

4 O'clock
EDITION.

VOL. XXIX., NO. 118.

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1892.

Two Cents
PER COPY.

WHOLE NO. 9193.

Sensation in Rome

Caused by an Article Inspired by the Pope.

Attacks on Archbishop Ireland Refuted by His Holiness.

Internal Turmoil Stares the Kaiser in the Face.

Political Parties Combining Against the Emperor's Absolutism.

A Gladstonian Elected for South Derbyshire.

Tories Badly Beaten in the Old London County Council Elections.

The Grand Duke's Condition.

BERLIN, March 6.—The Grand Duke of Hesse, son-in-law of Queen Victoria, continues paralyzed. His general strength is maintained.

The Gladstonian Got There.

LONDON, March 6.—Evans Broad has been elected to the House of Commons as the Parliamentary division of South Derbyshire over Bedford Melville. Mr. Broad was the Gladstonian candidate.

Financial Sensation at Melbourne.

MELBOURNE, March 6.—The suspension of the Mercantile Bank of Australia announced yesterday, created a profound sensation. A new bank will be formed to acquire the business after the liquidation of the old bank.

The Marquis of Dufferin and the Pope.

ROME, March 6.—The Marquis of Dufferin, the newly appointed British ambassador to France, who was lately British ambassador to Italy, has visited the Pope, who has declined to receive him until he has presented his letters of recall from the quirk.

Muzzling the Press.

BERLIN, March 6.—It is rumored that Herr von Bennigsen will resign owing to discontent over the Education Bill. The weekly publication, Gegenwart, has been confiscated for commenting on the Emperor's Brandenburg speech. This makes the eighth publication seized for the same cause.

An Internal Machine.

BRUSSELS, March 6.—A newspaper of this city, reports an attempt to work destruction at the British Embassy here with an internal machine containing two pounds of explosive matter. The attempt was discovered just in time by some workmen, who promptly quenched the burning of a fuse attached to the death-dealing apparatus.

Gossip in Re Parliament.

LONDON, March 6.—The Sunday Sun says that the fact that the Government is allowing some of its supporters to go abroad for several weeks indicates that it does not intend to dissolve Parliament yet a while. The whole tendency of Parliamentary opinion, "the Sun continues, "is that the general elections will be postponed until July and perhaps November.

Salvatonists Mobbed.

LONDON, March 7.—Eastbourne yesterday was once more the scene of disorder arising out of the hostility for the Salvation Army frequently shown there. During the day a mob fiercely attacked the Salvationists in the street and the police, though making strong efforts to keep order, were overpowered as the result of repeated stonings. Many persons were injured, including a number of Salvation "ladies," several of whom fainted. One of these women was so badly hurt that it was necessary to remove her to a hospital.

Combining Against the Emperor.

BERLIN, March 6.—The leaders of the National-Liberal and Freisinnig parties are exchanging confidences with a view to concerted action against the Emperor's absolutism. The parties have too widely divergent programmes to permit of fusion, but in the face of danger from a common enemy who would destroy them both, a temporary coalition is recognized as being inevitable. The question now discussed in the lobby of the Reichstag is what plan of campaign ought to be adopted against the Government. The proposed coalition, however, would not be sufficient to overthrow the Emperor's legislative projects unless an alliance was effected with the free Conservatives. If the advice of Professor Delbrück, one of the most prominent of the free Conservatives, be followed, this alliance will not be accomplished, and the Government, no longer able to rely on a compact Clerico-Conservative majority, ought to succumb and the Emperor to accept a new line of policy.

Whom Determined to Have His Way.

BERLIN, March 6.—It is a well known fact that the Emperor has been greatly enraged by the press comments on the criticism of his Brandenburg speech, and is determined to contest the generally admitted rights which have hitherto protected the press from prosecution. The Brandenburg speech of his Majesty continues to be the universal topic of conversation here. The phrases which excited most comment, and which is becoming familiar as a proverb, is the one in which he advises the discontented "Norddeutschen stehn von ihren protesten ab." It is asked at whom he is aimed as "slippery grammar." It certainly could not have been the Socialists, as it would have been the Progressives, as neither of these parties is identified with a life of slippery ease. It is surmised that the phrase had reference to the National-Liberals, perhaps to Prince Bismarck and Herr von Bennigsen, the leader of the National-Liberals, and Dr. Meinel, the Finance Minister. Another surmise is that the Emperor simply hit the phrase in a moment of vicious exaltation. His majesty drinks less than most wine drinkers, but he can stand less. After taking two glasses of champagne he becomes talkative, and after the third he becomes talkative and audacious. His after-dinner speeches usually require editing, but the Brandenburg utterances were published without editing. The press implies that the Emperor is aided to abide by his recent declarations, which are offensive to most educated Germans.

WORK AND WAGES.

The English Miners May Decide Not to Strike.

LONDON, March 6.—The outlook in the coal trade and among consumers is somewhat brighter than it has been for several days past and it appears now as though the Miners' Federation might decide somewhat from their stand not to accept a penny reduction in the wages paid to miners. It appears probable that the "gigantic strike" which it was proposed to inaugurate on March 12, in order to restrict the output and thus compel consumers to pay such an advanced price for coal as would warrant the mine owners in making no reduction in wages, will not take place. It would not be safe, however, to make a positive statement that events will follow this course. Large numbers of manufacturers have announced their decision to close their works rather than to pay increased prices for coal, and the effect of this has been to bring about an abatement in the demand, which at one time caused almost a state of panic.

Durham miners have held a meeting at which a disposition was plainly shown to accept the masters' offer of a 5 per cent. reduction in wages instead of the larger reduction, as the masters first proposed. If the Durham miners decide finally to accept this reduction it is probable that the miners in several other counties will do likewise.

At New York the strike against Contractor John R. Downey for employing cabinet-makers to do the work of carpenters at reduced rates has been quieted in favor of the carpenters' union, and about 1,000 men will return to work.

Late Canadian News

A Brockville Turnkey Nearly Killed by a Prisoner.

Two Sombra Tailors in the Toils, Charged with Smuggling.

Louis Dugan, an employee of the Shedd Company at Kingston, on Friday lifted and carried 532 pounds of white lead.

George Kyle was slashed with a razor in the hands of Maud Colling at Sarnia on Friday. The woman was remanded on Saturday. Kyle is in a precarious condition.

Mr. H. P. Moore, of the Acton Free Press, has been elected president of the Canadian Press Association, and Mr. Alexander Pirie, of the Dundas Banner, vice-president.

A tramp named Moore, confined in Brockville jail, charged with an unnatural crime, escaped Friday morning by using a rope made from his bedding. A reward of \$100 is offered for his capture.

Turnkey Downey, of Brockville prison, is in a critical condition from wounds inflicted by a prisoner named Egan. When Egan opened Downey's cell door Saturday, the latter attacked the turnkey with part of an iron bedstead, wounding the officer in eight places.

The German oil steamer Pauld, for Hamburg, from New York, put into Halifax on Friday for repairs. During a three days' storm, the Pauld's steward was thrown over the deck by a heavy sea and had his arm broken, while one of the seamen was instantly killed.

A dispatch from Marine City, Mich., says Frank May and George Logan, merchant tailors of Sombra, Ont., have been arrested there for smuggling clothing. When arrested they had clothing in their possession to deliver to parties there who had ordered the goods.

The Manitoba Legislature will open on Thursday.

Dr. Sinclair, a leading dentist of Hamilton, is dead.

John McCallum, of Kincaid township, was accidentally killed while loading sawlogs.

A funeral aid society has been organized at Winnipeg to enable widows to bury their husbands.

Stock in the Gibraltar Furniture Company is being secured. The concern will manufacture largely and new buildings will be put up.

The City Hotel in Kingston, has been sold to C. Millan for \$6,000. The late proprietor will remove to Virginia to take up the milking business.

Mrs. R. Cooper, of Bloomfield, scratched her finger in a simple way, but it grew so inflamed that doctors had to amputate both the finger and a section of the hand.

James H. Brown, a former Belleville journalist, advertising canvasser for Toronto dailies, and a member of Toronto Typographical Union, died in the general hospital in Kingston on Friday.

Anna Bligh, a well-known vocalist, died suddenly in Welland on Saturday at her father's residence. She was around town during the day and complained of feeling unwell only a few minutes before she died.

THE CONTEMPLATED STEAL.

Another Independent Journal's Strong Arrangement.

The Humiliating Position of Mr. Carling Demonstrated.

The Toronto Week, which, if it has any political leanings at all, is Conservative, has a strong article on the attempt to deprive Mr. Hyman, M.P., of the seat to which he has been fairly elected. As will be seen, the Week speaks very kindly of Mr. Carling, so that its criticism is based on public grounds and its contention is solely for justice. Here is what it says:

"Waiving all disputed points, the simple fact that the Minister stands elected only in virtue of votes which were declared worthless by the returning officer, who certainly cannot be suspected of Oppression, seems to us decisive of the merits of the case, and we are unwilling to believe that Mr. Carling will not see it in the same light. It is one of the inequities of the franchise act that it affords facilities for the stuffing of the preliminary lists with hundreds of names of those who have no right to vote. It is bad enough that the removal of such names can be effected only with great expense and trouble, to which is superadded the constant danger of failure through noncompliance with some legal technicality. But that an 'Honorable' member, not to say a Crown Minister, should owe his seat in the House even for a session to such votes, after they have actually been found to be worthless by the Government's own officer and have been struck off by him, would be worse.

"One New Brunswick member already sits in the House in virtue of his opponent's failure to observe a legal technicality, but better things are expected from Mr. Carling. In the foregoing we assume that the returning officer would not have struck off the names without clear and satisfactory evidence that they had no right to be on the list. If there is any room for doubt on this point, as the Free Press intimates, the case is, of course, modified, in proportion."

Our contemporary need have no misgivings on this point. On the principle that "what is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander," not one of the names referred to had any right to be on the list, and neither the Free Press nor any other journal has so contended. The fact is, the owners of the names were given exactly the same opportunity to defend their franchise as were the Liberals, with perhaps a trifle more consideration on the part of the returning officer. They were summoned to attend the court as directed by the law; they were notified for days in advance of the holding of the court that they must attend, and in big type the Free Press warned them that absence when their names were called would result in their names being struck off, as provided by the act. Many did attend and gave evidence. The names of both Liberals and Conservatives were so struck off, and when the Liberals asked to be allowed to reopen the cases before Judge Elliot, he refused to either issue subpoenas or allow new evidence. Surely it is not too much to ask that the justice meted out to the Conservatives shall be the same as that given by Judge Elliot to the Liberals.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The Advance in Salaries.

To the Editor of the ADVANTAGE:

I know that I am only voicing the opinions of many others when I enter my protest against the action of the Council on the salary question. It is thought that the prospects of reduced taxation, which we were to receive through the efforts of the brilliant financiers and business men elected to the House and Senate, are looking very faint, and that any saving effected by cutting down salaries of ill-paid members would be more than eaten up by the generous salaries to the mayor and other big officials. We were told that these gentlemen would bring their business experiences into play for the benefit of the citizens at large, but we would ask, what member of the Council has, within his experience, ever known any business man to double the salary of any of his employees without first doubling his work and responsibility? It is certainly not a personal experience with any of them.

In face of the probable cost of the Victoria bridge works and other large expenses to be met during the present year, coupled with the fact that many of the large property holders in the city are either at a fixed or low assessment, thus increasing the burden on the smaller owners, we think the Council's action most unjust, and further that the Council Committee recommended that the workingmen of this city, who own their little houses and lot, should be given a chance of paying their taxes without a feeling that they are paying those of gentlemen who are well able to pay their own. We trust that the City Council will reconsider the matter, and keep expenses as low as is consistent with efficiency. I am, sir, yours truly,

VOX POPULI.

The Increased Salaries.

To the Editor of the ADVANTAGE:

I, with scores of other men who are out of work, would like to know on what grounds the Council Committee recommended such increases in salaries of civic officials as reported the other evening. The tendency of the age seems to be, from the highest federal to the lowest municipal position, to get a grip on the people's money bag. There are scores of men in the city not earning \$1 a week for lack of work, and yet they are to be taxed to give large increases to salaries which in a city like London, and for the work performed, are already large. And is the removal of the wood measure to be permanent? In nothing has the people who buy be benefited than in the purchase of wood unless it is measured and marked by a competent and trustworthy official. Please publish this. Mr. Editor, and oblige one of many who are

Out of Work.

London, March 7.

We Have a Choice Assortment

Perfumes and Sachet Powders

Cairncross & Lawrence

Dispensing Chemists.

256 - Dundas - Street, London.

LONDON WEST SCHOOLS.

Monthly Meeting of the Board—Agreements of Five Teachers to be Renewed—The Board Fuzzed Over Non-Resident Pupils.

Messrs. Jones (chairman), Brown, (secretary), Pacey, Murdoch, Davidson and Principal Liddell were present at the regular meeting of the London West School Board on Friday evening.

A number of accounts were passed and those of the Benet, Furnishing Company and Mr. Gurd were laid over.

J. W. Davidson was granted the use of the school house for an entertainment to be given by Hammond Temperance Lodge. A communication from R. P. Pacey, janitor, asked for an increase in salary. Laid over until the next meeting of the Board.

A copy of the revised school law will be furnished each member.

Seven new maps will be purchased at a cost of \$28 35.

Secretary Brown was granted \$25 for efficient services during the last three years.

A long conversation ensued on the punishing of pupils. It arose out of a question asked by Mr. Pacey as to whether teachers were allowed to take pupils out into a hall and punish them.

The agreements of all the teachers will be renewed except Miss Florence Jeffries, which expires on June 30.

London West school has a large number of non-resident pupils, and the School Act was read on this subject, but the Board could not understand it and no results followed.

The head master's report showed a total of 326 on the roll and an average attendance of 272.

Tons of Tin. The new British steamer Massachusetts, Captain Williams, arrived at Swansea last night, where she will load for New York 3,000 tons of tin plates. This will be the largest shipment of tin plates to the United States since the McKinley bill went into effect.

Officers Elected.

ORAWA, March 7.—The election of officers of the Canadian Press Association for the year resulted as follows: President, H. P. Moore, Free Press, Acton; first vice-president, A. Pirie, Banner, Dundas; second vice-president, F. D. Ross, Journal, Ottawa; secretary-treasurer, J. E. Allen, Globe, Toronto; assistant secretary, J. S. Brierly, Journal, St. Thomas; Executive Committee, L. W. Shannon, News, Kingston; T. H. Brown, Express, Brantford; R. Holmes, New Era, Clinton; L. G. Jackson, Era, Newmarket; C. H. Mortimer, Electric News, Toronto.

Bones.

The following composition on bones was actually written by a boy, and was thought so amusing and original by the teacher that she gave it to the editor of the Popular Science News for publication, from which journal we extract it.

Bones are the frame work of the body. If I had no bones in me, I should not have much motion, and grandmother would be glad; but I like to move. Bones give me motion because they are something hard for motion to cling to. If I had no bones, my brains, lungs, heart and large blood vessels would be lying around in me and might get hurt, but now the bones get hurt, but not much unless it is a hard hit.

If my bones were burned I should be hurt, because it would be like an animal out of me. If I were soaked in acid I should be limber. Teacher showed us a bone that had been soaked. I could bend it easily. I would rather be soaked than hurt. Some of my bones don't grow close to my body, such as the branches of a tree, and I am glad they don't, for if they did I could not play leap-frog and other nice games I know.

The reason they don't grow snug to my body is because they have joints. Joints are good things to have in bones. There are two kinds. The ball and socket. The ball and socket, like my shoulder, is best. Teacher showed it to me, only it was the thigh bone of an ox. One end was round, smooth and whitish. The other end was hollow in deep. That is the socket, and it fits itself. It is the only machine that fits itself.

Another joint is the hinge joint, like my elbow. It swings back and forth and it is like a door. There is another joint that don't seem like a joint. That is the skull. It don't have a motion.

All my bones put together in their right places make a skeleton. If I leave any out, or put any in their wrong places, it ain't no skeleton. Cripples and deformed people don't have no skeletons. Some animals have their skeletons all their outside. I am glad I ain't them animals, for my skeleton, like it is on the chart, would not look well on my outside.

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University theater was partly fire Thursday night. No recently been given at the

Work Store.

GROCERIES,

WINES and

LIQUORS,

Wholesale and Retail

E. B. SMITH,

125 Dundas Street and 9

Market Square.

W. GOODS

Perfumes, Brushes, Tooth Brushes.

CROSS & LAWRENCE

Chemists and Druggists.

256 - DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

ND "HORSE-SENSE"

Canadian Farmer Is Out of Pocket.

Canadian Farmer's Opinion on the Horse Market.

Canadian Farmer's Opinion on the Horse Market.

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Open Letter to Mr. Laurier

Free Trade to the Rescue.

To the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier:

The by-elections have exploded the

prophecy of the late lamented Sir John

Macdonald, "after me the deluge." The

deluge which constructed the more delicate

machinery of the Pacific Scandal has not

yet been the cause of the deluge. For

weeks we have had cause to know that "for

me the deluge" is not a circumstance

which is the result of a single election

and that the deluge is the result of a

series of elections. The Liberal party

has a great deal to be proud of in the

face of a deluge which has been

deluging the country for the past twelve

months. They have ignored the existence

of a public "moral apathy," portrayed by

recently by a master hand, and have

assumed that the people are as

Ottawa last May—compared to which the

Pacific Scandal revelations were but as a

drop in the bucket—would be followed by

the same sweeping condemnation at the

polls that characterized the general elec-

tion of 1874. As well have hoped to gather

grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles. The

"white heat" of a virtuous national indignation,

which consumed (for a time) the

corruptionists of the Pacific Scandal era,

unhappily exhausted the capital stock

of virtue in the Canadian body politic, and

the Pacific Scandal to-day would do nothing

more than oppress the constituencies with

sin. The McGreevey-Connolly disclosures,

which shocked the people of England and

the United States, did not do much to

discredit the Conservative party within and

without the House of Commons; but when the

Pacaud-Mercier scandals arose the temporary

aversion referred to was superseded by an

aversion more general than they at

first supposed. Had some accusation only

been preferred against the Mowat Adminis-

tration, and some foundation, however

slender, been established for the bare

presumption that there, also, corruption had

been, then indeed "it would have been

unavoidable," and even the pulp of

the deluge would have been at the

threshold of a general election. But

the deluge is not a single election, and

there is no closer resemblance than that

between Buddhism and Methodism, and in

the individual, between the dusky Hindoo

and the Greek Apollo. The principal

of the deluge is the recognition of an

existing free fanaticism, euphemistically

known as "loyalty to party." The gerry-

mander, if attempted in England, would

prove (as the Prime Minister has proved)

a ludicrous failure, and, to be temporarily

effective, would have to be repeated

at least once a year. In Ontario the

electors are hived, on the assumption that

no matter how they swarm and reproduce

their species, they will retain the same

stripe and color from generation to genera-

tion. In our Parliament the character

of the concessions are exhibited with

equal intensity. A budget debate may

last for weeks, but the ultimate result can

be determined, with unerring certainty, be-

fore the first amendment is proposed. No

one for a moment dreams that the votes

of the opposition will add to the strength

of the majority who record their votes

at the crack of the party whip. Wherein

does such a system harmonize with

party government in England? There the

Tory of yesterday is the Liberal of to-

day; the Liberal of today may be the

Conservative of tomorrow. The most

famous of British statesmen have been,

alternately, Whig and Tory, and the de-

termination of great public questions has

driven them from, or drawn them to, one

of these great political parties. In

Canada the party system is a mere

mimicry of the British system, and the

mainstream of the party system is

driven from the first till the last

session of the Parliamentary term, and

the eloquence of Demosthenes, super-

added to the wisdom of Nestor, in

opposition, would fail to diminish

the majority by the following

wide-spread discontent, and not a few

asserted that the unwavering integrity of

the Mackenzie Government, in standing

fast by British institutions, was well enough

expedient in Canadian party politics. Had

Alexander Mackenzie done nothing else,

during his public career, than resist the in-

troduction of protection into Canada, for

that alone his memory will be revered, long

after he has joined the great majority.

Adam Smith had been in his grave nearly

60 years before his system of economic

science was accepted by his countrymen, and

it was only after England had reaped the

blessings of free trade that she realized the

greatness of the man whose teaching

had so long despised. Had Mackenzie

yielded to the protectionists, in 1878, even

to the extent of a 23 rise, his Liberal

party would not have been averted, but

merely postponed. As well have hoped to

satiate a tiger which has tasted blood, as a protectionist

who has once fattened on a monopoly. Had

Mackenzie yielded he would have become

the slave of the "Red Parlor," as his suc-

cessors became, or being a sterner stuff

than they, his Waterloo would have come

in 1882, and not in 1878. But what attitude

has the Reform party assumed

towards protection since Mackenzie fell?

Can it be denied that in the general elec-

tions of '82 and '87 the party were at sixes

and sevens on the trade question? In '82 the

N. P. "had not had a fair trial," and a few

mushroom factories had sprung up which

deluded people into the belief that the

foundations of a permanent prosperity

were being laid. In '87 the Reformers,

by the hundred, urged that the N. P. had

been accepted by the country, and that it

was idle to kick against the pricks. In that

campaign the franchise Act were the

stock in trade upon the hustings, and a

discourse in Greek to the Highlanders of

Glenagarry would have been equally per-

tinent and effective. In 1891, for the first

time, the Reformers with one accord

denied the N. P., with the result that

the Government, and the Liberal party

must now admit that had the Reform

party been as united on this one great

question in '82 and '87 as in last March

the doom of the protectionist Government,

would have been sealed years ago.

Now, sir, in the light of history, what do

you suggest as the policy of the Liberal

party for the future? The by-elections

were neither won nor lost upon the trade

question. That question has even a greater

hold upon the minds of the yeomanry than

ever before, and no advocate of the party

regarding it has risen since March, 1891.

You know the elements which were

brought to bear upon the by-elections, and

you also know that these would have been

impossible and ineffective in a general elec-

tion. But, sir, you also know that the

Government, and the Liberal party, must

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and steadily increasing the rate as we ap-

proach the millennium of the millennium.

The latter have pillaged the masses for

fifteen years; let us get some of their

exactions back.) But if each household

were levied upon to the extent of \$25 a

year, who will dispute that in lieu thereof,

in the remote and inaccessible taxon-
duced prices from other sources—foreign
competition, for example—such households
would recover twice, many households
thrice, that sum? I do not profess to
be able to unfold in detail the most
desirable procedure for collecting a direct
tax, but I do say that the politician or
statesman who believes in direct taxation
and who hesitates to declare, and to
advocate it in Parliament and on the
hustings, is not the politician or statesman
who will ever become to me at least an
ideal. One cannot imagine such men as
Cobden, Bright or Gladstone believing in
one principle and yet advocating, or being
afraid to oppose, another. The harmles-
ness of direct taxation is so well realized
by the Tory party leaders, that upon
the stump they are driven to con-
struct a series of fables within which
to conceal its true character from the
masses. In the rural districts, when ad-
dressing the farmers, they convert the
specter into a veritable goblin, who in the
guise of a bailiff, would, when the direct
tax became due, enter the homestead and
remove bodily the farmer's horse, or cow,
or vehicle, or agricultural implement,
whichever most conveniently came to his
hand, and sell it in payment. When
Cabinet Ministers resort to such drafts
upon their unscrupulous imaginations to
hoodwink and delude the electors, the
doom of the pernicious system of indirect
taxation can only be postponed by reason
of the extreme dimming of the vision of
the Tory party leaders, who in the
guise of a bailiff, would, when the direct
tax became due, enter the homestead and
remove bodily the farmer's horse, or cow,
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God's in His heaven, All's right with the world.

—[BROWNSON.]

London, Monday, March 7.

THE RESULTS AND THE RESPONSIBILITIES.

What an amount of bitterness of feeling!—estrangement of neighbors!—expense to the community and to individuals!—what loss of time and loss of business!—what severing of business dealings!—what stoppage of projects and movements requiring the united and harmonious cooperation of the whole community, have been caused by the various occurrences growing out of the greedy determination of one grasping and selfish man that the peace of the community should be torn up by the roots rather than that anyone other than himself should obtain a share in any representative honors London might have to afford!

When Mr. Hyman was elected by a majority of 183 in the general election, Mr. Carling should have been less greedy, more magnanimous.

Mr. Carling had been comfortably ensconced in a life seat in the Senate, with \$1,000 a year and nothing to do.

His portfolio in the Government was not endangered.

There was no necessity for the turmoil and bitterness and expense to both parties of a new election contest.

The business community needed quietness and opportunity to settle down, rather than the adding of fresh fuel to the flame.

Then came the recent bye-contest, and Mr. Hyman's election once more by a majority of 16.

Once again a grasping and selfish man, not content with the 30 or 40 years' monopoly of London's representative honors—for several years actually monopolizing the representation of the city in the Dominion Commons and the Ontario Legislature at one and the same time—refuses to abide by the decision of the electors, and plunges the community to which he owes everything into renewed turmoil, renewed bitterness, renewed damage to business.

We ask the fair-play-loving citizens of London, whether they be Conservative, or Liberal, or ordinarily neutral, shall the turmoil continue? Shall the bitterness be intensified where it should be pacified by the rendering of justice? Shall the business of the city be further interfered with? Shall the conspiracy succeed?

THE JUDGE AND HIS JUDGMENTS.

Our contemporary need not trouble itself about our course as to Judge Elliot.

The statements made in our issue of Saturday are all true, and we are prepared to prove these and a good deal more when the proper occasion comes.

Until Mr. Aylesworth got in his say the other day, the Liberals have practically been unable to get in any argument before him. He had made up his mind as to the invalidity of the notices before anyone said a word.

The whole proceeding upon the appeals was most arbitrary. No subpoenas would be issued, no evidence taken. Mr. Fraser stated the evidence and the judge concurred in his findings, and that was all there was to it.

Now the judge suggests that no one surely would object to new evidence being offered on the Conservative side. What greater proof of the truth of what we say could be furnished than that suggested? What simplicity!

Every sane man knows that for the Liberals to concur in opening up the case before him would be the grossest folly. Why should they concur in allowing new evidence to be given by others when that privilege was positively denied them?

Why, when the case was closed, save to wait the judgment of the Court of Appeal, should a new trial be had merely to give a chance to snatch a verdict?

Suspension Bridge and Niagara Falls South have amalgamated. It is very likely, therefore, that there will be another city in Western New York within a week, as the proposed charter has already had second reading at Albany. The present population is over 12,000.

THE NEW DODGE.

If further evidence were wanted than has been given that no one thought of or suggested the opening up of the 125 cases on the merits until after the election, it is furnished by Judge Elliot himself. Here is his judgment on Dec. 31, 1891:

"An appeal was heard before me on Nov. 29 last, the questions being whether certain notices of Oct. 26, 1891, which had been given by one Frank Bailey, objecting to certain names being allowed to remain on the voters' list for the city of London, were valid and sufficient to authorize the removal of these names."

"I then decided that in my opinion these notices were invalid, for the reason that no grounds of objection were stated therein as required by the statute."

"The result of this decision, if carried into effect, would be to retain on the list these persons in respect of whom the alleged defective notices had been given."

"But this decision was never carried into effect. Because, by a decision of the Court of Queen's Bench, the said notices were held to be sufficient, and under a mandate of the said court the revising officer proceeded to deal with these notices on that footing."

"This decision of the Court of Queen's Bench is now, it appears, appealed against, and the appeal is now pending before the proper Appellate Court."

"In this situation of matters I reserve judgment on the question which is now brought before me as to the retention or removal of their names until the result of this appeal shall be known."

"W. ELLIOT, County Magistrate."

"December 31, 1891."

Judge Elliot did not reserve the consideration of these cases until after the judgment of the Court of Appeal, but he reserved "JUDGMENT ON THE QUESTION WHICH IS NOW BROUGHT BEFORE ME AS TO THE RETENTION OR REMOVAL OF THEIR NAMES UNTIL THE RESULT OF THIS APPEAL SHALL BE KNOWN."

Can anything be plainer? He was asked to reserve and did reserve his judgment solely on the question of the validity of the notices, as he himself shows.

The first proposition after the election was to go on and gazette Mr. Carling, counting the bogus votes and disregarding altogether the fact that they had been removed from the list.

But as the opinion at Ottawa on both sides was strong that no return could be made until the appeal had been disposed of that course could not be carried out.

It is necessary to have the appeals disposed of before there can be a return.

The judge cannot very well be asked to overrule two courts. Can no other way be found to circumvent the Liberals?

The clumsy suggestion then was put forward that enough of the votes in appeal would be counted to serve their purpose—i.e., that the judge would be asked to override his express ruling as to evidence and to override the plain meaning of his own judgment.

LONDON DECLARES FOR PROGRESS AND EQUITY.

A great victory for the progressive municipal reform movement was scored in the British metropolis on Saturday last, and as the Liberals championed the cause it may safely be contended that the victory is a splendid omen of the coming success of Mr. Gladstone in the capital city when a dissolution of Parliament takes place.

Three years ago, when the Council was established as a part of the new local government system of England, the Conservatives asserted that they were gazing napping. Their opponents organized with a will, while the Conservatives, trusting to secure a victory through the alleged strong Conservatism of the metropolis, only carried a minority of the seats, and the Liberal peer, Lord Rosebery, was elected chairman. Notwithstanding the efforts of the Conservative Association to hamper the Council in its endeavor to work out improvements for the benefit of the masses, who had been too long at the mercy of the millionaire land-owners, the Council, during its three years of existence, did much honest work for the metropolis. But its views were unpalatable in the eyes of the Conservative squires who have for generations been fattening on the ground rents of the city and its suburbs.

As summarized by a cable correspondent, we learn that the Council refused to carry out certain great street improvements, such as the widening of the Strand, until it had obtained statutory powers to compel the property owners directly benefited by them to contribute something to their cost. It sought to obtain from Parliament powers to buy out the tramways and gas and water companies; but, above all, it demanded that the immense income derived by the great London landlords from ground rents should be directly taxed. All these proposals were fiercely denounced as socialistic, and the Duke of Westminster, Duke of Norfolk, and other noble millionaires, whose vested interests were threatened, have for three years past spent money lavishly in organizing opposition to the Council. They secured complete control of the Tory party machinery, and fought on Saturday with the desperation of gamblers who had staked their fortunes on the result of the game. Speaking at a meeting on Thursday night, in support of the Dukes, Lord Randolph Churchill made a fervid, almost hysterical, appeal to the electors "to save the Unionist cause from falling once more into the hands of the enemy." He put the issue definitely as between the Tories and Liberals, and as such it has been universally accepted.

The result is the complete victory of the progressive movement as championed by Lord Rosebery. There can be no doubt that the enlarged municipal powers will be granted by the new Government, in which Lord Rosebery will take all probability be a leader. The political significance of the victory is also great. It forebodes the carrying by the Liberals of a large number of the metropolitan seats now held by followers of Lord Salisbury.

WHY NOT OPENLY PROTEST?

The leading element in the Conservative party are the strongest advocates of the attempt to steal the seat from Mr. Hyman. There should be enough of fair-minded men in the Conservative ranks, who desire nothing but justice, to prevent the perpetration of the outrage. Why should these men not openly condemn the tactics of the manipulators who insist that one law shall be applied to Liberals and another to Conservatives? Even if they object to the tactics decreed by the betting men, they must know that unless they openly protest against the line of action now being pursued their opposition will do nothing to prevent the contemplated wrong-doing.

THE BREWERS AND THE TARIFF.

Mr. Harry Carling was among the number of the brewers who interviewed the Government, asking for a reduction of the duty on malt.

There is no class of manufacturers in the country with a larger profit now than the brewers. They could well afford to allow the retailer a greater margin than he has and still leave themselves a large profit. But doubtless they will succeed. They contribute well to the party and must be rewarded, and doubtless this has been their unstinted.

When the N. P. was inaugurated and taxes were being piled up all around, one of the first acts of Mr. Carling's Government was to reduce the duty on malt.

While the brewers are asking for this reduction, the book publishers are asking for an increased duty on books. The acquisition of knowledge must be made more expensive and the brewer assisted to add to his already great profit.

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

The Quebec Provincial elections take place to-morrow.

New York City has now a population of 1,789,684, while Brooklyn has 955,310.

The Dundas Banner submits that if Mr. Carling takes a seat "in Parliament on no better warrant than the votes of electors whose names were struck off the rolls by his own revising barrister, he is not the man he has always held up to the people of Ontario as being. How could he be content to sit in Parliament, in Mr. Hyman's seat, when everybody would know that his majority was made up of bogus votes?"

Poor old Homer is having nearly as hard a time now on earth as he experienced during life. The question of birthplace remaining still unsettled, an English lecturer is roaming up and down and to and fro propounding the disconcerting problem. "Was Homer a Woman?" Clearly the time has come to revive the ancient controversy as to whether the blind bard ever existed.

Sir John Everett Millais, the great painter, is never so happy as when sketching from nature in Scotland. Seated beside some twinkling burn, with an old pipe in his mouth, he will work all day without troubling about food.

The Queen has consented to allow the coffin of the Duke of Clarence to be removed to Sandringham, where it will be buried in the churchyard in a grave adjoining that of the infant Prince Alexander, who died in 1871. The coffin will remain in the Albert Memorial Chapel at Windsor until after the return of the court to the castle, as the Queen wishes to see it again before it is removed.

Professor Klebs, of the University of Zurich, has resigned his place to become a president of Berlin. The physician, it will be remembered, undertook the purification of tubercle bacilli after its discovery by Dr. Robert Koch. His clarified tubercle bacilli bears the name tuberclelecin. The professor intends to continue his experiments in the German capital, and hopes to perfect Klebs' method of curing consumption.

Capt. Grey, of Peterhead, a Scotch whaler of large experience, has formed a small syndicate with the object of testing the value of the Antarctic region as whaling grounds. The famous explorer, Sir John Ross, always believed that plenty of whales may be found in southern seas, and Capt. Grey is disposed to agree with him. Capt. Grey hopes to be able to take two ships this season. They will cost \$24,000 to fit out, and Grey thinks a big profit may be made if there are any whales at all in the Antarctic Ocean. Dr. Nordenkjöld, son of the eminent Arctic explorer, will probably accompany the expedition as medical officer and scientific searcher.

The February issue of the Quarterly Register of Current History (Detroit, Mich., \$1 a year), is a model one. Without beating about the bush, it strikes right at the very heart of its subject-matter. From a clear and interesting treatment of international affairs it proceeds to a series of splendid articles on "Affairs in Europe," "Affairs in Africa," "Affairs in Asia," and, last but not least, "Affairs in America." Under this last heading is included, the Presidential discussion, the proceedings of Congress and the Legislatures, the state of trade, finance, and general politics. An elaborate treatise on the latest developments in Canada is an interesting feature of the number.

THE GREAT SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

THE GREAT COUGH CURE, this successful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by drug-gists on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cough cure can stand successfully. If you have a COUGH, HOARSENESS, or LA GRIPPE, it will cure you promptly. If your child has the CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it with certainty and relief is sure. If you fear CONSUMPTION, don't wait until your case is hopeless, but take this Cure at once and receive immediate help. Large bottles, 50c. and \$1.00. Travelers' convenient pocket size 25c. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If you have a sore or cracked throat, use Shilo's Throat Lozenges.

Sold by W. T. Strong, London, Ont.

"German Syrup"

Here is an incident from the South—Mississippi, written in April, 1890, just after the Grippe had visited that country. "I am a farmer, one of those who have to rise early and work late. At the beginning of last Winter I was on a trip to the City of Vicksburg, Miss., where I got well drenched in a shower of rain. I went home and was soon after seized with a dry, hacking cough. This grew worse every day, until I had to seek relief. I consulted Dr. Dixon who has since died, and he told me to get a bottle of Bosche's German Syrup. Meantime my cough grew worse and worse and then the Grippe came along and I caught that also very severely. My condition then compelled me to do something. I got two bottles of German Syrup. I began using them, and before taking much of the second bottle, I was entirely clear of the Cough that had hung to me so long, the Grippe, and all its bad effects. I felt tip-top and have felt that way ever since." PETER J. BRILS, Jr., Cayuga, Hines Co., Miss.

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is the greatest tonic and strengthener I ever heard of or used.

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CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

For full information and descriptive pamphlets of Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia, apply to any C. P. R. Agent.

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PEOPLES

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PACIFIC

LEAVING TORONTO 10.15 P.M.

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 25.

AFR. 1.8.15.22.29

MAY 6.

Particulars from Any Agent of the Company.

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ANCHOR LINE

Steamers leave New York every Saturday

For GLASGOW VIA LONDON DERRY

Rates for Saloon Passage

\$40 and upwards, according to accommodation and location of room. Second Cabin, \$28. Steerage, \$8.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

New York to Gibraltar and Naples.

Cabin passage, \$30 to \$150.

Passenger booked at through rates to or from any city in Great Britain or on the Continent.

Drafts on London sold at lowest rates.

Book of information, tours and sailing lists furnished on application to agents.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, New York, or A. G. SMYTH, Insurance agent, 100 Broad Street, N. Y. City.

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Michigan Central Railroad

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Florida, Georgia,

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And all Southern Winter Resorts.

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California, Mexico,

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Maps, time tables, tickets, etc., at the

City Office—395 Richmond Street,

or depot, corner Clarence and Bathurst

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent.

WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers

for Queenstown and Liverpool.

BRITANNIC, March 10, 2.30 p.m.

MAJESTIC, March 17, 2.30 p.m.

GERMANIC, March 24, 2.30 p.m.

TEUTONIC, March 31, 2.30 p.m.

BIPINN, March 23, 7.30 p.m.

"Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers."

From White Star Deck, foot West Tenth St.

Saloon rates, \$20 and upwards; on Teutonic and Majestic, \$30 and upwards; second cabin rates, \$12 and upwards; steerage, \$5 and \$10 round trip, \$15 and \$25, according to location of berth.

For further information apply to W. W. BURTON & SON, 181 Dundas Street, or EDWARD D. LA HOCHE, No. 3 Masonic Temple, agents in the City of London, E.C.

CUNARD LINE

"LANE ROUTE."

From New York to Liverpool via Queenstown.

ACRANIA, Saturday, March 8, 11 a.m.

UMBRINA, Saturday, March 12, 5 a.m.

ETRUHIA, Saturday, March 16, 9 a.m.

ACRANIA, Saturday, March 20, 9 a.m.

UMBRINA, Saturday, March 24, 9 a.m.

ETRUHIA, Saturday, March 28, 9 a.m.

ACRANIA, Saturday, April 1, 9 a.m.

ETRUHIA, Saturday, April 5, 9 a.m.

ACRANIA, Saturday, April 9, 9 a.m.

Rates of passage—Cabin, by Parian and Sardinia, \$40, \$30 and \$20; intermediate, \$25; steerage, \$10. Cabin by Sardinia and Sardinia, \$40 and \$45.

"Carry extra passengers only."

STATE LINE SERVICE

of Allan Line between New York and Glasgow via Londonderry.

State of Nebraska, March 6.

Rates of passage—Cabin, \$20 and upwards; return, \$35 and upwards, according to location of berth. Steerage, \$10; steerage, \$20.

AGENTS—For Allan Line and Allan State Line, E. De la Hooke, No. 3 Masonic Temple, 443 Richmond St., sole agents for London.

ALLAN LINE Royal Mail Steamships

Liverpool (not calling at Moville).

REDUCTION IN CARGO AND INTER-MEDIATE RATES.

From Portland, Halifax,

Circassian, March 3, 3 p.m.

MONGOLIAN, March 10, 3 p.m.

"NORDIAN, March 17, 3 p.m.

Rates of passage—Cabin, by Parian and Sardinia, \$40, \$30 and \$20; intermediate, \$25; steerage, \$10 and \$15.

"Carry extra passengers only."

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Weakness of Body and Nervous Debility.

Absolute weakness of the system, loss of vitality, loss of energy, loss of power, loss of strength, loss of endurance, loss of courage, loss of confidence, loss of hope, loss of faith, loss of love, loss of friendship, loss of respect, loss of honor, loss of reputation, loss of position, loss of power, loss of influence, loss of authority, loss of control, loss of command, loss of leadership, loss of guidance, loss of direction, loss of purpose, loss of goal, loss of ambition, loss of aspiration, loss of ideal, loss of dream, loss of vision, loss of insight, loss of understanding, loss of knowledge, loss of wisdom, loss of reason, loss of intellect, loss of mind, loss of soul, loss of spirit, loss of heart, loss of love, loss of friendship, loss of respect, loss of honor, loss of reputation, loss of position, loss of power, loss of influence, loss of authority, loss of control, loss of command, loss of leadership, loss of guidance, loss of direction, loss of purpose, loss of goal, loss of ambition, loss of aspiration, loss of ideal, loss of dream, loss of vision, loss of insight, loss of understanding, loss of knowledge, loss of wisdom, loss of reason, loss of intellect, loss

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THE LONDON ADVERTISER, early morning and evening editions, excels all other newspapers in appearance, in influence and in circulation. It has no competitor as a newsgatherer, which is evidenced by the fact that it is the Family Paper of all the best people in the city of London and throughout Western Ontario.

For easy washing and clean white linen No soap on earth excels our

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IT MAKES RAPID WORK, A LITTLE GOES A LONG WAY, ONCE USED ALWAYS USED.

And while such a "terror" to dirt, it does not destroy the hands like some of the rank caustic electric soaps.

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The Hartman Flexible Wire Mat.

GALVANIZED STEEL. Beyond comparison the most perfect, durable and absolutely pliable and elastic; soft as carpet. It is a wire mat of shape. No other wire mat can compare with it. Reversible and self-cleaning. A real necessity. Always elastic to the touch. Unexcelled for doorways, porches, vestibules, halls, etc., in private houses, offices, banks, churches and public buildings.

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FINE PANTINGS

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GUARANTEED

Restores Fading hair to its original color. Stops falling of hair. Keeps the Scalp clean. Makes hair soft and Pliable. Promotes Growth.

WOOD MANTELS.

The London Furniture Manufacturing Company are making Wood Mantels.

184 to 198 King Street,

London, Ontario.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Miss Anna May, of Barrie, late of this city, has gone to St. Thomas.

—The Camille Townsend Company is registered at the City Hotel.

—Mrs. Nicholson, of this city, has been visiting Mrs. O'Reilly, Hamilton.

—Mrs. G. Davey, South London, is the guest of Mr. W. Down, Stratford.

—County Clerk D. G. McKenzie is improving rapidly from his recent illness.

—Miss Cowan, of this city, is the guest of Mrs. Cavell, Madison avenue, Toronto.

—Mr. C. Cannon, of 289 Ridout street, intends shortly to leave for Minnesota on an extended trip.

—The London Presbytery met this afternoon in Knox Church, South London, for religious conference.

—O. E. Brenner, Dr. Flood, Ald. Fitzgerald, S. S. Workman and others leave tomorrow to attend the annual encampment of the G. A. R. veterans at Buffalo.

—Detective Graham and a party of men started dragging the river in the neighborhood of Clark's bridge this afternoon in search of the missing Angus Fraser.

—The City Council meets to-night. It is probable there will be a scrimmage over the recommendations of the Finance Committee to increase the salaries of several of the city officials.

—Nicholas Flood Davin, M.P., the B. C. post and politician, and Robert Birmingham, of Toronto, the Conservative organizer, were at the Tecumseh House yesterday. They left to "work" South Perth.

—"Forty-eight years ago the first English church in London, which stood on the site of the present St. Paul's Cathedral, was burnt down," said Mr. George Hiscox one day last week to an ADVERTISER representative.

—The walls of the new St. Joseph's Hospital are being rapidly reared and the structure is progressing finely. The construction of the new Anglo People's Home on Richmond street north is also being rapidly pushed.

—W. G. R. Gauld, of the Mimico Industrial School, came here on Saturday in quest of a couple of youths who had been expelled from the institution. Mr. Gauld spent Sunday with friends on Waterloo street, and returned to Mimico this morning with the fugitives.

—The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ray, Bruce street, will deeply sympathize with them in the loss of their son Harry, who died this morning of diphtheria and Bright's disease. He was a bright and promising boy and very popular with his acquaintances. The funeral takes place tomorrow.

Suits have been entered by a man and his wife in this city against half a dozen city druggists. From each one they claim damages of \$5,000. The ground for the suits is that the defendants sold drugs such as opium in larger than the prescribed quantities, and as a result the man's wife has been injured.

—The Ontario Government has issued letters patent for the incorporation of the Strathroy Canning and Preserving Company (limited), with a capital stock of \$50,000 in 500 shares, the incorporators being John Henry Dunn, James Caruthers Hegler, Mrs. Agnes Dunn and Mrs. Lizzie Alice Hegler, all of Ingersoll, and Thomas N. Dunn, of London.

—The death is announced of Dr. J. G. Sinclair, a well-known and much-respected Hamilton dentist. Deceased, who was only thirty-one years of age, was a brother-in-law of Mr. Frank Cooper, of this city. He had many friends in the West. A finer specimen of sturdy, Christian manhood one has rarely met with. His death will be regretted by a wide circle of friends.

—Referring to sermons preached recently in Leamington by Rev. J. A. Murray, of this city, the Post says: "Rev. Mr. Murray is possessed of a grand voice and delightful delivery. Having traveled extensively, he is a clear-headed, logical and intelligent man. His sermons are full of trenchant illustrations of his personal observations and experiences. The reverend gentleman has endeavored himself to the people of all denominations here."

—W. R. Hobbs, president of the Hobbs Hardware Company, London, Ont., passed through this city Saturday en route to California. Mr. Hobbs was so favorably impressed with the possibilities of British Columbia that on his return to London he will consult with his colleagues as to the advisability of opening a branch establishment in the Province. (Vancouver B.C.) World.

—A young man named McDonald, living on York street, East London, complained at the police station this afternoon, that his wife had been drunk for three or four days and that she had finally bought a ticket and gone to Brantford. She left him to take charge of two children—a boy 12 years old and a girl 6. McDonald is a fireman at London.

—At the last regular meeting of Tecumseh Legion, No. 128, Select Knights of Canada, the following officers were installed by Past Commander J. Isaac and Dr. McLeish, F.D.D.: Past commander, James Malloch; commander, J. H. Flood; vice-commander, W. P. Ferguson; recording secretary, John Isaac, P.C.; collector, W. D. Thomas; treasurer, Charles Leckey; aide, Conrad Frouman; inside guard, Leckey; representative to Grand Legion, J. Isaac, P.C.

—"It is a nuisance the way Detroit dumps all the east-bound tramps off in this city," said a civic official this morning. "Every time these wanderers ask for free passes, the tickets are made out for London, and of course we have to pass them on somewhere else. It is cheaper to do that than keep them here. We have an average of three or four tramps every day. One fellow arrived this morning, who had started from Kansas City Thursday, and had left his way on fast trains all the distance."

A Little Bit of Blue.

The night after the Liberal processions, one of the Canadian Express Company staff found an interesting shillalah in the back of which adjoints that of the Conservative Club room. It was made out of one of the cross-bars of a sawhorse and the end had been nicely whittled into a handle, around which was tied a flaring blue ribbon. From the worn appearance of the handle it had evidently been carried a considerable time by the owner. Stains were found on the end that looked like blood marks, a fact that suggests it might have been the club that struck poor young Ashwell.

A Curious Mistake.

Messrs. George C. Davis and Wm. Wallace, jun., set out yesterday to condole with an esteemed family in the recent sad bereavement of a young member, with whom they had been acquainted. They saw across the door of a house, and thinking it to be the residence they sought, entered and assured the inmates of their heartfelt sympathy. On asking to look at the body they were somewhat astonished to find it not of their young friend but of an aged stranger. This curious mistake had arisen from the fact that there were two deaths on

at 2 1/2 to 3 1/2, on track at 2 1/2, and outside at 2 1/2 to 3 1/2; barley market has been bearish during the last three days, and no movement is reported, prices north and west at 50c.

Montreal Market.

FLOUR—Receipts, 3,500 bbls; market quiet and unchanged. No. 1 white, \$2 1/2 to \$2 3/4; No. 2, \$2 1/4 to \$2 1/2; straight roller, \$2 1/2 to \$2 3/4; extra, \$2 1/2 to \$2 3/4; superfine, \$2 1/2 to \$2 3/4; strong bakers, \$2 1/2 to \$2 3/4; Quaker, \$2 1/2 to \$2 3/4.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 hard Manitoba, \$1 1/2 to \$1 3/4; No. 3, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 4, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 5, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 6, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 7, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 8, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 9, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 10, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 11, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 12, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 13, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 14, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 15, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 16, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 17, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 18, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 19, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 20, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 21, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 22, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 23, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 24, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 25, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 26, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 27, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 28, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 29, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 30, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 31, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 32, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 33, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 34, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 35, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 36, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; No. 37, \$1 1/4 to \$1 1/2; 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LONDON

Conservatory of Music

School of Elocution and Expression.

MR. WM. CAVEN BARRON,
PRINCIPAL.
BEST HOURS.—Intending pupils
should arrive at the
school at 10.30 a.m.

The Little Minister.

By J. M. Barrie.
AUTHOR OF "WINDY IN THURMS," "WHEN
A MAN'S SINGLE," "MY LADY
NICOTINE," ETC.

"I'm only a sergeant, ma'am."
"Indeed!" said the Egyptian, raising her
brows, "and how long are you to
remain in Thurns, sergeant?"
"Only for a few hours, Mrs. Dishart. If
this gypsy lassie had not given us so much
trouble, we might have been gone by now."
"Ay, yes, I hope you will catch her, ser-
geant," said Gavin firmly. "I must
go."

"You must, indeed, sergeant," said the Egyp-
tian, "for you are easily tired. Good-night
sergeant."
"Your servant, Mrs. Dishart. Your ser-
vant, sir," said Gavin.

"Come, love," said the Egyptian, and she
walked the distracted minister through the
soldiers, and up the manse road.

The soldiers left behind, Gavin flung her
arm from him, and standing still, shook his
head in her face.

"You—you woman!" he said.
"This, I think, was the last time he called
her a woman."

But she was clapping her hands merrily.
"It was beautifully done," she exclaimed.
"It was beautiful!" he answered. "And
I am minister."

"You can't help that," said the Egyp-
tian, who patted his ministers heartily.
"No," Gavin said, misunderstanding her.
"I could not help it. No blame attaches
to me."

"I meant that you could not help being
a minister. You could have helped saving
me, and I thank you so much."
"Do not do that to me," I forbid you
to say that I saved you. I did my best to
hand you over to the authorities."

"Then why did you not hand me over?"
Gavin groaned.
"All you had to say," continued the
merciless Egyptian, "this is the person
you are in search of. I had not my
hand over your mouth. Why did you not
say it?"

"Forbear!" said Gavin, wofully.
"It must have been," the gypsy said,
"because you really wanted to help me."
"Then it was against my better judg-
ment," said Gavin.

"I am glad of that," said the Egyptian,
"because you really wanted to help me."
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are," he said, looking over his shoulder.
"No, I am not," he replied, "I am not
the gypsy out of the cloak. Really, Mr. Dishart, you had
better not ask," she added, replacing it
over her.

She followed him, meaning to gain the
open by the fields to the north of the
manse.

"Good-bye," she said, holding out her
hand, "if you are not to give me up."
"I am not a policeman," replied Gavin,
but he would not take her hand.

"Surely we part friends, then?" said he.
"No," Gavin answered. "I hope never
to see your face again."

"I cannot help," the Egyptian said, with
dignity, "your not liking my face." Then
with less dignity she added, "There is a
spot of mud on your own, little minister;
it came off the divit you flung at the ap-
tain."

With this womanish revenge she tripped
past him, and Gavin would not let his eyes
follow her. It was not the mud on his
face that distressed him, nor even the
spot that had flung the divit. It was the word
"little." Though even Margaret never was
not aware of it, Gavin's shortness had
grieved him all his life. There had been
times when he tried to keep the secret from
himself. In his boyhood he had sought a
remedy by getting his larger companions
to stretch him. In the company of tall
men he was always self-conscious. In the
pulpit he looked darkly at his congregation
behind him, as if he were a giant, and
thought, could add a cubit to his stature.
When standing on a hearthrug his feet
were frequently on the fender. In his
room he had stood on a footstool and sur-
veyed himself in the mirror. Once he
fastened high heels on his boots, being
ashamed to ask Hendry Munn to do it for
him; but this dishonesty shamed him and
he tore them off. So the Egyptian had put
a hairpin into his pride, and he walked to
the manse gloomily.

Margaret was at her window, looking for
him. He was stepping into the middle of
the road to wave his hand to her, when
sudden weakness made him look to-
wards the fields instead. The Egyptian
saw him and nodded thanks for his interest
in her, but he scowled and pretended to
be studying the sky. Next moment he saw
her running back to him.

"There are soldiers at the top of the
field," she cried; "I cannot escape by that
way."

"There is no other way," Gavin an-
swered.

"Will you not help me again?" he en-
treated.

She should not have said "again," Gav-
in shook his head, but pulled her closer to
the manse dyke, for his mother was still in
sight.

"Why did you do that?" the girl asked,
quickly, looking around to see if she was
seen. "Oh, I see," she said, as her
eyes fell on the figure at the window.

"It is my mother," Gavin said, though
he need not have explained, unless he
wanted the gypsy to know that he was a
free bachelor.

"Only your mother?"
"Only! Let me tell you she may suffer
more than you for your behaviour to-
night."

"How can she?"
"If you are caught, will it not be dis-
covered that I helped you to escape?"
"But you said you did not."

"Yes, I helped you," Gavin admitted.
"Oh! what would my congregation say if
they knew I had let you pass yourself off
as my wife?"

He struck his brow, and the Egyptian
had the propriety to blush.

(To be Continued.)

A Staff of Skillful Men.
First three months free of charge. The
staff of eminent physicians and surgeons
are now in London, and permanently located
at their residence, No. 450 Talbot street.
All invalids who resist the treatment of
before April 1st will receive services for the
first three months free of charge. The only
favor desired is a recommendation from
those whom they cure. The object in pur-
suing this course is to become rapidly and
personally acquainted with the sick and
afflicted.

The doctors treat every variety of disease
and deformity and will perform all surgical
operations free this month, viz: The re-
moval of cancer, tumors, cancer, poly-
p, etc. All diseases of the eye, ear, throat,
lungs, heart, stomach, liver, kidneys,
bladder, and all female difficulties arising
from whatever cause, all nervous prostrations,
filling vitality, and diseases originating
from impure blood, treated with the
greatest success.

Catarh in all its various forms cured
by their new method, which consists in
breaking up the cold-catheter tendency, to
which every person suffering from catarh
is susceptible.

Invalids will please not take offense if
they are rejected as incurable. The phy-
sicians will examine you thoroughly, free of
charge, and if incurable, they will positive-
ly tell you so. Also caution you against
spending more money for useless medicine.

Hours from 9 a.m. to 5, and from 7 to 8
p.m. Sundays, from 2 to 4 p.m.

The Dyspeptic's hope, K. D. C. Why?
Because it cures when all other remedies
fail. Free sample package mailed to any
address. K. D. C. Company, New Glas-
gow, N. S.

To keep house successfully use **Strohn's**
Baking Powder; 25 cents per pound. Made
and sold only at **Strohn's** drug store, 184
Dundas street.

A society item current in Washington is
that Miss Foster, the daughter of the sec-
retary of the treasury, is so successful in
her friends as the "emergency girl."

A man who should always be the same
especially to her husband; but if the law-
ful and nervous and Phil Carter's Iron Pills,
cannot be, for they will make her feel like a
different person, at least so they say, and
their husbands say so, too.

At Lucknow, where many were murdered
during the Sepoy rebellion 30 years ago,
2,000 children, nearly all of Hindu-Moham-
medan parentage, recently marched in a
Sunday school procession.

Carriers of Little Liver Pills must not be con-
founded with common Cathartic Purgative
Pills, as they are entirely unlike them in every
respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

W. Sullivan, who for the past four years kept
the bakery on Wellington street, will now be
found at 184 Dundas street, and confectionery
of all kinds, home-made pies a specialty.

Wanted—Dyspeptic, the world over, to
test K. D. C. Free sample mailed to any
address. K. D. C. Company, New Glas-
gow, N. S.

Our stock is now complete and we
are offering a good assortment of new goods
at cut prices; special values in ladies' and
gent's fine lines. R. KIRKPATRICK, 219
Dundas street.

"The World Goes Mad!" Wanted—the
world to regain its reason and dyspeptics
the use of their stomachs by the use of K.
D. C.

WORDS THAT BURN.

THE BEST THINGS.

There's many a sight it is good to see,
And we gaze with an eager eye;
But nothing has splendor one-half so fine
As the light from a sunset sky.

There's many an odor that's rare and sweet,
Yet nothing my heart allows
To half so fragrant or half so pure
As the smell of the cedar boughs.

There's many a sound that is strong and glad,
Merry a dear refrain;
Yet nothing can thrill like the notes that come
From a bird that sings in the rain.

There's many a thing in the world to love,
That the world can understand,
And yet there's nothing that's half so dear
As the touch of a baby's hand.

—(Grace H. Duffield, in Christian Union.)

CHRIST BLESSING LITTLE CHILDREN
(Picture by Rembrandt in the National Gallery,
London.)

Well painted, painter! Yes, thy colors stoop,
As that they show did, to the root of things!
Thy Christ hath eyes whose weary glances
droop.

Mixed with much love, and all the tears it
brings:
The ring of faces, brightened from his face,
Dear ear's mark deepest, and want Heaven's
help most;

The children—soft, albeit, their Syrian grace—
Clasp sunburnt breasts, and drink of milk
that cools.

Sweet to provide it. Yet, how the Divine
Breaks through the clay! How Faith's gold
glides the story!

How longing for Heaven's light makes low
things shine!
How glorious, at its dimmest, is Love's
glory!

We gaze: we are with him in Palestine.
Lord Christ! these are the "little ones" who
come!

Thou speakest "suffer them!" yes, thou dost
say,
"Forbid them not!" yes, "mid thy Kingdom
some

Are like to thee, thou saint! Do angels
Small, soiling heads on sorrow-burdened
bosoms?

Do thy young angels work, and starve, and
weep!
Is it in Heaven as here that life's first blossoms
Wither to dust so soon, and will not keep
Fragrance and joy, save for so brief a space?

Ah! Christ! these too were children, with the
eyes
Tear-troubled, toil-worn frame, and wasted
face!

What comfort hast thou, what supreme sur-
prise
Of hope for us, who have most need of grace?

Little sweet sister! at his sacred knee,
Touched by thy sister's heart with the mystery,
Glad to be brought, but far too shy to come—
Yes, tremble—but steal closer! let it cover
All of thy head, that piteous, potent hand!

And mothers reach your round-eyed babies
over,
To have their turn, naught though they
understand!

For these thereby are safe, being so kissed
By that Love's lips which kisses us from
Heaven;

And we, with little children but no Christ,
Press in; perchance a blessing may be given
Through them to us, though we the chance
have missed.

—(Sir Edwin Arnold.)

EPH'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural
laws which govern the operations of digestion
and nutrition, and by a careful application of
the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr.
Eph's provided our breakfast-tables with a
deliciously flavored beverage which may save
many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judi-
cious use of such articles of diet that a con-
stitution may be gradually built up, until
strong enough to resist every tendency to dis-
ease. Hundreds of people have been brought
around us ready to attack wherever there
is a weak point. We may escape many a
fatal ailment by keeping ourselves well fortified
with pure blood and a properly-nourished
system. Eph's Cocoa is a simple, healthy
boiling water or milk. Sold only in
packets, by grocers, labeled—"JAMES EPH &
Co., Homeopathic Chemists, London, Eng."

A Boston woman is a regular undertaker
and her husband is a regular undertaker.
The business is better than any man can
manage. The business is better than any man
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FAMILY GROCER

Choice :: Groceries

C. J. WALL,

NO. 1 MARKET SQUARE.

TELEPHONE 429.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DIED.

GRAND—On March 5, at the Toronto House, London, Eric Douglas Grand, beloved son of Douglas and Gertrude Grand, aged 7 months.

FUNERAL PRIVATE.

Toronto and Kingston papers please copy.

GOLDIE—At Woodville, on March 5, J. H. Goldie, eldest son of Joseph Goldie, 415, aged 23 years and three months.

FUNERAL—The family residence, 345 William street, at 3 p.m., on Tuesday. Services at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

ETHEL—On Sunday, March 6, at the residence of John Brantley, 101 E. Ave., Hamilton road, Elizabeth Etzel, in her 74th year.

FUNERAL—Tuesday, at 2 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, service at the house at 1:30. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

RAY—On Monday morning, March 7, Charles Henry, third son of Thomas and Sarah Ray, aged 17 years and 9 months.

FUNERAL—From his father's residence, 114 Bruce street, on Tuesday, at 3 o'clock; service at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

WINDOW SHADES

IN ALL COLORS.

FRINGES TO MATCH.

O. B. GRAVES,

222 Dundas Street.

W. J. TREMBLE

Barbier, Polisher, Etc.

10 King Street East, Toronto.

Money to loan. No commission.

FOR FRESH CUT FLOWERS,

Wedding and Funeral Designs.

GO TO

S. S. WORTMAN,

Telephone 519, 202 Dundas St.

Prices moderate.

CITY FIRE ALARM CARD

Locality and Numbers of Boxes, with

Directions for Giving an Alarm.

No. 2. Central Fire Station Signal.

No. 3. Central Police Station.

No. 4. Dundas and Wellington.

No. 5. Talbot and Kent.

No. 6. Richmond and Spadina.

No. 7. Waterford and Pinesville.

No. 8. Colborne and Bond.

No. 9. Dundas and Maitland.

No. 10. Dundas and Market.

No. 11. Wellington and Simcoe.

No. 12. Talbot and York.

No. 13. Clarence and G. T. R. Crossing.

No. 14. York and Borewell.

No. 15. Lichfield and Reginald.

No. 16. Carling's New Freeway.

Directions for giving an alarm from above boxes: Unhook the outside door and pull it open. Then pull the button which is on a track on the inside of the door and it will ring. If the alarm is not wanted, pull the button straight down and it will not ring. If the alarm is wanted, pull the button straight down and it will ring. If the alarm is not wanted, pull the button straight down and it will not ring.

No. 17. Dundas and Oxford.

No. 18. Dundas and Kent.

No. 19. South street, opposite Hospital.

No. 20. Waterford and Bathurst.

No. 21. Wellington and York.

No. 22. Richmond and Bathurst.

No. 23. William and Hill.

No. 24. Maitland and Tall Mall.

No. 25. Dundas and Adelaide.

No. 26. Richmond and Fullerton.

No. 27. Richmond and Maple.

No. 28. William and Bathurst.

No. 29. Waterford and Queen's Avenue.

No. 30. Richmond and Ann.

No. 31. William and Bond.

No. 32. Dundas and Bathurst.

No. 33. Hill and Clarence.

Directions for giving an alarm from above boxes: Unhook the outside door and pull it open. Then pull the button which is on a track on the inside of the door and it will ring. If the alarm is not wanted, pull the button straight down and it will not ring. If the alarm is wanted, pull the button straight down and it will ring. If the alarm is not wanted, pull the button straight down and it will not ring.

No. 34. Dundas and Oxford.

No. 35. Dundas and Kent.

No. 36. South street, opposite Hospital.

No. 37. Waterford and Bathurst.

No. 38. Wellington and York.

No. 39. Richmond and Bathurst.

No. 40. William and Hill.

No. 41. Maitland and Tall Mall.

No. 42. Dundas and Adelaide.

No. 43. Richmond and Fullerton.

No. 44. Richmond and Maple.

No. 45. William and Bathurst.

No. 46. Waterford and Queen's Avenue.

No. 47. Richmond and Ann.

No. 48. William and Bond.

No. 49. Dundas and Bathurst.

No. 50. Hill and Clarence.

GOOD CHANCE

Priddis Bros.

ARE SELLING

Blankets, :::

Flannels &

Underwear

AT A GREAT REDUCTION

Before Stocktaking.

COFFEES AND TEAS.

CEYLON TEA.

A Splendid Brand dust to Hand.

Wilson & Ranahan

265 Dundas Street.

TELEPHONE 810.

TARGETS AND TRAPS

WM. GURD & CO.

185 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

We have on hand a full stock of Blue Rock

Targets and Traps, also Amber Glass Balls

and Traps. Wholesale and Retail.

J. FRITH JEFFERS,

—AGENT FOR—

The Citizens' London and Lan-

cashire, Atlas, National and

Quebec Fire Companies.

Office, Edison Buildings, Telephone, 735.

Ground floor, No. 447 Richmond street.

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, Ont., March 6-11 p.m.

Pressure still continues low over the

Eastern Provinces, with slight upward

tendency and fairer weather. In the lake

district the pressure is about normal. It

is generally low in the Northwest, being

in both accompanied by fine weather.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Calgary, 28-32; Qu'Appelle, 17-28;

Winnipeg, 22-34; Toronto, 10-30;

Kingston, 22-34; Montreal, 28-34;

Quebec, 26-40; Halifax, 28-36.

30-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, March 7-1 a.m.—The indications

for the next 24 hours for the lower

lake region (covering the peninsula and

as far east as Belleville) are: Fair weather;

stationary or a little higher temperature.

EARLY

SPRING

GOODS

JUST IN—A lot of the

newest colors in Scotch

Tweeds for Suits and Over-

coats.

Now is the time to order.

N. WILSON & CO.

712 Dundas Street.

ALL

ABOUT

CANCER.

You can learn full particulars

by sending 6c. in stamps. Our

treatment is painless and per-

manent. No knife or plaster is

used.

STOTT & JURY,

Bowmanville, Ont.

Mention ADVERTISER.

Was the fortunate person to secure the

elementary book "Water from the Lakes"

from the Western (of Toronto, Ontario),

Free Competition for Tuesday. Watches

and other prizes given away daily. Send

two three-cent stamps for particulars.

Every mother, wife and daughter should

use Strong's Baking Powder; 25 cents per

pound, guaranteed strictly pure, made

fresh daily and sold only at Strong's Drug

Store 164 Dundas street.

47-1

The Early Morning Edition of

the London Advertiser is bright,

clean and readable, gives all the

Latest Foreign News, Midnight

Telegrams, etc. For sale on the

streets and at news stands. Ask

for it on the trains.

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers:

107.....Business Office.

124.....Editorial Rooms.

210.....Job Department.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

George Priddis, of Priddis Bros., has

returned from a trip to the British mar-

—Mrs. M. A. McNamara left Saturday

for Duluth, Minn., to visit her daughter,

Mrs. W. J. Minihick.

—The Bishop of Huron held a confirma-

tion service in St. Matthew's Church, East

London, last evening.

—Mary Nelson was further remanded for

a week by the police magistrate this morn-

ing on a charge of vagrancy.

—Mr. Conrad Wetzelauer has returned to

the city after attending lectures at the

Philadelphia Dental College.

—Police Court Clerk John M. Keary has

sufficiently recovered from his recent illness

to be able to attend to his office again.

—J. H. Chapman, of J. H. Chapman &

Co., is expected to arrive in this city to-

day. He has been on a purchasing trip to

British Columbia.

—Rev. Dr. Wild, of Toronto, will lec-

ture on "Secret and Other Societies" in the

First Congregational Church on Thursday

evening, March 17.

—Assistant City Clerk A. S. Abbott is

slowly recovering from his illness. Mrs.

Abbott had the misfortune to fall a few

days ago, and is now seriously ill.

—John Price, of Port Stanley, has re-

tired from the grocery business in which

he had been engaged since 1880. He sold his

stock to T. T. Caster & Co., of Oshawa.

—The ADVERTISER is pleased to add to

its exchange list the National Stockman

and Farmer of Pittsburg, Pa., which for

crisp agricultural news is second to none.

—Dr. Drake has performed an operation

on the skull of Lorne Ashwell and raised it

a little to relieve the pressure on the brain.

He now thinks the boy is getting along

nice.

—John Mackenzie, of Lobo, was charged

by A. C. Atwood, of the same place, before

Squire Jarvis, on Saturday with trespass-

ing. The case was dismissed, the com-

plaint to pay \$100.

—Miss Annie Riddell, of Oshawa, formerly

of Victor street, South London, was

married at Oshawa on Feb. 25 to W. K.

Patterson, of that place. They expect to

remain a month in Canada on their wedding

trip.

—Mr. Robert Lundy, an old London

boy, stopped over in the city on Friday,

shaking hands with his friends and view-

ing the city. He was accompanied by his

bride, and they intend making Hamilton

their home.

—Inspector Bell is busy re-inspecting milk

licenses. There are between 80 and 90

milk vendors in the city, and their licenses

cost \$1 each. This is hardly worth the

trouble of collecting them, but it has the

effect of regulating the business.

—The Toronto News, a Conservative

paper, publishes a cartoon in which Mr.

Carling, the Minister of Agriculture, is

represented as clinging to a Parliamentary

seat, while the Minister of Finance, Mr.

Hyman, is shown standing on the ground.

The News says the London seat

does not belong to Mr. Carling.

—A young girl named Lily Ralecker

recently came to this city in search of

A FEW TESTIMONIALS

Bakwell's Sure Corn Cure.

My wife, Maria Brown, of Chatham, formerly of

Gloucester, says she has much pleasure in test-

ifying to the merits of Bakwell's Sure Corn

Cure for a corn which I could not get

going to help. I have suffered from it for

thirteen years, and thought I would never

get cured, but yours acted like a charm and

completely removed it. I am gratefully

acknowledging your Alvin Purdy, Springfield, March 1, 1888

Letter from Springfield.

W. S. Barkwell, Chemist, Dear Sir:—When

in London I got a bottle of your celebrated