

# The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 46.--No. 1.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1917.

Whole No. 2346.

## Glencoe Electors:

I take this opportunity of thanking the electors who supported me in the contest for reeveship for 1917. I attribute my defeat principally to the legitimate support I have always given to the business industries. To discourage industries does not speak well for the intelligence of the community. Wishing you all a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

J. A. McLACHLAN, Ex-reeve.

## GLENCOE PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

ROBERT ELLIOTT, formerly with the Hopkins studio at St. Thomas, is successor to A. E. Cantelon at Glencoe, and the gallery will be kept open every day. Photos at half price. 47

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION of Love Lodge No. 32, A. F. & A. M., will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, Jan. 11th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. General Business. Confreres Welcome. W. M. M. J. M. D. H. Secretary.

## Notice.

The annual meeting of the Oakland Cemetery Company will be held on Wednesday, January 17, 1917, at two o'clock p.m., at the Town Hall, Glencoe. All plot holders have a vote. GEO. LETHBRIDGE, Sec.-Treas.

## Card of Thanks.

Wm. Gillett and family, Newbury, desire to express their sincere thanks to the many kind friends and neighbors whose help and sympathy in their time of illness in the home and their bereavement were so greatly appreciated.

## Cream Wanted.

We want your cream during the winter as well as summer, and the wagon will still be on the road. ALEX. MCNEIL, Glencoe.

## Dressmaking.

Miss Little, formerly of Detroit, has opened dressmaking rooms over Chas. George's store, and invites the patronage of the ladies of Glencoe and vicinity, assuring them of satisfaction both in style and work. Phone 60. 47

## J. B. COUGH & SON

Furniture Dealers  
Funeral Directors  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone day 23, night 100

## CHANTRY FARM

SPECIAL OFFERING  
Four roan bull calves. Also a number of registered Lincoln ram lambs. All correspondence promptly answered.  
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

## DENTISTRY

R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone 16.  
A. B. McDONALD, Agent for Life, Accident, Automobile and Fire Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 1.

JAMES FOOTE, Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

## WINTER TOURS

SPECIAL Fares in effect to resorts in Florida, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Louisiana and other Southern States, and to Bermuda and the West Indies.

Return Limit May 31, 1917  
Liberal Stop-overs Allowed  
For full information write to C. E. HORNING, Union Station, Toronto, Ont.

## WM. WEHLANN

Funeral Director and  
Licensed Embalmer  
PHONE 93 GLENCOE

ADVERTISING RATES. — Cards of Thanks, in Memoriam Verses, Commemorative Addresses, 5 cents per line; minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion; minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

## Watch, Clock and Jewellery Repairing

We make a specialty of watch cleaning and repairing of all kinds. Work entrusted to us is certain to receive careful and intelligent treatment from expert and skilful hands.

Clocks cleaned, repaired, regulated and set in fine running order.

Jewellery repaired, cleaned and repolished.

All repair work guaranteed for one year, and prices reasonable.

## How About Your Eyes?

When in need of a pair of glasses, remember we are optical specialists. If you break a lens we can replace it, no matter who tested your eyes. If you break your frame we can repair it while you wait.

## C. E. Davidson, Jeweler

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED OPTICIAN

## Keith's Cash Store

A large display of Christmas Specialties—Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries, Etc.

P. D. KEITH

## THE CENTRAL GROCERY

### To Our Patrons:

During the past year in our new store we have given you the utmost values in Groceries, Fruits and Confectionery, and we wish to thank you for your support and patronage.

Why not make a New Year's resolution to deal with us again during 1917, and also tell your friends of our fair dealing and up-to-date service? We want your trade.

Special offerings during the next month or two. Watch for notices.

Bulk Teas a specialty—30c to 50c per lb.

## W. A. CURRIE & CO.

Phone 41 We deliver

## RED CEDAR POSTS SPECIAL FOR JANUARY

We are offering three cars of large, straight Cedar Posts at reduced prices for this month.

LUMBER is advancing in price every day, and if you intend to build next spring it will pay you to draw your materials home this winter as we have bought before the raise.

## McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL LUMBER YARD COAL & WOOD

## Representative Wanted

at once for Glencoe and District for CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES  
Spring 1917 Planting List now ready. Splendid list of Hardy CANADIAN GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock including  
McIntosh Red Apple  
St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry  
and many other leaders.  
New illustrated Catalogue sent on application.  
Start now at best selling time. Liberal Proposition.

## STONE & WELLINGTON

The Fonthill Nurseries (Established 1897)

Toronto Ontario

On account of so many farmers killing off or selling their hens it is the opinion of many that eggs will be five cents a dozen before the winter is over.



## Highest Cash Prices

paid for good Poultry, Cream and Eggs. Poultry taken every day except Saturday. See Wm. Muirhead or Donald McIntyre, Glencoe, 2 doors north of McAlpine House. Phone 61.

SILVERWOODS, LIMITED

## District and General.

It is said that canvas shoes will be the only kind available if the war continues another year.

It is estimated that 200,000 passengers passed through the Union Station Toronto Saturday.

Mrs. Samuel Adams of Harriestville died on Dec. 23rd, two months after the death of her husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman Welch of Dunwich celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last week. Brooke township council — Reeve, Annett; Deputy W. J. Johnston; Councillors—Gilliland, Kennedy and Sutton.

Fines imposed for breaches of the Canada Temperance Act in Hamilton on Christmas day totalled \$890, and in Toronto, \$1,450.

Dr. J. K. Benner and Miss Florence Wilson were united in marriage at St. James' church, Wardsville, on Wednesday, Dec. 27th.

Mrs. John Winters and daughter of Strathroy narrowly escaped being burned to death when their house was destroyed by fire a few nights ago.

Many newspapers throughout the province which have been carrying liquor advertising have bowed to public opinion and have discontinued it.

Italy also is suffering from high cost of living. Meats range from 40 to 50 cents a pound and, at that, can be had only on four days a week. Coal is up to \$80 a ton.

Epiphania township council was elected by acclamation as follows: Reeve—G. A. Annett; Councillors—Will J. Davis, J. H. Burgess, William Elliott, L. H. Badgley.

Canadian emigration authorities are tightening the regulations along the United States border, and many young men have been held up during the past few days and not allowed to leave the country.

Nellie Jones, five-year-old daughter of J. J. Smith of Strathroy, died after intense suffering from burns received when her clothing caught fire while she was warming herself at the stove after having spilled some coal oil on her dress.

The death occurred at his home in Wardsville on Sunday, Dec. 31st, of Harry Sparling, a well-known and esteemed citizen, after a brief illness. The funeral service was held in the Methodist church on Tuesday afternoon and interment was made at Oakland cemetery. Mr. Sparling was in his 47th year.

Dr. Daniel Galbraith, one of the best known physicians in Western Ontario, died at his home in Dresden, Ont., of a stroke of apoplexy. Dr. Galbraith was born in the township of Dunwich 77 years ago, and in his early age taught for a number of years in the rude school houses of that early period, amongst the schools being Wallace town, Iona and Tryonville.

Charles Williamson of Melbourne, Ont., who was riding on a hand-car, died at this hour for our personal and more intimate leave-taking. Realizing as we do that ties of this kind must at some time be severed, it is very pleasant to know that your new charge will be but a short distance from us, and we trust that you will avail yourselves of the many opportunities for visiting us that will be afforded you.

As members of our long association, we therefore beg of you, Mr. Weir, to accept this purse as a tribute to a man—a tireless, fearless, peerless fighter of evil—and you, Mrs. Weir, this gold-glazed water set and purse of gold, with the assurance that we can never forget your sweet womanliness, your kindly sympathy, and the altogether wonderful measure of toil you performed when anyone was in trouble or need.

Therefore we wish you and your family the brightest and best in life, and assure your new congregation that they are getting two people as citizens with a combination of rare qualities that lifts them far above the commonplace.

We say, "Farewell."

Mr. Weir, in reply, thanked the friends who so heartily for their kindly expressions and generous gifts, and only hoped that his labor among them had not been without good results. He paid a splendid tribute to Mrs. Weir, whose inspiration in the work had him over many difficulties and discouragements.

The evening's program included selections by the choir, solos by W. J. Strachan, a vocal duet by Miss Matheson and Miss Tait, Scotch songs by W. W. Gordon, a reading by Miss Elliott, a solo by Miss Matheson, and a piano duet by Mrs. A. E. and Miss Jean Sutherland. Lunch was served and the evening concluded with the National Anthem.

## Patriotic Fund

Contributions for Red Cross, Patriotic and other similar funds may be handed over to the local treasurer at the Transcript office, and will be acknowledged in these columns and forwarded to proper headquarters. The need is great; give as liberally as you feel that you can.

Received, current week: E. M. Doull, for Belgian Relief, \$2.00

## Hockey Schedule.

Thamesville at Blenheim Jan. 2  
Glencoe at Thamesville Jan. 9  
Blenheim at Glencoe Jan. 12  
Glencoe at Blenheim Jan. 15  
Thamesville at Glencoe Jan. 19  
Blenheim at Thamesville Jan. 23

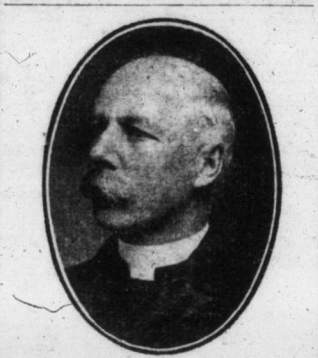
Try W. J. Strachan for your next grocery and fruit order. All phone orders promptly delivered.

## FAREWELL ENTERTAINMENT

Social Evening and Presentations to Rev. and Mrs. Weir.

Glencoe Presbyterians gathered in large number in the lecture hall of their church on Thursday evening, the occasion was a social function to bid farewell to Rev. Mr. Weir and family on their leaving for Ridgetown, where Mr. Weir, their esteemed pastor for the last eleven years, is today being inducted into another charge.

The evening was one of enjoyable entertainment, yet regret over severance of pastor and people mingled with the good-fellowship. W. R. S. McCracken presided as chairman and introduced a program of much merit, the feature of which was the reading by Mr. Snitter of an address and the



REV. GEO. WEIR, D.D.

presentation by R. B. McKellar and Mrs. Neil Graham, on behalf of the congregation, of a purse of gold to Mr. Weir and a cut-glass water service and purse of gold to Mrs. Weir. The children, Miss Dorothy and Master Stuart, were previously made the recipients of parting tokens in the Mission Band and Sunday School respectively. Timely, short speeches by J. C. Elliott, M. P. P., by Mr. McCracken, Mr. McLachlan, George Innes and John Strachan, members of the Session, by James Poole, treasurer of the Mission Fund, and by Mr. Hamilton, principal of the Glencoe High School, voiced the sentiment of the congregation and the community generally as to the regret that was felt over the coming severance of relationships with Mr. and Mrs. Weir, recognition of their self-sacrifice and devotion to duty, and the hope that their new home and newly-made friendships would add much to their spiritual and material welfare.

## THE ADDRESS

To Mr. and Mrs. Weir:

Dear Friends,—As we draw near the close of a bond of fellowship that has been so beneficial to us, and we believe satisfactory to you both, we meet you here at this hour for our personal and more intimate leave-taking.

Realizing as we do that ties of this kind must at some time be severed, it is very pleasant to know that your new charge will be but a short distance from us, and we trust that you will avail yourselves of the many opportunities for visiting us that will be afforded you.

As members of our long association, we therefore beg of you, Mr. Weir, to accept this purse as a tribute to a man—a tireless, fearless, peerless fighter of evil—and you, Mrs. Weir, this gold-glazed water set and purse of gold, with the assurance that we can never forget your sweet womanliness, your kindly sympathy, and the altogether wonderful measure of toil you performed when anyone was in trouble or need.

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## The Coal Shortage

Replying to urgent calls for coal from local dealers, a Buffalo coal company have issued a circular, in which they say:—

We know the situation is serious, very many places being entirely without fuel, and unless relief is obtained soon, great suffering will ensue.

You have your troubles and difficulties and the pressure upon you is great, and the railroads, with the present shortage of men and the enormous amount of munitions to be moved, in addition to a normal traffic, are having their difficulties also.

We are going to do our utmost for you. We want you to be as patient as possible and we will endeavor to be as prompt as possible in our efforts to get you through these trying times.

Every one is supposed to do his bit and if the present stormy and cold weather continues, the coal consumer may be called upon to economize in fuel to an extent that he has never been called upon before.

## Soldiers' Letters

Pte. W. C. Hawes writes from England on Dec. 10 to his friend, Cameron McTaggart of Ekfrid:—

Just a few lines to let you know I received your letter of the 10th and in fact. Everything was in splendid shape, and I am now enjoying the contents, which are splendid. I must thank you very much for your letter and I hope and trust I will be back there pretty soon to thank by word of mouth. Your parcel certainly came in good time, it wasn't like the majority of parcels. For instance, Charlie Stinson was notified a couple of weeks ago that the Glencoe ladies had sent on Nov. 4th a box to each man of the Glencoe Company and they haven't arrived yet, so we have about given them up as lost. We had some pretty good weather here for the last two weeks but the spell has been broken at last, to-day it is cold and wet. Our battalion has been reinforced again. They sent us 400 men to replace the ones gone to France lately. There are a few Glencoe boys left—about 14, that's all—and they will be going home in a few days. Camy, write soon and let me know all about your concert and what kind of a time you had. I suppose you are longing for Christmas to come now, aren't you? I had a good Christmas to look forward to, but by the way things are looking now we will be lucky if we get leave to go home at all, as they are trying to stop the peace. Well, I suppose we mustn't grumble, as the poor fellows in the trenches are far worse off than we are. I hope you receive my cards alright. I sent one to everybody around and I hope they don't get lost.

December 5, 1916

To Mr. Chris. McCullum,

Dear Friend,—I guess I must start and write some letters or people will think I have forgotten them. You must not laugh at my writing, as my nerves have all gone to pieces. The doctor tells me they will come back. But when? I went to another hospital to see an eye specialist and he told me that the nerves of my eyes were affected. He said he would not give me glasses but that I was to rest them as much as possible and not do any reading. But I should worry.

I received a parcel from Appin last week. Will you please thank R. E. C. McDonald and Mrs. Gibbs and all the rest that contributed to it. I can assure you I appreciate their kindness. I would write and thank them myself but I am not able to. The money was just great. You know when I was in Canada I didn't like it, but now I must say my views are different. I had a letter from Bert. He is coming up to see me soon.

Pte. A. Skinner Farm Camp, Woodcote Park, Epsom, Surrey, England.

This letter was received by Mrs. Henry Mullins, who knitted a pair of socks and put a note inside of them. These socks were sent away by the Middlemiss Ladies' Institute last March:—

December 11th, 1916.

Dear Madam,—The box, which you so kindly knitted last March and the note inside them came into my possession to-day and I hasten to assure you that "A soldier boy" appreciates your kindness and patriotism. Do not think that because an officer is in receipt of your gift that it will be any of the less appreciated or that anyone lower in rank will be lacking. Every man in the company has been well provided for by the consignment of which yours was a part. We all are grateful for what you and all our people at home in Canada are doing to give comfort to the members of the Canadian army out here, and nothing, I believe, is more appreciated than a fine warm pair of socks, such as those you made and I am going to wear. Thank you also for your kind wishes. Yes, we all shall be glad to leave these "horrid trenches" as you say. They are not the best of places to be in, I can assure you. It would do you good to see how cheerfully our brave boys put up with all the hardships out here and one of the causes, I believe, is the knowledge that waiting at home for them are kind hearts like your own.

Yours sincerely,

WILLIAM CARLERS.

Lt. 1st Can. Pioneers.

To enable the farmer to secure larger returns for his labour, greater convenience and comfort, such as he should have, is the aim of The Farmers Weekly Sun, the most helpful farm paper published in Ontario. You can do your part by becoming a subscriber. The Sun is essentially the paper of the Ontario farmer. He will find its market report invaluable.

## THE ELECTION RETURNS

New Reeve in Glencoe—Councillors in Three Municipalities.

Results of the voting at the municipal elections held on Monday in Glencoe and adjoining municipalities are given below.

The contest for the reeveship of Glencoe showed a surprisingly large majority for the new aspirant, Arthur J. Wright. It is evident that the electors are of opinion that the honors of office should be passed around, as no particular fault was heard expressed with regard to the legislation of Mr. McLachlan, his opponent, who had held the office for the past three years. There may have been side issues and of course some personal feelings to be taken into account, but Mr. McLachlan vacates the office with the good record that his services are believed to have been given with the best interests of the village at heart.

Owing to a heavy indebtedness which burdened the municipality when Mr. McLachlan first came into office, there was but little encouragement that much progress could be made, as expenditures for improvement had to be cut to a minimum. Nevertheless, despite this drawback and the unprecedented conditions created by the war, the municipality today may be said to be in a fairly promising if not prosperous shape.

Our new reeve, Mr. Wright, is enterprising and progressive, and with his four years' experience in municipal affairs as a member of the council, he should be well qualified for the position of chief magistrate and Glencoe's representative at the county council board. The councillors who have been elected to support him are also, we believe, men of good judgment and ability.

## GLENCOE ELECTIONS.

For Reeve Div. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10  
Wright ..... 90 103 103  
McLachlan ..... 33 17 50

## For Councillors

Hagerly ..... 78 96 174  
McPherson ..... 81 85 193  
Roome ..... 75 82 157  
Keith ..... 68 62 130  
Hills ..... 30 49 108

## MOSA ELECTIONS.

Reeve Elias F. Eycraft was re-elected by acclamation. Councillors elected are Frederick J. James, Charles Morrison, Robert W. McKellar, Daniel J. McNaughton, on the following vote:—

Div. No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

McNaughton ..... 37 15 16 76 23 49  
Morrison ..... 64 28 16 63 22 4  
McKellar ..... 33 12 20 68 35 2  
James ..... 30 42 38 49 14 12  
Gardiner ..... 21 24 22 74 14 3

## EKFRID ELECTIONS.

David A. McCullum having been elected reeve by acclamation in place of L. L. McTaggart, retired, there was polling for councillors only. Those elected are Walter J. Chisholm, Donald Johnson, Frank W. Nichols and Nathaniel Urquhart. Statement of votes polled:—

Div. No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Johnson ..... 26 35 44 36 22 38 24 225  
Chisholm ..... 3 16 20 31 40 75 22 312  
Nichols ..... 3 18 30 11 37 60 23 213  
Urquhart ..... 25 21 57 20 4 29 27 183  
Black ..... 4 29 28 15 14 53 30 173  
Lucas ..... 37 25 11 31 7 12 3 126

## May Unseated Trustee.

Ratepayers of school section No. 23, London Township, have instituted proceedings to have the seat of Trustee Edwin Biebee declared vacant.

It is alleged that Mr. Biebee, while a trustee, accepted a contract from the school board for the erection of a fence around the school property, and was paid therefor from monies in the school section treasury, contrary to the provisions of the public school act. The case comes before the county court shortly.

## New Demurrage Rates.

The Dominion Railway Commission has issued the new terms of the order regarding demurrage charges on Canadian railways. The amended order will go into effect on January 1, and remain in force until April 30, 1917. The shippers and railway companies have already agreed on the new demurrage charges as follows: For the first day, \$1; for the second day, \$1; for the third day, \$3; for the fourth and each succeeding day, \$5. The ordinary charges were \$1 a day, and the Railway Commission, in making the new order, points out that the settlement is but temporary.

If in need of shoes, fine or heavy, it will pay you to go to W. J. Strachan's. If you would hear the best that there is in music don't fail to be at the Presbyterian church next Thursday evening.

The 7th annual Winter Fair of the Elgin Corn, Seed Grain and Poultry Association will be held Jan. 9 to 11, and judging by the number of entries received it will be far in advance of former years.

Large yields of clover seed are the rule this year and good prices are being paid. Several large shipments of red clover and alfalfa seed have been made from North Glencoe, Dutton and other points by Frank I. Abbott.

It may not be generally known that there is an Ontario statute by which any elector whose taxes are in arrears may be debarred from voting at the municipal elections. It is not known that the law has ever been put in force in this respect, but there was talk of doing it at Walkerville in the elections on Monday.







## About the House

Useful Hints and General Information for the Busy Housewife

### Selected Recipes.

**Scalloped Oysters With Cheese.**—Butter a baking dish, sprinkle with bread crumbs and put on a layer of oysters, seasoning with salt, pepper, parsley and grated Parmesan cheese. Add another layer of bread crumbs, seasoned oysters and cover with bread crumbs. Pour over one cup of oyster liquor or milk, dot with bits of butter and bake twenty or thirty minutes, or until nicely browned. Never have more than two layers of oysters so that the dish may be evenly cooked and not soggy in the middle. If you like spices, try leaving out the cheese and seasoning with bay leaf, blade of mace, one sprig of thyme and a little parsley chopped fine and sprinkled over each layer of oysters. Use three dozen oysters.

**Brained Beef.**—A pound of beef (lower part of round), 2 thin slices fat salt pork, 1/2 teaspoon peppercorns, 1/2 cup carrot, 1/2 cup turnip, 1/2 cup onion, salt scraps. Wipe meat, sprinkle with salt and pepper, dredge with flour and brown entire surface in pork fat. Place on rack in covered roast pan, surround with vegetables, peppercorns and three cups boiling water. Cover closely and bake four hours in a very slow oven, basting every half-hour and turning every second hour. Throughout the cooking the liquid should be kept below the boiling point.

**Pork Cake.**—One pound fat ground pork, one pound of raisins, one pound of currants. Two cups of brown sugar, made into syrup, two teaspoonfuls of soda stirred into the syrup while hot, one pint of boiling coffee, two teaspoonfuls of cloves, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon, two teaspoonfuls of nutmeg, a pinch of salt, one cup of English walnuts. Use enough flour to make a stiff batter, and bake for an hour in a well greased tin.

Of the many modes of cooking rice there is none more acceptable than the well-known pudding with milk and sugar, with or without eggs. This might be varied by a rice pudding in the Danish style made as follows: Place in a double boiler four ounces of rice, a pint of milk, and a pinch of salt. Cook until it is thoroughly softened and creamy, whipping it occasionally. Pour out and let it get quite cold. Eat it with sugar. Cream is an improvement, and also red currant jelly.

**Fig Pudding.**—To one-half pound of chopped fresh figs add two cups of grated stale bread crumbs. Sift into this mixture one cupful of brown sugar, one cupful of finely chopped beef suet, one cupful of sweet milk, one teaspoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of cloves, the same amount of cinnamon and baking powder. Add two eggs beaten until light, pour into buttered individual molds. Cover and steam for forty minutes. Serve with hard sauce, heaped daintily around the pudding.

**Apple Sauce Cake.**—Cream one-half cupful butter and one cupful sugar. Into one and one-half cupfuls hot apple sauce beat in two teaspoonfuls soda and one-half teaspoonful salt; stir in with the butter and sugar; add one cupful raisins, one-half teaspoonful nutmeg, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon and cloves. Sift in two and two-third cupfuls flour. Bake forty-five minutes.

**Yorkshire pudding with fruit.**—When the usual Yorkshire pudding mixture is half baked garnish it with fruit, such as preserved damsons, plums or any other variety or mixture available. Finish it by baking and then sprinkle it with spiced sugar or any other sweet substance which may be acceptable, such as honey or a fruit sauce.

**Oysters with tomatoes.**—Melt two tablespoonfuls butter, add sliced onion and cook until brown. Add cup stewed tomatoes, when thickened, with a pint of drained oysters, and cook until edges curl. Add a drop of tabasco sauce, one-half teaspoonful salt and tablespoonful chopped parsley. Serve on toast.

### Sauces and Garnishes.

In making most sauces plain white foundation sauce is used.

**Foundation sauce.**—Two ounces butter, two ounces flour, one pint milk, pinch of salt. Melt the butter, blend in the flour, add the milk very slowly, stirring all the time so as to avoid lumps, boil up, add the salt and cook for ten minutes. If not quite smooth, tammy or rub through a very fine sieve.

With this sauce all the following can be made: Brain sauce—Three-quarters pint white sauce, one-half glass stock-seasoning, one calf's brains, one teaspoonful lemon juice. Wash the brains thoroughly, tie up in muslin and cook in stock for ten minutes. They chop fine, add to the foundation sauce, the seasoning and the stock, reheat and serve.

The following table gives the most suitable garnishes for various dishes: Roast beef—Yorkshire pudding, brown gravy, horseradish sauce, cranberry sauce.

Roast mutton—Onion sauce, baked suet dumpling, red currant or damson jelly, brown gravy, mint sauce. Roast lamb—Mint sauce, brown gravy, lettuce.

Roast pork—Apple sauce, sage and onions, thick brown gravy. Roast sucking pigs—Currant sauce, gravy made with brains, fig sauce and sliced lemon.

Roast veal—Toasted rolls of sliced bacon, savory stuffing, tomato sauce, brown sauce.

Roast fowl—Bread sauce, clear brown gravy, toasted rolls of bacon, fried sausage, lettuce.

Boiled fowl—Bread sauce, celery sauce, egg sauce, sliced lemon.

Roast duck—Apple sauce, sage and onions, thick brown gravy, green peas in drawn butter.

Fried fish—Quarters of lemon, all most any sauce, egg, Hollandaise, tartare, drawn butter.

Boiled cod—Oyster sauce, caper or egg sauce.

Salmon—Lobster, cucumber, mousseline, mayonnaise, Hollandaise or tartare sauce.

All boiled fish—French parsley, parsley sauce, slices of lemon or almost any of the above sauces.

Grilled fish—Quartered lemon and maitre d'hotel butter.

Boiled beef—Vinaigrette or piquante sauce, boiled suet dumplings, carrots and turnips.

Boiled mutton—Caper or pasturage sauce, carrots and turnips, parsley sauce.

Boiled veal—Parsley sauce, carrots and turnips.

Boiled salt cod—Egg sauce and parsnips.

Calf's head—Brain sauce, lemon, calf's tongue, bacon.

Game—Thick brown gravy, bread sauce, fried crumbs, watercress, lettuce, cranberry jelly, red currant or black currant jelly.

Wild duck—Quarters of lemon, cayenne, orange, lemon or paprika sauce.

### Things to Remember.

Whenever vegetables are baked all the food value is preserved.

A little ginger added to the salad dressing is a pleasant flavoring.

Varnished floors should be washed always with cold water.

A paste made of kerosene and wood ashes will burn a slow fire with little danger to its use.

Cheese can be added to escalloped cabbage or cauliflower, and makes a very nutritious dish.

It's a great convenience to have a separate workbag for each piece of work one has on hand.

House plants will not do well if put in a window where a radiator.

The heat will dry them up.

The fumes from ammonia water confined in a box will remove mildew spots from kid gloves.

A piece of sandpaper is of great help in removing stains from cooking utensils.

Give dahlias stored in the cellar frequent examination. Throw out moldy or decaying tubers before they communicate their diseased condition to other roots. Keep the tubers on suspended shelves some distance away from the cold cellar floor.

Countess of Warwick Notes Sharp Contrast Between Classes.

One of the most disquieting home symptoms of the present hour is the extravagance of a class of women that has been enriched by war, writes the Countess of Warwick in the London Chronicle. I do not, of course, refer to women of the working classes; their transgressions in this direction are venial. Nor to the women of the upper classes—I hate these adjectives but know of nothing that will take their place—who have seriously reduced their normal expenditure.

What I protest against is the fashion in which so many of the wives and daughters of the profit-makers are spending the money, paid a rare and very necessary visit to my dressmaker the other day, and the slightness of my needs made me almost apologetic. Madame reassured me. She was so busy with big orders for extravagant gowns that she hardly knew how to execute them; all the orders, she told me, came from clients unknown to her before the war.

The restaurants and hotels in London and in the large manufacturing centres are crowded with people eating and drinking rich and unfamiliar food and wines. The women whose husbands are profiting by war are indulging under false pretences in their passion for pleasure and extravagance. They declare that soldiers back from the front must be entertained, and the entertainments is the most extravagant lunch or dinner in the most public place, and an afternoon or night at the places where the most banal forms of revue and musical comedy may be found. The dignified protest of one of our most distinguished generals falls on deaf ears. The young subaltern may be amused, though many are not, to the seasoned soldier the spectacle of luxury and stupidity can only be repugnant.

In thirty-one consecutive days 440 inches of rain recently fell on Dhargawata, India.

## GERMAN FEAR OF TANKS.

Berlin Writer Describes Terror Caused in the First Attack.

The following description of the terror created in the German ranks by the first appearance in action on the Western Front of the British "tanks," or armored auto-war chariots, is taken from an article entitled "The Devil's Coach," written for the German press by a war correspondent named Dr. R. Dammer.

"When the German trench sentries crawled out of their holes in the ground in the misty dawn of the 16th of September, lifted their heads again after the heavy storm of iron during the night and looked about for the English, their blood froze in their veins.

"Across the field, cut up with gaping craters, crawled two mysterious monsters. Dazed by the earthquake that had been raging about them, they all rubbed their eyes, which were riveted upon the fabulous beings as though their owners were bereft of reason. Their imagination lashed into a frenzy by the hail of shots, was still full of excitement. So it was no wonder that it held control over these sorely-tired men who were well aware that the enemy was determined to use every means of destruction to break through the steel-like wall formed of frail human bodies.

"They had forgotten what it was to fear men. But here was something drawing nearer, that the human brain, with the use of extraordinary mechanical powers, had fitted out like a work of the devil; a secret that oppressed and fascinated the senses, because reason failed to grasp it, a fate before which the men seemed helpless in their own eyes.

"They stared and stared, like men stricken with paralysis. The monsters advanced slowly, hobbling, swaying, and bobbing about, but they were coming nearer. Nothing was able to stop them, they seemed to be driven, ahead by a supernatural power. Then the thought flashed through the head of some one in the trenches, 'The devil is coming,' and the word ran along the line like a flash of lightning.

"Suddenly tongues of flame shot out of the armored backs of the iron caterpillars. Shells whistled over the men's heads and the dreadful music of a machine gun orchestra filled the air. The enigmatical being had revealed its secret and reason returned again."

In the course of his story Dr. Dammer tells how the Germans soon learned how to meet the drives of the "tanks," and succeeded in putting several of the armored monsters out of commission.

## AFTER LONDON CANINES.

Movement to Limit Number of Dogs Kept as War Measure.

There is a strong agitation in London against the extravagance of keeping so many pet dogs during war times, and the London Mail has this to say on the question:

"It is not the usual dog that is the cause of waste. He is usually fed on biscuit and a few scraps and he lives healthily on a diet of trifling cost. The dogs that cost the most are the most useless; they are the pampered pets."

"I know a woman who has forty Pekinese and she reserves three rooms in her house for them. A law forbidding people to keep more than one dog would be useful. My own dog costs me less to keep than my cat."

Another veterinary surgeon was very bitter against lap dogs. "They are the cause of all the extravagance," he said. "A woman who had put her pet dog under my care sent in for it a meal such as I would have been very pleased to eat. What did the little beast do? It sniffed the food all over, left it uneaten, and gobbled up the biscuit and food that I gave it."

"Give an ordinary terrier or spaniel a quarter of a pound of 'cat's meat,' which costs one penny, or the meat that is left over from the table, mixed with a little biscuit or bread, and it will keep well and cost you not more than 1s. 6d. a week."

Lady Teynham writes: "Why, because a few foolish women feed their pet dogs on a pound of steak a day, should all sensible women be tarred with the same brush? The Pekinese seems to be the dog generally sneered at—I suppose because he is small. Properly brought up he is hardy, sporting, and as intelligent as an Irish terrier. A friend of mine had one which swam across a small stream and killed two rats. All they require are the scraps left over from the table. In these days, when so many of us have our husbands at the war, it is a comfort not to come back to a perfectly lonely house, but to have a warm greeting from a loyal though small friend."

### A Protective Admission.

Mrs. Burgess was a decidedly practical and up-to-date woman. Some of her friends attributed much of her alertness to the fact that her six daughters, one of whom had married recently, were not providing themselves with husbands as fast as mother Burgess desired.

One evening the energetic mother cornered a young man in the reception hall.

"And which of my girls do you most desire, Mr. Everstay?"

"The married one," came the unhesitating reply.

## THE FASHIONS

The time has long since passed when fashions for misses were of secondary importance in the scheme of things. The fashioning of clothes for young people now receives as much attention as those of their elders, and certain French designers have, of late, been specially concentrating their efforts on producing modes for young girls and small children.

Whether for school, college or the various social and outdoor activities which enter into the lives of all young people, we find an unlimited variety of styles.

At present there is a distinct relation between the styles for grown-ups and those reaching the grown-up stage. The slim silhouette, to which women have taken with so much zeal, is reflected in misses' styles, and certainly there is nothing more befitting the slender grace of youthful figures than the modes which now prevail.

In one-piece style are the majority of dresses, whether they are to be slipped on over the head or closed at the center-front or back. Especially becoming are those that hang from a deep, square yoke, and of these there are many varieties, for below the yoke the material may be side-pleated, box-pleated with groups of large or small pleats, or just simply gathered.

To define the waistline, a leather belt, a regulation cloth belt or a long, narrow giraffe is considered correct with this type of frock. The belt being such an important factor, then, it is not surprising to find many novelties in that line.

One of the latest is a belt which starts out by being wide in front, but finally becomes divided into two narrow strips at the sides and back. The upper halves fasten at the back and the lower halves are knotted loosely and hang down the back. Exceedingly attractive, also, are the pockets which give added charm to these dresses. Pointed, square, draped, gathered or plain, they appear in every conceivable form.

For practical wear, the young girl wears dresses of the popular wool such as serge, gabardine, velours, broadcloth, checks and plaids. There

is little trimming on these frocks; perhaps a touch of bead or wool embroidery, a contrasting collar, soutache braid, or flat braid applied in rows. The large assortment of fashionable colors, including burgundy, plum, taupe, brown and green has not ousted navy blue, which is still a favorite.

For her social activities, sweet sixteen may have her choice of soft chiffon velvet, velveteen, taffeta, satin, charmeuse, silk poplin or Georgette crepe; depending on the occasion for which her dress is intended. For dance frocks, tulle, silk net, chiffon and Georgette are particularly girlish, while for a very elaborate dress nothing is more charming than the silver tissue cloths. Her slippers are of satin, to match the color of her dress, or else of silver or gold tissue.

Pale or bright pink, blue, maize, apricot and white are the colors specially adapted to the youthful evening dress. Some delightful frocks are composed of layers of tulle in different colors, the layers being placed one above the other, and the merging of these colors produces a wonderfully artistic effect.

If the selection of her evening frock gives a girl many thrills of pleasure—and every one knows it does—she also derives a great deal of enjoyment from her sports clothes. Sports clothes, to-day, are wholly charming. Such bright, gay colors as are used for them can only reflect the spirit of joy and exuberance which they embody. The enjoyment of sports is really doubled by the lovely clothes that are worn for them.

The skirts of sports dresses and suits are worn very short, and the materials are either plain or pleated. With bright-colored skirts are worn slip-on middys of wool or silk jersey in a contrasting color. Hip-length coats of angora and fancy wools are also frequently seen. The accepted

trimming for winter sports suits is either fur or leather.

Scotch plaids and checks in bright colors are very much in evidence. Some of the latest suits are dark green with fine yellow lines forming the checks. Others are in solid block effects in golden brown and black, and other pretty color combinations.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario, "Dept. W."

## PALM CAKE FOR CATTLE.

Experiments Made to Take Trade From Germany.

A further contribution into the palm kernel cake question has been made by Dr. Crowther of the University of Leeds, England. This artificial cattle food is the residue left after the completion of the process of extracting the oils from palm kernels.

The trade in palm kernels in Europe was a great German industry before the war, and the nuts were moreover obtained from a British colony. Steps are now being taken to reserve the products of British soil for British manufacturers, and great attention is being directed to the manufacture of margarine and other goods for which palm kernels are needed.

The successful disposal of the cake, however, has a great bearing on the diversion of the trade from Hamburg to Liverpool, Hull, and other English towns. Here is where agriculture is concerned, for as an artificial cattle food palm kernel cake has been little used in the past.

With the aim of testing whether the farmers' objections to the cake were insuperable or not, Professor Crowther has conducted certain experiments, on the farm, and in the laboratory, with regard to the keeping qualities and the digestibility of the cake.

So far as the keeping properties are concerned the results of the investigation showed that during a period of six months, the palm-kernel cake kept just as well as other cakes, and better than some, and at the end of the period it was quite good and sound.

On analysis, the oil in all the cakes had become acid, but the palm-kernel variety was no exception. It was, at any rate, only inferior to the seed and soy cakes, and was better than cotton cake and soy cake.

The opinion, therefore, is held that under ordinary conditions palm-kernel cake as produced to-day will keep as well as ordinary cakes. On the basis of results obtained, it was computed that palm-kernel meal was worth 23 per cent more per ton than the cotton cake with which they were compared.

The cake could be eaten without difficulty, it was found, when mixed with other cake.

Tests directed at ascertaining whether the cake would improve the quantity and quality of milk bore out, as far as they went, the investigations of German agriculturists, that such an improvement did result from the use of the cake.

## WHY WE HAVE TWO EYES.

So That Object Seen Shows Depth and Relief.

Because we have two eyes the things we see seem solid and not flat, with the result that we can judge their distance from us with fair correctness. Look through a window at a house across the street with one eye closed, and then with the other eye closed. The bars of the window frame will cut across the opposite house in different places. The two fields seen with the eyes separately, although in the main alike differ. When you look at the house with both eyes open the two fields seen by the two eyes are combined, and the house across the street assumes depth and relief.

Although we see a house with each eye, we see only one house with both eyes. This makes the stereoscopic possible—an instrument so designed that the two eyes are made to converge on a single point and yet to see two different pictures. If these two pictures represent a chair as it would appear to the right and left eyes respectively, they are perceived as one solid object.

## HONORS NOGI'S SPIRIT.

Emperor's Decree Carried Out at Grave of Hero.

The Nogi cult still grows in Japan. Among the honors lately bestowed by the Emperor were, according to custom, posthumous honors for some of Japan's beloved heroes. Some fell to the lot of the spirit of the late Count Nogi, and when Viscount Sonoke, court ritualist, with his assistant and a delegate of the Imperial household department proceeded to the most sacred grave of the nation's hero in the great Aoyama Cemetery, they found a reverent group already assembled and waiting patiently under a down-pour of rain.

The ritualist announced before the grave the Imperial honors. Among those who attended was the Count Nogi, whose the Emperor appointed to bear the title which otherwise would have disappeared from Japan upon the death of the conqueror of Port Arthur and hero of Mukden.

Complete satisfaction in business is when he buys looks as good to the purchaser as it did to the salesman.

Charity that begins at home seldom gets over a neighbor's back fence.

## SPIES FOR TEUTONS ACTIVE IN FRANCE

ATTACK FOLLOWED MEMBERS VISIT TO FRONT.

Interesting Example of Ex-Premier's Courage Under Fire.

The question of spies spying is always a live one in France, for many incidents can be recounted which show either that the Germans have close information on what happens in their enemy's lines or that chance is a wonderful thing. For instance, a number of Cabinet members visited a town in the north a few days ago, being accompanied by the director of an important mining works near the town, writes a Paris correspondent.

To suit the convenience of this gentleman the train that took the Ministers away was started a few hours earlier than had been arranged. An hour later, at the time the train was intended to leave, the station underwent a hot bombardment, and thanks to the change in the time table the Ministers escaped a very bad quarter of an hour.

Almost every returned pilot can tell a story similar to the following: A division famous for its fighting qualities was suddenly moved to a new position so quickly that the men themselves did not know exactly where they were. Within an hour a board was hoisted above the nearest German trench bearing the inscription in large letters, "Welcome to the Gallant—th Division," and giving the exact divisional number.

The Cui de Paris gives another example that occurred during M. Clemenceau's recent visit to the front as chairman of the Senate's army committee.

"Tiger" Saw Slain Soldier.

The section was very quiet, nothing had happened for days there. Earlier there had been some hot fighting and the "Tiger" could see the dead body of a French soldier still hanging on the barbed wire between the trenches.

M. Clemenceau gazed at the poor remains with admiration, sadness and then fury. His eyes clouded over and words of vengeance came indistinctly from his lips.

At this moment an explosion was heard close by and then another. Clouds of smoke arose from near where M. Clemenceau stood and the explosions came nearer and nearer. He continued looking at the corpse of the poor soldier.

An officer hurried up. "Monsieur le President," he said (a President of the Council or Premier remains "Monsieur le President" all his life), "the Major has sent me to warn you that it's a pretty bad place where you are. It is probable that they have sighted you. It's certain that a barring fire is beginning. The Major begs you to get under shelter."

"And why so?" asked M. Clemenceau.

"But, Monsieur le President, you may be wounded and then—"

"And if I were," replied the "Tiger," "would it not be a fine death at my age; the finest a man could dream of?"

Apostrophizes Dead Hero.

And he went on in that semi-sarcastic vein that he enjoys. "Just think, Monsieur, I no longer love women, and men disgust me; it would be a good time to make a fine finish!" Then turning toward the dead body he apostrophized it with:

"You were young, you had a long future before you; you had done ill to no one, women pleased you and you had faith in men. How much better it would be if you were alive here and an old body like mine were hanging out there in place of yours!"

The artillery fire finished before M. Clemenceau moved on and the staff captain who accompanied him told the story afterward, declaring, "I tell you he was wonderful! wonderful!" repeating the word "epatant," which means so much in a Frenchman's mouth.

M. Clemenceau is 71 and was Mayor of the Montmartre district at the time of the last war with Germany.

## ORIGIN OF THE BAYONET.

First Used by Troops Out of Ammunition.

The bayonet, which the quidnuncs before the war said was an obsolete weapon, has proved its great value in the recent movements of the British.

Its name comes from that of Bayonne, a little town in the Basque country in France, but cheek by jowl with Spain, down in the far corner of the Biscay. There it was first manufactured.

The story of its invention illustrates the old proverb about the motherhood of necessity. A Basque regiment, having run out of ammunition and wishing to sell their lives dearly, took the suggestion of one of their number that they should fix their long knives to the ends of their muskets and charge therewith and try to break through the ranks of their enemies.

This they did—the first bayonet charge in history—and their success in extricating themselves from a very warm corner showed the value of the new weapon and led to its manufacture and adoption by every country and army in the world.

## HEALTH

### Jaundice.

Jaundice is not itself a disease, but a symptom of some internal condition; but it is such a striking symptom that it is commingled to find it treated in medical books as if it were really a disease. It is a yellow discoloration of the skin and the mucous membranes caused by the coloring matter of the bile, and it is accompanied by other symptoms that are caused by the same disorder of the liver or the blood.

The actual cause of jaundice is an obstruction in the flow of the bile, while, normally is excreted by the liver and passes into the intestine, there to mix with the food and aid in digestion in some way not yet thoroughly understood. When the bile cannot pass into the intestine, it accumulates and is absorbed into the blood.

Sometimes the absorption seems to be owing to an excessive secretion of bile; so much flows into the intestine that it cannot all be used, and the blood takes up the surplus.

The bile may also be obstructed by a tumor that presses on the bile ducts; the same effect may be caused by an inflammation and thickening of the mucous membrane that lines the ducts, or by a change in the fluid character of the bile, so that it becomes too thick to flow freely. The last is the case when jaundice follows phosphorus poisoning or some other form of blood poisoning.

The most common form of jaundice is that known as catarrhal jaundice, because it is caused by an inflammation of the mucous membrane of the bile ducts. That affection is usually the result of some indiscretion of diet or of exposure to inclement weather. Sometimes the symptoms are very slight; the patient merely feels a little out of sorts, or bilious; he loses his appetite, his tongue is furred, there is perhaps a little nausea, and his bowels are sluggish.

He hardly regards himself as sick, and is quite surprised to be told that he has grown yellow. The yellow color affects the whites of the eyes as well as the skin, and sometimes it is almost entirely confined to the eyes. The urine is also very dark in color.

The treatment of this form of jaundice is simple—a light diet, a blue pill or a dose of salts, and rest in bed for a day or two will usually suffice. If the symptoms persist, consult a physician, for they may be the first indication of some grave liver trouble. Indeed, it is safer to consult a physician at once, and let him take charge of the case from the very start—Your Companion.

### Curing Headaches.

Headaches are caused by any number of things. The eyes may be at fault; if so they should have an examination. The headaches may be caused by stomach trouble or may come from nerves. It is impossible to give a cure for all headaches in general, and, indeed, doctors have spent years trying to cure some sufferers.

Do not take headache powders, as they usually contain drugs which are injurious to the heart and only afford temporary relief. The best thing to do is to place the feet in a steaming hot mustard bath and apply cold water or ice to the head; lie down in a darkened room, with a cloth over the eyes. This relieves the congestion and frequently the headache will vanish.

### GIVING THE EYE A BATH.

Winking "Most Gentle and Perfect Washing in the World."

Every few seconds we wink both our eyelids at once, although not purposely. If we stop winking our eyes become uncomfortable and gradually cease to work as they should.

When the eye is open the front of it is exposed to dirt and dust and is apt to become so dry that a painful stinging sensation results, or would do so if constant moisture were not provided to cleanse and soothe the tissues.

As a matter of fact, each time we wink we wash the eye, says the Popular Science Monthly. Up above each eye is a tiny water bag called a tear gland, and all the time we are awake it makes tears. When the front of the eye feels itself becoming a little too dry or dusty a communication is sent for a supply of moisture. The eyelid then comes down with a tear inside it to wash clean the front of the eye. This is the most gentle and perfect washing in the world.

### BAR TEUTONS FROM LAND.

Enemy Subjects Cannot Take Up Western Acres.

British subjects and citizens of neutral or allied countries are in future to enjoy alone the rights of homesteading in the Canadian west. Unless they had become naturalized subjects of the allies before the war, Germans, Austrians, Bulgarians will not be allowed to take up lands. This policy will probably be continued after the war, and its adoption means denial of the right of homesteading to a good number of unnaturalized citizens of hostile countries. Their kin will not be welcomed even after hostilities cease.

You may have noticed that easy money is difficult to retain.



## THE NEW YEAR

brings a message to save as never before Thrift is essential to success. To be successful you must save and save systematically as well. The dawn of other New Years has no doubt found you resolved to start saving, but did you?

### Resolve to Buy Merchandise by "Quality"

"Quality" is the best value given. To make sure of quality, insist upon seeing the trade mark. No manufacturer of reliable goods is afraid of branding his lines of merchandise. Do not let merchants suggest lines not stamped as being just as good as standard makes just because the lines offer more profits to the merchants.

### To Start the New Year Right We Want to Keep Right With Our Customers

If during the year just ended any customer ever purchased an article from this store and that article proved defective or not worth the money and you have not yet made claim for credit amount, we want you to do so this week. We want to start the New Year feeling satisfied that all claims for the past year have been properly and promptly adjusted. After that we can then hope and ask for a continuance of your esteemed patronage.

### A Clean Sweep in Overcoats and Women's Coats

For a few days we offer such prices as will make a quick clearing, as we start stock-taking at once. It will pay you, and pay you well, to buy now even to keep over, as the coming winter's prices look as if prices will rule at least 20 per cent. above today's highest price.

### Red Cross Societies

can get a pure wool and a better yarn than elsewhere. A yarn highly recommended, without any dye, very suitable for soldiers' use. Special purchase last May allows us to quote to Red Cross Societies \$1.20 per lb.

## J. N. CURRIE & CO.

## The Transcript

Not every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ill. Subscription—To addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.50 per year, \$1.00 for eight months; to addresses in the United States, \$1.75 per year—payable in advance.

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1917

### National Service

What can we do to help win the war? This is the question that thousands of Canadian men and women have been asking themselves. The answer is supplied by the National Service Commission with its invitation to the men of Canada to enrol themselves by voluntary registration. The cards that are sent out to every man between the ages of sixteen and sixty-five will furnish the information that the Commission needs in order to turn to account in the best way all the resources of the country. Canada needs the services of every man, to carry on her agricultural, mineral and manufacturing industries, as well as to fight her battles in France and Flanders. No one is superfluous, and therefore no one is exempt from the duty of enrolment. With a complete inventory of the man-power of the Dominion in their hands, it will be a comparatively easy task for the Commission to point out where available workers may be sought to supply deficiencies elsewhere in agricultural and other basic industries, and the process of adjustment will be speedy and effective. Without an inventory, such adjustment will be slow and imperfect. The lesson of the last two years of war will have been lost if we do not respond promptly and unanimously to the appeal. Germany and her subject nations are united and organized, and they can only be defeated by union and organization as complete and more powerful than their own. Canada has sent her fighting men to beat back the enemy in France and Flanders, but she has a great army of workers at home whose exertions are needed no less to help win the war. In these days, idleness is a crime, but misplaced or inappropriate labour is hardly less an offence against the cause for which our country is fighting. We are asked to enrol ourselves for

national service. The man who refuses or neglects to do so enrols himself among the enemies of his country. The issue is plain. Are we for our country or against it in this tremendous struggle? Let our registration cards answer this question.

### School Reports

The following is the standing of the pupils in the Newbury school for the term ending Dec. 22, 1916:

IV. Class Senior, total 700—honors 525, pass 420—Willie Hammett 655, Adair Bayne 572, Dorcas Glennie 520, John Moore 480, Ray Holman 402, Alva Birt 300, Violet Woods 307.

IV. Class Junior, total 700—honors 525, pass 420—Henry Armstrong 470.

III. Class Senior, total 650—honors 488, pass 390—Ethel Moore 550, Fanny Connelly 435, Olive Regis 431, Norma Smith 427, Theresa Miller 393.

III. Class Junior, total 575—honors 431, pass 345—Ferna Moore 477, Howard Edward 434, Bessie Moran 370, Arthur Leech 300, Flossie Stocking 332, George Newport 320, Willie Connelly 309.

Second Class Senior, total 550—honors 412, pass 330—Edith Moore 441, Clayton Smith 410, Edith Martin 306, Christens Miller 370, Willie McCreedy 370.

Second Class Junior—honors 75 per cent., pass 60 per cent.—Marjorie Robinson 80, Harry Armstrong 80, Irene Armstrong 75, Alberta Armstrong 72, James Moore 71, Wesley Connelly 65, Theodore Brown 63, Clifford Haskell 63, Ella Miller 60, Bessie Jeffery 58, Irene McCreedy 58, Willie Haskell 57, Emily Jones 52.

I. Class Senior—Breton Woods 80, Maggie Stocking 76, Duncan Armstrong 73, Albert Merner 73, Isabel Armstrong 70, Albert Blain 70, Hazel Armstrong 67, J. D. McNaughton 67, Jennie Armstrong 62, Barbara Armstrong 58.

Promoted from Jr. I. class to Sr. I. class: Ensley Brown, John D. McCallum.

Promoted to Junior I. class: Frank Moore, Janet Stalker, Rosabell Guy. Primer Classes—Promoted from B to A class: Tommy Hammett, Rowena Bailey, Harold Miller, Garfield McNaughton; Promoted from C to B class: Arley King, Jack Little, Dorothy Armstrong, Letitia Guy, Howard Durey, Glenn Stocking; Promoted from D to C class: Eldon Durey, Gordon Haskell, Fern Leech, Orville Haskell, Jack Roycraft, Edna Haskell.

No one ever seems to think that the high cost of living affects the farmer. He has to live on high-priced food and feed his stock high-priced feed. In both cases he has to buy much and he must value what he produces and consumes on the place at what it is worth on the market.

Men who speak before they think have occasion to make many apologies. It is only necessary to read the testimonials to be convinced that Holloway's Corn Cure is unequalled for the removal of corns, warts, etc. It is a complete extirpator.

### Entertainment at S. S. 17, Moss

The annual Christmas tree and concert held in the school-house at No. 17, Moss, on the evening of December 22 was a decided success and was witnessed by a full house.

An address by the chairman, L. Leitch, opened the programme, after which a chorus, "Good Luck to the Boys of the Allies," was rendered by the school. Violin selections by D. McAlpine followed and were well received.

A dialogue, "Strategy," given by several pupils, was a great surprise to the audience, in that it displayed talent of a very high order. Miss Lillian Campbell as "Molly," a most annoying niece of a peddle aunt, brought down the house.

Styles are continually changing and rarely do we see at one time a collection of such varied styles and colors in headgear as was displayed in the chorus, "The Hats of Other Days," rendered by the pupils. An instrumental by Miss M. Morrison, Glencoe, was greatly appreciated.

A pantomime, entitled "Wanted, a Wife," was exceptionally well given and as well received. A. Leitch, as a lonesome and wife-hunting young man, created many a laugh by his unceremonious dismissal of several applicants. The "Right One," at last appeared and the curtain was drawn at a crucial moment.

The difficulties encountered by a young and inexperienced photographer were demonstrated in a dialogue entitled "The Photographer's Gallery," in which Miss Campbell again showed exceptional ability in the line of a refractory child. Her sister ably played the part of a negress, while "Klinton's Harry" displayed a talent in his role of an Irishman.

While preparations were being made for the event of the evening—a play entitled "All a Mistake"—music was played behind the curtain by D. McAlpine, G. McLachlan and A. Leitch. The play a 3-act comedy, lasting 2 hours, was very interesting and held the attention of the audience throughout. The cast of characters was as follows: Capt. Obadiah Skinner, retired sea captain, D. McKellar; Lieut. Geo. Richmond, his nephew, A. Leitch; Mr. Richard Hamilton, country gentleman, M. Leitch; Ferdinand Lighthead, a neighbor, G. McLachlan; Nellie Richmond, George's wife, Miss N. Farrell; Nellie Huntington, a friend, Miss S. M. Leitch; Nellie McIntyre, a servant, Miss C. Little; Cornelia (Nellie) Skinner, Captain's sister, Miss K. McKellar.

The former teacher, Miss I. Quigley, briefly addressed the audience. The timely arrival of Santa furnished the climax of the evening for the children. The proceeds of the evening amounted to \$21.70, admission fee being 15 cents. Great credit is due Miss N. Farrell for the efficient training showed by the scholars.

PAINS, LIKE THE POOR, ARE ALWAYS WITH US.—That portion of man's life which is not made up of pleasure is largely composed of pain, and to be free from pain is a pleasure. Simple remedies are always the best in treating bodily pain, and a safe, sure and simple remedy is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. You cannot do wrong in giving it a trial when required.

## BRIEF REVIEW OF YEAR

DATES IN 1916 THAT WILL HAVE PLACE IN HISTORY.

The Allied Nations Began to Exert Their Strength After Months of Preparation and the Evidence Started to Accumulate That the Teutonic Powers Were Sure to Go Down to Defeat in the End.

THE year 1916 will be remembered in history as the year, in which the tide changed in the Great War and the Allies secured the advantage over the Central Powers. During 1915 the Teutons scored heavily, while the Allies had to content themselves with holding fast and preparing to smash their way to final victory. Last January opened with very few encouraging signs on the horizon. The Gallipoli campaign had just proved a failure; Serbia was added to the list of martyred nations; General Townshend's force had been cut off in Kut-el-Amara, and Russia still seemed prostrated from the defeats of the previous spring. The Allies began slowly to show signs of growing power, and in a few months the initiative commenced to pass from the hands of the Teutons. Before the end of the summer the Allies had taken the offensive on every front. Now the Germans and their friends are on the defensive on every front with the single exception of Roumania, where the end is not yet. Final victory for the cause of civilization is assured.

### JANUARY.

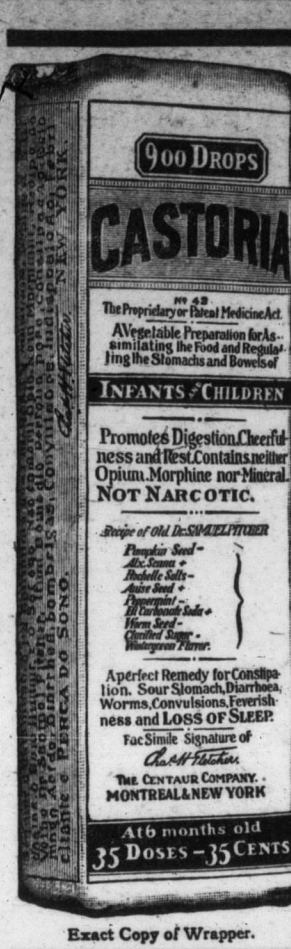
1. Sir Robert Borden announced in his New Year's message that the Canadian objective will be an overseas army of 500,000 men. Tommaso Salvini, the most eminent Italian tragedian of the 19th century, died at Florence, aged 85.
2. Siamer Persia was sunk by submarines. 247 people perished.
3. British scored an important victory in the Cameroons.
4. E. A. Lancaster, the Conservative member for Lincoln and a keen parliamentary debater, died suddenly.
5. The British seized papers belonging to Captain von Papen, the German military attache recalled from the United States. It was discovered in these papers that von Papen had acted as paymaster for the men committing pro-German outrages in the United States.
6. The compulsory service measure was introduced in the British Parliament.
7. Three Labor Ministers left the British Cabinet in a protest against conscription.
8. Ada Rehan, who was the most admired of American actresses about two decades ago, died in New York.
9. Campaign in Gallipoli was finally abandoned, the tip of the peninsula being evacuated. H. M. S. Edward VII. sank after striking a mine.
10. Austria captured Lovcen, the great Montenegrin stronghold on the Adriatic.
11. Ex-President Huerta of Mexico died at El Paso.
12. Cetina, a Canadian of Montenegro, was captured by the Austrians.
13. It was announced that a fourth Canadian Division would be sent to France.
14. Austrians occupied Scutari in Albania.
15. Montenegrin officials signed terms with Austria.
16. British scored a success in Egypt over Senusit tribesmen.
17. Manitoba adopted women's suffrage.
18. Germans captured the village of Frise on the Somme.

### FEBRUARY.

1. A German submarine captured the Appam, a British liner.
2. The Parliament Buildings at Ottawa were burned.
3. The careful investigation held afterwards could not trace this fire directly to German plotters, many Canadians believe it to have been a Hun outrage.
4. German raider Mowee, which captured the British ship Appam and sank fifteen merchantmen, reached port in safety.
5. Cameroons campaign ended with complete victory for the British and French troops, 14,900 German soldiers being interned by the victors.
6. Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien resigned from command of the British troops in German East Africa, ill health being the cause. His place was taken by General Jan C. Smuts, Minister of the Interior, Mines, and Defence in the Union of South Africa.
7. The loyal Canadians living in Berlin, Ontario, started a campaign to change the name of the city, as they objected to be called after the centre of Prussianism.
8. Sir John French took charge of the air defences of England. Lord Northcliffe had been offered the position of Minister of Air Defence in the British Cabinet, but refused to accept it.
9. Russians captured Erzerum, the chief city of Armenia.
10. Austrians occupied Kavaya and surrounded Durazzo in Albania.
11. Battle of Verdun commenced.
12. Lord Robert Cecil was appointed director of food blockade.
13. Czar paid his first visit to the Duma.
14. French transport Provence sunk; 3,000 men perished.
15. Russians stormed the Persian city of Kermanshak.
16. British scored decisive victories over rebels in Egypt. The brother of the Czar, Prince was killed.
17. Henry James, generally admitted by the most discriminating critics to be the finest American novelist of the decade, died in England. Henry James gave up his American citizenship and became a naturalized British subject in 1914 to show his admiration of the British stand in the war.
18. During the last week of February one of the greatest military struggles of history commenced, known as the Battle of Verdun. Experts now agree that Germany had two objectives in launching the offensive against the Verdun fortress. They hoped to capture the stronghold, break through the French line and open the road to Paris. Failing to do that, they expected at least to make the Allied offensive on the Western front impossible. They knew the British would not be ready until midsummer, and believed that General Haig would have to stop his preparations to aid the mid-pressed French. All their calculations went wrong. The British took over a portion of the French line to give Joffre more men for the defence of Verdun, but the preparations for the Allied offensive continued. The French thought seriously for a while of giving up Verdun, as it had little military value, but they feared the effect on the national morale. At Verdun the now famous French watchword was coined—"They shall not pass." For over five months the vain German effort to break through continued, but gradually came to an end through sheer exhaustion after the launching of the German offensive by the Allies. By a brilliant stroke in October, the French took back in ten days what the Germans had spent nearly six months in winning. Nearly half a million Teutons and the last shreds of the Crown Prince's reputation were buried at Verdun.

### MARCH.

1. Carmen Sylva, Queen Mother of Roumania, died of pneumonia.
2. Russians captured Bitlis in Armenia.
3. Charles Respa of Detroit was sentenced to life imprisonment at Windsor for dynamiting a factory at Walkerville, this being the most severe sentence imposed in Canada upon an active pro-German.
4. Russians captured Riza on Turkish coast.
5. Germany declared war on Portugal, the Government at Lisbon having seized Taiton ships.
6. Villa, the Mexican bandit, raided New Mexico and several Americans were killed. The Government at Washington sent soldiers to hunt down the Mexican leader, and the fruitless chase which lasted all summer became later a sort of comic opera affair.
7. Province of Ontario announced purchase of Trent Valley power plants.
8. Manitoba declared for prohibition by a majority of 2 to 1, the Province to go dry on June 1.
9. Rebellious Egyptian sheiks surrendered to British troops.
10. Von Tirpitz, the German sea lord, resigned.
11. Provincial prohibition measure was presented in Ontario Legislature.
12. Yuan Shih Kai rejected the proposal that he should re-establish a monarchy in China and resumed the role of President of the Chinese Republic.
13. Cross-channel steamer Sussex was sunk by German submarine.
14. Small naval battle took place in North Sea between British cruisers and German destroyers.
15. Plot to blow up Welland Canal was discovered and prominent Germans arrested in Buffalo.
16. APRIL.
17. German troops were surrounded in German East Africa and forced to surrender.
18. The Allied nations definitely refused to stop the seizure of neutral mails.
19. Portugal seized Kionga in German East Africa, which the Germans took from them in 1904.
20. Richard Harding Davis, noted American author, died.
21. Russians defeated the Turks after a six-day battle.
22. The son of the chief Turkish city in Asia Minor, was captured by the Grand Duke Nicholas.
23. Hon. J. R. Stratton, formerly a member of the Ross Liberal Government of Ontario, died at Hot Springs.
24. At the annual meeting of the Ontario Lacrosse Association it was announced that 60 per cent. of the youths who played the National game in 1915 were now in khaki.
25. Dr. W. F. King, chief astronomer of the Dominion, died at Ottawa.
26. Rebellion broke out in Dublin. Sir Roger Casement was captured trying to land with German aid in Ireland.
27. A second skirmish took place on English North Sea coast.
28. Sir John Maxwell placed Ireland under martial law.
29. Edward Farrer, a prominent Canadian newspaper man best remembered for his connection with the anti-Boer movement so long since discredited, died.
30. The British aviator Hawker made the world's record ascent by going up 24,408 feet.
31. Major-General Charles V. Townshend, with 2,970 British and 6,000 Indian troops, surrendered to the Turks at Kut-el-Amara.
32. March and April were chiefly months of suspense in the Empire, with the Battle of Verdun raging and the attempt in progress to relieve the besieged troops at Kut-el-Amara. On Easter Monday came the tragic rebellion in Ireland with the abortive attempt by a few Sinn Feiners to set up a republic. The Russian offensive in Asia Minor was the chief Allied undertaking of the month.
33. MAY.
34. Peace restored in Ireland after a week of fighting.
35. Patrick Pearse, "Provisional President of Ireland" and other rebel leaders tried by court martial and shot.
36. Mr. Birrell, Secretary for Ireland, resigned post on account of Sinn Feiners' rebellion.



## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

of

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

\$650 f.o.b. Oshawa

Valve-in-head motor

## CHEVROLET

Dear Man,—You were contemplating a number of gifts for your family—the usual Yuletide gifts. Why not give them a Chevrolet? You intended doing so in the near future anyway, didn't you? Could you give them anything that would make you more popular? You ask why should you buy a Chevrolet above all others. We enumerate here a number of reasons:

IT is beautiful in its lines.

IT is light.

IT has electric lighting and starting system, second to none at any price.

IT has electrically-lighted oil guage.

IT has especially close-fitting curtains and sturdy top, that make it most suitable for winter driving.

IT is the lightest car on gasoline in the world.

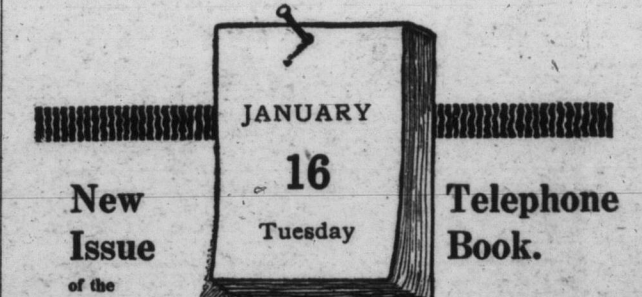
IT has really UNBREAKABLE springs.

IT is a combination of up-to-date features that is utterly unbelievable at the price.

If you don't believe in "love at first sight" come in and see this wonderful 1917 "Chev." The new features will appeal to you. We refer you to the men who own them already.

## N. & A. M. GRAHAM

DEALERS - GLENCOE



Copy for the next Telephone Directory closes on the above date!  
Order your telephone now, so that your name will be in the new issue!  
Report changes required to our Local Manager to-day.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.



# ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE LADIES of Glencoe and vicinity

At last you can purchase Women's High Grade Foot-wear in Glencoe, comprising all the latest styles of leather made upon the newest last, and at prices that are considerably lower than you would pay in the larger cities.

We buy from the most up-to-date women's shoe manufacturer in the Dominion, and an inspection of these shoes will convince you that what we say is true.

We are willing at all times to show our goods, and do not think it time wasted.

A full line of LIFEBOUY RUBBERS to fit all shoes. We also carry the best makes of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Heavy Shoes; in fact, everything that could be purchased in a first-class Shoe Store.

REPAIRING NEATLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

## MODERN SHOE STORE

### MRS. W. A. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET, GLENCOE

Phone 25

Our Fall Hats now ready for inspection

#### RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

##### Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 2:27 a. m.; No. 114, express to London and intermediate points, 3 p. m.; No. 16, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 3:30 p. m.; No. 116, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p. m.

Westbound—No. 113, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 331, way freight and passenger, 10:45 a. m.; No. 115, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:45 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 6:42 p. m.; No. 15, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 9:51 p. m.

Nos. 114, 16, 115 and 15, Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 332, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 3:35 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:27 p. m.; No. 334, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:30 p. m.

Westbound—No. 331, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 333, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:50 p. m.

No. 2 Sundays included.

##### Kingston Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west, No. 36, mixed, 7:35 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 3:10 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 6:45 p. m.

Arrive at Glencoe—No. 18, passenger, 7:05 a. m.; No. 19, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 34, mixed, 5:15 p. m.

##### CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 631, daily, 12:35 p. m.; No. 672, Chatham mixed, daily except Sunday, 2:30 p. m.; No. 634, daily, stop only for passengers from west of Chatham, 10 p. m.

Westbound—No. 633, daily, 3:45 a. m.; No. 671, Chatham mixed, daily except Sunday, 9:35 a. m.; No. 635, daily, 8:15 p. m.

##### GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:05 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 5 p. m.; London and East, 3:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.

Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a. m.

### BUSINESS CHANGE

Having bought the well known and long established business of J. E. Roome, this store will continue to cater to the best trade in SHOES, AND FRESH AND SEASONABLE GROCERIES

We ask for this store a continuance of the large patronage it has had in the past, and we trust to be able to please in good value and prompt service.

### W. J. Strachan

We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

### J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith

Plumber

A public meeting of the West Middlesex Board of Agriculture will be held at the Town Hall, Appin, on Monday, January 15th, commencing at two o'clock, at which address will be delivered by J. M. McCallum of Shakespeare and P. M. Johnson of Brantford on live agricultural subjects. At the same hour the Women's Institute will meet at the Orange Hall, at which Mrs. G. H. Greer of London will give an address to women and girls. An entertainment will be held at the Town Hall in the evening at eight o'clock.

Strachan sells McCormick's soldier chocolates. Send a box to your soldier boy at the front.



A public meeting of the Board of Agriculture will be held at the Muncy Road school house on Saturday, January 19th, at 2 p. m. and 8 p. m. Interesting farm topics will be discussed by representatives of the Provincial Department of Agriculture.

Rev. R. Fulton Irwin told his congregation in the Methodist church last Sunday morning something that ought to set the young men of the community thinking. He said that by the National Service Registration this was the first opportunity he had of offering his services to the Government, and he had done so—said he hadn't as far as he knew a weak organ in his body, and had a couple of pairs of overalls in the parsonage which he was ready to put on and make munitions, drive horses, act as stoker or do a score of other things to help the British Empire in her hour of need, as every able bodied man ought.

There were large congregations at the Presbyterian church both morning and evening on the occasion of the former pastor, Mr. Weir, delivering his farewell messages before leaving for his new charge at Ridgeway. The subject in the morning was "The Ministry of a Minister," from Acts 20: 22, and was a splendid discourse admirably suited to the occasion. Mr. Weir concluded with a short review of his work as pastor in Glencoe for the past eleven years. At the evening service Mr. Weir expressed the pleasure that had been his during his pastorate in friendships formed with members of the other churches in town. The quartette "The Wayside Cross" was splendidly rendered by Messrs. Weir, Suttler, Mac McAlpine and W. J. Strachan, the National Anthem was sung, and "God be with you" had the place of the usual vespers hymn.

Glencoe Red Cross rooms will be open on Friday.

Send us the news from your section. It is always welcome.

Richard Hicks has been appointed night watchman at the G. T. R. gates.

Tom Henry has accepted a position as claim adjuster for an insurance company.

A game of hockey at Alvinston on Monday night resulted—Alvinston 4, Glencoe 3.

The holiday passenger traffic on the railways this season was the greatest ever known.

Miss Sinclair, formerly milliner at Mayhew's, has taken a position in the Royal Bank.

There were ten acclamations of county councillors in Middlesex and eleven contests.

John Hick has purchased a residence from Dan Stout for \$1,350 in the east end of the town.

Charles Sutherland was elected the new trustee in S. S. No. 5, Ekfrid, at the annual school meeting on Wednesday.

Secretaries of lodges and societies are requested to send us in for publication a list of their new officers when elected.

The recent death at Chicago of L. H. Cloonan was the result of a congested chill contracted while helping to set up a stove.

The most patriotic thing you can do to-day is to fill out and sign and promptly return your National Service card. Do it now.

Fifty cents will pay for The Transcript four months; \$1, eight months; \$1.50, one year. If to the United States, add one cent a week for postage.

Married—at the parsonage, Glencoe, on Dec. 27th, 1910, by Rev. R. Fulton Irwin, Frederick Rasmussen of Torquay, Sask., to Miss Letitia Stocking, of Newbury, Ont.

The Glencoe Presbyterian choir are having the famous Cary-Williams Colored Concert Company and Jubilee Singers for an evening's entertainment on Thursday, January 11th.

John Graham, Jr., of Ekfrid, who has been in the West for some time, was married to Miss Nichol of North Ekfrid on New Year's day and will in the future reside in Windsor.

At the annual meeting of the Gordon Mission Band the following officers were elected:—President, Mrs. J. Grant; treasurer, Miss Sadie McKellar; secretary, Miss Lizzie Grant.

At the close of the Sabbath School entertainment of the Presbyterian church Miss Dorothy Weir was presented with a junior membership of the Gordon Mission Band, and Stewart Weir was presented with a fountain pen.

The annual New Year assembly was held at the Town Hall Friday evening and is reported as having been one of the most enjoyable functions of the kind ever held in Glencoe. Proceeds, some twenty dollars, were handed to the Red Cross.

Horace Fredrick of London, formerly of Glencoe, who has enlisted in the Royal Navy Canadian Volunteer Reserve, is visiting friends in Glencoe and Wardsville prior to leaving for Halifax to commence training on the Canadian cruiser.

Thomas G. Williams has entered a writ in the Supreme Court against Joseph and Mamie Walker, Moosa township, asking damages for alleged wrongdoings of the plaintiffs' goods and chattels, namely, four horses, and for an injunction preventing their sale or damages in event of their wrongful conversion to use of defendants.

—Jack Spickman, Robert McIntyre, Chas. McLean and Frank Shaw were New Year visitors at Glencoe.

—Russell, Vivian and Miss Mima Eddie had New Year's dinner with their uncles, Newbigging Bros.

—Mrs. (Dr.) Walker and daughter Florence left yesterday to spend a few weeks in Hamilton and Toronto.

—Miss Jennie Roycraft and Joseph Roycraft spent New Year's in Detroit visiting their brother, Thos. Roycraft.

—Lloyd, Max and May Bell of Ingersoll spent New Year's with their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. McDonald.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Allison of Kent Bridge spent the New Year holidays with the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Colin Leitch.

—Dr. and Mrs. Roome and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Roome and son Norman of London spent New Year's day at J. E. Roome's.

—Misses Rebecca and Elsie and James McCracken arrived from Alberta on Tuesday evening on a visit to relatives.

The annual business meeting of the Glencoe Presbyterian congregation will be held on Wednesday evening, January 10th.

—Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Trotter of Niagara Falls, N.Y., spent New Year's Day with their grandmother, Mrs. John Newbigging.

—Mr. and Mrs. Gordon McNeil of Burk's Falls spent the New Year holidays with Mr. McNeil's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. McNeil.

—Levi Smith of the Live Stock Branch, Ottawa, returned to his duties on Wednesday after spending the holidays with his family.

Robert Elliott, formerly of St. Thomas, is now in charge of the Glencoe photographic studio, which will be kept open every day.

—Mrs. L. Ross, Mrs. J. A. Rose of London and Mrs. W. Annett of Watford were holiday visitors at the home of their brother, F. W. Gubbins.

—Abel Weekes, C. E., and son William of Edmonton are on a visit of a few days to Mr. Weekes' mother, Mrs. Wm. Weekes and other relatives.

Mr. Strachan, a recent valuable acquisition to the musical talent of Glencoe, sang very acceptably the solo "There is a Land Mine Eye Hath Seen" in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning.

Gordon Hall of the Harvey-Hull Drug Co., Peace River, Alberta, is on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hull. He is accompanied by A. L. Watt, teller of the Royal Bank at Peace River, who will make an extended visit to his former home at Port Hope.

#### SPECIAL NOTICES

Barn for sale, 30 x 50. Apply to Box 182, Glencoe.

For sale—half 2 months old.—Mrs. F. McDonald.

Girl wanted: \$15 per month.—McKellar House.

Lots of good dairy butter at W. J. Strachan's store.

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery.

A violin for sale, cheap. Enquire of Dan H. McRae, Glencoe.

Labrador herring, fresh in, at Chas. Dean's Pure Food Grocery.

For sale—light wagon, suitable for drawing cream.—Alex. McNeil.

Get some of that delicious sauerkraut at Chas. Dean's Pure Food Grocery.

For sale—Radiant Home heater, as good as new. Apply to A. Marsh.

The sawmill will operate in the old yard at Woodgreen again this winter.

For shoes, rubbers and men's wool socks go to Sexsmith's. Repairing a specialty.

Men's work shoes.—A splendid stock of work shoes for wet weather, at Strachan's.

"What I ever heard" is what is said of the Canadian Jubilee Singers. Presbyterian church Thursday evening, January 11th.

Carload of mixed grain, barley and oats, expected from the West. See us before buying your feed.—Mac McAlpine and W. J. Strachan.

Lorenzo Waterworth and E. Lumley are going to set their sawmill on James Gardiner's farm in Ekfrid, near Glencoe, for custom sawing.

In making your engagements reserve Thursday evening, January 11th, for the Canadian Jubilee Singers at the Presbyterian church.

For sale, in the village of Appin—good eight-room house, cellar under all, good furnace, hard and soft water, good barn.—Apply to M. R. Brown.

We want your cream during the winter as well as in the summer and the wagon will continue on the road all winter.—Wm. Muirhead and Dugald McIntyre, Glencoe.

Out flowers, wedding bouquets and funeral designs may be had by ordering in advance at P. E. Lumley's Flower Store. Rush orders promptly filled. Flowers sent for you anywhere in Ontario.

We expect to be able to supply our customers with coal, but owing to the railroad and other conditions would advise being as economical as possible during the next five months.—McPherson & Clarke.

Plantation melodies, jubilee songs, mandolin and guitar solos—the music that pleases—Presbyterian church, Glencoe, Thursday evening, Jan. 11th, under auspices of the choir. Adults, 35c; children, 25c. Eight o'clock.

Big sale of shoes and rubbers. \$1.50 stock must be turned into cash this month. Big bargains while they last. All must be sold as we need the cash. Come early and get your share of these bargains. Terms strictly cash. Big reductions.—O. George.

The Famous Canadian Jubilee Singers will give one of their entertainments in the town hall, Newbury, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 10, consisting of plantation melodies, sacred and secular duets, quartettes and choruses, instrumental solos, also a reader and impersonator, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid Society. Admission, 35c and 25c. Remember the date. Come early and secure a seat.

Rubbers for men and boys. Best quality in fine and heavy rubbers, lowest prices—at W. J. Strachan's.

## HEALTHIEST ONE IN THE FAMILY

No Sign Of Dropsy And Kidney Trouble Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



HATTIE WARREN

Port Robinson, Ont., July 8th, 1915.

"We have used 'Fruit-a-tives' in our house for over three years and have always found them a good medicine. Our little girl, Hattie, was troubled with Kidney Disease. The Doctor said she was threatened with Dropsy. Her limbs and body were all swollen and we began to think she could not live. Finally, we decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. She began to show improvement after we had given her a few tablets. In a short time, the swelling had all gone down and her flesh began to look more natural. Now she is the healthiest one in the family and has no signs of the old ailment. We can not say too much for 'Fruit-a-tives' and would never be without them."

WILLIAM WARREN.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

11. Connolly, the man who commanded the Irish rebels, was executed in the Tower of London.

16. Austrians launched offensive against Italy.

23. Liberal Government, with Sir Lomer Gouin premier, returned to power in Quebec.

24. Germans captured Fort Douaumont in Verdun offensive.

27. General Gallieni, famous French general, died in Paris.

28. Bulgarians seized Greek forts.

29. Austrians were defeated and their attempted invasion of Italy proved a failure.

31. Lieut. Shackleton, Arctic explorer, anxiety concerning whose fate was world wide, arrived safely in the Falkland Islands.

JUNE.

2. German fleet made an attempt to come out. Great naval battle took place at Skager Rack, off the coast of Jutland. The Germans claimed a victory and there was great depression felt in Allied countries till the full news proved that British had smashed the Kaiser's fleet. It was a costly but great victory for our navy, and the British maintained their sea-power unimpaired.

4. Canadians distinguished themselves in desperate battle at Zillebeke. Major-General Mercer was among killed.

5. The Russians started offensive against Bukovina and Gallacia.

6. Yuan Shih Kai, president of the Chinese Republic, died in Peking and was succeeded by Vice-President Li Yuan Hung.

Earl Kitchener and his staff were drowned en route for Russia when H.M.S. Hampshire struck a mine off Orkney Islands.

7. Germans took Fort Vaux.

8. Russians smashed through Austrian front for 100 miles, taking over 300,000 prisoners during several weeks.

11. Charles Evans Hughes chosen as Republican presidential candidate.

12. Austrians evacuated Czernowitz.

13. Hon. J. J. Poy died.

15. Democrats selected Woodrow Wilson as their presidential candidate.

18. Count von Moltke, late chief of German general staff, dropped dead.

20. Murray Government (Liberal) returned to power in Nova Scotia.

22. Arabs rebelled against Turk rule and seized sacred city of Mecca.

23. Prince Alexander of Teck, who was to have been new Governor-General of Canada, excused on account of military duties.

Official announcement made that Duke of Devonshire would succeed Duke of Connaught as Canada's Governor-General. Italians regained the Trentino lines.

28. Dr. Karl Liebknecht, "bravest man in Germany," sent to jail for 30 months for attacking Government.

29. Sir Roger Casement sentenced to death for high treason.

The great Russian victory in Galicia was the beginning of the Allied successes, and it proved for the first time in the war that trench lines could be broken.

JULY.

1. Battle of the Somme commenced. The French and the British captured 12 villages and 10,000 Germans.

3. Hetty Green, known as the richest woman in the world, died in New York at the age of 82.

6. Germans tried a large counter offensive on the Somme which failed.

Hon. David Lloyd-George was appointed Secretary of War, with the Earl of Derby, Director of Recruiting, as Under Secretary of War.

Russia and Japan signed a pact to maintain peace in the Far East.

## SUGGESTED Christmas Gifts

We carry a large stock of Rogers' 1847 Silverware in different patterns

Tea Spoons . . . \$4.00 per doz. Knives and Forks \$5.00 per doz.  
Dessert Spoons . 5.00 " Cold Meat Forks . . . \$1.25  
Table Spoons . . 6.00 " Butter Knives . . . 75c-\$1.25

Cut Glass and Nickel-plated ware, Carvers, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Hockey Skates and Sticks, Flashlights, Child's Rockers, Child's Snow Shovels.

A look in our windows will help you greatly in your selection of suitable Christmas Gifts.

## JAMES WRIGHT & SON

Mitts and Gloves Guns and Rifles

## THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

GLENCOE BRANCH

Dec. 24, 1920 Credit Balance \$ 1.00 \$ 002.39

The above is the amount your bank book will show ten years from now if you begin AT ONCE to deposit one dollar each week. The systematic saving will win the goal of independence. Twenty years from now the amount would be \$1,416.00.

Begin NOW by opening a Christmas account. Do not delay. One dollar a week is often mispent.

GLENCOE BRANCH J. A. McKellar, Manager

## WESTERN BUSINESS COLLEGE

"THE LEADING COMMERCIAL SCHOOL OF WESTERN ONTARIO"

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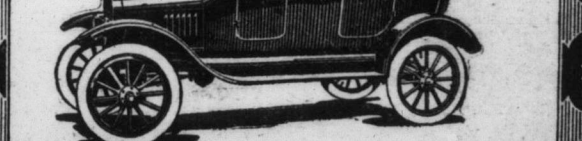
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## New Prices August 1st, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

Chassis	\$450.00
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Coupelet	695.00
Town Car	780.00
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These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

A. Duncanson - Agent, Glencoe



## THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

### Or The Sunlight of Love

#### CHAPTER XVII.—(Cont'd).

"I am," said Leroy. "What is it you want?"

"I want to ask you a question," returned the other, bringing his face closer to Adrian, who recoiled involuntarily—the very smell of the fustian clothes offending his delicate nostrils.

The man noticed this, and frowned even more heavily.

"You're a gentleman," he said, "leastways I s'pose you calls yourself such—p'raps you'll act like one."

Kindly make haste and tell me what you want, my good fellow," said Adrian impatiently. He did not know but that this was a preliminary to an attempt to rob him, and he was in no mood for a brawl.

"Oh, I'll be quick enough for you," was the sullen reply. "You don't remember me, you say; p'raps you'll remember my name—Wilfer—Johann Wilfer."

"Johann Wilfer," repeated Adrian, thoughtfully and slowly, wondering where he had heard the name before.

"Yes, Johann Wilfer, Picture Restorer, Cracknell Court, Soho."

"Oh!" said Adrian, as a burst of memory dawned on him. "I remember you now. What is it you want? But tell me first, has the girl Jessica returned yet?"

"That's just like you swells," growled the man. "Nothing like getting your word in first." Has she returned to me? You know jolly well she ain't. She won't come back to me, till you've done with 'er, I'll be bound."

Adrian started, as the significance of the accusation dawned on him. He had thought more than once of the girl, with her dark eyes and silken hair. What had become of her? What, alas! could have been her fate, if she had not returned to this man, her guardian.

"What do you mean?" he said now, sternly.

"What I say," retorted Mr. Wilfer. "She ain't returned to me, an' that's my question to you. Where is she, an' what 'ave you done with her?"

"How should I know what has become of her?" answered Leroy, genuinely startled. "Do you dare to insinuate that I know where she is? I have never seen her nor heard of her."

"That's a lie," said the man shortly. Leroy surveyed him for a moment.

"You are impertinent," he said, in his clear tones. "Stand aside, and let me pass."

Mr. Wilfer thrust his hands into his pockets, and stood his ground.

"That won't go down with me," he said insolently. "I want to know where my niece is; and by Heaven, I'll know too!"

Leroy stopped short.

"She was your niece, you say?"

"She was," said the man, "though it's no business of yours; she belonged to me."

"So I presume, or you would not have ill-treated her," retorted Adrian dryly. "When did you see her last?"

"Over a month ago—as well you know," returned Wilfer coarsely. "She ran off the morning you came gallivanting after her."

Adrian could have knocked the man down, but he restrained the longing, and said instead:

"I thought you told me she'd robbed you, and had run away? That was a lie, I suppose?"

"Course it was. Who wouldn't lie to save his gal from such as you fine gentlemen? I know yer, so it's no use coming this talky-talky surprise with me. You just tell me where she is."

"I tell you," reiterated Adrian, "I have never seen the child since the night I took her from the cold. Stand out of my path, or I shall have you over to the police."

Mr. Wilfer laughed.

"So that's your answer, is it? Call away, my fine gentleman, call away." He glanced round the deserted path from the corner of his shifty eyes; then with a snarl of a savage beast, he sprang upon Leroy, and strove to bring him to the ground.

But he was no match for Adrian, who beneath all his listless mannerism possessed a grasp of steel and the strength of a gladiator. Almost shuddering at the touch of the man's greasy clothes, Leroy seized his arms, and lifting him off the ground as though he were a terrier, gave him, lightly and easily, over the park railings, which edged the by-path where they stood.

Johann Wilfer was too astonished for a moment to do anything but recover his breath, and Leroy, setting his disarranged cuffs, walked calmly away.

With a furious oath Wilfer sprang up, jumped back over the railings, and was about to pursue Leroy, when from behind him a hand was put on his collar, and he was borne rapidly and silently to the ground.

Meanwhile, Adrian, all unconscious of his deliverance from further disturbance, pursued his way to the theatre.

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

Mr. Johann Wilfer glared vengefully at the smooth face of his assailant, and, struggling still, breathed out, with a choice assortment of oaths, the question:

"Who are you? What do you want?"

"Questions we will leave for the present, my friend," was the reply. "Are you going to struggle much longer, because if so, I shall be under the painful necessity of using still greater force."

Mr. Wilfer lessened his movements. "So you decide to take things quietly. Wist man! Now have the goodness to rise and let me see to whom I have the pleasure of speaking."

Whereupon our friend, Mr. Jasper Vermont, released Johann's throat from the pressure of his knee—for it was by this means he had controlled the other's movements—and allowed him to rise to his feet. It was a very sullen and altogether puzzled individual that stood waiting, uncertain whether to listen to his captor's next words or to make his escape.

Jasper eyed him as a cat does a mouse, or the watch for the slightest attempt to move.

"So!" he said, as he took out his cigar-case, and drew forth one of Leroy's choice Regalia's. "So! Now we are on our feet again, we oow—well I must say, none the less a ruffian."

The man turned savagely as if about to run away, but Jasper was too quick for him; with a grip of steel he caught hold of the other's arm.

"Not so fast," he said quickly. "What is your name, my friend?"

"What's that to you?" queried Mr. Wilfer naturally enough, as he settled his ragged scarf, which, during the struggle, had become uncomfortably tightened.

"That is my affair," replied his opponent politely; "perhaps it is merely curiosity. But as a matter of fact, I think I have had the pleasure of meeting you before, and I never like to forget old friends."

"Come, let me think," Vermont continued, "were you ever at Canterbury?"

Mr. Wilfer started violently.

"Ah! I am on the right track. I remember now; it was a little inn in the summer time, a beautiful moonlight night."

"Wasn't me," snarled Wilfer, though his face was pale.

"I thought you were there," said his tormentor as cheerfully and triumphantly as if the other had admitted it. "You're not a good liar," he continued. "If a man can't do that sort of thing, well, he'd better stick to the truth. At a little inn in Canterbury. Yes, I remember it all now. I'm glad my memory does not play me tricks. My grasp tightened on Wilfer's sleeve. 'I don't like tricks,' he purred. 'How strange that we should meet again. I think at that time you were an artist; yes, that is what you called yourself, and there was a pretty little girl with you and you called her your wife. Oh! yes, my friend, you were good at 'calling' things."

"Look here," growled Wilfer, getting his word in at last. "You just stow it. I don't know you."

"No, I know you don't," said his companion imperturbably. "But you will; oh, yes, you will! Let us go back to Canterbury, where you manufactured such beautiful pictures."

Wilfer moved uneasily.

"Beautiful pictures," continued the mocking voice, "all by Rubens and Raphael and Titian. I shouldn't be surprised if that was one of yours I saw at the Countess of Merivale's to-day, the portrait of a gentleman, sold for £300. There was a warrantly with it, signed, sealed and delivered by a Mr. Johann Wilfer."

"I didn't, it wasn't," the man stammered, his face almost green in hue, his figure trembling with anger and fear.

Mr. Vermont smiled. He had his man safe and sound.

"Who the fiend are you?" commenced Wilfer, recovering himself; but Vermont's smooth voice interrupted him.

"I was right, I see! What a strange coincidence, Mr. Wilfer, that I should see your really admirable Rubens in the afternoon, and run against—perhaps I should say, knock you down—in the evening."

Mr. Wilfer was goaded to desperation.

"Look here," he almost shouted, "I don't care if you're the old 'un himself; but that's enough of your jaw. What's your game anyhow? S'pose you did see me in a pub at Canterbury along of a young party, s'pose I am an artist, an' I did sell an old master, that ain't no business of yours; that don't give you the right to knock me down or interfere with me, so now then!"

"Finished?" enquired Vermont, pleasantly. "I quite agree with you, Mr. Wilfer—on some points; but it is greatly my business, as you will see. Had I not come up at that moment, I wonder if my friend would be as safe as he is now."

"Your friend," echoed the other. "Is Mr. Adrian Leroy your friend?"

"He is indeed," replied Jasper with a grin. "Now suppose you tell me what you two gentlemen were discussing."

"Suppose I don't?" retorted Wilfer insolently. "You find out for yourself, if you're so clever, Mr. Know-all; I'm off. He tried to push past Vermont and thus effect his escape; but he was not so get off so lightly."

Jasper removed his cigar, which he had been puffing, and dropping his soft, mocking tone, said sternly.

"Stand back; go and sit on that bench. I haven't done with you yet, Johann Wilfer."

"I shan't," was the worthy's prompt answer.

"Then I shall call the police," returned Vermont, pulling out his silver cab whistle.

Wilfer started back.

"Call 'em!" he said defiantly. "I don't care. What's the police to me, as I should be scared of 'em?"

"A great deal," was the calm answer. "If you are mad-enough to disobey me, I shall whistle for the police; they will find me struggling with a most villainous-looking ruffian, whom I instantly give in charge for assault and robbery of my dear friend, Mr. Leroy, who has gone in search of assistance."

"It's all a lie," shouted Wilfer furiously.

"Appearances would be too strongly against you, my friend. The law is 'a' haws, as doubtless you have heard before; and when it comes in the shape of a blue-coated, helmeted and thick-headed policeman, whose word do you think would be believed, yours or mine—to say nothing of this evidence."

Stooping, he picked up Leroy's gold watch and chain, which had fallen from his pocket during his struggle with Wilfer. "I found this in your hand. A clear case of assault and robbery, with penal servitude to follow."

Mr. Wilfer, dazed by the thickly-meshed net drawn round him, eyed the watch and yielded.

"Curse you!" he said. "You're a knowing one, an' no mistake."

Jasper smiled.

"Thank you," he said; "a genuine compliment, and a candid one. Now then, to business. What did you want with Mr. Leroy?"

(To be continued).

#### MASCOTS AT THE ZOO.

Big Supply of Wild Animals Cannot Be Kept by Regiments.

The Zoo has a new interest nowadays. It has become a hostel for regimental mascots, says London Tit-Bits. The public is largely to blame for this influx of mascots. People hear, for example, that a Welsh unit is entitled to march a goat at its head, and forthwith that quartermaster's office becomes something like a scene in a Swiss valley. But when people continue to send bears to the Canadians, it becomes a question at last of one half of the battalion protecting the other half while on parade—or the Zoo.

As for deer and gazelles, regiments had badged with suggestions of these creatures might have had venison twice a week. There is a little herd of mascots now deposited at the Zoo. And no fewer than six black bears.

There is also Bill in the monkey house, who, when the T. B. man visited the Zoo the other day was sitting in his cage looking so sad, haughty, and lonely that a lady suggested that perhaps he was only just caught, and was thinking of bananas and orchids and palm trees. "Not 'e, mum," murmured a sailor, who had just come up. "E's thinkin' of the Battle of Jutland. E ain't got over it yet."

At that moment Bill caught sight of the sailor's cap, made joyous sounds, and played a tattoo on the netting with the soles of his feet.

"Bill," whispered the sailor. "Action stations."

Bill gave a wild cry, fell over backwards, and was in the furthest corner of the cage in two grand leaps. There he clung, shivering. "Poor old Bill!" said the sailor. "His ship was a light cruiser of the best. She was in the Dogger Bank fight, and Bill thought then 'ad learned everything about naval warfare. E got too proud, because later on 'e heard the guns of Jutland, quite close. Then 'e got into the rigger' and stayed there for two days."

#### BAD WINTER FOR SWISS.

Crowded With Refugees and Food and Coal Scarce.

Food is scarce in Switzerland and the problem of keeping the nation from going hungry is further complicated by the presence of half a million foreigners, consisting of refugees, men, women and children, students, ecclesiastics, from Poland, Belgium and the Balkan States.

Destruction, sequestration, bodily removal and theft of the contents of factory, warehouse, shop and chateau from Lorraine to Serbia by the Huns has accomplished a cruel and bewildering work for thousands of exiles now in Switzerland.

The Swiss army is still mobilized and must be fed.

There are thousands of wounded soldiers interned in camps and at hotels, besides relatives who have come to see the survivors. Switzerland has no coal mine, and Germany is reducing exports of German coal.

Egg shipments from France and Italy have ceased, and chocolate and coffee have doubled in price. Meats and all other supplies are getting scarce, and the outlook for the winter in Switzerland is not very bright.

# Redpath SUGAR



2 and 5 lb. Cartons—10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

When you pay the price of first quality sugar, why not be sure that you get it? There is one brand in Canada which has no second quality—that's the old reliable Redpath.

"Let Redpath Sweeten it."

Made in one grade only—the highest!

## The Farm

### Don't Separate Cold Milk.

During the winter and cold weather milk should be warmed before separating. Any separator of whatever make will not do thorough work when separating cold milk, and it is impossible to keep it at a favorable temperature without warming it. But-ter fat, worth \$600 a ton, is too high-priced to feed to calves and hogs, and every precaution should be taken to ensure close skimming by the separator, especially the precaution of warming the milk during cold weather, if the temperature drops much after milking.

The cows are well advanced in their lactation periods, which cause a minimum milk production and there being a smaller quantity of this, it more quickly radiates its heat than during the summer. Then the milk is more viscous at this season and separating conditions must be favorable if close skimming is to be expected.

The milk may be warmed by the addition of warm water, or by setting it on the back of a stove in a pan of water until it is sufficiently warm.

The addition of warm water lessens the viscosity of the milk, and accomplishes the double result of heating it to the proper temperature and of making it in a more favorable separating condition. The milk ought to be at least 90 degrees and never colder than 80 degrees.

During the winter when only a few cows are being milked, it may be advisable to separate only once daily, preferably in the morning. When this is practiced, night's milk should be strained carefully and kept in a cool, clean room where it will not freeze. Then in the morning it should be warmed gradually until it has reached the proper temperature. It is well to keep it warm for an hour or two before separating so that the fat particles can warm thoroughly. If it is simply heated to the separating temperature, the milk serum will warm while the fat globules will remain at a colder temperature.

The separator ought to be warmed before turning on the milk, by running through a few quarts of warm water. If it is cold, as it is sure to be, it will chill the milk, and the separating be incomplete.

### Horse Talk.

Prepare roomy quarters for the colts.

A growing colt tied by the head in a stall all winter will be injured more or less.

Colts should be taught to stand tied in a standing stall, but should not be kept in them "day in and day out."

Roomy box stalls for stormy days and nights, and the yard or paddock for pleasant days, is the proper winter treatment of the colts and the idle horses.

It is of the highest importance that all growing colts have all the exercise they will take naturally.

Colts of the roadster type require more range for exercise than the draft breeds.

Do not depend upon the frost-bitten grass, but give sufficient feed in the stables to keep up fine condition. There is positive loss in letting a colt grow thin in flesh.

With proper care and judgment in handling, a fall colt will be nearly full profit.

Values are soaring for all high-class horses.

There is a steady and increasing demand for riding and driving ponies.

### CLERGYMAN COMMANDERS.

Two British Regiments Have Divines At Their Heads.

It is not generally known that two British regiments are commanded by clergymen. Lieut.-Col. Beresford, of the 2-3 London Regiment (R.F.), is in holy orders. His promotion came in the ordinary way, and he was transferred from second in command of a line regiment to his present command. The Rev. W. E. Wingfield (formerly curate of St. Paul's, Portman Sq.), of St. Catherine's, Wigan, and All Saints', Southport, is now lieutenant-colonel in charge of a brigade of artillery.

### Cheaper.

"Given up the idea of moving, old man?"

"Yes; we've changed the furniture around and imagine we're living in a new house."

## NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Women help in road-lar spraying at Chiswick.

A war shrine 5 ft. 6 inches high has been erected outside St. Peter's Canterbury.

Stoke Newington has sent \$3250 to the National Committee for Relief in Belgium.

Sea lamprens have recently been caught in eel pots in the Thames at Teddington Weir.

A wing is to be placed to Dovercourt Cottage Hospital, as a memorial to Captain Fryatt.

The curfew bell is being rung at Wigan every evening as a warning for the subduing of lights.

An agreement has been reached by which skilled engineers are exempted from military service.

Millbank Boys' School has been commandeered by the War Office as a club for Dominion troops.

Eastbourne Guardians are recommending poor people to buy clogs instead of boots for their children.

Mrs. Hannah Anker, the oldest fishmonger in England, has just died at Peterborough at the age of 96.

A proposal is now before the corporation of South Shields for utilizing the public parks as vegetable gardens.

Burnley Weavers' Association paid \$7055 upon 208 claims for death benefit in respect of men killed in the war.

New war bonuses, involving an annual outlay of \$26,005, are recommended for employees of Newcastle Corporation.

Two Manchester city councillors have volunteered for service in connection with the construction of roads in France.

There are, at the lowest estimate, 50,000 disabled soldiers discharged from the military hospitals as unfitted for further service.

The total number of fatal accidents in the Royal Flying Corps, military wing, in the last twelve months is 98.

The museum attached to Camberwell Art Gallery has been commandeered by the military authorities for a recruiting office.

Because of the increasing price of milk, Liverpool City Council is to be asked by the labor representatives to establish a municipal supply.

The "fetch your own loaf" system, by which the consumer gets the loaf one cent cheaper, is being adopted by many South London bakers.

Actors' public playing fields have been placed under cultivation as allotments and have been let out by the council for the production of "war food supplies."

There are now 2300 old boys of St. Paul's School serving in the forces. The roll of honor numbers 226 and 27 old Paulines have been awarded the D.S.O.

Broadstairs Tribunal passed a resolution to the effect that a movement should be organized to safeguard businesses owned by single individuals called to the colors.

Rear-Admiral Stuart, C.B., unveiled the portrait in oils of Jack Cornwall, V.C., the boy hero of the Jutland fight, which has been presented to Grimsby Hospital.

### TO USE COUNTY SEATS.

Government Employment Bureau Will Have Them in Touch.

A new plan is likely to be adopted before very long by the Ontario Government Employment Bureau by which the forty-five county agents of the Department of Agriculture will be employed as agents for supplying farmers with necessary help.

By so doing the department will save some money, and also the farmers will be able to keep in touch with the men who advise them as to the management of their farms and get from them the men they require to hire for work on the farm.

In the United States the post offices have been used, and the country banks, but it is thought the employment of the county agents will work out much more satisfactorily.

"It will link up the county agents with the farmers, and the two departments can easily co-operate in this matter," say the officials of the department. "The work will be carried on in the same office. The farmer has been used to looking to the government agent about advice for his farm, and he will feel more like looking to the agent for his farm help if this is carried out."

### Hottest Place on Earth.

Muscat, the capital of Oman, on the Persian Gulf, is called the "hottest place on earth" by a writer in Travel. The day he arrived in this ancient capital the thermometer registered 125 degrees Fahrenheit. To escape the midday heat the inhabitants resort to underground shelters, called "serads," the sunken windows of which are stuffed with brush that is sprinkled with water so as to establish a current of cool air. As the centre of the date trade, Muscat is in frequent communication with America.

If you can't say something good of the other fellow you're a poor observer.

### The World's Deepest Mine.

The deepest mine works in any part of the world are in Brazil, says Railway Age. One of the mines of St. John Del Ray Mining Company, Limited, has reached the vertical depth of 5,826 feet, and since the vein shows no sign of losing its size or value the company is considering means of continuing to a vertical depth of 7,626 feet.



## From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S GREEN SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to All True Irish-Canadians.

The Athlone Guardians have refused a war bonus to the relieving and sanitary sub-officers.

Hundreds of navies are being imported from Ireland for work at the Alexandra Docks, Newport.

A destructive fire occurred in Derry when the entire stock of Alex. Byrne, draper, was practically destroyed.

Lettin County Council has refused the application of their assistant county surveyor for an increase in salary.

Two dollars forty cents has been freely given in Roscommon for loads of turf that were formerly considered dear at \$1.20.

Mr. Patrick T. Daly, T.C., who has been interned since the arrest after the rebellion was put down, has been released on parole.

A Workers' Protective Association has been established in Carlow, the object of which is to combat the increasing prices of living.

There are now sixteen gravel diggers at work in Glasnevin Cemetery, but the number of workers is still so short that burials are restricted.

Lord Dunraven says Ireland has not done her duty in the matter of enlistment, and if she does not do her duty, she will stand disgraced.

At the last meeting of the Carlow Board of Guardians, the master stated that there was only one able-bodied man in the workhouse, and he was an imbecile.

The Granard Guardians have decided to discontinue eggs as an article of diet for the workhouse officers, except on fast days, when two will be allowed to each officer.

The members of the V.A.D. Kilkeel, have through their president, the Countess of Kilmorke, remitted \$1250 to the Ulster Volunteer Force Hospital Fund in Belfast.

The programme of the Ministry of Munitions for producing munitions in Ireland is very elaborate and will necessitate the use of every building available throughout the country.

One of the stone arches of the Islandbridge bridge, between Abbeybeals and Kilmorke, collapsed as a result of the floods. It was erected a few years ago at a cost of about \$20,000.

A branch of the French Wounded Emergency Fund has been established for Dublin and the south of Ireland, under the patronage of the Countess Farnham and several other ladies.

The Committee of the Belfast Cooperative Society adopted a resolution protesting against the non-inclusion of Ireland in the Government scheme for controlling food supplies.

In view of the Defence of the Realm regulations, the Chief Secretary for Ireland has ordered that railway excursion traffic, not necessary for the business interests, shall be discontinued during the war.

Considerable dissatisfaction is felt in Belfast and the north of Ireland in regard to the sugar supply. Although the price has been fixed by the Sugar Commission, in many districts this is ignored.

### BEAUTIES OF THE BIBLE

Speaks Language of All Ages and All Climes.

This grand old Book of God still stands, and will continue to stand, through science and philosophy are ever changing their countenances and passing away, says Tayler Lewis. It is one of the few things in our world that never becomes obsolete. It speaks the language of all ages and is adapted to all climes. Ever clear and ever young it has the same power for the later as for the early mind; it is as much the religious vernacular of the Occidental as of the Oriental races. Instead, then, of being its defect, it is its great, its divine wisdom, that it commits itself to no scientific system or scientific language, whilst yet it brings before the mind those primal facts which no science can ever reach, and for this purpose uses those first vivid conceptions which no changes in science and no obsolescence in language can ever wholly impair.

### GOOD THINGS FOR SERVANTS.

British Have to Cater to Their Domesticities Now.

The difficulties of obtaining domestic servants are increasing, says a London paper. All kinds of inducements are being offered to girls to go into "service," and it is now becoming quite common for maids to be informed that cotton dresses and caps are not insisted upon and that in place of the stereotyped black frock, colored frocks will be provided for them. Many society women in addition to having reduced their maids' aprons to almost microscopic proportions, have furnished the girls with such smartly cut dresses that visitors not having an extended acquaintance with their hostesses are curiously embarrassed. They fear that when handing their umbrellas to these attractively dressed girls on making their calls they may be mistaking a member of the family for the maid.

## Putting Punch in Preparedness is not a question of guns and shells alone—it is a question of men—and you have to build men out of food.

Be prepared for the critical moments in life by eating **Shredded Wheat**, a food that supplies the greatest amount of muscle-building material with the least tax on the digestive organs. For breakfast with milk or cream or fruits.



Made in Canada.

## NEW EXPLOSIVE DRIVE GERMAN OUT

MADE BY FRENCH CHEMIST FOR FORTS AT VERDUN.

Paul Painleve Extraordinary Figure in French Public Life To-day.

Paul Painleve, a French chemist, is the real cause of the Germans being driven out of the outer forts of Verdun. He it was who invented the mysterious explosive against which their field fortifications went down and before whose onslaught the Germans had to retire in a week more than they advanced in eight months of the hardest fighting the world has ever seen. As a chemist, Painleve lectures before eager classes of the Sorbonne. According to The London Chronicle, his prodigious intellectual powers were manifest before he reached his teens.

A Prodigy Arrives.

His teacher in the lay school at Paris decided that a prodigy had arrived. Paul was soon idling while the rest of his class had to work, yet knew his lessons perfectly. The teacher went to the director, who declared that the boy could be examined for promotion into the next higher class. In due time the same kind of report of Paul was again handed in. He was examined for promotion again and again he went up to a higher class. The process was continued until Paul was in peril of promotion out of the school altogether. At last the director was convinced that he had a marvel of a mind to deal with. Paul was discovered. No pains were spared with him. A special prize was even procured from some source. It is affirmed that in his eleventh year he could have taken a bachelor's degree at the university.

Leader of Men.

M. Briand, Premier of France, is quoted as having declared that Painleve is a born leader of men with an unparalleled capacity for administration. Clemenceau pronounced him an inspired debater. The effectiveness of Painleve in the laboratory is based upon qualities totally different from those which win him success in politics. He has a passion for order, symmetry, harmony, method in his researches. "You are an old maid!" the late Henri Poincare is alleged to have told him. "Minerva was an old maid," he replied with his characteristic smile. "She came down full grown from the head of Jove and was never young." Poincare, himself the supreme mathematician of his time, despaired of the universal Painleve, who took all science for his province.

His Political Triumph.

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glory of his political triumph. He would hold a class spellbound at the Sorbonne with the delicacy of his researches into the theory of light, heat and sound, and repair at night to a packed hall for the sake of haranguing disoriented proletarians. "Do not think," asked Poincare after a riot in which his friend got a blow on the nose, "that you might abandon your absurd politics?" "That is all very fine for you," retorted Painleve, "for you can go shooting in the forest of Rambouillet whenever you please; but I am poor and my only recreation is politics."

Knows Sorrows of Poor.

Painleve knows what the sorrows of the poor must mean to him. His own mother has often told him of her hard lot as a girl. He has seen his father go all winter with a threadbare coat and with shoes that did not keep his feet from touching the ground. His parents were of the working class and little Paul had to go about in his father's patched trousers until the school age was reached. He was brought up until his tenth year in one of the meanest neighborhoods in Paris. His parents were so poor that they could not afford wine. Paul was given water sweetened with sugar and bread with no butter. Once a week there was meat. He slept in a large packing-case. Such were the ordinary worldly circumstances of the most extraordinary figure in French public life to-day.

### A CAUSE OF INDIGESTION

People Who Complain of This Trouble Usually Are Thin Blooded.

Thin blooded people usually have stomach trouble. They seldom recognize the fact that thin blood is the cause of the trouble, but it is. In fact, thin, impure blood is the most common cause of stomach trouble. It affects the digestion very quickly. The glands that furnish the digestive fluid are diminished in their activity; the stomach muscles are weakened, and there is a loss of nerve force. In this state of health nothing will more quickly restore the appetite, the digestion and normal nutrition than good, rich, red blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood, making it rich and red, and this enriched blood strengthens weak nerves, stimulates tired muscles and awakens the normal activity of the glands that supply the digestive fluids. The first sign of improving health is an improved appetite, and soon the effect of these blood-making pills is evident throughout the system. You find that what you eat does not distress you, and that you are strong and vigorous instead of irritable and listless. This is proved by the case of Mrs. J. Harris, Gerard St., Toronto. "After I was thirty-three years ago I was seized with a severe attack of indigestion and vomiting. My food seemed to turn sour as soon as I ate it, and I would turn so deathly sick that sometimes I would fall on the floor after vomiting. I tried a lot of home remedies, but they did not help me. Then I went to a doctor who gave me some powders, but they seemed actually to make me worse instead of better. This went on for nearly two months and by that time my stomach was in such a weak state that I could not keep down a drink of water, and I was wasted to a skeleton and felt that life was not worth living. I was not married at this time and one Sunday evening on the way to church with my intended husband I was taken with a bad spell on the street. He took me to a drug store where the clerk fixed up something to take, and my intended got me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. By the end of the first week I could feel some improvement from the use of the pills, and I gladly continued taking them until every symptom of the trouble was gone, and I was again enjoying the best of health. These pills are now my standby and I tell all my friends what they did for me."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box, six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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## YOUNG FOLKS

How The Quail Won a Name.

This isn't the story of the Bob White you know. It is a story of that long ago time way back in the beginning of things when the world was young, and yet I guess it is just as much our own Bob White's story as it is in his great-great-great-great-grandfather's. You see it is because of it, of what happened in that long ago time, that Bob White is Bob White.

"In those days Old Mother Nature was just starting things. So she started a great many of the little people off in life, and told them to make the best of things as they found them in the Great World, and do as well as they could while she was attending to other matters.

"Now one of these little people was a plump little person in a coat of reddish-brown feathers. He was Mr. Quail, the great-great-great-great-grandfather of all the Quails. To Mr. Quail, as to all the others, Old Mother Nature said: 'The Great World is new. There is a place in it for you, but you must find that place for yourself. There is work for you to do, but you must find out for yourself what it is. When you have real need of anything, come to me, but don't bother me until you do have. No one who proves to be helpless or useless will live long. Now run along and prove whether or not you have the right to live.'

"There are two things for me to find out," said Mr. Quail to himself, "what I can't do and what I can do. The sooner I find out what I can't do, the more time I'll have to find out what I can do. I've got wings, and that means that Old Mother Nature intends me to fly. I'm glad of that. It must be fine to sail around up in the air and see all that is going on down below." High overhead Old Mistah Buzzard was sailing round and round in the sky, with hardly a motion of his broad wings. Little Mr. Quail watched him a long time, and a great longing to do the same thing filled him. At last he sprang into the air, and right then he made a discovery.

He must beat his wings with all his might in order to stay in the air. When he stopped beating them, he held them spread out as Old Mistah Buzzard did, he found that he simply sailed a little way straight ahead and then began to come down. He must keep those wings moving very fast or else come down to the ground. Then he made another discovery: in a very little while his wings were so tired that he just had to stop flying.

"Little Mr. Quail squatted in the grass and panted for breath. He was disappointed terribly disappointed. 'It's plain to me that Old Mother Nature doesn't intend I shall spend my time sailing about in the air,' said he. 'He scratched his pretty little head thoughtfully. 'I can fly pretty fast for a short distance,' he continued, talking to himself, 'but that is all. That must mean that I have been given wings for use only in time of need. There are some birds flitting about in a tree. They seem to be having a good time. This I'll join them. If I can't sail about in the air, the next best thing will be flitting about in the trees.'

"So after he had rested a bit, little Mr. Quail flew to the tree where the other birds were flitting about, and there he made another disappointing discovery. Try as he would he couldn't flit about as they did. Moreover, he didn't feel comfortable perched in a tree for any length of time. It made his toes ache to bend them around the branch on which he was sitting. He watched the other birds and his bright eyes soon discovered that their feet were different from his feet. Their toes were made to clutch twigs and hold them there comfortably, and his were not. 'Old Mother Nature doesn't intend I shall spend my time in trees,' said he sorrowfully, and flew down to the ground once more.

"Right away his feet felt better. All the ache left them. It was good to be on the ground. Pretty soon he began to run about. It was good to run about. He felt as if he could run all day without getting tired. Hunting for food, he discovered that if his toes were not made for perching in trees they certainly were made for scratching over leaves and loose earth where stray seeds were hiding. Then he made still another discovery. His coat was just the right color to make it hard work for others to see him when he squatted down close to the ground. If an enemy did discover

him, his stout little wings took him out of danger like a bullet.

"Little by little it came over him that he had found his place in the Great World, which was, on the ground most of the time. But he remembered what Old Mother Nature had said about work to do, and this worried him a little. One day he watched Mr. Toad catching bugs. Old Mr. Toad was grumbling. 'I can't keep up with these pesky bugs,' said he. 'When I get my stomach full I have to wait for it to get empty again before I can catch any more. But they don't wait. They keep right on eating all the time, and there won't be any green things left if I don't have help.'

"Little Mr. Quail grew thoughtful. Then he started in to catch bugs, too, so as to give the green things a chance to grow. He had found work to do, and he did it with all his might. He forgot he ever had wanted to sail around in the air or flit about in the trees. He had found his place in the Great World, and he had found work to do, and he had found in these the secret of the truest happiness. He was so happy that he had to tell his neighbors about it. So every morning, just before starting work, he would fly up on a stump and whistle with all his might, and what he tried to say was: 'All—right! All—right! All—right!' But what his neighbors thought he said was: 'Bob—Bob White! Bob—Bob White!'

## TRAPPERS! Send your RAW FURS to JOHN HALLAM

and receive highest cash prices. We send money the same day the furs are received. No commissions—pay all charges. We have paid out millions of dollars to thousands of trappers in Canada, who send their furs to us because they know they get a better deal, and receive more money for their furs. You will gain. We pay more than any other fur dealer in Canada. For cash than any other five firms in Canada. Hallam's Trapper Guide (free) Hallam's Trapper's Catalogue Hallam's Fur Buyer's Guide Hallam's Fur Style Book (free) Hallam's Fur Buyer's Guide (free) Address as follows: JOHN HALLAM Limited 120 Hallam Building, Toronto

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## AFTER-HOLIDAY CLEARANCES - BIG REDUCTIONS

This is the annual stock adjustment after the heavy Christmas buying, when we put the desire to reduce stocks ahead of profit-making. This week's offerings are all at substantially reduced prices, and the entire store shares in the event.

### Women and Young Women!

The Coat clearances offer enormous values this week. Women's and Young Women's Mixed Tweeds in new fifty-styles, \$4.95 to \$10.75. Absolutely every Coat in our stock reduced \$5.00 for one big clearance.

### Remarkable Values in Underwear and Hosiery

**400 Sweater Coats for Men, Women, Boys and Girls**  
Sweaters to fit everyone, at prices that today would be impossible for us to buy wholesale. Men's Good, Heavy Sweaters, good collar and good fitter, reg. price \$1.50, for 98c. Sweater Coats worth \$2.50 for \$1.49.

### Men! Can You Afford to Miss It?

**Men's Suit and Overcoat Clearance**  
A Clothing Sale that will create the greatest selling activity ever seen in Glencoe.  
Men's \$12.50 Suits, in novelty and plain patterns, well made and trimmed. Sale price, \$9.25.  
Men's \$15.00 Suits. Here are positively the best \$15.00 Suits that can be produced. Sale price, \$11.75.  
Men's \$18.50 Suits, made from fashionable fabrics. Sale price, \$13.45.

### Terrific Cuts on Overcoats

### A Speedy Clearance

of New Waists and Ladies' Collars. The very latest styles.

### Shoes For the Whole Family

Just where you can save a lot of money. Right in the face of the great advance in shoe leather, we are going to give the people of Glencoe one more chance to secure their supply of Shoes before we are forced to raise the prices. Take this tip and buy. You will thank us in a month from now.

### Men's Wool Sox

3 pairs for \$1.00. Worth 50c a pair. This is a snap.

### All Christmas Dishes and Toys

marked away below half price.

### Fancy Slippers marked away down

### A Foreword

People know what to expect in the way of special values and price concessions when a "Mayhew" Clearance Sale of this kind is announced. All lines of which we have bought too heavily or that have not moved as rapidly as desired, and broken lines that we do not wish to make an inventory of, will be marked at prices-way below regular for quick clearance. We strongly advise you to come early to secure the cream of the many special values offered.

## E. MAYHEW & CO.

### The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1917

### Newbury

Lorne Heatherington was here for the holidays.

Carson Mann of Windsor was here for New Year's.

Miss Anna Gordon was home from Toronto for the Christmas holidays.

Ernest Archer, wife and baby Audrey of Windsor, have been visiting here.

Mrs. T. Dixon is spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Gray, at Shelburne.

Oliver Prangle and family of Plattville spent the holiday week at J. Grant's.

Pte. Cameron of the Highlanders and wife are visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Jeffery.

Mrs. Thos. Yates and daughter, Miss Weaver, spent Christmas with friends in Thamesville.

In another column will be found notice of the visit of the Jubilee Singers, Jan. 10th.

The Ladies' Institute have purchased a piano for the Town Hall from D. McRae of Glencoe.

Mrs. Parish and son Frank of Ottawa spent New Year's with her mother, Mrs. Robinson.

Mrs. George Churchill of London spent Christmas week with her parents at "Rose Hill Farm."

A. R. Gillett, who has been visiting at Newbury and in the vicinity for the past two weeks, returned to Detroit on Tuesday.

The municipal election passed off very quietly, being only for the reeve, A. Holman was re-elected. The votes polled were—A. Holman 56, C. Rush 25.

Christ church congregation and S. S. had a very enjoyable social evening in the town hall Friday evening. The children, with Miss Vera Hale of Wardsville, entertained with a splendid program of music and recitations.

The Methodist annual S. S. entertainment on Christmas night was well attended and was the usual success. The children presented Miss Ella Jeffery who so ably assisted in training them for the program, with a collection of Ralph Conner's books.

The annual Christmas entertainment of S. S. No. 7, Moss, took place on Dec. 21st. The programme consisted of dialogues, drills, recitations and speeches, after which the teacher, Miss Burchill, gave the presents to the pupils. Cameron Bayne of Newbury acted as chairman.

On the evening of the 10th of January, the Newbury Woman's Institute will hold their annual banquet in the town hall. This will be an open meeting for the general public. A programme will be given and a social evening spent. Admission, 10 cents. Proceeds for Red Cross purposes.

The play, "A Soldier's Sweetheart," given on New Year's night by the Newbury Dramatic Club, under the auspices of the Woman's Institute, was a splendid success. The town hall was packed and many could not even get standing room. In all probability this play will be given again in the near future. The proceeds are to pay for the piano recently purchased by the Institute. Proceeds of the evening, \$108.

### Melbourne

Thomas Coulter and Mr. and Mrs. Warner of Saskatchewan are the guests of Mrs. James Collier.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Hill of the Canadian West are the guests of the latter's mother, Mrs. Harvey.

The remains of C. Williamson arrived on Monday morning. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon at the Longwood cemetery.

Mrs. and Mrs. Rev. G. N. Hazen of Sarnia have returned to their home after spending the Christmas holidays with the former's mother, Mrs. Clarke, and sister.

The statement made in last week's issue that the articles donated by the Methodist Sunday school were sent to Mrs. (Rev.) T. E. Henderson should have read Mrs. (Rev.) T. E. Harrison of London.

### OAKDALE.

Murray Corlett, son of Chas. Corlett, is ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. G. Hunter of Brantford is visiting her sister, Mrs. Daniel McNeil.

Dr. Geo. McTaggart of London is spending his holidays with his parents here.

Mrs. Farr of Saskatchewan is spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Rae.

Mrs. Henry Mawlam and Mrs. John Summers were visiting friends in Moss last week.

Pte. Robert McFall of the 180th Battalion spent his holidays with his uncle, Robert Currie.

Miss Lulu Dykeman of St. Thomas is spending her holidays with her father, Joseph Dykeman.

Mrs. D. Thompson of Battleford, Sask., is going to spend the winter at her sister's, Mrs. George E. Brown's, with her mother, Mrs. Margaret Leitch.

George Bell, son of Wm. Bell, was married to Miss Maggie Barr at her home in Petrolia on Dec. 22nd. The happy couple are now on their honeymoon in Chicago.

### Cairo.

H. A. Summers is a London visitor.

A. D. Perry of Detroit is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Arnold.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Smith of Detroit are the guests of friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Smith of Walkerville are visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. Geo. Colhoun of Hamilton is the guest of her mother, Mrs. S. A. Annett.

Mrs. Miers of Appin conducted service in the Presbyterian church on 31st inst. A full house greeted Mr. Miers and enjoyed an interesting and eloquent address on "The Temptations of Christ." The choir rendered good service. Another pleasing feature of the service was a solo by Mrs. Stuart Smith, entitled "In the Garden," which was rendered with good effect.

One dose of Miller's Worm Powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are non-injurious in their composition, and while in some cases they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

### Wardsville

Mr. and Mrs. G. Love spent the holiday at Aylmer.

Fred Tuke of London spent the holiday with Leonard Purdy.

Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Wilson are visiting their sons in Toronto.

Brant Thomas of Wallaceburg spent the holiday with friends here.

Mrs. J. Purcell spent the past two weeks with friends in Buffalo.

T. Dewey of Detroit renewed acquaintances in town on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Watterworth of Stratford are visiting at his home here.

Mrs. Clair and children of Toronto are visiting her mother, Mrs. A. McVicar.

Miss Josie Walker of London spent last week with her aunt, Mrs. R. Yates.

P. O'Malley and daughter Agnes spent the holiday with his mother in Detroit.

Misses Kathleen Martyn and Edith Nichol of London spent the holiday at the former's home.

Misses Mabel Milner and Greta Cody and Earl Milner of Montreal, is visiting at his former home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson of St. Thomas spent the holidays with Mrs. Hugh Munroe.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornfoot and baby son of Mount Elgin are visiting at Archie McVicar's.

Wm. Leitch, Toronto, and Miss Campbell of Lobo are visiting at Donald Leitch's.

D. D. Campbell was elected the new trustee in No. 17 at the annual school meeting on Wednesday.

Rev. Dr. Smith will attend the opening of the new church at Comber, his former charge, next Sunday.

Misses Nettie, Edith and Margaret Dewar and John Dewar of Detroit and Mr. and Mrs. D. Mitchell and family of Brooke spent New Year's at Alex. Dewar's.

Malcolm and Margaret McAlpine of Dutton spent Monday at D. McGregors and were accompanied home by Miss Mary McAlpine, who has been visiting here for some time.

At the last meeting of the Burns' church literary society a good program was given, consisting of solos by Bughal Munroe and Garfield Munroe, and a debate. The subject of the debate was "Resolved that Ontario would be more prosperous under the license system than under the present system of prohibition." The affirmative was ably upheld by Dan Gallagher and Robert Campbell and the negative by D. W. Munroe and Angus Campbell. Decision was given in favor of the negative.

### BETHEL-METCALFE.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Olde are visiting with friends in St. Thomas.

Mabel Stevenson of Glencoe spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Earl Moore.

Carroll Kennedy of London spent last week with Chas. Towers and family.

Ues and Zaida Moore of Glencoe spent their holidays with Mrs. Thos. Towers.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Towers entertained a number of their friends on New Year's night.

Misses Anna McGill and Wave Campbell left on Tuesday to take a six month's course at the Westervelt Business College in London.

A CAREFULLY PREPARED PILL—Much time and attention were expended in the experimenting with ingredients that enter into the composition of Parolee's Vegetable Pills before they were brought to the state in which they were first offered to the public. Whatever other pills may be, Parolee's Vegetable Pills are the result of much expert study, and all persons suffering from dyspepsia or disordered liver and kidneys may confidently accept them as being what they are represented to be.

### Crinan

Miss Helen Matheson is spending her holidays at her home here.

A number from here attended the ball in Glencoe Friday evening.

Several from here attended the ball in Campbellton Friday evening.

The managers of Argyle church met in the vestry on Tuesday evening.

Rev. Mr. Malcolm of Newbury occupied Argyle pulpit on Sunday morning.

Miss Ila Taylor has returned to school in St. Thomas after spending her holiday at her home here.

At the school meeting on Wednesday A. J. McMurchy was re-elected trustee for a term of three years.

Mrs. John W. Armstrong has returned to her home after visiting her mother, Mrs. H. Johnson, con. 1.

Miss Annie Matheson has returned to school in St. Thomas after spending the New Year's holiday with her parents, con. 2.

The many friends here will be pleased to learn that Donald James McMillan of Cleveland, who is ill, is considerably better.

Rev. John D. McMillan, M.D., Ph.D., D. D., an old Crinan boy, who has been visiting his brothers on con. 2, has returned to his charge near Philadelphia.

The many friends here were sorry to hear of the death at Port Stanley on Friday of Mrs. D. N. Baldwin, formerly Miss Clara Montgomery of this place. Mrs. Baldwin had been in poor health for some time, but her death came unexpectedly to her friends here. She was in her 25th year. Memorial services were held on Saturday at the home at Port Stanley by Rev. E. H. Eastman of St. John's Presbyterian church, after which the remains were brought to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Montgomery, West Lorne. The funeral services were conducted on Monday at 2 o'clock by Rev. A. McD. Haig, interment being in Evergreen cemetery. Besides her husband, she leaves one small son, Duncan, her parents, five sisters and three brothers, all of West Lorne.

### Appin

Election passed off quietly. Parties and oyster suppers are the order.

Murray Fisher was home for the holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Edwards and son Earl are visiting in London.

Miss Eva Wightman of Burwell Road is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Mills.

Richard Richmond, formerly of Appin, was married in Alberta recently.

Pte. Angus McMaster is spending a few days at his father's, Jas. McMaster's.

Appin baseball club will hold a box social shortly for the benefit of the Red Cross.

L. H. Payne has been engaged as teacher in Appin school for 1917, doing away with a second teacher.

The Appin Improvement Society meets again on Thursday evening, Jan. 4th. There will be a good program.

Mrs. Ross Laughton of Granum, Alberta, and Mrs. F. Huston of London are visiting friends in Appin and vicinity.

### Kilmartin.

Sorry to report Archie McKellar on the sick list.

Mrs. Christina McIntyre is visiting at John Secord's.

Miss Jessie McLachlan is spending the holidays in Detroit.

Miss Becca Pollock of Brooke visited friends here on Sunday.

Mrs. D. D. Campbell and daughters visited in Warwick last week.

Duncan A. Campbell, Montreal, is visiting at his former home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Watson of St. Thomas spent the holidays with Mrs. Hugh Munroe.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornfoot and baby son of Mount Elgin are visiting at Archie McVicar's.

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### PARKDALE

Best wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

The Misses Smith spent Christmas with relatives at Wardsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Haggitt have moved to their new home.

The holiday visitors in this vicinity were James Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. Dolson, Port Alma; Mr. and Mrs. G. Campbell and two children, Merlin; Frank Campbell, Windsor; Mr. and Mrs. V. Watertown and children, Woodgreen; Miss Nellie Archer, Sutton; J. W. De graw, wife and family, Welland.

Let us figure on your building this winter. We can save you money—McPherson & Clarke.

## Give Now to the Patriotic Fund



### "Bear Ye One Another's Burdens"

'Tis an old saying—sometimes a hard one—but worthy of all acceptance.

Take a present-day illustration. British Columbia—out there under the setting sun—is helping to bear Ontario's burdens. She has sent to the front—that shell-torn front in France—a larger proportion of her manhood than has Ontario.

Therefore it comes to pass that we in Ontario are being asked to help in bearing British Columbia's burdens by helping its soldiers' families. It's a fair, a just, request. We all are in the same boat. We must bear one another's burdens. And if one Province, not rich in money, makes heavy calls on the Patriotic Fund, the richer Provinces must help out their poorer neighbor. Under a plan of each Province caring only for its own, the Province sending no men would spend no money. It would neither Fight nor Pay.

Ontario will need about six million dollars in 1917 for the families of its own soldiers. The Canadian Patriotic Fund is asking for that sum as a minimum below which the richest Province in the Dominion will not go. But, as a matter of fact, the Fund hopes Ontario will do still better—will bear another's burdens by helping out gallant British Columbia.

How stands the Western Province? It will require, in 1917, two million dollars for the families of its boys at the front. That is one-third of Ontario's requirements. But Ontario has probably more than seven times the population. British Columbia asks no favors. With only about 350,000 people—not rich in this world's goods, but rich in pluck and good red blood—it is undertaking to raise One Million Dollars for the Canadian Patriotic Fund! That equals \$2.86 per head. Ontario, if it raise six million, will be giving about \$2.38 per head.

But the Western Province will still be short One Million Dollars. Where is this sum to come from? Eastern Canada. And Ontario, if it wishes to help, can do so only to the extent to which its gifts to the Fund exceed Six Million Dollars.

A lot of money; isn't it? Yet less than British Columbia is giving, if measured on a per-capita basis, and far less if measured by ability to pay. There will be no difficulty in securing the Six Millions if three courses are followed:

1. If all County Councils make reasonably large grants to the national Fund.
2. If all towns, whether separated from their counties or not, will undertake campaigns for voluntary subscriptions.
3. If all citizens, in town or country, contribute fairly according to their means.

As to No. 1. The County Councils are beginning well. Simcoe has decided to largely increase its grant. For 1917 it will be the generous sum of \$120,000. Victoria, another county patriotic to the core, has doubled its grant, jumping it from \$2,500 a month in 1916 to \$5,000 in 1917. The majority of the County Councils will decide at the January sessions how large their grants will be. Public opinion will have great influence on the Councils. Every county ratepayer, sympathetic towards the Fund, should write or speak to his representative on the Council, endorsing a liberal grant. The small tax of three mills on the dollar raises a sum that constitutes a handsome contribution.

As to No. 2. Many towns ignore the duty of holding campaigns. This applies particularly to towns which pay a county tax. Yet this tax never represents a fair or just contribution to the Fund from men of moderate or large means. Practically it is based on what the poorer men can afford. The richer should give much more, and they can be reached only through a popular campaign. To relieve anxiety these campaigns should be held in January or February. Will not patriotic men and women in every town take up this duty? They can get all information as to organization and methods by writing to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, Ottawa. And the Fund will assist them also with a campaign of advertising.

As to No. 3. Patriotism of the individual is the basis of the Fund. Everything is built on it. If he will not make some sacrifice for the sake of the mothers, wives and children of the Fund men at the front, the Fund suffers, and they suffer with it. The average family on the Fund requires \$200 a year from it. It is the duty—it should be considered the privilege—of every Canadian stay-at-home to ask himself: For how many weeks, at \$4 a week, must I, in self-respect and in gratitude, take care of one of these families? If my county taxation for this purpose means that I am taking care of only one family for one week when I could do more, am I doing the right thing?

The answer to these questions will be found when he sits down and mails his extra gift to the Treasurer of his local Fund, or to

THE CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND, OTTAWA.

### AUCTION SALES

Saturday, January 6th, 1917, at one o'clock p.m. sharp, at house thereon at Appin, there will be offered for sale by auction (subject to a reserved bid) real estate of Hugh McLean, deceased, being 1 ac. of n.e. cor. lot 14, con. 1, Ekfrid, on which is splendid frame 1½ story dwelling having 7 good rooms. It is on good cement foundation with cellar and has his residence. At same time and place there will be auction sale of household furniture, etc., of said deceased, including good cook stove, iron bedstead, 1 suite bedroom furniture oak finish, namely wood bedstead, dresser with bevelled mirror, and commode; 1 bureau, 1 wood bedstead dark finish, 1 drop-leaf table, 1 upholstered parlor suite composed of settee, rocker, large armchair and four other chairs; 1 Singer sewing machine, dishes, pots, pans and other articles. For terms and particulars apply to The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited, London, Ont., administrators, or Sanders & Ingram, St. Thomas, Ont., their solicitors.

### CLUBBING RATES

The Transcript and—  
Weekly Sun, 1 year.....\$2.35  
Farmer's Advocate, 1 year.....3.00  
Daily Advertiser, 1 year.....4.25  
Daily Free Press, 1 year.....4.25  
Canadian Countryman, 1 year.....2.00  
Daily Mail, 1 year.....4.25  
Fam. Herald & Weekly Star, 1 yr. 2.50  
Address Transcript Office, Glencoe, Ont.

Help for Asthma. Neglect gives asthma a great advantage. The trouble, once it has secured a foothold, fastens its grip on the bronchial passages tenaciously. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is daily curing cases of asthma of long standing. Years of suffering, however, might have been prevented had the remedy been used when the trouble was in its first stages. Do not neglect asthma, but use this preparation at once.

Hydro power was turned on at West Lorne on Dec. 22nd.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears  
Signature of  
Dr. J. C. Watson

Multiplying her words seldom adds to a woman's popularity.

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital Authorized.....\$ 25,000,000  
Capital Paid-up.....12,000,000  
Reserve Funds.....14,300,000  
Total Assets.....270,000,000

### HEAD OFFICE—MONTREAL

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT  
\$1.00 opens an account. Interest payable half-yearly. Joint savings accounts are a great convenience for man and wife.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

## ELGIN WINTER FAIR

### West Lorne

Jan. 9, 10, 11, 12 - 1917

\$1,500 in prizes for Corn, Seed Grain, Potatoes and Poultry  
Price List on application to Secretary

S. W. Carson, Pres. T. W. Sims, Sec.  
Watch for program of speakers West Lorne, Ont.

## FOXES

### TRAPPERS—Get "More Money"

Is Fox, Skunk, Mink, Raccoon, Weasel, Fisher, Marten, Beaver, White Weasel, Badger, and other Fur Browsers collected in your section? SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the first name in the world dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FUR. A reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an established reputation existing for "more than a child of a century" a long and successful record of sending Fur Trappers prompt SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "the Fur Buyer's Guide," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published. Write for it—NOW—It's FREE. A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 23-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. CHICAGO, U.S.A.