSE POWER gasoline engine. D. McKenzie & Co., 298 Richmond street.

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL AND wood dealers. Wood our specialty. Try load $2 wood. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst. Phone 1,312.

CHEAP! — SECOND-HAND BUGGIES and carts, all in A1 condition, at Smith's Carriage Shop.

STOVES, RANGES, SECOND-HAND baseburners, at Keene's, 141 King. Large stock second-hand furniture on hand.

BARGAIN — HANDSOME ROSEWOOD piano, 7 1-3 octaves, guaranteed 5 years, $100, payable $3 per month. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas, corner Clarence.

RAYMOND BROS., 172 KING, FOR coal bags, waterproof covers for horses and wagons.

PHOTO SUPPLIES, KODAKS AND Films. W. A. McKenzie, opposite City Hall, upstairs.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE what we have. F. S. Onn, Fish Market. Phone 1,296.

EDUCATIONAL.

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service commencing. 349 Princess.

BUSINESS CARDS.

T. EDWARDS — FURNITURE, ETC., packed, removed or stored. Furniture repaired, refinished. 85 Bruce street.

JOHN TOM—LAUNDRY, 312½ DUNDAS. Goods called for and delivered. Tea, ginger, Chinese fans, handkerchiefs. Phone 1909.

J. HARRIS & CO.—REMOVED TO 723 Simcoe, opposite London and Petrolea Barrel Works.

DERMATOLOGY.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatologic School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 35, Bank of Toronto. tzx

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, facial blemishes, removed by electrolysis. Manicuring, shampooing, scalp treatment. Butler's Dermatological Parlors, 235½ Dundas.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBLYN-McKILLOP — Residence, 326 St. James street; 'phone 451. Concert engagements accepted. tx

GEORGE PHELPS, MEMBER LONDON Conservatory of Music, has recommenced teaching.

CYRIL DWIGHT-EDWARDS, BARITONE, late London, England—Instruction in art of absolute tone production, breathing and singing. Concert and other engagements. 356 Dundas.

NORA LITTLE, A.L.C.M., TEACHER of voice culture and singing, 353 Central avenue. zxt

LILLIAN G. WILSON—VOICE, PIANO, concert soprano. Soloist Dundas Center Methodist Church. 375 Maitland street.

JAS. CRESSWELL, VIOLIN TEACHER, director Grand Opera House Orchestra. Studio, 523 King.

VOICE PRODUCTION AND SINGING—J. Parnell Morris, 466 Queen's avenue.

J. W. FETHERSTON, ORGANIST WELLINGTON Street Church. Teacher singing, organ, piano, theory.

E. W. GOETHE QUANTZ, ORGANIST New St. James, has resumed teaching. 316 Oxford street, or Central Conservatory.

W. A. BLUETHNER, TEACHER OF piano and harmony. Studio, Nordheimer's.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST St. Andrew's Church — Piano, organ, harmony, singing. Studio, 429 Waterloo. Phone 1,527.

ARCHITECTS.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT—114, second floor, Masonic Temple. Phone 1,557.

HERBERT MATTHEWS, ARCHITECT, W. Fletcher Shepherd (late of Toronto), architect, Duffield block. Phone.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

MOORE & HENRY—
ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYERS, CIVIL ENGINEERS.
John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

REMOVAL — GEORGE CRADDOCK, architect, 461 Talbot.

DENTAL CARDS.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 822.

DR G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 173 Dundas street. Phone 975.

DR. S. M. THOMAS, DENTIST, 252¼ Dundas, between Wellington and Clarence.

DR. WESTLAND, DENTIST—CHICAGO, post-graduate in Crown, Bridge and Porcelain Work. Philadelphia, post-graduate, Porcelain. Masonic Temple, first floor.

A Clearing House

The Classified Columns of the Advertiser is a clearing house for "Wants" and "Don't Wants." There is somebody somewhere who wants, but hasn't, the very thing you have but don't want. An ad. in the Advertiser brings you and that somebody together.

One cent per word first insertion, one-half cent per word subsequent insertions.

THE HURON AND ERIE Loan and Savings Company

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company will be held in the building of the said Company, No. 442 Richmond street, in the City of London, in the Province of Ontario, on Thursday, the seventh day of December, A. D., 1905, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering, and, if approved of, ratifying certain agreements between The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company and The Canadian Savings and Loan Company, of London, Canada, for the union, merger, amalgamation and consolidation of the said companies into one corporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE A. SOMERVILLE,
Manager.

Dated at London, the 25th day of October, A. D., 1905. 54n-x

THE CANADIAN Savings and Loan Company, of London, Canada.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Savings and Loan Company of London, Canada, will be held in the building of the said company, No. 420 Richmond street, in the city of London, in the Province of Ontario, on Thursday, the 7th day of December, A. D. 1905, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of considering, and, if approved of, ratifying certain agreements between the Canadian Savings and Loan Company of London, Canada, and the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company, for the union, merger, amalgamation and consolidation of the said companies into one corporation.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. H. ROWLAND,
Manager.

Dated at London the 25th day of October, A. D. 1905. 54n x

MEDICAL CARDS.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (England)—Office, 287 King street. Telephone 839.

DR. BAYLY, 211 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of children. Phone 827.

DR. P. J. MUGAN, CORNER KING AND Lyle streets. Phone 2,058.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, F. R. C. S. (England—Returned from Europe and resumed surgical practice. 439 Park avenue. Phone 324.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON — Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, 473 Park avenue, London, Ont. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. G. McNEIL — OFFICE, 260 Queen's avenue. Telephone 266.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue. Hours, 11 to 3:30, 7 to 8. Phone 418.

DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SURGEON—Phone 1,019. Office, 225 Queen's avenue. Residence, 171 Queen's avenue.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S., Edinburgh—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS, 398 DUNDAS —Hours, 11-2, 4-8. Phone 1,342.

DR. J. B. CAMPBELL, 380 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4 and 6 to 8.

DR. PINGEL, ELECTRICAL SPECIALIST, 444 Wellington street, London.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO STREET —Hours, 11 to 3 and 7 to 8:30. 96tf

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., SOUTHEAST corner Dundas and Colborne. Phone 388.

DR. KINGSMILL, MEMBER ROYAL College Surgeons and Licentiate Royal College Physicians. Corner Park and Queen's avenues.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to surgery and diseases of women. Office hours, 11:30 to 4 p.m.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street. Phone 510. Special attention diseases of women and surgery.

LIVERIES AND HACKS.

KING EDWARD LIVERY, WELLINGTON street—Rubber-tired hacks, coupes, etc. Phone 503. Branch, corner Bathurst and Richmond. Phone 634. A. G. Strovan.

DYER'S LIVERY, NEXT ADVERTISER —Telephone 1,277. Coupes, hacks, etc. Open day and night.

J. H. HARRIS—LIVERY, 450 ST. JAMES. Cab, rubber-tired rigs, etc. Phone 1,833.

SAVED BY A PUDDLE

Girl Falls Five Stories, but Escapes With Slight Abrasion.

New York, Nov. 21.—Six inches of water in a depression in the concrete pavement of the areaway of the apartment house at No. 1665 Park avenue yesterday, saved the life of Lizzie Gibbons, 18 years old. The water had accumulated after a washing of the pavement by the janitor.

Miss Gibbons had made a dish of dessert for dinner, and set it on the fire escape to cool. She reached out to see if it was ready, and as she lifted the cover the steam rushed into her face and she lost her balance, falling from the window. The apartment is on the fifth floor, and tenants in the opposite building in One Hundred and Eighteenth street saw the girl fall, turn over and over after she struck the clothes-lines stretched across from house to house, and finally fall flat on her back in the puddle.

Many women fainted at sight of the body descending, but before they had recovered Miss Gibbons turned over in the water, rose to her elbow, then got on her feet, but immediately fainted. Detective Ross was passing at the time and hurried to the girl, afterward calling an ambulance from the Harlem hospital. Dr. Campbell, who answered the call, found that Miss Gibbons was uninjured, save for shock and a slight abrasion of the back, where she had struck a clothes-line. He said the resiliency of the water alone had saved her life. She was taken to the hospital for observation during the remainder of the day, but was later sent to her home.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

A chemist in Wiesbaden, Germany, by breeding and feeding his fowls in a special way, has been able to so increase the natural quantity of iron in eggs that they are medicinal and useful for the cure of various diseases.

TO DISCERN and deal immediately with causes and overcome them, rather than to battle with effects after the disease has secured a lodgment, is the chief aim of the medical man, and Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is the result of patient study along this particular line. At the first appearance of a cold the Syrup will be found a most efficient remedy, arresting development and speedily healing the affected parts, so that the ailment disappears.

Women are hard to please. One will kick because her husband is jealous of her, and another because he isn't.

A milliner is always a trim creature.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ELOCUTION.

WYNIFRED LOGAN, F.T.C.M.—TEACHER reading, dramatic art, literature, vocal culture. Late London, England. 292 Central avenue. zxv

HOTEL CARDS.

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor.

LEGAL CARDS.

FOLINSBEE & BARTRAM, BARRISTERS—Office, Bank of Toronto Chambers, and Front street, Strathroy. John Folinsbee; W. G. R. Bartram.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., London—Office, corner Richmond and Carling. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London, Ont. Thos. H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas, London. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

TENNENT & COLERIDGE, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan at lowest rate. 78 Dundas.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London.

R. M. C. TOOTHE, BARRISTER, ETC., Robinson Hall, opposite Court House. Specialty, office work and consultations.

CRONYN & BETTS, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public, etc. Huron and Erie building.

EDMUND WELD—
Barrister, 425 Richmond Street.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, etc., 83 Dundas street; phone 99. Money to loan, lowest rates. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

JOTTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES

Furnished by the Special and Occasional Correspondents of the Advertiser.

THAMESFORD.

Thamesford, Nov. 21. — Rev. Mr. Murphy, the newly-appointed rector of St. John's Church, and Mrs. Murphy, were tendered a cordial reception on Tuesday evening by a large number from the village and community. Not only was there a large number present from their own church, but the other congregations in the community were almost equally as well represented. The chair was occupied by Mr. R. Clendenning and short, appropriate addresses were given by Rev. T. H. Watson, Dr. McWilliam, D. Lawrence and C. Brock. A beautiful luncheon, provided by the ladies of the congregation, was then partaken of, after which a short time was spent in social intercourse.

A number of friends from the 9th line attended the silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Henderson, of London, on Friday evening.

Miss B. La Faive, who was ill with pneumonia at Peterboro, has so improved as to be able to come home.

The Sabbath school at Dickson's Corners has closed for the winter. On Friday night the scholars held a concert, at which they presented Mr. Alex Bain, who has superintended the school during the summer, with a beautiful chair in appreciation of the deep interest he has shown in the work. Mr. Bain is always on hand in a good cause.

Miss Myrtle Broughton and Miss Hazel Judge, who were visiting in London during the latter part of last week, attended the silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Henderson on Friday evening.

The problem of getting houses in the village is again a serious one. We know of several families who would move to the village if houses could be secured.

Mrs. George Clubb returned on Wednesday from Chatham where she was called a few days ago owing to the critical illness of her brother-in-law. Good hopes are now entertained of his recovery.

Rev. Dr. Smith, of St. Catharines, occupied the pulpit of St. Paul's Church, Ingersoll, on Sunday. Several from here attended service.

Mr. White, representative of the Brantford Cordage Company, spent the later part of the week here renewing acquaintances and doing a little business.

Congratulations are extended Dr. Will McMurray, of Ingersoll, on the occasion of his marriage to Miss Ethel Brock, of London. Will is a Thamesford boy and his many friends here wish him and his bride every prosperity and happiness in their new life.

Mr. A. C. Flatt, who for nearly two years has been acting manager of the Traders Bank here, has been promoted to the position of manager. This is doubtless a well-merited promotion, as Mr. Flatt has by his geniality and fair dealing won favor among people of the community. His many friends here are congratulating him.

Mr. Lutz has moved into Mr. T. H. McCarty's house, where he will remain until his own is completed.

The weather in this locality has been very unfavorable for the getting in of roots. Many turnips are still in the fields. Plowing is mostly done.

WORD TO CHEESEMAKERS

First Meeting of a Series To Be Held at Listowel.

Listowel, Nov. 22. — The first of a series of meetings of cheesemakers and patrons of the various districts under the Dairymen's Association of Western Ontario was held here this afternoon. Mr. I. W. Steinzoff, of Stratford, director of the association, occupied the chair and said the system of instruction followed by the association, as he knew from his experience as a cheese buyer, resulted in a marked improvement in the general quality of the cheese of Western Ontario. Chief Instructor Barr said the factories had been grouped into seven districts, each in charge of an instructor, and instruction had been given in 217 factories. The result had been a much more uniform and better quality of product. The Listowel district was still at the head, due to the peculiarity favorable to natural conditions of air and climate, but other places were coming up fast.

A full and interesting discussion followed on the difficulties met with and how best to overcome them. The question of a Government license for factories was discussed, only such factories as were kept clean and sanitary to be allowed to operate. From reports gathered by Mr. Barr it was shown that out of 162 makers, 82 only wore aprons, that 97 makers wore clean clothes and 65 did not, floors were clean in 110 factories, gutters in 132 and utensils in 114, in only 12 factories were the whey tanks cleaned as often as once a week. Discussing the bitter flavor with which some factories are troubled, Instructor Barr said: "Bitter flavor bacteria is just common dirt."

TO START ON POLAR HUNT

Two Explorers Will Leave England on Long Quest in North.

London, Nov. 20.—Sir Clements Markham has made some interesting comments on arctic exploration in discussing before the Royal Geographical Society the plans of two new expeditions which are now preparing to start.

Dr. A. H. Harrison, who has already received the diploma of the society, is the first in the field. He has made an attempt to reach Prince Patrick Island and traverse part of the Beaufort Sea in the hope of discovering land.

Another aspirant is an enthusiastic young Dane, Eimar Mikkelsen. His intention is to ascend the Mackenzie River, met a whaler by previous arrangement and, having established a depot at Prince Albert Cape, he will, in the early spring, work westward for 400 miles and return southward to the mouth of the Mackenzie River, with the object of discovering land, if it exists.

"The discovery by Dr. Nansen of a polar ocean with a depth of 2,000 fathoms has lifted the veil from the arctic regions and made all things clear," said Sir Clements. "That this ocean extends to and beyond the pole is shown by convincing evidence. At the present time Beaufort Sea is bounded by the Parry Islands on the east and Alaska on the south and is the least known of the arctic regions and one which contains the most interesting geographical seas. Knowledge of the arctic region will remain very incomplete until this sea has been explored, and I would like to see the Discovery anchored in a secure harbor in Melville Sound for two winters.

"The vessel should be manned by British seamen, sufficient in number to form three extended sledging and three depot parties. This geographical achievement is properly the work of the Government, but if Great Britain's rulers continue to neglect this duty, so deeply felt, and well performed of old, it must be advocated by the society."

FRESH RUBBER GOODS.

Perhaps you have never given a thought to the freshness of such things, but rubber goods deteriorate when kept in stock for some time, and their wearing qualities are so impaired that their term of usefulness is short.

We buy in accordance with our output, therefore, our stock is always fresh—all live, elastic rubber. You'll get the benefit of goods like these in long wear.

Guaranteed Hot Water Bottles, $1 to $1 75
Thermalite Bags, $1 25 to $2 00

Cairncross & Lawrence,
Chemists and druggists.
216 Dundas Street, London Ont.

PEASANTS RAID RUSS ESTATES

Houses and Buildings Burned When Resistance Offered —Encounters Troops.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 22.—The newspapers are publishing details of the recent peasant outbreaks, some of which were on a great scale. The movement was non-political, the participants merely aiming at the acquisition of land. There was little violence unless the land-owners resisted, when houses and farm buildings were promptly burned and the lives of the resisters threatened. The peasants seized great numbers of cattle and quantities of stores. In a few instances troops opposed them. The trouble extended to 24 provinces. Numbers of the land-owners were compelled to flee, abandoning everything.

At Borisoglebsk, Province of Tamboff, many panic-stricken persons are seeking refuge from the peasants, who are taking possession of the estates, removing the grain, burning the buildings, and ordering the proprietors to relinquish their rights and depart under the penalty of death. The excitement has assumed such dimensions that the vice-governor has ordered the troops to desist from making arrests. In encounters with marching bands of peasants the troops have killed a hundred and have wounded many more.

GREAT CALVE RAVED

Diva Could Not Express Injured Feelings in English.

Detroit, Nov. 22. — Calve in the glow of the footlights—in that magic halo created by the spell of her glorious voice, the enchantment of her smile, her shimmering draperies—and distance—that is a very different creature from the Calve of every-day life.

Calve, as the soft, sinuous, bewitching Carmen—Calve, the tired, grouchy, crochety, peevish tyrant who makes a suite of twelve scared mortals fly around in terror because things go wrong—these are two distinct personages—no one who had ever seen the one would think the other possible.

Last night the great diva was herself. She came all the way from Pittsburg, where smoke and grime weren't conducive to sweetness. Then her train got in late. It should have arrived at Detroit at 8:40. Instead, it was after 9 before she dragged her weary self into the Cadillac, hungry, thirsty, and "mad" at the whole natural order of things. They had the best apartments that the hotel affords spic and span for the great songstress.

The rooms had been converted into a sylvan bower—roses and carnations and chrysanthemums nodded from every nook and corner. But, alas! the rooms were on the second floor, and when Calve discovered this awful fact—well, no one would have taken her for a seraph dropped from the sky.

Calve doesn't like to sleep where the rattle of street cars can reach her ears. She likes still less to be near the street, where the dust and smoke can ascend to her delicate nostrils.

"I will not have that room!" she declared, in a torrent of French, accompanied by gestures of infinite disgust. Someone whispered "tantrums" and everyone got "scared."

They told her of the lovely flowers and the beautiful apartments, but this did not serve to mollify her mood—she refused even to peep. Then there was such a mad scramble as never was heard of before.

At last they found a room on the fifth floor—but, alas and alack, the incomparable Calve was "mad" when she saw it. The furniture was not "comme il faut," and the room was 'way back, and it was too small, and the prima donna's pretty little English maid stood with tightly clasped hands awaiting developments.

Then suddenly Calve swept into the room. Her pretty forehead was knotted into a frown, and she held one jeweled hand to her bosom—in a fashion suggestive of great mental turmoil. A visitor emerged from an obscure corner and asked her in a half-terrified sotto voce—well no one knew what — because Calve liked not the sound of another's voice.

"Ah, je suis trop fatiguee pour parler (I'm too tired to speak) not this evening, s'il vous plait—tomorrow, yes—but tonight, ah non, non, I am so very fatigued—so very fatigued."

Calve wore a traveling costume of checked green and blue, with a long brown coat and superb sable boa. A jaunty turban with green and blue wing at the side completed her costume.

1-30th

of the entire Quinine production of the World is consumed every year by the makers of

Laxative Bromo Quinine

"Cures a Cold in One Day"

E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c

London Advertiser.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Job Department 175

LONDON, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 22.

Today's Bye-Elections.

Of the three Dominion bye-elections in Ontario today, that in North York is the only one which presents any unusual features of public interest. The fate of a cabinet minister is at stake, and it would be thought the Opposition would throw its full strength into the campaign, but Mr. Borden avoided the riding until last night, when his speech would be too late to be a factor in the contest. Mr. W. F. Maclean took the direction of the Opposition's campaign in his own hands at the outset. If McCallum wins, it will be a personal triumph for Maclean. If McCallum loses, those who are high in the councils of the party will be ready and willing to place the responsibility on Maclean's shoulders. It is said they will even accept Mr. Aylesworth's victory with cheerfulness. They are not so much afraid of an open enemy as of one in their own camp. Mr. Maclean has headed a revolt against the controlling influences in the Opposition, and he may become dangerous if he succeeds in winning an election in which he has made himself the issue.

Mr. Borden has appeared in Wentworth and his speeches show that he appreciated the fact that he had been placed in a defensive position by criticisms from within his own party. There was an implied reproach to the Conservative press in his complaint that sufficient publicity was not given the efforts of the Opposition in parliament. He was ready to take full responsibility for his utterances in parliament in support of the indemnity bill, but he was willing also to have it reconsidered. There was nothing in Mr. Borden's speech to indicate that he believed that any phase of the bill was wrong in principle. He did not advocate the abolition of ministerial pensions, but suggested that some age limit should be imposed and other modifications made so that "it will be more in consonance with public opinion." By implication also Mr. Borden defended the increase in the indemnity, alleging that it would cost the country nothing if members did not attend the next session of parliament more regularly than the last. Inferentially he rebuked those of his own party who have been attacking him upon the indemnity question. He called attention to the laborious life of a member of parliament who does his duty. From the beginning of the session of 1903, to the end of the session of 1905—twenty-eight months and nine days—parliament was in session nineteen months, in addition to which every member had a two months' campaign. The allowance to himself as leader of the Opposition he was willing to forego, but he did not admit it was wrong in theory. The Conservative candidate in the riding, Mr. Smith, having pocketed the increased sessional allowance, is not in a position to condemn it, but the Liberal candidate, Mr. Sealey, is strongly opposed to it.

In West Lambton Mr. Pardee's election is conceded. There is an absence of excitement in the riding which shows that the electors have no deep-seated grievance against the powers that be. Mr. LeSueur is vehement in denouncing every feature of the indemnity bill. Mr. Pardee is not well disposed toward the pension scheme, but thinks the sessional allowance is not extravagant.

The most striking feature of all three bye-elections is the omission of any references to the autonomy bill. The Opposition insisted upon making it the issue in London and North Oxford, but now refuses to touch it with a pair of tongs.

Church Federation.

The Interchurch Conference on Federation at New York may prove to be a landmark in religious history. It is an expression of the tendency to break down the barriers between denominations, but it is designed to meet the objections to organic union, which are earnestly held by multitudes of Christian worshipers. The plan submitted to the conference provides for a "federal council of the Church of Christ in America," embracing at first thirty denominations. The Council will come into official existence as soon as the principle is accepted by two-thirds of the denominations.

The council is given no control over individual denominations, and no authority to interfere with the autonomy of any body. It may make recommendations, but modes of government and worship are expressly excluded from its jurisdiction.

Membership in the council is to be on a basis of four members to each denomination, with one additional member for every fifty thousand communicants. All questions are to be determined by a majority vote of the members voting and a majority of the denominations represented. There are to be a president and vice-president from each denomination, and an executive committee of seven members and seven laymen.

The objects of the federation are stated thus: To express the essential unity of the Protestant churches; to unite them in harmonious action; to promote devotional fellowship and give mutual counsel; to obtain a large influence for the churches on social and moral questions, and to assist in the organization of local branches of the Federal Council. The council comes into official existence when two-thirds of the denominations approve the principle, in which event it will hold its first session in December, 1908.

The discussion at the conference revealed in some of the delegates a hope that church federation would pave the way for church union. Others dissented from this view, but supported the plan as tending to promote the spirit of brotherhood, and secure the more efficient co-operation of the churches in purposes upon which they were agreed.

A Party in Paralysis.

The Toronto News, which has regained its composure since the London and North Oxford bye-elections, and has viewed the contests in North York, West Lambton, and Wentworth with philosophic detachment, has become disgusted with the Opposition. Says the News:

"The Opposition is inert and disorganized, and Government speakers confine themselves mainly to feebie defense of Tory practices by a so-called Liberal Government.

"The truth is, that since its defeat in 1896, the Conservative party has shown neither purpose, unity nor energy.

"It seems still to be mourning over its defeat, and to be railing at Providence for the extraordinary dispensation which gave power and patronage to the Liberal leaders.

"It cannot get rid of the notion that it has a divine right to rule, and that Liberals in office are invaders and usurpers.

"During these nine years of Opposition, it has failed to develop a constructive policy, nor has it even been able to attack the work of its opponents with consistency, moderation and sanity.

"Its attitude towards the British preference was neither frank nor courageous.

"It was timid, half-hearted and divided in its support of Mr. Borden's declaration for public ownership of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

"Its heart was broken because London and North Oxford supported coercion candidates in the bye-elections of a few months ago.

"Now, in North York and Wentworth, and West Lambton, and Antigonish, it has no distinct constructive policy, nor even any common ground of attack upon the Government."

The News has discovered that it has been trying to ride a dead horse. The News gave its support to the Conservative party in the last federal election, before the school issue arose, and it now admits that for eight years previous to that election the party had shown "neither purpose, unity, nor energy," that it had "failed to develop a constructive policy," or even attack the Government with "consistence, moderation and sanity." The confession comes a little late.

The electors of North York are going to make or mar Billy Maclean today.

It is to be hoped the American churches will not be accused of forming a combine.

A Port Huron girl has run away with her chauffeur. Coachmen are going out of style.

Mr. Maclean has been as much isolated by his party as if he were a case of smallpox.

Col. Matheson says he expects Ontario will have a surplus this year. But will the colonel know a surplus when he sees one?

There's a certain iron-y in the fact that Canadian screw manufacturers are complaining of the competition of the British screw combine, organized by Mr. Chamberlain.

London Gets New Streets.

[Exchange.]

London was increased during the year 1904 by 374 new streets, with a total length of over 74 miles, and 23,269 new houses were built.

No Cause for Dispute.

[New York Evening Telegram.

That discussion over the sex of angels fell into innocuous desuetude as soon as some thoughtful soul remarked that nobody ever disputed the masculinity of the devil.

Stratford "Swells Visibly."

[Stratford Beacon.]

Stratford has furnished a supreme court judge, a high court judge, a county court judge and a bishop, all within a very few years. Is there any other city of its size which can present a record to surpass this?

Monarch.

[New York Sun.]

The foot that does the rocking
From its prominence is hurled;
The foot that does the kicking
Is the foot that rules the world.

Business Interests Would Suffer.

[Chicago Tribune.]

"Haven't you any public library in this town?" asked the stranger.

"No, sir," said the native. "There was a man that offered us a library once, but he wanted the buildin' where the bowlin' alley is, and we kind o' thought we'd rather have the bowlin' alley. It brings more trade."

Heading for Mr. Whitney.

[Orillia News-Letter.]

Another meeting will be held in the Conservative Workingmen's rooms on Monday night, when the matter of the local patronage and other items of less importance will be brought up. There is no doubt that considerable discontent prevails among the local Conservatives, some of whom even talk of sending a delegation down to see Mr. Whitney and lay their views before him.

On the Stage.

[M. A. P.]

Sir Henry Irving was the first actor to make slenderness acceptable, or tolerable, on the English stage. He was very thin in his earlier middle age, and theatergoers of that day wondered whether they could endure to see a long figure and legs, both unpadded. Until then fatness had been obligatory; it is difficult to realize now the full convention of chest and shoulders and calves. Comparatively lately a man of stage experience was urgent with a company of English amateurs that all the thin women and all lean men should be made plump. "Nothing," he said, "is so impossible on the stage as thinness." Irving changed all this because his genius was wedded to uncompromising thinness.

On Parting With Prince Louis.

[W. J. Lampton, in New York Sun.]

Pray, have another smile
With us before you go,
What?
Not?
Won't you have anoth—no?
Not even a nip?
Well, we hope you've enjoyed your trip;
We have; and you
Have made yourself solid clean through.
You should take a chair
And sit down where
You are appreciated.
By gosh!
If you should slosh
Around for a while
In your inimitable style,
You could be elected mayor
Of Greater New York
On any old ticket.
Say,
Wouldn't that be gay—
Hon. P. Louis Battenburg,
Mayor of New York City?—
What's that?
With the accent on the "Bat?"
Ha! ha!
Ta, ta;
It really is a pity
You've got to go.
Have anoth—no?
Sorry to see you go.
Have anoth—no?
So long, cousin;
We like your kind by the dozen.
However, by-by, if you must go—
Have anoth—no?
So long, so long. Here's hands across;
And though the sea be wide,
The ties of blood are long enough
And strong enough
To reach from side to side,
And—
We guess the others understand.

The Saddest Words.

[New York Press.]

Of all sad words of tongue or pen
The saddest are these to the bargain maid:
"They have cut the price in two again,
And it's twice as cheap as what I paid!"

Long Practice.

[Baltimore American.]

"Your son is something of an athlete, isn't he, Mr. Oldrich?"

"Athlete! Well, you just ought to see how he can run up a bill!"

What They Say.

[St. Louis Post-Dispatch.]

The American and the Englishman say: How do yon do?
The German: How do you find yourself?
The Frenchman: How do you carry yourself?
The Italian: How do you stand?
The Spaniard: Go with God, Senor.
The Russian: How do you live on?
The Hollander: Have you had a good dinner?
The Chinese: Have you eaten your rice?
The Egyptian: How do you perspire?
The Mohammedan: Peace be with you.
The Persian: May they shadow never grow less!
The Burmese rub their noses against each other's cheek, exclaiming: Give me a smell.
Arabs of eminence kiss each other's cheeks and say: God grant thee His favor and give health to thy family.

The Plumbers.

[Toronto Star.]

The plumbers are on trial. At the same time and place the law is on trial, too. It is to be ascertained whether the laws of Canada serve the ends of justice in a case of this kind.

No regard need be paid to the penitent frame of mind to which the plumbers have been reduced by the exposure that has come upon them, because if either the law or public opinion is found to have a weak streak in it there will be similar "business arrangements" organized as quickly as men can get together and do it. Successful prosecution in this case may prove useful in ways not at the moment dreamed of by anybody; for, perhaps the offenses alleged against the plumbers are not altogether unheard of in other directions.

Papa's Eyes.

[Yonker's Herald.]

Willie—What's the matter with pap's eyes, mamma?

Mamma—Nothing that I know of, Willie.

Willie—Well, I heard him tell Mr. Jones that he had to have an eye-opener every morning.

Past the Danger Point.

[Exchange.]

"An' how's yer wife, Pat?"

"Sure, she do be awful sick."

"Is ut dangerous she is?"

"No, she's too weak t' be dangerous anny more!"

A Test of Friendship.

[London Tit-Bits.]

The professor was examining a dark brown substance spread on paper when he was interrupted by a visit from a friend.

"I say, would you kindly let me place a little bit of this on your tongue?" said the man of learning to the newcomer, "My taste has become so vitiated by sampling all sorts of things."

"Certainly," responded the friend, thrusting out his tongue.

The professor took up a little of the substance under analysis and placed it on the other's tongue. The latter worked it round for fully a minute, tasting it much as he would a sweet.

"Note any effect?" inquired the professor.

"No; none."

"It doesn't paralyze or prick your tongue?"

"Not that I can detect."

"I thought not. How does it taste?"

"Very bitter."

"Um-m; all right."

"What is it?" inquired the friend.

"I don't know. That's what I'm trying to find out. Some one has been poisoning horses with it."

The Horse.

[Chicago Tribune.]

The horse is a useful animal. If it were not for the horse we could have no horse shows. The horse is not so strong as the ox, but is much quicker. Horses are of various kinds. There are bay horses, sorrel horses, gray horses, black horses, white horses and horses. A sawhorse is not a real horse. Horses are used for drawing wagons and crowds. A clotheshorse is not pretty to look at, but horse clothes are lovely. If you can't get a horse, get the clothes. So no more about horses this time.

Tom Johnson's Anti-Suicide Commission.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

Can a commission of city officeholders or any other men prevent suicide? No. Will a man who has reached the limit of endurance and who in the majority of cases is at least temporarily deranged seek out an official board before whom to lay his troubles? No. What then is the use of the action of Mayor Johnson of Cleveland in appointing a commission to take steps to reduce the number of suicides in his city? Simply this: It brings forcibly to the minds of all men of public spirit the fact that there is misery in the world not entirely the creation of the sufferer, that this misery is more than a private affair, that it concerns the state. Civic loyalty requires that each man use every effort to increase the welfare of the state, and this welfare is endangered when desertion takes from the ranks men and women who have in them still a possibility of usefulness, or when removable conditions are allowed to render further service impossible. The state loses when the idea is allowed to go unchallenged that a man's life is his own, to do with as he pleases. So far as a civic board is able by public utterance or by action in the name of the state to bring to the mind of the despondent a realization of the wrong done the community by self-destruction and of the possibilities which life still has for even the most unhappy, so far the appointment of such a board is within the reasonable functions of a chief magistrate.

The effect of this creation is still wider. Certain men are in the public eye to such an extent that anything they say or do wakens echoes that roll into remote recesses of the public consciousness and produce a response beyond the contemplation of the speaker or actor. President Roosevelt's opinions on race suicide could result in no official action, but they have done much to put the rearing of children in the proper light as a solemn duty. Mayor Johnston's attitude towards individual suicide will set people thinking who have not realized the prevalence of this evil. Where ideas of responsibility to the state are so ill developed that they are no motive to action, a sense of religious duty or a warmth of feeling toward one's fellow man may well be stimulated to action by the figures just published. A single self-inflicted death attracts but little notice. Eighty-six deaths of this kind in a single town reveal an amount of misery which makes each man wonder if he has done his share in making the world happier. In Chicago there were 210 suicides during the first six months of 1905. The number will be larger for the last six months of the year. Some of these deaths would have been prevented if every man and woman of good will had been constituted into a commission for the removal of despondency. There are living now many who will plunge to a voluntary death before the year is out unless encouragement is given. There are a hundred times as many whose wretchedness may not reach that extreme who are yet unhappy where no real necessity for unhappiness exists. To bear these wretched ones in mind is the duty of the strong, the lovers of mankind. To translate sympathy into action when opportunity offers is the next duty. Every one who does not believe that suicide can be prevented by a municipal commission must see what he individually can do.

POEMS THAT LIVE

For Faith.

If I could feel my hand, dear Lord, in thine,
And surely know
That I was walking in the light divine,
Through weal or woe;

If I could hear thy voice in accents sweet,
But plainly say,
To guide my groping, wandering feet,
"This is the way,"

I would so gladly walk therein; but now
I cannot see.
Oh! give me, Lord, the faith to humbly bow,
And trust in thee.

There is no faith in seeing. Were we led
Like children here,
And lifted over rock and river bed,
No care, no fear,

We should be useless in the busy throng,
Life's work undone;
Lord, make us brave and earnest, in faith strong,
Till heaven is won.

CAT RANCH THRIVES

Owner Says Furs Sell Readily and Bring Good Prices.

Minneapolis, Nov. 21. — The latest product of the glorious climate of the west is a cat ranch.

This old maid's paradise is located on a small island in Puget Sound, and the ranch occupies the whole island. This was necessary in order that there might be no neighbors to complain, for the nightly concerts of several thousand cats would naturally bring forth complaints and make the life of a municipal court judge one round of misery.

Holbe Tortgen, the young ranchman, is on the fair road to wealth by the originating of a new industry that may develop into something very large before he finishes with his idea. Young Tortgen was formerly a resident of Minneapolis, when he first came over from the old country, but he did not remain here long, preferring to take his chances in the new west. He went to Washington, tried Seattle, and drifted about a bit, until the cat idea struck him.

He located a little shanty on the island, built himself a fine sailboat, and was monarch of all he surveyed. He knew something of furs, having been mixed up in that business, in his own country, and when he found that black cat skin brought as high as $1 70 at times, and never less than a dollar, it looked to him like a good thing. It was six years ago when the first bunch of cats were taken over in the boat to the island, and naturally there are plenty of black cats now. It is a veritable "Hoo-hoo" ranch, and the squawls of the felines often reach to the main land when the wind is right.

"I have made it a paying business," said Mr. Tortgen, speaking of his plant. "I now engage seven boys and men to help me and have no trouble finding a market for my skins. The fur is much better than the average cat fur because I use care and keep the cats well fed and where they will not fight, so that the fur and skins are perfect. We feed chiefly fish.

"There is nothing a cat would rather have than fish, and they keep fine and glossy on it. I have taken pains to raise only the largest kinds, so that the skins I sell are the best on the market.

"I have just been East, in the fur market, looking over the demand for fur to use for imitation seal.

"Many of the imitation seals are made from rabbit skins, but cat is much more durable and stronger. My idea was to begin the breeding of maltese cats in another part of the island, and separate the two by wire fences. The color would dye very nicely. I left some skins to be treated and dyed, and the report will decide what I will do.

"No, there is no cruelty in killing the animals. We want to preserve the skins intact, so we kill them by the use of sulphur fumes in a large room with a low ceiling. The fumes kill them painlessly, and are good for the fur also."

The young cat-raiser made no secret of his business, because he said the demand for cat skins is so great that there was little chance of his business ever being overdone.

Stolen dogs are said to be sold in Paris to butchers who sell the meat, particularly the hind legs, as "lamb."

It requires the workmanship of 20 men and the use of much costly machinery to make that dainty article of the household, the thimble.

CORPSE IN A SACK

Wife and Family of an Old Man Suspected of Murder.

Rome, Nov. 21.—Suspicions are circulating in the village of Griante, five miles from Menaggio, that the wife and family of Giovanni Prina, have murdered him.

Prina, who was 59 years old, disappeared at the end of August, and no satisfactory explanation being forthcoming, vague rumors of foul play passed among the villagers. Finally, one of the sons, who lived at Menaggio, and was on bad terms with the rest of the family, communicated his suspicions to the police. Iaquiries were made, but owing to the general fear of vendetta, no evidence could be obtained.

Now, however, a boatman has come forward with a startling story. He says that another of Prina's sons told him to be on the lookout during the low tides at Lake Como for a large sack which he had recently thrown into the water. He forbade the boatman to mention the matter on pain of death.

Locally it is asserted that the wife and sons of Prima murdered the old man by beating him with sticks, tied up the remains in a sack, and threw them into the lake.

CHAPMAN'S STORE

Real Down Comforters

At Christmas time we sell heaps of just such useful things as Comforters for presents—why not buy beforehand? **$4.50** is a very special price for a Down Comforter. So is **$2.50** for a Table Cover.

COMFORTERS — Full double bed size 60x72, covered with beautiful art sateens, bordered on one side; thick, real feather down filling. Colors in blue, old rose, green, cream, pink and red. Special **$4 50**

TABLE COVERS — Genuine Tapestry Table Covers, knotted fringe, gold and green border, on solid blue, full size; were $3 25 each. This week **$2 50**

Christmas Books

In a short time the rush will be on at the Book Counters — now you can choose in comfort. These are wonderful values.

1,000 CLOTH-BOUND BOOKS—Best authors and titles. You'll be amazed at the beauty of these books. Each **10c**

1,900 CLOTHBOUND BOOKS—This, too, is a wonder lot at 15c each. Every author you can think of for young and old, choice **15c**

5,000 HANDSOMELY BOUND BOOKS, for Sunday school libraries and prizes, world known authors of standard fiction, gilt lettered and gilt topped, very large books, worth twice as much, each **25c**

Those buying for Sunday schools will receive every courtesy.

C-C A La Grace Corsets

Those who follow prevailing styles find the C|C A La Grace necessary to secure the shapely rounded effect and defined waist-line which fashion now demands.

Those who have worn the C|C A La Grace Corset know there is no corset gives more comfort, better fit or longer wear.

We carry a full line of the new models—all sizes in high and low bust—every one guaranteed.

Prices $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

Furs Advantageously Priced For Christmas Buyers

American Marten Fur Stole, very large size with long ends, rich shade of brown, finished at bottom with six large natural tails; silk cords and ornaments at neck. Beautiful Empire Muff to match. You'd judge it to be worth far more than it costs. Just the thing for a Christmas present. Price **$19.50**

Extra long ALASKA SABLE RUFFS, double fur, finished with tails and silk ornaments. Priced at **$17 50**
ROUND AND EMPIRE MUFFS to match.

JAPANESE MINK STOLES, flat shape, richly blended, dark brown stripe, satin lined—one of the most favored styles. At **$15 00**

Fancy Linens for Christmas Presents

Boundless variety of things to choose for Christmas presents in our stock of fancy decorative linens. A new lot of them from Nottingham that are lace trimmed.

TRAY CLOTHS, with cluny lace and insertion, size 18x27, at 35c, 50c, 75c and **$1 00**

DRESSER DRAPES, with torchon and cluny lace and insertion, size 18x45. Priced at and up, 50c, 65c, 75c and **$1 00**

SIDEBOARD SCARFS, hemstitched, lace trimmed, size 18x68, at 90c to **$3 00**

FIVE O'CLOCK TEA CLOTHS AND PILLOW SHAMS, cluny and torchon lace, some are hemstitched, size 32x32, at each, 65c, 75c, $1 00, $1 15 and **$1 25**

CENTERPIECES with Lace—
18x18 inch at **50c**
18x18 square at **60c**
18-inch hemstitched **75c**
DOILIES, with Lace—
5x6 inch, at, each **12½c**
9x9 inch, at each **25c**
10x10 inch, at each **35c**
Irish Hand-Embroidered Teneriffe and Japanese Fancy Linens all the different pieces for the table.
2 PIECES SATIN DAMASK, hand loom linen, the patterns are, one a lily, the other a pansy, reduced from $1 50 yard to **$1 10**

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO. 126, 128 and 128½ DUNDAS STREET

The Celebrated English Cocoa.

EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

DELICIOUS SANDWICHES can be made by spreading Clark's devilled chicken or ham between bread well buttered.

Many a man who is capable of giving good advice isn't capable of using it to an advantage in his own business.



THE MARK OF QUALITY.

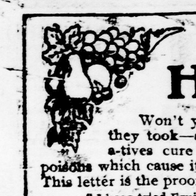
FROM the little tot to the head of the family there is a store of satisfaction in **"Canadian"** Rubbers.

Mother wants comfort—sister wants style—father wants durability—and the little feet want protection.

All these they find in **"Canadian"** Rubbers bearing "the mark of quality."

For over half a century the best rubbers have borne this "mark of quality." Look for it when you buy.

"CANADIAN" RUBBERS



Do You Suffer With

HEADACHES?

Won't you be guided by the experience of others—take what they took—and cure yourself as they cured themselves? Fruit-a-tives cure the cause of the headache. They remove the blood poisons which cause it entirely relieve constipation and tone up the nerves. This letter is the proof that puts an end to doubt:—

"I have tried Fruit-a-tives and found them splendid for headaches. I feel so much better since I commenced taking them. I think they are a splendid medicine, and am recommending them to all my friends." Mrs. J. W. DULONG, Thamesville, Ont.

Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets.

50c. a box. All druggists. Manufactured by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Wayward But Winning

"Why? I don't know, Philippa, I should like to be the prettiest and the best-dressed woman in the room tonight."

"No doubt," assents Philippa seizing the opportunity of Carrie's absence from the glass to take a glance at her own get-up.

"The very best," says Carrie, opening and shutting her fan, and regarding it meditatively. "But that's impossible, of course, seeing the number of grandees who will be there. I dare say Euphemia Bellairs, for instance, will have a costume from Worth."

"Probably," assents Philippa.

"And carry a jeweler's shop of diamonds."

"Most certainly."

"To say nothing of the Donomores from the Hall, and the rest of the aristocrats. After all, do what one will, one cannot look dressed, really dressed, beside such people. Philippa, I detest aristocrats."

"Especially when they are better attired than yourself. You seem in an amiable frame of mind. Perhaps you had better stay at home, my child."

Carrie laughs absently; then she glances with a curious quietness toward her sister, who is attempting the impossible feat of viewing the back of her head by looking in the glass over her shoulder.

"Philippa, I wonder whether Lord Cecil is going, after all?" she asks, with an elaborate air of careless indifference.

"Can't say. I should imagine that he was. Didn't he say that he would?"

"I—I don't remember. He wouldn't say for certain."

Philippa laughs.

"There must be some disappointment if he should not," he says, "seeing the number of cards, the pack of cards, that have been left for him since Lady Bellairs discovered that he was here. I fancy that he is rather disgusted and will shun the festive scene."

"Will he?" says Carrie, and there is the faintest, the very faintest, tone of disappointment in her voice. "Well, no doubt he is wise. After all, the game isn't worth the candle."

Philippa stares with unfeigned astonishment.

"Since when have you discovered that, eh, cynic?" she demands, incredulously. "You have talked of nothing else but this ball for the last week—and now—oh, it's rather too good, your pretense of indifference."

"It is true. I've half a mind to stop at home."

"And two-thirds to go," says Philippa, "As for your dress, you know that it is as nice as it could be, and that it becomes you as if you had grown into it. Willie will simply fall at your feet in a fervor of admiration."

"Willie is an idiot!" says Carrie, shortly.

"Now, you girls!" comes Mr. Harrington's voice up the stairs, "aren't you nearly ready?"

"There's father," says Philippa. "Poor father! This is his one night of martyrdom, and he bears it nobly. Come, Carrie."

Carrie takes up her train in her hands and slowly sweeps down the stairs, followed by Philippa, but Mr. Harrington has gone out into the courtyard to impress upon Gilles, who is in attendance on the fly, that he is sure to be at the door not later than 2 o'clock, and the two girls stand for a minute awaiting him.

As they do so, Yates comes across the hall and opens the door of Lord Cecil's sitting-room, and Carrie, turning her head involuntarily, sees his lordship seated comfortably in the arm-chair, reading the paper.

He looks up, and seeing the vision of youth and beauty very much adorned, rises and comes toward them.

"Just starting?" he says with a smile, and a glance which takes in Carrie's dress and the fair slightly-flushed face above it.

"Yes," says Philippa cheerily. "We are on the war trail. You are not coming, then?"

He looks down at his slippers and shakes his head.

"No," he says.

Carrie looks straight before her, and pulls her cloud more closely round her neck, which peeps white and soft and warm through the meshes of fleecy wool.

"I'm sorry," says Philippa frankly. "Everybody goes to the regimental ball. You will be quite singular."

"Lord Cecil prefers to be singular," says Carrie, with a fine air of calm candor.

Lord Cecil looks at her.

"I thought there would be quite enough without me," he says.

"So there will," assents Carrie quickly, and with a smile whose sweetness is suspicious.

"Exactly," he says, "I am glad you agree with me. Besides——"

"Besides," she says, interrupting him, and looking straight before her, "Lord Cecil would not care for a rough-and-scramble affair like the Maltfield ball. He would only be bored by such a crowd. It is far better to sit and read the paper in ease and comfort."

He says nothing in answer to this piece of sarcasm, but his eyes wander to the beautiful face, now defiant and aggressive, and linger there as if the picture pleased him.

"Come, girls!" says Mr. Harrington, bustling in, after the manner of men, as if he had been kept waiting and was tired out. "Quite ready! Ah, Lord Cecil! Not going? Wise man; I wish I were in your shoes——"

"Or slippers!" says Carrie.

"Or slippers," says Mr. Harrington. "There ought to be a law passed prohibiting men from attending this kind of thing. Good night! I wish I were going to bed as early as you will be!"

"Good-night!" says Lord Cecil. "Good-night, Miss Carrie! My fervent hopes for your enjoyment."

"Thanks," says Carrie firmly. "They are certain to be fulfilled."

Then she gets into the fly, and, drawing her skirts around her, falls into an intense silence, which lasts until the vehicle joins the line of carriages at the entrance to the town hall. The building is a blaze of light; footmen in their best liveries stand in double file on either side of the crimson carpet under the gay awning; overfed horses are prancing; perspiring coachmen are swearing under their breath; and confusion which is not half so confounded as it looks reigns triumphant.

"We shall be kept here for an hour," says Mr. Harrington, uttering the grumble which he has given vent to for years on similar occasions.

But, as if in answer to the complaint, a tall, stalwart figure in evening dress comes to the door, and Willie Fairfold's voice says cheerily:

"Here you are! I'll make room for you," and with a word or two he does make way, and the fly moves up to the entrance.

"Ah, Willie, how are you?" says Mr. Harrington dolefully; but Willie, taking no heed of him, gets hold of Carrie's hand and helps her out.

"How good of you to come so early," he murmurs, his honest, handsome face reddening with delight and gratification. "They have only got through two dances. I have waited outside, thinking you wouldn't be late."

"But why?" says Carrie coldly. "We could have got in without your taking so much trouble."

"It is no trouble," he says quickly, and peering into the fly. "Is—is Lord Cecil with you?"

"No," says Carrie, shortly.

His face clears again.

"No? Well, never mind——"

"I don't mind in the least," says Carrie with a laugh.

He offers her his arm, and just touching it with her fingers, she allows him to escort her upstairs into the ball room, Mr. Harrington taking charge of Philippa, or rather, to be correct, Philippa taking charge of him.

A waltz just commenced as they enter, and Willie Fairfold, with badly-concealed eagerness, presses for her hand, but Carrie declines.

"I don't know that I shall dance at all" she says coldly.

"Not dance!" he says, staring at her. "Oh, come——"

"Why should I?" she says, looking round the crowded room. "There are quite enough without me."

"Why!" he says aghast, "the ball wouldn't be the ball if you didn't dance! If you won't give me this, give me the next," he pleads.

She remains silent, and, with a patient sigh he walks round the room, searching for a seat.

As they make the circuit they come to the further end of the room where, planted on seats and gathered together as if for mutual protection, are the elite, the titled grandees whom Carrie has declared that she hates.

There are the Dowager Duches of Clevebook, the Countess of Donomore, and her six marriageable daughters; Lady Sexton, and last, but not least—in bulk—Lady Bellairs.

There they sit, enthroned, as it were, apart from the vulgar herd, exclusive and aristocratic.

As Carrie approaches, the modesty and meekness which Philippa commended so highly disappear, the finely-cut lips curve, the aquiline nose grows tip-tilted, and the beautiful eyes harden and become icy.

Lady Bellairs, the butcher's daughter, surveying the scene patronizingly through her gold eyeglasses, sees the beautiful vision approaching, and at once—immediately—stiffens into stone, and bestows an elaborate "cut" upon Carrie, and tries to look as if she did not see her.

Carrie smiles sarcastically, and, in an audible whisper to Willie, says:

"The best people have not come yet, I see!"

And having thus delivered her thrust she passes on.

"Here is a seat if you are sure you won't dance," says Willie, longingly.

"Not this one," says Carrie; and she seats herself within earshot of the grandees, "But don't let me keep you. Send my father to me, and go and dance."

"No, no," he says, blushing. "You know I don't care to dance if—if you won't dance with me."

"That's absurd" she says shortly. "As I said, I may not dance all the evening."

"Then I will not, either," he says, with determination; and he seats himself beside her.

Five—two—minutes have not elapsed before they are surrounded. Soldiers are quick to acknowledge grace and beauty, and some of the officers of the regiment gather round the beautiful young Miss Harrington in an admiring and sollcitous group.

But to one and all Carrie expresses her determination, and some of them go off despairingly, while others remain to bask in her presence, and to catch a word or a smile from the girl who threatens to be the most beautiful in the room.

In the midst of the noise of the band and the dancers, Carrie still hear the voices of the grandees behind her; and presently she hears Lord Neville's name mentioned.

"I should think he will be sure to be here," says Lady Catesby, to the Countess of Donomore, whose eys, together with those of her six daughters are fixed expectantly on the door.

"Yes, I should think so," says the countess with a smile that barely conceals her anxiety—poor mother! "He would never think of refusing, surely."

"Oh, dear me, no, dear Lady Catesby," says Lady Bellairs, with a bland, self-satisfied smile. "Lord Neville quite promised to come—didn't he, Euphemia?"

Euphemia smiles vacantly, and the grandees, who have not at all forgiven Lady Bellairs the butcher's shop, eye the pair coldly and doubtfully.

"Rather an eccentric young men, is he not?" says the old duchess, who is more than rather deaf, and who, like most deaf people, speaks in a particularly loud and distinct voice. "Something wrong here, eh?" and she touches her wrinkled forehead, above which waggled a splendid bunch of feathers—feathers were worn in her younger days, and she still sticks to them, staunch old lady as she is.

Carrie smiles as this direct question is put, and waits for the answer. If only Lord Cecil could hear them!

"N—o," says Lady Sexton, who is rather young and pretty, and was nearly a professional beauty for half a season. "No, no, only eccentric; it runs in the family."

"Oh, nonsense, my dear!" says Lord Sexton, who happened to come up at the moment, wiping his face and showing marked signs of the wear and tear of the last waltz. "Nothing of the kind. Why, Lord Fitz-Harwood has got the keenest brain in the kingdom."

"Well, clever people usually are eccentric," says the duchess, when this had been shouted into her ear by the oldest Lady Donomore. "I remember Lord Calthorpe—that's his grandson dancing over there—very clever, my dears, but the most appalling idiot——"

"Good Lord!" groans Lord Sexton, "somebody keep her quiet. Calthorpe will hear her."

"The most appalling idiot that ever lived," and the awful old lady nods and grins. There is silence for a moment as Lord Calthorpe, who, of course, has heard every word, passes and glances with a red face at the party. Then suddenly the old lady spies Carrie. "Who's that?" she asks, pointing her fan and nodding imperatively. Of course, the other ladies pretend not to understand, and quietly attempt to evade the question, but her grace is accustomed to be answered, and reiterates the interrogatory rather more loudly this time. But Carrie nods and does not turn color.

"Who is it, eh? Seem to know her face. Wonderfully pretty girl. Just like what I was when I was her age. Who is it?"

[To be Continued.]

HIDDEN IN TRUNK

Wealthy Parisian Widow Robbed by a Clever Device.

Paris, Nov. 21.—Mme. Corbieres, a wealthy widow, who lives in the Rue de Vaugirard, has just been the victim of an extraordinary robbery. She was induced to go to a garrison town in Normandy by receiving a telegram purporting to come from her nephew, a captain in the army.

During her absence an elegantly dressed young man, who stated that he was a relative of the woman, and had been invited to put up at her flat, came in a cab, on the top of which was a large trunk. This was placed in Mme. Corbieres' apartment, and in the evening, having (so he said) found a lodging, he came again and took the trunk away.

Yesterday Mme. Corbieres returned to Paris in anger at having been dragged to Normandy by a false message. Then it was found that jewels and valuables worth several thousand pounds had been stolen by a man who lay hidden in the trunk.

LOST FOR FIFTY YEARS

Finds Rich Relatives After Wandering About Since Infancy.

Albuquerque, N. M., Nov. 21.—Hester Ann Alexander Smith, for 50 years a wanderer on the face of the earth, without a living relative known to her, has just been identified here as a daughter of the family of Paddocks, wealthy farmers, living near Warwick, N. Y., who for half a century have been looking in vain for the missing daughter.

Fifty years ago, while a child of 6 years, she followed a wandering hand organ man away from her home one morning. The hand organ man had a monkey, and attracted by the antics of the animal, the child followed on and on until the itinerant musican took her up and made her sing for him as he toured the country.

The whole country aided in the search for the child, but without result. With the hand organ man she traveled westward and finally found her way to the Pacific coast.

There she grew up, forgetting her name and the names of her relatives and only retaining a dim memory of the scenes of her birthplace.

It was this dim memory which has finally restored her to her relatives, who have never forgotten the missing child. Mrs. Smith has been twice married.

In 1884 she came with her family to Silver City, N.M., where she buried her husband and all of her four children. Feeling the years creeping on she longed for more knowledge of her own people. Three years ago she came to Albuquerque and began the search for her relatives. She advertised widely in eastern newspapers, describing the scenes as pictured on her memory of her childhood days.

The result was a letter from Thomas C. Paddock, of Vernon, N. J., her cousin, and another from her brother, James Paddock, of Warwick, N. Y., who is still living at the old homestead. Correspondence began at once, and Mrs. Smith is soon to go to the home of her childhood. She learned that her parents have been dead for 25 years, and that of her brothers and sisters but one is living. Her relatives in New York are wealthy, and have written her that she need have no further care for the future.

SUDDEN TRANSITION from a hot to a cold temperature, exposure to rain, sitting in a draught, unseasonable substitution of light for heavy clothing, are fruitful causes of colds, and the resultant cough so perilous to persons of weak lungs. Among the many medicines for bronchial disorders so arising, there is none better than Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Try it and become convinced. Price, 25c cents.

SOUND SLEEP

Can Easily Be Secured.

"Up to two years ago," a woman writes, "I was in the habit of using both tea and coffee regularly.

"I found that my health was beginning to fail, strange nervous attacks would come suddenly upon me, making me tremble so excessively that I could not do my work while they lasted; my sleep left me and I passed long nights in restless discomfort. I was filled with a nervous dread as to the future.

"A friend suggested that possibly tea and coffee were to blame, and I decided to give them up, and in casting about for a hot table beverage, which I felt was an absolute necessity, I was led by good fortune to try Postum Cereal Food Coffee. For more than a year I have used it three times a day and expect, so much good has it done me, to continue its use during the rest of my life.

"Soon after beginning the use of Postum, I found, to my surprise, that, instead of tossing on a sleepless bed through the long dreary night, I dropped into a sound, dreamless sleep the moment my head touched the pillow. Then I suddenly realized that all my nervousness had left me, and my appetite, which had fallen off before, had all at once been restored so that I ate my food with a keen relish.

"All the nervous dread has gone. I walk a mile and a half each way to my work every day and enjoy it. I find an interest in everything that goes on about me that makes life a pleasure. All this I owe to leaving off tea and coffee, and the use of Postum, for I have taken no medicine."Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in packages.

A PERFECT HELL FOR WORKINGMAN

That's What America Is Becoming for Masses, Says German Paper.

Berlin, Nov. 21.—To the German people the political situation after the election in New York is absolutely impossible to understand, and the comments of the press on the corruption and bribery will probably do more than all the efforts of the Government to keep German subjects from emigrating to America.

Similar outrages perpetrated upon the voters of Berlin or any other great German city would have created a revolution here, and charges of cheating in the count of votes have never been made against any party here even during the most bitterly fought contests between Socialists and Conservatives.

That anybody could be so degraded as to sell his vote is also considered most remarkable here, and the consensus of opinion is that the people of America get exactly the government they deserve as long as they have the remedy in their own hands.

The arguments used in the United States against municipal ownership appeared most ridiculous to the German mind because of the success of the principles in many cities here. "Things are called anarchism in the great republic on the other side of the Atlantic," says a Berlin paper commenting on the arguments used by the antagonists of municipal ownership during the campaign in New York, "which the most conservative people here consider perfectly proper, and it would be quite interesting to know what Americans would think of the plan which is being seriously considered by representatives of many German cities of giving suburbanites free transportation to and from their work and business on municipality owned street cars to encourage the building of homes and abolish the tenements.

"Undoubtedly this must be rank anarchy, and the Kaiser, who heartily approves of it, would, in the United States, be denounced as an arch-conspirator against the public welfare.

"In a great many respects we are far better off under our monarchial government than the people of the United States in their much praised republic, which is developing into an earthly paradise for the privileged few and a perfect hell for the working masses. Under existing circumstances the United States is a good place to stay away from."

"The accusation has been made against us that we have not put an end to the abuse of the privates in our army, but it shall never be said about the war department that we have asked our men to eat American embalmed beef," a member of the general staff is reported to have said, when asked if, in view of the existing dearth of meat he did not think it would be better to import American meat for the army.

It has been proved by the military experts of the Tageblatt that in case of a sudden mobilization it would be impossible to provide the army with meat, but the Kaiser is reported to be unalterably opposed to the idea of asking the soldiers to eat American beef, "fresh" or canned.

"It will do them less harm to live a few days on vegetarian diet," he said with a smile.

One royal visit is already over and we are already beginning to get ready for another. After the boyish Alfonso of Spain, who departed delighted with everything and everybody, now comes, in a few days, jolly Carlos, of Portugal, who will also stay a week, and who is sure to be received with open arms, as this, the most charming, good-natured and jovial of kings, deserve.

It is said that his visit is a political one this time, but I do not believe it. Carlos has too much common sense to try to take any part in European politics.

BALFOUR TO BE FREED

Frenzied Financier Who Ruined Thousands Has Served Sentence.

London, Nov. 21. — The approaching release of Jabez Balfour, the first of the group of frenzied financiers in this country, and really the originator of the Whittaker Wright clique, is arousing unusual interest here.

All the world is familiar with the great Liberator Building Society smash, and it was for engineering that colossal swindle that Jabez Balfour received the heavy sentence of fourteen years. The ex-member of Parliament and the one-time king of financiers was sentenced on Nov. 27, 1895, just ten years ago. He has earned the ordinary three months a year remission for general good conduct, making in all 42 months' remission, while in addition he has obtained the eight days a year remission for gaining the "excellent" mark.

"V. 460," the number on the prison books, represents Jabez Balfour, and in the course of a few weeks he will be a free man. The notorious Liberator organizer and smasher has spent the greater part of his incarceration at Parkhurst, the great convict settlement on the Isle of Wight. At the present time he is wearing the distinctive blue suit, which is the official indication of the wearer beng able to look forward to release at any moment. He is also allowed to grow his hair long—another sure evidence.

When first the ex-financier arrived at Parkhurst, he suffered greatly from the jeers of his fellow prisoners, and even the warders, many of whose relatives had been the victims of the Liberator smash were not exactly sympathetic. But he did not complain and bore all with the patience of a stoic, and in course of time earned the reputation of the best-conducted prisoner in Parkhurst. By turns he has been organizer, chief librarian, postman, assistant steward and assistant schoolmaster, while latterly he has been given even greater freedom in being allowed to perform the office of gardener.

On his release he will have earned during his imprisonment $30. This amount will be handed to him on his discharge, along with the ticket of leave for three years and six months, the remainder of his unfinished sentence.

A Japanese fisherman has caught at Honolulu a new and strange fish, which, so far as known, is unique. The fish is called the frog fish, because of the fact that beside fins and gills it has four well-developed legs and feet, the feet being even provided with toenails.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN PLEADS FOR UNION

He Wants the British Race Knit Together Throughout the World.

London, Nov. 21, 3:44 a.m. — Chamberlain tonight addressed a mass meeting at Colston Hall, Bristol, and, though making few references to Balfour's Newcastle speech, he practically ignored the Premier's advice. He urged his hearers against the policy being whittled down by the timid or half-hearted minority of their party.

Liberal Unionists had lost a few hundreds through their policy, but ten thousand had taken their places. They had the promise of support, and had formed new branches.

Apathy had given place to enthusiasm, and they were infinitely stronger now than a year or two ago, because they were pledged to defend the country against the disruption and to promote union of empire.

Amongst some interruptions he explained his proposed two-shilling quarter tax on corn, pointing out it would not raise prices of the loaf, but would increase trade with these colonies. He appealed to workingmen's material interests before imperial instincts.

Let thirteen millions said to be on the verge of starvation answer whether free imports solved the unemployed question. During the last few years foreigners had increased trade with the colonies more rapidly than they had during the last ten years.

They had it in their power to stay that by grasping hands still held out despite insults with which the offer was received by some people of this country. They might do for themselves and descendants double advantage by finding employment for the people at home and developing the resources of the empire. Chamberlain finished his address with a fervid appeal for the union of the British race throughout the world, saying that the time was drawing near when they would have to decide whether to receive or reject proffered hands.

THE SUPERIORITY of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

A French farmer, who kept a number of dogs and cats, constructed ingeniously, in order to protect the latter from the former, a veritable cat's nest, which he placed among the branches of a stunted oak tree.

STOP, WOMAN!

AND CONSIDER THE ALL-IMPORTANT FACT



That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers a great many years.

You can talk freely to a woman when it is revolting to relate your private troubles to a man—besides a man does not understand—simply because he is a man

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probably examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from any form of female weaknessare invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me."



After a Cold Ride,

drink a cup of hot beef tea—made with

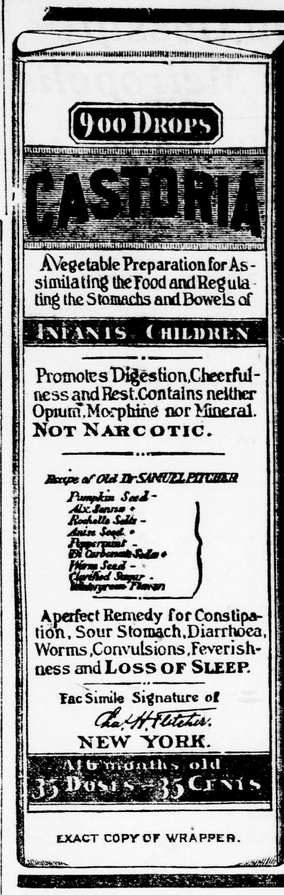
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Latest News and Gossip From British Metropolis

The Problem of the Unemployed---What Shaw Said About Irving---London's New Thoroughfares.

London, Nov. 1. — On Saturday last a sun spot became visible, and the usual amount of uncertain weather accompanied it. Rain has fallen heavily from time to time, although the weather is warm and muggy. On Monday an unusually torrential fall of rain in London resulted in the death of two men who were working in the sewers. They were duly warned by the man stationed at the manhole, and several of the gang escaped, but the water rose with such extraordinary rapidity that, in spite of the most energetic efforts of the officials, two of the employes (both married men with large families to support), were lost, and their bodies have not as yet been recovered. The country districts are greatly in need of rain, the water supply is exceedingly low, and in many parts of the agricultural districts farmers assert that for three years England has not had the necessary amount of rainfall.

The King's Holiday.

King Edward left Romford — where he had paid a brief visit to Col. Lockwood, M. P., yesterday, and motored to Newmarket. Col. Lockwood, Lieutenant-Colonel in the Coldstream Guards, is Conservative member for the Epping division in Essex, and the King was met at the entrance to the famous bit of woodland known as Epping Forest, by Viscount Horncastle, chairman of the forest committee. The day was summerlike, with bursts of sunshine, and the King is said to have thoroughly enjoyed his drive. His majesty was accompanied in his motor car by Lord Lansdowne. On Saturday, accompanied by Sir Schomberg MacDonell, permanent secretary of the office of works, the King made a thorough inspection of the plans and progress made for linking the Mall with the Strand. The present sovereign is reported to be keenly interested in the numerous changes which are being carried out in London, and is greatly delighted at the new thoroughfare, "Kingsway," being so named in compliment to the interest he has taken.

The Queen and the Princess Victoria have gone to Sandringham to make preparation for the large house party which will assemble there to celebrate the King's birthday on the 9th. King Edward is German in his desire to celebrate "birthdays" as fete days, and the writer is told by one of the habitues of the present court that the sum spent yearly on purchasing birthday present for the numberless members of the royal family would astonish those who are not fortunate enough to be recipients of royal pensions.

The Unemployed Problem.

The Prime Minister is at Downing street again, and the first cabinet meeting was held at the foreign office on Tuesday. There are dark days ahead for the Government authorities, and, indeed, for authorities in every department of public life in England. The wail of the unemployed is gradually devloping into a deep and angry note, and one which is as insistent as it is deep. The return of the unemployed in England today is 5.3 per cent for organized labor, and the returns for unskilled labor are not given; were they obtainable, it is said they would make an infinitely worse showing. The Tariff Reformers ask how the "Free Fooders" can dare to stand upon public platforms and point to the increased prosperity of England, with these facts confronting them. The situation is acute. It makes London a distressing place to reside in, for on all sides one sees evidence of dire suffering, without penetrating far into the "slums," as they are called, to find it. Mr. Balfour has promised to receive a deputation of the unemployed, and the King received an address from the popular organized labor leaders, on the same day in which he opened the new thoroughfare.

Farewell to Lord Minto.

Lord Minto was entertained at a large farewell dinner given by his friends in Prince's restaurant last week. The guests were grouped at different tables, each of which bore a name famous in England's eastern possessions. Among those present were the Duke of Bedford, the American Ambassador, Lord Granby, the Indian Secretary, Hon. St. John Brodrick, Mr. W. H. Grenfell, M. P., Mr. Leopold de Rothschild, and many other distinguished men. The Queen received Lady Minto and Ladies Eileen and Ruby Elliot, before her departure for Sandringham, and Lord Minto lunched with his majesty early in the week. The former governor-general of Canada, now Viceroy-designate of India, as he is called, leaves Victoria Station tomorrow morning at 11 with his family en route for the east. The Princess Henry of Battenburg is the guest of Lady Minto's sister, Lady Victoria Dawnay. Lady Victoria was for many years closely connected with the court, her late father, Gen. Grey, being long attached to the household of Queen Victoria. Lady Antrim, the third sister of the Governor-General of Canada, is at present in attendance upon Queen Alexandra. When Lord Grey was raised to the peerage, his sister, Mrs. Dawnay, was granted the rank of an earl's daughter.

Skating in England.

Skating at Prince's Club has already begun. The rink was opened last Saturday, when a brilliant party assembled. There are over a thousand names on the membership roll. The Princess Henry of Pless, a daughter of Mrs. Cornwallis West, is among the noted people who are keen about skating. Lady Helen Vincent, and the Duchess of Bedford, are seen there nearly every day. This year, black velvet is much more worn than anything else; the toque supplies the needed dash of color.

Shaw and Irving.

Much correspondence has been taking place anent Mr. Bernard Shaw's supposed satirical references to the knighthood "sought" by Sir Henry Irving. But in a letter to the Times, replying to a letter from Mr. Stephen Coleridge, challenging the assertion, Mr. Bernard Shaw explains himself as follows: "Mr. Stephen Coleridge has caused a great deal of unnecessary pain by informing the public, on my authority, that Sir Henry Irving importuned the court for a knighthood. I did not make the innuendos attributed to me. I gave a straightforward account of the emphatic public act by which Sir Henry Irving openly and boldly demanded and obtained for his art the same official recognition (his own phrase), accorded to the art of painting by the custom of knighting the president of the Royal Academy. But I have not seen the translation of my article made by the Neue Freie Presse, but it is inconceivable that even the worst translator could mistake Sir Henry's famous lecture at the Royal Institution for such a crawl up the backstairs of a palace as Mr. Coleridge's unfortunate phrase suggests. There never was an act more publicly done by the head of a profession on its behalf, and never one more honorable to the doers". . . Mr. Bernard Shaw goes on to say: "The real Irving was an enigma worth studying just because, having hardly one of the qualifications which are claimed for him, he proved by his extraordinary successes that these qualifications are somehow not the genuine diagnostics of eminence. And unless I greatly mistook the man, he would much rather be known for the very curious, rare, and distinguished person he was, than for the blatantly cheap compound of philanthropic hosier on a monument and generous sailor in a melodrama which most of his obituarists have made of him! The closing sentence is so deliciously "Bernard Shaw" that there is no need for the signature which follows.

Women Workers in Conference.

The Conference of Women Workers of Great Britain and Ireland has just taken place in Birmingham. This union of Women Workers is affiliated with the National Council of Women in Canada. Lady Aberdeen was present and took an animated part in the discussion or emigration, claiming that Canada had no need of women engaged in clerical callings, that the labor market for clerks, typewriters, etc., was already overstocked, and she also advised her hearers to understand clearly that when they went to Canada it was to learn, not to teach, that the missionary spirit might be left in the old land with great advantage. An amusing debate took place in which a Mrs. Sheldon Amos gave the meeting her views on the late speech of the Bishop of London, in which he referred in exceedingly frank terms to increasing reluctance on the part of a certain class of women in England to assuming the responsibilities of maternity. "Are you going to allow cellbate bishops," she asked, "to urge the women of England to bear more children and then ship them off to Canada?" Taking it all in all there were some very candid opinions expressed, according to the reports in the newspapers.

FLATS FOR MILLIONAIRES

Eleven Rooms Will Be Let at Annual Rental of $15,000.

London, Nov. 21.—All the palatial flats of London, and they are many, will be eclipsed by the magnificent mansions which are to rise on the site of Gloucester House, the town residence of the late Duke of Cambridge. "The Millionaire" flats they already are called, and the name is justified by the rents, which are to be $15,000 a year, exclusive of rates and taxes.

The foundations already are in, but it will be eighteen months before the building is completed. The structure will be six stories high, and will be faced with new stone not unlike Carara marble. The position, of course, is an ideal one, the drawing-rooms facing a green park, while the Park Lane will be a side attraction.

The frontage is about 60 feet by a depth of 250 feet. There will be eleven bed and living rooms in each flat, and for the first time in the history of flat life in London the servants will enjoy the luxury of a large servants' hall, and by throwing the drawing-room and adjoining boudoirs into one, a magnificent, roomy ballroom can be obtained.

There will be two elevators, one for the tenants and one for the servants. Each flat will have three bathrooms. The cooking and heating will be done by electricity. A hitherto unknown luxury for flats will be a billiard room.

Scaffolding Collapses.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—An accident, attended with fatal results, took place this afternoon at the new works which are being carried on for the erection of a gas holder in the east end.

A scaffold had been erected, upon which several men were at work. This from some cause as yet wholly unexplained suddenly gave way, and two workmen, David Finn and Robert French, were precipitated to the ground.

Finn was killed instantly and French very seriously injured.

The body of the deceased was removed to his home, while the injured man was taken to the German hospital.

An Englishman in Paris named Crabbe has invented a paper waistcoat which is designed as a protection against chills. The garment weighs only an ounce and a half and can be folded so as to go into an ordinary envelope. It is made in one piece, with holes for the head and arms.

HEALTH FOR WOMEN

Mrs Emma Daigle, of Moncton, N. B., Sends an Open Letter to All Sufferers.

Most women are tired when they wake up. Housework drags along with great difficulty. Nervousness is always present, headaches seldom depart, tears are ever ready to flow.

But there is a cure, a true specific for women's ill that restored a prominent lady in Moncton, Mrs. Daigle, who tells the following experience:

"About a year ago I had a serious sickness, sort of a general breakdown. My digestion failed entirely and I was able to eat but very little. I took violent stomach pains and suffered terribly from headaches. My doctor said it was "nerve exhaustion" and I might never be well. My troubles increased, for as I grew weaker I became subject to neuralgia and rheumatism. Sleep finally forsook me and I almost lost heart. Different medicines didn't help. Doctors couldn't do me any good. I was desperate when I heard of Ferrozone. The first box convinced me it was just what I needed. It toned up my stomach, gave me a splendid appetite, and then my recovery seemed easier. Ferrozone increased my weight several pounds, has restored my nerves, given me a good color and strength such as I never had before. For the weak and sickly I can truthfully recommend Ferrozone." (Signed) Emma Daigle.

REMEMBER: No mere stimulant or alcoholic concoction can take the place of the nerve and blood nourishment contained in Ferrozone. This true tonic always does what is claimed for it. Sold everywhere in 50c boxes, or six for $2 50. By mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

FOR TAKING CARE OF MR. MANNING

The Identity of Senator Depew's Cantankerous Friend at Last Established.

New York, Nov. 21.—The identity of Senator Depew's "cantankerous friend from up the river," was disclosed in the session of the Armstrong committee on the insurance investigation today, by the testimony of John A. Nichols, a lawyer, under retainer by the Equitable Life Association.

Mr. Nichols had written Senator Depew a letter referring to an individual in the above terms, which letter was read at the session of the committee Friday, when Senator Depew was on the stand. The senator said he was unable to recall who was meant, but today while on the stand Mr. Nichols disclosed a series of payments to W. S. Manning, of Albany, a former actuary, who had been connected with the investigation of insurance companies in 1877. Mr. Hughes inquired as to a report that Manning was in possession of information which was suppressed during this investigation.

Mr. Nichols could not recall the suppression of the information, but he detailed the payment of sums of money over a considerable period to Manning as an inducement to give up his business as actuary, in which capacity he believed Manning was a menace to the Equitable.

Mr. Nichols said he was paid a retainer from the Mutual and the New York Life for the same duties, that of "taking care of Mr. Manning," as Mr. Hughes characterized it. The payments by the Equitable for Manning were made to Mr. Nichols on vouchers bearing false names, which Mr. Nichols said was done to protect Manning.

Aside from the testimony of Mr. Nichols, the feature of today's session was the appearance of United States Senator Thomas C. Platt. He told of the contributions of the insurance companies to the campaign fund of the Republican state committee. The Equitable, the Mutual Life, and the New York Life were the only insurance companies that made such contributions, he said.

The Equitable Life, the senator said, contributed regularly $10,000, the Mutual Life the same sum frequently, and the New York Life a sum not as large, and only occasionally.

These sums were always delivered in cash to his office by messenger, and he turned them over to the state committee.

The senator said he supposed he was expected to influence legislation favorably to the insurance companies.

Gage E. Tarbell, second vice-president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, was also a witness again today, continuing his testimony of Friday, explaining the agency system, and the manner of determining the commissions. He detailed a history of the agency of insurance companies, and his own efforts to reduce the cost of getting these. During his testimony Mr. Tarbell described a fight with the New York Life over the taking of each other's agents. Mr. Talbell told how he won over a general agent, and two hundred subagents of the New York Life in this city, the only inducement offered being that the agents could make more on a commission basis than on a salary.

SIGH FOR SKYSCRAPER

Englishmen Now Feeling the Need for the Elongated Building.

London, Nov. 21. — There are signs that an era of skyscrapers will begin before long in London. At present there is a fatal bar to its introduction in the London County Council's building act, which prohibits such structures. No building may be erected in London of greater height than 80 feet, with two extra stories, making roughly a limit of 100 feet.

Advocates of skyscrapers, or steel-frame buildings, hold that this is a restriction which was all very well in days of masonry, but it is absurd in the days of steel.

"Once the skyscraper is introduced in London the movement in favor of lofty steel-frame buildings will go like wildfire," said B. V. Thwaitte, a well-known engineer, who has studied the skyscraper in America and is convinced that it is bound to come to London. Mr. Thwaitte states that there is growing a body of professional opinion in favor of the steel-frame building.

An ingenious suggestion for introducing the skyscraper in the guise of a tower is made by the Builders' Journal, and it had additional interest from the fact that it comes within the scope of the bylaws. Why not build office towers, it asks, and it foreshadows London as a city of towers reaching to about the height of the Campanile or of Westminster Cathedral.

On inquiry at the office of the Builders' Journal it was stated that the idea was to construct towers on the steel-frame principle, which was more economical and gives more space than a masonry building.

"An ideal tower building," it was suggested, "would consist of four lofty square towers, standing apart, but connected by narrow necks, with a central tower which would contain the staircase and the elevators.

"This plan would secure light and air to every part of the building and would thus be superior to the American plan of skyscraper, in which the lower rooms in the interior of a large building have to depend on artificial light."

Argument in favor of such office towers is that they would help to relieve the pressure in space which is growing greater in the center of London every year.

Instead of buildings of seven or eight stories, there could be office towers of sixteen or twenty, and more business people could be accommodated in a given area with as much light and air as now. There is no doubt, it was stated, that the present building act kills enterprise in the building trade. But for its restrictions it is certain skyscrapers would already exist in London.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

The most important needle work in the world has been done by the mariner's compass.

PRINCE LOUIS ON SLUMMING TOUR

British Admiral and Party Take Trip Through New York Chinatown.

New York, Nov. 21.—Admiral Prince Louis Battenburg won admirers in a new field late Saturday night. He had already captured New York and its society. Mrs. Astor had dined him. The horse show had admired him. The city's business men had found him appreciative of their interests.

Now Chinatown thinks him a good fellow. The prince visited it, smoked its cigars like a sailor and drank its beer.

"He acted like an ace," said "Chuck" Connors yesterday, and that's the best card in the pack down Chinatown way, as elsewhere.

Moreover, Prince Louis himself describes Chinatown as "a jolly funny place." It was nearing 2 o'clock in the morning when the prince and his party of slummers started for home after two hours of sightseeing in the district. The prince was accompanied by August Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Flag Lieut. Gerard Sowersby, of the Drake; Lady Susan Townley and a woman friend, under the direction of Detective Sergeant James Downing and Supt. Dougherty, of the Pinkertons.

Wearing a brown tweed suit, tan shoes and golf cup, the prince passed along the streets for more than an hour before the denizens of Chinatown discovered his identity. The women of the party wore rainy-day dresses, and August Belmont appeared in sober black. The slumming tour was decided on while the party was attending the Criterion Theater Saturday night.

The British admiral and his party made the trip down to Chinatown in two carriages, and after walking through Mott street a stop was made to inspect the wonders of a Chinese chop suey kitchen. The prince displayed much interest in the blending of vegetables in the Oriental dishes. It was 12:30 when the Chinese mission, in Doyers street, was visited. Lady Susan was struck with the lateness of the services for derelicts of the district.

Mike Callahan's dance hall and sailors' drinking place was the first free-and-easy resort visited, the entrance to it being made through a dark hallway on Doyers street. "Big Jerry," a famous gun fighter, of the Five Points gang, was on the lookout. When he discovered the identity of the party he instantly admitted them.

"Say, Chinatown is all to the merry, and you are as welcome as the springtime," was "Big Jerry's" greeting.

The prince thanked him and said he was happy to visit Chinatown. The owner of the resort, Dan Callahan, a nephew of the late Mike Callahan, got chairs for the party and took the order. The prince, Mr. Belmont, Mr. Drexel and Lieut. Sowersby called for beer.

"Sling four up and four cigars at ten a throw," shouted the waiter in a wheezy voice.

Mr. Belmont paid for the drinks and cigars, and rewarded the waiter with a twenty-five cent tip. There were about 200 men and women of the regular Chinatown type in the dance hall, and the smoke was stifling.

Lady Susan requested the piano player to play some popular air, and soon "Aggie the Kid," a girl about 21 years old, was announced to sing a song. Mr. Belmont, a cigar in one hand and a large glass of beer in the other, paid close attention to the singer, because it reminded him of the roar of a subway express train passing a local station.

As they were leaving "Big Jerry" asked the prince how he liked the cigar. "Very good, upon my word," the prince replied. The bouncer shook hands with the whole party.

"Nigger Mike" Salter's place at No. 12, Pell street, was the next stop. The royal guest was recognized, and the smiling piano player, Prof. Nicholson, played: "Strike Up the Band, Here Comes a Sailor." The prince laughed and looked pleased, and then "God Save the King" was played.

"Nigger Mike" was introduced to the Prince and there was an exchange of greetings. Mike wanted to set up the drinks for the party, but Mr. Belmont would not allow it.

"Prince, you can do the folks of Chinatown a favor, maybe," said Salter. "Just whisper to your friend, Mr. Belmont, that a subway would be a good thing for the district."

Lady Susan and Mrs. Drexel asked Salter to have the singers perform. Two waiters, called Izy and Bulhead, were introduced as "the best singers in Chinatown," and they sang a song, the chorus of which runs:

Gee, but this is a lonesome town
Nothing to do but hang around
Everything looks dreary,
Everyone looks weary;
No one here with a friendly clutch,
No one to stand for a hurry touch,
The best you get is a frozen frown—
Gee, but this is a lonesome town.

Prince Louis said at the conclusion of the song, that it was well rendered, but it did not apply to his visit to New York. "I have had a delightful time, no dreariness nor weariness, and not one bit lonesome," said the prince.

Beer was again the drink, and this time Prince Louis was host. Mr. Belmont and Mr. Drexel said the beer was good. He gave the waiter a 10-cent tip, saying, "It is yours, my lad." Izzy, the recipient of the 10 cents, declares he will have it framed and hung on the wall of the resort as a souvenir.

In "Nigger Mike's" the party rubbed elbows with members of the Five Points, Paul Kelley and old Monk Eastman gangs.

Jim Pong's Chinese lodging house was next visited, and this proved one of the most interesting events of the evening. Fifty Chinamen were crowded together on a double row of bunks and the odor of opium was in the air. The prince said he had visited cheap Chinese lodging houses at Hong Kong and Shanghai, and that Jim Pong's was the best conducted one he had ever seen.

Annie Levy's opium smoking parlor interested Prince Louis. Her resort is located on the second floor of an old dingy building and has the reputation of being a model of neatness, among Chinese opium smokers. The proprietress has been for many years a drug an opium fiend, and she told part of her life's story to the slummers.

"What are the sensations or feelings derived from smoking opium?" Lady Susan asked.

"It makes me feel good, and I have dreams of riches, Why, once I dreamed I owned Mr. Belmont's subway," was the answer.

She asked Mr. Belmont if he would try a pill. The financier declined with thanks. In turn she asked everyone in the party from the prince to the women, if they would try one whiff at the pipe, but nobody cared to experiment.

At 1:30 a.m. the prince said he had had enough of Chinatown, and with others of the party drove to the Netherland. In the slumming tour the prince smoked two cigars and a pipe, drank four glasses of beer and spent $4 25.

"I had a good time," said Prince Louis, "but it cost me a few hours sleep."

Chinatown characters had these things to say yesterday about Prince Louis:

"Nigger Mike" Salter—The prince is my friend and a democratic chap all the way through. I'd like to have him meet "Big Tim" Sullivan and "Tom Foley."

"Chuck" Connors—I did not see his highness, but they tell me he acted like an ace.

"Scotty" Lavelle—It was worth $2 to see Augy Belmont smoke that piece of dope.

CORNS CAUSE intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it, and see what amount of pain is saved.

A "Dye" Soap!

MAYPOLE is a cake of soap that dyes to any desired color or shade. Famous the world over for brilliant, fast, clean, economical, easy, safe dyeing at home. As superior to the old fashioned "powder" dyes as gold is to brass.

Maypole Soap

Made in England, but sold everywhere 10c. for Colors—15c. for Black.

A WOMAN'S BACK IS THE MAINSPRING OF HER PHYSICAL SYSTEM. The Slightest Backache, if Neglected, is Liable to Cause Years of Terrible Suffering.

No woman can be strong and healthy unless the kidneys are well, and regular in their action. When the kidneys are ill, the whole body is ill, for the poisons which the kidneys ought to have filtered out of the blood are left in the system.

The female constitution is naturally more subject to kidney disease than a man's; and what is more, a women's work is never done—her whole life is one continuous strain.

How many women have you heard say: "My, how my back aches!" Do you know that backache is one of the first signs of kidney trouble? It is, and should be attended to immediately. Other symptoms are frequent thirst, scanty, thick, cloudy or highly colored urine, burning sensation when urinating, frequent urination, puffing under the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, floating specks before the eyes, etc.

These symptoms if not taken in time and cured at once, will cause years of terrible kidney suffering. All these symptoms, and in fact, these diseases may be cured by the use of

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

They act directly on the kidneys, and make them strong and healthy.

Mrs. Mary Galley, Auburn, N.S., writes: "For over four months I was troubled with a lame back and was unable to turn in bed without help. I was induced by a friend to try Doan's Kidney Pills. After using two-thirds of a box my back was as well as ever."

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The little Doctor, in your Vest Pocket

SEE the thin, round-cornered little Enamel Box below! When carried in your vest pocket it means Health-Insurance.

It contains Six Candy Tablets of pleasant taste, almost as pleasant as Chocolate.

Each tablet is a working dose of Cascarets, which acts like Exercise on the Bowels and Liver.

* * *

It will not purge, sicken, nor upset the stomach.

Because it is not a "Bile-driver," like Salts, Sodium, Calomel, Jalap, Senna, nor Aperient Waters.

These waste Digestive Juices of the system needed to-morrow, in merely flushing-out the Bowels today.

* * *

Neither is it like Castor Oil, Glycerine, or other Oily Laxatives that simply lubricate the Intestines for transit of the food stopped up in them at that particular time.

These emergency drugs relieve the immediate trouble, but do not relieve its Cause.

The same trouble will therefore recur again till that Cause is removed permanently.

The chief cause of Constipation and Indigestion is a weakness of the Muscles that contract the Intestines and Bowels.

Cascarets are practically to the Bowel Muscles what Massage and Cold Bath are to the Athletic Muscles.

They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract, expand, and squeeze the Digestive Juices out of food eaten.

Cascarets do this naturally, without purging or discomfort.

They don't help the Bowels and Liver in such a way as to make them lean upon similar assistance for the future.

This is why, with Cascarets, the dose may be lessened each succeeding time instead of increased, as it must be with all succeeding doses of other Cathartic and Laxatives.

* * *

Cascarets act like exercise.

If carried in your Vest Pocket, (or carried in My Lady's Purse,) and eaten just when you suspect you need one, you will never know a sick day from the ordinary Ills of life.

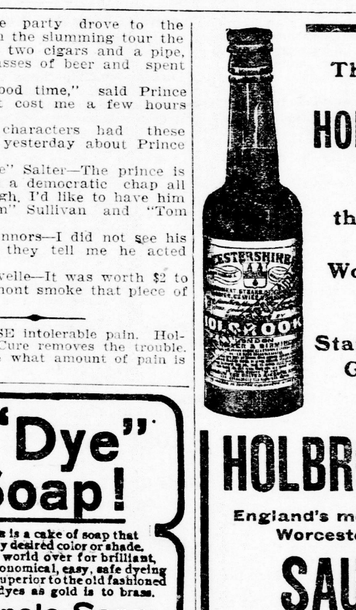
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"Vest Pocket" box 10 cents.

Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

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Showing size of "Vest Pocket" Cascaret Box compared to Watch.



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No. 132.....11:10 a.m.	No. 133..... 2:20 p.m.
No. 134..... 5:10 p.m.	No. 135..... 5:35 p.m.
No. 136..... 9:45 p.m.	No. 137.....10:25 p.m.

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Cynics are men who find fault with the world because they were not consulted when it was designed.

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS.

"Hek," in the Chicago Tribune, has the following "poetry" under the caption "H'A H'Amateur H'Incident:

You may know the rules of sparring; may be clever with the mitts,
Hand tyke hit 'ome to mother that those bloomink counterfeits
Hare has putty to the painter; that they're hon the barren rocks
W'en they squire hof hin the circle hand the hoffice comes to box.
You may jab 'im in the smeller, you may decorite 'is dome
But your 'eels hare hon the mattress w'en the punch goes 'ome.
"Mawrvelous!" they 'oller as you're pepperin' 'is fice.
"'Is movements hare perfection hand 'is mawleys full of grice."
You 'ave got the claret flowin' from the 'ole beneath' is nose
Hand you're 'opin' that the bobbies won't step hin hand hinterpose.
Your 'ead work his a wonder and your foot work his ha pome;
But you're on your wy to dreamland w'en the punch goes 'ome.
You may dawnce habout hand fiddle, you may duck hand get awy.
You may cop 'im hon the nostrils, you may decorite 'is heye;
You may mike 'im look loike sixpence with a 'ole that's 'awf wy through
Hand be hall halong hunmindful hof the things 'e does to you.
But there's music hin the belfry, new stars in 'eaven's dome
W'en the roight swing hits the chewer, hand the punch goes 'ome.
You may peck 'im loike a chicken, you may slap 'im hat your will,
But 'e'll sniff an' tyke 'is gruel w'en you think 'e's 'ad 'is fill.
You may 'ave 'im set for Queer street before you've 'awf commenced
Hand the crowd may shout: "Gol bli' me wot's this we're hup against?"
You may roise habove 'is lunges loike a cork upon the foam,
But you're hon your wy to glory w'en the punch goes 'ome.
You can hit a bit, Hi know it, for the teacher told me so—
Hat wot they calls the manly hart you're not so bally slow—
You hare 'asty hof the hoptics, you hare limber hof the leg:
You can walk haround ha novice loike a cooper 'round a keg;
But you stow your precious clever and your wits begin to roam,
Hand you tyke the bloomin' short hend w'en the punch goes 'ome.

How can mere mortals be expected to come to a decisive conclusion concerning the status of football, when "grave and reverend" heads of colleges debate the question for days to a decided difference of opinion?

Mr. A. Rountree, well-known business man and horseman of Peterboro, Ont., writes me that the Canadian ice racing circuit will be inaugurated at Port Perry the first week in January. Then comes Lindsay, Peterboro, Belleville and grand old Ottawa. The track at Peterboro will be flooded with water the first cold spell, probably next week, so that the horsemen will be able to commence active training before any of the lakes are frozen over. Outside trainers are invited to locate at Peterboro and will be extended royal hospitality. Among the horsemen already there are Messrs. H. Cook, M. Connors, R. J. Munroe, R. H. Jackson, George N. Graham, J. M. Brooks, J. Clancy, Dr. Johnson and other gentlemen of prominence.

Peter Maher doesn't think Editor Hearst has such a howl coming. Peter has been counted out a dozen times. And he never called for a recount, either.

Ah, ha, Texas Rooker, 2:05¼, booked for the free-for-all at Ottawa this winter, and Angus Pointer, 2:04¼, may be there, too. Whew, what a bunch of speed there is in store for this winter. Bet your money on the winner? Easy guessing: The man in the rear of the infield is busy sawing wood.—Buffalo Courier.

A Russian nobleman is in the United States looking after trotters, and the question naturally is, Is Russia just beginning to appreciate the value of speed, or is there some other reason for the Government's activity in seeking fast American horses?

They are now going to make autos to travel two miles a minute. It does not make much difference in the time, but the results are the same. One mile a minute will do a very artistic killing job.

King Clancy says he will not interfere, if the Tigers and Rough Riders can be brought together. The dispatches do not say whether the teams are to meet in football or snowshoeing. It's dollars to bad eggs that the Tigers and Riders will not meet this year.

Opinion as to the merits of the Burnside rules is divided in Montreal, but the safe guess is that it is merely divided as to whether the O. R. F. U. game or crokinole is the more strenuous. The Ontario game will not be adopted in the east this fall.

According to predictions made many moons ago, Duffey's records have been expunged from the journals. He was a wonderful sprinter, and it is a pity that he ends his racing career in this manner.

Jimmy Britt is jamming the atmosphere again, and incidentally remarked that Battling Nelson was the easiest mark he ever tackled. We would like to see Jimmy meet a real good one if Nelson is a mark. It would be worse than a boiler explosion.

Fame has nothing now in store for the Roosevelt clan. The limit has been reached. In the Yale-Harvard freshman game last Saturday Teddy Roosevelt, jun., in a vain attempt to stave off defeat for his team, was carried off the field, and laid tenderly on the green sward. He worked out according to advance notices. Young Roosevelt will now enter the Hobson class of heroes.

The Toronto Telegram thinks the Tigers would prove to be a fine bunch of false alarms were they ever to tackle the Rough Riders. That following the double cross by 'Varsity, must fill the Hamilton bunch full of woe.

COVERPOINT.

COMISKEY SAYS THERE WILL BE AMALGAMATION

Baseball Magnate Says National and American Leagues Will Come Together In Year or Two.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—A serious breach between President Ban Johnson, of the American League, and Charles Comiskey, president of the Chicago Club, in that organization, is threatened at the annual meeting of the American League, which will begin today at the Auditorium Annex.

Last night President Comiskey came out with a statement that the American League can no longer keep peace with the National League while President Johnson is retained at the head of the former organization.

While Comiskey does not promise to bring any direct charges against Johnson at the meeting, he declares openly that the American League is on the verge of dissolution if President Johnson shall remain at its head. Comiskey's direct accusation is that Johnson is conniving with President Hermann, of the Cincinnati National League Club, chairman of the National Baseball Commission, to consolidate the American and the National Leagues.

"There will be an amalgamation of the American and National Leagues within a year or two declared Comiskey. "It may be a twelve-club organization and it may only be an eight-club body. In either event the American League will get all the worst of it. It will practically be the swallowing up of our organization by the National League."

FOOTBALL.

TIGERS DISBAND.

Hamilton, Nov. 21.—The Tigers have decided to disband and will play no more football this year. This action was taken at a meeting of the executive held last night.

RHEUMATISM
readily yields to the healing, soothing powers of
Griffiths' Menthol Liniment.
It penetrates muscles, and membranes, and removes every vestige of pain. 25c. a bottle, at druggists or from
The Griffiths & Macpherson Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

BOTHWELL DOG WINS INTERNATIONAL DERBY

Harper, Owned by John Puddicombe, Takes Chief Event at Big Field Trials.

Ruthven, Nov. 21.—The Derby event at the international field trials was finished today.

First prize was won by Harper, by Prince Rodney, out of Countess Beatrice, owned by John Puddicombe, of Bothwell, Ont., and handled by Charles Allen. Second prize was won by Atlanta, by Prime Minister, out of Louisa Danstone, owned by Dr. Campeau, of Harrow, Ont., and handled by Antoine Pillon. Third prize was won by Lady Gay Rodfield, by Fairland Ben, out of Baby Earl, owned and handled by George Dale, Petrolea, Ont. Fourth prize was won by Landseer, by Count Danstone, out of Tony's Lady, owned by Dr. Campeau, Harrow, Ont., and handled by Antoine Pillon.

Birds seemed hard to find and no bird work was done except by the pointer, Sir Royal Spot, but he has not class enough to suit the judges, who judged the stake on speed, range and style.

The extra heat to decide first and second prize in the members' stake was run this morning before the Derby, but the judges were unable to agree on a decision, which has not yet been given.

The all-aged stake will be started tomorrow morning. The draw resulted as follows: First heat—Duke of Vassar, pointer, by Hal Pointer, out of King Bowswick, owned by R. Bangham, Windsor, against Peke, English setter, by Snowball, out of Belle, owned by Thomas A. Duff, Toronto. Second heat—Trim of Kent, pointer, by Prince, out of Fly Ant, owned by E. M. Graydon, London, against Selkirk Soulas, setter, by Selkirk Whyte, out of Selkirk Tana, owned by W. B. Wells, Chatham. Third heat—Selkirk Fred, setter, by Selkirk Dan, out of Selkirk Tessa, owned by W. B. Wells, Chatham, against Phyllis, setter, by Sam T. II., out of Maud S., owned by James Douglas, Toronto. Fourth heat—Sutton Boy, setter, by Selkirk Dan, out of Molly Gladstone, owned by H. H. Wooton, Montreal, a bye.

Flirtation is attention without intention.

HOW THE PLAYERS ON THE BIG FOOTBALL TEAMS ARE TRAINED

No one who is not brought into contact with the training of players for the various football teams of this country can realize the expense of time and money necessary to secure a first-class team and put it into shape for a hard season, says the Washington Star. For two months, counting back from Thanksgiving Day, the football player is trained every day. As early as possible in the season he must be chocked full of strength and endurance and, above all, know all the scientific points of the game. It is the trainer's task to get him into good physical shape for the season and the coach's to attend to the scientific part.

At the beginning of the season, the trainer, if possible, gets all of the candidates for the team together and each day takes them to training quarters, where they are given a good talk, and he and his four or five assistants attend to their wants. The trainer's word is rule in their training quarters, and each player answers to his call without questioning his authority, as he is responsible for the physical condition of his charges. From the start of training begins a daily routine of work that would prove disastrous to any person not imbued with a grim purpose.

In most of the larger universities the trainers get the men of the squad out of their beds an hour earlier than the other students and give them a stiff practice before their morning meal. After this brisk work they are taken back to their training quarters, where, after a good rubbing down with a rough towel, they dress for their morning meal, which is served at the same time each morning. The morning practice consists chiefly of signal work, drop-kicking and punting.

At the head of the dining, or training table, the head trainer sits. In another room there is another table for the "scrub" team, at the head of which sits one of the trainer's assistants. Each trainer serves to the players as much food as he thinks he ought to have. Three times a day the player's food is thus doled out to him, the portions being determined by the trainer's careful study of the player's needs for his physical development. Thus many a player is kept from eating too much; and, on the other hand, if a trainer sees a player not eating as much as he should, steps are taken to remedy this, by giving him a little more rest, instead of so much hard exercise. In a short time he is capable of putting away as much as is given him.

The breakfast generally consists of fruit with laxative properties; a cereal, with cream; a chop; soft-boiled eggs and a cup of coffee apiece for those men who have been used to drinking it. If any man has the appearance of not having slept well, a mental note is made of it, and after the meal the matter is taken up with him, that sound sleep may be his portion thereafter. The football trainer studies his men while at their meals as a trainer would study a race horse. It would seem that the boys spend a very dreary time at the table, but this is not so, as there is a healthful cheerfulness around the training table which cannot be seen at the tables in many homes.

The boys attend school in the morning and at noon partake of a light lunch, which perhaps consists of a cup of bouillon, cold roast beef, baked potatoes, apple sauce, and sometimes a green vegetable. No puddings or cake are ever given the players. After the noon lunch they return to their studies, and at 4 o'clock in the afternoon report to the gymnasium. After being weighed, stripped and having donned their football togs, they proceed to the field.

During the preliminary season the trainer sees that the players are well padded. As their bodies become used to the rough and tumble of the game, the pads are reduced in number, until, with the coming of the big games, they are almost entirely discarded, which gives them better use of their bodies and permits of faster work. In a brief time, by systematic training and regular life, the bones and muscles of the young athlete become hardened and can withstand more shocks than the strongest man in ordinary life.

On the field the trainer goes to the side lines, and the head coach takes charge of the team. He alone instructs the men in the science of the game—its plays, signals and tricks. So far as this part of the work is concerned the trainer is lost to view, although he tells the coach how much work he wants each player to do. He remains on the side lines and watches the practice, and if to his mind a player is being overworked he either takes him out of the practice or tells the coach to ease up a little. Also, as the men are injured, if it be but a strain or bruise, he takes them to the gymnasium, where the team surgeon will be found to attend to their wants.

Practice usually lasts for an hour and a half. In that time each man is instructed not only in his own team play, but his own specialty, the object of it being to make them work with machine-like regularity. Sometimes the practice is discouraging to the trainer and at other times it is highly pleasing. As soon as the coach is done with the team they go to the gymnasium, strip and are weighed again, that the trainer may ascertain what effect, physically, the practice has produced upon them. For the first week of training, each player as a rule, will lose several pounds of flesh after practice; a fat man will rid himself of six or eight pounds, a man of average weight a pound or less. This loss is usually made up by the next afternoon. For several days following the first week it is the rule for players to put on from eight to ten pounds apiece; then, as the training becomes very severe, they drop back to normal and remain there throughout the season. A chart of weights is kept by the trainer, and by means of it he is generally aided in determining the physical condition of each player and just the kind of training he needs to bring him to the height of physical condition, and to keep him there until his football duty is over. It is as important to keep a player in this state as it is to get him into it. A player who becomes "stale" is as useless on the football field as a novice.

After the return from the field the players who have been bruised get under hot or cold water jets, as the trainer instructs, and later on get under the hot-water shower baths for two minutes, finish off for two minutes more with cold water, dry themselves briskly with rough towels, and then go to the rubbing tables. Here the men are rubbed thoroughly, with all the power possible, by the trainer and his assistants. The massage soon takes the soreness out of their bodies. Every trainer makes a great mystery of the rubbing material he employs, and for no sum of money would he let the ingredients be known.

When the hospital squad has come out from under the hands of the trainer himself, and the wants of the remainder of the men have been attended to by his assistants, each and every one of them are ready for dinner of rich, vegetable soup, thick, juicy beefsteak, mashed potatoes and vegetables, which might be squash, peas, or beans, and, if in the early part of the season, two glasses of milk and water. As a dessert, ice cream is generally furnished, but no pastry food is allowed.

After the evening meal the squad have a short football school, which consists of a lecture by the coach, and blackboard demonstrations of many plays. At possibly 8 o'clock in the evening, the players begin their studying, as they must be up in their college work to play on the team, or the faculty, with little or no warning, will disqualify them. At 9:30 the trainer and his assistants start out to visit each man, and at this time hot-water applications are given to swollen joints, others are rubbed with liniments, much skin surface is painted with iodine, and bruises are variously treated for the night. At 10 o'clock all of the men go to bed, with the exception of the trainer, who for five minutes or more goes around to each player's room to see if it is properly ventilated and to listen for any signs of restlessness in his sleep. After nine hours of sound sleep each player is given a glass of water to drink and then the day's work begins. This keeps up until about Thanksgiving Day or the early part of December.

BASKETBALL SEASON OPENED AT ARMORIES

First Games Played Last Night—"C" and "H" Companies Win From "D" and "E."

The first games in the basketball league in connection with the Seventh Regiment Athletic Association were played last night before a large audience. The games were exceptionally good, and several of the players showed good style. C Company defeated D Company in the first game by a score of 37 to 11, and H Company defeated E Company in the second game by a score of 28 to 6. The teams lined up as follows:

C—Henley, Pearson, Weekes, Scandrett and Hunt.

D—Holman, Corrin, Carson, Anderson and Fortner.

E—McLeod, Freeland, Dobson, Bennett and Gaudier.

H—Carling, Ingram, Whitton, Trebilcock and Green.

W. R. Marshall refereed and Percy Canfield umpired to the entire satisfaction of everyone.

The indoor baseball games were also good. A Company beat the band in a close game. The winners got a running start and the band could hardly catch them. It was a good game.

In the second game F Company won from B Company in rather handy fashion.

The scores:

A Company	7 0 9 0 1 2 *—19
Band	2 4 0 2 5 0 2—15

Walker and Jacobs; Orr and Callahand.

F Company	7 1 2 1 3 0 3 2 5—24
B Company	0 1 0 0 1 0 1 6 0— 9

Smith and Jackson; Becher and Skelton.

Umpires—Sergt. Cooke and Quartermaster-Sergt. Dunlevy.

As mildew develops more rapidly under certain climatic conditions, so with cancer in the human body. There are certain conditions that favor its development, and when these conditions cease to exist the cancer gradually disappears. Send six cents (stamps) to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., if you are troubled with CANCER.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, $3. Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory. J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond St. 'Phone 997.

STUDENTS AND POLICE CLASH AFTER A GAME

Former Gave the Bluecoats a Merry Time—Woman and Four Boys Hurt.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 20.—After they had been signally beaten in a hard-fought game with the Central High School in the first intercity championship football game ever played in this city, the Washington Central High School, defeated but still loyal, determined to celebrate whether or no, and began by burning quantities of red fire and pyrotechnics.

Their cries of defiance, however, angered a number of rooters, and a fight started at the end of the game between the police and both student bodies, which was a sort of a triangular setto.

Later it developed into a fight between the students of both sides on the one side, and the police on the other. An euthusiastic rooter attempted to go on the field when a patrolman ordered him off. The rooter was turning to go when the policeman struck him in the face with the flat of his hand. Then a student intervened and was reinforced by his excited classmates, who arose in a body and started to protect their injured comrade. In the scuffle a policeman struck a 14-year-old student with his club, inflicting a nasty cut in his scalp and almost rendering the boy unconscious.

Then followed the wildest jeers and the enraged pupils were ready to mob the policemen who were in charge where the outbreak occurred. Other patrolmen from all parts of the grandstands came to the assistance, and stopped what looked for a moment as if it would result in a panic among the ten thousand students. All the girls and women were screaming and nearly in a panic during the scramble which for a time threatened to attain the proportions of a riot.

Finally one cool youth got together a squad and gave a mighty yell. This quelled the disturbance enough to allow the police to disperse the thickest of the mob.

Afterward the students broke loose again, and, despite the efforts of the police, secured possession of the field and paraded around it for ten minutes burning red fire which they had brought with them to set off if their team came out victorious.

One young woman and four boys were hurt in the crush, but not seriously.

It would be lots of fun to some people to have everybody else miserable.

NELSON CARRIES HIS HONORS BECOMINGLY

Expresses Freely His Views on Fighting and Tells How He Started in Game.

Pittsburg, Nov. 20.—Battling Nelson, the conqueror of Jimmy Britt, and lightweight champion of the world, is paying his first visit to Pittsburg as a special attraction at the Academy, where he will show this week. The little Dane is one of the most amiable and pleasant characters who ever came into public prominence through ability to land dream-producing jolts and jabs. Nelson chatted at length, and entertainingly about his career and his intentions.

"Well, I don't ever go very far wrong, even when I am not preparing for a match," said the Battler, "but since I have won the title upon which I had set my heart I have been more careful than ever. Why, I jumped on the scales yesterday and the beam only raised to 132! Aside from a severe cold I am feeling tiptop, and while my theatrical engagement will keep me going for some time to come I will soon be found waiting at the old stand, and Battling is not going to sidestep any likely looking lad, provided he make the weight, 133 ringside."

Speaking about his start at the fighting game, Nelson stated that he believed it was his surname that got him started in that direction. When a lad at school he was ever adverse to taking a bluff, and his tendency to mix it up with older and heavier boys gained for him some notoriety. His teacher proposed that he change his name, but the Dane insisted that Battling was good enough for his people to give him, and it was also good enough to lug around.

There are prospects of an early meeting with Terry McGovern in the east. Nelson's manager will arrive here Tuesday morning. Battling is quite willing to take on Gardner, and expressed the belief that Gardner could make the weight. Nelson is as yet undecided as to whether or not he will take the proposed trip to England. He is dickering for a ten-week engagement instead of six, and if his proposition is received favorably he will cross the pond.

The lightweight champion carries himself most becomingly and one is impressed with his modest manner. He has confidence in his ability, but is not inclined to bore his hearers by telling how good he is. "And I want to say right now that when I am done with the fighting game, beaten or unbeaten, I will not be compelled to make the rounds with the hat. I am going to keep straight and when I am ready to call quits me for Hegewisch."

THE TURF.

YESTERDAY'S WINNERS.

At Bennings—Freebooter 3 to 1, Edict 9 to 5, Delphia 3 to 1, Listless 15 to 1, Thistle Dale 4 to 5, Eva Greene 6 to 1.

At Nashville—Suds 30 to 1, Braden 5 to 2, Estrada Palma 16 to 5, Jim Crow 8 to 1, Fallen Leaf 5 to 1, Savior Faire even.

SURPRISES AT BENNINGS.

Bennings, Nov. 21.—The attendance at the Washington Jockey Club meeting today was unusually large. Three favorites, a second choice, and two outsiders, were the winners. The surprises were W. C. Daly's Listless, in the fourth, and Evie Greene, of the Shield's stable, in the last race. Chandler, an apprentice, made a wonderful ride on Evie Greene.

HOCKEY.

BORDER ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED.

Amherstburg, Nov. 21.—Representatives of hockey clubs from Detroit, Tilbury, Essex and Amherstburg met here last night and organized an association to be known as the Border Hockey Association. Officers were elected as follows: W. S. Falls, Amherstburg, president; F. S. McBeth Detroit, vice-president; E. R. Dromgole, Tilbury, secretary. It was decided to play one game each week during January and February.

ENTHUSIASTIC AT INGERSOLL.

Ingersoll, Nov. 21.—Old-time hockey enthusiasm is now being evidenced here, and a meeting will be held for the purpose of organizing an intermediate team for O. H. A. competition. The majority of the players of the past two or three seasons are in town, while there are a number of juniors who would undoubtedly make good in faster company.

BARTERS CHILD FOR DOG

Startling Charge Made Against Wife In a Divorce Case.

Denver, Nov. 22.—"You may take the child and I will take the dog," was the statement made by the mother of pretty 6-year-old Marvel Smith, according to the allegations of Tallas V. Smith in a divorce proceeding against Effie A. Smith.

Amended complaints, answers, cross-complaints and replications, containing positive denials and sensational accusations, were filed in the Effie A. and Tallas V. Smith divorce case in Judge Mullins' court and the case was cnotinued for trial. All the Smiths on both sides were present, and the fight is a bitter one.

The story of the division of the property, in which the mother is said to have accepted a dog as her portion in the way of an off-set to their 6-year-old baby girl, will also be explained upon the final trial.

They only agree on two points, and these are that they were married at Edgewater, Col., in 1898, and that they have one child, Marvel, aged 6 years.

Mrs. Smith filed the original complaint, charging her husband with non-support and with spiriting away their child. Upon first showing Judge Millins ordered the defendant to bring Marvel into court, but upon final hearing left her in the custody of the father.

Mr. Smith says in his cross-complaint that his wife deserted a good home at Pagosa Springs and left him and the child.

Mrs. Smith says she only left her husband temporarily, because the altitude was too high at Pagosa Springs, and she had to go elsewhere for her health.

Mr. Smith declares that when they separated at Pagosa Springs she intended it as a desertion, and that when they came to divide up the property a question arose as to who should have the child and Mrs. Smith said:

"Well, I will take the dog," and appeared at that time to be perfectly contented with the division.

Must Withdraw Act.

Montreal, Nov. 21.—Miss Olga Nethersole has been forced to withdraw the second act of "The Labyrinth" from the Queen Alexander poor fund performance on Wednesday. Montreal patronesses threatening to withdraw unless this was done.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
IF YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica
or pain of any kind get a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief; follow the directions you find with the bottle and you will secure instant relief from pain—a record of more than
FIFTY YEARS
as a sure cure for Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Quincy Sore Throat, Colds, Lumbago, Grip and Pneumonia.
A POSITIVE CURE
W. C. Baker, of 980 Julia st., New Orleans, La., writes: "I have been a sufferer from chronic rheumatism for more than six months. I could not raise my hands to my head or even take off my shirt. Before I had finished three-fourths of a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief I could use my arms as well as ever."
RADWAY & CO.
Radway Square, New York
Jacques Cartier Square, Montreal



DIVORCE LAW OF ANGLICAN CHURCH

Doane Approves Stand Taken by Church of England in Canada.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Bishop William Croswell Doane, in his annual address today before the convention of the Diocese of Albany, of which he is the head, dealt with subjects of immediate interest to the diocese, and also especially with those of divorce and the ethical preaching called for by the times.

The bishop's remarks on divorce had special reference to the adoption by the general synod of the Canadian Church of the following canon: "No clergyman within the jurisdiction of the Church of England in Canada shall solemnize a marriage between persons either of whom shall have been divorced from one who is living at the time."

"I could have wished," said the bishop, "that we, upon whom the presence of the danger and the pressure of the duty are so much more strong than upon the Canadian Church, could have led in this movement; but I have great heart of hope that we shall follow at our next convention. The 'proximus ucalegon ardet' weighed a good deal with them, because the constant immigration into Canada from our western states, cankered with this divorce disease, makes real to them the danger of the contagion. Surely it becomes us, in the face of our sorer need, to apply this one sure remedy, which shall at least rid the church of all responsibility and lift the standard of reform to influence public opinion and the legislation of other religious bodies. It is high time for us to make impossible the prostitution of our marriage service by using it under circumstances that falsify and contradict its essential language."

Bishop Doane remarked especially upon the recent dictum of Supreme Court Justice W. J. Gaynor, that a civil decree of divorce has no effect upon the ecclesiastical bond of matrimony as held by the church, whose obligations bind the parties.

Said the bishop: "It is a strong, clear and timely statement, from which it seems to me that it is only right for the church to take the ground first that only the state which dissolves the marriage can rightly or safely deal with the question of remarriage; and, secondly, that if the religious bond, as Justice Gaynor says, is not severed by the state, the church certainly cannot tie that bond again where it has not been dissolved."

TREPOFF OUT-TONGUES WAG

Intimate and Striking Pen Picture of Deposed Russ Tyrant.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 21.—Now that General Trepoff has been deposed as the tyrant of St. Petersburg, his few friends and many enemies are glib in their semi-obituary "appreciations" of him.

"Winks," as he is secretly called because of a nervous twitch of one eyelid, was once laughed at.

"He owes his advancement to the fact that he is the illegitimate son of some high personage," scoffed his enemies.

He did not reply.

Then tales were told of his pride. A decrepit old man had presumed to cross the street in front of his carriage, causing the driver to slacken speed for a moment.

"An insult to me," said Gen. Trepoff. "Arrest the man!"

Instantly hands were laid on the presumptuous citizen who had not scuttled out of the way with due respect. The scene closed at the police station, when the old man who had been vigorously abused by the general proved himself to be a prince, an ex-governor-general of an important province, a state councilor, aide-de-camp to the Emperor, etc.

General Trepoff apologized.

Russia laughed.

Then the laughter ceased. Scorn turned to hate. They tried to kill him. Three attempts were made in a single week. A woman placed the muzzle of a pistol again his breast and pulled the trigger.

The pistol missed fire.

A man armed with a dagger forced his way towards him, swearing that he would stab the man who had now earned the name of "Iron Heart."

He failed.

Two days later a young man sprang upon the step of his carriage and lunged at him with a knife.

The blow was ill-aimed. The knife wounded a policeman. Trepoff was unharmed.

Three attempts upon his life in one week would be enough to shake the nerves of most men, but General Trepoff had been accustomed to would-be assassins.

Perhaps, like some of his enemies, he was beginning to believe that he was impervious alike to steel, powder and dynamite.

Certainly it seemed that bullets could not ouch him. One man fired three revolver shots at short range. One passed through the general's overcoat—but they all missed. Bullets always had missed this man.

Tall, muscular, deep-chested; a face in which the most prominent features are the cold-slate-colored eyes, he is a man who gives one the impression of enormous force, both physical and mental. Dominated by a love of power, enjoying the signs of the fear he arouses, he seems one in whom all the warmer traits have been frozen.

When only a lieutenant he sabred his orderly for some trifling breach of etiquette. He has boasted, it is said, of having shot five men with a revolver.

At Moscow he warned the crowds, as he has just warned them at St. Petersburg. Then they did not believe him. True to his threat, his soldiers fired. How many citizens were slain will never be known, but streets and squares were piled battlefields until order reigned again.

General Trepoff was not loved the more, but he was respected.

Such is the men of whom the Czar once said, "He is one of the few men I can rely on."

CORNS ON THE EAR

Cause and Exodus of Hello Girl From Pittsburg Exchange.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 21.—Pittsburg telephone girls are seeking other avenues of employment and the company officials are at their wits' end to stay the exodus. All this because the girls declare they are marked for life by the constant use of the receiver.

Of late the girls have discovered hard, yellow corns growing on the tragus, the front portion of the external ear. They are very unsightly and have become so common that telephone girls are promptly identified, no matter how gorgeously they are dressed.

Several girls have had the corns removed with the knife, but this leaves a scar and the corns soon grow again, more luxuriantly than before. Not only are the girls leaving the telephone companies because of these corns, but green girls refuse to apply for positions when they see the ears of the girls. The officials are endeavoring to devise a receiver that will not produce corns.

The girls also complain that the constant use of the receiver at the left ear makes that organ exceptionately acute of hearing to the detriment of the right side, which often proves annoying when they are in society.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
Price discontinued. The use of our name on imitations. Sold only in blue package. The public may refer to our dealers.

BELTING
Buy Ours—the Best
It Costs no more.
Montreal THE JOHN McLAREN BELTING CO. OAK EXTRA TANNED ESTB 1856 Toronto
Sold by A. Westman, 121 Dundas St.

BARLER OIL HEATER
No odor, no smoke.
Brass burners and tanks.
Oil supply shown by indicators.
Costs only one cent per hour for heating.
Westman's Hardware,
121 Dundas Street,
Market Square.

"Places for 96 Teachers"
(ONE CENT PER WORD.)



were advertised in "The Globe" in one issue. Men and women who are competent to teach—and School Boards that wants competent teachers—are daily brought together through the classified columns of
"The Globe" Toronto.

HAS AROUSED AN OUTSIDE INTEREST

M. H. O. Receives Letters About the Case of Mrs. O'Donnell.

The wide publicity given to the arrest of Mrs. O'Donnell, the East End lady who left the contagious ward of Victoria Hospital without the permission of the health authorities, has resulted in very many persons writing letters of inquiry to Medical Health Officer Hutchinson.

From as far away as Marshall, Ont., medical health officers asked for information and copies of the ruling of the judge when Mrs. O'Donnell's case comes into the police court, so that he may know what to do in a similar case, as he expects that it will not be long until he, too, will be compelled to assert his authority in such matters. As the fine which was imposed upon Mrs. Riddle for a similar misdemeanor was not collected, the question around the city hall is, what is the city going to do about it?

Dr. English, chairman of the board of health, and Dr. Hutchinson have produced a bundle of authorities to show that in demanding two negative cultures of the throat before allowing a diphtheria patient to leave the hospital, they are merely following out the practice in other hospitals.

Dr. Goodall, of the Eastern Hospital, London, England, is shown to have carried out this rule for some years, and he declares in the most emphatic language that it is the only safe rule to follow if the health of the public is to be protected. Dr. McCollom, an expert in such diseases, and recognized as an authority all over America, declares that it is very rare that the diphtheria germ is found in the throats of healthy people, and he follows the rule of demanding two cultures, both negative, before allowing a diphtheria patient to leave the hospital.

IN WOMEN'S INTERESTS

Mrs. Boomer Asks Information From Local Health Officer.

Mrs. Boomer, who has been elected to a position on the health board of the Council of Women, has written Dr. Hutchinson, asking for information as to trades in which employes, especially women, are compelled to work long hours and which occupation is likely to injure their health.

The doctor calls attention particularly to one trade—a very large one in this city—in which women are extensively employed and which affords good wages. He declares that these women work about eight and a half hours a day, and that the business is very injurious to the health.

He also points out that it is the duty of the factory inspector to see that all shops are sanitary, so that the health of the employes may not be affected.

INVITED TO WINNIPEG

Rev. R. B. McElheran May Become Rector of Church There.

A Winnipeg dispatch says that Rev. Robert B. McElheran, at present at Wycliffe College, Toronto, is to be offered the rectorship of St. Matthew's Church, Winnipeg.

Mr. McElheran was engaged as a student in Winnipeg some years since, and he helped to found a mission which grew rapidly and is now known as St. Matthew's congregation—one of the most flourishing in the western city. That he should now be called to the rectorship is an evidence that the hard work done in organizing the congregation is fully appreciated.

Mr. McElheran is a son of Mr. R. M. McElheran, secretary of the board of education, and was at one time assistant to the rector of the Memorial Church.

DAMAGE AT THE PARK

Pedestrians Walking on the Grass—Park Commissioner Complains.

Pedestrians, and ladies especially, are fast spoiling the appearance of Victoria Park by making paths along the sides of the walks.

When spoken to by the police and park superintendent they say they thought there was no harm in walking on the grass in winter time. A glance at the ground under would dispel such excuses. Some may be ignorant, but the majority surely know better. More real damage is done now than in the summer time. The place is already becoming unsightly, and steps will be taken to put a stop to this thoughtlessness and indifference. Citizens surely know that the park is not a thoroughfare in any sense. It is for pleasure only.

Park Commissioner Pearce says people are not obliged to go through the park, and if they cannot comply with the bylaws, why there are good walks on all sides.

WAS WITHOUT A FRIEND

Death in Victoria Hospital of Francis Myers, Aged 84.

Francis Myers, friendless, homeless, and 84 years of age, died yesterday afternoon in Victoria Hospital.

Myers came to the city several weeks ago, and applied to Relief Officer McCallum for assistance. He was very feeble. On being questioned about his past he was unable to give Mr. McCallum any information whatever, save that he had been working for different farmers through the country. The old man could not even tell where he had been living before he came to the city.

Owing to his condition it was decided to place him in the hospital, where he remained since. Myers was conscious up to the time of his death, but was not able at any time to give the hospital authorities any information, save his name and age.

The body has been turned over to the local inspector of anatomy to await a claimant.

THE DOMINION AND THE EMPIRE

Limitations on Legislation Discussed Last Evening by Historical Society.

The subject of Canadian autonomy was ably discussed before the Historical Society in the library building last evening by Mr. Alex. Stuart.

During recent months much partisan discussion had taken place in regard to what limitations should be placed upon the legislative rights of the provinces. It mattered not greatly to the speaker if in the legislation of his province, his provincial representative encroached upon what had been assigned arbitrarily to his federal representative. What limitations provincial legislation should have and what limitations were placed upon the legislative right of the Dominion as a colony were cognate subjects.

Principles of Government.

An independent nation can have such rights and powers in regard to other nations as she is physically able to assert, modified by the principles of right and justice, or in other words international law. Within her own domain the people enjoy such rights and privileges as they agree among themselves individually to have. Locke's theory of the origin of government was that all men being born free retained that state until among themselves for their own welfare they agreed to join together and have a system of concerted action, regulating their own actions.

Mr. Stuart went on to speak of the supremacy of the people over sovereign power, when the latter asserted itself in depriving the people of any rights. Historical instances of this were cited, such as the rebellion against John. The people of a nation limited their rights only by the dictates of their own will. A conquered country could not do this. The people of Canada, a dependence acquired by conquest, had no rights derived from the same source from which the rights of the people of an independent nation spring. A British emigrant would actually lose his political rights if he went to a conquered dependency.

Steps Toward Self-Government.

Until 1663, the French governor in Canada was almost absolute in his governing. In 1663 the French Government came into more direct power over Canada but the people had nothing to say whatever in legislation. At the cession of Canada to Great Britain, the later was bound to allow free religious exercise, but no agreement was made regarding government. Canadian inhabitants became British subjects, but not a part of the British nation. The liberties they got and which they still have were granted to them, not reserved by them.

In 1763 the first step in grants towards self-government was to allow the Government of Quebec privileges in making certain laws, but these were submitted to the English king every three months. This concession to the people was by the grace of the king's prerogative. In 1776 the new system had no representative principle. In 1791 the power granted by the Imperial Government to the governor-general to reserve for the pleasure of his majesty in council, that is, to the British Government, any bill passed by the Canadian assembly was a withholding from the Canadian people of the powers of self-government. The assembly had no executive functions. They had certain powers of law-making, and then limitations were set on these powers.

Political Liberties Withheld.

The history of responsible government was well known. Mr. Stuart did not intend speaking of what political concessions had been made, but what political privileges, as are not given expressly, are not possessed by his majesty's colonial subjects, and to point to some political liberties that are still withheld. From the constitutional government, it will be seen, Canadians enjoy only such political privileges as have been granted to them.

The power of the Imperial Government was absolute. Grants of legislative powers to colonies do not imply that the Imperial Government is divested of the power to make laws affecting the colonies. They have the legal right to withdraw the power of legislation from Canada. Though there be discussion as to what has been done, there can be no doubt what might be done by the Imperial Parliament.

Mr. Stuart cited several authorities, that conclusively proved Canada's subordination to the Imperial Parliament. Imperial legislation extended to the colonies, and limited the power previously granted to them when it was made applicable to a colony by express words or necessary intendment. On the other hand, any colonial laws which were repugnant to an imperial act extending to the colonies were to the extent of the repugnancy, utterly void.

Canadians Subordinate.

This amply proved the subordination of the will and liberties of the Canadian citizen to that of an Englishman who was enfranchised.

Mr. Stuart told that the power of paramount legislation was seldom exercised, due to the fact that the interests do not come into practical conflict, and that the great wisdom and consideration of the British statesmen prevented it. But the few instances that have occurred serve to show that the power is not theoretical only. The case of the Canadian copyright act of 1872 was the most familiar example, and one that caused much irritation on the part of those interested.

"Recent humiliation in regard to the Alaskan boundary," said Mr. Stuart, "has led us to reflect upon another limitation of our powers of self-government, our want of power to negotiate treaties, affecting exclusively our own interests."

Some contended that to enjoy that power consistently with the present relations of dependence, would disrupt the Empire, but similar expressions had been said of the reform bill and the abolition of the corn laws. The grant of treaty-making power would raise Canada to the status of a nation and would strength the right arm of the Empire. An abject want of self-confidence was implied if Canada consented to the depriving of that power, because of the fear of misusing it.

National Pride and Dependence.

For a British statesman to doubt Canadian's wisdom would be consistent with his paternal attitude, but for a Canadian to disparage his own discretion would be a confession of unfitness for self-government.

The speaker thought the statement well founded that Canadians were deficient in national sentiment. The highest degree of national pride could not exist along with legislative dependence; that is the political dependence which Canadians owe to the ordinary Englishman, Scotchman and Irishman, the elector who makes and unmakes British Governments whose paramount legislative powers Canadians now acknowledge.

"Until the limitations upon our law-making powers are removed, and our capacity to treat with out neighbors are acknowledged, we will not have that place in the Empire, and in the world to which our descent, our national character, our attainments, and our great country entitles us.

NO CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT

Inspector Found Everything at Protestant Orphanage Satisfactory.

Dr. R. W. Bruce-Smith, provincial inspector of charities, recently paid a visit to the Protestant Orphans' Home, and in his report, just received by the authorities of the institution, he says:

"I found 27 males and 16 females, a total of 43 inmates in the residence. I made a careful inspection of the buildings and premises, and found the beds, beddings, wards, halls, dormitories, closets, drainage, ventilation and water supply, all very satisfactory.

"About $1,200 had been spent in repairs and necessary alterations at this home during the past year.

"I found every department kept neat, clean and apparently well looked after by those in charge. The dietary is suitable, and the quality of the food supplied is good.

"My inspection impressed me most favorably in regard to the manner in which this home is conducted, and the excellent work it is doing in caring for the inmates.

"I examined the books and found the records were properly kept and the entries up to date."

LATEST HOCKEY MOVE

Waterloos and Lornes May Enter the Princess League.

The Princess Hockey League will contain some new blood this year.

As the Junior City League has gone out of business owing to the Jubilee Rink being used exclusively for roller skating, the Waterloos and Lornes have been looking around for a new organization, and it is understood that if satisfactory arrangements can be made, they will enter the Princess Leagues, whose games are to be played at the Queen's Avenue Rink.

The Bankers are also expected to enter a team in the league. The Waterloos and Lornes are among the speediest of the London junior hockeyists, and furnished some of the best games witnessed last winter.

The Waterloos meet tonight to elect officers and take action regarding the proposed league.

ST. ANDREW'S BROTHERHOOD

A Western Ontario Conference To Be Held in This City.

As a result of a meeting held last evening in Cronyn Hall, a Western Ontario conference will be held in this city on Sunday, Dec. 31, and Monday, Jan. 1, 1906. Five of the city chapters were represented, the clergy present being Rev. Canon Dann, Rev. Principal Waller and Rev. G. B. Sage. The meeting was presided over by Mr. T. H. Luscombe, who is Dominion council member for this district. F. W. Thomas, the traveling secretary for Canada, was on hand, and explained at some length the plan of the conference, which, he said, had been under consideration for some months by the executive committee in Toronto. He further stated that there would not be a Dominion convention held in 1906, but that a series of conferences would be held in different parts of the Dominion. Of these London will be the first, after which the traveling secretary starts for the far west, going through to the Pacific coast, and planning a conference at Winnipeg on his return in April. Montreal will likely be chosen as the place of the Eastern Canada conference, and then the Maritime Provinces will be visited, and a conference held either at Halifax or St. John. At the London conference members are expected from the cities of Toronto, Hamilton and St. Catharines, as well as from the whole diocese of Huron. The traveling secretary leaves on Saturday for St. Thomas, and while in London is the guest of Mr. T. H. Luscombe, William street.

MOTHERS' CLUB FORMED

Will Work In Conjunction With the Froebel Society.

Under the auspices of the Froebel Society, Dr. Shaw, yesterday afternoon, addressed an open meeting of mothers from all parts of the city. "Dietary of Children" was the subject under discussion, and the excellent advice given was much appreciated by those present. Beginning with the proportionate food values in milk, the natural food of the child for the first six months, the proper introduction and gradual increase of fats and starches was noticed, and a list of foods given suitable for a child from 2 up to 5 years of age. Dr. Shaw explained why we should keep the cold on the outside, and when supplying drink let it be warm water or milk, rather than either hot or cold; also the benefit from cultivating a taste for olive oil by adding a few drops to the food each day.

Miss Brenton, in moving a vote of thanks, reminded us that Froebel emphasized the physical, as well as the mental and moral in child training, and for the sake of humanity and the children this should not be neglected.

Before adjourning a mother's club was formed, to meet with the kindergartners every third Tuesday in the month, that all might better know the child, his needs, and how to satisfy them. The following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. Irwin.
First Vice-President—Mrs. Young.
Second Vice-President—Mrs. White.
Secretary-Treasurer—Mrs. Tanner.

The first meeting of the club will be held on the third Tuesday of December, the subject will be the "Christmas Thought."

THEY DRIVE PIMPLES AWAY.—A face covered with pimples is unsightly. It tells of internal irregularities, which should long since have been corrected. The liver and the kidneys are not performing their functions in the healthy way they should, and these pimples are to let you know that the blood protests. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will drive them all away, and will leave the skin clear and clean. Try them, and there will be another witness to their excellence.

MRS. LABURTIS FINED

Colored Woman Assessed $25 and Costs by Magistrate Love.

Police Magistrate Love's decision in regard to Mrs. Laburtis, the alleged voodoo doctor, has been given out. He found that the defendant had practiced medicine in supplying Miss Hattie Lewis for her father.

In either case there was not a simple direct sale of medicine. The medicine had not been inquired for or selected by the parties. It was chosen by Mrs. Laburtis. The magistrate arrived at his conclusion from the corroborative evidence of Mr. McCullagh.

So far as Mrs. Wallace's case was concerned, the court thought that medicine had not been practiced.

"I find the defendant guilty in the matter of the Lewis charge, and impose a fine of $25 and costs.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—The members of No. 1 Company, R. C. R., to the number of over a hundred, had a march out this morning.

—Miss Margaret Schram left today unexpectedly for St. Catharines, owing to the serious illness of her cousin, Miss Florence Schram.

—Mr. George Gould, of New York, who has been visiting his father, Contractor Wm. Gould, of this city, for some weeks, has returned home. Mr. Gould is doing well in the American metropolis.

—The condition of William Johnston, who fell down the basement stairs at the City Hotel on Monday, is slightly improved this afternoon. Johnston has a chance for recovery. The condition of Joseph Ryckman also shows decided improvement.

CLARK FURTHER REMANDED.

Edgar F. Clark, the G. T. R. brakeman charged with seducing a young woman of Strathroy, was remanded by Squire McEvoy this morning until the 30th of November.

THE EDUCATED SWINE.

Farmer Jones, with his educated pigs, entertained another packed house last night at Bennett's Vaudeville. This act is without a doubt one of the cleverest ever presented in vaudeville.

CHICKEN FIGURED IN CASE.

A juvenile case, in which a chicken figured prominently, was the only one before the magistrate this morning. It was a case of alleged stealing, and the hen was handed over to its rightful owner.

SMALL FIRE.

A burning pile of rubbish set fire to a small shed in the rear of Woods' Fair today, but the blaze was easily extinguished by the fire chief, with the aid of a fireman. The damage is nil.

A SLUMP IN HAY.

There was a slump in the price of hay on the market this morning. Nearly fifty loads were offered before noon, and as some of it was not of very good quality the price dropped, and $7 50 was the prevailing figure, with $8 for a few loads. Last week $8 50 and $9 was paid.

REV. J. W. PEDLEY TO SPEAK.

Rev. J. W. Pedley is to address a union meeting of Congregationalists this evening at the Southern Congregational Church. Mr. Pedley will speak on the jubilee movement, the enterprise of which he has been field secretary the past two months. The First Congregation people will suspend prayer meeting and attend the meeting at the Southern.

A FENCE DISPUTE.

The board of fence viewers, composed of Dr. A. O. Jeffery, chairman of the Court of Revision; City Engineer Graydon, and Relief Inspector McCallum, held a session yesterday afternoon to settle the dispute over a fence of two neighbors in the north end. The hearing was not concluded and will be resumed again today.

DEATH OF AGED CITIZEN.

Jeremiah M. Dempsey passed away at his residence, 26 Palace street yesterday afternoon. Deceased had attained the advanced age of 84 years, and he had been ill for a long time. He was well known in this city. Besides his widow, two sons survive, one of whom lives in Detroit. The other, Thomas Dempsey, lives in this city. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

NEARLY BACKED INTO CANAL.

Through a mistake in a signal, a Grand Trunk pilot engine, running light, was backed up to the Welland Canal on Monday while the draw bridge was open. The engine was traveling at a very slow rate of speed at the time, and only a part of one tender truck went over the end of the rails. Had it been moving very fast, the entire locomotive might have gone into the canal. The line was blocked for about six hours. In the meantime trains were run through the old tunnel under the canal, and no delays were occasioned.

FUNERAL OF MR. B. CRONYN.

The funeral of the late Mr. Benjamin Cronyn, who died in Toronto after a long illness, was held this morning from the Grand Trunk station to Woodland Cemetery. Services were conducted by Ven. Archdeacon Richardson, of St. Johns, who was rector of the Cronyn Memorial Church during many of the years that Mr. Cronyn was connected with it. The funeral was strictly private, and was attended only by the immediate relatives.

TO AID THE JEWS.

The members of the local Jewish colony have completed arrangements for the meeting to be held in the city hall tomorrow evening in aid of the persecuted Jews of Russia. Mayor Campbell will preside, and in addition to those already announced, Ald. Matthews has consented to speak. A collection will be taken for the relief of the Jews in the land of the Czar, and it is confidently hoped that the fund started at a recent meeting will be considerably swelled.

HALF A CENTURY AGO.

Toronto Globe, Nov. 22, 1805: "We do not know what authority Mr. Hincks had for saying that it had been determined by the Grand Trunk directors not to carry the western section of their line beyond London, but we are informed that no such decision has yet been made known to the directors in this country. Possibly Mr. Hincks merely desired to give spirit to his flagging auditors at the London dinner by announcing that their city was to be the point of junction between the two great railways, and spoke without being certain of his ground."

ALLEGED DESERTER CAPTURED

Pte. Oleson, a member of No. 1 Company, R. C. R., is awaiting trial at the barracks before the district court-martial on a charge of desertion. Oleson was a member of the Canadian permanent force before, but is said to have deserted, going to the United States. He joined the regulars there, but deserted, coming to London, where he joined No. 1 Company about a year ago. Last night he left the barracks, intending to desert, 'tis said, but was captured today. There is one deserter receiving a year's sentence at the jail at present.

TOMMY'S GOAT IS GONE.

There is a certain amount of gloom around Wolseley Barracks these days over the loss of the pet goat which has had things pretty well his own way around the place for the past three or four years. The goat was brought from Africa at the time of the Boer war by members of No. 1 Company, but as the latter have been transferred to Toronto, awaiting orders to go to Halifax, they have taken Billy with them. The men now at the depot are without a mascot — hence their sad countenaces.

A Fresh Supply of
McCONKEY'S PEERLESS CONFECTIONERY
Just Received.
Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.
EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR McCONKEY'S CANDIES.
Get Strong's Cook Book, and Try Strong Baking Powder. You'll like both.

LATEST MARKETS

STOCK MARKETS.

H. C. Becher, stock broker, next Free Press building, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington today:

New York, Nov. 22. — Noon. — The generally higher range of prices this morning was followed by a strong and fairly active opening in our market, advances being scored in a majority of the active issues. Shortly after the initial trading, however, irregularity developed, followed by considerable pressure in many issues, notably Smelters and U. P.; also Reading and M., K. and T. Anaconda was also heavily sold by London, breaking 3 per cent. Before the noon hour traders turned and bought heavily, the notably strong feature again being B. R. T. Call loans were made at 5¾ per cent, and there is an evidence of ample money to meet present requirements. The market is largely professional, and at the moment is easily subjected to manipulation, with a tendency on the part of traders to work for a higher level. Sales to noon, 710,600.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 22—12:30 p.m.

	Ask.	Off.
Bank of Montreal	..	254½
Ontario Bank	130½	130
Bank of Commerce	..	166½
Imperial Bank	230⅞	230¼
Dominion Bank	269	..
Standard Bank	235	..
Bank of Hamilton	217	215
Ottawa Bank	..	221
Traders' Bank	..	141½
British American Insurance	..	91
Western Assurance	..	91
Imperial Life	..	149
Consumers' Gas	209	208
Ont. & Qu'Appelle Land	..	100
Northwest Land, pfd	..	99
Montreal Power	92	85
Lake of the Woods	90	..
Toronto Electric Light	157¾	156
Can. General Electric	152¾	152
Dominion Telegraph	..	120
Bell Telephone	158	..
R. & O. Navigation	69¾	69
Niagara Navigation	121½	121
Northern Navigation	..	75½
St. L. & C. Navigation	..	123
Toronto Railway	..	104¾
Twin City Railway	116½	116
Sao Paulo Tramway	139⅝	139¼
Dominion Steel, com	21⅜	20⅝
Nova Scotia Steel, com	67	66¼
War Eagle	..	24
Mackay, com	52¼	52¼
Mackay, pfd	73½	72¼
British Canadian L & I	106	..
Canada Landed	..	119
Canada Permanent	..	128
Canadian S. & L	..	133
Central Canada Loan	..	170
Dominion S. & L	..	70
Sao Paulo, bonds	85½	..
Hamilton Provident	..	121
Huron & Erie L. & I	..	184
Imperial L. & I	..	70
Landed Banking & Loan	..	123
London & Canada L. & A	105	..
Manitoba Loan	..	95
Toronto Mortgage	..	108¾
London Loan	..	111½
Ontario Loan & Debenture	..	128
Toronto Savings & Loan	..	120
Dominion Steel, bonds	85	84½

SALES: Merchants' Bank, 22 to 160; Bank of Hamilton, 5 at 215; Consumers' Gas, 33 at 208½; Canadian General Electric, 15 at 152½; Bank of Montreal, 1 at 254½; Sao Paulo, 50 at 139¾, 25 at 139⅝; Mackay, common, 100 at 51⅞, 250 at 52, 45 at 52¼, 100 at 52⅜, 400 at 52⅝, 50 at 52¼, 150 at 52⅛, 75 at 52¼, 50 at 52⅜, 150 at 52½, 5 at 52½, 25 at 52⅜; War Eagle, 1,000 at 24¾, 7,000 at 24¾, 200 and 200 at 24; Nova Scotia Steel, 25 and 25 at 66½; Lake of the Woods, 25 at 89; Landed Banking and Loan, 3 at 123½; Sao Paulo, bonds, 5,000, 5,000 and 84,000 at 85¾.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 22—12:30 p.m.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	174	172½
Duluth, pfd.	45	..
Minneapolis & St. Paul	141	139
Montreal Railway	235	231
Toronto Railway	105½	104¾
Twin City Railway	116¼	115½
Detroit Railway	94	93
Halifax Railway	105	102
Toledo Railway	32⅞	32¼
R. & O. Navigation	71	68½
Montreal Power	89¾	89½
Dominion Steel, com	21½	20½
Dominion Steel, pfd	70	69
Dominion Coal, com	80	76½
Textile, pfd.	98	97
Nova Scotia Steel, com	66½	66
Montreal Telegraph	167	165
Bell Telephone	158	156
Ogilvie Milling pfd	130	127
Mackay, com.	52¼	52
Mackay, pfd.	73¼	72½
Bank of Montreal, xd	260	255
B. N. A	141½	140
Molsons Bank	227½	224
Merchants' Bank	165	159
Royal Bank	230	222
Nova Scotia Bank	272	267¾
Eastern Townships Bank	..	164
Union Bank, xd	145	140
Hochelaga Bank, xd	144	138½
Havana, com.	35	33
Havana, pfd.	70	..
Textile bonds, A	96¼	96
Textile bonds, B	..	96
Textile bonds, C	96¼	96
Textile bonds, D	100	98
Dominion Coal, bonds	101	100
Winnipeg Electric, bonds	110½	109
Dominion Steel, bonds	85¼	84½
Ogilvie Milling	..	117½
Lake of Woods, bonds	113	111
Havana, bonds	97	94

SALES: Montreal Railway, 25 at 231, 3 at 231¾, 20 at 231½; Twin City, 7 at 117; Mackay, preferred, 50 at 73; War Eagle, 5,000 at 25; Mackay, common, 125 at 52, 100 at 52½, 225 at 52, 150 at 52¼; Toronto Railway, 25 at 104½; Power, 100 at 89¾, 100 at 89⅞, 25 at 90, 200 at 89⅞, 50 at 90, 25 at 89⅜; Soo, preferred, 100 at 134⅞; Textile, preferred, 100 at 97½; Coal, common, 50 at 77; Switch, common, 25 at 103; Textile bonds, C, 2,000 at 96, 1,000 at 96; do, A, 12,000 at 96; Bank of B. N. A., 5 at 140½; Iron, preferred, 30 at 70; Scotia, 75 at 66¾; Merchants' Bank, xd., 22 at 160; Lake of the Woods Milling, bonds, 3,000 at 113; Iron, common, 25 at 21, 125 at 20⅞.

R. J. YOUNG & CO., 142-144 Dundas St.

NEW CHIFFON VENETIAN SKIRTS

MADE AS ILLUSTRATED

$7.00



COLORS—Black, Brown and Navy.

These splendidly-tailored, perfect-hanging Skirts are make of pure wool French Venetians, and are the perfection of style and finish. 38, 40 and 42-inch lengths now in stock.

A New $5.00 Black Vicuna Skirt for $3.95

Always on the alert to procure unusual values in Skirts to sell at this price. We have never succeeded quite so well as when we secured this special 13-gore Black French Vicuna Skirt, made inverted and box pleated to waist. These are made with all the perfect finish and hang that characterizes our $7.00 and $10.00 lines. Special, each $3.95

With this lot we today pass into stock 3 dozen Tweed Walking Skirts, made in new pleated styles in grays, green, brown and navy, to sell at the same special price $3 95

CLEARING SALE OF ALL-WOOL CHEVIOT SKIRTS AT $2.50

Assorted styles that sold regularly up to $4.00 each. Colors black, gray and navy, made of pure wool, imported cheviot, and every one made in an attractive style. These are travelers' samples, usually better made garments than general stock.

PRIESTLEY'S CREAM SERGE
54 Inches Wide, Special, Yard, 50c

Pure Wool Cream Serge, with Priestley's name stamped on selvage. Note the width, 54 inches. Worth regularly 75c.

R. J. Young & Co.

NEW YORK.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock brocker, for The Advertiser.

New York, Nov. 22.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Amal. Copper	86⅛	87⅝	85½	87¾
American Sugar	141¾	144⅝	141¾	144
Amer. Locomotive	69¾	71¼	69	70⅝
American Foundry	40⅜	40⅞	40⅛	40⅝
American Refining	157½	157½	155⅛	155½
Atchison, com	86	86¾	85¼	86½
Baltimore & Ohio	113¼	113¾	112½	112⅝
Brooklyn Transit	87¼	91½	87	90⅝
C. P. R.	173½	173½	172⅞	173⅝
Ches. & Ohio	55½	54⅝	53	54⅛
Chicago G. Western	21⅝	22	21	21⅜
Col. Fuel & Iron	45½	45⅞	45⅛	45⅞
Erie	49	50⅛	48¾	50
Erie, pfd	81¼	81¾	81½	81¾
Kan. & Tex., com	28½	28⅝	27⅞	28½
Kan. & Tex., pfd	70½	70⅝	70	70⅜
Louisville & Nash	153¼	153⅞	152⅛	152⅝
Manhattan	164	..	..	..
Metropolitan St. Ry.	115⅝	116	114¾	115½
Met. Securities	70⅜	71¾	70¼	71½
Mexican Central	24	24¼	23⅞	24
Missouri Pacific	101⅜	102⅜	101⅜	102
N. Y. Central	150⅜	150⅝	149⅞	150
Norfolk & Western	86⅝	86⅞	86¼	86¾
Ontario & Western	53⅝	54	53¼	54
Pacific Mail S. S.	48¾	49	48¾	49
Pennsylvania	140¾	139⅝	140¾	140¾
People's Gas	102	102¼	101¼	101¾
Reading	141⅞	142½	140⅝	141¾
Republic I. & S.	27	29	27	29
Rock Island	29⅝	29⅝	29	29⅜
Southern Railway	35¾	35⅞	35⅜	35¾
Southern Pacific	69⅞	69⅞	69¼	69⅜
St. Paul	179⅜	179⅝	178½	178⅝
Texas	35⅞	36¼	35¾	36
Tenn. Coal & Iron	104⅝	104⅝	102½	104¼
Union Pacific	134½	134⅞	133⅞	134½
U. S. Rubber	51⅜	51⅝	51¼	51¼
U. S. Steel	38⅛	38⅛	37¾	37⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd	103⅜	103⅝	103⅛	103½
Wabash, com	21⅜	22⅛	21⅜	21⅝
Wabash, pfd	41⅜	42⅜	41⅝	42
Western Union Tel.	92⅜	..	..	..

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, for The Advertiser.

Chicago, Nov. 22.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
December ....$	83¼	83¾	82⅝	82⅞
May	86¼	86⅞	85¾	86⅛
July	82¼	83	82⅛	82¼
Corn—				
December	45⅝	45¾	44⅞	45
May	43⅞	43⅞	43⅜	43¾
Oats—				
December	29⅞	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝
May	32	32¼	31⅞	32⅛
Pork—				
January	12 92	12 72	12 67	12 67
May	12 82	12 82	12 75	12 77
Lard—				
January	6 85	6 87	6 85	6 87
May	6 97	7 00	6 97	7 00
Short Ribs—				
January	6 52	6 52	6 50	6 50
May	6 72	6 75	6 72	6 75

It is stated on the authority of officers in the Confederate army that a balky mule decided the Battle of Gettysburg. The southern and northern troops were both attempting to reach an eminence, the position of which practically decided the battle, and the southern column was blocked by a balky mule just long enough to enable the northern troops to gain the eminence.

A silver solution, called collangol, has been used successfully in Germany in the treatment of appendicitis.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

DEATHS.

DEVOY—This morning, Nov. 22, 1905, at the family residence, 818 Maitland street, Thomas F. Devoy, relict of Jane Devoy, aged 50 years, 7 months and 18 days.

Funeral from the family residence, on Friday at 3 p.m.; services at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation. 78u

LOST, LAST NIGHT, BETWEEN HYDE Park and Oxford street bridge, lady's blue silk hat. Finder kindly leave at this office. b

How Artistic!
is the remark of the many people that pass my new Flower Shop,
202½ Dundas Street.
The choicest of cut flowers at all times.
A. G. STEPHENS,
'PHONE 1227, Residence 1522.

Perfect Tailoring
Tailoring that is a model of correct styling—exact in fit, and finished with the most elegant workmanship obtainable.
This is the sort of tailoring we put into our swagger suits and overcoats.
FUR-LINED OVERCOATS A SPECIALTY.
H. M. PETERMAN
IMPORTING TAILOR,
393 Richmond St., Next City Hall.

We cater for Weddings, Parties and At Homes.
We can also supply waiters for any social function.
GEORGE PETERS.

NENUPHAR.
THE name of our new pattern of World Brand Silver-Plated Forks, Spoons and Fancy Table pieces.
TWICE the amount of silver is plated on the goods as is carried on the regular A1 quality of other standard makers.
THE beauty of the design is brought out by the gray-finished handle and bowl.
THE goods must be seen to be appreciated. We take pleasure in showing them.
John S. Barnard,
170 Dundas St., London.

More than 17,000,000 postage stamps are used in this country every day, according to a postoffice official. This is about one stamp a day for every five persons and means $18,000 a year in the cost of gum alone. The daily consumption of stamps has increased by 2,000,000 during the last five years, or in other words 730,000,000 more stamps are used each year than five years ago.

All railway employes in Prussia will hereafter be examined once in five years. For those no longer considered physically qualified pensions will be provided or other places found.

That love which other people bea your coin is the root of much troub

172, 174 BAYLEY'S DUNDAS ST.

SATEENS FOR FANCY WORK

Here's a good one for the needle-worker; there's a lot of it doing these days, too—Christmas not far away.

Highly Mercerized Sateens, fine quality, in almost every color under the sun. Black also. A rare bargain; selling at 12½c

BAYLEY'S, 172 Dundas Street.

FARMERS!

The prices for live hogs, for next Thursday and Friday mornings, delivered at the packing house:

Singers, 160 to 210 lbs, per cwt.....$5 50
Fat, light and heavy, per cwt..... 5 25

The Canadian Packing Co.
LONDON JUNCTION.

MARKET PRICES

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Wednesday, Nov. 22.

Hay was the feature of the market today. There were 45 loads offered; sales were a trifle slow, and prices as a consequence, were lower, from $7 50 to $8 50 being the ruling prices; mostly at $8 per ton. Straw was sold at $5 25 to $6 per ton. Oats were in good demand, about 10 loads being offered. Prices were firm at $1 02 to $1 04 per cwt. A large load of live chickens sold at 5c per pound.

WEEKLY REVIEW

The markets held here during the past six days were similar to those of the previous week, so far as the supply of produce was concerned. The features of the markets were the brisk demand in nearly every line represented. Prices are steady to firmer.

Grain—Oats continue to be in good demand. The amount offered is sufficient to meet the demand; sales are made at $1 02 to $1 04 per cwt., or 34 7-10c to 35 3-10c per bushel. Barley is higher at $1 per cwt. Wheat is steady at 75c per bushel. Corn, $1 02 to $1 05 per cwt. Peas sell at $1 10 per cwt.

Hay and Straw—Hay is lower in price at $7 50 to $8 50 per ton. Most of the sales were made at $8 per ton. Straw is more plentiful at $5 50 and $6 per ton.

Butter and Eggs—Butter is selling well at present and prices are firm at 21c to 22c for crocks and 22c to 23c for pound rolls. The English market is firm and this will help to keep the price firm on the market. Eggs sell quickly at 23c to 25c per dozen.

Potatoes—Prices are decidedly higher at 70c to 80c per bag for the large loads and five to ten bag lots.

Apples—Sales are fairly brisk at $2 to $3 per bushel or 75c to $1 10 per bag.

Poultry—The demand is good and the supply is increasing; sales are made at the following prices: Turkeys, dressed, per lb, 13c to 14c; alive, 10c to 12c; geese, dressed, 7c to 8c per lb; ducks, dressed, 9c to 10c per lb; per pair, 90c to $1 20; chickens are the principal supply, at 7c to 8c per lb alive and 9c to 10c dressed; by the pair, 40c to 60c alive and 55c to 80c dressed; old fowl sell at 5c to 5½c per lb, and 6c to 7c dressed; by the pair, 50c to 60c alive and 65c to 80c dressed.

Dressed Hogs—Sales are good at $7 75 to $8 per cwt; the supply is light.

Live Hogs—Monday price was $5 50 per cwt; about the same price will be paid next Monday; small pigs sell at $5 to $6 per pair.

Butchers' Meats—Lamb sells well at 10c to 11c per lb; beef is dull, at $4 to $6 per cwt; mutton is in demand at $6 to $8 per cwt; veal, $7 to $8 per cwt; pork, 9c for forequarters and 10c for hindquarters.

T. A. FAULDS

PROVISION MERCHANT.

Choice large roll and crock butter, 23c lb.; second quality butter, 20c lb. Kerwood cheese, best in the market, 14c lb.

'PHONE 151. 13 MARKET HOUSE.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Trade was good today at the city cattle market for anything good to choice in the way of butchers' cattle, and for the better qualities of stockers and feeders. For the rough and common stuff the market is no better, and was, in fact, perhaps a little more draggy than a week ago. It is only in the best class of cattle that the improvement in the cattle trade, which set in a little over a week ago, is fully sustained, and seems likely to continue to improve. There is a market for the rough cows and canners, at the prices going, but those prices are away down to as low as $1 50. It cannot be too much insisted upon that the best prices quoted for butchers' cattle and heavy feeders are only given for the picke of the market, and generally have reference to only small lots of two or three up to five or six cattle in a load. While there undoubtedly is some substantial improvement in the trade, there is nothing in the nature of a boom on, and prices cannot under existing circumstances be forced. There are still too many rough and inferior cattle coming forward, and these constantly act as a sort of drag on the market. There was a fairly good run today of 84 loads of stock all told, but the proportion of really choice cattle was small, and there were practically no export cattle offering. Good shippers are quoted at $4 25 to $4 50 for the right sort, the latter being for very choice heavy cattle over 1,400 lbs. Extra choice butchers' heifers sold today at $4 20, but there were very few of these. The general run of butchers' prices were steady at last week's range. Good stockers and feeders are steady.

Strong Directorate

PRESIDENT
Geo. C. Gibbons, K. C., London

VICE-PRESIDENTS
John Labatt, London
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Major T. Beattie, London	W. H. Bowlby, K.C., Berlin
J. C. Duffield, London	John Curry, Windsor
M. Masuret, London	H. E. Gates, London
R. W. Puddicombe, London	D. Milne, Sarnia
J. H. Nellis, Woodstock	M. D. Fraser, London
William Ball, Chatham	Robert Fox, London
W. J. Reid, London	Judge Holt, Goderich
	Col. Atkinson, M.P.P., Simcoe
	G. C. McPherson, K.C Stratford

Write for Booklet on "Law of Descent and Distribution of Property."

London and Western Trusts Co., Limited
London Canada

C. N. SPENCER,

STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margins.
Phone 180. Office, Market Lane.

Lambs are steady to firmer.

The hog market is weak.

Run, 84 cars, with 1,378 head of cattle, 1,684 sheep and lambs, 600 hogs and 76 calves.

Harry Murby bought 75 feeders and stockers, 900 to 1,000 lbs, at $2 75 to $3 50.

Crawford & Hunnisett sold a couple to three loads of mixed cattle, light stockers, $3 12½; heavy, about 1,200 lbs, at $3 80; mixed butchers, $3 25 to $4; rough cows and canners at $1 50 to $2 25.

Zeagman & Son sold about 5 loads of stockers and feeders, 700 to 1,030 lbs, at $3 to $3 60; bought a load of common rough butcher cattle at $2 12½ to $2 50; bought 30 stockers, 800 to 1,000 lbs, at $3 to $3 60.

Corbett & Henderson sold 70 canners, 750 to 1,000 lbs, at $1 50 to $2 25; 10 butchers' steers and heifers, 940 lbs, at $3 70; 12 butchers, 850 lbs, at $3 50.

Maybee, Wilson & Hall sold a load of light stockers, 870 lbs, at $3; 15 butcher heifers, 870 lbs, at $3 60; a load of good butcher heifers and steers, 950 lbs. at $3 75; 9 butcher cows, 1,200 lbs, at $3 30; 10 butcher cows, 1,100 lbs, extra choice, $4 30; 6 bulls, 1,300 to 1,800 lbs, at $3 10 to $3 75.

Geo. Dunn bought 16 butchers' cattle, 1,025 lbs, at $3 60; sold 13 short-keep feeders, 1,200 lbs, at $4; sold butchers' cattle, 875 to 1,050 lbs, at $3 to $3 45.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Nov. 21.—Cattle are quoted at 9c to 12c per lb; refrigerator beef, 8½c to 8¾c per lb; sheep, 11c to 12c per lb.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 22,000; steady, 10c higher; beeves, $3 15 to $6 50; cows and heifers, $1 15 to $4 50; stockers and feeders, $2 10 to $4 15; Texans, $3 40 to $4 15; westerns, $2 50 to $4 65.

Hogs—Receipts, 32,000; steady to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $4 50 to $4 97½; good heavy, $4 70 to $4 97½; rough heavy, $4 40 to $4 60; light, $4 50 to $4 90; pigs, $4 10 to $4 75; bulk of sales at $4 70 to $4 90.

Sheep—Receipts, 22,000; steady; sheep, $4 to $5 60; lambs, $4 50 to $7 50.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Nov. 22.—Cattle—Receipts light; prime steers, $5 40 to $5 75; shipping, $4 75 to $5 35; butchers, $4 25 to $5; heifers, $3 25 to $4 50; bulls, $2 50 to $4. Veals—Receipts, 100 head; active, 25c higher, $5 50 to $8 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,100 head; fairly active and steady; heavy, $5 05 to $5 10; mixed, $5 05 to $5 10, a few at $5 15; Yorkers, $4 90 to $5 05; roughs, $5 25 to $5 40; stags, $3 to $3 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5,000 head; active; sheep steady, lambs strong and 10c higher; lambs, $5 75 to $7 50, a few at $7 60; yearlings, $5 75 to $6; wethers, $5 50 to $5 75; ewes, $5 to $5 50; sheep, mixed, $2 50 to $5 50; Canada lambs, $7 to $7 10.

BEAN MARKET.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Nov. 21.—Beans—November, $1 68; December, $1 65; January, $1 68 asked; March, $1 70 asked.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Baled Hay—There is a good movement, but the market holds steady at $8 to $8 50 per ton for car lots on track here for No. 1 timothy, and $6 for No. 2.

Baled Hay—Car lots on track here at $6 per ton.

N. S WILLIAMS, Broker

113 MASONIC TEMPLE.

Correspondent W. F. DEVER & CO. (established 1890). Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton bought and sold for cash or on margin. Phone 1,113.

LEATHER MARKET.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Leather—The market holds very steady, on account of the firm hide market. Trade in harness leathers has not been active, as farmers appear to be too busy to look after these matters as yet, but more activity is expected. Local dealers quote prices unchanged. Sole, slaughter, medium heavy, per lb, 30c to 31c; No. 2, 28c to 29c; No. 3, 27c to 28c; Spanish sole, No. 1, 28c to 30c; No. 2, 26c to 28c; calfskins, French, $1 15 to $1 50; French kip, 90c to $1; Canadian kip, 60c to 65c; upper, light and medium, 40c to 45c; pebbles, 14c to 16c; harness, union oak tanned, No. 1, 25c to 27c; No. 2, 22c to 23c; light, 33c to 35c; hemlock tanned, 34c to 35c; cod oil, gallon, 45c to 48c; degras, per lb, 3c to 3½c.

WOOL MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Wool—There is no change in the local market, which is very quiet, the crop having been practically all marketed. The Journal of Commerce says Canadian exports amounted to 850,000 lbs to the States this crop, through Messrs. Long & Bisby, wo buy for the American Wool Company. Local dealers doubt that there was quite such a large crop for export. Quotations are 16½c to 27c for unwashed, 26c to 27c for washed, and 20c to 22c for rejects.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 21.—Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 2 15-16c; centrifugal, 96° test, 3½c; refined quiet. Molasses—Firm.

LONDON.

London, Nov. 21.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 9s, nominal; Muscovado, 8s 3d, nominal; beet sugar, November, 8s 4½d.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Sugar continues active and firm; following the advance of 10c per 100 lbs, in New York yesterday the Acadian and the Berlin, Ont., refineries sent up prices 5c today; extra granulated, $4 38; yellow, $3 88; bags, 5c less; Ontario sugar, $4 15; bags, 15c less.

GRAND TRUNK

Shares bought and sold. Private wire system of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington, members New York Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade, etc.

H. C. BECHER,
Bond and Stock broker. Free Press Bldg.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 21.—Oil opened and closed at $1 58.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Nov. 21.—Credit balances, $1 58; shipments, 87,924 barrels.

LONDON.

London, Nov 21.—Petroleum, American refined, 7⅝d; spirits, 8⅝d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Nov. 21.—Petroleum, 19 francs 50 centimes.

DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 21.—Butter—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 11,490 packages. Chees—Irregular and unchanged; receipts, 2,344 boxes.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 21.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 17c to 23c; dairies, 17c to 20c. Cheese—Firm, 12½c to 13¼c.

FLAXSEED.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Flaxseed—Northwest, $1; southwest, 94c.

HIDES, SKINS AND TALLOW.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Hides—Markets elsewhere are very firm, with Chicago dealing futures for the first time. Hides have been even bought on animals in transit, and all supplies, it is reported, are sold up to Feb. 1 next The local market is firm, with lambskins 5c higher. Other quotations are unchanged.

Inspected Hides—No. 1 steers, 12c; No. 2 steers, 11½c; No. 1 cows, 11½c; No. 2 cows, 11c; country hides, flat, 10½c.

Calfskins—No. 1 selected, 13c.

Lambskins—Best city slaughter, $1 10.

Horsehides—$3 to $3 25.

Deerskins—Green, No. 1, 13c; dry, 22c.

Moosehides—8c.

Horsehair—27c.

Tallow—Rendered, 4c to 4½c.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Nov. 22.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 7½d. Futures steady; December, 6s 11⅛d; March, 6s 11¼d; Mary, 6s 10½d.

Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed, 5s 1d. Futures steady; January, 4s 4⅞d; March, 4s 3⅞d.

Peas—Canadian no stock

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter steady, 9s 6d.

Hops (in London)—Pacific coast quiet, £3 to £4.

Beef—Quiet; extra India mess, 77s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess western nominally 75s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, steady, 46s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, quiet, 44s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, quiet, 50s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, quiet, 47s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, quiet, 46s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, steady, 46s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, steady, 47s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, quiet, 31s.

Lard—Firm; prime western, in tierces, 37s; American refined, in pails, 38s 9d.

Butter—Good United States nominally 85s per cwt.

Cheese—Strong; American finest white, 58s 6d; do, colored, 60s.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 23s 6d; Australian (in London) strong, 30s.

Rosin—Common steady, 10s.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 45s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 7¾d.

Linseed Oil—Steady, 18s 6d.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot steady, 16s 6d.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—Wheat—Ontario quiet at 80c for No. 2 white, outside, No. 2 red or mixed being less; goose and spring, 75c to 76c; Manitoba steady; No. 1 northern being quoted at 88c and No. 2 at 84c.

Flour—Ontario quiet, exporters bidding $3 05 to $3 10 for 90 per cent patents, in buyers' bags, at outside points; lowest asked at $3 20; blends for domestic consumption, $3 50 to $3 60; Manitoba, prices are steady, at $4 50 to $4 80 for first patents, $4 30 to $4 40 for second patents, and $4 20 to $4 30 for bakers.

Millfeed—Ontario bran firm, at $12 50 to $13 at outside points; shorts, $16 50 to $18; the demand for Manitoba millfeed is good; quotations are $16 50 to $17 50 for bran and $18 50 to $19 50 for shorts at Toronto and equal freight points.

Oats—Firm, at 36c to 37c for No. 2, at outside points.

Barley—No. 2 easier, at 52c to 53c; No. 3 extra, 51c to 52c; No. 3, 47c, at outside points.

Peas—75c to 76c, at outside points.

Rye—75c to 76c outside.

Buckwheat—76c to 77c outside.

Corn—Canadian, 45c bid and 46c asked, f. o.b., Chatham freights; American new is easier, at 52c, Toronto freights; mixed, 1c less.

Rolled Oats—Higher, at $5 25 for barrels and $5 for bags, on the track here; 25c more for broken lots here and 40c more outside.

Butter—Steady, with receipts fairly large.

Eggs—Unchanged, at 22c for fresh and 19c to 20c for limed.

BRITISH HISTORY IN GREAT PAGEANT

Quaint and Magnificent Scheme Evolved—Revival of Civic Pride.

London, Nov. 21.—So great was the success of the Sherborne pageant arranged by Louis N. Parker, that the dramatist has more invitations to organize similar festivities than he can accept for a year or so.

From the success of the Sherborne pageant, too, Mr. Parker has conceived a great idea. It is his ambition to give first a series of pageants representing the history of various ancient cities, and then present a great national pageant, which shall practically represent the history of England.

In his dreams of this national pageant Mr. Parker has chosen Windsor Great Park as the setting of his scenes, and his hope is that the King will be the principal spectator.

There is more than mere pageantry in Mr. Parker's idea. He believes that if every city had its own pageant, a spirit of better citizenship and a larger interest in a great past would grow up.

The project of a national pageant, however, cannot be actually put into execution for several years. In the meantime Mr. Parker is planning a great historic pageant for the old city of Warwick, which is to take place next year. The Earl of Warwick is the president of the committee which has been formed to further the scheme and Lady Warwick is also taking an active part in its work.

"The history of Warwick," said Mr. Parker, when explaining his scheme, "is almost the history of England. There has hardly ever been an Earl of Warwick who did not do something which was great.

"Moreover, the history of the city goes back even to the days of Caractacus and the ancient Britons, so that we shall have Roman soldiers in the show.

"Then, there is Guy of Warwick, and the mythical tale of how he killed the dun cow for his lady's sake and afterwards died in her arms. We shall present that story in our theater, which will be the grounds of Warwick Castle, and as the Avon runs through them, the river will, so to say, cross our stage.

"Then there will be the notorious favorite, Piers Galveston; the great kingmaker, the last of the barons, Edward IV., and, much later, Henry VIII., Queen Elizabeth and the great Lord Leicester, all of whose associations with Warwick are indissoluble.

"The committee which has been formed is a strong one, for it includes Lord Willoughby de Broke, Lord Algernon Percy, the mayors of Warwick, Stratford and Coventry, and clergymen of every denomination.

"In addition, we shall try to make the performers representative of every class. My idea is to revive the old spirit of civic repoicing."

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Nov. 21.—At New York—Masaba, from London; Perugia, from Leghorn; Finland, from Antwerp; Oceanic, from Liverpool; Noordam, from Rotterdam.

At Queenstown—Friesland, from Philadelphia.

At Glasgow—Furnessia, from New York.

At Naples—Panonnia, from New York.

At Marseilles—Peruvian, from New York; Calabria, from New York.

At Cape Race—Lake Michigan, from Liverpool.

At The Lizard—Montrose, from Montreal.

A girl has a hard time following the advice which her mother never followed, but always gives her.

Extraordinary Values in Beautiful Dress Goods

5 Bargain Tables at Clearing Prices

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

AN EVENT of greatest importance to the people of London. Dress Goods at almost the cost of manufacture is our feature for Thursday, Friday and Saturday. We have gone through our stock and selected five tables of wanted goods and cut the prices regardless of cost. We are resolved that the people of London will know that we are in business and alive to their interests. We want our store to be the topic of conversation at every dining table within, and for miles without, the city of London. Such becoming, serviceable and stylish materials at such luring prices must make people think.

75c Goods For 39c — One table Dress Goods, grand values at our regular prices that were to 75c yard. All fancy tweeds, and a greater bargain you'll never see. Our prices Thursday, Friday and Saturday..... **39c**

$1 Goods For 59c — One table Extra Stylish Colored Tweeds, selected purposely for those who come Thursday, Friday or Saturday, regularly priced to $1.00 yard, and great value. Sale price **59c**

$1.25 Goods For 79c — One table Dress Tweeds, extra choice qualities, regularly priced to $1.25. Is 54 inches wide, a great width for such a low price. Thursday, Friday and Saturday at, only..... **79c**

Special at 98c — Chiffon Venetians, beautiful goods, 52 inches wide, in navy, cardinal, black and myrtle. Regular $1.25 the yard. No one ever saw so good a quality sold at so low a price as this..... **98c**

One Table Choice Remnants.

Some that were left over from last week's great sale as well as a lot of new lines. Still further reduced to make this Dress Goods Sale the greatest in our history.

THIS IS YOUR GREAT CHANCE. DON'T MISS IT.

GRAY & PARKER

150 Dundas and Carling.

COTTON JUMPED 97 POINTS

Exciting Scene on Exchange as the Brokers Fight to Buy.

New York, Nov. 21.—There was a wild bull movement in cotton following the giving out of the ginners' report. The May option advanced 97 points, or almost a cent a pound in a few minutes. There was a jump of 40 points between two sales. There was an excited scene on the floor of the exchange as the brokers fought one another to buy. Estimates as to the showing of the report had averaged close to 8,000,000 bales, and when the actual figures were published, showing 78,498,167 bales ginned to Nov. 14, the rush to buy followed.

New high records for the season were soon made. The confusion was so great that different prices were being quoted at the same time at different points around the ring, and in some instances there were gains of 10 to 20 points between sales. Before the advance was checked March sold at 11.76 and May at 11.95, or 110 to 120 points above the low level of yesterday, and about 10 to 20 points above the previous high level of the season on November 10. Around these figures there was heavy realizing and prices eased off about 20 points from the top but showed continued excitement and nervousness.

HARDY CHARGED

Crown Attorney Curry, of Toronto, Lays the Information.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Proceedings were instituted today against James Hardy, arising out of the search of the offices of Jenkins & Hardy made yesterday by Crown-Attorney Curry. The information, which was laid by Detective Black against "James Hardy and other persons whose names are at present unknown, charges him with conspiracy and alleges that he did "conspire to restrain and injure trade in relation to enamelware and other such goods, and to unreasonably enhance the price thereof and to unduly prevent and lessen competition in the production, manufacture, purchase, barter, sale and supply of said enamelware."

Crown Attorney Curry was present in the police court for a few minutes while Mr. Hardy was charged. The defendant desired a week's adjournment without pleading, which request the magistrate granted. Mr. Curry would not disclose what discoveries he made among the papers of the raided office, and will not make them public till the trial goes on. That he has found important documents, however, is evident, as he states that a number of other informations will undoubtedly be laid later. At present his hands are full with the cases that are before the court and he intends only to take up such new ones as call for immediate action.

"When I am through with the present office I shall be ready for the next step," concluded the crown attorney, "and I expect that these cases will keep the crown busy for the next six months."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. yxwt

WOODSTOCK MAN DROWNED

Unfortunate Fell Through Bridge Guards at a Lonely Spot.

Woodstock, Nov. 21.—John McDonald, a stonecutter, was found drowned in the tannery canal at the Finkle street bridge about 6:30 this evening.

Mrs. J. P. Farrell, who resides in Gore, was crossing the bridge, when her attention was attracted by groans from beneath. Mrs. Farrell became frightened, and ran home and told her husband, who immediately notified the police.

The body was found by them partially submerged in mud and water.

Chief Zeats states that it is probable that McDonald slipped and fell while crossing the bridge and fell beneath the railing which guards the bridge. He was a man who at times is alleged to have drank heavily, and it was noticed that he had been drinking this afternoon. The spot is a lonely one and consequently there was little chance of aid reaching the man.

That he was in a helpless condition is borne out by the fact that there were but four feet of water in the canal.

An inquest has been ordered by the coroner.

FILLS FOUR TEETH, $1,000

That's What Louis Paid to Dentist of New York's Smart Set.

New York, Nov. 21. — Dr. William M. Dailey, dentist, ministered to Prince Louis of Battenburg while the British admiral was in port. He filled four of the prince's teeth. He charged him $1,000. He received a check from the prince just before the fleet sailed yesterday.

The prince paid the bill without protest, so say his friends, among whom is a retired American naval officer, to whom the prince showed his dentist's bill as an interesting document in bidding him goodby.

Dr. Dailey is dentist to the "Four Hundred," and even to the more exclusive "Seventy-Nine."

There was a story today that Dr. Dailey presented his bill to the prince before the time of sailing yesterday morning, and that the prince in surprise sent his lieutenant, Flag Officer Swereby, to ask the dentist if there had not been some mistake. Dr. Dailey according to this story, assured him positively there had not been a mistake. The story went on to say that the prince rebelled, and in the end left instructions with the British Consul-General, Sir Percy Sanderson, to compromise the bill if possible. This story was denied.

A French housewife does not throw away her broken dishes, unless their condition is hopeless. She saves them until a mender of faience and porcelain comes to her door for work, and he repairs them.

FOR INFLAMMATION OF THE EYES—Among the many good qualities which Parmelee's Vegetable Pills possess, besides regulating the digestive organs, is their efficacy in reducing inflammation of the eyes. It has called forth many letters of recommendation from those who were afflicted with this complaint, and found a cure in the pills. They affect the nerve centers and the blood in a surprisingly active way, and the result is almost immediately seen.

Dinnerware Week in Basement. **WOODS' FAIR** Dinnerware Week in Basement.

DINNER SETS DINNER SETS

We have been so busy in other departments of late that we have somewhat neglected our Dinnerware Department, and although we are selling a lot, they are not going as fast as they should. So to boost it up somewhat, we will give a special cut price on all sets for the balance of this week.

Here is a sample of what we are going to do:

97 Piece Dinner Sets $5.98

7 sets, 97-piece dinner and tea combined, green, blue or pencil colors, with neat wreath pattern, usually sells at $10 00. Our special sale price for this week $5 98

Crown Derby Dinner Sets $12.50

6 only, beautiful dinner and tea, 97-piece sets, Crown Derby pattern, all gold illuminated and traced, pretty new shapes, with latest combination, a very desirable set and regularly sold for $18 00. Our sale price for this week is $12 50

Come in and see the big values for yourself.

Demonstration of Blue Ribbon Tea in Basement this week. **WOODS' FAIR** Demonstration of Blue Ribbon Tea in Basement this week.

THE TECUMSEH STATUE

Thamesville Folk Discuss Proper Place for Its Erection.

Thamesville, Nov. 21.—A meeting of the citizens of Thamesville was held in the town hall tonight to make clear that Thamesville is the correct spot for the Tecumseh monument. Originally Thamesville was called Tecumseh. The battlefield of the Thames, where Tecumseh fell, is only three miles east of here. The spot where the battle took place is on the Longwoods road, which is the main road from London to Windsor, and many think the monument should be placed there.

The meeting was largely attended by the most influential citizens. D. A. Gordon, M. P., wired his regrets at being unable to be here, but assured the committee of his support. Thomas Syer, reeve, occupied the chair. Very interesting addresses were made by many citizens.

Chief Tobias and ex-Chief Albert Tobias, of the Moraviantown reserve, which is across the river opposite the battlefield, ably put forth the plea: "A second monument should also be made which would be the restoration of the franchise to the Indians."

The following committee were elected to take steps to put Thamesville in first place: D. A. Gordon, M. P., P. H. Bowyer, M. P. P., Reeve Syer, Dr. Fraser, Dr. Stewart, Dr. Beckett, D. W. Newcomb, G. A. Fraser, T. W. Sims, John Coutts, Wm. Sherman, ex-Chief Albert Tobias, Chief Walter Tobias, H. A. French and S. P. Sturges, county commissioner. P. H. Bowyer, member for East Kent, promised his hearty support.

LABORERS HEAVILY ARMED

Knives, Guns, Revolvers Taken From Italians at Guelph.

Guelph, Nov. 21. — The chief police office looks something like a small arsenal today, with ten knives, all over regulation size, five loaded revolvers, four shotguns, three loaded, all taken from a car. It seems there has been trouble between the Italians on the section between Guelph and Weissenberg, probably on account of some of the men being graded from $1 75 to $1 50 a day, and they threatened violence on the foreman.

J. G. Macklin, divisional engineer of the Guelph and Goderich Railway, seeing the gloomy look of affairs, came to the city yesterday afternoon, and asked for police intervention. Chief Randall and two constable went up and disarmed three gangs of thirty men each. Several arrests are being made and an investigation will follow. An interpreter has been procured, and the trial may prove very interesting. The revolvers are all new, and must have been purchased recently. It is stated that the whole crew were armed, more or less.

The council last night decided to employ Prof. Hazen, of New York, to report generally on how to improve and extend the water system here.

If a man owns street railway stock, he never recommends walking as an exercise.

Some people's idea of being sincere is to say disagreeable things to their friends' faces.

Cured her Father's Drunkenness by a Simple Remedy.

Saves her father from a drunkard's grave. Free sample of Samaria Tasteless Prescription checks his drinking and leads to a complete cure.



"It seemed hopeless to keep father from drinking, and we all felt the disgrace. When things were at their worst a friend advised me to try Samaria. I saw that you offered a free sample treatment and that the remedy was tasteless and could be given secretly. I determined to try it, and, have been glad every day since. The full treatment, which I gave him in his tea, cured him, and I am pleased to say he never touches whiskey now. How glad I am that I wrote you and how happy we all are together Father says that he could never have stopped drinking of his own accord."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 78 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

Also for sale by W. T. Strong & Co.

WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMING, WINDOW SHADES.

O. B. GRAVES, Ltd.,
222 DUNDAS STREET.

H. BONSER Corner Bathurst and Ridout.
Geo. E. White Mill. **Wood Turner**

HIGHEST GRADES OF
Burning Oil, Lubricating Oil
AND ALL OTHER
Petroleum Products
THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO.
LIMITED.
London Branch—York Street East.
Head Office—Toronto.

R. K. COWAN,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldgs., next Court House, London.

ELLIOTT & OLMSTED,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Lady assistant when desired.
Day 'phone 1,775; night 'phone 1,907.
238 Dundas. Residence, 368 King.

ELECTRIC LIGHT
No Danger of Fire. No Dirty, Black Ceilings
Householders and landlords are cordially invited to visit our new showroom, 359 Richmond street, and examine our beautiful electric fixtures and compare prices.
We give estimates for house-wiring free of charge.
London Electric Co.,
Limited,
359 RICHMOND STREET.

WALL PAPER, PAINTING, PICTURE FRAMING.
COLERICK BROS.
212 DUNDAS STREET.

SHORTHAND
Why not learn the best system, and from an experienced court reporter? You can do so by attending
The Western Ontario Shorthand and Business College,
74 and 76 Dundas St., London.
We give individual instruction, and place every graduate in a situation.
WM. C. COO, C. S. R.,
Principal.

It Pays to Think
If you want to be a winner in the game of life, where *Brains* are always trump, don't eat foods that clog, but eat a food that will help you to *think*.
Life Chips is 100% pure wheat—cooked, flaked and predigested enough to be converted into Brain and Brawn almost as soon as eaten.
It is sold at every grocer's at 10c a package. Serve LIFE CHIPS right out of the package, either alone or with cream or fruit.

One of the strong points of our business is the
Excellent Quality of Our Teas and Coffees
They have found favor in many of the best homes and several of the large public institutions of the city. You cannot do better than give them a trial. We will cheerfully refund the money if not entirely satisfactory.
JAPANS, YOUNG HYSON, CEYLONS, INDIANS or CONGOUS, per pound, from .....25c to 75c
HIGH GRADE COFFEE, per pound 40c
C. H. LEE,
The New York Store,
125 Dundas St. 'Phone 320

Little Folks' Footwear.
The tough wearing qualities of our shoes for boys and girls is only surpassed by their VALUE.
They have the STUBBORN WEAR, COMFORTABLE PROTECTION AND STYLE that the boys and girls demand.
We command an excellency in footwear not found in other shoe shops.
When you are buying, go with the crowd to
POCOCK BROS
OPPOSITE MARKET LANE.

The path of duty is through the custom house.

Protect your loved ones by making your will early
THE CANADA TRUST CO.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR.
INTERVIEWS AND CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.
HURON AND ERIE BUILDING.

DR. R. JARVIS, Dentist.
Specialty: Crown and Bridge Work.

ROSS' 196 Dundas Street.
Furs
The largest and best selected stock in Western Ontario.
All the latest designs in fur garments can be had here.
We manufacture and import direct, so that purchasers do not have to pay wholesalers' profits when buying.
A look at our stock and prices will convince the most skeptical.

QUALITY STORE.
Cresca Figs
BETTER THAN EVER.
1 pound basket 35c
2 pound basket 65c
Glass Jars 40c
HARRY RANAHAN,
515 RICHMOND STREET.
PHONE 1024.

Exclusive Diamond Jewelry
We pride ourselves on having a truly wonderful stock of Diamond Jewelry, and on the styles that are peculiar to Diamond Hall. If you like a brooch or tiepin or ring that is distinctive, we would be pleased to show you our display. If it comes from Diamond Hall you are sure of the quality.
W. G. YOUNG
DIAMOND HALL, 214 DUNDAS.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Advertiser subscribers will greatly facilitate regular and prompt delivery service by reporting any complaints to this office. 'Phone 107.

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY

There is likely to be a considerable change in the complexion of the aldermanic board for 1871. Rumor asserts that in No. 1 Ward, Messrs. A. McCormick and J. M. Cousins intend to withdraw, and that Mr. D. Lester will not be a candidate for re-election in the Fifth. A strong effort is being made to bring out candidates in No. 2 Ward to oppose the present representatives. Messrs. H. F. McDonald and R. S. Murray are spoken of as likely to go before the electors. Messrs. F. E. Cornish and D. C. Macdonald are mentioned as candidates for No. 7 Ward, and if they run there will be lively times in the north.

The council set last evening, his worship, the mayor, presiding, and all the aldermen present. Communications were received from Mr. M. D. Dawson, secretary Mechanics' Institute, praying that a lamp be placed on North street between the postoffice and Talbot street. Referred to members of the ward. From Mr. Charles Dunnett, asking permission to erect an iron tank or reservoir on the lot on Carling street, for the purpose of supplying the street watering carts. Referred to board of works. Ald. McBride, from the finance committee, reported, recommending that the account of Mr. David Bruce, for one year's salary as engineer of the steamer, be paid. Moved by Ald. Campbell, seconded by Ald. Smyth, that the finance committee be instructed to consider the advisibility of purchasing for a city park the grounds known as the military or barrack grounds, extending from Waterloo street east to Church street, west and from Duke street south to Great Market street north, and report. Carried. Moved by Ald. Campbell, seconded by Ald. Smyth, that the directors of the L. and P. S. R. and the railway committee be appointed to confer with the board of trade, to meet tomorrow, to consider the construction of a railroad from this city to some point on Lake Huron. Carried unanimously.

Christmas Talk
Seems a little previous, but it's better to be early than late. We will be glad to set aside anything you choose now.
SUMNER
THE JEWELER,
380 Richmond Street,
Phone 2059.

London—The feeling today in regard to the eastern question is much more healthy. Confidence is in a great part restored in money circles, and breadstuffs are again declining.

The Franco-Prussian war—London—A World's special from Brussels says there is every indication that Von Moltke, anticipating a supreme effort by Trochu, and fearing the ability of the Germans to successfully resist a sortie in force, has ordered the abandonment of the former plans of the expedition in the west and southwest of France, and the concentration of all the forces in the immediate neighborhood of Paris.

LONDON AND DISTRICT.

—Mrs. John E. Young is receiving the first, second and third Thursdays of the month at her home, 43 Askin street.

—Mrs. Boomer, of this city, will attend the meeting of the executive of the Hamilton Council of Women on Saturday.

—Mr. George C. Gibbons, K.C., chairman of the Dominion waterways commission, spoke at Lyndon last night in the interests of Mr. Sealey, the Wentworth Liberal candidate.

—In order to accommodate the officials at the Y. M. C. A. office and prevent confusion, the plan for Dr. Drummond's recital, Tuesday evening next, in the Auditorium, will not be open till 8 a.m. Monday, Nov. 27.

—An enjoyable concert was given at the asylum last evening by the choir and male chorus of St. James' Episcopal Church, under the leadership of Organist Gilmour. After the programme the visitors were entertained at lunch. Among the selections given were: Soldiers' chorus from Faust, "Song of the Scythe," "Song at Twilight," "Out on the Deep," "Pearl of Ceylon," "Troubadour," and "Kentucky Babe." Messrs. Swegler, Payne & Nichols sang solos in a most acceptable manner.

LOST A FINGER.

John Warner, employed at Somerville's box factory, had his right hand caught in a cornering machine yesterday. The index finger was cut off, and the second finger badly crushed. It will be some time before Mr. Warner returns to work.

SMOKER AND CONCERT.

The smoker and concert held last night in the Foresters' Hall, South London, under the auspices of the Canadian Fraternal Carpetball League, was in every way a success. The hall was well filled. High Commander J. Jarvis made an ideal chairman. The following numbers were well rendered: Address, J. Jarvis; solo, J. Irwin; recitation, W. Howard; violin solo, A. M. Legg; duet, J. Templar and J. Irwin; speech, Mr. Sproule; solo, G. Tagg; recitation, W. Row. Mr. O. Brady and J. Jackson acted as accompanists.

REV. R. E. KNOWLES' LECTURE.

Rev. R. E. Knowles, author and preacher, of Galt, lectured in King Street Presbyterian Church last night, and told the large audience how he came to write "St. Cuthbert's." Mr. Knowles explained many of the characters in the work, which was written to expound the doctrine that redemption is free to all. Mr. Knowles is an attractive speaker, with an easy style. He read a number of extracts from his book and told several amusing stories in a very apt manner.

CONCERT TONIGHT.

The management of the Bertram-Visanska-MacKelcan concert, to be held in the Auditorium this evening, have every reason to feel pleased with the patronage so far. There are several first-class seats still available. Mr. Visanska alone receives more remuneration for his appearance here than whole concert companies. He was engaged and comes direct from New York especially for this concert. He and Mr. Bertram were intimate friends in Berlin, where they both studied for several years under the very best teachers.

CARNIVAL AT THE JUBILEE.

The roller skating carnival at the Jubilee Rink last night was a decided success, as great as its predecessor. The rink was crowded and the competition for the prizes was keen. The Twenty-sixth Battalion Band furnished the music. The prize for the best dressed young lady went to Miss M. Southcott, and the prize for the best-dressed gentleman to Mr. J. Young. Other prize-winners were as follows: C. H. Thorn, C. Mountjoy, B. Dolittle, F. Boyce, A. Hewitt, S. Sutherland, H. Matthews, C. Jones, A. Rake, L. Bythe, Elliott, E. McRowt A. Hunter, and M. Stuart.

TRAINMEN'S BALL

Forest City Lodge, No. 240, Holds Annual at City Hall.

Forest City Lodge, No. 240, B. of R. T., held its annual ball and supper in the city hall last night. Seventy-five couples danced, and Dayton's Orchestra furnished the music. Supper was furnished at one of the hotels at 12:30. The ball was one of the most successful affairs ever given by the lodge. Much of the success of the affair is due to Messrs. T. White, G. McDonald and W. Hodgins.

The managing committee consisted of J. McCormick, master of ceremonies; G. McDonald chairman; W. Hodgins, secretary; T. P. White, treasurer; Ed Dibb and J. McCurley. The reception committee were: W. Bell, Dan Murray, Richard McLeod, David Gillett and J. Thompson.

This is a good time to buy your winter
Apples
Before the best are shipped. We have a fine lot of Northern Spys, Kings, Snows and Tallman Sweets.
JOHN LAWSON,
GROCER, ETC.
261 Dundas St. Phone 565

Astrachan Jackets
Your best time to buy a jacket is now, for the stock is complete, and you can have a selection to choose from that are made from No. 1 skins, graded by experts.
BELTZ
FINE FURS.

EDUCATED HORSES SIMPLY WONDERFUL

Prof. Crocker's Equines Pleased Greatly the Audience at the Grand Last Night.

Prof. Crocker's educated horses last night immensely pleased a fair-sized audience at the Grand. Animal acts are always pleasing, but educated horses easily take the lead over all other quadrupeds.

The show opens with a dozen magnificent black, white and bay horses on their way to school. In their play along the route they act like school boys, running, jumping and having "a high old time." Arrived at school they hang up the professor's hat and coat. One of them also acts as monitor and he gets the other scholars into trouble in true schoolboy fashion. Then the educated equines do almost every trick a horse has as yet been taught, even to distinguishing colors. The horses also ring bells, roll barrels up inclines, act as rocking horses and jump over each other's backs. One splendid animal leaps like a greyhound over the backs of five others.

The capers of one fine black horse are well worth a quarter to see. He appears to be the clown of the party, and bounces around the stage like a rubber ball.

The show closes with a magnificent battle scene, in which the horses fire off mortars like trained gunners, the animals galloping from one gun to another in dense smoke and taking no notice of the tremendous din of the battle. It certainly is a magnificent finale.

Interspersed with the show, which is certainly a credit to Prof. Crocker, are numerous moving pictures, and it may be said of the films that they have never been outclassed in London. One of the pictures shown is that of Gen. Booth, head of the Salvation Army, reviewing in old London the delegations from all parts of the world. It is a splendid picture. Some very funny films are also shown.

Prof. Crocker's horses will be seen at the Grand every night this week and there will be three matinees.

GRAFTERS AMONG CLERGY

A New York Undertaker Declares There Are Quite a Few.

New York, Nov. 21.—The Rev. Geo. S. Pratt, pastor of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Archangel, 86 St. Nicholas avenue, preached on Sunday on "Graft in Little Things."

"Jerome, Folk, and Roosevelt," he said, "are famous today as opponents of the system of politics in which the boss and graft play so important a part. Yet it was only yesterday that all of us acquiesced in that system. And in many things of life, large and small, graft is still alive and thriving.

"Here, for instance, is a letter which I submit for your own comment. It is addressed to me, under date of the 14th of November:

"'Frank E. Campbell Burial Cremation Company, 241-243 West Twenty-third street: My Dear Sir—One year ago the above office sent to you a burial certificate in the amount of one hundred dollars ($100), in force to 1910.

"'The covenant is bona fide, and practically amounts to a paid-up policy for one hundred dollars ($100), and additional benefits therein indicated.

"'Hereafter funerals personally given to us by you will be subject to a special offset or discount in your favor, and promptly will be forwarded unless you direct the sum deducted from total of bill rendered family. Further detailed information concerning the burial certificate provided on request. Respectfully,

"'FRANK E. CAMPBELL.'

"You are now in a position," continued Dr. Pratt, "to realize the advantages which are offered me by this kind-hearted undertaker."

Dr. Pratt said afterward that the "burial certificate" had been sent him a year ago, and promised $100 discount of his funeral bill when he should be buried.

"A cold-blooded proposition," he commented. "And a few weeks ago I had a letter from a cemetery association offering me a free grave, full size; also informing me that any favors would be thankfully received. I suppose doctors and clergymen receive all sorts of bids for business similar to this."

At the offices of the undertaking concern facsimiles of the circular Dr. Pratt read and the burial permit he referred to were shown a reporter.

A man named Buckingham, who said he was a representative of Mr. Campbell, declared the burial certificates and circulars had been sent to all the physicians and most of the clergymen in the city.

"The first we sent a year ago," he said, "and followed it recently with the circular. We simply offer to bury poor people at lower prices than other establishments. We generally give a discount of about 10 per cent on funerals which are recommended to us by a clergyman as deserving. The discount goes into the clergyman's pocket or to the credit of the family on the bill, just as the clergyman pleases. You'd be surprised to know how many grafters there are among the clergy."

Since the first of July, Korea has had only Japanese postage stamps. A special stamp has been issued to commemorate the postal union of the two countries.

GRAPE-NUTS PUDDING
DELICIOUS!
Try one For DESSERT
Book of Recipes in each pkg.

Best Place to Buy Christmas Fruits.
In buying the materials for your Christmas Cakes, Puddings, and Mincemeat, you are more particular to get the very best obtainable than probably any other time. Every housekeeper knows the great difference in the quality of Raisins, Currants, Peels and Shelled Nuts.
Our reputation for selling the best obtainable in everything, is well known in every part of the city, and we ask your inspection before placing your fruit order of our Selected Valencia, California Seeded, and Cleaned Sultana Raisins, Cleaned Vostizza, and Patras Currants, Candied Peels, and New Shelled Nuts, also the best grades of Molasses, Dark Sugar and Pastry Flour.
Your telephone orders will be carefully filled. Call
317 OR 1866.
T. A. ROWAT & CO.
234 DUNDAS STREET.

TO LOOT AND MURDER

Wife of 'Frisco Patrolman Tells a Startling Story of Conspiracy.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 22. — One of the most remarkable police scandals in the history of San Francisco has been exposed by the testimony of a wife against her husband in a divorce court. It involves a conspiracy among certain downtown police officials to break into and loot stores, and it also involves the murder of special patrolmen by these police thieves. Mrs. Mary Helms, in her suit for maintenance against Policeman J. H. Helms, revealed details of the conspiracy.

On the night of Aug. 23, 1900, George F. Nicholls, a special patrolman, was shot by two men who were surprised by him while robbing a cafe at Merchant and Sansome streets. After investigating the killing of Nicholls, Captain of Detectives Wittman told the police department he had sufficient evidence to send several members of the force to prison.

Mrs. Mary Helms, who is the wife of a patrolman, swears that her husband admitted to her he was a burglar and that he was assisted in his stealing by Patrolman John Edner, of Harbor Station. It was disclosed that the late Chief Wittman was in possession of this information, but never saw fit to put it to special use. At that time Mrs. Helms told Former Captain of Police Dunlevy all about Edner. Chief Dinan declares he will investigate, but there is general incredulity that any real action will be taken, as it might involve officials high in the service.

FURS, FURBELOWS OF PARIS BELLES

What the French Beauties Are Wearing in the Capital This Winter.

Paris Nov. 21. — Winter is hardly the season in which one would look for innovation in lingerie, yet a lovely young Parisian bride-to-be, whose marriage is soon to take place, has set a new and very sensible fashion in winter lingerie. Mademoiselle d'Aumeyville has been showing her friends the exquisite trousseau which has been prepared according to her personal instructions. The underwear intended for winter service is made of fleecy nun's veiling, in the palest of cream shades, just enough of the dead white to give it a richness in appearance which is not obtainable with the snow whitenesss so matchless for muslin underwear.

However light in texture, a woolen material cannot, of course be as bulkless as muslin and the new nun's veiling lingerie is constructed along the simplest of lines so far as cut is concerned, but it is far from plain, for what it lacks in furbelows is made up in beautiful hand embroidery, and insertions of valuable lace. Even the indispensable silk petticoats are given a woolen lining, for French houses are never quite comfortably warm, even at their best.

Another item of the fashionable bride's trousseau nowadays is the nightcap. The old-fashioned covering for the head in bed has been revived, but also improved upon. The up-to-date Parisienne no longer allows her locks to flow carelessly about her shoulders while she sleeps, but coiling or braiding them losely she gathers them up under the daintiest of caps. These little headdresses are made of every conceivable light material from the flimsiest gauze and mousseline de soie to the most priceless pieces of lace. Tulle and point d'esprit are very much in vogue, because they do up well, and the open mesh has the advantage of not interfering with the circulation of air about the head.

The favorite shape is one resembling the "mob" cap, of the servants in Cruikshank's illustrations of Dickens' books, the fullness being gathered into several rows of frills, which fall gracefully about the face.

Many women also affect a cap for morning wear in their boudoir, but these are made of non-transparent silk, and are most effective in hiding the ungainly curlers, in protecting the hair from dust, or in preventing it from becoming disarranged after it has once been dressed. Though the nightcap is invariably white or cream, the daycap ranges in color through all the delicate tints of the rainbow. A wise woman affects the color which most becomes her "daylight" complexion, and from the unpleasant spectacles of a head disfigured by curl papers and pins, she may transform her appearance into a very charming one, and yet not forego her curls.

The ultra coquette makes use of the little curls which are so much in vogue nowadays for so many purposes, and with a little deftness can deceive even her best friend as to whether or not she crimps her hair.

Purple runs riot this season in the modiste's creations as well as those of the dressmaker, the Parisienne goes to the two extremes of color and the tints most worn are the most quakerish of grays or the most flamboyant purples. A little green is here and there seen to relieve the monotony of the heliotropes, and plums, and violets, but they are rather of subdued tones, bordering on the almond and lettuce greens, and are mainly used in the confection of house gowns.

Never have muffs been more popular than they will be this season. They run to size and are seen in every imaginable material. Fur muffs for bitter cold weather, velvet muffs to match the visiting gowns, silk muffs for the same purpose, chiffon and feather muffs for evening wear. No evening wrap is considered complete that does not now comprise a voluminous cloak, and a muff to match. Animal heads and paws are largely used to ornament the fur muffs, while birds or bunches of flowers adorn those of lighter texture.

MATHESON IS HOPEFUL

Expects to See a Surplus at End of Ontario's Financial Year.

Toronto, Nov. 21.—Buoyant revenues are reported by Hon. Col. Matheson.

The Provincial Treasurer said this morning that ordinary revenue was in excess of last year. Ontario's financial years ends with the calendar year.

Bonuses on timber which Mr. Matheson has always considered extraordinary revenue, are less this year than last, those for 1904 having been swelled by the payments on 1903 timber. The estimate of $450,000 from succession duties has already been exceeded by about $50,000. This does not include returns from the Fulford, Gooderham or other estates, which may be made before the end of the year.

There has been an increase in the revenue from public institutions and from supplementary sources.

Ontario has not yet received a share of the Dominion taxes on Chinese emigrants. Last year $6,000 was received from this source.

Hon. Mr. Matheson hopes for a surplus.

If you are interested in a bargain in boots and shoes, drop into W. B. Lawson's, 198 Dundas street, and get a pair of the Murray Shoe Company's travelers' samples. They are being sold at less than wholesale prices. They are not damaged and very few are soiled.

Special Sale of
Furniture Coverings
CONTINUES THIS WEEK
A rare chance to secure Coverings at a great reduction. $1.25 and $1.00 goods for **75c**
Madras For hangings and draperies, in plain red and plain green, at ***40c*** a yard.
Fringes to match at ***5c, 10c, 15c, 18c*** and ***25c.***
Dark Madras In Oriental colorings, elegant in design and effect, from ***50c*** to ***$1.25*** a yard.

Special Bargains in Made-up Cushions
3 only best quality sateen, 4-inch double frill, $1 25, for **90c**
1 only Fancy Denim, with cord and tassel, $1 35, for **$1 00**
2 only Striped Sateen, double frill, $2 00 for **$1 10**
1 only Oriental Coloring Satin, heavy cord, $3 00, for **$2 10**
1 only Embroidered Silk, pale pink, with cord and tassel, $3 50 for **$2 90**

Tapestry Curtains
In reds, green, gold and tabac, at **$2 50, $3 50** and upwards.
New line of Tapestry Table Covers, with plain and fancy centers, extra value, from 50c to **$6 50**
ROPE PORTIERES for double doors at $7 50, $9 00, $11 00 and **$12 00**
These ropes can be made to match any carpet in any style.

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MARA'S 134 Dundas St., Through to Carling
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CLOTHING DEPARTMENT UPSTAIRS
BRAND NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.
BOYS' RUSSIAN OVERCOATS.
BOYS' RUSSIAN STYLE OVERCOATS, with belts, pure wool, niggerhead material, blue only. Regular $4.50, for ***$2.95***
BOYS' RUSSIAN STYLE OVERCOATS, in brown shade, with fur trimming and belts, fancy tweed, with reversible lining and belts: also shades of gray, plaid backs and belts, finest of material. Regular $4.50 to $6.00, for ***$3.75***
BOYS' TWO-PIECE SCHOOL SUITS, Norfolk style and pleats, pure wool materials, sizes 24 to 33; special ***$2.50***
BOYS' THREE-PIECE SUITS, all pure wool material, Lion Brand goods, double seats and double knees, sizes 28 to 33; regular $3.50 and $4. To clear...***$2.95***
BOYS' LOOSE FITTING TWEED OVERCOATS, all pure wool material, with belts (A 1 lining), extra long lengths, sizes 28 to 33, special.....***$3.95***
Men's Overcoats At Almost Price of Materials

MEN'S LOOSE FITTING OVERCOATS, purest of wool material, plain shades and fancy stripes, best of lining (C. M. R. brand), fit guaranteed. Regular $10.00 and $12.50 for.....***$7.49***
65c KID GLOVES, extra fine quality, gussets and fancy lining, sizes 7½ to 10. Regular 65c, for pair.....***50c***
WAYS' MUFFLERS.
Endless variety, from 25c up to.....***$1.00***
MEN'S MOLESKIN PANTS AND SMOCKS, heavy weight, regular 90c, for, pair ***75c***

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An imperial edict in China abolishes bow and arrow from the army. All the soldiers are to be armed with the most modern weapons.

If people aren't careful the gilt on their honesty will wear off.