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London Advertiser

PRICE 2 CENTS

VOL. XL., NO. 134. LONDON, CANADA, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1902. WHOLE NO. 16525.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

BORN.

BOX—In this city, on Feb. 24, 1902, to Mr. and Mrs. William Box, 62 Dundas street, a son.

DIED.

BOX—On Thursday, March 6, 1902, Arthur Marshall, infant son of William and Josie Box.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading 10c per line, or 2c per word each insertion.

To-morrow. NEW GRAND MAT. & EVEG.
A RUNAWAY GIRL
Arthur Dunn and 50 others in the Augustin Daly production. Evening, $1 50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Matinee, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats ready. b

WESTMINSTER RINK—FINAL HEAT of city championship race tonight. Cortese's Orchestra. Admission, 15c. Good ice. b

GRAND CONCERT—KNOX CHURCH, London South. Friday, March 7, 8 p.m. Misses Leys, Greenlees, Moffatt and McEvoy; Messrs. Gardiner, Givens and Evans; concluding with tableaux of living pictures from classical scenes. Tickets: Single, 15c; double, 25c. 24u

THE CUNARD LINE SAILINGS ARE as follows: Umbria, Saturday, March 8; Lucania, Saturday, March 15; Etruria, Saturday, March 22. For tickets apply to F. B. Clarke, agent Cunard Line, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue. Special attention given to the waltz and two-step. Rapid teaching. Low rates. Lessons any hour.

DANCING—BEGINNERS' NEW TERM now open. Gentlemen, Monday; ladies, Tuesday evening; children, Saturday afternoon. Private tuition any hour. Dayton & McCormick.

MEETINGS.

REGULAR MEETING OF ST. JOHN'S, 209a, A., F. and A. M., G. R. C., this (Friday) evening at 7:30 in the Masonic Temple. General business and degrees. Visitors welcome. E. W. B. Eardley, W. M.; T. A. Rowat, secretary. b

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—SERVANT FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 386 Dufferin avenue, between 6 and 8 p.m., or 457 Colborne street. 25c

TWO EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES wanted. Apply personally, Bayley's, 172 and 174 Dundas street. 25c

WANTED—EXPERIENCED OPERATORS; steady employment; good wages. Crompton Corset Company, Limited, Toronto. 25u

WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID. APPLY City Hotel. 25k

WANTED — TWO EXPERIENCED saleladies for the drygoods. Apply Whiskard's, Dundas street, London, Ont. 24k

COOK WANTED — APPLY QUEEN'S Hotel. 24c

LAUNDRESS WANTED — APPLY TO Matron, Victoria Hospital. 24c

GIRLS WANTED. PARISIAN STEAM Laundry, Limited, Dundas street. 24c

GIRLS WANTED. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT of D. S. Perrin & Co. 19tf

WANTED AT ONCE—COOK AND kitchen girl. Apply Central House. 18tf

MALE HELP WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE—Death benefits and weekly indemnity; free medical attendance; financial assistance in distress; most liberal and cheapest protection ever offered; strong company; legal deposit with Dominion Government. Agents wanted in every locality throughout Canada; liberal commissions; permanent income to good representatives; exclusive control of territory. Our position is unequaled in the insurance field. Write immediately. P. R. Cunningham, secretary, 189 Broadway, New York. 25c

WANTED—A COACHMAN; REFERENCES required. Apply George C. Gibbons, Albion buildings. 24u

PORTER WANTED. BRITANNIA House. 23c

WANTED—TWO GOOD CANVASSERS. State if experienced. Address Box 4, this office. 23c

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LEFT ON SPRINGBANK CAR, Wednesday evening, chatelaine bag, containing two rings and Springbank tickets. Reward at Advertiser. b

LOST—THURSDAY AFTERNOON, A parcel containing lace and velvet. Please return to this office. 25c

MISCELLANEOUS.

STOLEN—FROM MY PREMISES, 301 Hill street, brindle bulldog, white breast, two white front feet, white tip on tail. Parties, to save prosecution, better return dog at once. George Robinson. 25c

TAKE NOTICE—I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted by my wife, Louisa A. McIntyre, without my written order. James Cameron McIntyre. 24c

BROKERS.

WANTED — AGRICULTURAL AND Canadian loan companies' stocks. John Wright, stock broker, London. 'Phone 693.

DOMINION

Savings and Investment Society.

HIGHEST RATES

Paid on Deposits and Debentures.

OFFICES — Masonic Temple Building, corner King and Richmond Streets.

NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL OUR Approval Sheet Stamps, at 50 per cent commission. A pocket stamp album, with 20 varieties of foreign stamps, given away free to each agent. Apply at once. The Dominion Stamp Company, 70 Elmwood avenue, London, Ont. 12n-xvz

AGENTS—GOOD LINE, STEADY DEMAND, large profits. Write today. Sample, 5 cents. Adams, Toronto, Ont. zxv

AGENTS—WE START YOU IN BUSINESS. You can easily make $25 per week. No capital required. Apply P. O. Drawer 531, London. 91tf

HELP WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

POOREST WRITERS PAID 10 CENTS per hour copying testimonial letters at home. Send 10c (silver) for samples and particulars. Maritime A. Co., Moncton, N. B. 21bc-zxt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—300 TO 400 PAGE NOVELS at 5c a copy; no old titles. Rare Star News Company, 90 Dundas street.

YOU'LL BE SORRY IF YOU BUY wall paper before seeing our styles and prices. Scarrow, Richmond street. b

F. B. CLARKE, BROKER, 416 RICHMOND street, next Advertiser—Foreign money exchanged, drafts issued, sterling exchange bought, money orders issued. zxv

A CHOICE LOT OF HOUSEHOLD goods; stoves of all kinds. Moving vans and good storage in connection. Joseph Brown, auctioneer and house furnisher, 398 Talbot street. 24c

TWO ENGINES AND BOILER FOR sale, and one Laird brick and tile mill combined. For particulars apply to Charles Hales, Northwood, Ont. 23h

FOR SALE—TELEPHONE TABLETS, at a big discount on former prices. They originally sold for $1 50 each, but now you can purchase one for $1, express prepaid, or two for $1 75. Apply at once for circulars etc., Box 5, Advertiser office. 23n-xvz

A RARE CHANCE—WE HAVE ON hand a number of Waggoner Extension Ladders, 24 feet and under, but slightly soiled in removing to our new premises, which we will, for one week, sell at a discount of 20 per cent. They are splendid for apple picking and general farm use, as well as for painters, etc. Factory, corner York and Colborne streets, London. 20n

THE NOBBIEST THING IN GO-CARTS and Baby Carriages ever seen in London, at Keene Bros., 127 King street.

$110 WILL BUY A SECOND-HAND GAS engine, in first-class order. D. McKenzie & Co., 298 Richmond street.

FIRST-CLASS RUBBER STAMPS, 10 cents per line. Send for list. G. M. Haldane, Strathroy, Ont.

THIS IS THE TIME OF THE YEAR that makes the people look for the best wood at the best prices. Ring up 1,312, and ask them about their different kinds of wood and prices. D. H. Gillies & Co., 678 Bathurst street.

EXTRA VALUE IN MEN'S WORKING Pants, $1, $1 25, $1 50; and Overalls and Smocks, 50c to $1, at Cunningham's, 662 Dundas street.

STOVES—STOVES—STOVES—WE HAVE a large stock of stoves, comprising coal baseburners, hot blast and St. Lewis airtight. Very cheap, at Keene's, 141 King street.

SNAP—GOOD PIANO, ROSEWOOD case, 7 1-3 octaves; in first-class condition, and guaranteed for 5 years. Only $100, on easy terms of payment. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

FOR THE BEST HARD AND SOFT coal, steam coal and slack, or the best hard and soft wood, and good, dry sawmill slabs, at $1 30 per load, go to Green & Co., William street and G. T. R. 'Phone 1,391.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BAKER, CLAIRVOYANT—Seventh Daughter. Room 35, Bernard House. Hours, 9-12, 2-5 and 7-10 p.m. Fee, 50 cents. 22n

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

COTTAGE TO LET ON DREANEY avenue, in good repair; large lot for gardening purposes; immediate possession. Apply A. Keenleyside, 500 King street. 25n

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, 9 ROOMS, all modern conveniences. 500 Adelaide street. 25c

TO LET—NO. 631 CENTRAL AVENUE; comfortable cottage, 7 rooms. Apply 588 Adelaide street. 24c

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN—Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

CALL UP FOREST CITY MOVING van. Residence, 46 Becher street. 'Phone 1,444. T. B. McKim, proprietor. 21bu

MOVING VANS—STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 97 Carling street. 'Phones 1,162 and 1,167.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

CHARLES E. WHEELER (ORGANIST and choirmaster St. Andrew's Church) has resumed teaching. Piano, pipe organ, harmony and singing. Both advanced and elementary tuition given. New address, 640 Wellington street.

ALICE CALDER STOCK — SOLOIST First Methodist Church. Voice culture. 254 Queen's avenue. Concert engagements accepted. 23tf

DAVID L. WRIGHT, ORGANIST ST. James' Presbyterian Church. Pupil A. S. Vogt, Toronto Conservatory Music. Teacher of piano and organ. Residence, 736 Richmond street.

MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST OF Dundas Center Methodist Church, teacher of piano, organ, harmony and theory. 418 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1,218.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Successor to the late Dr. Davis. Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 170 Dundas street. 'Phone 975.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS, 216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 228.

McDONALD & CUNNINGHAM—DENTISTS, 183½ Dundas street. 'Phone 702

DR. W. S. WESTLAND, DENTIST—Post-graduate in crown and bridge work, Chicago. Edge Block, Richmond street. 'Phone 960. Residence, 287 Queen's avenue. 'Phone 429.

Harris Tweeds.

If it is something seasonable, nobby and almost everlasting in the clothing line that you are seeking for, try a Harris Tweed.

See our wide assortment.

Deeks & Munson,
Tailors and Drapers,
393 Richmond Street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

HODGSON & HOWARD, PAINTERS, paper-hangers. Estimates free. 410 Horton street. Orders promptly done.

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS—Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 194 Hamilton road. Phone 1,231.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL—GARMENT cutting lessons daily. Pupils instructed until satisfied. Call or write for terms. 228½ Dundas street, London.

REAL ESTATE.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—FINE 50 ACRES, CLAY loam, good buildings, near Watford. 110 acres new land, 45 ready for crop; new buildings; only $25 per acre. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

FRAME COTTAGE FOR SALE—TO BE moved off. Apply 771 King street. 24c

711 QUEEN'S AVENUE—SUPERIOR built and planned brick cottage, in excellent repair, with large lot. Price low. Terms easy. J. H. McMechan, 368 King street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO RENT—BLACKSMITH SHOP AND tools; doing good trade; country village stand; no opposition. Address Box 3, Advertiser. 23n

TO LET—STORE AND DWELLING—Adjoining Jepson's drug store, corner Horton and Wellington streets, one of the finest business locations in city. Apply 404 King street. 30tf

GROCERY BUSINESS FOR SALE—Good chance. Address Box 90, Advertiser office. 13tf

BAKE SHOP FOR RENT. INQUIRE at St. James P. O., London South. 62tf

WANTED.

1c per word first insertion, and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

EGGS WANTED — HIGHEST CASH price paid. If you have any to offer, write us and we will quote you price. T. A. Faulds, produce merchant, 13 Market House. zxv

COME AND SEE OUR NATURAL Pompadours. They are perfect. Combings wanted. Miller's Hair Store, 227 Dundas street.

TENDERS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and indorsed "Tenders for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon on Monday, 14th April, 1902, for the delivery of Indian supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1903, at various points in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Winnipeg. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. D. McLEAN, Secretary.
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa 28th February, 1902.

N.B.—Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority of the Department will not be paid. 25n-vzx

THE DEATH RECORD

Neil Bryant, the Old-Time Minstrel, Passed Away in Brooklyn, Aged 72.

New York, March 7.—Neil Bryant, an old-time minstrel, died at his home in Brooklyn today, aged 72 years. Bryant was the oldest of those who inaugurated black-face minstrelsy. With his two brothers, Daniel and Jerry, he traveled all over the world, the trio becoming famous as the Three Bryants. In 1883 Bryant retired from the business and took a government position, which he held up to nearly two years ago. His real name was Cornelius O'Brien.

St. Jean des Chaillons, Que., March 6.—Jean Baptiste Fortier, postmaster at Frontenac and mail carrier between Ste. Philomen of Fortierville and St. Jean des Chaillons, was accidentally killed yesterday by his horse running away. Mr. Fortier was 65 years of age.

Berlin, March 6.—Jacob Shoemaker, a pioneer of Waterloo county, died yesterday at the home of his son, Alex. Shoemaker, near here, aged 102 years, 3 months and 9 days. Mr. Shoemaker was born on Nov. 24, 1799, and consequently lived in three centuries. He came to this country from Montgomery county, county, Penn., in 1829. For the last 72 years he has lived on the homestead near Berlin. His wife died 21 years ago. He was the father of ten children—four boys and six girls—of whom two boys and three girls survive.

CAR FAMINE.

Toronto, March 7.—In railroad circles there is a growing anxiety about the supply of cars in the early spring. One official said today that the opening of navigation would bring them face to face with the worst car famine in their history. It is estimated that at the present time seven of the largest railroads in Canada and the United States have at least 400,000 freight cars in use, and are building daily extra batches. So far as locomotives are concerned the roads are in a better position than usual.

Shamokin, Pa., March 6.—Despite the two-foot snowfall yesterday, 25 collieries in this region would have been operated today had the railway company furnished cars. The past two weeks there has been a car famine in this field owing to floods and storms, and the recent storm will prolong the period of scarcity of cars.

SHOULD BE RESTRICTED

Times Thinks Irish League's Power Too Great.

Statement That Germany Intends to Absorb Holland.

The Chinese Court Becoming Alarmed at the Progress of Rebellion—Lord Rosebery's New League Condemned by Liberal Party.

IRISH LEAGUE'S POWER.

London, March 7.—The Times this morning publishes a violent article on the growing power of the United Irish League and urges the cabinet, which will meet today, to invest the lord-lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cardogan, with power to enforce all the dormant clauses of the crimes act, to enable him to proclaim the league as a whole and to deal with it by a change of venue and special juries.

SALISBURY'S SUCCESSOR.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Times says the Austrians are manifesting a keen curiosity regarding the successor of Lord Salisbury in view of the reports of the premier's approaching retirement. The name of Chamberlain carries the most weight. The correspondent says Chamberlain's unpopularity in Austria-Hungary has greatly diminished since his well-deserved rebuke to Count Von Buelow. Von Buelow, on the other hand, has lost much of his popularity abroad owing to certain Prussian idiosyncrasies, which have given wide offense. Perhaps more than any other British statesman, says the correspondent, Chamberlain is regarded abroad as the incarnation of great traditions of British policy.

ROSEBERY'S LEAGUE CONDEMNED.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, addressing a party meeting at the National Liberal Club, unhesitatingly condemned the new Liberal League, founded by Lord Rosebery, Herbert Asquith, Sir Henry Fowler and Sir Edward Grey. He likened the new organization to Mr. Brodrick's army corps, to which officers were gazetted although the troops were not in sight.

Sir Henry said he had repeatedly deprecated sectional organizations within the party. Organized differences produced antagonism and paralyzed honest work. He was no true friend of Liberalism, however pure and high his motives, who lent encouragement to any such proceedings. (Loud cheers.) Whatever might be the opinion in the parliamentary lobbies, he knew he was speaking the

MIND OF THE PARTY

in the country. If members of the party, associated themselves in open hostility to the central organization it was the latter's plain duty to fight them with all the power and energy it possessed, but they were assured, and he was willing to believe, that this was not the case in the present instance. The new society announced that it was working on parallel lines for identical objects. Why, then, in the name of sense, should they not work together. He confessed that he was bewildered. There was no personal differences and no ground for rivalry and jealousy. He could not believe that such vital differences of principle existed in the party as would justify the action of the new association. Such action could only injure the cause of Liberalism and delight nobody but the common enemy. The times were not propitious for their views. It would be a hard struggle to accomplish the triumph of Liberal principles, but it would be accomplished by marching bravely and steadily forward shoulder to shoulder, and never by forming groups and leaving the main highway of united effort to tread some little byways.

The meeting was in cordial and enthusiastic sympathy with the speaker.

EARL SPENCER'S VIEW.

Earl Spencer, the acting Liberal leader in the House of Lords, in the course of a speech at Eastbourne, expressed great regret and disappointment that Lord Rosebery was unable to co-operate with the recognized leader of the opposition. He believed that the formation of the new Liberal League would widen the gulf in the party and increase the difficulties of the Liberals. Therefore, it was impossible to wish it success. As no vital principle was involved there was no justification for establishing the new organization.

TO SCOOP HOLLAND.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Times calls attention to the book by Professor Ernst Halle, which contains the unblushing statement that it is Germany's intention to absorb Holland, first economically, then politically. The correspondent says the author is one of the ablest of the younger German professors. He advocated the emperor's views to increase the fleet some years ago. The book has been issued officially by the publishers for the German war department. Halle reproaches the Dutch for coolness toward Germany in the former crisis, and suggests that the combined influence of Wilhelmina's German consort and the fear of Britain and America will open Netherlands' eyes to the advisability of closer union with Germany. Halle admits that the position of Holland at the mouth of the Rhine is the cause of Germany's failure to secure naval prestige. He proposes a naval convention and customs commercial union of the two countries, and urges Holland to consider the fate of Spain.

NOTABLE MARRIAGE.

Two announcements in the same column of the newspapers here are causing considerable comment. One reads: "The marriage arranged between Mr. George Charles Montagu, M. P., and Miss Custance will not occur."

The second says: "Lord Alfred Douglas was married to Miss Olive Custance on Tuesday at St. George's Church, Hanover Square. The marriage was extremely quiet. Lady Edith Fox-Pitt, daughter of the late Marquis of Queensberry, and sister of the bridegroom, witnessed the ceremony." The bride is the daughter of Col. Custance, late of the Grenadier Guards.

ANOTHER WAR OFFICE SCANDAL

There is seemingly no end to war office contract scandals. Last evening in the House of Lords Earl Carrington referred to ugly rumors which are prevalent with regard to contract for the supply of wines and spirits for the troops in South Africa. He wanted the government to throw some light on the matter, but Lord Raglan declined to give any information.

CHINESE COURT ALARMED.

The actions of Gen. Tung Fu Hsiang are causing excitement and apprehension at the imperial court. Tung Fu Hsiang has a considerable body of troops. The dowager empress, through the first grand secretary, recently wrote to the general offering to maintain him comfortably if he would disband his followers. This Hsiang refused to do, intimating that he felt safer with his army around him. The court fears that when his resources fail, Tung Fu Hsiang may be compelled to resort to pillage in order to support his followers, and that this would eventually lead to rebellion.

The French legation here resents the dispatches, blaming the French for the disorders on the part of Marshal Su's troops in Kwang Si province. The legation declares that it protested against the transfer of Marshal Su, and predicted that the present disorders would result. The reinstatement of Marshal Su in his old command is due to the request of the French legation.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

Rome, March 7.—The pope yesterday received a number of extraordinary missions sent to congratulate him on his jubilee. They all brought costly gifts and autograph letters from the heads of the states they represented. Emperor William sent a porcelain clock. His holiness, in thanking the German envoy, referred to the friendship existing between Germany and the Vatican, and said he congratulated himself on the good relations existing between Emperor William and his Catholic subjects.

CABLE NOTES.

The budget committee of the Prussian reichstag has cut 23,500,000 marks from the government's estimates. This cut includes 10,500,000 marks from the army, and 4,200,000 marks from the naval estimate.

The sale of the St. Petersburg Viedomosti on the streets has been forbidden for three months, on account of the paper's editorials, on the forty-first anniversary (March 3) of the emancipation of the serfs, lamenting recent reactionary measurs.

American coal is a failure in Europe. Exhaustive tests of Yankee fuel has been made in Germany, Holland, Belgium, Sweden and Denmark. Sample cargoes of Pennsylvania anthracite, imported by the court collier, Gustav Schultze, have proved that it produces 20 per cent more ashes than Welsh coal. Attempts to utilize the American article by mixing it with Welsh coal were unsatisfactory.

The London correspondent of the Birmingham Post telegraphs that the United States government has communicated to the Marquis of Lansdowne cordial assurances that it welcomes the Anglo-Japanese alliance in regard to the Far East. Similar assurances have been conveyed to Japan through the American minister to that country.

DEFENSE OF THE EMPIRE.

Premier Knows Nothing of Inter-Colonial Army Scheme.

Supplementary Estimates Brought Down—Mr. Bourassa on Britain and the Dominion.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 6.—Mr. Bourassa, of Labelle, promises to defend his attitude respecting the interest of England, or the supposed lack of interest, in the success of Canada in the joint high commission's negotiations with the United States. The premier said yesterday that he had a letter from Sir Louis Davies, making a denial of Mr. Bourassa's statement that the former minister of marine and fisheries was authority for saying that Britain was inimical to Canada. Mr. Bourassa was in the house today. He said that his attention had been drawn to yesterday's reference to the subject, and that he would come to the house at its next sitting prepared to substantiate his contention, and would read a letter from Sir Louis Davies, justifying his statement.

The Maclean telephone bill was given its second reading today. It will go before the railway committee of the house, to be considered with the measure introduced by the government. He wants some of his provisions included in the measure. The minister of justice told him that he had thrown out one suggestion that was worth considering—to place the control of rates for telephones in the power of the postmaster-general.

Mr. Monet, of Laprairie, read newspaper accounts of the British Government's proposal to establish military units in Canada, and other British colonies, so that in the event of war the imperial force would equal that of any continental power. He asked the premier what the government had to say about this. Sir Wilfrid replied that he had received no intimation of this alleged declaration. The government had no communication regarding the subject of imperial defense, and he thought that when the exact words of the secretary for war were known, the matter would be viewed differently. He said that correspondence would soon be placed on the table which would show the government's attitude upon this question.

The supplementary estimates were brought down today. They total $1,358,683 70. The expenses of the reception to the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York were $358,000. B.

LINER LOST OFF WALES

The Waesland Went Down Near Holyhead.

Passengers and Crew Taken Off by the Colliding Steamer.

The Accident Occurred in a Very Heavy Fog—All On Board Kept Cool—Two Lives Lost.

Liverpool, March 7.—The American steamer Waesland (Capt. Apfeld), from this port, March 5, for Philadelphia, and the British steamship Harmonides (Capt. Pentin), from Para, Feb. 13, for Liverpool, met in collision late Wednesday night in a heavy fog off Holyhead, Wales. The Waesland sank. The passengers and crew, with two exceptions, were rescued by the Harmonides and brought here.

THE DEAD.

The dead are a steerage passenger named Dangerfield and a child named Elsie Emmet, the daughter of a cabin passenger.

The rescued passengers and crew of the Waesland, numbering 53, reached here at 3:33 this morning. They were received by the agents of the American Line here and were quartered at various hotels.

SCENE OF THE ACCIDENT.

The collision occurred when the Waesland was about forty miles southwest of Holyhead. The Harmonides struck the Waesland amidship and there was a terrible shock. Most of the Waesland's passengers had retired for the night.

Perfect order and discipline prevailed. The crew of the steamer rapidly turned out the passengers and succeeded in assuring them that their lives were safe. The passengers were greatly influenced by the coolness of the crew, and obeyed instructions willingly and quickly. The Waesland's boats were speedily got out, and in less than half an hour the entire party had been transferred to the Harmonides.

SANK IN THIRTY-FIVE MINUTES.

The Waesland sank in thirty-five minutes after the collision. The passengers and crew lost all their belongings. The vessel carried no mails.

The passengers unite in the highest praise of the behavior of Capt. Apfeld and his crew. It is expected the company will send on the passengers by another vessel next week.

THE ILL-FATED SHIP.

The Waesland is owned by the International Navigation Company, but flew the Belgian flag. She plied regularly in the American line service between Philadelphia and Liverpool, touching at Queenstown each way. Formerly she was known as the Russia. She was a four-masted, bark-rigged, iron vessel, of 3,676 tons net. Messrs. J. and G. Thompson built her at Glasgow in 1867. The Waesland's dimensions were: Length, 436.1 feet; breadth, 41.9 feet, and depth, 29.9 feet. She was equipped with electricity and had tripie expansion engines of 3,500 indicated horse power.

FOGS DELAY TRAVEL.

Southampton, March 6.—The American line steamer St. Louis, from New York, was docked at 9:40 a.m. today, after having been detained by fog in the Solent for nine hours.

The Harmonides was towed into Liverpood with a great hole in her bows.

A PASSENGER'S STORY.

One of the rescued passengers states that the Waesland was run into amidships at midnight in a fog, and sank in half an hour. The boilers bursted owing to breakage from the force of the collision.

One boatman was killed, one child was drowned, and a man and a woman were injured.

Some of the boats were in the water a couple of hours before finding the Harmonides, owing to the density of the fog.

AN OFFICER'S NARRATIVE.

Liverpool, March 7.—An officer of the Waesland gives a graphic description of the loss of the steamer. He said: "I was late in turning in, as the night was foggy and we were apprehensive. Practically all the passengers had retired. I was taking a last look at the weather, and peered over the ship's side, when, without the slightest warning, there came a fearful crash, which made the Waesland stagger from stem to stern.

"Then there loomed right over our ship's bow the steamer which had run into us. The darkness at that time was almost impenetrable; but there was no mistaking the terrible consequences of such an impact. The nose of the Harmonides appeared to have eaten right into our side. We were going very slowly, with no more speed than was necessary to keep headway. We struck at right angles, a tremendous hole was made, and, for a moment, the stem of the Harmonides was literally inside our ship.

"A rush of excited people from all parts of the ship immediately ensued. The passengers tumbled up just as they had retired for the night. The men, women and children were in their night dresses. Terror and bewilderment reigned for a few moments.

"But the passengers gradually ranged themselves in groups about the decks, where they were best sheltered, and the crew worked like clockwork in getting out the boats.

"The experience in the small boats was trying, on account of the darkness and cold. We did not know exactly where we were, and for a long time could not discover the whereabouts of the Harmonides, though she was nearby. The boats stood well away from the sinking Waesland, for fear of being sucked down, and we could hear the rending and tearing of her timbers, as she seemed to break in two. Then there was a terrible explosion, as the boilers blew up, and all was over.

"We drifted and rowed for, seemingly, two or three hours, when we finally got in touch with the Harmonides. We had no difficulty in getting on board. All our effects went to the bottom with the Waesland.

"The collision was terrific, alike in the suddenness of the shock and in the completeness of the steamer's destruction, and we think we were most fortunate in escaping as we did."

PILOT BOAT BROUGHT THE NEWS

Liverpool, March 7.—A pilot boat met the Harmonides off the island of Anglesea and communicated the news of the disaster to persons ashore, with the result that tugs were dispatched to search for the Harmonides, and accompanied the steamer to this port. Here the passengers were landed and comfortably housed. They will proceed to Philadelphia on Wednesday on board the steamer Noordland.

The surviving passengers, as a rule, escaped with only a few slight bruises.

The Harmonides' stem and bow plates were so torn and twisted that it appeared marvelous that she escaped sinking. She also has a deep rent in her portside.

TWO LIVES LOST.

Liverpool, March 7. — When the Waesland and Harmonides collided the sea was perfectly smooth, but the denseness of the fog added to the terrors of the passengers of the Waesland.

The women rushed on deck screaming, but were soon reassured by the officers.

The boats were quickly lowered, but while this was being done, the end of one of the lifeboats slipped from its davit and precipitated the occupants into the sea. A steerage passenger, Edward Dangerfield, of Kansas, struck his head against the boat's fittings and was instantly killed, and Elsie Emmett, 12 years old, the daughter of the Rev. A. Emmett, was drowned. The other persons who had been in the boat were picked up.

The behavior of the passengers, many of whom were Scandinavian emigrants, was exemplary. Precedence was given to the women and children.

TRUSSES

A large assortment of new and improved styles to select from.

Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back.

Cairncross & Lawrence,
Chemists and Druggists.
216 Dundas St., Corner Park Ave.,
London, Ont.

MINE DISASTER

Five Men Killed as the Result of Firedamp Explosion.

Monongahela, Pa., March 7.—The five bodies of the victims of the fire-damp explosion at Catsburg mine yesterday were recovered shortly after midnight. Their names are Robert Howey, married, mine boss James Howey, his son, married, roadman; John Gelder, mine boss, married; William McFarland, boss driver, married, all of Catsburg, and Isaac Eastwood, fire boss, married, Sunnyside.

From what can be learned, John Hagar, a machinist, went into the mine about noon, and placed his safety lamp in one of the room entrances. At least a score of men were with him, and just as Hagar put the lamp in the opening a terrific explosion followed. All the men were knocked down by the force of the explosion and many of them rendered insensible. The party was on its way to work when the accident occurred, but no person seems to know how many men were in the gang. The Catsburg mine had had several explosions lately. The mine has been boxed up, but was opened yesterday in hopes that the gas had all been pumped out.

MARK HANNA'S LATEST DEAL.

Cleveland, March 6.—The Plaindealer says: "Terms have been agreed upon for the consolidation of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company and the Cleveland City Railway Company, the two roads to be under the presidency of Senator M. A. Hanna. The Consolidated Company will include every street car line in the city.

NO FOUL PLAY.

St. Thomas, Ont., March 7.—The post-mortem examination on the body of the late David Valentine, who was frozen to death near Peterboro, was held here yesterday. The result is "that the doctors are of the opinion that he was not foully dealt with." The remains were reinterred in the St. Thomas cemetery.

GOLD-LINED POULTRY.

Chicago, March 7.—Nuggets of gold weighing from a quarter of an ounce to one ounce were found in the crops of chickens and ducks in South Water Street Market, Chicago, yesterday. The fowls yere shipped from Fifield, Wis., a little town on the Wisconsin Central Railway.

Ingersoll Watches...

A very large purchase of this reliable watch makes it possible to offer them on Saturday next and the week following, at

87c...

Mailed to any address on receipt of price and five cents postage.

John S. Barnard,
JEWELER,
170 Dundas St., London.

Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

IS PICKED PURITY

Strong in Purity. Fragrant in Strength.

IMITATORS ARE MANIFOLD.

CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

WORK AND WAGES

End of a Strike That Lasted Forty-One Weeks—Miners Want Regular Pay-Day.

LONG STRIKE ENDED.

San Francisco, March 7.—After continuing nine and one-half months, the strike of the iron-workers of this city, begun on Many 1 of last year to enforce a demand for a nine-hour day, has come to a formal end. Two-thirds of the unions composing the Iron Trades Council have acted upon a recommendation made by that body advising that the strike be prosecuted no longer.

MINERS QUIT.

Shamokin, Pa., March 7.—One thousand men and boys went on strike yesterday at the Natalie colliery, operated by the Shamokin Coal Company, because of the bi-monthly payment law not being strictly observed. During the past year the employes went on strike four times in order to get their pay regularly, and now they say they will not return to work unless the company guarantees disbursement of funds at a stated time, twice a month.

GREAT LOCKOUT THREATENED.

Chicago, March 7.—Upon the result of a series of conferences now being held in Chicago apparently depends the inauguration of a lock-out which may result in tieing up navigation on the great lakes. This lock-out, if inaugurated, will affect the 2,400 members of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective Association, composed of the captains and engineers of the tugs running out of 28 harbors along the lakes. The difficulty is over an alleged attempt on the part of the Great Lakes Towing Company, otherwise known as the "Tug Trust," to lengthen working hours.

PREVENTING A STRIKE.

New York, March 7.—After a conference which had lasted for two days, the visiting committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the officials of the American Tin Plate Company reached an agreement which, it is declared, prevents the mills of the American Tin Plate Company from closing, and renders a strike impossible.

PENSIONS FOR EMPLOYES.

New York, N. Y., March 7.—President Vreeland, of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, caused to be posted in the barns, stables and power houses of the system in Manhattan, a notice to all employes announcing the establishment of a pension system for superannuated employes of the company. This, says Mr. Vreeland, is the first pension system ever established for street railway employes, and is the final step in the plan inaugurated by him when he took charge of the Metropolitan for steadying and elevating the status of its 15,000 employes.

You Are Weak Instead of Strong.

A WEAK, PALE, DESPONDENT SPECIMEN OF HUMANITY, LACKING IN VIGOR, STRENGTH AND AMBITION.

Make Yourself a New Being—Renew, Revitalize, Reinvigorate Your Lost Strength.

You're a discouraged, weak, miserable wreck—old before your time. Instead of a place of happiness the world is full of strife, worry and distress.

You are sick and not aware of it, just able to drag yourself around, but totally incapable of exertion or hard work.

Your stomach is crying out for assistance. Hadn't you better give it some Ferrozone?

Your nerves require a good bracing tonic, and the best thing for them is Ferrozone. Why don't you use this sovereign remedy? It is intended for cases just like yours.

Ferrozone is superior for the blood and nerves to any curative agent the world has ever known. Its recuperative powers are beyond description, as a trial will demonstrate.

With the use of Ferrozone comes strength to overcome the difficulties and battles of life. Digestion and assimilation will improve, appetite will grow better. You will sleep soundly, and presto—before long you will be healthy, strong and well.

These blessings are all obtained by the regular use of Ferrozone, and can be puchased at any reliable drug store for 50 cents, of three boxes $1 25. Sent by mail to your address if price is forwarded to N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

At Short Range.

An Englishman who lived many years in Africa relates a thrilling experience which befell his family there. His home at the time was in the edge of the Transvaal wilderness, and it was there that the event occurred.

One evening about dusk my wife and child were sitting on the veranda of the bungalow. I was engaged a few rods away, putting the finishing touches to a bit of wagon-repairing. The servants were at the rear of the house. It was one of those peculiarly quiet evenings when nothing seems to break the stillness.

Suddenly I felt, rather than saw, someing moving near the veranda. I looked more closely, and to my horror perceived an enormous lion stealing along the ground in the direction of my wife and child. My wife saw the creature at the same instant, and despite her terror, fortunately remained perfectly motionless and silent.

Scarcely knowing what to do, I hastily crept toward the side of the bungalow to the open window of my room, where I knew a loaded rifle was leaning against the wall. I climbed in at the window, seized the rifle and leaped by another window upon the veranda.

There was no time to think; the lion was within a few feet of my dear ones, and crouching for a spring. I called softly to my wife not to move, and then fired.

The ball passed directly over my boy's head and lodged in the forehead of the lion, immediately above the eyes, and stretched him on the ground.

There was an instant of fearful suspense. Then I fired again, but the second bullet was not necessary, for the lion had been killed at the first shot.

I Will Cure You of

Rheumatism.

No Pay Until You Know It.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure rheumatism, not to turn boney joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money, simply write me a postcard and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim, you pay your druggist $5 50 for it. If it doesn't I will pay him myself.

I have no samples. Any medicine that can affect Rheumatism with but a few doses must be drugged to the verge of danger. I use no such drugs. It is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of your blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you I know it, and I take the risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my record shows that 39 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay, and pay gladly. I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. Let me send you an order for the medicine. Take it for a month, for it won't harm you anyway. It it cures pay $5 50. I leave that entirely to you. I will mail you a book that tells how I do it.

Simply state name of your dealer, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 41 Racine, Wis. 25a

Dr. Harper's Bootblack Son.

"Have your boots blacked by the son of a university president." This is the invitation scores of students at the Morgan Park Academy took advantage of. Paul Harper, second son of the president of the university of Chicago, is the youth whose inherited talent for money-getting has now branched out into boot blacking. Paul, who is 13 years old, is a resourceful boy, and also eccentric. He ran short of pocket money and conceived the idea of setting up a shoe-shining parlor. He turned to his chum, the son of Francis W. Parker, a Chicago lawyer. They put their heads together and they set up a shoe-shining stand at the hall, one of the boys' dormitories. No sooner had Harper hung his sign out than his fellow students began to flock around him, each clamoring for the honor of the first shine, and for a steady two hours he and young Parker did an enormous business. The firm was known as "Harper & Co., polishers of boots and shoes to Morgan Park Academy." They shined 158 pairs of shoes at 5 cents each.

STATEMENT OF MRS. THORNLEY

Corrected by County Crown Attorney Magee.

The Lady Replies With an Explanation of What She Said.

The Plebiscite of 1898 Recalled—Mr. Gould's Affidavit and Mr. William Bowman's Story.

As the following letter from Mr. Jas. Magee, crown attorney, Middlesex, was not sent to The Advertiser, or published in its columns, the editor did not deem it necessary to give Mrs. May R. Thornley's reply. However, as that lady especially wishes her communication to appear in these columns, we give it, together with the letter to which it is an answer:

MR. MAGEE TO MRS. THORNLEY.

To the Editor of the Free Press:

In today's Free Press, Mrs. Thornley, of this city, one of the Dominion Alliance deputation, is quoted as having stated to Premier Ross on Wednesday, at Toronto, speaking of the plebiscite campaign in London, as follows:

"In one case a man took the oath and voted in the name of a man whose funeral both the scrutineer and deputy had attended, and when an effort was made to secure his arrest it was found that no warrant could be obtained without the authority of the crown attorney. That official had a notice on his office door that he had gone away for a day's fishing. In view of these facts she earnestly asked that on this occasion safeguards be adopted to prevent a repetition of such doings."

There have been two plebiscite campaigns, and I do not know which was referred to. The provincial vote was taken at the municipal election in January, 1894, and the Dominion vote in September, 1898. As fishing is not comfortable in January, the September date is probably the one intended to point the moral and adorn the tale.

There are, however, some trifling inaccuracies in the statement. It is not and was not necessary to have any authority from the county crown attorney for the arrest or prosecution of any offender for any offense or for the issue of a warrant therefor.

That official had not on either of those occasions or on any other occasion a notice on his office door that he had gone away for a day's fishing; or gone away for any other purpose; and further, that official had not on either of the two occasions gone away fishing, and had not gone away at all.

That official took care to be in the city and at his office on both dates.

The speaker was doubtless misinformed, but it is better that assertions during the campaign should be in accordance with facts. Your obedient servant, JAMES MAGEE,

Crown Attorney, Middlesex.

London, Feb. 28, 1902.

MRS. THORNLEY'S STATEMENT.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Mr. Magee's letter, calling in question my statements before the cabinet, Feb. 26, would have been answered immediately but that I had to await the convenience of others. The press report quoted by Mr. Magee was very inaccurate, of which more anon. But let me say frankly and at once that the fishing episode was my mistake. The statement was made at plebiscite headquarters on the polling day, but was derisive, and referred to the deputy crown attorney, and not Mr. Magee. I was not present, and the party repeating it to me had taken it seriously. I am sincerely grieved to have been in error even in a minor matter, and heartily accept Mr. Magee's assertion that he was not out of the city. But he also is in error in stating that he was in his office that day, as will appear later—at least, he was not findable when wanted.

A little history will refresh the memories of all concerned. The plebiscite referred to was that of 1898. The night before it, when the plebiscite committee and the gentlemen appointed as scrutineers were at the Y.M.C.A., one of the few politicians who gave us any assistance in that contest came in and hurriedly made this announcement: "I have just come from the station. A large number of pluggers have arrived on the evening trains and there are breakers ahead for us tomorrow." Another and much more alarming statement followed. Should Mr. Magee answer this letter he will have to bring to the attention of the public that second bombshell thrown into our midst that Friday night, Sept. 28, 1898.

After consultation, two members of the association were dispatched in hot haste to find the deputy crown attorney and acquaint him with what we at once perceived to be the disastrous conditions facing us. It being after office hours they could only hope to chance upon him somewhere. A lengthy but unavailing search was made. A letter explaining the situation was then written and left at the residence of the deputy.

In the morning these same two gentlemen—one of whom was the chairman of a down-town ward, and the other his first lieutenant—made the rounds of the polls under their care about the time of their opening, and in doing so came across the deputy on Colborne street. They hailed him and asked for assistance. He said he could not give it; that he was just leaving the city and would not be back that day.

No sooner were the polls opened than reports came thick and fast to the central rooms that the rankest impersonating was being perpetrated and that the deputy returning officers, when appealed to to arrest the impersonators, declared they had no authority to do so. At this point an affidavit will explain the particular case (which was one of many), related to the cabinet:

AN AFFIDAVIT.

"Dominion of Canada. To Wit:

"I, Charles Henry Gould, of the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, contractor, do solemnly declare as follows:

"I was a worker in ward 5 in the plebiscite of 1898. On the voting day, in passing a polling booth the temperance scrutineer came out and told me that the man I saw getting into the rig at the door, driven by a well-known hotelkeeper, was an impersonator. He requested me to keep him in sight and get him arrested. I followed him on my bicycle, going with him to two other polling places, in one of which, at least, he took the oath and voted falsely. They then went to the Metropolitan Hotel and I to the plebiscite committee rooms.

"Accompanied by Mr. Marshall, the city organizer of the Plebiscite Association, and another gentleman, I went to the police station, where we saw the police court clerk. He explained that he could not issue the kind of warrant we needed, and said we had better see the chief of police. The chief of police said he could do nothing, and we had better see the police magistrate. The police magistrate was not in his office, but we followed him to the court house. He declined to attend to business because he was not in his office, and refused to say when he would be there. We then went to the place of business of the crown attorney. This was before noon, between 11 and 12 o'clock. We there learned that Mr. Magee was out and that the clerk who met us could give us no information of his whereabouts or the time of his return. We conferred together and decided to see a lawyer, from whose opinion we gathered that nothing could be done, whereupon I returned to duty in the East End.

"And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously, believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of the Canada evidence act, 1893."

MR. BOWMAN'S STORY.

A confirmatory statement may be of interest. The following letter furnishes it:

"London, March 3, 1902.

"Dear Mrs. Thornley, — In response to your inquiries, would say the corruption through impersonation, bogus ballots, etc., in the plebiscite election of 1898, was the worst thing of the sort that has ever come under my observation. The day after the vote, a committee of four or five gentlemen, for whom I was spokesman, waited upon Hon. David Mills, minister of justice, and laid before him the fact that while the polling places were infested with impersonators and fraud was rampant, no redress could be obtained from either the deputy returning officers or city officers. We related many instances, one of which was the case referred to by Mr. Gould, and given us in detail, substantially as Mr. Gould states it, by the organizer of our city plebiscite association. Mr. Mills was requested to lay the matter before Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Nothing further was heard of these complaints and we infer no action was taken. Sincerely,

"WILLIAM BOWMAN,

"President City Plebiscite Association."

FURTHER EXPLANATION.

The statement made by me before the government gave the instance in the main, just as Mr. Gould affirms it, and not at all like the newspapers reported it, except that I confused the earlier interview with the deputy with the later call at Mr. Magee's office, supposing that both referred to the same person. This does not appear in the report.

I made no attempt to locate the blame for the shameless and abounding perversion of justice then existing, purposely leaving the government to saddle the responsibility where they pleased.

But allow me to call the attention of the public to the fact that the error was indeed a minor consideration, so far as the point to be established by the repetition of the incident is concerned. The point of my address lay in this, that in the last prohibition vote, we were, by whose authority deponent sayeth not, abandoned to the devices of an enemy, than whom none more corrupt or corrupting is known to civilization.

Here was the situation:

1st. Every deputy returning officer in the city asserted that he was not empowered to arrest faudulent voters.

2nd. The police court clerk could not issue the kind of warrant needed.

3rd. The chief of police declared himself without authority.

4th. The magistrate declined to act.

5th. The deputy crown attorney was out of the city.

6th. The crown attorney could not be found.

7th. The very prominent lawyer consulted advised the organizer and his associates that he could do nothing.

All day long workers poured into headquarters begging assistance in cases similar to the one affirmed by Mr. Gould. In one instance the impersonater had voted at six consecutive polling places in the name of a dead or an absent elector.

Will Mr. Magee answer this question? At what point did the breakdown in the machinery of justice occur? Whose business was it to have stemmed the tide of corruption that that day swept over this city? And not this city only, but Hamilton, Toronto, Ottawa, Kingston, etc., for so said the workers when we gathered in the first provincial executive session after Sept. 29.

Is it to be wondered at that the practical section of the temperance force has no use for another popular vote?

(Mrs.) MAY R. THORNLEY.

London, March 4.

MR. MAGEE TO MRS. THORNLEY.

To the Editor:

Sir,—In my recent letter I was only concerned to correct a statement which, as reported, was a somewhat serious reflection upon a public officer. Nothing more is called for upon that score.

No good end would be attained by my discussing what Mrs. Thornley calls the breakdown in the machinery of justice. It is from no discourtesy to that lady or want of sympathy with her manifestedly real distress and desire to enforce the law that I prefer not to accede to that suggestion.

There is, I fear, still much inexactness in the information she has received, and if I may be pardoned for saying so, in deductions drawn.

If my possibly momentary absence can, when filtered through the media of the well-meaning London plebiscite committee, become transformed before the premier and a large deputation into a closed office with the implied absence of partners and clerks and the added circumstantiality of a written notice on the door and a day's fishing, perhaps it will be admitted that there may be some inaccuracy, not to mention omitted circumstances, in relation to others. When Mrs. Thornley uses such expressions as "shameless and abounding perversion of justice," if she really meant what the words imply, one cannot help thinking that the high-sounding phraseology has tempted her away from the exercise of the charity characteristic of her in so many other ways, or the temperateness which not alone as to the use of liquor is desirable. Your obedient servant,

JAMES MAGEE.

London, March 6, 1902.

THE STARVATION PLAN

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Stomach Troubles Is Useless and Unscientific.

The almost certain failures of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but even now a course of dieting is generally the first thing recommended for a case of indigestion or any stomach trouble.

Many people with weak digestion, as well as some physicians, consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to restrict the diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others, or to cut down the amount of food eaten to barely enough to keep soul and body together, in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting to a man already suffering from starvation because indigestion itself starves every organ, nerve and fiber in the body.

What people with poor digestion most need is abundant nutrition, plenty of good, wholesome, properly cooked food, and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it.

This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are adapted, and the true reason why they cure the worst cases of stomach trouble.

Eat a sufficient amount of wholesome food, and after each meal take one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets to promptly digest it.

In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not, one grain of the active digestive principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets being sufficient to digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs or other albuminous food.

Dr. Harlandson and Dr. Redwell recommend these tables in all cases of defective digestion because the pepsin and diastase in them are absolutely free from animal matter and other impurities, and being pleasant to the taste are as safe and harmless for the child as for the adult.

All drug stores sell this excellent preparation, and the daily use of them after meals will be of great benefit, not only as an immediate relief, but to permanently build up and invigorate the digestive organs.

RAILROAD TIES MADE OF STEEL

They Are More Common in Europe Than in America.

"Steel ties," said a railroad man, "which, as to width and length, are of ordinary tie dimensions, are made of steel about three-eighths of an inch in thickness pressed into a trough shape; and are laid with the convex side up. The rail is secured to the tie by means of a clip, passing through a hole punched in the tie, and fastening over the flanges in the rail.

"Steel ties are far more commonly used in Europe than they are here, this being especially true as to Italy, France and Germany, and most particularly so as to Italy, where many steel ties are used.

"Wood is more costly in Europe than here, and is used with greater economy. Here we drive the spikes into wooden railroad ties, with more or less danger of splitting them, and with a consequent increased liability to deterioration. In Europe they bore holes first in which to drive the spikes, and wooden ties are treated also with some wood-preserving process, as is commonly done there, also, with telegraph poles, fence posts, and wood in other forms in similarly exposed situations.

"Here, while wood is dearer than it was, and ties cost more than they formerly did, and we are using now more or less ties of soft wood, where we never used to think of using any but hard wood, yet wooden ties are still less expensive than steel. And while more preserving plants are now being established, still we cannot be said to have reached yet in this country the stage of the economical use of wood.

"And thus the comparatively limited use of steel ties here—I doubt if there are laid in this country a hndred miles of them yet, altogether—which is here more experimental."

THE WEATHER TODAY—Mostly fair and mild.

Where Most Ladies Buy Their Graceful, Easy Corsets.

The best time to buy your spring Corsets is now, before being fitted for new tailor-made gowns, etc. The place to get the best and leading makes is in our large Corset Department. In it will be found the most popular makes. Styles to fit slight figures, styles to fit medium figures, styles to fit full figures—from the very short tape girdle corset to the extra long waist. Experienced saleswomen will be pleased to fit and demonstrate the merits of the different lines.

Style 973, $1 25.

W. B. Erect Form, Artists' Model French P. D. and La Princesse.

These are among the most popular makes of today. Every pair of Corsets sold by us is guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. A safe and sure way of getting what will suit you.

ERECT FORM CORSETS.

Style 473, Erect Form W. B. Corsets, as illustrated; medium figure; fairly low busted; medium hip; made in sterling jean, white and drab, also of black sateen, trimmed with lace and ribbon; sizes 18 to 28; can only be bought here at the low price of $1 25

Style 962, W. B. Erect Form, for stout figures; long over hips and abdomen; short from waist line up; sizes from 22 to 30. Price only $2 50

LA PRINCESSE CORSETS.

La Princesse, Style 317—This is a new Corset, made especially for us; in white and drab, of fine imported contil, also of black sateen; medium low gored bust; bias cut; gored hips; filling of fine steel spring steels; trimming of lace and baby ribbon top and bottom. The price we ask is much less than the real value of this Corset. We invite ladies to examine La Princesse.

Other W. B. Erect Form Corsets for medium and slight figures, $1.25 to $2.25.

La Princesse, Style 317; $1 00.

Climax, 50c.

You Have Heard of Climax Corsets Before.

They are the best low-priced Corset on the market. Made especially for us, of good American jean; single strip with steel spring filling; medium short, straight front; lace and baby ribbon top and bottom. This splendid Corset on sale now at only 50c

Elite Semi-Girdle Corsets.

A new short semi-girdle Corset, of American jean, steel filling; trimmed with lace and ribbon top and bottom. We will sell this popular Corset quickly at only 50c

Ranks With the Finest Corset Made.

ARTISTS' MODEL—A Corset that gives unique satisfaction; comfortable and graceful; made of fine white contil, and black sateen with elastic sides. The new medium, short and girdle styles, now on sale.

Splendid Value in Children's Corset Waists at 25c.

Children's Corset Waists, made of extra strong fine polished jean; light weight neatly finished. Splendid value at 25c

Other Waists for misses and children at 35c, 40c and up to $1 00

Ferris Good-Sense Waists for Women and Children Always in Stock.

New goods showing in every department. The styles the fashionable people of London will be wearing this spring and summer, now here. Easter is not far off—you'll want to be ready for Easter—everybody does. The time to buy is now, while stocks are full and at their best.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 DUNDAS STREET.

EACRETT'S BAZAAR

TOMORROW IS CROCKERY DAY. . . .

Our White Crockery must go. The goods necessary to every household are the goods we are offering for one week.

White Cups and Saucers, per half dozen	55c	Ewers and Basins	75c
White Plates, per half dozen	30c	Chambers	35c
Hotel Bakers, each	8c	Something new, Boston Bean Pots	15c
Scallops, each	12c	Egg Cups, per dozen	20c
Cream Jugs, each	8c	Nest Eggs, 2 for	5c
Quart Jugs, each	18c	CLOCKS.	
Butter Patties, dozen	25c	A Beautiful Oak Clock, good works, suitable for a dining-room, only	$2 75
Nappies, per half dozen	20c	Alarm Clocks	$1 15
Bowls, each	7c		
10-Inch Platters, each	15c		

RUBBER BALLS—Our New Balls Have Just Arrived.

Painted ones, from .....3c up to 35c

Plain, from .....1c up to 15c

3 cakes Castile Soap for	5c	Starch, per pound	8c
Brown Windsor, per cake	1c	Cornstarch, per pound	7c
Glycerine Soap, per cake	5c	Bird Seed, per pound	5c
Pears' Soap, per cake	10c	Pearline, per package	5c
Twin Bar Castile, per bar	5c	Sapollo, per package	10c

Don't forget our Holloway's Celebrated Tea, per pound.....22c

Great French Baking Powder per pound 10c

We Give Trading Stamps. Eacrett's Bazaar, 171 Dundas Street. Phone. 863.

Alcoholism and Longevity.

[From the London Chronicle.]

I have been perusing some details concerning the influence of the alcoholic habit on the increase of population. The theory has been advanced that alcoholism is responsible for the propagation of weakly offspring, with the usual consequence of premature death. Some of the figures, taken from French sources, are startling enough. In 215 families traced to three generations, with 814 descendants, the mortality was 32 per cent, this representing infantile mortality. These families were of alcoholic habits. In Rome it was found that two drunkards had 32 children as offspring, and all died before attaining the adult age. In another series of statistics it is shown that of 800 children born of alcoholic parents 21.3 per cent died practically in childhood and infancy. The cause of temperance reform will be most largely aided by considerations which deal with the national aspect of alcoholism. The figures I have quoted may be commended to the notice of our legislators. The cry of reform is in the air, and every fact which can afford reasonable support to that cry should be welcomed by every citizen, abstainer or not.

GIANT AND DWARF.

You open the door of your heart, my friend,
To a very small vice or sin,
And see! As the dwarf comes softly through
His shadow enters in;
For who can forbid a shadow friend,
Or shut it out with a prayer?
Unheeded it grows, as shadows will,
And lo! A giant is there.

—Ethel Hatton.

Malt Breakfast Food

Has Become the Standard Breakfast Cereal.

Cereal breakfast foods that have not the proper proportions of mineral salts are not up to the standard established by food experts for the aid of digestion and for the work of keeping the blood pure.

Eminent analytical chemists assert that Malt Breakfast Food is complete in all the points that go to make perfect health food. It is rich in malt, gluten and phosphates; a perfect food for body and brain. The trial of one package has proved sufficient to convince tens of thousands of the superior qualities of Malt Breakfast Food. Put your stomach-irritating oatmeal, hominy, grits and cracked wheat aside for a week and try Malt Breakfast Food. All grocers.

Germany has imported as much as $10,000,000 worth of apples in one year and $2,500,000 worth of pears.

IF YOUR CHILDREN moan and are restless during sleep, coupled when awake with a loss of appetite, pale countenance, picking of the nose, etc., you may depend upon it that the primary cause of the trouble is worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator effectually removes these pests, at once relieving the little sufferers.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Diseases of the Kidneys.

Dr. Albert Wesley Kahle, Specialist in Diseases of the Kidneys, No. 190 Delaware avenue, Buffalo, N. Y., will furnish information free regarding his treatment of Bright's Disease, Cystitis and Diabetes, upon application either in person or writing to the above address. tf

Mattress and Feather-Bed Cleaning Factory.

Notice—New goods. Brass and iron bedsteads, mattresses. Goose feather pillows and cushions from 50c each. Goose feathers sold by the pound. Upholstering and repairing. Cosey corner cushions made. Hunt & Sons, 593 Richmond street. Telephone, 997.

Exceptional Opportunities.

To visit all points of the Great West for pleasure, education or business.

The Union Pacific has authorized the following excursion rates:

Twenty-five dollars from Missouri River points to California, Oregon and Washington points every day during March and April.

Phenomenally low rates to the Pacific Coast and intermediate points. Single trip Colonists' tickets open to all during the coming spring and summer.

Special round trip excursion rates will be sold to the Pacific Coast at less than one cent per mile. Choice of routes returning.

People identified with local interests at various points en route will show you every attention. It will be to your advantage to make inquiry in regard to these low rates to the Pacific Coast before deciding on the trip.

Call or address postal card to G. G. Herring, G. A., 126 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich. 23bu sxy

WHISKARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES,

228, 230, 232 Dundas Street, London.

A MULTITUDE OF HAPPY BUYERS

Found the claims of our SPECIAL SALE were true in every particular. Many bargains have been snapped up. There are still many more.

Blankets.

We have about 20 pairs of Heavy Blankets, for single beds, worth $1 75. We clear the lot at $1 per pair. They are nicely bordered, and a tremendous bargain at the price.

All colors in SHETLAND FLOSS during this sale 6c per ounce, full weight.
All colors, but black, in Ball Crochet Silk, 25 yards on ball, only 5c each.
Just in, special lines in Tortoise Shell Hair Combs, Hair Retainers, Side Combs, Pompadour Combs, etc.
Beautiful Heavy Side Combs, 15c pair.
Fine Heavy Pompadour Combs, 12½c, 15c, 19c each.
Special line of Tortoise Shell Hair Retainers, 15c and 20c each.
Special line of Hat racks, four double Hooks, regular 12½c, sale price 8c each.
Special line of Ladies' Patent Leather Belts, 15c each.
FULL WEIGHT BLACK FINGERING YARN, fine quality, only 50c full pound.
One line of very fine Black Satana, for ladies' waists, regular 35c, sale price 29c yard.

In Our Silk Department.

We are still selling a lot of Fancy Silks at sale prices, 29c yard.
A beautiful wide width Black Taffeta Silk; regular 75c, sale price 50c yard.
A special line of new Silks, in blue stripe and gray stripe, at 25c yard.

White Apron Muslin.

Open worked and tucked, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c yard.
White Fancy Openwork Muslin, at 10c, 12½c yard.
BLACK MUSLIN, stripe, open work, 15c yard.
PLAIN BLACK MUSLIN, very wide width, only 12½c yard.
Gray Stripe and Fancy Gray Ginghams; regular 15c, sale price 10c yard.

Your Last Chance

At these MOQUET RUGS at sale prices. See our large window for Rugs and Prices.

In Our Linen Department.

We are showing some special lines in Towels, Toweling, Table Linen, Sideboard Scarfs, Linen Drapes, Bath Towels and Colored Tabling.
Special line of WHITE LINEN TOWELS; regular 25c, sale price 17c each.
Splendid line of LINEN HUCKABACK TOWELING, 12½c yard, and very wide, for fancy work, 20c yard.
Fine range of Roller Toweling, at 6c, 7c, 8c and 10c a yard.
Large Size Cotton Huck Towels, at 5c, 8c, 10c each.
Special line of Huck Towels, all linen, only 12½c each.
DAMASK TABLE LINEN, 60 inches wide, 25c a yard. Very heavy.

See Our Window

For Roman Embroidery Goods in Pillow Shams, Center Pieces and Sideboard Scarfs.

Ribbon and Lace Department.

Selling lots of Ribbons and Laces. Prices are very special here; 18 yards of Heavy Satin Ribbon for 18c.
25c Double Lace Satin Ribbon, wide width, in cream and tuscan only, cut prices 10c yard.
Guipure Insertions, new goods, at 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c yard.
Just in, our spring stock of Millinery Buckles, in steel, rhinestone and gilt, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c and 50c each.

Your Last Chance at Furs.

Before putting them away. It will pay you to buy now. Furs about half price. Call and see what we can do for you.
Ladies' Astrachan Gauntlets, 50c pair.

Special line of English Flannelette, 36 inches wide, in cardinal only, 7c yard.
27 inches wide Red Flannelette; regular 10c, for 5c yard.

Sale Continues in Our Ladies' Whitewear Department.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner, Campbell & Gunn, 83

PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL HAS MONEY to loan on farm property. Large loans preferred. Write Box 88, Advertiser. 10tf

MONEY TO LOAN—$500,000 PRIVATE and trust funds, on first mortgage, at 5 per cent; also on notes and other security. Tennent & Coleridge, barristers, solicitors, notaries etc., 78 Dundas street London.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4¾ and 5½ per cent on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 93 Dundas street, London.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

J. H. TENNANT, VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, 137 King street. Residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. Treatment of dogs a specialty. 'Phones 273 and 683.

PERSONAL.

LADIES' CONSULTATION PARLORS—Specialty, health and toilet remedies. Palmistry continued by request. Madame, 470 Ridout.

LEGAL CARDS.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

MAGEE, McKILLOP & MURPHY—Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas, London, James Magee, K.C.; J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy; Philip E. McKenzie, LL.B.

GIBBONS & HARPER—BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper.

HELLMUTH & IVEY, IVEY & DROMGOLE, Barristers, etc., Over Bank of Commerce.

JARVIS & VINING — BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

BUCHNER, CAMPBELL & GUNN, barristers, etc., 83 Dundas street, London. Telephone 99. Money to loan at lowest rates.

E. H. JOHNSTON, NOTARY PUBLIC, Barrister, etc., 87½ Dundas street. 'Phone 1,401.

W. H. BARTRAM—BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

T. W. SCANDRETT—BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

GREENLEES & BECHER—BARRISTERS, etc., Canadian Loan Company building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan. A. Greenlees, B.A.; H. C. Becher.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple Building, corner Richmond and King streets, London, Ont.; Thomas H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

STUART, STUART & BUCKE—BARRISTERS, solicitors etc. Office, room 117 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; Duncan Stuart; E. T. Bucke, B.A.

CASEY & MORWOOD, BARRISTERS, 90 Dundas street, London. Money to loan at lowest rates.

LIVERY STABLES.

LILLEY'S LIVERY—NO. 519 DUNDAS street, East London, Ont. Telephone 655.

PARCEL DELIVERY.

CITY PARCEL EXPRESS—OFFICE removed to 154 Carling street. Parcels called for and delivered to any part of city. Telephone 1,236. C. H. Anderson.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses, C. D. Johnston, 198 Dundas street. Residence, 394 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 289 Dufferin avenue.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jepson, druggist, 249 Wellington street. Residence, 241 Pall Mall. 'Phone 379.

HOTEL CARDS.

THE RICHMOND—JOHN & WILLIAM COOK, proprietors. Transient guests and weekly boarders. Rates, $1 per day. Excellent accommodation. Fine wines and liquors.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. depot. Central location. First-class in every respect. Louis Risk, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

HOTEL NORMANDY, 489 AND 491 Richmond street—Choice wines, liquors and cigars. T. F. Lewis, proprietor.

OFFICE RESTAURANT — CHOICE lager, liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. D. Sare.

ALBION HOTEL, 157 DUNDAS STREET—Rates, $1.50 per day. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. Jacob Obernesser, proprietor.

THE IROQUOIS, TORONTO, CANADA—Popular hotel. Popular prices. Newly fitted and refurnished. G. A. Graham, proprietor, late Imperial Hotel, Galt.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON, OFFICE AND residence, 360 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office house, 12:30 to 6 p.m.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.D., 339 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4, 6 to 8. 'Phone 522.

R. OVENS, M.D., 225 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., England. Office, 257 King street. Telephone 639.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE, 330 CLARENCE. Residence, 616 Richmond. Specialties, pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors, piles, diseases of women and children.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 209 QUEEN'S avenue, Kingsmill Terrace. Telephone 504.

DR. McLAREN, 193 QUEEN'S AVENUE, five doors east of Richmond street.

DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 238 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, throat and nose only.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON. Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. ANGUS GRAHAM—OFFICE AND residence, 463 King street. 'Phone 609.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE AND EAR SURGEON, is in New York, attending special course. Will return April 1.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S., England. Specialist (surgical diseases only). 439 Park avenue. 'Phone 824.

DR. BAYLY, 442 PARK AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of children. 'Phone 827.

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Gives the Prohibition Bill Its Second Reading.

Hon. J. M. Gibson's Amendment to the Marriage and Other Bills Passed.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, March 6.—Before the debate on the second reading of the prohibition bill was resumed in the legislature this afternoon a number of bills were given their third reading and carried. Among them was Hon. Mr. Gibson's amendment to the marriage act, in which the prohibited degrees of consanguinity were defined; an act by Hon. Mr. Harcourt to amend the separate schools act, and an act by Mr. Farwell (Algoma) respecting the Pacific and Atlantic Railway Company.

Mr. Joynt (Grenville) opposed the passage of Hon. Mr. Gibson's bill to amend the devolution of estates act. It was, he declared, simply another turn to the screw to force estates into the probate court and to force them into cost and extravagance, and was framed in the interests of unscrupulous members of the legal profession.

Hon. J. M. Gibson denied that the bill would have any such effect, and Mr. Joynt's motion to refer it back to committee of the house in order to strike out the clause with which he was displeased was lost on division.

On motion of the premier it was decided that the house should resolve itself into committee of the whole tomorrow afternoon to consider the resolution that the salaries of sheriffs which fall below $1,000, shall be increased to that sum; also the resolution providing that every judge of the Supreme Court of Jurisdiction for Ontario shall be paid annually the sum of $1,000 out of the consolidated revenue of the province in lieu of the provision made by section 1 of the act respecting such judges.

THE PROHIBITION DEBATE.

The prohibition debate was next resumed, and Mr. Marter (Con.), of North Toronto, was the first speaker. He declared himself opposed to recognition of liquor traffic in any form. The question was a moral one and above all politics, but he wanted it thoroughly understood that he spoke only for himself and in no way for his party or any section of it. He was in good company, though, for Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir William Meredith, the present leader of the opposition, the premier, and other distinguished gentlemen had all expressed the view that the liquor traffic was an evil which was responsible for most of the crime and misery of the country. He dwelt for some time on the terrible effects of the drink habit, from which he jumped to a consideration of the course which the government had pursued with regard to the question. They had said to the people, "Give us your mandate and we will give you prohibition." Had they done so? He did not need to reply to that question. He need only say that we were still without prohibition. With respect to the referendum, he had no doubt it was a good thing in its place, but it should only be used as a check on bad legislation. It should come from the people, and should never be used except when asked for by them. He had always looked upon the licensing of the sale of intoxicating liquor as wrong, and he was happy to stand up and advocate the closing of the bars in the Province of Ontario as soon as possible. He would not say that they should stop the manufacture and importation of liquor, but if they could stop the retail sale that would be going as far as he thought they had a right to go.

Mr. Marter declared his intention of voting with the government on the second reading of the bill because he would be accused of voting for party if he did not; but upon the third reading he would move amendments which, he hoped, the house would indorse. He did not like the idea of having to get more than a bare majority vote. The prohibitionists had enough to do to get out more than a half of the votes cast in the plebiscites. Sir John Macdonald had once said that he would give the people prohibition when they sent men to parliament to demand it, and there was no doubt it behooved the prohibitionists to take an active interest in the next campaign and see that their interests were conserved.

Hon. E. J. Davis was delivering a forcible address in defense of the government bill when recess time arrived.

The debate was continued after recess by Mr. Foy (Con., South Toronto), who said the bill was bad.

Mr. Graham (Lib., Brockville) said Mr. Ross stood where he always stood as a temperance leader, but he had to legislate for the great middle class, who stood between the two opposite views on the prohibition question.

Mr. Hoyle (Con., New Ontario) said he would record his vote against the bill, though in entire sympathy with the temperance cause.

Mr. Pardee (Lib., West Lambton), defended the measure.

Mr. Crawford (Con., West Toronto) said as a temperance man he would oppose such a loaded referendum.

Mr. Lucas (Con., Center Grey) spoke against the bill.

The question was then put and the second reading carried, 48 to 35, Mr. Marter voting with the government.

BANISH THE BARBERRY SHRUB.

Hon. Mr. Dryden has introduced his bill to deal with the barberry shrub. It provides a penalty of $10 and costs on anyone who shall hereafter plant, cultivate or sell the barberry shrub. Provision is also made that where the shrub is at present growing in any city, town or village, it may be removed on the petition to the minister of agriculture of three ratepayers in any adjoining municipality. Provision is also made for small compensation in such cases.

OPEN SEASONS CHANGED.

Hon. Mr. Latchford has introduced a bill to amend the Ontario game protection act. It provides that the open season for moose, reindeer and caribou in the district south of the C. P. R. main line between Mattawa and Port Arthur shall remain as at present—Nov. 1-15—but that in the regions west and north of that section of the C. P. R. the open season shall be from Oct. 16 to Nov. 15. A special provision is introduced granting an open season for deer kept on preserves from Oct. 1 to Nov. 15. The close season for quail and wild turkeys is made Oct. 15 to Dec. 1, instead of Dec. 15.

Supplementary Estimates.

The supplementary estimates, which were laid on the table of the legislature this afternoon, call for expenditures amounting to $181,947. The largest item is $45,000, to cover the cost of the referendum vote. Among the other items are $2,000 for the analysis of sewage impregated with noxious chemicals; $200 for the Eastern Ontario Good Roads Association; $500 for the Salvation Army prison gate work; $200 for the Infants' Home and Infirmary; $1,500 to pay Pan-American Exposition accounts; $5,000 for the board of trade, to assist manufacturers of Ontario to make their products better known in the markets of Great Britain; $500 towards monument at Kingston to the late Sir George Kirkpatrick.

Other charges are: $3,650 for civil government, including $3,000 for extra help, etc., in the military land grants; $1,467 for administration of justice; $5,500 for education, including $5,000 for technical education; $500 for public institutions' maintenance; $16,350 for agriculture, including $5,000 to enlarge the Winter Fair buildings at Guelph; $3,000 for the Eastern Fair at Ottawa; $4,000 for special dairy instruction; $200 for the Sugar Beet Association; $1,500 for the Agricultural College library; $1,000 for sugar beet experiments.

The sum of $1,500 is asked for maintenance and repairs.

Under public buildings the vote is $36,949, including $5,000 for improvements at London Asylum; $900 for improvements at Osgoode Hall; $7,500 for site of Macdonald building at O. A. C., Guelph; $2,199 for improvements at Mercer Reformatory and payment to city re King street sewer; $9,000 for duplicate electric lighting plant; $2,500 for pavilion for stock judging, and $1,400 for laboratory apparatus at O. A. C., Guelph.

Under public works, $30,200 is asked, including $2,500 for Rainy River docks; also several grants for extensive drainage schemes. A further sum of $24,000 is asked for colonization roads.

Charges on crown lands of $6,500 include $5,000 for fire ranging beyond the height of land.

American vs. Canadian Canned Meats

The recent tests between American and Canadian canned meats prove that no canned meats are superior to those packed by W. Clark, Montreal. 13c v

Egotists have a sixth sense—that of their own self-importance.

Influenza is again epidemic in London.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY

176-178 Dundas Street, London, Friday, March 7, 1902.

WOODS' FAIR

..Another Big Sale..

15c and 25c Sale.

THIS time it is a 15c and 25c Sale, and just the sale for everyone. Missing this store tomorrow really means missing the chance to buy what you want for far less than you hoped. Tomorrow is full of profit for you. It is impossible to enumerate the long string of bargains, which are here for 15c and 25c. Not ordinary 15c and 25c goods, but goods worth twice as much and more. Piles of bargains at every counter.

SALE STARTS AT 8:30 SHARP.

BARGAINS ON THE MAIN FLOOR.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

Ladies' Heavy Fleece-Lined Hose, seamless feet, high spliced heel, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Union Hose, spliced heel and toe, shaped, very durable, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. .. 15c
Ladies' Medium Weight Ribbed All-Wool Cashmere Hose, high spliced heel and toe, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m 25c
Misses' and Ladies' Fine White Wool Mitts, ribbed wristband, made of fine Saxony wool, regular 25c pair, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 2 pairs for 25c
Men's White Kid Gloves, for dress occasions, all sizes, regular 75c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m.....25c

FROM 8:30 TO 10 A.M.

Eagle Parlor Matches, regular 10c, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m. 3 for 25c
Williams Shaving Soap, regular 10c cake, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m., 4 for 25c
Old Brown Windsor Soap, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m., 21 cakes for 15c
48 only, Large Bars Castile Soap, regular 20c, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m. 14c
Chamois Skin, soft and fine, regular 10c, Saturday, from 8:30 to 10 a.m. 5c
8 Envelopes, long or octavo shape, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m. 1c
Fancy Bone Combs, regular 20c, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m. 1c
Boys' and Ladies' Ties, in 10 colors, gingham and muslin, regular 15c each, Saturday from 8:30 to 10 a.m. 1c

FANCY GOODS.

Topsy Rag Dolls, large size, attractive colors, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
Tray Cloths, 12 patterns, hemstitched, fringed and stamped, for working, regular 25c, and 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
Cushion Tops, in all the newest spring styles and colors, beautiful Cushion Tops, like Florodora, Love Song, etc., decorated with violets, poppies, acorns, holly, roses, maple leaves; in tapestry and conventional designs, regular 40c, 50c and 75c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

UNDERWEAR.

Men's Braces, braided ends, good length, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
Men's Shirts and Drawers, good quality, well finished garments, all sizes, regular 50c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Men's Union Shirts and Drawers, regular 50c suit, Saturday at 8:30 a.m., 15c garmen, or suit 25c

STATIONERY.

162 Books, Arlington Edition, well bound, in attractive linen covers; Twice Told Tales, Aunt Diana, Swiss Family Robinson, Woods' Natural History, Through a Looking-Glass, and many others, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 2 for 25c
98 Beautiful Books, plain large type, books like Oliver Twist, Ivanhoe, The Lamplighter, Jane Eyre, The Scarlet Letter, Ardath, etc., Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Prayer Books—English Church and Hymnal combined; also the Catholic Prayer Books, in leather covers, beautifully finished, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Playing Cards, gilt edges, fine finish, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

FANCY NECKWEAR.

Ladies' and Men's Pure White P. K. Puff Ties, regular 25c, and 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 3 for 25c
Ladies' Fine Valenciennes Lace Edged Handkerchiefs, also plain, regular 10c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 6 for 25c
Ladies' Fine Wash Silk Handkerchiefs, 1½-inch hemstitched border, with fancy embroidered initial, in two sizes, regular 50c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Men's Cambric Handkerchiefs, good size, Saturday at 8:30 a.m., 7 for 25c
Wray's Patent Muffler, regular 50c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. .. 25c

READY-TO-WEAR GOODS.

Ladies' Colored Corset Covers, with sleeves, in cardinal, pink, corn color and black, regular 50c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
11 only, Print and Wrapperette Shirt Waists, mauve, pink, black and white striped, in size 32 only, regular $1 00 and $1 25, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
10 only, Children's Wrapperette Dresses, in cardinal, blue and dark navy, regular 50c and 60c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
32 pairs Corsets, in drab jean, perfect fitting, lace-trimmed, sizes 19 to 24, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Ladies' Lonsdale Cambric Corset Covers, square yoke of open embroidery, covered seams, sizes 32 to 38, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Ladies' Fine Drawers, cluster tucks and embroidery trimmed, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

Sash Pins and Buckles, many pretty styles, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 10c

JEWELRY.

This line of Ladies' Fine Jewelry was secured by our Eastern buyer at a ridiculously low figure. Of course, he took the whole lot, 872 pieces in all, and about 12 of each design.
In beautiful settings, such as brilliants, opals, pearls, turquoise, etc., and pretty shapes, oval sunburst, round, horseshoe, and many other styles.
This is not tawdry jewelry. It is good, such as any woman would be pleased to wear.
This line was sold wholesale at prices as high as $1 50.
On Saturday we offer them to you for 55c
Displayed on Fancy Decorated Booth, near entrance. Be sure to see the fine display.

BARGAINS IN THE BASEMENT.

One of the most interesting and attractive parts of this sale will be in the Basement. All the available counter space will be utilized on Saturday for the 15c and 25c bargains. At the Tinware Department you can purchase a 20-quart dishpan for 15c. At the China Department a large bedroom pitcher, costing on an ordinary occasion 50c, for 25c. These items will give you a small idea of the advantages of this sale. The quantities of many of these lines are limited, so come on time if you would benefit by these offerings:

CHINA.

White Ironstone Pitchers, 3-qt., regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
18 only Semi-Porcelain Milk Jugs, rose and gilt decorations, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only Cream Pitchers, newest designs, good size, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
48 China Shaving Mugs, with floral decorations, regular price 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c

See our table of Cups and Saucers, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c

Salad Bowls, blue floral decorations, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
About 300 Fancy Plates, all sizes, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
18 only, Large Size Fancy Cream Pitchers, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, Pretty Cream Pitchers, with floral decorations, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, White Ironstone Chambers, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
23 only, Fancy China Cuspidores, prettily decorated, regular 40c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
18 only, Covered Fancy Butter Dishes, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only, 2-quart Water Pitchers, blue and gilt decorations, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
25 only, Sugar Bowls, green and red patterns, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
18 only, Individual Fancy Sugar Bowls, beautiful decorations, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
13 only, Cream and Sugar, with pink and gilt decorations, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
25 only, Shaving Mugs, in green and gold, and blue and gold, regular 35c and 40c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only, Pretty Fern Pots, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
10 only, Tea Sets, containing teapot, cream pitcher and sugar bowl, regular 45c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

GLASSWARE.

25 only Glass Cake Stands, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, Glass Gas Globes, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, Glass Syrup Jugs, fancy polished tops, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. .. 15c
Heavy Glass Butter Dishes, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
50 Large Glass Water Pitchers, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, Large Glass Fruit Dishes, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
35 only, Glass Cake Salvers, pretty patterns, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
18 only, Glass Berry Sets, one large fruit dish and six nappies, regular 45c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
50 only, Glass Gas Shades, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Glass Stand Lamp, regular 50c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
50 only, Glass Fruit Dishes, regular 35c and 50c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
18 only, Large Plain Glass Water Jugs, ½-gallon size, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

TINWARE.

15 only, Large Pressed Tin Dishpans, 20-quart, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. .. 15c
18 only, 14-quart Pressed Tin Pails, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, ½-gallon Coal Oil Cans, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
30 only, Spice Boxes, 6 individual cans, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m... .. .. .. 15c
10 only, 4-quart Tin Pails, with cover, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, Large Pressed Tin Wash Basins, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
27 only, Steamers, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
18 only, Galvanized Iron Coal Oil Cans, 1-gallon size, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only Steel Frying Pans, No. 9 size, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only, Tin Watering Cans, hold 4½ quarts, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

GRANITEWARE.

Large Granite Wash Basins, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
50 only, Granite Teapots, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
25 only, Large Lipped Saucepans, first quality, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
36 only, White Granite Chambers, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
2-Quart Granite Pudding Dishes, first quality, regular 20c, Saturday, at 8:30 a.m. 15c
18 only Oblong Granite Pudding Dishes, in pearl and white, regular 20c, Saturday 15c
36 only, White Granite Bowls, first quality, regular 30c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
18 only, Small Granite Pails, bale handle, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
43 only, Granite Cake Pans, regular 30c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
24 only, Granite Roast Pans, second quality, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
40 only, Granite Tea Steepers, regular 25c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 15c
18 only, Large Jelly Cake Molds, first quality, regular 20c, Saturday 15c
8-Quart Granite Milk Pans, first quality, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
18 only, Large Granite Lipped Saucepans, first quality, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
Covered Straight Saucepans, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only, Granite Sink Strainers, first quality, regular 35c, Saturday 25c
35 only, Large Size Granite Teapots, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only, Large Granite Colanders, second quality, regular 40c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. ..25c
23 only, Round Pudding Dishes, white, first quality, regular 40c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. .. 25c
18 only, Oblong White Granite Pudding Pans, first quality, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
15 only, Large Water Pitchers, 7 pints, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
36 only, 1-quart Imperial Measures, Government stamped, regular 40c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c
25 only, Large Granite Cuspidores, regular 35c, Saturday at 8:30 a.m. 25c

Some Big Bargains in the Wall Paper Department.

500 rolls Paper, regular 25c, Saturday, roll 15c
300 rolls Paper, regular 20c, Saturday, roll 10c
500 rolls Paper, regular 8c, Saturday, roll 5c
Brass Rods for windows, complete ..... 15c and 25c
Curtain Poles, complete, ash and mahogany 25c

Come and Hear the Music. **WOODS' FAIR.**

London Advertiser.

[Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1863.]

LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited), LONDON, ONTARIO

London, Friday, March 7.

Phenomenal Increase in Canada's Mineral Output.

We are not surprised that the Dominion Steel and Iron Company has found its present stockholders ready to subscribe for its new capital of $10,000,000. These are days of great progress in Canadian mining as well as agricultural development. In fact, as the mineral production and agricultural yield records prove, the two departments of industry are going hand-in-hand, though both are yet in their infancy and give but faint indication of what they will be in the next 15 or 20 years. We have already given some striking figures with regard to the phenomenal progress that Canada has made in agricultural development and production in the last half dozen years. Today, we turn for a moment to the summary of the mineral production of Canada for last year, just issued by the Geological Survey authorities. The summary of the total value of the mineral yield in the Dominion in each of the years since 1886 tells a tale that every Canadian should read. It is given below:

1901,	total	$69,407,031
1900	"	64,488,037
1899	"	49,584,027
1898	"	38,697,021
1897	"	28,661,430
1896	"	22,584,513
1895	"	20,648,964
1894	"	19,931,158
1893	"	20,035,082
1892	"	16,628,417
1891	"	18,976,616
1890	"	16,763,353
1889	"	14,013,913
1888	"	12,518,894
1887	"	11,321,331
1886	"	10,221,255

It will be observed that though there was a slow increase in the yield of minerals up to 1896, since that eventful year the mineral development of the country has gone up by leaps and bounds until it is now over three times as large as it was six years ago. The yield of gold is given as $24,462,222, of which $18,000,000 was from the Yukon. This was a slight decrease compared with the year 1900. The total increase is due to the large expansion of the more permanent mineral industries, such as the metallic, including iron smelting, with coal, coke, asbestos, etc., among the non-metallic. All along the line the evidence of this growth has been quite marked, giving great promise for the future, so that the inevitable falling off which must occur from time to time in the output of gold from shallow placer workings bids fair to be made up by the growth of those mineral industries that are becoming such a factor in the commercial life of the country. Leaving the Yukon district out of consideration, the permanent metal mining industries show an increase of nearly 37 per cent, notwithstanding a falling away of over 20 per cent in the value of the lead production. The above, taken in connection with the enlarged value of the output of coal and coke of over 14 per cent, gives an average increase of over 27 per cent for the more important industries of the country. The per capita value is now $12 92, as compared with $2 23 in 1886.

The increase in the quantity of copper produced, as compared with the year 1900, was 116.25 per cent; of pig iron (from Canada ore only), 134.83 per cent; of pig iron (from both home and imported ores), 184.11; nickel, 29.78; silver, 13.65; asbestos, 30.67; coal, 10.30; coke, 137.77; cement, 29.82; gypsum, 10.54; and in petroleum, the value of the product decreased 17.17. The value of the gold yield decreased 12.35 per cent. As to copper, the low prices which began in the latter part of December, 1901, hardly affected the figures of production. The output showed a very large increase over that of 1900. In the Sudbury, Ont., district, the amount of the copper contained in the shipments of matte was greater by over 25 per cent. British Columbia produced over three times the amount credited to it during last year, due chiefly to the large output of the mines of the Boundary Creek district. Of nickel, there is an increase of nearly 30 per cent in production. The price of nickel, which, from 1895 to 1896, ranged from 33 to 36 cents per pound, was quoted in the New York market throughout last year at from 50 to 60 cents per pound. The better prices and increased demand has stimulated production at the Sudbury mines. The output in 1901 was 7,595 tons of nickel as compared with 2,872 tons in 1899 and 1,998 tons in 1897. A large deposit of iron ore has been developed at Michipicoten, Ont., and a considerable increase in the country's production of this mineral has been chronicled. In the production of pig iron in Canadian furnaces, an increase of over 184 per cent in quantity is recorded, while the estimated production from Canadian ore alone increased nearly 135 per cent. These increases are due in large measure to the successful completion and operation of the furnaces of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company at Sydney, N. S. The Midland (Ont.) furnace of the Canada Iron Furnace Company is also to be credited with a considerable portion of the increase, but they only commenced operations in the latter part of 1900. Then, at last, Canada has begun to produce her own steel, as last year 41,948 tons of steel ingots were worked up into bars. With the successful operation of the great steel works that have been set on foot at Sault Ste. Marie, Canada will soon be in a position to produce all the steel the country requires.

The outlook for mining and working up our minerals is thus very bright indeed, and the benefits accruing to other industries is likely to be increasingly great. Our rulers have done well to encourage the development of each of these great industries as opportunity offers. The home working of the "raw" material thus produced must follow as a matter of course.

An Instance of Economy.

As an evidence of the strict economy of the Ross Administration, Hon. E. J. Davis, Commissioner of Crown Lands, has given to the House and the country some data respecting the cost of the maintenance of the Crown Lands Department, the largest department in the Government. In 1873 there were 46 officials in the department, permanent and temporary, and the salaries paid were, in the aggregate, $46,313 annually. Last year, 1901, the number of officials, permanent and temporary, was 49—an increase of 3, while the expenditure amounted to only $52,495. This shows that in 29 years the increase in expenditure amounted to only $6,182 in connection with the department, while the work, as every person who follows the progress of the Province is making must know, has grown enormously. Several new branches have been organized, including the Colonization, and the Bureau of Mines has also been created. The surprise is that the expenditure is so small when the amount of work that has been and is being done is considered.

The Submarine Boat.

According to the latest reports, the submarine boat as an engine of war has come to stay. The British Admiralty seems to be forced now to recognize this, as they have five of these craft of the latest type in hand. France has thirty-four, and will probably soon go in for many more. Italy is building five and Russia one. It is admitted all round that they will be very powerful for defensive purposes. Admiral Dewey, speaking of his Manila experience, says: "From what I saw, my own belief is that I could not, with my squadron of fifteen ships—if the enemy had had two of these boats, with determined Americans on board—have held that bay." He considers them much more dangerous than the surface torpedo boats. But now it is maintained that they are developing into an offensive force. The Narval, one of the French boats, traveled 260 miles at sea, and remained submerged for hours. Further, it is proposed to have a "mother ship," to carry these little sea devils to places where their services are required. It appears that they can go down below the surface to smooth water when the storm is raging above, and they are now fitted with a contrivance for noting what is going on at the surface. Archibald S. Hurd, in The Nineteenth Century and After, for February, expresses the British feeling. "The submarine boat is not an honest weapon. It suggests the footpad, the garotter and the treacherous knife dug in an opponent's back at a moment when he is off his guard. National sentiment in this country is against the submarine boat. National interests are also opposed to the submarine boat. We have invested all the insurance capital for the Empire for large ships, etc." However, if the French are going to fill their harbors with these boats, Britain will be compelled to follow suit, and we can only hope that the horror of using such weapons will be one more influence tending to make statesmen reluctant to let loose the dogs of war.

The Prime Minister of Quebec (Hon. S. M. Parent) has been elected for the fifth time, mayor of the city of Quebec. Mr. Parent is not only an able statesman, but a progressive municipal ruler.

Various predictions are being made as to the duration of the present session of the Federal Parliament. Some even venture it that Parliament will be prorogued some time during the later part of April. Rapid progress has been made in the dispatch of business since the opening.

According to recent reports the services at Westminster Abbey in connection with the coronation of King Edward, are to be made as brief as possible. The ecclesiastical authorities are in favor of prolonging the services as much as possible. If the ecclesiastical dignitaries were to have their way in the matter, at nightfall, it might well be said, "Uneasy lies the head that wears the crown."

Among the most recent scientific inventions is a system of wireless telephony. The inventor is E. Ducretet, a French engineer. Regarding his invention, he says:

"The Academy of Science, to which my invention of telephoning without wires has been submitted, acknowledges its value. The transmitter and receiver are much like those in daily use for the ordinary telephone. There is the difference that a small coil is introduced and the electrical intensity is slightly increased. When the instruments are put down deep in the earth messages can be transmitted over enormous distances. Forests, rivers, mountains, may separate armies, yet they can communicate with each other through the earth by wireless telephony. Wireless telephone messages can be transmitted through sea from shore to shore, or between ships. Voices are transmitted without the least difficulty, and the most delicate articulations reach the ear."

We are not told very explicitly how the new telephone system will work; perhaps we would not understand it, anyway. Marconi's system of wireless telegraphy is possible owing to a difference in pitch in sound. A system of wireless telephony would, it seems, produce a babel of voices, as of Goldsmith's "noisy children just let loose from school." However, we are willing to wait for the fruition of this wonderful scientific achievement, if such it may be called.

Not Taken Seriously.

[Evening Herald, St. Johns, Nfld.]

The Nova Scotia papers comment with amusement on the long-winded speeches, predicting ruin and disaster, of the two members who make up the Opposition in that Legislature of 38. The Quebec papers extract as much fun from the proceedings of their House, where the Opposition consists of 7 in an Assembly of 72. At Ottawa, the Opposition, though numerically stronger, is yet rather chaotic in its personnel, the nominal leader, Mr. Borden, being overshadowed by some of the more masterful and ambitious of his followers. With ourselves, the little group which forms an Opposition is hardly to be taken any more seriously than the aggregation in Canada.

Religious Denominations in Canada.

[Toronto Globe.]

The religious statistics of the census are of considerable interest. The Catholics, of course, retain their old lead, and, in fact, their percentage of the whole population is slightly larger than in 1891—41.5 as compared with 41.2. The Catholic population is 2,228,997. The next in order are the Methodists with 916,862, the Presbyterians with 842,301, the Anglicans with 680,346, and the Baptists with 292,485. The Presbyterians have the largest increase, 87,000; the Methodist increase is 69,000, the Anglican 34,000, and the Baptist 35,000. A notable feature of the Baptists is their great strength in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, 83,000 in the former and 81,000 in the latter. The Baptist increase is larger than appears, as the Manitoba figures for 1891 included Mennonites.

Not Too Elegant.

[Brockville Recorder.]

The banquet tendered to Mr. J. P. Whitney, leader of the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature, was well attended. The guest of the evening made a lengthy speech, dealing with various questions. On the prohibition question his words were few and hardly what one would expect from the leader of a great party. The report credits him with this expression:

"Premier Ross is stewing in his own juice, and we say, 'Let him stew.'"

Mr. Carscallen, his lieutenant, after charging the Liberals with all sorts of wrong-doing, laid down the policy as this:

"And," said he, "there is only one way for us to win. We must fight the devil with fire."

This would scarcely commend itself as a good means of curing the evil, but it is well that the platform has been laid down, so that people may know what it is.

How It Figures Out.

[Toronto Star.]

In the last provincial elections the number of voters enrolled in East Toronto, South Toronto and West Toronto was 30,711, but the votes cast were only 19,563.

Ont the basis of the referendum, it would only require that 9,782 voters out of the 30,711 on the lists should vote in favor of prohibition to make these three constituencies declare in favor of the law. This means that less than one-third of the qualified vote is asked for.

From the vote polled in the last election in the three Yorks, it is found that the ballots asked for in favor of prohibition are 6,693, out of a total on the lists of 18,196. This is little over one-third of the qualified electors.

Unless this proportion of the people are ready to come out to vote for prohibition without having the municipal elections or the provincial elections as an excuse for going to the polls, there should not be passed a prohibitory law which will "get the whole country by the ears" and which will be an injury, and not a good, unless it can be made an effective law which people will desire to keep in force permanently.

Blessing the Lambs.

[From the Tablet.]

The Church of St. Agnes outside the walls at Rome was filled to its utmost limits by a large crowd, eager to witness the ceremony of the blessing of the lambs. At the conclusion of the high mass the little lambs were brought in and laid upon the altar. They rested on damask cushions in separate baskets with their tiny limbs tied up in red and blue ribbons. Their equanimity is usually disturbed by the ordeal of passing through the crowd to the altar, and they bleat a plaintive remonstrance against the rough usage to which they are subjected. Fragments of their gay ribbons are torn away and portions of their snowy fleece rudely plucked out by people anxious to carry away a souvenir of their benediction. This year, however, the crowd was more merciful and the little creatures were gently stroked as they were borne past.

After the blessing the abbot delivered the lambs to the first master of ceremonies of the Lateran Basilica, who, as soon as the ceremony was over, took them to the Vatican to present them to his holiness. The holy father sent them immediately to the dean of the Sacra Rota, who in his turn handed them over to the nuns of the monastery of St. Cecily in the Trastevere. They become the property of the nuns. About Easter they are shorn of their beautiful white fleece, which is given to the pope. His holiness commissions his prefect of ceremonies to have the wool woven into palliums which are blessed on the Vigil of the feast of SS. Peter and Paul and then placed in an urn in the confession of St. Peter's Basilica over the body of the apostle. They are sent "de corpore S. Petri," the first shepherd of the Universal Church, to metropolitans to be worn as a symbol of their share in the plenary jurisdiction of the chief shepherd over the whole flock of Christ.

PRINCIPLE OF REFERENDUM!

Ably Defended by Hon. J. M. Gibson.

It Has Been Indorsed by the Most Prominent Statesmen of the Empire,

Despite the Contention of Mr. Whitney That It Is Un-British and Unfair—The Attorney-General's Speech.

In the course of Wednesday's debate in the Ontario Legislature on Premier Ross' prohibition bill, the attorney-general, Hon. J. M. Gibson, who followed Mr. Whitney, congratulated the Opposition leader on his eloquence, but said that if there were ever platitudes on temperance delivered to any audience they were contained in Mr. Whitney's platform. (Hear, hear.) Did he make any promise that if he were returned to power his government would see that the law was carried out? His utterances were something like his platform on the educational policy, which the speaker defied anyone to understand. (Hear, hear). So with his attitude to agriculture, the opposition leader had unfairly criticised and belittled the acts of the government.

ITS PROPRIETY.

Discussing the propriety of the referendum, Mr. Gibson said the premier's speech left very little to be said on this question. Nine years ago—in 1893—the premier had contributed an article on the referendum to The Canadian Magazine, in which he had insisted on a referendum where a liquor law was concerned, and that it was a problem that had to be met face to face, and in the settlement of which the personal equation of party leaders must be omitted. That was what he insisted upon today, and what the people of the province now wanted. (Ministerial applause.) Both of the political parties had long since seen the futility of such temperance legislation unless it was shown to be desired by a direct vote of the people upon the measure.

WHAT ABOUT MANITOBA?

Mr. Borden, in his recent speech at Mr. Whitney's banquet, had lectured the government on its constitutional practices with regard to the referendum. He did not see fit, however, to carry his missionary zeal to Manitoba—(applause)—where his party friends introduced not one but two referenda. His speech was intended only for Ontario consumption. (Cheers.)

The cry, "it is unconstitutional," had been raised successively against free schools, free libraries, the freedom of the press, municipal institutions, and every advanced step in our development. (Ministerial cheers.) For years past English writers had been pointing out that the principle of the referendum was inherent in the British constitution, and so of necessity in the constitutions of all British self-governing colonies. The power of delegating the referendum had been exercised for years, and no authority could delegate that power unless it possessed it itself.

PROF. DICEY'S OPINION.

Mr. Gibson then quoted Prof. Dicey, one of the most eminent living authorities, who expressed the view that general elections were not so much a judgment on the merits or demerits of a proposed law as a decision with regard to candidate or parties. Prof. Dicey also described the confusion of issues at a general election, and compared this with the referendum of Switzerland. The referendum, he pointed out, was a check on popular impatience, a safeguard against hasty party legislation. Attacks on the principle of the referendum were spoken of by him as an attack on the foundation of popular government.

MR. GOLDWIN SMITH'S VIEW.

Speaking of Mr. Whitney's quotations from Mr. Goldwin Smith, he said that if that gentleman was remarkable for anything it was for his ardent criticism of all public measures. He could not remember anything which the legislature or any legislator had done which Mr. Goldwin Smith had not severely criticised, and the more sweeping the criticism the better it pleased Mr. Smith, whose abilities in many ways they all admired, seemed to be with himself. He had himself stumbled upon something from the pen of Mr. Smith, and which appeared in the Contemporary Review of 1877. That was a long time ago, and the article was written when Mr. Smith was

WRITING CALMLY,

in cold blood, and before the question of prohibition came before the country in its present light. In that article, dealing with the powers and composition of legislatures, Mr. Smith said that the mature judgment of such bodies was as far as possible from being conclusive. (Ministerial laughter.) The submission of constitutional amendments to the people was, according to Mr. Smith, an important safeguard. (Ministerial applause.) The people could not be bullied, the article continued, could not be lobbied or bulldozed; they were not afraid of losing their votes by throwing out something supported by the Irish, the prohibition or the Methodist vote. (Ministerial laughter and long continued applause.)

HIGHEST BRITISH AUTHORITIES.

Continuing, Mr. Gibson quoted from Prof. Bryce, the Historian Lecky and Lord Salisbury in support of the principle of the referendum. It was also reaffirmed emphatically as a part of the platform of the great Unionist party of Britain in 1895—(applause)—and yet they had been told by Mr. Whitney that it was un-British, and nothing could be found in British political history to support it. (Renewed ministerial applause).

Mr. Gibson then dealt with the adoption by the five Australasian colonies in 1894-95 of the referendum. The referendum was first adopted by the colony of Victoria as the result of a report of a specially appointed commission. In South Australia in 1896 the question of non-sectarian educations was dealt with by referendum, and the measure was supported; the question of the Australasian commonwealth was also decided by referendum. The principle was still part of the law of the commonwealth.

Mr. Whitney had claimed that it applied only in case of a deadlock between the upper and lower houses of parliament in Australia. That was incorrect; it provided that constitutional amendments not only may, but shall be

SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE,

whether both houses by majority agree to submission or not. (Ministerial applause). When the commonwealth constitution came before the imperial parliament it was heartily appoved of by the great men of the nation. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Sir Charles Dilke, Mr. Asquith, Mr. Blake and others spoke warmly in favor of the bill, referendum and all, declaring it to be stronger because it had received the popular sanction. All declared it to be modeled upon the British constitution. In the House of Lords it had received the same hearty support, Lord Selborne, for instance, having made particular reference to the referendum features. (Ministerial applause).

POWER TO ALTER CONSTITUTION

As to the constitutional rights of the legislature on the subject, Mr. Gibson said that within their own spheres the provinces had as much power as the Dominion or British Parliaments. He quoted the British North America act and other British statutes to show that the province had the power to alter the constitution of the province. This, he argued, was directly contrary to the claim made by Mr. Whitney that the constitution could not be altered.

Mr. Whitney said he had not made such a statement. If he did it was quite unconsciously.

Mr. Gibson—I think so. (Ministerial laughter.) I think the honorable gentleman was carried away by his words in reference to the referendum,

Mr. Whitney—Our contention is that you will not alter it.

NOT UNBRITISH.

Mr. Gibson—Our reply is that to the extent of these provisions we are altering it. (Ministerial applause.) After quoting further authorities in support of his argument, the attorney-general said he claimed to have proved in the first place that the referendum was not un-British; it was essentially a British practice. (Applause.) He had proved also the proposition that the government had ample power to introduce the referendum as a permanent factor in the constitution, or incidentally, as they were doing today. (Prolonged ministerial applause.) He had shown that in passing the bill, subject to the approval of the people, they were simply enacting conditional legislation, a not unfamiliar thing in various legislative bodies throughout the empire, including the mother country itself, and which was thoroughly consistent with the principles of British government. (Renewed ministerial applause.)

ONLY REASONABLE WAY OUT.

Proceeding, Mr. Gibson contended that the house would be doing harm to the country and to the temperance cause if the question was submitted in any other way. Another reason why it should be submitted to the people was the fact that the members of the house had not been elected on the question of prohibition; they could not speak definitely for their constituents, and should not, therefore, be asked to approve or disapprove of such legislation without an adequate expression of opinion from the people. Between the two extremists, the advanced prohibitionists and the liquor men, there was a great body of people whose expression was not pronounced, and whose views were not known.

A GOOD CAUSE.

They had to be considered, and if they swung into line with the earnest and advanced prohibitionists, who believed their cause was a good one—and it was a good one—then prohibition would carry and be enacted. (Ministerial applause.) He referred to the premier's record on the question, and particularly to Mr. Whitney's criticisms in that regard. The very paucity of those criticisms was the best testimony to the premier's consistent and splendid record on the question. (Prolonged ministerial applause.) In concluding, he referred, as the premier had done, to the necessity of a substantial vote on the question, thanked the house for listening to him, and hoped that the bill would be accepted by the people as an earnest effort on the part of the government to deal fairly and honestly with the question. (Prolonged applause.)

After adjournment many members crowded around Mr. Gibson to congratulate him on his brilliant and forceful speech.

To the Weary Dyspeptic. We Ask this Question:

Why don't you remove that weight at the pit of the Stomach?

Why don't you regulate that variable appetite, and condition the digestive organs so that it will not be necessary to starve the stomach to avoid distress after eating.

The first step is to regulate the bowels.

For this purpose

Burdock Blood Bitters

has no Equal.

It acts promptly and effectually and permanently cures all derangements of digestion. It cures Dyspepsia and the primary causes leading to it.

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208, 210, 210½ and 212 Dundas St.

Art Draperies and Sateens

As housecleaning season approaches the thoughts of many are directed to Curtains, Art Muslins, Draperies, Art Denims, Counterpanes, etc. We are exceptionally well prepared to fill your wants along these lines, and mention specially today some worthy ranges.

Art Muslins at 5c.

Special line Art Muslin, cream grounds, with floral designs, in blue, gold, helio, cardinal and green, at, per yard..... 5c

Art Muslins at 8c.

Special line Art Muslin, cream grounds, with floral designs, in pink, gold, helio, green, cardinal and blue, plain and bordered, at, per yard..... 8c

Art Muslins and Scrims, 10c.

Special line Art Muslin and Scrims, in plain and fancy lattice work, blue, gold, green, helio, cardinal, pink, 36 inches wide, washing material, at, per yard.....10c

Art Draperies at 10c.

Special line Draperies, in tinsel effect, green, blue, gold grounds, with colored sprays, in assorted shades, at, per yard.....10c

Art Draperies at 10c, 15c, 20c

Special line Art Draperies, in all the new shades; the 10c lineis 28 inches wide, and the 15c and 20c is 36 inches wide; nice silk effects, both sides alike, special, per yard.....10c, 15c, 20c

Art Sateens, 12½c.

Special line Art Sateens, in cardinal, turquoise, green, rose and fawn, fancy Grecian and floral effects, at, per yard..12½c

Art Sateens, 20c.

Two special lines Art Sateens, 32 and 36 inches wide, large range, in all the new shades and designs, at, per yard.....20c

Art Denims, 12½c.

Special line Art Denims, in bronze, fawn, and green, fancy floral designs, good width and weight, at, per yard.....12½c

Art Denims, 15c and 20c.

Special line Art Denims, in green, garnet, blue, bronze, fawns, floral and heraldic designs, 33 inches wide, at, per yard 15c and.....20c

Tapestry and Repp Coverings.

We are showing for upholstering purposes a fine range of Tapestries, Repps and Brocatelles, in all wanted shades, at, per yard.....40c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

Nothing Like Fresh Air.

[From the New York Sun.]

"New York women will continue to have to run to the complexion specialists," said a physician, "until they learn to appreciate fresh air better. The air need not necessarily be cold, but it must be fresh. It should be remembered that catching cold depends a great deal more on stale air and draughts than upon cold air, and the very worst colds are caught when one is tired and goes out into the air feeling fagged. To avoid colds and keep one's health be sure that the air is good. Let there be free ventilation. With care this can be secured without draughts or an over supply of cold air.

"I went into a living room a few days ago. The walls were hung with pictures and the door with tapestries. The windows were richly decorated with hangings and on the panels hung costly transparencies. But they were tightly closed, and though the room was neither too hot nor too cold, it was intolerably close. When I escaped into the air I remembered having noticed a large swelling upon the chin of one of the two daughters. The other daughter had simply a wretched complexion. I thought it doubtful if merely opening the window would have cured these women, but I am sure that they would have had infinitely better health could they have had better air in which to sit and work.

"No danger to the complexion need be feared, even from the freezing air of the last few days if proper precautions are taken. If I were a woman with a delicate skin before I went out on a very cold day I would rub a little cream into my skin, and I would wear a veil without dots, at least without dots where the eyes came, and I would get one as thin as possible, so as not to interfere with my enjoyment of the air. Then I would go out into the weather, sure that I would not be roughly used. A healthy woman, taking such care of herself, may chap a little and redden much, but the clear pink and white or olive and red of her complexion will always show to advantage."

Nervous Dyspepsia.

How it shakes one up, invades sleep, destroys strength, adds a real misery to life. Not the stomach but the nerves are affected. Starved nerves make the whole trouble. You need Ferrozone because it's a nerve food. It supplies the elements that are needed to make rich red blood. This is the savings bank of realth. The richer the blood in red cells, the richer you're sure to be in health. Ferrozone quickly makes blood, strengthens the nervous system, strengthens the digestive organs, and, presto! the nervous disturbance disappears. Sold by W. T. Strong & Co.

Facts for Catarrhal Sufferers.

The mucous membrane lines all passages and cavities communicating with the exterior.

Catarrh is an excessive secretion, accompanied with chronic inflammation, from the mucous membrane.

Hood's Sarsaparilla acts on the mucous membrane through the blood, reduces inflammation, establishes healthy action, and radically cures all cases of catarrh. c

The price of pineapples at Singapore varies from a farthing to a penny apiece. There was a time when fifteen could be bought for a penny.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS, regulate the bowels, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and all affections of the organs of digestion. v

London papers which recently announced the death of Admiral Montojo, Dewey's rival at Manila, mistook him for Vice-Admiral Montoso.

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the Liver and Kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

The British Government is about to appoint a committee to arrange for replanting the wood lands in Scotland.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of those parasites. Price 25c. v

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

THE MARKETS.

SQUEEZING THE SHORTS.

Montreal, March 6.—The excitement in the stock market over the squeezing of the shorts in Dominion coal and the heavy speculation in Dominion steel, subsided to a considerable extent today, but a lively time is talked of again in the near future. The rest of the market was almost neglected during the first half-hour. Coal sold at 103 to 103½, and steel at 35½ to 36, with preferred to 88 to 88½.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON'S REPORT.
London, Friday, March 7.

Wheat, white, per bu	73c to 50c
Wheat, red, per bu	73c to 80c
Oats, per bu	41c to 42½c
Peas, per bu	70c to 55c
Corn, per bu	61½c to 62c
Barley, per bu	53c to 55c
Buckwheat per bu	55c to 53c

Wheat was steady and unchanged today; deliveries were about as usual; $1 20 was the ruling price for good quality.

Oats sold at $1 21; deliveries were fairly good, and the demand steady.

Corn was quiet at $1 08 to $1 12, according to the quality.

No barley, rye or buckwheat came in.

Hay was again plentiful and sold at $8 50 per ton for the best.

Straw sold at $3 50 per load.

Quotations:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs.	1 30	@	1 33
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs.	1 30	@	1 31
Oats, per 100 lbs.	1 20	@	1 23
Peas, per 100 lbs.	1 15	@	1 35
Corn, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 10
Barley, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 15
Beans per bu.	80	@	1 00
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs.	1 10	@	1 20
Rye, per 100 lbs	1 10	@	1 15
HAY AND SEEDS.			
Hay, per load	8 00	@	9 00
Straw, per ton	6 00	@	6 00
Timothy seed, per bu.	2 00	@	3 00
Clover seed, red, bu.	4 70	@	4 80
Clover seed, alsike, bu.	7 50	@	8 00
FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.			
WHOLESALE DEALERS' PRICES.			
Eggs, store lots, doz.	20	@	22
Butter, crock, per lb	17	@	18
Butter, creamery, lb rolls	20	@	21
Butter, store lots	15	@	17
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, per bag	65	@	75
Onions, per bu.	75	@	1 00
Celery, per doz.	30	@	40
Savory and sage, doz.	20	@	20
Mint, per doz.	15	@	15
Parsley, per doz.	15	@	25
LIVE HOGS.			
Hogs, small, per pair	4 00	@	6 00
Hogs, select, per cwt	5 75	@	5 75
Hogs, light, per 100 lbs.	5 50	@	5 50
Hogs, singers, per 100 lbs.	5 75	@	5 75
Hogs, heavy, per 100 lbs.	2 00	@	4 00
DRESSED HOGS.			
Dressed hogs, light	7 50	@	8 00
Dressed, 100 lbs, selects	7 50	@	8 00
Dressed, 100 lbs, heavy	5 00	@	6 00
DAIRY PRODUCE.			
Butter lb rolls, baskets	17	@	19
Butter, crock, lb	17	@	18
Butter, creamery, lb	20	@	21
Butter, store lots	17	@	19
Eggs, doz, basket lots	20	@	22
Eggs, doz, new laid	22	@	23
Honey, per lb	10	@	12½
Cheese, per lb, retail	12	@	12½
Lard, per lb, wholesale	11	@	11½
POULTRY.			
Geese, per lb	7	@	7½
Turkeys, per pair	11	@	12
Turkeys, per lb	12	@	13
Ducks per pair	60	@	90
Chickens, pair pair	75	@	90
Hens, per pair, live	40	@	50
MEATS, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, per lb	5	@	7
Beef, carcases	5	@	7
Mutton, quarters, per lb	6	@	7
Lamb, quarters	6 50	@	7 50
Calfskins, green	7	@	8
Lambskins	20	@	25

Ponderosa

Tomato Seed and all the Leading Flower and Vegetable Seeds at

Hamilton's 373 Talbot St Phone 66.

TORONTO HAY MARKET.

Toronto, March 6.—Hay is rather weaker, there being sales of 25 loads at $13 to $14 a ton for timothy, and $8 to $10 for mixed. Straw easier, five loads selling at $9 to $10 a ton.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Grain speculators were almost as indifferent to the trade today as they were to the repeated reports of crop damage. Trade was dull, fluctuations were very narrow, and at the close May wheat was only ¼c higher, May corn was ¼c lower, and May oats a shade down; provisions closed 5c to 15c higher. Local receipts of wheat were 29 cars, 2 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 226 cars, making a total for the three points of 265 cars, against 570 last week and 480 a year ago. Primary receipts were 400,000 bu, compared with 587,000 bu last year. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour equaled only 152,000 bu. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 10 cars; corn, 115 cars; oats, 100 cars; hogs, 31,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—No. 2, May, 76⅝c; July, 77c to 77¼c; Sept., 75⅝c. Corn—May, 61⅝c to 61¾c; July, 61¼c; Sept., 59⅛c. Oats—May, 44⅛c; July, 35⅝c; Sept., 30¼c to 30⅜c. Mess pork—May, $15 25; July, $15 42½. Lard—May, $9 37½; July, $9 50; Sept., $9 60. Short ribs—May, $8 32½; July, $8 45; Sept., $8 55.

Cash quotations: No. 3 spring wheat, 71c to 76c; No. 2 red, 81½c to 83c. Corn, No. 2 yellow, 61c. No. 2 oats, 44⅛c to 44¼c. No. 2 white, 45½c to 46¾c; No. 3 white, 44c to 45¼c. No. 2 rye, 58c to 58½c. Fair to choice malting barley, 59c to 63c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 68; No. 1 northwestern, $1 71. Prime timothy seed, $6 30 to $6 40. Mess pork, $15 05 to $15 10; lard, $9 22½; short ribs sides, $8 15 to $8 30; dry salted shoulders, 7⅛c to 7¼c; short clear sides, $8 55 to $8 65.

Receipts—Flour, 31,000 bbls; wheat, 47,000 bu; corn, 211,000 bu; oats, 175,000 bu; barley, 22,000 bu.

Shipments—Flour, 29,000 bbls; wheat, 20,000 bu; corn, 94,000 bu; oats, 53,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu; barley, 27,000 bu.

TOLEDO, O., March 6.—Wheat—Cash, 84½c; May, 84½c; July, 80¾c. Corn—Cash, 60⅝c; May, 62⅝c; July, 62c. Oats—Cash, 44⅛c; May, 44¼c; July, 36¾c. Clover seed—Dull and easier; March, $5 60; April, $5 55 asked.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 6.—Oil closed at $1 15.

OIL CITY, Pa., March 6.—Credit balances, $1 15; certificates, no bid.

LONDON, March 6.—Petroleum, American refined, 6 15-16d; spirits, 6⅞d.

BREMEN, March 6.—Petroleum, 6 marks 85 pfennings.

ANTWERP, March 6.—Petroleum, 17 francs 50 centimes.

DAIRY MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 6.—Butter—Easy; creameries, 18c to 25½c; dairies, 18c to 23c. Cheese—Steady, 10¾c to 12¼c. Eggs—Weak; fresh, 19c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

MONTREAL, March 6.—The receipts of cattle at the east end abattoir this morning were 500 head of cattle, 75 calves, 100 sheep, 50 lambs. The attendance of buyers was large, and the following prices were well maintained: Cattle, choice, sold at from 4¾c to 5c per lb; good sold at from 3½c to 4½c; lower grades from 2½c to 3c; calves were sold from $8 to $10 each; sheep brought from 3½c to 4c per lb; lambs were sold from 4½c to 5c per lb; hogs brought from 6c to 6½c per lb.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Beeves—Receipts, 769 head; no sales reported; dressed beef steady, at 7c to 10c per lb for city dressed native sides; cables last received quoted American steers at 12½c to 13¼c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 10c to 10¼c per lb; no exports today. Calves—Receipts, 456 head; active and strong; ¼c higher for veals; all sold; veals sold at $5 to $8 75; barnyard calves, $5 25; city dressed veals, 9c to 12½c per lb. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5,474 head; sheep quiet; lambs averaged about steady; sheep sold at $4 to $5 15; lambs, $6 to $7; culls, $5; dressed mutton, 8c to 10c per lb; dressed lambs, 10c to 12c. Hogs—Receipts, 1,363 head; about steady.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,500 head, including 500 Texans; steady; good to prime steers, $6 50 to $6 90; poor to medium, $4 to $6 30; stockers and feeders, $2 25 to $5; cows, $1 25 to $5 25; heifers, $2 50 to $5 50; canners, $1 25 to $2 25; bulls, $2 25 to $4 85; calves, $2 50 to $6 60; Texas fed steers, $4 50 to $5 90. Hogs—Receipts, 35,000; opened slow, closed strong; mixed butchers, $5 85 to $6 35; good to choice heavy, $6 25 to $6 40; rough heavy, $5 90 to $6 15; light, $5 75 to $6; bulk of sales at $5 95 to $6 25. Sheep—Receipts, 10,000; sheep and lambs slow and lower; good to choice wethers, $4 65 to $5 25; western sheep, $4 60 to $8; native lambs, $5 75 to $6 45; western lambs, $5 25 to $6 60.

EAST BUFFALO, March 6.—Cattle—Receipts light; full steady at previous figures; veals, choice, $7 25 to $7 75; common to good, $5 50 to $7. Hogs—Receipts, 2,550 head; stronger on all grades but rough ends, with pigs, which were scarce and 25c higher; Yorkers, $6 35 to $6 45; light do, $6 15 to $6 30; mixed packers, $6 50 to $6 55; choice heavy, $6 55 to $6 60; pigs, $5 95 to $6; roughs, $5 75 to $5 90; stags, $4 25 to $4 50. Sheep and lambs—Offerings, 3,600 head; sheep scarce and full steady; lambs steady; choice lambs, $6 50 to $6 60; good to choice, $6 40 to $6 45; culls to fair, $5 50 to $6 35; sheep, choice handy wethers, $5 50 to $5 75; common to extra mixed, $4 60 to $5 25; culls and common, $3 50 to $4 50; choice to extra export wethers, $5 40 to $5 60; yearlings, good to choice, all wethers, $5 85 to $6.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, March 6.—Cattle are unchanged at 12½c to 13¼c per lb, dressed weight; refrigerator beef is firmer at 10c to 10¾c per lb.

WOODMEN OF WORLD ANNUAL "AT HOME"

Delightful Affair Given by Forest City Camp in Their Rooms.

Forest City Camp No. 1 of the Woodmen of the World held their annual "At Home" in their quarters, Duffield block, last evening, when a large number of guests and members enjoyed the excellent entertainment afforded them. After the programme dancing was indulged in and refreshments served.

Mr. Chas. Doe, retiring clerk of the camp, was presented with a suitably inscribed gold watch in recognition of his past effective services. E. T. Essery made the presentation.

Among the numbers on the programme were songs by Misses Florence Gaze, Errington, Wilson, Mrs. Cheasley, Harry Poole, E. Moule, H. Johnston and Jos. Irwin; musical selections, Messrs. Lambert, Moule and McBride; Misses Lillie Stilson and M. Pascoe; Messrs. Penny Brothers; quartet, Messrs. Fitzgerald, Galpin, Riddle and Moule; piano selections, Misses Brighton and Fitzwalter; recitations, Misses F. Brooks, Nina Blashill, F. Stilson and M. L. Hessel; duets, Misses L. and M. Robinson and Misses E. and M. Wilson; readings, Misses Maggie Thom and Jacobson; sword dance, Wm. Templeton. The accompanists were Messrs. F. Gruber and F. Fitzgerald.

The committee in charge of the affair were: Messrs. J. H. Saundrs (chairman), Chas. Doe (secretary), Jas. Forester, H. A. Henry, H. F. Lambert, G. F. Morris, J. G. Roughley, E. Saunders, G. W. Tapp, W. I. Todd and J. Wood.

A SLUGGISH, INACTIVE LIVER

Brings Biliousness, Indigestion and Most Painful Bodily Derangements—The Wonderful Curative Influence of

DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Not only is the liver the largest and one of the most important organs in the human body, but when deranged it becomes the source of endless suffering. When the liver is clogged by the inactivity of the kidneys and bowels, it becomes torpid and fails to filter the bile from the blood, thus producing biliousness and a general impairment of the digestive system.

The tongue is coated, the head aches, digestion is imperfect; there is aching of the limbs and back, feelings of fullness, weight and soreness over the stomach and liver; the eye becomes yellow and jaundiced, and the complexion muddy; the urine is scanty and highly colored, and the bowels irregular, constipation and looseness alternating. There is little use of treating the liver separately, as it can never be set right until the kidneys and bowels are made active by removing the waste matter from the body. It is for this very reason that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have always proved so wonderfully successful in curing the most chronic cases of liver complaint, biliousness and complicated ailments of the kidneys, liver and bowels.

Mr. James Clark, Consecon, Prince Edward county, Ont., states: "Eleven years ago I was taken with pains in my back, settling in my hips and extending up my spine. The pain was very severe, and at times almost unendurable, and many days I was not able to do an hour's work. My weight was reduced from 190 to 160 pounds, and though I had consulted many first-class physicians and tried several advertised medicines, I could get no relief.

"At this time my father-in-law told me to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and said he knew they would cure me. I secured a box, and great was my surprise when I began to feel better after using only the one box. I continued their use until I had taken about four boxes, which made me a sound man, and I also regained my usual weight, 190 pounds. I cannot say too much in favor of Dr. Chase's Kidney Liver Pills, which have done so much for me. I have recommended them to a number of my friends and have never met with one case where they did not meet with good success. My daughter, Mrs. Chas. Philips, has also been cured of a severe stomach trouble by the use of these pills."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Water thrown upon ice in the Arctic regions will shiver it just as boiling water breaks glass. This is because the ice is so much colder than the water.

Anyone troubled with boils, pimples, rashes, festering sores, or any chronic or malignant skin disease, should use Burdock Blood Bitters externally and take internally. It will cure where others fail. V

Silk Sale SATURDAY.

2,500 yards pure Jap. Silk, very fine quality, can be had in every desirable shade. Listen! Saturday only,

19c

These Silks are the best 25c grade obtainable, and are offered at 19c for one day only. It's for you to say how much you need. Listen! Get them tomorrow (Saturday).

Bayley's

ESTIMATES OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY

Board Expects to Spend $9,285 During Present Year.

The public library board adopted estimates at a meeting held last night. The statement of estimated receipts and expenditures for the year is as follows:

RECEIPTS.	
Balance on hand	$ 20 18
City rate, half mill on dollar	8,680 00
Government grant	200 00
Fines	175 00
Sale of cards	90 00
Sale of catalogues	5 00
Rent, W. A. C.	90 00
Incidentals	25 00
Total	$9,285 18
EXPENSES.	
Interest on debentures	$1,185 36
Sinking fund in payment of debentures	973 88
Salaries	2,800 00
Light	275 00
Heat	250 00
Water	24 00
Furniture and repairs	700 00
Binding	450 00
Printing	600 00
Stationery	125 00
Periodicals and newspapers	450 00
Books, new and to replace worn out	1,312 00
Incidentals and unforeseen	118 94
Insurance	21 00
Total	$9,285 18

The chairman of the board, together with the members of the finance committee, will interview the city treasurer regarding the issue of debentures and the board's account with the city.

The contract for binding was awarded to Charles Chapman. The finance committee advised that the work should be given to Weldon & Co.

The contract for wiring and fixtures in the new addition was awarded to the London Electric Company at $178.

The library committee recommended payment of $459 93 in accounts, and the ordering of 81 volumes of books, at a cost of $32. The report was adopted.

Librarian Blackwell reported the circulation for February to have been an average of 337 for books and magazines per day. Average daily fines, 67 cents. New cards issued, 108.

Tenders will be called for new stacks required.

Catalogues will be sold at 10 cents each.

Those present were: Messrs. Judd (chairman), Hazard, Gunn, Manigault, Macbeth, Egan, Labelle and Jeffery.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Live Items Culled for Busy People's Information.

The Sarnia Town Council has knocked out the trading stamp bylaw by a vote of 5 to 2. Consideration will be postponed until the Court of Appeal gives its decision.

The Wellesley roller mill was sold to the Tavistock Milling Company last week by Mr. J. G. Reiner. The new proprietors are to take possession in April.

Some large timber is yet to be had around Bayfield. Mr. Wm. Brandon, of Bayfield, felled a giant elm the other day, which measured 7 feet across the butt and 11 10-foot logs will aggregate about 6,000 feet of lumber and 10 cords of stove wood.

The death occurred at his residence, St. Thomas, Tuesday evening, of Thomas Hamilton, after a short illness. The deceased was born in the township of Southwold in 1829, where he lived until about seven years ago, when he removed to that city. His wife died about eighteen months ago. Mr. Hamilton was a Methodist, and in politics was a Reformer. He leaves to mourn his death three sons and five daughters.

The shoe store of E. W. Smith and the barer shop of J. H. Mills, Thamesville, were robbed Wednesday night. The robbers gained admittance through the back door, and stole seven or eight razors and other things out of the barber shop, and boots and shoes and cigars were stolen from E. W. Smith's store. The till also was carried off. It is not known who the thieves were. This sort of work has been going on for the past year, and a reward of $100 is offered to the person who can give information leading to arrests.

On Monday evening the Stratford train, No. 43, due in Goderich, was a mile south of the latter town when the engineer, through the reflection of the headlight, discovered something across the track at a distance. He at once reversed the throttle and brought his train to a standstill in a few moments. Upon getting down to investigate, he found a long cedar fence post across both rails of the track. Had the discovery not been made in time, the obstruction would undoubtedly have derailed the train. The post was taken aboard and will in the near future be used as evidence against certain mischievous young fellows who are suspected of the deed.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

March 6.	Reported at.	From.
Pretorian	Moville	St. John
Dresden	New York	Bremen
Kaiserin Maria Theresa	Naples	New York
Teutonic	Liverpool	New York
Nederland	Antwerp	Philadelphia
Celtic	Caiffa	New York

THE great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

NEW ENTERPRISES IN NEW ONTARIO

Another Water-Power Canal—Soo Steel Works To Be Soon in Operation.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., March 7.—For several weeks past employes of the Lake Superior Power Company have been taking soundings through the ice, preparatory to completing plans for a second water power canal at the Canadian Soo. Plans have already been prepared for the power house. The new canal is to develop 50,000 horsepower, and will be parallel to the present one on the north. Bids for the construction work will be asked for shortly.

Toronto, March 7.—F. H. Clergue came here yesterday to invite the members of the government to go up to the Soo to inspect the steel works. These works by the end of the month will be turning out 700 tons of steel rails a day. There are 6,000 men now on the pay roll of the syndicate's enterprises, and by midsummer this number will be increased to 10,000. Surveys of the Manitoulin and Northern Railway are completed, and the road will be built before next winter from Meaford to Owen Sound in the south and from Sudbury to Little Current in the north. The line will parallel the Soo branch of the C. P. R. from Sudbury to the Soo, 30 to 50 miles north.

The Algoma Central, on which 3,000 men are at work, will be completed this year. It is 250 miles long.

The number of immigrants to be brought out from Scandinavia this spring will be 3,000, and Mr. Clergue says that number will be brought out annually for several years to come.

MORE RECRUITS FOR HALIFAX REGIMENT.

Nine Stalwart Young Men From Woodstock Enlist at Barracks.

The following young men have arrived at Wolseley Barracks for the 3rd Battalion, at Halifax. They were recruited at Woodstock by Lance-Corporal J. Taylor.

David Russell, J. J. Major, H. Winters, J. Wilson, T. Humphrey, J. Smyth, S. J. Gage, E. Bruce Mallett, Robt. Stock.

Corporal J. Taylor has returned to Wolseley Barracks from his recruiting tour. He secured over fifty young men for the Halifax garrison.

The usual weekly assembly at Wolseley Barracks was largely patronized last evening by the civilian friends of the non-commissioned officers and men. A most enjoyable time was spent. The music was supplied by the barracks' orchestra, assisted by Mr. Kipp.

PROPOSED BY 'PHONE

Young Woman Accepted and Wedding Was All Over in Two Hours.

Chicago, March 7.—He had called her up by telephone. "This is Ernest," came his voice over the wire.

"Yes!" she replied, with rising inflection.

"Come down town and get married," said the voice.

"W-h-a-t!" she gasped. Then they talked confidentially for a few minutes. Two hours later she was a bride.

This, in a few words, is the romantic wedding of Ernest G. Dann, 3,749 Indiana avenue, and his bride, who, until last Saturday, was Miss Adrienne Sincere, daughter of Dr. Emil Sincere, 4,129 Michigan avenue. Both are prominent in the younger society set on the south side, and their friends were surprised yesterday when the news of the singularly arranged wedding became known.

A PERMANENT CURE.

A Plattsville Lady Cured of a Very Severe Case Four Years Ago.

Plattsville, Ont., March 3.—Mrs. J. Barnett, whose remarkable case has been reported in nearly every newspaper in Canada, still continues in good health.

In the spring of 1898 she was a physical wreck and a few weeks' treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills made her a well woman. Many people then believed that her improvement was only temporary, but all such have now been silenced, for she is today in the thankful enjoyment of a splendid health.

Her former symptoms have been described as follows:

Nervousness, rheumatism in the left arm, pains in the small of the back, up the spinal column, and back of the head through the eyes, the left side of the body and occasionally the right side as well, no appeptite and could not sleep at night."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

WHIPPING POST REVIVED.

West Superior, Wis., March 7.—Judge Haily, of the municipal court, has recently instituted the whipping post in a modified form as a method of juvenile punishment. One boy has already been flogged, and it is expected that similar punishments will follow. There are now over a dozen boys to be brought before the court on various charges, mostly petty larceny, and some of them will probably be flogged by order of the judge.

HEROISM OF A MOTHER.

Columbus, Ohio, March 7.—Mrs. John Madiera was lowered head foremost into a cistern and held by the heels by a neighbor while she rescued her little daughter from drowning. The child, who is but 3 years old, was playing about the cistern with her brother, two years her senior, and accidentally plunged into the water. The boy ran screaming to his mother, who rushed frantically to the cistern and was about to leap to her child's rescue, when a neighbor woman called to her to stop. The neighbor then grasped her firmly by the heels, and lowered her to the water's edge. The little one was unconscious when her mother seized her by the hair and dragged her to the surface.

Mrs. Margaret Daly becomes the owner of the First National Bank, of Butte, Mont., whose financial condition was jeopardized by Cashier Henry H. Matteson, who embezzled $170,000. Mrs. Daly will pay an assessment of 60 per cent levied by the United States comptroller to cover the defalcation of the erring cashier.

QUESTION OF HANDWRITING

Men of Genius Who Could Not Write Legibly.

Instances of Ludicrous Blunders Caused by Illegible Writing—Case of Rufus Choate.

When the instructors at Rugby took a lad to task for his poor penmanship he replied: "Many men of genius have written worse scrawls than I do; it is not worth while to worry about so trivial a fault." Ten years later this lad was an officer in the English army doing service in the Crimean War. An order he copied for transmission was so illegible that it was given incorrectly to the troops, and cost many brave fellows their lives.

Of course, it is true that the handwriting of many men of genius has been hopelessly bad. But such men have been great in spite of their faults. Imitation in this direction is decidedly unsafe. Even a great author's style can rarely be imitated with success. There is a passage in Macaulay's Diary which is full of significance. "I looked through ——," he says. "He is, I see, an imitator of me, but I am a very unsafe model. My manner is, I think, and the world thinks, on the whole, a good one, but it is very near to a very bad manner indeed. And those clear characteristics of my style which are the most easily copied are the most questionable."

But whatever may be thought of the folly of imitating the style of an author, to seek to emulate his greatness by imitating his handwriting would seem as hopless a venture as that of certain South Sea Islanders who are said to deceive themselves with the fancy that they can acquire the desirable qualities of a great man by eating him.

The writer of execrable scrawls may, indeed, often find himself in great company, for the number of great men who have written badly seems almost legion. Byron, for example, wrote what would seem to be, at a glance, a schoolboy's sprawling hand, and Sydney Smith's manuscript was the woe of printers. A certain college student once remarked: "If I were to write better people would find out how I spell." The same may have been true, perhaps, of the witty Canon of St. Paul's, for he was a notoriously poor speller.

The first Napoleon's writing was even worse than Rufus Choate's, which, it has been declared, could not be deciphered "without the help of a pair of compasses and a quadrant." Napoleon's letters to Josephine from Germany, were so illegible that the wits of that day asserted that they were not love letters, but maps of the seat of war. Dean Stanley's style was as transparent as plate glass, but his correspondents found it difficult to read even the signature to his letters. Mr. Gladstone was said to have spoiled his hand by his overindulgence in post cards. Professor Huxley was one of the most lucid of English writers, yet his manuscript was very hard to decipher. Verily, viewed from some standpoints, it would seem as if greatness and legible writing were not on friendly terms.

It may be safely asserted, however, that men of genius rarely, if ever, pride themselves upon their poor handwriting. "I write a detestable hand," says Mr. Labouchere, the well-known English editor; and he further declares: "I am sure that I spend an hour every week trying to deciper signatures, and all those who receive many letters must do the same."

Perhaps the most incorrigible of all bad writers, among men of undoubted genius, was Rufus Choate. His handwriting, as is well known, was execrble. He once sent a note of advice to Webster concerning an important case. After struggling in vain to decipher it, Webster impatiently exclaimed: "This fellow advises me what to do, and I can't read a single word of his infernal hieroglyphics." A certain Bostonian presented, among other papers, a copy of a letter to President Buchanan from Rufus Choate, with a note stating that he sent a copy because he knew that the president could never decipher the original, and that he had left blanks for some words which he could not himself transcribe. Choate, himself, seemed conscious of this infirmity, and once wittily remarked to a presiding judge: "I write well, your honor, but slowly."

As already indicated, the subject has a serious side as well. Few seem to realize that thoughtless negligence in this direction may be attended by most serious consequences when least expected. The address on the letter is illegible—the note goes to protest, and the fortunes of a great house are in the dust, while the all-important message, on which the fate of the firm had hung, has been sent to the dead letter office. "We have no scales by which we can weigh our faithfulness to duties, or determine their relative importance in God's eyes." That which seems a trifle to us may be the secret spring which shall move the issues of life and death.—William J. Tilley.

Death on Coughs

Don't let a new cough grow old. Kill it while it's young or it may kill you. Scott's Emulsion can't hurt you, but it's death on coughs—new or old.

The annual meeting of the North Bruce Conservative Association will be held at Tara on March 20.

Your Faith

will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents, and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a Cough or Cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years.

S. C. WELLS & Co., Toronto, Can.

Karl's Clover Root Tea cures Indigestion

Furniture Coverings.

This is the month to upholster your furniture and have it ready before house cleaning time. We are prepared to show the newest goods in this line at the very closest prices.

Damasks.

In green, gold, brown and blue, 50 inches wide, suitable for cosy corners, only, per yard 50c

Tapestry Coverings.

In stripes, brocades and Persian effects, 50 inches wide, in all the new colorings, at, per yard, 75c, $1 00 and $1 25

Brocaded Silk Damask.

For covering parlor suites and fancy chairs; double-fold, very seperior goods, at, per yard $1 50

BROCADED SILKS.
For Portieres, Archway and Window Draping, 50 inches wide, handsome colorings..$1 00

Furniture Fringes 25c
Rug Fringes 10c
Gimps and Cords to match all goods.

Another lot of TRAVELERS' SAMPLES just received in Brocades, Repps, Brocatelles, etc., suitable for coverings. See them before they are all gone.

A. Screaton & Co.

EDDY'S TOILET PAPER

In ROLLS or in SHEETS as desired, is SUPERIOR in STRENGTH and FINISH to any other make on the market.

For Sale by All First Class Dealers.

Use Eddy's Parlor Matches.

Empire Soda

BEST FOR BAKING

doesn't cost as much as other leavening agents which are not as pure, good and wholesome.

It will help even an indifferent cook to get good results.

Ask your grocer for Empire Soda. If he has'nt got it he can get it for you.

Price 5c. a packet.

News in a Nutshell.

Another case of smallpox has developed near Rothwell, Man.

Over three hundred settlers arrived in Winnipeg Thursday to take up land.

Hon. Wm. Harty, M.P., was taken seriously ill last night at the Russell House, Ottawa.

Grand Trunk earnings 22nd to 28th February, 1902, $591,203; same period in 1901, $526,289; increase in 1902, $64,914.

At the annual meeting of the Manitoba Orange Grand Lodge Frank Schultz, of Baldur, was elected Most Worthy Grand Master.

Flags were hoisted on all the Toronto public schools Thursday to mark the 100th anniversary of the founding of Toronto, March 6, 1793.

J. J. McCusick, of Duluth, while talking at a telephone, was killed by an electric shock communicated through the instrument from crossed wires.

The Lake Carriers' Association of the United States is protesting against the projected new power canal at Sault Ste. Marie, on the ground that it will lower the lake level.

Max O'Rell has so far recovered from his serious illness that he will sail for Europe next Wednesday to assume the position of the leading editorial writer for the Paris Figaro.

BREFS 18hresuftEiorthr, ..6 ..6 ..6 ..

Canon Wood has resigned from the chapter of Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, as a protest against what he regards as the illegal election of Bishop Carmichael.

At the memorial exercises of the New York Legislature in honor of the late President McKinley last night, Charles Emory Smith said McKinley would be regarded in history as the Filipinos' Lincoln.

A Winnipeg dispatch says: There is little doubt that the tramp arrested at Fort William, and who gave the name of Holt, is the man wanted by the San Francisco police for the murder of Constable Robinson.

It is likely that Marconi will be in Winnipeg before long. In a recent letter he said he believed the great western plains of America, as far as land was conserned, are the most favorable places on earth for testing his system.

IT NEEDS NO TESTIMONIAL.—It is a guarantee in itself. If testimonials were required they could be furnished in thousands from all sorts and conditions of men in widely different places. Many medicines are put forth every year which have but an ephemeral existence and then are heard of no more. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has grown in reputation every day since it first made its appearance.

Snow Cleanses Air.

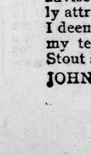
[American Medicine.]

The cleansing effect upon the atmosphere of a snowball is illustrated by a report of the Chicago Board of Health. On Jan. 18 shallow glass dishes containing the usual preparation favorable to the growth of atmospheric germs were exposed to the air for three minutes in ten different localities within the half-mile bounded by South, Water, State and Adams streets and Fifth avenue.

After 72 hours' incubation these showed an average of 630 colonies of growing germs, the greatest number, 1,050, being found in the northeast corner of Dearborn and Washington streets, a few feet above the street level; the least, 330, in the south court between the city hall and the county building, and the next fewest, 335, on the roof of the city hall, about 130 feet above street level. On the 21st snow fell to the equivalent of 0.28 of an inch of rain, and the experiment was repeated on the 22nd. The average colonies from these latter exposures numbered 66, ranging from 19 in the southeast corner of La Salle and South Water streets, to 180 at the southeast corner of Washington and Fifth avenue. The atmosphere was nearly 90 per cent purer on the 22nd after the snowfall than it was before.

VERDICT FOR MRS. GOLDSTEIN.

Toronto, March 7.—A consent judgment was filed at Osgoode Hall by which Mrs. Fanny Goldstein receives $1,000 insurance, the amount of the policy upon the life of Mrs. Goldstein, a second-hand dealer, who died by poisoning under suspicious circumstances about two years ago. Mrs. Goldstein was arrested in connection with the death, and was subsequently discharged. It was alleged that she had not been legally married to Goldstein, and the Knights of the Maccabees refused to pay over the insurance money. In the consent judgment the Maccabees recognize her as the lawful widow of the poisoned man, and admit she had proved his death to their satisfaction.



Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerons. Price, No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. Nos. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

No. 1 and No. 2 is sold in London by Anderson & Nelles and C. McCallum & Co., druggists. zxv

A Physicians Testimony For Labatt's Stout.

Dear Sir,— ALEXANDRIA, DEC., 20th. 1901.

Speaking from personal experience I can state that your Stout is excellent in building up the system—I was very much run down and was advised to use Labatt's Porter—this I have done for some time and I largely attribute to its effects my steady improvement in strength and weight. I deem it but justice to you, and it certainly is a pleasure to me, to add my testimony to its sterling qualities, and I gladly recommend your Stout as an excellent tonic and food in cases where such is required.

JOHN LABATT, ESQ., Brewer, LONDON, Ont. Yours truly, G. S. TIFFANY, M.D.

If its Quality you want CARLING'S is the Ale

ALL DEALERS

F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone 1,278. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

TO-DAY'S MARKETS

MONTREAL STOCKS.

MONTREAL, March 7.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific Ry	111	110¾
Duluth, com	14	12
Duluth, pref	28	25
Commercial Cable	156	150
Cable Coupon Bonds	..	..
Montreal Telegraph	170	169
Richelieu and Ontario	110	109
Montreal Street Railway	269½	268
Montreal Street Railway, new	..	..
Toronto Street Railway	119¼	119
St. John Electric Railway	123	112¾
Halifax Street Railway	114	112
Twin City Tram	114¼	114
Montreal Heat and Power Co	97¼	95¼
Bell Telephone Company	169	167
Bank of Montreal	..	255
Ontario Bank	..	125
Molsons Bank	212	210
Bank of Toronto	240	230
Merchants Bank	..	147
Montreal Cotton Co	130	120
Canada Colored Cotton	..	..
Dominion Cotton	58	56

TORONTO STOCKS.

TORONTO, March 7.

	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	260	254
Ontario	128¼	128
Toronto	234	..
Merchants	..	147
Commerce	154	153
Imperial	233¾	233¼
Dominion	243	241½
Standard	241¼	240
Hamilton	229	227
Nova Scotia	250	240
Ottawa	212	209
Traders	..	113
British America	..	98
Western Assurance	..	95¾
Imperial Life	..	144
National Trust	141	139
Toronto General Trusts	..	163
Consumers' Gas	..	211
Montreal Gas	..	..
Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land	..	..
Canada Northwest Land pref	95	90½
Canada Northwest Land com	..	..
Can. Pacific Railway Stock	111	110¾
Toronto Electric Light	145	140
General Electric	221¼	220
London Electric Light	104	102
Commercial Cable	155	152¼
Cable Coup. Bonds	90	96
Cable Reg. Bonds	99	96
Dominion Telegraph	..	130
Bell Telephone	168½	166¼
Richelieu and Ontario Nav. Co	..	..
Hamilton Steamboat	110	109
Toronto Railway	119	118¼
London Street Railway	..	150
Halifax Electric Tram	..	..
Ottawa Street Railway	..	..
Twin City Railway	114¼	114
Luxfer Prism., pref	80	..
Cycle and Motor	..	..
Crater Crume	107	106¼
Dunlop Tire, pref	106	105¾
War Eagle	..	19
Republic	..	..
Payne Mining	30	..
Cariboo (McKinney)	..	22
Virtue	..	21
Crows Nest Coal	..	375
North Star	25	21
British Canadian L. and I	64	59
Canada Landed and Nat. Invt	100	99½
Canada Permanent	121½	120½
Canadian Savings and Loan	..	118
Central Canada Loan	..	125
Dominion Savings and Invest	..	70
Freehold L. and Savings	..	..
Hamilton Provident	..	122
Huron and Erie L. and S	..	180
Imperial L. and Invest	78	..
Landed Banking and Loan	..	118
Lon. and Can. L. and A	..	80
London Loan	..	..
London and Ontario	..	65
Manitoba Loan	..	..
Ontario Loan and Deb	..	..
Peoples' Loan	..	..
Real Estate Loan and Deb	..	..
Toronto Savings and Loan	..	..
Toronto Mortgage	..	92½
Western Canada L. and S	..	..

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, March 7.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

Yesterday's	Close.	Open.	High.	Low.	2p.m.
Anaconda	32¾	..	..	..	..
Amal. Copper	69¼	69¾	69¾	68¾	68¾
Atcheson	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	75¼	75¼
Atcheson Pfd	96¼	97	97⅛	96⅞	96⅞
B. & O	105	104⅝	105½	104¾	105⅜
Brooklyn Tran	63⅝	64	64¾	64	64½
C. B. & Q	..	..	..	..	..
C. C. C	101	..	..	..	..
C. F. I	98	97	98	92	93½
Erie	37⅛	37⅝	37⅝	37	37⅛
K. & T. Pfd	..	54¾	55	54¾	54⅞
L. & N	104	104⅝	104½	104	104
Manhattan	131¾	131½	132⅛	131⅛	132
Metropolitan St.	167¾	167¾	168¾	167⅛	168
Mo. P	99¾	99¾	99¾	99⅛	99⅛
N. Y. Central	163¾	163¾	163¾	163	163
Norfolk and W	57¼	57¾	57¾	57	57
N. Pacific, Pfd	..	..	..	..	..
Ont. and Western	33⅝	33⅝	33¾	33⅛	33⅛
Pacific Mail	46⅝	47	47⅛	47	47
Pennsylvania	151⅞	151⅞	152½	151⅜	152
People's Gas	99¾	99¾	99⅞	99⅛	99⅛
R. I	165	165¾	165⅝	165	165

LIFE CHIPS

The new food is made by a peculiar process, and, as its name indicates, is full of life-giving power. Made according to directions, it is a delicious breakfast food, appetizing and satisfying.

Unlike oatmeal and kindred foods it will not overheat the blood, neither is it weak and mushy; but, being of a crisp nature, it will bring into action the masticating organs, thus promoting the flow of saliva necessary to good digestion. It is already cooked and partially predigested, the very food that busy people need today.

There is nothing in it to injure, and everything to build up a system. It will be a blessing to the aged and a boon to the feeble, and to those troubled with weak stomachs a veritable "staff of life."

By using it in conjunction with fruits, the dyspeptic will be able to throw his physic to the dogs.

Sold by All Good Grocers and Manufactured by

The Life Food Co.

Reading	80¾	80¾	81¼	80¾	81¼
St. Paul	164⅞	164⅞	164⅞	164¼	164¼
Southern Ry. Pfd	96⅞	98	98	95⅞	96⅞
Southern Pacific	64⅝	64⅝	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛
Texas	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
T. C. I	70⅞	70⅞	71	69⅝	68⅛
U. Pacific	99⅞	99⅞	100	99⅝	99⅝
W. U	90⅛	90⅛	91	90⅛	90⅛
TRUSTS—					
Leather	..	81¼	82	81¼	82
Sugar	128	126¾	127¾	126¾	127⅝
U. S. Steel Com	43¼	43¾	43¾	42⅞	43⅞
U. S. Steel Pfd	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅜	94⅜
Rubber	15¾	..	..	..	..

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Toronto, March 7.—Wheat—Quiet, at 72½c to 73c for red and white, middle freights; goose, 68c, low freights to New York; spring, 72c for No. 1 and 72c for No. 2 east; Manitoba, No. 1 hard, 86½c, en route, Sarnia and North Bay; No. 1 northern at 83½c, and No. 2 northern at 80c. Flour—Dull; cars of 90 per cent patents, $2 87 in buyers' bags, middle freights; choice brands are 15c to 20c higher; Manitoba, $4 20 for cars of Hungarian patents, and $4 for strong bakers, bags included, on the track, Toronto. Millfeed—Steady; cars of shorts are $18 50 and bran at $16 50 in bulk, middle freights. Barley—Quiet, at 56c to 56½c for No. 1, 53c for No. 2, 51c for No. 3 east, and 50c for No. 3, middle freights. Buckwheat—Quit, at 56c west. Rye—Quiet, at 56½c west. Corn—Easier; No. 2 yellow at 55¾ to 56½c west. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 41c to 41½c, middle freights. Peas—Firmer; No. 2 at 80c to 81c, high freights, and 82c middle freights. Butter—Demand for choice creamery and dairy is strong, but fine goods are almost impossible to find; offerings largely low grade and medium; prices are steady; creamery prints, 22c to 23c; solids, 21c to 21½c; seconds, 18c to 20c; dairy pound rolls, choice, 16c to 18c; large rolls, choice, 16c to 17½c; tubs, 14c; medium and low grades, 10c to 12½c. Eggs—Market easy, and liberal offerings, at 18c to 20c for new-laid. Live hogs—Receipts today, 900; prices unchanged; choice bacon, 6c; heavy and light at 5¾c.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 7.—Oil opened at $1 15.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL.

The following table shows the quotations per cental yesterday for American products at Liverpool, as well as for the three previous market days. In each case highest prices are given:

	March 3.	March 4.	March 5.	March 6.
WHEAT—				
Red Winter	6 0½	6 1⅛	6 1	6 1
No. 1 Nor. Spring	6 1½	6 1½	6 1⅛	6 1⅛
Walla	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
No. 1 Cal	0 0	6 4½	6 4½	6 4½
Dec	6 1⅛	6 1⅜	6 1⅜	6 1⅜
March	6 0⅝	6 1½	6 0⅝	6 1⅜
May	6 0¾	6 0¾	6 0⅝	6 0¾
CORN—				
New	0 0	5 1¾	5 1¾	5 1⅜
Old	5 2¾	5 2¾	5 2¾	5 2½
Oct	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Nov	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Dec	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Jan	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Feb	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
March	5 1¾	5 1¾	5 1⅜	5 1⅜
May	5 1¾	5 1⅜	5 1⅜	5 1¼
Flour	19 3	20 0	20 0	20 0
Peas	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8½
Pork, prime mess	72 0	72 0	72 0	72 0
Lard	47 6	47 6	47 3	47 3
Tallow	29 5	29 9	29 9	29 9
Bacon, light	45 0	45 0	45 0	45 0
Cheese, white	50 6	50 0	51 0	51 6
Cheese colored	51 0	51 0	51 6	51 6

LIVERPOOL, March 7—Closing.

Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red western winter steady, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring firm, 6s 2d; No. 1 California, no stock. Futures quiet; March, 6s 1¾d; May, 6s 1½d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 5s 1½d; American mixed, old, 5s 2½d. Futures steady; March, 5s 1½d; May, 5s 1¾d.

Peas—Canadian, 6s 8d.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast firm, £3 10s to £4 10s.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter firm, 8s.

Beef—Extra India mess firm, 79s.

Pork—Prime mess western firm, 72s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 46s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, quiet, 40s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, quiet, 42s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, quiet, 45s; long clear middles, heavy, 35s to 40 lbs, quiet, 44s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, steady, 45s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, quiet, 37s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, quiet, 34s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, steady, 47s; American refined, in pails, steady, 48s 3d.

Butter—Steady; finest United States, 95s; do, good, 72s.

Cheese—Firm; American finest white, 51s 6d; do, colored, 51s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 29s 9d; Australian (in London) firm, 31s 6d.

Cottonseed oil—Hull refined, spot dull, 24s 1½d.

Turpentine spirits—Steady, 31s 3d.

Petroleum—Steady, 7½d.

Rosin—Common firm, 4s 1½d.

Linseed oil, 32s.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 207,000 centals, including 41,000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days, none.

Weather—Misty.

SUGAR.

London, March 6.—Raw sugar, Muscovado, 7s 6d; centrifugal, 8s 6d; beet sugar, March, 6s 6¾d.

DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, March 7.—Beans are dull, with little change in prices. Quotations: Cash, $1 51; May, $1 49; June, $1 48.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Flour—Receipts, 7,800 bbls; sales, 2,900 pkgs; flour showed little change, but was steady. Rye flour—Fair to good, $3 25 to $3 80; choice to fancy, $3 50 to $3 75. Wheat—Receipts, 37,505 bu; sales, 685,000 bu; wheat opened steady and ruled slow all the forenoon, without change; cables were firm, but crop news bearish; May, 82⅝c to 82⅝c; July, 82⅝c to 82⅝c; Sept., 82c. Rye—Quiet; state, 60c to 61c, c.i.f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 65¾c, f.o.b., afloat. Corn—Receipts, 22,000 bu; sales, 35,000 bu; corn was quiet and barely steady, with moderate realizing a feature; May, 66⅞c to 67⅛c; July, 66c to 66⅛c. Oats—Receipts, 15,000 bu; oats were steady. Sugar—Raw weak; fair refining, 2 15-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 7-16c; molasses sugar, 2 11-16c; refined dull. Coffee—Weak and nominal; No. 7 Rio, 5¾c. Lead—Firm. Wool—Firm. Hops—Firm.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by The Advertiser by F. H. Butler, stock broker:

CHICAGO, March 7.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—May	76⅛	77⅜	76⅜	77¾
July	77	77¾	76⅞	77⅝
Corn—May	61¾	62⅛	61⅝	62
July	61¼	61⅞	61¼	61⅜
Oats—May	44	44⅛	44	44⅛
July	35¾	35⅜	35⅜	35⅝
Pork—May	15 30	15 40	15 30	15 40
Lard—May	9 40	9 45	9 40	9 42
Ribs—May	8 37	8 42	8 37	8 37

OUTWARD AND VISIBLE SIGN.

Ambitious Young Woman—Tell me, honestly, do you think I ever will make a great actress?

Experienced Manager—Not unless you can subdue that bright and cheerful smile. Haven't you learned by observing the pictures of great actresses that they all wear a look of tragic and profound gloom?—Chicago Tribune.

General debility—failure of the strength to do and the power to endure—is cured by the great tonic—Hood's Sarsaparilla.

NOTHING LOOKS more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person, when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure?

BE THERE A WILL, WISDOM POINTS THE WAY.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

Strong's Baking Powder

defies all honest competition. Once used always in favor.

25c Per Pound,

—AT

Strong's Drug Store,

184 DUNDAS STREEV.

FREE to housekeepers on application, a valuable recipe book on the Art of Cooking.

Marriage Licenses at above address. zxv

WEATHER BULLETIN

London, March 7—8 a.m.

STATIONS—	TEMPERATURE. 8 a.m.	Min.	WEATHER.
Calgary	14	12	Clear
Winnipeg	8	6	Fair
Parry Sound	30	26	Cloudy
Toronto	36	34	Cloudy
Ottawa	30	26	Cloudy
Montreal	28	22	Fair
Quebec	20	16	Cloudy
Father Point	8	8	Snow

FORECASTS.

Today—Mostly fair; not much change in temperature.

Saturday—About the same.

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather is mild in the lake region and moderately cold elsewhere in Canada, and these conditions are unlikely to change much during today and on Saturday.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

—One drunk, Samuel H. Claris, was fined $3 at the police court this morning.

—Mr. J. J. Moylan, representing a Toronto firm of contractors, was in the city today.

—Miss E. Griffiths, of this city, has returned home after an extended visit with Dr. and Mrs. Covell, of Pittsburg, Pa.

—Tenders will be called for on Saturday, March 22, for the issue of $20,000 of county debentures, to redeem other debentures.

—The county auditors have nearly completed the audit of the county books. They have been working on them for over six weeks.

—The members of Siloam Epworth League entertained the Grove Epworth League on Wednesday evening last. A very pleasant and profitable time was spent.

DIVISION COURT SITTING.

The first division court sat this morning, Judge Edward Elliott presiding. About 30 cases were dealt with.

BARBER—McINTYRE.

Miss J. McIntyre, of the East End, was united in marriage to Mr. W. Barber, of Winnipeg, this week at the residence of the bride's father. The happy couple leave today for Winnipeg, where they will reside.

CLANDEBOYE BRIDGE BROKEN.

Commissioner Talbot went to Clandeboye yesterday to fix some props holding up the Clandeboye bridge, which had been washed away by the ice. The lower beam of the bridge broke some time ago, and as a new bridge is soon to be built, it was temporarily repaired.

SERVIANS GO WEST.

A party of about 20 Servians came into the city last night after traveling from Detroit in their "prairie schooners." They have journeyed all the way from Oklahoma, Neb., in the wagons. They intend settling in Manitoba.

JOHN POWERS RELEASED.

John Powers, of Brantford, one of the sextet of tramps arrested at Ailsa Craig, has been released from the county jail. He asked Sheriff Cameron to communicate with his mother in Brantford, who sent the money to pay his fine, about $6. He had always been regarded as a respectable young man till he took up with bad company.

ARREST OF ALLEGED THIEVES.

Duncan Fisher and Charles Muskokoman were arrested early this morning by Detectives Ward and High Constable McLoud on a charge of breaking into the house of Mrs. McGregor, of Caradoc, and stealing about ten bags of wheat, a horse blanket, a bushel of clover and a number of grain bags. They were brought before Squire Lacey and remanded until March 13.

COURT JEFFERY'S CONCERT.

A very successful concert was given by Court Jeffery, No. 50, A. O. F., at Society Hall, East London, on Tuesday evening. Bro. Gale, D.C.R., occupied the chair in a most acceptable manner. After the address, he read the report for 1901. The following comprised the programme: Instrumental duet, Misses Hawkins and Johnson; solo, Mr. Merritt; recitation, Miss Lewis; solo, Mr. Moule; recitation, Miss Cook; dialogue, by boys of court; solo, Mr. Dempsey; recitation, Mr. Hogg; duet, Messrs. Hogg and Walsh; solo, Master Anthony Adair; duet, Masters Hosie and Dufferin.

AN ENJOYABLE "AT HOME."

The "At Home" given by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Talbot Street Baptist Church last evening eclipsed all previous efforts in that direction. The basement of the church was crowded with young people. The object of getting acquainted with strangers was the chief intention of the Y. P. S. C. E. in giving the "At Home," and this was fully carried out. After spending an hour in renewing acquaintances and forming many new ones, the following short programme was given, Dr. Sowerby acting as chairman: Opening selection, instrumental; solo, Mr. Gregory; reading, Miss Horton; solo, Miss McLeod; instrumental, Mr. Smith; reading, Miss Horton; solo Mrs. Woodburn. Refreshments were served afterwards, which closed a most successful "At Home."

One-Third Off All Gold And Silver Chain Bracelets for a few days

ADKINS, The Jeweler and Optician, East London

Marriage Licenses issued.

Dr. Sowerby is doing a good work in the Talbot Street Church, and his energy is evidently infectious, as the members of the Y. P. S. C. E. seem to be enthusiastic in their endeavor to make strangers welcome and to extend such a greeting as will entice them back again. Dr. Sowerby's popularity is evidently increasing, and with the assistance of such a corps of young people the work will increase. Much of the success of the entertainment is due to the indefatigable efforts of Miss Nellie Evans, the president.

LONDON MUSICIAN ASSISTED.

Describing the very successful and enjoyable organ recital given Monday evening at Forest on the occasion of the formal opening of a new pipe organ, the Forest Free Press says: "Local talent was assisted by Vivian Reeve, organist of Memorial Church, London, and Herman Stahl, agent of the Karn Company, who had placed the organ in position. Among Mr. Reeve's selections were Mendelssohn's 'War March of the Priests,' and Handel's 'Hallelujah Chorus,' both of which were rendered in a masterly manner, receiving hearty applause. Mr. Reeve is deserving of the warmest thanks for the work he so unselfishly gave during the evening. In addition to his beautiful recitals, the duties of accompanist were discharged by him most efficiently, and should he again favor Forest will be warmly received."

SUCCESSFUL ENTERTAINMENT.

The Sunday school entertainment given in the Southern Congregational Church proved a complete success and reflected great credit on the committee which consisted of Mr. Babb's class, under the direction of their teacher, and the energetic Sunday school secretary, Mr. Gervys Smith. The church was crowded to the doors, with chairs in the aisles, for the audience who attentively listened to one of the best of programmes. Two drills were well given by little folks and a pole drill by the class. The outside talent, in every instance, was excellent, and the efforts of the contributors were much appreciated; but the piece of the evening was the pantomime, by the class, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," which was perfect. The tendency of the whole programme was uplifting.

AUDITORIUM RECITAL A NOTABLE EVENT.

Large Audience Greeted Ellen Miriam Kurzenknabe and Assisting Artists.

Local lovers of dramatic and musical art have seldom been treated to a more delightful evening's entertainment than that provided at the recital of Ellen Miriam Kurzenknabe, in the Auditorium, last evening. Miss Kurzenknabe was assisted by Alice Calder Stock, soprano soloist of the First Methodist Church; Mr. Thomas Martin, pianist, and Mr. Maurice Poure, violinist. The accompanists were Miss Raymond and Mr. Charles Percy. As a reader, Miss Kurzenknabe long ago won the warm approval of London audiences, and her efforts last night met with most flattering applause. Possessed of much personal magnetism and great dramatic force, her ability is of a very high order. The audience last night was not satisfied with the numbers on the programme, but compelled Miss Kurzenknabe to respond to encores.

The exquisitely sweet voice of Mrs. Stock has never been heard to better effect in this city, and it won for her many new admirers.

Mr. Poure and Mr. Martin, it is needless to say, delighted the audience by the grace of their work.

The programme was as follows:

Violin Solo—
Elegie ..... Ernst
Introduction ..... Spohr
Reading—Macbeth—Act 1, scene 7: Dagger Scene. Sleep-Walking Scene ..... Shakespeare
Vocal Solos—
(a) The Violet ..... Mildenberg
(b) Spring Song ..... Foote
Reading—The Shaker Romance ..... Charles Sherman Haight
Piano Solos—
(a) Romance in E major ..... Chopin
(b) Ballade, Op. 47 ..... "
Monologue—The Soul of the Violin ..... Margaret Mantel Merrill
Vocal Solo—Ave Marie (from "Cavalleria Rusticana") ..... Mascagni
(With violin obligato.)
Violin Solo—Streghe ..... Paganini
Readings—
(a) Recessional ..... Kipling
(b) All in Each ..... Emerson
(c) Bugle Song ..... Tennyson

GAS MACHINE GOES UP.

Omemee, March 7.—The explosion of an acetylene gas machine in W. Colvin's barber shop blew out the windows and set fire to the building. The fire was quickly got under control by Evans' hand engine, which was manned by volunteers. Colvin's assistant, W. McDonnel, was cut by flying glass, but there were no other casualties.

THREE MEN KILLED IN A LAND-SLIDE.

Paducah, Ky., March 7.—A landslide on the Illinois Central Railway, near Rosine Tunnel, yesterday, killed three men. The dead are. William Simons, Horse Branch, Ky.; Granville Morton, Horse Branch, Ky.; Thomas Dobbs, Rosine, Ky. The bank of a deep cut caved in and several workmen were buried. All were taken out alive, except the three men named.

ST. THOMAS ALDERMEN.

Toronto, March 7.—The aldermen of St. Thomas must defend the action brought against them by President Roberts and the Trades and Labor Council, charging that plural voting was improperly permitted. The master at Osgoode Hall has given judgment for an order for the examination of witnesses on pending application by relator to set aside the election of the eleven respondents as aldermen of the city of St. Thomas. Held, that notice of motion given herein is good and sufficient notice for Tuesday, the 25th February, 1902 and that the sureties can have no valid ground of objection because of proceedings not being properly executed. Order made for examination of witnesses before an examiner to be appointed on settling order.

NEVER WORRY

Take them and go about your business—they do their work while you are doing yours.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are purely vegetable and act upon the Liver without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. 10 cents a vial.

They are system renovators, blood purifiers, and builders. Every gland and tissue in the whole anatomy is benefited and stimulated in the use of them. 100 pills in a vial, 25c. 45

For sale by C. McCallum & Co.

ROMANCE OF A ST. CLAIR GIRL

Married a Man Who Robbed Her Aunt's Home.

The Youth Was Wealthy and Turned Burglar as a Relief From Ennui.

Binghamton, N. Y., March 6.—A romantic wedding took place at Bradford yesterday when Miss Ethel Moore, of St. Clair, Mich., was married to H. Louis Park.

Park is the son of wealthy parents and is a fellow of appearance, with an irresistible longing for the sensational. Though he has property in his own name, he became a burglar, not for gain, but for the excitement attendant upon the robberies.

There have been numerous mysterious burglaries in the locality, in which valuables were stolen, to be afterwards returned to their owners through a mysterious and undiscoverable source.

Miss Moore was at the residence of her aunt, Mrs. E. K. Hollenbeck, at Wells, Bradford county, when Park forced his way into the dwelling. She had met him at a party a week previous and being awakened by the noise recognized the intruder. Asking an explanation, he finally confessed and promised to discontinue his practices. He requested the privilege of calling, which was granted under conditions, and the midnight meeting ended in yesterday's wedding.

ARRESTED IN FAR OFF DENVER

Police Receive Telegram That Russell Is Caught.

The local police department have received a telegram that a man supposed to be John W. Russell, of this city, had been arrested in Denver, Col., as a result of the circulars sent out by the police here to other police departments. Russell, as reported exclusively in Wednesday's Advertiser, failed to return to the city last Saturday after his regular weekly trip as a traveler for J. Garvey & Co. Nearly $500, which Russell is said to have collected for the firm also failed to return. It now remains with the attorney-general's department to decide whether Russell will be brought back or not.

AT THE PRINCE OF WALES' OWN REQUEST.

Name of 43rd Ottawa and Carlton Rifles Changed to "Duke of Cornwall's Own."

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 7.—The name of the 43rd Ottawa and Carlton Rifles has been changed to the 43rd Duke of Cornwall's Own, and the Prince of Wales becomes its honorary colonel. This is the only regiment in Canada that has among its officers a member of the royal family. The change was made at the prince's request. S.

PROMOTION OF A POPULAR CITIZEN

Mr. James McSween Goes to Higher Position at Windsor.

As a consequence of the appointment of T. H. Kenning, of Windsor, to be inspector of distilleries, Mr. James McSween, of this city, receives promotion. He succeeds Mr. Kenning as collector of inland revenue at Windsor. Mr. McSween, during his 21 years occupancy of the office of deputy collector here, has earned the goodwill of both his associates in the service and the citizens generally. Before coming to London, in 1881 he served two years at Windsor and three at Petrolea. During his residence here Mr. McSween has been one of the most active and valued members of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, having served for twenty years on the board of managers, three years as chairman, this being his third term in that office.

Mr. W. A. Thrasher, a Chatham lawyer, succeeds Mr. McSween here. H. R. Marcon, Stoney Point, has been appointed deputy collector of inland revenue at Windsor, an office which has been vacant for several months. Geo. H. McArthur, of Windsor, is appointed to the inland revenue service at Windsor and Walkerville.

THE DIVISION

On the Second Reading of Premier Ross' Prohibition Bill.

Toronto, March 6.—The second reading of the prohibition bill in the Ontario Legislature was carried on the following division:

Yeas—Allen, Auld, Aylesworth, Barber, Blezard, Bowman, Breithaupt, Brown, Burt, Caldwell, Carpenter, Charlton, Clarke, Conmee, Davis, Dickenson, Douglas, Dryden, Farwell, Gibson, Graham, Gross, Guibord, Harcourt, Hill, Hislop, Holmes, Latchford, Lee, Leys, Loughrin, Lumsden, Malcolm, Marter, Munro, Mutrie, McKay, McKee, Pardee, Pattullo, Pense, Pettypiece, Preston, Richardson, Ross, Russell, Smith, Stratton, Taylor.—48.

Nays—Barr, Beatty (Leeds), Boyd, Brower, Carnegie, Colquhoun, Crawford, Dempsey, Duff, Eliber, Fallis, Foy, Fox, Gallagher, Hoyle, Jamieson, Joynt, Kidd, Kribs, Little, Lucas, Matheson, Miscampbell, Monteith, Morrison, Macdiarmid, McLaughlin, Powell, Pyne, Reid (Durham), Robson, Thompson, Tucker, Wardell, Whitney—35.

Pairs—Garrow, Carscallen; Beatty (Parry Sound), Macdonald; Truax, Reid (Addington); Pardo, Allen; Bridgland, Hislop.

The bill was then read a second time and the house adjourned at 11:40 p.m.

A MONSTER PILLAR.

New York, March 7.—A monster pillar of granite—the largest solid piece of stone ever quarried for building purposes—will be swung into its place, 60 feet above the ground, on the half-completed Hall of Records, at Chambers and Center streets. It is more than 36 feet long, 4 feet wide and 2 feet thick and required nearly three months to quarry.

HON. MR. STRATTON'S STRAIGHT DENIAL

As to Connection With $4,000 Grant—The Implications Are Absolutely Untrue.

Toronto, March 7. — The public accounts committee concluded their work for the session yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Stratton asked to be called, and made a statement in connection with the $4,000 grant to the Dickson Lumber Company for the Stoney Creek dam. Mr. Stratton said he had first been asked by representatives of the company, before he was a member of the government, to endeavor to secure a grant in connection with the works on the creek, as they were of more or less service to the settlers, and to the other lumbermen getting out logs in the locality, and also of value in conserving the water and regulating the flow. The request had been repeated after he had become a member of the government. It was on his representation to the cabinet, he said that the grant was made $4,000 instead of $5,000, in view of the dam costing $8,100 instead of from $10,000 to $13,000, as was originally estimated.

"As for having any conversation with Mr. Shook or Mr. Hall," Mr. Stratton continued, "with Mr. McGill or any other person possibly connected with the company, by which there would be any payment by the company, it is absolutely untrue. It never was suggested, it was never thought of, never dreamed of, so far as the government or myself was concerned; no payment was received, no payment was promised, no payment was made. I do not know that I can make it any stronger."

NO-PROFIT SYSTEM IN GREAT BRITAIN

Earl Grey's Scheme for Putting a Stop to Excessive Drinking.

Ottawa, March 7.—Earl Gey, who came to Canada to explain to temperance deformers here the methods of the British public house trust, and who spent some time in Ottawa visiting his sister, the Countess of Minto, a few days before leaving Ottawa invited a correspondent to Rideau Hall, and there spoke of the work of the public house trust in Great Britain.

The earl said he felt a certain delicacy in speaking here on the subject of drink, because he found it a matter of division between the political parties. "In England," he said, "one may wait until the grave without the hope of getting any temperance reform. A practical reformer should act himself if he wants to get any reform. My object is to try to put a ring fence around the public house. At present we ask the license authorities to grant us any new licenses they may consider necessary, and we may buy other licenses in the open market if we can. We want to have a trust which will be able to take over any new licenses granted, and conduct the trust houses in a way that will be best for the people. In this we are encouraged by some of the best brewers, who are anxious to have only good brew sold. We are not total prohibitionists, and see no harm in a glass of beer, but we want to put a stop to excessive drinking. For myself, I would regard a law against drinking as an interference with my liberty. The earl said he had not come to Canada to interfere in political questions, or to tell any person what to do. He was here to explain what they were trying to do in England in the hope that their efforts might be useful to the people of Canada."

EXTREMISTS ARE MENACE TO SOCIETY.

Boston Paper's Comments on a Tail-Twisting Congressman.

Judging by his name and his statement that his father was a foreigner, we are inclined to believe that Congressman Wheeler, of Kentucky, is the son of a man of English birth, and this to quite a degree accounts for his intense and most fanatical views on the subject of monarchical governments, says the Boston Herald. It is a curious circumstance that many Englishmen who come to this country are, after a few years, entirely revolutionized in their opinions concerning the customs and practices of the land of their birth. These changes are frequently carried to those extremes which are said to characterize the ardor of young converts—that is, a man who has been a free trader in England, possibly without knowing why, becomes after a few years' stay in America, a rabid protectionist, and this, too, without knowing why. In fact, some of the most intolerant upholders of our tariff system that we have ever met have been men who admitted that, in the days of their youth in England, they thought themselves to be thoroughgoing free traders. The same swinging in opinion from one extreme to another has characterized others in the matter of a deference or respect shown to those representing the English Government system.

The average Englishman at home is apt to exhibit a deference and veneration for a member of the order of nobility or of the royal family that to the American mind is inexplicable. When such an Englishman comes to this country and has lived here for years, the recollection of the way in which he humiliated himself is intensely galling, and in revenge, so to speak, for his past unconscious wanting of self-respect, there grows within him an intense antagonism to every sort of aristocratic or monarchical distinction. He becomes a fanatical hater of royalty and nobility because in the past he was a servile adorer of those who represented these classes.

To those in this country whose American roots run back through several generations, the last attitude of mind of these naturalized citizens is almost as difficult of comprehension as was their former condition. The genuine American does not feel it necessary to express either disgust or veneration for these foreign methods and those who represent them. If a great nation wishes to have an emperor, or a king, or an aristocracy, he considers that its people have the right to make their own choice of government, even though their choice would be one which he would not make on his own account. More than this, if a representative of one of these monarchical governments comes to this country, the genuine American feels that he should be treated with that degree of respect and hospitality that is due to one who represents a great nation, and also, if our government is officially asked to send some one to attend the coronation of the head of a friendly

EARL'S DENE

Warden smiled. "What! a country doctor's son go in for the lady of New Court?"

"Oh, why not?" It is wonderful how cheap men hold what they do not want.

"I hope you are not breaking her heart."

"If I am, you had better heal it."

"Oh, this is my wife," replied Warden, laying his hand upon a volume of "Coke upon Littleton." "And now, just consider it all right—and don't make yourself unhappy by thinking about difficulties."

"You really think it will come out all smooth?"

"Of course I do—and of course it will. Hollow! what's that? Oh, I had quite forgotten that guest of mine."

What he had heard was the creaking of the sofa, caused by the return to waking life of Dick Barton, who, after a yawn or two, succeeded in twisting himself into a position that was very tolerably upright.

"The devil!" he exclaimed, after another prodigious stretch. "I say, have you got anything to drink? I'm confoundedly thirsty."

"Soda water?"

"Soda be blowed! Kunos crine—a hair of the dog, man."

"I'm afraid you devoured the dog between you, hair and all, before you fell asleep," said Lester, who had recovered something of his usual good-humor.

"And who the devil are you? Warden, you can't have drunk the whole of the three bottles to your own cheek?"

"Will you have some tea?"

"Faugh!"

"Well, then, you won't have anything at all," said Warden, who had begun to guess how his enemy ought to be treated.

"I call that very unfriendly of you. I shall go at once—and hang me if I ever come here again. Warden, you're a ——; I always thought so, and now I know it. By the way, he added, feeling in his pockets, "I'm cleaned out. Could either of you fellows lend me half-a-crown?"

"And is this the Dick Barton that was to do such wonderful things?" asked Lester, as the door closed. "How does he live?"

Warden shrugged his shoulders contemptuously.

"So much for genius!" said the practical man.

"Poor devil!" said Lester, "I must try and give him a chance—what's the good of being in the house else?" And so, after a renewal of his thanks, he, too, left the room, leaving Warden to "Coke upon Littleton."

Warden did work at "Coke upon Littleton"; but he also worked at something else besides.

CHAPTER XII.

Warden had no particular inclination to spend his Christmas at home; he was not a person of domestic tendencies; his father bored him, and he was not fond of the society of his father's friends. Nor even did he care to cultivate the acquaintance of Mr. Brown, even though he was an attorney's managing clerk. But still, much to his sister's delight, he announced at the beginning of December that he was about to pay them a short visit. It was nothing more than a very ordinary sort of coincidence that Miss Raymond was going to spend her Christmas at Earl's Dene. Hugh ought to have spent his there also; but he was a man of many engagements, and felt rather afraid of his visit besides, for he also felt instinctively that the breach between himself and his aunt had practically begun, and that he should, as it were, be making Earl's Dene his home under false pretenses. Moreover, he knew that his friend was going down, and fancied that it would be better for his own cause if he himself kept out of the way and left the field clear for the abler strategist.

And so Warden went down accordingly, listened to his father's complaints of the rival doctors, and of the pane of glass through which the wind still blew, received the admiring homage of his sister, heard Mr. Brown retail the small gossip of the place, and dined upon luke-warm mutton. But he did not let his domestic enjoyments detain him from making an early call at Earl's Dene.

He found Miss Clare not improved in health by any means; but she gave him a most cordial welcome, not only for his own sake, but because she hoped to get news of Hugh in respect of the matter about which she was most anxious.

"You still see something of Hugh?" she asked, after a word or two of greeting.

"Oh, very often. I think I may consider that we are friends."

"I hope so. I was in hopes that he would have spent Christmas down here."

"You see, he has so many engagements."

"Still, I should have thought he might have been able to spare a day or two. But this is but a dull house for a young man to come to, I know."

Warden looked his protest.

"By the way, I have one visitor, though—your old acquaintance, Miss Raymond, of New Court."

"Indeed?"

"She, too, has seen something of you in town, she tells me. By the way, as we are talking about Denethorp people, what has become of those Leforts since the father met with that unfortunate accident?"

"Oh, they are in London, doing what they can."

"Miss Raymond tells me that the niece means to go on the stage."

"Yes, I believe that is so."

Of course she was vainly trying to get an opening for finding out whether and to what extent Warden was in her nephew's confidence. At last, true to her despotic instincts that never allowed her to procrastinate or beat about the bush, she said:

"I, too, may consider you one of Hugh's friends?"

"One of his and yours, Miss Clare."

"I am not going to ask you to commit a breach of confidence; besides, I know that you would not do so if I did. But has he ever mentioned these young women to you?"

"In what way?"

"You know there were some absurd stories about him here?"

"Oh, at the election. No one minds election reports."

"You see, so much depends upon the marriage of one in Hugh's position."

"No doubt."

"It would never do even to run the risk of Earl's Dene falling into the hands of an actress—of a Papist."

"Of course not."

"You see, living as I do, there are so few people I can trust—and I suppose that as one gets older one gets more anxious and nervous—at least, I am anxious that Hugh, who is as if he were my son, should do rightly in everything. Now you, who are his friend, and have some influence, I know——"

"I fear, Miss Clare, you overrate my power."

"Oh, no. Men listen often to their friends when they are deaf to their mothers—you can talk to him as men talk. You understand me?"

"You may be sure that any influence I may have over Mr. Lester shall be used as you would approve, and for his real good."

"You promise?"

"Faithfully."

"Thank you, Mr. Warden. You have taken a weight off my mind. You will, then—you of all people will know how—save him from the danger of—you know what I mean?"

"I promise to do my best."

"You might tell him, in case of necessity, what I have told him also—that if he continues to be bent upon this impossible marriage——"

"I would rather hear no more, Miss Clare."

"But you had better. You know that I always do what I say; and if he is obstinate, Alice Raymond shall be mistress of Earl's Dene; and you may tell Miss Lefort so, also. I imagine that she, at least, will not be obstinate when she hears that."

That she was perfectly in earnest was sufficiently proved by her forgetting her pride so far as to take one of her subjects into her private confidence in order that she might work with greater certainty. But it must, nevertheless, have been a bitter pill for her to swallow.

"Surely, Miss Clare, you cannot be speaking seriously?"

"But I am, indeed. And after all, it is not likely that he should really be guilty of such madness."

"Most unlikely, I should say."

"But still you will remember what I have said; you will watch, warn, save him, if you can—and that by any means."

"I will do all I can."

"I felt sure that I might rely upon you; otherwise I should not have said what I have to you. Be sure that we shall not be ungrateful."

"I hope you do not think—is it not only my duty?"

"But we have our duties, too, and gratitude is among them," she said, in royal fashion, as she held out her hand. "And now you will stay to lunch. I see Miss Raymond coming back from her ride."

Miss Clare, as Queen of Denethorp, of course considered herself as only giving orders to, and promoting to high trust and confidence, one of her subjects, who had proved his devotion to the reigning house when she gave Warden charge of the crown prince, and not as in any way laying a burden upon him. She felt gratitude, as she said; but, in her eyes, he was doing no more than his duty to his liege lady in undertaking to keep her heir from forming an unsuitable alliance. What his own private views might be were nothing to her, nor did she even remember that he might possibly have any. And if he had, what could they matter even to himself when the interests of Earl's Dene were concerned? Nevertheless, the interview did open out to him a new and strangely exciting train of thought, of which the burden was, "If it were not for Marie!"

Putting her out of the question altogether—supposing there were no such person in existence—it would, of course, be open to him to try his chance with Miss Raymond, as anybody else might, without any reference to the coming estrangement betwen Miss Clare and her nephew. It was true that his birth was not such as to facilitate his entry into a country family. But then, would he be the first poor gentleman who had, by marrying an heiress, founded a family of his own? Ce que femme veut, Dieu le veut; and fortune favors the bold. His father and sister might be provided for elsewhere; and for himself, he felt that he could hold his own were he to marry into the ranks of the peerage itself. After all, as the son of a professional man, as a fellow of his college, as a distinguished member of his university, as a barrister—a word that then meant far more than it has since come to mean—as, in the future, a member of parliament, and heaven knows what besides, it would soon be forgotten that the professional man whose son he was was only Dr. Warden, of Denethorp, and that his mother was the daughter of a Redchester druggist. This he might have done as a matter of course; but now he felt, after his interview with Miss Clare, that, were he only free, he might do something very much more. He smiled to himself as he remembered how he felt when he traversed, in Hugh Lester's company, the stage of road between Redchester and Denethorp. If Hugh should marry Angelique, then Miss Raymond would be a prize worth the winning indeed. He knew as well as anybody that Miss Clare invariably meant what she said, and he thought he knew how to manage her, in case Miss Raymond proved favorable. If it were only not for Marie.

[To be Continued.]

Should Have Been an Editor.

Mlle. Chauvin, the woman barrister, has played a fine trick on her male colleagues.

She delivered an impassioned speech at a debating society of young barristers, for which she was applauded to the echo by one section, but disparaged as theatrical by the other.

Finally M. Fallieres, son of the president of the senate, discovered the flowery speech, word for word, in a book by Victor Hugo.

FROM CANADA TO PATAGONIA BY RAIL.

The project for a north-and-south railway, connecting all the Americas, and making it possible for a traveler to journey all the way from Canada to Patagonia by rail, was enthusiastically approved by the Pan-American Conference.

It is not a new scheme, and of course something more than the resolutions of a conference will be required to put it on the way to realization. But the engineering difficulties are not insuperable; and the amount of new construction necessary to link existing railway systems into one continuous transcontinental line is estimated at only five thousand miles. If the amount of new mileage built in the United States during the year 1901 could have been distributed in the proper districts along the proposed line, the scheme would have been realized.

Probably the proposed railway would cost less money and would be attended by fewer difficulties of construction than the great railway which the czar has been building across Siberia; but behind the Siberian enterprise there was a resolute national purpose and great resources. There must be powerful incentives before either governments or capitalists can be induced seriously to undertake the Pan-American railway. Yet when the railway is built as probably some time it will be, its material advantages and political consequences may dwarf those of the czar's great enterprise. It will bring the American people closer together, in sentiment as well as in time; It will promote the exchange of ideas as well as of products; and by quick travel, commerce and correspondence it will break down old barriers and further the interests of peace.

Drug-taking for insomnia has become a craze among certain sections of London society.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

COMPLETE WITHOUT THIS SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS.

HOCKEY.

HORTONS TO PLAY AT CRAIG.

Ailsa Craig, March 6.—The Ailsa Craig hockey team will play the Hortons again on Monday, March 9, on the rink here. A few weeks ago the latter team defeated the Craigites by a score of 4 to 2, but our boys have defeated the Memorials since and they believe they can also defeat the Hortons. At any rate, a very fine exhibition will be put up, and a large attendance is looked for.

ABERDEENS AMATEUR CHAMPIONS

Ottawa, Ont., March 7.—The Aberdeens last night won the amateur hockey championship by defeating Montreal II. by 3 goals to 1. The game was well in hand for the Aberdeens from the first. A large crowd was at the rink.

U. C. C. JUNIOR CHAMPIONS.

Toronto, March 7.—The last game of hockey played in Toronto this season was played last night. One thousand eight hundred spectators saw the final struggle at the Mutual street rink between Stratford Juniors and Upper Canada College for the junior O. H. A. championship, which resulted in a win for U. C. C. The game of Monday night at Stratford, with its score of 4—4, had nerved both sides for a keen contest, and it was not until after twenty minutes of extra play last night that Upper Canada College won by 7 to 6. A fast, clean game it was throughout, the youngsters playing a far speedier match than even the Wellingtons have put up. As the time came near and the score stood at 5 to 4 in favor of Stratford, there was intense excitement, and the partisans of the teams yelled themselves hoarse. Then U. C. C. scored and the extra play was taken to break the tie.

TURF.

ONTARIO JOCKEY CLUB.

The list of entries for the races, which closed on March 1, has been issued by the Ontario Jockey Club. The entry is a magnificent one throughout, and foreshadows a wonderful meeting for coronation year. At a meeting of the committee, held on Tuesday, the following gentlemen were appointed officials at the coming meeting: Alfred S. Host, judge; A. Belmont Purdy, steward; Mars Cassidy, starter. The King's plate will be run on May 22, the first day of the spring meeting, at the Woodbine. The total number of entries for the different events are: The King's plate, 41; the Breeders' stake, 34; the Maple Leaf stake, 20; the Stanley produce stakes, 88.

The following are the owners, entries and weights for the King's plate: E. Bolton's Moral, 123; J. Burgess' Fernie Tickle, 117; J. F. Burrell's Court K., 122; H. Chappelle's Lady Essex, 101; E. B. Clancy's Wide Awake, 103; E. B. Clancy's Pick Time, 106; E. B. Clancy's Roddy, 103; E. B. Clancy's St. Rosanna, 101; G. W. Cook's Kalipari, 101; G. W. Cook's Marston Moor, 103; Robert Davies' Opuntia, 123; R. Davies' Parisian Lady, 117; Robert Davies' Quarrepenny, 103; Perry Davis' Lady M., 121; Doley & O'Neill's Golden Way, 119; N. Dyment's Revelstoke, 103; N. Dyment's Miss Hanover, 101; N. Dyment's Barrie, 103; Elwood & Latimer's Bessemer, 103; George M. Hendrie's Caller Herrin', 101; William Hendrie's Maple Sugar, 117; William Hendrie's Scotland Yet, 106; William Hendrie's Dandy Dick, 103; William Hendrie's Lyddite, 101; William Hendrie's Doonside, 101; D. Higgins' Cardigan, 106; John McCullough's Plethorus, 103; John McGlue's Miscreant, 103; Thos. Meagher's Saucy Sally, 117; W. W. Moyes' Lally Bevys, 101; J. O'Flaherty's Bobs, 106; A. A. Reinhart's Anticosti, 101; J. E. Seagram's Goshawk, 123; J. E. Seagram's One Iros, 119; J. E. Seagram's Fly in Amber, 117; J. E. Seagram's Elcho, 103; J. E. Seagram's Eastern Prince, 106; J. E. Seagram's Beautiful Dreamer, 101; J. E. Seagram's Stake Winner, 101; Andrew Smith's Fernie, 101; R. Wells' Castletown, 103.

Following is a summary of the entries for the future stakes, which have filled beyond all expectations (to be run at the spring meeting, 1903, the figures being the number of entries): A. Beck 1, D. A. Boyle 4, A. H. Breuer 1, E. B. Clancy 3, G. W. Cook 1, Joseph Davies 1, Robert Davies 4, Joseph Duggan 1, N. Dyment 3, Mrs. Giddings 1, P. Gorman 1, T. Hector 2, George M. Hendrie 1, William Hendrie 15, T. J. Heyden 1, D. Higgins 2, Thomas Hood 1, James Hurley 2, H. E. Kent 1, James Meagher 2, J. M. O'Brien 1, W. F. Presgrave 4, Lewis Reford 1, James Scott 1, Joseph E. Seagram 23, Milton Strong 1, Robert Beith 1, George Hendrie 4, H. Alexander 1, A. Beck 4, D. A. Boyle 4, E. B. Clancy 2, Robert Davies 2, Joseph Duggan 1, N. Dyment 2, Mrs. Giddings 1, William Hendrie 6, T. J. Heydon 1, Joseph E. Seagram 12, M. Strong 1.

Maple Leaf stakes, to be run at spring meeting, 1903: A. Beck 1, D. A. Boyle 1, Robert Davies 2, Joseph Duggan 1, N. Dyment 1, George Elliott 1, William Hendrie 5, T. J. Heydon 1, Joseph Hurley 1, Joseph E. Seagram 6.

AT NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, La., March 7.—Weather clear, track fast.

First race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Josie F., 88 (Boyd), 8 to 5, 1; Lady Chorister, 102 (Otis), 5 to 1, 2; Maple, 108 (Brennan), 9 to 2, 3. Time, 1:48¼.

Second race, selling, 6 furlongs—Sir Christopher, 104 (Lindsay), 2 to 1, 1; Sim W., 109 (Odom), 3 to 1, 2; Horseshoe Tobacco, 107 (T. Walsh), 20 to 1, 3. Time, 1:13⅘.

Third race, selling, 6½ furlongs—Sippon, 103 (Landry), 6 to 5, 1; Parnassus, 104 (Helgeson), 11 to 5, 2; Julia Junkin, 102 (Otis), 9 to 2, 3. Time, 1:21.

Fourth race, handicap, 7 furlongs—Andes, 103 (Otis), 6 to 5, 1; Tom Kingsley, 104 (Boyd), 7 to 2, 2; Grantor, 104 (Brennan), 13 to 5, 3. Time, 1:27.

Fifth race, selling, 1¼ miles—Little Elkin, 101 (Minder), 9 to 2, 1; Lindenella, 102 (Otis), 12 to 1, 2; Jena, 103 (J. Miller), 6 to 5, 3. Time, 2:07¼.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Mynheer, 110 (Landry), 1 to 5, 1; Algie M., 103 (Hayden), 7 to 1, 2; Homage, 110 (Boyd), 16 to 1, 3. Time, 1:46¾.

AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., March 7.—There was a good attendance and interesting races yesterday. Results:

Free-for-all:

Johnny H., Dennis Lake, Napanee	3	1	1	1
Sir Knight, W. J. Lyons, Harrowsmith	1	2	2	3
Waxford, Jun., M. Brannigan, Kingston	2	3	3	2

Time—2:29, 2:27½, 2:27¼, 2:29¼.

2:50 class:

Archie Mack, Dr. Bradshaw, Napanee	2	1	2	1
Mary Hamilton, W. H. Comstock, Brockville	3	2	1	2
Nellie S., M. Stack, Lynn	1	3	3	3
Maggie S., Francis Company, Napanee	4	4	4	4

Time—2:31, 2:30, 2:32, 2:32, 2:33½.

Deveras, owned in Brockville, went against her ice record of 2:20, but failed in both heats, only making 2:24 and 2:23.

DAN PATCHEN BRINGS $20,000.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 7.—Dan Patchen (2:04½), who made a phenomenal record last season, has been sold by Daniel A. Messer, jun., to M. E. Sturgess, of New York city, for $20,000. The great son of Joe Patchen won every race in which he was entered last year, and dropped but a single heat. The sale was consummated at Oxford, Ind.

CURLING.

WESTERN COLTS' SERIES.

St. Marys, Ont., March 7.—The finals for the western colts' tankard was played here yesterday. There were only three teams present—Ingersoll, Stratford and Hensall. Hensall drew the bye. The game between Stratford and Ingersoll resulted in favor of Stratford by 3 shots: Score:

Stratford.		Ingersoll.	
P. Stewart, skip	20	Z. O'Neil, skip	18
F. Baker, skip	16	Dr. Burnett, skip	15
Total	36	Total	33

BOXING.

SIX ROUND DRAW.

Chicago, March 7.—Jack McClelland, of Pittsburg, and Buddy Ryan, of Chicago, fought six round to a draw at the Pyramid Club last night.

TOM COUHIG WON.

Hot Springs, Ark., March 7.—Tom Couhig of Buffalo, received a well-earned decision over Matty Matthews here last night, after 20 rounds of hard fighting. Matthews fought an uphill battle all the way, and fouled his opponent three times. In the third round Couhig received a foul blow below the belt, which sent him sprawling in the ring. He was in evident pain. The fight was stopped by the referee until a physician examined Couhig and pronounced him able to proceed. At this juncture Referee Mulligan announced that another foul committed would cause the loser to forfeit not only the battle, but would give his part of the purse to a charitable institution. From this on Matthews had no possible chance for victory. He received no less than six clean knock-downs, each time taking the count.

"BRIGHTON SLASHER" DYING.

Chicago, March 7.—Samuel Uphouser, known in pugilistic circles as the "Brighton Slasher," is dying at his home, as the result of a knockout blow he received in a fight at Bricklayers' Hall on Saturday. The police are searching for his opponent in the battle, but can only learn that he is known as "Young Choynski," and no one knows where he can be found. It was in the fourth round of the fight that Uphouser received injuries likely to prove fatal. He had received terrific punishment in the second and the third, and in the fourth was sent to the floor. His head struck the floor sharply, and he was carried from the ring unconscious and taken to his home. Since then his condition has been serious, and this morning he was reported to be dying.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE AFFAIRS.

Detroit, March 7.—By unanimous vote the magnates of the American League adopted resolutions fixing the admission to the grounds in all cities except Philadelphia, at 25c, 50c and 75c, for bleacher, pavilion and grand stand respectively, and increasing President Ban Johnson's salary from $5,000 per annum to $7,500. They also adopted the schedule for the season. The magnates, at their last session yesterday afternoon, adopted the changes in the playing rules recommended by the Buffalo conference of last month, with the exception of foul strike rule, which will be played in the American League the same as it was last year. The most important of these recommendations is that one providing that the umpire shall call a ball on the pitcher each time he delays the game by failing to deliver the ball to the batsman when he has been in position for more than twenty seconds. The exception is made, however, that in the case of the first batsman in each inning, the pitcher may occupy not more than one minute in delivering not to exceed five balls to one of the basemen for the purpose of warming up. The advisability of removing the headquarters of the league from Chicago to New York was brought up, and after some debate a resolution was adopted, leaving the matter to the discretion of President Johnson.

THE FIRST STEP

Of the child is an event in the mother's life. How proud she feels when the attempt to walk is begun so early as to evidence childish courage and sturdy strength. Such pride should be enjoyed by every mother. But it often happens that the child is timid, weak and deficient in vitality, and clings to the mother's arms with no desire to walk or play.

Mothers should learn that to have strong children they must themselves be strong, for the child's strength is the gift of the mother.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription by expectant mothers gives them health and strength to give their children. It nourishes the nerves, strengthens the body and gives great muscular strength and elasticity, so that the baby's advent is practically painless.

"I have been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and can say it is just what you advertise it to be, and can cheerfully recommend it," writes Mrs. Victor J. Hadin, of Leonardville, Riley Co., Kansas. "I began taking it just two months before baby came and was greatly benefited by its use. The doctor who attended me said I did about as well as any one he had seen (as I was sick only about three hours), and also that your 'Favorite Prescription' was 'the one patent medicine' which he did have faith in.

"We now have a darling baby boy, strong and healthy, who weighed nine pounds when born (July 25th). During this month he has gained three and one-half pounds."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages, is given away. Send 31 one-cent stamps for expense of customs and mailing *only*, for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Township Councils.

LONDON.

London township council met in the town hall, St. Johns, on Monday, March 3. Present: Thomas Clarke; reeve; Hamilton Needham, T. N. Talbot, Geo. Kimball and John R. Hodgins, councilors.

The report of Auditors F. Talbot and Mark Roberts was received and approved of. On motion it was ordered that the auditors be paid $15 each.

E. Murphy addressed the council re gravel pit on con. 1. Referred to George Kimball to inspect and report at next meeting.

Moved by T. N. Talbot seconded by George Kimball, that George Flannigan be paid $25 in full for horse killed by jumping into ditch opposite lot 10, con. 2. Carried.

The London Township Agricultural Society was granted $40. Sanitary Inspector Cummings was paid $31 70 for services.

Council adjourned, to meet Monday, April 7. Mary Grant, clerk.

WESTMINSTER.

Westminster township council met on Tuesday, March 4, with all the members present. S. Fraser was granted bounty on wire fence along Wharncliffe road. Walter Boler applied for bounty on wire fence on Boler side road. Charles Carrothers asked for $2 damages on account of defective bridge on fifth concession. A committee was appointed to inspect the bridge and report at next meeting. Bylaw No. 595, commuting statute labor in the township of Westminster, was read the third time and passed. Next meeting of council, first Tuesday in April. George Riddell, clerk.

TWIN MAIDS OF HONOR.

[The Tattler.]

Two of the most interesting personalities about the court are twin sisters, the Misses Doris and Violet Vivian, who are maids of honor to the Queen. They are the daughters of the late Lord Vivian, who was a leading diplomat for many years, and the sisters of the present peer, who has come home invalided from the front. They are both pretty girls, which is not surprising as both their parents were handsome. They have not as yet had much to do, for Queen Alexandra has not needed their services, but when the period of courts begins they will be in constant requisition. Their presence will add a good deal of charm to the court circle.

THE RIGHT KIND OF BOY

Plenty of Room on the Road to Success for One Who Will Work and Use His Brain.

[From the Boston Traveler.]

What is the home you have come from?

What is the sister in the farm house on the hill way up in New Hampshire expecting of you now that you have come to the city? What is the father expecting of you, perhaps his only son? What is the mother who has watched you from infancy now praying that you may do, or be, or become? What did you promise yourself you would do or become when you started for the great city?

What are you doing here? What have you been doing? What do you now mean to be? Do you intend to make as much of yourself as when you said good-bye to father, mother and sister up there in the country, with its cottage, its singing birds and all the friends of your childhood?

You have found it pretty dull work sweeping out the office at $3 per week, perhaps advanced a little for special work to $5 per week.

It has seemed a long stretch to you before a business can be commanded that will warrant a home of your own in the city, cash in bank and the mortgage paid off on the old farm. Well, my boy, it is a long road to travel, and I wonder if you have got the grit and the backbone to push on and reach the goal. You can do it. Others have done it, and the road lies open before you.

It is for your encouragement that there are no bridges on this road to be blown up by your predecessors, making it impossible to those who come after them. But to get there with the shortest possible dispatch you must do what you are given to do a little better than you are required to do it. You mustn't be too anxious to see the clock hands reach the dinner hour or the hour for closing. You mustn't mind what the other fellows do, but just mind what you do yourself and see that it is the very best of its kind.

No matter what you are doing, work with brains as well as hands.

Work just as if the success of the business depends upon you alone.

Use your eyes, and ears, and tongue, as well as hands and brain. Don't make yourself offensive, but learn. Know more at twelve night than you knew in the morning.

There will come a day when the regular routine of business will be broken. Your employer will say to you, "James, Mr. Jones is sick today, do you think you can help us out in his place." "I can, sir," you will reply, and your opportunity is upon you. You will do it, and do it well. You will be upon the high road to fortune that seemed so far away.

Young man, let us whisper in your ear. If you have a good brain, if you will see, hear and do more than you are asked to do; if you will keep good habits and spend each week a little less than you earn, you will soon find that your employer will want you quite as much as you want him, and the balance of the long road to success will be comparatively easy traveling.

There is plenty of room for the right kind of boys.

Passing of the Parlor.

[Springfield Republican.]

And is it true? Is the parlor doomed? Must it give way to the living room? That apartment cannot make good the loss of the other. Who does not remember the darkened glories of the old-fashioned parlor, which was seen at its best in the middle-sized town, village and country? Shut up the week through, sometimes nearly the year through, with blinds closed tight and lace curtains tied primly back; with its hair-cloth-seated chairs set in a line against the wall; a "rocker" ready to gallop in one corner, and a what-not in the other, ornamented with rice baskets, praying Samuels and family daguerreotypes and photographs; a center table, set exactly in the midle of the room, with a few handsome books and the large Family Bible, the mantelpiece with vases filled with crystallized glasses at either end, and odds and ends of strange things fitting up the rest of the space; who among the older generations does not know it well? It was a room to be venerated.

And now—one sadly recognizes it to be, indeed, a thing of the past. Instead there is the living room, that actually is a living room, where the baby's perambulator stands near the piano, where the work basket is on a convenient table (no one ever saw a work basket in a parlor); where there are plants, a writing desk; where the sun pours in as much as it may. It is indeed a living room. If one has space, there is a reception room, to be sure; but everyone understands that amounts to little—the caller and the friend are shown into the living room. To a person used to a parlor, no matter how long ago, a call in a living room seems hardly like the solemn function it used to be.

Very likely the change is for the better, but it is a revolution. The respectable poor used to stint themselves to maintain a decent parlor; now in model villages' model tenements they have lost this privilege. Take, for instance, Bournville, in England, the home of the Cadburys' great cocoa works. This is known as an ideal village. Some 370 houses have been built for employes, and not a parlor in the 370. Instead of that each family has a large, sunny, commodious living room and they make the best of it.

DO YOU KNOW THAT BACKACHE IS THE FIRST SYMPTOM OF KIDNEY TROUBLE.

It is! and you cannot be too careful about it.

A little backache let run will finally cause serious kidney trouble. Stop it in time.

TAKE DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

They cure where all others fail. As a specific for Backaches and Kidney Troubles they have no equal. Here is what

MR. GEO. H. SOMERVILLE,

of Stewarton, N.B., writes: "I was so troubled with a sore back I could not get out of bed in the mornings for over a year. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and before I had them half taken I could see I was deriving some benefit from them, and before I had taken them all my back was O.K. and I have not been troubled since."

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, *Lowell, Mass.*

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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Proportionate rates from and to other points.

Also rates to points in Colorado, Idaho, Utah, Montana and Washington.

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Spokane, Wash	$39.50
North Pacific Coast and Kootenay Points	$42.00

Limited to continuous passage, and will be on sale daily from March 1 to April 30, 1902.

Special Settlers' Train to Canadian Northwest

will leave Toronto every Tuesday during March and April, 1902, at 9 p.m. Passengers traveling without live stock should take the "Pacific Express," leaving Toronto, 1:45 p.m.

For further particulars apply to agents Grand Trunk Railway System, or E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., "Clock" Corner, London. M. C. DICKSON, district passenger agent.

WHITE STAR LINE.

United States and Royal Mail Steamers.

New York, Queenstown and Liverpool

MAJESTIC SAILS MARCH 12th
GERMANIC SAILS MARCH 19th
TEUTONIC SAILS MARCH 26th.
OCEANIC SAILS APRIL 2nd.
MAJESTIC SAILS APRIL 9th.
GERMANIC SAILS APRIL 16th.

Saloon rates from $50 up. Second saloon from $40 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow and Derry, $28 and $29 50.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

Commander, John Powles Cheyne, R. N., who died recently in England, was the pioneer in suggesting a balloon dash for the pole, and it was he who suggested the trip to Andree.

If you desire to see the newest creations in

WALL PAPER

you must call at our store.

O. B. GRAVES, 222 Dundas St.

So many people have taken advantage of the chance to get a first-class pair of Glasses at rock-bottom prices, that we have decided to continue these prices another week.

Best Lenses, in solid gold frames, $3 25
Best Lenses, in gold-filled frames, $1 85
Best Lenses, in nickel frames, 85c

Open evenings.

Globe Optical Co. 227 Dundas Street Opp. Whiskard's.

BEWARE OF FIRE!

How often is fire caused from lighting gas with matches?

You should wire your residence or factory, and we will guarantee good light.

London Electric Co.
359 Richmond Street.

J. Ferguson & Sons
UNDERTAKERS
Phones 543 and 373. 180 King St.
Reasonable Charges; Personal Attention; First-Class Equipment; Open All the Year Round.
JOHN FERGUSON, - Manager.

Ask your grocer for

HUNT'S DIAMOND FLOUR.

P. McPHILLIPS, Barrister Etc.
NEW OFFICES—110 Masonic Temple Bldg
Office 'Phone 299. House 'Phone 884.

R. K. COWAN,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldgs. next Court House, London.

H. C. McBRIDE
Architect and Surveyor,
213 Dundas Street.

Don't Allow

the chance passerby to occupy your telephone line any more than you would allow him to block the entrance to your store. When you do allow it, others must be told your "Line's Busy."

Public Telephone Stations are for his class of business.

The BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF CANADA, Ltd.

Questions Answered.

MIDDLESEX.—A father has 300 acres of land. He gives his son a deed of 75 acres signed only by the father, the mother's name being canceled wherever it appears on deed. All parties being alive, is such a deed valid? Can the mother dispose of any portion of that property? Can the son dispose of such property while all parties are living? Ans.—The deed is valid as to the title of the father. The mother has a right to dower, and can sell her right. If she survives her husband the dower would be one-third of this land. The son can sell the land subject to the right of dower.

EX-ALD. GARRATT HOME.

Ex-Ald. Joshua Garratt has returned from England, where he spent his Christmas holidays. While absent, he met Mr. Harry Cook, formerly assistant secretary of the waterworks department, and who retired owing to ill-health. Mr. Cook is much improved, having added 20 pounds to his weight. Mr. Garratt enjoyed his trip abroad very much.

MANY DON'T KNOW

Lack of Right Food Is the Cause of Sickness.

It is hardly fair to blame the doctor for not curing his patient when a patient attempts to live on food that furnishes the wrong kind of nourishment. When sickness comes on it is a pretty good sign that the food is not keeping the body up. There are thousands of cases where a change in food alone has brought the sick one into a prime condition of health.

As an illustration. A lady in Riverside, Cal., says: "After ten years of service as a teacher, during which time I suffered three or four attacks of La Grippe, I finally found myself a physical wreck. Medical treatment would help my strength and vitality temporarily, but I would always go back.

"Husband and I moved to California in the hopes that this genial clime would restore me. I got better for a little while, but in a few months became so weak and debilitated that we were in despair.

"Finally, through the influence of a friend I changed my diet and began using Grape-Nuts and Postum Coffee. I used Grape-Nuts at two of my meals each day and have gained fifteen pounds in weight and the increase in strength is really wonderful.

"I am back to the healthy, good feelings of my girlhood days. I enjoy Postum better than any beverage I have ever used. My friends remark on my improved condition and I am impelled to write this letter with profound gratitude, hoping that many others may be induced to go and do likewise. I have proved that health is the natural consequence of properly selected food. Please do not use my name, but I will be glad to reply to any inquiries." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

HAVE A LOOK

at our store window, and see the beautiful Flowers therein. Then come inside.

Gammage & Sons.

COAL for Furnaces Ranges and Baseburners.

Best Lyken's Anthracite Coal, egg, stove and chestnut, per ton..... $6
2,000 lbs to the ton, weighed on city scales, free of charge, if desired.

GEO. McNEILL, 657 Richmond St

Scranton Coal.

Our Coal is well screened, bright, and will not clinker, and has little ash. By trying a ton you will be convinced.

Petroleum Coke, $6 per ton.

HEAMAN,
York and Maitland Sts. Phone 312.

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, March 6—8 p.m.—The disturbance mentioned last night moved over the Maritime Provinces during the day, accompanied by gales, with snow and rain. The weather has been generally fair elsewhere in Canada, moderately cold in the Ottawa and St. Lawrence valleys and quite cold from the Rockies to Manitoba.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson City, 40 below—12 below; Victoria, 42—48; Calgary, 6—16; Qu'Appelle, 4—12; Winnipeg, 2—12; Port Arthur, 16—36; Parry Sound, 10—40; Toronto, 20—30; Ottawa, 8—28; Montreal, 12—24; Quebec, 14—24; Halifax, 26—46.

Local temperatures—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Thursday, March 6, were 41 and 18.

Today (Friday) the sun rose at 6:45 a.m. and sets at 6:13 p.m. The moon rose at 5:02 a.m. and sets at 3:53 p.m.

TRUST ..FUNDS..

Executors, Trustees,

and others desirous of obtaining safe, income-bearing investments will find the wide financial connection of this company decidedly advantageous.

Write or call for particulars.

The Canada Trust Co.,

managed in connection with The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company.

London, Canada.

London Advertiser.

UNION LABEL TYPOGRAPHICAL LONDON

Something Good

Phone 1024 for....

SUPERFINE EXQUISITE WASHED FIGS.

HARRY RANAHAN,
515 Richmond Street.

A LOCAL BUDGET.

LOVE SONNETS OF AN OFFICE BOY.

Oh, if you only knowed how much I like
To stand here, when the "old man" ain't around,
And watch your soft, white fingers while you pound
Away at them there keys! Each time you strike
It almost seems to me as though you'd found
Some way, while writin' letters, how to play
Sweet music on that thing, because the sound
Is something I could listen to all day.

You're twenty-five or six and I'm fourteen,
And you don't hardly ever notice me—
But when you call me Willie! Gee,
I wish I'd bundles of the old long green
And could be twenty-eight or nine or so,
And something happened to your other beau.

—Chicago Record-Herald.

—Mr. W. C. Coo, who has been confined to his bed for two weeks, is now able to sit up, and expects to be at his office in a few days.

LEAVING FOR CALGARY.

A farewell reception was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. John Heals, of the 8th concession, London township, this week, on the eve of their departure for Calgary. A large number of friends from the city and township assembled at the home of Mr. Heals, where a very pleasant time was spent. An address was read by Mr. E. A. Morden, regretting their departure, and wishing them all succcess in their new field. Refreshments were served, after which music and dancing were the order of the night.

COMMITTEE MEETING.

No. 2 committee of the board of education met last evening, Chairman Evans presiding. Trustee McCormick, Blackwell, Strong, Colerick and Gillean, and Secretary McElheran were present. Mrs. Chambers, janitress of King street school, applied for pay for extra work done, and the chairman will report. Mrs. Collier, janitress of Colborne street south school, will be granted an increase of $10 per annum per room. Progress will be reported on the applications of Janitors Bruce and Scott.

Worth Having Every Day

Because it does you good. Drink the celebrated

LONDON PORTER

and you will regain your wonted strength and vitality

Kent Brewery,
London, Ont.

Easter Cards.

Artistic, dainty and appropriate designs. A nice Card for 2c, better ones all the way up to 35c.

New Books.

"ANDREY," by Mary Johnston, author of "To Have and To Hold," illustrated, cloth, only $1 50.

"The War in South Africa, Its Cause and Conduct," by A. Conan Doyle; paper, 10c.

Jas. I. Anderson & Co
THE BOOKSTORE,
183 DUNDAS STREET.

WOULD FURNISH NURSES' HOME.

The women's advisory of the hospital trust gathered at the city hall yesterday to talk over the action to be taken should a nurses' home be erected. Those present thought that such a home should be built, and they would undertake the furnishing of rooms. Mrs. J. C. Yarker occupied the chair and Miss Gray was secretary. Those present were Mrs. John Labatt, Mrs. W. T. Edge, Mrs. George Robinson, Mrs. C. B. Hunt, Mrs. McMechan, Mrs. Winnett, Mrs. B. A. Mitchell.

BARBER—McINTOSH.

A pretty wedding took place at 846 Elias street, Tuesday afternoon, when Miss Jean McIntosh was united in marriage to Mr. Phineas Barber, of Muskoka. The bride was beautifully dressed in a blue traveling suit. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Thos. Wilson, of King Street Presbyterian Church, in the presence of the immediate relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Barber left Wednesday evening on the Eastern flyer for Toronto, and from there to their Muskoka home.

STONEMAN—HOOPER.

In the presence of eighty friends and relatives, Miss May Hooper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Hooper, was married to Mr. Ashton Stoneman, of Cairn, N. W. T., at her parents' residence, Delaware, on Wednesday night. Rev. Samuel R. McVitty, of the Delaware Methodist Church, officiated. Her sister, Miss Florrie Hooper, assisted the bride, who was charmingly gowned in white organdie. The groomsman was Mr. John Stoneman, of London township, brother of the groom. A dainty wedding lunch was partaken of, after which all spent a pleasant evening. Mr. and Mrs. Stoneman will reside at Cairn.

AT THE HOME FOR INCURABLES.

The home for incurable was visited by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational Church last night and the inmates were given an enjoyable evening of music and recitation. The programme included the following numbers: Instrumental, Misses Goodwin; duet, Misses Moule; recitation, Miss Langridge; solo, Miss Ethel Bowman; recitation, Miss Moule; solo, Miss Marion Porteous; recitation, Miss Langridge; chorus, Messrs. Fred Chapman, W. Richman and Jack Porteous, instrumental, Mr. Fred Chapman. Miss Florence Piper, one of the members of the society, at present an inmate of the home, was the recipient of a birthday gift, yesterday being her birthday.

ARNOLD—HEBSON.

The Oxford Tribune says: A marriage took place at the residence of Mr. Spencer Briggs, Carroll street, Ingersoll, on Wednesday evening, when Miss Lena G. Hebson was united in marriage to Mr. Thomas Arnold. The interesting ceremony was performed by the Rev. James Grant in the presence of about forty guests from London, Woodstock and other places. The bride was becomingly gowned in a costume of cream cashmere, trimmed with cream satin, and carried a bouquet of cream roses. Miss Margaret Hebson, sister of the bride, officiated as bridesmaid, while Mr. C. Deeley, of London, acted as groomsman. A sumptuous wedding breakfast was partaken of, after which a few hours were pleasantly spent in social intercourse, parlor games, etc. Many handsome and useful presents were received, testifying to the high esteem in which the young couple are held by their friends.

Imitations and Substitutes Are Dangers to You and Your Friends.

Paine's Celery Compound

Is What You Need for the Banishment of Your Troubles.

See that you make no mistake or take no false step when you begin efforts to regain lost health. At this particular time care and vigilance will add greatly to your success.

Your case demands the use of the best medicine that science has produced. The acknowledged triumph of medical skill is Paine's Celery Compound, the only sure and permanent cure for all nervous diseases, dyspepsia, insomnia, rheumatism, neuralgia, liver and kidney complaints and blood diseases.

An error made at this time by the use of substitutes or imitations may lead to complications of ailments fatal to life.

Tens of thousands in the land are throwing off the shackles of disease and suffering by the use of Paine's Celery Compound. Its powers and virtues will do the same good work for you, dear reader. No experimenting with Paine's Celery Compound; there can be no disappointment or failure to crush your hope.

See that you get the genuine Paine's Celery Compound with the name PAINE'S on wrapper and bottle; other celery concoctions are deceptions and frauds.

Are You Particular About What You Eat?

You can rely on it that what we sell is the best, and
The best is cheapest in the end.

California Apricots.

You won't find any small, dried or unmatured fruit in what we sell. Every Apricot is selected and perfectly matured. 20c and 25c pound.

California Prunes.

We can show you FINER PRUNES than you can get at any other store,
AT THE SAME PRICE.
2, 2½ and 3 pounds for 25c.

EVAPORATED APPLES—2 pounds for 25c.
GALLON CANS APPLES—25c tin.
CANNED BLUEBERRIES—3 cans for 25c.

Oranges

are at their best now. We handle the finest fancy NAVEL ORANGES packed, thin-skinned and juicy, 30c, 40c and 50c dozen.
LARGE, JUICY VALENCIAS—25c dozen.
BITTER ORANGES (for Marmalade)—30c dozen.

BANANAS AND MALAGA GRAPES.

Pineapples.

One whole Pineapple in a tin, peeled and cored, 25c.
GRATED PINEAPPLE—25c tin.

California Preserved Figs

Very delicious, 50c tin.

Olives.

We carry the largest assortment of all kinds of Olives. From 15c to 50c bottle.

Good Cheese.

You can always get good Cheese from us.

White Cheese.

This is something extra. It has the right flavor. 15c pound.

Yellow Cheese.

This is the cheese that took first prize at the Pan-American. Extra quality, 14c pound.
Roquefort (finest imported).....45c pound
McLaren's Imperial.. } 25c Pot
Miller's Paragon..... }

TEAS and COFFEE are our specialties.

Your telephone orders will have our careful attention.

T. A. Rowat & Co.,
234 Dundas St. Phone 317.

SHORT SESSION OF BOARD OF WORKS

Business Was Merely Routine—Civic Stone Pile Works Well.

The regular meeting of the board of works was held last night, and occupied only a short space of time. No business of importance was on the slate. A full board was present.

A communication from City Registrar R. H. Dignan, asking for alterations to his office, was referred to the city engineer.

Mr. W. Rodgers asked for remuneration for injuries received on Wellington street, near Dufferin avenue, last month, by slipping and breaking his arm. The matter was referred to the engineer for his report.

A sufficiently signed petition was received, asking that a block on Adelaide street be graveled and graded. A number of residents of the block were present and aired their grievances. Laid over.

Edward Bowles claimed damages against the city because the sidewalk fronting his property on Talbot street was raised above the level of his land. The committee will see the city solicitor and view the land.

Ald. Cooper reported that the best way out of the Stanley street difficulty was to advise the company to go down Beaconsfield avenue. This did not meet with the approval of the board. Secretary Bell said that a man had telephoned him saying that he would stake $500 to fight the Beaconsfield avenue plan. The committee instructed the secretary to report progress in the matter.

Ald. Cooper stated that the stone-pile scheme was working successfully, and that 100 cords had been already broken. He asked whether more stone was to be broken. On motion it was decided to have 100 more cords broken.

The pay sheet amounted to $499 40, of which $282 03 was for stone-breaking.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

"A RUNAWAY GIRL."

"A Runaway Girl" will be witnessed at the New Grand tomorrow matinee and evening. The Augustin Daly Company, the organization presenting this charming play, is composed of metropolitan artists. There are 50 members in the company, at the head of which is the clever comedian, Mr. Arthur Dunn. Mr. Dunn, in the part of Flipper, has a character that is peculiarly fitted to his versatile talents

and it is taken full advantage of by this capable artist. One of the many excellent features in the make-up of the company is the competent and efficient chorus. Pretty faces, trained and musical voices, graceful dancers and handsome dresses, are its distinctive possessions.

"A GAMBLER'S DAUGHTER."

The company presenting "A Gambler's Daughter," at the new Grand Next Tuesday, is headed by Miss Elsie Crescy, a strikingly beautiful actress. She has a magnetic personality, and is well fitted for a sweet, tender, yet brave and dashing heroine. Some of the others in the cast are Camilla Crume, Estelle Richmond, Zoa Farnsworth, E. Lawrence Lee, C. W. Goodrich, Thomas Eagleson, Frank E. Mitchell, Cyril Raymond, Van C. Barrett and Charles A. Hall. The scenery used is all new and elaborate.

BOSTON LYRIC OPERA COMPANY.

Lovers of opera will have an opportunity of hearing well-known grand opera sung in English at the New Grand next week. It is the first time that grand opera has been given in this theater, and it is the first time grand opera has been offered in London by capable artists at prices usually charged for light opera. The Boston Lyric Opera Company, composed of 50 people, has been especially engaged to render in English some of the following operas: "Il Trovatore," "The Bohemian Girl," "Carmen," "Martha," or "Faust." The principals are Bertha Davis, Mabel Day, Maude Leekley, Della Nevins, John J. Raffael, Joseph Frederichs, Martin Pache, Geo. Chapman, S. P. Veron and Frank Maslin. The chorus is a strong one, composed of 40 picked American voices. The company has been in existence eight years, and is now on its way to the Pacific coast, to Honolulu, Mexico, Cuba and the Philippines.

Cancers or Tumors

All forms of malignant growths, such as cancers, tumors, lupus, old running sores and foul ulcers, are completely cured by our New Constitutional Remedy. No operation or suffering of any kind to be endured. Send two stamps for full particulars to STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

Lord Kitchener is said to save England $2,500,000 a month by his management of the field canteens in South Africa.

A TIME FOR EVERYTHING.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is when croupy conditions appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

Lawton, Oka., six months old, has 7,000 inhabitants, 188 layers, 45 saloons, 27 gambling dens and 4 schools.

It Will Pay You to Make Inquiries

As a rule, people want all that's coming to them, and particularly is this the case in the matter of travel, when they would like a little more. The New York Central offers such splendid inducements in the way of train service, etc., any one should be satisfied. 23bh

Slippers at Cost

Men's Footwear of all kinds to be cleared out to make room for our.

LADIES' SHOE PARLOR.

Men's Slippers, sold Christmas $1 00, now..... 65c
Men's Slippers, sold Christmas $1 25, now..... 75c
Men's Slippers, sold Christmas $1 50, now.....$1 00
Men's Slippers, sold Christmas $1 75, now.....$1 25
Men' Box Calf Bals, Christmas $2 50, now.....$1 75
Men's Dongola Laced, only a few pairs left, $2, now.$1 35
Men's (for old men) wide toe Gaiters.....$1 25

And every pair of Men's Footwear
AT COST.

Trunks and Valises. Suit Cases and Bags.

C. D. JOHNSTON,
108 DUNDAS STREET.

J. H. CHAPMAN & Co. "THE BUSY STORE"

$20.00 and $22.50 Fur-Lined Capes for $12.50

We had twelve this morning—eight black, four colored—and by tomorrow night at 10 o'clock we shouldn't have one. The value in them is great: $12.50 for $20.00 and $22.50 Capes—the fur lining alone costs as much. The shell, or outside material, is of particularly durable matalasse and beaver cloth. Each Cape has high Thibet storm collar. The style is right for years to come.

Today and Tomorrow, $12.50.

Take elevator to second floor.

Lace Curtains.

Our stock of Lace Curtains for 1902, ranging in price from 90c a pair to $10.00 is replete. We have perfect facility for showing them. Customers can look over the entire sample line without any trouble.

Nottingham Curtains, 90c a pair to $6.50.
Brussels Net Curtains, $5.00 a pair to $10.00.

These From the Linen Section for Saturday

54-inch Unbleached Damask Table Linen, value 25c a yard, Saturday.....19c

40-inch Fine Heavy Twill Cotton, for pillow cases, sheets, night gowns, regular 17c, Saturday.....12½c

MOLTEN TABLE COVERING, 64 inches wide, red and black, green and black, serviceable wash covering, value 40c, Saturday.....25c

SKIRTS Made to Your Measure - - - 59c

With Easter so near, orders should be in now.

25c

Battenberg and Lace Collars, cream, value 50c and 75c each, Saturday, choice.....25c
Muslin Ties, hemstitched, tucked front, lace edge, 35c, Saturday.....25c

50c

And Ladies' Silk, Satin and Velvet Belts, erect form, drop front, shaped backs, gold, black and gun metal buckles, value 75c, Saturday 50c. Also White Stitched Black Silk Girdle Belts, dip front, high buckle back, value 75c, choice Saturday.....50c

5c

With 2 and 1½-inch All-Silk Ribbon, assorted colors, regular 10c and 15c a yard, at, a yard..... 5c

15c

And A. Silk Wash Taffeta Neck Ribbon, black, white, turquoise, sky and yellow, value 20c a yard, Saturday for..... 15c

Saturday-- Kid Glove Day at Chapman's

With showing our new Kid Gloves for Easter, and a great special at 69c a pair, Saturday will be a big Glove day.

75c Kid Gloves 69c.

We always have a superior Kid Glove to sell at 75c a pair. Well, it is our regular 75c a pair Kid Gloves we will sell Saturday for 69c a pair. All sizes, shades of tan and brown; also blacks, in all sizes, self stitching, 2 metal clasps, for Saturday only, 69c.

59c

Ladies' Black Equestrian Tights, ankle lengths, regular price 75c, Saturday.... 59c

19c

Children's Ankle Length Union Ribbed Drawers, regular price 25c a pair, Saturday..... 19c

CHILDREN'S BLACK DRAWERS AND COLORED WOOLEN DRAWERS—

Were.....	50c	45c	40c
Saturday.....	40c	38c	35c

Ladies', Misses', Boys' Hosiery

25c—Boys' All-Wool Scotch Worsted Stockings, sizes 6 to 9½, regular 35c, Saturday.....25c
15c—Ladies' or Boys' Ribbed Woolen Hose, regular price 20c, Saturday.....15c
2 for 39c—Misses' All-Wool Hose, 2 and 1 rib, seamless feet, regular price 30 a pair, Saturday, 2 pairs.....39c
25c—Misses' All-Wool Ribbed Cashmere Hose, seamless feet, regular price 35c, Saturday.....25c

J. H. CHAPMAN & Co. "THE BUSY STORE"
126, 128, 128½ DUNDAS STREET.